

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

### Usage guidelines

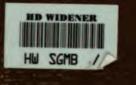
Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

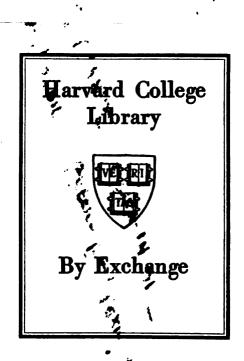
We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

#### **About Google Book Search**

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/







N.

# REFERENCE BOOK DOES NOT CIRCULATE

# A LEXICON

#### ABRIDGED FROM

# LIDDELL & SCOTT'S GREEK-ENGLISH LEXICON

### THE TWENTY-FOURTH EDITION

CAREFULLY REVISED THROUGHOUT

WITH AN APPENDIX OF PROPER AND GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES PREPARED BY
GEORGE RICKER BERRY, PH. D., PROFESSOR OF SEMITIC LANGUAGES
IN COLGATE UNIVERSITY, AND EDITOR OF THE NEW
GREEK-ENGLISH NEW TENTAMENT LEXICON

COPYRIGHT, 1901, BY HINDS & NOBLE

# NEW YORK ECONOMY BOOK HOUSE

HINDS & NOBLE, Sole Agents
31-33-35 West Fifteenth Street, New York City

Schoolbooks of all publishers at one store

# WHITE'S LATIN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

FOR THE USE OF STUDENTS IN ACADEMIES, HIGH SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

#### NEW EDITION-HALF LEATHER-650 PAGES.

IN the treatment of the words in this Dictionary the principles upon which the larger Dictionary of White and Riddle is based are uniformly follows: lowed as fully as circumstances allow or require. The course which ha been pursued may be thus described. Immediately after the assigned original of each word the literal interpretation is given between parentheses; an that English rendering of which such interpretation holds good in a pri eminent degree is placed first in order, and regarded as the proper or pr mary meaning. When the source of a word is not discoverable, the fact stated, and the ordinary interpretation is accepted and assigned the fir place. When figurative and metonymical powers exist, either separately conjointly, these are given, when they fall within the necessarily restricted scope of the work. A brief reference is usually made to some author; if variably so, indeed, when a quotation is deemed desirable or needful Peculiar or unusual grammatical constructions are noticed. In the case of adjectives and adverbs, the comparative and superlative degrees are me tioned when they are known to exist; and whenever either one or the other or both are omitted, it is to be considered that no authority is to be four for their use. Proper names are included in the body of the work, and w be found in their alphabetical order; added to which their meaning is state whenever their origin is clearly traceable or may be reasonably conjectured such meaning being printed in Roman type in the case of Latinized Gree names, and in Italic type in the case of pure Latin names. French deriv tives from such Latin words as are comprised in this Dictionary are, mor over, mentioned.

In one respect, however, this book differs from the parent work, and, deed, from any other Dictionary that has yet appeared. This peculiar consists in the mode of printing each leading word so as to exhibit its picess of formation, and thus show the reason for the etymological meani assigned to it.

## ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word,
- II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words;
- III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation: when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as,  $\delta\pi o - \beta\delta\lambda\lambda\omega$ ,  $\delta\phi - l\eta\mu$ ,  $\delta - \beta a ros$ ,  $\delta\phi - o\delta os$ . But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as  $\phi\iota\lambda o - \kappa\iota\sigma\sigma o\phi\delta\rho os$ . And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of  $\phi\iota\lambda o\mu o\nu\sigma \delta\omega$  under  $\phi\iota\lambda \delta - \mu o\nu\sigma os$ . In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain analtered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs,

### For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used:-.

- means equal or equivalent to absol. - absolute, absolutely acc. - accusative : acc. to - according to Act. = active voice act. - active signification Adj. = adjective Adv. = adverb Acol - Acolic, in the Acolic dialect aor. - aorist tense Att. - Attic, in Attic Greek c. = com (with) c. acc., cognato = with cognate accusative, i. e. with a Subst, which has the same or a similar signification with the Verb c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae cf. = confer (compare) collat. = collateral Com. = Cornic, in Comic Greek Compar. or Comp. - comparative Conjunct. - conjunction contr. - contracted, contraction cp. = compare dat. - dative Dep. - Deponent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or Passive forms with Active sense deriv. - derived, derivation dissyll. - dissyllable Dor. = in Doric Greek e. g. = exempli gratia Ep. = in Epic Greek esp. - especially etc. - et cetera f. or fut. - future tense fem. - feminine fin. - ad finem or fine freq. = frequent, frequently gen. or genit. — genitive Hom. — Homer i.e. = id estimperat. or imper. - imperative mood imperf. or impf. - imperfect tense impers. - impersonal indic. = indicative mood inf. - infinitive mood intr. or intrans. - intransitive Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect irreg. - irregular

Lat. - Latin lengthd. - lengthened masc. - masculine Med. - medial or middle voice med. - medial or middle signification metaph. = metaphorically metri grat. - metri gratia (for the sake of the metre; n. pr. = nomen proprium (proper name) N. T. - New Testament negat. - negativum (negative) neut. = neuter nom. = nominativeopp. to = opposed to opt. or optat. = optative mood orig. = originally part. = participle Pass. - passive voice pass. = passive signification pecul. - peculiar perf. or pf. - perfect tense pl. or plur. = piural plqpf. = plusquamperfectum (pluperfect poët. = poetically Prep. = preposition pres. - present tense priv. or privat. = privativum q. v. = quod vide qq. v. quae vide racic. = radical regul. - regular, regularly shortd. = shortened signf. - signification sing. - singular sq. = sequens (the following word sub. - subaudi, subaudito subj. - subjunctive mood Subst. - Substantive syll. - syllable Trag. - Tragic, in Tragic Greek trans. — transitive trisyll. — trisyllable usu. - usually v. - vide verb. Adj. — verbal adjective YOC. = YOCE, YOCEM vocat. = vocative

### A-dBATYTS.

a, Ada, re, indecl., first letter of the Gr A, alphabet. As numeral, a' = els, and sparros. but a, - 1000. ln Ion. Greek a becomes η, as σοφία, σοφίη. In Dor. Greek & is used instead of n, as, abos for

pour: but the verbal term. are is changed into fire.

as laresaro into larestiro

e, as prefix in compos.: I. α privativam, sot, as σοφόε wise, ά-σοφοε unwise. II. s copulativum, together, as in d-τάλαντος, d-πόλουθος III. a iutensivum, very much, as in d-revie, d-onepyés, though IV. a euphonicum, affecting this is very rare. the sound only, not the sense, as ά-βληχρόε for βληspoe, d-smalper for smalper, d-stepowh for stepowh.

4, & or 48, exclamations used to express strong

emotion, like our ab!

d, d, to express laughter, like our ba ba

d. Dor. for artic 1. 2. &, Dor, for relat, pron. 3. d. Dor. for y, dat. of Se.

d-daros, or, (a privat., das) not to be burt, inviolable, of the Styx, by which the gods swore -- but della de daros a dangerous or difficult task.

d-Trips, és, (a privat., drovem) unbroken, not to be broken, bard, strong.

d-autor, or, (a privat, autopai) not to be touched:

invincible. έασα, δασάμην, δάσθην, ν. 'ΑΑ'Ω.

d-doxeros, or, lengthd, poet, for d-oxeros.

deros, contr. aros, or, (a privat., des, acat to satiate) insatiate, droe roléposo insatiate of battle,

'AA'Ω, old Ep. Verb, used chiefly in sor. I act. δέσα contr. doa, med. dăσάμην, contr. dσάμην, and pass. dásty: the pres, occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., dârai-all in Hom. :- to burt, damage, esp. to burt mentally, mislead, infatuate: so too in Med., Arm & sarras dâras Il. But the Med. and Pass. usu. have an intr. sense, to go astray, to be infatuated or bemildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolisbly. [Hom. has čásus, čásus, čásus: so too čásum, but čásus.] dam, - das, to satisfy, whence 3 sing. daras,

**δβα,** Dor. for ηβη.

åβäκίω, (åβακή») to be speechlem,

άβακής, ές, (α privat., βάζω) speechtere. å-βάκχουτος, ον, (α privat., βακχούω) without Basebie frenzy, uninspired, joyless.

d-Barriotos, or, (a privat., Barri(w) not to be dipped, that well not sink, Lat immersabilis. unbaptized.

d-βάρης, is, (a privat., βάροι) not beaut: not bur-

å-βάσάνιστος, or, (a privat., βασανίζω) not examined by torture, unquestioned. Adv. - ree, without question or trial

ά-βασίλευτος, or, (a privat., βασιλεύω) not ruled by a king. [Y]

d-βάσκαντος, ον, (a privat., βασκαίνω) unenvied. Adv. - rese, without entry

6-βάτος, or, also η, or, (a privat., βalva) untrodden inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste.

d-βέβαιος, ον, (a privat, βέβαιος) unuteady, wavering, fickle. ά-βάβηλος, ον, (a privat., βέβηλος) not profans,

inviolable.

άβελτερία, ή, stupidity: from

ά-βέλτερος, ον, (α privat., βέλτερος) good-for-nothing, silly, stupid.

& βlaστος, ον, (a privat., βιάζομαι) unforced.

d-Bros, or, (a privat., Blos) not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable; bloe abcoe. without subsistence, poor.

 $\hat{a}$ - $\beta$ loros, av, (a privat.,  $\beta$ loros) =  $\hat{a}\beta$ los.

d- $\beta$ lwros, or, (a privat.,  $\beta$ lów) =  $d\beta$ los.

åβλάβοια, ή, freedom from barm: security: from ā-βλάβης, έε, (α privat., βλάβη) without barm: pass. unbarmed, unburt. II. act. barmless, inno-

cent: preventing barm:-Adv. -Bas. Ep. -Blue. without barming, without infringement.

ά-βλάβια, ή, poët. for d-βλάβεια.

ά-βλής, ήτος, δ, ή, (α privat., βάλλω) not through or sbot, of an arrow. d-βλητος, or, (a privat., βάλλω) not bit by a dart

OF SITOW. ά-βληχής, έν, (α privat., βλέχη) mithout bleatings.

&-βλαχρόε, &, ér, (α euphon., βληχρόε) weak, feeble, \ thomed: generally, unfathomable, enormous. defencelous:—of death, easy, light. άβληχράθης, α, = άβληχρος.

å-βοάτι, Dor. for d-βοητί. **όδιτος**, ον, Dor. for *δ-βόητο*ς.

d-βο<del>ήθητος</del>, ω, (α privat., βοηθέω) belpless.

d-Bonri, Dor. -tri, Adv. (a privat., Bodes) assected, mitbout summons.

å-βόητος, Dor. -āτος, αν, (α privat., βοάω) απcalled. II. unmourned.

&βολίω, - ἀντιβοχίω, to meet.

d-βόσκητος, ω, (a privat., βόσκω) ungrazed.

d-BoundAntos, or, (a privat., Boundless) untended, tenbeeded.

&-Bouldes, ησω, = ob βούλομαι, to be unwilling. ά-βούλητος, or, (a privat., βούλομαι) umwilling,

involuntary. Adv. -rev. d-Boulla, η, ill counsel, thoughtlessness: from 4-Boulos, or, (a privat., βουλή) inconsiderate, ill-

advised: —Adv. -ω, superl. αβουλότατα. d-βούτης, ou, d, (a privat., βούς) without ones:

hence poor. &-βρακτος, ω, (α privat., βρέχω) unswetted.

å-βρίθης, έε, (a privat., βρίθω) without weight. po-βάτης, ου, ό, (άβρός, βαίνω) softly or deli-

eately stopping. [BX] åβρό-γοοε, ω, (άβρόε, γόσε) womanishly wailing. åβρο-δίαιτοε, ω, (άβρόε, δίαιτα) living delicately or effeminately: To appoolanter effeminacy.

δβρο-κόμης, ου, δ, (δβρός, κόμη) with delicate, lumu-

riant bair ot leaves.

&-βρόμιος, ω, (a privat., Βρόμιος) without Bacchus. 4-βρομος, or, (a copul., βρόμοι) noisy, boisterous. άβρο-πέδιλος, ev, (άβρός, πέδελον) soft-sandalled. άβρό-πλουτος, ον, (άβρός, πλούτος) richly luxu-

riant. 'ABPO'Z, á, br, also ós, br, delicate, pretty, dainty,

soft, luxurious. (Akin to ήβη.)  $\delta \beta \rho \sigma \psi \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta} = \dot{\alpha} \beta \rho \dot{\sigma} \tau \eta e$ .

apporate, f. afer, to miss, c. gen.—Ep. word

formed from δμβροτεῦν, q. v.

άβρότης, ητος, ή, (άβρός) delicacy, luxuriousness. **Φροτος**, or, also η, or, (a privat., βροτός) like αμβρότος, αμβρόσιος, immortal, divine, boly.

άβρο-φυής, έε, (άβρόε, φύω) tender of nature.

άβρο-χαίτης, ου, δ, (άβρδε, χαίτη) = άβρο-κόμηε. Βρο-χίτων, ανοε, δ, ή, (άβρόε, χιτών) softly clad: with soft coverings. M

d-βροχος, ω, (a privat., βρέχω) senwetted, waterless. Adv. -xee.

Βρύνω, f. του: sor. I. Κβρύνα: (åβρόε):--to make delicate, treat delicately: - Pass, to live delicately, was wanton, give oneself airs; appireabal ture to pride oneself on a thing.

d-βρώε, ώτοε,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , = d-βρωτοε.

6-βρωτος, ω, (a privat., βιβρώσκω) not baving IL pass, not to be eaten, uneatable.

4-βυσσος, er, (a privat., βύσσος) bottomless, unfa- hence,

as Subst. & abverose, the abyes, bottomies pit. **δγάασθαι, όγάασθε, τ. sub όγαμαι.** dyayew, redupt. acr. s inf. of dyw: dyayew, Ep. for

L

ήγαγαν, sor. 2 ind.
αγάγωμι, Ep. for άγάγω, sor. 2 subj. of άγω. dyaloum, post, form of dyapas, to admire. åyalo-adip, és, (dyalós, eldos) seeming good. ayalospyin, contr. -oupyin, to do good; and άγαθοεργία, contr. –ουργία, ή, α good σε ποδίε deed: good service. From

άγαθο-εργόε, contr. -συργόε, όν, (άγαθόε, ξργον) doing good: of 'Ayaboepyol, at Sparts, the five oldest knights, who went on missions for the state. dyalowords, - dyalo-epyla; and

ayaborovia, t, = ayabo-epyla. From

άγαθο-ποιόε, όν, (άγαθόε, ποιέω) – άγαθο-εργόε. 'Ara-80'2, 4, br, good in its kind, opp. to numbe, I, in Homer usu, of heroes, brave, noble: later in moral sense, good, virtuous. 2. of things, etc., good in their kind; neut, the dyada the goods of fortune, wealth, also good fare, dainties; to divable.

Lat. summum bonum.—There are no regular forms of comparison. The Comp. in use are βελτίεν, also duelvar, πρείσσων, λαίων (λοίων): Ερ. βέλτερος, λαίτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, άριστος, κράτιστος, λάκστος (λώστος): Ερ. βέλτατος, φέρτα-

τοε, φέριστοε. The Adv. in common use is εξ, suell. ayaboupy to, contr. form of dyaboupy to. ayabives, (ayabie) to make good, exalt. II. to

do good :- Pass. to be of good ebeer. άγαθωσύνη, ή, (άγαθόε) goodness, kindness. άγαίομαι, (άγη) collat. form of άγαμαι, άγάομαι, only in bad sense, to be angry at: to envy.

dya-khehe, és, (dyar, khéos) very glorious, famous, renouned: gen. dyantifoe; shortd. poet. forms, acc. sing. dyankiä, pl. dyankiäs, dat. sing. dyankii.

άγα-κλαιτός, ή, όν, - άγακλεής. αγα-κλύτός, όν, (άγαν, κλυτός) like άγακλέης, Lat. inelytus.

άγα-κτζμένη, (άγαν, ετίζω) a poët. fcm. = εὐετιμένη,

well-built or placed. ά-γάλακτος, αν, (α privat., γάλα) without milk, II. getting none, weaned, Lat.

giving none. lacte depulsus. άγαλλίασιε, εωε, ή, exceeding great joy. From

άγαλλιάω, 201. ήγαλλίδσα: also as Dep. άγαλλιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], strengthd. for άγάλλομαι: -- το το joice exceedingly.

'AFAAAFE, ibos, t, a plant, the iris or flag. 'ΑΓΑ'ΛΛΩ, ε άγαλο: εσε έγηλα, inf. άγηλα: == άγλαδη ποιώ, to make glorious, glorify, bosour, esp. a god: also to deck, adors :- mostly in Pass. analλομαι, to glory, delight, exult in a thing, c. dat. Hence

άγολμα, ατοι, τό, that wherein one delights, a glory, delight, ornament: a pleasing gift, esp. for the gods: 2. a status in honour of a god; the image

of a god as an object of worship. 3. any status or image.

άγαλματο-αυτός, οῦ, δ, (όγαλμα, αυτόω) a maker of statues, a statuery, sculptor.

"AΓΑ'MAI, 2 pl. δγασθε Ερ. δγάασθε, inf. δγασθει Ερ. δγάασθει: impf. φγάμην, Ερ. 2 pl. φγάσθε: fut. δγάσομαι [ἄ] Ερ. δγάσσομαι: the aor. I mostly in not. δρασθεί επι δυταθεί επι δυταθεί επι δυταθεί επι δυταθεί επι διαθεί επι διαθε

άγαμία, ή, celibary. From ά-γάμος, οτ, (a privat., γάμος) unmarried, unwedded, single, Lat. coelebs:—Tragic phrase, γάμος δ-γαμος a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal mar-

"Al'AN, Adv. very, much, very much: the word generally is only Dor. and Att., Alsy being its equiving Ep. and Ion.

II. too, too much, Lat. nimis, as in the proverh public dyar, Lat. ne quid nimis, not too much of any thing.

[dydr, but later sometimes

lyto.] dynwttertm, f. hσm, (hyar) to feel irritati π:—to be sened, displeased, or engry at a thing. Hence

άγδνάκτησιε, een, ή, irritation, vexation. άγδνακτητικόε, ή, όν, (άγανακτίω) irritable.

dyanarration, 4, or, verb. Adj. of dyanarries, irrilating, senations.

άγανακτικός, 4, 6r, irritable, = άγανακτητικός. Αdv.

άγενησε, poët. for έγαναιε, dat. plur. fem. of

άγάν-ν**ίφος, ον, (ά**γαν, νίφω) πωεδ εποιοκά εφοπ, υτου-capt, "Ολυμπος.

άγενόραιος, α, αν, Dor. for άγηνόρειος.

a-γάνος, ή, όν, (α copul., γάνος, γάνυμαι) mild, yentle, kindly: esp. of the arrows of Arternis, to which tadden death was ascribed. Only poët.

άγανοφροσύνη, ή, gentleness, kindliness. From άγανό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος (άγανός, φρήν) kindly

lisposed : benign.

Lence

dyardran, stor, f, (dyarbe, top) mild-eyed.

dy-dweep, opos, δ, ἡ, Dor. for dy-ήνωρ.
dydoueu, Ep. form of dyaμαι, only found in part.
lywμενοs, in act. sense admiring.

άγαπάζω, f. άσω, see άγαπάω.

άγαπατός, όν, Dor. for άγαπητός.

άγαιντάε», f. ήσει: aor. ήγαιτησα. Ερ. άγαιτσα: pf. γταιτησα: (άγαιμαι, ἀγάζόμαι):—of persons, to svelcome, entertain, in which sense ἀγαιτάζω and Dep. ἀγαιτάζομαι are used by Homer:—also to take leave of: —generally, to be fond of, to love dearly. II. of hings, to be well pleased to be contented at or with a thing: c. inf. to be wegge to do, like φιλέω. [ἄτὰ]

3. any status or dyametries, Ion. for dyametries, pres. part. pl. dyametries, robot dyametries, pres. part. pl. dyametries, robot dyametries, pres. part. pl. dyametries, pres. pres. part. pl. dyametries, pres. part. pl. dyametries, pres. pr

άγαπ-lyesp, opos, δ. (άγαπάω, άνήρ) — ήνορίην άγαν πῶν, losing manliness, manly.

dyampore, ene, \$, (dyander) the feeling of love,

affection.
Aydanythos, or, verb. Adj. of dynamics, to be losed,
acondenced in.

aguerrante, ή, ω, (àγασάω) disposed to love, affectionate. Adv.—κώε.

άγδισητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άγασδω, beloved, dearly beloved; worthy of love. 2. to be acquirized in, as the least evil.

II. Adv. άγασητῶς, cheerfully; άγασητῶς έχειν to be contented, like άγωσῶν. 2. in Att. proce, so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, searesly = μόλιε.

άγάρ-ρους, οτ, contr. άγάρ-ρους, ουν, (άγαν, βίω)

strong or swift-flowing.

4γασθαι, pres. inf. of dγαμαι.

άγασθείε, sor. I pass. part. of άγαμαι.

dγασμα, τό, (άγαμαι) ibat which is admired, a wonder, marvel.

άγάσσομαι [ἄ], poöt. ἀγάσσομαι, fut. of ἄγαμαι. ἀγάσσατο, poöt. for ἡγάσατο, 3 sing. 20r. 1 of άγαμαι.

άγά-στονος, ον. (άγων, στένω) much growning, bowling, of the waves, loud-wailing.

άγαστόε, ή, όν, (άγαμαι) admirable. Adv. ~τῶν. άγατόε, ή, όν, poët. for άγαστόε, ει θαυματόε for θαυμαστόε.

άγανόε, ή, όν, (άγαμαι) illustrious, noble. άγανρόε, ά, όν, akin to άγανόε, stately, proud: sup.

Adv. άγαυρότατα.

άγά-φθεγκτος, αν, (άγαν, φθέγγομαι) loud-counding. άγγάρεψω, f. σω, (άγγαροε) to despateb a courier or

messenger: to press one to serve as a courier.

dyyaphios, 6, Ion. form = dyyapos: -- 70 dyyaphior the business of an dyyapos.

dγγάροs, δ, Persian word, a mounted courser, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.

άγγουν, Ion. -ήξον, τό, (άγγου) a vessel, pail: el

άγγελία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (άγγελοε) a message, tidings, news, άγγελίη ἐμή ε message concerning me; άγγελίη ελθεῦν to come on account of a message.

21 a proclamation: a command, order.

άγγελια-φόρος, Ιοα. άγγελιη-φόρος, δ. (άγγελία) φέρω) α messenger.

άγγελιώτης, ου, δ, (άγγελία) a messenger.

άγγελλω: f. dγγελῶ, Ep. dγγελέω: acr. I fγγελα: pf. fγγελκα, pass. fγγελμα: acr. I pass. fγγελδην: (άγω):—to bear a message, bring tidings of news, to proclaim, report, till:—Med. to announce onessif:—Pass. to be reported of. Hence

άγγελμα, τό, a message, tidiage, neues.

άγγολοε, δ, ἡ, (ἀγγίλλω) a messenger, envoy. a messenger from God, an angel.

dγγείου, τό, Ion. for dγγείου.
"AITOΣ, eoe, τό, a seemed of any kind, a jar, pan.

pail: a chest, box.

ayou, Adv. (ayor) by carrying.

tive, tivere, properly imperat. of tive, used as Adv. like offer, come ! come on ! swell! Lat. age!

dyelpe: sor. I freez: pl. drfreeza: (dra):

to bring together gather together, collect. II. Pass. dyelpopua: acc. I ήγερθην, Ep. 3 pl. ήγερθεν: pf. dγήγερμαι, Ep. 3 pl. dγηγέραται: Ep. 3 pl. plapf. dγηγέραται: en. 3 pl. plapf. dγηγέραται also have an Ep. acc. 2 med. dγάρεσθαι, dγέροντο, partic. syncop. dγρόμανος, η, or, assembled, gathered together.

d-yelrew, or, gen. oros, (a privat., yelrew) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.

άγελάβου, Dor. for άγεληδόν. άγελάζομαι, Pass. (άγέλη) to live in bords, to be

gregarious. ἀγελαίος, α, αν, (ἀγέλη) belonging to a bard, feeding at large. II, in bards or shoals, gregarious. 2.

et large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2.
of the herd or multitude, common.

άγελάρχης, ου, δ, (άγέλη, άρχω) the leader of a company.

δ-γελαστί, Adv. (a privat., γελάω) without laugh-

ter.
δ-γθλαστος, or, (a privat., γελάω) not laughing,
grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not
teigling.

dyskela, ή, (άγω, λεία) epith. of Athena, - ληίτιε, λείαν άγουσα, she that drives off the spoil.

dγθλη, ή, (dγω) a bord of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, gren:—later any bord or company.

άγεληδόν, Adv. (άγίλη) in berde on companies. Also άγεληδά.

άγεληθεν, Adv. (άγελη) from a bard.

άγθληφε, Ep. dat. of άγέλη. άγεμόντημα, άγεμονεύω, άγεμών, Dor. for ήγεμ... άγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἐάγησων, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from άγευμ: [ä] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ήγεν, impf.

from dγω to lead.
δ-γενεαλόγητος, ον, (a privat., γενεαλογέω) without pedigree, of unknown descent.

άγένεια, ή, (άγένηε) loss birth: meanness.

d-viveus, or, (a privat., viveus) beardless, boyieb. d-verte, is, (a privat., vives) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to d-vable.

d-yeveros, er, (a privat., yevessu) unborn, unereated. II. not basing bappened, Lat. infectus: hence false, groundless.

d-yevrie, is, - dyerts II. Adv. - voe.

d-γέννητος, ον, (a privat., γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: suitbout origin. II. like dγενής 11, lowborn, mean.

aylona, Dor. for tylona.

i. d. γέραστοε, or, (a privat., γέραν) milhout a gift of honour, unrecompensed, unrewarded.
 d. d. γέρασθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of dγείρα.
 in. δγερθαν, Ep. for φγέρθησαν, 2 pl. aor. 1 pass. of

dyelpss.
ayepovro, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of dyelpss.

άγεροχος, ον, = άγεροχος. άγεροτε, εως, ἡ, (άγειρω) a gathering, mustering.

dysperces, or, in good sense, brave, high-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, baughty, fierce. Adv. -xee. (Detiv. uncertain.)

dyeonov, Ion. impf. of dyes. αγέ-στράτος, δ, ή, (άγω, στρατός) leading the boat άγότης, δ, Doc. for ήγότης.

d-γευστος, or, (a privat., γεσομαι) not tanting: without tasts of, c. gen.
dγη [d] ψ, (dγαμαι) in good sense, svonder, asse, reverse.

2. in bad sense, ever, batred, spits: of

the gods, jealousy.

dyn [a], h, (dyrum) a fragment, place, splinter.

dyn, Ep. for dayn, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of dyrum.

to break.

dynyéparas, dynyépara, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plaps.
pass. of dyelpas.

άγήγερκα, -epμαι, pf. act. and pass. of άγείρα. άγήλαι, 20τ. I inf. of άγάλλα. άγ-ηλατέω, ήσω, (άγοε, ἐλαύνω) to drive σευαγ pollution or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum congres:

cf. drop-nhartes.

dynus, ró, (dyw) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

άγ-ηνόρασε, Dor. άγανόρ-, α, σν, -- άγψευρ. άγ-ηνορία, ή, manliness, manbood, courage. άγ-ήνωρ, Dor. άγ-άνωρ, opos, δ, ή, (δγασ, ἀνήρ) manly, beroic: also beadstrong, baughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.

άγήσχα, pf. act. of άγω to lead.

α-γήραντος, αν, = sq.

å-γήρδος, ον, (α privat., γήραε) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecrying. Contr. åγήρως, ων: acc. sing. άγήρων οτ åγήρω: nom. dual. άγήρω, nom. and acc. plur. άγήρως.

ά-γήρατος, ον, = άγήρασε. ά-γήρως, ων, contr. for άγήρασε.

ayard-xepos, or, (dyloual Dor. for tyle pass, xopos) leading the chorus or dance.

άγητήρ, ήροο, Dor. for ήγητήρ. [ā]

άγητός, ή, ω, (άγαμαι) admirable, wondrous. [ά] άγιάζω, (άγιος) to ballow, consecrate.

άγιασθήτω, 3 sing. sor. I pass. imper. of άγιάζοι άγιασμα, ατος, τό, (άγιάζω) that which is ballowed a boly place, sanctuary.

άγιασμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sametification ἀγιαστέριον, τό, = ἀγίασμα.

αγιαστηριού, το, = αγιασμα. ἀγίζω, f. Att. τω, (άγιοε) to ballow, make sacrei Let. dedicare.

dytvies, f. ησω: Ep. pres. inf. dywieμενας: imp hywrer, Ion. dyfregror: lengthd. Ion. form. of άγι elawe.

to carry, bring :- Med. to bave brought one. to bear fruit.

άγιο-γράφου, αν, (άγιου, γράφω) suritten by inspera-

tion: rd dyno-ypaipa (sub. Biblia), the Pealme and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

kyos, a, or, (kyos) devoted to the gods, Lat. easer, secred, body: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., Eyeor, To, a sanctuary. II. sometimes like Lat. sacer,

secursed.—In old Att. dyroe is used instead. [dy] άγιότης, ητος, ή, (άγιος) agretity, boliness.

dynordia, the mostly in pl. boly rites, the services of the temple or sanctuary. From

hypotreves, f. evous, (hyl(w) to perform sacred rites: hence to be pious, live prously.

otal for dra-weistal.

έγιοσύνη, ή, (άγιοε) - έγιότηε. dyn-, post. abbrev. for draw- in compds. of the prep. dod with words beginning with z, e. g. dyesi-

άγκάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep.: (άγκαι, άγκη):--to take or lift up in the arms. dynamer, Adv. for dyname, on the arm, i.e. resting on

it, Lat. cubito presso: also in the arms. dy-million, post. for dra-malia.

άγκάλη, ή, (άγκή) the bent arm, mostly in II. metaph. anything closely enfolding, as the arms of the sea, etc. [set]

άγκαλίζομαι, f. Att. Ιούμαι: 201. Ι ήγκαλισάμην: pf. ήγκάλισμαι: Dep.; (άγκάλη):-άγκάζομαι, to take in the arms. dyeathle, those, if, in plus. - dyeathau, arms.

e bundle, Lat. manipulus. άγπάλισμα, τό, (άγκαλίζομαι) that which is embraced.

άγκάλος, δ, (άγκάλη) an armful: a bundle. ayada, Adv. (drywh) into or in the arms.

by-compan, poet, for dra-respan. "ΑΓΚΗ, ή, - άγκου οτ άγκάλη, απ arm. ey-knowers, post, for dra-knowers. equotone, \$, (equotoo) angling.

bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

EYELOTPOUTLEDE, \$, br, (EYELOTPOP) Of OF for engling: To dynastpeutuche, angling. eyelotprov, to, Dim. of eyelotpov, a small book. άγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (άγκιστρον, δέω) suith a book

ayeactpo-mote, is, (ayeactpor, elbos) book-shaped. έγκιστρον, τό, (akin to άγκοε, άγκύλοε) a fisb-book. cy-exive and dy-exima, 76, poet, for dra-exire, <del>'</del>σφελιμα,

άγκοίνη, ή, (άγκών) poët. for άγκάλη, used only in plus. the best arms. II. metaph. anything closely infolding; cf. dyndan. ey-coules, post for dra-coules.

dγ-novies, for dra-novies, to basten. "AFKOZ, eoe, 76, a bend or bollow, esp. of the tru: hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

ay apaparas, post, for draspendous, sor. I part of delight in it. Hence

II. Ay-uptous, post. for ded-unious. dy-kpovopau, post. for dra-apropau. άγκύλη [8], 4, like άγκάλη, the bend of the true.

Π. a loop in a cord: esp. the thong of a arm.

javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum: also the javelin itself. s. any thong or string, e.g. the leash of a hound, a bow-string. άγκυλητός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of άγκυλέσμαι.

thrown from the bent arm :- as Subst., To dykulstor, a javelin. dyruhov, τό, Dim. of dyruhn, a small dart or javelin. II. The dynnikus used to translate the Lat. anoilia.

dynuho-yheru, droe, o. (dynuhoe, yherrie) with! booked spare, of a fighting cock. dyeth-blove ortoe, b. h, (dyethoe, blove) erocktoothed, barbed, of weapons, άγκύλο-μήτης, ου, ό, ή, (άγκύλος, μήτιι) crocked of counsel, wily. dyntho-wous, wow, (dynulos, rose) with survey feet, dippos dyn. the Roman sella curulis. dynohos, n, or, (dynos, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow; of the eagle's beak, booked. [8]

dyntho-rotos, or, (dynthos, rotor) with curved bow. άγκτλο-χείλης, ου, ό, (άγκύλος, χείλος) with booked beak. άγκτλο-χήλης, ον, δ, (άγκτλος, χήλη) with crooked

άγκτλόω, f. ώσω: pass. pf. έγκύλωμαι: (άγκύλου):

to make crooked or booked. Hence dyethertes, 4, or, of javelins, furnished with a tbong, tbonged. dykūpā, (dykos, dykār) \$, Lat. ancora, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind.; for in Homer we read only of ebral, i.e. stones used as anchors.

άγκθρίζω, f. Att. Ιώ: αοτ. Ι ήγκύρζσα: (άγκυρα):--to book, eateb as with a fish-book. αγκύριον, τό, Dim. of άγκυρα, a small anchor. άγκθρ-ουχία, ή, (άγκυρα, έχω) a bolding by the anebor; èr dyscopouxiaus when safe at anchor. 'AΓKΩ'N, wwos, δ, like dyman, the bend or bollow

of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence

the lyre. Hence dynamics, o, Dim. of dynam. άγλα-θαρος, ον, (άγλαύς, έθειρα) bright-baired. dylanciolan, fut. med. inf. of dylatio, with pass.

any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river,

a bay or ereck of the sea; also the curved horns of

άγλαία, ή, (άγλαόε) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, pomp, show, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in

plur. festivities. άγλατζω, f. Att. τω: aor. I ήγλατσα: (άγλαδο):-- το make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament: -Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it,

άγλάϊσμα, τό, an ornament; cf. άγαλμα.

φιατρεμάννυμε.

åγλα6-γυιος, er, (åγλαδε, γυῖον) with beautiful limbe. aylad-Bevopos, or, (dylades, deropor) with beautiful άγλαό-δωρου, or, (άγλαύε, δώρου) bestowing spienάγλαό-θρονος, αν, (άγλαδε, θρόνος) with splentlid throne. άγλαο-καρπος, ον, (άγλαός, καρπός) bearing or bestowing goodly fruit. άγλαο-κουρος, or, (άγλαος, κούρος) rieb in fair Toutbe. άγλαό-κωμος, ev, (άγλαός, κθμος) gracing the feast. 'AFAA'O'Z, fi, lor, also be, lor, splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright: of men, famous, noble: c. dat. famous for a thing. Adv. - de. (Akin to alγλη, άγάλλομαι.) αγλάο-τριαίνης, ου, δ, εcc. -άν, (άγλαδε, τρίαινα) the god of the bright trident. άγλα-ώψ, ῶποι, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγλαόι, ὡψ) bright-eyed: gonerally, flashing. ά-γλευκής, ές, (α privat., γλεύκοε) not sweet: sour, bareb. AFAFZ, dylleos, only used in plur. dylles, a bead of garlie, which is made up of several cloves.  $d-\gamma\lambda v c t s$ ,  $\epsilon s = d-\gamma\lambda \epsilon v c t s$ . άγλωσσία, Att. άγλωττία, ή, dumbness. From α-γλωσσος, Att. α-γλωττος, ον. (α privat., γλώσσα) without tongue : silent, dumb, Lat. elinguis. speaking a strange tongue, = βάρβαρου. άγμα, τό, (άγνυμι) a fragment. dyubs, b, (dyrum) a breakage, fracture of a II. a broken cliff, precipice. à-γναμπτος, ον, (a privat., γνάμπτω) unbending. II. also not cleansed.  $\alpha$ -yvarros,  $\alpha v_1 = sq$ . ά-γνάφος, ον, (a privat, γνάπτω) of cloth, not carded, i. e. new. dyvela, h, (dyrevo) purity, chartity. äγνευμα, τό, (άγνεύω) ebastity. dyveves, f. rvow, (dyvos) to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of, c. inf.:—also simply, to be pure or chaste: c. gen. to keep oneself pure from. άγνίζω, f. Att. τω: 20τ. Ι ήγνισα: (άγνόε):-- το make pure, purify, cleanse, Lat. lustrare. to offer, burn as a sacrifice. ayros, a, or, (ayros) made of withy or agrue castus. άγνισμα, τό, (άγνίζω) a means of purification, atonement. aynoubs. b, (ayri(a) purification, expiation. dyvirus, ov, o, (dyvi(w) a purifier. [1] άγνοδω, Ερ. άγνοιδω: f. ήσω: 20τ. Ι ήγνόησα, Ep. αγνοίησα, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. αγνώσασκε: pf. ηγνόηκα:--Pass., 20τ. Ι ήγνοήθην: pf. ήγνόημαι: (as if from "d-yroos = d-roos) :--not to perceive or know,

be known.

i. nart. dyrour, by mistake. Hence

égvénya, ré, a fault of ignorance, oversight; and

dyvonrunds, h, br, apt to err from lymoranes. dyroid, \$ (dyrolw) want of perception, igno 11. - dyrogua, a fault of typorance. rance. [post. sometimes dyrola: cf. drosa.] dyvoice, post, esp. Ep., form for dyvoice. άγνοίησι, Od. 24. 218, 3 stng. 20τ. 1 opt. ol dyroéa: but if written dyroifor, it is a sing. prosubj. άγνοούντως, Adv., pres. act. part. of άγνοέω, ιgποrantly. άγνό-ρύτος, αν. (άγνός, βίω) pure-flowing. ayros, 4, br. pure, chaste, unsullied: boly, word.

II. c. gen. pure from a thing. Adv ered. -rŵε. (Akin to ἄζω, ἄγιοε, ἄγοε.) "AINOX, i, Att. i, - livos, a tall tree like the willow, the agraus castus. άγνότης, ητος, ή, (άγνός) purity, chartey. "AINT MI, 3 dual dyreror: fut. dfw: sor. I lafa, Ep. 7fa, imperat. dfor, inf. dfau, part. dfas: aor. 2 pass. ἐάγην [d´, v. sub fin.]: pf. ἔάγα, Ion. ἔηγα:—h break, snap, crush, shiver, Lat. frango :- Pass. with pf. act. Edya, to be broken, to anap, abiver in pieces: of sound, to spread around: of a river, to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course. [& in pf. laya, Ion. έηγα: but in 201. 2 pass. έάγην, & in Hom., & long in Att.; ν. κατάγνυμι.] άγνωμονέω, f. ήσω, (άγνώμων) to act without judgment, act ignorantly or unfairly. άγνωμόνως, Adv. of άγνώμων, senselessly. άγνωμοσύνη, ή, want of sense or judgment. senselessness, ignorance. IL zenseless pride, a III. unfairness, unkindness, Lat. inrogance. quitas: in plur. misunderstandings. From ά-γνώμων, ον, ονοε, (α privat., γνώμη) wanting seas or judgment: senseless, thoughtless, beadstrong. unfeeling, unkind: unjust. a-yvas, aros, o, \$, (a privat., gravas) pass. un known: obscure. 2. obscure, ignoble. not knowing, ignorant of a thing. dyres, Adv. of dyros. dyworla, f. (dywbe) a not knowing, ignorance. a being unknown, obscurity. dyviorourse or dyviorarie, Ion. and Ep. for \$7 νόησε, 3 sing. 20τ. Ι οξ'άγνοία. aγνώσσω, pres. formed from foreg. - aγνοέω. ά-γνωστος or ά-γνωτος, or, (a privat., γεγνώσπ unknown, άγνωστος γλώσσα an unknown tongue: 🕬 beard of, forgotten. 2. not to be known. act. not knowing, ignorant of, twos. dyfnpdva, 201. I inf. of drafnpaires. ayovia, h, unfruitfulness. From d-γονος, ον, (a privat., γονή) pass. unborn. act. not producing, unfruitful, barren: c. gen. w to be ignorant, Lat. ignorare: in Homer mostly, obx productive of, destitute of; tokee dyerce, fruitle dyrolycer be perceived or knew well:-Pass, not to travail, when the mother dies before the child II. absol. to mistake, be surong; hence 2. left childleis, born. d-yoos, or, (a privat., yoos) unmourned. dγορά, δε, Ep. and Ion. dγορή, θε, ή, (dγείρω) σι or baul.

esembly, esp. an Assembly of the People, opp. to the Council (βουλή). II. the place of Assembly, used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. forum:—especially, the market-lass. III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. concio. IV. things

tion. III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. concio.

IV. things and in the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. amona; dyophr supexyear, to hold a market.

V. as a mark of time, dyoph shallowed, or dyophe shallowed, the foresoon, when the market-place was full: opp. to dyoph shallowed, the time just after soon: when they went home from market.

άγοράασθε, Ep. for άγορᾶσθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of

άγοράομαι. [ἄγορδίασθε]

dyopdim, f. dow: not. hydpman: pf. hydpann:—Pass., not. hydpdodyn: pf. hydpdoman: (dyopd):—to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to do business there, buy or sall: Med. to buy for one-salf. 3. of idle people, to basent the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

dyopolos, or, in, of, or belonging to the marketplace, an epith. of several gods. II. frequenting the market-place:—ol dyopolos (with or without drdeparts):

1. bucksters, petty traffichers, retaildealers.
2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. subrostrusi, and so generally the common sort:—hence the

word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar. III. generally, proper to the assembly, essied to forensie speaking, business-like: dryopaios (sc. hukpa), h, a tourt-day.

άγορανομικός, ή, όν, of or for the άγορανόμου or bit office, Let. Aedilicius.

Δγορανόμιον, τό, the court of the αγορανόμου.

Aγορά-νόμος, δ, (άγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. Aedilis.

άγοράομαι, Ερ. 20π. 1 άγορησάμην: Dep.: (άγορά):
—to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak
in the Assembly, Lat, concionari,

άγοράσδω, Dor. for αγοράζω.

αγόρασιε, ewe, 4, (αγοράζω) buying, purchase.

dyspacqua, τό, (dyspacqu) that which is bought or sold: in plus. wares, merchandise.

dγοραστίε, οῦ, ὁ, (dγοράζω) the slave subo had to buy provisions, the purveyor, Let. obsonator.

άγοραστικός, ή, όν, (άγοράζω) of or for trafficking on trade: ή άγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade. άγορεύω, impf. ήγόρευσν, Ερ. άγύρευσν: fut.

άγοραύω, impf. ἡγόρευον, Ερ. ἀγόρευον: fut.

-είσω: aor. ἡγόρευου, Ερ. ἀγ.: pf. ἡγόρευοι: Med.,

-είσω: aor. ἡγόρευου, Ερ. ἀγ.: pf. ἡγόρευοι: Med.,

-είσω: άγορευσάμην: Pass., aor. ἡγορεύθην: pf. ἡγόρευ
-μω: (but in Att. the fut. in use is ἐρῶ, pf. εἰρηκα,

-είσω: (ἀγορά):—to speak in the Assembly, to

-είσω: —generally to speak; καιὸν οτ κακῶυ ἀγο
-μείων τινά to speak ill of one.

-είσω: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

dγορή, Ep. and Ion. for dγορά. Hence

eyopher, Adv. from the Assembly or market; and

άγορήνδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market. άγορήσατο, Ερ. for ψγορήσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med.

of δγοράομαι. ἀγορητής, οθ, δ, (άγοράομαι) a speaker, orator.

άγορητος, όος, ή, (άγοράομαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

**άγορος**, δ, poët, for *ἀγορά*.

Ayos or Ayos, eoe, ró, (Ajouat) any matter of religious ann: hence I. pollution, guilt, Lat. placulum: also the curve which follows it. 2. the person or thing accurred, an abomination. 3. and empiatory eacrifies.

άγόε, οῦ, ὁ, (άγω) a leader, chief.

άγοστόε, δ, the flat of the hand. II. the tent arm, like δγκών, δγκούνη. (Akin to δγκών, δγκομα). [4] «AΓPA, Ion. δγρη, ή, a catching, hunting; δγκούν εφόνευν to follow the chase:—also, a way of eatching. II. that which is taken in hunting, the body, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught

aypapparta, h, want of learning: from

ά-γράμματος, σε, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. illiteratus, esp. umable to read or write.

IL — άγραφοε, unuritten.

d-γραπτος, or, (a privat., γράφω) unsoritten; dγρ. νόμιμα the unsoritten moral law: cf. dγραφοε.

appaulies, f. how, to be an appaulos, to dwell in the fields, of shepherds.

αγρ-αυλος, σr, (άγρός, αθλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

d-γράφος, or, = dγραντος, unuvitten; dγραφοι νόμοι, unuvitten laws, which are I. the laws of nature, moral law. 2. laws of custom. II. not
registered in a written list.

dypes, dypetre, 2 sing, and plur, imperat. of dypéω: in Homer as Adv. just like dye, dyere, come l come on l quick!

άγρειος, α, ον, (άγρόε) of the country, rural, rustic : also, clownish, boorish, like άγροικοε. Hence

άγρουσύνη, ή, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

"AIPEIONA, 70, 1, a barrow, rake.

άγράμιος, ον, (άγρα) taken in bunting. άγρεσία, ή, – άγρα, spoil taken in the chase.

αγρεσια, η, – αγρα, ερου τακεπ τη του coase. άγρευμα, τό, (άγρευω) that which is taken in the

ebase, booty, spoil. II. a net, toil.

άγρεύε, έωε, δ, (άγρεύω) a bunter.

άγρευτήρ, ήροε, δ, - άγρευτήε.

άγρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a bunter, like άγρεύε. II. as Adj. used in bunting or fishing; άγρ. κόνες, bounds; άγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

άγρευτικόε, ή, (σ, fit for, skilled in bunting. From άγρεύω, f. εύσω, (άγρα) to bunt, take by bunting, eatch: metaph. to bunt after, pursue eagerly.

άγρεω, Acol. form of άγρεύω, to bunt after, pursue eagerly:—see άγρει. άγρεῖτε.

άγρη, ή, Ion. for άγρα.

άγριαίνω, f. ἀνώ: sor. ήγρίανα: (άγριοε):-I. intrans

to be savage, provoked, angry.

2. causal, to make angry, provoke.

άγρι-Οκαιος, ον. (άγριος, Ελαία) of a wild olive:

as Subst. άγριέλαιος, ἡ, a wild olive, oleaster.

Δουιο Βρίστος στ. Α. (δουιος, Βηγουρι) exting wild

άγριο-δαίτης, ου, δ, (άγριος, δαίτυμαι) sating wild fruits, like βαλατηφάγος.

dypio-words, br. (dypios, world) making wild: of a

post, writing wildly.

Appea, a, σν, also oe, σν, (Δγρόν) living in the fields, living wild: hence I. of animals, opp. to τιθασόν, wild, savaga, Lat. forus; σθε άγριου a wild boar. 2. of trees, opp. to ήμαρου, wild.

3. of countries, wild.

uncultivated, unreclaimed. II. of men and animals, I. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, Lat. ferus, feron. 2. in Att. also opp. to doreios, cas Lat. rustieus to urbanus boorieb, rude. 3. also of any violent passion, wild, vebement, fu-

rious. III. Adv. -law, also neut. pl. άγρια, wolldly, fiercely. Hence

be savage or fierce, Lat. efferari.

wildy, juresty. Hence άγριότης, ητος, ή, wildness, furceness, Lat. feritas. άγριό-φωνος, ων, (άγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice, like βαοβαώ-φωνος.

like βαρβαρό-φωνος.
Δηριόω, f. ώσω: αοτ. ἡηρίωσα:—Pass., αοτ. ἡηριώθην: pf. ἡηρίωμαι: (ἀγριος):—to make wild or sawage. II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in
pf. ἡηρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to

άγριφη, ή, = άγρειφνα. [I] άγριφοης, εε, (άγριος, eloos) of a wild nature.

άγρι-ωπός, όν, (άγριος, άψ) wild-looking. άγρο-βότης, ου, δ. (άγρος, βόσκω) feeding in the

field, dwelling in the country.

dypo-yeither, evos, 6, (dypos, yelter) a country

neighbour, opp. to dorvyelrus.

dypo-borne, ou, o, (dypa, dibusu) a giver of boots.

άγρόθεν, Adv. of dypós, from the country.
άγροικία, ή, (άγροικοε) boorishness, coarseness. II
country life, the country: pl. country bouses.

άγροικίζομαι, f. Att.-ιοθμαι, Dep. to be boorisb. From άγρ-οικος, σσ, (άγρός, olnés) living in the country, rustic: hence 2. of men, boorisb, rude: opp. to doraide. 3. of fruits, grown in the country, common, opp. to γενναίσε: but also 4. of land, rough, smeultivated, like άγρισε. Hence

dypolaus, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

άγροιότης, ου, δ, poët. for άγρότης, a countryman, clown.

II. as Adj. rustic.

ειουπ. 11. ει Λα). τυειε. άγρό-κομος, δ, (άγροε, κομέω) ε land-eteward. άγρόμενος, η, οτ, part. Ep. 201. 2 med. of ἀγείρω,

assembled.
Apploa, Adv. of apple, to the country.

άγρο-νομος, or, and in Anth. η, or, (άγρος, νέμομαι) harding the country, rural: also - άγρος, wild.

'AIPO'E, oû, ô, Lat. AGER, a field, land: also the country, as opp. to the town.

άγρότερος, a, ov. (άγρός) poët. for δγριος, wild, of viants: of men, rustie.

II. (άγρα) fond of the hase; hence ή άγοτέρα, the huntress,

2. causal, to make | άγροτήρ, ήροε, δ, - άγρότηε, α countryman: fem. άγρότειρα, as Adj. rustic.

αγρότερα, 25 Ad). Γεκαί.
ἀγρότις, εδος, (ἀγρός) &
countryman, countryvoman.
2. 21 Adj. living in
the country, rural, rustic.

άγρο-φύλαξ, άποε, δ, (άγρόε, φύλαξ) a seatcher of the country. άγρυπνέω, f. έσει, (άγρυπνοε) to be makeful, lie awake: άγρυπνεύν των ος els τι, to be matchful for ox

intent upon a thing, Lat. invigilare rei. Hence appurate, h, sleeplessness, waking, watching. appurates, er, (dyplu, Uzroe) – abzroe, sleepless, wakiful.

άγρώσσω, – δγρεύω, to cateb.

άγρόστης, ου, δ, (άγρός) – άγρότης, α countryman. II. (άγρα) a bunter: fem. άγρώστις, ιδος, ή, a buntress. άγρωστις, ιος and εως, ή, a grass that mules feed

on.
ἀγρώτης, ου, δ, - ἀγρότης, α countryman: - as Adj.
of the field, wild.

άγιιά, ή, (άγω) a may or road: in towns, a street, a public place; in plum a city, town. [ἄγιιᾶ] Hence άγιιάτης, ου, ό, — 'Αγυιεύε: νοc. 'Αγιιᾶτα. [ἄγιιᾶ ἀγιιᾶτις, ιδοε, ή, fem. ρf foreg. a neighbour. II.

as Adj. Aquárides depareûa, the worship of Apolle Agrieus. "Aqueús, ése, ô, (dquá) name of Apollo as guardian of the atreets and public places.

άγυμνδοία, ή, want of exercise or training. From ά-γυμναστος, ω, (a private, γυμνά(ω) unibout exercise, untrained; ἀγύμναστός τυνος unipractized in thing, also els or πρός τι. 2. unbarassed, undisturbed. II. Adv., άγυμνάστων έχων το be un-

practiced.
dyopus, see, 4, Acol. form of dyopa, a gathering crossed, assembly. [d]

άγυρμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

άγυρτάζω, (άγύρτηε) το collect by begging. [d] ά΄ ρτης, ου, ό, (άγεξω) properly a gatherer, coilector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, chest Hence

άγυρτικός, ή, όν, like a mountebank.

άγυρτρια, ή, fem. of άγυρτήρ.

άγχέ-μαχοι, ον, (άγχι, μάχομαι) fighting band i band; άγχ. δελα arms for close fight.

"APXI, Adv. of place, - έγγως, near, nigh at hand close by, c. gen.:—Comp. άγχιον and doσον: Su άγχιστα, άγχοτάτω. Cī. άγχος, άγχιστος. [Υ] άγχι-αλος, ον, also η, ον, (άγχι, άλε) near the set of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, see girt, like dupl-aλος.

άγχι-βάθής, έε, (άγχι, βαθύε) deep close to abore.
άγχι-γείτων, ω, gen. ονος, (ίγχι, γείτων) κου
neighbouring.

άγχί-γυος, στ, (άγχι, γύα) of a neighbouring Las άγχί-θεος, οτ, (άγχι, θεύε) near the gods, i. c. gods or dwelling with the gods, kηχί-θέρου, ev, (άγχει, θόρα) near the door, neigh-

 $\dot{\alpha}_{\gamma\gamma}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha$ 

έγχι-μολος, στ. (δηχι, μολούν) coming near: always in neat. as Adv. δηχίμολον ελθεύν οτ στήμια to come or stand near; έξ δηχιμόλοιο from nigh at hand.

' ἀγχι-πόψε, έε΄, (ἄγχι, νόφοι) near the clouds. ἀγχι-νόε, ἡ, (ἄγχι, νοέω) a ready wit, ελνευσίκεις. Let. agocites.

άγχίνους, αν, contr. άγχίνους, ουν, (άγχι, νοῦς)

ready of mind, shresad, Lat. sagan.

άγχιον, Comp. Adv. of άγχι, nearer. ἀγχί-πλους, or, contr. ἀγχί-πλους, ουν, (άγχι, πλοῦ) near by sea; ἀγχ. πόρου a sbort τογαχε.

έγχί-πολιε, poët. έγχί-πτολιε, esse, δ, ξ, (άγχι, sthis) near the city, diselling in the land.
έγχί-ποροε, es. (άγχι, πορούομαι) passing near;

solanes dyrimopos flatterers at one's elbow.
dyrimohis, poët, for dyrimohis.

έγχιστα, τ. έγχιστοι.

έγχιστεία, ή, (άγχιστεύω) nearness of hin.

rights of kin, right of inheritance.
έγχιστεία, τά, = άγχιστεία.

kyχιστεύε, έως, δ, (kγχιστα) the next of hin: the ber at lane.

άγχιστεύω, f. εύσω, (άγχιστοε) to be near to one, c. dat.: esp. to be next of kin, to be heir at law.

άγχιστήρ, ήροε, δ, poët. for άγχιστεύε, άγχιστήρ τοῦ εάθουε immediate author of the suffering. άγχιστίνος, η, ον, poët. lengthd. form of άγχιστος,

dγχιστίνος, η, ον, poët. lengthd. form of dγχιστοι close-packed, in a beap.

άγχιστος, or, Sup. Adj. (άγχι) next or nearest: έγχιστος γώνει nearest of kin: neut. άγχιστος, οτ άγχιστα, as Sup. Adv. most nearly, άγχιστα δοικας most nearly like; of άγχιστα the next of kin: freq. e. gen. as άγχιστά τυνος, nearest to him. II. of time, last, Lat. proximus.

άγχι στρόφο, στ, (άγχι, στρέφω) turning near, mich-ubesting, of a bird.
2. quick-changing, changeable, sudden: neut. pt. ἀγχίστροφα as Adv. madents.

άγχι-τέρμων, or, gen. oros, (άγχι, τέρμα) near the borders, neighbouring.

άγχί-τοκος, ον, (άγχι, τόκος) near the birth. άγχόθον, Adv. (άγχοῦ) from nigh at band. άγχόθι, Adv.—ἀγχοῦ, nigh at band. c. gen.

άγχόνη, ή, (άγχω) throttling, strangling, hanging:
γρείσσου άγχόνης worse than hanging; άγχόνης
είλας as had as hanging; άγχόνη καὶ λύτη anguish
and grief.
2. a rope for hanging, halter.

άγχόνιος, α, αν, (άγχίνη) fit for strangling or

banging.

ey-xopeiu, poët for dra-xopeiu.

άγχότατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (άγχι) nearest, nent:
Bostly as Adv. άγχοτάτω, like άγχιστα, c. gen.; of
γχοτάτω προσήκωντες the nearest of kin.

πρότορος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (άγχε) nearer.

'AFXOT' = \$\frac{d}{\gamma\_{\circ}}, near, nigh at hand. abool, or come also c. dat. of from.

c. gen., also c. dat., cf. byye.
"AIXO, impf. byyer: f. byger: acr. byge:—Lat.
ANGO, to press sight, csp. the threat: to strongle,
threatle, bang.

άγχ όμελος, οτ, (όγχι, όμελός) nearly equal; όγχι ύμελος μάχη a doubgiel battle. Adv. όγχωμάλος, also άγχύμελα, conbifully, Lat. nequo Marie. "AΓÜ, Lat. AGO: impl. έγου, Ep. άγου, Ιοπ.

dyeason: fut. afor: sor. a flyayon, inf. dyayedr: less freq. sor. I hea, inf. Cas Ep. deiner or detμεναι: pf. ήχα, redupl. dγήσχα.—Med., fut. dfoμαι: aor. Ι ήξάμην, 20r. 2 ήγαγόμην.—Pass., fut. άχθήcourse, but also fut. med. afours, with pass, signf ; aor. I pass. ήχθην: pf. ήγμαι: verb. Adj. derfor:—' Lat. AGO: I. Act. to lead, lead away, of persons, peper being used of things; dyear sal pepeur to carry off the spoil of a land, both cattle and movables, like Lat. agere et ferre: drew ele dienn or diseastipion, or differ but tode diseastic, so carry before a court of justice. Lat. rapere in just. to lead on, lead towards; dryer bardroso rehouse led on to death; c. inf., dres foreir it leads to death: hence to lead, as a general; to guide, as the gods, 3. to bring up, train, educate, makin or maκών ήχθηναι. 4. to draw out in length; refyee dyer, Lat. murum ducere, to build a wall. like Lat. ague, to bold, celebrate, coprip, etc. . also to bold, keep, observe, elphyny, oxordde, etc.: dyely Blov, Lat. agere vitam, to lead a life, live. Lat. ducere, to bold, consider; by Tipig byes, or bye-

σθαι, to bold in honour, etc. 7. like Elever, to weigh so much, e. g. byen pair, τρακοσίουν δαρείκουν, etc., to sweigh a mina, 300 daries, etc. II. Med. άγομαι, το lead away for enseelf, earry off, as χρυσόν τε καί δηγιρον οίκαδ άγεσθαι. 2. άγεσθαι γυναίκα, Lat. unorem dueers, to take to enseelf wife; absol. άγεσθαι, to marry; but also of the father, to choose a wife for his son. 3. διά στόμα άγεσ

to choose a wife for his sons.
3. διὰ στόμα άγεσθαι μίθον to let pass throu, a the mouth, i. e. to utter.
4. άγεσθαί τι ἐε χεῖραε, to take a thing into one's hands.

άγωγαίοε, or, (άγωγή) fit for leading by, of a dog's collar or leash.

άγωγεύε, έωε, δ, (άγω to lead) a leader, one that draws or drags.

II. that by which one leads, α rein, leash.

dywyh, h, (dyw) a leading away, a carrying away) or of: also in intrans, sense, a going away.

2. aloringing to or in, bringing before an accombly.
2. a leading towards a point, guiding: the leading of an army, guiding a state.

4. a training, educating: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

'γώγ'(μος, or, (άγω) easy to be carried. Th dydγιμα, things portable, a cargo of wares. It, that may be carried away: of petsons, outlawed, or delivered into bondage. III. easily led, complaisant. Apares, 76, (Eye) the load of a wagon.
Aperios, 60, (Eye) leading, guiding: as Subst.,
Aperios, 8, a guide; Aperios an escort. Il.
leading towards. III. drawing to oneself, eliciting, c. gen.: attractive, 78 diportor, attractiveness.

\*AFON, were, &, an assembly, like dropd: esp. an assembly met to see games. 2. a place of assembly: a place of contest, the arena or stadium.

II. the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games, as, drow 'Oduprids, drow 'Oduprids, ctc.: hence the contest for a prize at

'Ολυμπικόs, etc.: hence the contest for a prize at their games.

2. generally, any struggle or contest, dyder mak the further.

3. a battle.

4. an action at hun, trial.

5. metaph., lorde dyder λόγων, μάχης, etc., now is the time for speaking,

dyuvia, h, a struggle for victory. 2. gymnastic exercise, screetling. 3. of the mind, agony,

anguish.

dyumdae: impf. hywrlaw: f. daw [d]: 201. I hywrlaw: pf. hywrlaw:—to be engaged in a contest, to compate, like dyumf(pus.

10. he amslove shout a thing

to be anxious about a thing.

άγωνίδαται, ν. ἀγωνίζομαι. ἀγωνίζομαι, αοτ. Ι ήγωνιάγωνίζομαι, fut. Ισομαι, Att. Ισῦμαι, αοτ. Ι ήγωνισάμην:—for the pass. forms see signf. n. 2: (ἀγών):
—to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games; 
άγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to contend in the foot-race; ἀγ.
περί τινοε to contend for a prize; ἀγ. τινι οτ πρόε
τινα to contend with one. 2. to fight. 3. to
contend for the prize on the stage, act.

II. to
contend against in a law-suit; ἀγ. δίκην, γραφήν, to
fight a cause to the last; ἀγ. φόνον to fight against a
charge of murder. 2. in Pass. to be won by a bard
contest, but rarely save in pf., e. g. πολλοὶ άγῶνειε
ἀγωνίδαται (Ion. for ἀγωνισμένοι εἰσί). many battles

dyaribara (Ion. for hypersquiros elst), many battles base been fought; so also in 201. I hyperison or dyarison, or, (dydr) presiding over the contest or the games, as an epithet of the gods:—σχολή dydreos cessation from combat. [δ]

άγφνων, ή, (άγωνίζομαι) a contending for a prize. άγωνισμα, τό, (άγωνίζομαι) a contest for a prize, generally, a contest in plur, achievements, exploits II. an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction.

111. that with which one contends, an essay, declamation.

άγωνισμός, δ, (άγωνίζομαι) rivalry.

' άγωνιστέον, verb. Adj. of άγωνίζομαι, one must

άγωνιστής, οῦ, δ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) a combatant, rival, csp. at the games: au advocate: also an actor; hence sport-αγωνιστής, etc. 2. a champion.

άγωνιστικός, ή, όν, (άγωνίζομαι) fit for contesting or striving: also fitted for winning:—ή άγωνιστική (sub. τέχνη) the art of winning or prevailing.

Adv. -whe, drawistiche Exer to be disposed for combat.

dywroθeriu, f. ήσω, to be a judge on director of the games: generally, to direct, promote, judge, decide.

άγωνο-θέτης, ου, δ, (άγων, τίθημι) a president in the games: a judge.

άδαγμός, δ, Ion. for δδαγμός, an itehng, sting. άδαγμονία οτ άδαγμοσύνη, ή, ignorance, muhil-

fulness in doing. From å-döhjpav, or, (a privat., dahra) unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. µåxne ådahµav: but, åd. nandv

beyond the knowledge, i. e. reach of ill.

&Billy, és, (a privat., daspea) = foreg. unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. also c. inf. unknowing how to...

d-δάητος, ον, (a privat., δαίναι) unknown. d-δάϊος, ον, (a privat., δάλος) Dor. for dδήλος.

d-Barros, or, (a privat., dalovysai) not to be eaten, unlawful to eat.

d-Baκρθε, v, gcn. voe, (a privat., δάκρυ) = άδάκρυτου 1. II. = άδάκρυτου π. ά δακρθτί, Adv. without tears. From

ά-δάκρθτος, or, (a privat., δακρύω) without tears: hence I. act. not weeping, tearless. II. pass. unwept.

å-δāλής, έε, Dor. for å-δήλητος. ἀδαμάντινος, ον, (ἀδάμας) adamantine, of steel.

hence, bard as adamant, stubborn. Adv. -ves.
å&äµavró-8eros, or, (å&åµas, &éw) iron-bound.

d-Sapas, arros, 8, (a privat., Sapas) exconquerable: hence I. as Subst. adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel: also the diamond. Il. as Adj. inexorable.

ά-δάμαστος, or, (a privat., δαμά(ω) properly of horses, unbroken, untamable:—metaph. inexorable. ά-δάματος, or, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, unwedded. [ἄδά-: but also ἄδ- as in ἄ-θάνε τος.]

d-Sandros, or, (a privat., Sandry) without expense, costing nothing. Adv. -ves.

d-Baous, or, tribute-free.

d-Sacros, or, (a privat., Sácacou acr. I of Sart opai) undivided.

abbeés, Ep. vocat. of abehs.

άδδηκότες, poët. for άδηκότες, pf. part. of άδέες.

άδδην, poët. for άδην. άδδησειε, nor. I opt. of άδέω.

άδδη-φαγέω, etc., v. sub άδηφ...

డరికి, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of duddres. [d]

ables, Dor. poet. for ibeia, fem. of ibis; also Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

d-Benje, Ep. d-Benje, és, Ep. voc. dobeés, (a prival béos) fearless, shameless. 2. fearless, secure : d doés, security:—Adv. doess, without fear or seruph confidently, abundantly. II. sausing no feat

not formidable.
68ea, h, (dbehe) freedom from fear, safety, seen r.'y; dbetar bibbrat, raplyety, etc., to grant an an

usty; & ddely elras to feel soone; per' ddelas with a framise of security.

å-δαήε, έε, Ep. for d-defe.

d-balparros, or, (a privat., despaire) undaunted: c. gen. mitbout fear for a person. Adv. -rem.

abov, sor. 2 inf. of drodows.

thurves, or, (a privat., deliver) without food, wfed.

i. Sinacros, or, (a privat., Sentsw) unbribed. Adv. -rus. i. Sankrovros, or, (a privat., Sentrevo) not siebed.

4-Sacros, ω, (α privat., δέκατείω) not hibed.
4-Sacros, ω, (α privat., δέχομω) not received or believed.
Π. act. not receiving, not capable of, τούε.

άδελφεα, ή, Dor. for άδελφή. άδελφεή, ή, Ion. for άδελφή.

άδελφαός, δ, Ep. for άδελφός.

ebelier eroves, or, Ion. for abelier eroves.

άδελφεός, δ, Εp. and Ion. for αδελφός.

άδελφή, ή, fem. of άδελφός, a sister.

άδελφιδίσε, ov. contr. άδελφιδούε, οῦ, ὁ, (άδελφόε) « brother's or sister's som, α nephew. ἀδελφιδή, ἡ, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδέη, (άδελφόε)

a brother's ox sister's daughter, a niece.
εδιλφίδιου, τό, Dim. ος άδελφόε, a little brother.

άδελφίζω, fut. Att. εῶ, (άδελφόε) to adopt as brober.

άδελφικός, ή, όν, brotherly. Adv. -κώε. άδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. άδελφεο-κτόνος, ον, (άδελφός,

ereiro) murdering a brother or sister.

δδελφός, (α copul., δελφός):

Δελφός, Ιου. -φεός, Ερ. -φείος, δ, a brother; in pl.

δλελφό brothers and sisters.

II. as Adj. δδελφός, 4, δν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat.

geniaus, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like

idehhorne, groe, h. brotherbood, brotherly kindness. 2. a family of brothers, a brotherbood. 4-berdpos, or, (a privat., dirboor) without trees.

d-office, or, (a privat., defice) audioard.

d-Seprés, 4s, (α privat., δέρκομαι) unusen, invisible.
4-Sepres, ov. (α privat., δέρκομαι) not seeing, sigbdess, δμματα. Adv. -των, without looking.

4-δεσμος, ev. (α privat., δεσμόε) unfettered, unbound; έδεσμοε φυλακή, Lat. libera custodia, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

é-biorrores, or, (a privat., decreoris) without a matter:—of writings, anonymous.

d-beroe, ar, (a privat., bia) unbound: free.

d-Beurin, ée, (a privat., debnoe) not sweet, sour, bitter, Lat. accrbus.

d-bityros, or, (a privat., daples) untanned.

\*AΔΕΩ, so please, obsol. pres., whence deddew has its fut., sor. 2, and pf.: v. deddew.

\*AΔΕΩ, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come or. I opt. dööfgesse or döfgesse, may be be sated; and pf. part. döögsöres or dögsöres, sated. Cf. da, take, å-84kos, contr. å-84os, Dor. å-84kos, er, (a privst., 8hkos) unassailed.

d-Squeros, or, (a privat., Sánrw) not gnawed or worm-eaten: not carped at.

άδηλίω, (άδηλου) to be at a loss about a thing. ά-δήλητου, ου, (α privat., δηλίομαι) unburt.

ά-δηλητος, ον, (α privat., δηλέομαι) unburt. άδηλία, (άδηλοε) uncertainty.

d-8ηλος, or, unknown, ignoble. II. unknown, unseem, secret; άδηλάν έστιν el.., or δτι.., it is unccertain whether... Adv. -λεες, secretly: Sup. άδη-λόνατα.

άδηλότης, ητος, ή, (άδηλος) uncertainty.

absuroves, f. how, to be in great distress or anguisb) at a thing.. (Deriv. uncertain.)

admuovia, 4, great distress or anguisb.

άδην, Ep. άδδην, Att. άδην, Adv. (\*άδδω) Lat. SATIS, enough, abundantly; έδμεται άδδην to eat their fill, of horses; άδην πολόμοιο enough of war; άδην έγειν τινόε to have enough of a thing.

d-Engue, eas, é, å, (a privat., êngus) milbout strife. d-Englives, or, (a privat., ênglopai) milbout strife or

battle, uncontested. II. unconquerable. dbfgras, 201. 1 opt. of dbfw.

άδησφ, fut. of άνδάνω.

dens or "Asôns, ov, δ, Att., but also 'Atôns [o o -], ao and es:—Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat. Pluto: elv and els 'Atôao, Attic êv and ês 'Atôao (with or without δόμοs), in or into the house of Hades.

II. later, the grave, death.

nass. 11. Inter, too grave, asato.

don-payos, or, (donv., payeir) sating to excess, devouring, gluttonous.

& Softwood, or, (a privat., Syder) not wasted.

d-Bidhatos, or, (a privat., diabalru) not to be crossed, impassable.

d-Branpiros, er, (a privat., deaxpire) undistinguisbable: unintelligible. 2. undecided.

d-Bidλeurros, or, (α privat., διαλείσω) unintermitting, unceasing. Adv. -em.

ά-διάλλακτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation. Adv., άδιαλλάπτων έχειν to be irreconcilable.

&-διάλύτος, or, (a privat., διαλύω) undissolved : indissoluble. 2. irreconcilable. Adv., άδιαλύτω

Execu to be irreconcilable.

d-Buavonros, or, (a privat., διανοδομαι) incomprebensible. II. act. not understanding, silly.

d-Slavros, or, also η, or, (a privat., διαίνω) un-) wested:—dδlavrov, τό, a plant, maiden's bair.

d-Bidmauorros, or, (a privat., diamates) not to be stilled, increseant, violent.

d-Sid-Etwice, or, (a privat., Siauletw) not liable to error, infallible. Adv. -ron.

d-Bidornacros, or, (a privat., diacráw) not torn asunder, unbroken. Adv.-ron. d-Bidopentos, or, (a privat., diatpésw) immovable,

beadstrong. Adv. -100. Hence ablantelia, h, immovableness, obstinacy.

ά-διάφθαρτος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorruptible,

åδιαφθορία, ή, freedom from corruption. From δ-διάφθορος, or, (α privat., διαφθείρω) incorrupt, incorruptible. II. imperisbable.

d-διάφοροs, or, (α privat., διαφέρω) not different: indifferent.

d-δίδακτος, or, (a privat., δίδάσκω) of persons, un-IL of things, not taught, unlearned, rude.

learnt: also, learnt without teaching. d-diefeργαστος, or, (a privat., diefeργάζομαι) ποι

We be wrought out or finished. debifodos, ar, (a privat., diefodos) without out-II. act. unable to get out.

ά-διέργαστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) ποι

worked out, unfinished. d-bispetrytos, or, (a priv., dispetráw) unexamined. d-διήγητος, or, (a privat., διηγέσμαι) indescribable.

d-bluartos, or, (a privat., busica) without judgment given, undecided. doursureves, Bocot. for hours plevoe, part. perf. pass.

of distribution άδικέω: impl. ήδίκεων, Ion. εῦν: f. ήσω: aor. I hoisnoa: pf. hoisnea: Pass., with fut. med. doishσομαι: pf. holen μαι: (doinge):-to do wrong. trans. c. acc. pers. to do one wrong, to wrong, injure: c. dupl. acc., do. rivá ri to surong one in a

thing:—Pass. to be wronged or injured. άδίκημα, τό, (άδικέω) a wrong done, a wrong, injury, Lat. injuria: c. gen., do. reros a serong dons to one.

abuntion, verb. Adj. of aductes, one ought to do surong.

abicia, f, (abicio) a wrong, offence, - abicn-II. injustice.

ablicion, to, = ablimua, an act of wrong.

d-bluos, ov. (a privat., bluy) of persons and things, doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust; doing de ti unjust in a thing, mepl riva in respect to a person: ddinos hoyos a plea of injustice; ddlum xeipan dofai to begin lawless acts of violence; άδικος πλούτος unrighteous gain. II. wrong, improper, ill-ΙΙΙ. άδικοι ήμέρα, i. e. άνευ matched, as horses. bixw, a day on which the courts were shut, Lat. dies nefastus. Hence

ablums, Adv. without right or reason.

άδινός, ή, όν, (άδην) close, thick: hence 2. vebement, trowded or thronged, close-packed. loud, esp. of sounds: - more freq. as Adv. dornes, also neut. doiror and doirá, vebemently, loudly; Comp. adivarepor. [a]

d-διοίκητος, ου, (a privat., διοικέω) unarranged. , d-διόρθωτος, or, (a privat., διορθόω) not corrected: incorrigible.

& δίστακτος, ον, (a privat., διστάζω) without doubting. Adv. -ros.

d-dupos, or, (a privat., difa) without thirst, not thirsty.

 $\delta$ - $\delta\mu\eta s$ ,  $\eta\tau os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $-\delta\delta\mu\eta\tau os$ .

Butte, idos, acc. adultiv, fem. of adjute.

d-bunros, n, ar, (a privat., daude) post. for disparce, untamed: of cattle, unbroken, wild; of maidens, unmarried,

φΒο-βάτης, ου, δ, (φδης, βαίνω) one sobo bas gons to Hades. [B&]

abov, Dor. for fibror, neut. Comp. of fibre. abou, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of de dans.

d-δόκητος, ον, (a privat., δοκέω) unexpected. inglorious. Adv. -raw, also neut, dibonyra as Adv. unexpectedly; so also, ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀδοκήτου.

d-δοκίμαστος, σε, (a privat., δοκιμάζω) untried, unproved. [Y]

a-δόκιμος, ον, (a privat., δόκιμος) unproved, spuri-II. rejected as spurious, reous, base, mean. probate.

άδολεσχέω, fut. ήσω, to talk idly, to prate. [ā] άδο-λέσχης, ου, δ, also άδό-λεσχος, ον, (άδοε, λέ-

II. in good sense, a  $\sigma \chi \eta$ ) a prating fellow. keen, subtle reasoner. [4] Hence åδολεσχία, ή, prating, frivolity.

subtlety, [ā] Hence άδολεσχικός, ή, όν, disposed to prate, frivolous. [ā] 4-8000s, or, guileless, artless: in Att. esp. of treaties, without disbonest intent. II. of liquids. un-

mixed, pure. Adv. -λex, without fraud. abov, Ep. for Ładov, 20r. 2 of ardáru.

floor, impl. of door.

a-Bourtos, or, (a privat., dovém) not ebaken.

abovis, ides, it, poet, for dydovis. [a] d-δόξαστος, ον, (a privat., δοξάζω) unempected.

not matter of opinion, i. e. certain. abolico, f. how, (abolos) to be of no reputation, stand in ill repute. IL trans, to bold in no esteem.

Hence άδοξία, ή, ill repute, disbonour.

d-Bokos, or, (a privat., défa) disreputable, disgrace ful. 2. obscure, ignoble.

"AΔOΣ, εοε, τό, satiety, loathing. abos, cos, tó, Dor. for hocs, joy.

d-вотов, or, (a privat., відони) without gifts.

d-Soukos, or, (a privat., doukos) without elaves, unattended, deserted. å-δούλωτος, ον, (α privat., δουλόω) unenslaved.

d-δούπητος, ον, (a privat., δουπέω) noiseleus.

άδράνεια, Ερ. άδρανίη, ή, inactivity. From d-Spavije or d-Spavije, ie, (a privat., Spalew) inactive, listless, feeble.

Aspaorea, Ion. Asphorea, 1, a name of Namesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Népeous, not to be escaped, as if from didpásow, cf. sq.

d-δραστος, Ion. d-δρηστος, ον, (α privat., διδράσκυ) not running away, not inclined to run away.

d-Spentos, or, (a privat., Spena) unpluched.

d-Spycros, or, Ion. for d-deacros. 'Asplac, or, Ion. 'Aspine, en, o, the Adrianic Sec. Hence

'Abpurrube and 'Abpurrbe, h, br, of the Adriatic. beginner, v. (a privat., docubs) not lart or pungent. 'AAPO'Z, &, by, properly stout, thick:—hence fullgrown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: genenly, strong, great in any way. Hence lopocivy, \$, = sq.

άδροτής, ήτος, ή, (άδρός) stoutness: ripeness, fulwas, esp. of the body. II. ebundance.

hopopan, Pass. (dopée) to grow ripe: to come to pri e strength.

làphru, (åðphe) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe. άδύ γλασσος, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ήδύ-..

ά-δυνάμία, ή, (a privat., δύναμιε) want of strength, form. wainess: poverty.

d-biviole, 4, - dovania.

köbvärin, f. how, (ddieuros) so want strength, jouer, or ability. Hence

હેર્કેજ્યાંત, ફે, — હેરેજ્ય μία.

& bivares, or, unable to do a thing, c. inf. absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things, disabled: -- To address or want of strength. Pass. unable to be done, impossible: To ab. impossi-III. Adv. -rese, without power, feebly. [v] belite. 486s, éa, é, Dor. for \$86e.

Editor, or, (a privat., dow) not to be entered:bence as Subst. douror, to, the innermost sanetuary ot sbrine, Lat. adytum : also áburos, b.

iw, Att. contr. for delber, q. v.

abor, broe, \$, Dor. for andar, the nightingale. [a] 'Abuna, rá, the mourning for Adonis.

'Abunaçu, to keep the Adonia. Hence

'Asunasube, où, ò, the mourning for Adonie. "Adems, sõce, õ, Adonis. 2. 'Addredoe signot,

pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [&] à-βώρητος, от, (a privat., даре́оµаі) — ā-дарос. d-dupodókuros, or, (a privat., dapodokéw) = sq. Adv. -ree.

&-Supobbuos, or, unbribed, incorruptible.

& Supos, or, (a privat., Supor) without gifts, taking no gifts, unbribed:—doupa bupa gifts that are no rifu. II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

å-δάτης, ου, δ, (α privat., δίδωμι) one who gives worbing.

de, Dor. for del. [8]

4-ebros, or, (a privat., Ebra) undowered. aetheύω, Ep. and Ion. for άθλεύω.

delkie, Ep. and Ion. for delkie: Ion. impf. diekeov. **Δεθλητής**, Ep. and Ion. for dθλητής.

delliov, τό, Ep. and Ion. for dθλον: properly neut. TOE

delluos, or, also a, or, (dellaw) running for the wize; ἀέθλιος lawoe a race-horse; ἀέθλιον μήλον the upple of discord.

dellow, vo, Ep. and Ion. for ablow.

dellos, o, Ep. and Ion. for delos.

dello-φόροs, or, Ep. and Ion. for dθλο-φόροε.

del, Adv. ever, always, for ever: deup' del ever up 19 this time; also ele del or elevel. With the Artic.

l & del sparer the rules for the time being, whoever is ruler; d del Bronhere the reigning king. Besides del the Ion. and poet, forms ale and aler are very common: in Dor. also alés, dés, and dé.

άκί-βολος, ον, (ἀεί, βάλλω) continually thrown. daryevergs, post. alaryevergs, ov, s, (del, yeverbas) epith. of the gods in Homer, like ally forres, ever existing, immortal.

der-yevhe, is, Att. for der-yevirys. desde, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of delow.

d-cibehos, ov, (a privat., \*cibe) unseen, dark.

d-eiche, és, (a privat., \*ciou) unseen, without bodil. II. (a privat., eldérai) unknown, obscure des-bluntos, or, (del, burlow) over revolving. [I]

'AEI' ΔΩ, Att. contr. (Bu: impf. feccor, Ep. deccor) Att. 🕉 : fut. deloopai, Att. ģoopai, Dor. doevpai; rarely delow, Att. gow, Dor. gow: 20r. 1 fecou. Ep. áвіба, Att. ўба:—Разз., 201. І ўбвур: pf. ўбраі: to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter, croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string to fwang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to · II. trans.: ... I. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt, 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. descant on. Pass. to resound with song.

del-Zuos, ov. Att. contr. del-Zus, ev. (del. (en)) everliving, everlasting,

der-θάλής, ές, (del, θάλος) ever-green.

d-surein or -in [1], Att. contr. wikis [1], \$, unseemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

d-enclaires, a, ov, also or, ov, poet, form for sq.: contr. alxélice. Adv. –ías.

d-earths, és, Att. contr. elichs, és, (a privat., elicos) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. deuxée as Adv, in unseemly manner.

d-euxin,  $\eta$ , - deuxein.

densife, Att. contr. aisife, fut. Att. -: 2: 201. I helmoa, Ep. delmosa:-Ep. 201. pass. inf. delmσθήναι: (deinhe):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse. des-elvyros, ov, (del, seréw) ever moving, in perpetual motion. [i]

deuxic Officevar, 201. I pass. inf. of deuxico.

deleteren, descrosáuny, Ep. aor. I act. and med. cf deudijo.

dame, Att. fut. of deceife.

danus, Ion, dantius, Adv. of deuths, shamefully. del-λάλος, or, (del, λαλέω) ever-babbling.

desloyia, ή, as Att. law-term, την desloyiaν παρέχειν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From

άσιλόγος, ον, (άει, λέγω) always talking. ἀεί-μνηστος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀεί, μιμνήσκομαι) bad in everlasting remembrance; ever-memorable, ever-

lasting. Adv. – ros. del-vaos, ov, contr. del-vas, av, (del, vao) = dévaos,

ever-flowing. āsi-νηστιε, ιου, δ, ή, ever-fasting.

del-πλάνος, ον. (del, πλανάομαι) ever-svandering. despa, Ep. for heipa, nor. I of delpa.

deipau, sor, I inf. of deipa,

del-poos, or, contr. del-pous, our, - sq.

del-ouros, or, (del, plas) ever-flowing.

AEIPO, Att. alpa: fut. apa [a], contr. from depo : sor. I act. fespa, Ep. despa .- Med., fut. doovμαι [a], contr. from depoυμαι: aor. I despauny.... Pass., aot. I ήέρθην, Ep. depenv: pf. ήερμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plant. dapro: for the Att. forms, v. alpo :- to lift. beave, raise up, hence to bear, earry: to earry off as plunder: but also, to band, offer :- Med. to lift up

or oneself, i. e. bear off, win, take for oneself: - Pass. to be bung up, to bung; paxaipa wapa ficeos nouhedr depro the dagger bung beside the sword sheath. to raise or stir up; delpassat ra lorta to boist sail:

Pass. to raise up, arise. desora, Ep. sor. I of delbas

deioras, part. nom. pl. fem. of dn m.

descripe, 76, post. and Ion. for do pa, as delba for d'ba. down, 3 pl. of dopu.

description; fut, of delba. des-parts, is, (del, partiral) ever-shining or ap-

pearing. del-poupos, or, (del, poorpà ever-watebed or ever-

watching, ever-wakeful.

den-φύγla, ή, (del, φυγή) exils for life. den-χρόνιος, στ, (del, χρ.ν. ι.) sectlarting.

descatoperos, q, or, (discr) unwilling, resisting; τόλλ' de καζόμανος, Virgl's multa reluctans.

d-enthlios, or, for destellios. discort or descort, (discor) Ep. Adv. against the will, often in Homer c. gen.; sev denyre, Lat. to in-

vito; bear direct. Lat. Dies non propities. d-exoveros, ev, also a, ev, Att. contr. exoveros, ev, (a privat., encourse) against the will, forced, invo-

d-inov, Att. contr. anov [d], ovou, or, (a privat., trans against the will, unwilling: without design or PHT DOM.

delice. Dor. for flice, flice.

della, F.p. della, ne, n. (dos, dn m) a wormy wind, a whirlwind. 2. metaph. of any whirling motion. [de]

dellatos, a, or, (della) wormy, swift as the worm. dellas, alos, f. - dellacos.

delling, és, (della) eddying.

dello-μάχος, or, (della, μάχομαι) struggling with the storm. [d]

delle-wos, Homeric form of sq.

dello-wour, d, t, wow, to, gen. wolce, (della, woods) storm-footed, swift, as the storm, only found in Ep. form delle-wos, like deri-wos, would-wos, etc.: dat. pl. deλλοπόδεσσω.

deletion, (deletion) to be without hope, to despair. d-edutife, is, (a privat., Educate unboped for, unempecied.

delation h, an unlooked for event: Le delution. Lat. en insperato, unempectedly. 2. despair. & LOUI

'-Navos, or, (a privst., Edzoual) unlooked for, un-

expected: to be despaired of: delera, neut. pl. 15 Adv. unempectedly. II. act. bopeless, desperate.

deλπτως, Adv. of deλπτής, unempectedly. di-vaos, or, also Ep. del-vaos, contr. del-vus, ar, (del, vdo) ever-flowing: generally, everlasting, never-

de-vacer, oura, or, - dérace.

devres, part. pl. of dn me.

defl-yuos, or, (dife, yuior) strengthening the limbs. defl-voos, or, contr. defl-vous, our, (defa, rose)

failing. Adv. -aws.

strengthening the mind. defi-φυλλος, or, (dife, φύλλον) making leaves grow, leafy.

defi-фотов, or, (difu, poror) making plants grow. 'AE ΞΩ, Ion. and poet. for AT HΩ, aufdre, Lat.'

AUGEO: used by the old poets only in pres. and impf. : later poets have a fut. defήσω, aor. I ήέξησα; fut. med. ἀεξήσομαι, pf. pass. ή έξημαι :-- to make to grow, increase, foster, strengthen: to beighten, mul-

tiply :- Pass. and Med. to increase, wan great: prosper.

depγelη or -lη [i], Ion, for depγla. a-εργήε, έε, - αθεργόε. depyla, Ion. -in [1], \$, a not working, idleness.

2. of a field, a lying fallow or waste. From d-epyos, contr. apyos, w, (a rrivat., \*Epyw) not working, idle. Adv. γων.

άέρδην, contr. άρδην, Adv. (άείρω) lifting up. depools, aor. I pass, part. of delpo.

depθev, Dor. and Ep. for ή έρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of delps: depth, 3 sing. of same tense. dépios, or, also a, or, Ion. hépios, n. or, (dhe, he,

ηρι) in quiet, or thick air: cloudy. II. in the air. bigb in air. d-epictos, or, (a privat., Epyw) unfenced, open.

depoβation, f. how, to tread in air, walk the air. depo-βάτης, ου, δ, (dήρ, βalru) one who treads in air.

depo-birts, Ion. hepo-birts, is, (dip, biria) subseling in air. depo-boveros, or, (dep., dovios) tossed in mid air,

socring. depolopoules, f. how, to traverse air. From

depo-bookos, or, traversing air.

depo-erofe, is, (dip, elbos) like the sky or air, misty: seo ή εροειδή**ε.** 

depo-kópał. dros. 8. an air-raven. depo-κώνωψ, ωποε, δ, an air-gnat.

depo-μάχία, ή, (dήρ, μάχη) a battle in the air. διερο-μετρέω, f. ήσω, (δήρ, μετρέω) to measure the

air: to lose oneself in vague speculation. depo-vyxte, és, (dhp, vhxopai) floating in air, of

the clouds. dépow, Acol. for delos.

deport-κάρηνου, or, (delpo, κάρηνον) corrying the bead bigb. [ rd]

άερσι-πότης, ου, δ, and άερσι-πότητος, σ, (άείρω,

ποτάομαι) bovering on bigb.

deport-wous, 8, 4, wowe, 76, gen. wodoe, (delpos, wove) | lifting up the feet, brish-trotting. deprole, poët, form of delps, to lift up: impf.

ŝέρταζον. άφτάω, - άτρτάζω: -- 201. Ι ήτρτησα: pf. pass. ήτρ-

TIPEL.

des, Dor. for del. [2] dere, I pl. degaper and doaper, 3 pl. decar, inf.

diou, sor. I prob. from an obsol. root deω, = ενδω, to sleep: no other tenses in use. Akin to dn µu, laves,

darla.

deσιφροσύνη, ή, silliness, folly, in plur. deσιφροcom. From

esol-power, or, gen. oros, (daw, popp) injured in mind: witless, silly, infatuated. [a] 'AETO'Z or alerós, also poet. alyrós, oû, o, an

eggle, Lat. aqualla. II. an eagle as a standard. [a]

der-ώδης, εs, (derós, είδος) sagle-like. [d] "AEΩ, to sleep, v. aega. "AZA, \$, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub

ā(w.) άζάλίσε, α, ον, (άζω) pass. dry, parched: hence barsh, cruel. II. act. parebing, scorebing. isave, (ase) to dry or parch up.

Aγλία, ή, freedom from jealousy: simplicity. From 6-ξηλος, or, like άζηλωτος, unenviable, miserable: inconsiderable, mean.

à-ζήλωτος, ω, (a privat., ζηλόω) not to be envied. d-sigmos, or, (a privat., (nuia) without loss, scot-

free: not deserving punishment:-Adv. -lon, with 2. not amounting to punishment,

impunity. barmless. 43ηται, 3 sing. pass. subj. of d(ω.

6-ζήτητος, αν, (a privat., ζητέω) unexamined. 4ηχής, έs, unceasing, excessive: more freq. as Adv. alnχέs, unceasingly, beyond measure. II. bard.

rough. (Deriv. uncertain.) 6-ζύγος, or, = ά-ζυξ, ill-matched: unmarried. ά-ζύμος, ον. (a privat., ζύμη) unleavened : τὰ άζυμα,

the feast of unleavened bread. 6-suf, byon, δ, ή, (a privat., (byfival) unyoked, un-

paired: unmarried, unwedded. AZΩ, to dry, dry up, parch:—Pass. to be parched

p, pine away through grief. AZO, mostly used as Dep. alouar, and only in

pres. and impf.: to stand in awe of, dread the gods or one's parents: also followed by inf. to be afraid of doing; or μή..., to fear lest:—absol. to be awestruck.-Cf. σέβω.

d-ξωστος, ω, (α privat., (ώννυμι) ungirt from hurry: generally, not girded.

eq, 3 sing. impl. of έημι. d-ηδήε, έε, (a privat., ήδοε) unpleasant, annoying: of persons, unfriendly, morose. Hence

άηδία, ή, (ἀηδήε) a being displeased, disgust, dis-!!. vnpleasantness, odiousness.

άτιξο Αδεύς, έως, Ep. gen. ηος, ή, a young nightingale. | immortal.

andonos, or, (andar) of or belonging to a nightingale. andovia, idos, h, = andie, a nightingale.

anda, ove, h. = andar, a nightingale. andier, 4, Att. 6, gen. anderes or andois, (deller) a nightingale; properly the songstress.

andes. Adv. of anothe, ander exer to be unfriently. åήθαα, Ion. ἀηθίη [1], ή, (ἀήθη») unaccustomedness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing : diff. rurée inexperience of a thing.

anticoru, poet. for anticu, to be unaccustomed to a' thing, c. gen.: impl. appearor. å-ήθης, εε, (α privat., ήθοδ) unwonted, unusual, strange :-- Adv. - 6we. 2. unused to a thing, c. gen. II. without Hos or character.

ἀη**θίη, ή, -** ἀήθεια, q. v. άηθίζομαι, Dep. (άήθηε) to be unaccustomed.

diffus, Adv. of diffus, unexpectedly. άημα, τό, (άημι) a blast, wind. anueval, Ep. for aneu, inf. of anju.

"AHMI, 3 sing. anou, 3 dual antor (not deror), 3 pl. deισι; imper. 3 sing. dήτω; inf. difrai, Ep. difuerai; part. dels: Ep. 3 sing. impf. dn, 3 pl. decar:-Pass. άημαι, part. άημενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. άητο:—to

breathe bard, blow, of the wind: the pass. forms sometimes mean to be beaten by the wind, but more often to toss or wave about as if in the wind; hence to be spread abroad.

άĥναι, inf. of αημι. affe, dipos, f. Att. o, Ion. and Ep. affe or fine. ifepos, it:-in Hom. and Hes. the lower air, the atmosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth, opp. to althip the pure upper air, v. esp. Il. 14. 288; hence

misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally air. (From \*άω, άημι.) [ā] anous, som,  $\eta$ ,  $(a\eta\mu)$  =  $a\eta\mu a$ , a blowing. [a] ά-ήσσητος, Att. ά-ήττητος, ον, (a privat., ήσσά-

oual) unconquered, not beaten: unconquerable. anotiλos, for alσυλος, wicked. άἡσύρος, ον, («ἄω, ἄημι) light as air: little. άήτη, ή, - άήτηε.

άητης, ου, δ, (άω, άημι) a blast, gale, wind. άητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of άημι. αητον, 3 dual pres. of άημι.

dyros, or, an old word, only in Il. 21. 305, prob. from anu, hence orig. stormy, and so violent, terrible: cp. ainros. άήτω, 3 sing, imperat. of άημι.

d-θάλασσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (α privat., θάλασσω) witbout sea, inland.

a-θάλασσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, ον, (α privat., θα-

λασσύω) never baving been at sea. d-θαλής, és, (a privat., θάλος) not verdant.

d-θαλπής, έε, (a privat., θάλπος) without warmth.

d-θαμβήs, és, (a privat., θάμβοε) fearless.

ἀθάνἄσία, ή, (ἀθάνατοι) immortality. δθάνατίζω, (δθάνατοι) to make immortal:-Pass. II. to bold oneself

to become or be immortal,

d-Cavaros, or, also n, or, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to ovyros and sporos: ... hence dθάνατοι, oi, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a vertain number: of things, everlasting. 4-θαπτος, αν, (α privat., θάπτω) unburied.

unworthy of burial.

abapa, also abapa, h, groats or meal, porridge

made of it. [ded\_] d-Baporha, le, (a privat., bhoroe) discouraged.

- d-θαύμαστος, σε, (a privat., θαυμάζω) not wondering at anything. Adv. -reve. II. not admired. ά-θέατος, ον, (a privat., θεάομαι) unseen, invisible:

II. act. not seeing, blind to. escret.

abeel, Adv. (abece) without the aid of God. d-Belacros, ev, (a privat., beid(w) uninspired.

d-θελικτος, ω, (α privat., θέλγω) implacable.

C-Depus, 1700, d, f, lawless. d-Oquiorios, d-Oquioros, and d-Oquiros, or, (a

privat., 04 ms) lawless, without law or government, godless, Lat. nefarius. Adv. - Toos.

a-veos, or, without God, denying the gods: generally, godless, ungodly. II. abandoned by the Hence. gods.

c-Ocorne, mros, n, godlessness, ungodliness. departeuria, i), want of attendance or care: c. gen. neglect of a thing. From

d-θεράπευτος, ον, (a privat., θεράπεύω) not attended to, neglected. II. unbealed, incurable, u-θερίζω: Ep. aor. I άθέριξα or -ισσα: (a privat.,

Oέρω - θεραπεύω) :- to slight, make light of, Lat. nibil curare. c. scc.

d-θέρμαντος, ον, (a privat., θερμαίνω) unbeated; not excited by passion.

4-depues, or, without warmth.

aberia, 4, (decros) unsteadiness, fickleness.

&-Ocorpos, or, lawless.

d-θέσφάτος, or, impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible: hence marvellously great, enormous. d-Oction, f. how, (aberos) to act acide, disregard.

abbrησιε, cas, ή, (aberta) abolition, rejection.

E-θετος, or, (a privat., τίθημι) not placed, set axide, succless: -Adv. doerwe - doeques, lawlessly.

. αθέωε, Adv. of άθεοε, in a godless manner. 6-θηλος, or, (a privat., θηλή) unsuckled, weared.

' d-Ohλuvros, cr, (a privat., θηλύνω) not made womanish: masculine.

Abyva, as, h, contr. from Abyvaa cr Abyvala, Ion. "Abhrn, 'Abhrain, Dot. 'Abara, 'Abaraia, Acol. 'A-Onváa, Athena, Lat. Minerva, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

Abhvale, Adv. to or towards Athens. From

Abhvar, dr, al, the city of Athens, used in pl. like Ofiβai, Munipai, because it consisted of several parts. 'Aθηναίον, τό, ('Aθηνά) the temple of Athena. \*Abnvalos, a, ev, (Abnva) Athenian, of or from

1thens. \*Abigrafler or -0s, Adv. from Athens. 'Aθήνησι, Adv. *at Athen*e.

abuvious, to long to be at Athens.

'Athrober, Adv. from Athens. AOHP, spos, o, the beard or spike of an ear of com, an ear of corn itself, Lat. spica. point or barb of a weapon. [a]

d-thours, or, (a privat., bypaw) not to be caught. **6-θήρευτος**, ον, (a privat., θηρεύω) not bunted.

άθηρη-λοιγός, δ, (άθηρ, λοιγός) consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan: cf. αθηρό-βρωτοε. άθηρό-βρωτος, ον, (άθηρ, βιβρώσκω) devouring ean

of corn: αθηρόβρωτον δργανον a winnowing fan. d-Inpos, or, (a privat., Ohp) without wild beasts a

d-θησαύριστος, αν, (α privat., θησαυρίζω) ποι β for boarding up.

d-θίγης, έε, (a privat., θεγείν) - άθικτος. 4-bucros, er, (a privat., biggára) untouebed: c. ges.

untouched by a thing; kepbon afternos untainted by money; also c. dat. νόσοιε άθικτοε. touched, boly, sacred. II. act. not touching.

**δθλεύω**, contr. from Ep. **δ**εθλεύω: fut. εύσω: (δθλεί): to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle.

struggle, endure, suffer. **ἀθλέω, £ ήσω: 2**01. Ι ήθλησα: pf. ήθληκα. (ἄθλω): 2. to endure, uf –to contend for a prize.

II. to be an atblete. άθλημα, τό, (ἀθλέω) a contest, struggle. II. ø

implement of labour. dθλησιε, eas, ή, (dθλέω) a contesting: a struggh, bard trial.

άθλητήρ, ήροε, δ, older form of άθλητήε. άθλητής, contr. from ἀεθλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀθλέω) ( combatant, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. athle II. generally one practised or skilled in

thing, master of a thing, c. gen. άθλιος, a, av, also os, av, contr. from dέθλια (dethor, dthor) subject to the toils of conflict: head generally, wretched, Lat. miser. Henco

άθλιότης, ητος, ή, suffering wretchedness.

άθλο-θετήρ, ήροε, δ, (άθλον, τίθη μ) = άθλοθετής. άθλο-θέτης, ου, ό, (άθλαν, τίθημι) one subo award the prize, the judge in the games, also Boaseve.

'AΘΔΟΝ, τό, contr. from Ep. δεθλον, the prize contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recon II. in plur. also = aθλοε, a contest, comba \*ΑΘΛΟΣ, δ, contr. from Ep. άεθλοε, a contest eithe in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflic trouble.

 $d\theta \lambda o \sigma \dot{\psi} v_{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, - d\theta \lambda \omega$ .

άθλο-φόρος, ον. (άθλον, φέρω) bearing away th prize, victorious, of horses.

4-Bodos, or, (a privat., bodos) not muddy, clear. d-θόλωτος, er, (α privat., θολόω) not muddied, un troubled.

å-θορύβητος, ον, (α privat., θορυβίω) undisturbed. d-θόρυβος, ον, (a privat., θόρυβος) wilbout seproar undisturbed, tranquil. Adv. - Bee.

Appendication, (a privat., Opasion) unbroken.

'AΘΡΕΩ, Art. ἀθράω: f. ήσω: acc. 2 ήθρησα:—
to look closely at, gaze at, observe.

2. later, of the
mind, to consider, think on, ponder:—esp. in pres.
and acr. I imperat. άθρω, άθρησον, see, look, consider.
άθρητων, verb. Adj. of άθράω, one must consider.
άθροξω or άθροξω: f. σω: acr. I ήθροισα:—Pass.,
tor. I ήθροισθην: pf. ήθροισμαι: (άθρόου):—to gather
toguber, collect, esp. to levy forces; πνεψα άθροίς
to to collect one's breath:—Pass. to be gathered or
troubled together: of armies, to muster: φόβου ήθροι-

oru fex bas gathered, i. c. bas arisen. Aposone, ewe, ή, (άθροίζω) a gathering, levying. Αφοισμα, τό, (άθροίζω) that which is gathered, a

gathering, collection.

depolation, verb. Adj. of depoles, one must collect. depose, a, ov. old Att. Espous, ow: Comp. depositions, later depositorespos: (disa, θρόοε) assembled in crowds, collected together: depose in crowds. II. all at once, once for all; τὸ depós the whole body, the mass: collective; depós wárr duítiσar he paid the penalty of all at once:—Adv. depóse and depóse, at once, suddenly.

III. immense, vast: also continuous; incessant.

d-spources, or, (a privat., spource) unbroken, imperisbable. II. not enervated.

'àθυμέω, f. ήσει, (άθυμοε) to be disbeartened, to despond at or far a thing.

άθυμητέον, verb. Adj. of άθυμέω, one must lose beart. άθυμα, ή, (άθυμος) want of beart, faintheartedness,

despondency.
d-Topos, ov. without beart ox spirit, spiritless, faint-

bearted. Adv., dθόμων έχειν to be despondent. δθυρμα, τό, (dθύρα) a plaything or toy: a delight. άθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of foreg., a little toy, a pet. άθυρό-γλωντος, ον, (dθυρος, γλώντα) unable to beep one's tangue within doors: a babbler, ciatterer. Δ-θύρος, ον, (a privat., θύρα) without a door.

άθυρό-στομος, ον, (άθυρος, στόμα) – άθυρόγλωττος, abbling, of Echo

abbling, of Echo.

d-θupcos, or, (a privat., θύρσοε) without thyrsus.
'AGTPΩ, to play, amuse oneself.
II. c. acc. to day at a thing, do it in play. [dθv]

d-θύρωτος, ar, (a privat., θύροω) not closed by a loor.

5-Ovros, ov, (a privat., Now) not offered, not to be ffered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unbalnoed. II. act. without sacrificing.

ά-θφος, er, (a privat., θφή) unpunished, scotres. 2. c. gen. free from the penalty of, άθφος Αγγών. II. act. barmless.

à-Géneuros, or, (a privat., sourcée) without flatery: hence, rough, rude.

ά-θυράκιστος, er, (a privat., θωρδείζω) without reastplate.

"Asus, e, Ep. 'Asters, on, 8, Mount Athos. ed., Conj., Ep. and Dor. for el, if.

al, Exclam. of strong desire, O that! would that!
Lat. winam, in Hom. always al γφρ. See albe,
Al'A, η, gen. alge, post. for γαία, γη, earth, land.
alaγμα, τό, a wailing ery, lament. From
alaξίω, f. fa, to ery alai or ab! to wail, and c, acc,

to bewail.

alaî, Exclam. alas ! Lat. vas.

alantes, h, ov, verb. Adj. of alasso, lamentable, alavis, Ion. alavis, és, prob. from ales, and so properly, everlasting, never-ending: hence everisome ir knowe: then generally, dismal, borrible.

Alarribne, ov. o., (Alas, gen. -arros) son of Ajax. II. at Athens, a citizen of the tribe Alarris, named after the Hero.

alavas, Adv. (alarhs) for over.

Alas, arros, ô, Ep. voc. Alar, Ajan. alfol, faugh! exclam. of disgust or astonishment. aly-aypos, ô, (alf, dypos) a wild goar.

Alyalos, or, Argaean: Alyalor vilayos the Argaean sea, also called Alyalor, woos, b.

alyaven, h, (alf) a bunting-spear, javelin.
alyesee, a Ion. n, or, (alf) lengthd. for alyese, of
a goat or goats, Lat. caprinue: as Subst. alyein (sub.

δορά), ή, a goal's skin. AITEIPOZ, ή, the black poplar, Lat. pôpulus: cf. λεύκη.

aly-elarys, ev, i, (alf, elavru) a goatherd. [d] alyees, a, or, = alyees.

alytality, ou, d, fem. firs, idos, on the shore. From alytales, d, (drow, dre) the see-shore, beach, strand. alyt. Borne, see, h, (alf., Borne) a goat-pasture. alyt. Borne, ou, d. (alf., Borne) feeding goats. alyt. Borne, ov, (alf., Bosse) browsed by goats. alyt. Barne, ov, d. the tit, Lat. parus.

alyi-κνημος, or, (alf, κνήμη) goat-sbanked. alyi-κορείς, έων, ol, (alf, κορέννυμι) feeders of goats, goatherds.

alyi-λιψ, troe, δ, ή, (alf, λιπεῦ) properly, deserted even by goats: hence steep, sheer. [γί] alyihos, ή, (alf) an herb of which goats are fond.

aiγίλος, η, (aif) an hero of which goats are fond.
alγί-νόμος, ον, (alf, νέμω) browsed by goats.
2 Subst., alγονόμος, δ, a goatherd.

alyl-nyos, ov, (alyis, Exw) aegis-bearing. alyl-noons, ov. b. (alf. novs) goat-footed.

alyi-πουε, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, = alyιπόδηε.
alyi-πύρος, δ, (alf) a plant with a red flower, of which goats were fond.

alyis, thus, it the asgis, or shield of Jupiter, described in II. 5. 738; (from discout, to rush or move violently): hence 2. later a rushing storm, hurricans, terrible as the shaken aegis.

II. from alf, a goas-

skin coat.
alγίσκος, δ, Dim. of alf, a little goat.
alγλάσις, Dor. for alγλήσιε.

αίγλάσε, Dor. for αίγλήσες. αίγλθε, άντος, contr. for αίγλάσες. ΑΓΓΛΗ, ή, the light of the sun, dayli

AITAH, \$\dagger\$, the light of the sun, daylight: any bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal. \*\*
metaph. splendour, glory. Hence

αίγλήσε, εσσα, το, beaming, radiant. αίγλο-φάνήα, έε, (αίγλη, φανήσει) beaming: brilliunt, lustrous.

alyo-βοσκόε, όν, (alf, βόσκω) tending goats: 25

Subst. a goatherd.

αίγό κερως, ων, gen. ω, also αίγοκέρως, ωνος, ό, (αίζ, κέρας) goat-borned. Π. as Subst., αίγόπεροω, ό, Capricorn in the Zodiac.

alyo-vouos, o, - alyeropos, a goatherd:

aly-bruf,  $\forall \chi_{OS}$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (alf, bruf) = alyaruf. alyo- $\pi \dot{\phi} \partial \eta \dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $= alyi \pi \dot{\phi} \partial \eta \dot{\phi}$ .

αίγο-πρόσωπος, ον, (alf. πρόσωπον) goat-faced. αίγο-τρίχδω, f. ήσω, (alf. θρίξ) to bave goat's bair. αίγυπιδε, δ, (γύψ) a vulture, Lat. vultur.

Alyunnase, f. ace, to speak Egyptian.

Alyurrari, Adv. in the Egyptian tongue. II. like an Egyptian, craftily.

Alyurra-yerta, is, (Alyurra, yéros) of Egyptian

race.
Alyumos, 8, the river Nile.
II. Alyumos, 1, Egypt: as Adv., Alyumose, to Egypt.

aly-level, byce, b, h, (alf, bruf) goat-boofed. Albas, Dor. for 'Albas, Libra.

albeio, Ep. for albeo, albov, pres. imperat. of albi-

AI'AE'OMAI: fut. aldisopau, Ep. -issopau: 20t. I ydesdum. Ep. imperat. aldessau; also in pass. form ydissme, Ep. 3 pl. aldessau: Dep.:—to feel abame, be asbamed or faur: also to respect, reverence a person:—c. inf. to be asbamed or fait to do a thing.

2. as. Att. law-term, to feel pity for, hence to pardon, esp. in 20t. I aldisonsau.

αίδοσθεν, for αίδέσθησαν, 3 pl. sor. I of αίδέσμαι. αίδέσθητι, sor. I imper. of αίδέσμαι.

albious, or, (albious) venerable.

alberre, eas, \$\dagger\$, (albiopai) reverence, compassion.
albiorropai, Ep. fut. of albiopai.

d-tonlos, ov, (a privat., Beil) making unseen: hence annibilating, destroying. II. pass. unseen, unknown, obscure.

albiquer, er, gen. eros, (albioμαι) bashful, modest: Sup. albημονίστεροs. Adv. -μόνως.

ά-ίδης, le, (a privat., lbeir) unseen: destroyed.
'Aίδης, ec, δ, Att. 'Aιδης or αίδης, ου, (δίδης)
Hades, the god of the world below, Lat. Pluto.

dillos, or, (del) everlasting, for delbios.

dillos, h, ir, (a privat., ibeir) poet, for dillhe, unesen, bidden, dark.

alboitorepos, · toraros, Comp. and Sup. of al-

albolov, 76, mostly in plur. 7d albola, the genitals, pudenda: properly neut. from

i alboios, a, or: Comp. alboiorepos and -forepos, Snp. -foraros: (albiopai) regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable: of women, deserving respect, tender: of things, valuable, excellent.

act. bashful, modest. 2. reverent.

alboius, Adv. of alboios, reverently.

AI AOMAI, impl. alδόμην, Ep. for alδόμαι, ήδεόμην.
"Alδos, "Alδs., Ep. gen. and dat. of 'Aίδηs, from an obsol. notn. "Als: "Αιδόσδε, and els "Αιδόσδε, to the duelling of Hads: elv "Αίδοε (sc. ολωρ), Att. èν ήδου, in Hadss. [208-, but & sometimes.]

albó-pper, or, gen. oros, (albán, pphr) feeling re-

spect in mina, compassionate.

d-topein or -in [r], h, Ep. and Ion. word (atops) sount of knowledge, ignorance: Ep. dat. pl. dtopeinge. d-topes, e, gen. soe and eoe, (a privat., tope) unknowing, ignorant.

dtop-diams, ou, Dor. -biams, a, b, (atops, diam)

altopo-dutys, ov, Dor. -ducas, a, d, (alopes, dury unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage. [28] d-toptros, ov, — dr-lopuros, unsettled, unsteady 'Albanen's, d, lengthd. Ep. form of Alons.

AΓAΩ'Z, όοs, contr. ούε, ή, semes of shame, bashulness, modesty: a sense of shame or honour, alkie
θέσθ' δτλ θυμβ: regard for others, respect, reserence.

II. that which causes shame or respect,
and so
I. a shame, scandal; alkies, 'Apysics
shame, ye Argives! 2.—τλ alkola. `3. dignity,
majesty.

alel, Ion. and poët. for del.

aler-yeverne, d, poët. for des-yeverne, ever existing.
(For compds. of alel here omitted, v. sub del-.)

alth-oupoe, d, h, lon. for altoupoe.

ally, - alei.
ally-vavos, or, (ally, bure) lulling in eternal sleep.
alls, Dor. for del, alei.

alerós, o, lengthd. form of derós, an eaglealficos, lengthd. form of alficos.

allydes, b, an active, vigorous, lusty person: a man. (Deriv. uncertain.)

alητος, like άητος, terrible, mighty. alητός, ό, Dor. of deτός, aleτός, an eagle. alθάλη, ή, (alθω) = alθαλος, soot. [θΙ]

alθάλίων, ωνος, (αίθαλος) swarthy, dusky.
alθάλόσε, δεσσα, σεν, contr. alθαλούς, ούσσ

alθάλδει, δεσσα, cer, contr. alθαλοθε, οῦσσα, οῦν, (αίθαλοε) smoky, sooty, black. II. burning, blazing.

Al'OAAOE,  $\delta$ , like  $\lambda_i \gamma_i \nu'_i e$ , a smoky flame, the thick smoke of fire, soot.  $[\theta a]$  Hence

alethou, f. ωσω, to burn to soot or asbes:—Pass. to lie in asbes.

albe, Dor. and Ep. for elbe, O that I would that I Lat. utinam, alb δφελεε O that thou hadst..., c. inf. albep-eμβάτδε, (albip, ἐμβατξε) to walk in other. albipos, a, ow or os, or, (albip) of or belonging to the other or upper air, as opp. to ήθριος, and so I.

bigb in air, on bigb. 2. etbereal, beavenly. αίθερο-βάτέω, (αίθηρ, βατέω) – αίθερε μβατέω, 20

walk in ether.
albepodpoules, to skim the ether. From

aldepo-Spouos, or, (aloup, dequely) skimming the ster.

alθήρ, έρος, in Homer always ή, in Att. proce always δ, in Pindar and Att. Poets common: (αίθω):

as the abode of the gods. Cp. dags. Alborhas, irregular pl. acc. of Alblow. Ailion, error, e, fem. Althoris, Bos, (albu, by) as Ethiop, negro, properly Burnt-face. elfor, 76, and 8, (allew) burning beat, fire. ailis, \$, \$\dots, (ailau) burnt:—fire-coloured, fiery.
ellourus (sc. Grod), \$\dots, (ailau) the corridor or vestibule of a house; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,--whence the name. all-oh, oros, (albbe, by) fary-looking, of metal, flashing; of wine, sparkling. II. metaph. fiery, bot, heer. allen, later allea, ή, (alehe) clear sky, fair weather, Lat mohene. ellog-yeverge, ou, o, - allogy or fe. alipa-paria, és, (alipa, peréoda:) born from etber. alipia, h.—alipa: usod absol. in gen. alipias (sub. olom), in fine weather, Lat. per purum. II. the open sty. allmale or -sam, to be elear, of the sky. allpio-unition, f. how, (allpia, solty) to sleep in the open eir. allpros, er, (allpa) elear, bright, fair. II. is the open air: hence sold, chill. ρος, δ,—αίθρη: esp. the clear chill air of mom. APOTIA, \$\dagger\$, a sea-gull or diver, Lat. mergus. elburrip, fipos, b, (albirre) one that darts rapidly. elblorow, f. sew, (albu) to put in rapid motion; to lindle :- Pass. to move rapidly, quiver. Al'On, only found in pres. and impf. #for, to light th kindle:-Pass. to burn. 2. rarely intr. to burn m blaze. allow, eros, &, (allo) properly flery, burning. if metal, flashing, glittering. III. of animals. iny, fierce; or peth. of their colour, yellow, tawny, ike Lat. fulrus, rufus. alsa, conj., Dor. for d se, dar, with subj. if AΓΚΑ'ΛΛΩ, f. aleitλω, properly of a dog, to wag be tail fauningly: to mbeedle, fondle. eles, elesy, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for ldr. alcác, 4, -alcía, q. v. windres, or, = densition. čish, ή, (ἀίσσω) rapid motion, a rush, Lat. imetes. [l] sixty, ee, post. for deurhe, contr. aliche, unseemly. dv. dlowe, in unseemly fashion. nicles [1], 4, Att. for the Ion. decreta, injurious vatment, an outrage, insult, affront: oft. also in mt. blosse, stripes. nikiles, (alufs) to treat injuriously, to affront, outige, esp. by blows, to plague, torment: mostly as led. aluljopan: f. loopan, Att. covpan; acr. I finimpr: in same sense as Act.:—Pass., 201. I j'kiby ; pl. fine pat : to be tormented. Micropia, erve, 76, (alease) an outrage, torture.

-der, the upper, purer air, opp. to die (the lower

er a atmosphere):—bence the clear sky or beaven,

d-tieres, or, (a privat., larlopae) unapproachable. al-Alves, o, a mouraful dirge, (from al, Abree, ab me for Linus!) 2. also Adj. ce, ov. plaintive. mournful. all-oupos or all-oupos, or, d, \$, (alchos, obpd) a eat, so called from the wavy motion of the tail. AIMA, area, to, blood: in plus. streams of blood: -also bloodsbed; είργασται μητρώσε αίμα a mother's blood has been shed; alms sparrer to shed blood; έφ' αίματι φείγειν to be banished for bomicide. like Lat. sanguis, blood-relationsbip, kin. alud-koplar or alua-kovplar, av, al, (alua, koplus rum) offerings of blood, made upon the grave to appease the manes. alpantos, 4, or, verb. Adj. of alphoon, stained with blood, bloody. alμάλλος, α, ον, (alμα) bloody, blood-red. aluae, abos, h. (alua) a gueb or stream of blood. aluaria, h, a wall of dry stones, Lat. maseria: a fence. (Deriv. uncertain.) elucion-come, es, (alpasia, eldos) like a fence or bedge. αίμάσσω, Att. αίμάττω: f. άξω: 201. Ι ήμαξα: (alua):-to make bloody, stain with blood: hence to wound, draw blood, slay :- Pass. to welter in blood, be slain. aluar-acciola, h, (alua, exclu) shedding of blood. aluatopos, a, w, (ai ua) bloody, blood-stained, mur-II. consisting of blood. derous. αλμάτη-φόρος, ον, (αλμα, φέρω) bringing blood: murderous. aluantae, evan, er, (alua) bloody, covered with 2. blood-red, or consisting of blood. bloody. murderous. alμάτο-λοιχός, έν, (alpa, λείχω) licking blood; έρως alp. thirst for blood. αίματο-πώτης, ου, δ, (αίμα, πίνω) a blood-drinker, blood-sucker. alpărop-ρόφος, ον, (alμα, βοφέω) blood-drinking. αίματόρ-ρύτος, ον, (αίμα, ρέω) blood-streaming. αίματο-στάγης, έν, (αίμα, στάζω) blood-dripping. αίματό-φυρτος, ον, (αίμα, φύρω) blood-stained. αίματο-χάρμης, ου, ό, (αίμα, χαίρω) delighting in blood. αίματόω, f. ώσω: 201. Ι ήματωσα:--Pass., pf. ήμαrwpa: (alpa) to make bloody. aluar wong, es, (alua, eloos) looking like blood, blood-red. aluar-wass, or, and aluar-wh, wass, o, h, (elua, ωψ) bloody to bebold. αίμνιον, τό, (αίμα) a basin for blood. αίμο-βάφής, έε, (αίμα, βάπτω) bathed in blood. aiμο-βόρος, ον, (alμα, βορά) greedy for blood. aluo-buyos, or (alua, blood birsty. αίμορ-ράγής, έε, (αίμα, βαγήναι) bleeding violently.

alpop-partos, or, (alpa, paire) blood-sprinkled.

baye a discharge of blood. Hence

alμορροέω, f. ήσω, (alμόρρους) to lost blood: #

alubopous, h, a discharge of blood. elubp-poor, or, (alua, pla) streaming with blood. eluóp-pitos, poët, aluó-pitos, er, (alua, pie) blood-streaming.

AI'MOZ, &, a thorn.

αίμο-στάγής, έε, - αίματο-σταγήε. αίμο-φόρυκτος, ον, (αίμα, φορύσσω) defiled with

blood.

alubo, - aiparoe. alubhos, or, (alubhos) flattering, winning, willy. [8] αίμελο-μήτης, ου, δ, (αίμελος, μήτιε) of winning

AIMY AOZ, n. or, also oe, ov, flattering, winning, subsedling, soily. [8]

alper, orce, b, - baluer, banquer, knowing, skil-II. (alua) bloody.

alu-wates, by - aluarwates, bloody to behold. alv-aptrys, ou, &, (alros, aperf) terribly brave.

Alvelas, ov, ô, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Airelão or Airelas. alvers, eas, \$, (alvio) a praising, praise.

alveros, h, ov, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworthy. From alvew: impf. freer, contr. frour, Ion. airear: fut. -ήσω, Att. -έσω: 201. Ι ήνησα, Att. ήνέσα, Ion. alveσa: pf. Att. ήvena: - Mid., 201. ήνεσάμην: - Pass., 201. I gribny: pf. grapa :- properly to tell or speak of (cf. alvos); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise, approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare. 2. to allow, recommend. 3. like dyamaw, to be content with, acquiesce in. 4. to decline courteously, like Lat. lawdare. II. to promise or vow.

AI'NH, \$, - alvos, praise, fame.

alvnju, Acol. for alvée.

alvijon, Ion. for alvair, dat. pl. of alvor.

alvyros, h, bv, poet. for alverbe.

αίνιγμα, ατοε, τό, (abiσσομαι) a dark saying, riddle: oft. in plur. did or ef alrequares in riddles, darkly; also by alplypaour.

αίνηματώδης, εε, (αίνιγμα, elbos) riddling, dark. alviquos, o, (alvissopai) a speaking in riddles: mostly in plur. like airiqua.

alvisopa, Dep. - alvia,

alvertous, or, (alvisoppa) riddling. Adv. -len,

riddlingly.

alvictor, h, br, expressed in riddles, riddling: from alvioroman, Att. alvirroman, f. leoman: 201. I five-£άμην: Dep.: (alvos):—to speak darkly of in riddles, to bint a thing, give to understand. in pass, sense, aor. I pass. ψνίχθην, pf. ψνιγμαι, to be spoken riddlingly.

alvo-blas, Ion. alvo-bins, ou, b, (alvos, bla) fear-

fully strong.

.alvo-γάμος, cr, (alroe, γαμέω) fatally wedded. alvotev, Adv. of alvos, - if alvos, in the phrase alvoter alvas, from borror to borror, very borribly. alvo-θρυπτος, αν, (alvos, θρύπτομαι) dreadfully enervated.

alvo-λαμπής, ές, (alros, λάμπω) borrid-gleaming. alvo-hurrpos, or, (alvos, herror) fatally wedded.

alvo-hour, erroe, é, (aprée, héer) a dreadful lion. alvo-Liros, or, (alros, Liror) of fearful destroy, is allusion to the thread of life.

alvó-Atmos, ó, (alvós, Atmos) a borrible molf.

alvo-uppos, or, (abros, popos) doomed to a sad end alvo-withs, is, (abobe, suffering dire ills.

Alvo-wapes, 8, (abros, Hapes) terrible Paris: ca Δύσπαριε.

alvo-πάτηρ, έρος, δ, (alrός, πατήρ) unbappy fathe AFNOZ, 8, a tale, story, elsewh. pûtos; alvel alvor to tell a tale: a fable, like Acsop's: generally II. later, that which is said a saying, proverb.

to one's praise, praise.

APNOZ, 1, br, Ep. word - bewbe, dread, dure : 0 persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus :-neut. pl. ab as Adv. terribly; Sup. alvorator, most terribly.

elvo-τόκεια, ή, as fem. Adj. (αἰνόε, τόκοε) unbajt in giving birth, unbappy in being a mother.

alvo-rupavvos, b, (airbe, ruparroe) dreadful syress APNYMAI, defect. Dep. used only in pres., an impf. without augm., like alpu, aprepar, to take, is

bold of, c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on. alvas, Adv. of alros, terribly, i. e. very much, a ceedingly; alvus mupos terribly bitter.

alk, alyos, o, o, dat. pl. alyes, (disow) a gos; alf dypia or dypios, the shamois; alf lfaxos dyia the ibem.

difasce, Ep. 3 sing. 201. of dissu.

ålfæ, fat, of *ålσσω.* 

AΓO ΔΛΩ, to shift rapidly to and fro: Pass. ( change in colour or hue; δμφακευ αlόλλονται τί grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

αίολο-βρόντης, ου, δ, (αίόλος, βροντή) wielder (

forked lightning.

aloho-bupyk, pros, 6, (alóhos, bupyk) with gleami breast plate,

alodo-untre, ioe, o, f, (alodoe, uffris) full of varie wiles.

aloλο-μίτρης, ου, δ, (alόλος, μίτρα) with gleand belt (for it was plated with metal); cf. coloxell II. with variegated turban.

aloλό-πωλος, ον, (alόλος, πῶλος) with quick-ma steeds,

ATO'AOZ, 4, ov, quick-moving, rapid: of we wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, II. changeful of bue, glean nageable. glancing; aloun rof spangled night; aloun flesh discoloured from disease. III. metaph. cbangeful, sbifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery. As prop. n., proparox. Alohos, ev, b, Acolus,

god of the winds, properly the Chengeable. aloλό-στομος, αν, (αίόλος, στόμα) of parious π

ing, riddling. αίολό-χρως, χρωτος, δ, ή, (αlόλος, χρώς) spangled skin.

goon, Dor. dat. pl. of hier.

almavos, ή, όν, (aιπύε) bigb, lofty, of cities on hei metaph. lofty, bigb-flown. 2. steep, bard to ca

airies, esse, er, post, for airecros. elmhin, f. hon, (almohos) to be a goatherd :- Pass. to feed, brosses.

elroluses, h, or, (almolos) of or for goatherds. elπόλιον, τό, (alπόλοε) a berd of goats.

goal-pasture. el tokos, for alyo-tokos, o, (alt, tokéw) a goatherd. Arioz, eoe, to, a beight, a steep; spot also up-bill.

APTIOZ, 4, 6v, Ep. for alwie, bigh, lofty, of cities: aini jiespa rapid torrent αίπυμήτης, ου, δ. (alπύε, μήτιε) with bigh thoughts.

almi-veros, ev, (almie, raros) bigb-backed, on a bigb ridge. [8]

APITY Z, esa, s, bigb and steep, of cities on steep tocks; βρόχος almus a noose banging straight 2. beadlong; alabe όλεθρου sheer, utter destruction; alree xoxos towering wrath. 3. metaph. bard, difficult; alsú ol toserras it will be bard sork for him.

alpioupos, or, (alpio) that can be taken.

superus, eas, (alpéw) a taking, conquering, csp. of II. (alpéopai) a taking for oneself, choreing, choice; alperir didávai to give choice; alpeτω λαμβάνεω to have choice given one. 2. cboice or election of magistrates. III. a choice, plan, pur pose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. I beresy.

elpertor, verb. Adj. of alpea, one must take or boose. Π. alperios, a, ov, desirable. II. to belong

aiperise, f. low, (aipew) to choose. O G sect. esperies, 4, 60, (alpho) able to choose. 2, bere-

cal alperos, h, ov, verb. Adj. of alpew, that may be sken ot conquered. (alpéopar) to be ebosen, referable, desirable. 2. chosen, elected.

AIPE'A: impf. ppeor, Ion. alpeor: fut. alphow: . ήρηκα, Ion. αραίρηκα: Ion. plaps. αραιρήκεα.-led., fut. alphσομαι: 20τ. Ι ήρησάμην.—Pass., fut. φεθήσομαι, also τρήσομαι: aot. I ήρέθην: pf. ήρη-E: plqpi. τρήμην.—Also from the root \* ΕΛΩ, aor. ellor, Ion. 3 sing. Exerne, inf. Exeir: fut. med. ιούμαι; 201. 2 είλόμην; Εp. 3 sing. γέντο, for leτο: rarely 20τ. Ι ελάμην.

Act. to take with the band, grasp, seize. 2. to ke away. II. to get into one's power, conquer, erpower, seize: to kill. 2. to carcb, take: to 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. 25 it law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. 8 70e alpei, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves. IIL

group with the mind, take in, understand. Med. aiplopas, to take for oneself.

II. to take oneself, choose: hence to take in preference, prefer e thing to another: also pallor alpeirou to choose preference, Lat. potius malle. 2. An choose by u. dect to an office.

A-ipos, 6. Loos A-ipos, Irus unbappy Irus.

APPO, Att. for delew; f. den [d]; sor, for, imperat. door, inf. doas: pf. flora.—Med., impf. i μην : fut. αρούμαι [d] : 201. Ι ήραμην : 201. ήρομην, Ep. dρόμην: Pass., fut. dρθήσομαι: aor. I ήρθην:

Act, to raise, raise or lift up, to carry; alous roda to walk; ale. symples to boist a signal; alegy rave to get ships under way: hence s. intrans. to get under way, start, set out; aloes rais raugh) to set sail; alpeir τῷ στρατῷ to march:--Pasa. to mount up, ascend. IL to raise, exalt; alpert θυμόν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise to a beight, increase. III. to lift and take away. to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to earry II. to take upon oneself, undergo, off, win, gain. III. of sound. 2. to undertake, begin.

alperbat party to lift up one's voice. AIZA, h, as pr. n., like Moipa, the goddess of fate, Lat, Parca. II, as appellat, the fatal decree of a god; Aids alsa the fate decreed by Jove. one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, want alon by ill luck:—one's share or lot in a thing; ληίδου αίσα one's 3. one's due or right; war' alcar, sbare of booty. like ratà poipar, fittingly, rightly.

alσθάνομαι, impl. ησθανόμην: fut. alσθήσομαι! 201. 2 ήσθόμην, later 201. Ι ήσθησάμην: Dep.: (ἀίω, dlobu):—to perceive or apprehend by the senses, and therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, sometimes to bear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing. Hence

αίσθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived: perception or sense of a thing.

alordnous, ene, h, (alordaropai) perception by the senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing, etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; alongov exer to bave perception of a thing; alobyour mapageur to II. in plur. the give the means of perception. III. like alσθημα, a perception: in hunting, the scent.

alσθητήριον, τό, (alσθάνομαι) an organ of sense. alσθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (alσθάνομαι) οπο who perceives. alσθητικός, ή, όν, (alσθάνομαι) of or capable of 2. pass. perceptible. perception, perceptive. alσθητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of alσθάνομαι, perseived

by the senses, sensible. átσθω, (\*άω, άημι) to breathe forth, Lat. expiro;

θυμὸν ἄἴσθε be was giving up the ghost, was empiring. alorula, bappiness. From aloupos, or, also 7, or, (aloa) Lat. fatalis, ap-

pointed by fate, fated, destined; aloupor huap the fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable to fate, meet, right; alouna elder knowing what is right and proper.

aloros, or, also a, or, (alsa) boding well, lucky, bappy: opportune.

Lives, or. (a privat., love) = dr-100e, unlike, un-AI'XXO. Att. down or drive: impl. florer, Att.

Foror, Ion. discourser: fut. dife, Att. ofer: sor. fifa, Att. ifa, Ion. difaszor. - Med., 201. I hifáppe. -Pass., soc. \$1x090, Ion. atx090:-to move with a quick abooting motion, to aboot, dart, glance, Lat.

tuere, impetu ferri : · so also in aor. I med. difarta, 2. later, to be eager and in acr. I pass. dlyffira. II. trans. to move a thing quickly. [a in after.

Homer: in Trag. & when trisyll.]

d-loros, Att. aloros, or, (a privat., Bair) unseen, sunknown, not to be seen and beard: hence vanished, II. act. not seeing or destroyed: see dibηλοε. knowing, ignorant of, c. gen.

άλοτου, Att. alστόυ : f. 'σω: 20r. I ήtστωσα, Att. fστωσα. — Pass., aor. Ι ἡΙστώθην, Ion. ἀΙστώθην: (Cloros):-to make unseen, to destroy: to slcy, kill. distrup, open, d. 4. (d-love) unknowing, inempe-

diornocaev, 3 pl. soc. I opt. of diordos.

eloubos, or, opp. to aloupos, unseemly, evil, im-

pious. (Deriv. uncertain.) aloupvie, f. how, (alou) to give each his due of portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over, c. gen. Hence

sicularity, ov, o, a regulator of games, chosen by the people, a judge or umpire. hing, esp. one chosen by the people; a president,

aloxier, or, gen. oros, and aloxiores, n. or,

Comp. and Sup. of airxpos, formed from airxou. II. ugli-AI'EXOZ, eoe, 76, sbame, disgrace.

ness ot deformity. aloxphuev, or, gen. oros, (aloxos) sbameful. aloxponipona, h, sordid love of gain. From

αλοχρο-κερθής, έε, (αλοχρός, κέρδος) sordidly greedy of gain, covetous. Adv. -bue.

aloxpodovia, j, foul language, abuse. From alσχρο-λόγος, ον, (alσχρύε, λέγω) foul-mouthed,

alσχρό-μητια, ιου, δ, ή, (alσχρόυ, μήτιυ) forming base designs.

alexpo-words, by, (alexpos, world) acting shame-

aloxpos, á, ór, also ós, ór, (aloxos) in Homer cousing shame, disgracing; aloxed trea abusive II. opp. to make: words. I. ugly, illavoured. 2. in moral sense, shameful, disgraceful, base, infamous; to maker wat to aloxpor, Lat. bonestum et turps, virtue and vice.-Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. αΙσχρότερος, αΙσχρότατος, the

forms aloxies, aloxioros are used. Hence αίσχρότης, ητος, ή, ugliness. 2. sbame, infamy. αίσχρουργία, ή, contr. for αίσχροεργία, (αίσχρόε,

keyor) level conduct.
aloxphe, Adv. of aloxphe, shamefully. Gloxuelives, 201, I pass, inf. of alexies.

alσχύνη, ή, (alσχοι) shame done one, disgrace, di-II. shame for an ill deed, Lat. pudor: generally, shame, the sense of shame. [9]

alσχυντίου, verb. Adj. of alσχύνομαι, one must be asbamed.

alσχυντηλόε, ή, όν, (alσχύνομαι) bashful, modest. alσχυντήρ, ήροε, δ, (alσχύνω) a disbonourer, ε seducer.

alσχυντηρόε, ά, όν, - alσχυντηλόε, bashful. aloxiva: f. švů, Ioa. švía: aot. 1 foxiva: pl. ήσχυγκα.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, αlσχυνώμαι; also αlσχυνθήσομαι: aor. ήσχύνθην: pf. ήσχυρ

μαι: (αἶσχοε):—to make ugly, disfigure, mar. to disgrace, disbonour, tarnish, yévos aloxud-II. Pass. to be asbamed, feel sbame : but more freq. to be asbamed at a thing, c. acc. rei : also

c. acc. pers. to feel shame before one: c. part. to it asbamed at doing a thing: but c. inf. to be asbamed to do a thing. AITE'Ω: impf. freor, Ion. alreor: fut. alreor:

aor. I fryga; pf. fryka:—to ask, beg, usu. c. sa rei, to ask, crave, c'emand something; bbbv alreir # beg leave to depart: c. acc. pers. to ask a person; alt. Tird Ti to ask a person for a thing; c. inf, to ask on to do: -Med. to ask for oneself, for one's own use a purpose, to claim, Lat. vindicare sibi:—Pass. to bas

a thing begged of one. altiqua, aros, to, (altea) that which is asked, a re quest, demand.

altypu, Acol. for altica.

áltrys, ov, Dor. áltras, a or ew, ó, a favosarite. elτησιε, εων, ή, (alτέω) a request, demand. altytéov, verb. Adj. of altée, one must ask. altertos, h, ov, verb. Adj. of alten, asked for

begged,
AITI'A, \(\delta\), a cause, origin, ground, occasion; \(\delta\)
II. the occasion of something bad, a charge, accusation, blame, fault, Lat. crimen: remonstrance, expostulation wil a friend; althar Eyeur, Lat. erimen babere, to be st cused; altiar butyer to lie under a charge; er d The Exert to hold guilty; The althou entheour to to impute the fault to one, drobben rund the airs to acquit of guilt.

alπάασθαι, Ep. pres. inf. of alτιάομαι.

alrialouas, Pass. (alría) to be charged or accused airiana, aros, ró, a charge, guilt imputed. Fra αλτιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā]: 20r. Ι ήτιδσάμην, la αlτιησάμην : (αlτία) : I. as Dep. to give as i cause or occasion : esp. of a fault : to charge, accus blame; altiaoval tiva tivos to accuse of a thing. as Pass, in fut, αλτιαθήσομαι, 201. Ι ήτιαθην, pe irlana:—to be accused. Hence

alricore, ene, h, a complaint, accusation.

miriartor, verb. Adj. of alridopat, one must accu airifu, (airiu) to ask or beg for a thing, c. a rei : c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit.

cirtor, to, neut. of alter, - ciria, a cause.

, an infinitely long

II. one's age or time

sines, a er, more rarely on or, equaing, occasion- | age, generation, period, ing; hence chargeable with a thing: but mostly in bed sense, easesing ill, blamable, guilty: - & alrice, the party to be blamed, the sulprit, Lat. reus:--- To afrior the cause of a thing.

elnouvres, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of altidopas. ainique, airridure, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. pres. opt. of αλτιάομαι.

elvious. Ep. sor. 1 of airi(a. Altroios, a, or, of or belonging to Etna: of a

horse, Einean, Sieilian; or big as Etna, enormous. APANHE, Adv. - Apres, Aprese, on a sudden. Hence

elpileos, or, unformen, sudden, quiek. Adv. -blos, the day, suddenly.

dlythrus, acr. I pass. inf. of discou.

dixturgy, 3 dual nor. 1 pass. of discus. alχμάζω, f. άσω: aor. 1 ήχμασα: (alχμή):—to IL to brow the spear, to fight with the spear.

um with the spear. αίχμαλωσία, ή, (αίχμάλωτος) captivity.

II. : body of captives. alχμάλωτούω, f. εύσω, (alχμάλωτου) to make pri-

war of war. αίχμαλωτίζω, f. ίσω - αίχμαλωτεύω: - also Dep.

iχμάλωτίζομαι in same sense : fut. ίσομαι : aor. I ίχμαλωτισάμου: pf. ήχμαλώτισμαι.

είχμαλωτικός, ή, ω, (αιχμάλωτος) befitting a pri-ORET. eixpalerie, iboe, h, a captive woman. From αίχμ-άλωτος, ον, (αίχμη, άλωτός) taken by the pear or in war; of alxuaxaror prisoners of war; d alχράλωτα booty.

clχμή, ή, (diσσω) the point of a spear, Lat. cus-IL a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. s collective noun a body of spearmen, as dowle a ody of shielded men. 3. war, battle.

wrlike spirit, mettle. αίχμήσε, εσσα, εν. (alχμή) armed with the spear.

αίχμητά, δ, Ep. for alχμητήε. είχμητής οθ, δ, (αίχμή) a spearman, warrior.

Adj. warlike, brave, Fem. alyuffre, 1808. αίχμο-φόρος, αν, (alχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear. AI'YA, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

είψηρο-κέλευθος, αν, (αλψηρός, κέλευθος) swiftreading.

ziψηρός, ά, έν, (alfa) quick, speedy, sudden. Al' n, used only in pres. and impf. dior, to perceive, wome aware of, esp. to bear: but also to see, observe, sou, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc.

the metre. 'Al'a [d'], mad only in impf. alor [d], -dym, breathe. 2. - diobe, to breathe out, empire; Dow Gov From I breathed out my life.

aller, dres, of Dor. for Hiller. [all]

AIN'N, arce, d, also \$\tau\$, sometimes with shortened x ali :- the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of me, a lifatime, life. 2. of longer periods, an | in fight.

space of time, eternity.

of life. alavios, or, also a, or, lasting, eternal.

aliopa, 4, (delpu) a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs. II. a bovering in air. oscillation.

alupéu, f. ήσυ, (delpu) to lift and bang up, let bang: and so to wave, or set waving. II. more freq. in Pass. aluptopas, acr. I pupitons, to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in sir, bover or flit about. metaph. 10 be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but alopelovat le rivi so depend upon a person, Lat, pendere ab aliquo; alexpelotas bute μεγάλου to play for a high stake. Hence

alaphua, aros, to, that which is hung up: a henging cord or balter. II. a being bung up, bovering: a banging.

aliopyros, or, verb. Adj. of alapia, bovering. ånd, (dnh 2), Adv. - dnhv, sofily, gently.

'Anabhuad, f. also written 'Anabhula [1], a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught: hence the Platonic school were called Academics.

άκαθαρσία, ή, (ἀκάθαρτος) uncleanness.

drabaptus, nros, h. - foreg. d-kabaptos, ov. (a privat., nabalpa) uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified. Adv.-ren.

anasphopas, f. hoopes, (decepts) to be without opportunity, or occasion. anapla, f. (dearpos) an unesasonable time: want

of opportunity, unseasonableness. 4-karpos, or, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed;

ls δκαιρα πονείν, Lat. operam perdere:— Adv. II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus: ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

à-manne, ou, o, poet. for anance, guileless. dudunts, Ep. for deautyrys, - deauce, benignant,

gracious. dudula, f. guilelessness. From d-kakos, or, without evil, unknowing of ill, guile-

less: esp. without malice. Adv. -con. anahavels, idos, t, the goldfinch.

11.

άκάλαρ-ρείτης, ου, δ, (ἀκαλός, ρέω) soft-flowing. 'AKAAH' H, h, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as

of a nettle, [ănă] d-malling, is, gen. ios, (a privat., mallos) without ebarms.

d-kallifpytos, or, (a privat., malliepéw) not accepted in sacrifice, ill-omened. d-mallomoros, or, (a privat, mallowife) un-

adorned. d-κάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., καλύπτω) επισυκτεί. ά-κάλυφής, έε, - ἀκάλυπτου.

ἀκάμαντο-λόγχης, ου, δ, (ἀκάμας, λόγχη) unwearied with the spear. ἀκάμαντο-μάχης, ου, δ, (ἀκάμας, μάχη) unwearied

ı.

άμθμαντό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, | ἀ-κατάκρδτας, ον, (α privat., ματακρόνω) εκκοτ wove) untiring of foot.

άκδμαντο-χάρμας, δ, (ἀκάμας, χάρμη) unwearied in fight.

d-schuse, erroe, d, (a privat., sapelr) untiring.

unresting. [mi] d-κάμιστος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unresting:-neut.

deducta as Adv. untiringly. d-каритов, or, (a privat., вариты) unbent, stiff:-II. unbending, from which none cantreturn. i sexorable.

dravba, no, h, (duh) a thorn, prickle: hence in prickly plant, thietle: also a thorny tree. the back-bone or spine of animals. a. metaph. a

thorny or difficult question. duavelives. n, or, (deavea) thorny: of thorns.

of the thorn-tree (dearea). anavole, idee, n, (dearea) a small bird, the goldfineb et linnet, Lat. fringilla spinus. IL as fem. Adj.

prickly. ἀκανθο-βάτης, ου, δ, fem. -βάτις, ιδος, ή, (duarba, Dalra) going on thorns.

deaveo-loyos, or, (deared 3, leye) picking out

thorny questions, wrangling. "AKANOOZ, ij, Lat. acanthus, bear's breech, a

plant, used in Corinthian capitals,

and about the contract of the thorns, thorny.

d-κάπνιστος, ον, (a privat., καπνίζω) unemoked. d-warros, or, (a privat., narrós) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

d-rapbios, or, (a privat., supola) wanting the heart: metaph. beartless, Lat. excors.

d-κάρηνος, ον, (a privat., κάρηνον) beadless.

α-κάρης, έε, (α privat., κάρηναι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny: mostly of time, deaple a moment, ir deaper xporov in a moment of time; draph dealerds (sc. xposos) having waited a moment; oud deaph not a bit :- but also of things, deaple a morsel.

a-rapialos, a, or, (araphs) momentary, brief. deapula, f. (deapures) unfruitfulness.

 $\dot{a}$ -raphicotos, ov, (a privat., raphi(w) =  $\dot{a}$ raphicotos voe, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sca.

d-napros, or, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. - won.

d-κάρπωτος, αν, (a privat., καρπόω) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled. draoud, (duth 2) Adv. gently. Hence

anaonalos, a, ov, gentle, delicate.

ά-κατάβλητος, ον, (a privat., ματαβάλλω) ποί to be overthrown, irrefragable.

d-kardyvestos, or, (a privat., sarayiyesses) not to be condemned, blameless.

d-naranahumros, or, (a privat., maranahúmro) suvered.

demned.

d-κατάληκτος, ον, (a privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic. ά-κατάληπτος, ον, (α privat., καταλαμβάνω) κα

II. incomprehensible. to be conquered. ά-κατάλλακτος, ον, (« privat., καταλλάσσω) ίπι-

concilable. Adv. -ros. ά-κατάλυτος, ον, (a privat., καταλέω) indissoluble α-καταμάχητος, ον. (α privat., ματαμάχομαι) κα

to be subdued, unconquerable. d-scaravontos, er, (a privat., nataroles) inconceir

able. d-karássuctos, or, (a privat., karassúw) so! 10 k est at rest, incressant; unable to cease from a thing. anacordola, h, a state of disorder, enarchy, en fusion. From

å-катаститог, or, (a privat., кавістари) нячей: unsettled: unsteady, fickle: — Adv., duaracráns Excur to be unstable.

d-kardoxeros, or, (a privat., parixu) not 10 h cbecked, unruly. Adv. -rom. ά-καταφρόνητος, ον, (α privat., καταφρανίω) ≈

to be despised, important, Lat. band spernendus. duation, to, Dim. of duator, a light boat, esp. 4

pirates, Lat. actuaria. II. a small sail. "AKATOE, i, a light vessel, Lat. actuaria: 📭 transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [dad]

d-wavertos, ev, (a privat., male) unburnt. άκαχείατο ος -hατο, Ep. for hεάχηντο, 3 pl. plq pass, of dy los.

deaxhore, redupl. fut. of dylas.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ήκάχησα, redupl. acr. τ of έχω άκαχήσθαι, άκαχήμενος, Ερ. for ήκαχήσθαι, ή≠ χημένος, inf. and part. of ἡκαχημαι, redupl. pr. ps of dyles.

άκάχηται, redupl. 201. 2 med. subj. of dγέω, akayile, redupl. from dyles, to trouble:--Pass ! be troubled.

duaxuevos, η, ον, (dui) pointed, sharpened, a ps pf. pass., as if from \*dece to sbarpen, but with no w

åκάχουτο, redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἀχέω. čκάχοντο, Ep. for ήκάχοντο, redupl. 201. 2 🚥 of dx ea.

annouse Ep. part. pres. pass. of defouce.

άκοιρε-κόμας, ου, ό, - άκερσεκόμης.

d-κέλευστος, ον, (α privat., κελεύω) unbidden. d-kevintos, ov. (a privat., sertée) ungoaded, se

ing no spur. d-kevrpos, or, (a privat., kerrpor) stingless.

aκέσμαι: Ep. impf. aκεόμην: f. aκέσομαι, Ep. aκ σομαι. Att. απούμαι: 201. Ι ήπεσάμην, Ep. imp duessa: Dep.: (duos):—to beal, sure. 3. generally, to and staneb, queneb, dispar.

repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes. d-képasos, or, (a privat., kepárroju) unmined, pu

pure in blood: guileless, Lat. integer.

barned, surravaged, of countries. generally, unimpaired, untouched, invadate: fresh, active.

i-kipacros, or, (a privat., sepárrou) unmined, per from a thing. i-kipāros, or, (a privat., sipas) without borns.

t-tipares, or, (a privat., sipas) without borns. t-tipavveros, or, (a privat., sepavvou) not struck

by lightning.
δείρδοια, ή, (ἀνερδήε) want of gain, loss. From
δ-κορδήε, δε, (α privat., κέρδοε) without gain, bring-

ing loss. Adv. -Sus, gratis.

antiposterios, or, (a privat., nepel(w) unwoven.

(δ-κερου-κόμιτε, ου, ο, (α privat., κείρω, κύμη) south sautors bair, epith of Apollo: also suo-young, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

d-repus, ev, gen. e, and d-riperts, or, - dripares.

άκισασθε, 20τ 1 imperat. of ἀκέσμαι. άκισί-νοσος, Ερ. ἀκεσσί-, ον, (ἀκέσμαι, νόσος)

bealing disease.

bealing disease.

bealing, core, \$, (defopas) a bealing, core, remedy.

descripe, to, (delopes) a remedy, cure.

datero-, for words so beginning, v. sub dater-.

άποστήρ, ήρος, ό, (ἀπέομαι) a bealer, restorer, physician; ἀπεστήρ χαλινός the rein that tames the steed.
ἀπεστής, οῦ, ό, – ἀπεστήρ: a mender of torn clothes.

descropla, \$, (delorap) the healing ert.

interfer, 4, br, (intopial) curable: easy to be obsered or revived.

έκεστρα, ή, (ἐκθομαι) a darning-needle. ἐκέστρια, ή, fem. of ἀκεστήε, a sempstress. ἐκεστρον, τό, (ἀκθομαι) a remody.

duerris, soe, \$, Ion. for deeres.

autorup, opos, δ, (δαίομαι) a bealer, saviour. δεκοσ-φόρου, ον, (δεκο, φέρω) bringing a cure,

raling. ἀποσ-ώδυνος, ον, (ἀπέομαι, δδύνη) allaying pain. ἀ-πάφ**άλος**, ον, (α privat., πεφαλή) witbout a bead:

without beginning.

deduce, deforms, (defir) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. stilly, softly, silently: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur, verb, as defore Sairvoffe feast we in silence:—the dual Andorra occurs once.

feast ye is silence:—the dual deforre occurs once, the plur. form never. Although fem. defored is found, yet defor stands also with the fem., as Aby-

rain delar ir.

'AKH', ή, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: I. a point, adge, (whence dais, dauχή, daμή, alχμή, daόνη, dapos, and Lat. asies, aswo). 2. silence, (whence darko, dada, daugua). 3. bealing, (whence dackous).

booded: without funeral rites, unburied. Hence δαηθέστως, Adv. of δαήθεστος, but in act. sense,

without beed for any one, remortelessly. durystu, f. 400: 20t. 1\_heftyoa, Ep. defiteou:—to

meglect, slight, c. gen. From | pointed instrument: met &-nybhe, és, (a privat., shibos) vass, unenged for: | the stings of desires. [4]

unbursed. II. act. without care or surrow, Lat. securus. 2. beedless, careless.

eeurus. 2. beedless, careless. duimoa, pf. med. of duovo.

d-khlytos, or, (a privat., kyle) to be soon by no charms, not to be charmed or soon over, inesorable, unassuageable.

dunpa, τύ, - dues pa, a cure, remedy.
duty, properly acc. of dun 2, but used only as Adv.

dilly, softly, silently.

d-unphotoe, or. (a privat., rephrvum) unmixed, pure: hence untouched, Lat. integer: generally, pure, fresh.

paired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.

&-khoton, ev, (a privat., nhp) unbarmed by the fates,
uninjured.

II. act. unbarming, barmless.

d-enpose, or, (a privat., sip) without beart or soul, lifeless.

II. without beart or courage, beartless, spiritless, Lat. vecors.

dunporates, Ep. for dunparatrates, Sup. of dunpares, dunpountel and dunpounts, Adv. without proclamation: esp, without a flag of truce: From

δ-κήροκτος, σε, (a private, πηρύσσω) unannounced: unproclaimed; δκήροκτος τυλεμος a wat without announcement, sudden, οτ, one in which no herald was admitted, implacable. 2. inglorious, unknown. 3.

unbeard of, sending no tidings. Hence ἀκηρύκτως, Adv. – ἀκηρυκτί.

d-knowros, or, (a privat., knobe) not covered with wax, unwaxed.

άκηχίδαται or άκηχίαται, Ep. for ήκήχηνται, 3 pl. redupl, pf. pass, of άχίαι

åκηχέμενος, Ep. for άκαχημένος, part. of redupl. pf. pass. of άχέω. ά-κίβδηλος, ον. (α privat., κίβδηλος) unadulterate,

unalloyed, pure: also guileless, bonest.
dutovos, q, ov, weak, feeble, faint, in Homer only in

Comp. deιδνότορος. (Deriv. uncertain.) d-κίθαρις, ι, gen. ιος, (a privat., κιθάρα) without the bars.

dalkus, vos, δ, ή, (a privat, nîkus) powerless, feeble.
ἀκινόκης, ου, οτ εοε, δ, Lat. aemdees, a Persian
word, a short sword.

d-kiv80vos, ov, without danger, hence shunning danger, cowardly. Adv. -ves.

d-ulvarros, or, rately q, or, (a privat, urvew) unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggish. 2. unaltered, settled, steads. II. immovable, bard to move. 2. not to be stirred or touched, inviolable,

like Lat, non movendus: not to be divulged. [i]
d-klos, or, (a privat., als) without worms, not wormeaten, sound: Sup. deséraros.

åκιρός, όν, - άκιδνος.

dule, los, 4, (duh, Let. seies) a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting; wifes dulies the stings of desires [8]

d-mixtures, or, (a privat., sixture) not to be reached. unattainable: of persons, not to be reached by prayer, inexorable.

diskilousi, Dep. (dends) to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness: generally, to dissemble.

άκκω, ή, a bugbear: acc. to others a vain woman. ἀκλάρωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

d-κλαστος, ον, (a privat., κλάω) unbroken.

d-khauotos or d-khautos, or, (a privat., khale)

pass. unwept: without lamentation. IL act. unweeping, tearless.

d-kheip, és, gen. ése: acc. dahed, Ion. daheff, poët. āκλέά: (a privat., κλέοε):—without fame, inglorious, ignoble: neut. dansée as Adv. ingloriously.

å-κλεία, ή, (å-κλεήε) ingloriousnese.

d-κλαής, έε, Ερ. for deλehe: Ερ. Adv. deλειώς. α-κλαιστος, or, Ion. α-κλήζοτος, Att. contr. α-κλη-#τος, (a privat., κλείω): not abut, not bolted or fasuned.

anhales, Adv. of deheir, ingloriously.

d-khyfe, is, post. for delens.

ακλήϊστος, Ion. for άκλειστος.

d-κληρος, or, without lot or portion, poor, needy. without lot or share in a thing, c. gen. IL unal-

lotted, without an owner. d-κλήρωτος, or, (a privat., κληρόω) without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.

and no to an Att. for deletoros.

**α-κλητος**, or, (a privat., καλέω) uncalled, unbidden. d-κλίνής, έε, (a privat., κλίνηναι) bending to neitber side: unswerving, stedfast.

4-κλυστος, or, also η, or, (α privat., κλύ(ω) επ-

washed by waves.

aκμάζω, f. άσω, (aκμή) to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection: hence to flourish, abound in a thing, deμά(ειν πλούτφ, etc.: c. inf. to be strong enough to do; but impera depasses, c. inf., it is high time to do.

dechaios, a, or, (depth) in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous; an enclos over in the prime of II. in time, in season, Lat. opportunus. dκμή, ή, (dκή, Lat. acies) a point, edge; proverb έπὶ ξυροῦ ἀκμῆε on the rasor's edge, i. e. at the critical moment; aupidefice anual the fingers of both hands, like wood depal. 1. the highest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime, esp. of man's age,

μλκμή ήβηε, Lat. floe actains; ακμή θέρους mid-summet :- generally, strength, vigour. 3. like marpée, the time, i. c. the best, most fitting time; desch [eari], c. inf., 'tis bigh time to do; en deune elva, c. inf., to

be on the point of doing. deputy, properly acc. of deput, but used as Adv. in a moment, directly: even now, still, like etc.

άκμηνός, ή, ω, (ἀκμή) full-grown, in full vigour. discurpos, or, fasting from food. (Deriv. uncertain.) d-κμής, ήτος, δ, ή, (α privat., κάμνω) - ἀκάμας, υπtiring, fresb.

6-κμητος, ον. (a privat., κάμνω) unwearied, untiring.

deeplo-betov, v6, (depose, vien pu) the annil-block. "AKMΩN, ovos, δ, an anvil, Lat. insus.

d-kwooos or rather d-kwloos, or, (a privat., kribs) without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice.

duch Ep. ducut, t, (ducow) bearing: sense of bearing: the ear; esp. in plur., decais de II. a bearing, listening χεσθαι to hear, etc. to; deois dece worth bearing. III. the thing beard, a report, saying, fame; duog elbérai 11 to know a thing by bearsay.

ά-κοίμητος, ον, (α privat., κοιμάρμαι) sleepless. d-korvávytos, or, (a privat., korranéa) not aband ія соттоп. II. act. not sharing in, not partaking of: hence unsocial.

ά-κοίτης, ου, δ, (α — άμα, κοίτη) a bedfellow, ερουκ, busband: fem. d-kovrus, we, h. a suife. d-kolákevtos, ev, (a privat., solakeje) not fla-

tered, not won by flattery. ἀκολάσία, ή, (ἀκύλαστοι) licenticusness, intemperance: excess, extravagance: opp. to coopporten.

άκολασταίνω, (ἀκόλαστος) to be licentious, debauched, intemperate: to live a riotous life. d-Kélastos, or, (a privat, sold(w) Lat. son casigatus, unchastened, undisciplined, unbridled: slo

uneducated. intemperate, opp. to σώφρων. ἀκολάστως, Adv. intemperately: Comp., ἀκολαστο

répose exer spoe re to be too intemperate in a thing. d-coλos, ου, δ, (a privat., κόλον) a bit, morsel. anahouthe, f. how, (anihoutes) to follow, go after or with. II. metaph. to follow or obey one is a thing. Hence

ἀκολούθησιε, εω, ή, a following, sequence. άκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθέω, απε πισ follow.

ἀκολουθία, ή, (ἀκολουθέω) a following, attendant II. agreement or conformity with.

d-κόλουθος, αν, (α copul., κέλευθος) following attending on:—as Subst. anohower, b, a follower, attendant; of anoxorou the camp followers. following after; agranng with, suitable to, like, t Adv -00e, us accordant gen.; but also c. dat. wirb, c. dat.

d-κήλυμβος, or, unable to esvim.

d-κομιστία, Ep. -(η [l], ή. want of tending. From d-κόμιστος, σr, (a privat., κομίζω) untended.

d-коров, от, (a privat., корп) without bair. ball of trees, leafless.

d-κόμπαστος, ον, (a privat., κομπάζω) υπδοαυβεί d-kource, or, without boast, unboasting. a-kombos, or, unadorned, simple, plais. Lat. in

II. rude in speech. arovae, f. how, (arovh) to sharpen, whet.

d-κόνδύλος, ον, (a privat., κονδύλη) without bloom akovi, i, (anh) a whetstone, hone, Lat. soc.

d-covert, Adv. of debritos, (a privat., soules) soil out the dust of the arena, hence without combat, to or effort, Lat. sine pulvere.

existrov, re, a poisonous plant, aconite, monkebood. droven, later form for discover.

exertise, f. low, Att. in: sor. I heortisa, Ep. exerτισα: (exer):—to burl a javelin: also to throw, fling, dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc. pers. to bit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and Pass, to be so bit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth rays, of the moon.

II. intrans. to dart or

pierce.

δκόντιον, τό, Dim. of δκον, a dart, javelin. ακόντίστε, ή, (ἀκοντίζω) the throwing a javelin.

ακόντισμα, τό, (ακοντίζω) that which is darted, a javelin; evrde accortiouarce within a darl's throw.

άκοντιστήρ, ήροε, δ, and άκοντιστής, οῦ, δ, (άκοντί(ω) a darter, burler of javelins. duortic tubes, ή, όν, (duortίζω) skilled in throwing

tbe dart. ακοντιστύς, έσε, ή, Ion. for ακόντισιε, the game of

the dart, a contest at throwing the dart.

akorro-bokos, or, (akor, bexopai) watching the

dart, i. e. shunning it. d-nowos, or, without weariness: I, pass. un-II. act. not wearying, mearied, untiring.

2. removing weariness, refreshing. acopéararos, most shameless, a Sup. either from δ-κορής = δκόρεστος; or shortened for δκορεστότα-

τος, Sup. of ακόρεστος, like μέσσατος, νέατος. a-κόρεστος, ον, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate, unceasing: c. gen. insatiate of, unsated with. act. not satiating: not disgusting.

d-Kopetos, or, - deopertos.

d-koppros, or, (a privat., ropérruju) insatiate: c. gen. unsated with, an. woke pov, dwelkar. privat., sopiw) unswept, untrimmed.

á-κορος, ον, - ἀκόρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-

less, Lat. improbus.

"AKOZ, eoe, tó, a eure, telief, temedy, belp, resource for or against a thing, c. gen. : axos represe to

prepare a remedy. dicornes, f. how, (dicornes) to be disorderly, un-

ruly: to be out of order, to offend.

d-κόσμητος, ον, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged, disorderly. 2. unadorned, unfurnished.

akoopla, f, disorder: entravagance: unruliness,

offence. From

&-roomes, or, without order, disorderly: in moral sense, unruly, rebellious: -Adv. - uon, without or-II. πόσμου άκοσμου a world that is no world, like yapos ayapos, etc.

δικοστάιο or δικοστέω, only used in acr. I part.

decorrhous, well-fed, over-fed. From

\*AKOETH', 1, barley.

discovidopat, Dep., like discous, to bearken to, c. II. to be called, bidden; daerde acova(egen. σθου ye are bidden to the feast, like καλείσθαι, Lat. socori.

account, the Ep. for anothe bearing; murphe anouth sidings of his father:-a sound.

d-noupon, or, (a privat., soupoe) shildless, without male be: r. II. (a privat., noupá) unsborn. anovorany, Acol. form of decolorator, 3 pl. sor. 1

opt. of alroiss. accoverse, Desiderat. of drove, to wish to hear.

amourt-bees, or, (devotes, bede) beard of God.

άκούστμος, η, ον, (ἀκοῦω) audible.

discoverios, or, Att. contr. for descoverios, unsvilling, under constraint: -Adv. -love, unwillingly, or in an unweleome manner; Sup. åkovoiérrara, most umwillingly.

and, a sound, a thing beard, a sound, 2. a rumour, report, tale. [d] Hence erain.

ἀκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.

decourties, also decourtes, verb. Adi. of decous, one must bear or bearken to, c. gen.

άκουστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.

ἀκουστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, beard, audible: that should be beard.

'AKOYΩ, f. deoύσομαι: nor. I finousa: pf. Att. ἀκήκοα, Dor. άκουκα: piqpf. ἀκηκόειν, Att. άκηκόη: -Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: acr. I ἡκούσθηκ: pf. hove pare:-- to bear, used both with gen. and 2. absol. to bear, give ear; anovere hed bear.

O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c. gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj. or Subst., deover nands, Lat. malus audire; or with an Adv. ev, manure desovery, Lat. bene, male audire.

άκρα, Ion. άκρη, ή, (properly fem. of άκροι) the end, point, esp. the highest point, the top of the bill, peak, beadland: a citadel, Lat. arx:—κατ' δκρηο πέρθειν, Att. war' arpas, to destroy from top to bottom, i.e. utterly, Lat. funditus evertere.

akpaartos, or,=akpartos, without result, unfulfilled, fruitless, Lat. irritus.

d-kpaying, is, (a privat., kpayeir) not barking.

akpath, contr. form of depata, acc. masc. of depate. amp-ans, is, (ampos, anμ) of certain winds, blowing strongly, fresh-blowing.

άκραιφνής, έε, contr. from εκεραιο-φανής, (ἀκέpaios, parfirai) unmixed, purs, sheer: hence unbarmed, Lat. integer: c. gen. untouched by a thing. d-uparros, or, (a privat., upalre) unaccomplished, unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

άκρασία, ή, (άκρατή») the character of an άκρατής, incontinence, Lat. impotentia, opp. to έγκράτεια.

க்-கடின்குக, ந், earlier form of foreg. [8]

акратеотеров, irreg. Comp. of акратов.

ά-κράτης, έε, (α privat., κράτος) powerless: not baving power or command over a thing; departed δργήε, Lat. impotens irae: esp. in a moral sense. without power or command over oneself, incontinent, Lat. impotens sui.

d-κρατίζομαι, fut. Att. Ιουμαι, Dep. to drink pure wine (årpatos, merum). II. to breakfast, because this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence departoros, or, basing breakfasted. [spt]

of mountains, continuous.

doubtful.

foliage.

ably mixed.

anottowoods, Ion. -in, h, a drinking of unmined fused, disorderly: countless.

άκρατο-πότης, ου, Ιοα. άκρητο-πότης, ου, δ, (ά-

d-updres, Ion. d-uppres, or: Comp. and Sup. depd-

τέστεροε, -έστατοε: (a privat., εεράννυμι):---un-

mined, pure, sheer, unadulterate: esp. of wine, du-

parce (sub. obos), b, wine without water, sheer wine,

Lat. merum; metaph., deparoe vove pure intel-

desparage, opes, o, - desparts, without control. [spd]

aκράτως, Adv. of aκρατής, without control; aκρατώς

2. untempered, unrestrained, excessive: in-

metroe, sire) a drinker of unmixed wine.

mine. From

temperate, violent.

Execu to be incontinent.

άκρūχολόω, f. ήσω, to be passionate. From άκρά-χολος, Ιοα. άκρή-χολος, στ. (άκρος, χύλος) quick or sudden to anger, passionate; when dupaxoλοs an ill-tempered dog. [κρά] expense, aros, b, (depos) the end of a branch or bough, a small branch, spray, twig. aup-to-mepos, or, (aupos, to-toa) at the beginning of evening, at eventide. άκρ-ήβης, es, and ακρ-ηβος, or, (ακρος, ήβη) in earliest youth, very young. d-upyros, or, Ion. for apparos, unmixed, purs. άκρη-χολία, άκρή-χολος, Ion. for άκραχολία, etc. dupies, acc. pl. of dupie. auplβeia, ή, exactness, accuracy, precision: perfection. II. strictness, severity: parsimony, frugality. From άκριβήs, és, exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its kind; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise. of persons, exact, strict, scrupulous:-also frugal, stingy. (Deriv. uncertain.) άκριβολογέσμαι, Dep. (άκριβολίγοι) to be exact, accurate, or precise in language: c. acc. rei, to weigh accurately. Hence ακριβολογία, η, precision of language. άκριβο-λόγος, ον, (άκριβής, λύγος) exact in lanακριβόω, f. ώσω, (ακριβήε) to make exact or accurate: to arrange precisely: but commonly, to examine or understand thoroughly: to express accurately:-Pass, to be made exact or perfect. άκριβω, Adv. of aκριβήε, exactly, accurately, presisely. sparingly; depιβών καὶ μόλιε, Lat. vin at ne vin quidem. ἀκρίδο-θήκη, ή, (ἀκρίε, τίθημι) a locust-cage. duove, 100, \$, Ion. for dapa, a bill-top, peak; mostly in pl., depres ivenderous the windy mountain-tops. AKPIZ, idos, f, a locust, Lat. gryllus. Explose, h, (experse) want of distinctness and order, sonfusion. II. want of judgment. Δκρίτο-δακρυς, υ, gen. νος, (άκριτος, δάκρυ) shedding floods of tears. Δκρίτο-μοθος, ον, (άκριτος, μύθος) talking reck-II. bard to interpret. 6-πρέτρη, ου, (a privat., πρίνω) unarranged, con-βίνια, also dupôθινα, properly, the top of the beau.

bearken or listen to, esp. to bear or attend lectures δ δκροώμενος a bearer, student. II. to obey. άκρόδους, ees, ή, (άκροάομαι) a bearkening or lit 2. obedience. ακροατίον, verb. Adj. of ακροάσμαι, one » listen to. ακροατήριον, τύ, (ἀκροάομαι) a place of audient lecture-room. II. an audience. depodrife, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀκροάομει) a bearer: a pupil. dupodorubs, h, ir, (dupodopai) proper for bearing or attending lectures; μισθόε δικροατικόε, Lat bone rarium, a pupil's fee. åκρο-βă-réw, (άκροε, βαίνω) to walk on tiptos ως srei åκρο-βἄφής, (åκροε, βἄφῆναι) wetted at the end. tinged at the point, or slightly. άκρο-βελής, έε, (άκροε, βέλοε) with a point at t ἀκροβολόω, (ἀκροβόλου) to be a slinger, to skirmis ακροβολίζομαι, (ακροβολίω) Dep. to throw or stri from afar: to skirmish. Hence άκροβόλζους, ewe, ή, a skirmisbing. άκροβολισμός, οῦ, ὑ, = ἀκροβόλισιε. άκροβολιστής, οῦ, δ, **–** άκροβύλος. άκρο-βόλος, ό, (άκρος, βαλεῦν) as Subst. ans th tbrows from afar, a slinger, skirmisber: but as Adj. proparox. ἀκρό-βολος, ov. struck from afar. άκροβυστία, ή, (άκρόβυστοι) uncircumcisica. ακρό-βυστος, ον, (άκρος, βύω) uncircumcised. akpo-yumaios, or, (akpos, yuria) at the entra angle; axp. hillor the corner foundation-stone. aupo-beros, or, (aupos, blw) bound at the end of the ἀκρόδρυα, τά, (άκροε, δρûε) fruit-trees. fruits, esp. bard-shelled fruits. άκρο-θλικτος, ον. (άκρος, έλίσσω) twisted at the m anpo-blying, is, (anpos, biyeur) touching on the m face or lightly.

άκρό-θίνα, τά, γ. άκρο-θίνιον.

best, pick out for oneself.

akpoliviálouai, Dep. (akpolivior) to take of

dupo-θίνιον, τό, (depos, θίε) mostly in plur. de

2. lasting, uncoasing

2. unjudged, untried, of person

and things; depertor rive stelvers, to put to death

without trial, Lat. indicta causa:—also not subject a

exercising judgment, undistinguishing.

άκροάζομαι, Dep. - άκροάομαι.

sung: a play ot musical piece.

III. act. not giving judgment.

άκριτό-φυλλος, ον, (άκριτος, φύλλον) of blended

άκριτό-φυρτος, αν. (άκριτος, φύρω) undistinguis

ἀκρόᾶμα, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) Lat. acroüma, anythin beard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played

'AKPOA'OMAI: impf. // poér pape: fut. do ope

[ā]: 20τ. 1 ήκροδσάμην: pl. ήκρύδμαι: Dep.:—I

II. undecided

προλοφίτης, [ί], ου, ό, (άκρος, λύφος) α mounineer. πρό-λοφος, δ. (άκρος, λύφος) a mountain ridge. upo-htriu, (dupos, him) to until only at the end. upo-pavia, et, (dupot, parifrai) at the height of when, raving mad. προ-μόλιβδος, or, (dispor, μόλιβδος) leaded at the re, epith. of a net. upov, ou, 75, neut. of aupon, the highest or topmost int: L a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph. highest pitch, the height of a thing, IIL pl. pa, of persons, the chiefs. ep-over, Adv. (depos, bruf) with the edge of the  $\mathbf{p}$ -orbitos, or, (depos, brut) = deporruxos. τρό-νόχος, ev, (άπρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even. rpo-πανθής, ές, (δερος, πένθος) exceeding sad. tpo-wobyti, Adv. (dupor, wove) on tiptoe, stealthily. τρό-πολιε, eas, ή, (άπρος, πόλις) the upper or her city, hence the citadel, eastle: in Att. esp. Acropolis of Athens, which served as the trea-II. metaph, a tower of defence. hest point. φο-πόλος, ον, (dupos, φολίω) high-ranging: goilly, high. po-wopos, ev, (dapos, welps) boring through, cing with the point. pó-srepov, ró, (ánpos, srepóv) the tip of the wing. po-wrokes, f. pool for approxis. pos, a, or, (dut) at the end, i.e. either outermost. . extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus; dupa xelp, x woder, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc.;

rs άπρη – ἀπρόπολις, the citadel; θέωρ άπρον the

ace of the water; so also, in appois (sc. barri-

) on tiptos; obn da' anpas speros not from the

ace of the heart, i. e. from the inmost heart;

se sail, with a close-reefed sail.

t dowies the end of evening, night-fall,

II. of Time,

Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding, Bufres jutting eliffs.

um depositions, whence the deposities offerings of

impo-kelauriam, (dispos, selauros) only med in Ep.

mt, deposed acriber, growing black on the surface,

beco-evidence, or, and depo-eveding, is, (depos,

ripes) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight.

inpo-nituarion, f. wow, (dupos, nitua) to float on the

mpb-Ailoz, ev. (dispos, Albos) with the extremities

stone, epith, of statues of wood with marble head,

mps-himor, to, (dupos, hiror) the edge of a net.

upo-loyen, (dupos, leye) to gather at top.

II, with leaves at the top.

inportention &, the citadel of Corinth.

rst-fruits. [A]

hmost seawer.

nds, and feet,

29 ist or choice parts : hence the first-fruits of the field, | good, excellent; depot davalin, wonyrun the first / hosty, etc., like drapxai:-properly a neut. Adj. among the Greeks, the poets; wwxip our dapor not IV. neut. asper and dapa, as strong of mind, Adv. very, exceedingly, highly: v. Lupus. empo-sibupos, or, (dupos, sibupos) pointed or shed with iron. åupo-vopos, or, (åupos, vopos) high in wisdom. άκρο-στόλιον, τό, (άκρος, στολή) the gumeale of kpó-kouos, or, (dapos, kóun) with hair on the a ship. anpo-ordia he, is, (anpos, ordiamen) and to simple. akporatry, fem. Sup. of akpor. aupo-releurior, to, (aupos, relevity) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse. άκρότης, ητος, ή, (άκρος) a summit, haght. άκροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From anpo-rouse, or, (anpos, remeir) cut off at the edge. aκρ-ουχόω, (aκρον, έχω) to inhabit the heights. akpo-pusion, to, (akpos, pusa) the anout or pipe of a pair of bellows. dupo-xūvijs, is, (dupos, xăvelv) wide-yawning. akpo-xapijoual, Dep. (akpos, xelp) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the bodv. δ-κρυπτος, ον, (a privat., πρύπτω) unhidden. d-κρύσταλλος, or, without ice, unfrozen. dup-whenov, to, (dupos, where) the point of the elbow. aup-wroxia, h, (aupor, orus) the tip of the nail: hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain. άκρ-άνθχος, ον. (άκρος, ύνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs. unp-upma, f. (anpos, opos) a mountain-ridge. dapos, regul. Adv. of dapos, very, exceedingly. άκρωτηριάζω, f. σω: sor. I ήκρωτηρίασα: pf. pass. ηκρωτηρίασμαι:—to cut off the extremities, esp. the hands and feet, to mutilate. From akportipion, to, (akpos) any topmost or prominent part ; dep. oupeos a mountain-peak ; dep. vyós a ship's beak, Lat. rostra. I. in plus, the extremities of the body, hands and feet. 2. in sing, a promontory. dutaivou. - dutalvu. distraive, seems to be a strengthd, form of dyes, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly. deraios, a, ov. (dera) on the thore or coust. Antala (sc.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ )  $\hat{\eta}$ , Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also Arrij. 'AKTE'A, h, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus. d-KTEUVOS, OF, (a privat., ETEAFOF) without property. d-KTEVIGTOS, OF, (a privat., KTEVI(w) uncombed, unkempt. άκτέον, verb. Adj. of άγω, one must lead: ελρήνην åktéov one must keep peace. II. intr. one must go ot marek. d-krepliotos or d-kréplotos, or, (a privat., etcnot halpon uparations with the outermost edges pelos or areples) without funeral-rites. άκτή, ή, (άγνυμι) the place where the waves break,

III. i. e. the beach, sea-shore, strand; in plur., dural spo-

2. a tract by the sea.

80 generally, any raised place or edge, like the sea- | decuent for bounding race; by others from Ele, bet coast, Lat. ora. durth the (dyrum) properly fem. of duries (broken, bruised), bruised corn, Lat. mola: groats, meal, bread made of it. ά-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., κτήμα) without property, c. gen., duriques xpussão poor in gold. d-ktyros, or, (a privat., ktaopai) not worth getting. deriverous. Ep. for derious, dat. pl. of derie. derivably, (derie) Adv. like a ray. Extres, or, (dern) of or inhabiting the sea-shore. duris, ivos, \$, a ray, beam, esp. of the sun; plasa derie midday: also the flash of fire and lightning: metaph. brightness, splendour. II, like Lat. radius, the spoke of a wheel. during, ov, o, (durf) a dweller on the coast. [1] d-unitos, or, (a privat., uni(w) uncultivated. dictup, opos, δ, (άγω) a leader, chief. ά-κυβέρνητος, ον, (α privat., κυβερνάω) without pilot, not steered. "AKT" AOZ, h, an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex. d-kupartos, or, (a privat., kupaire) not washed by the waves, waveless, calm. d-rivos, or - drivarros: metaph. calm. serene. d-κύμων, ον, gen. ονοι, (α priva:., κῦμα) = ἀκύμαν-700. [9]

d-scuper, or, gen. oros, (a privat., sule) suitboat fruit or offspring, barren. [5] d-etpos, or, (a privat., supos) without author-I. of laws, sentences, etc., no longer in force, cancelled, annulled, set aside; anvoce ylyreoffer, about to have no force, be set aside. persons, baving no right or power, c. gen. Hence actoba, f. wow, to cancel, set aside. d-kúpwros, ov. verb. Adj. unratified. d-kubantos, or, (a privat., kubant(w) untried, unexamined. anoκή, ή, (anή) a point, edge, Lat. acies. &-κάλθτος, ον, (a privat., κωλύω) unbindered. Adv.

-Tox, without bindrance. ά-κωμφότητος, ον, (α privat., κωμφότω) not made the subject of comedy: generally, not ridiculed. drew, ovtos, o, (def) a javelin, dart, smaller and lighter than eyros. knev, anousa, anor, gen. -orros, Att. contr. for Mew, against one's will, perforce. II. - drov-Gios, involuntary. [ā]

5-normos, or, (a privat., κῶντη) without oars. άλαβαστο-θήκη, ή, (άλάβαστοι, θήκη) a case for alabaster ornaments.

άλάβαστος, δ, άλαβαστίτης, δ, άλαβάστιον, τό, Att. for αλάβαστρος. αλάβαστρον, τό, and αλάβαστρος, δ, also ή, a calcareous spar, alabaster. II. that which is

swought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster. alabe, Adv. (ale) to or into the sea: in Homer also ele árabe.

aλά-δρομος, ev, δ, by some derived from αλλομαι, δ-λάπαζω, Ερ. impf. αλάπαζω: f. αλαπάζω:

poe, a rese over the sea. ahajovela, 4, (ahajar) the character of a bragger

vain-beauting, imposture. and company of the contract of aλαζονεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Dep. to swagger w false pretensions. From

åλαζών, όνος, δ, ή, (άλη) a wanderer about ti country, vagabond:-hence, a false pretender, a II. 25 Adj. making false pretence swaggering, braggart, Lat. gloriosus: -- Sup. alast νέστατος οι -ίστατος.

άλάθεια, άλαθής, Dor. for άλήθεια, άληθής, άλαθείε, Dor. 201. I pass. part. of άλάομαι. άλαίνω, - άλάομαι, to wander about. **άλακάτα, ή,** Dor. for ήλ*ακ*άτη.

άλαλά, Dor. for άλαλή. ἀλαλάγή, ή, (ἀλαλάζω) a shouting.  $d\lambda d\lambda a \gamma \mu \delta s$ ,  $\delta_1 = d\lambda a \lambda a \gamma f$ . άλαλάζω: f. άξομαι: aor. Ι ήλάλαξα, poēt ἰλί λαξα: (άλαλή):—to raise the war-cry: generally

tory: also a ery of woe, wailing.

to sbout aloud in sign of joy; νίκην άλαλάζεν! shout the shout of victory. άλαλή, Dor. άλαλά, ή, alala! a loud cry: tì battle-sbout, war-cry, άλάλημαι, a pf. form of άλάομαι, but only medi pres. sense, to wander or roam about, like a beggu d-λάλητος, ον, (a privat., λαλέω) unspeakable.

άλάλητός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀλαλή) the war-cry, shout of si

άλαλκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω. άλαλκέμεναι, –έμεν, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of άλέξει. Ahahro-pernts, thos, h, (dhahreir, perce) the ru dian goddess, name of Minerva. d-λάλος, ον, (a privat., λάλος) speechless, dumb. άλαλύκτημαι, a pf. form as if from άλυκτέω (ἀλίκ

but like dadanuar only used in pres. sense, to wend about in anguish: to wander in mind from grid. ά-λάμπετος, ον, (a privat., λάμπω) without light darksome. ά-λαμπής, ές - άλάμπετος: άλαμπης ήλεου μιά

άλάομαι, impf. ήλώμην: 201. Ι ήλήθην, Ερ. ώ θην: pf. ἀλάλημαι: Dep.: (ἄλη):—to wander, επ or roam about: sometimes c. acc., ἀλᾶσθαι γψ wander through or over the land; also to was

from bome, be banished. II. metaph. so men in mind, be distraught. ahabs, by, not seeing, blind; ahaol, as opp. δεδορκότεε, the dead; άλαὸν έλκοι δριμάτ<del>ου</del> a we that brings blindness. II. dark, obscure.

άλδο-σκοπίη, ή, (άλαός, σκοπίω) a blind, j. c. less, careless watch. άλδόω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι inf. άλαῶστι: (άλαι) >

make blind. άλαπαδνός, ή, όν, (άλαπάζω) easily mastered. 🛥

ened : powerless, feeble.

the light of the sun.

son slåvafa: (a euphon., lavafa):---to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

άλος, άτος, τό, - άλε, salt.

iλεστία, (άλαστοε) to be wrathful, bear bate.

ελάστορος, or, (άλάστορ) under the influence of an avenger.

a-haoros, or, (a privat., harbaroual) not to be forgottes, insuferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed. Hence

άλάστωρ, opos, δ, (α privat., λανθάνομαι) be subo forget not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vinden, with or without dalpese: then, generally, an avenger, paracutor, termentor; βουκόλαν άλάσταρ the herdsmen's plague. II. pass, one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accurred and polluted man.

diame, & Dor. for differe.

έλετεία, ή, Dor. for άλητεία.

άλθτο, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of άλάομαι.

chaurin, 600, ή, (dλαόω) a making blind, blinding. alyarde, 4, de, (alyoe) giving pain, painful, griev-IL. ct. feeling pun, suffering. 000 :-- Adv. -- Pare.

For Comp. and Sup., v. dayiow.

άλγισί-δωρος, ον, (άλγδε, δώρον) bringing pain. άλγω, f. ήσω: 20π. Ι ήλγησα: (άλγου):--to feel bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. II. metaph. b feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or disresed: to suffer pain at or about a thing.

άλγηδών, όνοε, ή, (άλγέω) a sense of pain, pain,

rief, of body or mind.

Aymus, aros, to, (alyter) pain felt or eaused. Ayyous, eas, i. (dayes) sense of pain.

άλγινόσε, εσσα, εν. (άλγοε) painful, grievous. elylor, or, gen. oros, and elylotos, n, or, irreg. omp. and Sup. of dayeroe, formed from Subst. λγοι (25 μαλλίου, μάλλιστου from μάλλου). [Υ Ερ.,

ut 7 Att.] AAPOEr cos, 76, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress.

lything that causes pain. Hence

ίλγύνω, f. trŵ: aor. I ήλγυνα.—Pass. with f. med. Υννούμαι: 201. Ι ήλγύνθην:—40 pain, grieve, disms:-Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at

ildalvu: 201. 2 fildavor :--to make to grow, nourish, rengthen; habave médea she filled out his limbs: to crease, multiply. Only poet. (From Ala, Lat. alo.) idonous, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. -Baow. (From Root AA-, as in Lat. alere.) ilia, Ioa. alia, f. (alia, aleva) an avoiding, es-

ping: c. gen. flight from a thing, thelter from it. AAEA, Ion.  $d\lambda \epsilon \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\epsilon l\lambda \eta$ , beat or warnub, of

e sun, or of fire. Hence

ikedive, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow arm, be somerme.

hinoten, ahinote, Ep. sor. I inf. and imper. pl. of off. avert, revi ve. Sound.

exercises, f. or, (exercis) cf. expenses patertil. grisvous, troublesome: c. inf., Issue Akeyerol danspera horses bard to break.

aλεγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. άλέγεζω: ' (dhirps):—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care

for, mind, beed, c. gen. rei.

άλεγύνω, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (ἀλέγω);--in Odyssey with daira and dairas, to care for a meal: generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

d-Aryw, (a copul., Aryw) only used in pres. to trouble oneself, bave a care, mind, beed; mostly with the negat., our axeyer to bave no eare, beed not; rarely without negat., Airal aleyovor movour they are beedful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to eare for a posson or thing.—Pass., dheyeofas & rios, to be regarded or counted among.

Deaves, 4, er, (drie, dre) but, worm.

aλesives, only used in pres. and impf. - αλέσμαι. άλεύομαι, (άλέα, άλη) to sbun, avoid.

άλθη, ή, lon. for άλέα.

άλοιαρ, άτοε, τό, (άλέω) subsecten flaur.

έλαμμα, ατοι, τό, (άλείφω) anything used to anoint with, an unguest, fat, oil.

and arms, ou, o, (anelpa) an anointer: a trainer, master, properly in the wrestling-school.

άλειε, είσα, έν, sor. 2 pass. part. of είλω.

d-hawov, to, (a privat., ).cioe) an embossed sup, generally - 84ses.

abeltys, ou, o, (aby) one who leads or goes estray, a sinner.

dXada, 76, - dXeedas.

Thatap, aros, to, (ahelps) unguent, oil, used in funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for

smearing with, pitch, resin. 'AAEI'ΦΩ, f. se: aor. I filenta, Ep. dl-: pf. dlfλίφα:---Pass., aor. Ι ήλείφθην, also aor. 2 ήλίφην [ί]: pf. ἀλήλιμμα:—to anoint with oil, oil the skin: Homer joins aleafar or aleafartar les elais to anoint with oil (see Aira); esp. of anointing for gymnastic exercises; of άλειφό peroι the athletes. like έτ-αλείφω, to ancint, besmear: ούατα άλεθίαι to stop up the ears. Hence

Deutre, ear, t, an ancinting, dyeing.

άλεκτορίσκος, δ. Dim. of άλέκτωρ, a cockerel.

άλεκτορίε, ίδοε, ή, (άλέκτωρ) a ben.

άλεκτοριδεύε, έωε, δ. (άλέκταρ) a chicken.

άλεκτορο-φωνία, ή, (άλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of a cock: cock-crow.

d-Aertpos, or, (a privat., Aértpor) unwedded; dλεκτρα γάμων άμιλλήματα an unlawful contest of marriage: άλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage. άλεκτρύαινα, ή, a ben, comic fem. of άλεκτρύων, by analogy of Afaira to Afair.

άλεκτρύων, ύνοε, δ, ή, (άλέκτωρ) a cock or ben.

'AΛE'KTΩP, opos, o, a cook, Lat. gallus. AAEKA, less common form for dacte, to ward

άλέματος, Dor. for ήλέματος.

IL.

They, Dor. and Ep. for &dλipeur, 3 pl. sor. 2 pass. of eller:—but &lie, sor. 2 part. neut., v. dleis.

alt-avopos, or, (dlife, drhp) defending men. the usual name of Peris in the Iliad.

that trapes, or, (this, trapes) heaping of the wind.

alterna, ever, Ep. inf. of differ.

distance, 3 sing. sor. 1 opt. of distance. distance, ro, (distance, guard, balg.

Mitgare, ees, f. (differ) a keeping off, resistance.

alegrow, fut. of differ.

and frapa, to fem. of energy he.

The grandian; does, d, (dhifte) one who keeps off, a below, guardian; dhetyrip maxine one who keeps the light off the rest, a champion. Hence

ahalyrhpios, a, or, able to keep of, defend or belp, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. Averrunei.

άλεξητήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, α remedy, protection. ἀλεξήτωρ, οροε, δ. – άλεξητήρ.

Aleg-don, \$\eta\$, (Alega, dod) abe that been off a curse; or (from Alega, Appe) abe that guards from death and rain. [to]

aλeξι-βέλαμνος, or, (dλέξω, βέλεμνου) keeping off

arrows or darts.

άλεξί-κάκος, ον, (άλέξω, εακίν) keeping off evil. άλεξίμ-βροτος,ον,(άλέξω,βροτός) protecting mortals.

that μορος, ον, (λλέξω, μόρου) warding of death. 
δλεί-φάρμακον, τό, a means of keeping off poison,

en antidote.

AΛΕΈΩ;—the tenses are formed partly from dhefen, partly from dhem:-fut, dheffow; 3 sing. acr. I act. opt. dasfforce; fut. med. dasfformu: but also fut. dhefa; aor. I finefa; fut. med. dhefoμαι; aor. I ήλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without angm. (as if from \*dlkou) dlalkov, inf. dlalkeir, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. dλαλκάν; whence again is formed a fut. alanhow:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid:-Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately. as, dhéfeir τυί to belp one; Ζεδε τόγ' άλεξήσειε may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, dhefew Aaraois mando huap to avert the day of evil from the Danai: cf. drare: - Med., drifeobal riva to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. defendere: also absol. to defend on self. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

φλίομαι, contr. άλεθμαι, also άλεύομαι: 3 sing. opt. άλέοιτο: part. άλεύμενο: but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. sor. I ήλείατο οτ άλεύατο; imper. άλεύα, άλέασθε; subj. άλέηται οτ άλεύεται; opt. άλέασθαι, inf. άλέασθαι, άλεύασθαι; part. άλευάμενο: Dep.: (άλεύα):—to avoid, abun, usu. c. acc. rei, άλ. βέλος, θάνατον, tarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape,

flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. axed.

dheoray, Ep. for fiheray, 3 plur. sor. I of dhés. dheras, Ep. for dhyras, 3 sing. sor 2 subj. of dhhoras, to leap.

άλθτης, ου, δ, (άλδα) a grinder; άλθτης δικε ε mili-stone.

άλετός, δ, (άλέω) a grinding.

åλοτρούω, f. εύσω, longer form of åλέω, to grind. [δ] åλο-τρίβδινος, δ, (άλέω, τρίβω) that which grinds α pounds, a pouls.

dherple, idos, ή, (dhiw) a female slave who grinds corn, Lat, molitrin. [δ]

άλοθ or ελου, prob. shortened for έλδου, imper. of άλδομαι, avoid! coase!

άλουάμην, aor. I of άλέσμαι.

Excepts, 76, (dhos) wheaten flour, fine meal, mostly in plur. Acepta, distinguished from Experts (barley meal).

άλευμα, f. άλευσα, nor. τ ήλευσα, med as Act. to άλευμαι οτ άλευμαι (v. άλευμαι):—to remove, keep far away.

\*ΑΛΕ΄Ω: impf. ήλουν: fut. έλέσω: acr. I ήλεσα, Ep. έλεσσα: pf. έλήλεια, pass. έλήλεσμαι or έλή λεμαι:—to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. molère.

άλουρή, Att. άλουρά, ή, (άλεομαι) an avoiding, shunning, escaping.
2. a means of escape from, a defence against a person or thing, δηίων ἀνδρών

axeopy :- absol. belp, succour.

"AAH, ἡ, (ἀλτίομαι) ceaseless wandering or roaming.
2. metaph. a wandering of mind, distression, mailness, Lat. error mentie.

άλήθειδ, poët. άληθείδ, ή, (άληθήε) truth. IL the character of one who speaks truth, frankness,

sincerity.

άληθέστερον, -έστασα, Comp. and Sup. of άληθθα. άληθεύω, f. εύσω, (άληθη) of persons, to speed truth, to be truthful: of things, to be true: of divinations, in Pass. to come true, be fulfilled:—άληθευσεν πάστα speak truth in all things.

&ληθής, έs, (a privat., λήθω) without reserve:—
of persons, true, sincere; truthful, frank, bonest: of
things, real, actual.
2. neut. as Adv. with ironical
signf.; proparox. άληθες; itane? indeed? in sooth?
but τὸ ἀληθές, in very truth, really and truly, Lat.
revera.

άληθίζομαι, Dep. - άληθεύω.

άληθινός, ή, le, (άληθης) agreeable to truth:—de persons, truthful, bonest: of things, real, actual, genuine. Adv. -νῶε.

άληθό-μαντια, εωε, δ, ή, (άληθήε, μάστια) prophet

of trutb.

άληθοσύνη, ή, poët. for άλήθεια.

άληθω, fut. ήσω, - άλ έω, to grind.

άληθῶα, Ion. -έωε, Adv. of ἀληθήε, really, truly; also ὡε ἀληθῶε:—Comp. ἀληθέστερον, more truly; Sup. ἀληθέστατα, most truly.

'Alhiov mediov, to, (dla) land of wandering, in

Lycia or Cilicia.

d-λήδοs, or, (a privat., λήδον) without corn-land, poor.
d-ληκτος, Ερ. Φλληκτος, ογ. (a privat., λήγω) unceasing, incessant; δλληκτος θυμώ implacable anget;
δλληκτος χόλου abating not from wrath.

ilihana, althorpeas or -quas, Att. pf. act. and i ps. of axis, to grind.

thinkipe, analyses, Att. pf. act. and pass. of drelan. Days, 76, (allow) properly that which is ground.

for flour: metaph. a wily knave.

extinera. Ep. for extiral, nor. 2 pass. inf. of elker.

έλτμων, cros, δ, ή, (άλάομαι) a wanderer, rover.

diffrat, nor. 2 pass. inf. of elles.

έ-ληπτος, ω, (α privat., λαμβάνω) not to be laid bold of bard to eatch: Comp. άληντότεροε, less

emenable. 2. incomprehensible. 'AAH'Z or alige, ie, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. alpooe,

bronged, in a mass, Lat. confertus. [a] άληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of άλλομαι.

έλητεία, Dor. άλδιτεία, ή, a wandering, roaming. έλητεύω, f. εύσω, (άλήτης) to be a wanderer, live

a wagrant life.

άλητός, δ, (άλδω) a grinding in the mill.

άλήτης, ου, δ, (άλάομαι) α wanderer, stroller, rover, varabond. 2. as Adj. vagrant, roving.

"ΑΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ερ. impf. αλθόμην: fut. αλθήσομαι: -to become subole or sound; άλθετο χείρ. illa, Ion. illa, ή, (illa) an assembly, gathering of the people, Dor. and Ion, word for the Attic de-

ελησία,

فكنغ, غ, (قله) a salt-cellar. dhidden, er, oi, (ale) seamen.

all-deros, post, aliaieros, s, (ale, derse) the sea-

eagle, osprey. άλι-the, is, (άλε, in μ) blowing on the sea, blowing

sea-ward. the avole, in (the toron) sea-blooming, i.e. purple.

d-Alastos, er. (a privat., Aid(open) unyielding, un-

obating: neat. dalacrov as Adv., incessantly. άλι-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ήλίβατος.

άλί-βρακτος, ev, (άλε, βρέχω) washed by the sea.

allymos, a, or, resembling, like. (Deriv. uncer-(Ann.)

Eli-Boves, or, (Els, Bovés) sea-tossed.

άλν-ερκής, έε, (άλε, ξρασε) sea-girt, surrounded by the sea.

alueis, gen. tou, Ion. fice, &, (ale, alice) one who bas to do with the sea, and so I. a fisher. s seaman, sailar: with another Subst. Lolvas allifas rowers on the sea.

alumnuche, 4, or, (alumo) of or for fishing. alurion, f. ou, (alueis) to be a fisher, to fish.

άλίζω, f. low: aor. βλίσα:-Pass., aor. I ήλίσθην: pf. hλισμαι, Ion. άλισμαι: (άλξε):—to gather toge-

ber, assemble:-Pass. to assemble, meet together. [a] arite, f. iou, (ars) to sait. [il]

all-jeves, er, (als, (den) sea-girt.

dλίη, ή, Ion. for άλία.

aλι hour, ee, (άλε, ερέσσω) sweeping the sea. aligrup, apos, d, post. for alieve.

Aligo, Ep. dat. plur. of dain.

alling. Dor. for shiften. "L-Albos, or, without stones, not stony.

aducte, if, Dor. for identa.

άλί-κλυστος, ον, (άλε, κλύζα) sea-beaten.

άλί-κμητος, or, (άλε, εάμοω) wearied by the sea.

alkos, a, or, Dor. for filinos.

all-ktures, or, (als, sturbe) sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships. II. act. roaring over the

sea, of waves,

άλλ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (άλε, κύμα) surrounded, by waves. [8] all-peters, orros, d. (als, peters) lord of the sea.

d-Alpevos, or, (a privat., Asphr) without barbours Lat. importuosus: generally, giving no shelter, inhorpicable. Hence

d-λίμενότης, ή, the being without barbours. άλι-μυρήσια, εσσα, er, (άλε, μύρω) flowing into the

sea, of rivers. άλίνδω, aor. Ι βλίσα, inf. άλίσαι: pf. βλίως:-- to make a horse roll:—Pass. Alivbioual or Alivboual, to roll like a horse; also to wander up and down,

roam about. Hence alundhopa, 4, a place for borses to roll in, Lat.

volutabrum, άλι-νήκταρα, ή, fem. noun, as if from άλι-νηκτήρ

(ἄλε, νήχω) swimming in the sea. all-vyxhs, is, (ale, vhxopac) swimming in the sea.

Lhivos, η, ev, (άλε) made of or from salt. d-Alvos, or, (a privat., Alvor) without a net, without

bunting toils. alif, Dor. for file.

all-farros, or, (als, faires) worm by the sea.

aluos, d. Dor. for haide, the sum. [a] also os, ov, (also os, ov, (also of, from, or belong-

ing to the sea, Lat. marinus. [d] Exios, a, or, = paraios, fruitless, unprofitable, idle,

erring: also in neut. as Adv. in vain. [d] (Deriv. uncertain.)

άλιο-τροφής, έε, (άλιοε, τρέφω) sea-nurtured.

άλιδω, f. ώσω: 201. Ι ήλίωσα, Ερ. άλίωσα: (άλιος 11) :--to make fruitless, disappoint.

d-Almaphs, is, not fit for a suppliant.

άλίπεδον, τό, (άλε, πεδίον) a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraceus.

άλι-πλαγκτος, or, (άλε, πλάζω) roaming in or by tbe sea.

άλίπλακτος, Dor. for άλίπληκτος.

άλι-πλάνής, ές, (άλε, πλάνη) sea-wandering, was dering over the sea. Hence

άλιπλάνία, ή, a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage.

άλί-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (άλε, πλήσσω) sea-beaten, lashed by the sea.

άλί-πλοος, or, contr. άλί-πλους, our, (άλε, πλέω) merged in the sea, covered with water.

άλι-πόρος, ον, (άλε, πείρω) ploughing the sea.

άλι-πόρφυρος, ον, (άλε, πορφύρα) of sea-purple, of deep purple dye.

They, Dor. and Ep. for ddlyour, 3 pl. sor. 2 pass. of dlu :--but dlie, sor. 2 part. neut., v. dleis.

de must name of Peris in the Iliad.

that draws, or, (thico, draws) herping of the wind.

Alegara, fur, I took int. of differ.
Alegara, 3 sing, 201. 1 opt. of differ.

alignate, 3 ung. not. 1 opt. of area.

althore, one, h, (althor) a beeping off, resistance.

Exertrapa, to fem. of disturbs.

Aλεξητήρ, 1900, δ, (dλέξω) one who keeps off, a kelper, guardian; dλεξητήρ μάχης one who keeps the light off the rest, a champion. Hence

Δλεξητίριος, a, or, able to keep off, defend or belp, esp, as epith. of the gods, like Lat. Averrunel. II. Δλεξητίριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, a remedy, protestion.

άλεξήτωρ, οροε, δ, - άλεξητήρ.

that don, h, (this, don) she that heeps off a surse; or (from this, Apps) she that guards from death and rain. [tp]

alagi-βilanvos, or, (align, βilanvor) hosping off

arrows or darts.

Aλεξί-κάκου, or, (άλξω, κακόν) besting off suil.

Δλεξίμ-βροτου, or, (άλξω, βροτόυ) protecting mortals.

Δλεξίμ-μορου, or, (άλξω, μόρου) warding off death.

Δλεξι-μάρμακον, τό, a means of besting off poison,

gn antidote.

AAE'EO;—the tenses are formed partly from dhefen, partly from dhiew:-fut. dheffow; 3 sing. act. I act. opt. dhefficue; fut. med. dhefficous:but also fut. dhefe; aor. I finefa; fut. med. dhefeμαι: 201. Ι ήλεξάμην:—also an Ep. 201. 2 without angm. (as if from \*dlaw) dlaleor, inf. dlaleor, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. άλαλκών; whence again is formed a fut. dhahahow:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid :- Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately. as, alléfeur vuri to belp one; Zede τόγ' άλεξήσειε may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, addfew Aaraois saxòν ημαρ to avert the day of evil from the Danai: cf. dhahre: - Med., dhefeobal riva to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. defendere: also absol to defend on helf. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

ολίομαι, contr. άλεθμαι, also άλεθομαι: 3 sing. opt. άλέοιτο: part. άλεθμαι but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. sor. I ήλεθατο or άλεθατο; imper. άλεθας, άλλασθε; subj. άλέηται οτ άλεθεται; opt. άλεθατο; inf. άλλασθαι, άλεθασθαι; part. άλεθαμενος: Dep.: (άλεθα):—to avoid, abun, usu. c. acc. rei, άλ. βέλος, θάνατον, τarcly c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape,

flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. alev.

dheoray, Ep. for fiheray, 3 plur. sor. I of dheo. dheras, Ep. for shyrus, 3 sing. sor 2 subj. of shhowas, to leap.

άλλτης, ου, δ, (άλδω) a grinder; άλλτης δια 2 mill-stone.

άλοτός, δ, (άλδω) a grinding.

åλετρεύω, f. εύσω, longer form of άλδω, to grind. [4] ἀλε-τρίβἄνος, δ, (ἀλδω, τρίβω) that which grinds or pounds, a pestle.

dherpie, idoe, f., (dhie) a female slave who grinds sorn. Let. molitrin. [8]

άλεθ or έλευ, prob. thortened for άλέου, imper. of άλέομαι, avoid! coase!

άλευάμνην, 20r. Ι of άλέομαι.

Theupov, rd, (dhow) wheaten flour, fine meal, mostly in plur. Theupa, distinguished from Chaptra (barley meal).

άλεύω, f. άλεύσω, 20τ. Ι βλευσα, used as Act. 10 άλευμαι οτ άλεύομαι (τ. άλευμαι):—to remove, help far away.

'AAE'Ω: impf. ήλουν: fut. άλέσω: aor. I ήλεσα, Ep. άλεσσα: pf. άλήλεια, pass. άλήλεσμαι or άλή λεμαι:—to grind, bruies, pound, Lat. molire.

dhouph, Att. dhouph, \$1, (dhlouse) an avoiding, shunning, escaping. 2. a means of escape from, a defence against a person or thing, defen drophe dhedon;—absol. belp, succour.

"AAH, \$, (dishopu) coaseless wandering or rooming. 2. metaph. a wandering of mind, distraction, mailness, Lat. error mentis.

άλήθαϊ, poët. άληθείζ, ή, (άληθή») truth. IL the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity.

άληθέστερον, -έστασα, Comp. and Sup. of άληθες. άληθεύω, f. εύσω, (άληθήε) of persons, to speed truth, to be truthful: of things, to be true: of divinations, in Pass. to come true, be fulfilled: -- άληθευσω σάστα speak truth in all things.

&ληθής, ές, (a privat., λήθω) without reserve:—
of persons, true, sincere; truthfui, frank, honest; of
things, real, actual.
2. neut. as Adv. with ironical
signi.; proparox. άληθες; itans? indeed? in soods?
but το άληθές, in very truth, really and truly, Lat.

άληθίζομαι, Dep. - άληθεύω.

άληθίνος, ή, le, (άληθήε) agreeable to truth;—d persons, truthful, bonest: of things, real, actual, gravine. Adv. -νως.

άληθό-μαντιε, εωε, δ, ή, (άληθήε, μάντιε) prophe

of truth.

άληθοσύνη, ή, poët. for άλήθεια.

άλήθω, fut. ήσω, - άλέω, to grind.

άληθως, Ion. - two, Adv. of άληθης, really, truly; also die άληθως:—Comp. άληθέστερον, more truly; Sup. άληθέστατα, most truly.

'Aλήιον πεδίον, τό, (άλη) land of wandering, in

Lycia or Cilicia.

ά-λήτος, or, (a privat., λήτον) without corn-land, poor.
ά-ληκτος, Ερ. Φληκτος, or, (a privat., λήγω) unceasing, incessant; άλληκτος θυμός implacable anger;
άλληκτος χόλου abating not from wrath,

elishers, elishes per or -ques, Att. pf. act. and ;

ms. of ales, to grind. elifities, elifituation, Att. pf. act. and pass. of

ώλημα, τό, (ἀλέω) properly that which is ground,

for four: metaph. a wily knave.

άλίμεναι, Ep. for άλήναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of είλει.

έλτμων, cros, δ, ή, (άλάομαι) a wanderer, rover.

differ, sor. 2 pass, inf. of eller. δληπτος, αν, (a privat., λαμβάνω) not to be laid

bold of, bard to catch: Comp. άλη ετότερος, less amenable. 2. incomprehensible. 'AAH'Z or éldig, és, Ép. and Ion. Adj. – Att. dépôce,

thronged, in a mass, Lat. confertus. [d] άληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of άλλομαι.

έλητεία, Doc. άλατεία, ή, a wandering, roaming.

άλητούω, f. esσω, (άλήτης) to be a sounderer, live a wagrant life. adaptés, é. (daée) a grinding in the mill.

άλήτης, ου, δ, (άλάομαι) a wanderer, stroller, rover, ragabond. 2. as Adj. vagrant, roving. "ΑΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ep. impf. αλθόμην: fut. αλθήσομαι:

-to become subole or sound; differe xelp. this, Ion. thin, 4, (this) an assembly, gathering of the people, Dor. and Ion, word for the Attic da-

ελησία, άλιά, ή, (έλε) a sals-cellar.

dhiábai, éir, ol. (ále) seamen. allieros, poet aliaieros, o, (ale, deroe) the sea-

eagle, ouprey. the the is, (the, topu) blowing on the sea, blowing wa-ward.

άλι-ανθής, ές, (άλε, άνθος) sea-blooming, i.e. purple. d-Macros, er, (a privat., Aid(opai) unyielding, unstating: neut. allactor as Adv., incessantly.

άλί-βάτος, αν. Dor. for ήλίβατος. άλι-βρακτος, αν, (άλε, βρέχω) washed by the sea. allymos, a, or, resembling, like. (Deriv. uncer-

2in.) [8]

thi-boves, or, (the, borto) sea-tossed.

άλι-ερκής, έε, (άλε, ξρεσε) sea-girt, surrounded by be sea.

aluris, gen. see, Ion. fice, &, (ale, aluce) one who as to do with the sea, and so I. a fisher. seaman, sailor: with another Subst. έρέται άλιξαι owers on the sea.

alueurunde, f., ov. (alueuw) of or for fishing.

alures, f. ou, (alseve) to be a fisher, to fish. allie, f. low: 201. βλίσα:—Pass., 201. Ι ήλίσθην:

f. ήλισμαι, Ion. άλισμαι: (άλήε):—to gather togeber, assemble: —Pass, to assemble, meet together, [a]

غُمُلْلِهِ, £ نَحِهِ, (قُمُه) to sait. [قا] all-jevos, or, (als, (arn) sea-girt.

dλίη, ή, Ion. for άλία. the home, es, (the, totoow) storeping the sea. αλιήτωρ, apoe, δ, poët. for άλιείε.

dligor, Ep. dat. plur. of dliη.

allies. Dor. for filiber. G-Lives, or, without stones, not stony.

άλυκία, ή, Dor. for ήλικία. άλί-κλυστος, ον, (άλε, κλύζω) sec-beaten.

all-empres, or, (ale, sapere) wearied by the sea. alicos, a, or, Dor. for filinge.

all-ktowes, or, (als, structes) sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships. II. act. roaring over the

sea, of waves, άλλ-κύμων, ον, gen. eves, (άλε, κύμα) surrounded, by waves. [8]

άλι-μέδων, orros, δ, (άλε, μίδων) lord of the sea. d-Alpevos, or, (a privat, Apply) without barbours Lat. importuous : generally, giving no shelter, inhorpitable. Hence

d-λίμενότης, ή, the being without barbours. all-utomas, ecoa, er, (ale, pupu) flowing into the

sea, of rivers. άλίνδω, 201. Ι βλίσα, inf. άλίσαι: pf. files:--to make a horse roll: - Pass. alwelouge or allveouse.

to roll like a horse; also to wander up and down, roam about. Hence άλινθήθρα, ή, a place for borses to roll in, Lat.

volutabrum. άλι-νήκταρα, ή, fem. noun, as if from άλι-νηκτήρ

(ἄλε, νήχω) swimming in the sea. all-vights, is, (ale, vhxouse) swimming in the sea.

Livos, η, ον, (άλε) made of or from salt. d-Alvos, or, (a privat., hiror) without a net, without bunting toils.

Blue, Dor. for flag. all-farros, or, (als, falro) worn by the sea.

The sun. [d]

aluos, a, or, also os, or, (ale) of, from, or belonging to the sea, Lat. marinus. [d]

alios, a, or, = μάταιοε, fruitless, unprofitable, idle, erring: also in neut, as Adv. in vain. [d] (Deriv.

uncertain.) άλιο-τροφής, έε, (άλιοε, τρέφω) sea-nurtured.

άλιδω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι ήλίωσα, Ερ. άλίωσα: (άλιρε

11) :- to make fruitless, disappoint. à-λιπάρης, έε, not fit for a suppliant.

άλιπεδον, τό, (άλε, πεδίον) a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraceus.

άλι-πλαγκτος, αν. (άλε, πλάζω) roaming in or by

the sea. άλίπλακτος, Dor. for άλἶπληκτος.

άλι-πλάνής, έε, (άλε, πλάνη) sea-wandering, was dering over the sea. Hence

άλιπλάνία, ή, a wandering over the sea, wanderingvoyage. άλί-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (άλε, πλήσσω)

sea-beaten, lasbed by the sea. άλί-πλοος, ον, contr. άλί-πλους, ουν, (άλε, πλέω)

merged in the sea, covered with water. άλι-πόρος, ον, (άλε, τείρω) ploughing the sea.

άλι-πόρφυρος, αν, (άλε, πορφύρα) of sea-purple, of deep parple dye.

alup-payle, ie, (Ele, paylera) breaking the maves, mainst sobich the tide breaks.

allo-partos, or, (als, paire) sea-entging.

άλίρ-ρηκτος, ον, - άλιρραγής.

alip-postion, or, also n, or, (ale, postos) roaring with waves, sea-beaten.

 $\tilde{a}\lambda i \rho$ - $\rho \circ \theta \circ s$ ,  $\sigma r$ ,  $- \dot{a}\lambda \iota \rho \rho \dot{a}\theta \iota \sigma s$ .

άλιρ-ρύτος, or, (άλε, ρίω) washed by the sea.

"AAIZ, Adv. (ålife) in beape, erosuds, esvarme, in abundance, enough, Lat. satis: also c. gen., δλιε δργύρου silver enough, Lat. sat argenti; άλιε έχω τινόε Ι have enough of a thing: rarely just enough, - perplan. ations, sor. I inf. of ations

"AAIΣΓΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, to pollute. Hence

άλίσγημα, ατοι, τό, a pollution.

Microus, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αίρίω: impf. ήλισκόμην: fut. άλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncop. ήλων, Att. also έάλων []; subj. άλω, Ep. άλώω; opt. άλοίην, Ep. άλψην; inf. άλώναι [d]; part. άλούs : pf. βλωκα, Att. also έάλωκα [d] : plqpf. hawever :-- to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's 2. to be caught, seized. 3. to be band. taken or saught in hunting: also absol to be over-4. rarely in good sense, to be suon, acbieved. II. to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; άλῶναι κλοπῆε to be convicted of theft.

 $\dot{a}\lambda \mathbf{L}$ - $\sigma \mathbf{T} \dot{a} \dot{b} \dot{a} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{S}$ ,  $\sigma \mathbf{V}$ ,  $-\mathbf{S} \mathbf{Q}$ .

άλι-στοφής, ές, (άλε, στέφω) sea-girt.

άλί-στονος, ον, (έλε, στένω) sea-resounding.

άλιστός, ή, έν, (άλίζω) salted, pickled.

άλι-στρεπτος, αν. (άλε, στρέφω) whirled or rolled and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.

altraire, f. drittow: 201. 2 thetor, inf. driter: later also sor. I thirmon. - Med. sor. 2 thirtoung. 3 pl. Ep. άλίτοντο, inf. άλιτέσθαι: see άλιτήμενοι: (dλη) -to sin or offend against, to transgress, err. d-Altaveuros, or, (a privat, Actoreou) not to be moved by prayer.

dittely, acr. 2 inf. of distration.

alterevies, is, (the, reliew) extracting along the sea, and so level, flat.

άλι-τέρμων, ον, gen. oros, (έλε, τέρμα) bounded by the seg, bondering on it.

allequa, aros, ró, (ditreir) a sin, offence.

aλίτημενος, a part. med. of άλιταίνω, with accent and signf. of pres., sinning, as if formed from dλίτημι. Compare τιθήμενος, Ερ. for τιθέμενος.

άλιτ-ήμερος, ον, (άλιτεθ, ήμερα) missing the right

day or right time: hence untimely born.

allithus, or, gen. oros, (altreir) sinful, wicked. aλίτηριος, ον, (άλιτεῖν) sinful, laden with guilt: durthouse rives sinning against him.

dhirovro, Ep. 3 pl. sor. 2 med. of dhiraires.

άλιτό-fevos, αν, (άλιτειν, ξένοε) sinning against a guest.

άλιτο-φροσύνη, ή, (άλιτεϊν, φρήν) α wicked mind. | ήλλαχα :—Pass., fut. 1 άλλαχθήσομαι, fut. 2 άλλαγή

άλιπραίνω, - άλιπαίνω. άλιτρία, ή, (άλιτρόε) sinfulness, wiehedness, mischiel.

άλιτρό-voos, αν, (άλιτρός, νόος) scieked-minded.

distroom, or, syncop. for distripose, (distress) sinful, einning: as Subst., dherpós, é, a einner, a knave.

άλί-τρυτος, or, also η, or, (άλε, τρόω) sea-beates, seg-worm. άλί-τύπος, ον. (άλε, τύπτω) sea-beaten, sea-tossed:

as Subst., άλίτυπος, ό, α seamsam. άλί-τύρος, δ, (έλε, τυρός) a salt cheese.

allog, Adv. of aluge, in vain.

άλιφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of άλείφα. άλιφθορία, ή, sbipureck. From

άλι-φθόρος, αν, (άλε, φθείρω) destroying on the seet as Subst. aliebopos, o, a pirase.

aluaios, a, or, (alun) strong, mighty.

άλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (άλκη) ε safeguard, bulsvark, defence. άλκαε, αντοε, δ, ή, Dor. contr. from άλκαειε, = άλ-

κή€ιε.

άλκή, ή, (άλαλκών) bodily strength, fores, protess. power, might: in plut. alreal, feats of strength. spirit, courage. III. a safeguard, defence; wa so belp, succour. IV. battle, fight.

άλκήσε, εσσα: Dor. άλκάσε contr. άλεφε, gon

άλεξντοι: (άλεή) valiant, mighty.

and, heterocl. Ep. dat. of another formed as if from

άλκί-μαχος, ον. (άλκή, μάχομαι) bravely-fighting. άλκιμος, or, also η, or, (άλκή) εtrong, stout, bratάλκι-φρων, αν, gen. ανος, (άλκη, φρην) stout-bearts. άλκτήρ, ήροι, ό, (άλαλκιῦν) one who wards off, ε protector.

άλκυονίδος, al, with or without ήμέραι, (άλκου) balcyon days, the 14 winter days during which the balcyon builds its nest, supposed to be guite calm. 'AAKY Ω'N, Gros, \$, the kingfisher, baleyon.

'AΛΛΑ', Conjunct., neut. pl. of άλλος, but with a change of accent:—in another way, otherwise: to oppose single clauses, but, Lat. autem. oppose whole sentences, but, yet, Lat. at :-- it may even be used with imperat,, to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. tandem; dan' ibi, dan' dye, well come, III. joined with other Particles: come now. άλλ' οὖν, but them, bowever. a. dilla gap, Lal enimoero, but really, certainly.

άλλαγή, ή, (άλλάσσω) a change: exchange, barts. άλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken in enchange, the price of a thing.

άλλαντοπωλίω, to sell sausages. From

άλλαντο-πώλης, ου, ό, (άλλᾶς, πωλέω) α sausage seller.

άλλάξαι, άλλάξασθαι, sor. I act. and med. inf. α άλλάσσω.

άλλαξιε, ece, ή, (ἀλλάσσω) a changing, interchange AAAAZ, arros, 8, a sausage.

άλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. dfw: aor. I βλλαfa: pl

POPER: SOT. I BALLEY BYP, SET. 2 BALLEY PP. BALLEYpu: (blow):—to make other than it is, to change, for another. Hence elter. Il. to give in enchange, to requite, re-1. to shange, and so leave, quit. to take in exchange, exchange, of two or duti two one thing for another. 2. to go to, c. acc. loci, IV. Med. to change or alter like Let mutare.

one oun, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exthange, interchange: hence to barter, traffie:-and to, either 1. to buy, or 2. to sell.

illaya, Adv. (άλλος) elsewhere, in another place, lat alibi; άλλοτε άλλαχή at one time in one place, it another in another.

άλλαχόθεν, Δάν. (άλλου) from another place: by

tnother way.

άλλαχόθι, Adv. (άλλοε) elsembere, somembere else. allagore, Adv elseubither, to another place. άλλιχοῦ, Adv. elsembere, somembere else, Lat. alibi. Wheyor, Whifel, Ep. for dréheyor, drahéfal, v.

balines,

άλλη, Adv. properly dat. fem. of άλλος, ldv. of Place: 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. ubi. 2. to another place, elsewhither, Lat. alier-II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, mebou die, otherwise, Lat. alias.

έλλ' ή, i. e. έλλο ή, except. άλλ-ηγορόω, (άλλοε, άγορεύω) to speak so as to imly other than subat is said, to express or to interpret

llegarically. έλ-ληκτος, ev, poët. for ά-ληκτος.

ιλληλοφάγία, ή, an eating one another. From illaho-payos, or, (allaham, payeir) sating one wiber.

ίλληλοφθορία, ή, mutual destruction. From ίλληλο-φθόρου, αν, (άλλήλαν, φθείρω) destroying u azotber.

illiplopovia, f, mutual slaughter. From iλληλο-φόνος, αν. (άλλήλων, \*φένω) murdering another.

λλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom.: dat. dλhas, as, as: acc. axxixave, as, a: (axxos):-of e another, to one another, one another. Hence

λλήλως, Adv. reciprocally, mutually. h-hioros, or, poöt. for d-hioros, (a privat., hioμαι) inexcorable.

h-hitaveuros, ar, post. fos, d-hitaveuros, (a vat., Acrarever) inessorable.

We-yerige, is, (allow, yeros) of another race: a eigner.

λλόγλωσσος, στ. (άλλος, γλώσσα) of a strange gue, foreign,

λλο-γνοέω, Ion. 201. I pert. άλλογνώσας, (άλλος, w) to take one person or thing for another, to mistake. λλό-γνωτος, ον, (άλλος, γιγνώσκω) mistaken for wber person or thing, unknown.

አλο-δἄπός, ή, ών, strange, foreign, belonging to aner people or land: ἀλλοδαπῆ (sc. γῆ) in a strange id. (Deriv. of -dawos uncertain.)

allosofie, f. 400, (allosofoe) to mistake one thing

addobolia, the a mistaking one thing for another. άλλό-δοξος, ον, (άλλος, δόξα) bolding another opinion. άλλο-ειδήε, έε, (άλλοε, elbos) of different form, looking differently.

Whole, Ep. elision for duhole.

άλλοθεν, Adv. (άλλοε) from another place, Lat.

άλλοθι, Adv. (άλλοι) elsewbere, in emother place, Lat. *alibi*. II. in another way, in another case, otberwise, Lat. alias.

άλλό-θροσε, αν, contr. -θρουε, συν, (άλλοε, θρόσε) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

άλλοιος, a, or, (άλλοι) of another sort or kind, dif-1 ferent, other:—Comp. άλλοιότερος, different. άλλοιόω, f. ώσω: acr. I ήλλοίωσα:--Pass., pf. ήλλοίωμαι: (άλλοῖοε):—to make different, to change,

alter: -Pass. to become different, be changed: esp. to be changed for the worse.

dhholms, Adv. of dhholos, othersoise.

**Φλλοκα**, Acol. for **Δλλοτ**ε,

άλλόκοτος, ον, (άλλος) of unusual kind, strange. monstrous: also utterly changed. Adv. -res.

"AAAOMAI, Lat. SAL-IO: fut. dAoûua: aor. I ήλάμην, inf. έλασθαι: 201. 2 ήλόμην; Εp. syncop. 2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) ἄλσο, ἄλτο; 3 subj. άληται, Ep. άλεται ; inf. άλέσθαι ; part. άλόμενοε, Ep.

άλμενος: Dep.:—to spring, leap, bound. άλλο-πρόσ-αλλος, δ, i.e. άλλοτε πρόε άλλον, οπε

who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain. "AAAOZ, q, o, Lat. ALIUS, another, other: άλλος τις, οι τλε άλλος, any other, some other: «ἶ τις άλλος, Lat. si quis alius, whoever else. is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as άλλοι άλλο λέγει one man says one thing, one another. 3. joined with the Art., δ άλλος, the other, the rest; in plur. of άλλοι, all the others, the rest, all besides, Lat. ceteri; τὰ δλλα, Lat. eetera, reliqua, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides: οί τε βλλοι καί..all others and especially..: so also dalas re mal... both otherwise and..., i.e. 4. allos is used with numerals, when especially. it means yet, still, further, etc.; πέμπτου ποταμόν II. more rarely like άλλοε, yet a fifth river. άλλοιοs, of other sort, different: hence 1. otber 2. ötber tban wbat is common, strange, foreign. tban wbat is, untrue, unreal.

άλλοσε, Adv. (άλλοε) to another place, elsewhither, to foreign lands, Lat. aliorsum.

άλλοτε, Adv. (άλλοε, δτε) at another time, at other times; addore.., addore.., at one time, at another. άλλο τι; Adv. (άλλος, τίε) anything else? Lat. numquid aliud? when followed by \$\eta\$, the sentence is elliptic, e. g. άλλο τι ή πεινήσονται; i. e. άλλο τι relourran, if recupourran; will they feel aught else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger? but f is sometimes omitted.

άλλοτριάζω, (άλλότριοε) to be estranged.

άλλοτριο-επίσκοπος, ου, (άλλοτριος, έπίσκοπος) α busy-body in other men's matters.

άλλοτριο-πράγου, (άλλότριου, πράσσω) to meddle with other people's business. Hence

άλλοτριοπράγια, ή, meddlesomeness.

άλλοτριος, a, or, (άλλοι) of or belonging to another. Lat. alienus, opp. to low; addorplor xaploacoa to be bountiful of subat is another's; άλλοτρίοιε γναθμοίε yelâr to laugh with a face unlike one's own, Horace's ridere malis alienis. II. foreign, Lat. peregrinus: hence strange, alien: also estranged, bostile.

άλλοτριότης, ητος, ή, (άλλότριος) estrangement.

άλλοτριό-χρως, χρωτος, ό, ή, (άλλότριος, χρώς) of divers colours.

άλλοτριόω, f, ώσω, to make strange, estrange, make bostile or ill-disposed :- Pass. to become estranged, be stade an enemy. II. to bring into another's bands: -Pass, to full into strangers' bands. Hence

δλλοτρίως, Adv. of άλλθτριος, strangely; άλλο-Trion Exert to be estranged.

άλλοτρίωσις, εως, ή, estrangement.

Whou, Adv. elsewbers, in another place, Lat. alibi.

δλ-λοφος, or, Ep. for ά-λοφος.

άλλο-φρονέω, f. ήσω, (άλλοι, φρονέω) to be of another mind: to give no beed to a thing. think otherwise than as one should, to think wrong-2, to be absent or unbeeding: also to be sensely, less, lose one's wits.

άλλό-φύλος, or, (άλλος, φυλή) of another tribe,

jereign, strange.

άλλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, οιν, (άλλος, χρόα)

of another colour, changeful of bue.

 $d\lambda\lambda\delta$ -χρωε, ωτοε,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , =  $d\lambda\lambda\delta$ χροσε, for eign.

άλλτδιε, Adv. (άλλοε) - άλλοσε, elsewbither: Hom. has it only with allow, e. g. allower allow one bither another thither.

άλλύεσκε, άλλύουσα [0], Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλόουσα: see άναλύω.

άλλως, Adv. of άλλος, in another way or manner, otherwise; άλλου του in some other way; άλλου το gal . . both otherwise and . . , i. e. especially, above all. II. otherwise than ... , differently: hence in 2. otherwise than as should good sense, better be: beedlessly, without purpose: without reason: also in vain: for nothing, like wpolks, Lat. gratis: hence μόνον, only, merely.

άλμα, τό, (άλλομαι) a spring, leap, bound.

αλμη, ή, (άλε) sea-water that has dried: also the 2. salt-water, brine. II. saltness.

άλμήτις, εσσα, er, (άλμη) salt, bring,

άλμυρός, ά, όν, (άλμη) salt, bring. metaph. bitter, distasteful, like Lat. amarus.

'AΛΟΛ'Ω, poët. άλοιάω: 3 sing. Ep. impf. άλοία: fut. άλοήσω: 201. Ι ζλόησα, Ερ. ζλοίησα:- Pass., nor. I ηλοήθην: pf. ηλόημαι:— to thresh, thresh out: co cudgel.

4-λοβοs, or with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims.

Choyée, f. how, (theyos) to pay no regard to a thing. take no beed of it, Lat. rationem rel non babere. to be out of one's senses. Hence

alloyla, h, want of regard or esteem, contempt. want of reason, senselessness, folly.

ά-λόγιστος, ον, (a privat., λογίζομαι) unreasoning, tboughtless, silly. IL not to be reckoned. not to be beeded, vile.

I. without speech, speechless. ά-λογοs, or, II. unspoken, i. c. unutterable, Lat. infandus without reason, irrational. 2. not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd. oned upon, unexpected.

'AAO'H, the alos, a plant.

άλοητός, δ, (άλοάω) threshing or threshing-time άλόθεν, Adv. (άλε) from or out of the sea.

άλοια, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of άλοιάω.

άλοιάω, poët, for άλοάω.

άλοίην, acr. 2 opt. of άλίσκομαι.

ά-λοιδόρητος, ον, (α privat., λοιδορίω) sourceiled: not to be reviled.

å-λοίδοροε, ev, not reviling.

άλοιφή, ή, (άλείφω) anything for smearing: bog's lard, grease: also anointing-oil, anguent: generally, ointment, varnish, paint.

άλοκίζω, f. σω, (άλοξ) to trace furrows, to write, draw.

άλόντο [ἄ], dual aor. 2 part. of άλίσκομαι. "AAOE, occe, to a post form of askaf, never used in nom. sing., a furrow ploughed in a field: ploughed

land, corn-land. 2. in the skin, a gasb, soound. 'Αλοσ-ύδνη, ή, (δλε, ύδνηε) the sea-born: child 🛊 the sea, a name of Amphitrité and of Thetis.

άλό-τριψ, ϊβοε, δ. (άλε, τρίβω) a pestle for pound ing salt.

έλ-ουργής, see άλουργός.

άλ-ουργίε, ίδοε, ή, (άλουργόε) a purple robe. άλ-ουργός, όν, and άλ-ουργής, ές, (άλε, εξηνεί purple-wrought, i.e. dyed with sea-purple, of a gancia purple: in pl., τα άλουργή purple robes.

δλούε, δλούσα, 20r. 2 part. of δλίσκομαι. [&] adovota, h, want of the bath. From

ά-λουτος, (a privat., λούω) unwasben.

d-hopos, Ep. 6h-hopos, or, without a creet.

d-loxes, ou, f, (a copul., lexes) the partner of and bed, a wife.

άλόω, Ep. for άλάου, pres. imperst. of άλάομας. έλπνιστος, η, αν, Sup. of obsol. έλπνος, executes loveliest.

"AAZ, alos, e, Lat. SAL, Engl. SALT: in sing. grain or lump of salt; in plur, salt as prepared for we

AΛΣ, δλόε, ή, the sea. άλσο, άλτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. acr. 2 of άλλ*ομ*α. "AAZOZ, eoe, to, a place grown with trees as

grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove: also a glade. άλσ-άδης, εε, (άλσοε, είδοε) like a grove, woodles άλτϊκός, ή, όν, (άλλομαι) good at leaping, mimbl āλϋκόs, ή, όν, (ἄλε) salt.

άλνκτάζω, f. άσω, (άλύω) to be in trouble or all

IL (a privat.,

true: also pl. pass. dlalburnpus, as if from a pres. diverses,

έλυκτο-πέδη, ή, (έλυκτος ΙΙ, πέδη) an indissoluble bond or fetter.

Aucros, or, (also) troubled. λύω) = άλυτος, indissoluble. άλψαι, ser. I inf. of αλύσκω.

Wife, em, h. (dhione) on escaping, avoiding. b-hurgros, ev. (a privat., hurles) not pained or grieved. IL act. not paining or distressing.

4-Abros, or, (a privat., Avry) without pain or grief, inspained. IL act. not paining, eausing no pain

ox grief, barmless.

6-hipos, or, (a privat., hipa) without the lyre, unoccompanied by it: hence mournful. Eluous, ess. f. a chain, band. (Deriv. uncertain.)

d-Abotrehin, és, useless, un profitable: hence burt-

fel. Adv. -λών. ahurraja, strengthd. for ahura, used only in pres.

and impf. άλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκω.

άλύστω: fut. άλύξω and άλύξομαι: 20τ. Ι ήλυξα, Ep. άλυξα: (άλδω):—to flee from, sbun, avoid, for sake.

thurou, f. sew, (alia) to be uneasy, have no rest. d-horos, or, (a privat., Asse) not to be loosed or

broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless. 4-λυχνοs, or, without lamp or light.

'AΛΥΩ, Att. άλύω, used only in pres. and impf.: [έλη, έλάομαι):—to wander, of the mind, to be ill

" ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like

imple: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy.

n Hom., 9 in Att.] 'ΑΛΦΑ'ΝΩ; 20τ. 2 ήλφον, 3 sing. opt. άλφοι:--b bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. obovor

hoaren to incur envy.

alpeir, sor. 2 inf. of dladeres. έλφεσί-βοιος, α, αν, (άλφεῖν, βοῦς) bringing in men: hence of maidens whose parents receive many cen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.

άλφηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀλφεῖν) always in phrase άνδρες honoral, gain-seeking, enterprizing, industrious sens esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

ελφίτ-άμοιβός, δ, (άλφιτον, άμείβω) a dealer in wley-meal.

'AATITON [1], to, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. pom/a: sing. only in phrase dλφίτου dæτή, barley-meal: sewhere in plur. άλφιτα, barley-groats, and the cakes

: porridge made of it. 2. metaph. one's daily 'ead, one's substance: πατρξαάλφιτα one's patrimony. iλφίτοworts, ή, a preparing of barley-meal. From iλφιτο-ποιός, δ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.

ίλφιτο-σττέω, f. ήσω, (άλφιτον, σιτέω) to eat, live t barley-meal, or bread made of it.

ίλφοι, 3 sing. 20τ. 2 opt, of άλφάναι

No, acc. of Exer. λώ, 201. 2 subj. of άλίσκομαι. [ά]

Dwaves, h, ov. (Elan) used on a threshing-floor.

άλωή, Dor. άλωά, pošt. for Att. άλω:

threshing-floor. II. any levelled plot of ground, a garden, orebard, vineyard, etc.

άλώη, Ep. for άλφ, 3 sing. 20r. 2 subj. of άλίσκο-II. άλφη, Ep. for άλοίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of same verb.

άλωίτης, ου, δ, (άλωή) a busbandman, gardener. [d]

aloudvan, Ep. for alar-i, sor. 2 inf. of allowoμαι. [ἄ] άλώμενος, η, ον, part. of άλάομαι.

δλων, arcs, ή, - άλως. alavar sor. 2 inf. of allowomer. [4]

alwaref, t, Att. contr. from Ion. alwaref (sub. δορά): (ἀλάντη!) a fonskin.

alumentas, ov, b, (alwent) branded with a fox.

άλωπεκιδεύε, έωε, δ, (άλωπηξ) a fox's cub. άλωπεκίζω, f. low, (άλώπηξ) to play the fou, Lat.

vul pinari. άλωπίσιον, τό, Dim. of άλώπηξ, α little fou. άλωπεκίε, ίδοε, ή, (άλωπηξ) a mongrel between for

and dog. II. a fox-skin cap.

AANIHE, esce, 4, a fost, Lat. vulpes: metaph. of men.

"ΑΛΩΣ, ω, ή: gen. άλω or άλωσε: acc. άλω, έλων or alwa: pl. n. alw:-a threshing-floor. disk of the sun or moon.

ἀλώστμος, ον, (άλωναι) easy to take, catch, win, ot conquer. 2. of the mind, easy to apprehend.

(Execus) of or belonging to capture or conquest. άλωσιε, εωε, ή, (άλῶναι) a taking, eapture, conquest II. as law-term, detection, conviction.

**δλώσομαι**, fut. of δλίσκομαι. άλωτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of άλωναι, to be taken.

caught or conquered: to be acquired.

άλω, Ep. for άλω, 201. 2 subj. of άλίσκομα. άμ, for ἀνά;—but άμ, for άμα.

I. Adv. at once. Lat. simul. Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with. dua, Dor. for άμα.

Apalav, ivos, h, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also ' Α μαζονίδεε.

duabalvo. (duabhs) to be ignorant, stupid. ά-μαθής, έε, (a privat., μαθείν) untaught, unicarned,

stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without know-. II. pass. not learnt, unknown. ledge of a thing. Hence

άμαθία, ή, want of knowledge, ignorance.

audions, ocova, oer, contr. aualous, ovova, ov, (άμαθοε) — Ep. 1, μαθύειε, sandy.

AMAOOE, h, (hupos) sand, a sandy soil; see ψάμμου. [ἄμἄ-]

άμαθύνω, (άμαθοε) to level with the sand, utterly destroy. άμαθώς, Adv. of άμαθής, ignorantly; άμαθώς έχευν

to be ignorant. ά-μαιμάκετος, η, or, lengthd. form of άμαχος, irresistible, buge, enormous.

kheeve, έων, Ερ. ήσε, δ. (άλωή) a thresher, vine-dresser. | ἀμαλδύνω, ροξι. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλύε) properly to

soften: hence to erush, destroy, ruis. 2. metaph. to bide, disguise.

δ-μάλθακτος, or, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) unsoftened. διμαλλα, ή, (διμάω) a bundle of ears of corn, sheaf. διμαλλο-δετήρ, ήροε, and διμαλλο-δετής, οῦ, ὁ, (διμαλλα, δέω) a binder of sheaves.

`dμάλός, Att. δμαλός, ή, όν, -- δεταλός, εοft, light, Lat. tener. 2. weak, feeble.

disata, Att. Eurota, h, (dyw) a carriage, a wagon or wain.

2. the carriage of the plough, Lat. currus.

3. Charles wain in the heavens, the great tear.

4. a carriage-road. Hence

auafevoua, Pass. to be traversed by wagons, to have wagon-roads through it.

anateus, ice, i, (anata) a wagoner.

auaf-hadros, or, (auafa, elaine) traversed by sagons.

åμαξ-ήρηκ, εε, (ἄμαξα, <sup>®</sup>άρω, Root of ἀραρίσκω) attached or belonging to a wagon or carriage.

dualitation, a, or, (duala) fit for a wagon: large enough to load a wagon, of stones.

auafia, idoe, fi, Dim. of auafa, a little wagon, Lat. ploatellum: a go-cart.

processism; a go-ears.

apafetrys, ov, s, (apafa) of or belonging to a spagon. [1]

άμαξ-ζτός, όν, (άμαξα, εξμ.) traversed by wagons: 2s Subst. ἀμαξιτός (sub. όδός), ή, a bigb-road for wagons. ἀμαξο-πληθής, ές, (άμαξα, πλήθος) large enough to fill a wagon.

åμαξ-συργόε, ω, (άμαξα, \*έργω) making wagons or carriages.

άμαρ, ατοε, τό, Dor. for ήμαρ.

AMA PA, ή, a trench, conduit, water-course. [ἄμὰρᾶ] ἀμαράντινος, η, ον, - ἀμάραντος.

d-mapavros, ov, (a privat., mapalru) unfading.

'AMAPTANΩ; fut. ἀμαρτήσομαι, later -ήσω: 201. 1 ἡμάρτησα: 201. 2 ἡμαρτον, inf. ἀμαρτεῦν. Ερ. by metath. (with β inserted) ἡμβροτον: pf. ἡμάρτηκα: Pass., 201. 1 ἡμαρτήθην: pf. ἡμάρτημαι:—to miss, miss the mark, c. gen.: hence 2. generally to fall of doing, fall of one's purpose, go wrong: to be deprived of a thing, loss it.

II. to fail, do wrong, err, sin.

анарточ, Ep. sor. 2 of анартажи.

άμαρτείν, sor. 2 inf. of άμαρτάνω.

άμαρτή, or άμαρτή, Adv. (άμα) together, at the same time, at once. [άμ-]

άμαρτήσομαι, fut. of άμαρτάνω.

άμάρτημα, τό, (άμαρτεῖν) a failure, error, sin. άμαρτητικόε, ή, όν, (άμαρτεῖν) prone to fail or err.

άμαρτία, ή, (άμαρτεῖν) a failure, error, sin.
. ἀμαρτί-voos, ον, (άμαρτεῖν, νύοε) erring in mind, distraught.

άμάρτιον, τό, - άμόρτημα.

duapro-enhs, έs, (dμapreir, ξποε) failing in words, speaking at random or idly.

d-μαρτύρητος, ον, (α privat., μαρτύρθω) without

2. metaph. Δ-μάρτυρος, ον, (α privat., μάρτυν) without witness,

άμαρτωλή, ή, - άμορτία.

άμαρτωλόε, όν, (άμαρτάνω) sinful, bardened in sin. άμαρυγή, ή, — μαρμαρυγή, α sparkling, twinkling, glaneing, of objects in motion. [v, but in Ep. Ū.] άμαρυγμα, τό, a sparkle, twinkle, quick motion. From

AMAPY ZZO, only used in pres. and impf. to sparkle, twinkle, glance.

åμαs, Dor. for ήμαs.

άμα-τροχάω, only used in Ep. part. άματροχόων, (άμα, τρέχω) to rum together, rum along with. Hence άματροχιά, ή, a running together or clashing of subsels. άμαυρόε, ά, όν, dark, dim, faint, obscure. 2. baving no light: hence blind, sightless, dusly, gloomy. II. metaph. dim, uncertain. 2. οδεινε, unknown. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

dμαυρόω, f. ωσω: aor. I ήμαύρωσα: pf. ήμαύρωσα:

—to make dark or dim:—mostly in Pass. to become
dark or dim; also to come to nothing.

II. metaph, to eclipse: to weaken, impair.

apaxel, Adv. of apaxos, without resistance.

d-μάχετος, ω, poët. for dμάχητος. dμάχητί, Adv. of dμάχητος, without fighting.

d-μάχητος, or, (a privat., μάχομαι) not to be fought with, unconquerable.

II. never baving fought.

άμαχί, Adv. of άμαχος, = άμαχεί.

d-μάχος, or, (a privat., μάχη) without battle, and so I. with whom no one fights, unconquered: unconquerable, of persons: of plat's, impregnable.

II. act. not baving fought.

2. disinclined to fight.

"AMA Ω: contr. impf. ημων: f. dμήσω: aor. I ημησα:—Pass., aor. I ημήσην: pf. ημημαι — to reaf to mou: also to gaiber in, as a reaper dues corn, & collect. [generally, & Ep.: & Att.]

duβ-, for dvaβ-, at the beginning of words.

åμβαίη, Ep. fer åraβαίη, 3 sing. 201. 2 opt of åra**βαίνω.** åμβαλλώμεθα, Ion. 2nd Ep. for åraβαλλ—. åμβάσι**ε**, ή, poët. for årά-βασιε.

άμβλίσκω and άμβλόω: f. άμβλώσω: aor. I ξηβλωσα: pf. ήμβλωκα: (άμβλόε):—to bave an abortion, miscarry.

άμβλύνω [v], δνω: 20τ. 1 ήμβλδνα:—Pass., fut. άμβλυνθήσομα: 20τ. 1 ήμβλύνθην: pf. ήμβλυμμα: (άμβλύs):—to blunt, dull, take the edge off, Lat. bebetare:—Pass. to become blunt or dull, loss the edge. 'AMBAT', εᾶ, ψ, blunt, dulled, with the edge or point taken off, Lat. bebes: metaph. dull. faint, feebles: of persons, spiritless, sluggish. Hence

άμβλύτης [v], ητος, ή, dulness: sluggisbness.

άμβλύ-ωπος, ον, = άμβλωπος.

άμβλυώσσω, Att. -ττω, (άμβλύε) to be dim-sighted or blind.

άμβλωπός, br, and άμβλ-ώψ, ώπος, δ, ή, (άμβλώς, ώψ) dim-looking, dark, obscure.

άμ-βολάβην, Adv., poët. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀναβάλλω) bubbling up. II. (ἀναβολή) like a prelucie.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ folds, for dra-flolds, diso, \$\frac{1}{2}\$, (draβάλλω) γ\$ | deflorás earth thrown up.

έμβολι-φργός, όν, (ἀναβάλλα, έργαν) poët. for ἀνα-Box., putting off work, lazy.

άμβροσία, Ica. -ίη, ή, (properly fem. of άμβρόσιου) embrosia, the food of the gods.

du-βρόσιος, α, or, lengthd. form of du-βροτος, im-

mortal, divine, of divine nature. II. of things belonging to the gods, ambrosial, divinely fair. αμβροτάν, Ep. for αμαρτείν, act. 2 inf. of αμαρτάνω. poros, or, (a privat., sporós) immortal, divins.

άμβώσας, Ion. for draβοήσας, 201. I part. of draβοάω.

dui or dui, Dor. for huis.

ά-μέγαρτος, ον, (α privat., peyalpu) unenvied, unproviable, unicappy: as a reproach, seretebed, miserable: also borrible.

άμαθύστινος, η, ον, of amsthyst. From

d-μίθυστος, or, (a privat., μεθύω) not drunken. П. as Subst. Δμέθυστος, ή, οι Δμέθυστον, τό, α remedy against drunkenness: 1. a kind of berb. the precious stone, amethyst,

'AMEI'BΩ, Ep. impf. dμειβον: fut. duebles: nor. 1 I. Act. to change, exchange; xáxrea xprocies refixed audificer to exchange golden arms for brasen: esp. of place, to change it, and so to pass, cross: like Lat. muto, either to quit a place, or to go to II. intrans. in part. & duelfort = duochable. in exchange: ducificates of, rafters that cross each III. Med. to change one with another, do in turn or alternately. 2. to answer, reply 3. to repay, requite, avenge. 4. like Act. to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in: metaph, to surpass,

d-μείδητος, or, (a privat., μειδάω) not smiling, gloomy. a-melluctos, er, (a privat., meiligge) unsoutbed: barsh, cruel.

å-μείλιχος, er, = foreg. barsb, severe: relentless, unauraged.

aμείνων, or, gen. oros, irreg. Comp. of δγαθός, better: of persons, abler, stronger, braver.

'AMEI'PΩ, - duipto. ἀμειψάμενος, ἀμειψασθαι, acr. I med. of ἀμείβα. άμετήτε, eas, ή, (άμείβα) exchange: succession.

'AME'ATO, f. f. to, to MILK, Lat. MULGERE. to press or squeeze out: metaph. to drain, exhaust. to sip, drink.

ducken, imperat. of ducken, never mind. Hence as 'Adv. by all means, of course.

άμελαι, ή, (άμελή») boodlessnoss, indifference. duckernola, h, want of practice or attention. From

a-meléraros, or, (a privat., melerán) unpractised, unprepared.

άμελόω, f. ήσω: acr. I ημέλησα, Ep. dμ-: pf. ημέληκα: (ἀμελήε):— to be careless, beedless, negli-2. to neglect, have no care for, slight. 3. to overlook, and so to let, suffer. 4. to neglect to do:-Pass. to be neglected, slighted, overlooked.

d-patife, és, (a privat., pites) caroless, becelless, neg-II. pass, uncared for, unbeeded. duelythor, verb. Adj. of dueldes, one must neglect. dμέλητος, er, (dμελέω) like dμελής, not eared for: unworthy of ears.

duchia, of, post. for dulhera, beedleseness.

ά-μέλλητος, ον, (a privat., μέλλω) not delayed: not to be delayed. duckfie, com, ή, (dμέλγω) a milking.

ducker, Adv. of ducker, carelessly: ducker from to be careless.

d-papertos, or, (a privat., psepopal) not to be blamed, blameless: of things, perfect: - Adv. -ress, se as to merit no blame. II. act, not blaming, find ing no fault, well content.

d-parties, és, - (pepartes II.

άμεμφία, ή, (άμεμφήε) blamelessness, freedom from blame. duevas, for déparas, Ep. inf. of des, to satisfy.

à-pergrés, ér, (a privat., pérce) faint, feeble: seeakly or sickly. Hence

d-pergrow. Ep. 201. I duerfreeta, to make weak deaden the force of.

δμέρα, Dor. for ήμέρα.

AMEPTO, f. foe, to pluck or pull, Lat. decerpere. άμερδω, f. σω: nor. I ήμερσα, Ep. άμ-: nor. I pass. ήμερθην: (prob. from a privat., μέροε):—to deprive of one's share, bereave one of .- Pass. to be bereft of a thing, lose it.

d-μέριμνος, ον, (a privat., μέριμνα) free from eare, unconserned. II. pass. uncared for, unbeeded, driving away care.

autous, Dor. for hutpice.

d-μέριστος, ον, (a privat., μερίζω) undivided. άμερό-κοιτος, Dor. for ήμερό-κοιτος. auspos, Dor. for huspos.

άμερσε, άμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. I of ά*μέρδα*. aute or aute, Dor. for huels.

å-μετάθετος, ον, (α privat., μετατίθημι) unchangeable: 70 aueraverov, unchangeableness.

d-metanivytos, or, (a privat., metanivio) immovable. ά-μετάκλαστος, ον, (a privat., μετακλάω) not to be

broken: unalterable. ά-μεταμέλητος, αν, (α privat., μεταμέλει) unrepented of. II. act. not repenting, unchanging.

a-peravontos, or, (a privat., peravola) - unres pented of. II. act. unrepentant.

d-perameters, or, (a privat., perametha) unper

suadable. å-μετάπτωτος, ον, (α privat., μεταπίπτω) unchange.)

able ά-μετάστατος, er, (a privat., μεθίστημι) unalterable. à-peracreurel, Adv. (a privat., peracrpéque) with-

out turning about. ά-μετάστροφος, ον, (α privat., μεταστρέφω) κυκαίterable.

d-pererpentos, or, (a privat., perarpenu) unalter-

dutrepos, Dor. for hutrepos.

αμετορος, Doc. 10t ημετορος.
ά-μέτρητος, οτ, (a pireate, μετρέω) immeasurable, imminee, Lat. immensus: unnumbered, exhaustless.
άμετρό-βλος, ον, (άμετρος, βίου) of an immeasurable life.

huerpo-ente, le, (duerpoe, tros) immoderate in words, unbridled of toneus.

duespo-πότης, ov. δ, (duespos, πότης) drinking to

d-perpos, or, (a privat., pérpor) without méasure, framense, boundless, incessant. 2. immoderate.

å-μέτρως, Adv. of dμετροε, infinitely. ἀμευσί-πορος, ον, (dμεδω, πόροε) – τρίοδοε, Lat. zvisium, where three paths cross.

dμεύω, Acol. for dμείβω: acr. I med. inf. dμεύ-

sasta :-- to surpass, excel, conquer.

"AMH, h, a showed or mattock. 2. a water-bucket, pail, Lat. bama. 3. a barrow, rake.

dul, Att. dul, Adv., properly for duβ, dat. fem. of du6e = rie, in a certain way: dunyéwn, in some way, somebow or other. [d]

duty, Hebr. Adv. verily, of it truth: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ duty, certainty.

d-universe, or, (a privat., unries) not wrathful.
"AMHE, wroe, 6, a kind of milk cake.

dinordiseves, sor. I med. part, of dudes.

dμητήρ, ήρος, δ, (dμόω) a reaper: metaph, one subo cuts doses, a destroyer. [ā]

άμητος, δ, (έμάω) a reaping, barvesting: also barvest, barvest-time.

II. a barvest or crop.

d-μήτωρ, οροε, δ, \$, (a privat., μήτηρ) without mother, motherless. II. unlike a mother.

dμηχανέω: impf. ημηχάνουν: fut. ησω: (dμήχανου):—to be at a loss or in want. Hence

dμηχάνία, Ion. -ίη, ή, want of means, belplessness, listress. II. bardsbip, trouble.

d-μήχανος, or, (a privat., μηχανή) without means or resource, belpless. II. more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable.

άμηχανόωσι, άμηχανόων, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from dμηχανόω.

å-μίαντος, ον, (α privat., μαίνω) undefiled, pure. ἀμί-θεος, Dor. for ἡμί-θεος.

d-μικτος, or, (a privat., μίγννμ) unmixed, pure. II. not misgling with others, unsociable, savage. III. not to be mingled, irreconcilable:— Adv. άμlκτως, θυρ. άμικτότατα.

\*AMIAAA, ne, h, a contest for superiority, rivalry; generally, a struggle, conflict. [d] Hence

άμιλλάομαι, fut. φσομαι: aor. I med. ημιλλησάμην and pass. ημιλλήθην: pf. ημίλλημαι: Dep.:—to compete, sie, or contend with one, Lat. aemulari.

[Il. generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Henco

αμιλλητίον, verb. Adj. one must compete.

δμίλλημα, τό, (άμιλλάομαι) a contest, conflict.

διμλλητήρ, τροε, (άμιλλάομαι) a competitor, rival. αμιμητό-βιοε, or, (άμιμητοε, βίοε) inimitable in and a life, d-μίμητος, or, (a μτίνει, μιμόσρας) inimitable.
dμιξία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (άμικτος) a being unmined,
purity.
2. want of intercourse, unsociableness.
dμ-νπτος, or, (άμα, Ιστος) along with horses, i.e.
flest as a horse.
2. άμιστοι, ol, infantry mixed
with cavalry.

'AMI' E, idoe, a chamber-pot.

åμισής, ές, (α privat., μίσος) mithout hatred, not hateful: Comp. αμισέστερος.

aμισθί, Adv. of aμισθου, without reward.

d-μισθος, or, (a privat., μισθύε) without pay or reward.
d-μίσθωτος, or, (a privat., μισθύω) not let out on bire, not leased.

d-μιτρο-χίτωνες, ol, (a privat., μίτρε, χιτών) wearing no girdle with their coat of mail.

ά-μχθάλόσε, εσσα, er, lengthd. form of άμικτος, inaccessible, inbospitable.

dμμ-, poët. for draμ-. For words omitted under dμμ-, see under draμ-.

διμια, ατοε, τό, (διτω) anything tied or made to tie: 1. a knot. 2. a noose, balter. 3. a cord, band.

άμμα, Aeol. and Ep. for ήμας.
άμ-μένω, poët. for άνα-μένω.
άμ-μένω, Aeol. and Ep. for ήμεις.
άμ-μένον, poët. for άνα μέσον.
άμμεν, Aeol. for ήμων.
άμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ήμαν.
άμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ήμαν.
άμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for άνα-μεγα.
άμμιξας, Ep. aor. I part. of άναμέγνυμ.

άμμνάσει, άμμνάσειεν, Dor. for ώναμνήσει, άνα μνήσειεν, fut. and aor. I of άναμμνήσεια.

άμμο-δύτης, ου, δ, (άμμος, δύω) sand-burrocour, a kind of snake.

άμμορία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (άμμορος) ill fortune.

dimopos, or, poët. for d-mopos, without lot or abars in a thing: absol. unfortunate, unbappy.

"AMMOΣ or διμμος, ή, sand: also a sandy place, race-course. See ψάμμος. βμμό-τροφος, ον, (άμμος, τρέφω) growing see sand.

άμμ-ώδης, es, (άμμος, είδοε) sandy.
'Αμμονιάς, άδος, οτ 'Αμμονία, ίδος, ή, ('Αμμον') οί

'Aμμωνία, άδος, οτ 'Αμμωνία, ίδος, ἡ, ('Αμμων') of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon, i. c. African.

αμνάμων [ā], Dor. for αμνήμων.

άμναστίω, άμναστος, Dor. for άμνηστ-... άμνείος, α, ον, (άμνόε) of a lamb.

άμνη, ή, fem. of άμνύε, α esse-lamb.

d-μνημόνουτος, ον, (a privat., μνημονεύω) semmentioned, unbeeded.

άμνημονίω, f. ήσω: 201. Ι ήμνημώνησα:—10 be άμνημων, be unmindful: 10 make no mension of,

pass over.
duvuunoovvu, i, forgesfulness. From

å-μνήμων, ον, gen. ονοε, (α privat., μνήμωη) ammindful, forgetful.
2. pass. forgotten, most mentioned.

d-unforeuros, f., (a privat., unforebu) assessmed, not sought in marriage.

άμνηστίω, (άμνηστοε) to be unmindful, to forget: | -Pus. to be forgotten.

durhou, post. fut. of dramporhous.

durnorie, h. forgetfulness: en amnesty. From b-urnatos, or, (a privat., prácual) forgotten, no

longer remembered.

aprior, to, a boul in which the blood of victims was

cought. (Deriv. uncertain.)

apris, idos, t. - apris.

apro-rais, ourros, o, (apris, rota) sheep-minded, i. c. umple.

'AMNO'E, & and \$, a lamb: declined derie, deri, topa, appear etc., as if from a nom. "ape.

άμνο-φόρος, should be μαννο-φέρος. αμογητί, Adv. without toil or effort. From

α-μόγητος, or, (a privat., μογέω) without toil, un-

maried, untiring. άμόθεν, Att. αμόθεν, Adv. (άμθε) from some place or other.

άμόθι or άμοθεί, Adv. (άμόε) somewhere.

dμοῖ, Adv. (dμόε) somewhither.

άμοιβάδιος, α, ον, - άμοιβαίος. άμοιβάδίε, Adv. (άμοιβή) by turns, Dat. alternatim. άμοιβαίος, or, also η, οτ α, ον, (άμοιβή) interchang-

ing, alternate: of verses, amoebasan, answering one another. II. giving like for like, retributive :-

Adv. -en, in requital.

άμοιβάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of αμοιβαίος; χλαίνα άμοιβάε a cloak for a change.

αροιβή, ή, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return: hence

repayment, atonement: revenge. 2. an an-II. change, exchange, barter.

αμοιβηδίε, Adv. (αμοιβή) alternately. άμοιβός, δ, (άμείβω) a successor, follower. · II.

as Adj. in requital or in exchange for. apolose, to have no share in a thing. From

d-μοιρος, or, (a privat., μοίρα) without share in a thing, bereft of it. II. absol, unfortunate.

άμολγαίος, a, or, (άμέλγω) of milk, made with milk. άμολγεύς, έως, δ, (άμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. muletra. άμολγός, δ, (άμέλγω) the milking time, i.e. morning

and evening twilight; the four bours either before dayreak or after sunset, and so generally night-time. α-μομφος, ev, (a privat., μομφή) blameless.

άμορβός, οῦ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

αμοργίνος, ov, made of fine flax. From αμοργίε, ίδοε, ή, fine flan from the isle of Amorgos.

L-μopos, or, (a privat., μόροι) without share of, deitute of. II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

huopola, f, ill shape, deformity. From L-12-0pφos, or, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, misshapen,

usbapely, unseemly: Comp. αμορφέστερος. igaos or apos, ή, ω, Acol. and Ep. for ήμως, ήμετερος.

imos, in Att. Poets for embe. iguos. Att. auos, an old form for els, and so = 7ls,

it only used in the Adv. forms αμή, αμίθεν, αμού,

mos, Dor. for huos, as, when.

δμοτος, or, insatiate, ravening, savage: neut. δμοτος, as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain). auou, Att. auou, Adv. of auos, somewhere. άμουσία, ή, want of barmony: rudeness, grossness,

boorishness. From d-pouros, or, (a privat., Movra) without the Muses.

without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish: of things, coarse, vulgar, gross. aμοχθεί, Adv. of aμοχθοε, without toil or trouble.

ά-μόχθητος, ον. (a privat., μοχθίω) - sq. Adv. -του. d-μοχθος, ev, (a privat., μόχθος) suitbout toil or II. not weary.

dμπ-, poët. abbrev. for draw-, under which will be found many words beginning with dur-. άμ-πεδίον, άμ-πεδιήρειε, άμ-πελαγος, should be

written du medior, i. e. drd medior, etc. dunelpartes, Ep. 201. I part. of dranelpar άμ-πέλαγος, for drd πέλαγος.

άμπελεών, ώνοε, δ, poët. for άμπελέν, a sineyard. duntalivos, or, also n, or, (duntalos) of the vine.

άμπέλιον, τό, Dim. of dureλου. durreble, idos, f. - foreg., a vine-plant.

kind of bird. dunchbas, essa, er, (dunchos) rich in vines, vine-

άμπελο-εργόε, όν, - contr. άμπελουργόε, q. v. άμπελο-μιξία, ή, (άμπελος, μίξιε) an interminture of vines.

'AMIIEAOZ, ή, a vine, Lat. vitis.

άμπελουργέω, to dress or prune vines. From άμπελ-ουργός, δ. (άμπελος, έργον) a vinedresser. άμπελο-φύτωρ, opos, δ, (άμπελος, φύω) producer of

the vine, a name of Bacchus. άμπελών, ώνοε, δ, (άμπελοε) a vineyard.

άμ-πεπαλών. Ep. for draweraλών, redupl. 201. 2 part. of dvaπάλλω. άμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερές,

resolved, as, διά δ' άμπερέε, for διαμπερεε δέ. aumeracov, aumeracoa, poet, sor. I imper. and part.

of draggetárrum.

άμπεχόνη, ή, (άμπέχω) a fine upper garment.

άμπ-έχω and άμπ-ίσχω: Ep. impf. άμπεχον: fut. άμφέξω: 20r. 2 ήμπισχον, inf. άμπισχείν, part. άμπισχών:--Med. αμπέχομαι and αμπίσχομαι: impi. ήμπειχύμην: fut. Δμφέξομαι: 201. 2 ήμπεσχόμην, part. ἀμπισχόμενος: (ἀμφί, ἔχω):—to surround, cover, Lat. cingere. II. to put round or over

Lat. circumdare. See άμπισχνέομαι. duntidage, for drentinge.

άμ-πίπλημι, for **ἐ τα-π**ίμπλημι.

aumioxelv, sor, a inf. of dur-txu. dumogytopan - duntyopan to put on, Lat. circum-

induor. άμπίσχω, v. sub άμπέχω.

άμπλακείν, 201. 2 inf. of άμπλακίσκω,

άμπλάκημα, ατος, τό, (άμπλακείν) an error, offence. άμπλάκητος, ον, (άμπλακτῶν) sinful, loaded with guilt.

**Εμπλακία, ή, –** δμπλάκημα.

άμπλάκιον, τό, = άμπλάκημα.

άμπλακίσκω, fut. άμπλακήσω: pf. ήμπλάκηκα: 201. 2 ήμπλάκον:—Pass., pf. ήμπλάκημα::—like άμαστάνω, to miss, fail, fall sbort of, c. gen.

φωπνευμα, όμπνεθοται, etc., poët. for άναπν... φωπνέω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of άναπνέω. άμπνύνθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of άναπνέω. άμπνύντο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of άμπνέω.

άμ-πόνον, for άνα πύνον. άμπτάμενος, άμπταίην, τ. άναπέτομαι.

dustricate: acr. I pass. ημετικάσθην: (dustrif):—to bind the bair with a band: generally, to bind, wreathe. dustrifp, προε, δ, — (dustrif) a band, fillet: also a borse's bridle. Hence

durunt hous, a, or, of a borse's bridle or frontlet.

duruf, θεοε, δ or \$, (duréχω) a band or fillet for binding the hair, a bead-band, snood.

II. the bead-band of borses: also a bridle.

III. any-

thing rounded, a wheel
dummers, fi, gen. ew Ion. 10s, shortened from dráwarts (drawirw), a being drunk up: of the sea, the

ebb-tide.

άμυγδαλέα, contr. -αλή, ή, the almond-tree.
'ΑΜΥΓΔΑ'ΛΗ, ή, an almond. [δά] Hence
ἀμυγδάλζνος, η, ον, of almonds.

dμυγμα, ατοε, τό, (άμόσσω) a tearing, rending: a sear.

άμυγμός, δ, (ἀμόσσω) a tearing, mangling.

άμυδιε, Adv. - άμα, of Time, together, at the same time: oftener of Place, together.

"AMTAPO'Σ, ά, όν, akin to duavobe, dark, dim, faint, indistinct. Adv.-δρώε: also neut. άμυδρόν as Adv. άμιθητος, ον, (a privat., μυθώ) uninitiated, profane. άμυθητος, ον, (a privat., μυθέομαι) not to be told, δπεχρεσειώδε.

d-uventos, or, (a privat., μθεάομαι) without lowing

or bellowing: of places, where no berds low.
Autochailes, to speak in the dialect of Amyclas (a

Laconian city).

δ-μάλος, δ, (α privat., μύλη) a cake of fine meal, so

called from the meal not being ground at a common mill.

ἀ-μύμων, ον, gen. ονοε, (α privat., μῶμοε) blameless,

excellent. [ἀμῦ]
ἀμύνὰθε, ἀμυνὰθεῖν, 3 sing. and inf. poët. sor. 2 of
ἐμύνω.

αμυνα.

ἀμυναθοῦ, 2 sing. poēt. aor. a med. of ἀμώνω.

ἀμύνω, ἀμύν τοθω, aor. I act. and med. inf. of ἀμώνω.

'Αμινιάαε. ου, ὁ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμώνω)
on its guard.

άμυνον, sor. I imper. of αμύνα.

άμυντόν, verb. Adj. of άμύνω, one must assist; so too άμυντέα. Π. one must repel.

άμυντήρ. ήροι, δ, (άμύνω) a defender.

άμυντήριος, ον, (ἀμύνω) fit for defending, defensive; ἀμυντήρια δηλα defensive armour. II. ἀμυν-ήμιος, τό, as Subst. a means of defence. άμυντικόε, ή, όν, (duóve) able to defend or evenge.

ἀμύντωρ, ορος, ό, = άμυντήρ, a belper: an avenger.

'AMT'NΩ [v], Ep. impf. άμυνον: fut. ἀμὰνώ, lon.

ἀμὰνώ: aor. I ἡμῶνα, Ep. ἀμῶνα: poēt. aor. 2 ἡμῶνάθον:—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo: to defend, fight for, aid: rarely to require, repay.

Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend oneself.

to avenge oneself on another, require, re-

pay, punish.

dungue, ease, \$\dagga, (dundsow) a tearing, scratching.

'AMI' XXO, Att. -- true: Ep. impf. dundsow: fut.

dunge: act. I spurfa: -- to tear, scratch, wound: to
tear in pieces.

II. metaph., super dunge: xel
uevoe thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [d]

ά-μυστί, Adv. (a privat., μύω) properly uvibout closing the mouth, i.e. at one draught. Hence άμυστίζα, f. σω: pf. ημύστικα: to drink deep,

tipple. From
d-puorus, toe and thee, h, a long draught of
drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.

άμυχή, ή, - άμυξιε.

άμφ-, old and poët. abbrev. for draφ-; cf. dus-.

άμφ-δγάπάζω, only used in pres. and impf. (duφ),

άγαπάζω to embrace with love, treat kindly, great
warmly.

άμφάδιος, α, ον, (άμφάδος) public, known: άμφαδίης as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.

άμφαδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disgraise.
From
άμ-φαδος, η, ον, (dra-φalva) public, ποτονίσας.

άμ-φαίνω, poët. for ώνα-φαίνω. ἀμφ-ιδιστομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, ἀίσσω) to rush on from all sides, flutter or float around.

άμφακής, Dor. for αμφηκής.

άμ-φανδόν, Adv. poöt. for άνα-φανδύν. άμφανίσεν, poöt. for άναφανεϊν, fut. inf. of άναφαζίναι άμφ-άραβέω, f. ήσω, (άμφί, άραβέω) to rattle ox ring about.

άμφ-αραβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., — ἀμφ αραβίω.

άμ-φάσίη, ή, poët. for d-φασία (with μ inserted) speechlessness from feat, amazement, or tage.

άμφαφάασθαι, Ερ. for άμφαφασθαι, pres. med. ο of άμφαφάα.

άμφ-ἄφάω, and Med. ἀμφ-αφάομαι, (ἀμφί, ἀφράει to touch all round, feel on all sides: to fondle: to bezon the ἀμφαρῶν, ῶσα, pres. part of ἀμφαρῶν.

άμφαόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of άμφαάω άμφέθετο, 2 or. 2 med. of άμφιτίθημι.

άμφ-ελικτός, (r, poöt. for άμφιελ-, coiled rosses. άμφ-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ifω, poöt. for άμφιελ Σσο to wrap, fold, or twine round. άμφ-έννα, pošt. for άμφε-έννα. άμφ-αράφα, f. ψαι, (άμφε, έρέφα) to cover around. άμφ-έρχομαι, sor. 2 άμφελυθον or άμφελθον: Dep.: (άμφε, έρχομαι):—to come round one, surround. άμ-φέρα, pošt. for άναφέρα.

анфестась for анфестратов, 3 pl. pf. of анф-

wy pr

άμφάσταν, pošt. for άναφεύγα. άμφάσταν, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. 2 of άμφίστημ. άμφάχιξουν, 20r. 2 of άμφιχαίνα.

άμφεχύθην [8], nor. I pass. of άμφεχία.

duφέχθτο, 3 sing. Ep. acr. 2 pass. of dμφεχόω. duφ-ήκτης, es. (duφή, duή) invo-adged, dor-bis-biting: of lightning, forbed.

II. metaph. that will out both mays, false or ambiguous.

άμφάλτθε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of άμφέρχομαι.

άμφ προφής, is, (άμφί, ἐρέφω) covered all round, close-covered.

αμφ ήρτης, es, (άμφί, έρδσσω) baving cars on both sides. 2. (\*άρω) fitted or joined on all sides, seell-

fitted. Hence

dud-nounce, ή, le, worked by sculls, of a boat.

dud-hour-ros, or, (duφl, lpl(ω) contested on both
eides, disputed.

2. equal in the contest.

AMPI, Pracp. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radic. signf. an both sides, around. I. c. gen. about, for, for the sales of a thing:—about, concerning a thing, of it.

2. rarely of Place, about, around.

C. DAY. I. of Place, about, around about:
—at, by. near, with.
2. not of Place, about, for, on account of, for the sales of: regarding, concerning.
3. by means of. III. c. Acc., of Place, about, around, on, at: near about:—mostly with motion implied.

IV. without case, as Adv. about, around, round about, on all sides.

V. In Course. about, on all sides.

dupl-Elos, or, (dupl, dls) sea-girt, esp. baving the sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris.

φιφ-ιάχω, (dμφι, lάχω) to sound on all sides: to fly about shrieking, in irreg. pf. part. dμφίαχών, wa. dμφι-βαίνω, f.-βήσομα: pf.-βίβηπα:—to go about or around.

2. to bestride: hence to guard, protest.

II. to surround, encompass, urap round.

# Φ. - βάλλω, f. - βάλω: pf. - βέβληκα: Med., Ion. fut. - βαλεύμα: acr. 2 inf. - βαλέσθα: -- to throw or past round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a person, Lat. circumdare: -- Med. to put on oneself, put on, Lat. accingi. 2 esp. to throw one's arms round, embrace: also to grasp. 3. to surround, emcompass: but also to trike on all sides.

II.

intr. to go to another place; so also in Med

αμφιβάσια, η, ν. αμφισβασία.

auth (Barus, cos. η, (âμφιβairw) a going round, encompaning.

αμιφίβλημα, ατος, τό, (άμφιβάλλω) something thrown gowed, an enclosure. II. a garment.

εμφίβληστρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) anything thrown grasped.

round: 1. a large fibing-nat. 2. a garment. 3. a fatter, band.

άμφιβλητος, οτ. (ἀμφιβάλλω) put ox thrown round. ἀμφιβόητος, οτ. (ἀμφί, βοάω) noised abread, farfamed.

έμφιβολία, ή, the state of being attacked on both idea. II. uncertainty, doubt. From

άμφιβολου, or, (άμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence τὸ ἀμφίβολου a garment. II. struek, attacked on both or all sides.

2. act. striking with both ends, double-pointed.

III. ambiguous, doubtful.

ἀμφί-Βουλου, ω, (ἀμφι, βουλή) double-minded,

άμφι-βουλος, ev, (άμφι, βουλή) double-minded, doubting.

άμφι-βροτος, η, ον, also es, ον, (άμφι, βροτός)
covering the subole man, of a large shield.
άμφι-βρογος, ον. (άμφι, βρίγω) theroughly maked.

άμφί-βροχος, σε, (άμφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked. άμφι-βώμιος, σε, (άμφί, βωμός) round the altar. άμφι-γηθίω, to rejoice around or exceedingly.

αμφι-γνοίω, impl. ήμφεγνίστη: f. αμφιγροήσω: act. I ήμφεγνίστα:—Pass., act. I part. αμφιγροήσω: (αμφί, γνοίω Acol. for roiω):—to be doubtful about a thing, not to know or understand it:—Pass. to be unknown.

άμφι-γόητος, or, (άμφί, γοδω) bewailed all round.
'Αμφι-γύήσε, δ, (άμφί, γυσό» be that balts in both feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan.

åμφι-γιοε, or, (άμφι, γυῖον) properly baving limbs on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed: in Sophocles of men, well-practized.

άμφι-δαίω, to fight up around:—intrans. in γε άμφι-δέδηα, plaps. -δεδήειν, to burn around.

άμφι-δάκνω, f. δήξομαι, to bite all round.

άμφι-δάκρθτος, ον, (άμφι, δακρύω) causing tears on all sides: all mournful.

άμφι-δάσυν, εια, ν, (άμφι, δασύν) fringed all round. άμφι-δέαι, αί, (άμφι, δέω) anything that is bound around, bracelets, anklets.

duched that, -8eb few, pf. and plaps. of duched authorises.

duched the serve of two right hands, very dextrous.

Lat. ambidenter. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: two-edged.

3. sometimes simply like duchereposi

άμφιδέριοι άπμαί both hands. άμφιδέρκομαι, pf. -δέδορκα, Dep. to look rouna

about one.

άμφί-δετος, or, (άμφί, δέω) bound all round. άμφι-δήριτος, or, (άμφί, δηρίο μαι) disputed, doubtful. άμφι-διαίνω, to water around.

άμφι-δίνέω, f. ήσω, to wind or roll a thing all round: hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεδίνημαι, to be fitted close.

άμφι-δοκεύω, f. είσω, to lie in wait for.

άμφι-δονέω, f. ήσω, to whirl round, agitate violently. άμφιδοξέω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed. From

άμφι-δοξος, ον, (άμφι, δίξα) of double sense, doubtful. άμφι-δορος, ον, (άμφι, δίρω) skinned all round. quite flayed.

άμφί-δοχμος, οτ, (άμφί, δοχμή) as large as can be

the shoulder.

audi-Spouse, or, (dupl, Spanis) running round:

άμφί-δρυπτος, ον, - άμφίδρυφος.

άμφι-δρθφής, is, (άμφί, δρθφήναι) tearing both cheeks, άμφί-δρθφος, or, (άμφί, δρθφήναι) torn on both sides, άμφί-δθμος, or, (άμφί, δύομαι) approachable on both sides.

dup-die, f. diou [0], to put round or on :- Med.

to put on oneself.

Δμφιελικτός, ότ, (Δμφιελίσσω) turned round and

round, sireling, revolving.

ἀμφιθλισσα, fem. Adj. rowed on bath sides: or
nuaying to and fro, rocking. From

dudi-Alore, f. les, to wind round.

άμφι-έννυμι and άμφι-εννύω: fut. άμφιέσω, Att. άμφιώ: acr. I ήμφίεσα, Ep. άμφίεσα:—Pasa., acr. I ήμφιέσθην: pf. ήμφίεσμαι, poēt. άμφιείμαι:—to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induser:—Pasa. to be elothed in, to wear, esp. in pf.

II. Med. άμφι έννυμα: acr. I ήμφιεσάμην, 3 pl. άμφιέσωστος, imperat. άμφιέσωσθε:—to put on oneself, dress unuself in.

άμφι-έττο, poët. also άμφ-έττο: sor. 2 άμφίετον and άμφετον: (άμφί, ξτω):—to go about, encompass. II. to be busy about, take edre of: to do bonour to: csp. to tend, protect.

III. Med. to follow and eroud round.

duplicar, dupiderare, Ep. 3 pl. soc. I of dupidersum.

dud-law, (dust, law) to sit around or on a thing, settle upon it, as dust does. [d]

άμφι-ζευκτός, ον, (άμφι, ζεύγνυμι) joined from both sides.

άμφι-θάλασσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (ἀμφί, θάλασσα) sea-girt: near the sea.

duφιθάλής, és, blooming on both sides: hence Souriching, rieb. From

άμφι-θάλλω, pf. άμφιτέθηλα, so bloom all round,

to be in full bloom.

Δμφ-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly.

άμφι-θέλτρον, τό, (άμφι, θέατρον) a double theatre, timpbitheatre.

άμφιθετου, ων, (άμφιτίθημι) of a cup, that will stand ton both ends, or with handles on both sides.

appelie, f. bevergen, to run round about.

αμφι-θηγής, ές, — sq

αμφί-θηκτος, αν. (άμφι, θήγω) sbarpened on both ides, two-edged.

: ἐμφί-θρεπτος, or, (ἐμφί, τρέφω) elotted around, songealed, of blood.

άμφι-θύρος, αν χάμφι, θύρα) with a door or opening on both sides : as Subst. ἀμφίθυρον, τό, a ball.

dup-udλύπτα, f. ψω, to cover all round, enfold, shroud.

II. to put a thing round as a veil or shelter, to empelope in.

dμφ-cedfu: Ep. sor. I part. dμφικεάσσα: — to savs desado.

άμφί-κτιμα, used as Pass. of άμφετίθημε, to lie closs upon: to lean on.

άμφι-κείρα, f. κερῶ, to shear or elip all round.
άμφικόφαλος, Ep. -κόφαλλος, ον, (άμφί, κεφαλή)
double-beaded.

åμφι-είων, ον, gen. ονος, (άμφί, είων) with pillars all round. [εξ]

άμφί-πλαστός, or, (άμφί, πλάω) broken all round. άμφί-πλυστός, or, (άμφί, πλύξω) flooded around. άμφι-κομός, î. ήσω, to tend on all sides or earefully. άμφί-κομός, or, (άμφί, πόμη) mith bair all round, this-baired: of trees, this-lasted.

άμφίκρανος, οτ, (άμφί, κάρα) – άμφικέφαλος. άμφι-κρέμάμαι, Pass, declined like δύταμαι : (άμφί,

spe μάννυμ):—to bover or flutter round. Hence άμφι-πρεμής, έε, banging round one: banging round

άμφlαρημνος, ον, (άμφί, αρημνός) with cliffs all round. ἀμφίαρηνος, ον, Ιοπ. for ἀμφίαρδνος, surrounding

the bead. dupt-wrioves, ev. of, (dupt, wrife) they that dwell

round or near. Hence
'Applicationes, or, ol, the Amphietyons, a Council
composed of deputies chosen by all the states of
Greece.
II. the presidents of the Pythian games.

Hence
"Appurvovia, \$\dagger\$, the Amphietyonie League or Council.
'Appurvovue's, \$\dagger\$, (\$\dots\$, of or for the Amphietyons or their League.

'Aμφικτυονία, iBos, ή, fem. of 'Aμφικτυονικόs: I. (sub. πόλιο), a city or state in the Amphictyonic League. II. a name of Artemia at Anthéla, the

meeting-place of the Amphictyonic Council.

αμφυ-κύλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω [ί], to roll.about or urpon.

αμφυ-κύπελλος, ον, (άμφι, κύπελλον) in Homer

always with blues, a double out: cf. dupbleros. [3] dupl-hahos, or, (dupl, hahos) chattering everymenters. auph-hahhs, is, (dupl, haheir) far-spreading: hence generally wide, large, vast: also encessive, violent.

άμφι-λάχαίνω, to dig or bos round. άμφι-λέγω, f. fes, to speak on both sides, disputs.

Hence dup Charres, or, discussed on all bands, escusion

ful. II. act. disputing, captious.

duply often, f, dispute, doubt. From

άμφι-λογος, ον, (άμφι, λέγω) disputed, questionemble, doubtful. II. act. disputations, contentiones.

άμφι-λοφος, or, (άμφι, λόφου) encompassing the mech. ἀμφι-λύκη νύξ, ή, (άμφι, λύκη, Let. lun) the meching-tuilight, gray of morning. [8]

Aμφι-μάομαι, (άμφι, μάω) pres. of Ep. 201. I dyaφιμασάμητ, to wipe or rub all round.

άμφι-μάσχάλος, αν, (άμφί, μασχάλη) covering both shoulders, two-elseved.

άμφι-μάτορες, Dor. for άμφι-μήτορες.

διμφιμάχητος, or, sontended for, contested ors δοιά bands, [d] From

I. to attack. 2. to fight for. [a] round: άμφι-μέλαε, acra, av, black all round, wrapt in

dariness.

dudeμάμτας, 3 sing. pf. act. of dμφι-μυκάομαι. audi-uspilouai, Pass. to be completely parted. άμφι-μήτορες, ol, al, (άμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters by different mothers.

άμφι-μυκάσμαι, pf. act. μέμυκα: Dep.:--to low or bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον αμφιμέpier the floor echoed all around.

έμφι-νεικής, έε, (άμφί, νιῶτος) made an object of contest, eagerly swood.

άμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, in-

and votes, f. how, to think both ways, doubt. indition, f. low, to smooth or polish all round. άμφίξους, ον. contr. άμφίξους, ουν, (άμφιζίω) polishing all round.

άμφι-παλτος, αν, (άμφι, πάλλω) reccboing. έμφι-πῶτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike on or from all sides. incl-medos, or, (aμφί, πίδον) surrounded by a flain. έμφι-πΩομαι, Dep. to be all round, bover around. dudi-revous. Dep. to be busied about, take care of. pay beed to.

udi-repiktiones, es, the dwellers round about. άμφι-περυπλέγδην, Adv. (άμφί, περιπλίκω) twined

round about.

δμόι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown. δικόι-περιστρωφάω, to keep turning round about Or in every direction.

άμφι-περιτρύζω, to shirt or twitter all round. άμφι περιφθινύθω, (άμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or die all around. [v]

άμφυποσών, ούσα, ών, 201. 2 part. of άμφιπίπτω. approvates, f. afer, to press all round.

άμφι πίπτω, f. πεσούμαι, to fall around, embrace eagerly.

 $d\mu\phi\nu\pi true, = d\mu\phi\nu\pi i\pi\tau u.$ 

άμφι-πλακτος, ον, (άμφι, πλέκω) twisted on both sides, intertwining.

άμφι-πληκτος, ον, (άμφι, πλήσσω) beating or dashing on all sides.

άμφι-πλήξ, ήγοι, δ, ή, (άμφί, πλήσσω) striking with both sides, double-biting.

άμφιπολεύώ, (άμφίπολου) to be an attendant: be busied about, take charge of: of slaves, to serve, to minister to.

άμφί-πολιε, ροδι άμφί-πτολιε, δ, ή, (άμφί, πόλιε) around a city, pressing a city on all sides. fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.

άμφι-πολος, ον, (άμφι, πίλω) properly being about. busied about: generally as fem. Subst. a bandmaid, sociting-woman: as masc. an attendant, fol-II. as Adj. much frequented.

άμφι πονέομαι, Dep. with acr. I pass. αμφεπονήθην:

αμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχούμαι: Dep.:- to fight (dupl, πονέω):--to bestow labour about, attend to, provide för.

άμφι-ποτάομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around. άμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (άμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced. Lat. bifrons.

άμφι-πτύσσω, f. fw, to clasp around. Hence δμφιπτύχή, ή, a clasping round, embrace.

αμφί-πύλος, ον, (άμφί, πύλη) with two entrances. άμφι-πύρος, or, (άμφι, πύρ) surrounded by fire; with fire all round.

άμφί-ρύτος, η, αν, poët. for άμφίρ-ρυτος, αν, (άμφίμ b(ω) flowed around, sea-girt.

AMΦI'Z as Adv. I. on or at both sides A 2. apart, asunder; yalar nal olparde duciel Exer to keep heaven and earth asunder. rally, around, round about. II. more rarely as Prep. c. gen. around: apart from, far from. rarely c. dat. like dupl, round about.

about, around, when it always follows its case. άμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toes about, like a ship

dublo-βaiva, no. n. (duple, βairu) a kind of serpent, that can go both ways, forward or backward.

άμφισ-βάσίη, ή, Ioa. for άμφισ-βήτησιε. άμφισ-βητέω: impf. ημφισβήτουν, or with double augm. ήμφεσβήτουν: so, aor. Ι ήμφισβήτησα οι ήμφεσβήτησα:--Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense αμφισβητήσομαι:-- 201. Ι ήμφισβητήθην οι ήμφεσβ-: (άμφίε, βηναι 201. 2 of βαίνω):—to stand apart, and so to dispute, differ, argue:-Pass. to be the subject of dispute. Hence

άμφισβήτημα, ατος, τό, α point in dispute. And άμφισβητήστμος, or, debatable, doubtful.

άμφισβήτησι ε, ewe, ή, (άμφισβητίω) a dispute, controversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.

άμφισβήτητος, or, disputed, debatable.

άμφ-ίστάμαι, ν. άμφίστημι.

άμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another :-- Med. to fold round oneself, deck oneself in.

άμφι-στεφάνδομαι, Pass. (άμφί, στέφανοε) to stand round like a crown.

άμφι-στεφής, έε, (άμφί, στέφω) placed round like a crown.

άμφ-ίστημι, to place round:—Pass. άμφίσταμαι, with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 αμφέστην, pf. αμφέστηκα:—to stand around.

άμφί-στομος, ον, (άμφί, στύμα) with double mouth or opening: double.

άμφι-στράτάομαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. άμφεστρατύωντο: Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατόε):- to beleaguer, besiege.

άμφι-στρεφής, έε, (άμφί, στρέφω) twisting round, turning all ways.

άμφιτάθείε, aor. I pass. part. of άμφιτείνω.

άμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for άμφι-τέμνω. ἀμφι-τάνύω, = ἀμφι-τείνω.

άμφι-τάράσσω, to trouble all round.

άμφιτεθείε, 201. Ι pass. part. of άμφιτίθημι. dude-telve, to stretch out and throw round,

άμφι-ταχής, έε, (άμφί, τείχου) encompassing the walls. άμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intercept. άμφι-τίθημι, imperat. -τίθει: f. θήσω: aor. I έθηκα: not. 2 αμφέθην: not. I pass. αμφετέθην:—to put reund, to put on; Med. to put on oneself. άμφι-τίνάσσω, f. άξω, to sbake around. αμφι-τυττύβίζω, to twitter around.

/ αμφι-τόμος, ον. (άμφι, ταμείν) cutting on both sides, tero-edged. άμφι-τορνος, or, (άμφι, τορνίω) well-rounded.

αμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over. άμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.

 $d\mu d\nu \tau \rho \eta s$ ,  $\eta \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $= d\mu \phi (\tau \rho \eta \tau \sigma s)$ . άμφι-τρητος, ον, (άμφι, \*τράω Root of τετραίνω) bored through, with double entrance. άμφι-τρομέω, f. ήσω, (άμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for. άμφι-φαείνω, (άμφί, φάω) to sbine around.

άμφί-φάλος, or, with φάλοι all round; see φάλος. ἀμφι-φάνης, έε, (ἀμφί, φάνηναι) visible all round. άμφι-φοβέσμαι, Pass. (άμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round. άμφι-φορεύε, gen. έων Ερ. ήσε, δ, (άμφί, φέρω) α large jar or pitcher with two handles.

άμφι-φράζομαι, Med. to consider on all sides. άμφι-χαίνω, aor. 2 άμφ-έχανον:---to yawn round, threaten to ewallow: to your wide. άμφι-χέω, f. -χέω: 20τ. Ι άμφέχεα:--Pass. 20τ. Ι

dμφεχύθην [v]: Ep. 3 sing. 20τ. 2 pass. dμφέχυτο: pf. - ne xupat :- to pour or shed around :- Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.

άμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance around. άμφι-χρύσος, ον, (άμφι, χρυσίε) gilded all over. αμφιχύθείς, 20r. I pass. part. of αμφι-χέω. αμφίχυτος, or, (αμφιχέω) poured around, beaped up around.

άμφί-χωλος, or, lame in both feet. άμφ-οδον, τό, (άμφί, όδίε) part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus. duφ-obos, ή, (ἀμφί, ὑδύε) a road round, a street. άμ-φορεύς, έως, δ, shortened form of άμφι-φορεύς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, = 11

Roman amphorae, or nearly o gallons. άμφοτέρη, as Adv. (άμφύτερος) in both ways, Lat. atrinque. άμφότερος, α, ον, (άμφω) Lat. uterque, both: κατ'

αμφότερα on both sides, Lat. utrinque; επ' αμφύτερα towards both sides. Hence άμφοτέρωθεν. Adv. from or on both sides, Lat, ex

straque parte: from both ends. αμφοτέρωθι, Adv. on both sides.

άμφοτέρως, Adv. in both ways. And άμφοτέρωσε, Adv. to or on both sides. άμφ-ανδίς, Adv. (ἀμφίε, οῦζαε) from the ground. άμφράσσαιτο, poët. for *ἀναφράσσαιτ*ο, 3 **sing. 2**07. τ opt. of ἀναφράζομαι.

"AMOO, rw, ra, rw, also ol, al, ra, Gen. and Dat άμφοῦν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.)

άμφωβολος, δ, (άμφί, δβολός) a double spit. άμφ-ώης, εε, (άμφί, οθε) two-earcs, two-bandled. Cμφ-wris, ιδος, ή, (άμφί, οὐς) a two-bandled pail ζμφ-ωτος, or, - foreg., two-eared, two-bandled. άμψεν, for άμάσιεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of άμάσι.

ά-μώμητος, ον, (α privat., μωμέομαι) unblamed. blameless. Adv. - Two, blamelessly. άμωμον, τό, amomum, an Indian spice. α-μωμος, or, (a privat., μώμος) without blame blameless.

duce, Att. duce, Adv. from the absol. Luce = 71s. esp. in compd. duwo-yl-ron, in a certain manner.

AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Lyr, particle se, ser. A. WITE INDICAT. dv makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence & cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which

is, or bas been, cannot be made so dependent. WITH INDIC.:-with fut. (only in Ep. poets) do expresses that which certainly will bappen, if something else bappens first: - with imperf. ar expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, what would always bappen; theyer ar he would say (whenever he had an opportunity): Exci-

coner ar he would keep on weeping: - with agrists ar

expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion: elsev áv be would bave said. OPTAT, it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion. WITH SUBJUNCT. ar belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb itsel£ IV. WITH INFINIT. or is used in cases where the indic, or optat, would be joined with it. ar never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signf. it limits, as elyor ar: but when

words dependent on the verb procede it in the sen-

tence, dr may follow any of them, because, in sense,

they follow the verb, as spoopaous as elxon = elxon in

πρύφασιν. av, Conj. = dar, with subjunctive. [a] av or av, shortd. Ep. form of ava. [a] av, shortened from ava, for artorn (like Er for ένεστι), be stood up, arose. dy-, sometimes for a privat, before a yowel.

'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms dr-, dγ-, dμ-: in general signf. opp. to κατά. C. GEN. on board; and vyue on board ship. Ш III. c. Acc. the commot C. DAT. on, upon. usage, implying motion upwards. I. of Place, at

2. of Time, throughout. -tbrougbout. 4. taken distributively, e. g. dr. numbers, up to. πάσαν ημέραν day by day: for dvd κράτος, 🔻 👊 IV. as Adv. thereon, thereupon : the out is KPÁTOS. out, all over. V. IN COMPOS. up to, towar de, up opp. to surá: hence with a sense of strengthening

Also back, backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [drd]

άμ-φύω, poët. άναφύω,

be, for descripte, up! arise! are, vocat, of araf, Mng, only addressed to gods. dváβā, Att. for dváβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of čvaβalres. åναβάδην, Adv. (åναβαίνω) going up, mounting: being up on high, aloft; opp. to nava-Babyv. [Ba] dvaβabuós, δ, (dvaβabrw) a means of going up, a flight of steps, stair.

ára-βάθρα, ή, (ἀνά, βάθρον) a ladder.

dva-βalva, f. -βήσομαι: 20τ. 2 driβην; also 20τ. Ι med. dreβησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. dreβήσετο: pf. dra-I. intrans. to go up, mount, to go on Biβnea: ship-board, put to sea. II. in sor. τ Δνέβησα, Causal, to make to go up, make to go on board ship, make to mount:-Pass., 201. I part. draβaθείε, mounted: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένου.

άνα-βακχεύω, f. σω, (άνά, Βάχκοι) to rouse to Bascbic frenzy. 2. intr. to break into Bacchie frenzy.

άνα-βακχιδω, - άναβακχεύω.

άνα-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: pf. -βέβληκα:--to throw or II. to put back, put off:-Med. to lift up tou up. one's voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. to put off, delay; in Act. and Med. IV. in Med. to throw one's cloak around one.

dva-Bantile, f. ou, to dip repeatedly. άναβάς, ασα, άν, 201. 2 part. of ώναβαίνω. avaβaors, eas, ή, (avaβabra) a going up, mount-

2. an expedition up from the coast, esp. into central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. the rising of a river. Il. a way up, the ascent of

3 mountain, etc. άναβάτης, poët. άμβάτης, ου, δ, (ώναβαίνω) οπο

mbo is mounted, a borseman. [8] ävaβäτικόs, ή, όν, (åvaβalra) skilled in mounting. άναβάτός, poët. άμβατός, όν, (άνα-βαίνω) that may be mounted or scaled, easy to be sealed.

avaBéBnea, pf. of avabaira.

άναβέβρύχεν, pf. of an obsol. αναβρύ(ω, to boil or bubble up.

avaβηθι, avaβήναι, 20r. 2 imper. and inf. of avaβaire. **ἀνα-βιβάζω**: fut. med. βιβάσομαι, Att. βιβώμαι: aor. 1 ἀνεβίβάσα, med. -ασάμην:-Causal of άναβabru, to make go up: I. to mount one on horseback. 2. to draw a ship up. 3. in Med. to put on board ship. 4. to bring up to the bar of a court of justice. Hence

άναβιβαστίον, verb. Adj. one must set on.

άνα-βιώω: f. αναβιώσομαι: 201. 2 ανεβίων, inf. raβιώναι, rarely aor. I ἀνεβίωσα: (ἀνά, βίοε):—to ome to life again, return to life.

evafluore, ear, \$, (drafile) recovery of life.

act to life.

άνα-βλαστάνω, ε. βλαστήσω: 201. 2 ἀνέβλαστον: sot ex grow up again.

ανάβλεμμα, ατος, τό, α look cast upwards. From dva-Blime, f. ye, to look up. 2. to look back II. to see again, recover spon, Lat. respicere. we sight. Hence

åνάβλοψις, eue, ή, (ἀναβλίτω) α seeing again, recovery of sight. άναβλήδην, poët. shortd. άμβλήδην, Adv. (dra-

βάλλομαι) boiling up:—with sudden bursts.

ἀνάβλησιε, εως, ή, (ἀναβάλλω) a putting off, delay. άνα-βλύζω, f. ύσω: 20r. I ἀνέβλυσα:—to gusb forth;

ἀναβλύζειν έλαιον to gusb out with oil. eva-βλώστου, 20τ. 2 ἀνέμολον, to go up or back.

άσα-βοάω, fut. ήσομαι: 201. Ι άνεβόησα, Ion. inf. άμβωσαι (for άναβοησαι):--to ery or shout aloud, utter a loud cry: to cry out something. call on.

άναβολάδην, poët. άμβ-, Adv. (άναβολή) bubbling II. as a prelude or beginning of song.

åναβολάε, shortd. ἀμβολάε, άδοε, ή, (ἀναβάλλω) thrown up, of earth.

άνα-βολή, pošt. άμβολή, ή, (ἀναβάλλω) that which is thrown up, a mound of earth. 2. that which is thrown around one, a cloak. II. a lifting up of 2. a putting off, delaying. the voice, a prolude. άναβολία, pošt. άμβ-, ή, (ἀναβολή) delay.

άνα-βράσσω, Att. - ττω: Pass., 201. Ι ανεβράσθην: -to make foam or boil up, to boil. Hence,

åνά-βραστος, or, boiled.

\*ava-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. sor. 2 ωέβράχεν.

\*áva-Boóxe, 201. I áréβροξα, opt. áraβρίξεια. pf. åναβέβροχα, to swallow again, gulp down: 2lso 201. 2 pass. part. dra-βροχείε, είσα, έν, swallowed back, swallowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχω.

ava-Bovala, sor. I - spovala, to shout aloud for joy. ava-βρθχάομαι, Dep. to roar aloud.

άναβώσαι, Ion. for άναβοήσαι, 201. I inf. of άνα-Βοάω.

dvd-yalov,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $dv\omega$ -yalov.

άν-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see αγγέλλω:—to carry back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.

άνα-γ**ελάω,** f. άσομαι [ἄ]: aor. I –εγέλἄσα: to laugh aloud.

ava-yevvaw, f. how, to beget anew, regenerate.

άν-αγέσμαι, Dor. for άν-ηγέσμαι.

ava-yeuw, f. ow: sor. I areyevou: to give to taste. άνα-γιγνώσκω, later άναγτνώσκω: f. άναγνώσομαι, not. 2 dregrow: dregrossa:—to know accurately. to know again, recognise, own, Lat. agnoscere. to distinguish, discern: hence to read. Ion. Greek the aor. I dreyroom is used in causal sensel to persuade; and aor. I pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέγνωσμαι, to be persuaded.

άναγκάζω, f. άσω: pf. ήνάγκάκα: (ἀνάγκη):—to άναβιώστεομαι, 201. 1 ενεβιωσάμην, Dep. to bring force, compel: to constrain, esp. by argument: also to force by torture, and so to barass, annoy. prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double

acc. to force a person to do a thing. avaγκαίη, ή, Ep. and Ion. for aνάγκη.

avayuaios, a, or, also os, or, (drayun) of or with I. Act. constraining, forcing, pressing: Tyap force: avayuasor the day of constraint, i. e. slavery.

forcible, combining.

3. of things, requiring to be done.

II. pass. forced: hence painful.

2. necessary: rd draymaia, necessaries: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient.

3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., draymaio, ol, Lat. necessarii, relations.

dvayrcalors, Adv. of drayrcalor, of necessity, perforce; drayrcalor έχει it is necessary: Sup. dray-

καιότατα.

άναγκαστέον, Verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, one must compel.

άναγκαστικός, ή, δν. (ἀναγκάζω) compulsory. ἀναγκαστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

"ANATKH, Ion. and Ep. &waγκαlη, †, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. dw-dγκη as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by force. 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

dva-γνάμπτω, f. ψω: Pass., 201. I dreγνάμφθήν:—
to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

dvaγνοίην, dvaγνώναι, 20τ. 2 opt. and inf. of dvaγιγνώσκω.

dv-ayvos, ov, (a privat., dyrée) impure, unchaste,

generally unboly, guilty.

ava-vvoplo: f. low, Att. W: to know again, re-

avayveplous, eas, h, recognition.

avayveous, een, \$\tau, (drayveous) a knowing again, recognition, owning.

II. reading.

ανάγνωσμα, ματος, τό, (άναγνωναι) zor. 2 of ανα-

γιγνώσκω) a passage read aloud.

άναγόρευστε, εωε, ή, a crying aloud, proclamation.

άν-ἄγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ἀνερῶ, 201. 2 ἀνεῖτον:
—to cry aloud, proclaim publicly:—Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ἀνάγραπτος, αν, (ἀναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

άναγράφεύς, έως, δ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary. ἀναγράφή, ή, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

åva-γράφω, f. ψω: 201. I dreγραψα:--10 write 2p, generally to enter in a public register or record. II.

so describe. [γρά]

άνα-γρύζω, strengthd. for γρύζω, to mutter.

άν-άγω, f. dνάξω: 20τ. 2 ἀνήγὰγον: (ἀνά, άγω): I.

to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in

Homer — άγω, to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν

to put a ship out to sea; and then ἀνάγειν οτ ἀνάγειν

σθαι, absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the

interior of a country. 4. to lead up, raise up, con
duct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, edu
cate. II. to bring back. to refer III. in
trans. (sub. ἐαντόν) to withdraw, retreat.

άναγωγεύε, έως, δ, (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads

3. of things, requiring to be up: hence anything by which one leads, a rin, reed; hence painful.
2. thong, etc.

ἀναγωγή, ή, (ἀνάγω) a leading ωp: a putting w sea. 2. a leading back, referring.

av-áyeryos, or, (a privat., áyeryh) seitbout greidane or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroks. av-áytovorros, or, (a privat., áyert(opat) mithost contest, never baving contended for a prize.

ava-Salw, to divide anew: generally to divide a

apportion a conquered land.

dva-Balw, poët. dv-Balw, - dramalw, to light up.

dva-δάσασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of dvaδατέσμαι. ἀναδασμός, δ, (dvaδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

åvåbaorres, or, (drabáoaosa) divided aners, restributed: generally, distributed.

åva-δαπέομαι, f. -δάσομαι: 201. 1 ἀνεδασάμην:-10 divide again, re-distribute.

άναδέδρομα, pf. 2 of άνατρέχω.

avaδaγμα, ματοε, τό, a means of shewing forth: ε mouth-piece used by criers.

dva-Seleviju and dva-Seuriju: fut. -Selfu, lm.
-Selfu:--to lift up and show, show forth.

11. w
make public, declare. Hence

avabales, eas, h, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

άνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for άνα-δέχομαι.

åν-άδελφος, ον, (a privat., άδελφός) without brother or sister.

åνάδεμα, poët. άνθεμα, ατοε, τό, (ἀναδέω) α bealband.

dva-δέξαι, Ion. for draδείξαι, 201. I inf. of draδείκτυμι.

dva-bipkopas, nor. 2 dv-libpakov:—to look up, n open the eyes again.

dva-δέρω, f. δερώ: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare uleus: heact to rip up old sores.

avabeous, eas, \$, (drables) a binding on.

åναδέσμη, ή, and åνάδεσμος, δ, (ἀναδέω) a basi or fillet for women's bair, a beadband.

άνάδετος, ον, (ἀναδίω) binding up.

åνα-δεύω, to dye, imbue.

dva-bixopan, fut. med. -bifopan: 2011. drebefamp:
--but Ep. 2011. 2 pass. drebiyamy: pf. drabiberymi:
Dep.:--to take up, receive: 2150 to take back.

Il to take upon oneself, submit to.
2. to undertake,

to take upon onesety, submit to. 2. to undertam, promise to do; also to be surety to one.
ἀνα-δέω, poët, ἀν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησε!

pf. pass. δέδεμαι:—to bind up, bind round; drabed twa elaγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. Il drabifout έαυτοὺε έε τινα to trace up one's family the founder. III. Med. to fasten with a rope to one self; draboύμενου έλκειν (sc. ναῦν), to take a ship is to take.

åνάδημα, poët. άνδημα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) α best band.

ava-bibaome, f. afe, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. dedocere: also simply = dedáorm, to teach:—Pass. to learn better. II. to enpound, interpret.

to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield.

1. to give sp. of the earth, to yield.

2. intr.

11. to give

cound, distribute: also to give back, restore.

avá-Stuces, or, (avá, díny) tried over again.

άνα-διπλόω, f. ώνω, (ἀνά, διπλοῦε) to make double. ἀνάδοτος, ον. (ἀναδίδωμι) given up or to be given up. ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδουο, sor. 2 imper. of ἀναδίδωμι. ἀναδοῦναι, ἀναδούς, οῦσα, nor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναδοῦναι.

dvaSouvran, dvaSoupevos, 3 pl. and part. pres. med.

of drables.

άναδοχή, ή, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance: ἀναδοχή πόνων the undertaking of abours.

άναδραμείν, 201. 2 inf. of άνατρέχω.

έναδράμομαι, poët. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω. ἀναδῦναι, 2 or. 2 inf. of ἀναδόριαι.

eva-bove, to come to the top of the water.

diva-Súsquai, f. δόσομαι: Dep. with 201. 2 act. dréδύν, pf. dradéδδικο: (drá, δύω):—to come up, rice, csp. from the sea: but absol. of the sun, to rice, springs, to grash forth. 2. to draw back, retire: c. acc. to shen: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing. ἀναδών, Att. pres. part. of dradéω.

dv-desvoz, 4, (a privat., Esvov) without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

avacipas, sor. I inf. of direcipu.

av-acipu, (ara, acipu) to lift or raise up.

av-dedution, or, (a privat., Edwopae) unboped, un-

av-aspráw, lengthd. for de-acless.

dva-sche, inst. dracspr: s. space: to return to life.
dva-scryvus and -im, s. srife, to yoke or barness
again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with
an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, rfue
dw. to set sail again.
2. intr. (sub. srparbr, etc.)

so march off. Hence dvaleutus, eas, h, a marching away. dva-lius, f. (tow, to boil or bubble up.

&va-ζητίω, to search into, examine, Lat. anquirere:

avaligraous, eas, in investigation.

dva-Luypiu, to recal to life.

diva-florrope, f. (wow, to gird up.

Evaluation, to light up again:-Pass. to gain foresh life.

& vo-θάλπω, to warm again.

Ava-Bapoliu, Att. -Bapoliu, to regain one's courage.

Ava-Bapoliuu, Att. -Bapoliuu, to fill with fresh
conserage.

II. intr. - dvabapoliu.

& wa bawa, &va-bais, sor. 2 inf. and part. of drarlθημ. &value, aros, τό, (drarlθημ)-anything devoted or accessed. Hence

Ava bailifu, to make accurred, to bind by a curse.

Ava bapualwa, to warm or beat again.

dvaleriov, verb. Adj. of dvaribym, one must refer: one must defer.

ava-biw,  $\tilde{L}$  -bevsopat and -bevsovpat, to run up or back, return.

dva-beeples, to look at or observe earefully; to view or observe again.

άνα-θηλίω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, θήλυ») to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresb.

άνάθημα, ατοε, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) that which is set wh; csp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. άγαλμα,

άνα-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press bard. ἀναθορείν, 201. 2 inf. of ἀναθρώσμω.

eva-θορυβόω, f. how, to about in applause.

άνάθρημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατρέφω) a nureling.

dv-aθρέω, (drá, dθρέω) to look up at : observe closely. dva-θρώστω, pošt. and lon. άνθρώστω: fut. dvaθοροῦμα: sox. drlθορον, inf. drαθορεῦ:—to spring up, bound up, rebound: to epring upon.

dvalbetä, Ep. 2nd Ion. dvatbelη, ή, (dratbhs) sbamslessness, assurance, effrontery.

dvasδrúoμas, Dep. (drasõhs) to bebase impudently. dv-asõhs, le, (a privat., albloμas) sbameless, unabasbed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called λâas drasõhs. reckless, rutbless.

av-aibuoou, to fan the flame.

dv-albo, (dvá, albo) to set on fire, to inflame. dv-aupauri, Adv. of sq., without bloodshed.

dv-alμακτος, or, (a privat., alμάσσω) bloodless, unstained with blood, Lat. incruentus.

avaluaros, or, - draspos.

dv-autos, or, and dv-aluse, or, gen. oros, (a privat., alua) without blood, bloodless.

dv-auent, Adv. like du-auentri. [+1]

avalvopas: impf. ηναινόμην, Ep. dναινόμην: fut. dνάνουμαι (not in use): aor. I ηνηνάμην, inf. dνήνασθαι, subj. dνήνηται: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurns. c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, discoun: to repent, be asbamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

dvaitas, sor. I part. of dvaitages.

dvanpetijvan, sor. I pass. inf. of dranplen

dvalpeous, esse, f, a taking up of dead bodies: burial.

2. a taking upon onceels, an undertaking.

II. a destroying, destruction. From

dv-suples: f. ήσω: pf. drippna, pass. drippnau: (v. alples):—to take up, Lat. tollere, and so I. to bear away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take up, lift. II. to take away, destroy: of laws and customs, to abolizb. III. to appoint, ordain, csp. of an oracle's answer; but absol. to answer, give a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive: exact.

2. to take up dead bodies for burial.

3. to take up newborn children. Lat, tolere, suscipere liberos.

4. to conceive.

5. to take up noneself, emdertake.

III. to take back to oneself, cancel.

dy-alou, f. dripu, to rest up.

Lvasconnola, n., want of perception, insensibility. From de-alsonnos, or, (a privat., alsolosou sor. 2 of alsolupus) unfeeling, without feeling.

2. without common sense, senseless.

II. pass. unfelt.

de-cuo'lube: impf. deasoluour: acr. I deasoluova:

—Pasa, acr. I deasos μάθην: pf. deasoluoua: (a priv., alos μος,—the simple alos μόσο being never used):—an lon. Verb,—Att. deaslowe, to use up, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence

άνοισίμωμα, ατος, τό, that which is used up, - Att. δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

Avatoru, Att. Avdoru, Avdoru (drá, dtoru):—
to start up, rise up quickly, spring ot burst forth: c.
acc. to leap upon. [ard-]

dvataxvvrtu, (dvalaxvvros) to be shameless, behave

impudently.

άναισχυντία, ή, sbamelessness. From

άν-αίσχυντος, or, (a privat., αίσχύνη) shameless, impudent: of things, abominable, detestable.

dv-alτητος, η, ον, (a privat., alτέω) unasked.

dv-alvios, or, (a privat., alvia) without cause, groundless. II. of persons, guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame.

ava-kabalpu, to clear thoroughly:—Pass. to become quite clear.

dva-walls, to set up or upright: - Med. to sit up. II. intr. to sit down again.

Ava-kasvija, f. low, Att. iû, to renew.

dva-karvoupyém, to restore anew.

åνα-καινόω, (ἀνά, καινύε) to renew, restore. Hence åνακαίνωστε, ωιε, ή, renewal, restoration.

Evakator, To, a prison.

åva-kales, 201. I årkeavoa, to kindle, light up:— Med. to light oneself a fire: metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back, recal, esp. from exile.

åvα-κάλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil. If intr. to unveil.

άνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back

intrans. (sub. lavróv) to bend back, return.
dv-ánavios, ov, (a privat., ánavia) without thorns

or bones: suitout a spine.

άνα-κάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, swallow, gulp down. άνακέαται, Ion. for ἀνάκεινται, 3 pl. of

i dva-κειμαι, poët. dy-κειμαι: f. -κείσομα: — used as Pass. of dvariθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set up, as a statue. II to be referred to, depend upon.

'Aνάκειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From "Aνακες, ol, old form of άνακτες, the Kings, i. c. Castor and Pollux.

άνα-κέκλομαι, poët. for ἀνα-καλέν, to call out. ἀνα-κέλάβος, ὁ, (ἀνά, κέλομαι) a loud εbout. áva-ktopat, Ion. for árá-serpat.

dva-nepdovoum and -we: E nephow [8]:-to min again: generally, to min up, min well.

ava-kepallaides, f. doos, (drá, sepalf) to compre-

bend in a summary, sum up.

dva-wasch, to spout up, gush forth: also, to throb

ava-mvblvevin, f. on, to rush into danger again, to run a fresh risk.

ava-ntvém, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

avantenous, cas, \$, a cuinging to and fro.
excitement, emotion. [st]

άνα-κίρναμαι, Dep. - άνε-κεράννυμι.

dva-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω: 201. 2 dveκλάγου:—to cry aloud, seream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

ava-khales, f. -khaboopen, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

dva-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [d]: 201. I driκλάσα:—to break upwards or back, to break in pieces.

dvduληστε, εωε, ή, (dvauaλ leu) a calling on, insoeation: a summoning.

II. a recalling, esp.
from banishment.

avanklibhoomar, fat. pass. of avanklives.

dvanλινθείς, later dvanλιθείς, poët, 20r. I pass. of dvanklive, poët, dγ-κλίνω [I]: fut. -κλίνῶ: 20r. I dránlive:—to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back.

11. to push or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλιτος, η, ον, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back. ἀνα-κογχυλιάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κίγχη) to open and

counterfeit a seal.

dva-κοινόω, f. ωσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him.—Med. with pf. pass. -εκούνωμαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart. dva-κοιράνίω, to rule in or over.

άνα-κολπάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόλπου) to gird up imto a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself up.

a deace the state of the control of

&va-κομίζω, poët. &γ-κομίζω: f. -low Att. -ιῶ: aor. I ἀνεκόμισα:—to carry up: esp. to carry up or against stream: Fass, to go up. II. to bring back, recover:—Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again:—Pass, to go back.

п

av-anovelle, f. iou, to dart or fling up.

intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.

åνακοπή, ή, a beating back: a recoil. From ava-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back:—

Pass. to stop sbort. - dva-kouφίζω, f. low, Att. iŵ, to lift or raise wp:----

Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence

be modelore, ess, \$, a lifting up, lightening: relief | from a thing.

ira-upila, f. ifopus. sor. s arenpilyor :-- to ery

et, lift up the voice. ive-modifies, nor. I pass, part, of draneparrum.

brancare, en, f. (draneparrom) a mining up.

hra-uplerouse. Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to line its soice. åνα-κραμάννυμι, poët. åγ-κραμ- : f. -κρεμάσω: αστ.

1 drespé pasa: - to bang up upon a thing: - Pass. to banging up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suepensus cise.

ava-uplve [1]: (for the tenses, v. splve): to ena-II. to examine beforemine well, cearch out. band: - Med., draupiresbat upde davrove, to question one with another. Hence

åνάκρίσιε, poët. άγκρισιε, εων, ή, απ επαπείπαλίοπ, inguiry.

ava-uportu, f. how, to lift up and strike together: absol. to clap with uplifted bands, appland vehemently. evanpoure, eas, f. (dranpour) a pushing back, ebecking, esp. pushing a ship back, backing water. dvanpourtion, verb. Adj. of dranpover, one must check.

ava-scoole, f. sw. to thrust back, check: -in Med. of a sixip, dranpoverθαι έπὶ πρύμνην to put ber back sternwards, by backing water. 2. Med. also in music, to strike the strings, make a prelude, like dra-

βάλλεσθαι. άνα-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. ανέκτημα: Dep.:.... to regain for oneself, recover, retrieve.

win a person over, gain bis favour. dvanters. Ep. for draft, dat, pl. of draf.

dvantopios, a, or, (dvantup) belonging to a lord or hing, royal: drantopior, to, - sq. a temple.

ανάκτορον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace: also a temple.

avantup, opos, ô, (avassu) a lord, hing.

ava-wurden, f. how, to stir up and miss: to confuse. ava-wux ho, to turn round again: - Pass. to revolve, come round again. Hence

avantikhyore, ear, of, a coming round again, a sir-

exit, revolution.

άνα-κυμβάλιάζω, (ἀνά, κύμβαλον) to rattle like κύμβαλα: δίφρει ανεκυμβαλία (or the chariots were overturned with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

dva-minter, fut. -minter and -minto par: acr. I delnula: pl. draninupa:-to lift up the head: esp. to come up out of the water : hence to rise out of diffisulties, to recover, emerge.

dva-sussie, f. vou, to socil aloud. [9]

dvascus, Adv. - truetus, carefully, drande freer Turbs to look well to a thing. (From drance, Adj. of áraf, a manager.)

Avances ever f. ou, to bold back, stay, esp. of ships, to keep them riding at anchor: but dr. tor toror tur Surkey to less up the tension of the rapes, keep saught. 2. intr. (sub. lauriv) to keep still. From dwammert, & incorrect form of drownxy.

evalabely, sec. 2 inf. of drakappions. åνα-λάζομαι, Dep. to take again.

åv-ālālāļa, sos. I ārņlālafa: to raim a war-ery:

to ery aloud. άνα-λαμβάνω, ε -λήγομαι: 201. 2 ἀνίλἄβον: pf. drelληφα:—to take up, take into one's bands: generally, to take with one. 2. to take into one's ser-3. like Lat. recipere, to take upon vice, to adopt. one: esp. in Med. to undertake, έναλαβέσθαι πόλε-4. to take up again, resume, avalabel hopor. IL to take back, regain, retrieve, re-YOU. III. to pull abort up, of a horse. pair. to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

ava-laume, f. laufe, to flame up, take fire. avalynota, f, insensibility, want of feeling. From aν-aλγητος, σν, (a privat., dλγίω) without pain: of persons, unfeeling, bard-bearted, rutbless: -Adv. -rue, unfeelingly. II. of things,

2. very painful, erud. dv-adding, ic. (a priv., addelir) not thriving, feeble. dva-ligo: Ep. impf. dileyor: fut. dralifo: 201. I

iriλeta. Ep. inf. dλλifai :—to pick up, gather up:— Med, to pick up for onsulf. 3. to recount. to read aloud.

dva-helye, f. fe, to lick up.

ἀνάληψιε, εως, ή, (ἀναλαμβάνω) ε taing ωρ: ε taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, making amends. II. a being taken up: the Assension. av-aλθήs, έε, (a privat., άλθομαι) not bealing.

evaluates, or Dor. for evaluates, barefoot.

ev-allowe: f. aralesou: 201. I cripleson or draλωσα: pf. drήλωνα οτ drάλωνα:—Pass., fut. drάλωθήσομαι: 20r. Ι άνηλάθην οι άναλάθην: pl. άνήλωμαι οτ ανάλωμαι: the pres. αν-αλόφ, impf. ανάλουν are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to equander: -metaph., av. vevor to use to the full, i.e. II. of persons, to kill, destroy. enjoy, sleep.

avakea, f. want of strength. From dv-alms, ιδος, ό, ή, acc. -ιδα or -ιν, (a priv., alm) without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

άν-άλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

dv-aλμos, or, (a privat., dλμη) not salted.

ava-hoyla, \$, (ard, h/yos) proportion, analogy. άνα-λογίζομαι, Dep. to sount up: sum up: to think over, saleulate, sonsider. Hence

áναλογισμός, δ, a counting up, calculation, reasoning with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

άν-αλος, ον. (a privat., άλε) not salt, without salt. dv-Eldon, a rare form of dv-alifeme.

ev-altos, er, (a privat., άλθομαι) not to be filled, insatiate, Lat. inemplebilis.

ἀνάλθσιε, ean, ή, (ώναλύω) ε loosing, releasing: dissolution, death.

άνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. άλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [0]: pf. -λέλθης, pass. -λέλθμαι:--to unloose, undo again: also to set free. II. to do away, get rid of: to stop, put an end to. III. intr. (sub. lewor, rair, etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

dvalues, -upos, pf. act. and pass, of dvalifum. ἀνάλωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνάλόω) that which is used or spent : expense, cost, outlay : in plur. expenses.

drahmon, drahmon, sor. I of drahlom.

dváluore, eas, 1, (drakóu) expenditure. [arti] de-aluros, or, (a privat., alarai) not taken, not to be taken, impregnable.

ava-parpais, to rage through or throughout.

dva-navbava, f. - μάθησομαι, to learn again or anew, learn differently: to inquire closely.

av-duifeuros, or, (a privat., apafesos) impassable

for wagons. άν-ἄμάρτητος, ον, (α privat., άμαρτεῦν) without missing or failing, unfailing: in a moral sense, faultless. Adv. -Two, without fail.

dva-udordopas, Dep. to chew over again, Lat. ruminari.

ėva-μάσσω. Att. -ττω: f. -μάξω: soc. I ἀνέμαξα:-to wipe up, wipe off; έργον, δ ση ποφαλή αναμάξεις a deed which thou wilt soipe off on thine own head, (as if II. Med. to knead one's bread. # were a stain). άνα-μάγομαι, f. -μαγοθμαι, sometimes -μαγέσομαι ox -hoopat: Dep.:—to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat.

άν-άμβάτος, σν, poët. for dr-ανάβατος, (α privat., dra-Balra) of a horse, not to be mounted, unmanageable.

dva-p. Naw, f. for, to begin to sing.

éva-péva, poët. éppéva : f. -perû : sor. I érépera : -to wait for await: absol. to wait, stay. quait, endure. 3. to put off, delay.

ava-peros, or, in the middle.

dva-pertos, er, filled full. Hence avapertos, i won, to fill up, fill full.

eva-perplu, f. how, to measure back or over again, to remeasure the same road one came by: generally, to do or way over again, repeat. IL to measure Hence

avautronous, em, †, a measuring out, admeasurement. άνά-μίγα, poet άμμίγα, also άνά-μιγθα, Adv. pro-MINEROUSLY.

ava-ulyvous and -bos, f. -pifes: sor. I defeuta, to mun up together, to mungle. II. Med. to bave social intercourse, join company.

åνα-μιμνήστω: f. draprήσω, pošt. dpprήσω: sor. I dripryou --- to remind one of a thing: c. inf. to remind one to do also to recal to memory, make mennon of -Pass. to remember.

dva-plave, post for dra-plave.

dva-uit, (draphyrupi) Adv. mined up, pell-mell. avaputus, ease, t., (draphyropu) social intercourse. ava-pioyee, post and Ion. for araplyrups.

availvagedels, part. sor. I pass. of availularhouse. ava-unyone, ene, of, (dramproposes) a calling to

mind, recollection. dva-μολείν, inf. sor. s of draβλώσκα.

ava-mopulpes, to roar loudly, foam up, of the sea. [v] ava-monhame, (drd, monhos) to lift with a lever: to force open.

dv-au-aldretos, or, (a privat, duelantos) suerring, without wandering.

ava-uvybijouas, Dep. to great despiz.

unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man.

αν-αμφίλογος, αν, (α privat, αμφίλογος) undisputed, undoubted.

άν-αμφισβήτητος, αν, (ε privat., άμφισβήτητα) undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dis-IL act. without dispute or controversy-

avavoola, 4, unmanliness, cowardies. From dv-avopos, or, (a privat., drip), t = árer árôpós, without a busband: without men, desolats.

ev-avopou, i. wou, to deprive of a busband. Hence avavoperos, er, widowed.

ava-veale, f. aou, (ara, réce) to make young again dva-vique, poët, dvvique, so divide or distribute II. Med. to count up, recount: to rebearse eva-véopas, poét. evvéopas, Dop. to mount up, rice άνα-νεόομαι, f. άσομαι: acr. I άνανωσάμην, poet inf. drvewsasbu: Dep. -to renew, revive.

ava-vevu, f. ou, properly to throw the head back in token of denial: hence to deny, refuse.

åνανίωσιε, εωε, ή, (ἀνανεόομαι) ε renewal, revival. ava-vhou, f. to become sober again, come to and's 2. trans. to make sober again.

dv-avra, Adv. of dr-dring, upbill, opp. to sararra. dv-arrayémotos. or, (a privat., drayem/(oper) without a rival, without a struggle: undisputed.

av-avers, es, (duá, artau) up-bill, eleep, opp. to merwros: hence like Lat. ardwa, difficult.

άν-υντίρρητος, ον, (α privat.. άντερῶ) πος μο 🞉 gainsaid. Adv. -we, without contradiction.

"ANAS, drautos, 6: Ep. dat. pl. dráuteo: a lord, king, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. any earthly lord, prince, chief, king: also of the some or kinemen of kings, and generally, the chief persons 2. so too the master of the house, Lat. of a state. 3. generally, one subo is lord or master over anything, as mirre draures: cf. yesp-draf. ava-falve, to rub or irritate afresh.

avafacta, sor. I med. inf. of dracon.

dva-fapalve, f. drd: sor. I -effetiva post. inf in ξηράνοι:—to dry κφ.

av-afros. or, also a, or. (a privat., afros) unascoriby, not deemed worthy, c. gen.: absol. worthless. undeserving of evil.

ἀναξι-φόρμιγξ, τγγον, δ, ή, (ἀνάσσα, φόρμιγξ) Jord of the lyre.

avafice. Adv. of arafice, susportbily.

áva-förba, (árá, furbs) – ára-kocróa.

avafupiles, ilear, al. the trospers worn by eastern nations. (Persian word.)

avation, f. vow [v]: sor. pass. drefvotor: scrape off.

dvage, fut. of dvagge.

dv-colye, f. fe, post. for dr-oryes. ava-warbeim, to educate afresh.

ëranarres, er, (dranale) etruck back, r<del>eboundi</del>m

m Babet. dramagroe (sub. 2000), d, an anapaset, i. e. | A dactyl reversed.

ever-wales, i. out, to strike again or back.

éré siller, Adv. back again. gain. III. reversely.

dra-mille, poët, desrálle: fut, drasille: sot. I drivala: Ep. soc. 2 part. dureralder:-to swing to and fro, to put in motion:-Pass. with Ep. 201. 2 deέπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

dre-ndoom, f. dow, to scatter upon.

dváranka, pe, f. (dranasu) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, nar drawaishas demonstrate to be divided into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

everence, poet. appavous, ens, f. (dramate) rest,

repose, case: rest from a thing, cessation.

evanturities, Ion. dun-, or, (drantow) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. dvamauorhouse or evamentioner, to, a resting-place: the time or bour of rest: also (sub. enpelor), the sound of trumpet for all to go to rest.

doc-wases, Ion. deswases, (for the tenses, v. wase): -to make cease, stop from a thing: later to give rest or relieve from a thing II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep: also to dia. 2. to stop, balt, rest. 3. to regain strength.

ava-welle, f. welow: 20t. I drewelou:-to bring over to exother opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

ava-rapaopai, i. hoopai, Dep. to try or attempt again, to make trial of. II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

dva-πείρω, f. -περώ: sor. I dréπειρα, Ep. part. dμseipas: Pass., 20τ. 2 dresάρην [d]: pf. drasέκαρμαι, poet. deserapeat:—to pierce through, spit.

evantations, a, or, (dranelbu) persuasive.

don-weperale and -flopen, to count over again. dvarene, post aprepre, f. pe, (for the tenses, v. we prom):-to send up or forth:-Med. to send up from

oneself. II. to send back. evamentautvos, pf. pass. part. of dranerarrum. dwarmereiv, dvarerew, sor. 2 inf. and part. of dva-

<del>vis⊤</del>∞.

dra-meránythu and dva-meranyúw, also dva-meráw: fut. –nerásu, Att. –nerû : 201. I dvenérasa, poët. imper. and part. durérasor, durerásas:—to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. drarewrăpiros, n. or, outspread, open.

dra-miropa, f. strhoopa; 201. 2 drestoppy of dre-ஈக்குரை, poët, part. க்டியாக்டிரை; and in act. form réare, poët. opt. durrady: (v. néropa):—to fly p, fly up and away.

dva with now, pl. of drapalres.

aνα-πήγνυμι or -ύω, to transfin, spit.

வ் சுவ காடுவ்வ, poët. வியாடுவ்வ: f. ர்சுவுவ: (v. காடுவ்வ): -to leap, spring up or forth, start up; ar. & toyor to ums up to work; of springs, to gush forth. spring back.

eva-unpos, or, (drd, supple) maimed, erippled, balt. Ava-stove, f. sow, to make to spring up.

dva-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: sor. I drέπλησα:--to fill up, Lat. explere:—to fulfil, accomplish. to fill up, appease. III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

dva-wiwre, f. -recoupae: sor. 2 drivecor: pf. drayéstwa :—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose beart, Lat. concidere animo.

dva-mirvnyu, poet. for dva-serdervu.

dva-mldoou, Att. -mldoou, f. -mldou [d]: sor. t ἀνέπλἄσα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ava-nhine, f. fo, to braid up, entwine, wreath. άνα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι οτ -πλευσούμαι: 201. Ι άνέπλευσα: Ion. pres. ἀνα-πλώω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to mvim back.

άνά-πλους, αν. gen. ω: also fem. ἀναπλέα:--Ion. and Att. for drawkees: (dra, whice - whice):-filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ava-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill up, fill full. fill up again:—Pass, to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

dvandifores, dvandifores, sor. I inf. and part. of έναπίμπλημι.

άνάπλους, contr. ἀνάπλους, δ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

av-aπλόω, f. ωσω, to unfold, open. ἀνα-πλώω, Ion. for ἀναπλέω.

åνα-πνείω, Ion. ἀμπνείω, Εp. for ἀναπνέω.

dvanvetores, 3 sing. sor. I opt. of drantes. άνάπνευσιε, εωε, ή, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again:

respite, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath. avanveueros, or, poët. for anyeveros, without drawing breath, breathless.

ava-uvém, f. uvevoqua: 201. I dréuvevou: - to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms δμανυε, δμανύτο, δμανύνθη II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. v. sub vocc.) respiro. III, to breathe forth, send forth.

άναπνοή, poët. άμπνοή, ή, (άναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. respiratio. avanvue, poët, pres. imperat. of avanveu. av-anoberetos, ov, undemonstrated, indemonstrable.

dva-mobile: f. low. Att. in: 201. I drenidion: (drá, nove):—to make to step back, call back and question; dramodiceur laurur to correct oneself. intrans. to step back.

av-autoros, or, (a privat., autora) without ransom or reward: neut. drawower, Adv. without recompense. ava-nolem, poet. aumobies, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

sputter.

dv-aπολόγητος, ev, (a privat., dπολογέομαι) in-| countless: without bounds in a thing: c. sen. whise defensible, inexcusable. 3. act. unable to defend oneself, without excuse.

άναπομπή, ή, (άναπέμτω) a sending up; θησαυρών dr. a digging up of treasures.

dvaπoμπόs, δ. (draw έμπω) one that sends up or back. dv-aπόνιπτος, ον, (a privat., ἀπονίζω) unwasben. era-ποτάομαι, Dep. = draπέτομαι.

ava-npacrow, Att. -rrw, fut. -spafes, to exact, levy; ar. vrooyeger to exact the fulfilment of a promise.

ava-πρήθω, f. σω, properly to set on fire, light up: danpo' dramphous letting tears burst forth.

ava-mrepou, f. wow: 201. I dr-entipusa: pf. -estépasses:-to furnish with wings or to raise the wings for flight: generally, to raise, set up. 2. of the mind, to set on the wing, excite vehemently :- Pass. to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement. to furnish with new wings: - Pass. to get new wings. dvantificat, dvantaobat, dvanteobat, inf. of deέπτην, ανεπτάμην, ανεπτύμην, 201. 2 οξ αναπέτομαι. άνα-πτύσσω, fut. ύξω:-Pass., aor. I άνεπτύχθην, 201. 2 ΔΡΕΤΤύγην [t]: (v. πτύσσω): —to unfold, undo, esp. of rolls of books; and so, like Lat. evolvere, to unrol for reading: hence to unfold, bring to light, Lat. explicare. II. as military term, The paλαγγα άναπτύσσειν to fold back the phalanx, i. e. deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into rear; but, to kepas arautiouser to open out the wing, i. e. extend the front, Lat. explicare. Hence άναπτύχή, ή, an opening, unfolding: an expanse. dva-artim, f. vow [v], to spit up or out: absol. to

dv-dπτω, f. yw: nor. I dryfa:--to bakg up to. fasten on or to a thing; άγάλματα ἀνάπτειν. = ανατιθέναι, to bang up votive gifts; μώμον ανάπτειν to fasten disgrace upon one: - Med. to fasten for oneself; avantedou vair to fasten a ship to oneself and tow it away:-Pass. to be fastened or fasten oneself. on, cling to. II. to light up, light, kindle: metaph. to inflame.

άνα-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: 201. 2 άνεπύθύμην: Dcp.: \_to search out, inquire into: also to learn by inquiry Hence

άνάπυστος, or, searched out, ascertained, notorious. άνάπωτις, shortened άμπωτις, gen. εω Ion. ιος, ή, (uranivo) a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-side, returning of the waters.

άναρ-, in compds. of άνά with words beginning with is the β is usually doubled, as in wap-patζω, etc., though in poets and Ion. Greek it is sometimes single. αναραιρηκώς, Ion. for ανηρηκώς, pf. part. of αναιρέω. αν-άργυρος, ον, (a privat., άργυρος) without silver: without money.

ev-apθροε, ον, (a privat., άρθρον) without joints: disjointed, nerveless. 2. of sounds, inarticulate. av-apibules, f. hoopai, to count up, enumerate. άν-ἄριθμητος, ον, (α privat., ἀρίθμητος) = sq. άν-άριθμος, ον. (a privat., άριθμός) without number, | anarchy. From

no account of a thing.

de-aperos, or, (a privat., dexw) not governed or subject: not submitting to be governed.

avapportia, h, unsuitableness: discord. From άν-άρμοστος, ον, (α privat., άρμύζω) επήθε, incosgruous: of sound, inbarmonious: of persons, ab-2. unfitted, unprepared. surd.

άναρπάγή, ή, recapture. From

άν-αρπάζω: fut. άξω, Att. άσω οτ άσομαι [ἄ]: 20τ.1 ἀνήρπασα:—to tear up, snatch up. II. to burn along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before ? magistrate, Lat. rapere in jus. III. to take by storm, and so to plunder, generally, to treat with violence. Hence άναρπαστός, έν, also ή, όν, torn away, carried of,

esp. into Persia, treated with violence. avap-plu, f. -peisopau, (ará, plu) to flow back or to tbe source.

άναρ-ρήγνϋμι οτ -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I ἀνέρρηξα: -to break up, break through or open. make break forth; drappiffee Eng, like Lat. rumper voces: -Pass, to burst forth, III. intr., like Pas. to burst fortb.

avap-pythrau, sor. I pass. of sor. 3 act. dres reir. άναρρήξας, sor. I part. of ἀναρρήγνυμι.

avap-pinto or to: f. -pipo: aot. I de apperta:to throw up; avappurrely axa under to throw up the sea with the oar. ΙΙ. αναρρίπτειν κίνδυνον το τω the bazard of a thing, run a risk: also without sirδυνον, els áπαν τὸ ὑπάρχον ἀναρρίπτειν to throw for one's all, stake one's all.

αν-αρρίχασμαι, impf. αναρριχώμην: fut. αναρρίχή σομαι: 201. Ι ανερρίχησάμην: Dep.:—to clamber up with the bands and feet, to scramble up.

avaρροια, ή, (arapple) a flowing back, reflux, cik. uvap-posβδέω, to swallow back, gulp down again. άνάρ-ρύσις, εως, ή, (ἀνά, ρύω = ἐρύω) a snatchies away, rescuing. 2. the second day of the festive Απατούρια.

άναρ-ρώννθμι and -ύω, fut. -ρώσω: 20r. I ఉపఉ pwoa:-to strengthen again:-Pass. to regain strength ot spirit.

av-aporos, ov, also α, ov, (α privat., aporos) sor fi ting together: hence bostile, unpropitious, implacable of things, untoward, strange, monstrous.

dv-apτάω, f. ήσω: 201. drhpτησα:--to bang up a upon, to attach to, make dependent upon. - Med. with pf. pass. ἀνήρτημαι, to attach to oneself; also to sub due:—Pass. also with pf. ανήρτημαι, to be dependen upon; ότου πάντα els ξαυτόν άνηρτηται who be everything dependent on himself; but deferters c. inf. to be prepared to do.

av-aprios, or, (a privat., aprios) uneven, odd; c άρτιου.

av-apxaile, f. ou, to make old again. dvapxla, h, the state of a people without governmen

brapyos, or, (a privat., doxf) without bead or | chief. 2. without beginning.

in-oupile, f. dow, (drd, oeipa) to pull back with s rux, draw aside.

iva-velu, poët, dva ovelu, f. velvu, to shake up ot back: to maing to and fro, move up and down.

ένασυσυρμένος, part. pf. pass. of άνασύρω. eve-orem to move upwards :- Pass. with Ep. 201.2

breestypp, 3 sing. divisoritto, to spring up or forth. ava-orderes, f. www. to dig up.

dva-orderopal, see dra-orosta.

dre-outedle, f. doe: pf. dreoutévana:-Pass., 201. I

buseriasty: pf. does were de μαι: — opp. to καταsurva(u, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκεύη), Lat. sasa solligere: hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, mareh away. 2. to disfurnish, dismantle a place: Med. to dismantle one's 4. in Pass. to 3. to waste, ravage.

be bankrupt; avermento peta me are undone. er-dougros, or, (a privat., doule) unpractised, un-

curried.

ive-oredoniles, f. low, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:-fut. med. inf. dravnodonisisbai occurs in pass. sense.

eve-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέψομαι: 201. ἀνεσκαψάμην:---

to look at, view attentively, inquire into. eva-orapacou, f. for, to tear up.

uvácuscios, or, dragged up, csp. from one's 2. of a door, draws country up into central Asia. back, i. e. opened. From

iva-orae, poët. avorae: f. -oraes [d]: 201. I brioritou:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship 2. to draw or such up: to draw back. rds υφρύε ἀνασπῶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; dépous draspar to utter loasiful words.

avacous, h, fem. of avaf, a queen, lady, mistress.

er-accuros, Dor. for an-hocoros. evacoreie one or -eone, Ion. for directe, 3 sing.

mpf. of wareles. άνάσσω, impf. ήνασσον, Ep. άνασσὸν: fut. ἀνάξω:

or. I hvafa, Ep. dvafa: (dvaf):—to be lord or uster, to rule, reign over: - Med., tols drafacoat irea ardpar to bave reigned for three generations : ass. to be ruled.

iv-goom, Att. for drafoom.

iνάστα, for drάστηθι, 201. 2 imperat. of drίστημι.

ivaστάδον, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

ivaστάς, άναστήναι, 201. 2 part. and inf. of delστημι. ivacracus, gen. ess Ion. 108, 4: ' I. causal riστημ) a making to stand up, awakening. making to rise and leave their place, removal: usu.

bad sense, laying waste, destruction. ilding. II. pass. (dviotapai) a standing or ung up, esp. in token of respect: dragrages ef

you an awakening: the Resurrection. ναστάτηρ, ήρος, δ, (ἀνίστημι) a destroyer.

morting, ou, é, - àvacrarige.

dvacratos, or, (drierapai) made to rice up and depart, driven from one's bouse and bome: benco laid waste, ravaged. Hence

avacration, f. won, to ruin, put in confusion.

ava-craupou, f. wow, to impale or crucify, like dou-II. to erucify afreeb. σκολοτίζω.

άνα-στέλλω, f. -στελώ (for the tenses, v. στέλλω): -to send up, raise: - Med. to gird up one's

2. to keep back, check :- Pass. to go back, clothes. 3. seemingly intr. (sub. dauror), to withretire. draw.

ava-ortevalu. f. afu. - arastiru.

dva- $\sigma rev d \chi (\xi \omega_1 - dva \sigma r i r \omega_2)$ ava-orevaxu, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [Ex] άνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud.

dva-στέφω, f. ψω, to erown, wreath:-Pass., pf. drfвтеµµан кара I bave my head wreathed.

ava-ornolles, f. fee, to fix on a firm base. avastysele, Desiderative from avastyse (fut. of

drίστημι), I desire to set up. dvaστήσομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of delστημι.

άναστολή, ή, (ἀναστέλλω) a putting back. άνα-στομόω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a mouth; ἀνα-

στομούν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

ava-στρέφω, f. tw: pf. aviστραμμαι:-- to turn upside down, to turn up by digging. II, to turn

back, around or about; dragtpéφeur πάλιν to repeat: to rally. 2. intr. (sub. laurer), to turn back, re-III. Pass. with fut. med. -στρέψομαι, to turn,

turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat. versari; γαθαν άναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a land. 2. to be busied in a thing.

volve. 4. of soldiers, to rally, Hence åvaστροφή, ή, a turning back or about, a return:

a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2. a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place; hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

eva-στρωφάω, poët. for dva-στρέφα, to turn every

άνα-σύρφ [Ū], f. -σὔρῶ : 201. I ἀνέσῦρα :---to draw ot pull up: in Med. to pull up one's clothes.

άνα-σφάλλω, f. –σφάλω : 201. Ι άνέσφηλα :-- to recover from a fall, recover.

avaoyetien, contr. avaoyeteiv, inf. of avioyeta.

poët, aor. 2 of de (xw. dvaoxelv, dvaoxéofau, 201. 2 act. and med. inf. of

avacyeros, post. avoyeros, by, (dreyouar) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

άνασχειν, άνασχών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνέχω.

ava-oxile, f. low, to split up, rip up. άνα-σώζω, f. -σώσω: aor. I ἀνέσωσα:—to recover

what is lost: -- Med. to regain for oneself. 2, *t*0 bring back, restore:—Pass, to return safe, 3. *t*o

keep in mind. åνα-τάράσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ταράξω: to stir up and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to phrensy: pl pass. part. draverapayµéros, in confusion.

eve-recove, Att. -770: f. -rafe: to set in order | again: - Med. to go regularly through again.

άνατέθρημμαι, pf. pass. of άνατρέφω.

avarel or avart, Adv. of avaros, with impunity. dva-relve, poët. dvrelve : f. - revê : sor. Î drêrewa :

-to stretch up or forth; xeipa dravelreir to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ανατεταμένου having his sword stretched forth. reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle,

eva-rayila: fut. low, Att. W: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

dvaraxiouse, & building of new walls.

dva-rake, post. dv-rake: f. -reke: sor. I dvreiλa:--to make or let rise up, Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light. IL intr. (sub. eauτόν), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλάξ άνατελλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

dva-risuves, f. repui: (for the tenses, v. repuw):to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

dvari, Adv. - dvaril.

eva-τίθημι, f. evaθήσω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι): -to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute of ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was drábypa. III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθείσα κάναθείσα τοῦ γε κατθαveil adding to or taking away from the necessity of IV. Med. to take upon oneself, undergo. 2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to Fetract one's opinion.

ava-rivam, i. how, to raise in price.

eva-rivacres, f. fee, to many to and fro, brandish.

άνατλάε, part. of εq.

dva-τλήνω, inf. of aor. 2 dv-έτλην, with no pres. ανά-τλημ in use (ανατολμάω being used instead); fut. -τλήσομαι:-to bear, suffer, sustain.

avaroλή, poët. avroλή, ή, (dvarέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon; the East.

ava-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to regain courage.

ev-atos, or, (a privat., ath) without barm, unpu-IL act. not barming, barmless.

åνα-τρέπω, poët. ἀντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I ἀνέ-TPRES:-to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overthrow, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. -rpf-Youal, to be east down, disbeartened.

άνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: acr. I drέθρεψα:--to bring up, nourisb, educats,

άνα-τρέχω, fut. ἀναθρέξομαι and ἀναδραμοῦμαι: act. 2 dréspapor:—to run back.-2. to start wj. 3. to go straight up; arabédpous werpn (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. so run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

ava-rongue, can, h, (dra, rerealers) a boring through. dva-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. Jub in pieces: Pass, to be morn away, [1]

evarpowh, i, (evarpless) an coerturning, upoet. eva-τυρβάζω, f. άσω, to stir up and confound. άν-αύγητος, ον, (α privat., αὐγή) rayless.

άν-αύδητος, Dor. - άτος, αν, (α privat., αὐδάω) κεutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

dv-audos, er, (a privat., addi) speechless. voiceles: preventing speech. II. unutterable. dr-aulos, or, (a privat., ailde) without the music of

the flute: hence joyless, sad.
"d-vave, gen. draos, d, h, (a privat., rais) seithout ships; vaes drace ships that are ships no more, Lat.

áva-þalvu, poët. áµþalvu, f. -þärû: zcr. I árádur. or -lodina:-to make shine: to bring to light, show forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med. draφάνησομαι, pf. act. drawfφηνα, to be abecom forth, appear plainly: also to reappear': to be seen or about to be, hence to be accounted.

dvadavas, sor. I part. of drapabus, baving made to appear, baving come in sight of. [\$\pi\$]

avadavod, Adv. (dvadalva) visibly, openly.

evadaveov, Adv. = foreg.

naves nenaves.

dvaddvels, sor. 2 part. pass. of dradalres.

άνα-φέρα, poët. άμφέρα: f. droίσα: zor. I drireyna, Ion. driprena, also drova :-- to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia:—Pass. to rise up:—Med. to earry up for oneself or what is one's own: drawlmaσθαι, absol. to beave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up. 3. to upbold, take upon one. II. intr. III. to bring os carry to rise, as the stars. 1. to bring back tidings. 2. to bring back from exile. 3. to throw back upon another, refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, 4. to bring back to oneself, restore: consult him. intrans, and in Pass, to refresh oneself, recover.

άνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee back, escape.

dvativas, 20r. I inf. of drapaires.

dv-doffe, és, (a privat., doff) untouched, not to k touched.

ava-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to eall out aloud.

ava-polipopas, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly. åνα-φλέγω, f. fω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

 $dva-\phi\lambda o\gamma U_{\omega}$ , f.  $\sigma\omega$ , =  $d\sigma\alpha\phi\lambda \ell\gamma\omega$ .

άνα-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

eva-φοβίω, f. ήσω, to frighten away.

άναφορά, α̂ε, ή, (ἀναφέρω) α carrying up, rais ing. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying back : 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a giving way, respile, remission, 3. intr. a going back : s means of recovery.

άνα-φορέω, = ἀναφέρα.

ανάφορον, τό, (άναφέρω) anything to carry with; s yoke or beam for earrying.

dva-opálouas, f. ácopas, Med. to observe againrecognise. dv-appoblices, or, (a privat., 'Appoblice) without the

favour of Venus: without beauty.

tin-boorte, f. fou, to come back to one's senses, I dv-Baua, post, for dvid-Beua.

to a consolf

II. a retreat.

eva-parda, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.

dva-xála, f. áou, to make give way, drive back:-

έναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.

101. I erexassáppy, to draw back, retire.

heu fram.

frond, defile.

b): to grow again.

in is puffed up or arrogant.

dra-yaire, 201. 2 drighter, pl. dranigyra:-to open the mouth wide, gape wide. dva-xaurije, f. low, (drd, xalry) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up :--c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overthrow, upset, dra-xdorou, - draxairu. eva-yea, L yea, to pour over. eva-xveatvoucu, (dra, xrbos) Pass. to get the first fows on the chin. ava-xopetie, f. eu, to begin a choral dance:-intr. to dance on bigb. avaxious, con, \$, (draxles) a pouring over, spending : excess. ava-xavvigu, f. xwow, to brap up. ava-xeepies, f. how, to go back, retire, retreat, withbaw. II. to come back, revert to the right owner. lence dvaxáppove, ese, Ion. 100, \$, a going back, retiring, dreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. ava-xpolle, f. low, Att. in, to make to go back or eire. dra-fryfile: fut. low, Att. છે: (drá, fifos) to put the vote again. Hence dvaiffiftions, see, fi, a putting to the vote again. ėνėψυξιε, em, ή, (draψύχω) a cooling, refresbing. åναψυχή, ή, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery ross a thing: rest. From άνα-ψύχα, fut. ψύξα:—Pass., 201. Ι ἀναγύχθην: π. 2 dreφύχην [v]: (drá, ψῦχοι):—to revive by est air to cool, refrest: generally, to ebeer: rave rest by au to overbaul the ships, make them sound rain: -Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive. [v] y-Sale, post, for dra-dales. LuBáru: impl framor, Ep. lframor, Ion. lardaror. a abheu: 201. 2 labor, Ep. evador and abor [a]: [ δδηκα, also ξάδα, Dor. ξάδα: (the Root is 'ΔΔ-, hich appears in sor. 2 and fut.) :- to please, delight, ke 1/80 pm: in Home: and Herodotus always c. dat. is. direction par impers, drideres pos vocetr, like st. placa.

debapov, ro, mostly in plur. debapa, quasi debage. ἀναφύγη, ή, (ἀναφεύγω) a floring back, escape. re-Tá, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dug of thrown ub. dre-hupen [v], pl. pass. - répupuse, to min up, conavenoranevos, poet. part. sor. I of draster. Ev-Sixa, Adv. (drd, Mya) asunder, in treain. ive-purion, a year, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. avop-ayalie, f. free, (arte, eyalis) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence ivopäyälia, f, the character of a brave good man. dva-bim, f. ben, to make to grow up, to produce. bravery, manly virtue. Hence Med with aor. 1 act. drieper, pl. draniques, to grow άνδράγαθίζομαι: £ Ισομαι, Ατι τουμαι: Dep.:--(ο act bravely, bonestly, play the bonest man. dra-perte, f. how, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence avop-appea, ev, ta, (arte, appa) the spoils of a slain enemy. åνδράκός, Ααν. (ἀνήρ) man by man, like κατ' άνmostly used as Dep. ava-xalouas, f. acouas, Ep. opas, Lat. viritim: generally, separately, apart. avopanoberou, heterock dat, of avopanober, for άνδραπόδοιε, as if from άνδράπους. avopamobilous, Dep. - dropamobiles. άνδραποδίζω: fut. ίσω, Att. lŵ: aor. 1 ήνδραπίδισα:--Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med. άνδραποδιούμαι: sor. ε ένδραποδίσθην: pf. ένδρας 👉 δισμαι: (ἀνδράποδον): —to reduce to slavery, esp, to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than doudben,) Lat. vendere sub corona: - Pass. to be sold into slavery. dvopamobious, eas, \$, and dvopamobiouse, \$, (drδρατοδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: hidnapping. ανδράποδιστής, οῦ, έ, (ανδραποδίζομαι) a slavedealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them. dvopáwodov, a slavs, esp one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat, droparedesses as if from dropá rove. (Deriv. uncertain.) avopanos-úsigo, es, (áropánosor, elbos) slavich, cervile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλεύθεροs. άνδράριον, τό, Dim. of de-hp, a manihin. [ἄρ] aνδράσι, dat, plur. of de ήρ. άνδρ-αχθής, έε, (ώνήρ, έχθοε) loading a man, as mueb as a man can carry. άνδρεία, Ion. -ηίη, ή, (ἀνήρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo. avon-elkehov, to, (arthe, elkehoe) an image of a man, a statut. II. a flesh-coloured paint. and perios, a, or, Ion. and phios, n, or, (andp) of or belonging to a man, manly, marculine: neut, to de-Spelor, manlinees. II. rd drepeta, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan perdiria. Hence avopenorme, nros, n, - aropeis. åνδρα-φόντης, ου, δ. (Δυήρ. \*φένω) man-elaying. avboaner, area, e, post, for artiples: see artiples. avoperou. Ep. for avopaos, dat. plur. of avop. aropeineros, Ion. for aropoumeros, pres. past. part. of drapios. άνδρεύομαι, Dep. - άνδρίζομαι. avopeir, ares. 6, Ion. for aropar. dvopata, Ion. for dripela.

divopatos, n, or, lon for disperse.

avorantie, f. how, to banish from bome. From άνδρ-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (ἀνήρ, ἐλαύνω) be that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [8]

avopia, late form of avopela.

avopiavromovie, (dropiarromovie) to be a statuary. Hence

άνδριαντοποιία, ή, statuary, sculpture.

avociavro-words, où, d, (dròpids, world) a statueimaker, statuary, sculptor.

avopide, arror, b, (drip) the image of a man, a

istatue. avople, f. low, (arip) to make a man of :- Pass. to

become a man, to think and act like a man. avopinos, η, ον, (aνηρ) of or for a man, masculine, 'manly: also of things, strong, stout :- Adv. dropusus, like a man; Sup. dedpenderara. II. composed

of men. avδρίου, τό, Dim. of duffe, a manikin.

aνδριστίον, verb. Adj. of arδρίζω, one must play the man.

avopioni, Adv. after the manner of men. άνδρο-βρώε, ώτοε, δ, ή, (άνήρ, βιβρώσκω) man-

eating, cannibal. avδρο-γόνος, or, (arip, γενέσθαι) begetting men. άνδρό-γύνος, ον, (άνηρ, γυνή) a man-woman, bermaphrodite:-a weak effeminate person.

es Adj., of baths, used both by men and women. ivbpo-baluros, or, (arte, bal(w) man-elaying, mur-

derous. άνδρο-δάμας, αντος, δ, ή, (άνήρ, δαμάω) mantaming: man-slaying. [d]

čνδρο-δόκος, αν, (άνηρ, δέχομαι) receiving men. άνδρο-θέα, ή, (ἀνήρ, θεά) the man-goddens, i. c. Minerva.

dvδρόθev, Adv. (dvhρ) from a man, from men.

 $\dot{a}$ νδρο-κμής,  $\dot{\eta}$ τος,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}$ νήρ, κ $\dot{a}$ μνω) man-wearying: -man-slaying, murderous.

ανδρό-κμητος, ον, (ανήρ, κάμου) wrought by men's bands.

dv8po-κτάσία, ή, (dvήρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men. ανδροκτονέω, f. ήσω, (ανδροκτόνοε) to slay men. Hence

 $\dot{a}$  v  $\dot{b}$  p o  $\kappa$   $\tau$  a v  $\dot{b}$  o  $\kappa$   $\tau$  a  $\sigma$  i a.

avopo-ktovos, or, (drip, steire) man-slaying. άνδρ-ολέτειρα, ή, (άνήρ, όλλυμι) a murderess.

άνδρο-μάχος, η, ον, (άνηρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. Andromaché. [d]

åνδρόμεσε, a, ov, (ἀνήρ) of man or men, buman. άνδρο-μήκης, εε, (άνήρ, μῆκος) of a man's beight. åνδρό-παιε, δ, (ἀνήρ, παῖε) a youth near manbood. ένδρο-πλήθαια, ή, (ἀνήρ, πλήθος) a multitude of men. avopé-otres, idos, f., (arfp., otropai) buriful to men.

 $dv\delta\rho\delta$ - $\sigma\phi\iota\gamma\xi$ ,  $\delta$ , ( $dv\eta\rho$ ,  $\Sigma\phi\iota\gamma\xi$ ) a man-sphine. ανδρότης, ητος, ή, - ανδρεία, manbood. άνδρο-τύχης, έε, (άνηρ, τύχειν) getting a man or

busband, arop. Blotos wedded life, ανδροφάγω, f. ήσω, to eat men. From

evopo-hayos, or, (drhp, payedr) eating men: d Aropopayos, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus. άνδρο-φθόρος, ον, (ἀνήρ, φθείρω) man-destroy-

II. pass, ἀνδρόφθορου, ον: hence αίρε ανδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

avoρo-bovos, or, (arhp, \*φένω) man-slaying: icm. ђ фодрофо́vos, murderess of ber busband.

άνθρο-φόντης, ου, ό, - άνδρει-φόντης, a man-slayer, bomicide. åνδρόω, f. ώσω, (ἀνήρ) to rear up to manbood:--

Pass, to become a man, reach manhood. άνδρ-ώδης, es, (άνήρ, elbos) like a man, maniy. Adv. –don : Sup. árôpudéovara.

άνδρωθείε, nor. I pass. part. of ἀνδρόω.

άνδρών, Ιου. άνδρέων, ώνος, ό, (ἀνήρ) α παι' apariment. άνδρωνίτιε, ιδοε, ή, — άνδρών.

åv-Búerau, poët. for draðúerau.

avbane, post, for dridene, sor. I of dradidam. åν-ίβην, ser. 2 of àraβabre. άν-εβήσετο, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. I med. of άναβαίνα.

άνεβιωσάμην, 201. Ι of ἀναβιώσκομαι. dv-εβραχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use, of

armour, to clash, ring loudly; of doors, to creak of grate loudly. άνέβωσε, Ion. for ἀνεβόησε, sor. I of ἀναβοάω.

ἀν-έγγνος, ον, (α privat., έγγύη) not vouched for unwedded. άν-εγείρω, f. -εγερώ: 201. I dréγειρα: --- to wake = rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage:

-Pass. to be awaked, wake up. Hence åνεγέρμων, ον, gen. oros, waked up, wakeful. dv-έγκλητος, ον, (a privat., έγκαλέω) ποι accused

without reproach. ἀνέγναμψα, ἀνεγνάμφθην, 201. I act. and pass o

ἀναγνάμπτω. ἀνέγνωκα, ἀνέγνων, pf. and 20r. 2 of ἀναγεγνώσπ άνοδέγμοθα, 1 pl. Ep. sor. 2 pass. of αναδέχομαι.

άν**έδαξα, s**or. I of άναδείκνυμι. άν-έδην, Adv. (ἀνίημι) let loose, without restrais earelessly. II. without more ado, simply.

άνόδρακον, 3 sing. 201. 2 of άναδέρκομαι. άνέδραμον, irreg. 201. 2 of άνατρέχω.

άνεδύσετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of άναδύο μαι. ἀνσέρ ω, impf. ἀνέεργον, old Ep. form of ἀνέργο

άν είργω. άνέζησα, sor. I of ἀναζάω.

άν-εθέλητος, ον, (a privat., έθέλω) unwished for melancboly. åν-έθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίημι.

2. aor. 2 act. (

ἀνατίθημι. ávelην, opt. sor. 2 act. of áriημ.

av-ahelbua, j. (a privat., Eikelbua) without the s of Eileitbyia.

dv-mλίω, f. ήσω, (v. είλω) to wind up or roll togethe -Pass. to crowd or throng together.

evellypa, evellypual, pf. act. and pass of in λαμβάνοι.

èvaλον, -δμην, 20τ. 2 act. and med. of draiples. έναμένως, Adv. of dreiμένου, pf. pass. part. of driημ, let loose, carelessly: without restraint.

but also to go up inland. II. to approach, as a

suppliant. III. to go back, go bome, return.
dr-cipus, or, gen. oros, (a privat., cipa) soitbout

dratum, or, gen. oros, (a privat., etua) tottoout dathing, unclad.
ir-arreiv, (drá, elveir) 201. 2 with no pres. in use:

aot. I pass. ἀντρρήθην (as if from ἀναρ-ρόω): pf. ἀντίρημαι (from ἀν-αρέω):—to say aloud, proclaim, give notice.

iv-eloppe, f. fee, to keep back, ward off, in post. impl. delegror.

avelpypa, pl. pass., v. drecteir.

dvelsopas, Ep. and Ion. dvspopas, (drd, espopas, spopas):—to inquire of inquire about.

drauback.

drafpa, (for the tenses, v. eiges) to fasten on or to:

to wreathe together. evels, part. 201. 2 of drings.

av-inder, (and ind) Adv. of Place, from above: cf. aynaver. II. of Time, from the first.

av-andes, Adv. (dru, dude) upwards, on bigb, Lat.

αν-ίκβάτος, ον, (a privat., ἐκβαίνψ) witbout outlet. ἀν-ακδείγγητος, ον, (a privat., ἔκδιηγέομαι) indecribable, extraordinary.

åv-kæðpopos, or, (a privat., kröpapeir) witbout esape, inevitable.

άν-εκλάλητος, ον, (a privat., ξελαλέω) unspeakable. άν-έκλαιπτος, ον, (a privat., ξελείπω) unfailing. άνεκλίθην [Υ], 201. I pass. of draκλίνω.

dvinklive, acr. I act. of drankive.

έν-εκπίμπλημι, fut. -εκπλήσω, to fill up oc again. έν-έκπληκτος, οι, (a privat., ἐκπλήσσω) undaunted: δ ἀνέπληκτον dauntlessness.

everpeyor, sor. 2 of everpeye.

έν-ακτέος, αν, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, to be borne. Ενακτός, άν, later ή, όν, (ἀνέχομαι) bearable, tolerble:—Adv. ἀνακτώς, so as to be borne.

iv-έκφραστος, ον, (a privat., ἐκφράζω) unutterable,

describable. hv-éhayuros, ov, (a privat., éhlyxu) safe from ing questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.

ing questioned. Not to be rejuted, unrejuted. in-electron, orce, d, h, (a privat., electron) unureiful.

velet, dveleta, 201. 2 2ct. 2nd med. inf. of dvapéw.

veλαυθερία, ή, (dreλεύθερου) illiberality. veλαυθεριότης, ητος, ή, = dreλευθερία. From

ு **ூட்டெல்ஷேல்,** or, illiberal, slavish, Lat. illiberalis : money matters, siggardly.

vel ήφθην, 201. I pass. of ἀναλαμβάνα. velicova, Att.—rra, f. fo, to unroll, like Lat. evole, of books in rolls, and so read and explain. 2. do-lines: f. drilfe, but in Att. drelines [v], with acr. I drelinesa, pf. pass. drelinesqua: (as if from drelines):—to draw up, to bold up: esp. to draw up a bow to its full stretch? drelnisat raise to haup ships bigh and dry: to drag to light, to drag into open court:—Med. to draw to oneself; drelinesat, rpixas to tear one's own hair.

II. to draw back.

dv-ehmie, ιδοε, δ, ή, (a privat., ἐλπίε) without bope.
dv-thmicros; ον, (a privat., ἐλπίςω) unboped for,
unlooked for.
II. act. of persons, beving no bope, bopeless.
2. of things, leaving no bope, bopeless.
less.
III. Adv. -τως, bopelessly; ἀνελπίστως

έχειν to be in despair.

dv-lμβdros, or, (a privst., lμβalru) inaccessible. II. set. not going to or into.

d-ventonros, or, (a privat., repeade) free from blame, wishout offence.

d-veμητος, or, (a privat., veμω) not distributed. II. baving no sbare.

avenualos, a, or, (drepos) full of wind, windy.

åveμίζομαι, (άνεμοε) Pass. to be driven with the wind. ἀνεμο-δρόμος, ον, (άνεμος, δραμεῖν) swift as the wind. ἀνεμνήσθην, adr. I pass. of ἀναμιμνήσκω.

eventers, even, ev, (drepos) windy, exposed to the wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy. [a]

"ANEMOE, & a wind, Lat. ventus; Evella drépose a whirlwind; drepos nard Boplar torquée the wind being in the north. Homer and Hesiod mention four winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as points of the compass. [4]

dvepo-onenia, es, (avepos, onen) sheltering from the wind.

dveμo-τρεφής, le, (dreμos, τρέφω) fed by the wind, of a wave; έγχος dreμοτρεφές a spear from a tree made tough by the wind.

άνεμοω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ηνέμωμαι: (άνεμου):—to expose to the wind:—Pass. of a wave, to be raised by the wind.

άν-εμποδίστος, ον, (a privat., ἐμποδίζω) unbindered. ἀνεμ-ώκης, ες, (άνεμος, ὡκύε) swift as the wind. ἀνεμώλιας, ον, (άνεμος) windy, i. c. vain, fruitless. ἀνεμώνη, ή, (άνεμος) the wind-flower, anemoné.

dv-evbens, is, not in want.

dv-évδεκτος, ον. (α privat., ἐνδέχομαι) inadmissible. .
ἀνένεικα, poät. for ἀνήγεικα, 20τ. 1 2ct. of ἀναφέρω: \
ἀνενείκατο, 20τ. 1 med., ἀνανειχθείε 20τ. 1 pass. part. \
ἀνενέγιοθε, sec ἐνήνοθε.

άνέντες, 20τ. 2 part. pl. of αν-ίημι.

άν-εξάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., εξαλειφω) indelible. άν-εξέλεγκτος, ον, (a privat., εξελέγχω) not put to\ the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be refuted: irreproachable.

άν-εξερεύνητος, ον, (α privat., ἐξερευνάω) not to be searched out, unsearchable.

dv-eféraστος, ον, (a'privat., êferásω) not searched out, not inquired into.

11. βίου dveféraστου a life without inquiry.

ev-efeuperos, or, (a privat., ifeuploses) not to be found out. evel-wance, or, (drexu, nantr) enduring suil: for-

bearing. dv-efixviacros, cr, (a privat., efixviaso) not to be

traced out. ev-leodos, or, (a privat., efodis) with no outlet. spitbout return, Lat. irremeabilis.

Even or event v. sub dream.

driorral, see driarra. av-lopros, or, (a privat., lopry) without festival;

dreopros lepur without share in festal rites. dv-enalogueros, or, (a privat., inalogúropal)

baving no cause for shame. ) dv-έπαλτο, Ep. for dr-επάλετο, 3 sing. sor. 2 med. from drawdham with pass sense, be was thrown up,

rusbed up.

dvéraura, sor, I of dvarave. åv-eraχθής, ές, (a privat., ἐπαχθής) πόδ burden-

some, without offence. Adv., werraxtor peper not to take ill.

dvinerov, sor. 2 of dra-sistes. dv-emβούλευτος, ον, (a privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against. dv-embucos, or, (a privat, embucos) undisputed: of an heiress, about sobose marriage there is no dispute. dv-embountos, or, (a privat., émbouée) unempected,

unforeseen. dventelma, f, unfairness. From

dv-ewentje, és, (a privat., éscentje) unreasonable, unfair: Adv. - mue. dv-extendros, or, (a privat., truschto) unblamed.

Adv. - ren, without censure. άν-επίληπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) ποι to be laid bold of or attacked: blameless. Adv. -rws. dv-enifector, ov, (a privat., enifew) not polished over, not finished off.

dv-eminληκτος, or, (a privat, έπιπλήσσω) not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible.

dv-emippearos, av, (a privat., emppe (w) not used for sacrifices, dv-entonentos, or, (a privat., intonintopat) not

examining, inattentive. II. pass. not considered. åνεπιστημοσύνη, ή, ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science. From

dv-estatifuer, or, gen. ares, (a privat., interfuer) unknowing, unskilful: unscientifie: c. inf. not knowing bow to do a thing. Adv. - µiver.

en-entrantos, er, (a privat., initassu) not com-

manded, subject to no one. Adv. - Tore. dv-entribuos, or, Ion. dv-entribuos, 7, or, (a privat., entribetos) unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, burtful. 2. of persons, ill-disposed, unfriendly.

dv-envripares, or, (a privat., intripae) not to be pensured.

divertificates, or, (a privat, iniphovos without my or reproach: not invidious. Adv. -ven.

dvisveuse, sor, I of dvasvier. άνεπτάμην, άνέπτην, 201. 2 med, 2nd 2ct. of ἀνίτ-

τάμαι : cf. ώναπέτομαι. άν-εράσμαι, 201. Ι άνηράσθην, Dep. (άνά, έράν) το love again.

åν-έραστος, ον, (α privat., έράω) ποι worthy φ Il. act. not loving.

av-epyos, or, (a privat., spyor) not done; spya to epya, Lat. facta infecta.

av-épym, old form of av-elpym. av-spelije, L low, to provoke again.

\*dv-epelmouan, (dva, èpelmo) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. 201. I dropelyarro: to enateb up and

carry off. av-epeuvam, f. how, to search out.

άν-ερεύνητος, ον. (α privat., έρευνάω) ποι searche out: not to be searched out.

άν-έρομαι, Ερ. άνείρομαι: 201. άνηρύμην: Dep. (àrá, ἐρέομαι): to question, ask. dv-lowe, sor. I drelpstoa (as if from drepsi(ω):to creep up.

åν-έρρω; 201. Ι άνήρρησα:—to come ot go αυσ with notion of bad luck: dreppe, away with you, la abi in malam rem.

åv-spulpida, f. åsa [ā]: to begin to blush.

άν-ερύω, Ion. άν-ειρύω: f. ύσω [8]: to draw up. άν-έρχομαι, fut. άνελεύσομαι: 201. 2 άνήλθθαν σ ἀνηλθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα:---to go up, of trees, to gra

up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up. to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. είε τυα ἀνέρχεσθαι to be referred to ot made depa

dent upon one. dv-epurdus, f. how, to ask again or repeatedly. dveσαιμι, Ep. 201. I opt. of driημι.

Everav, 3 pl. 20r. 2 of drings. dvicavres, part, of dreiva, sor, I of dri(a, avera, Ep. for depose, 3 sing. fut. of delque. dvecte, cas, Ion. 100, \$, (drings) a relaxing, as

sassir an abating of evils. 2. a letting loose, es of the passions, licence. άνέσσυτο, 3 sing. sor. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: áres

άνέστην, εσε. 2 of ανίστημι. ev-torus, or, (a privat., toria) without bearth

άνέσχεθε, άνεσχέθομεν, poët. lengthd. for άνέσχ drέσχομεν, act. 2 of dr-έχω.

dy-erale, f. es. to search thoroughly. dvirance, 3 sing. sor. I of dra-rinher

**ἀνέτλην, 2**01, 2 of <sup>‡</sup>ἀνάτλημι, averos, or, (aviημ) relaxed, slack; properly of

set free from labour, ranging freely. averpaφην [d], 201. 2 pass. of drarpiφα. dveu, Prep. with gen. without; drev bear, Lat. Diis, without divine aid; drev too mairortos L

2. away from, far from.

proce, except, besides.

in-evilue, to bonour with cries of ever!

injuseu regis.

Adv. far away, distant: out of the way. av-euberos, ov, (a privat., euberos) not well placed, inconvenient. av-evolutos, or, (a privat., subury) not baving to render an account, irresponsible: hence guiltless. άν-ευκτος, ον, (α privat., εύχομαι) not wished II. act. not wishing or praying for. aveupely, 201. 2 inf. of aveuplane. averipeous, eas, h, (averplona) a finding out. av-superos, or, (a privat., evpione) not found out, not to be found out. dv-ευρίσκω, f. ἀνευρήσω: 201. 2 ἀνεύρον: un-Att. 201. I med. ἀνευράμην ; 201. Ι p2ss. ἀνευρέθην :—t0 fud out, discover:-Pass. to be found out or discovered to be. άν-ευφημέω, f. ήσω, to try out, εὐφήμει, εὐφημείτε: to sbout aloud with joy. ev-evyouss, Dep. to recall a prayer. ά-νέφελος, Ερ. άννέφελος, ον, (α privat., νεφέλη) doudless: unveiled. άν-εχέγγύος, ον, (a privat., έχέγγυος) unwarranted. άν-έχησι, v. sub sq. αν-έχω, impf. ανείχον: also α ίσχω, ανίσχον: f. νέξω, also ἀνασχήσω: 2οι, 2 ινέσχον, poet. ἀνέχεθον: pl. ανέσχηκα:—Pass., acr. 1 ανεσχέθην: pf. νέσχημαι:—2 3 sing. pres. ind. ανέχησι also occurs, s if from ἀνέχημ: (ἀνά, έχω):—to bold up, lift up ne's hands in prayer or in battle: to bold up and bew to one; dréxeir paos, to bold up a light; esp. a phrase άνεχε, πάρεχε φωε, or simply άνεχε, πάρεχε, old up and show the light to lead the nuptial proceson, make ready, go on. 2. to exalt, extol. f land, ἀνέχειν την άκρην to put forth a head-4. to upbold, support: to continue to do; nd. part., orépfas uvéxes continues to love: of the ghtingale, drexur moods to keep constant to the II. to bold in, keep in; Zeve dréxer, opp. www, bolding up, stopping the rain. III. mens. to rise up, rise, esp. in form drivyo, of the sun: events, to bappen: c. gen. to rise from, recover 2. to come forth, project: esp. of a headland, 2773. just out into the sea. 3. to bold on, keep doing. B. Med. av-έχομαι: f. avéfopat or avaσχήσοραι: t. irrips. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ήνειχόμην, ήνε-'- properly to bold oneself up, and so to bold

werde, before a vowel averder, (aver):

2. apart from, far from.

with gen. without.

ice.

eber.

ds to fight.

guests, and so to receive them.

edicarne, 1700, 1, consinabio.

erica, ή, fem. of ἀνέψιοι, a female cousin.

edicaboûs, oû, ô, a first-cousin's son. From

NEVIOZ, ò, a first cousin, a cousin. Hence

I. Prep. ] dvewydev, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of dra-wayer. 11. áven or áven, see ávens. avlerya, Att. pf. of droire, part, dregree, always intravieyov, impl. of avolye. averta, 201. I of avolve. avicorrai (not axiorrai), for aveirrai, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ανίημι (as if from αν-εύω), they have been given up or devoted. űνως, gen. ω, ὁ, ἡ, Att. form. of an obsol. Adj. ávavos, árdos (a privat., abor to ery), without a voice, mute: áveq nom. plur. άνεψχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνοίγω. **ένη,** ή, (άνω) fulfilment. åv-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to grow young again, Lat. repuerascere. Hence άνηβητήριος, α, ον, making young again. ev-ηβοs, or, (a privat., ήβη) not arrived at man's άνήγαγον, 20τ. 2 of άνάγω. άν-ηγεμόνευτος, ον, (a privat., ήγεμονεύω) without a leader. άν-ηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to tell as in a narrative, relate. άν-ήδυντος, ον, (a privat., ήδύνω) not sweetened or reasoned. dvhn, Ep. for dvη, 3 sing. 20r. 2 subj. of dviημ. avήθινος, η, ον, (άνηθον) made of dill. ANHOON, To, dill, anise, Lat. anethum: also deνηθον: Ιοπ. άννησον οι άνησον: poët. άννητον οι άνητον. avnita, 201. I of avalous. ανήτον, Ep. for ανήτιν, impf. of αντιμι. avika, sor. I of av-inm. åν-ήπεστος, ον. (α privat., ἀκέομαι) not to öe bealed, incurable: ἀνήκεστα ποιεῖν τινα to do one irremediable hurt: ἀνήκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same. act. damaging beyond remedy, deadly:-Adv., άνηπέστω διατιθέναι to treat with shocking cruelty. av-heoos, ov, (a privat., aκοή) without bearing: never baving beard a thing, ignorant of it. willing to bear, disobedient. åνηκουστέω, f. ήσω, to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient. From άν-ήκουστος, ον, (α privat., ἀκούω) unbeard of. act. unwilling to bear, disobedient. άν-ήκω, f. ξω, (ἀνά, ήκω) to reach up to. bave come up to a point, ès τὰ μέγιστα ἀνήκειν: to against a thing, endure, allow, bold out, last: so refer or pertain to a person or thing. part, arexuperos pepovos they bear with paάνηλάλαζον, άνηλάλαξα, impf. and aor. I of dua-2. arexectar feirous to allow the presence λαλάζω. II. to bold up άνήλατο, 3 sing, sor, I of ἀνάλλομαι. 25 25 one's own; ανεχεσθαι χείρας to bold up one's ἀν-ήλϊκος, ο>, (α privat., ήλιξ) not yet arrived at III. rarely, to bold on by one man's estate. άν-ήλιοs, ον, (a privat., filsos) sunless, gloomy. ἀνήλιπος, Dor. ἀνάλιπος, ον, (a privat., ήλοψ ε kind of shoe) unsbod, barefoot. άνήλυσις, εως, ή, (ἀνέρχομαι) a going up.

a coming back

dvhluors, sor. I of draxlorus. άν-hushκτος, ον, (a privat., άμελγω) unmilked. dv-huspos, or, (a privat., huspos) not tame, wild, savage: of plants, wild.

dvήνασθαι, sor. I inf. of dvalvoμαι, of which tense

defecto is 3 sing. ind., defenred 2 sing. subj. dynyeula, h, a calm. From

ev-freuos, or, (a privat., drepos) without wind, calm; arhvenos xeinavar for aven arenou xeinavar,

without the blast of storms. avipool, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres, signf.: Homer has it twice, alua artivoter if ireixis blood gushed from forth the wound; with driprofer steam mounted | up (Formed as if from a Verb \*drέθω.)

av-hourtos and av-hourtos, or, (a privat., drow) not to be accomplished, endless, aimless.

dv-hvωp, opos, δ, (a privat., drhp) unmanly, dastardly, like dravěpos.

deflates, 3 sing. pf. pass. of dedates.

av-navo, f. ou, to cry aloud. "ANH'P, d, gen. dropos, dat. dropi, acc. dropa, voc. drep: plur. dropes, -opar, -opar, -opas. Ep. also gen. drepos, etc., dat. pl. dropeco: -a man, as opp. to woman, Lat. vir (not bomo). II. a man, as opp. III. s man, to God, πατήρ ανδρών τε θεών τε. as opp. to a youth. IV. a man, emphatically, a man indeed, opp. to defineres; πολλοί μέν άνθρωποι, a busband; alγῶν ἀνήρ, δλίγοι δὲ άνδρεε. Virgil's vir gregis.

avno, Att. crasis for & deho. άνηρέθην, aor. I pass. of αναιρέω. άν-ήριθμος, ον, poët. for άν-άριθμος.

άνηρόμην, 201. 2 of ανέρομαι.

άν-ήροτος, ον, (a privat., ἀρόω) unploughed. aνήρτησα, ανήρτημαι, sor. I act. and pf. pass. of

άν-αρτάω.

**Δνησον** οτ **Δννητον**, τό, Ion. for **Δνηθ**ον. άν-ήσσητος, Att. ά-ήττητος, ον, (α privat., ήσσάω)

unconquered, unconquerable.

different,  $\eta$ , or, Dor, for different.

dyntov or dyvntov, to, Dor, and Acol, for dyndov.

dv-hrentos, ov, Att. for dv-hoontos. άν-ήφαιστος, ον, (a privat., "Ηφαιστος) without real

fire; who deshparator, i.e. the fire of discord.

ανήφθην, 20r. I pass, of ανάπτω.

ανήφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ανάπτω.

avhythy, aor. I pass, of avayes,

dvhwa, sor. I of dvárro. avo-aupéopau, f. hoopai: Dep.: (dvol, alpéa):-to sboose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose

II. to dispute, lay claim to. åνθ-αλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσομαι, Pass. to be caught or

killed in turn, άνθαμιλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another. From

avθ-άμιλλος, or, (arth άμιλλα) rivalling.

åνθ-άπτομαι, Ion, άντ-άπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dcp.:to lay hold of, meddle with, engage in.

bold of, seize, attack.

IL to lay bold of in n

turn. detect, ti, (detect) a blossom. ave-action, verb. Adj. of driego, one must bold !

cleave to: so also plur, avbertes.

avo-Dame, f. fee, to draw or pull against.

ένθαια, ατος, τό, pret, for ανάθεμα οτ ανάθημα.

άνθέμιον, τό, - άνθος: άνθέμιον ἐστιγμένος tattoox

with flowers. averuis, Bos, 1, = avecs.

άνθεμόσις, εσσα, εν, also εω in tem., flowery, flowere of works in metal, embossed with flowers. From άνθεμον, τύ, (ώνθίω) = άνθος, a flower.

άνθεμόρ-ρύτος, ον, (άνθεμον, pla) flowing fro flowers. dvθeu-ουργόε, ων, (άνθεμον, \*έργω) working in flower

άνθει-ώδης, es, contr. for άνθεμο-ειδής, (άνθεμο eloos) flowery, blooming.

avelegopas, fut. med. of arteres.

avθeo, Ep. for aváθου, sor. 2 med. imperat. of avar θηρ άνθερεών, ῶνος, ὁ, (ἀνθέω) the chin, Lat. mentim.

 $dνθερίκη, <math>\dot{η}$ , and  $\dot{α}νθέρικος$ ,  $\dot{ο}$ ,  $= \dot{α}νθέριξ$ , α s'alk. άνθέριξ, usos, δ, (ἀθήρ) the beard of an car of con the ear. 2. a stalk.

**Evθerav**, Ep. for *dv lθ egav*, 3 plur. 20r. 2 of *dvariθη*2 avo-ecricae, to feast in return. Avborrhous, ar, ra, the Feast of Flowers, the thre

days' sestival of Bacchus at Athens, in the most Anthesterion.

Avberrapelies, lives, 8, the month Anthesteria eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.

'Avθεσφόρια, ων, τά, the Anthesphoria, a festin in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off will

gathering flowers. From άνθεσ-φόρος, ον, (ώνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers. άνθετο, Ep. for ἀνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 n.ed. of ών τίθημι.

avolue, f. how, to bloom, blossom: metaph, of the sea, duteir verpois to be currepread with corpus: colours, to be bright: metaph, to bloom, fineral άνθεῖν ἀνδράσι to abound in men: to be at the bar as a disease.

 $dv\theta\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $dv\theta os$ , a blossom.

åνθηρόε, ά, ών, (ώνθίω) flowering, blooming: h fresh, young:-metaph. in full force, in p 2. bright-coloured. 3. of style, for tion. άνθ-ησσάομαι, pf. άνθήσσημαι: Pass.: -- to be be

in turn, give way in turn. avθη-φόροs, or, = avθεσφίροs, flower-bringing. dyblie, f. low. (dybos) to strew with flowers: w as with flowers; and so, to dye with colours :-

to bloom: to be dyed; part. pf. ήνθισμένος, nuc of one whose hair is sprinkled with white. divorce, n, ov, (artor) of flowers, blooming, fr άνθ-υππάζομοι, f. άσομαι : Dep. to ride against. ! avbunadola, n, a sham-fight of borse.

2 to lay ave in the main - welt and come.

delicragus, (deri, forημ).

I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. descriptes and act. 1 descriptes to at against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to ompare, Lat. componers.

H. intran, in Med. or Pas. desferance, also in pf. act. desferance, act. 2

irriorys, to stard against, withstand, oppose.

twoβολίω, f. ήσω, to bestress with flowers:—Pass.

to have flowers abovered upon me. From inθό-βολος, or, (άνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with

favors. kv80-Slauros, or, (år60s, blaura) living on flowers. kv80-Skaos, or, (år60s, bizopal) receiving flowers. kv80scoules, f. how, to produce flowers. From

ένθο-κόμος, ον. (άνθος, κομίω) bearing flowers. άνθο-κρόκος, ον. (άνθος, κρίκω) woven or worked

wib flowers, partly-coloured.

ένθολογέω, f. ήσω, (ἀνθολίγου) to gather flowers.
Hence

άνθολογία, ή, a flower-gathering: 'Ανθολογίαι were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor hade up (as it were) into a nosegor.

άνθο-λόγος, τν. (άνθος, λίγω) gathering flowers. άνθομολογέομαι, Dep. (άντί, όμολογέομαι):—to make a mutual agreement or compact. 2. to com-

fees or give thanks in turn.

άνθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From ἀνθο-νόμος, ον, (άνθος, νέμομαι) feeding on flowers. ἀνθ-οπλίζω, f. low, to arm against:—Pass. and

Med. to be armed, arm oneself against.

&veope, post. for drivope, 3 sing. 201. 2 of dravpioses.

dve-opules, f. hoss, to lie at anchor, be moored oppo-

zite one another.

"ANOOZ, eos, ro, that which buds, a young bud or sprout; a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the fruth or seum on water: areas of you, Lat. flow vini, the crust on old wines. II. metaph, the bloom or flower of a thing, fifthe droes the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, honour: also the height of anything, had as well as good.

2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

dve-oσμίαs, ου, ό, (dvrl, όσμή) redolent of flowers: generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine.

άνθοσύνη, ή, (άνθοε) a flowering, bloom.

& Ochopen, E how, (droopipes) to bear flowers.

άνθοφορία, τά, - Ανθεσφέρια. From

åνθο-φόρος, αν. (άνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers, Lowery: blooming. ἀνθο-φύής, έε, (άνθος, φυή) of the nature of flowers,

ανθο-φύης, is, (άνθος, φυή) of the nature of flowers, bez g bi-coloured.

d. v θράκτύς, len, ή, (άνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence d. v θράκτύε, f. σε, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn o α cinder.

&νΦράκιά, âs, Ep. ἀνθρακιή, βε, ή, (άνθραξ) a beap of wal or charcoal, bot coals.

2. blackness as of coals.

4. θράκουμοι, pf. ζνθράκοιμοι: Pass.: (άνθραξ):—to

4. δρακτικό cinders.

ANOPAH, sees, 8, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur.

'ANOPH'NH, if, a wild bee : a bee or warp. Hence avortioner, to, the honeycomb of a wild bee : a warpa' nest.

dropers-decrees, ov, ô, (kroperos, delores) a manpleaser.

άνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of άνθρωπος, α manikin.

åνθρωπέη, contr. ἀνθρωπή (sub. δορά), ή, α man's skin.

åνθρώπαιος, α, or, Ion. ἀνθρωπήζος, η, or, (άνθρωποι) of ot belonging to man, befitting man's nature, burman: Adv. –em, by burman means, in all burman probability.

despossibles, 1, as, Ion. for desposses.

άνθρωπίζω, f. low, (άνθρωπου) to behave like a man: Pass. to become man.

ανθρωπίκος, ή, όν, of or for a man, buman.

άνθρώπινος, η, ον, (άνθρωπος) cf., from ot belonging to man, buman; πὰν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all mankind; τὰ ἀνθρώπινο the fortunes of man.—Adv., ἀνθρωπίνω ἀμαρτάνεω to commit buman, i.e. venial, errors. ἀνθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ἀνθρώπιου.

avopountous, 8, Dim. of avopourse, a little man, manihin, Lat. homuncio.

åνθρωπο-δαίμων, oros, å, ή, (άνθρωπου, δαίμων) a man-god, i.e. a deified man, bero.

&νθρωπο-αιδής, έε, (άνθρωπος, είδος) in the shape of a man.

åνθρωπο-κτόνος, ον. (άνθρωπος, ετείνω) murdering men, homicidal. II. proparox. ἀνθρωπό-ετονος, murdered by men; βορὰ ἀνθρ. a feeding on slaughtered men.

aνθρωποποιία, ή, a making of man. From

ανθρωπο-ποιδε, ότ, (άνθρωπος, ποιδω) making man. "ΑΝΘΡΩΠΟΣ δ, man, Lat. bomo (not wir): plut. of άνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλιστα τι ήμιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ἀνήρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ἀνθρωπου δδίτην α wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνήρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. bomo opp. to wir: used in addressing slaves, δ ἀνθρωπο. The fem. άνθρωπου, ή, (like bomo fem. in Lat.) α woman.

Δυθρωπος, Att. crasis for δ άνθρωπος.

άνθρωπο-σφάγέω, f. ήσω, (άνθρωποε, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifics men.

άνθρωποφάγίω, f. ήσω, (άνθρωποφάγου) to eat men or man's flesh. Hence

ανθρωποφαγία, ή, an eating of men.

turn.

άνθρωπο-φάγος, ον, (άνθρωπος, φάγεῦν) sating men, cannibal.

άνθρωπο-φίνης, έε, (άνθρωπος, φνή) of man's nature. άν-θρώσκω, poët, and Ion, for ἀνα-θρώσκω.

av-θρώσκω, poet and ion for ava-θρώσκω.

Δνθ-υβρίζω, f. low, to abuse one another, abuse in

άνθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

avo-onaγa, to oring to trial of indict in turn. avooranteeim, f. σω, to be proconsul. And

άνθυπατικός, ή, όν, proconsular. From

avo-vustros, ó, a proconsul, for deri buárou, Lat.

nether world.

64 dvb-breike, f. f. (dvri, breike) to yield in turn. | but in Ep. subj. drip for drif, opt. drein, inf. driva. avourentes, eas, h, a mutual yielding. ανθ-υποκρίνομαι ist. -κρίνουμαι: Dep.: (αντί, ύποupirouat) :- to dissemble or make pretences instead, or en answer. Dr άνθ-υπόμερμι, f. -ομόσω, (drtl, bπόμουμι) to make a counter-affidavit. હેંગ્રી-υποπτεύω, (લેગ્રાં, ઇઝાલ્ટર દર્પઓ) to suspect mutually. ανθωπουργέω, (άντί, ύπουργέω) to return a kind-1 mesa. Hence άνθυπούργημα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return. άνθ-νφαιρέω, (άντί, ύφαιρέω) to take away in return. άνθ υφίσταμαι, fut, -υποστήσομαι: 201. 2 -υπέστην . (dvtl. bφίστημι):-to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another. άνθώπλισμαι, pf. pass. of άνθοπλίζου 'ANI'A, Ion. dvln, n, grief, sarrow, distress, trouble: Homer uses it act. of a person, dairde deln the annoyance of our feast. [dwln in Hom., later dwla or sometimes aria. Hence ảviálo, sor. I jeldoa, to grieve, distress. II. intr. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [7] dv-lάομαι, fut. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to cure again, restore. dvtapos, a, or, Ion. and Ep dvinpos, ή, or, (drida) grievous, distressing: irreg. Comp. αντηρέστερος. rrieved, distressed. Adv. -ρῶε, [In Homer ἀνῖηρόε, later also dri-.] dv-lāτos, or, (a privat., lάομαι) incurable: of men, incorrigible. ūνιάω, fut. άσω [ā], Ion. ήσω: acr. I ήνίδσα, Dor. driaσa: pl. jrlasa:—Pass, with fut. med. driaσομαι: 201. Ι ηνιάθην: pf. ηνίδμαι: (drla):—to grieve, distras: -Pass. to be grieved, etc.; ανιασθαι τουτο to be vexed at this: - Homer has Ion. aor. I pass. part. aνιηθείε, 25 Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. (T in Hemer always, later also I.] dvidely, nor. 2 inf. of a pres. \*dv-elda, to look up. di-ίδρθτος, or, (a privat., ίδρύω) unsettled, restless: esp baving no fixed bome, vagabond. dv-thport, Adv. of dvldportos, without sweat: hence lazily, slowly. dv-ίδρωτος, ov, a privat., ίδρόω) not thrown into a aweat, not exerting oneself. dviews, dview, 2 and 3 sing, impf. of dvinue. dviels, 2 sing. pres. of dviημ. avience, Pass and Med. of drln me. dvievas, pres. inf. of dr-lym, to send up. 2. pres. inf. of dv-eim (elm ibo) to go up. dv-tepos, or, (a privat., lepós) unboly, impious. [1] avisore, Ion. impf. of avinue. dv-la, sor. I dreiva, (drá, i(w) to set up. dvintels, lon for dridels, sor I pass part of dride. dv-lημι, impf. driηr; also 2 sing. pres. drieis, 2 and 3 sing. impf. driets, et; Ion, 3 sing. drieone (as if from

2. drievas revi to let loose against one, et go. upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui : hence generally, 3. to let alone, let :- Med. aviena, to loosen, undo:-Pass. to be let go, go free; part. pl. pass dresplayer going free, left to one's will and plasure; tresperoe els re woolly engaged in a thing: IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring: hence to neglect, give over, remit:-Pass, to be slack of unstrung. M Act, to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere. άνιηρός, ή, ών, Ιοπ. for άνιαρώς. dvika, Dor. for hvika. [7] åv-ludvos, or, (a privat., isaros) insufficien'. av-lutreuros, or, (a privat, lutreyou) not entreated: act, not entreating. d-vientos, or, (a privat., riede) unconquered, unconquerable. av-laces, as, gen. a, Att. for dr-laces, (a private ίλεω») unmerciful. [ī] åν-ζμάω, f. ήσομαι : (ἀνά, ἰμάε):—to draw up water by leather straps: generally to draw or baul up:-Pass. to get up, mount up; so also intr. (sub. lauri), to mount up. dvios, or, (dvia) - driapos. dv-loudos, ov. (a privat., loudos) beardless. dv-varaeύω, f. σω, to ride on bigb. dv-innos, or, (a privat., innot) without a borse, ad serving on borseback: of countries, unsuited for born dv-lπτάμαι, Dep., - dra-πέτομαι. άνιπτό-πουε, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδοε, (άνιππ rovs) with unwashen feet. d-viπτοs, or, (a privat., rίζω) unwasben. to be washed out. avis, Bocot, for aver, also Megarean. dv-ισος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., ίσος) unequal, 🖭 even: metaph. unfair. [t Ep., t Att.] Hence dvioles, f. wow, to make equal, equalise :- Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing. dvlota and dvloth, for dvlother, imperat of b ίστημι. de-torde, later form for sq. dv- $l\sigma\tau\eta\mu\iota$ ,  $(dvd, l\sigma\tau\eta\mu\iota)$ : I. Causal in pres and impf., in fut. dragthow and nor. I dregthou, to said to stand up, raise up, set up: to raise from sleet Lat. excito, and from the dead: later, to set up, build also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action: 4 3. to make people rise to im stir up to rebellion, their homes: transplant them; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it usu. means to be unpeopled, laid watt χώρα ανεστηκυία a wasted land: also to make su pliants rise and leave sanctuary. 4. to raise se driew): fut. drhσω, also dreσω: aor. I drhea, Ion. for war. II. in sor. I med. also trans. drasm direqua, Ep. also direca: aor. 2 not used in sing. ind., | σασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for casself.

part. drevres :- Pass. drieua: aor. I drebny: pf. drείμαι: (ἀνά, ίημι):—to send up or forth, make spring

up, produce, as the earth: esp. to send up from the

II. to send back.

latura. in Pass. delorance, with acc. 2 act. delerge, pl. delerges and plaps. -eorineur, to stand sip, rise: to start up for action, de. ruel to rise up against one; to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: strise to go, set out.

brioropius, f. pou, to make inquiry, ask. briorus, for drioraso, imperat. of driorapus. driorus – dr-éxu, to raise, lift up. 2. intr., dri-

Tyu Kles the sun rises.

evious, Adv. of evious, unequally.

άνίσωσιε, εωε, ή, (ώνισύω) an equalising. άνιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.

άπιρατο, Ion. for dridourro, 3 pl. opt. of dridoμαι. dr-valup, poēt. aor. I subj. of drareμαι.

dvestras, poët. for dravetras, 3 sing. of dravéopas. dveshekos, Ep. for drépekos.

avecorar dat, poet, inf. 201. I of drave copac.

ar inpulve, poet for ara-inpulve.

år-οδηγόω, f. ήσω, (drá, όδηγίω) to guide baek. άν-οδος, ar, (a privat., όδός) baving no road, impanable.

di-obos, \$, (drá, 686s) a way up: esp. into central Asia. II. a way back.

dr-obspopen, Dep. to set up a wailing. [v]
d-volumer, or, gen, oros, (a privat., role) senseless.
d-volumer, or, (a privat., role) not thought on, not
to be thought on.
II. act. not understanding,

foolish: unreasonable, Lat. amens from Ep. avoin, ή, (ároos) want of understanding,

folly.

dr-olyvēju and dr-olyu, Ep. dra-olyu: f. drolfu: with double augm., impf. drighton, Ion. draohyernor: aor. I drighta, Att. fronta, Ion. dronta or dropta; pf. I drighta, pf. 2 drighta; —Pass. drohyvējua: fut. droxχθήσομα, fut. 2 droxγήσομα, fut. 3 dreφέρομα: aor. I dreφχθην, inf. droxχθήνα: (drá, οίγω): I. to open. ando. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. 3. as naulical term, absol., to get into the open sea:—Pass. to be open.

dν-οίγω, f. fw, y. foreg.

ล้ง-อเชื้อโทย, (drá, oldalru): fut. droidhou: pf. droj-อีกุมธ :—to swell up: to swell with passion.

dw-outifu, fut. low, Att. 100, to rebuild. II. to make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from his abode:—Pass, and Med. to migrate.

2. droughfur πόλιν to dispeople a city. III. in Pass. to be built up the country, away from the count.

ab ou out up toe country, away from the coast.

av-curodoμém, f. ήσω, (dvá, ολκοδομέω) to build

sp. II. to rebuild. III. to wall up.

du-ousce, or, (a privat., olsos) bouseless, bomeless. As-ousriov, verb. Ad. of de-oirm, one must open. du-ousrippes, ovos, (a privat., olsrippes) unpilying, mercilles.

devolutionos, or, (a privat., olatico) unpitied.
devolutios, h, br., (devoluteu) opened.

& σικτος, αν. (α privat., oleros) pitiless, rutbless. &ν σιμάζα, fut. άξομαι, to wail aloud, dv-equant, Adv. of drospentie, without mailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [I] dv-equantes, or, (a privat., elphofu) unmourned.

dvolfa, act. I int of dvolyvum. dvolfta, ees, h. (dvolyvum) an opening.

άνοιστίον, verb. Adj. of άναφίρω, one must report. άνοιστόε, Ion. άνώϊστοε, ή, όν, (ἀναφίρω) reported, referred for decision.

dv-ou<del>s rplus, f. how, (drd, olorpes) to goad to madness.</del> dvolow, fut. of dvaples.

dvoure, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of dres.

dvoιχθώσιν, 3 pl. aor. I pass, subj. of dvolγνυμι. dvosusχή, ή, (dv-busχα pf. of dv-έχω) a cessation, of arms, armistice.

evolβia, ή, the state of an arolhoe, misery.

dv- $d\lambda\beta tos, ov, = dvo\lambda\beta os.$ 

dr-ολβος, or, (a privat., δλεθος) unblest, surstabed. dv-όλεθρος, or, (a privat., δλεθρος) not ruined. dvoλκή, ή, (dvόλεω) a drawing up.

åv-ολολόζω, όξω, (ἀνά, δλολόζω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. II. Causal, to make one shout.

άν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (drá, δλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [v]

dr-ομβρος, ω, (a privat., δμβροε) without rain. ένομέω, f. ήσω, (droμοε) to act lawlessly. ἀνομία, Ion. ἀνομίη, ή, (droμοε) lawlessness.

dv-outhtros, or, (a privat., outhfu) baving no intercourse with others, unsociable.

άν-όμμάτος, αν, (α privat., δμμα) without eyes. άν-όμοιος, αν, also α, αν, (α privat., δμοιοε) unlike. άνομοιότης, τητοε, ή, (ἀνόμοιοε) unlikeness.

åνομοιόω, (ἀνόμοιοε) to make unlike: Pass. to be sa, åνομοίωστε, εωε, ή, a making unlike: unlikeness.

άν-ομολογέσμαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. άνφμολόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀνά, όμολογέω):—to agree upon a thing.

άνομολογούμενος, η, ον, (a privat., δμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted. d-voμos, ον, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless,

impious. Adv. -μων, without law. II. (νόμον 11)
unmusical.
ἀν-όνητος, Dor. ἀν-όνατος, ον, (α privat., δνίνημ)

unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. droryra, 25 Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

d-voos, or, contr. dvovs, our, (a privat., voos) without understanding, foolish.

dvomala, Adv., either (from a privat., δψομαι, fut. of; δρόμο), unnoticed; or (from dwo) upwards, up in the air, dwowhos, ov. (a privat., δπλον) without the large which distinguished the hoplite, not heavy-armed; generally, unarmed.

Ev-ouros, ov, (a privat., byopai) unseen.

άν-όρθτος, ον, also ά-όρατος, (α privat., δράω) - foreg.

av-boyavos, or, (a privat., boyavor) without instru-

dv-opylactos, or, (a privat., dpyla(w) attended by no orgies. II. in whose bonour no orgies are beld.

avopeos, a, or, (arth) manly, courageous, like de-'opeios. [d] av-option, f. wow: with double augm., impf., frupθουν, 201. I ήνωρθωνα :-- to set upright again, restore:

dvopta, lon. twopin, i, (drip) manbood, courage. [a]

to set straight again, set right.

dr-oppes, or, (a privat., oppos) wilbout barbour, inbospitable. dy-opolus, f. olow: 201. I dropovou:-to start up,

leap up: to mount swiftly. av-opodos, or, (a privat, opodos) roofless. av-opτaλίζω, f. low, (drá, opτaλίζω) to flap the winge and cross, to strut.

av-optorou, Att. - rrue: fat. (avd. optoroc):so dlg up what has been buried; -dr. τάφον to break

open a grave. av-spxtoum, f. hoopai, Dep. to jump up and dance about.

dv-6 ores, or, or a, or, (a privat., bosos) unboly, wicked, Lat. profamus: dvooice vieve a corpec with

all the rites unpaid. Hence avoctorns, yros, i, unboliness.

d-vocos, lon. d-voucos, or, (a privat., rocos) without sickness, bealthy, sound : of things, free from all defect, bealthy; avocor rando untouched by ill. dv-borses, or, (a privat., borses) without bonse. d-νόστιμος, ον, (a privat., νόστιμος) not return-

ing. II. not to be retraced. a-vocros, or, (a privat., νόστοι) without return. αν-στοτύζω, (ἀνά, ότοτοί) to break out into wailing. av-oudros, or, (a privat., ous) suitbout ear : without

d-vovs, contr. for d-vocs.

bandle.

d-vouces, or, Ion. for a-voces.

άν-ούτάτος, ον, (α privat., ούτάω) unwounded. av-oursel, Adv of foreg., without wound. [1] avoxh, h, (di exw) a bolding back, stopping, esp. of

II. (arexopai) longhostilities, an armistice. suffering, forbearance.

dv-oxuale, f. éou, to bold up, lift up. dvoru, Ep. shortd. imperat for ανάστα, ανάστηθι. άνστάς, άνστημεναι, Ερ. ίοι άναστάς, άναστήναι: por. s part. and inf. of dviotnu.

ανστήσω, Ep. for αναστήσω, fut. of ανίστημι. dvorigray, Ep. for dreothrap, 3 dual age. a of dr-

ίστημ. avorphicar, for dragraphicar.

dvoxeller, dvoxeo, Ep. for draggeleir, dragger, aor. 2 mf. act. and imper. med. of drexw.

άν-σχετός, Ep. for dra-σχετός.

dvra, (drri, drryr) Adv. over against, face to face, II. as Prep. c. gen., over against; dera mapeidas before the cheeks, of a veil: confronted with: most frog. in hostile sense, against, dera Aids πολεμίζεα.

avr-dyopalu, f. asu, to buy in return.

dvr-dyopeim, f. ou, to speak against, reply : to contradict.

dut-dywelloman: f. loopen, Att. toopen: Dep.:-10 struggle against, vie with, esp. in was: to dispute with: as Pass. to be set against. Hence artayerrorths, où, i, an adversary, rival.

evr-aductes, f. how, to swong or infure in return. dvr-aelpe, - dvr-alper :- Med., dvraelpeσθαι χείράς ture to raise one's hands against one.

dvr-ablos, or, (durt, ablos) struggling agains. rivalling.

dvr-aiblopas, f. leopas, Med. to respect one another. dvralos, a, ον, (dντα) est over against, right ορέρnte: ἀνταία (sub. πληγή), a wound in front. bostile. II. besought with prayers; rd arrass

Ocor prayers to the gods. dvt-aipa, f. dvtdpa: not. I dvtfipa:-to rale againu. II. seemingly intr. (sub. xespas), to resist, withstand.

dvr-curles, f. how, to demand in return. 'ANTAKAL'OZ, &, a sort of arargeon.

åντ-ακούω, £ ούσομαι, to bear in turn: to Zisten in return. άντ-ακροάομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. - άντακοθα,

åvr-äläläle, f. åfe, to return a spout. άντάλλαγμα, ατοι, τύ, that which is given on taken in exchange, an exchange. From

άντ-αλλάσσω, Λtt. -ττω, fut. έω: soc. Ι -ήλλαξα; -to give or take in exchange:-Med. to take one thing in exchange for another.

dvr-duelbouar, f. Houar, Med. to give or take in exchange, to exchange. 2. to give punishment is exchange for ill-conduct, to requete, punish. give words in enobange, answer. Hence

devaluations, con, h, an exchanging. dvr-autivoual, Med. to defend oneself against ex other, resist. 2. to requits.

åντ-avaβιβάζω, to make go up in turn.

åντ-ανάγω, f. fω, to lead up against, esp. to put out to sea against: generally to attack up instead.

άντ-ανάλίσκα, f. -ανάλώσα, to destroj in return. åvr-avapévo, to wait instead.

dvr-avaπίμπλημι, to fill in turn or in opposition. åντ-αναπλέκω, f. fw, to plait in rivalry with.

άντ-αναπληρόω, f. ώσω, to put in as a complement. avt-averus, (arti, dra, elu ibo) to go up against. art-artothus L Causal, in pres. and unpl.

fut. and aor. 1, to set up against or instead of. intr, in Pass, with agr. 2 and pf. act., so rise st againu.

dvr-áfice, a, ce, worth just as much as, equivalent to. Hence åvražiba, L boa, to demand as an equivalent et

in turn. art-amountes, f. how, to demand in return.

åντ-απαμείβομαι, Med. to obey in turn. åvr-anspúxes, to keep off in turn.

dur-amobelissique, le -belfan to prove in return at answer.

erraroblemu, f. -bissu: 201. I deraribusa:--- to i give back, repay. II. to render, i. c. make, so and III. intr. to answer, correspond with. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence arranoboma, aros, ró, requital, recompense. And irrox680cre, ees, h, a giving back in turn, repaymost: reward. evranodoùvas, 201. 2 inf. of devranodidaju.

evr-anorphyonal, Med. to answer again. err-ansonreives, L. errerês, to kill in return. άντ-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to receive in return. evr-andlation, to destroy in return :- Pass, and Med., with perf. 2 act. -ohesha, to perish in turn. arranostres, f. -rion, to r quite. evr-anopalva, L.-pava, to show on the other hand.

evr-arrouge, Ion. for dro-arrouge.

Avr-apules, f. low, to bold out against: to bold out. erraonacopas, f. acopas: Dep.:-to greet in turn: to receive kindly.

erranges, f. how, to reflect light, to reflect. From dur-aurha, és, (duri, airif) reflecting light. arrandam, f. how, to speak against, answer.

άνταω, Ιοπ. αντέω, ε. ήσω: aor. Ι -ήντησα: (άντα, eri):-of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also de theat paxys, dattos, etc., to meet with, take part in, partake of.

άντεβόλησα, 201. Ι οί άντιβολέω. art-eyeaxen, f. tow, to accuse in turn. άντ-ακάζω, f. άσομαι : aoτ. I -ήκασα :—to compare in return.

av-reive, poet, for ava-reive.

dvr-sizov, zor. 2 without any pres. in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. dry-epil. der-doqual Ion. for der-épopas.

avr-action, f. fo, to introduce instead, substitute.

άντ-ασφέρω, f. -εισοίσω, to pay or contribute for enother: cf. elopopá. IL to substitute one thing for another.

dvr-ackheure, f. po, to steal away in return. det-encourse, f. yo, to knock out in return. der-enwigence, f. fo, to send out in return. dvr-aculta, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out against. dvr-extelves, f. -extern, to stretch out against: hence to compare one with another.

άντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμοθμαι, to sally out against. άντελαβόμην, 201. 2 med. of άντιλαμβάνω. dyrellours. Dor. for drrellours, part. fem. of

Δυατέλλας.

άντέλλω, poët. for ἀνα-τέλλω,

avr-Aniles, fut. low, Att. W, to bope instead. άντ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλω, intr. to make an inroad is turn

arr-eubibalo, f. aso, to put on board instead. dvreμπάγβ, 3 sing. 20r. 2 pass. subj. of sq. der entryvous, f. epsthew, to stick right in evr-qualupyque, f. - curphow, to set on fire in return. der-erolowus, f. -erowan, to give way in turn. driefare. L. áfes, to export instead.

der-stauries, f. how, to demand in return. dvr Emps, (Aps ibo) to march out against. άντ-εξέρχομαι, Dep. – άντέ*ξειμι.* dvr-sferajo, f. ou, to try one by the standard of an other: -Med. to measure oneself against another. dvr-efinneim, f. ou, to ride out against.

άντεξόρμησιε, εωε, ή, (άντί, εξορμάω) a sailing out against.

avr-enaye, f. fw, to lead or (intr.) to advance against. dvr-enaivles, f. low, to praise in return.

dvr-emaváyopai, Med. to put to sea against. dir-traum, to rush upon, attack. avr-enciage, f. fee, to lead or march out against.

dvτ-entξαμι, (είμι ibo) to march out against. άντ-enckeλαύνω, f. Att. -εξελώ, to march out against.

άντ-επεξέρχομαι, Dep. – άντεπέξειμι.

άντ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs. dvr-embeluvuju, i. delfe, to shew forth in turn. avr-emboules, f. how, to desire in turn :- Pass., durεπιθυμείσθαί τινου to bave a thing desired from one.

dut-emicouples, f. how, to belp in return.

dvr-empedeopau, fut. med. hoopau: acr. I pass. -επεμελήθην: Dep.:—to give beed in turn.

avr-emorpareum, f. om, to take the field against. avr-enviaces, f. fo, to enjoin in turn.

άντ-επιτειχίζομαι, f. med. ίσομαι, Att. ιοθμαι: pf. pass. -rerelxiquai: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation.

dur-emuritypu, fut. Ofoce, to entrust in answer. avy-epavila, f. low. (artl. Eparos) to contribute one's sbare in turn :-Pass. to be repaid.

άντεραστής, οῦ, ὁ, a rival in love. From avr-epaw, to love in return: to rival in love. avr-epelow, f. ow, to set firmly, against, to plant firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against. Hence

avtépetous, con à obstinute resistance. άντ-έρομαι, Ion. -είρομαι: 201. 2 -ηρόμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.

dvr-epuopas, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [v]

dvr-ep6, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. drrefρηκα: (cf. ἀντείτον):—to speak against, gainsay: fut. pass., oubly dereuphaerau no denial shall be

given. dvr-lows, erros, o, return-love, love-for-love. art-sportag, f. how, to ask in turn. dvr-torny, acr. 2 ind. of drolorny. avr-evepyerew, f. how, to return a kindness. dvr-eurola, f. how, to wish well in return. dvr-kxw or dvr-loxw, f. dvblfw: (dvrl, lxw or)

ίσχω):—to bold against; χείρα κρατύε άντέχειν to bold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes, intrans. to bold out against, withstand: absol. to bold out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to bold out against something: later, with gen. only, to bold on by, bold to, cleave to.

dut-holos, or, (dutí, folios) opposite the sun: i.e.

looking east, eastern; dalpores derthios, statues of | dernfling, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

dvris, Ion. for dvrda.

2. fase dvrny, Adv. (dvrl) against, face to face. 3. durny Epxealas to to face, openly, before all. go straight forward; άντην βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

durthrop, opos, d, f. (durth, durp) instead of a man. dut-aptine, ou, d, (dutl, tottes) one who rows

against another: generally, a rival.

avr-hone, es, (aντί) set over against, opposite; τληyal orthograf tripers blows aimed straight at the breast.

armole, loos, f. (arrepelow. a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

durforms, 3 sing. 201. I opt. of derides. dvr-nx 600, Dor. -ax 600, f. how, to re-echo.

'ANTI', Prep. with gen. : orig. sense over against: I. II. to denote worth, of Place, opposite, before. value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; dril πολλών λαῶν ἐστι, he is worth many people: hence in return for. 2. for the sake of. 3. instead 3. to mark comparison; \$v dve true one set against the other, compared with it. 5. with verbs of entreaty, like spot with gen., by, Lat. per.

In Compos. It signifies 1. over against, as in dert-ropos. 2. in opposition to, as in deri-rade-3. one against another, mutually, as in arti-4. in return, as in αντι-βοηθέω. δεξιόο μαι. instead, as in der-hrop. 6. equal to, like, as in 7. corresponding, as in artl-moppos. drtl-bece. dvria, Adv. - drrnv, properly neut. pl. of drrive.

dvridav, Ep. pres. inf. of dvridav. dvriáaote, -Oai, P.p. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of

δυτιάω. evriale, f. doe, Dor. afa: 201. I firtlaga: (drtl): -to came or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. of things, to most with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

åντι-άντιρα, ή, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀνήρ) α match for

men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

άντιάω, f. άσω: Ep. pres. ἀντιόω, 3 pl. imperat. dericoleton, part. dericon, bosta, bostes, inf. deridar. med. ἀντιάασθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίοε):—to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in 2. of things, to go to meet, sense of coming to aid. go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to bit: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i.e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. c. dat. to meet with, light upon. IL c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος αντιδωσα.

avri-βalvo, f. -βήσομαι: aot. 2 artiβην:—to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβὰε ἐλᾶν to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back.

άντι-βάλλω, f. -βάλω, to throw against of in turn. αντίβασιε, ewe, ή, (αντιβαίνω) resistance. αντι-βιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to retort violence.

acc, fem. from

duri-fluos, a, or, also oe, or, (duri, file) opposing force to force; artiflois executi with wrangling words: neut. dντίβιον, tas Adv. = αντιβίην.

avri-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face. dyriβλεψης, εως, ή, a looking in the face. dort-Bondies, f. how, to beld in turn or mutually.

άντιβολέω, f. ήσω: sor. with double augm. έντεβο λησα, Εp. drreβ...: (drriβάλλω):—to meet by chance, bit upon, esp. in battle. II. to meet with, partake

III. to meet as a suppliant, esof, c. gen. rel. treat, c. acc. pers. Hence

άντιβόλησιε, εων, ή, and άντιβολία, ή, απ entreay, prayer.

deri-yever, perf. with pres. sense, to return a ay. arre-yereadoyees, f. how, to rival in pedigree. dviryvouroven, to be of a different opinion. From duri-yraper, or, gen. oros, (duri, yrapen) of a di-

ferent opinion. άντιγραφεύς, έως, δ, (άντιγράφω) one subo keeps 6

counter-reckoning, a check-clerk. ἀντιγραφή, ή, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment.

άντίγραφος, ον, copied: hence as Subst. αντίγραφο τά, copies. From dvTv-ypaque, f. yw, to write against or in answ. write back:—Med., with pf. pass. αντιγέγραμμα, β put in as a plea, to plead against: of. artipach.

άντι-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαι:-Φ bite at or in turn.

arri-beficoual, Med. to give one another the right band, to greet in return.

άντι-δέρκομαι, Dep. = αντιβλέπω.

dvrv-86xopas, f. fopas, Dcp. to receive in return åντι-δημαγωγέω, f. ήσω, to rival as a demagogu άντι-διαβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to cross in turn. dvri-διατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to dispose or arrange 🖪

turn:-Med. to set oneself against others, offer the sistance.

avri-bibagkalos, 8, mostly in plur. of poets : bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

deri-Stodores, f. -Stodes, to teach in turn or against of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage. άντι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one i detiboous.

άντι-διέξαμι, (εἶμι ibo) to go through again. avribicio, f. how: the augm. is prefixed to the prep impf. fridleour, 201. I irridleysa, or with doubl augm., ijrtečikovr, ijrtečikijou:--to be a defendar or generally, party in a suit. From

evri-bikos, ou, (dvrl, blay) an opponent in a see properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff; of 🖛 dikoi the two parties in a suit.

dvrv-boxém, f. -boxhow or -bójem, to be of a contra оріліол.

H.

deri-Bopos, or, (deri, Bopá) elothed with something instead of a skin.

deriboore, esse, \$\( \), (deriblos\( \)) a giving in return, an exchange: repayment.

2. at Athens, a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might will upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge himself.

evrίδοτος, or, (ἀντιδίδωμι) given as a remedy against poison: as Subet. ἀντίδοτον, τό, an antidote.

dvn-boukeius, f. sw. to be as a slave to another, to be no betten than a slave. dvri-boukos, ov, instead of a slave, no better than a

dave. åvri-Bo**vwes**, ov. resounding.

άντι-δράω, f. άσω, to do in return, retaliate, requite. άντι-δωρέσμαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

årn-fyrtus, f. how, to seek in return. årn-fwyptus, f. how, to save alive in turn. årn-bårarus, f. hu, to bury opposite.

άντι-θεος, η, σε, godlike, equal to the gods. ἀντι-θεράπεύω, i. σω, to take care of in return. ἀντίθεστε, εως, ἡ, (ἀντιτίθημι) opposition, antithesis. ἀντι-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run against: to run a race

with.

dvrl-Otipos, or, (dvrl, Otipo) opposite the door: as
Subst. dvrlOupov, ró, the inner part of the house opposite the door.

έντι-καθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: 201. 2 -καθεζύ-

pup : Med. :- to sit over against.

άντι-καθεύδω, f. ευδήσω, to sleep opposite to. άντι-κάθημαι, lon. «κάτημαι, Dep. » άντικαθέζομαι. άντι-καθίζω, to set opposite: — Med. » άντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

dern-scaliornus, Ion. dern-scartornus: f. -scaragripos: I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and sor. 1, to lay does or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again. II. intr. in Pass., with 201. 2 act. derivery and pf. devicence, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede.

2. 10

resist.
dvr-scanoupyle, to injure in turn.
dvr-scalele, f. foe, to call or invite in turn.
dvr-scarafyforce, sor. 2 -ibavov, to die in turn.
dvr-scarabylocom, Att. -rre, f. fee, to exchange one
thing for another.

ávri-kárnjuu, ávri-karlfopui, ávri-karlornju, lon. for ávri-kál-.

ivri-scotten, f.-selσομαι, used as Pass. of dr7ιτίθημι, to lie opposite to.

dort-scaleiu, f. ou, to command in turn.
dort-scarepos, ov, (dorti, nerrpor) sharp as a goad.
dort-scribeiu, f. ou, to take care of instead.

Lyri-exprisore, f. ife, to proclaim in answer to.
Lyri-exacte, f. -klayfe, to sound in answer:—to
sound by etrihing against, rivl.

dres strigggood, to, (drtl, stripp) the shin, leg.

evr-nohaneim, f. em, to flatter in turn. dvr-noulim, f. tom Att. in, to bring back in reply. dvr-nomm, f. vm, intr. to resist, oppose.

dviv-kopiogopa, Dep. to take arms against.

åντι-κρατίω, f. ήσω, to bold instead. åντίκρουσιε, εωε, ή, a striking against: hence, a

bindrance, sudden check. From avvivespoise, f. ow, to strike or push back, stop, bin-

der. 2. intr. to be a bindrance, stand in the way.
Δυτικρύ and Δυτικρυς, Adverbs, (Δυτί, Δυτικρύ, over
generally distinct meanings:

I. Δυτικρύ, over

spie, straight on, outright, entirely.
(never in Homer), straight, right.
2. outright, thoroughly, without disguise or reserve
3. of Time,

2. In Hom. also - dri-

straightway.

against, right opposits.

άντι-κτόνος, ον, (άντί, κτείνω) killing in return. άντι-κτυπέω, f. ήσω, to clash against, re-echo. άντι-κύρω [0], f. κύρσω, to bit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κωμφδία, f. ήσω, to ridicule in turn. ἀντιλάβή, ή, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a bandle, Let. ansa.

dvr. Layxava, fut. - hhfopai: pf. dvr. ellyxa: - to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

dvri-Adjouan and -Adjouan, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to hold fast by: to take a share of.

avri-haurilw, low, to kick against.

åvri-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομα: pf. åvrelληφα: 207. 2
åvrelλαβον:—to receive instead of or in turn.

Med. c. gen., to lay bold of: hence,
part with, assist.
2. to lay elaim to.
3. to take
part in a thing.
4. to take bold of for the purpose
of finding fault.
5. to captivate, ebarm.
6.
to grasp with the mind, apprehend.

åvru-håune, f. 4e, to light up in turn. intr. to reflect light.

άντι-λέγω, f. λέξω, to speak against, gainsay. Hence άντιλεκτέον, verb. Adj. one must gainsay; and άντίλεκτος, or, questionable, to be disputed.

dvillen, or or of distribution, to be disputed.

αντι-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of αντιλαμβάνομαι, one must assist or take part in. II. one must check.

dvriληψης, εως, ή, (dvrιλαμβάνω) a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying bold of, seizure: hence a claim to a thing. 2. a bold, support: belp, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.

dvriloyte, f. how, = dvrillyw.

άντιλογία, ή, (άντιλέγω) controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance. άντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other band.

αντι-λογιζομαι, Dep. to catestate on the other pana.

αντιλογικός, ή, όν, (αντιλέγω) given to contradiction. disputations.

άντίλογος, ον. (ἀντιλέγω) contradictory. ἀντι-λοιδορέω, f. ήσω, to rail at or abuse in turn. ἀντίλύρος, ον. (ἀντί, λύρα) in barmony with the lyre. ἀντίλυτρον, ου, τό, (ἀντί, λύτρον) a ransom. ἀντικούνουσε, f. μάνδασμα. Pass. to rays against.

åντι-μοίνομαι, f. -μάνήσομαι, Pass. to rave against. åντι-μανθάνω, f. -μάθήσομαι, to learn instead. åντι-μάχομαι, f. -μάχήσομαι, Dep. to figbt against. I. Causal in

II. intr. in

agains.

retort upon.

face to fuce.

to counteract.

aping: modelled after.

deri-pellicu, to drag to the opposite side.

pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to remove from one

Pass., with 201. 2 act. - μετέστην, pf. - μεθέστηκα, to

άντι-μέλλω, Ε. -μελλήσω to wait and watch

άντι-μέμφομαι; f. ψομαι, Dep. to blame in turn,

ever-ultramos, or, (drti, ultramor) front to front,

άντι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against:

αντί-μίμος, ον, (αντί, μιμέσμαι) closely imitating,

avri-μίμησιε, cos, ή, close imitation, aping. [μί]

deri-pettoryus, fut. - orhow:

side to the other; to revolutionise.

pass over to the other side, give way.

avn-pepilopas, Dep. to impart in turn.

arti-utota, f. how, to bate in return.

dyruurolla, 1, a reward, requital. From

art-muotos, or, for or instead of a reward.

άντι-μοιρία, αε, ή, (άντί, μοιρα) a compensation.

αντί-μολπος, ον. (αντί, μολπή) sounding against,

deviction, f. how, to measure out in turn.

evre-ueallo, to rival in music

differing in sound from; duriquod nor anos verou song. sleep's substitute. arn-varryle, f. how, to build ships against, fit out a navy against. dvri-vikám, f. hom, to conquer in turn. avrigoles, f. how, to set oneself against. From dvil-koos, or, Ion. dvil-kous, our, (dvil, fla) properly scraped against; hence opposed to, bostile: τὸ derifoor opposition. avrior, Adv. of durios; see durios. aution, to, (auti) a part of the loom. άντιδομαι, fut. med. ώσομαι: aor. I pass. ήντιώ-Onv: Dep. :\_to meet in battle, to resist, oppose. avrios, a, or, (arti) set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. opposite, contrary. III, as Adv., during and durior, like arrny and drra, opposite: against, straight at. 2. against one's will. άντι-οχεύομαι, Pass. to drive against. άντιο-στάτεω, poët. for ανθίσταμαι, to oppose. άντιόω, άντιόων, -όωσα, άντιοώντων, see άντιάω. αντι-παθής, ές, (ἀντί, πάθειν) in return for suffering. II. of opposite feelings or passions. avri-walle, to play one with another. deri-wais, waidos, o, h, like a child, no better than a ebild. "dvriwdhos, or, (drτί, πάλη) properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., drirehos, b, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion. άντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλώ, to bold side by side, compare closely.

duri-mapayyelles, f. eld, to countermand, to order Il. to compete for a public office. arri-wapayes, f. fee, to lead on against. to advance against or parallel with. arti-napables, f. bevoquai, to run past agains: n outflank. dvrv-napakškie, L ise, to summon in turn of contrariwise, dert-mapanelevopat, Dep. to embort in turn or to the contrary. άντι-παραλύπόω, f. ήσω, to annoy in turn. άντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the other side. άντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to prepar oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence deri-wapaokeuh h, bostile preparation. åчть-паратаюющь, Att. -ттш, f. fm >—to draw at against, in order of battle :- Pass, to stand in array against. avri-naparithmus, to set side by side against, one pare closely. άντν-πάρευμι, (είμι ibo) to march parallel to. άντι-παρέρχομαι, - αντιπάρει μι. dvri-wapeyw, to supply in turn. άντι-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι : pf. -πέπουθα :-- to mjø or endure in turn: To deriverce of the pent part fil retaliation.

άντι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to clatter against. derrementers, f. was, to send back an answer: n sal in return. II. to send against. IIL D send instead. duri-mépaios, a, or, lying over against, esp. bejast

sea. From duru-mepalum, f. mepara, to pierce through in turi άντι-πέραν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = αντιπέρας: also # Adj. in phrase 'Aolad' drtitlop te. Asia and is opposite coast. άντι-πέρας or -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the old

side of, opposite. Hence dvTv-mepybev, Adv. from the opposite side.

άντι-πέρην, Ion. for άντιπέραν.

άντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace in the deri-mepixopéo, to go round in turn or agains. arti-serpos, or (arti, serpa) bard as una rocky.

avri-sing, ηγοι, ή, (avri, sihγνυμι) a chest, ark. avri-ninto, f. -recoupai, to fall against. strive against, resist.

åντι-πλίω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against. ἀντι-πλήξ, ήγοε, ό, ή, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) beaten 🥍

storm. deri-whose, f. was to man ships against

to fill up by new members. άντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Ησκι durinuous, or, contr. durinuous, our, history

arri-nobles, f. how, to long for in turn.

dvri-works, f. how, to do in return, opp. to be

against, caused by adverse winds.

II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend MAYO. pito one for a thing.

ind-rowos, or, (drif, rowh) in requital: as Subst. brisocra, ra, - aroura, requital, retribution. im-rolatio, f. how, to wege war against one.

όντι-πολέμισε, σν. - άντιπύλεμου.

im πόλεμος, ον, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπόλεμοι menies.

drn-rollopnée, f. how, to besiege in turn. evn-vopevopas, Pass., with f. med. -evoopas: nor. I

pu arresopeionr:-to advance against: march to suet another.

irm-moplies, f. how, to lay waste in return. deri-mophice, or, on the opposite side of the straits. evi-ropes, or, on the opposite coast, over against. evn-spacow, Att. - Tru, Ion. - spipoow: fut. fw: to act against, oppose.

evn-speakevopas, Med. to send counter-ambas-

sadors.

driverphoon, Ion. for driverphoon.

evre-upbeum, (eim ibo) to come forward against. erri-spouse, Adv. for next to nothing, cheap. ern-sponalionas, Med. to challenge in return. err-spoodpaopa, Med. to beap in turn.

evn-roboraus, (elu ibo) to go against.

ever-spoordrov, sor. 2 without pres. in use, to adres in turn: not. pass, αντιπροσερρήθην. ern-spoorealioual, Med. to summon in turn.

άντι-προσφέρω, f. προσοίσω, to bring in turn. evn-approvers, or, (drtl, approver) with the face

meards, face to face.

evil-aporelyu, f. -revê, to bold out in turn. erri-roppos, or, (drti, roppa) with the prou toards, prow to prow: hence fronting, just to face. ivitation, or, (dort, winn) opposite the gate. LVTI-EUPYOS, OV, like a tower.

έντι-πυργόω, f. ώσω, to build a tower over against: τ. πόλιν to build up a city as a rival.

ivrio-perm, f. va. to counter poise. Hence

ivtippowos, ov, ecunterpoising.

irti-oquow, f. wow, to weigh against, to compen-2. intr. to be equal in weight, to counterte. ise: de drioquisau for j to weigh twice as heavy. tice

ντισήκωσιε, can Ion. ισε, ή, α restoring the basee: hence, compensation, retribution.

vrictionada, f. hoopai, to be silent in turn. ντι-σκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, σκευάζω)

arrange in turn. ντ-Ισόομαι, Pass. (ἀντί, Ισόω) to stand against one

equal terms. ντισπασμός, δ, (άντισπάω) a convulsion.

rionarios, or, drawn in the contrary direction: ice spasmodie, convulsive. II. as Subst. dv71zoros, o, an antispastus, a foot made up of an ibus and trochee, as 'Alefardoos. From rnormán, f. ásu [a], to draw the contrary way, g back.

dvil-oraduos, or, (dvil, oradum) balancing: equivalent to.

evri-ordorele, f. éce, to form a party against. åντίστἄσις, εως, ή, (ἀνθίσταμαι) απ opposite faction. artistioning, ou, i, one of the opposite faction.

άντιστάτίω, f. ήσω, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

arti-orang, ou, o, (arblotapai) an adversary. [a] άντ-ίστημι, Ion. for ανθίστημι.

artiotoly (w. f. how, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

dvti-orouxos, or, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

άντι-στράτεύομαι, Dep. (άντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

dvri-orpathyos, b, a rival general, the enemy's general: -also the Rom. Propraetor or Proconsul. άντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -στρατοπεδεύομαι,

(drtí, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against.

evri-orpide, f. we: pf. drieorpoda:- to turn to the other side: to retort. II. intr. (sub. ἐαντόν, etc.), to turn about, face about.

αντιστροφή, ή, (αντιστρέφω) a turning back or II, in the dance of the chorus, the antistrophé or returning of the Chorus, answering to a previous στροφή, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

αντίστροφος, ον, (αντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντίστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. Adv. -post, contrariuise to.

avri-ouraviam, f. how, to meet face to face.

dvri-opaiple, f. low Att. to: (dvrl, opaipa):-to play at ball against.

dvrioxelv, sor. 2 inf. of dvrexe.

aντίσχεσθε, 2 pl. 2 or. 2 med. imperat. of aντέχω. avr-tox splie, fut. low Att. to, to strengthen against: Med. to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

dvr-lσχω, collat. form of dντέχω. άντι-ταλαντεύω, f. εύσω, - άντισηκόω.

dore-ramely, aor. 2 inf. of dorer ture.

deritatis, ews, h, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. opposition. From åντι-τάσσω, Att. -τάττω, fut. τάξω, to range in battle against another :- Pass. to be ranged against,

dvri-relve, f. -reve, to offer in return, repay. intr. and Med. to strive against, counteract, reuse.

avri-reagilies, to build a fort against. Hence άντιτείχισμα, ατοε. τό, α counter-fortification.

άντι-τέμνω, f. -τεμώ: 201. 2 άντέταμον:---to cut against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.

dyri-regydopiai, Dep. to form a counter-plan.

avritexynois, eas, ή, counter-manauvring. dvrl-rexvos, or, (drrl, rexvn) rivalling in an art or craft.

duri-ribym, f. - bhow, to set one against the other. compare, oppose: - Pass, to be compared or matched one against another. II. to place in return: give one thing for another.

sponsive to.

72 αντι-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to do bonour to in return:--Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence deritingue, eas, f. as Att. law-term, a counterestimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the Timpous of the plaintiff. άντι-τιμωρέω, f. ήσω, to punish in return:-Med. to revenge oneself on in turn. avri-rives, f. riow, to pay or suffer punishment for a II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn. arti-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to dare to stand against 20άντι-τολμος, ον, (αντί, τόλμα) daring against, wer-bold. artitouos, or, (artităpeir) eut as a remedy for: as Subst. deritopor, to, a remedy, antidote. avritovos, or, (artitelra) stretchld contrariwise, well-strung. arti-tokevo, f. oo, to shoot arrows in turn. avri-ropes, f. how, to bore right through. dutition, or, for dud-titos, (duative) requited, revenged; artita ipya works of revenge. dviv-tpide, to maintain in turn. άντι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:---θο meet with in return. arti-turos, or, (arti, turiprai) struck back, echoed; τύποε dutitumos blow against blow:—answering to, correspondent: - as Subst., artituror, to, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back: hence resisting: stubborn, obstinate; adverse; driftunos Aids the adversary of Jupiter. anti-túnte, f. Ve, to beat in turn. αντιφερίζω, (αντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with. αντί-φερνος, ον, (αντί, φερνή) instead of a dower. avri-φέρω, f. droίσω, to set against: - Med. and Pass. αντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against. άντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομα., to flee in turn. άντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, to return a sound, II. to contradict. Hence re-ecbo. dvti400yyos, or, echoing, imitating. avri-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love or kiss in turn. dvri-didoversio, to strive zealously against. άντι-φιλοτιμέσμαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against. άντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn. avri-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up so as to meet. avil-povos, or, in return for slaughter. II. θάνατοι αντίφονοι deaths by mutual slaughter. αντι-φορτίζομαι, f. Ισομαι, Dep. (αντί, φύρτου) to import in exchange for exports. arti-practum, Att. -tru, fut. fu, to block up. άντι-φύλακή, ή, a watching against one. avri-pulas, axos, o, a watch posted to observe another. [8]

-Med. to be on one's guard against.

arribaves, f. how, to sound in answer, reply. From orbit of the planets,

åντι-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to vote against. άντιχορηγέω, to be a rival eboregus. From άντι-χόρηγος, δ, a rival choregus. arri-xpas, 201. I arrixphoa, to be sufficient. avri-xpurros, è, antichrist. άντι-ψάλλω, f. -ψάλω, to play a stringed instrumint in accompaniment. Hence dvr(wadpos, or, responsive. dvil-wydos, or, voting against. åντί-ψύχος, ον, (άντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life. άντλέω, f. ήσω, (άντλοι) property, to bale out bilgewater, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resource: of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lau exantlare, exbaurire: but also to squander. αντλημα, ατος, τό, (άντλέω) a vessel to draw water with. aντλία, ή, (άντλοε) the bold of a ship. water, filth. άντλίον, τό, (άντλοε) a bucket. "ANTAOE, &, the bold of a ship where the bilgewater settles, Lat. sentina. Il. the bilge-water itself; άντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; άντλο eloyeur Lat. sentinam exbaurire, to pump it out:poët, the sea, sea-water. evr-ourrelow, to pity in return. άντ-οικτίζω, f. σω, = άντοικτείρω. άντολή, ή, poët. contr. for άνατολή. αντομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.; (ώπε, dvri); -to meet or light upon. ΙΙ. — ἀντιά(ο. Β approach with prayers, entreat. άντ-όμνυμι, fut. -ομόσω and -ομούμαι: 20τ. Ι ἀντώμοσα:---to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term. to swear in answer, take an deremosia. άντ-ονομάζω, f άσω, to call by a new name. to speak in tropes. avr-opvoru, f. úf w, to dig against, dig a countermu άντ-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn άντ-οφθαλμέω, f. ήσω, (άντί, δφθαλμόε) to Icol 🗷 the face, withstand, bear up against. άν-τρέπω, poët. for άνα τρέπω. dvτριds, ddos, ή, (dvτρον) of or belonging to a re-Νύμφαι ἀντριάδεε grot-Nymphs. avrpobe, Adv. from a cave. From "ANTPON, τύ, Lat. antrum, a cave, grot, cavera "ANTYE, byos, h, properly any rounded body, and s in Homer, 1. the rim of the round shield. the rail round the front of the chariot, sometime made double: it rose in front to a point, on which avri-othaoou, Att. -rru, f. fu, to watch in turn: the reins might be hung:-after Hom., in plur, th cbariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre.

duti-dower, or, (duti, down) returning a sound, re-

2. disagreeing with.

άντι-χαρίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι Att. ζούμαι, Dep. 10

II. bilge-

avri-xalpe, to rejoice in turn.

sbew kindness to in turn.

der-unoupleoquat, dur-unoupyles, Ion. for dut-under-under, der, (durt, doedde) singing in answer to, responsive.

erresports, \$\frac{1}{2}\$, (err-oursess) an oath taken by one against another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by the defendant.

dvr-evrouss, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against. dvr-evros, br. (dvrl. 64) looking straight at, facing, conting, straight opposite.

'avrupalin, f. hou, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to lerive benefit in turn.

ėν-ββριστος, ον, (a privat., bβρίζω) not insulted.
not insolent, decorous.

iruspla, ή, want of water, drought. From druspos, or, (a privat., ύδων) wanting water: ή druspos (sub. γή), or τδ druspos (sub. χωρίον), the region without water.

av-bulvanos, or, (a privat., survaios) without the suptial song, unwedded.

drives, Dor, for frouer, I pl. impf. of droup.

work was finished.

an υμνδω, f. ήσω, (ἀπά, δμυδω) to praise in song. ε-νύμφοντος, σν. (α privat., νυμφεύω) unwoedded; ἀνύμφοντου γσεψε έχειν to be born of an ill marπige.

όνυμφος, ον, (α privat., νόμφη) not bridal, unzwedded; άνυμφα γάμων άμιλλήματα unballowed embraces. II, without bride or mistress.

έν-υπέρβλητος, σε, (a privat., ύπερβάλλω) not to be surpassed or outdone.

dv-uncidivos, or, (a privat., brevitivos) not liable to account, irresponsible, absolute.

dr-υποδεσία, ή, drumoδετίω, drumóδετος, or, are La ter forms of drumoδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

Δυυποδησία, ή, a going barefoot. From Δυυποδητίω, f, ήσω, to go barefoot. From

deverobyriu. f. how, to go barefoot. From deverobyros, or, (a privat., broblu) unabod, barefoot: also with old abora. ill-abod.

de v-vrόδικος, αν, (α privat., brόδικος) not liable to με είου.

&v-vnokeptros, or, (a privat., broupbropai) undisparised, without dissimulation.

Ex-unorbatos, or, (a privat., brovole) unsuspected:

Avivorros, or, (a privat., brosros) without suspifor, i. e. I. pau. unsuspected. 2. act. ununs packing.

Lavestores, or, (a privat., belorημ) not to be research irresistible. II. without foundation. Lavestrakros, or, (a privat., brordσow) not made

சத்தி, uaruly. கூல்கை, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of drive.

<del>Z-Vor-εργόε</del>, δν. (&νίω, έργον) industrious. <del>Z-vi</del>σίμοε, ον. (&νίω) efficacious, effectual.

Every Reference of the second of the second

Zavora, Ep. for hrvoa, sor. I of drive.

άνυστός, όν, (άνύω) to be accomplished, possible; σιγή δε άνυστόν as silently as possible.

deverticos, f. or, - deboupos,

dvitro, Dor. for ήνϋτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of άνυμ. dviτω or ἀνύτω [ἔ], Att. form of ἀνύω, only used in pres. and impf.

dv-bhalve, (drá, bhalre) to weave anew. dv-whoe, f. wow, to raise up on high.

άνύω, Att. άνύτω or better άνύτω [θ], poët, άνύμι: f. άνύσω [θ]: aor. I ήνύσα, Ep. άνυσσα: pf. ήνθαα:
—Pasa., aor. I ήνύσθην: pf. ήνυσμα: (άνω):—40' accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere: oldly free be

did no good:—Med. to accomplish for end's even advantage:—Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to grow up.

2. to make an end of, destroy.
3. to come to the end of a journey, absol; drivtew els., to make one's way to a plast; also, drivtew bâlapor, to drivtew els bâlapor, to drivtew at the chamber.

4. to attain to, get, pro-

cure. II. with a Partic., our dries open forcers.

II. with a Partic., our dries open forcers. I gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like open in the sense of doing a thing speedily; drue spatrar make baste about it; but more freq. driesae, with imporat., make baste and..., as driesae droire make baste and open, etc.: also drive alone, make baste! dis-

patch! III. less freq. with inf., στρατόε ήνως τεράν the army succeeded in crossing.

ANΩ, impf. ηνον, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to

come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time, rol diversus the night draws to its end; tree dropersus the waning year. [a]

dive, Adv. (dvá) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen., albipos ávæ up to ether: absol. above, on high, Lat. supra.

2. of the quarters of the heaven, north-toards, opp. to εάτω, southwards.

3. of countries, inland, up from the soast.

4. of time, formerly; els τὸ ἀνω reckoning upwards; ol ἀνω θεοί the gods above, Lat. superi; ol ἀνω the living, opp. to ol εάτω the dead; ἀνω καὶ κάτω up and down, topey-turry, also up and down, to and fro, always in the same place.

II. as Prep. with gen. above.

III. Comp. ἀνωτέρω higher up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Χαμοῦ

beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, bigbest up. ἀνῶ, εστ. 2 subj. of ἀνίημι. [ἄ]

άνωγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command, bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, serge one to, do. From άνωγα we have I plur. ind, άνωγμεν; imperat. άνωγε and άνωχθι, 3 sing. ἀνωγέτω and ἀνώχθυ, 2 pl. ἀνώγετε and ἀνωχθι; inf. ἀνωγέμεν χριριβι, ἡνώγων, without augm. ἀνώγων, Ion. ἡνώγων, There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγων); whence we have an impf. άνωγον, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I

fracta.
ἀνώ-γαιον, τό, (άνω, γαια) properly anything above ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a bouset used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

drayer, Ep. for dreaver, 3 sing. impf. of dreadynum: but drayer 3 sing. of draye.

II.

drώ-γουν, ω, τό, and drώ-γους, ω, ό, ή, - drώγ-πον. dveryuev, Ep. 1 plur. ind. of draya.

draya, see draya.

άν-ώδύνος, or, (a privat., διύνη) free from pain.

act. allaying pain.

avuler, Dor. avula, Adv. (dru) of place, from 2. above, on high, and so of above, from beaven. drader, the living, opp. to of mater: c. gen., drade II. of time, from the beginning. ryfis above ground.

av-woles, fut. -wohow and -wow:-- to push up or forth, of a ship, to shove off; drivouves whior (sc. rip rair) they pushed off and sailed:-Med. to put

coay from oneself.

dvelort, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [71] άν-ώιστος, ον, (a privat., oloμαι) unlooked for, un-II. Ion. for dy-οιστός, (dyaφέρω) referred, submitted to a person.

uv-wheθρος, or, (a privat., δλεθρος) indestructible. άν-ώμαλος, ον, (a privat., δμαλός) uneven, unequal, irregular: τὸ ἀν. unevenness of ground.

αν-ωμοτί, Adv. of ανώμοτος, without oath.

άν-ώμοτος, ον, (α privat., δμυυμι) unsworn, not II. not sworn to, bound by oath.

av-uvoμαστος, ον, (a privat., ονομάζω) not to be named, indescribable,

dy-writted and drawing, Adv. of drawings.

άν-ώντιμος, ον, (α privat., δνυμα Acol. for δνομα) without name, anonymous. II, nameless, inglorious. άνωξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνῶγω: see ἀνωγα. άνώξω, fut. of άνώγω: see άνωγα.

avapla, h, untimeliness; avapla tou tous the bad season of the year, i. e. winter. From

av-wpos, or, (a privat., wpa) like a-wpos, untimely, unripe, Lat. immaturus.

άν-ωρύομαι, Dep. (άνά, ἀρύομαι) to bowl aloud. άνφσαι, Ion. for ανοίσαι - Att. ανενέγκαι, 201. I act. inf. of drapipe.

dvioras, ara, ar, sor. I part. of draffer.

άνώτατος, η, ον, Sup. formed from άνω, topmost. άνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of άνω, bigbest up, at top. άνωτερικός, ή, ύν, (άνωτέρω) upper or bigher. άνώτερον, Comp. Adv. (άνω) bigber up: above. άνωτίρω, Comp. Adv. of άνω, bigber up, above.

αν-ωφελής, έε, (α privat., ώφελέω) useless: also burtful, like Lat. inutilis.

άν-ωφέλητος, ον, (a privat., ώφελέω) fruitless, un-2. worthless. profitable.

άνωχθι, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of idvarya: avex 04, 2 plur. of same.

agai, sor. I inf. of άγνυμι, to break; afavro, 3 pl. med.

afaσθe, aor. I imperat. med. of άγω, to lead.

"A-servos, ov, Ion. for afevos, II. "Afciros (sc. πόντος), δ, The Axine or Inhospitable, a name altered (for the omen's sake) to Euferon, the Euxine.

afferen, afferer, Ep. for affer, fut. inf. act. of aye. d-fevos, Ion. d-fevos, or, (a privat., févos) indosvitable: uninbabitable.

d-fectos, or, (a privat., flu) unbown, unwrought. den, aor. Ι subj. of άγνυμι.

agia, h, properly fem. of agion, the worth or value of a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's due or deserts; man' delaw according to his desert, buto or wap' delay contrary to bis desert.

άξι-άγαστος, ον, (άξιοι, άγαμαι) worth admiring, admirable. [ăy]

áfi-ákovo-ros, or, (áfice, ákovu) worth bearing. afi-akpódros, or, (áfice, akpodopai) worth listen ing to.

άξι-αφήγητος, Ιοα. άξιαπήγ-, ον, (άξιος, άφηγίο μαι) worth telling. dfi-twaivos, or, (dfice trairies) praisemorthy.

åξι-lpaστος, ον, (άξιος, lpaμαι) worthy of love. åξίνη, ή, (άγνυμι) an ane, esp. for bewing wood: a battle-ane. [1]

åξιο-βίωτος, ον. (άξιος, βιόω) worth living for. afro-epyos, or, (afros, spyor) capable of swork. άξιο-θαύμαστος, αν, (άξιος, θανμάζω) secreby of wonder, marvellous.

άξιο-θέλτος, Ion. -ητος, σν, (άξιος, θεάομαι) worth

åξιδ-θρηνος, αν, (åξιος, θρήνος) worthy of lamentation. άξιδ-κτητος, ον, (dfice, κτάομαι) worth getting.

afic-loyos, or, (afice, loyos) worthy of mension, remarkable. Adv. -ywe. din-udkapioros, or, (dice, paraplie) worthy to be

deemed bappy. άξιδ-μάχου, ον, (άξιου, μάχομαι) a match for in

battle: fit to give battle. afro-pitorie, is, (afros, picos) worthy of bestred, bateful.

afte-unquivertes, or, (after, propertie) wantby of

άξιό-νίκος, ον, (άξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory. agro-nerths, is, (agroe, rivtos) worthy of lament-

ation, lamentable. åξιό-πιστος, ον, (άξιος, πιστός) trustworthy.

åξιο-πρεπής, έε, (άξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly. άξι-όρατος, ον. (άξιος, όράω) worth seeing.

divos, a, or, (ayou iv, to weigh) of like value, worth as much as, c. gen.; βοδε άξιοε worth an οχ; πολλοῦ after worth much: also c. inf., after bareir worthy of 2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the word gives the notion of bigb price: in Att. it has also an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap.

worthy, estimable: hence besitting, deserving: aftice elm I deserve to be, as afices elm olerespectus I deserve to be pitied.

άξιό-σκεπτος, or, (άξιος, σκέπτομαι) without considering.

άξιο-σπούδαστος, ον, (άξιος, σπουδάζω) τουτέρ ο zealous endeavours.

άξιο-στράτηγος, ον, (άξιος, στρατηγύς) worthy of being general, worthy of a great general.

άξιο-τέκμαρτος, οι, (άξιοι, τεκμαίρω) worthy of being brought in evidence, credible.

Ψωφίλητος, σν. (άξιος, φίλία) worth loving. efte xpees, or, Ion. for sq. έξιο χρεως, car, gen. a: Ion. άξιο-χρεος, or, neut. pl diexpea: (after, xplos) worthy of a thing, and so with considering, considerable, remarkable. urviceable, sufficient. II. with inf. able, sufficient to do. III. like aftos, with gen., worthy of a thing. arion, f. bow; pf. heibra: - Pass., fut. deino hoopai, but also in med. form deiwoopar: pf. heiwpar: (4/101):-to think or deem worthy of a thing: of things, to value at a certain rate: also absol, to esteem, bonour. II. but mostly with inf. to think one worthy to do or be: hence 1. of others, to that fit, expect, require, Lat. fostulare; deiw noul-(color I think I have a right to receive: absol. to make 2. of oneself, to think fit to do or be; efin foreir I consent to die; dein spanner I dare, determine to do: esp. to design, condescend to do: so in Med., desourbas peles to deign to care for. to think, suppose; to lay down, maintain. Hence is impa, area, ro, that of which one is thought worthy, and so, esteem, reputation, rank, Lat. dignitas. that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose. in philosophy, a self-cuident proposition, an axiom. affer, Adv. of affect, worthily, as becomes. aginous, can, Ion. 10s, i), (afthu) a being thought worthy: estimation, reputation, character. (from Med.) a thinking oneself worthy, a demand, III. a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim. afones, fut. med. (with pass sense) of ayes. Elmos, a, or, (afew) belonging to the axle. Cretan word for dγμός. e-frykpothetos, or, for derye., (a privat., συγκρο-'(a) not welded together by the hammer : of towers, tot rowing in time. afthis, \$, (afvhos) want of wood.

agana, η, (aξυλοε) want of wood.

δξύλοε, ω, (a privat., ξύλον) unfelled, unthinned, ence theirly wooded.

11. without wood, ill-wooded.

δξων., δ.ξων., ν. δουμ., δουν.,

δξων, ωνοε, δ, (άγω) an aule, Lat. auis: also the

where, over, δ, (άγω) an axie, Lat, axie: also the hole wheel: also, the supposed axis of the heavens, v tole.

II. oi δίσνες, the wooden tablets of the wo in Athens, made to turn upon an axis. logos, δ, an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a

mple. (Deriv. uncertain.)
ioιδή, contr φδή, ή, (ἀείδω) song, α singing: also
e subject of song: hence a legend, tale.

e suoject of song: mence a tegena, tate. lothiam, poet, for deidot. lothiam, or, (deidot) sung of, samous in song: in

iotothos, or, (actoo) sung ty, jamous in song : in id sense, notorious. ioto-bérne, ov. ό, (dotôn, τίθημι) a lyric poet.

ioιδο-πόλος, δ, (ἄοιδή, τολίω) one busied with song, foct.
ioιδός, δ, (ἀείδω) a singer, minstrel, bard, Lat.
us: iem. a songstress, of the Sphinx,

β. as
δ, ἀοιδός, ών, tuneful, musical.

docto-τόκος, or, inspiring song. d-oluntos, or, (a privat., oluto) uninbabited; boune.

less, without a bome
6-occes, or, (a private, oknos) bouseless, without bome

or country.

d-ouvor, or, (a privat., olive) without wine: not worshipped with oblations of wine: of men. drinking no wine, soher: of a place, having none.

dolos, a, or, Aeol. and Dor. for holos. d-ouves, or, (a privat., bares) without fear or besi-

a-ouvos, or, (a privat., ouvos) unitout fear or besttation, untiring, restless. Adv. -ress. aolidia, aolidia, acc. sing, and plur, of dolidis.

άολλήδην, Adv. of ἀολλήε, in a body, together. ἀολλήε, έε, (a copul., είλλω) all together, in throngs, shoals or erouds. Hence

dollie, f. law, to gather together :- Pass, to come together, assemble.

d-onlos, or, (a privat., dulor) without armour, unarmed.
dop and dop, dopos, v6, (delpw) a sword, properly a

banger: later, any weapon.

δοράε, acc. pl for dopa, from dop, τό, ε sword.

δ-όρδτος, ον, (α privat., δράω) επιεεπ, invisible.

ά-όριστος, ον, (a privat., ὁρίζω) without houndaries: indefinite, indeterminate.

II. ὁ ἀδριστος (sub. χρόνος), the acrist tense.

d-opvos, or, (a rivat, lipsus) without birds.
dopris, it, (delpw) a knapsack. II. the acrts or
great artery.

acorrip, τρος, δ, (ἀείρω) a strap over the shoulder to hang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt; but also a knapsack-strap.

dopto, Ion. for fiopto, 3 sing. plaps. pass. of delpa;

åοσσίω, f. ήσω, (δοζοι) to belp, aid. Hence άοσσητήρ, ήροι, δ, a belper, aider.

d-outos, or, (a privat., οὐτάω) not wounded, unburt.
ἀπαγγείλαι, ἀπαγγείλαι, aor. I inf. and part. of
ἀπαγγείλαι.

åπαγγελία, ή, a refort given in: a narrative, recital. From

άπιαγγέλλω, f. -ελώ, Ion. -ελέω: aor. I - ήγγειλα:

-- Pass., aor. I - ηγγέλθην, aor. 2 - ηγγέλην: pf.
-- γγγελμαι:—to bring tidings, report, announce: to
relate, tell:—Med., πάλιν άπαγγέλλεσθαι to bring,
back tidings.

ἀπαγγελτήρ, ήροε, δ, a messenger.

áπ-αγε, Adv. away! be gone! Lat. apage! properix imperat. of dráγω (sub. σεαυτόν).

à-πἄγής, έε, (α privat., παγήναι) not firmly fixed.
of loose texture.

απ-αγινίω, Ion, for απ-άγω, esp. of paying tribute, απ-αγλαίζω, f. low Att. ιω, to deprive of orna-

άπ-ἄγορείω, f. σω the Att. fut. is ἀτειρῶ, pf. ἀτείρηκα, aor. ἀτείτον):—to forbid: absol. to dissuade. If. inu. to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat.: c. part. to give up doing: also to grow weary of, 3, to

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα | things worn out.

έπαγριόομαι, Pass. (ἀπό, άγριοι) to become wild or savage.

άπ-αγχονίζα, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, - ἀπάγχω.

άπ-άγχω, f. -άγξω, to strangle, throttle: - Med. to

bang oneself; to be ready to choke. åπ-άγω, f. áfω: (for the tenses, v. άγω):—to lead away, carry off: - Med. to take away for one-III, to return what II. to take boms.

IV. as Att. law-term, to bring one owes, pay. before a magistrate and accuse. 2. to lead away to death. V. to lead away, perplex: to divert

from a thing. VI. as if intr. (sub. eautor), to

make off, go away, esp. in imperat. araye, q. v. Hence

ἀπάγωγή, ή, a leading or dragging away. П. III. payment of tribute. a taking bome. as Att. law-term, a bringing before the magistrate.

anddeiv, -ter, Ion. for apad-, 201. 2 inf. of άφανδάνω. dw-qbo, f. -acount, to sing out of tune: metaph. to

dissent from: to wander away from.

an-asipoual, Pass. to depart from. du-alavarile, to aim at immortality. aπάθεια, ή, insensibility to suffering, apathy. From ά-πάθης, és, (a privat., πάθος) without suffering, not

suffering: insensible, apathetic. 2. unwilling to suffer, impatient of. 3. not baving suffered, unbarmed.

dradus, Adv. of dradus, without passion.

dwal, poët, for dwo. anadevola, b, want of education, ignorance: II. want of control over a thing. From à-naideuros, or, (a privat., saideva) uneducated, ignorant, boorisb. Adv. draidevrose exer to be

boorisb.

dπaibla, ή, (drais) childlessness. έπ-αιθριάζω f. άσω, (ἀπό, alθρία) to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather.

άπ-αίντμαι, Ερ. άπο-αίνυμαι, Dep. (άπό, αίνυμαι):

-to take away, withdraw: pluck off. analytro, 3 sing, impf. of foreg.

aπαιολάω, to cheat: to perplen, confound. From άπ-αιόλη, ή, (ἀπό, alόλοι) cheating, duping, any means of cheating.

άπαιόλημα, ατος, τό, α knavish trick.

dπαιρεθέω, Ion. for dφαιρεθώ, aor. I subj. pass. of ipaipéa.

an-aspie, Ion. for do-aspie.

ан-авры, Ep. lengthd. ан-авры: Ion. impf. dwalρεσκον: fut. ἀπάρω: 201. Ι ἀπήρα: pf. ἀπήρκα:—to lift off: hence to carry, take away. II. to lead away an army or fleet; hence, as if intr. to sail away, march away: generally, to set out, depart: also c. gen., draiper xvorbs to depart from the land.

d-nais, ásaidos, δ, ή, (a privat., saîs) childless ; c. gen., drais spoeres yours without male beirs.

ån-aloom, Att. -doom, f. fw: Att. 201. I duifa: -to rush down: generally, to dart away. άπ-αντέω, f. ήσω, to demand back, or simply to de-

mand of one:-Pass. to have a thing demanded of one. Hence

anaimors, eas, h, a demanding back, demand. an-autile, f. iou, - asartes, to demand back. åπ-αιωρίω, f. ήσω, to make to bang down, suspend:

-Pass., with fut. med. -hoopar, to bang down from. bover about. ἀπ-ακρϊβόομαι, pf. ἀπηκρίβωμαι: Pass. (ἀπό. ἀκρ.βhe):—to be finished off, carefully finished: pt. pass.

part, απηκριβωμένος, bigbly wrought or finished. ά-πάλαιστος, αν, (α privat., πάλαίω) not thrown in wrestling: generally, unconquerable.

ά-πάλαιστρος, ον, (a privat., πάλαίστρα ι πο! trained in the palaestra, awkward. II. not customary on tbe palaestra.

άπάλαλκε, άπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. 201. 2 ind. 2nd opt. of dranefer, but formed by redupl. from \*drane Ep. inf. draλaλκέμεν.

ά-πάλαμνος, ον, = ἀπάλαμος, belpless, silly. unmanageable, lawless. ά-πάλδμος, ον, (a privat., πάλάμη) without bands or without the use of them: belpless, lazy.

which cannot be belped, unmanageable. åπ-αλάομαι, Pass. to go astray, wander.

άπ-αλγέω, ε. ήσω, (ἀπό, ἀλγέω) to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling. άπ-άλειφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀπ-αλήλζφα:—to wife of

expunge, esp. from a register. ἀπ-ἄλέξω, fut. -αλεξήσω: 20r. I opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμ:

Ep. 201. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἀλέξω): to ward off from another, c. acc. rei et gen. pers.; ἀπαλέξειν βέλος τινός to ward off a dart from a man: also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, to keep one from, as es. τινά κακύτητος to keep a man from evil:—Med. w defend oneself against.

άπ-ἄληθεύω, f. σω, to speak the whole truth. άπ-αλθέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, άλθέω) to bed tborougbly.

άπαλθήσεσθον, 3 dual. fut, ind. of άπαλθέσμαι. άπαλλάγη, ή, (ἀπαλλάσσω) deliverance, relecse,

riddance from a thing. II. a removal, a di-III. (from Pass.) a going away, escape: vorce. departure.

άπ-αλλαξείω. Desiderat, of άπαλλάσσομαι, to mis, to be rid of. άπαλλάξιε, εωε, ή, = ἀπαλλαγή.

άπ-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. εω: 201. Ι -ήλλαε: pf. - ηλλάχα; -to set free, release, rid of a thing. to put away from, remove from: also to get rid

II. intrans. to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e. g. εδ, κακώε άπαλλάσσειν: to go απορ. depart.

Pass., with fut. and agr. 1 med., draddefeman, deηλλατάμην; but also fut, pass, άπαλλαγθήσορπ. aor. Ι άπηλλάχθην or aor. 2 άπηλλάγην: pf. άπήλε roast. Hence

layen :- to be set free, released from a thing, get | 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Μτ, c. g. zahûe, άζημιοε άπαλλαχθηναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted. II. to remove, de-

part from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be decoud; ἐκ valδον ἀναλλαχθήναι like Lat. e pueris excelers, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off

from, give over, cease. έπελλοτριόω, f. ώσω: pf. -ηλλοτρίωκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλότριοε) :--to estrange.

άπ-άλοάω, poët. -αλοιάω, f. ήσω, properly to thresh out: hence to bruise, crush.

antho-θριξ, τρέχος, δ, ή, (arahos, θρίξ) with soft bair. 'Alla' AOZ, h, br, sost, tender: metaph. sost, gentie: delicate. Henco

ἀπάλότης, ητος, ή, softness, tenderness.

έπαλο-τροφής, έε, (άπαλόε, τρέφω) well fed, plump. έπαλό-φρων, ον, (άπαλύε, φρήν) soft-bearted.

ἐπάλά-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, χρουν, (ἀπαλύς, μρύοι) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., άπαλόxpoos, dat. -xpof, etc.

ārahiva, í. švů, (árahós) to soften. an-spaλδύνω, to destroy utterly.

ex-aude, f. how, to cut off.

άπ-αμβλένω, f. υνω:-- Pass., pr. απημβλυμμαι. Το blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose us edge.

άπαμβροτείν, inf. sor. 2 of άφα*μαρτάνω*.

άπ-ἄμείβομαι, f. -αμεδρομαι: 201. Ι -η μείφθην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀμείβω):—to reply to, answer.

am-ameripes, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

drapelle, f. how, to neglect utterly.

άπαμμένος, η, ον, Ion. for άφημμένος, pf. pass. part. σε δφάπτα.

du-authanione, f. for: sor, 2 defushanor, inf. ἐναμτλακτῶν : - ἀφαμαρτάνω.

άπ-ἄμύνω, fut. ĕrŵ, to keep off, ward off, to repulse: — Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive bac's, re-2. to defend oneself. Nei.

άπ-άναίνομαι: 201. Ι άπηνηνάμην: Dep.: to refuse

x reject utterly. & wave average of the form to be utterly shamelses: to

e shameless enough to do or say. åπ-ανüλίσκω, fut. -ανάλώσω: pf. -ανάλωκα:--to

Merly consume or expend. deravaoredous, eas, n. (desartorapes) a removing

ross one place so another.

en. of deshp):—to become a man. & w-aveude and -bev, strengthd. for aveude, Adv. afar ff. far away. IL as Prep. with gen. far away

rom: alonf from: but also out from. inf. of dravalvoya.

å = ανθέω, f. ήσω: pf. ἀπήνθηκα: — to leave off coming, fade, wither. Hence

anavθησις, can, η, a fading, withering.

an-arbile, f. low, (ani, arros) to pluck off flowers: metaph., ματαίαν γλώσσαν άπανθίζειν to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please. an-averantia, f. low Att. We, to broil on the coals.

ån-avopanie, idoe, fj. (åno, åropat) a emall fish for broiling. II. a cake baked on coals.

åπ-avθpanbe, f. wow, to burn to a sinder. aravepowia, h, inhumanity. From

de-despuses, or, far from man, inhuman, sa-II. umosial: of countries, uninbabited. vage. ån-avlotypu, fut. -avaorijou: L Causal in pres.

and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. IL Pass. dwarlorayay. with intr. 20r. 2 2ct. -lorny, pf. -lornya, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

άπανταχόθι, Adv. - άπανταχοῦ. άπαντάχου, Adv. (άπαε, everywhere.

άπ-αντάω: Att. impf. dπήντων: f. dπαντέσομα: 201. I deferred: pf. deferred:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to 2. to meet with, light or fall upon.

of things, to bappen, some upon one: also to turn out svell, prosper. 4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at : also to have recourse to a thing.

åπάντη, Adv. (άπαε) everywbere. II, every-way. dπ-áντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of dπαντάω.

άπάντησιο, coe, ή, (ἀταντάω) a meeting, encoustering.

ån-avrtupe, Adr. (dno, durtupe) right opposite. &m-avrlov, Adv. (drd, durlov) right opposite.

du-arrheu, f. how, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen. åπ-άντομαι, — ἀπ-αντάω.

an-ariu, f. vou [v], so accomplish or finish entirely: draview [sub. obov] to finish a journey.

"AHAS, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat.

II. without any notion of number, after ze mel. êrel, de, etc., like Lat. ut semel; de araf fipfaro when *once* he began.

åπαξ-άπαε, ασα, αν, mostly in plur. all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

aπaξ-aπλωs. Adv. in general, upon the whole.

ån-afia, †, (ånú, åfios) unwortbiness. da-dfice, or. (daú, dfice) — dráfice, unwortby of.

an-ation, f. wan, to deem unworthy of one to dist elaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. dedignari.

dπάορος, or, Dor. for dπήορος.

d-numeros, or, (a privat., sássos, with no grand+ & wave poopus, pl. dwhropopus: Pass.: (dwo, dropos father or ancestors.

du-dure, Ion. for do-dure.

å-παράβάτος, ον, (a privat.. παραβαίνω) not trans-II. act. not passing over to another t grased. not passing away, unchangeable.

άπ ἄραιρημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of άφ-αιρέω. d-mapaitytos, or, (a privat., mapaitée) not to be turned away by prayers , not to be begged off, inevitable. orable: Adv. -rese, inexorably.

ά-παρακάλυπτος, ον. (α privat., παρακαλύπτω) υπcovered: Adv. -row, undisguisedly. [Kd]

a-mapakantos, or, (a privat., mapakahia) unsummoned, without being called upon.

ά-παράλλακτος, ον, (α privat., παραλλάσσω) ил-

sbangeable. ά-παραλόγιστος, ον. (α privat., παραλογίζομαι) ποι

to be deceived. ά-παραμύθητος, ον. (α privat., παραμυθέομαι) ποι to be persuaded: hence incorrigible: also inconsolable. II. not to be entreated, inexorable. [5]

ά-παράμθθος, ον. = ἀπαραμύθητος, inexorable: un-Bending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. anapa-, like abá-

Paros. amapau, aor. I inf. of amalpa.

άπάραξα, Ep. 20r. I of ἀπαράσσω.

α-παρασκεύαστος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευάζω) = sq. å-παράσκευος, ον, (α frivat., παρασκευή) without preparation, unprepared.

άπ-ἄράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. εω: 201. Ι ἀπήραξα:to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere.

δπ-αργμα, ατοε, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.

άπ-ἄρέσκω, f. -apέσω, to displease, be disagreeable 2. Med. with pass, sense, οὐ νεμεσητών βαπιληα άνδρα ἀπαρέσσασθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

άπαρέσσασθαι, Ep. sor. I med. inf. of ἀναρέσκω. d-παρθένευτος, ον, (a privat., παρθενεύω) unmaidenly,

unfitting a maiden: in neut. pl. as Adv. d-πάρθενος, ον, (a privat., παρθένος) no more a maid;

νύμφην άνυμφον παρθένον τ' απάρθενον ' virgin wife and widow'd maid."

άπ-δριθμέω, s. ήσω, to count over: to reckon II. to reckon or pay back. Hence

andolounous, eas, h, a counting over.

aw-apkie, f. iow, to suffice, be sufficient. intr. to be contented, acquiesce.

åπ-αρνέομαι, fut. med. ήσογαι: 201. I pass. άπηρνήθην: Dep.:-to deny utierly, deny:- fut. άπαρνη-Ohoerau in pass, sense, it shall be denied.

aπ-ac vos. or, (aπό, apréoμαι) denying utterly; aπapνόε έστι μή νοσέειν be denies that he is sick; c. gen., Μπαρνος οὐδενὸς καθίστατο she denied nothing. loass. denied, refused.

' απ-αρτάω, f. ήσω: Pass., pf. -hρτημαι:-properly, fto bang from: to bang, strangle. II. to take away and bang up :- Pass. to be in suspense. to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. lauror), to remove oneself, go away.

άπ-αρτί, (ἀπό, άρτιος) Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just. II. just the reverse, quite the contrary. III. of time, - and dori, for and rou vur, from now, from this time: - just now, even

άπ-αρτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to get ready, complete :-Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.

II. of persons, not to be entreated, inen- | am-aptilopia, h, (art, derios, horios, horios) a round, full, even number ot sum.

> άπαρτισμός, δ, (λπαρτί(ω) completion.άπ-αρυστέον, verb. Adj. one must draw off. From

ἀπ-ἄρύω, f. ύσω [ð], to draw off, skim off. άπ-αρχή, ή, mostly used in plur. άπαρχαί, the bes ginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead. 2. the firsilings for sacrifice, first-fruits. From

åπ-άρχομαι, f. foμαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχαι ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forchead and throwing it into the fire. gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of. 2. to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of

a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice. άπ-άρχω, f. ξω, to lead the way.

a-mus, anaoa, anar, (aua, nas) strengthd. for was, quite all, all together: ev anaoi and eie anarra, entirely:—in Att. also like was in the sense of every one, Lat. unusquisque.

åπ-aσπαίρω, to struggle convulsively.

άπαστία, ή, a fasting, fast. From ά-παστος,ον, (a privat., πάομαι) not baving tasted.

άπ-ασχολέομαι, Dep. to bave no leisure.

ἀπατάω, f. ήσω: 201. Ι ήπάτησα, Ερ. ἀπ-: pf. ήπώ τηκα: (ἀπάτη):-to ebeat, trick, outwit, beguile : like Lat. fallere tempus, to begule the time :- Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

åπ-άτερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ἀπό, άτερθε) far apart. aloof, all alone. II. Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

άπατέω, Ion. for ἀπατάω.

ἀπάτεών, ῶνοι, ὁ, a cheat, rogue. From

'ANATH, h, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, decet: in a less had sense, cunning, crast: a stratagem = war. Hence

ἀπάτήλιος, ov. deceitful, wily.

 $\hat{\mathbf{a}}\pi\hat{\mathbf{a}}\tau\eta\lambda\delta\mathbf{s},\ \eta,\ \delta\mathbf{r},=\hat{\mathbf{a}}\pi\mathbf{a}\tau\eta\lambda\iota\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}.$ ἀπάτημα, ατοε, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit.

ἀπατητικός, ή, ύν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious.

d-πάτητος, ον, (α privat., πάτέω) untrodden.

άπ-ατιμάζω, f. άσω, - άπατιμάω. άπ-ατιμάω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for άτιμάω, to dis

bonour greatly.

'Απατούρια, ων, τά, the Apaturia, a festival s Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days during which the Athenians had their grown up ic enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived and πατήρ or φρατρία, with a cuphon.)

ά-πάτωρ, opos, δ, ή (α privat., πάτηρ) fatberles orphan: disowned by the father.

aπ-avyaζω. f. σω, to beam with light. άπαύγασμα, ατοι, τό, a reflection.

an-avoaw, f. ήσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edics II. to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., down τινα μή τοιείν I forbid his doing. III. to decla

Tenounce. IV. to deny. V. intr. to be reasted tuarde: dravdar older, to fail a friend: also to faint, | dreidnes is draphy, de draykalye driven into great ink: draudar give to faint with toil.

in autiditour. E looper: Dep. to speak or act bidly, speak out.

ar-autmuspilm, f. ion, Att. In, (ari, aithuesos) to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day.

dr-aupaes, only found in impl. with aor. sense, drzúper, drzyúpde, drzyúpd, to which must be added the acr. I part, act, and med., droupas, droupaseron: (cupdes the simple is not found):—to take away from, west from, rob of, rud Ti. II. to receive good or ill. to enjoy or suffer: (but wherever this sense occurs, darpipu, etc., should be altered into éraspeî, etc.)

& securios, or, (a privat., rades) not to be stopped or awaged: never-ending. II. c. gen. never coming from.

de auritea, Adv. fortbuith, on the spot.

en-entopolem, i. how, to go of one's own accord, desert.

dradione, fut. dradion: 201. 2 frapor, part. drapés: 201. 2 med. opt. draporto in act. sense:

-like drardes, to cheat, beguile.

&w-ky@opas, Dep. to be bateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium.

άπίβαλον, 201. 2 of άποβάλλα.

driffer. driffers, ecc. 2 and I of dropairs. άπίβλίσα, 201. I of ἀτοβλίττω.

dreddros, ir, Dor. for ifredaris.

d-πέδίλου, ov, (a privat., πέδίλον) unsbod, barefoot. &-meSos, or, (a copul., ribor) even, level, flat.

ἀπεδρύφθην, 20r. I pass, of ἀποδρύπ / ...

ån-los, see ån-eolia.

dwinger, Ep. for drift, 3 sing. pres. subj. of dreem (elµí sum).

dr-toure, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of drefror. a weepys, 3 sing, imperf. of arotoyou.

driftavov, 201. 2 of drofting mes. 4x-sidor, inf. drideir, sor. 2 without pres. in use, erving as aor. to apopase: -to look away from other

bings at, and so simply to look at. dwellera, f. (dweiths) disobedience.

à madia, f. hou, (àreibhs) to refuse compliance, to r disobedient

<del>i π-είθη, δα-είθησαν</del>, Ion. for άφ-είθη, άφ-είθησαν, sing, and plur, acr. I pass, of dφίημι,

1- - die le (a privat, wello par) disobedient : of ips, ummanageable. II. (wellow) act. not per-

ading. in and La, f. dow, to copy, represent, express by a mparison: hence to compare with, liken to.

descention, to conjecture, ut liest conjecture. m-encorle, (dró, eleár) to represent or portray in datus.

THE TOTAL CH-PIKES, SED BEFOREN. Ep. for dweiklen, to threaten.

£ ήσω, (ἀπύ. είλεω) to press bard · Fase, άπειρος.

analis, I how, (arealf) to threaten. Let, minari: c. inf. to threaten to do. II. to make boastful tbreats · to boast, brag, Lat. gloriari. assure, promise, vow . - Pass, to be terrified by threats. aweahn to mostly in plur. dreidal, threats: also boasts, braggart words: in sing a threatening.

Deriv. uncertain.) [d] άπ-σιληθείε, nor. I pass. part. of άπ-ειλέω (άπό,, ellide).

deschaus, aros, ro, - dreilf.

ἀπ-ειλημένος, pl. part. pass. of ἐσ-ειλέω(ἀσό, εἰλέω). ' άπ-είλημμαι, perf. pass. of άπολαμβάνω.

dwealfrage, Ep. for Lucilary, 3 dual imply of drewie (drewh).

άπολητήρ, ήρος, δ, (άπειλέω a threatener, boaster.

&παλητήριος, a, or, threatening, menacing.

άπειλητής, οῦ, δ, - ἀπειλητήρ. άπειλητικός, ή, ω, - απειλητήριος.

ἀπείληφα, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

an-eigh, fut. anteopai, (ant, elul sein) to be away from: absol. to be seway or absent: of things, to be wanting. Hom. mostly uses impf. drip, Ep. drip, 3 pl. drecor, and Ep. fut. driccount.

aπ-aμ, (aπό, elμ ibo) to go away, depart: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. dwiet, part. dwier. duesneper, - dreireir, v. sq.

dn-elwov: inf dreinele, Ep. droeinele: also aor. 1 άσεισα, med. ἀσεισάμην: fut, ἀσερώ, pl. ἀσείρηκα: the pres. being supplied by dπόφημι, dπαγορεύω:---to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly. II. to forbid. foll, by my with inf.; decisor abror my roccir I forbade him to do; tò dreipnulvor, a forbidden III. to renounce, disown, give up; dweivasbas tur vibr to disown his son; dresteir byer to overt a vision by offerings. IV. to deny, refuse. intrana. to give up, be worn out fail; c. dat. pers. to fail or be wanting to one; ἀπειρηκέναι φίλοιε to fail one's friends; but, ἀπειρηκέναι χρήμασι to be bankrupt: -c. part., dπ. καθήμενου to be tired of sitting.

a-πείραντος, or, (a privat, πέρας) endless, boundless. å-πείραστος, ον, (a privat., πειράζω) inexperienced. d-welparos, or, (a privat, weipaopai) Dor. for dwelpyros, untried.

άπ-είργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-έργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργα-Beiv, poet, 201. 2 of direleyes.

άπ-είργω, in Herodotus mostly άπ-έργω, Ep. also άπο-έργω: f. ξω; aor. I dreipfa: poët aor. 2 úreipγαθον, Ερ. αποέργαθον: Pass., pf. απείργμαι, Ερ. ἀπέργμαι:—to keep away or ibut out from: part from: to keep or binder from, to keep back: of a river, drepypéros, sbut out from its old course. part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, III. to abut up, confine.

d-menpionos, a, or, and os, or, lengthd. form for II. boundless, endless, countless.

82 anixonus, aree, to, Anexoaropae) that which to an ingu, Ion, for anique. bated, the object of bate. åπ-εχθής, έε, (ἀπό, έχθος) bateful, bostile. άπ-έχθομαι, like άπ-εχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, έχθου): -to be bated or briteful. dreyble. Adv. of dreyble; dr. Eyer to be at enmity. du-txw, f. doffer and duorxhou: acr. 2 dufoxor: -to bold off, keep off, away from: to part:-Med., åπέγεσθαι γειράε τινου to bold one's hands off him: but driverbas absol. to bold oneself off a thing, abwain or desist from, II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci; της πύλεως οὐ πολλήν ύδον drive it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing. III. to bave in full; anexer provinto base a full reward. dw-hips, Ion. for ap-hips. distance, sor. I of drawless. åm-nyéopat, åm-hynpa, åm-hynote, loa. for åø-ny-. & note, f. how, to strain off, filter. άπηλάθην, aor. I pass. of άπελαύνα. dπ-ηλεγέως, Adv. formed as if from \*dπηλεγής, έε, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) without caring for anything; μύθον drykeylos drouver to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly. άπηλθον, 201. 2 οδ ἀπέρχομαι. de-nliastie, où, à, (aré, Hliala) one mbo keeps envay from the 'Hasala, i. c. an enemy to law, with allusion to fixee, not fond of basking in the sun. dπ-file, Ion. for dφ-file. άπ-ηλιώτης (sub. drepos), ov, δ, (ἀπύ, ήλιοε) the east mind, Lat. subsolanus. ά-πήμαντος, ον, (« privat., σημαίνω) unbarmed. mitbout misery. άπ-ήμβροτον, Ερ. for άφ-ήμαρτον, 2 or. 2 of άφαparara. durhuev, I pl. impf. of dreeps (elpl, sum). aπημοσύνη, ή, (aπήμων) freedom from barm, safety. άπημπόλα, 3 sing. impf. of ἀπεμπολίω. ā-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., πήμα) unbarmed, unburt: without sorrow or suffering. II. act. doing so barm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious. dutivera, i, (dunvie) barebness, roughness. duty, h, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot. II. like (evyoe, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.) danyiparro, 3 pl. sor. I med. of dravalropar. danithe, is, barsh, rough. See apod-note: άπηνθον, Dor. for ἀπηλθον, 201. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι. em-hopos, Dor. and Att. dw-dopos, Ep. dw-hopos, er, (duo, delpa) bovering on bigh, Lat. suspensus. П. d-wnpos, or, (a privat., πήρα) without a scrip. (a privat., move) unmaimed. angupur, pa, I and 3 sing. impf. of draupaes. du-ηχής, es, (duó, ήχου) discordant, noisy. &πήχθετο, 3 sing. 2or. 2 med. of dπεχθάνομαι.

an-hupos, Ep. for anhopos.

άπιάλλω, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμποι.

**dπ**ία γῆ, τ. άπιος.

άπ-ικνέομαι, άπ-ικόμην, Ion. for άφιπd-miriorom, (a privat., survios) to be without only witz, to be senseless. duritie, Ion, for apific. áπιον, τύ, (áπιοε) a pear, Lat. pirum. "AIIIOZ, \$, a pear-tree, Lat. pirus. denos, q, or, (detó) far away, far off, far, if istip II. Amos, a, or, Apian, i. c. Paloyaine Hom. ponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, bence 'Aria 79, or 'Aria alone, the Pelopornese: also 'Awis, idos, ij. [The former sense has i, the latter &.] åπ-ξπόω, f. ώσω, to squeeze out. ån-Tobu, f. wow, to make equal or even. describe, f. how: pf. istoryea: (descros):—to dibelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrusful:-Pass., with fut. med. decorpopus, to be di-IL = ἀπειθέω, to disobey. irusted. du-lorgu, Ion. for do-lorgu. amorta, Ion. -(n. 1), (deserte) disbelief, distres; rollds drivias fixes the thing admits of many II. want of faith, unbelief: faithlessness. doubts. d-micros, ce, (a privat., micros): to be trusted, and so, 1. of persons, faitbless. of things, not credible, beyond belief. not believing or trusting, mistrus ful. obeying. daugrogiva, - daigria. antorus, Adv. of antores: II. pass. beyond belief, incredibly. ciously. άπισχυρίζομαι, f. Ισομαι Att. Ιούμαι: Dep.:oppose or resist stoutly. du-loχω, poët. for dulxw, to keep far away. dw-triov, verb. Adj. of dweeps, one must go anes. ἀπλάκέω, ἀπλακία, etc., see ἀμπλακέω, etc. ά-πλŭνής, ές (α privat., πλανάομαι) ποι wards ing : fixed. d-πλαστος, ον, (a privat., πλάσσω) not movided: IL (a privat., schi(s) hence genuine, sincere. shortened for dredástos, unapproachable, terrible. 6-πλūτος, Ion. 6-πλητος, ον, (ε privat., τελές, poet. for πελά(ω) shortened for dπέλάτου, καφ proacbable, terrible. d-nlacros, or, (a privat., nliew) unplaited. d-wheres, or, collat. form of dwhitres or of date oros, only used in the sense of immense, entreorisary. d-nhavoros, or, (a privat., sheveoper fut. of ship) not navigable, not navigated. d-πλημτος, αν, (α privat., πλήσσω) unetricks: α a horse, needing no whip or spur.

I. pass. so

L act, sest-

II. sct.

&-mlouves, or, not winning belief, incredible, us

ámble, Ep. 20r. I delbara, poet, los desebles. From

II. not persuasive. [7]

d-milig, és, poët. for d-meitige.

વેત્ર-દેઉપંગ્ય, — વેત્ર-લાઈપંજ્ય.

datburrhe, ĝece, é, a restorer. From

khaporla, 4, insatiate desire. From trhaportes, ev. (a privat., νίμτλη μι) not to be filled, institut: c. gen., άπλ. είματοε insatiate of blood. έπλοια, Ιοπ. ἀπλοξη, 4, (άπλονε) difficulty of sail-

ig, from stress of weather.

inholiques, Dep. (ἐπλόοε) to deal openly or frankly. ἐπλοίε, Βοε, ἡ, (ἐπλόοε) a single garment.

ėπλόσε, όη, όσν, contr. ἀπλοθε, η, οθν, Lat. simpiz, enefeld, (opp. to ἀπλόσε, Lat. duplen, tunfold),
ingle. IL single-minded, simple, and that
either (in good sense) frank, open, sincere; or (in bad
tense) silly. III. simple, opp. to compound:
hence, absolute, aber. (Derived from άμα, all in one
ney, as is Lat. simplen from simul.)

behove, or, contr. 6-πλους, ουτ. (a privat., πλέω)
not sailing:
1. of ships, unfit for sea, not seasorby.
2. of men, never basing been at sea.
II.

pass, of the sea, closed to navigation.

άπλόε, ή, όν, poēt. for άπλόσε, άπλοῦε.

åπλότης, 4του, ή, (ἐπλόου) like Lat. simplioisus, simplicity, plainness, frankness.

dulous, \$, our, contr. for dulous.

4-zhous, our, contr. for 4-rhose.

δ-πλουτος, στ, (a privat., πλοθτου) without riches. δπλός, Adv. of δπλοθε, Lat. simpliciter, simply, plainly: absolutely.

11. in a word, Lat. designs.
δ-πνουστος, στ, (a privat., πνεύσομαι fut. of πνόω) without breath, breathless: hence lifeless.

d-uvece, er, contr. d-uvece, our, (a privat., urbe) without wind, calm. II. without breath, lifeless

'AHO', PRET. WITH GEH. ORLY, — Lat. AB, ABS, whether place, time, or any object be denoted: I. of Place, implying motion from, sway from: also down from. 2. without motion implied, far from, at a distance from.

II. later of Time, from, after, since; dwd defevor yeriefau to have done supper.

III. of Origin of all kinds, as, 1. of descent, birth; obx dwd depude obd dwd wtrpnge not sprung from oak or rock; dwd Anderne of Sparts by

birth. 2. of the means or instrument; dvd βισίο πέφνεν with arrow from his bow. 3. of the cause or occasion; dvd δικαιοσύνης by reason of. 4. of the material of which a thing is made; dvd ξύλου

rerespies made of wood.

As Advers, without case, far away: but almost always with verbs in treesi.

In Compos., 1. from, asunder, as in ἀνοτέμου: and hence away from, as in ἀνοβαίνω. 2. eeasing from, as in ἀναλγέω: and hence, finishing, compleing, as in ἀνεργάζομα. 3. back again, as in ἀνομάδωμα. 4. by way of abuse, as in ἀνακλέω. 5. εξπιακί — α φτίν., as in ἀνακδάω, ἀναγορείω: also with Adjectives, as in ἀνόσιτου.

Two, anastroph, for dwo, when it follows its noun, dwo-alversa, post, for dw-airvesa, to take away.

άπο-αιρέσμαι, post. for άφ-αιρέσμαι.

divoβa, Att. for divoβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. for divo-

Aποβάθρα, η, steps on a ladder for descending from a ship, the gauginar. From

dwo-βalvu, f. βήσομαι: Ep. 3 ting. sor. I dweβήσετο ; 201. 2 ἀτέβην : pf. ἀτοβέβημα :—to 2/ep off. dismount, alight or disembark from. 2. to go away. IL of events, to issue or result from: depart. absol. to tern out, end or issue in a certain way, Lat. evenire; tò àvópairer the issue, event; tà àvopalrarra, τὰ ἀποβάντα ibe results; τὰ ἀποβησόμενα ibe probable results: also droBalver alone, to turn out well, succeed. 2, also of persons and things, with an Adj., to turn out, prove or be so and to, Lat. evedere: drobalvew zorvol to prove impartial, 3. of conditions, etc.; droBalver ele Ti to come at last to. end in.

B. Causal, only in acr. I designes, to make to dismount, disembark, land,

άπο-βάλλω, f. βαλώ: 20τ. 2 ἀπίβάλον: pf. ἀποβέβληκα:—to throw off from: c. 2cc. only, to throw away. 2. to throw away, reject; also to throw away, sell too cheap. 3. to low.

&mo-Banne, f. yes, to dip entirely.

άποβάς, βάσα, βάν, 20τ. 2 part, of άπο-βαίνω. ἀπόβάστε, του, ἡ, (ἀποβαίνω) α μερρίπη off, dis-

mounting: a disembarking, landing: also a landingplace.

emofficus, sor. 2 inf. of drofaires.

άπο-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to force στιση: 201, 1 pass. άποβιασθήναι in pass. sense, to be forced away.

&πο-βιβάζω: f. βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ: - Causal of droβalru, to make to get off, esp. from a ship, to disembark, set on land.

άπο-βιβρώσκω, 201. I pass. άπεβρώθην:—10 eat off. άπο-βλάπτω, f. ψω, to ruin utterly:—201. I pass. άποβλαφθήναι, to be robbed of.

άπο-βλαστάνω, f. –βλαστήσω: 201. 2 ἀπέβλαστον: ---to sboot forth from, spring from.

άπόβλεπτος, or, looked at, gazed on by all, hence admired. From

åmo-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look away from all other objects at one, to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon, ἀπόβλητος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) to be thrown away as worthless.

dwo-βλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. low; 20τ. I dwiβλίσα:—
to cut out the comb from the hive, take the boney:

metaph. to steal.

Δπο-βλύζω, f. σω, to spirt out; ἀποβλύζειν οίνου to spirt or slobber out some wine.

άποβολή, ήε, ή, (ἀποβάλλω) a throwing away, losing, loss.

ἀποβολιμαίοε, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) apt to throw away.

II. pass. apt to be thrown aside. δπο-βόσκομαι, Dep. to eat up.

άπο-βουκολίω, f. ήσω, to let cattle stray: hence to make to lose.

2. to soothe, beguile.

&πο-βρίζω, f. fω, to sleep without waking, go sound asleep.

άπο-βρύχω, to bite off from.

ano-βάρμος, αν, (ἀπό, βωμός) far from an altar, | law. godleis.

end-yours or ded-yours, or, (ded, vii) from land, coming of land.

&no-yeardes, to make jut out like a coping or cornice. der-yeue, f. ou, to make another taste of a thing :-Med. to taste of it oneself.

ano-yearoon, i, won, to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.

άπο-γηράσκω, f. άσομαι, to grow old

απογίγνομαι, late Att. -γίνομαι: fut. -γενήσομαι: 201. 2 dweyerbuny: pf. dwogeylynua: to be away from, bave no part in. II. absol, to be taken away, and so to depart life, die: ol dπογενόμενοι the dead.

ἀπο-γιγνώσκω, late Att. -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: act. 2 dπέγνων: pf. dπέγνωκα:—to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, c. gen.: to resolve not. 2. to despair. II. c. acc. to give mp as nacless. III. as law-term, to refuse to receive an accusation: hence to acquit.

άπόγνοια, ή, (άπογιγνώσκω) despair.

απόγονος, ον, (άπογίγνομαι) descended or sprung from: in plur. descendants.

ἀπογράφή, ή, (ἀπογράφω) a copy of an indictment (γραφή): a deposition. II. a list, register, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.

άπο-γράφω, f. ψω, to swrite out, copy, csp. to enter in a list, register :- Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use. IL Att. law-term. 1. ἀπογράφειν τινά to give in a copy of the charge against a person: esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by 2. ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα το a private person. give in such a list of property.

ano-yube, to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to

enfeeble, unnerve.

åπο-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to bring into bard exercise, to ply bard.

άπο-γυμνόω, f. ώσω, to strip quite bare: esp. to strip of arms, disarm :- Pass. to be stript bare :- Med. to strip oneself.

άπο-βάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite off a piece of, c. gen.: absol. to bite.

dπο-δακρύω, f. ύσω [v], to weep much; c. acc. to speep much for, lament.

arobaquos, ov, parted off or from. From

anobacuós, é, a division, part of a whole. From άπο-δατέομαι: f. -δάσομαι [ά], Ερ. -δάσσομαι: αστ. 1 ἀπεδασάμην, Ep. inf. ἀποδάσσασθαι:--to portion out, apportion IL to part off, separate.

dro-Bei, Ion. dro-Bien, impers. of drobies.

åπο-δειδίσσομαι, Dep. to frighten away.

άπο-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:-Pass., aor. I dwedelxonv: pf. dwodederypai, Ion. -de-I. to point out, show forth, make known: деура: hence, I. bring forward, show, produce, publish as a docere,

2. to appoint or assign; xupos dwodedeypivos an appointed place. 3. to show by argument. prove. II. to about forth a person or thing as so and so, hence, I. to appoint, name, ereate. to make, render. 3. to represent as. 4. to prove g. c. inf. to ordain a thing to be: that a thing is. -Med. to show forth something of one's own; drodelfaoda yeleune to deliver one's opinion; desodelfaσθαι dperde to display high qualities.

ano-balida, f. aσω [a], to be a coward, shrink from danger.

άπόδειξιε, Ιοα. -δέξιε, ερε, ή, (ἀποδείπνυμι) α showing forth: hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, 2. a shewing, proof, demonstrapublication. tion. II. (from Med.) a display, achievement, performance.

åno-bernviktos, or, (ånó, belaror) without supper. ano-bapotopies, f. how, to cut off by the neck, be-

bead.

dno-below, Ion. for dire-below.

åπο-δεκάτοω, f. ώσω, to pay tithe of. IL a take titbė from, τινά.

άπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for απο-δέχομαι.

anobertion, verb. Adj. of decolegopal, one must receive or accept.

άποδεκτήρ, ήροε, δ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a taker from, re-

άποδεκτός, όν, (άποδέχομαι) ucceptable. άποδέξασθαι, 20τ. I inf. of άποδέχομαι. s. Ion for anodelfaobai, nor. I inf. of anodelwops.

åπόδεξιε, εωε, ή, Ion. for dπόδειξιε.

άπόδερμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποδέρω) a bide stripped off. άπο-δέρω, Ion. -δείρω: f. -δερώ: sor. I dπέδειρα:to flay or skin completely; dwoblecer the needs him to seal \ II. to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.

άποδεχθείε, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of ἀποδείκονυμ. άπο-δέχομαι, Ιοη. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: 201. detdefáμην: pf. -bédeγμαι: Dep.:—to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with. 2. to accept as a proof: to admit, allow, approve. 3. to accept as a teacher, follow: dr. rivos to receive from another, 4. to take or understand in a ceragree with him. tain sense. II. to receive back, recover.

&πο-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast.

åπο-δέω, Ion. fut. -δεήσω:--- to be wanting, to lack: —impers. dzo-deî, *there lack*s.

ἀποδημέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπύδημου) to be αποαγ from bome, to go abroad, dwoby usin siz Gerrahlan te go and live in Thessaly. Hence

άποδημητής, οῦ, ὁ; one who is abroad.

anosquia, h, a being from bome, a going or being abroad. From

άπό-δημος, ον, away from bome, abroad.

άπο-διαιτάω, f. ήσω, to decide for a person in a arbitration.

άπο-δίδάσκω, f. διδάξω, to teach not to do, Lat. &

II. intrane, in

in-hopiones, Ion. -bidophones: f. -dodocome, Ion. | to strip another of his arms, etc.

2. in prose

-δρήσομα: 2 or. 2 dwidpyr, part. dwodpás :-- to run

iro-bibuu. i. -bissu: 201. I dribuus:---to give bask,

may or off. flee from, esp. by stealth.

also c. ace., to flee, abun.

are-due, f. fe, to withdraw from. restore; exp. to give back what is due. 2. to render, yield, of land. 3. to grant, allow. dwo-erwoy, es, e, Ep. for dwelver, sor. 2 without render or make so and so. 5. to deliver over, give pres. in use. up, e. g. as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. reddwo-ipyade, 3 sing. post. sor. 2 of dwipya, dwelpya, IL intra el 70 Suotor desocidos le abénour to keep far away, keep off from. [x. i Alyerroe], where it seems to be - irididum :άποίργω, pošt. for dripγω, dreipγω; partic. dre-Med to gree away of one's own, sell; also to let out for bire. in-dieice, f. isu, to asquit, opp. to saradisisse. erobles, inf. of dredien, post, sor. 2 without pres, in use, to throw off: to throw down. åro-δίκλω, f. ήσω, (άπό, δίκη) to defend oneself on to live of. dre-biring, f. how, to turn or whirl violently about. άπο-δίομαι, Dep. (ἀπό, δίω) poöt, for ἀποδιώκω. ero-bookles, f. low, to mark off, distinguish. ano-bismo, fut, distopat, to chase away. dro-donel, impere., (dro, donew) mostly with uh and inf., dridoft ope pr) weather it seemed good to Arabia. them not to do: absol., we sope dresofs when they resolved . . . ano-boxulate, f. asw, to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject. Hence άποδοκιμαστέον, verb. Adj. one must reject. ἀποδόσμος, σν, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored. dw-obes, Ion. for do-obes. åπόδοσιε, εω, ή, (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restrtution, return: repayment, payment. anobereov, verb. Adj. of anobicam, one must give back, refer. aroboûves, sor. 2 inf. of arobibups. emocoχή, ή, (dwodiχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to dróbogia: reception. II. praise, approbation. eno-Soyμόω, f. ώσω, to bend backwards or sideways. άποδράθειν, 20r. 2 inf. of ἀποδαρθάνω. άποδράς, 201. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω. άπόδρασιε, Ion. ἀπόδρησιε, εωε, ή, (ἀποδεδράσκω) a running away, escape. άπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. - ατοδρέτω. ero-Spere, f. yw, to pluck off :- Med. to gather for oneself. άποδρήναι, Ion. for -δράναι, 201. 2 inf. of dποδιδράσκω. \$20-800274, f. \$40: 201. I \$268944a: 201. 2 datδρύφον: 201. 1 pass. ἀπεδρύφθην:—to scrape off, to reaze by a slight wound. ἀποδρύφοι, 3 sing. 201. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύπτω. ἀπο-δύνω, to pull or strip off; v. ἀποδύω. [v] άπ-οδύρομαι [v], f. -οδύρουμαι, to lament bitterly. άποδύε, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδύω. anoburhouse, to, an undressing room. From άπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, 201. Ι ἀπέiloa, to strip off the arms from the slain; c. acc. pers.

εργμένη for διτεργομένη. άπό-ερσε, an old Ep. aor. I only found in 3 pers., to burry or sweep away, of running water; subj. dwoέρση, opt. ἀποέρσειε. (Deriv. uncertain.) dwo-law, f. (how, to live off; boor dwo(fir enough dwo-Levyvous and -bus, f. -Ceofu :-- to unyoke, part : -Pass. to be parted from, rivée: absol., deup' are (6you woods on foot did I start and some hither. &mo-Lie, f. -Liow, to boil off, throw off by fermenting. &w-6(w, fut. -o(how, to smell of something. impers., drofe the Apablys there comes a scent from άπο-θάλλω, f. -θάλω, to leave off blooming. dποθάνειν, acr. 2. inf. of droθνήσκω. **ἀποθάνο**θμαι, fut. of **ἀποθνήσκω**. άπο-θαρρέω and άπο-θαρσέω, f. ήσω, to take comrage, bave full confidence. άπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. Απο-θωμάζω, f. άσω, to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much. άπο-θείομαι, Ερ. for ἀποθίωμαι, ἀποθώμαι, 201. 2 med. subj. of **ർ#**07(**0**դμւ. Ano-below, f. wow, poet, for drobelow. ánobev, Adv. (dnb) from afar. åπό-θεος, ov, far from the gods: hence godless. åπο-θεόω, f. ώσω, to deify. ano-Depile, fut. ion Att. W, to cut off like ears of άποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀποτίθημι. åπόθεσιε, εωε, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away: -a putting away, laying up in store:-exposure. άποθεστος, ον, (άποτίθημι) despised, abborred. anoveral, w, al, a place in Lacedemon, into which all missbapen children were thrown on birth. From åπόθετος, ον, (ἀποτίθημι) laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved. άπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run off or away. άποθήκη, ή, (άποτίθημι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storebouse. anything laid by or stored up; ἀποθήκην ποιείσθαι είδ tiva to lay up a store of favour with another. åπο-θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, to treasure or board up. åπο-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press bard, crowd upon. [l] άπο-θνήσκω, f. -θάνοῦμαι: 201. 2 ἀπέθανον:--- to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to dworteires. άποθορείν, 201. 2 inf. of άποθρώσκα, άπο-θρασύνομαι [v], f. trovμαι, to be very bold,

Med., with 20r. 2 act. dweller (formed as if from deci-

dum), and pf. dwolidum: -- to strip ontself, undress :

droducatas spóe te to strip for a thing, to strip and

get ready for. 2. metaph. to put away.

warn off.

&πο-θραύω, f. σω, to break off or from :—Pass., &ποθραύεσθαι της εδελείας to be broken off from, i.e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ano-optale, f. sw. (dro, opior) properly, to sut of fig-leaves: generally, to sut off, surtail.

άπο-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces: Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

Ano-Opisonus, s. -Oopoupus: acr. 2 desegopo: -to apring or leap off from. Il. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise about up, of steep rocks.

ano-biquos, or, (aró, 60µós) not according to one's suind, unpleasant, bateful.

ano-bis, f. sow, to offer up.

d-wolyros, or, (a privat., world) not done, undone: not to be done.

Awourdes, f. ήσω, (άποικοε) to go away from bome, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away: ή Κόρυθοε & ἐμοῦ μακρὰν ἀφωκεῖτο Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i. e. I settled far from Corinth. III. c. acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence

åποικία, ή, a settling away from bome, a colony, settlement.

d.w-outles, f. low Att. W: Pass., aot. 1 dequioty: pf. -\(\phi\) me pas: -to send away from bome, transplant: generally, to send or carry away: -Pass. to be settled in a far land; to emigrate.

II. to colo-

nise a place.
dinounis, ibos, i, fem. of dinounes:—h dinounis (sc.

τόλω) a colony. &π-σ-ποδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

άπ-οικος, or, (ἀπό, οἶκοι) away from bome, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colesist. 2. of cities, άποικου (sub. πόλιο), ή, a colony. άπ-οικτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to complain loudly.

&-molparros, or, (a privat., rapaire) unfed, un-

άπ-οιμώζω, fut. -οιμώτομαι, to bewail loudly.

dποινα, ων, τά, only used in plut., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II. generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence αποινάω, ε, ήσω, to demand a ransom or price:—Med. to bold to ransom.

amouró-dikos, or, (ánowa, diky) enacting the penalty: atoning.

άπ-οιστεύω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

άποίσω, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

άπ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -φίχημαι: Dep.:—
to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to
bave departed: hence to be dead and gone.

II.
more tarely, to go away, wibdraw from.

άπο-καθάίρω, fut. - ἄρῶ, to clear off, cleanse :- Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

άποκάθαρστε, εων, ή, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

άπο-κάθημαι, Ιου. -κάτημαι, Pass, to sit apart.

Ano-matte, fut. lose, to set down: — Med. to sit down.
Ano-matter view and the measurement.
I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and sor.
I, to reestablish, restore.
II. intr. in Pass., with and 2. and pf. act., to be restored.

ano-scalvopas, Pass. to surpass, excel

åπο-καίριος, ον. = άκαιρος. ἀπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intense

cold, to freeze off.
dwo-ndhhw, f. iow: (for the tenses, v. mahiw):-to call back, recal from exile.

2. to call away.
IL to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse.

III. 10

dποκάλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover: —Med. to reveal oneself. Hence

amonahujus, em, 4, revelation.

down-whaten, f. καμούμαι: (for the tenses, v. miμνα):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inl.
to sease to do.

II. c. acc., dwordpress where to
flinch from toil.

ano caparo, f. Vo. intr. to bend off, turn aside.
trans. to turn eside from, sbun. Hence

άπόκαμψιε, cas, ή, a turning of the road. ἀπο-αδιπύε. Ερ. 20τ. Ι -εκάπυσσα: (ἀπό, κάπτυ): to breathe out; ἀποκαπύειν ψυχήν to give up the

gnost. Апо-нарадожен, to expect earnestly. Hence

άποκάρθδοκία, ή, earnest expectation. άπο-καρτερίω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting. άπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again.

ano-karasava, set. -rra, to recontile again. anokaraorave, eee, 4, (anokabiernju) a complet restoration, reëstablishment.

άπο-κάτημαι, Ion. for άπο-κάθημαι.

dworaulize, f. low Att. in (dut, marlos) to brest short off.

distinctions, eas, the (discounties) a burning of.

dπό-καιμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of dsortθημι, to be put away, be laid up in store: hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., dsrówestal τοι it is in store for one.

åπο-κείρω: fut. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκι, pass. -κέκαρμα:---to sbear or cut off: generally, to cu in pieces, cut through:---metaph. to cut off.

dπο-κερδαίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδάνω: -- to base benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

όπιο-κερματίζω, το change into small coin, dissipate. όπο-κεφάλιζω, fut, ίσω Att. ιω, (άπό, πεφαλή) to bebead.

άπο-κηθεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

aπο-κηδίω, fut. ήσω, - aκηδίω, to put away care, is careless.

άπο-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. εω:—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public scle. II. to renounce publicly, disinberit a son: also to declare outlawed.

III. to forbid by proclamation.

άποκινδύνευσιε, εωε, ή, the making a venturous attempt. [0] From

émonivouveum, f. om, to make a bold stroke, make a

-κλήμα, f. -κλήσω: Dor. fut. -κλήξω:—to shut off from 2. to eut off or binder from a thing:-Pass. to be cut off or bindered from. Il. c. acc. only, to shut up, close: to cut off, prevent, binder. bec-exterm, f. you, to steal away. dwo-khyte, f. -khyte, Ion. for dwonkele, f: -khelou. έπό-κλαρος, Dor. έπό-κλάρος, or, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing. άπο-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

waters:-Pass., with paullo p. fut. drosesurdurevoo-

tro-ctros, &, (dro, mrta) a comie dance: trompor

ėπ-ouλėζω, f. ėσω, (ἀπό, δαλάζω) to bend one's knees,

<del>ἀπο-κλαία</del>, Att. ἀ**ποκλάω** [δω]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:--

to meet aloud: c. acc. to bewail neueb, mourn deeply

άσοκλάξω, ἀποκλάξον, Dor. fut. and aor. 1 imperat.

internation of internation, can, in (internation) a

eno-zhele, f. zhelow: Ion. -κληίω, f. -εληίσω: Att.

enternance, or, shut of, enclosed. From

m to be put to the uttermost bazard.

and so to rest, like magarrew yorv.

of derost class

deroux/eres.

shutting off or out.

IL to cease to wail.

ent-exages. Dor. for dro-exages.

iso-nlim, i. iso [d], to break off.

<del>δευ-κλάω</del>, Att. for deτο-κλαίω. [d]

the find some way of dancing off, escaping.

eso-shale, f. -shayfe, to ring or shout forth.

dro-khive [i]: fut. -khive: sor. I driehiva: pf. -πίπλίκα, pass. -πέπλίμαι:—to turn off or aside: to turn II. intr. to turn aside: metaph, to turn of to something worse, fall eway, decline. Hence άπόκλίσιε, εωε, ή, a turning away: of the sun, sinking.

Amountubels, later desountibels, nor. I pass. part. of

dwo-κλώζω, fet. ύσω [v], to wash away, evert by parifications. - dwo-rvale, Att. -rvde: f. -rvhou: (for the tenses, v. spice):—to scrape or rub off; drokvije twa to wear one out, weary to death :- Med. to wear away, diminish.

an-ouvie, f. how, to shrink from, besitate about a thing, c. acc.; absol. to abrink back, besitate. Hence andernous, eas, \$, a shrinking from. awo-wile, f. low, to nip off. Hence

απόκνισμα, τό, that which is nipt off, a little bit. ewo-κοιμάσμαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to lesp away from bome. 2. to get a little sleep. durante, f. how, to sleep away from one's post. From aπό-κουτος, ον, (deto, κοίτος) elseping away from.

ero-coulds, \$, a carrying away. II. (from Med.) a getting away or back. From 420-coule, fut. low Att. In, to carry or conduct ency: -Med. to carry off with one .- Pass. to take

4πο-κολυμβάω, f. ήσω, to dive and swim away.

enad off, ga away.

άπόκομμα, ατοι, τό, (άποκόστω) α piece eut or hnocked off, a splinter, ebip, sbred. άπο-κομπάζω, f. άσω, to break with a snap.

Anonomia, in (anonourse) a sutting or knocking off: dronori) xpean - Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts. kwo-kowwo, f. vo. to eut off, bew off, knock off.

to beat off from a place. III. Med. to smite the breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for. åπο-κορύφόω, f. ώσω, to sum up briefly. άπο-κοσμέω, f. how, to clear away, so as to restore

order. &πο-κοτταβίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus. Ano-kouhlie, fut. low Att. le, to relieve or set free

åno-upåbios, or, (ånú, upåby) plucked from the fig-tree. awo-upuvile, f. low, to strike from the head. άπο-κράτίω, f. ήσω, to overcome, surpass. åπο-κρεμάννημι f. -κρεμάσω [ἄ], Att. -κρεμώ : (for

let bang. II. to bang up. åπό-κρημνος, ον, precipitous, craggy. άποκρίμα, ατος, τό, (ἀτοκρίνω) a judicial sentence. sentence of death. ano-kouvels, anokottels, sor. I pass. part. of sq.

the tenses, v. speparrous):-to let a thing bang down.

άπο-κρίνω [l], fut. -κρίνω: Pass., 201. I άπεκρίθην [Y]: pf. -nénpypai:—to part, separate, distinguisb:— Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; Aποκεκρίσθαι els le δυομα to be separated and brought under one name. II. to choose out, choose.

Med. to give answer or reply to a question; esp. to answer charges; dronplyeobal to to give an answer: so also in aor. I pass. dweeplonv. Hence anouplous, eas, \$, a separating. II. (from Med.), an answer.

amorpitator, verb. Adj. of amorpium, one must sepa-II. (from Med.) one must answer. and-kporos, or, beaten or trodden bard, esp. of earth.

άπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.: -Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:-Pass. to be beaten or knocked off; kotulisation to yeilos disokespoupéror a cup with its rim knocked off.

άποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of αποκρύπτω. άπο-κρύπτω, f. yo, to bide from, keep bidden from : άποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., dr. τινά,τι, like

Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to bide or keep back from 2. to bide close: to obsence. from eight; attorpérateur yffir to lose sight of land, 28 in Virgil, Phaacum abscondimus arces. Hence

άπόκρυφος, or, bidden; èr άποκρύφφ in secret. obscure, bard to understand.

ano-rtauer, -rtaueral, Ep. for -rtareir, 201. 2 infl of dworteire.

άποκτάμενος, Εp. sor. 2 pass. part. of άποκτείνω. **ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενώ : 201. 1 ἀπέκτεινα : 201. 2 ἀπ-**

έπτανον, poöt. ἀπέπταν, αι, α; Ep. also in pass. form

dπεκτόμην: perf. dπέκτονα, more rarely dπεκτόνηκα, to leave bebind, as in the race, to distance, to surdistrance, and dπέκταγκα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like dποκτάειν, to weary to death, to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to full, lat. enecare.

Aποκτάννα, later form of dποκτείνω.

dποκτάννα, later form of dποκτείνω.

dποκτάκο, f. ήσω, to bear young, bring forth.

to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to full, later form of dποκτείνω.

aποκτάκο, and dπάκταντα, more rarely dπεκτόνηκα, to leave bebind, as in the race, to distance, to surdistance, to leave sundone.

IV. intrana.

2. to be wanting of or in a thing; dro treation of the surdistance, to s

άπο-κυέω, f. ήσω, to bear young, bring forth. ἀπο-κυλίνδω, f. κυλίσω [i], to roll away. ἀπο-κώπτω, f. ψω: pf.-εειύφα: to stoop away from. ἀπο-κωκύω, f. ύσω [ū], to mourn loudly over. ἀποκόλουτε, εωι, ή, a bindrance. From

ἀπο-κωλύω, f. ύσω [0], to binder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep of.

ἀπολάβών, -λαβόμενος, 2 part. 2ct. 2nd med. forsaking. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

άπο-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: 20r, 2 ἀπέλαχον:—to

obtain a portion of a thing by lot · ἐπολαχεῖν μέρου τινόυ: generally, to obtain.
ἀπο-λάζυμα, Dep., poēt. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.
ἀπο-λακτίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to kick off or away, shake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

άπολακτισμός, δ, a kicking away.

ἀπολάλέω, f. ήσω, to chatter much. άπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, in Herodotus -λάμφομαι: pf. ἀπείληφα, pass, ἀπείλημμαι: for the 20rist, we have in act. only 201, 2 dreadsor, in pass, only 201. I dreahpony Ion. dread μφθην. Το take or receive from another; absol, to receive what is one's due, to carry off. 3. to bear or learn, like Lat. acci-II. to take back, regain, recover. pio. to bave a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, or aside. arrest, Lat deprehendere, esp. of contrary winds. ano-λαμπρύνω, to make famous :- Pass. to become so. άπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; alxμης απέλαμπε (sc. φως) light beamed from

the spear-head.

δπο-λόπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

ἀπόλαυσια, εωπ, ή, (ἀπολαίω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

άπολαυστικός, ή, όν, of or for enjoyment. From άπο-λαύω, f. ἀπολαύσομα: impl. ἀπέλλυσε, 201. 1 ἀπέλλυσε, sometimes written ἀπέλλυσε, ἀπέλλυσε, από ταλε of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e. g. ἀγαθὸν ἀπολαύεν τινός. 2. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get barm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is λαν-, i. e. λαβ-, λαβ-, which is also the Root of λαμβάνω.) ἀπολάχεῦν, 201. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγχάνω.

άπολόγω, f. fe: pf. pass. ἀπολόλογμοι or ἀπείλογμαι:—to pick out from among, choose:—Mod. to pick
out for oneself:—Pass., ἀπολόλογμόνοι picked men.
ἀπολείβω, f. ψω: αυτ. I ἀπόλοιψα:—to let drop off,
pour a libation:—Pass. to drop or run down from.

ano-helme, f. yes: 201. 2 drehtmor:—to leave over on behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose, 2.

III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of pass. things, to leave alone. leave undone. IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, 2. to be wanting of or in a thing; and ressipow snytow dwodelsow speis dantudous wanting that 3. with part, to leave of fingers of four cubits. 4. to depart from. V. Pass. to be left doing. bebind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be abunt from, c. gen.; πολθ της άληθηξης άπολελειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. be wanting in a thing, also c. gen. åπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

άπόλουψης, εων, ή, (άπολείτω) a leaving bibind, orsaking. II. intr. a failing, deficiency. dπόλεκτος, ων, (άπολέγω) chosen out, picked. άπολλύμου, pf. pass. of άπολύμο.

d-πόλεμος, post. dπτόλεμος, or, unwarlite, saft for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on invincible. III. πόλεμος dπόλεμος a war that it no war, i. c. a hopeless struggle.

άπο-λέπω. f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pl. part. pass. dπολελεμμένου.

άπολέσθαι, 201. 2 med. inf. of βπόλλυμι. άπολέσκετο, Ep. for άπώλετο, 3 sing. 201. 2 med. of άπόλλυμι.

άπο-λήγω, poët. άπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave of α desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing. άπο-ληρέω, f. ήσω, to chatter at random.

åπόληψιε, εωπ, ή, (ἀπολαμβάνω) a taking from taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, the ting off.

άπο-λιβάζω, f. ξω, to drop off.

άπο-λίγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud. άπο-λιμπάνω, Ion. for ἀπο-λείπω.

d-wolus, neut. 1: gen. 1800, also ease, Ion. 100: it. dwóli:—one without city, state, or country, as outlaw.

II. wólie dwolis a city that is no dy. 6 ruined city.

άπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: 201. I -ωλισθήσα: 12. 2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

άπο-λίταργίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to slip off, fact of. ἀπο-λιχμάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. — ἀπολείχε, Β lick off.

άπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

άπ-όλλομι or άπ-ολλόω: impf. ἀπώλλυν or ἀπλλουν: fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπολέσσω, Att. ἀπολέ. Ισ. ἀπολέω: aor. I ἀπώλεσα, Ερ. ἀπόλεσσα; pf. ἀπώλες. Att. ἀπολώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, sley: ἀthings, to demolish, to lay soaste.

II. to iest utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλθμαι: f. ἀπολούμαι, Ion. ἀπολόμαι: aor. 2 ἀπολόμαν: perf. ἀπόλωλα: plopf. ἀπολώλαν or ἀπολάλειν:—to perieb, die: also simply to fait into ruin, to be undone. II. to be lost, fall αποβ. fail. III. to be urstebed or miserable.

'Απόλλων, ωνοε, δ: acc. ωνα or ω: voc. 'Arelles:
—Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latons.

Apollo. dre-λογέσμαι, fut. ήσομαι: 201. I med. dreλογηείμου, pass. ἀπελογήθην: pl. ἀπολελόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀτό, λόγου):—to speak in defence: also to speak in defence of a fact. 2. drodogelobal rijto defend consif against a charge. 3. απολογείσθαι δίκην Awarov to speak against sentence of death being passed, Hence

έπολόγημα, ατος, τό, a plea alleged in defence. άπολογία, ή, (ἀπολογέομαι) a speech in defence, defence.

άπο-λογίζομαι: f. Ισομαι Αtt. ἴοῦμαι: acr. I -ελογισάμην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:---to reckon up, give in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give a full account of, recount fully. 2. to calculate or consider well. Hence

erologiques, é, a giving an account, a statement of facts or reasons.

ἀπό-λογος, δ, α story, tale; ἀπόλογος 'Αλκίνου proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to Akinous in Od. 9-12. IL a fable, like those of Acsop, an apologue.

Archelare, Ion. for drohourre, 3 plus. ser. 2 opt.

med, of drollver.

er-oλολύζω, f. ξω, to utter a loud ery.

emoλόμονος, sor. 2 med. part, of dπόλλυμι.

άπολούμαι, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι. enchouse, sen, 4, a washing off, ablution. From

dro-λούω, f. λούσω, to wash off: - Med., άλμην spoor drodosospus I will wash the brine from off my boulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean. ἐπ-ολοφύρομαι, f. - Υρούραι, to bewail loudly.

o cease from wailing. άπο-λυμαίνομαι, f. -μάνουμαι: Dep. (άπό, λύμα):

-to cleanse oneself by bathing.

άπολθμαντήρ, ήροε, έ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a deroyer, waster.

ἀπολύστμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal. **iπόλύσια, em, ‡,** (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance: gen., ward the drokuous too baratou as far as acwittal from a capital charge went.

iraktricos, ή, ω, (drokώw) disposed to acquit. dv., daraλυτικών έχειν to be disposed to acquit. Lxo-Atroba, f. wow, to release on payment of ran-

m: -Med. to redeem for money. Hence izohúrpuous, eas, f., a releasing, redemption.

i=0-λύω, f. -λύσω [θ] : 20τ. Ι ἀπέλθσα : pf. ἀπολέina:---to loose from: to set free or release from; τολύειν αίτίηs to acquit of a charge: absol. to zuit. 2. in Il. always - drohurpow, to release a isoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him. wooû for gold. 3. to disband an army: to dis-II. Med. to release for oneself,

arge a debt. 2. ἀπολύς σθαι διαβολάε, etc., to do away deem. th calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence

sol to defend onesif.

'Anolliener and 'Anolliener, to, a temple of | part. III. Pass. to be released, let free from. to get elear: to depart, go away.

aπο-λωβάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly: 201. I dereλωβήθην in pass. sense, to be insulted. άπόλελα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

<del>ἀπο-λωτίζω</del>, f. ίσω, (ἀπό, λωτόε) = ἀπανθίζω, to pluck off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαγδάλία, ή, (ἀπομάσσω) the erumb or inside of the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

ano-palvopas, fut.-parhoopas: pf. anopeppra: Dep. to rave till one is satisfied; to rage violently. ano-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι, to unlearn, Lat. de-

discere. ото-начтебоны, f. вона, Dep. to аппоинсе аз в

prophet: hence to divine, presage. άπο-μάραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to

die away, of a tranquil death.

άπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses, maintain stoutly. [8]

ano-uacou. Att. -rru, fut. fu, to wipe off, to wipe clean:-Med. to wipe one's bands. 2. to sweet off or level com with a strickle; nevedo droudfat (sc. II. to make an χούνικα) to lose one's labour. impression of:-Med. to stamp or impress something on oneself, copy from another.

άπο-μαστίγόω, f. ώσω, to ecourge severely.

ano-paralle, f. low, (ano, paraios) to behave idly OT unseemly.

άπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχοθμαι: to fight from, as from a fort; relxed leave dropaxeσθαι strong enough to fight from. II. droudyeσθαί τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. d<del>zo-</del> μάγεσθαί τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish a battle, fight it out.

άπό-μάχος, or, (άπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit jor urvice.

ano-pelpopar, f. - pepovipar, Dep. to distribute. Pass, to be parted from another.

άπο-μερίζω, f. low Att. ιω, to give a share of, is-II. to distinguish from a number. tribute.

ano-peopholie, fut. low and if w, to slumber and forget one's cares.

&πο-μεστόω, f. waw, to fill to the brim.

amo-μετράω, f. ήσω, to mete out, distribute.

åπο-μηκύνω [v], f. ĕνω, to prolong, draw out.

dwo-μηνίω, f. low [I], to be very wroth. amo-utulouan, f. hoopen, Dep. to copy after, to re

present faithfully. άπο-μιμνήσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομα (

aot. Ι άπεμνησάμην: pf. άπομέμνη μαι:—to recollect. remember.

åmb-motos, or, like amotos, without pay: defrauded of pay. II. paid off, i. c. past service, Lat. emeritus.

άπο-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to let out for bire, let: c. inf., dromotour roteir to contract for the doing of a

3. to get free, de- thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

άπο-μνάομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-μιμνήσκομαι.

απομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of load from.
sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as
those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

απονητί,

άπο-μνημονεύω, t. σω, to remind. Π. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind.

2. ἀτομνημονεύων τινί τι to bear comething in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

ἀπο-μνησικάκιω, t. ήσω, to bear a grudge against.

άπο-μνησικάκέω, 1. ήσω, to bear a grudge against.
άπ-όμνυμι or άπομνύω: 3 sing, impf. ἀπώμου: fut.
άπομοῦμαι: (ν. δμνυμι:)— to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do. 2, to a late swear one has not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim προπ oath.

II. strengthd, for ύμνυμι, to the solemn oath.

dwo-povbes f. bow, to leave quite alone: Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

άπο-μόργνυμι οι άπ-ομόργνυμι, είσο άπομοργνύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. άπομύργνυ:—Med., Ep. 201. 1 άπομορξάμην:—Pass., 201. 1 part. άπομορχθείε: (ἀπό, μόργνυμι οι δμόργνυμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean:—Med., άπομόρξασθαι παρειάε to wipe one's cheeks; άπομόρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

άπομόρξατο, 3 sing. Ep. sor. 1 med. of foreg.

άποιρόσαι, 201. I inf. of ἀπόμνυμι. ἀπό-μουσος, ον, like άμουσος, (άπό, Μοῦσα) αυαγ from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομούσων γράφεσθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

&πο-μοθέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dissuade.

άπο-μθκάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud. άπο-μυκτέον. verb. Adj. of άπομύσσομαι, one must

wips one's mouth.

άπο-μύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. fω, to unipe a person's nose: hence to sharpen his wits; comp. Horace's vir emunctae naris: -- Med. to blow one's nose.

dπόναιο, 2 sing. 20r. 2 opt. med. of dπονένημι: and dποναίατο, 3 pl., for dπόναιντο.

\*ἀπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence 201. I act. ἀπένασα, Ep. ἀπένασσα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place: also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing. 201. I ἀπενάστο, Ep. ἀπενάστο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—201. I pass. ἀπονασθήναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

άπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμώ and later -νεμήσω: 20τ. Ι Δτένειμα: — to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart: — Med. to assign to oneself, take. 2. to feed on or off. II, to part off: sebarate.

feed on or off. II. to part off, separate.

απονενοημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀπονοέομαι,
desperately.

awo-vioual, Dep. to go away, to go back, return, Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [& Ep.]

άπονέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of άπονος. ἀπο-νεύω, f. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀποβλέτω.

II. to refuse by shaking the bead, Lat. αδυμετε.

denovée, f. rhow, to enload:—Med. to throw off a

dπονήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of dπονίνημι. dπονητί, Adv. of dπύνητος, without fatigue.

άπ-όνητο, Ion. for ἀπ-άνητο, 3 sing. 201. 2 med. of ἀπονίνημ.

d-normos, or, (a privat., worke) not worked or wrought. II. without trouble, easy: Sup. dron-trara with least trouble.

2. without sufferings.

anovia, h, (duoros) freedom from toil, laziness.
ano-vilo, i. -vilo (as if from duo-viure, which is
a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from
oneself.
2. to wash clean: Med. to wood oneself

åm-ovlvημι, f. -orifou, to give enjoyment. II. mostly in Med., åm-ovlväμαι: fut, -orifou μαι: 201. 2 ἀποιή μην, 2 opt. ἀπότωτή μην, p. p. without augm. ἀποιή μην, 2 opt. ἀπότοιο, part. ἀποιή μενοι:—to bave the use or enjoyment of a thing; τῶνδ ἀπότοιο mayest thou have joy of these things.

άπό-νιπτρον, τό, water for washing the bands, etc.:

diro-vintu, see dirovi(a.

åπο-νοδομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονενόημαι: Dep. to be out of and: mind, to bave lost all sense. 1. of fear, to be desperate; ἀνθρωποι ἀπονενοημένοι, Lat. perditi, desperate men. 2. of shame, δ ἀπονενομένου an abandoned fellow. Hence

้ ฉพ่องอเฉ, ຖ້, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp. desperation.

d-πονος, or, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονέστερα:
-έστατος, without tail or trouble, untroubled: gentle,
easy. 2. of persons, not toiling, lazy. 3. of
things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

άπο-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to return bome. Hence

άπονόστησιε, εωε, ή, α return bome.

άπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (dπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from, mostly following its case.

άπο-νοσφίζω, f. iow Att. iŵ, to put asunder, k.; aloof from: to bereaue or rob of:—Pass. to be robic? of, c. acc. II. with acc. only, to flee from, abun. άπ-ονθχίζω: f. low Att. tώ: Pass., aor. άπωνυχοθην: pf. ἀπωνύχισμα: (ἀπό, ἀνυχίζω):—το pare in nails.

II. to tear with the nails.

III. to try or examine by the nail; ἀπμβῶυ ἀπωνυχισμίνο, Horace's ad unguem factus, closely tried by the nail. ἀπο-νωτίζω, f. low Att. iŵ, to make turn his back and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

ἀπό-ξενος, ον, like dferos, inbospitable. 2. & feros γηs far from a country.

dwo-kevbω, f. wow, to drive from bouse and bous, generally, to estrange or banish from :--Pass. to lies away from bome, be banished, snigrate.

åπο-ξέω, s. -ξέσω, to sbave off: cut off.

dπo-ξηραίνω, f. ävώ, to dry ωρ, drain off a river:— Pass. to be dried ωρ, to become dry; hence Ion. part pf. dwefnpaσμένος. άπο ξθράω, lon. - έω, f. ήσω, to shave clean.

aro-fupu, = drofupau :- Med. to be clean shaved. [8] arojus, f. vew [v], to shave or scrape off: hence " strip off like skin.

dro-retralve : f. -santave, log. -fer : 201. I part. irozarripes: to look about one, as if to flee.

inorante, f. how or hoopen, to retire from the way.

unbantos, o or h, a going out of the way: els andsures to ease himself.

άπόπουσις, εως, ή, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binder-II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

exo-rain, f. ce, to stop or binder one from a thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c acc. only, to IL Med. to leave off or cease from a thing.

άπό-παρα, ή, (ἀπό, πειρα) a trial, venture. ano-mapalo, f. dow [d], rarer form of sq.

άπο-παράομαι, with fut. med. άσομαι [ā]: aor. I pass. ἀπενειράθην, Ion. -ήθην: Dep.:-to make trial, essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act., ūτοτεφασαι του Πειραέων (201. 1 inf.) to make an attempt on the Peirzeus.

uno-reducio, s. how, to been off with an ane.

άπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss; also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of things, to give back: - Med. to remove from oneself, get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

άπόπεμψιε, εω, ή, a sending away: a dismissal,

divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. άσω Ιοπ. ήσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over. άπο-πίρδομαι: fut. -παρδήσομαι: Dep. with sor. 2 ut.-trapbor:—to break wind, Lat. pedo.

αποπίσησι, Ep. 3 sing. 201. 2 subj. of αποπίπτω. ἀπο-πέτομαι, fut. πτήσομαι : 201. 2 ἀπεπτάμην, part. isorraμενος, and act. drierry: -to fly off or away.

and whywen, f. - white, to make to freeze or curdle: -Pass., fut. -πάγησομαι, of men, to be frozen: of wood, to eurale.

άπο-πηδάω, f. ήσω and ήσομαι, to leap off from: to urn away from.

ἀπό-πίμπλημι and -πιμπλάω, poët. also -πίπλημι, πελάω: fut. -πλήσω: 201. Ι ἀπίσλησα:-- 10 fill up, Il to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy,

vijil: to appease, Lat. explore. ino-nives [1], fut. -nlopar, to drink up, drink off. άπο-πίπτω, £ -πεσούμαι: 201. 2 ἀπέπεσον:—to fall

ffrom. inonhayyeds, sor. I pass. part. of αποπλάζω.

ιπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάγξω, to lead astray, lead away um:-Pass. to go astray. be driven off: Homer uses ily sot. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be deund off; τρυφάλεια άποπλαγχθείσα a helm struck

ino-πλανάω. f. ήσω, to lead astray:-Med. to go

ίπο-πλάσσομαι, f. -πλάσομαι [ά], to copy. ino-πλέω, Ep. -πλάω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο- from the chine.

åτ-ξίνω [8], f. δνώ, to bring to a point, make taper. | μαι οτ –πλευσούμαι: 201. Ι ἀπέπλευσα:—δο 2011 away, sail off: to sail back.

> ἀπόπληκτος, ον, (ἀποπλήσσω) stricken or disabled by a stroke, I. in mind, dumb, astounded. in body, erippled, paralysed. Hence

awomanfla, h, a stroke of apoplemy.

dπο-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill quite full, satisfy. Lat. explere. II. to fulfil.

άπο-πλήσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ξω:--Pass., aor. J -επλήχθην: aor. 2 -επλήγην: pf. -πέπληγμαι:-- 60 strike to earth, disable in body or mind:-Pass. to loss one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplemy.

άπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. foμαι, Dep. to trip off.

άποπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, δ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing

away: an outward-bound voyage. άπο-πλύνω [v], f. trώ, to wash off or away: Ion. impf. dποπλύνεσκου.

dπο-πλώω, Ion. for dπο-πλέω.

dπο-πνέω, Ep. –πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: sor. I dπέπνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμόν οι ψυχήν αποπνείν to give up the ghost, Lat. expirare animam. blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or smell of a thing.

& no-nviyee, f. -nvife or -nvife una, to choke, throttle: --Pass., f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 -επνίγην [t]: pf. -πέπriyuai:-to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked with rage.

άπο-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to fight off or from.

dwo-woles, poet. dwo-wroles, i, gen. ido- and east, far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ή, (ἀποπέμπω) a sending αισογ, getting rid of.

ano-novie, f. how, to finish a work stop working, ano-moperopau, Pass. with fut. med. -evoquau, act. I pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go asvay.

åπο-πραίνω, L trê, to soften down.

ano-uplacedal, sor. 2 inf. of di-antopas, with my pres. dwo-woiauai in use.

 $d\pi \circ \pi p(\zeta \omega, f. \ i\sigma \omega \ [\ i\ ], = d\pi \circ \pi p(\omega, f. \ saw \ off.$ dwo-uple, f. low, to saw through, file off. [1]

awo-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. with gen. far from, away from.

άπο-προσιρέω, to take away from before: 201.2 part. σίτου ἀποπροελών baving taken some of the bread.

άποπροέηκα, Ion. 20τ. I of άποπροίημι.

άποπροελών, 201. 2 part. of άποπροαιρέω.

άπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from afar: far off, far away.

ἀπόπροθι. Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

amompolisis, part, pres. of

άπο-προίημι, f. -προήσω: Ep. aor. I -προέηκα:---το tbrow away. 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall. άπο-προγοσφίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ω, to remove afar

off, carry far away. άπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμώ: sor, 2 -έταμον:---to cut off from; varou drosporation baving cut off a slice

άπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee far away. differentations, 7, ev, sor. 2 part. of different part, as if from doluraum.

departives, sor. 2 inf. of deoretopas, as if from **δ**φίπτημ.

άπό-πτολιε, poēt. for ἀπόπολιε.

director, or, (directopau, fut. of depopau) seen or to be seen from a place. 2. seen at a distance, hence far away from; if απύπτου from afar, opp. to iγγύfer: hence II. dimly seen.

άπόπτυστος, or, spit out; loathed, detested. From άπο-πτύω, f. ύσω [υ], to spit out or up; of the sea, αποπτύει άλδε άχνην vomits forth its foam : hence to loathe, spurn, Lat. respuere.

· ἀπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: Dep. to inquire or ask of.

an-opás and an-opés, Ion. for apopás.

άπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, to slink away.

amopie, f. how, (amopos) to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt, mostly followed by a Conjunction, dropeir δπου διαβήσεται to be at a loss how he shall cross: c. inf. to be at a loss bow to do: ole dropeir to bave no doubt. Pass. to be made matter of question: also to be left unprovided for. 2. c. gen. rei, to be at a loss for, in

want of, c. g. Toophs. 3. but, aropeir ture to be at a loss because of, by means of something. Hence άπόρημα, ατος, τό, a matter of doubt, disputed point. απορητικός, ή, όν, (άπορέω) inclined to doubt.

 $d-\pi \delta \rho \theta \eta \tau \sigma s$ , or, also  $\eta$ , or, (a privat.,  $\pi \sigma \rho \theta \delta \omega$ ) not sacked or taken.

åπ-opθόω, f. ωσω, to make straight again, restore, guide aright. Hence

ἀπόρθωσιε, εωι, ή, a setting upright, restoring.

aπορία, ή, (άπορος) of places, difficulty of passing: of things, difficulty, straits: of questions, a diffi-II. of persons, difficulty of dealing with 2. want of means or resource, emor finding out. barrassment, besitation. 3. dropia rivis want of a thing: absol. need, poverty.

άπ-δρνύμαι, (ἀπό, δρνυμι) Pass. to start from a place. d-πopos, or, without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless: of things, bard to see one's way through, impracticable: Tà avopa difficulties, straits, is designed elvas to be in great struits get, scarce. II. of persons, bard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable: c. inf., dwopos wpospépe-'σθαι impossible to deal with. 2. without means or resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to 3. poor, needy.

an-opouc, f. ou, to leap off, dart away.

, ἀπορρ-, ρ is doubled in Att. in all compds. after dro, but in Ion. it remains single.

άπορ-ραθυμέω, f. ήσω, to neglect from carelessness: to leave off in despair.

arop-palve, f. -parê, to spirt or shed about.

άπορ-ραίω, ε. σω, to bereave of; ήτορ άπορραίειν rud to deprive one of life.

emoppartipuor, to, (droppaire) a vessel for boly water.

anop-pantu, f. yu, to sew up again. άπορ-ραψφδέω, f. ήσω, to utter like a βαψφδόε, to

speak in fragments of Epic poetry.

άπορ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι οτ -ρθήσομαι: 20τ. 2 pass. απερρύην: -to flow away from, run off from: absol. to stream forth, of blood. 2. to fall off, as fruit, 3. to melt away.

άπορ-ρήγνθμι οι άπορ-ρηγνύω: f. -ρήξω:--- to brest off, enap asunder:—Pass., 201. 2 ἀπερράγην [ἄ], છ be broken off or severed. άπορρηθέν and άπορρηθήναι, acr. I pass. part. and

inf. of duepo. ἀπόρρησιε, εωε, ή, (ἀπ-ερῶ) a probibition.

refusal: renunciation. ἀπόρρητος, ον, (ἀπ-ερῶ) forbidden; τὰ ἀπύρρητο forbidden enports. II. not to be spoken, that should not be spoken; ἀπόρρητον, τό, a state-secret: hence mys-

tical, sacred, δπόρρητον ποιείσθαι to keep secret. τα απόρρητα things unfit to be spoken. άπορ-ρίγεω, f. ήσω: pl. άνερρίγα:—to sbrink sbiver

ing from a thing, sbrink from doing it. ажор-ріяти, роёт. ажоріяти, later also ажор purtem: fut. dropphym: 201. I dreppiya:—to throw away, throw aside: to throw off a garment. to east forth, e. g. from one's country: to reject, re III. to shoot forth bold words, is turn ROURCE. at one.

άπορροή and άπόρροια, ή, (άπορρέω) α flowing of II. an emanation, efflux. stream.

&πορ-ροιβδίω, f. ήσω, to ibriek fortb.

άπορροφάω or - ω, f. ήσω, to gulp down, swaller a part of.

ἀπόρρϋτος, ον, = ἀπόρροος, flowing from; ἀπόρρυτ σταθμά stables with drains. arop-puropeu, fut. of arop-plan

amop-pufival, 201. 2 pass., with act. sense, of amoppie άπορρώς, ωγοι, δ, ή, (άπορρήγουμι) braken of II. as Subst. fem. a piece broken a abrupt, steep. or divided from anything; Στυγδε ύδατος άπορρώ an off-stream of the Styx.

der oppavisouat, f. ioopat, Pass. to be taken and like an orphan from, to be torn away from.

åπ-ορχέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dance a thing Gizen i. e. loss by dancing.

άπος, εοε, τύ, - κάματος, toeariness.

άπο-σάλεύω, f. εύσω, to lie to in the open sea o offing: -metapn. to keep aloof from.

άπο-σάφέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, σαφήε) to make clear.

άπο-σβέννυμι οι -σβεννύω: f. -σβέσω:--το επικ guish, quench: to destroy, blot out:-Pass. with fur med. -σβήσομαι; intr. 20r. 2 act. ἀπέσβην, pf. act åπέσβηκα: to go out, vanish, die.

ano-relu, f. ou, to shake off:-Med. to shake of from oneself; of a horse, to throse his rider.

dπo-σεμνύνω, to extol pompously:-Pass., with med. droce priroupat, to give oneself airs.

decrees, to class away :- Pass. to dart cway, sor. ) i dresσύθην [v]; 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. ἀπέσσυτο. dro-orqualves, f avu, to announce by signs, to give mile: to give a ugn, to confirm or prove by a igs. IL amountainer els riva to allude to III. Med. to seal up as confiseated, to conhm. fixete: of persons, to proseribe.

kno-show, f des, to make rotten, spoil utterly:-Pun, fut. -σάπησομαι, 201. 2 ἀπισάπην [ἄ]; with intr. pl. act. dwoodogwa: to rot off, loss by mortification.

ino-origina, f. won, to make flat-noved :- Pass. to be IL descripour rae rave to turn the line of miling axide, make a movement sidewards, so as to avoid the direct shock.

Ar-ortones, Ion. for do-ortones.

dro-oterrae, f. hooper, to be eilent after speaking. be quite uilent II. trans. to keep seeret, Hence arootompore, ess, t, a becoming silent. 2. 4 rbetorieal figure, when the sentence is broken off, as

in Virg. Ecl. 3. 8, Aen. 1. 139.

aro-orderen, f. yw, to cut off or intercept by trenches. dno-suedávoqu: f. -suedásu [d] contr. -suedú: -to scatter abroad :-Pass. to be scattered, straggle osocy.

droomstropes, fut. of droomstr.

kno-onewale, f. dow, to pack and earry away: Med. to pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey. knowwych, f. how, to encamp apart from. From and oregon, or, (and, output) living and messing idase, opp. to σύσσιτοι.

eno-orthorn, f. pe, so prop one thing upon another, o dash one thing upon or against another; esp. of the ods, drog schreter βέλεα le τι to burl down thunderoits upon or at a thing. II. intr. to burst or reak forth, like thunder; disograpites ès φλαύρον to ome to a sorry ending, end in nothing.

ino-omidia, f. ou, to east a shadow. irooniaopa, aros, ró, a shade, shadow: an adumration.

ino-ontibutua, Pasa, - droonedarrupai, to be seatred.

iwo-σκλήναι, 201. 2 inf. 28 if from dπό-σκλημι (see rέλλω) to be drued up, withered.

ino-onomia, f. -onthoual, to look away from other ejects as one, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, Ge TIPE OF TI: C. sec. to look to, regard.

no-onderion, or, (and, ononle) away from the mark. mo-omubusives, to be enraged with

wo-outelle, f. low Att. in, to strip off the sealp e the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare. πο-σπεύλεύω, ί. σω, to plunder and earry off. no-oxionra, f. Popai, to banter, rally.

no-oprorre, f. fa, to deseive:—201. 2 pass. part. οσμυγέντα, being deceived.

mo-στοβίω, f. ήσω, to seare away, as one does II. untr. to be off in a burry, in phrase ds, : decoophous; be off!

dire-ordedoou, Alt. - 170, f. fu, to lear of. deformacya, area, to, that which is torn off, a sbred. From

àno-onde, f. -ordon [d], to tear or drag away, sever or part from; anorman mixae to tear off the gates; dir. to streatoredor to draw of the army:--Pass. to be dragged away from: of an army, to be separated or broken.

dro-onlydu, f. -orelou, to pour out were as a drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

ano-oneidu, f. -oneidu, to be ... zer in preventing; to dissuade earnestly.

åno-σποδέω, í. ήσω, to rub off, knock off.

dwoo-orive, poet, for dwo-orive.

andora, for andornes, 201. 2 imperat. of aplornes. åπο-στάδον, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing afar far off. &πο-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall drop by drop. intr. to fall in drope; parlas deiror drootales plros the fury of madness is trickling, is obbing away.

άποστάε, άποστήναι, εστ. 2 act. part. and inf. of <del>ἀφίστη</del>μι.

anortiola, 4, (aplorapa) later form for desiστασιε, defection, revolt, apostary.

δποστάσιον, το, (δφίσταμαι) a divorce; δποστάσίου βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce. The nom. is not found in good authors.

ambortious, em, t, (aplorapai) a standing away I. a defection, revolt. from, and so ture or removal from. 3. distance, interval.

amountation, verb. Adj. of aplorayas, one must reeede from.

chrocration, f. how, to stand off or aloof from: to differ from: to fall off or revolt from. to stand aloof, be absent. From

ἀποστατής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a runaway, deserter, rebel. Hence

άποστατικός, ή, όν, rebellious: Adv., άποστατικώς έχειν to be rebelliously inclined.

άπο-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to fence off with pales. ano-overale, f. ase, to unequer, unroof.

άπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to shelter from :—to shelter, keep II. to keep off water, and generally to keep off, as, δχλον πύργου άποστέγει.

ano-oravou, poet for ano-oravia.

άπο-στάχω, f. ξω: 201. 2 άπέστιχον:-- to go away, esp. to go back.

άπο-στέλλω, f. -στελώ: aor. I άπέστειλα: pf. -έσταλκα :---Pass., 20c. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ἄ] : pf. -έσταλpai:—to send away from: absol. to send away, ba-II. to send off, dispatch, on some sernisb. III. to drive back :- Pass. to be sent off; also, to go away. IV. intr. to go back.

άπο-στενόω, poët. -στανόω: f. ωσω: to straiten: drecreivorto 3 pl. piqpf. pass.

άπο-στέργω, f. fw, to love no more:—to depresate. ano-overein, fut. how, to rob, bereave, or defraud one of a thing: c. acc. rei only, to take away, withbold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -στερηθήσομαι

and -στερήσομαι, pf. dπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of.

Il. impers., dποστερεί με there fails me, I lack. Hence

ἀποστέρησιε, εωε, ή, a robbery: deprivation.

άποστερητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀποστερίω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστερητίς οι -τρίς, ίδος, ἡ, 2s Adj. - ἀποστερητική.

άποστερητικός, ή, όν, (άποστερίω) able to rob or deprive; γνώμη άποστερητική τόκου a device for ebeating one of his interest.

атостеритрів, ідов, й, v. sub. апостеритив.

άπο-στερίσκω, = ἀποστερέω. ἀπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fin firmly.

ἀπο-στιλβόω, f. ώσω, to make to shine.

åπο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to be bright with.

άπο-στλογγίζω, f. low Att. ιώ, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. άπεστλογγισμέτοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti. άποστολούς, έως, δ, (άποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

άποστολή, ή, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an enpedition. III. the office of an apostle, apostleship.

άπόστολος, δ, (άποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apoetle. II. – στόλος, a naval

expedition.

άπο-στοματίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, = ἀπὸ στόματος elπεῖν, to sp·ak from memory or off-band. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

άπ-οστράκίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to banish by cetracism. άπο-στράτοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from: ἀποστρατοπεδευεσθαι πύρσω to encamp at a distance.

άποστραφώ, ĝε, ĝ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of

άπο-στρέφω, f. ψω; 3 sing. Ion. 201. I dποστρέфавис: - Pass., aor. з ажевтрафпу: рв. ажевтраµ-To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πόδας και χείρας άποστρίper, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. ἐαντόν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back :- Pass., with fut. med. -στρέψομαι, to be turned back; dreστράφθαι τοθε έμβύλουε, of ships, to bave their beaks bent back. to turn oneself from or away, abbor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μή, μ' ἀποστραφής do not turn away from me, like Lat. avertor; απεστραμμένοι λύγοι bostile words. 3. to turn and 2. to get away, escape, flee. Hence

άποστροφή, ή, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. s. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; ἀπ. πακῶν α refuge from evil; bbaros ἀποστροφή α resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

άπό-στροφος, ον, (άποστρέφω) turned away, averted. άπο-στύγέω, f. –στύζω: 201. Ι –εστύγησα and –έστυξα: 201. 2 – έστύγου ; petf. –εστύγησα: —60 bate stterfy, loaibe.

ἀπο-στύφελίζω, f. ξω, to chase away by force. ἀπο-συκάζω, f. άσω, (ἀπό, σύκον) to squeeze figs w try who her they are ripe: metaph, of informers.

kno-ouldes, f. how, to strip off spoils from a pason: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

deso-ovelywyos, or, (deso, swaywyh) put out y the synagogue.

Ano-copie, f. fw, to whistle aloud for want of thought.

άπο-σύρω [V], £ –συρῶ, to strip off, tear away: la

άπο-σφάζω Att. σφάντω, f. ξω: (for the tense, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζων τινὰ li άγγοε, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

åπο-σφάκελίζω, f. ίσω, to bave one's limbs swortifiel to die of martification.

άνο-σφάλλω, f. -σφάλω: 20π. I -έσφηλα: --to less astray, drive baffled away; άνοσφάλλειν τενά νόνο to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., csp. in 20 2 ἀχεσφάλην [ἄ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it.

άπο-σφάττω, - άποσφάζω.

ἀποσφήλαι, ἀποσφήλωσιν, 201. I opt. 2nd sbj of ἀποσφάλλω,

ἀπο-σφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ-, f. ίσω Att. τω: 10 200 μρ, sbut up.

àm-or paire, f. -or prive, to make to smell.

άπο-σχάλιβόω, f. ώσω, to prop nets on poles. Hess άποσχάλίβωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of som for propping bunting-nets.

dwoonhow, fut. of drene

dπο-σχείν, -σχεσθει, sor. 2 act. and med. inf. of drέχω.

stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc. ἀπο-σώβω, f. –σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀτ. ά καδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθήσαι ἐε...α get safe to a place, to get off safe.

Secretarios, br. (Leorales w) set apart for a specie use, specially appointed.

ἀπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀπο-τέμνω.

åπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. fw, to set apart or assigned ally; ἀπετέτακτο τρος το δεξιών be bad bestationed on the right.

II. Med., ἀποτάσεο, πτυι to bid adieu to a person or thing.

άποταυρόομου, Pass. to act like a bull; δίργραπ ἀποταυρούσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

ano-rappein, f. ou, to fence with a ditch, intrest anorithranav, Ep. 3 pl. plaps. of anorrhous, in were dead.

- ἀποτεθναιώς, for ἀποτεθνείως, ἀποτεθνηικώς, Ιοα. Γ part. of ἀποθνήσιω.

deno-relve, fut. -revê: (for the tenses, v. reive):to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing

—Med. to exert oneself.

ders, to basten onesards.

bec-rayles. L. low Att. 10. to wall off. to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence

eroraxions, ease, \$, the walling of a town, blockeding. And

inordyrams. To, walls built to blockede, lines of blockade.

droredeuran, f. how, to bring quite to an end.

intr. to come to an end, cease, ele Ti in a thing. aro-relie, f. -relieu Att. relie: pf. -rerileus: -Pass, sor. I -erelécony: pl. -rerélecpai. bring quite to an end: pl. pass. part, differencedespiros, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation.

generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; The moder duoteder evolut-

pora to make the state quite happy.

άποτάμνω, Ion. and Ep -τάμνω: fut. -τεμώ: aor. 2 dretapor: pt. drotet unna:---to ent off; droteprer toos to cut off part of a thing. 2. lo separate or cut off from :- Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

άπο-τήκω, f. ξω, to make to melt away :- Pass , esp. in 201. 2 drevákyr [ă], to melt away.

4πο-τηλού, Adv. far away.

αποτίβάτος, ev. Dor. and poet. for d-πρόσβατος. άπο-τίθημε, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:-Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay eside. put by for aneself, store away. 3. derorivervas els wifus to put aside for another time.

ano-τίλλος, £ -τίλοι: 201. I -ίτίλα: to pluck out. Hence

ùπότιλμα, ατοι, τό, that which is plucked, a shred. cro-tude, f. hee, not to bonour, to slight.

to value, fix a price by valuation; depries drotepreapered baving fixed their price at two minae : hence III. as Att. law-term, Act. to morigage a property according to valuation :- Med. to lend on morigage:-Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence

eποτίμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\phi}$ -rigios, or,  $(\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\phi}, \tau\iota\mu\dot{\eta}) = \dot{\alpha}\tau\iota\mu\alpha$ , di:bonoured, άπο-τίνάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to shake off.

ano-rivoual. Dep., poet, for ano-rivoual.

ano-tive, f. -tive [i], to pay back, repay what is ming: - Med. anorivoual, f.-rloopal, to get paid one, exact; dworiouoval riva to avenge oneself on another: ibsol, to take vengeance.

άπο-τμήγω, f. ξω, Ep. for άπο-τέμνω, to cut off rom; Exitus dr. to cut up or plough the hills.

II.

descripting energy as sing. sor. I opt. of description. 6-wormes, or, unbappy, ill-starred.

dro roducie, f. how, to make a bold venture. bsol, to be fearless, bold.

deorous, \$, (deore pro) a cutting off. Αποτομία, ή, steepness, severity. From

άπότομος, ον, (άποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipi-2. metaph.barsh, rough: - Adv.-ues, sbarply. ino-rokeve, f. ou, to shoot off errous: to aim at a ung.

I. so as | d-words, or, (a private, nords) not drunk, not drink able. Il. act. never drinking : without drink, dworpayely, sor. 2 inf. of dworpayer.

due-tofene, f. fee, to turn eway from a thing; and so to binder or dissuade from, 3. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to evert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at.

Med, and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist 2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

άπο-τρέχω; fut. -θρέξομαι, also -δραμοθμαι: acr. 2 απέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or σωπу.

άπο-τρίβω [I], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτρί-Beer lever to rub down a horse. II. to rub off. Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

dworpdwares, or, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. Dil averrunci.

that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From άποτροπή, ή, (άποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binder-III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party. апотронов, or, (drotplew) turned sway, banish-

2. from which one turns away. turning away, averting.

άπό-τροφος, or, (ἀπό, τρίφη) reared away from one's parents.

άπ-οτρύνω, f. -οτρόνῶ, to excite.

Aπο-τρύω, f. ύσω | θ], to rub away, and so lose. to ven, barass; so in Med., dnorpiessas yfir to wen the earth.

άπο-τρώγω, ε. -τρώξομαι: 201. 2 ἀπέτράγον:--- το bite or nibble off.

ano-rounds, post. Frequent, of disorpins.

ano-ruygava, f. -revfopat, to fail in bitting, miss, lose. II. absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be serong.

ano-rependelle, f. low Att. is, to beat or endgel seterely.

ano-rieru, f. hu, to cease beating:--Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

dwoupas, Ep. 201. I act. part. of dwaupas, to take away: part. 201, I med. droveduevoe in pass, sense occurs in Hesiod.

an-oupile, f. low, Ion. for ap-opile, to mark off the boundaries; άλλοι γάρ ol åπουρίσσουσα άρούρας, others will mark of, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read dwouphoovor, as if from dwoupaw - dravpás, will take them away.

dur-cupos, or, (duto, obpose Ion. for byos) far from the boundaries; discupos sarpas far away from one's fatherland.

d-wour, &, &, dwour, to, gen. dwodoe, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot. åπουσία, ή, (åπείναι) a being away, absence.

deficiency, want. άποφαγείν, 20τ. 2 inf. of dresties, to eat up. åno-фагбрічи [5], £ Vrû, to make quite bright.

āно-фаімь, f. -фанд: 20г. I duipyva:—10 sbess

forth, display: to show by word, declare. 2. to show by reasoning, show, prove. II. like decodelarum to show, and so to make or render:—Med. to show forth something of one's own, to make a display of onesself; decodelared γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shown or declared. III. to appear, come to light

ἀπόφασις, εω, ή, 'ἀπόφημι') a denial, negation. ἀπόφασις, εως, ή, (ἀποφαίνω) – ἀπόφανειε, α εεπtence, desision.

åπο-φάσκω, - ἐπόφημι, to deny.

&πο-φάτικός, ή, ών, (&τόφημι) denying, negative.

έπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on.

άπο-φέρω, f. άποίσω: 201. άπήνεγκα, Ion. άπένεικα: (v. φέρω): —to carry off or away. II. to carry or br.ng back. hence 2. to report. 3. to pay back, return: generally, to pay what is due. III. to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. IV. intr. in imperat., like άπαγε, άπόφερε, begone:—Med. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.

άποφείγω, f. -φείξομα: aor. 2 ἀπίφθγον: — to flee from, escape. II. as law-term; ἀποφεύγευ τολε διώπονταs to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to άλίσκομαι. Hence

ἀποφευκτικός, ή, δν. ready for escaping; τὰ ἀποφευκτικά means of escape. And

ἀπόφευξις, con, ή, an escaping, getting off.

dinb-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak out, declare plainly. 2 to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

άπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, Dep. to speak one's opinion plainly. Hence

άπόφθεγκτος, ον, - άφθεγκτος.

ἀπόφθεγμα, ατοε, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a teres saying, an apophthegm.

άπο-φθείρω, f. -φθερώ: pf. ἀνέφθαρκα: —to destroy suterly, ruin: —Pass., with fut. med. ἀνοφθεροῦμαι, to be lost, perish, our els κόρακας ἀνοφθερεῖ μου; wilt act be gone with a murrain? Lat. abi in malam rem. ἀπο-φθινύθω [θ], to perish.

II. trans., ἀνοφθινύθω το lose one's life.

άπο-φθίνω: Ep act. 2 act. ἀπέφθιθον: also as in Ep. act. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [1], part. ἀποφθίμενος:— to perish utterly, to die away.

II. Causal. in fut ἀποφθίσω, act. ἀπέφθισα, to make to perish, to destroy. ἀποφθίσθω, 3 sing. Ep. act. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg. ἀποφθορά, ή, (ἀποφθείρω) utter destruction.

ano-hauptie, f. low Dor. If w, to treat very slightingly, make no account of.

άπο-φλοιόω, f. ώσω, ( ἀπό, φλοιόε) to strip off the rind. ἀπο-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go quite away: esp. of scholars, to leave their masters.

&πό-φονος, or, murderous.

&ποφορά, ή, (ἀτοφέρω) a earrying away. II.
s bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid,
tax. tribute.

åπο-φορτίζομαι, ε. Ισομαι, Dep. to unload eneuelf, to unlade.

dwo-φράγνθμι and -ύω, fut -φράξω, so fence off, blc:λ ωρ. Hence

ἀπόφραξια, can, ή, a fencing of, blocking up ἀπο-φράς, άδος, ή, (ἀπό, φρά(ω) properly no: to ispoken of, like Lat. nefandus, unlucky, ominous ἀποφράδει ήμίραι, Lat. dies nefasti, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp to andapal ήμίραι.

άπο-φράσσω Att. -ττω, -- ἀτοφρόγγυμι. ἀπο-φυάς, άδοι, ἡ, (ἀτό, φύομαι) απ οβίδοος. ἀποφυγή, ἡ, (ἀτοφούγω) απ εκεερι, βίχδε, placs q refuge.

dard-puğue, v. sub dardpeufus

άπο-φύομα, Pass., with 20r. 2 act driesw and perf droxious. to gross out like a shoot.

åπ-οφώλιος, ον, (ἀπό, δφελου?) emp?, wain, idle, Lat. irritus.

άπο-χάζομαι, f. -χάσομαι, Dep to metháram from ἀποχάλοσμός, δ, a slackening. From ἀπο-χάλόω, f. άσω [δ], to slack or loose away, m

one pays out a rope.
direction of the second of the second

ano-xakein, f. on, to forge of brane ano-xakelin, f. on, to strip of brane.

άπο-χειρο-βίωτος, στ. (άπό, γείρ, β:bw) living by one's bands, i. e. by manual labour

ano-xenoroviu, f. hou, to vote a charge away from one, acquit him. II. of persons, to reject, to supersede, depose. 2 of things, to reject, vote against to abrogate, asimul. Hence-

anoxaportérque, est, i, rejection by show of banda an-oxereiu, f. ou, to draw off water by a canal.

άπο-χέω, f. -χεω: nor. I ἀνέχεα. Pass., nor. I åreχύθην [υ]: pf ἀνοκέχυμαι - 10 pour out, spill, edad

άπο-χραίνω, to soften off the colour, abade of άπο-χράω, lon...χρίω, int ἀνοχρήν lon -γράν: impf. ἀνέχρην: fit ἀνοχρήνω αυτ. I ἐνέχρηνα :-
to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, haurbe rèce ἀνοχρώσι. 2. with dat, νοταμός οὰν ἀνέχρηνα τῆ στρατιῆ was not enough for the army with infia. ἀποχρῆ μοι ποιεῦν tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing, impf. med. ἀνεχρέντο - ἀνέχρη. 3 Pau. & & contented with a thing; ἀνοχρεωμένων τούτους τῶν Μυσῶν the Mysians being satisfied thereme &. II. Med. to use to the full. 2 to abuse, misuse, Lat abuti.

άπο-χρίομαι, -χρίω, Ιοπ. for άποχρίομαι, -χρία. άπό-χρη, impers., v. άποχρίω.

άπο-χρήματος, ον, (ἀτό, χρήμα) not to be paid is money.

ἀπόχρησιε, εω, ψ, (ἀνογράομαι) **a using to the** full, misuse: a getting rid of. ἀποχρώντωε, Adv. pres. part. of ἀ**νοχρώει, ἀνόχριε**.

enough, sufficiently.
dwoxtbels, sor. I pass. part. of droxess.

άπο-χωλόω, (ἀτό, χωλόε) to make quite lame. ἀπο-χώννυμι, f. – χώσω, to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.

bro-guptu, f. fow or foopen, to go from or away 2. absol. to go away, depart: to refrom, c. gen. 3. deoxapeir in ... to withdraw from a thing, i.e. give it up. IL to pass off, esp. of the hamours of the body. Hence

άνοχώρηστα, εων, ή, α going away or off, retreat:

a place or means of safety.

άποχυρίζω, ε low Att. W, to part or separate from: to set apart. άποψάα, inf. ἀποψήν : impf. ἀπόψην : sor. I ἀπό-

More:—to swipe off. 2. to wipe clean :- Med. to wipe off from oneself. g. to wipe one's nose.

έπο ψηφίζομαι, fut. Ισόνμαι Att. Ιούμαι, Dep.: c. acc. pers. to vote an office energy from one, to reject him:—201. I draypolothy and pl. draypolothau are sometimes used in pass, sense, to be rejected. c. acc. rei, des. yeaphy to vote against receiving the indictment; dr. roper to reject the law; alrear arolyphicomal twos to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal. ἀποψηφίζεσθαι μές ποιείν to vote against doing. Hence

irophicus, ess, i, an acquittes.

ano-Athon, f. wow, to strip of bur, make bald : generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

έποψης, see, \$, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. οξ ἀφοράω) α look-

ing from, a view, prospect. άπ-όψομαι, fut. from an obsol. pres. de-όπτομαι,

used as fut. of apopdas. άπο-ψύχω [0], f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπέψυγμαι: (ἀπό, †νχή):—to leave of breathing, to faint, swoon. sec., dropbyen poxin to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die. IL (dró, ψύχου) to cool, refresb :---Pass. to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., lopura draftycero they got the sweat dried off. impers. dropbyes, it grows sool, the air sools.

åπ-πάμψα, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψα.

departuoves, Adv. of departure, easily.

aπραγμοσύνη, ή, freedom from business, public affairs and law-exits: love of ease, Lat. otium.

tasiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., πράγμα) without buiness, free from business, state-affairs or lawmits (πράγματα); τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from and wrife. 2. of things, not troublesome or pain-'nl. IL pass, got or to be got without pains. desponden, f. how. to do nothing, to be idle.

o gain nothing. From

d-sparros, Ion. d-sparros, or: L act. doing t effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; appartoe vee-Bus to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:ldv. -ram, unsuccessfully. II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incur-2. not to be done, impossible. ική» άπρακτος δμών, unassailed by your divining arts. [ence

II. a being Avoctla, f. inaction: ill-eucens. t a loss, embarrasement, belplessness.

б-иратов, от, (a privat., истратаг, 3 sing. pf. pass. of murphones) unsold, unsaleable.

d-προπής, έε,(α privat., πρέπω) unscemby, unbecoming. åπρεπία, ή, poët, for åπρέπεια.

d-monicros, lon. for dispassos.

d-updures, los. deptures, or, (a privat, spaire) im blacable.

dπρίάτην, Adv. without price of ransom. [ἄτ] From å-πρίἄτος, η, ον, (α privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

d-wpcyba, prob. - dwpit. άπρικτό-πληκτος, ον, (άτρίξ, πλήσσω) είτειδ ευ-

coasingly. d-wolf, Adv. (a copul., spee) properly with closed,

teeth, like oddf, Lat mordleus: metaph. importunately,

å-πρόβουλος, or, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv. - hon, rashly, thoughtlessly. &-wooding, or, not ready, disinclined, backward.

d-προίδης, ές, (α privat., προίδεθ) unformen.

d-wpoutfortos, or, unforeseen.

ά-προνοήτως, Adv. of άπρονόητος, (α privat., προroles) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

d-moderos, or, without a spoteros,

d-wpcowtos, or, unforeseen.

d-mpoorbaros, Dor. deroribaros, or, inaccessible: of disease, not to be bealed.

&-mpossountes, or, unexpected, unlooked for:-Adv. -res. II. act. not expecting.

d-spoorhyopos, or, (a privat., spoorhyopos) not to be IL act. not according, spoken to, stern, sav-ye. not greeting.

d-modouctos, or, (a privat., spooturéopai) not to be reached or won.

d-πρόσίτος, ον.(α privat., πρόσ-αμι) unapproachable. d-modomentos, or, (a privat., mpooshhopa, fut. of spootkowie) unforment, not thought of beforehand.

d-πρόσκλητος, or, (a privat., προσκαλίω) not summoned to attend a trial.

d-mpoortomos, or, (a privat., mpoortomos) not striking against, not stumbling, voil of offence.

α-πρόσμαχος, or, (a privat., προσμάχομαι) irrezietible.

d-πρόσμικτος, ον. (α privat. προσμίγννμι) bolding no intercourse or commerce with others.

**ἀ-πρόσουστος,** ον, (α privat., προσοίσαι fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ά-προσόμιλος, er, unsociable

ά-προστάσίου γραφή, ή, (α privat., προστάτης) απ indictment laid against a peroison at Athens, for not baving chosen a spoorarys or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ampoortaotov, 76, is not used.

ά-πρόσφορος, αν. (α privat., προσφέρα) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous

ά-προσωπο-λήπτως, (α privat., πρόσωπον, λαμ-Bára) Adv. without respect of persons

d-sportuzoros, or, Dor. for d-spoopagros, (a privat. προσμάσσω) untouched, undefiled.

å-профасьстов, от, (a privat, профасі(онаі) of

ing no excuse, ready. Adv. -ree, without evasion,

ά-πρόσφάτος, ον, (α privat., πρόφημι) unforetold. ἀ-προφύλακτος, ον, (α privat., προφυλάσσομαι) not guarded against, unforeseen.

d-Transfor, or, (a privat., Trais) not stumbling; durantifrepor mapexer to furer to make the horse

less apt to stumble,

d-arrapos, or, (a privat., .rrepor) without wings, unwinged: in Homer, τη δ' darrepor έπλετο μύθος the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind; darrepa worthuara wingless flight; of arrows, unfeathered; of young birds, etc., unfeatged, callow; darrepor φάτιε an unfledged, i. e.-unconfirmed, report.

d-πτήν, gen. dπτήνος, ό, ή: dat. pl. dπτήσι: (a privat., πτηνό) unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged. d-πτο-απής, έε, (a privat., πτοέω, έποε) undaunted in speech.

ά-πτόλεμος, ον, poët. for dπόλεμος.

कैमार्च्ड, में, रंग, (विहास) touched, bandled: to be touched, subject to the sense of touch.

"AΠΤΩ, f. &poe: 201. 1 ήψα:—Pass., 201. 1 ήφθην, Ep. ξάφθην: pf. ημμαι, Ion. αμμαι. Το fasten, fasten to or on, fin upon a thing; ent o donte tapen his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him :--more freq. as Med., ἄπτομαι, fut. εψομαι; 201. 1 ἡψάμην: -to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, bang on by, grasp; άψασθαι γούνων to cling to one's knees: later, to engage in, undertake, begin. 2. to fasten upon, attack. 3. to touch, affect. 4. to grasp with the senses, apprebend, perceive. E. to reach, overtake: II. to kindle, set on fire :- Pass. to take to gain. fire: to be set on fire.

ά-πτώς, ῶτος, δ, ή, (α privat., πίπτω) not falling or

failing, unfailing.

d-πύλωτος, or, (a privat., πυλόω) not closed by a gate.
d-πυργος, or, without tower and wall, unfortified.
d-πύργωτος, or, (a privat., πυργόω) not girt with towers.

ά-πύρος, or, (a privat., πύρ) without fire, in Homer only of tripods, that have not yet been on the fire, i.e. new; drupos olkos a cold, cheerless house; χρυσός απυρος surrefined, opp. to dreφθος; lead άπυρα sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = dθυτα, unoffered: du. dpδis a sting not forged by fire, i.e. of the gadity. Adv. -poss.

d-muporos, or, (a privat., mupow) not yet exposed to

fire.

La steen learnt, unknown. II. act. baving learnt abling, ignorant: c. gen. ignorant of.

amurys, o, Dor. for haurys. [and-]

ante, Dor. for inte.

ANOTE or amous, gen. 60s, 6, a term of endearment used by children to their father, papa, Hebr. Abba.

केस-क्टेर्ड, रंग, (केसर्र, क्टेर्न) discordant, out of tune.

dawber, Adv. - dwoder, from afar.

ån-wolks, f. -wolfers and -doos: not. I anlesse se dunora:—to thrust off, drive energy: of the wind, to bear off, beat from one's course: later, to drive energy from the land, banish. 2. to repet, drive back. 3. is

Med. to reject, disdain. Hence ἀπώθητος, or, thrust or driven away, rejected. ἀπώλαια, ἡ, (ἀπύλλυμι) destruction: loss: waste.

άπώλεσα, 20τ. 1 of ἀπόλλυμι. ἀπωλόμην, 20τ. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπύλλυμ: ἀ-πώμαστος, ον, (α privat., πύμα) without a lid.

ἀπόμοσα, 20τ. Ι οf ἀπόμουμι. ἀπωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀπόμουμι) a denias προπ oath, 25 Att

law-term, opp. to ξέωμοσία.
ἀπώμοτος, ον, (ἀπόμενμι) forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus; βροτοίσιν οδόλν έστ ἀπώμοτον mortals should never make a vow against anything.

II. act. under oath not do a thing.

draga, zor. I inf. of dragta.

άπωσάμην, -σασθαι, 201. I med. ind. 2nd inf. of άπωθέω.

άπωσι-κύματος, ον, (ἀπαθέω, κῦμα) repelling waves. ἀπωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπαθέω) a thrusting or driving awey. ἀπωστός, ἡ, όν, (ἀπαθέω) thrust or driven away. from. II. that can be driven away. ἀπώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀπό) further off:—

Sup. ἀπώτατος, η, ον, furthest off. ἀπωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπωτώτω, Sup.

Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

άρ, Ep. before a consonant for άρα.

"APA, Ep. pá (which is enclitic), and before a consonant dø : I. Epic usage 1. then, straightway; ων φάτω, βή δ΄ άρ' ύνειρον thus he spake and then the dream proceeded:-then, next in order, cl δ' άρ 'Αθήνας εἶχον. 2. explanation of a thing going before; of p design befor pryees for he sail that he would fiee: with relat. Pron. doa makes at more precise; ἐκ δ' έθορε κλήρος, ἐν ἄρ' ήθελον σὐτοί just the one, the very one, which they wished. ATTIC USAGE: - here it always is like our, then therefore, so then; κάλλιστον άρα ή άφετή therefore 50# must allow virtue is best; μάτην δρ', એક έοικεν, ήων-HEV so it seems then we are come in vain :- in question. τίο άρα δύσεται ; who then is there to save?— Αρι cannot begin a sentence.

åpå, interrog. particle, a stronger form of åpa, useally expecting a negat. answer, Lat. num? 2. .: an affirmative answer is expected åpa ob is used, a lat. nonne? 3. åpa is also used in exclamations bövrippis åp' o zhoùrou! grieuous then is wealth !—Is prose åpa always stands first in the sentence.

'APA', Ion. 'APH', h, a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse mischief, ruis. II. 'Apá personified is the god dess of destriction and revenge, Lat. Dira.

άρἄβέω, f. ήσω, to rattle, ring, clang, always of ar mour, From "APABOE, &, a rattling; apaßos bborrow gnashing |

or grinding of teeth.

έραγμα, ατος, τό, and άραγμός, ό, (άράσσω) a clasbing, rattling; aparyuse steprow beating of the breast m grief, Lat. planetus.

apec, 20r. I inf. of aipes.

'APAIO'S, Att. aparbs, a, br, also be, br, thin, sarrow, weak, slight.

apaios, a, or, also os, or, (apa) prayed to or entreated; Zede doalos, = letoios. 2. prayed against, accursed. II. act. cursing, bringing mischief upon. [d]

άραίρηκα, άραιρηκώε, άραιρημένοε, άραίρητο, Ιοπ. redupl. for ηρηκα, ηρηκών, ηρημένος, ηρητο, pf. and plpqf. redupl. forms from alpéw. άράμενος, acr. 1 med. part. of αίρω.

άράομαι: f. άσομαι [ā], Ion. ήσομαι: pf. ήραμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (dpd):-to pray to a god. 2. to pray or vow that a thing may happen, c. inf. 3. to pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one; esp. with cognate acc., apas decised tive to impresate curses upon one.

άραρε, Dor. for έρηρε, 3 sing. pl. med. of dpaplorus in intr. sense, it is fixed, decreed : but, Ep. for hodoe, 20r. 2 in trans. sense, appeared, satisfied.

άραρείν, 20r. 2 inf. of άραρίσκω.

άραρίσκω, redupl. pres. from the Root \*άρω: trans. in pres. and impf., in f. dow lon. dow: aor. 1 ήρσα Ion. άρσα: 201. 2 ήραρου Ερ. άραρου:—10 join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing. intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. apppa Att. apapa, Ep. part. fem. άραρυθα: plapf. ήραρειν [a]: also pf. pass. part. donpe uévos, and Ep. 201. 2 pass. part. doperve: - to be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well : to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or

αράρον, Ep. 20τ. 2 of deaplores: part, dedeών.

άραρώς, αραριία Ep. αραριία, αραρύς, perf. part. of epapio mo, fitted, fitting: —Adv. -ότων.

άράσσω, Att. -ττω: f. dράξω Dor. -αξω: sor. hpafa Ep. hpafa: — Pass., aor. 1 ήράχθην: (a euphon., pássou):—to strike bard, dash in pieces, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλαs apa o ev to knock furiously at the gates; metaph., έρασσειν ωνείδεσι to strike with reproaches:--Pass. to dash one against other with a noise, to clash, rattle. [d] άρατός Ion. άρητός, ή, ων, (άράσμαι) prayed for. 2. accursed, umblest.

άράχνειος, a, or, of or belonging to a spider. From 'ΑΡΑ'ΧΝΗ, ή, = ἀράχνηε. II. a spider's web,

cobweb. Lat. aranea.

'APA'XNHY, o, a spider, Lat. araneus. Hence apaxviov, To, a spider's web, colweb. "Aραψ, αβοε, δ, an Arab: also "Aραβοε, ov, δ.

'APBY'AH, h, a strong shoe, coming up to the inkle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a balf-boot. [v]  $\Delta \rho \beta u \lambda is$ ,  $i \delta c s$ , i t,  $= d \rho \beta i \lambda \eta$ .

apyakios, a, ov, (akyos, as if akyakios) bard, painful, grievous, Lat. gravis: also of persons, troublesome.

apyas, contr. for apyasis.

appacis, Dor. for apprels.

Άργει-φόντης, ου, δ, ίοτ 'Αργο-φονευτής, ("Αργος, φονείω) slayer of Argus.

apythopos, av, ol, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, offal, refuse. (Deriv. uncertain.)

apyervos, ή, ω, Aeol. and Dor. for apyle, white, mostly of sheep.

άργεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀργός) white. II. paroxy-1 tone, doyearne, ov, d, epith. of the South wind, clearing, brightening, like Horace's Notus albus, detergens nubila caelo. 2. later, from being the epithet of Zépopos, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian σκίρων.

άργέτι, άργέτα, poët. dat. and acc. for άργῆτι, άρ-

γήτα, from άργήε, white.

doyéw, f. how, (doyús = depyús) to be idle, do nothing: of a field, to lie fallow. II. trans. to leave a thing undone: - Pass. to be left undone: to be fruitless.

άργηείς Dor. άργαείς, εσσα, εν, contr. άργας, gen. άργαντος, 🗕 άργής.

άργής, ητος, δ, ή, also with poot. dat. and acc. άργέτι, άργέτα: (άργύε):—wbite, bright, vivid.

άργηστής, οῦ, ὑ, - ἀργήs, white, glancing. άργία, ή, = depyla, (άργύε = depyús) idleness, laziness: in good sense, leisure.

άργι-κέραυνος, ον, (άργής, κεραυνός) with white, vivid lightning.

άργιλλος or άργιλος, ή, (άργος) white clay, potter's carth, Lat. argilla.

άργιλλ-ώδης οτ άργτλ-ώδης, εε, (άργιλλος, είδος) like clay, clayey.

άργινόεις, εσσα, εν, = άργός, white, shining.

άργι-6δους, ύδοντοε, δ. ή, (άργύε, όδούε) whitetoothed, white-tusked.

άργί-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (άργός, wove) swift-footed or white-footed.

άργμα, τό, (άρχω) only used in plur. άργματα = dwapyai, the firstlings at a sacrifice.

'Aργολίζω, f. ίσω, to take the part of Argos. From 'Aργολίε, ίδοε, ή, Argolis, a district in Pelopon-2. as Adj. b. h. of Argolis, Argolic.

nesus. Apyos, eos, 76, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

'APΓO'Σ, ή, όν, shining, bright, glistening; wôbas doyol as epith. of dogs, swift-footed, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light. άργός, όν, contr. from dεργός, (a privat., έργον) ποι working, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, idle at a thing, free

from it, apyde nover: of land, lying fallow. pass. not done, Lat. infectus: unattempted.

E 2

άργυρ-άγχη, ή, (άργυρος, άγχω) silver-quinsy, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed. άργυρο-αμοιβός, δ, (άργυρος, άμείβω) α ποπεγcbanger. άργυρώου, τό, a silver-mine. Properly neut. from άργύραιος οι άργυρείος, ου, - άργυρεοι, άργυρεία

μέταλλα silver-mines. άργύρεος or άργυρέος, α, ον, contr. άργυροθε, α, νῦν, (ἄργυροε) silver, of silver.

άργυρ-ήλατος, ον, (άργυρος, έλαύνω) wrought of

άργυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of άργύριον.

αργύριον, τό, (άργύρου) a piece of silver: hence 'silver,' i. c. money, cash.

άργυρος, ίδος, ή, (άργυρος) a silver vessel.

apytipitys [1], fem. apyupitus, idos, th, (apyupos) of or belonging to silver: at Subst. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), silver-ore. άργυρο-δίνης, ου, δ, (άργυρος, δίνη) running in silver eddies, epith. of rivers. [1]

άργύρο-αδής, έε, (άργυρος, eldos) like silver. άργυρο-ηλος, ον, (άργυρος, ήλος) silver-studded. άργυρο-κόπος, δ, (άργυρος, κύπτω) a worker in sil-

ver, silversmith. άργυρολογέω, (άργυρολόγοι) to levy money: c. acc. to lay a country under contribution. Hence

αργυρολογία, ή, a levying of money. άργυρο-λόγος, ον, (άργυρος, λέγω) levying money.

άργυρό-πεζα, ή, (άργυρος, πέζα) silver-footed: also apyupó-mejos, ov. άργυρο-ποιός, ό, (άργυρος, ποιέω) a worker in silver.

άργυρό-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (άργυpoe, wove) with silver feet.

άργύρορ-ρύτης, ου, ό, (άργυρος, ρέω) silver-flowing. [pb]

apy-tpos, o, (apyos, white) like Lat. arg-entum, the white metal, i. c. silver, first in Homer. money, money.

άργυρό τοξος, ον, (άργυρος, τόξον) with ailver bow, epith. of Apollo.

άργυρο-φεγγής, έε, (άργυρος, φέγγος) silver-ebining. άργυροω, f. ώσω, (άργυρου) to turn into silver. to reward with silver :- Pass. to be so rewarded. άργυρ-ώδης, εε, = άργυροειδήε.άργυρωμα, ματοε, τό, (άργυρόω) silver-plate.

άργύρ-ώνητος, ον, (άργυρος, ών έσμαι) bought with silver. άργύφεσε, α, ον, (άργυροε) silver-white. [δ]

ργ**ύφος, ον, - άργ**ύφεο**ς**, epith. of sheep. 'Aργά, όοε, contr. οῦε, ὁ, (ἀργόε, swift) the Argo or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis.

apleve, f. ou, = aple, to water, Lat. irrigare. άρδην, Adv. contr. for άξρδην, (αίρω) lifted up, raised on bigb. II. utterly, Lat. penitus.

APAIX, eac, \$, the point of anything, an arrow-."sad: a sting.

apopos, o, a watering: a watering-place. From

"APAO, f. apow: acc. I fipou:-lo water catile, give them to drink :- Pass. to drink. 2. of rivers. to water land, Lat. irrigare. II. metaph. to refresb, foster. Apélouse, f., name of several fountains, perhaps for

Apoours, waterer: the most famous was at Syracuse. apad, Ion. apad, 4, (apd) cursing, threatening lar guage.

Apaces, or also a, or, Ion. 'Applies, n, or, ('App:) warlike, martial, Let. Mayortisa: Comp. 'Apelorgot,

a. or. - docior. Apres wayos, b, bill of Ares, Mars' Hill, ord against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: eapital crimes came specially under

its jurisdiction. dραότ**ερου, α,** ον, — dρείων.

'Apei-τολμος, or, (Apps, τύλμα) full of martial boldness. Άρει-φάτος, Ερ. Άρητφατος, ον, «Άρης, πίφατα 3 sing pf. pass. of " peres) slain by Ares, i. e. slain is

2. later generally = Apecos, martial. apeles, δ, ή, -ov, τό, gen. oros, better, stronger, braver: it serves as Comp. of dyable. (On the deriv,

see "Apns.) d-pentos, or, poët. for depentos, undone. άρθομαι, Ion. for άράομαι.

άρίσαι, άρίσασθαι, sor. I inf. act. and med. α δρέσκω. dperárto Ep. dperrárto, 3 sing. sor. 1 med.

imperat. of doctors. apérta, sor. 2 med. inf. of alpa.

apericla, ή, (άρέσκω) a desire to please, complesance: in bad sense, obsequiousness, flattery.

aperutorus, Adv. pres. part. of aperus, agreedis. aperuos, of or, desirous to please, complaisant: a bad sense, obsequious, flattering. From

dolone: Int. dolow: 201. I fpera, inf. dolon: pl **δρήρενε:--Μεδ.,** fut. δρέσομαι Ερ. δρέσσομαι: 201. l ήρεσάμην, Ep. part. άρεσσάμενος:--Pass., 201. 1 ήρε σθην: (\*dpw, άρσω):—to make good, make it \*f. ταθτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα this will we make up among ourselves; hip apérau to make amends; c. .cc. pess to conciliate, propitiate, abròr aperrácion triesco: c. gen. rei, dotoarro optras alparos they ista their heart with blood:-Pass, to be contented, quiesce. II. c. dat. pers., to be pleasing to, gra

tify, please, flatter, ravra doéanos pos: doéans τρόποιε τινόε to conform to his ways:-impers, έρεσ σφι ταθτα ποιείν it pleased them to do so. αρεστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of αρέσκω, pleasing

grateful : acceptable, approved. Adv. - Tue. άρετάω, f. ήσω, (άρετή) to be fit or proper, to thrist prosper.

apert, h, goodness, excellence, of any kind : but Homer, like Lat. virtus (from vir), manbood, prove valour: also manly beauty, dignity, etc. 2. in Prof 3. accilet of the virtues of land, fountains, etc.

is ert or workmanship, skill. II. in moral sense. goodness, virtue :- also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see 'Apns.)

don, i, Ion. and Hom. for dod.

dones. Ep. for don, 2 sing. sor. 2 med. subj. of alpas.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}_{p\eta\gamma\sigma\sigma\dot{\nu}\sigma\eta}, \dot{\eta} = \dot{a}_{p\eta\xi\iota s}.$ 

'APHTO, f. fw, to belp, aid, succour in war, c. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; organ appropriet II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, is meet to be silent. prevent, aphyeir alwair: also, aphyeir τινί τι to ward ffrom one, to avert the capture, as poror terrois

Ερήγειν. (Same Root as αρκέω, Lat. areeo.)

apayer, bros, b, h, a belper, aid. 'April-Boos, or, (Apris, Boos) swift as Ares, swift in

'Αρηϊ-κτάμενος, η, ον, ('Αρης, κτείνω) slain by Ares Of in war.

'Aρήτος, η, ον, Ion. for 'Aρειοε.

'April-datos, or, Ion. for 'April-datos.

Acrit-other, o, f, also n, or, (April, other) dear to

aphuevas, an Ion. infin., prob. for doar, to pray, an act. form of ἀρᾶσθαι (from ἀράομαι).

apprehense,  $\eta$ , or, distressed, barassed, =  $\beta \in \beta \lambda \alpha \mu$ -

pivos. (Origin uncertain.)

aprofice, ease, \$, (aphyw) belp, succour. II. c. gen. rei, belp against a thing, means of averting it. άρηρα, pf. med. of άραρίσκω: plapf. άρήραν.

αρηρεμένος, pf. pass. part. of άραρίσκω. αρήροια, αρήρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of αρύω.

approprievos, pf. part. pass. of dolar.

"APHE, 6: gen. Apece or "Apece (never "Apove): dat. "Apel, Att. contr. Apel, poot. App : acc. App, also 'Appr and 'Apea: voc. 'Apes: Ion, and Ep. declension Appos, ni, na. Ares, Lat. Mars, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to appre,

come aperty, dos-, doctor, dosoros, the first notion of roodness being that of manbood, bravery in war: cf. Lat. virtus.) άρητήρ, ήροι, δ: 1em. άρήταρα, (άράομαι) properly

άρσην, as the Lat. Mars to mas. From the same Root

one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [a] dontés, lon. for doatés.

dofeis, 201. I pass. part. of alow.

doθer, Acol. for ηρθησαν, 3 pl. 20r. I pass, of αίρω. αρθμέω, f. ήσω, (άρθμό») to be joined together.

Epopus, a, ov, joined, united: at peace with another: -as Subst. άρθμια, ων, τά, peaceful relations, concord. aρθμός, δ, (άραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship. δρθρον, τό, (άραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as άρθρα τοδοίν the ankles; άρθρα τών κύκλον the eyes; άρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence åρθρόω, f. ώσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, atter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

aρθρ-ώδης, εε, (άρθρον, elbos) well-jointed.

'API'-, insep. Prefix, like &p-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with άρης, άρείων, άριστος.

 $d\rho \nu \gamma \nu \omega s$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $= d\rho i \gamma \nu \omega \tau \sigma s$ .

api-yvertos, n, ov, also os, ov, sasy to be known. well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous.

api-banpus, v, gen, voe, (doi-, danpu) much weeping, very tearful.

άρί-δάλος, Dor. for αρίδηλος.

άρι-δείκετος, ον, (άρι-, δείκνυμι) much shewn: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., doibeireros despos most renowned of men.

api-bylos, or, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen, of mountains: manifest, much known.

άρί-ζηλος, or, also η, or, Ep. form of αρίδηλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv. - have.

άρι-ζήλωτος, or, very enviable.

αρίθματος, ον, Dor. for αρίθμητος.

άριθμεθντι, Dor. for αριθμούσι, 3 pl. of αριθμέσι. άριθμέω, f. ήσω, (άριθμόε) to number, count, reckon

up: to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

άριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for άριθμηθήναι, sor. I pass inf. of αριθμέω. **ἀρίθ**μημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) α πυπόςτ.

aplitunous, ease, h, a counting or rechaning up. apillumrunds, h, le, of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein: ή -κή (sc. τέχνη), arithmetic. Adv. - wwwe, arithmetically.

αριθμητός, ή, όν, easily numbered, few in number: our applymose, not counted, beld of no account, Lat. nullo in numero babitus.

apolitos, o, number, a number, Lat. numerus, amount, size, etc.; πολύε άριθμόε χρόνου. ber, as a mark of worth, rank, etc.; µer' dropar I(eσθαι ἀριθμώ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμώ elvas, like Lat. nullo esse in numero, to be in no ac-4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality or worth; λόγων ἀριθμός a mere set of words; so of men, ούκ ἀριθμὸς άλλων not a mere lot, like Horace's nos numerus sumus. II. a numbering, counting; άριθμόν ποιείσθαι της στρατιής to hold a muster of the army. 2. numeration.

d-otv. - door.

Apros, a, ev, old word for Mydinos, Median.

doi-spenie, is, (doi-, spira) very stately or showy, very splendid.

d-pts, - appes. apl-σημος, ον, (dp. , σήμα) very remarkable: very

plain or manifest.

άριστ-αθλος, ον, (άριστος, άθλον) victorious in the contest.

aplot-apxos, or, (aprotos, apxos) best-ruling. άρι-στάφυλος, ον, (άρι-, στάφυλή) rich in grapes. άριστάω, i. ήσω: pf. i,plστηκα, syncop. I pl. ήρίσταμεν, syncop. inf. ήριστάναι: (άριστον):-to take the morning meal, Lat. pranders; generally, to take any meal, cf. άριστον.

aparrela, h. (aparreve) the feats of the hero that

wan the need of valour (rd doiereia), any great, manifest: clearly visible. Adv. doipoablese, very berois artion. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero are described. e. g. Book 5 is Διομήδουν αριστεία.

docoreia, ra, always in plur, (αριστεύω) the prize

of the bravest, meed of valour.

aprorepos, a, iv, left, on the left; en aprorepa towards the left; if apierepar on the left. στερά (with or without χείρ), the left band. metaph, boding ill, ominous, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, left-banded, clumsy, like French gauche. (Deriv. uncertain.)

aparteus, ias, o, (apartes) the best man: in Homer mostly in plur. doesties, Lat. optimates, the noblest

chief , princes.

άριστεύω: 3 sing. Ion. impl. άριστεύεσκε: f. εύσω: (doloros):-10 be the best of bravest; Town doiστεύεσκε be was the best of the Trojans; αριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., αριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι be reas best at fighting.

apportion, Ion. for apportion.

apartile, f. low, (donoror) to give one breakfast:-Med. to breakfast.

άριστίνδην, Adv. (άριστος) according to rank or

agrato-kparla, f. (aprotos, spareir) the rule of the lest-born or nobles, an aristocracy. Hence δριστοκρατικός, ή, ω, aristocratical.

άριστύ-μαντις, eve, à, ή, (άριστος, μάντις) best of

prophets.

άριστο-μάχος, ον, (άριστος, μάχη) fighting best. "APINTON, 76, a morning meal, breakfast, takes at suncise: later, the midday meal, the Roman pran-

apports-voos, or, (decoros, vice) of the best disposition.

aproto-morte, f. how, (aprotor, mortes) to prepare. breakfast; tà apictotoioupera things prepared for breakfast :- Med. to get one's breakfast.

aprovos, n, or, best in its kind, used as Sup. to dyaθús: of persons, best, i.e. bravest or noblest: c. inf., άριστοι μάχευθαι best to fight; άριστος άπαταovas best, easiest to cheat :- In Att. best, i. e. most excellent: neut, pl. doierra as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, apported Hom., apported, Att., Spistos Dor. (On deriv., see Apre.)

aprototokera, i, poet. fem. of

ipioto-tokos, or, (dpiotos, texelir) bearing the best ebildren.

aparto-yeap, export of, if, (apartor, xelp) with the best band; dydar desertoxese a contest won by the stoutest band.

άριστ-ώδιν, τι se, δ, ή, (άριστος, ωδίς) bearing the best children.

άρι-σφάλής, έε, (άρι-, σφάλεῦν) very slippery or reacherous.

άρι-φράδης, ές, (άρι-, φράζομαι) easily known, very

plainly.

donnes, a, or, - donneros, of a bear.

άρκεόντως, Att. contr. αρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of dontes, enough; donouvrous exes it is enough. άρκοσιε, εωε, ή, (ἀρεέω) belp, aid, service.

άρκετός, ή, όν, (άρκέω) sufficient. Act. -τως. doneily, Ion. for donoily, pres. part. neut. of

'APKE'Ω, f. έσω: aor. I ήρκεσα:—pf. pass. ήρκεσμαι:- Lat. ARCEO, to sogral off, keep off: c. dat. II. to be of use, avail, be strong only, to assist, aid. enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough. dρκεί μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; deseir dosei it seems enough, seems good. M. Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing.

Root is the same as that of don'yw.) aprilos, a, ov, also oe, ov, safe, sure; viv derior 1 άπολέσθαι ή è σαωθήναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved : áprios moble a sure reward.

enough, urfficient.

approverus, contr. for descenter.

douteros, a, or, (doutes) of a bear.

doutlor, verb. Adj. of doxouse, one select begin. IL (from doxw) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i. c. one must obey.

APKTOE, & and \$, a bear. 2. Aostos, 6. the great bear or Charles' wain, elsewhere apaga: hence the north pole, or generally, the North.

"Аркт-обров, в, (бритов, оброе) Агепиты от Влагguard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Bootes. Il. the time of his sising, the middle of September.

'Αρκτο-φύλαξ, ακοι, δ, (άρκτοι, φύλαξ) — Αρκτοῦ-

poe, Arctophylan, the bear-keeper.

"APKYZ, Att. Cours, voe, 4, a net, bunter's net, Lat eastis; aprices fispore the toils, i. e. perile, of the sword.

apru-oraola, f, or

άρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (άρκικ, ίστημι) a line of meta. άκρύ-στάτος, η, σ, οι οι, ον, (άρκνι, ίστημι) καrounded with nets; δρευστάτη πημονή death amid the toils: Apriorator, to, a not or place beset with

åpkv-upós. ő, (ápkvs, ošpos) a wateber of met-

άρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as άρμλε, έρμόζα) α cbariot, war-ebarlot, ear 2. chariot and born. the yoked chariot: also the horses.

δρμαλία. ή, (δρμόζω) sustenance allotted, food. άρμ-άμαξα, 7s, ή, (άρμα, άμαξα) an eastern carriage

with a cover, esp. for women and children. άρμάτοιος, α, ον, (άρμα) of or belonging to a ebarra:

esp. of music, whether of a mourpful or martial cast. άρμάτεύω, f. σω, (άρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein. άρματηλάσία, ή, chariot-driving. From

αρμάτηλατίω, f. ήσω, to drive a chartot. From άρματ-ηλότης, ου, ό, (άρμα, ἐλαύνω) α <del>ἀνίνα</del> 🛫

chariots, charioteer.

epitro-terbuos, or, (spps, sevels) rattling with [ meriota.

toμäτο-πηγός, όν, (άρμα, πήγνυμι) making chariots; immingyoe, i. a sobselveright, chariot-maker.

άρματο τροφέω, f. ήσω, (άρμα, τρέφω) to heep chariot borses, esp. for racing. Hence

eparerpoola, e, a keeping of chariot borses. άρμ<del>ωτο-τροχιά</del> Ioa. -ιή, ή, (άρμα, τροχόε) the

course of a chariot, subsel-track.

έρματωλία, ή, - άρματηλασία.

appeva, τά, the tackle or rigging of a ship: any tools or implements, like bula. (From same Root as έρμος δραόζας)

operos, 7, co, Ep. sor. 2 pass. part. of deapleses. άρμόδιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (άρμόζω) fitting together:

hence well-fitting, agreeable. άρμόζω, Att. άρμόττω, Dor. άρμόσδω: f. άρμόσω: act. I homosu: pt. homosu:-Pass., act. I homoson: pl. spearmu: (dopole, dow):—to fit together, join, esp. of joiner's work :- Med, to join for oneself, put together: to prepare, make ready. 2. of marriage, to give in marriage: - Med. to marry, take to wife: 3. to bind fast. -Pass, to be married to.

to set in order, arrange, govern. IL intrans. to fit, fit well: to be adapted, fit for. III. impers., δρμόζει it is fitting, Lat. decet, c. inf.; σιγαν αν δρμύζοι.

appoi, Adv., - apri, just, newly, lately. (Properly an old dat. of donos.) άρμο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (άρμος, λέγω) to join together.

δομονία, ή, (δρμόζω) a fitting together: a joint. II. e union between persons, covenant. III. an ordi-IV. as a term in nance, decree; hence fate. 2. in Rhet, the intonamusic, barmony, concord. tion of the voice. 2. generally, barmony, agreement, etc.; δύστροπου γυναικών δρμονία woman's perverse temper.

dougrands, 4, 6v, (dopola) skilled in music: Ta approved the theory of music.

δομός, δ, (δ for δμα, δρα) α joining, a joint; δρμός Xupares Liborrable a joint or opening in the tomb made by tearing away the stones.

δομόσδω, Dor. for δρμόζω.

Ερμοσμα, ατος, τό, (άρμύ(α) joined work.

δρμοστήρ, ήρος, δ, - sq.: pošt., also δρμόστειρ, α commander.

δριμοστής, οθ, ό, (άρμόζω) one who arranges or governes, a governor: esp. a barmost, the governor of the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy: also the governor of a dependent colony. **δρμόττω**, Att. for δρμόζω, q. v.

dove, acc. with no nom. in use, dual dove, plur. dores, etc.; v. sub dorés.

derania, Boo, 4, (derbe) a sheep's skin.

doveros, a, or, (dorbe) of a lamb or sheep; dore co doros slaughtered sheep.

doverós, 6, (dorós) a young ram; but as Ad),, de mento de a maio shoop,

dover-bolings, or, &, (dorde, bourder) feasting on about, 'APNE OMAL, fut. 400 pau: 201. I paus. 4 pritty, but also acr. med. I hornodime: Dep.: - opp. to elsele, to deny: opp. to bourds, to refuse: absol. to say no. decline: c. inf. to refuse to do.

άρνευτήρ, ήροε, δ, (άρνείω) a tumbler: also a diver. hovebu, f. ou, (àprie) to friek like a lamb, tumble. apphornos, q, or, (applopal) to be denied. άρνησιε, ees, ή, (άρνησιε) denial.

åpvlov, ró, Dim. of åprós, a young lamb, lambhin. 'APNO'Z, τοῦ, τῆε, gen. of an obsol. nom. \*ápe, the nom. in use being derie: dat. dorl. acc. doru; du dove; pl. soves, gen. dover, dat. soves (Ep. dorecor), acc. devas :- a lamb, Lat. agnue, agna : also a sbeep.

aprilian, defect. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., lengthd. form of alpopen, to receive for enceoff, gain, earn, carry off as a prize. apterman, Dor. for appoint, fut, of appoint.

άρομην, Ep. sor. 2 med. of αίρω. apov, -dree, nor. I imperat. of alone

άρόσιμος, ον, (ἀρύω) arable, fruitful: metaph, fl

for engendering children. άροσιε, eas, ή, (άρύω) a ploughing, tillage. IL arable land, sorn-land, Lat. arvum.

άροτήρ, ήρος, δ, (άρίω) a ploughman, busbandwan: Bous doorto a steet for ploughing. II. metaph. a fatber. αρότης, ου, δ, - δροτήρ, a ploughman; Πιερίδου

aporal labourers of the Muses, i. e. poets. dροτος, δ, (ἀρόω) tillage, ploughing, busbandry; (fir da doorou to live by busbandry. 2, the crop, fruit

of the field: also a field. IL the season of tillage, seed-time. aporpaios, a, or, (aporpor) of corn-land. aporpeus, éas, é, - aportie. Hence

άροτρεύω, f. σω, — άρύω, to plough. apotenting, ou, d, of or for the plough. άροτριάω, f. άσω [ā], — άρόω, to plough.

άροτρο-δίαυλος, δ, (άροτρον, δίαυλου) one sobe ploughe to and fro, like a runner in the diamhor. άροτρο-πόνος, αν, (άροτρον, πύνος) labouring at

the plough. άροτρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (άροτρον, φέρω) to draw the plough.

άροτρον, τό, (άρύω) a plough, Let. arairum.

åρούμαι [ā], fut. med. of ἀείρω: but ἀρούμαι (ä] of alpos.

apoupa, \$, (doós) tilled or arable land, seed-land, i. corn-land, Lat. arvem: also generally, soil, land: ratels decorps father-land: - metaph. of a woman as-

giving birth to children. Hence άρουραίος, α. ον, belonging to corn-land, rustic; μθε dpoupaios a field-mouse.

aporiprov, 76, Dim. of aporpor. dpoupó-novos, or, (ápoupa, róvos) working in the

'ΑΡΟ'Ω: ε. όσω, ροϋε. -όσσω: 205. ε έροσα: 26

2. anything that

donoous -- Pass., sor. I προθήν pl. donpopus :-- to | that may be published and must not be told. II. to sow, dpoûr els plough, till, Lat. arare. 2. metaph, of the husband, to beget: phrove. Pass, of the child, to be begotten.

doder. Ep. for doors, 3 pl. pres. of apoar.

ἀρπάγή, ή, (ἀρπάζω) seizure, robbery, rape. the thing seized, booty, plunder. III. rapacity. άρπάγη, ή, (άρπάζω) a book for drawing up a backet. 2. a rake, Lat. barpago.

Ερπαγμα, ματος, τό, (άρπά(ω) that which is seized. booty, plunder.

άρπαγμός, δ. (άρπάζω) robbery. is seized, plunder.

'APNAZN: fut. ápráfo, Att. ápráso or áprásoma: 201. 1 horafa, Att. horaga: pf. horasa:-Pass., 201. I horaxony or horacony: 201. 2 horayny [a]: pl. Apray has or Apras has:—to ravish away, to carry off; in part., aprafas pépeir, Lat. raptim ferre. to grasp bastily, snatch up: also to grasp with the mind, apprebend. 3. to seize and overpower. to plunder. Hence

donurrio, è, a robber.—Fem. donurrapa. δρπακτός, ή, ω, (άρπάζω) seized in baste.

donthéos, a, ov. and oe, ov. (dontée) grasping, greedy: also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -less, eagerly. Hence

apmable, f. low, to eateb at, seize upon, receive. άρπαξ, αγοι, δ, ή, (dprd(ω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. II. as Subst. apraf, b, a robber, plunrapan. 2. apraf, h, robbery, rapine.

annelieve, 4, (dord(w) a rope, cord, for maring game: the twist or thread of which cloth is made: also a bow-string.

άρπη, \$, (άρπά(ω) a bird of prey, a kind of fal-II. a sickle : a scimetar. coa.

LOTTAGE, al. (dotta (w) the snatchers, i. e. whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

'APPA'BON, êvos, ô, earnest-money, cautionmoney: a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrbabo, arrba.

do-pados, or, (a privat., βαφήναι) unserved, without seam or suture.

do-pertos, poët. d-pertos, or, (a privat., plia) undone: unfinished.

apperinds, ή, όν, (apphr) masculine, male.

appero-ware, wardon, o, h, (appyr, walk) of male 2. with a boy. ebildren.

deptrumos, or, (άρρην, ώψ) masculine-looking, massuline.

de-partes, or, (a privat., βήγρυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded: metaph. untiring. Adv. ron. "APPHN, o, n, apper, ro, gen. eroe: old Att. apσην: Ion. έρσην: -male, opp. to θήλμε: hence masculine, manly, strong: as Subst. dopny, b. the male. άρρηνής, έε, (άρρην) fieres, savage.

ap-pητος, or, also η, or, (a privat., βηθήναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus: not divulged, untaught, II. not to be told, seeret, mysterious; bedante t' deports re things

that cannot be told, borrible, shocking, Lat. nefanden; άρρητ' άρρηταν things most borrible. 3. *c*bameful to be spoken; pyrà mai appyra, Lat. dicenda αρρηφορίω, f. ήσω, (άρρηφόρου) to carry the pepics

of Pallas. Hence

appropopla, 4, the procession with the peplas A honour of Pallas.

άρρη-φόροι, al, (άρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, που maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (depyra) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

άρ-ρίγητος, ον, (a privat., βιγέω) not shivering from

cold or fear.

**δρ-ριζος**, ον, (α privat., βίζα) not rooted.

ap-ρis, Ivos, δ, ή, (a privat., δίε) without soce, without smell.

'APPIXO∑, é, Att. ἡ, a basket. [Y]

'dρ-ρυθμος, οτ, (a privat., βυθμός) without rhythm or proportion: in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting Adv. - uove, out of time.

άρ-ρυτίδωτος, ον, (α privat., βυτίκ) κακυτιπλίου. άρ-ρώξ, θγος, δ, ή, (a privat., βώξ) without cleft, unbroken.

appeartes, f. how, (appeares) to be weak at sickly. Hence

άρρώστημα, ματος, τό, α είσλησε.

άρρωστία, ή, (άρρωστίω) weakness, sickness, ill bealth; ἀρρωστία τοῦ στρατεύειν inability to serve from ill bealth.

άρ-ρωστος, ον, (α privat., βώννυμι) weak, sickly: hence languid, remiss.

aporal, aporov, aporantes, and aporanteres, acr. I act. and med. of decelerm.

dpore, Ep. for fipore, 3 sing. nor. I of decolores. aporevicos, h. or, - apprezientes.

apprevo-relens, ou, i, (apprin, rolen) one guilty of unnatural offences.

"APZHN, ev., lon. and Att. for later doppy

åρσιος, ον, (ἄρω) fitting, agreeing, friendly. aport-move, o, f. mour, ro, gen. rodos, contr. for deρσίπουε (αίρω, πούε) lifting the feet.

apove, can, h, (alpa) a raising or lifting. prosody, the rise of the votce on the first syllable, arets, ictus, opp. to Ofoce the letting it sink

doors, Inn. for dod, fut. of deaplores.

άρτάβη, ή, a Persian measure, artaba, – I medim nus + 2 choenices.

άρταμέω, f. ήσω, to cut in pieces, sut up. From "APTAMOZ, &, a butcher, cook.

apravy [d], h, (apraw) that by which comerbing a bung up, & rope, balter

dordes, Ion, dorée: f, ήσω: p., ήρτηκε -- Pasnor. I hprifogy: pl. spriqua, Ion. 3 pl. dericara: (same Root as donolous):-to fasten to, bang our thing upon another .- Pass, to be bung upon, bung upon, in twos: hence to aepend upon, Lat. pendere ob II. Pan. to be juted, prepared, made reads.

pi pass. of dorder. epreprips, és, (éprece) safe and sound. Hence

ierquia, f., safety, soundress.

'APTEMILE, gen. 1800, acc. 17 or 1811, \$\day, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chace, daughter of Zens and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be skin by her drawd βέλου, as men by those of Apullo.

'Apreulovov, 46, a temple of Artemis.

'Arrentouse, 8, a Spartan month, answering to part of Art. Elaphebolion.

eprimer, cros, o, (derder) the formail; or top-sail, тррёгит.

apries, Ion. for apraes.

άρτημα, τό, (άρτάω) that mosch nange down, a banging ornament, pendant.

prople, 4, (écipo) the windpipe or traches.

APTI, Adv. just, executly: just now, even now: straightsway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to rakas. II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

άρτιάζα, f. άσω, (άρτιου) to play at odd and even, II. to count. Lat. par impar ludere.

doridans, Adv. (dorios) an even number of times. άρτι-βρεχής, ές, (άρτι, βρέχω) just steeped. άρτι-γάμος, ον, (άρτι, γάμος) just married.

epri-vivace, er, (dori, viruer) with the beard just growing.

άρτι-γέννητος, αν, που-δονκ.

άρτι-γλόφής, έε, (έρτι, γλύφω) newly corved. aprinovos, or, just born.

apri-Saha, le, (apri, dasprai) just taught. dort-Banque, v, (dort, dampe) just weeping, ready to

merp. åρτί-δορος, ον, (άρτι, δέρω) just stript off.

apriemma, t, pecul. fem. of apri-ente, in (dorion, ince) ready of speech, glib. άρτι-ζυγία, ή, (άρτι, ζυγόε) a late union; άνδρῶν

lors (vyla newly-married husbands.

dorles, f. low, (dornes) to get ready, perform. apri-θειλής, έε, (apri, θέλειν) just blooming. ipri-Baris, le, (apri, Barar) just dead.

άρτί-κολλος, ον, (άρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clingng close to. II. metaph. fitting well together; is dorlecollor in the nick of time, opportunely.

åρτι-κόμης, ου, δ, (άρτι, κομάω) just baving got bair leaves.

άρτι-λόγος, ον, (άρτι, λέγω) speaking readily. Δρτι-λόχουτος, ον, (άρτι, λοχεύω) just born.

έρτι-μ**άθης**, έι, (άρτι, μαθείν) baving just learnt. Corros, a, or, (apaplorus, apri) complete, perfect of s kind, exactly fitted; apria βάζειν to speak to the cross; dorea you thought things fitting or agreeλē. 2. active, quick, ready, c. inf. IL of umbers, even, opp. to reperse, odd.

hore-willyin, in, (dors, milyipus nor. 2 pass, of mily | doubdusyon, nor. I med. part. of apia,

dorierus. Ion. for forus or completos elel, 3 pl. | rupi) just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Let, recens coactus.

> dori-shoures, or, souly gotten, epith. of money. dorumos. Ep. for dorf-move.

apri-wour, o, \$, wour, ro, gen. wodes, (dersoe, wode) sound or swift of foot, opp. to yeake. just in time.

dortous, eus, \$, (dort(a) a preparing, adorning. apri-ous wros, or, (apri, oudstw) just dug. άρτί-στομος, ον, (άρτι, στόμα) speaking readity. apri-towes, or, (apri, terest) just born. paroxyt. aprirónce, or, act. basing just gisen

άρτι-φάνής, έε, (άρτι, φανήναι) just become vi-. uible.

dori-hour, or, gen. eros, (dorios, hohr) sound of mind, intelligent.

dort-dute, is, and dorthtree, or, (dort, pow) just born, just made.

άρτι-χάνής, ές, (άρτι, χάνειν) just yauning or opening.

apri-xvous, our, (apri, xrose contr. xrose) with the

down just growing. άρτί-χριστος, ον, (άρτι, χρίω) just smeared over,

ready spread. dories, Adv. of dorice, like dori, just, exactly.

apro-konos, or, (apros, kontw) working at bread baking bread : as Subell, a baker.

άρτο-λάγθνος, σε, (άρτος, λάγυνος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet.

apro-noise, by, (apros, noise) making bread: as Subst. *a baker*.

άρτο-πώλης, ου, δ, (άρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

άρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

άρτο-πάλιε, εδου, ή, sem. of άρτοπάλην, a breadwoman.

"APTOZ, & a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα: when it means bread it is commonly in

άρτο-στιέω, f. ήσω, (άρτοε, σιτέομαι) to eat subsatem bread, opp. to dapiroviries to eat barky-bread.

ἀρτοφάγέω, to eat bread. From άρτο-φάγοε, ου, δ, (άρτοε, φαγείν) bread-eater.

άρτυμα, τό, (άρτύνω) seasoning, spics.

άρτύνας, δ, (άρτύνω) a magistrute at Argos and Epidaurus, like de μοστήs.

άργύνω [θ]: fut. ἀρτονῶ, Ep. ἀρτονέω: sor. I foτυνα: sor. I pass. ερτύνθην:—also άρτύω: fut. deτύσω [8]: 201. Ι ήρτθσα: pf. ήρτθκα, p252. ήρτθμας: (same Root as depoleron.) To arrange, manage! contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δάλον άρτόrest, Lat. insidias etruere, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready:-Med. to prepare make ready.

ερύβαλλος, δ, (δρύω) a pail for drewing water, bucket, larger than the debrairs.

devoca, Ion. for deva.  $dρυστήρ, <math>\hat{η}ροε, \delta, = dρυτήρ.$ 

αρύστιχος, δ, Dim. of αρυτήρ, a small ladle. ἀρύταινα, η », ή, = ἀρυτήρ, α ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλο».

Δρύτηρ, ήροε, δ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, 'adle, cup.

apurho (uos, or, (apia) fit to drink.

'AΡΤ'Ω, Att. άρψτω [υ]: f. ύσω [υ]: 20τ. Ι ήρυσα: -- Pass., ant. Ι ήρύθην [τ] οτ ήρύσθην: cf. ἀνύω, ἀνύτω. Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med. to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρύτεσθαι Νείλου ὑδάrew to draw from the waters of the Nile:-metaph.

to win, gain. άρχ-άγγελος, δ, (άρχδε, άγγελοε) an archangel.

άρχαϊκός, ή, όν, (άρχαιος) old-fashioned, antiάρχαιό-γονος, ον, (άρχαιος, γονή) of ancient race. άρχαιολογέω, f. ήσω, to discuss antiquities or things

out of date. From άρχαιο-λόγος, ον, (άρχαιος, λέγω) one who writes

uncient bistory. άρχαιο-μελη-στδωνο-φρυνίχ-ήρατος, ον, (άρχαιος, μέλοε, Σιδώνιοε, Φρύνιχοε, έρατόε) μέλη άρχ. dear old songs from Phrynichus' Phoenissre.

άρχαιον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of doxulos, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.

άρχαιό-πλουτος, ον, (άρχαιος, πλούτος) rich from olden time. άρχαιο-πρεπής, ές (άρχαίος, πρέπω) distinguished

of old, time-bonoured. άρχαιος, α, ον, (άρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-bonoured; but in bad sense, like apxalube, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly.

ancient, former. άρχαιό-τροπος, αν, (άρχαιος, τρόπος) old-fashioned. άρχ-aspecta, ή, (άρχή, aspects) an election of magistrates, Lat Comitia. Hence

άρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to bold the Comitia: also to canvais for election.

apxains. Adv. of apxaios, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.

doxe-, insep. Prefix from doxes, with idea of excellence or superiority.

άρχειον, Ion. άρχήιον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj. άρχειος, a, or: (άρχή):—a public building, such as a town-ball, senate-bouse, residence of the chief magis-

trava, Lat. Curia. άρχέ-κάκος, ον, (άρχε-, κακύς) beginner of ill.

άρχέ-λαος, ον, Λιι. άρχέ-λεως, αν, (άρχε-, λαόι) leading the people, a chief, contr. apxi-has.

apyqueven, Ep. inf. of apyce. άρχι-πλουτος, ον, (άρχι-, πλούτος) enjoying ancient

έρχέτας, δ, Dot. for άρχέτης, (άρχω) a leader, prince Il as Adj., dρχεται θρύνοι α princely throne

άρχί-τυπον, τό,(άρχος τύπου απ archetype, pattern, escodel.

άρχεύω, f. σω, (άρχω) to command, lead.

άρχέ-χορος, ον, (άρχε-, χορός) leading the charm or dance.

'APXH', h, a beginning, first cause, origin; mat ủρχάs in the beginning, at first; εξ άρχηs from the first; absol., apxiv at first; our apxiv not at first, i.e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non.

a first principle, element. ia plur., - ἀπαρχαι, firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme power, sovereign'y, dominion, Διδε άρχή; c. gen. rci,

άρχη της 'Aσίας power over Asia: - also an empire. 2. in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government: they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονητοί

by election, κληρωταί by lot. άρχη-γενής, έε, (άρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first beginning of a thing. apynyereum, f. om, to be a leader or ruler; and

άρχηγετέω, f. ήσω, to make a beginning. From άρχ-ηγέτης, ου, δ: fem. άρχηγέτις, ιδος, but dat άρχηγέτι: Dor. άρχαγέτης: (άρχή, ήγέομαι) (

leader: the founder of a city or family. first leader, prince, cbief. άρχ-ηγόε, Dor. άρχ-ἄγόε, όν, (άρχή, ήγέσμαι) be ginning, originating. II. as Subst. like doxy

yétye, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first fe-2. a prince, chief. άρχηθεν, Adv. (άρχη) from the beginning.

άρχητον, τό, Ion. for άρχειον. ἀρχήν, Adv., ν. ἀρχή 1. 'APXI-, insep. Prefix from doxu, like doxe-,

άρχίδιον, τό, Dim. of άρχή, a little office. άρχιερατικός, ή, όν, (άρχιερεύς) belonging to th Chief Priest. apx-repeve, eur, o: Ion. nom. apxrepeus, eu; is

άρχιρεύε, whence acc. pl. άρχιρέαε: (άρχω, δερεώ): chief priest, bigh priest. άρχ-ιερωσύνη, ή, (άρχι-, lepuσύνη) the chief prist

bood. άρχι-θάλασσος, ον, (άρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling (

άρχιθεωρέω, f. ήσω, to be άρχιθέωρου. From άρχι-θέωρος, δ, (άρχι-, θεωρύε) the chief of a θεε

or sacred embassy. άρχί-κλωψ, ωπος, δ, a chief of robbers.

άρχυκόε, ή, όν, (ἀρχή) royal.2. fit for re

skilled in government. άρχι-κυβερνήτης, ου, δ, a chief pilot.

άρχί-μιμος, δ, a chief comedian άρχι-οινόχοος, δ, a chief euphearer. έρχι-παιρατής, οῦ, δ, a chief of pirates.

a synagogue.

άρχι-ποίμην, gen. ενοε, ό, (έρχί-, ποεμήν) ε sbepberd.

άρχ-ιρεύε, δ, 1 m. for άρχιερεύε. מף ביישלים אין (פון אין מישים שיים ביישלים) בשל ובין

apxitentovew, f. how, to be a chief builder or e tect: to construct, contrive, Lat. structe. doxunteres, oros, b, a master-builder, direct

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contriver.

LOYU-TENGUES, OU. 6, a chief collector of taxes. chief publican.

doys-tolkalves, b, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.

άρχός, δ, a leader, chief, commander. From

'APXΩ, f. apfw: aor. I ηρfa: pf. ηρχa:-more commonly in Med. doxouat: fut. dofouat: 201. I ήρξάμην: pf. ήργμαι:--Pass., fut. άρχθήσομαι: aor. 1 I. of Time, to begin: c. gen. to make hoy onv. a beginning of a thing, apxer wolk power with inf. or part., άρχεσθαι olkodoμείν to begin to build; ή ψυχή άρχεται απολείπουσα the soul begins to sink. to begin from or with; apxeadat Dios, to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jove principium. 3. c. gen. rei et dat. pers., doxeir ocois dairos to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—Med. also in a religious sense, like απάρχεσθαι, άρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a

sacrifice with the limbs. 4. c. acc., άρχειν ύδύν Tive, to show him the way:-imperat., do xe begin!-II. of Place and Stapart. άρχόμενος, et first. tion, mostly c. gen. to rule, be leader of :--more

rarely c. dat., dropásur doxeur :-c. acc. cognato, doxew doxhe to bold an office. 2. Pass. to be ruled

or governed: of apyoneron, subjects. άρχων, συτος, δ, (properly part. of άρχω) a ruler,

2. of Apxortes, the chief captain, chief, king. magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically & Appear or Appear Entervies.

the second & Barileve, the third & Holepapyos, the remaining six of Θεσμοθέται.

\*APΩ, a form assumed as the Root of doculous. apa [a], fut. of deipor: but apa [a], of aipor. apasyh, h, (ερήγω) belp, succour, protection; dparyh

rócov belp against disease.

άρωγο-ναύτης, ου, δ, (δραγός, ναύτης) belper of sailers.

aperyos, or, (aphyw) belping, aiding, propitious; c. gen. wseful in a thing. II. as Subst. dowyós, ó, a bel per, desender, an advocate before a tribunal.

"APOMA, To, any seasoning, spice.

δρωμα, τό, (ἀρόω) corn-land, Lat. arvum.

αρώμεναι, Ep. for άροῦν, contr. from άροέμεναι, pres. in f. of apone.

despaios, Dor. for deoupaios.

Les or de, Acol. and Dor. for face, till, until. La. Dor. gen. for fie, from be, f, b.

Loras, contr. for dâvai, 201. I inf. of daw, to burt. Zoras, 201. I inf. of au, to satiate.

contr. for deisal, nor. I inf. of delbes.

Goraspu, 20r. I opt. of day, to satiste.

d-craseros, ou, (a privat., santús) not trodden down. & σ Ελάμίνιος, ον, (α privat., Σάλαμιε) not baving eese ast Salamis, no true seaman. [µt] L σάλουτος, ον, (a privat., σαλουτός) unebaken, calm.

Coraga er, I plur. not. 2 of des, to sleep.

dσάμινθος, ή, a bathing-twb. (Deriv. uncertain.) 'Arava, 'Aravai, 'Aravaics, Lacon. for 'Affry,

'Αθήναι, 'Αθηναΐου. d-savolines, or, (a priv., sarbator) without sandals.

d-varros, or, (a privat., salru) sot to be flattered, barsb. morose. d-crapuos, or, (a privat., sápf) without flesh, lean.

dours, contr. for dágaro, 3 sing. sor. I med. of dás, to burt.

doasta, act. I med inf. of de, to satiate.

åvåøna, fi, indistinetness. From

å-σἄφής, έε, (a privat., σαφήε) indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure. Adv. -pŵs, indistinctly.

άσω, f. ήσω, (άση) to surfeit, eloy, satiate:-Pass. άσάομαι, with 201. I pass. ἀσήθην, and med. ἀσά-: μην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or

vexed at a thing.

ά-σβεστος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., σβεστός) инquenched, not to be quenched: endless, cease-II. as Subst., dσβεστοε (sub. τίτανοε); \$,

unslaked lime. 2. asbestus, a mineral which resists the action of fire.

'AΣBOAOZ, ή, rarely δ, also ἀσβόλη, ή, soot.

åce, for åäce, 3 sing. sor. 1 of ååe, to burt. åσέβεια, ή, (ἀσεβή2) impiety, profaneneus.

åσεβέω, f. ήσω, (åσεβήε) to act profanely ot impiously, sin against the gods. Hence

άσίβημα, ατοι, τό, an impious act, a sin. å-σεβήε, έε, (α privat., σέβω) ungodly, unboly,

profane. down, fut. inf. of dee, to satiste. [4]

d-orelowros, or, (a privat, supple) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σειραφύροι.

ά-σέλαστος, ον, (α privat., σέλαι) not lighted. άσελγαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: pf. pass. ἡσέλγημαι: (ἀσελ-

γήs):—to behave licentiously. ἀσίλγαα, ή, (ἀσελγήε) licentiousness.

ά-σελγής, έε, (α privat., θέλγω) licentious, brutal. Adv. - in, extravagantly.

ά-σίληνος, ον, (a privat., σελήνη) without moon. doenthe, - doeples, to act impiously. From

d-σεπτος, or, (a privat., σίβω) not to be reverenced, unboly.

dorsoft, 2 pl. fut. med. of dee, to satiate.

prebuar, Dor. for delcopar, Att. goopar, fut. of delbar. άση, ή, (δω, to satiate) surfeit, loatbing, disgust. generally, anguish, distress,

άσηθής, άσηθήναι, sor. I pass. stbj. and inf. of ἀσάω. å-σήμαντος, or, (a privet., σημαίνω) without leader, untended. II. unsealed, unmarked.

d-σημος, ον, (a privat., σήμα) without sign or mark; άσημοε χρυσόε uncoined gold; άσημα δελα arms with-

out device. II. of sacrifices, etc., giving no sign, obscure. III. indistinct, unseen, unbeard: of sounds, inarticulate. 2. of persons and places, we-

known, obscure, ignoble.

4-0 huer, er, gen. eres, - 607 pes.

doθivesa, ἡ, (doverhe) want of strength, weakness, pickliness.

2. a disease.

dovertes, L. fores, (doverhe) to be weak, feeble, sickly. dovertes, aros, ró, (doverles) an infirmity.

&σθενής, ές, (a privat., σθένος) without strength, weak: feeble, sickly. 2. of property, poor; of dσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.

d-ateriou, f. wow, (daterie) to weaken.

ἀσθενῶς, Adv. of ἀσθετής, weakly, feebly, slightly. ασθμα, ατος, τό, (de, to blow) bard-drawn breath, pasting, gasping from toil. II. a breath, breathing. ἀσθμαίνα, (ἀσθμα) to breath bard, gasp for breath. "Ασ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, ('Aσία, άρχω) an Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.

'Aστάε, άδοε, ή, ('Ασία) fem. Adj. Asiatic: ή 'Aσίαε (with or without κιθάρα), the lyre as improved by

Cepion of Lesbos.

AGRATO Yerha, is, (Asla, Yeros) of Asiatic descent. d-olonpos, or, (a privat., sloppos) not of iron. 2.

without eword.

d-otris, is, (a privat., stropas) of persons, unburt, unbarmed: of things, undamaged.

II. act. not barming, doing no barm: innocent.

2. protecting from barm. Hence

d-olves, Adv. innocently: Sup. decreerara.

dovos, a, ov, (dois) slimy, miry.

"AZIZ, cos, \$, slime, mud.

doiriu, i. how, (doiros) to go mithout food, to fast. doiriu, h, want of food, fasting. From

d-otros, or, (a privat., ofroe) without eating fasting. dominalos or dominaldβérns, δ, a kind of lizard. d-outhos, or, (a privat., σπάλλω) unboad, undug. doπάντης, ου, δ, a mean bed. II. a bier.

d-oraphaneral and -art, Adv. of demaphaneros, without winking, without unchanged look.

d-σκαρδάμινετος, ον, (a privat., σκαρδαμύσσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look. II. of time, in a twinkling.

d-ornalite, ie, (a suphon., ornalite) dried up, mithered. 2. neut. domelée, as Adv., also dome-

Aless, obstinately, stubbornly.

d-outempros, or, (a privat., subsupror) unbown.
d-outempos, or, (a privat., subspopul fut. of suorde)
inconsiderate:—Adv.—rese, inconsiderately.
II.
unconsidered, unobserved.

d-oncevie, is, -donevos.

d-survos, or, (a privat., snewh) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with ..., denevoe doublew re nel strated. "ARE", f., how: pf. hownen, pass. hownen:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, 2. to bonour a divinity, Lat. colere. II. in Att. and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere; said either of the person, as, dones to divin to enercise that of the person, as, dones to divin to enercise to body; or of the thing, as, dones to practing att. 2. c. inf., done to capture I practice.

tise or endeavour to remain such- 3, abod. 10 practise, train,

downstip, is, unburt, unbarmed: unseathed. (De-

riv. uncertain.)

dσκημα, ατος, τό, (dσπέω) απ americs. d-σκηνος, ον, (a privat., σπέρη) mithout tents.

doungous, eas. ή, (doutes) energies, training; doungois two practice of or in a thing. IL a trade, profession, Lat. ars.

άσκητίος, a, or, verb. Adj. of donles, to be practised. ἀσκητής, οῦ, δ, (ἀσκίω) one who practises any art or trade, opp. to lδιάτη»: an athlete. Hence

descripts, ή, όν, industrious: athletic.
describe, ή, όν, (deskie) curiously wrought.
2.
enercised in a thing.
3. to be acquired by practice.
as opp. to didactice.

6-outos, a, ov, (a privat., outa) without shade.

d-onlines, oros, d, h, (a privat., outres) without a staff. [I]

'Ăσκληπιείον, τό, the temple of Aesculapius. From 'Aσκληπιός, ό, Asclepius, Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.

d-outeres, or, (a privat., exercise) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, rivis. II. pass. imseen. 2. not to be seen, obscure: incredible.

'AZKO'Z, δ, a leathern bag, a wineskin.

2. generally, an animal's hide:—proverts, dande dispension to flay one alive; dande deddopdu to be flayed alive danded, τά, (dande) the second day of the rural Dionysis, on which they danced upon some-aking. Hence

'Armilialia, f. ou, to dance as at the Ascolia.

domenia, aros, 76, (donés) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.

doμa, τό, (đồω) a song, lay.

άσμάτο-κάμπτης, ου, δ, (έσμα, κάμπτης) εκίκεντ of song.

daμενος, η, ον, as if for ησμένος, perf. pass. part. of ήθομα: well-placed, glad: often in dat., da μένα μοι àν είη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. dσ μενάντερος, -άστεροε and -αίνεροε. Adv. -νεώ, gladly, readily.

dorouse, contr. for deloopes, fut. of delbs, so sing. d-oropos, or, (a privat., sopos) unwise, foolist.

AXIIA ZOMAI, fut. doopai: Dep. — to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave.

2. to embrace, kiss, caress.
3. to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master.

4. dowdfeedai or: .. to be glad that ...

d-ornalps, lon. impf. dornalpsorror, (a suphon., ornalps) to part, gast, struggle convulsively.

domanalos, i, a sweet-ecented shrub.

άσπάραγος, Att. ἀσφάραγος, δ, esparagus. άσπαροπος ου (α privat στι(ου) of land our

d-σπαρτος, ον, (α privat., σπείρω) of land, unscome.
untilled: of plants, not soun, growing wild.

ionacros, a, er, also os, or, (donacopai) melcome, mil-bleasing. Il. well-pleased, glad. Hence torcolor, Adv. readily, gladly.

ίστοσμα, ατοι, τό, (ἀσπάζομαι) a welcome, greeting: in plur. embraces. ίσπασμός, δ, (ἀσπάζομαι) an embrase: affection.

boracros, 4, 6r, - dorácios, melcome.

έσπαστος, αν, (α privat., σπένδομαι) to be appeared by no libations, implacable. i-susppas, er, (a privat., susppa) without seed, i.e.

without posterity. è-σπερχές, Adv., (a cuphon., σπέρχω) bastily, batly,

successingly.

potless, pure.

d-overos, ov, (a privat., elveir) unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great: neut, dowerov as Adv., suspeakably:—but, party dorreros an indistinct Voice.

άσπίδ-αποβλής, ήτος, δ, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) οπο that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward. don'the-orphog, or, (donte, orphow) wielding a

dσειδη-φόρος, ον, (dσείε, φέρω) shield-bearing: as Sobst. a shield-bearer, warrio

comδιώτης, δ, (dowis) shield-bearing, a warrior. tomb-ovyos, i, (domis, tyw) a shield-bearer.

downdownyslov, to, an armourer's abop. From έσπιδο-πηγός, δ, (ἀσπίε, πήγνυμι) a shield-maker. έσπιδο-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίε, φέρβω) livng by the shield, a warrior.

4-craillos, 8, 4, (a privat., crállos) without stain,

AZIII Z, iboe, h, a round shield, Lat. clipeus, made f bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss όμφαλός) in the middle, and fringed with tassels No coros): the long oblong shield was δπλον, Lat. ulum. 2. it common language used for a body f men-at-arms (δπλέται), δκτακισχιλίη donie 8000 esvy-armed men; en donidas nivre sal elnoce ráfafar to draw men up twenty-five deep; is doulda, no derida on or to the left, right shoulders forward. ecause the shield was held with the left hand, opp έπὶ δόρυ. II. an asp, a kind of snake.

σπιστέρ, ήροε, ό, and άσπιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀσπίε) ne armed with a shield, a warrior: also domicrup, Acj., exoror doriotopes din of shielded warriors. I-σπλαγχνος, ον, (a privat, σπλάγχνα) without

wels: metaph. beartless or merciless.

www.implacably. From -cravodos, ev, (a privat., crovôh) wilbout drinkering, to whom no drink-offering is poured. thous regular truce (which was ratified by ovor-): To downood a keeping out of treaty or covenant h others. III. admitting of no truce, implale: dorordos apá a deadly curse.

-σ-πούδασχος, ον, (a privat., σπουδάζω) not zeally parietd. II. not worth zeal, misebievous. சுசையின் and வீ-ஏயலமிர், Adv. (a privat., ஏரலமிர்) bous zeal: without a struggle, ignobly,

down, Att. Erra, Ion. for Erwa, next ol. of Serie. which, whichsoever, what, whatever.

Love, Att. drva, Ion. for rure, something, some, devapor, to, Dim. of Let. as, a farthing.

aσσον, Adv., Comp. of δγχι, nearer: sometimes c. gen., dosor lucio nearer 10 me:—also Adv. dosorépu, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. doubreροε, Sup. ασσότατος, Adv. ασσοτάτω.

doom, Att. contr. for dissu.

d-orabhe, ée, (a privat., lorapus) uneteady, unetable. ά-στάθμητος, ον, (a privat., σταθμάσμαι) unsteady, unstable: of things, uncertain.

d-στακτος, or, (a privat., στά(ω) not trickling, Le. gushing in streams: — Adv. dorant, in floods.

d-stationers, or, (a privat, statia(w) without party-opirit, quiet. Adv. -ree.

αστάτω, f. ήσω, to be unstable: be a wanderer. Prom d-ordres, or, (a privat., lorapae) not steadfast, uncertain, unstable.

άσταφίδιτιε, ίδοε, ή, fem. Adj. sonsisting of raisins. [87] From

ά-στάφις, ίδος, ή, (a cuphon., σταφίς) a raisis. doraguerour, dat. pl. of

d-στάχυς, νος, δ, (a cuphon., σταχυς) an ear of corn. ά-στίγαστος, or, (a privat., στεγά(ω) uncovered, of a ship, undecked; bid to doteyactor from their baring no sbelter.

doreilqua, Dep. to be witty. From

dorelog, or, also a, or, (doru) of the town; then, like Lat. urbanus, courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty; opp. to appoints.

ā-στειπτος, ω, (a privat., στείβω) untrodden. ά-στεμφής, έε, (α privat, στέμβω) unmoved, unsbaken: Adv., dστεμφέων έχειν τινά to hold one

2. of persons, inexorable. ά-στένακτος, ον, (a privat., στενάζω) without sigh ot groan: without need for groams.

nortion, verb. Adj. of dom, one must sing.

d-στοπτος, ον, (a privat., στέφω) unerowned: hence, unbonoured.

άστεργ-άνωρ, opos, δ, ή, (άστεργήs, drhp) without love of man, bating wedlock. [yā]

φωτεργής, έε, (a privat., στέργω) suitbout love, ων-Kind, bateful,

dorrepo-entite, is, (dorrho, elbos) starry.

dorrephas, esoa, er, (dorrip) starry: sparkling, glittering.

άστεροπή, ή, poët. for dστραπή, lightning. Hence άστεροπητής, οῦ, ὁ, the lightener.

åστερ-ωπόε, όν, (ἀστήρ, έψ) starry: star-like, bright. ά-στέφανος, ον, (α privat., στέφανος) without crown, ungarlanded.

å-στεφάνωτος, ον, (α privat., στεφανύω) not crowned. dorth, th, fem. of dorte, a female eitizen.

d-στηλος, or, (a privat., στήλη) without tombetone 'AZTHP, o, gen. spos: dat. pl. dorpaon, Lat. 2. any luminous body, a ASTRUM, a star, melege.

d-orthouros, or, (a privat., eropi(w) not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.

d-στίβής, ie, (a privat., στείβω) not to be trodden,

boly. 2. untrodden, solitary.

derunds, ή, όν, (derv) of a city or town, opp. to townty: rd derund Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' derv, the Dionysis celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονόσια 11: also native, opp. to fevence foreign.

II.—dervice, neat, pretty.

d-otheros, or, (a privat., orifu) not branded, not

marked with spots.

d-orthogramos, or, (a privat., orthografice) not acroped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.

d-ortolos, er, (a privât., erold) without the stole.

d-ortolos, er, (a privât., erolus) speechless.

II. of horses, bard-mouthed, unmanageable.

III. of dogs, bad-mouthed, unable to bite.

IV. of a sword, without edge.

dont-fevor, b, h, (done, fevor) the public guest of a city.

d-στοργος, ον, (a privat., στέργω) without natural affection, beartless, barbarous.

δστόε, δ, (δστυ) a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen,

opp. to Elvos.

dστοχέω, f. ήσω, to miss the mark: to fail. From d-στοχοε, or, (a privat., στόχοε) missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.

ά-στράβη, ή, a pack-saddle, an easy saddle. From ά-στράβης, έε, (a privat., στραφήναι) untwisted, straight.

ἀστραγάλη, ή, Ion. for dστράγαλοι III.

doτράγελος, δ, one of the vertebrae of the neck. II. the ankle bone, Lat. talus. III. mostly in plur. doτράγαλοι, ol, dice, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, Lat. tali: hence the game of dice. They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κόβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, 'Αφροδίτη, Lat. jactus Veneris; the worst, when all came alike, κύων, Lat. canis.

'AZTPAHH', 4, a flash of lightning, lightning. [ds] δστράπηφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry lightnings. From δστράπη-φόρος, ω, (ἀστραπή, φέρω) lightning-

bearing, flashing.

αστράπτω, f. ψω, (αστραπή) to lighten: impers., αστράπτει it lightens: trans. to flash forth.

II.

intr. to flash or glance like lightning.

dorpdon, dat. pl. of dortip.

d-στράτεία, ή, (a privat., στρατείω) exemption from service.

2. a abunning of service, which at Atheus was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφήν dστρατείαs to be indicted for it; dστρατείαs άλωναι to be convicted of it.

d-στράτευτος, ον, (a privat., στράτεύω) exempt from service.

2. never baving served.

6-στρεπτος, or, (a privat., στρέφω) not to be bent: of persons, unbending.

Compo-yelrew, or, gen. orne, (torpor, yelrer) mar

άστρολογία, ή, astrology. From άστρο-λόγος, ό, (άστρον, λέγω) απ astronomer: later, an astrologer.

"AZTPON, vo. Lat. ASTRUM, a star, constellation. dorrpovoules, f. how, and dorrpovoulles, f. low, to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and

derpovoula, h, astronomy. From

άστρο νόμος, ον, (άστρον νέμω) classing the stars:

as Subst., άστρονόμος, ό, an astronomer.

δ. στολος στ. (α print - στολος) michael turning

d-στροφος, or, (a privat., στρέφω) without turning round, Lat. irratorius; dστροφοε ελθεῦν to go withous turning the back.

άστρφος, a, or, (άστρον) of the stars, starry.

dotp-wates, by, - dot eposite.

d-στρωτος, ον, (a privat., στρόννυμι) without become bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.

"AZIT, 76: gen. eos, contr. oue, also eas:—a city, tosse: the Athenians called their own city "Acre, as the Romans called theirs Urbs; though dore also denoted the Upper Tosses, as opp. to Petroess.

ἀστο-άναξ, ακτοε, δ, (άστυ, άναξ) lord of the city. ἀστο-βοώτης, ου, δ, (άστυ, βοάω) crying through the city, epith. of a herald.

do-ti-yelrew, or, gen. oros, (dorv, yelrew) near a bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.

doτise, Adv. (doτυ) into, to, ox towards the city.
doτuces, ή, όν, = doτuces.

d-orthos, or, (a priv., orthos) without pillar or prop.

αστύνομέω, to be an αστυνόμου. From

dort vouce, δ, (dorv, ripe) a magistrate at Athens, who bad the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peirseus.

II. as Adj. protecting cities: also public, social; δργαl dστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.

doτο-6χος, ον, (doτο, έχω) keeping ibe city.

ά-στυφέλικτος, ον, (α privat., στυφελίζω) unsbaken. ά-στύφελος, ον, (α privat., στυφελία) not rocky. ά-συγγνώμων, ον, (α privat., συγγνώμων) weldoe t forgiveness, relentless, merciless.

&-συγκίραστος, αν, (a privat., συγκίραστος) seet es be mixed.

d-συγκόμιστος, or, (a privat., συγκομίστος) mos gathered together, unreaped.

ά-σύγκριτος, ον, (a privat., σύγκριτος) πος so be mined, unsocial.

πίπου, πποτείαι. - ἀ-συγκρότητος, ον, see ἀξυγκρύτητος.

d-σθκοφάντητος, ω, (α privat., συκοφαντέω) πο

douhaios, a, or, (d-ouhor) of an asylume.

ά-σύλητος, ον, (α privat., συλάω) inviolabile. άσθλία, ή, (άσυλοε) inviolability, security, esp. of a

suppliant.
ά-συλλόγιστος, οτ, (a privat., συλλογίζομας) seable to reason:—Adv., άσυλλογίσται έχουν το be

unable to reason.
d-στίλος, or. (α privat., σύλη) free from plunder;

mbermed, inviolate: also c. gen., yapur devilos safe ! from marriage. i-riphatos, or, (a privat., suppaire) not soming to terms: incompatible. Adv. -rue.

ά-σύμβλητος, ον, (a privat., συμβάλλω) not to be zvaued, unintelligible.

έσυμβολος, αν, (a privat., σύμβολαν) without pay-

ing one's contribution or subscription. ά-σύμμετρος, ον, (α privat., σύμμετροε) incommen-

II. disproportionate, unequal. d-oursabhe, és, (a privat., suprabhs) without sym-

ά-σύμφορος, ον, (α privat., συμφέρω) inempedient,

useless: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. -pon.

d-σύμφωνος, er, (a privat., σύμφωνος) not accordant. d-orivberos, or, (a privat., ourbéu) unconnected.

downerla, f. (downeros) want of understanding or epprebension, stupidity.

4-cúveros, Att. 4-fúveros, or, (a privat., ouverbe) II. unintelligible. vid of understanding, stupid. Adv. – rom. [8]

& otvigues, Att. & furques, or, gen. oros, (a privat., evrique) without understanding. a-ourteres, Att. a-furberes, or, (a privat, ourti-

kμαι, cf. συνθήνη) bo: id by no treaties, faitbless. Adv. – ress. L-GUVVAKTOS, Att. L-ÉUVTAKTOS, OV. (a privat., our-

rásses) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not battle-order: hence disorderly. IL 142ocial. III. ill-proportioned. IV. not as-

rssed, free from taxes. å-σ<del>ύντονος</del>, ον, (α privat., συντώνω) not *strained*.

ack. Adv. -ves, lazily, Sup. -érrara. i-συσκεύαστος, ον, (a privat., συσκευάζω) not well

ranged, not convenient. k-σ<del>ύστάτος,</del> Att. ἀξύστατος, ον, (α privat., συνтараг) not bolding together: metaph. irregular,

even, wacouth, rugged. σύφηλος, or, vile, disbonoured: also disbonouring, proachful. (Deriv. unknown.)

συχία, ἀσύχιμος, ἀσυχος, Dor. for ήσυχ-.

-σφάδαστος, ον. (α privat., σφαδάζω) without conlsion ot struggle.

- cr фажтов, ov. (a privat., co arrw) unslaughtered. σ**φάλοια**, δ, (ἀσφαλήε) firmness, stability.

urance from danger, security, personal safety: also afe conduct. 3. certainty, surety.

From Prom. From σφαλής, έε, (a privat., σφάλειν zor. 2 inf. of العكرية) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, sming, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain.

secure; èr dopalei or et dopaloie, in eafety; do dand safety. Hence

TARLES, f. low Att. W, to secure, guarantee. A Leσθήναι, 201. I pass. inf. of dσφαλίζω. - had time, ov, δ, fem. irve, η, of asphalt, bitu-

ous: Aljon 'Achaltitis, Lat. Lacus Asphaltien, Dead Sea. [1] From

Copaltos, ov, 4, asphalt or blemmen, forming in

lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.) dopande, Ion. -lue, Adv. of dopange, firmly, so-

eurely : Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Bup. -έστατα. å-σφάράγεω, (a suphon., σφαραγέω) to ring, resound.

dorpapayos, o, (a suphon., spapayos) the throat. gullat.

down down Acol, for owl, owl.

άσφόδαλος, δ, asphodel, a plant like the lily.

as Adj., dopošekće ker*pier the asphodel* meadow, which

the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.) doxalde, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. doxalde, 3 plur. dexalows, inf. doxaldar, part. dexalder:

-another form is doxables. To be vessed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάαν μένων to be vened at waiting; doχαλάν τινι to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., doχάλ-

hew barator to feel a borror of death. (Deriv. uncertain.) 4-oxeros, or, (a privat., exely, 201. 2 inf. of fxw)

not to be ebecked or restrained, irrepressible. doxynuovies, to behave unseemly, aet indecorously;

and δσχημοσύνη, ή, deformity, indecency. From

d-σχήμων, ον, gèn. ονος, (a privat., σχήμα) shapeless: unseemly, sbameful. Adv. do xnubrus.

aσχολία, ή, occupation, industry, business. want of leisure: a bindrance from other things; do yo-May superyery rive to be a hindrance to one. From 6-σχολος, ον, (a privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy,

industrious. Adv. -λω. άσχολόων, ἀσχολόωσι, Ep. pres, part. and 3 plur. of dσχαλάω.

&-σώμάτος, or, (α privat., σώμα) without body, incorporeal.

acuria, h, prodigality, dissoluteness. Prom &-σωτος, ον, (α privat., σώζω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditue. Adv. -rese, dissolutely.

&τακτέω, f. ήσω, to be undisciplined on disorderly. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From

d-taktos, or, (a privat., rásse) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's poet. 2. undisciplined. disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. - res.

à-τάλαίπωρος, ον, (a privat., ταλαίπερος) not toiling. patiently, careless, indifferent.

à-τάλαντος, ον. (a copul., τάλαντον) equal in: weight, equivalent or equal to.

άταλά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (άταλός, φρήν) tenderminded.

άτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλόε) to gambol, sport II, trans, to bring up a child, rear, foster:—Pass. to grow up, wan.

άταλός, ή, όν, (akin to άπαλός) tender, delicate. ἀταλό-ψύχος, ον, (ἀταλός, ψυχή) soft-bearted. arafía, 4, (árantos) a want of discipline.

disorder, confusion, licentiousness. 'ATA'P, Ep. abráp, Conjunct. but, yet, Lat &, to introduce an objection: drap wow tone still thou didst | straightforward. my: it often stands for be after per.

á-rápantos, or, (a privat., rápássou) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

āταραξία, ή, freedom from passion, calmness.

d-ταρθής, is, (a privat., τάρβοι) fearless; άταρβής The Ocas baving no fear about the sight.

d-τάρβητος, ον, (a privat., ταρβίω) undaunted.

drapatros, f, Ion. for drpamiros. άταρπός, ή, Ion. for άτραπός.

άταρτηρός, όν, Ερ. for άτηρός, mischievous, baneful. ἀτασθάλία, ή, (ἀτάσθάλοι) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

άτασθάλλω, to act presumptuously. From

åτάσθάλος, ον, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) presumptuous, reckless. ά-ταύρωτος, or, also η, or, (α privat., ταῦροι) κπwedded, virgin, pure.

d-τάφος, ον, (a privat., τάφηναι) unburisd.

άτω, f. ήσω, (άτη) to burt, barm: Pass. to suffer, be in distress. are, acc. plur. neut. of sorre, used as Adverb, like Trep, just as, as if, so as. II. only in Prose. inasmuch as, seeing that, Lat. quippe, utpote.

d-revictor, or, (a privat., revye) unwetted, not soft-

ened: bard-bearted, relentless.

d-resphs, és, (a privat., respu) not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied: also atubborn, unbending:

d-relxurros, or, (a privat., ruxi(w) without walls and towers, unfortified. II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ά-τέκμαρτος, ον, (a privat., τεκμαίρομαι) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain. Adv., drenpaprus exer to be in the dark,

åтекvia, ф. childlessness. From

ά-τεκνος, ον, (a privat., τέκνον) childless.

άτέλαια, ή, (ἀτελήε) at Athens, exemption from pub-

lic burdens (τέλη), Lat. immunitas. .

à-τίλουτος, ον, (a privat., τελέω) without end or effect: unfinished: -neut. pl. ἀτέλεστα, as Adv., in II. uninitiated in.

ά-τελεύτητος, ον, (a privat., τελευτάω) not coming to an end, unaccomplished. II. endless, impracticable.

d-relevence, or, (a privat., relevent) endless.

d-reline, és, (a privat., rélos) without end, unaccomplished. 2. ineffectual, Lat, irritus, 3. imperfect, unripe, II. act. not bringing to an end, not act. not bonouring. accomplishing a thing. III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, Lat. immunis. IV. uninitiated in a thing, Twie.

drealing to long for attaceas

ἀτέμβω, only used in pres. to bring to barm, to maltreat, confound: - Pass. to be bereft of a thing; dreuβονταννεύτητος they are deprived of, i e. past, youth. | forsaking the herd, feeding alone. (Deriv. uncertain.) [a]

intent, intense: excessive.

3. unbending, stubbern. Adv. drerue, or dreree, exceedingly. Hence ereview. f. low, to look at intently, gaze at.

"ATEP, Prep. with. gen. without, except, besides. IL aloof, apart, away from.

d-répauves, or, (a privat., répauvee) unsoftmed, un

feeling, inexorable. d-repaper [d], er, gen. eres, Att. for drepaper. areple, before a vowel arepler, - arep.

d-répuer, or, gen. oros, (a privat., répus) mittout bounds: baving no outlet, inextricable.

2. ÉTEIGE arepos [d], or, Dor, for Evepos, or [d], Att. contr. for & Erepos, gen. Carépou, dat. Carépy, baring etc., or with mark of erasis, barinov, etc.

ά-τερπής, έε, (α privat., τέρπω) unpleasing, joylan, II. not enjoying a thing, Turbe.

d-repros, or, - drepris.

d-reuxis, és, and d-reuxητοs, ev, (α privat., τεύχα) unarmed.

d-regres, or, or a-regular, is, (a privat., regra) with out art, unskilled, rude: of things, inartificial. without art or cunning, simple.

d-regyons. Adv. of dregyons, and d-regyons, of arex yos, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, abolutely, utterly, Lat. plane, prorsus, in which sense it is mostly written dτεχνώς; as dτεχνώς ξένως έχω I an an utter stranger.

åτέω, only in part. ἀτέων, fool-bardy, reckless.

άτη, ή, (ἀάω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of 3. "Ary personified, the godpersons, a bane, pest. dess of mischief: the Arral come slowly after her, == doing the evil she has worked, v. Il. 9. 500. [4]

d-typeros, or, (a privat., then) unmelted. άτημελέω, f. ήσω, to be careless. From

ά-τημελής, έε (a privat., τημελήε) careless.

άτημέλητος, ον, (άτημελέω) unbeeded, uncorni IL act. taking 2. baffled, disappointed. no beed: Adv., άτημελήτων έχειν τινός to take # beed of a thing.

II.

άτηρός, ά, όν, (άτη) deluded, driven to rain. baneful, ruinous. Add. -pŵs. [a]

11. zs ATUS, loos, h, Attic; cf. ATTUEGE. Subst. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), Attica. 2. (sub. γλ<del>ώττα</del>), 🕍 Attic dialect.

d-rieros, or, (a privat., rie) unbonoured.

d-rife, f. low, (a privat., rife = rie) not so beacer absol. in part., drifar unbeeding: but c. acc. to slight treat lightly.

a-relaceuros, or, (a privat., relaceus) untaried, est to be tamed, wild.

άτιμ-δίγελης, ου, δ. (άτιμάω, άγελη) despising α

a-τιμάζω, f. άσω: tor. I ήτιμάσα: pf. iripia: å-reris, έε, (a copul., reisw) strained tight: hence Pass., soc. I ήτιμάσθην: pf. ήτίμασμα: (a privil. 2. straight, direct: | replai). To extern lightly, dishonour, slight :- Pris

u.

to refer disbonour or insult. II. = drupou in legal sense, to deprive of civil rights, ατίμαστέος, α, αν, verb. Adj. of ατιμάζω, εο be de-2. dripagrior, one must disbonour. ἀτιμαστήρ, ήρος, ό, (ἀτιμάζω) a disbonourer. άτιμαστος, ον, (άτιμάζω) disbonoured despised. ά-τίμαω, f. ήσω: aor. Ι ήτίμησα: pf. ήτίμημα:--Pass., 201. I \$\(\tau\_1\tau\_2\tau\_1\ light, dishonour. Hence utility of unbosoured, despised. legal sense, not estimated; dien deluntos a cause in which the penasty is not assessed in court, but fixed by hw. άτιμία, ή, (άτιμοε) disbonour, disgrace. 2. at Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. deminutio capitis. 6-τίμος, or, (a privat., τιμή I) unbonoured, disbonoured: c. gen. without the bonour of. Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. eapite deminutus, opp. to enτιμου: cf. ἀτιμία. II. (τιμή n) without price or value. 2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence άτιμόω, £ ώσω, to disbonour :- Pass. to suffer dis-

bonour. 2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of civil privileges (Δτιμία), Let, aerarium facers, άτιμων, Ερ. impf. of ἀτιμών, Αdv. of ἀτιμώρητεί, and ἀτιμώρητεί, Adv. of ἀτιμώρητος, ον. (α privat., τιμωρέομαι) unavenged,

unpunished. 2. unprotected.
ἀτίμως, Adv. of άτιμος, disgracefully.
ἀ-τίμωστε, εως, ἡ, (ἀτιμόω) a disbonouring. [τί]

άτιτάλλω, 20τ. I lon. ἀτίτηλα: (ἀταλόε):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.

distancement. 2. unaverged. II. unpaid.

d-ries, (a privat., ries) not to bonour, not to re-

enge. [[]
'Ατλα-γενής, έε, ('Ατλαε, γένοε) sprung from Atlas.
'Ατλαντίε, ίδοε, ή, daughter of Atlas. From

"A-rhas, arros, b, (a euphon., rhipras) Aslas, one of forent.
the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven:
also one of the Titans.

2. the pillar of heaven,
a-roi

Mount Arlas in West Africa.

Δτλητέω, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From

Δ-τλητόω, Dor. Δ-τλάτου, ον, (a privat., τλήναι) not
to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared.

άτμή, ή, - άτμος, smoke, beat.

d-Tumpos, or, (a privat., Tipra) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid watte.

2. of mines, unpersed.

dτμίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀτμόν) to emoke: of water, to steam. ἀτμίκ, ίδον, ἡ, (ἀω, ἀημι) steam, vapour. [τ] ἀτμόκ, δ, (ἀω, ἀημι) emoke, Lat. vapor.

4-τοεχος, αν. (α privat., τοίχου) unwalled.
4-τοεχος, αν. (α privat., τεκέν) never basine

d-roscos, or, (a privat., reseiv) never basing bad a child. II. without interest, of borrowed

હે- ક્રિક્ષ સુરુવ, or, (a privat., τολμάω) not to be dared:

ἀτολμία, ή, want of daring, sowardies. From ά-τολμος, ον, (a privat., τόλμα) wanting sowage, sowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring.

d-τομος, ον, (a privat., τομή) uneut: unmown. II.
not able to be eut, indivisible; èv dτόμφ in a moment

of time.

d-rovos, or, (a privat., relvu) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. remissus.

II. (Tivos) without accent.

guia, Lat. remissus.

11. (Topos) unifoud accent.
d-rofos, ov. (a privat., rófos) unifoud bous or arrow.
drowia, h, strangeness, addness, absurdity: unusual

nature: unnatural conduct. From 6-rowes, or, (a privat., rónes) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. inspirus. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence

άτόπως. Adv. absurdly. άτος, ω, contr. for άατος, insatiate, c. gen.

άτροκτος, ό, and ἡ, α spindle. Π. also as αντουν, cf. ήλανάτη. (Deriv. uncertain.) ά-τρατίτός, Ερ. ἀτάρπυνος, ἡ, α path. ἀ-τραπός, Ερ. ἀ-ταρπός, ἡ, (α cuphon., τρέπω) α

path that does not turn, a path, way, road.

Anpiuma, h, reality, strict truth, accuracy.

justice, uprigibiness. From ATPEKH'Z, ée, real, true, exact. II. strict,

just, upright.
d-rosud, and before a vowel d-rosuda, Adv., (a privat., rosum) without trembling.

2. quistly, calmly, gently.

å-τρεμαίοs, a or, poët, for åτρεμής, salm, genile; ἀτρεμαία βοά a whisper.

άτρεμέω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From

å-rpeuhe, és, (a privat., rpépe) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. årpeul, quietly.

arpeula, 4, (arpeuse) a keeping still: calmness.
arpeula, f. low Att. W, (arpeuse) to keep quiet:

obe drpept(ev to be restless or unquiet. 6-rpeuros, or, (a privat., rpéno) unmoved, indif-

d-τρεστος, ον, (a privat., τρέω) not trembling, fearless. d-τρίακτος, ον, (a privat., τριάζω) unconquered.

d-τρίβαστος, ον, (a privat., τρίβω) not accustomed.
d-τρίβής, és, (a privat., τρίβω) not accustomed.
d-τρίβής, és, (a privat., τρίβω) not rubbed t
of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not
used.

2. of clothes, not much worn, ness, Lat.

integer. Atplov, to, Dot. for htplov.

6-τριπτος, or, (a privat., τρίβω) not worn bard by work.

2. of corn, not threshed.

3. άτριπτος άκανθαι thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.

ά-τρόμητος, οτ, (α privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless. ά-τρομος, οτ, (α privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat, intrepidus.

άτροπία, ή, obstinacy. From

d-rpowes, or, (a privat., rpine) not turning, unchangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: h "Arpowes, name of one of the Molpas or Parcz.

ἀτροφέω, f. ήσω, to pine away. From

a-τροφος, or, (a privat., τρίφω) taking no food: | abilitios, a, or, (abos) dry, parebed, withered: of pining away, ill of an acropby.

ά-τρύγετος, αν, also η, ον, (α privat, τρόγάω) καfruitful, barren : generally, waste, desert.

ά-τρύγης, ές, (a privat., τρύγη) not gathered.

ά-τρύμων, ον, gen. ονος, - άτρυτος, c. gen., άτρύμων waxûr not worn out by ills. [0]

d-τρύτος, ον, (a privat., τρύω) not worn down, wnabating: of a road, wearisome.

'A-τρῦτώνη, the Unwearied. (Lengthd. form from Δτρύτη, as 'Aϊδωνεύε from Aίδηε.)

d-Towros, or, (a privat., TITPOUTEW) unwounded. arra. Att. for riva. arra for ariva. v dosa, dosa. "ATTA, a salutation used to elders, father; cf. dura, årφα, εάπτα, [τά]

arrayas, a, b, Lat. attagen, prob the godwit.

аттатаї, a cry of pain or grief: sometimes prolonged, drarrarai, etc.: also used ironically.

άττελαβος, Ion. άττελεβος, δ, a kind of locust without wings.

'ATTIKLE, f, low Att. W. ('ATTIRUS) to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic. Hence

attunopos, o, a siding with Athens, attachment to ber. II. an Attic expression. Atticism.

'Arrunius, Dim. of 'Arrin's, a little Athenian. \*Αττικός, ή, ών, (ἀκτή) Attic, Atbenian : ή 'Δττική

(sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) = 'A $\tau \theta is$ , Attica. Αττικωνϊκός, ή. ών, a comic alteration of Αττικύς,

imitated from the form of Aaroninis.

ATTOV, Att. for door, nearer. фтты, Att. for фооы, dioou, q. v.

ἀτύζομαι, 201. I part. ἀτυχθείε: Pass.: (ἀτάω):--to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered; arv(6μενοε τεδίοιο flying wildly over the plain; also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing. IL rarely in Act. drife, f. ife, to strike with terror.

a-topavveutos, or, (a privat., tuparreva) not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.

C-rudos, av. (a privat., ruda) not puffed up.

ἀτυχέω, f. ήσω, (ἀτυχής) to be unlucky or unfortuuste, fail, miscarry: c. gen to fail in getting or gaining a thing. 2 druxely upos riva to fail with knother, 1. e. fail in one's request. Hence

ἀτύχημα, ατος, τό, α mufortune, miskap.

i-τυχής, is, (a privat., τυχείν) luckless, unfortunate, unsuccenful. Adv. - xûr

άτυχία, ή, (άτυχέω) ill luck, bad fortune. a misearriage, mishap

AT', Adv. of Place, back, backwards, Lat. retro. IL of Time, again, anew, afresb, once more, Lat. denuo. III. further, moreover, besides, Lat. 2. on the other hand, in turn, Lat. vicisum. parro. avalve, impl. avarer: f. avarê: sor. I pass. avarθην: (αύω):—to dry. 2. to wither or pareb up; Blor abairer to waste life away: fut, med. abaroupar in pass, sense, I shall wither away.

hair, rough, squalid: of eyes, sleepless.

Abaous, 1, - Oaous, the name of the sertile islets in the Libyan deserts. avara, Acol. for arn, calamity, mischief; to be pro-

nounced &F&7&.  $a\dot{v}\gamma\dot{a}\dot{c}\omega$ , f.  $d\sigma\omega$ : aor. I  $\eta\dot{v}\gamma a\sigma a$ :  $(a\dot{v}\gamma\dot{\eta})$ :—to set

distinctly, discern, behold: so also in Med. intr. to sbins.

ATTH, h, a bright light, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. the rays, beams of the sun; bu abyas in hime under the light of the run, i.e. still alive, abyis heirσειν to behold the light, i.e. to be alive; κλύζειν πρόι abyds to rise surging towards heaven. 2. any light, esp. of the eyes; oundrew abyal and abyal alone, like Lat. lumina, the eyes. 3. any gleam on the surface of bright objects, sbeen.

αὐδάζομαι, f. άξομαι: 201. Ι ηὐδαξάμην: Dep.: (avon):—to cry out, speak.

audam, impl. nudar: f. how Att. dow: sor. I no δησα, Ion. 3 sing, αὐδήσασκε: pf. ηύδηκα:—also audaouas, as Dep.:—to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim. 3. c. inf. to tell, bid, order to speak, to address. to do. 4. to call by name; αὐδῶμαι παῖε 'Αχιλλίως I am called Achilles' son. 5. like Afrew, Lat. dicere, to mean. From

AΥ'ΔH', ή, the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e.g. the mong of the bowstring. a report, account. Hence

abbines, even, ev, speaking with human voice. αὐ-ερύω (i. e. αὖ ἐρύω), 20τ. Ι αὐέρὕσα;—to dray back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.

aibábna, pošt. aibūbla, j, self-will, seilfulness, stubbornness, presumption. From

aiθ-abης [ā], es, (abτός, ήδομαι) self-willed, wilful, stubborn, beadstrong: also unfeeling. Adv. -dan. aid-abla, f. poët, for aidábeia.

self-willed or stubborn.

aidabinos, h. or, (aidabns) disposed to be self-suilled. aibabious, aros, ro, (aibabns) an act of self-will wilfulness.

aidādo-στομος, ον, (αίθάδης, στόμα) wilfed on proed of speech.

aid-aiper, or, gen. oros, (airos, aipa) of the Lane blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near hinsman. aid-alperos, or, (airós, alpéw) self-chosen, self-II. taken upon oneself, self-incurred:

voluntary, optional. Adv. -ren. aidentée, f. how, to have power over. From

aid-ivrys, ou, o, contr. for abroivrys, (abros, ipres) an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a self-murderer, suiside. an absolute master or ruler. II. as Adj., at the poros death by murder.

with typepos, ov, (airros, typica) made or buspening

on the very day: Adv. adda mephr Ion. advampes on the very day.

aid., Adv. shortd. for airride, of Place, on the spot,

bere, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

alb.yerha, Ion. abrey., is, (abb., yerkebal) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigina: of ivers, rising in the country; abbeyerks blap spring water.

2. Hennine, sincere.

water. 2. genuine, sincare.

sible, Ion. abrus, Adv., a lengthd. form of ab: I.
of Place, back, back again. II. of Time, again,
grub, anew: also bereafter. III. moreover,

besides, in turn, on the other band.

all-byacyos, (abrós, брациог) akin, of the selfsame blood.

an-laxes, or, (a copul., laxi) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

akhaξ, ἀκου, ἡ, = ἀλοξ, a furrow: also ωλαξ, for which Homer used ωλξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

eshame, a, or, sometimes also on, or, (abhi) of or belonging to the abhi or court; he abhitout disput disput at door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, house-door.

auλlie, f. free, (αυλόε) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; auλείται τῶν μέλα-θρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to

get oneself played to, bear music.

auλή, ή, (\*άω, άημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with outbuildings, the altar of Zede Epseice being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αύλεισε), and one leading through the alθουσα into the sposomos. IL after Hom., the abhi was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. ablesoe) was the (uéσαυλος οτ μέταυλος), leading into the women's part of the house. III. generally, any court or IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber. ball. aύλημα, ατοε, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the

αὐλησοθντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω. αὐλητήρ, ήρος, δ, and αὐλητής, οῦ, δ, (αὐλέω) α Αυτο-ρίαγος. Hence

αὐλητικόε, ή, όν, of ox for a flute-player; ή αὐλητική (sub. τέχνη), bis art.

a the tribe of the description of the state of the state

αίλιάς, άδος, ή, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

αὐλίζομα: fut, med. αὐλίσομα: 201. 1 ηὐλισάμην: 201. 1 pass. ηὐλίσθην: pf. ηὐλισμα: Dep.: (αὐλή):

—to lie in the αὐλή στ court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αθλιον, τό, (αβλη) any country bouse, a cottage: a

old. II. a chamber, cave.

ash.oc, a, ω, (αθλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds,

αδλια, ιδοε, ή, (αδλίζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αδλιν θέσθαι to pitch one's tent. αύλιστος, δ, Dim. of αδλόε, a small reed, a pipe. αύλιστρία, ίδοε, ή, (αδλίζομαι) a female inmate in a bosse.

αὐλο-δόκη, ή, (αὐλόε, δέχομαι) a flute-case. αὐλο-θετέω, (αὐλόε, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes αὐλο-ποιόε, δ, (αὐλόε, ποιέω) a flute-maker. αὐλόε, δ, (\*αὕω, to blow) any wind-instrument, a

flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; abλοί ἀνδρήδοι καί γυναικήδοι, prob. like Lat. tibia destra
at sinistra, i. e. bass and treble; αύλλο Ένναλίου the
pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet.

2. any tube, pipe,
groove, socket.

achiev, sirve, 8, poët. elso 4, (ablies) a bolloss way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait: ablieves wornes the see-straits, i. e. the Archipelago.

αύλ-θινια, ιδος, ή, (αὐλός, δψ) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to bold the plume (λόφος).

ATEAND or ATED, post, difes: f. abifose: act. I ηθέησα: pf. ηθέημα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to bonour, exalt, excl. II. Pass., with fut. med. abifoρομαι and pass. abifoρομαι: act. I ηθέβορι: pf. ηθέημα:—to grow,

alifyfels, nor. I pass. part. of alifere. Alifyria, h, (alifer) the goddess of growth. alifyris, eas, h, (alifer) growth, increase. alifyris, or. (alifer) promoting growth.

aύξο-σέληνον, τό, (αυξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon. αυξώ, οῦς, ἡ, (αυξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

aθfω, v. sub abfárω. αψονή, ή, (αδοε) dryness, withering.

alos, n, or, (also) dry, dried, of fruit; alor direst to ring dry and barsh, of metal. 2. withered, parehed. 3. drained dry, enhausted.

อังสงโอ, กุ๋, eleeplessness. From.

di-nvos, or, (a privat., bevos) elespless, wakeful; bevos diverse a elesp that is no elesp.

buros áburos a sleep tbat is no sleep. - αδρα, Ion. αδρη, ή, (\*δω, δημι) air in motion, a

breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.
αύριον, (from αδώς, Acol. for ζώς) Adv. to-morrow;
ἐε αύριον on the morrow, next morning or till morning: † αύριον (sub. ἡμέρα), the morrow; also, ἡ ἐκ.
αύριον ἡμέρα, ὁ αύριον γρόνος.

divoral, sor. I inf. of also to shout.

avous, Dor. for motion.

αὐσταλέος, poët. ἀϋσταλέος, α, ον, (αὖοι) sunburnt, sbrivelled, parched, Lat. siccus.

αύστηρός, ά, ίν, (\*δω, αύω, άζω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter. 2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, barzh, austere. Hence

αὐστηρότης, ητος, ή, roughness, rough flavour.

metaph, barsbness, sternness, austerity.

air-dypolos, or, (airis, dyplila) carrying one's com message: bringing news of subat one has seen.
air-dyporos, or, (airis, dyplu) self-chosen, left to one's choice.

II. act. choosing for oneself.

air-ábelφos, or, (abrós, άδελφόε) related as brother or sister: one's own brother or sister.

aut-arthor, or, (advice, drip) with the men themselves, men and all.

abriduluos, a, (abrós, drefile) an oun cousin, cousin-german.

αὐτάρ, Conjunct., Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, bouseuer, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

airthocaa, h, (airtheuns) sufficiency in oneself, independence.

air-apuna, es, (abros, apula) sufficient in oneself, independent of others; πόλιε αbrάρμης a country that supplies itself, that swants no imports; c. inf., abrάρμης δναγκάζειν fully able to compel.

core, Adv. I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. housever, on the contrary.

αύτ-έκμαγμα, ατος, τό, (αύτός, ξεμάσσομαι) απ exact impression, true portrait.

air-cours, or, (airis, ifouria) in one's own power: To air-cours free power.

power: το αυτερουσίω free power.
αύτ-επάγγελτος, ον, (αύτόε, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) offering of oneself, freely, Lat. sponts.

air-entertinos, or, (air be, Entervios) of the same surname.

air-eperge, ou, &, (abroe, eperge) rower and soldier at once.

dürie, Ep. impf. döreve, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout: also in Act., to call. [9] From düri, f., (abe) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [9]

air-husses, or, (air be, decoles) one who has himself beard, an ear-witness.

air-fiμap, Adv., — αἰθημέρον, on the selframe day. αἰτι-γενής, έε, Ιοπ. for αἰθιγενής.

airikii [1], Adv. (abros) forthwith, straightway, immediately; airisa mit perferent now and hereafter: presently, directly, Lat. mon. II. for enample, just to give an example; airisa 7dp doxu did rir' d Zeús; for enample, by what means does Zous rule the gods?

airus, Ion. and Dor. for airus.

dθτμή, (°des, αίω, to blow) breath: the blast of a bellows. II. a seem, odoso.

άντμήν, μένος, ό, -- άντμή.

αύτο βοεί, Adv. (αὐτόε, βοή) by a mere about; αὐτοβοεὶ ἐλεθ' to take without resistance.

αὐτό-βουλος, αν, (αὐτία, βουλή) self-svilled.

αύτο-γέννητος, ον, (αύτός, γεντάω):—κοιμήματα μητρός αύτ. a mother's intercourse with her own child.

abroyvemente, f. how, to act of one's own will or judgment From

airo-quiquen, or, gen. evos, (airis, quiqu) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. - pieses.

abro-youros, as, (abros, yeyrboses) self-resolved, self-chosen.

abró-γύος, er, (abrós, γύης) :— άροτραν αὐτόγυον a plough in subich the γύης is of one piece with the έλυμα and Ιστοβοεύς.

airo-bățe, is, (airis, bairu) unpremeditated. airo-bălures, or, (airis, baitu) self-slain or mutually slain.

eir-obat, Adv. (abrée, blat) with elenched testh:

abro-Baca, (abroe, Bina) just ten.

αὐτό-δηλος, ον, (αὐτόε, δήλοε) self-exident. αὐτο-δίδακτος, ον, (αὐτόε, δίδάσκω) self-taught.

with Stron, or, (abrie, diry) with one's own lawcourts: conducting one's own suits at home.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτόε) straightway.

auto-liuntos, ar, (autos, lilava) curling naturally.
auto-lutes, or, d., - auditries, a murderer.

abro-eria, is, (abros, eros) in or of the same year:
Adv. abrosres, in the same year, within the year.

αύτο-θαλεί, Adv. of αὐτοθελήε, voluntarily. αὐτο-θαλήε, έε, (αὐτόε, θέλω) of one's own will, voluntary.

airtôler, Adr. (abrov) of Place, from the very apot subers one is from bence, from thence, Lat. illine. IL of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.

αὐτόθί, Adv. for aὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.
αὐτο-κἄσίγνητος, δ, and -τη, ή, (αὐτόε, κασίγνητοε) an own brother or sister.

auro-cardaptree, or, (abros, naraspire) self-condemned.

airo-kilandos, ar, (airós, kilandos) going am's oun way.

airro-nilevorros, ar, (airris, nelesse) est-bidden, af ans s own accord.

αύτο-κελής, ές, (αθτός, κέλομαι) - foreg.

airtó-uλητος, ον, (abrós, καλέω) self-called, i. e. uncalled, unbidden.

a. or, (abros, whip) with natural bair, shaggy. Π. bair and all.

auto-upătria, ie, (airie, spiroe) ruling by omeself, baving full power, absolute: rò airosparie free will. auto-upătup, opoe, ô, â, (airie, sparie) one's caus master: I. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris.

2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full possers.

3. of ruleri, absolute: peremptory.

airt-urtros, ov, (airte, urlie) self-produced, made by nature.

abronrovius, to slay themselves or one another. From abro-urtivos, or, (abrils, ureiva) self-elaying. IL slaying one another; bararos abrourieros mutual death by each other's hand.

αύτο-κύβερνήτης, ου, δ, (αύτδε, κυβερνάω) ους subs

αὐτό-κωπος, αν, (αὐτός, κώπη) together mith the

bandle; Bidy abronura weapons with a bandle, i. e. | of oneself, of one's own accord. swords. ebro-pathe, es, (airos, pateir) self-laught, riros in a thing.

αύτο-μαρτύς, δος, δ, ή, (αὐτός, μάρτυς) oneself the witness, i. e. an eyewitness.

abropariles, f. loss, to act of one's own will, to act

of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From αύτό-μάτος, η, ον, also oe, ον, (αὐτόε, μέμαα, pf. of \* min) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. self-moving; rd abropara self-moving machines, 2. of plants, growing of themselves, andomatone. 3, of events, bappening of themspontaneous. ulves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάrow, naturally or by chance. Adv. -row, Lat. ultro,

sponte sua. εύτομολίω, f. ήσω, (αὐτόμολοι) to desert. Hence σύτομόλησιε, eas, ή, and σύτομολία, ή, desertion. with polos, or, (air be, poleir) going of oneself: as Sobst. a deserter.

abrovouéouas, Dep. (abróvouce) to live by one's

oun laws, be independent.

autovopila, h, independence. From airo-vous, or, (airos, repu) living by and s own law: independent. II. (vépopai) feeding at will. abro-vext, Adv. (abroe, ruf) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλος, αν, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood. abro-mais, maidos, o, f, (abros, mais) an own shild,

son or daughter. cito-whiter, or, gen. oros, (airle, whim) for one's

COOK SPORE. ciro-words, de, (airtie, world) self-produced.

ciri- wolke, eve, b, (airbe, woke) self-administered, independent. Hence

abromoditing, ov, o, a citizen of a free state. [1] abro-movertos, ov, (abros, novia) self-wrought, zanoal. αὐτό-πραμνος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμνον) together with

the root, root and all; αὐτό ερεμνος δλλυσθαι to perish root and branch.

auto-mposumos, or, (autos, sposumor) in one's

own person. air-outes, ou, o, (airle, ofopau, fut. of opau) see-

ing oneself, an eyewitness.

curo-making, ou, o, (auroe, multo) selling one's mun goods.

αὐτόρ-ρυζος, poët. αὐτόριζος, ω, (αὐτός, βίζα) self-II. with the roots, roots and all. rooted.

αὐτόρ-ρύτος, poet. αὐτό-ρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, βέω) elf-flowing.

ATTO'Z, auth, auto, Pron. of 3rd pers., wif, Lat. pse: in oblique cases often for the person. Pron., bim, er. it: with artic. & abrée, h abrh, rd abré, the same.

L self, myself, thyself: I. oneself, i. c. the part roperly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or meself, as opp. to others, e.g. the king to his sub-

ects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as n the Pythag, phrase Adrds Equ, Lat. I pee dixit.

3. by oneself, alone, - μύνος; αὐτοί ἐσμεν we are by ourselves. dat. with a Subst., together with; delegouser atthe sir φίρμιγγι he sprang up lyre in band: but mostly without σύν, έπτουε αυτοίσιν δχεσφιν horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι allies and all; airrois rois larous horses and all. added to ordinal numbers, e. g. néparos abrés bimasif the fifth, i. e. bimself with four others, abros being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal Pron., eye autos, or abtor, etc., always divisim in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: again αὐτόε is joined

more bimself; and Sup. abrorarce, Lat. ipsissimus, bis very u f. II. He, she, it, Lat. ille, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between

with the reflexive lavrou, abrou, etc., to give greater

force, as αὐτὸς καθ' αὐτοῦ. II. Comp. αὐτύτερος.

the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, αὐτόν, and the reflex. Pron. αίτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτών, v. sub ἐαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, & abros, h abro, rd abro, Att. contr. dùrés, dùrh, raùré and raùrés; gen. raùreû, etc.; Ion. ἀὐτύε, τωὐτό:—<u>the same,</u> Lat. idem. freq. takes a dat., like δμοιος, etc., δ αύτδε τῶ λίθο the same as the stone; to abto mpagger or magger rivi to fare the same as one: also in phrases ward raiτό, ὑπὸ ταὐτό, at, about the same time. Lat, sub idem tempus: els ταὐτό, ἐν ταὐτῷ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, to, in, from the same place.

IV. in Compos. 1. of itself, i.e. natural, native, as in advicatives. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτύξυλος. 3. of oneself, as in abrobl-4. the very, the ideal, as in abroayator. дактов. αὐτοάνθρωπου, etc. 5. just, exactly, as in abro-6. rarely, with reflex. sense of abrou and άλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in abtitorors young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in σύτύσκηνος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. illuc. airo-orignos, ov, (airós, orignos) of sier iron. αὐτόσ-σύτος, ον, (αὐτύς, σεύομαι) self-moved.

airo-ortible, f. (airos, lorapai) a stand-up fight. close fight.

airo-orohos, or, (airos, orehhopai) self-cent, going

of oneself. edito-stoves, or, (adtos, stere) sighing for or by oneself.

αύτο-σφάγης, έε, (αὐτύε, σφαγήναι) slain by oneself Or by kinsmen.

αὐτοσχεδιάζω, f. άσω, (αὐτοσχέδιοε) to act or speak off-band: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially. 2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-band. Hence

αύτοσχεδίασμα, ατοε, τό, work done off-band, απ

2. impromptu: and

airooxediaorije, oi, d, one who acts or speaks offhand: a novice, Lat. tiro.

airo-σχίδιοε, a, or, also ee, or, (airós, σχίδιοε) band to band:—as fem. Subst. airoσχεδίη, (sc. μάχη) ή, a close fight, fray; acc. airoσχεδίην as Adv. close at band.

II. off-band, on the spur of the moment.

auro-oxebov, Adv. (aprie, oxebov) near at band, band to band, Let. cominus.

αύτότατος, εσε αὐτός Π.

αύτο-τίλεστος, ον. (αύτός, τελέω) self-accomplished. αύτο-τελής, ές. (αύτός, τέλος) complete in itself, sufficient:— Adv. αύτοτελώς, absolutely, arbitrarily. II. taxing oneself.

**αύτότερος, see** αὐτόε ΙΙ.

αύτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτόε, τυκοε) young and all. αὐτο-τράγικος, ον, (αὐτόε, τραγικόε) arrant tragic. αὐτο-τροπήσας, 201. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπάω, (αὐτόε, τρέπω) to turn straightway.

airrou, Adv., properly gen. neut. of airros, at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. illico.

αύτοθ, Att. contr. for ἐαντοῦ.

αὐτουργία, ή, a working with one's own hand; αὐτουργία φόνου self-inflicted murder. From αὐτ-ουργόε, όν, (αὐτόε, έργον) self-working. 2.

as Subst., one who tills his own land, a husbandman, farmer. II. pass, self-wrought, extemporary: αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτόφι ε ἐν' αὐτόφι or ταρ' αὐτόφι on the very spot; ἀν' αὐτόφι from the very spot.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτόε, φλοιός) bark and all. αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτόε, Φφένω) self-murdering,

murdering one's own kin.
αὐτο-φόντης, ου, δ, (αὐτός, \*φένω) a murderer.
αὐτό-φορτος, ρν, (αὐτός, φύρτος) bearing one's own

der our baggage.

αὐτο-φύτης, ἐε, (αὐτὐε, φύω) self-growing, self-existent.

2. of home growth or production.

3. na-

tural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφυεῖε λύφοι hills in their natural state, not quartied or mined. Hence αὐτοφυῶε, Adv. naturally.

airt Axion on (airte 4/1) and

αυτό-φύτος, ον, (αυτός, φύω) self-eaused.

auró-φωροs, or, (abrós, φάρ) caught in the act of the ft; ἐπ' abroφάρφ λαμβάνειν to catch in the act; ἐπ' abroφάρφ ἀλῶναι to be caught in the very act. αὐτό-χωρ, ρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτόε, χείρ) working with lone's own hand: c. gen. the very maker or worker of

a thing.

II. absol. one who kills himself or one
of his hin: a murderer, homicide.

3. as Adj.

murderous. Hence autoone's own band.

αὐτοχειρία, ή, (αὐτύχειρ) a doing with one's own bands; Lat. αὐτοχειρία with one's own band.

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτύς, χθών) country and all. αὐτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτύς, χθών) of the land tiself, Lat. terrigena: αὐτόχθονες, ολ. like Lat. Aborigines, Indigenae, of the original race, not settlers. αὐτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτύς, χολίω) angry at oneself.

αύτο-χόωνος, ον, lengthd. for αθτοχόανος, (αθτός, χοάνη) rudely east, shapeless, of a quoit.

αύτο χρημα, Adv. (αύτος, χρημα) indeed, really: at once, plainly. αύτως, Adv. of αὐτός with Acol. accent, ενεκ το,

just so, as it is; yuprdr korra, abrass, being unarmed, just as I am. 2. just so, no better; often joined with other words implying contempt; rhysics abras a mere child. II. just as before, as it was; heveloff abrass still white as when new.

aύχανίζω, f. low Att. iû, (αὐχήν) to cut the thro. !
of, behead.

auχένιος, a, or, (αυχήν) belonging to the neck; αυχένιοι τένοντες the sinews of the neck.

αύχδω, f. ήσω: 201. I ηύχησα:—like καυχάομαι, to boast, pride oneself: c. inf. to boast that: generally, to protest, declare. From

AT'XH', ή, boasting, pride.
αύχημα, ατοι, τό, (αὐχέω) a thing boasted of, the pride, boast.

II. a boast: also—αὐχή, boasting.

AT'KH'N, évos, ô, the neck, throat: metaph. a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus; also a narrow wa, strait: the narrow bed of a river: a defile.

αύχησιε, εωε, ή, (αὺχέω) boasting, exultation. αύχμέω, ί. ήσω, (αὺχμόε) to be equalid, Lat. equalêre. αύχμήσιε, εσσα, εν. – αὺχμηρόε.

αὐχμηρόε, ά, όν, (αὐχμέω) dry, parebed, dusty, equalid, Lat. squalidus. 2. impoverished, meedy. αὐχμόε, ό, (ἀω, αὐω, αδος) drought: dearth.

αύχμ-ώδης, εε, (αύχμός, είδος) looking dry and dusty; τὸ αὐχμῶδες drought.
ΑΥΠ, Att. αύω, to dry, wither: also to singe, at

on fire.

AΥΩ, f. dbow: 201. fibra:—to shout out, shout, call aloud: 2150 of things, to sound, scho: c. 202.

pers. to call upon. avos, ή, Acol. for dás, ¿ás, morning.

dφ-aγνίζω, f. low Att. iŵ, to purify:—Med. to devote oneself with purifying offerings.

άφ-αιρίω: f. ήσω: pf. ἀφήρηκα: Pasa., aot. 1 ἀφηρίφην: pf. ἀφηρίφην: (ἀπὰ, αἰρίω). Το take from, take αναγ from anosther: c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρεῖν τινά τι tο rob of a thing; ἀφαιρεῖν τινοε to take from a thing, hence to disminish: to let off, pardon.

II. Med. more freq. than Act., to take away for oneself, bear off: ἀφαιρεῖσθαί τινά τι to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself.

2. followed by μή and inf., to prevent, binder from doing.

III.

Pass. to be robbed or deprived of a thing.

d-pakes, or, without the pakes or metal box; in which the plume was fixed.

άφ-αμαρτάνω, ε. -αμαρτήσομαι: 201. 2 άφτησερτως

Ep. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω):--το | ἀφειδέστερον, Comp., ἀφαιδέστεντα, Sup., of Adv. miss one's aim, fail in gaining.

άφάμαρτε, Ep. 3 sor. 2 of foreg.

άφαμαρτο σπής, ές, (άφαμαρτείν, έπος) missing the point, talking at random.

de avodre, f. -adhou: Ion. 201. 2 inf. dudbéeu ; (dato, deridares):—to displease, fail to please.

i-bovaa, 4, darkness, obscurity. II. disappearance, utter destruction. From

å-φάνής, έε, (α privat., φανήναι) unseen, invisible: 2. vanished: bidden, secret: hence unknown: 70 doarle uncertainty. 3. doarne siona personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to parepá, real, as land. Hence

مُعْمَالُ فِي أَدُ اللَّهِ Att. اللهُ : pl. المِعْمَالِية :--to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with. rase to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate footsteps, etc. 3. to secrete, steal, embezzle. darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface. II. Pass. to disappear and be beard of no more, vanish: esp. of persons lost at sea. 2. to keep out of public, live ratired. Hence

epertore, een, f, a making away with. vanishing, disappearance.

apartoubs, b, - apartous.

d-parros, or, (a privat., pabropae) invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret. 2. unlooked for.

**ἀφ-άπτω, fut. ψω:** pf. pass. άφημμαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω): -to fasten from or upon; do. appara to tie knots on a string:-Pass. to be bung on, bang on; anauutvos Ion. pass. pf. part. for don unitroe.

dodo, Adv., I. straightway, forthwith: at once, II. thereupon, then, after that. quickly.

continuously, without intermission.

d-dapartos, or, old Att. for appartos.

άφ-αρπάζω: f. áfω, Att. άσω or rather άσομαι:--Pass., act. I - ηρεάσθην: pf. - ήρεασμα: -to tear off or from: to snateb away: to snateb eagerly.

έφαρτερος, α, αν, Comp. Adj. of άφαρ, bastier,

å-φάσία, ή, (άφατοι) speechlessness.

**ἀφάσσω**, f. ἀφάσω: 201. Ι ήφασα, imperat. άφασον: (Erre, apae):—to take bold of, bandle, feel, touch.

**б-фатов**, от, (a privat., фато́в) пое патед, nameless: that should not be named or uttered; άφατα χρήματα untold sums; doaror we.. there's no saying how. unutterable: buge, monstrous.

&φ-avalve, fut. pass. αὐανθήσομαι, = ἀφαύο.

apaupos, a, br, weak, feeble. (Deriv. nncertain.) 14-ave, (and, ave) to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:

-Pass. to become parched, to pine away. αφάω οτ άφάω, (άπτω, άφή) to bandle, feel.

**α-φαγγής**, έε, (α privat., φέγγοε) without light, dark: metaph. ill-starred. 2. dim, faint.

åφ-εδράν, ώνος, δ, (ἀπό, εδρα) the draught: α

க்ஷ்க்ற, Ep. for க்ஷ்டு, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of க்ஷ்ர்று. ma, Ep. for appea, sor. I of apinju. Adathorous, fut. pass. of apique.

વેંબરાઇજેંદ.

aperation, f. how, to be unsparing or lavish of; aper-Beir wirou to be careless of, i. c. to neglect, avoid toil: absol., άφειδήσαντες recklessly. From

**ἀ-φειδής, έε**, (α privat., φείδομαι) unsparing, lavisb: beantiful. 2. unsparing, cruel, barsb. Hence

åφαδία, ή, profuseness. 2. barsbness, severity. άφειδώς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of άφειδής, lavisbly.

**ἀφείη,** 3 sing. 20r. 2 opt. of ἀφίημι.

άφειλον, -όμην, 20r. 2 act, and med, of άφαιρέω, άφειμαι, pf. pass. of αφίημι.

άφειμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of άφίημι.

åφείε, είσα, 20r. 2 part. of ἀφίημι.

descrior, verb. Adj. of ane you, one must abstain. άφελαια, ή, (άφελήε) simplicity, plainness. From άφελεῖν, ἀφελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of

ရိတ်ရာ*စန်စာ*.

ά-φελής, és, (a privat., φελλεύε) without a stone, level, smooth. II. metaph. of persons, simple, plain.

άφ-ίλκω, f. έλξω: but the usu. fut. is αφελκύσω [v]. 201. Ι ἀφείλεϋσα (2s if from ἀφελεύω):—to drag away, draw back: to draw aside. 2. to drink up.

άφελότης, ητος, ή, (άφελής) smoothness, evenness:

hence simplicity, sincerity.

άφελών, aor. 2 part. of άφαιρέω. άφελως, Adv. of ἀφελής, rudely, coarsely.

**δφενος**, τό, wealth, abundance.

άφ-ερκτος, ον, (ἀπείργω) shut out from.

άφ-έρπω, f. ψω: but aor. I αφείρπύσα (as if from άφερπύζω):—to creep off, steal away.

**d-φερτος,** σν, (a privat., φέρω) insufferable.

**độcs.** 2 imperat. 20τ. 2 of ἀφίημι.

'Aφίσιος, δ, (ἀφίημι) the Releaser, epith. of Zens. άφοσιε, εωε, ή, (άφίημι) a letting go, setting free: a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a

starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself. decrain, shortened for apearneon, 3 sing. pf. opt. of ἀφίστημι.

άφετός, όν, (άφίημι) let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work; hence dedicated to some god.

å-φευκτος, ον, - άφυκτος, q. v.

άφ-εύω, 201. Ι άφευσα (without augm.): pf. pass. 2. to toast, roast. hφευμαι:—to singe off.

άφ-έψω, Ion. άπέψω: fut. άφεψήσω:--to boil off] boil down. II. to boil free of all dross, to refine. purify: to boil young again.

adienta, Dor. for apeina, pf. act., and adientas,

Dor. for docibras, 3 plur., pf. pass. of dolnus.

άφη, ή, (άπτω) a fastening, joint: 2. a lighting, kindling. II. (άπτομαι) a touching, bandling: the sense of touch.

άφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγήσομαι, to lead away. lead off: generally, to lead the way, go first. relate, explain. III. the perf. doppyquai is used in pass, sense. Hence

άφήγημα Ion. ἀπήγημα, ατος, τό, α tale, narra-

άφηγησιε Ion. ἀπηγησιε, εω, ή, α telling, sarrating; άξιον ἀπηγήσιοε worth the telling.

donka, sor. I of doinm.

do ηλιξ, Ion. da ηλιξ, ικοε, δ, η, beyond youth, aldely: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. dφηλικίστεροε, -ίστατοε.

do-nuas, Pass. to sit apart.

άφηρηκα, pf. of άφαιρέω.

åφ ήτωρ, opoe, δ, (ἀφίημι) the archer.

άφθαρσία, ή, incorruption, immortality. From α-φθαρτοκ, ον, (a privat., φθείρω) uncorrupted, incorruptible.

d-фотритов, or, (a privat., фобрующи) speechless: not to be spoken of; by doolsyntop ranes in a grove

sobere none may speak.

άφθη, Ion. and Dor. for ήφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of durw.

d-φθίτος, or, later also η, or, (a privat., φθίνω) undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable.

d-φθογγοε, ον, (α privat., φθέγγομαι) voiceless. άφθονέστερος, -έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Suo. of άφθονος.

&-φθόνητος, ον, (a privat., φθονέω) unenvied. &φθονία, ή, freedom from envy, readiness: more often of things, plenty, abundance. From

d-\$\phi\text{oves}, or, act. free from envy: ungrudging, bounteous.

II. pass. not grudged, bounteously given, plentiful.

2. = dvent\phi\text{oves, unervised, proving no envy.}

III. Adv. -ven, d\phi\text{oves \( \xi\) \text{vev}}

Tuble to have enough of a thing.

appopla, h, incorruption, purity. From

α-φθορος, ον. (α pcivat., φθείρω) uncorrupt, chaste. Δφ. Αφύω. f. υσω [θ]:—Pass., aor. I — ύθην [θ] ον. - ύνθην: pl. αφίδρθμαι:—to place elseubers, to remove. Δφ. αφόω, f. ώσω: pl. pass. Δφιέρομαι:—to purify,

ballow.

άφ-ίημι: impf. (as if from doctes) ήφίουν, 3 sing. πρίει Ep. dolei, 3 pl. πρίουν, πρίεσων: fut. άφησω: aor. I άφηκα: pf. άφείκα Dor. άφείκα: —Pass., fut. άφεθήσομαι: 201. Ι άφείθην: pf. άφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. apearras with pres. sense:—to send forth, discharge, Lat. emittere, esp. of missiles: in prose, to send forth on an expedition, send out. send away, let go, Lat. dimittere: hence to throw 2. to let go, set free, esp. from an accusation. etc.: to remit: absol, apiévai rivá to acquit. to dissolve, disband, break up, of an army: so also of the council at Athens. 4. to put away, di-5. apiévai maoior els .. to loose ship for vorce. a place. III. to give up; hence to leave off, let alone; to let pass, neglect. IV. to let, suffer. permit to do or to be done. V. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν, ναθε, etc.), to oreak up, march, sail.

B. Med. to send forth from oneself, to send forth. 2. to loose oneself from: freq. in Att., c. gen. only, ἀφοῦ τέκνων let go the children.

άφ-ŭκάνω, — άφικνέομαι, βο αντίσο αξ. άφικέσθοι, 20τ. 2 med. inf. of άφικνέομαι. άφικεο. Dor, for άφικου, 2 sing. 20τ. 2 of 24.

άφ-ικνόομαι, f. άφθρομαι: aor. άφθισμην: pf. pass. ἀφίγμαι: Dep.:—to arrive at, to come to, to reach: ἀφικόσαι ἐπό το ἐιε πάντα to try every means; ἀφικόσαι ἐπό δαχατον κακοῦ to come into extrement misery; διά μάχηε, δι' έχθραι ἀφικόσθαι τυν to come to battle, or into enmity with one. Π. to come δακλ, return.

aductiones, sor. 2 part. of aductional.

å-φιλ-άγαθος, ον, (a privat., φίλος, άγαθός) smfriendly to good men.

å-φίλ-άργυροε, αν, (α privat., φίλοε, άργυροε) not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous.

ά-φίλητος, or, (a privat., φιλέω) unloved. άφιλοδοβία, ή, want of ambition. From

d-φthόδαξου, ov, (a privat., φίλου, δόξα) not ambisions.
d-φthos, ov, of persons of risnalless.
2. of persons and things, unfriendly, disagreeable, bateful:—Adv.—λωπ.
dφιξιε, Ion. dunξιε, cos, ή, (ἀφιωνίομα) απ αrrival.

II. a going bome again, departure.

dennetes, f. evous, (desares) to ride off, away, or bask.

doumila, h, bad riding. From doumon, or, unsuited for riding or for cavalry. II.

riding badly.

άφ-lστημι, impl. αφίστην: f. ανοστήσω: acc. I ανόστησα and acr. I med. άνεστησάμην:—in which tenses it is causal:—to put sway, remove, separau: tence to binder, frustrate: but mostly, to make revolt.

2. to weigh out; μ) χρείοε άνεστήσωντα lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt. II. intr. in Pass., with acc. 2 act. άνεστην: perf. άφωτηκει: plopf. άφωστήκειν: and fut. med. άνεστήσομα:—to stand off, ανοσγ, or aloof from; άνεστήνται πραγμάτων, etc., to wilbdraws from business; άνεστήνται ἀντινοι to revolt from, and freq. absol. to revolt; also c. inf., άνεστήρται ξερτήσαι to give over asking.

2. absol. to stand aloof, kety off:

άφιχθαι, pf. inf. of άφικνέομαι.

diplacation, 76, Lat. aplustre, the curved stern of a ship with its ornaments (Deriv. uncertain.)

άφλοισμός, δ, a foaming or gnashing of testh. (Prob. like φλοίσβος, formed from the sound.)

åφνειόε, όν, also ή, όν, (άφενοε) rich, wealthy: also rich in a thing, c. gen.

adveds, a, ov, collat. form of adverde.

"AΦΝΩ, Adv. unawares, of a sudden: also appear.

d-φόβητος, ov. (a privat., φοβέομαι) fearless, unitsout fear of, c. gen.

ά-φοβοε, ον, (α privat., φόβοε) fearless. causing no fear, not to be feared.

.άφοβό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (άφοβος, σπλάγχνον) fearless of beart, stout-bearted.

άφόβως, Adv. of άφοβος, without fear, securely. άφ-οδος, ή. (ἀπό, ὁδόε) a going away, departure:

also a going back. II. - άπόπατος. ά-φοίβαντος, ον, (a privat., φοιβαίνω) uncuennad. the openion, f. dores, to liken, make like. II. to sompare. III. to portray, copy.

åφ-οπλίζω, f. ίσω, to disarm, strip of arms:—Med., ἀφοπλίζεσθαι έντεα to put off one's armour.

άφ-οράω, impf. ἀφεώρον: pf. ἀφεύρακα: with borrowed fut. ἀπόψοραι (as if from ἀπ-όπτομαι), and aor. 2 ἀπείδον (as if from ἀπ-είδω):—to look αναγ from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respirare:—to see clearly, bave in full view.

II. to look from a place.

III. rarely, to look away,

look from a place. III. ra. base the back turned.

ά-φόρητος, ον, (α privat., φορητός) unbearable, insufarable.

άφορία, ψ, (άφοροε) a not bearing, dearth of a thing.

II. barrenness.

άφοριε, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing. fut. med. of άφορίζω, f. fow Att. fb: aor. άφώρισα: pf. pass. άφώρισμα:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off, determine, define:—Med. to mark off for oneself, appropriate.

II. to set apart, ordain: also to reject, banish.

at-opuise, f. trou, to make to start from a place. II. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go

forth, start, depart.

άφορμή, ή, (ἀπό, ὁρμή) a starting-place, means of uarting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety.

2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretent of a thing.

3. means, resources: esp. the means or sinewe of war, as money, whips, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus.

II. a making a start, undertaking.

άφορμηθείεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. opt. of άφορμάω. άφορμίζομαι, Med. to unmoor ships from barbour. άφορμικτος, ον. (α privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre. άφορμος, ον. (ἀπό, δρμοε) without barbour in a place.

ά-φορος, or, (a privat., φέρω) not bearing, barren. ά-φόρυκτος, or, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, un-

tained.

åφ-οσιδω, fut. ώσω, (ἀπό, δσιό») to purify on liberate from gwilt:—Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence; άφοσιοῦσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god.

II. Med. also to acquit oneself of service due; ἀφοσιοῦσθαι ἐξόρωωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.

άφου, 201. 2 imper. med. of άφίημι.

άφοωντα, Ερ. for αφώντα, pres. act. part. acc. of

άφραδίω, f. ήσω, to act without sense. From

ά-φράδης, έε, (a privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. dφραδίως, foolishly, senselessly. Hence

άφράδία, ή, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness. ά-φράδμων, ον. gen. ονος. – ἀφραδής, thoughtless. ἀφραίνω. (ά-φρων) to be silly.

u-φρακτος, old Att. & φαρκτος, or, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard.

d-pasquer, or, gen. oros, - appasquer.

δ-φραστος, as, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, strange. 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unempected. Hence άφράστως, Adv. unempectedly.

άφρεω, f. ήσω, (άφρου) to foam: c. acc. to cover with foam.

άφρη-λόγος, or, (άφρός, λέγω) gathering froth, skimming.

άφρηστής, οῦ, δ, (άφρίω) the foaming one.

άφρητωρ, opos, ό, Ion. for άφρατωρ, (α privat., φράτρα) without brotherhood, bound by no social tis. άφρίζω, f. low, = άφρέω, to foam.

appiers, even, er, (appos) foaming.

άφρογέναα, ή, the foam-born. From άφρο-γενής, έε, (άφρός, γενέσθαι) foam-born.

Appoliciás, ábos, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.

'Appobloros, a, ov, also os, ov, belonging to Venus. II. 'Appoblorov, 76, the temple of Venus: 'Appoblora, 74, her festival. From

'Αφροδίτη [1], ή, (ἀφρόε) Apbrodité, Lat. Venus,

of a thing. From

ά-φρόντιστος, ον, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., άφροντίστων έχειν to be thoughtless. II. pass. unthought of, unexpected.

4-poves, Adv. of dopen, foolisbly.

AΦPO'Σ, δ, foam, frotb.

άφροσύνη, ή, (άφρων) folly, thoughtlessness. ά-φρουρος, ον, (α privat., φρουρά) unwatched.

άφρο-φυής, ές, (άφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky. ά-φρων, or, gen. oros, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, wirless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp. and Sup., άφρον έστερος. - έστατος.

åφ-uδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself, bathe.

άφύη, ή, a sort of anebovy or sardine.

d-hths, ie, (a privat., pvh) without natural talent, dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple,

d-purros, or, (a privat., purrus) not to be shumed, inevitable: of arrows, unerring.

2. act. unable to escape.

άφτλακτέω, f. ήσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen.
to be careless about, neglect. From

ά-φύλακτος, ον, (α privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded.

II. of persons, unguarded, unbeeding; άφυλακτόν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off bis guard.

Adv. -του. Hence άφυλαξία, ή, want of vigilance, unguardedness.

άφ-υλίζω, f. low, (ἀπό, ὑλίζω) to strain off.

d-φuλλos, or, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; άφυλλον στύμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.

dougav, fut. inf of dougen.

ad-verile, f. low, (deb, veros) to wake from eleep. άφ-υπνόω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι ἀφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὑπνόω): -to wake or rouse from sleep. II. to fall asleep. άφυσγετός, δ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a stream carries with it, rubbish.

'ΑΦΥΊΣΩ, fut. ἀφύρω Dor. - έω: aor. ι ήφυσα Ερ. άφυσσα: 20π. I med. ήφυσάμην Ερ. άφυσσάμην: —to draw liquids; είθαν ήφύσσετο οίνος wine was

drawn from the casks:-Med. to draw for oneself, to 2. to pour in a beap, to pile up, drink, quaff. )πλούτον ἀφύξειν:-- Med., φύλλα ήφυσάμην I beaped

,me up a pile of leaves. à-pireuros, or, (a privat., ourebe) not planted. άφυως, Adv. of douns: double έχειν to have no natural talent.

ά-φώνητος, ον, (α privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, un-II. voiceless, speechless. utterable.

douvia, f. speechlessness. From

d-pervos, or, (a privat., part) voiceless, speechless, dumb: inarticulate. Adv. -- ros. ἀχά [ā], Dor. for ήχή.

'Axala, Ion. 'Axalin, f. (dxos) epith. of Demeter in Attica.

axations, & (anis) with single points to his horns, epith. of a young stag: also axalva, h, a deer.

Axaute, Att. 'Axate, toos, h, the Achaian land, with or without yaia. 2. (sub. yvrh) an Achaian woman: so also 'Axectás, ádos, f.

'Axaibs, & & , Achaian, Lat. Achivus. II. as 1. 'Axatol, ol, the Achaians, in Homer the 2. 'Axala, 4, Acbaia, in Pelo-Greeks generally. ponnesus.

d-χάλινος, ον, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled. d-χάλίνωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλλνόω) unbridled. d-χάλκους, ον, (α privat., χαλχούο) switbout a farthing. Hence

axahren, to be without a farthing.

α-χάλκουτος, ον, (α privat., χαλκούω) not forged of metal.

d-xalkes, er, without brass, esp. without brasen arms; dyaluos doulder = drev ao alder yaludr.

d-xalueros, or, (a privat., xaluer) = dxalueros.  $\Delta \chi \Delta v \eta [\Delta \chi \Delta -], \dot{\eta}, a Persian measure, = 45 <math>\mu i \delta \iota \mu v o \iota$ . d-xowhs, is, (a privat., xaveir) not opening the II. (a euphon.) youning, wast.

a-χάράκωτος, ον, (α privat., χαρακόω) not palisaded. 4-χεριε, δ, ή, άχαρι, τό, gen. ιτος, (a privat., χάριε) without grass or charms, unpleasant, wretched. ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.

άχαριστέω, f. ήσω, (άχαριστου) to be ungrateful. άχαριστία. ή, ingratitude, ungraciousses.

d-Yapurros, Ion. and post. d-Xapuros, ov, (a privat., xapl(opai) unpleasing: without grass. II. ungracious: ungrateful, thankless. 2. pass, unthanked: Adv., obs dyaploress lyew reel thanks are not wanting to him. 3. with an ill will; hence in Adv., axaplerus tressas to follow with a bad grass.

dyebáv, íros, Dor. for syebár. d-χelpavros, or, (a privat., χειμαίνω) ποι sexed with

d-yap, poe, d, h, (a privat., yelp) without hands: witbout dexterity, awkward,

d-xapha, és, without bands.

d-yespowolyros, or, not made by bands.

d-xapos, or, = axap: rd axapa the binder parts of tbe body.

d-xelperros, or, (a privat., xelpow) not trained by the II. unconquered.

'Axelejos, poet. 'Axelejos, i, Achelous, name di several rivers; the best known ran through Actolia: and Acarnania. II. as appellat. any running water, as in Virgil, Acheloia pocula.

"AXEPAOX, h, more rarely o, a wild prickly shruk, used for hedges: the wild pear.

'Axephyrics and 'Axepolionos, a, or, of or belong-

ing to Acheron: fem. –tás, ábbs. axenuts, the subite poplar, supposed to have been

broughe by Hercules from the banks of Acheron. 'Axepur, orror, o, Acheron, a river in Hades. (Derived from 4x00, as Kenner is from section.)

axtras, ou, o, Don. forth xtrus, (dxtou) sounding:

esp. the male cicada, from to chirping. axeum, (axee) to mourse be sad, rivée for one.

axes, (axes) to mourn, it sad, only used in put. she dxées sorrowing inclient. same Root 'AX-, came. I. Ep. redupl. sor. 2 felyor, in causal sense, to mil be to grieve, vess, distress: so also redupl, fut, deaxfirm, aor. I deáχησα (28 🕏 from dyéw). . Mec. and Pass. to grieve, selἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάγοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:pf. pass., απάχημαι, Ep. 3 pl. απηχέδαται οτ απηχέσrau (for dirhxnerau); 3 pl. pf. diraxelaro (for dish χηντο); inf. ακάχησθαι; part. ακαχήμενος, Ep. also **ἀκ**ηχέμενοε.

άχοω [α], Dor. and poet. form for ήχοω.

dχημα, Dot. for ήχημα.

AXH N, eros, o, h, poor, needy. [a] Hence axyvia, h, need, want; bundres axyvia the eyes blank gaze.

άχθανός, ή, όν, (άχθος) burdensame, oppressive. Adv. -voe, unwillingly, Lat. aegre, moleste.

dχθείε, aor. I pass. part. of dγω.

άχθηδών, όνος, φ. (άχθομαι) grief, αππογώπιο.

axoforement, fut. pass. of dye.

dx doper, Pass. with fut. med. dx decopus and pass ἀχθεσθήσομαι: aor. Ι ήχθέσθην: pf. ήχθημαι: (έχ 800) :- to be burdened landed :- to be weighted down, discontented, vened, disgusted.

"AXOOX, soe, to, a weight, burden, load; Exten iρεύρηs a dead weight on math. II. a had of griij: corrow, griej, distrus.

axθoφορίω, f. ήσω, to bear burdens, to bear or &

burden. From **ἀχθο-φόρου,** αν, (ἄχθου, φέρω) δεα**ring burd**em.

Axilhance, a, ar, of or belonging to Accillat

'λχίλλειαι μάζαι, eaker of fine barley-meal, dainty | οδ. food. From

'Axilleus, ées, Ep. nos, d: Ep. also 'Axileus: Achilles, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidous, hero of the Iliad.

&-χίπων, αν. gen. ervos. without tunic, thinly clad. exhavia, h. want of a cloak: generally, want of dothing From

é-xhaives, or, (a privet., xhaîra) without cloak. ά-χλοοε. ον, contr. α-χλουε, ουν, (α privat., χλόα) without berbage.

άχλύδας, εσσα, ev, (άχλύε) murky, gloomy.

'AXAT'Z, voe, n, a mist, gloom, darkness, Lat. caliev: in Homer also the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. trouble. Hence άχλύω, f. ίσω [9]: 20r. I ήχλθσα: to be or grow

"AXNH, Dor. axva, h, anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth; axvn obsaria the dew of heaven; darpoor axen deny tears. IL of solids, chaff: the down on fruit. exrep in acc. as Adv., a morsel, a little bit.

άχνυμας, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (άχου): to trouble oneself, grieve.

6-χολοs, or, (a privat., χολή) lacking gall: metaph. meck, gentle. II. allaying bile or anger.

axonas, Dep. (axoe) to mourn, bewail oneself. α-χόρευτος, αν, (α privat., χορεύω) like άχορος, ποι attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.

4-xopos, ov, without the dance: mournful, sad. "AXOX, cos, vó, an ACHE, pain, distress, in Homer only of the mind.

d-χραής, έε, - άχραντοε.

d-xparros, or, (a privat., xpalve) undefiled.

uxpas, abos, \$, a kind of wild pear.

ά-χρεῖοs, αν, rarely a, αν, Ion. ά-χρήδοs, (a privat., ypeia) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war. neut, axpeior as Adv., axpeior lour giving a belpless look, looking foolish; dypeior yelar to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh; dypelor κλά(ειν to bank without cause, of dogs. Hence

dypendes, f. wow, to make useless, disable.

d-xphios, or, loa. for dxpeios.

aχρημάτια, ή, want of money. From

ά-χρήματος, ον, (α privat., χρήμα) without money or means: of axphuaror the poor.

άχρημοσύνη, ή, want of money. From

d-xpmuer, or, gen. oros, (a privat., χρημα) = dxpηparos, poor, needy. [8]

axonoria, f, uselessness, unfitness. From

d-xpmorros, or, (a privat., xpnorris) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable; axpnoros is it unfit for a thing :- without effect, Lat. irritus. II. unkind, III. act. making no use of, c. dat.

dyps, and before a vowel dypus, (dapos) Prep. with gen. until, Lat. usque ad; expe pala uriface until deep in the night:—as far as, axp. rije mapbias.

Cooi, sentil, to the time that, Let. donec: so also dype

III. Adv. of manner, to the attermost, atterly, Lat. *penitus*.

å-χρώμάτος, ον, (α privat., χρώμα) without colour. d-χρωστος, αν, (α privat., χρώζω) uncoloured: untouched.

άχυριτικ, ιδος, (άχυρον) fem. Adj. of chaff. άχυρμία, ή, (άχυρον) a beap of chaff.

άχυρο-δόκη, ή, (άχυρον, δέχομαι) a chaff-bolder. "AXT" PON, 76, mostly in plur. chaff, brang

άχυρό-τριψ, τρέβοε, δ, (άχυρον, τρίβω) threshing. out the busks.

ἀχώ, ή, Dor. for ήχώ.

ά-χώριστος, ον, (a privat., χωριστός) not parted. (a privat., xŵpos) without a place assigned one.

AY, Adv. of Place, backwards, back, away from, away. 2. of actions, again, over again.

άψάμενος, sor. I med. part. of άπτομαι.

d-ψαυστος, ον, (a privat., ψαύω) unlouched. act. without touching.

a-ψεγήs, εs, (a privat., ψέγω) unblamed, blameless. d-westros, or, - deperts.

άψευδεια, ή, trutbfulness; and

άψευδέω, f. ήσω, ποι to lie, to speak trutb. From d-ψευδής, έε, (α privat., ψεῦδος) without falsebood. trutbful: of things, genuins, pure. Hence

dipendes, Ion. - iws, Adv. really and truly.

ά-ψευστος, ον, (a privat., ψεύδομαι) unfeigned. 4-ψηκτος, or, (a privat., ψηχω) not rubbed off. ά-ψηφιστος, αν, (a privat., ψηφί(ομαι) not baving

åψτδόομαι, -f. hψίδωμαι: Pass.: (åψίε):--eo be tied

in a circle or eurve. άψί-κορος, ον, (άπτομαι, κόρος) satisfied with touch ing, fastidious, dainty.

άψιμαχία, ή, a skirmisbing. From

άψί-μάχος, ον, (άπτομαι, μάχη) skirmisbing.

άψίι ον, τό, Lat. absintbium, wormwood. From

"AΨINΘOΣ, ή, wormwood.

άψίε, Ion. άψίε, ίδοε, ή, (άπτω) a juncture: a loop, knot; difides hivou the meshes of a net. fellos or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself; κύκλου difidos the potter's wheel. 3. an arch or vault.

difficu, dat, pl. of diffe.

άψόρ-ροος, ον, contr. άψόρρους, ουν, (άψ, ρέω) back-flowing, flowing back into itself.

awop-pos, or, shortd. form of foreg. moving mekwards, going back:-neut. awoppov as Adv., backward, back again.

άψος, εοε, τό, (ἄπτω) η juncture: a joint.

ά-ψόφητος, αν. (α privat., ψοφέω) without noise; c. gen., άψόφητος κωκυμάτων witbout cry of Wailing.

IL

**d-ψοφος, ον, (α privat., ψύφος) = dψύφητος.** d-ψυκτος, ον, (a privat., ψύχω) uneooled, warm.

άψθχία, ή, cowardice. From

ά-ψυχος, ω, (α privat., ψυχή) lifetess. spiritless, fainthearted.

\* AΩ, root of anμ, to blow; cf. a(ω, abu.

• AΩ, root of law, durie, to sleep: 201. I deσα, Ep. deσσα, contr. dσα.

An, to burt, contr. from dde, q. v.

"AΩ, to satiate, inf. duerae [ā], contr. for deperae, Ep. for deer: aor. I doa: verb. Adj. dros [ā]; but with a privat, daros [āā], contr. dros.

diller, Adv. Dor. for haber. ain, dires, \$, Dor. for him.

d-upl, Adv. of depot, at an untimely bour.

d-wpla, 4, (dapos) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., daplar hear to have come too late. [d]

d-copios, or, = dapos.

δωρό-νυκτος, ον, (δωρος, νύξ) at midnight, Lat. intempesta nocte.

d-ωρος, ον, (α privat., δρα) untimely, unseasonable, χειμών, θάνατος. II. before the time, unripe. III. missbapen, ugly. [d]

deepro, Ep. piqpf. pass. of delpu.

'Ace, η, Dor. for Hae, Eas. Hence 'Ace-φόροs, δ, = Εωσφόροs, the bringer of light, the

morning-star, Lat. Lucifor αυτόω, f. ήσω, (δω) to sleep soundly. From

durtes, f. 400, (dw) to sleep soundly. From durter, 76, and durtes, 8, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the finest wool, olds darror; also of the finest linen, hiroso herror of durter.

## B

B, β, βήτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral, β' – δύο and δεύτερος,

but  $\beta = 2000$ .

The Aeol. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before  $\rho$ , as  $\beta \rho \delta \delta \sigma \nu \beta \rho \delta \pi \sigma s$ , for  $\beta \delta \delta \sigma \nu \beta \delta \pi \sigma s$ . It was often inserted between  $\mu \lambda$  and  $\mu \rho$  to give a fuller sound,

as in μεσημβρία, γαμβρόε, ci. άμβροτου.

The change of β into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects:

I. into τ, e. g. βατεῖν for σατεῖν.

II. Arcad., into ζ, as ζέρεθρον for βέρεθρον, βάραθρον.

III. into γ, as γλήχων for βλήχων.

βa, shortd. form of βασιλεύ, O King I βαβάζω, redupl. for βάζω, to chatter.

βαβαί, βαβαιάξ, Lat. papas, exclamation of surprise,

βάβα<u>ξ</u> ό, a sbatterer.

βαβύκα, ή, Lacon. for γεφύρα, a bridge.

βάγμα, ατος, τό, (βάζω) α speech.

Bhony, Adv. (Balles) step by step, pacing, Lat. pedetentim, opp. to quick running. II. marebing on foot, opp. to riding. III. gradually, Lat. graduim.

βαδίζω: fut. Att. ιοῦμαι, later ιῶ: aor. I ἐβάδισα: pf. βεβάδισα: (βάδοε, βαίνω):—to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace: generally, to go. Hence

Bablors, eas, h, a walking, going.

Babiortov, verb. Adj. of Babilo, one must go. Babiorthe, oû, ô, (Babilo) one that goes on fool, s

walker, goer; ταχύε βαδιστήε a quick goer. βάδιστικόε, ή, όν, (βαδίζω) good at walking.

βάδος, δ, (βαίνω) a walk.

ΒΑΖΩ, f. βάξω, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., ξτον βέβακται a word bas been spoken.

βαθέα, Ion. for βαθεία, fem. of βαθύ».

βαθέως, Adv. of βαθύς, deeply.

βάθιστος, η, ον, Sup. of βαθύε. βαθμίς, ίδος and ίδος, ή, α step. From βαθμός, δ, (βαίνω) α step, stair.

βαθμόε, δ, (βαίνω) a step, stair. II. metaph a step, degree, rank, Lat. gradus. βάθοε, cos, τό, (βαθύε) depth or beight, Lat. altitudo;

eri βάθου in file, of soldiers.
βαθρεία, ή, - βάθρου.

βάθρον, τό, (βαίτω) that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation.

2. a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder: in plut, ladders.

3. a threshold:

metaph. an edge, verge. 4. a bench, seat. βαθυ-αγκής, έε, (βαθύς, άγκου) with deep vales. βαθύ-βουλος, οπ, (βαθύς, βουλή) deep-counselling. βαθύ-γειος, 10n. βαθύγεος, οπ, Att. βαθύγεως, επ,

(βαθύε, γή) with deep soil, fruiful. βαθυγήρως, ων, (βαθύε, γήραε) in great old agt,

decrepit. βαθύ-γλυπτος, αν. (βαθύε, γλύπτω) deep-carved. βαθυ-δίνήσες, εσσα, εν. (βαθύε, δινάω) deep-eddying.

βαθυ-δίνης, ου, δ, (βαθύς, δίνη) deep-eddying. [i] βαθύ-δοξος, ον, (βαθύς, δύξα) far-famed.

Bab's lawes, or, (Bab's, (isr)) deep-girded, i. e. not under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the lonian

dress: cf. βαθύκολτος. βαθύ-θριξ, τρίχος, δ, ή, (βαθύς, θρίξ) with thick bair: of sheep, with thick wool.

βαθυ-καμπής, ές, (βαθύς, κάμπτω) strongly curved. βαθυ-κήτης, ες, (βαθύς, κήτος) very deep. Βαθυ-κλήτης, ες, (βαθύς, ελέος) (ar-famed.

βαθυ-κλέης, εε, (βαθύε, κλέοε) far-famed. βαθύ-κολπος, ον. (βαθύε, κόλποε) deep-bosomed, with

the dress in deep, full folds, like βαθύζονος.

2. with swelling breasts.

II. of the earth, with deep

valleys.

βαθύ-κρημνος, ον, (βαθύς, κρημνός) with bigh clifz.

βαθυ-κρύσταλλος, ον, with thick ice.

Badu-eridios, or. (Badús, erideror) with great posessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

sessions, esp. of flocils and herds. βαθύ-λειμου, ω, and βαθυ-λείμεν, ω, gen. ων. (βαθύε, λειμέν) with rich meadows.

βαθυ-λήϊος, οτ, (βαθύι, λήϊοτ) with deep, thick crops βαθύ-μαλλος, οτ, (βαθύι, μαλλόε) thick-floccod.

βαθυ-μήτης, ου, δ, also βαθυμήτα, (βαθύς, μήτε) deep counselling. βαθύ-νους, ου. contr. βαθύ-νους, ουν, (βαθές, νόοι)

profoundly wise. βαθύνω [θ], fut. βαθύνῶ: pf. βεβάθυγκα: (βαθίε): —to deepen, bollow out, encavate; βαθύναν τὴν φο

II.

large to deepen the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, or, (βαθύε, ξύλον) with thick wood. Babi-πεδος, ον, (βαθύς, πέδον) forming a deep vale. βαθύ-τελμος, οτ, (βαθύε, τέλμα) thick-soled.

Babu-zhouros, or, (Babue, Ex Troe) exceeding rich. βαθυ-πόλομος, αν. (βαθύε, πόλεμοε) plunged in war. βαθυρ-ρείτης, ου, δ, (βίω) = βαθύρρουε.

βαθύρ-ρηνος, er, (βαθύς, ρήν) with isich wool.

βαθύρ-ριζος, ον, (βαθύε, βίζα) deep-rooted. βαθύρ-ροσε, ον, contr. βαθύρ-ρους, ονν, (βαθύε, βέω)

deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

ΒΑ-ΘΥΣ, βαθεία, Ion. βαθέλ, βαθό: Comp. βαθότερος, poët. βαθίων, Dor. βάσσων: Sup. βαθύτατος, poet. βάθιστος. Deep or bigb, Lat. altus. thick, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally, large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought, deep:—then in various senses, of time, age, etc.; βαθύε έρθρου morning-prime; βαθύ γήραι great old age; βαθεία φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθυ-σκάφής, έε, (βαθύε, σκάπτω) deep-dug. Batú-oritos, or, (Batús, oriá) desp-shaded.

Babu-creepos, ar, (Babis, creips) deep-sown, fruitful.

βαθύ-στερνος, ον. (βαθύε, στέρνον) deep-chested; βαθύστερνος ala desp-bosomed earth. βαθύ-στολμος, ον, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full robes.

βαθύ-σπρωτος, ον, (βαθύς, στράντυμι) desp-covered.

well-covered, of a bed. βαθύ-σχοινος, ον, (βαθύς, σχοίνος) deep grown with

βαθύ-φρων, ον, gen. ονοε. (βαθύε; φρήν) desp-counselling.

βαθύ-φυλλος, ον, (βαθύε, φύλλον) tbick-l afed. Ballu-xaltye, ou, o, also Balluxauthers, herra, her, (Batie, xalty) with deep thick bair, with thick mane. frenzied. βαθύ-χθων, ων, gen. ονος, (βαθύς, χθών) of deep soil, fertile.

Baine, ns, n, sor. 2 opt. of Babru.

BAI'NO, formed from the Root \*Báw: fut. Bhooμαι, Ep. βέομαι and βείομαι, Dor. βασεύμαι:---pf. Βέβηνοα, Ερ. 3 pl. βεβάασι, βεβάσι; inf. βεβάμεν; part. βεβάωε, βεβάνια, contr. βεβώε, βεβώσα, βεβώε: -aor. 2 εβην, Ep. 3 sing. βη, Ep. 3 dual βάτην [d]; imperat. βηθι, in compds. βα (as καταβα); subj. βω, Ep. βείω, Ep. 3 sing, βήη; opt, βαίην; inf. βήναι, Ep. βήμεναι; part. βάε, βάσα, βάν....Med., Ep. 3 sing. . .r. Ι εβήσετο, for εβήσατο :- Pass., 20τ. 1 εβάθην [a] in compde. as συνεβάθην: pf. βέβαμαι in compds. 25 παραβέβαμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. Ep. with inf., βη δ' luer, βαν δ' léval he, they set out to go; Bî Bè Giew he started to run. 3. Balveur pera Ti to go after a thing; Bairen is exclose, etc., to proeccel upon hope, i. e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the pf. BEB-pace chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being estiled; εὐ βεβηπέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβώres they who are in office.

trria triavrol βεβάα : nine years bave come and 6. to mount, β. δίφρον; of animals, to gone. cover; luvos Bauró peras brood mares. 7. with cognate acc., Balren nédevéor to go a path; Balren roba to advance the foot: also later c. acc., alror tha sopos disgust comes after praise; χρέος έβα με debts came

II. Causal. in fut. act. βήσω: aor. I έβησα (answering to pres. βιβάζω):—to make to go; φῶταε βῆver do' lunur be made the men dismount from the chariot.

βάζον, τό, (βάζε) a palm-braneb.

BAIO'Z, a, ov, little, slight, short, small, humbie. έχώρει βαιόε he was travelling with small escort; άπι βαίηε (sub. ήλικίαε) from childhood; βαιόν, as Adv. a little.

BATZ, ħ, a palm-branch.

BAITH, h, a peasant's coat of skins.

Banihas, b, a priest of Cybeld.

Banilo, f. low, (Banis) to prophesy like Bacis.

βάκκάριε, ιδου οτ εων, ή, baccar, an aromatic plant. Βακτηρία, ή, - βάκτρον.

βακτήριον, τό, - βάκ-ρον.

βάκτρουμα, ατου, τό, a staff, support. From βακτρεύω, έ. σω, to lean on a staff. From

Baurpov, τό, (\*βάω, βιβά(ω) Lat. baculus, a staff. βακτρο-προσαίτης, ου, ό, (βάκτρου, προσαίτης) οπι wbo begs leaning on a staff.

Baκχάω, (Βάκχοι) .. rave with Bacebic frenzy. Banxi-βanxov doat, to raise the strain Bánxi, Bánye, to invoke Bacchus.

Banxela, ή, (Βάνχοι) Bacche revelry.

Bangelov, to, the temple of Bacchus, - Banxela, 4.

Bánxaos, a, or, (Bánxos) Bacchie, belonging to Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired.

Βάκχευμα, ατοε, τό, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύε, έως, δ. - Βάκχος. Hence

Banxevoruos, ov. Bacchanalien, frenzied.

Bάκχευσις, εως, ή, (Baκχεύω) Bacchic revelry. Bangeiu, f. εύσω, (Bángos) to keep the feast of

Baccbus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, Lat. baccbari. II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, ή, (Báκχοε) a Baccbanté. II. any inspired or frenzied.woman.

Βακχιάζω, - Βακχεύω.

Báκχιοs, a, ov, and Baκχικόs, ή, ov, - Báκχειοs, Bacchanalian: generally, inspired, raving. as Subst., δ Bánχιος (sub. θεύς), the Bacchie god, i. e. Baccbus.

Βακχίε, ίδοε, ή, - Βάκχη.

Βακχιώτης, ου, ο, (Baκχιος) a Bacchanalian.

BAKXOX, ô, Bacebus, the planter of the vine, god of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic poetry. The same word with Larges, and so from lá vo. IL a Bacchanal: generally, any one in-5. of lifeless things, spired or frantic with passion.

βάλαν-άγρα, ή, (βάλανος, (άγρα) a book to pull out the Baxaros or bolt-pin, a key.

Balavelov, 76, Let. balneum, a bath, bathing-room. BA'AA'NET'Z, éce, ô, the bath-man, Lat. balmator. Hence

Balaveiu, f. ow, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βάλανη-φάγος, ον. (βάλανος, φαγείν) acorn-eating. βάλάνη-φόρος, ον. (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

βαλανίζω, (βάλανοι) to sinke acorns from a tree. **Ιάλάνισσα, ή, ί**em. οί βαλανεύε.

BA'ΛΑ'NOΣ, ή, an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date: Aide Baxavos the sweet chestnut. an iron peg, Lat. pessulus, passed through the bar into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook (βαλανάγρα) when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

Balavow, f. wow, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

βαλαντιη-τόμος, δ. (βαλάντιον, τεμείν) α eutpurse. BAΛΑ NTION, τό, a bag, pouch, purus.

βαλαντιοτομέω, to cut purses.

BAABI'Σ, έδοε, ή, mostly in pl. βαλβίδεε, Lat. carceres, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point. IL any point to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term. βάλε, for ξβαλε, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of βάλλω.

βάλήν, also βαλλήν, ήνος, δ, a king, akin to Hebr.

Bel or Baal, Lord.

βάλιός, ά, όν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

βαλλάντιον, τό, = βαλάντιον.

βαλλήναδε βλέπειν, a play on the words βάλλω and

the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

BA'AΛΩ; fut. βāλῶ, Ion. βὰλέω, rarely βαλλήσω: -aor. 2 έβάλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:-perf. βέβληκα: plaps. εβεβλήκειν, Εp. βεβλήκειν.—Med., Ion. imps. βαλλέσκετο: fut. βαλούμαι:-- 201. 2 έβαλόμην, Ion. imperat. βάλεθ.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βεβλήσομαι: 20r. 1 έβλήθην; 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 έβλητο, subj. βλήσται, opt. 2 sing. βλείο, inf. βλήσθαι, part. βλήμενοε:—pf. βέβλημαι, Ion. 3 pl. βεβλήσται: plapf. έβεβλήμην. I. Act. to throw. east, burl at, properly of a missile as opp, to striking, to bit with a dart: metaph, of sound, to strike, erimos οθατα βάλλα:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:-also to put on or over, κύκλα αμφί δχέεσσι βάλε. 2. intr. /o fall, tumble, ποταμός els άλα βάλλων. II. Med. to weigh with oneself, ponder, delibe te. throw around oneself; fipos dup' dune βάλλεσθαι to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a foundation. Ballessa dore to found a city.

Balolou, Dor. for Balovou, aor. 2 part. nom. pl.

i.m. of Balla

Balds, où, o, Dor. for Bylds. Ball, fut, ind. and sor. 2 subj. of Baller βάμα, τό, Dor. 5οτ βήμα.

BauBaive, to ebatter with the teeth: to dammer. (Formed from the sound.)

Baues, Dor. for Bayer, 1 pl. sor, 2 subl. of Baira. βάμμα, ατος, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye : see βάπτα

Bav, Ep. for Epar, Ephrar, , pl. sor. 2 of Babra. Bavavola, j. (Bávavoor) bundieraji, the lije and babits of a mecbanie, hence vulgarity, bad taste. Hence

Bavavourde, h, iv. of or for mechanics: texts fa vavocch a mechanical trade, Lat. are sellularia.

Bav-auros, or (for Bairauros, from Bairos, and working by or with fire; hence generally a mechanic. metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

βαναυσ-ουργία. ή, (βάναυσοι, \*έργω) bandierigl βάξιε, ew, ή, (βάζω) a saying, report, announcement. esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμου βάξιυ the telling or tidings of the capture.

βαπτίζω, fut. Att. βαπτιῶ, (βάπτω) to đị p repealedly. II. to baprize. Hence dip under: - Med. to bathe. βάπτισμα, ατος, τό, that which is dipped. — βαπτισμόε,

βαπτισμός, δ, a dipping in water: baptism. II. a Bantroths, oû, ô, one that dips. a dyer. baptizer: 8 Barrioths, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ή, όν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. drawn like water. From

BA ΠΤΩ, fut. βάψω.—Pass., aor. ἐβάφθην, aor. : ἐβάφην [ἄ]: pf. βέβαμμαι. I. transit. to dip. 2. to dye, colour. dip under, Lat. immergere. steep: proverb., βάπτειν τινά βάμμα Σαρδιανικών 10 steep one in Sarlian dye, give him a bloody cor-3. to fill by dipping in, draw. intrans, to dip, sink; vaus & Bayer the ship sank.

βάραθρον Ιοη, βέρεθρον, τό, (akin to βάθρον, βόopos) a gulf, cleft, pit: at Athens a cleft behind the Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, - Spartan II. metaph. ruin, perdition. πεάδαι: hence,

βαρβάρίζω, f. ίσω Αττ. τω, (βάρβαρου) το bebave α speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to afe II. to bold with barbarians, esp. 15 foreigners. Persians; cf. Mybl(w.

Bapβapikos, ή, ω, barbaric, foreign, like a foreign. opp. to Examplede. Adv. - whe, in a foreign tongul. i. e. Persian. From

BATBA POS, or, barbarous, i. e. not Gree. foreign: as Subst., βάρβαροι, oi, all that were 🕬 Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divide mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the H. brews gave the name of Gentiles to all but thezselves. Il. from the Augustan age, the term was applied by the Romans to all nations except themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still is fected to look upon the Romans 3 Barbarians.

βαρβάρδ-φωνος, ον, (βάρβαρος, φανή) speaking s strange or foreign tongue.

Βαρβάρου, f. έσω, (βάρβαροι) to make barbaron

or foreign: Pass to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

BAPBITON, ro, and BapBiros, & or h, a musica! instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also

for the lyre itself.

βάρδιστος, η, ον, by poët. metath. for βράδιστος, Sup. of βραδύε: so Comp. βαρδύτεροε for βραδύτεροε. βαρίω, (βάρου) intr. in Ep. pf. part. βεβαρηών, maghed down, overcome, οίνον βεβαρηύτες.

Baples, Adv. of Bapis, beavily, grievously; Baples φέρευ Lat. aegré ferre, to take a thing ill; βαρέων exover to hear with disgust.

Bûpes, coos, Ion. cos, n. Ion. plur. Bápis, al, an Experien boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. ratis.

BAPOE, eos, 76, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βιρυ-αλγήε, έε, (βαρύε, άλγοε) grievously suffer-

2. very grievous.

βάρδ-άλγητος, ον, (βαρύς, άλγέω) very grievous. βαρυ-ἄχής έε, (βαρύε, άχοι) groaning beauty. Bapu-axhs, is, Dor. for Bapunyhe.

Bapu-Boenerres, ou, d, and -erro, fipos, d, fem. -trapa, ή, (βαρύε, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, ου, δ. (βαρύε, βρομίω) loud-roaring. βαρύ-βρομος. ον, (βαρύι. βρέμω) loud-roaring. βαρυ-βρώς, ώτος, δ, ή, (βαρύς, βιβρά τκω) gree lily eating: gnawing, corroding.

Bapu-yours, or, (Bapus, Bourse) beaugeounding,

loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γούνατος and βαρύ-γουνος, ον, (βαρύε, γύνυ) with beavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρύ-γυιος, or, (βαρύε, γυίον) weighing down the limbs.

βαρυδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, (βαρυδαίμων) to be possessed by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence βαρυδαιμονία, ή, a beaug fate, ill luck.

Bapu-Baluse, or, gen. oros, (Bapus, Baluar) pressed

by a beavy fate, unlucky.

βαρύ-δακρυς, v, (βορύε, δάκρυ) weeping grievously. Bap's-Sixos, or, (Bap's, Blun) taking beauty vengeance. Baou-δόταρα, ή, (βαρύε, δοτήρ) giver of ill gifts. Βαρύ-δουπος, ον, - βαρύγδουπος.

βαρύ-ζηλος, ον, (βαρύε, ζηλος) exceedingly jealous. βαρυ-ηχής, έε, (βαρύε, ήχοε) beavy-sounding.

Baputoula, h, sullenness. From

Bapú-Ouros, or, (Bapús, Ourós) beavy in spirit: indignant, sullen.

Baρύθω, (βαρύε) to be weighed down: to be beavy, dull, sluggisb. [V]

Bapi- course, or, (Bapie, courte) ! oud-roaring. Bapti-koros, ov, (Bapte, kortes) grievous in wrath. βαρύ-κτθειος, ον, (βαρύς, κτυπέω) beauy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαίλαψ, απος, δ, ή, (βαρύς, λαίλαψ) loud-

Morming.

βαρύ-λογος, ον, (βαρύε, λόγος) υ-καtious of speech; Βαράλογα έχθεα hate vented in bitter words.

Ωαρυ-μήνιος, ον, and βαρύμηνις, ι, gen. ιος, (βαρός, μήνιε) exceeding wrathful.

βαρύ-μισθος, ον, (βαρύε, μισθύε) exacting beauty

βαρύ-μοχθος, ον. (βαρύς, μόχθος) very toilsome oc painful.

βάρυνθεν, Ep. and Acol. for εβαρύνθησαν, 3 pl. acr Ι pass. of βαρύνω.

βαρύνω [v], f. vww. (βαρύε) to toad beautly, to berden: to torment: -Pass, to be weary, oppressed; Bapiveobat xespa to be maimed in hand:-mataph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. gravari.

Bapv-ówne, ov. i. (Bapús, by) loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όργητος, ον. (βαρύε, όργη) exceeding angry. Βαρυ-πάλαμος, ον. (βαρύς, παλάμη) beauy-banded. Bapu-sevens, és, (Bapús, sévens) causing grisvous

βαρυ-πένθητος, ον, (βαρύε, πενθέω) mourning beavilv.

βαρυ-πεσής, έε, (βαρύε, πεσείν) beauy-falling. βαρύ-ποτμος, ον, (βαρύε, πότμοε) with beaut fate.

ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρύ-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βαρύς, πούς) beauy-footed: beauy at the end.

BAPT'2, εία, ό: Comp. βαρύτεροε, Sup. βαρύτατοι: beavy, Lat. gravis: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. II. of soldiers, beavysense, weighty, impressive. armed. III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp. to déve.

Bapu-olonpos, or, (Lapós, olonpos) beaus with iron. Βαρύ-σταθμος, ον, (βαρύε, σταθμές) weighing beauy. βαρυ-στενάχων, ουσα, ον, (βαρύε, στενάχω) sobbing beavily.

βαρύ-στονος, ον, (βαρύε, στένω) groaning beavily. βαρυ-σύμφορος, ον, (βαρύε, συμφορά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγοε, ον. (βαρύε, σφάραγοε) loud thumdering.

βαρύτης, ητος, ή, (βαρύε) weight, heaviness: importunity: barsbness, oppression; gravity of manners. [V] βαρύ-τίμος, ον, (βαρύε, τιμή) of great worth: venerable, cos/ly.

βαρύ-τλητος, ον. (βαρύε, τλήναι 201. 2 οί \*τλάω) beavy to bear.

βαρύ φθογγος, ον, (βαρύς, φθογγή) beavy-sounding,

loud-roaring. βαρύ-φρων, φρονοε, δ, ή, (βαρύε, φρήν) weighty of

mind or purpose.

βαρύ-χειλος, ον. (βαρύε, χείλοε) tbick-lipped.

βαρύ-χορ cos, ov, (βαρύε, χορδή) deep-toned.

βαρύ-ψύχος, ον, (βαρύς, ψυχή) beauty of soul, means spirited. dejected.

Bás, Bâoa, Báv, 20r. 2 part. of Baires.

Baravila, f. low Att, tw. to rub upon the touchstone (Bágaros): to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture.

βάσάνισμός, δ, (βασανίζω) torturing, torture.

βασανιστία, οθ, δ, pecul. fem. βασανίστρια, ή, (βασανίζω):—an enaminer, questioner, torturer.

BAZANOZ, ή, the touch-utone, Lat. lapts Lydius, by which gold was proved, see παρατρίβω. II. metaph. a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not.

III. inquiry, cap by torture, the question.

2. torture, anguish, disease.

βασεθμαι, βασεθνται, Dor. for βήσομαι, βήσονται,

fut. of Babrw. Baoikera, ή, (Baoikere) a queen, princees, lady of

royal blood. βασιλεία, ή, (βασιλεύω) a kingdom, dominion: be-

reditary monarchy, opp. to ruparvis.

Basilinov, rú, mostly in plur., a palace: also the royal treasury or tent. Strictly neut. from

βασίλειοε, ω, and a, ω, Ion. βασιλήτοε, η, ω, kingly, royal. From

RASIAETZ, éas Ion. η̂os, ο, acc. βασιλέα, coutr. βασιλή: pl., nom. βασιλεῖs, old Att. -η̂s, Ion. -η̂es:—a king, prinses, of gods and men:—hence are formed the Comp. βασιλεύτερου, α, or, more kingly; Sup. βασιλεύτατου, η, or, most kingly. II. the second of the nine Arebons at Athens was called βασιλεύε: he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes. III. after the Persian war the king of Persia was called βασιλεύε (without the Art.), or δ μέγας βασιλεύε. Hence βασιλεύε, f. σω, to be king, to rule: in act. I βασι-

βασιλεύω, f. sw., to be king, to rule: in act. I βασιλεύσαι, to be made king. II. c. dat. to rule over a people:—Pass. to be governed by a king, to be under

a king.

βάστλητη, ή, Ιοπ for βασιλεία.

Barthfice, n, or, Ion. for Bartheres.

βασίλητε, thos, ή, pecul. fem. of βασίλειοε, royal. βασιλίζες, ε σω, (βασιλεύε) to be of the king's party. βασίλικοε, ή, όν, like βασίλειοε, royal, of a king. 2. of or for a king, princely II. as Subst., βασιλικόε, δ, a courtier, nobleman.

βασιλίναθ, barbaric form of βασίλιννα, βασίλισσα. βασίλιννα and βασίλισσα, ή, – βασίλειά, α queen. βασίλει, ίδος, η, – βασίλειά, α queen, princess. 2.

as Adj. - βασιληίε, royal.

βάσιμος, ον, (βαίνω) passable: accessible.

Baors, ew, f, (Balva) a stepping: a step, walk. . I that whereon one steps, ground: a pedestal.

βασκαίνα, fut. ἄνῶ: aor. I ἐβάσκηνα: aor. I pass. ἐβασκάνθην: (βάσκω):—to use ill words of another, esp. to slander, disparage.

Il. to use ill words to another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. fascinare.

βασκάνία, ή, (βάσκανοε) slander, envy, malice. βάσκάνος, ον, (βασκαίνω) slanderous, envious, ma-

lignant. 2. a sorcerer.

Barnés, ábos, h, a kind of duck.

βάσκε, imperat. of an obsol. verb βάσκω, another form of βαίνω, as χάσκω of χαίνω; βάσκ' ίθι, speed thee! αωαγ! βάσκετε αωαγ!

βασμός, Ιοα. for βαθμός.

βλοσα, Dor. for βήσσα.

βασσάρα, ή, - άλώπης, a fox. (Of Thracian origin.) βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of βασσάρα.

βάσσων, ον, gen. ονοε, Dor. comparat. of βαθύε. βάσταγμα, ατοε, τό, that which is borne, a bur-

den. II. that which bears, a staff. From BAΣΤΑ'ΖΩ, f. dew: aor. 1 ἐβάστασα, later ἐβάσταξε: aor. 1 pass. ἐβαστάχθην:—to lift, lift up, raise: metaph. to estol, estalt. II. to bear, support, hold upright: to bear in mind, consider.

to earry off. IV. to bandle, touch. Hence βαστακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj., to be borne.

βάταλος, δ, a lisper.

βάτεω, f. ήσω, (βαίνω) to mount, cover, of animal: βάτην, Ep. for έβήτην, 3 dual 201. 2 of βαίνω. βάτηρίε, ίδου, ή, (βατέω) fem. Adj. for mounting.

βατία, ή, – βάτοε, a bush, thicket. βατίδο-σκόπος, ον, (βάτιε, σκοπίω) looking efter

roaches or skaits, greedy for them.
βατίς, ίδος, ή, (βάτος) the prickly roach or the skait.

βάτο-δρόπος, ον, (βάτος, δρέπω) pulling thorns off or up.

BÂTOZ, ή, a bramble or any prickly bush. βάτος, δ, the Hebrew solid measure bath.

βάτός, ή, ίν, (βalva) passable.

βατράχειου, ον, (βάτραχου) of or belonging to a frog: Βατράχειου (sub. χρώμα), frog-colour, pal: green.

βατράχίε, ίδος, and ίδος, ή, a frog-green coat. From BA'TPAXOΣ, δ, a frog, Lat. rana. 2. the frog of a borse's boof. [α]

βατταρίζω, fut. Ait. Ιώ, (Bárros) to stammer. βαττο-λογέω, – βατταρίζω, (Bárros, λόγος) to babble, use vain repetitions.

Barros, & Stammerer, name of a king of Cyrené. (Formed from the sound.)

βαίζω, Dor. βαίσδω: fut. βαίζω:—to cry βαῦ, βαῦ, to bark: hence to wail, mutter: to reproach.

IL transit. to cry aloud for.

Bainthis, idos, i, a wine-cooler.

Bativos or βαυνός, δ, (αύω) a furnace, forge. Batirbu, Dor. for βαθζω.

βάψή, ή, (βάντω) a dipping, as of red-hot iron in cold water. II, a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing: also the dye itself.

βάφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of βάπτω. βάψια, εων, ή, (βάπτω) a dipping, dysing. ΒΔΕ'ΛΛΑ', ή, a leech, Lat. birūdo.

βδέλυγμα, τό, (βδελύσσω) an abomination, esp.

idols. βδελυκτός, ή, όν. (βδελύσσω) disgusting, abomina i. βδελύκ-τροπος, ον. (βδελυκτός, τρόπος) — foreg. ΒΔΕΛΥ ΡΟ΄Σ, ά, όν. abominable, disgusting. Hence

βδελύσου, Att. -ττω: fut. fw: to cause to stick.
make loathsome.

II. mostly used as Dep. βδελύτομα, with fut. med. and pass. βδελύτομα, βδελώτομα, βδελώ

λυχθήσομαι, 201. I med. 2nd pass. Εβδελυξάμη. Εβδελύχθην:—to feel disgust at, to detest, base 6

berrer of. But all these forms, as well as perf. \$384-1 Avymu occur in pass. sense, to be abominated. BAE'Q, f. Bliow, to break wind: to stink. βδύλλω, - βδέω: c. ecc. to be afraid of. Bebauer, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of Babre. βίβαιος, a, av, also ee, av, (βalrw) firm, steady: steadfast, trusty, sure, safe: To BiBalov certainty. Hence βοβοιότης, ητος, ή. firmness, steadfastness, safety. Behavior, f. 600, to mate firm, establish: -Med. to establish for oneself, to confirm, secure. Belalus, Adv. of BiBaios, steadfastly, firmly. βεβείωσις, εως, ή, a making fast or sure, establishing. βεβάμεν, βεβάναι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηπέναι, inf. of Balres. [a] βέβαμμαι, pf. pass. of βάπτω. βεβάρηώς, weighed down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω. BiBarav, Ep. 3 pl. piqpf. of Baire. BeBaos. Att. contr. from βεβάασι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of Balvas βεβάώς, βεβάνλα, Ep. for βεβημώς, pf. part. of βαίνω. Biffree, pl. of faire. βεβήκαιν, Ion. for έβεβήκαν, plapt. of βαίνω. βέβηλος, or, (βαίνω, βηλόε) allowable to tread, permitted to buman use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to sacred. II. of men, ....ballowed, profane, unboly. Hence βεβηλόω, f. ώσω, to profane, to pollite. βεβίασμαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω. BeBinua, pf. of Bide. βεβλάστηκα, pl. of βλαστάνω. βέβλαφα, βεβλάμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω. βεβλάψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω. βίβλοφα, βίβλεμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλέσω. βέβλησι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω. βεβλήσται, βεβλήστο, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and piqpf. pass. of Baxxes βέβληκα, βέβλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω. Βεβλήκουν, βεβλήμην, Ep. plops. act. and pass. of βέβληται, βέβλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plapf. pass. of Báxxw. BEBAUCO, pf. of BAITTON. βεβολήατο, 3 plur. piqpf. pass., and βεβολημένος, pf. pass. part, of Bolies for Balle. βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλομαι. BeBoukeuna, BeBoukeunau, pl. act. and pass. of Βουλεύου. βέβρασμαι, pf. pass. of βράοσα. BiBoton, pl. of Bolow. Beforemieros, Tf. part. pass. of Boories. Βέβρυχε, τ. βρυχάομαι. Βεβρώθα, post. form. of βιβρώσκα, to est up. Βέβρωκα, βέβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω. BeBowe, syncop, for βεβρωκών, pf. part. of βιβρώσκω,

**Βεβρώσομαι, fat, 3 pass. ο**ξ βιβρώσκω.

BeBies, BeBiera, Att. contr. of BeBaire, Ep. pf. part.

Βίβυσμαι, pt. pau. of βύζω.

of Buirm.

Belopar, Ep. for Bhoopar, fut. of Baire, I will welk or live. Beles, Ep. for Bes. 201. 2 subl. of Babres. Bakke-σ0ληνος, σν, (βεκύε, σελήνη) old-fashioned, out of date, dotard: simple, silly. Benés, vo, bread : said to be a Phrygian word. Belauvov, tú, počt, for Bélos, a dart, javelin. βελόνη, ή, (βέλοε) an arrow-bead: point of a spear: a needle. βελονο-πάλης, ου. δ, (βελίνη, παιλέσμαι) a needleseller. βίλος, εοε, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from jacio), anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart. metaph., dγard βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis see used of sudden, easy death; δύσομβρα βέλη the arrows of the storm; δμμάτων βέλου glanees shot from the eye. BEATEPOS, a, or, - BEATIME, post. Comp. of dyados, better. Hence also a rare Sup. βίλτατος, η, ον. Beatieros, n. or, Sup. of dyabis, best. βελτίων, ev, gen. evos, Comp of dyabbs, better. βεμβικιάω, (βέμβιξ) to spin like a top. βεμβικίζω, ε ίσω, (βέμβιξ) to spin as one does a top, to set a going. BE'MBIE, troe, \$, Lat. turbo, a top. βevolberov, τό, the temple of Bendu, (a name of Diana). BE'NOOZ, ece, 76, (poêt. for 8600e, as wêrece for πάθου) the depth of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδο to the bottom; Birdea Thus the depths of the wood. βέντιστος, α, ον, Dor. for βέλτιστος. Bioual, Ep. for Bhoopal, fut. of Balru. βέρεθρον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for μάραθρον. Benéoxelos, o, a booby.  $\beta\eta$ , post. for  $i\beta\eta$ , 3 sing. sor. 2 of  $\beta$ abes. Bish, Bisvas, sor. 2 imperat. and inf. of Balves. βηλός, δ, (βalve) the threshold, Lat. limen. βήμα, ατος, τό, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat. rostra, suggestum ot -us. βήμαν, Εp. for έβημαν, I plur. sor. 2 of βalva. Bhueves, Ep. for Bires, sor. 2 inf. of Balres, βiv, Ep. for έβην, 201. 2 of βaire. Brival, sor. 2 inf. of Balve. βήξ. βαχός, ή, οτ δ, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. tures. Bhoullos, h, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl. Bhoa, Ep. for Ibnoa, sor, I act of Balve. Bhose, Ep. for Bhow, acr. 1 med. imperat. of Balves. Bhoero, Ep. for Abhoaro, sing. sor. I med. of Balva. Bhoopar, fut. of Baire. Bijoou, Dor. Baoou, h. (Balres) Lat. saltus, a wooded valley or glen; object er bhooner in the mountain glens. Hence Browhers, evoa, ev, secody. BH ΣΣΩ, Att. βήττω, f. βήξω: 20τ, I lβηξα:--to cougb. βήτ-appear, oros, δ, (βαίνω, άρμός) a dancer.

βήτην, poët, for έβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνα.

Bin, 2 sing, of Blouge, Ep. fut. of Balve.

(m. A. bodily strength, force, might, Lat. iphr. with a gen. of the person,  $\beta i\eta$ strong Hercules. II. force, an act la rivée against one's will. [1] Hence res. to force, constrain: Pass., act. I βεβίασμαι:- to bave violence done violence; Biásopai ráde I am wronged II. Dep., with aor. I med. εβιασάμην, 2) pf. pass. Bestacua: -to force a man, power; Bla Cerbas autor to do oneself arry by force or assault: absol. to use e's way. , a, δ, (βίαιος, μάχη) fighting violently. r, also oe, or, (βia) forcible, violent: olence; who to blauer by force. compulsory. Hence oe, h, violence. , of Biasos, by force, perforce. , (βίοε, ἀρκίω) supplying the necessaries

, δ, (βιάζω) one who uses force, a vio-

 $\delta_{\cdot} = \beta_{i} a \sigma \tau h \epsilon_{\cdot}$ 

 $\beta \epsilon \beta i \eta \omega = -\text{older Ep. form of } \beta i \dot{\alpha} (\omega, to)$ in: -Med., Bidopai, f. hoopai, to force, lence: also to overreach, defraud, voil to he cheated us of our pay:-Pass., r, to be constrained or overpowered. σω Att. βιβώ, Causal of βαίνω, to make up. exalt. av, part. pres. formed as if from a verb yura, ov. part, pres. of a verb βιβάσθω, tride; μακρά βιβάσθων long-striding. . collat. form of βαίνω, to stride; πέλωρα huge strides; part. βιβών, βιβώσα. τό, Dim. of βίβλοι, a little book or Ισο βιβλαρίδιον, τό. voe, o, Biblian wine, from Biblis, a hill

, ή, (βιβλίον, θήκη) a book-case: library. Dim. of βίβλοε, a paper, scroll. ης, ου, δ, ( $\beta$ ι $\beta$ λίον, πωλέω) a bookseller. ή, the inner bark of the papyrus. de of this bark: hence a paper, book.  $\Omega$ , fut.  $\beta \rho \omega \sigma \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ : 201. I  $\xi \beta \rho \omega \sigma \alpha$ : 201. f. βέβρωκα, part. βεβρωκώς, by syncop. s., fut. βρωθήσομαι : fut. 3 βεβρώσομαι: v: pf. βέβρωμαι:—to eat, gnaw, eat up, gen. to eat of a thing. ut. of βιβάζω. r. from βιβάων, part. of βιβάω. p. 3 sing. sor. I med. of βιάω. , an earthen wine-vessel. vire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to devise.

), (βίοε, δίδωμι) the giver of life or food.

or, (Blos, dupor) life-giving, bounteous.

δ, poët, for βιοδότηε.

βιο-θάλμιος, ον. (βίος, θάλλω) lively, strong, bale. βιο-θρέμμων, αν, gen. ανας, (βίας, τρέφω) ευρρατιing life. BIOZ, &, life, the course of life: lifetime. manner or means of living: one's living, livelibood. BIO'Z, d, a bow. But-creating, is, (Bide, Grepher) robbing of life or means. II. pass. in want of means. βιοτεία, ή, (βιοτεύω) a way of life, livelibood. βιοτεύω, f. σω, (βιδω) to live, subsist; βιοτεύευ duó ravos, to live by a thing. βιοτή, ή, Lat. vita, = βίστο**ε. βιότης,** ητος, ή, 🗕 βίοτος. **βιότιο ν**, τό, Dim. of βίστο**ς, a scant living.** βίοτος, δ, (βιόω) life: means of life. βιούε, aor. 2 part. of βιύω. βιο-φειδής, ές, (βίος, φείδομαι) stingy, sparing. Βιόω: f. βιώσομαι, later βιώσω: aor. I ἐβίωσα:aor. 2 ἐβίων (as if from a verb βίωμι); 3 sing. imperat. βιώτω; subj. βιῶ; opt. βιφήν; inf. βιῶναι; part. βισύε: (βίσε, Lat. vivo):—to live, esp. to live baypily: -Pass., Bioûtai one lives, Lat. vivitur. Biówrai, Biówro, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperí. med. of βιάω. βιφατο, for βιώντο, 3 pl. pres. med. opt. of βιάω. βιώην, 20r. 2 med. opt. of βιώω. Bravar, inf. of Brie. βιώστιμος, αν, (βιύω) to be lived, worth living, px-

sible to live. Bluore, eas, \$, (Blow) a living, manner of life. βιώσκομαι, Dep., causal of βιόω, to quicken, make

alive: 2 sing. Ep. 201. Ι ἐβιώσαο. Bustukbe, h, by, (Biba) fit for life, lively. TL.

of or pertaining to life. βιωτός, ή, όν, = (βιόω) to be lived, worth living for. βιώτω, 3 sing. imperat. sor. 2 of βιόω.

βλάβεν, Ep. for έβλάβησων, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

βλάβερός, ά, όν, (βλάπτω) burtful, noxious. βλάβη, ή, (βλάπτω) burt, barm, damage: **βλάβ**ης bien an action for damage done.

βλάβηναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of βλάπτω.

βλαβήσομαι, fut. 2 of βλάπτω.

βλάβομαι, = βλάπτομαι, only in 3 sing. βλάβεται. βλάβος, εοε contr. ουε, τό, - βλάβη, burt, damage. BAAINO'S, h, by, baving the legs bent impares: generally, *erooked*.

βλūκεία, ή, (βλακεύω) slackness, sloth, stupidity. Bλάκεύω, (βλάξ) to be slack, lazy, indolent. βλάκικός, ή, ίν, (βλάξ) indolent, stupid. Adv. - κακ

βλακώδης, es. (βλάξ, elõos) lazy, sluggisb. BAA'Z, βλακός, δ, ή, (akin to μαλακός) Ισχy, in-

active, sluggish. Irreg. Comp. βλάκιστερου οτ βλάκώντερου. BΛΑΠΤΩ: fut. βλάψω; Ep. aor. τ βλάψα; pf.

βέβλάφα οτ έβλάφα.—Pass., fut. 2 βλάβήσομα, fat. 3 βεβλάψομαι; fut. med. βλάψομαι, used as pass.: age. Ι έβλάφθην, more usu. age. 2 έβλάβην [&]: μέ. βίβλαμμαι:--to binder, weaken, «top; c. gen. to binder from; βλαβέντα λοισθίων δρύμων arrested in its last course; Blackfele in ofe eaught in the 2. of the mind, to blind, deceive, misbranches. lead. 3. to barm, damage, burt, mar.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: αυτ 2 έβλαστον; later 201. Ι έβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα οτ έβλαστηκα: (Blastles) :- to bud, sprout : generally, to burst forth,

βλάστη, ή. – βλαστός, a bud, sprout, leaf. 11. increase, grouth.

βλάστημα, ατοε, τό, and βλάστημος, δ, - βλάστη. BAATTO'Z, 6, a bud, shoot, sucker, Lat. germen. βλασφημέω, f. ήσω: pf. βεβλασφήμηκα: (βλάσėημοι): — to drop profane words, speak pro-2. to speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defense: to blaspheme. Hence

Blacopypla, 4, profans language. 2. evil-speaking, blasphomy

βλάσφημος, ον. (βλάξ, φήμη) speaking pro-2. evil-speaking, slanderous. fanely. BAAT'TH, 4, mostly in plur. βλαῦται. ῶν, al, a

hind of slippers or sandals, Lat. soleas. βλαυτίον, τό, Dim. of βλαύτη.

βλαφθείε, nor. I pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βλαχή.

βλάψα, Ep. for έβλαψα, 20τ. Ι οί βλάπτω. βλάψιε, can, ή, (βλάπτω) a barming, burting. βλαψί-φρων, αν, gen. ονος, (βλάπτω, φρήν) maddening. 2. mad: Adv. βλαφφρίνως, madly. βλείο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλει.

Blancalve, (Bplus) to vaunt or be proud of a thing; other blever explired in his strength. βλέμμα, ατος, τό, (βλέπω) a look, glance the eye.

Blivenou, Dor. for Bliveousa. βλέπος, τό, - βλέμμα, a look.

Blowston, verb. Adj. of Blive, one must look.

Blessunds, 4, by, (Blisse) of or for eight. Derroe, h, or, seen, worth seeing. From

ΒΛΕΠΩ, ε. ψω; 20ε. 1 έβλιψα: ρε. βέβλιφα:-Pass., αστ. Ι έβλέφθην: ρί. βέβλεμμα:--το look, see: to look on, look at: also c. acc., 'Aρη, φόβον βλέπειν so look fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, rasu βλένεν to look cress, mustard, i. e. to bave a sour or bitter look. II. to look in a particular direction, to turn towards: esp. of aspects; olela upde μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a house looking towards the outh. III. to see the light, with or without paos, hence, to live. IV. to look and long after a thing, c. inf. 2. to take care of, look to or to beware of a thing.

Blackspie, ibos, 4, an eyelash. From

βλέφδρον, τό, (βλένω) an eydid. II. in plur. the eyes: eulpas Blispapor, eye of day, i. e. the sun; γυπτύε βλέφαρον, i. e. the moon,

βλήσται for βλήηται, βλήται, Ep. 201. 2 pass. subj. ý βάλλω.

Blandele, sor. I pass part, of Baller,

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω. βλήμα, ατος, τό, (βάλλω) a throw, east. 3. a coverlet. sbot, wound.

βλήμενος, η, αν, Ep. 201. 2 pass. part. of βάλλει. βλήναι, βλήσθαι, eor. 2 inf. of βάλλω.

Bλησθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. mf, of βάλλοι.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to be thrown. βλητίον, one must throw.

βλήτο, 3 sing Ep. sor. 2 pass. of βάλλα. Bλητόε, ή, ότ, (βάλλω) burled, struck.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an iron nail.

βληχάομαι, fut. ήσομαι: Dep.: (βληχή):—to bleat.. of sheep and goats.

BAHXH', \$\frac{1}{4}\$, a bleating: generally, the wailing of ebildren, Lat. vagitus.

Blanchos, a, br, weak, feeble, eluggish: also with a euphon., ἀβληχρύε. Adv. –ρώε, sligbtly.

BAH'XΩN, erros, ή: acc. βλήχω: Ion. γλήχων, Dor. γλάκων:—pennyroyal. Hence

βληχωνίας, ου, δ. prepared with pennyroyal. BAITTΩ, Ion. βλίσσω: f. βλίσω: aot. iβλίσα:

—to cut out the comb of bees, to take the boncy. From  $\mu\ell\lambda\iota$  with  $\beta$  added, as  $\beta\lambda\delta\ell$  from  $\mu\alpha\lambda\alpha\kappa\delta\epsilon$ .)

BAOZY POZ, á, ív, grim, stern: also burly, manly, valiant, or coarse, rough.

Bhootip-ame, idoe, th. (Bhootipee, by) grim-looking. ΒΑΥΖΩ, f. βλύσω [θ]: 201. Ι έβλθσα, - βλύω.

βλύσιε, εωε, ή, and βλυσμόε, ο, a bubbling up. Bλύσσας, poet, for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. sor. I of

βλύζω. BAΥΩ, f. βλύσω [9], to bubble, spout, or gusb

forth: hence to be full, to be baughty.

βλώμαι, 20r. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω. Bludpoe, a br. (Bluore) shooting up, high grow-

ing, of trees. βλώσκω: (tenses formed from Root MO'AΩ), f. μολούμαι, 201. 2 ξμολοκ (cf. θρώσκω, θορούμαι, έθορον): pf. μέμβλωσα (for μεμόλωσα): — to come

or go. Bouypior, 76, a shield of wild bull's bide. From βό-αγρος, ή. (βοῦς, άγριος) a wild bull.

Boa-060s, Dor. for Bonoces.

βότιμα, ατοε, τό, (βοάω) a sbriek, cry: a lowd strain.) βοάτης, ου, δ, fem. βοθεις, ιδος, ή, (βοάω) crying,

screaming. [d]

βό-αυλος, δ, βό-αυλον, τό, (βοθε, αὐλή) an on-stall. ! βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάα, 3 pl. βοόωσιν, part. βούων: f. βσήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βώσω, βώσομαι: aor. Ι έβύησα, Ion. έβωσα: pf. βεβύηκα:-- Med., aor. Ι έβοησάμην Ιου. έβωσάμην:-- Pass., aor. 1 εβοήθην Ιου. εβώσθην: pf. βεβίημαι Ιου. βέβωμαι: (Boh):-to utter a cry from joy or grief, to shout: of things, to thunder, roar, bowl: to ecbo. trans., c. acc. pers. to call to one, call on: to call to 2. to demand in a loud voice. abroad, proclaim.

P,

βοακός, ή, όν, (βοῦς) of or for onen; ζεύγη βοεικά βολή, ή, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a miswagons drawn by onen.

βδασε or βόσοε, α, αν, (βοθε) of an an or of anen, of an-bide: η βoela or βοία, contr. βοή, (sub. δορά), an an-bide, a shield of an-bide.

Boevs, los, &, (Bove) a thong or cord of ox-leather.

Boff, f, contr. from Boin, v. Bbeios.

BOH', h, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: the battle-cry, the battle itself; soiv drasie, good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea.

= 80f0sua aid called for, succour.

βοη-γανήα, έε, (βοῦε, γενέσθαι) born of an oa. βοηδρομέω, (βοηδρόμου) to run on bearing a cry, baste to belp, succour.

Bon-δρομιών, ῶνος, ὁ, the third Attic month, in which the Βοηδρόμια were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

βοη-δρόμος, ον. (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a belper.

Boifena, f. (Bonfée) belp, aid, rescue, support. IL an auxiliary force.

βοηθέω, Ion. βωθέω, f. ήσω, (βοηθύε) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητίον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

Boηθητικόε, ή, ών, (βοηθέω) ready or able to belp.
Boη-θόος, ον, (βοή, θέω) basting to the battle-sbout,
swarlike; βοήθοον άρμα a chariot basting to the battle.
βοηθόε, ών, contr. from βοηθώε; as Subst., βοηθώ,
δ, an assis'ant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλάσία, ή, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattlestealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture.

From

βο-ηλάτης, ου, δ, fem. βοηλάτις, εδοε, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἐλαύνω) one that drives away onen, a cattle-stealer.

II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, - βουνύμος.

βόης, ου, δ, (βοάω) a crier.

βόησιε, εωε, Ion. βοητόι, ύοε, ή, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

BO OPOE, b, a pit or bole dug in the ground, a treneh, Lat. puteus.

βόθυνος, δ, - βύθρος.

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βουε.

βοίδιον, τό, Dim. of βούε, a young cow or on. Βοιωταρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a Bosotarch. From

Bourt-άρχης, ου, δ, (Βοιωτίε, άρχω) a Bosotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Bosotia. Hence

Bοιωτ-αρχία, η, the office of Bosolareb.

Bowria. h. Bosotia, so called from its rich eattle-

Bowerial and Bowerile, to be like a Bosotian: to be beavy, dull: to speak Bosotian.

II. to side with the Bosotians.

Bοιωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of Boιωτός, a little Bosotian. Βοιωτός, οῦ, δ. a Bosotian.

BOABO'Z, & Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root.

Boλά, ἡ, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile:—metaph. a glauce:—βολαί ἡλίου sun-beams. βολίζω, f. σω, (βολίω) to beave the lead, sound. βολία, ίδου, ἡ, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of sow-dung. From βόλυτον, βόλυτος, (βύλος) sow-dung. Βόλλομοι and Βόλομοι. Asol. for βούλου

βόλλομαι and βόλομαι, Acol. for βούλομαι. βολο-κτυπία, ή, (βύλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the

βόλος, δ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net; sho the thing caught; βίλοι Ιχθύων a draught of fisher II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αύλιος, δ, (βόμβος, αὐλός) α bagpiper. βομβεύντι, Αεοί. for βομβούσι, 3 pl. of βομβίω. βομβίω, f. ήσω, (βόμβος) to make a bumming noise, to sound deep or bollous: to bum, bezz.

βομβήσες, εσσα, ατ. (βομβέω) buzzing, biemming. βομβητής, οῦ, ὁ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, biemmer. BO MBOΣ, ὁ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep bollow

sound, bumming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.) βομβυλιόε, οῦ, δ, and ἡ, (βόμβοε) a buzzing or bumming insect, a bumble bee.

βόμβυξ, υκου, δ, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτης, ου, δ, — βουθύτης.

βορ-ετάσία, η, (βοῦε, ετείνω) α slaying of exem.<math>βοο-νόμοε, βοο-σφαγία, etc., = βου-.

βοο-σέαγία, ή, (βοίε, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen. βοόω, Ep. for βοάω.

BOPA', h, food, meat.

βορβορό-θύμος, οτ. (βίρβοροε, θυμίο) muddy-minded. ΒΟ ΡΕΟΡΟΣ, δ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum. βορβορο-τάραξιε, δ, (βίρβοροε, ταράσσω) a mudstirrer, mud-lark.

βορβορ-ώδης, es, (βόρβορος, clos) miry, sliny.
BOPE'AZ, ov, δ; Ion. Boping, contr. Boping, in;
Att. Bopping, â:—the North wind: more strictly, the wind from NNE, Aquilo.

II. the North, sphe βορίαν τινία northward of a place.

Bopeáe, άδος, ή, Ion. Bopeáe, poēt. Bopeáe, Bopeáe, a Boread, daughter of Boreas.

11. fcm. Adj. northern.

Boperos, a, or, also os, or, (Bopéas) belonging to the North wind, northern.

Βορεώτιε, έδοε, ή, - Βορεάε. Βορήζος, η, ον, Ιοπ. for Βέρειοε.

Βορηίε, έδοε, ή, - Βορεάε.

βορός, ά, έν, (βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

Boppalos, a, or, or os, or, = Bipeios. Boppals, â, ò, Att. for Bopéas.

βόρυσε, ol, unknown Libyan animals.

βόσνε, εωε, ή, (βίσκω) food, fodder. Bhomes Fo. 2 sing implied βίσκω

βόσκε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βύσκω.

βοσκή οτ βόσκη, ή, (βίσκω) food, fodder. βόσνημα, ατος, τύ, (βύσκω) that subich is fed or

fatted, cattle: a berd of caule or sheep. 11 food βοσκητέον, verb. Adj. of βύσκω, one must food.

II.

βοστές, δ, the feeder or berd of the cattle. From BOΣΚΩ: fut. βοστήσω, as if from obsol. βοστίσω: fices: sacrificial.

-Act. of the herdsman, Lat. pascere, to feed, drive to paware. nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. pasci, to feed, graze.

(βοῦς, πέραι) box

Boomboros, a. or, of the Bosphorus.

βόσ-ποροε, δ. (βοῦς, πόρος) Bosphorus, i. e. on-ford, same of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Cimmerian.

βόστρυξ, έχοε, δ. - βίστροχοε,

βοστρύχιου, τό, Dim. of βιστρόχου. ΒΟ ΣΤΡΥΚΟΣ, δ, in plur. also βίστρυχα, τά, α

terl or lock of bair: poet., anything twisted or terabed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine. βοτάμια, ων, τά, (βύσκω) βακίντει.

βοτάνη, ή, (βύσκω) pas ure, grass, fodder.

βοτήρ, ῆρ-s, δ, (βύσκω) a berdsman, berd; elaktôr βοτήρ a u.a -ber of birds, a sootbsayer: κύων βοτήρ z berdsma u's dog.

βοτηρικός. ή, ω, (βοτήρ) of cr for a berdeman. βοτόν, , ό, (β-σκω) anything that is fed, a beast. βοτρύδόν Adv. (βύτρυυ) like a bunch of grapes, in

dusters. βοτροίος, α, ου, (βύτρυς) of grapes.

βοτρυό-δωρος, ον. (βιτρυς, ζώρον) grape-producing. βοτρυόεις, εσσα, εν. (βίτρυς) clustering.

βοτρυό-παις. παιδος, δ, ή, (βύτρυς, παίς) child of the grape βοτρυο-χαίτης, εν. δ, (βύτρυς, χαίτη) with cluster-

βοτρυο-χαίτης. cv. δ, (βύτρθε, χαίτη) with elustering hair; or with grapes in one's bair. BOTPYΣ, vos. δ, a cluster or bunch of grapes. Lat.

acemus II. - βύτρυχος, βύστρυχος, a curl. βύτρυχος, δ. - βύστρυχος.

βότρυχ-ωδης. εε. (βίτρυχος, είδοε) like curls, curly. βότρυ-ωδης. εε, (βύτρυε, είδοε) like a cluster of grafe

βου a 101m of βούε used in compos. to express someth ng monstrous, e.g. βού-παιε, βου-φάγοε; as we say lorse-chestnut, borse-radich, etc.

BOT BA'AIE, 101, \$\dagger\$, an antelope.

BOYBA AOE, &, Lat. bubalus, a buffalo.

βου-βότης, ου. i, (βοίς, βίσκω) feeding cattle: 25 Suba: , βουβίτης, ο, a comberd.

βου-βότος, οτ, (βοῦς, βύσκομαι) grazed by cattle βού-βρωστικ, των. ή, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) a ravenous unnatural appetts · metaph, grinding poverty or stu er)

BOTBΩ'N, ares. δ, the grain, Lat. inguen. Hence βουβωνιαω to suffer from (wallen grains. βουγέτοι, δ, (βου, γαίω) a lraggari, bully. [a]

Bow-Ebpon, or, (Bois, Sipw) flaying onen: galling II as Sub-t. a hnife for flaying.

Bow-Bephe, is, (Bowe. Olpo) giving summer pasture:

βου-θείνης, ου, δ, (βοῦς, θοινάω) beef-eater. βουθύσία, ή, a sacrifice of onen. From

Bouturte, to slay, eacrifice exen: generally, to sacri-

Bou-Bures, or, (Boue, Olw) of or belonging to secri-

βουκαίος, ό, (βούκος) one who floughs with onen. βού-κερως, ων, gen. Βούκερω, acc. pl. βούκερως, (βούε, κέρα) borned like an on:—for the acceut see Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

βουκιφάλος, or, (κεφαλή) bull-beaded: epith. of horses, because branded with a bull's bead: Maced. βουκεφάλας, gen. a, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

βουκολίω, f. ήσω, (βουκύλου) to tend cattle: — Med. to graze, range over the pasture. If metaph, to delude, beguile: Med., ἐλνίδι βουκολοῦμαι I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

βουκολία, ή, (βουκύλοε) a berd of eattle.
a byre, ox-stall. Henos

βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. βωκ-, f. άξομαι, to sing or write pastorals. Hence

βουκολιαστής, οῦ, ὁ Dor. βωκ-, a singer or maker of pastorals.

βουκολικός, ή, ίν, Dor. βωκολικός, ά, ίν, (βουκόλος) rustic, pastoral: τὰ βουκολικά (εc. ποιήματα) pastoral poetry.

βουκόλιον, τό, a berd of cattle. From

βου-κόλος, Dor. βω-κόλος, δ. (βοῦς, and obsol. κολίω

- Lat. colo) a scuberd: berdsman.

βούπος, Dor. βώκος, δ, (βούε) = βουκαίος. βουλαίος, α, ον, (βουλή) of or in the Council. Βουλ-Λογος, δ. (βουλή, δογο) the adviser of a tla

βουλ-άρχοι, δ, (βουλή, άρχω) the adviser of a flan, Lat. anc'or consilii. βουλεία, ή, (βουλεύω) the office of counseller.

βουλουμα, ατος, τό, (βουλείω) a decree of the Council: generally, a resolution, plan. de. ign.

βουλευμάτιον, τύ, Dim. of βούλευμα. βούλευσις, τως, ή, (βουλείω) deliberation.

Bouleuriov, verb. Adj. of Boulein, one must take counsel.

Bouleurhp, fpos, d, - Bouleurhs. Hence

βουλευτήριος, ον, fit for counsel. II. as Subst. βουλευτήριον, τύ, a Council-chamber, court-bouse. βουλευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (βουλείω) a councillor, one who

sits in Council. II. a connsellor, adviser. Hence βουλευτικός, ή, έν, of or for the Council or a Councillor; όρκος βουλευτικές the oath taken ly the councillors. 2. as Subst, τὸ βουλευτικόν in the Atherian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging to the Council of 500.

II. of or for a counsellor, able to advise.

βουλευτός, ή, ίν, devised, plotted. From

Bουλεύω, f. σω: γf. βεβούλευκα: — Med., fut. - εύσομα: 2 or. 1 έβουλει σάμην: — Pass., arr. 1 έβουλεύθην: pf. βεβεύλευμα: but fut. med. is also used in pass. sense; and aor. 1 and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή): —to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to bave considered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing: Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like heat: — Pass. to be determined or resolved on. It to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

silium:—a project, plan, intention. 2. counsel, advice, whether taken or given. II, also like Lat, concilium, the Council or Senate, esp. that of the keeping down the tongue. 500 at Athens.

βούλησι, Ep. for βούλη, 2 sing. subj. of βούλομαι. Boulthers, εσσα, εν, (βουλή) of good counsel, sage.

βουληθείε, part. aor. I of βούλομαι.

βούλημα, ατοε, τό, (βούλομαι) a will, purpose. βούλησιε, εωε, ή, (βούλομαι) a willing: will, purpose.

βουλήσομαι, fut. of βούλομαι. βουλη-φόρος, ον, (βουλή, φέρω) counselling, advising. βου-λίμία, ή, (βου-, λιμός) ravenous bunger. Hence βουλίμιαω, f. άσω, to suffer from ravenous bunger.

βούλιος, ον, (βουλή) = βουλευτικύς. BOT'ΛΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐβουλόμην. Att. also ήβουλόμην: fut. βουλήσομαι: 20r. Ι έβουλήθην, Att. 2lso  $i_j$ βουλήθην: pf. βεβούλημαι, in compos. also med. βέβουλα (προ): Dep.:—to will, wish, be willing: usu. c. inf., but also c. dat., Τρώεσσιν έβούλετο νίκην be willed victory to the Trojans, or in full, Tower our έβούλετο κύδος δρέξαι. Βούλει οι βούλεσθε, with the subj. adds force to the demand, βούλει φράσω would you bave me tell; ὁ βουλόμενος, Lat. quivis, the first that offers, any one that likes.

bave rather, choose, prefer, mostly with ή, 25, βούλομ' έγω λαύν σύον έμμεναι, ή ἀπολέσθαι I bad rather the

host were saved than lost.

βουλό-μάχος, ον, (βούλομαι, μάχη) strife-desiring. Bouliurios, ov, fit for unyoking the oxen, [v]. From βου-λυτός, δ, (βουε, λύω) the time for unyoking oxen, evening · in Homer only as Adv , βουλῦτίνδε towards evening, at eventide.

βου-μολγός, δ, (βοῦε, ἀμέλγω) cow-milking. Bouvirus, ou, o, (Bouvos) a dweller on bills. Boy-vouos, ον, (βοῦε, νέμω) cattle-feeding. βού-νομος, grazed by cattle; αγέλαι βούνομαι herds

of grazing oxen.

BOYNO'Z, &, a bill, mound βού-παις, παιδος, δ, (βου-, παι̂ς) a big, lubberly 2. of bees, born of the ox; see Virg. Georg. boy. 4. 381.

βού-παλις, cos, δ, ή, (βου-, πάλη) bard-struggling. βου-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βούς, πέπαμαι pf. of πάοuai) rich in cattle.

βού-πληκτρος, ον, (βούε, πληκτρον) ox-goading. βου-πλήξ, ηγος, δ, η, (βοῦς, πλησσω) an ox-goad:an axe for felling an ox.

βου-ποίμην, ενος, δ, (βούς, ποιμήν) a berdsman. βου-πόρος, ον, (βούς, πείρω) ex-piercing; βουπύρος

 $\delta \beta \epsilon \lambda \delta s$  a spit that would spit a whole ox.

βού-πρφρος, ον, (βοῦς, πρφρα) with the face of an οx. BOΥ Σ, ο or ή: gen. βύος, also poët. βοῦ: acc. βοῦν, Ep. βῶν, poët. also βύα:--plur., nom. βύες, rarely contr. βοῦν. gen. βοῶν, rarely contr. βῶν: dat Bougl, poet. Bieggi, rarely Bogi :\_ a bullock or cow. an on; in plur. cattle. II βου̂s, ή, a sbield covered with ox-hide. IH. proverb., βους έπι Med. to be slow, to loiter.

Βουλή, ή, (βούλομαι) will, determination, Lat. con- | γλώσση βέβηκε, βοῦς ἐπὶ γλώσσης ἐπιβαίνει, like δε έπὶ στόμα, ∞of people who keep silence from some weighty reason, from the notion of a heavy body

> βούs, contr. from βόαs, acc. pl. of foreg. βού-σταθμον, τύ, (βοῦε, σταθμύε) an oxidall.

βου-στάσις, εως, ή, = foreg.

βου-στροφηδόν, Adv. (βοῦε, στροφή) turning like oxen in ploughing: of the early Greek manner of writing, which went from left to right, and right to left alternately. So Solon's Laws were written.

βου-στρόφος, ον, (βούε, στρέφω) ox-guiding:-as Subst. an ox-goad.

βου-σφάγεω, (βους, σφάζω) to slaughter oxen.

βούταλις, ιος, ή, a night bird. βούτης, ου, δ, (βοῦς) a cow-berd, berdsman. βου-φάγος, ον, (βοῦς, φάγεῖν) ox-eating. βουφονίω, f. ήσω, (βουφόνου) to slaughter oxex.

βουφονία (sub. lepá), τά, a festival with sacrifices of oxen. From

Bou-φόνος, ον, (βοῦς, φύνος) ex-sacrificing. at which oxen are slain.

βουφορβέω, f. ήσω, (βουφορβύε) to tend cattle. βουφόρβια, ων, τά, a berd of oxen. From βου-φορβός, όν, (βοῦς, φέρβω) ox-feeding: -as Subst. βουφορβός, δ. a berdsman.

βού-φορτος, ον, (βου-, φύρτος) with a great load. βου-χανδής, έε, (βοῦε, χανδάνω) bolding an ox. βού-χίλος, ον. (βοῦς, χιλός) rich in fodder. βοῶν, contr. part. of βοάω. gen. pl. of βοῦs.

βο-ώνης, ου, ό, (βούς, ἀνέομαι) οπε ευδο διεγε σκεκ for sacrifice.

βο-ῶπιε, ιδοε, ἡ, (βοῦε, ωψ) οx-eyed, i. c. with large, full eyes.

βοωτέω, f. ήσω, to plough. From II. Boötes, βοώτης, ου, δ, (βοῦς) a ploughman.

a name of the constellation Arcturus. βράβεία, ή, (βραβεύω) the office of judge or nempire,

presidency of the games: generally, arbitration. βράβειον, τύ, (βραβεύω) a prize in the games.

BPABET'Z, éwe, &: Att. acc. sing. Boabin, nom. plur. βραβη̂s: ... the judge who assigned the prizes at the games: generally, a judge, arbitrator, umpire: a chief, leader.

βράβεύω, f. σω, (βραβεύε) to be a judge ct rempire:

to arbitrate, direct, govern.

βράβυλον, τύ, a kind of plum or sloe. Βράβύλος, ή, the tree which bears βράβυλα. BBATXOX, &, boarseness, sore throat. Hence

βραγχός, ή, όν, boarse.

βραδέως, Adv. of βραδύς, slowly. βράδινός, ά, όν, Acol. for βαδινός.

βραδίων [1], βράδιστος, poet. Comp. and Sup. et βραδύε.

βράδος, εος, τύ, (βραδύς) slowness.

βραθύνω, f. τνω, (βραδύε) to delay:-Pass. to be de-II. intrans, to be slow about a thing :-

Boadu-mentins, és, (Boadés, melhopas) sloss of persuasion, slow to believe.

βραδυ-πλοίω, f. ήσω, (βραδός, πλίω) to sail slowly. βραδύ-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βραδύς, ποῦς)

tion of foot.

BPAΔΥΣ, εθα, ύ: Comp. βραδύτερου by poët. metath. βαρδύτερου, poët. also βραδίων [l] and βράσσων: Sup. Spaderares, post, Spaderres, and by metath. βάρδιστου: slow, beavy; βάρδιστοι θείειν slowest at running .- metaph. slow of understanding, slow. of time, late.

βραδυ-σκαλής, έε, (βραδύε, σκέλοε) slose of foot. paδύτης, ήτος, ή, (βραδύς) slowness: duliness. βράκος, τό, Acol. for parce, a rich female garment. paσθείε, aor. I pass. part. of βράζω.

ΒΡΑ ΣΣΩ, Att. βράττω: f. βράσω [d]: nor. I έβρασα:---Pass., 201. Ι έβράσθην: pf. βέβρασμαι:---to shake violently, to throw up, of the sea: to winnow or

sift grain: - Pass. to boil up.

βράσσων, αν. gen. ovos, poët. Comp. of βραδύε. βράχε, see βράχω.

βρά: la, είσα, έν, 201. 2 pass. part. of βρέχω. βράχέως, Adv. of βραχύς, shortly.

βράχίων, croe, δ, (βραχύε) the arm, Lat. brachium, [1] βράχιων, ον, gen. ονος, [Ion. 'ζ, Att. 1], βράχιστος, Comp. and Sup. of Beautie.

Βράγος, εσε, τό, plur, βράγεα, contr. βράγη, (βραχύο) shallow, stagnant pools, Lat. brevia et syrtes. Βραχύ-βωλος, ον, (βραχύς, βωλος) with few clods, βραχύβωλου χέρσου a narrow piece of land.

βράχυ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονοε, (βραχύε, γνώμη) of small understanding.

βραχύ-δρομος, ον, (βραχύς, δρόμος) running a short

Boaruhoyla, h, brevity in speech. From Βραχυ-λόγος, ον, (βραχύς, λέγω) short in speech, of

Braxive, f. vel, to make short. From

few words.

BPAXYZ, εία, ν: Comp. βραχύτερου and βραγίων: Sup. βραχύτατος and βράχιστος:--of Space and Time, short; of Number and Degree, few, little: Βραχό, a little, a sbort time or distance; επὶ βραχύ for a short distance; πατά βραχύ little by little; èv Boaxes shortly, briefly; but Boaxton in few words, Lat. brevibus, paucis; & Bpaxvrárov or év spaxvrárois, Lat. quam brevissime.

Βραχυ-σίδηρος, αν, (βραχύς, σίδηρος): άκων βραχυ-

giongos) a dart with a short, small bead.

βραχυ-σκελής, έε, (βραχύε, σκέλοε) sbort-legged. βραχυ-σύμβολος, ον, (βραχύς, σόμβολον) bringing a small contribution.

βραχύτονος, σ, (βραχύς, τείνω) reaching to short way. Βραχν-τράχηλος, ον, (βραχύς, τράχηλος) shortnecked.

Βραχύτης, ητος, ή, (βραχύς) shortness: scanciness,

Βραχωφεγγίτης, ου, δ, (βραχύς, φέγγος) giving a short or seast light. [t]

Bock to-bulkos, or, (Braxto, bulkor) with few leaves. \*BPA'XΩ, only used in 3 sing. sor. 2 έβραχε ος βράχε, to rattle, clash, ring, roar.

βρέγμα, ατος, τό, (βρέχω) the top of the head, Lat.

sinciput.

Branewalk, sound to imitate the creaking of frogs. BPE'MΩ, only used in pres. and impf., the Lat. FREMO, to roar, of the wave or wind; to clash, of arms; to roar, clamour, of a crowd. Also in Med. BPE'NOOZ, &, an unknown water-bird, of stately

bearing: hence II. arrogance. Hence

βρενδύομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to be of a proud carriage, bold one's bead high, swagger βράξιε, ecce, ή, (βρέχω) a wetting.

BPETAZ, 76, gen. βρέτεσε, nom. pl. βρέτη, a wooden image of a god.

BPE'402, eoe, to, the child unborn, Lat. fostus, = ξμβρυον. II. the new-born babe, subely or sub. Ιρεχμόε, δ, 🗕 βρέγμα.

BPE XO, f. for: aor. I theefa: Pass., aor. I theth θην: 201. 2 έβράχθην [d]: pf. βέβρεγμαι:-- to suct on the surface, moisten, sprinkle, opp. to regyw:-Pass. to be wetted or drenebed. 2. impers. βρέχει, like bei, Lat. pluit, it rains.

BPI-, [1], insepar, intensive Prefix, whence come

βριάω, βριαρόε.

Bolapeus, o. Strong, a hundred-handed giant, so called by the gods, but by men Aegaeon. [In Ep., trisyll. Boldo'ar.

βρίδιρός, ά, όν, Ion. βριερός, ή, όν, (βριάω) strong. βρίω, (βρι-) to strengthen, to make strong.

intr. to be strong.

BPIZΩ, fut. fw, to nod, elumber, eleep. βρί-ήπτος, or, (βρι-, dπύω) loud shouting. βρίθος, εος, τό, (βρίθω) weight.

βρίθοσύνη, ή, (βρίθοε) weight, beaviness. βρτθύ-voos, or, (βριθύε, voos) grave-minded, thought

βρίθύε, είλι, έ, (βρίθω) weighty, beauy. BPI'6Ω, f. βρίσω, Ep. inf. βρίσεμεν: acr. I έβρίσα: perf. BéBolba:-to be beauty, to be weighed down or beaut laden with a thing :- Med., μήκων καρπώ βριθομένη a poppy laden with fruit; έριε βεβρίθνία, Ερ. for βεβρίθυία, weighty strife. 2. of men; to outweigh, prevail: to be superior in the fight, to be mas-

II. trans. to load, press. βρτμάσμαι and βρτμόσμαι, Dep. to snort with anger, be wrathful, furious. (Formed from the sound.) βρίσ-άρματος, ον, (βρίθω, άρμα) loading the ear.

BPOTXOZ, &, the wintipipe, trachea.

βρομέω, = βρέμω, to buzz, bum, of gnats. βρομιάζομαι, Dep. to revel like Bacchus. From Βρόμιος, a, or, (βρόμος) roaring, boisterous:-hence δ Βρόμισε, the boisterous god, a name of Bacchus. - Bánxeios, Baccbic.

Boom wong, es, (Boomos, eldos) Bacchic.

βρόμος, δ, (βρέμω) Let. fremitus, any lord noise oc roaring, as of fire, etc.

136 thunders, Lat. tonat. From BPONTH , f. thunder. II. the state of one struck with thunder, autonishment. βρόντημα, ατοε, τό, (βροντάκ) α thunder-clap. Bρόντης, ου, δ. (βροντή) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus. Boovenou-kipauvos, or, (Boovedau, kepauvie) sending thunder and lightning. βροντ-ώδης, es, (βροντή, «ίδο») thundering. Protesses, or, also α, στ, Ep. βρότεος, η, στ, (βροτίε) mortal, buman. - So also Boothores, a, or. βροτο βάμων, ον, (βροτίο, βημα) trampling on men. βροτό-γηρυε, ν, gen. νος, (βροτίε, γηρυε) with buman voice, of a parrot. βροτόειε, εσσα, εν, (βροτόε) bloody, gary. Brotoktovius, f. how, 10 murder men. From Βροτο-κτόνος, ον. (βροτύς, κτείνω) man-slaying. βροτο-λοιγός, έν, (βροτές, λοιγός) bane of men. BPOTO'S, &, a mor:al, man, opp. to abarates of Geós: as Adi. mor:al. BPO TOZ, &, blood from a wound, gore. Broto-orderos, or, (Spotie, secreta) watching men. βροτο-στυγής, έε, (βροτόε, στυγέω) man-bating. II. pass. bated by men. Bροτο-φεγγής, έε, (βροτίε, φέγγοε) giving light to man. βροτο-φθόρος, ον. (βροτίε, φθείρω) man-destroying. βροτόω, (βρίτου) to stain with gore. βροχετός, δ, (Ερέχω) a sostting, rain. Broxies, Acol. for Braxies. BPO'XOOX, & the throat. βροχίε, ή, (βρέχω) an ink-born. BPOXOZ, b, a noose or slip-knot, for banging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net. \*BPOXΩ, act. 1 {βροξα, to gulp down: cp. ava-Βρύχω, καταβρύχω. βρυάζω, (βρίω) to teem with pleny, overflow. βρύγδην, Adv. (βρύκω) snarling or with clenched βρυγμός, δ, (βρύχω) a snarling, biting: a grinding

or gnashing of tee.b. BPTKΩ, f. [ω: not. I έβρυξα: to bite, devour. Cf.

βρύχω. [θ]

BPΥΛΛΩ, = βρῦν elecîr, v. sq. βρθν, βρθν elzeir to cry for drink.

βρύξ, only in acc. βρίχα, the dep'h of the sea. βρθχάομαι, fut. med. βρυχήσομαι, 201. I pass. έβρυχήθην: Ep. pf. βέβρυχα (so μέμηκα, μέμυκα from μηκάομαι, μυκάομαι): Dep.: (Ερύχω):— to roar,

bowl, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence βρύχημα, ατοι, τό, a roaring: and

βρθχητής, οῦ, δ, a bellower, bowler. Bρύχιοs, or, also a, or, (βρύξ) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ήχώ an echo from the deep. [v]

BPTXΩ, fut. βρίξω: 201. 2 ξερθχον:-Pass., 201. I  $iβρύχθην :—the same as βρόπω. [<math>\overline{v}$ ]

Boovrow, f. how, to thunder: βροντώ, impers., it | BPΥΩ, mostly in pres. and impf.: rare in fat. βρύσω: - to be full of anything, swell or teem wi:b. II. trans. to cause to burst for.b. βρώμα, ατου, τύ, (βιβρώσκω) that which is eaten food. βρωμάομαι, zor. Ι έβρωμησάμην: Dep.: (βρέμω):-to bray like an ass, Lat. rudëre. βρέμη, ή, (βιβρώσκω) βρώμα, food. βρώστμος, αν, (βρῶσιε) eatable, solid. βρώσιε, εωε, ή, (βιβρώσκω) meat, opp. to most (drink). II. an eating into, corrosion, rust. βρωτήρ, ήροι, δ, (βιβρώσκω) an eater, devourer. βρωτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, eatable:βρωτύν, τό, 🗕 βρώσιε. Βρωτύι, ύσε, ή, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρώσιε. βιβλινος, η, ον, (βύβλος) made of hyblus. BY BAOE, \$\dagger\$, the Egyptian papyrus. coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: βύβλοι, al, leaves of byblus; hence, a book: also in pl τὰ βίβλα, [ĕ] βύζην, Adv. (βύω) close-pressed, closely, thickly. βτθίζω, f. low, (βυθύε) to sink in 13e deep, immerse. βύθιος, a, or, (βυθύε) in the deep, sunken, deep. of the deep; βύθια (sub. (fa) water-animals. [v] βυθίτης, ου, δ. βυθίτις, ίδος, ή. - βίθιος. BY 60'Z, d, the depth, the deeps of the sea. βύκτης, ου, δ, (βίω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen. pl. βυκτάων. Bivies, Att. for Biss. BYPIA 1, the skin stripped off, a bide. βυρσ-aleros, δ, (βίρσα, alerís) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner. βυρσεύε, έωε, δ, a tanner. From βυρσεύω, ſ. σω, (βύρσα) to dress bides, tan. βυρσίνη, ή, a leathern thong. [1] Fem. from βύρσινος, η, ον, (βύρσα) made of skin ot leather. Buperobeties, f. how, to dress bides, be a tanner. From βυρσο-δέψης, ου, δ. (Βίρσα, δέψω) a tanner. βυρσο-παφλάγών, ένοι, δ, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) το leather-Pathlagonian, nickname of Cleon. βυρσο-πώλης, ου, ό, (βίρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller. Buporo-revies, és, and Buporó-rovos, or, (Bupora relew) wi'b skin or leather stretched over. Biorotivos, n, or, (Bioros) made of fine lines. βυσσο-δομεύω, (βυσσύε, δομέω) to build in the deepe: hence to meditate deeply. βυσσόθεν, Adv. (βυσσίε) from the bottoms. Busso-utrons, ou, 6, (Bussis, perpla) measuring the deeps.  $\beta v \sigma \sigma \delta s_{i} \delta_{i} = \beta v \theta \delta s_{i}$  the depth or bottom of the sec. BΥΣΣΟΣ, ή, fine flax: fine linen.

βυσσό-φρων, ον, (βυσσύε, φρήν) deep binking. BΥΩ: f, βύσω [0]: aor, 1 έβθσα:—Pass., aor, 1 έβύσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; **>έματο**ε βεβυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; στογγέω βεβισμένου bunged up with sponge. βώ, sor. 2 act. subj. of βαίνω. βωθέω, Ion. contr. for βοηθέω,

fimelidades, -early, Doc. for fourmiles, Bumalunés, Dor. for Bour-

less, å, Dor. for Boûsos.

λάκιος, α, ον, (βάλαξ) forming clods, of rich loam. Wat, dece, 4, - Bulos, a clod of earth.

léλιον, τό, Dim. of βêλπ, a elod.

BO AOZ, 1, Lat. GLEBA, a slod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mose of enything: so even of the sun.

bulo τόμος, αν. (βάλος, τεμείν) clod-breaking. quos, a, or, also os, or, (Bopos) on or at the altar.

laple, Boe, 4, Dim. of Bunce: a step. μολόχουμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jeet. From

poloxelopes, Dep. to practice coarse buffconery,

indulge in ribald jests. From

βωμο-λόχος, er, (βωμός, λοχάω) lurking about the iture, for the ecrape that sould be got there, a starseling, begger: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, befoon.

Bunda, & (Balow) any raised place for standing on, a tand, Lat, suggestus: draised place for sacrificing, an olter; later also a funeral mound, eairn, Lat. tumulus.

βων, Ep. for βοῦν, acc. of βοῦε: also contr. gen. plur. Lives, contr. for Bohous, acr. I part. of Bohm. Boor, 3 plur. sor. 2 subj. of Balver.

Buστρέω, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.

Gras, Dor. for Boorns.

βωτι-άναρα, ή, (βόσκα, drip) man-feeding, surse of beroes. [&]

βώτωρ, οροε, δ, = βοτήε, a berdeman.

1 , yours, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral \( \gamma = \text{three}, \text{third} : \text{but } \( \gamma = 3000.--\text{Before} \) the palatals  $\gamma = \chi$  and before f,  $\gamma$  is pronounced like s in κg, as άγγοι άγκοι άγχι άγξα.

For the digamma, v. sub o.

Homer uses y as an aspirate before some words, as also yait, dourse ydourse: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφου γνόφου.

In Dor. 8 is sometimes put for y, as 82 bropos for γε γεόφου: also γ for β, βλέφαρον γλέφαρον; but in Att., β for γ, γλήχων βλήχων; also for κ, yrante erante: and for A, Thior Adior.

ye, Dor. for ye.

vs. Dor. and Acol. for vs. cartb.

γρηγάμη, ή, οτ γάγγάμον, τό, a small round net. yayypawa, i, (ypan, ypalru) a gangrene, an eating ears ending in martification.

yaka, h, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.) γαζο-φυλάκιον, τό, (γάζα, φυλάκή) α treasury, Lat. eerarium.

yables, Dor. for yables,

quia, 4, gen. gains, Ep. gains (but not gain in nom., give berself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubers.

except in late Poets), like als, post. for ys, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

yerdoxos, or, Dor. for yerdoxos. γαιηγονής, ές, poët, for γηγωής, γαιήδος, η, ον. (γαίλ) εξουμα

os, 4, or, (yala) strung from Earth.

youn-oxos, or, (your, Exw) post. for younger, and upbolding, earth-surrounding, spith, of Possidon: of other gods, protesting a country.

pilos, or, Dor. for refles, on land.

TATO, only used in partic, solet valer esulting in his strength.

ΓΑ'ΛΑ, gen. γάλαυτου, τό, milb. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. 76-har-ree).

yakathyote, or, (yaka) suching, infant.

yaldertvos, q, or, milky, milk-white.

ythauro-utyle, le, (ytha, stryfyru) like eurdled

yadawro-notres, ou, o, (yada, no-notas, 2 sing. pf. pasa of wire) a milk-drinker.

aldra, yalarbe, Dor. for yaldre, yalarbe. PAARH, éps, contr. ythin, se, t, the marten-cat oc

polocat, Let. mustola. γαλορός, ά, όν, choerfiel. Adv. -sile.

γάλούτης, ου, δ, (γαλόη) a kind of spotted lizard. YEAR, h, couts, for yearn.

γάληναΐος, α, ον, — γαληνόε. γάληναα, Dor. γαλάναα, ή, — sq.

TAAHNH, h, stillness of wind and wave, calm, yakhrur thanver to sail through the saim: generally, ealm, tranquillity. Hence

yalquide, Ep. part. fem. yalquideses, to be ealm. YEARVOS, by, (Yakhry) sains, still, sereme: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., judged a salm, judge don I see a ealm.

Γάλλος, &, a priest of Cybelé: a sunuch.

γάλ-ουργέα, -ουργέα, -ουχέα, -ουχία, -- γαλαστ-. ΓΑ'ΑΟΩΣ, φ, gen. γάλου, nom. pl. γαλόψ: Att. γάλως, gen. γάλω, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc, is done. [d]

rana, Dor. for Thurs, sor. I int. of Japies.

γαμβρόε, δ, (γαμόν) any connection by marriage, I. a son-in-law. Lat. affinis : 2. a brother-3. a father-in-law. in law. II. in Dor. and Acol. a bridegroom.

yours, Dor. for bynuer, a sing, nor. I of yourse. requert, t, tem. of reperse, a soife.

γάμέτης, ου, Dor. gen. γαμέτα, έ, a busband, sponse : and

γάμέτιε, ιδοε, ή, a wife. From

youles: fut. yaules, Att. yayes, later yaunfow: fut. 201. Ι έγημα; later έγάμησα: pf. γεγάμησα.—Med., fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσσεται, Att. γαμούμαι: 201. Ι έγημαμην.-- Ρασι, 201 Ι έγαμήθην, poöt. part. γαμεθείε: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμοε). Το marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; in manoù, is άγαθοῦ γήμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. Med. to give in marriage, 1. of the women, to

of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter.

III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to seife.

γάμηλουμα, ατος, τό, - γάμος.

yauthos, a, or, (yauto) bridal, Lat. nuprialis:

γαμηλία (sub. θυσία), ή, a marriago-foast.

Taunhules, area, δ, the assenth month of the Attie year, from γαμέω, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See Δηναιών.

γάμιζω, f. low, (γάμου) to give in marriage.

γάμικός, ἡ, ἐν, (γάμος) bridal; τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. κυρτίας. Adv. –κῶς, as at a wedding.
γάμιστω, – γαμίζω.

γάμο-κλόπος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous: 25

Subst. an adulturer.
yu-ubpos, d, Dor. for yn ubpos.

TAMOΣ, δ, a wedding, marriage: also wedlock, matrimony: in pl. a marriage-feast. Lat. supriae.
γαμό-στολος, ον. (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing mar-

riage. ુવાનું મુખેર્દી, છેલ, વી. (ગુલામુંગ, ગુલ્લાનગંડ) the jaws of

a beast : the beak of a bird.

γαμψός, ή, ότ, (εάμπτω) bent, curved, crooked.

year, Dor. for yhu, yadar.

varios, (varos) to stine, glitter, gleam: to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere: metaph, to be obserful.

TA'NOZ, coe, 76, brightness, sheen: beauty, a charm, delight. [8] Henco

yavon, to make bright or shining: pf. pass. part.
yeyavonkeros, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus.

yavber, leson, Ep. part. of yarder.

γάντιμαι, Ερ-ται, γανόσσομαι: Dep.: (γάνοε):—to brighten up, be delighted at a thing. Hence

γάνυσμα, ατοε, τό, = γάνοε. γά-πεδον, τό, Dor. for γήπεδον. [ $\bar{a}$ ]

yd-merfis, yd-movos, yd-movos, Dor. for ynw-. TA'P, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief I. to introduce the reason: when the Usages are reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by since or as; 'Ατρείδη, πολλοί γάρ τεθνασιν 'Axaιοί, since many Achaeans are dead, etc.;' so in parenthesis, as καί, ξν γὰρ ὁ Μαραθών ἐπιτηdewrator, etc., and, since Marathon was the fittest II. to strengthen 1. a question, p'ace, etc. like Lat. nam, Engl. wby, wbat, τίο γάρ σε ήκεν wby who hath sent thee? 2. a wish, manus yan ito-Acco O that you might perish! in Homer usu. al yar Att. el or eile yap, Lat. utinam, O that! so also mue Yap, would that!

γαργαίρω, f. ἄρῶ, (γόργἄρα) to swarm with. γαργαλίζω, Att. for γαγγαλίζω, (γάργαλε.) to tickle. Hence

γαργαλισμόα, οῦ, δ, a tickling. ΓΑΡΓΑΛΟΣ, δ, a tickling, itching. [ἄ] ΓΑΡΓΑΡΑ, τά, bespe, lots, plenty. γαρώω, Dor. for γηρίω.
γαστήρ, gen. γαστίροε syncop. γαστρόε, dat. plu.
γαστήρ, gen. γαστίροε syncop. γαστρόε, dat. plu.
γαστήροι (ā], ή:—the pauneb, belly, Lat. senter; γαι
στήρ άστίδοε the bollow of a shield. 2. the womb,
by γαστρή φίρεν οι έχειν to be with child. 3. mc
taph. appetie, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence
γάστρα, Ion. γάστρη, ή. the belly of a jar, etc.
γαστρίξων, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον.
γαστρίξω, f. ίσω, (γάστριε) to fill one's belly. It
to bit on the belly, a trick in boxing.
γαστρίμαργοε, σν, (γαστήρ, μάργοε) gluttonous.

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.
γάστριε, ιοε, ό, ή, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied: a giztta, γαστηρ-βάρηε, έε, (γαστήρ, βαρέε) beary with child: γαστρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the womb. be pregnant.

γαστρ-ώδης, es, (γαστήρ, elbos) pot-bollied. γαυλικόε, ή, όν, (γαῦλοε) of or for a merchant

sbip.

γαυλυτικός, ή, όν, - γαυλικύς.

TATAOZ, 8, a milk-pail: a water-bucket: any round vessel, e.g. a bes-bive: hence II. yawlon, 8, a round built merchant-vessel, galley. yawpida, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly.

yaupon, only used in pres. so ovar conseq process, pride oneself. From yaupon, or, also a, or, (yales) emilting in a thing:

baughty, disdainful: skittish. Hence
yauphopuu, Pass. to exult in a thing: to be baughy,
disdainful. Hence

γαύρωμα, ατοε, τό, a subject for boasting.

IE, Dor. γα, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least, at any rate; δ γ' δνθάδε λέων at any rate the people here: often attached to pronouns, έγωγε, σύγε, όγε. 2. well then, then, implying unwillingues, είμί γε well, I will go. 3. and indeed, too; καλών γε ποιών and quite right too! 4. to strengthen oaths, νή Δία .. γε, with a word between, to which γε usu. refers.

II. ενεπ; ἤλδον ᾿Αρφιάρωῶ γε πρὸς βίων against ενεπ Απρhiaraus' will.

γεά-οχος, στ, Dot. for γαιήσχος.
γέγδα, Ερ. for γέγσνα, perf. ο γέγνομα, το bave
been born, to be, live: pl. γέγδμεν, γεγάδετε, γεγάδοτ: but γεγάμεν [δ] inf., for γεγαίσαι, Dot. γεγάκειν [δ]: part. γεγαίσε, -άωσα, Att. contr. γεγάκ,
-ώσα, like βεβαίκ, βεβάκ.

γέγαθα, Dor. for γέγηθα; pf. of γηθέω. γεγάκαν, Dor. pf. inf. of γέγνομα: see γέγαα. γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, see γέγαα.

γεγάμηκα, pf. of γαμίω. γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγευμαι, pf. rass. of γεία. γέγηθα, γεγήθαιν, pf. and Ep. pl**qpf. of γηθέα.** γεγήρακα, pf. of *γηράσκ*α.

γέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφα. γεγόμφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφόα.

γέγονα, pf. of γέγνομαι. γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. set. and pass. of γράφα γεγράψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφα.

ppile

TETONA, perf. with pres. sense, part. yeyerde, plant, everywear with impf. sense :- the other tenses ere formed as if from pres. yeydow or yeyewles, -inf. repared. Ep. reparemer; impl. everywear or regavew for dyeraweor, 3 sing, also drerawe; acr. I inf. γεγανήσαι: verb. Adj. γεγανητέον. Το call or cry to as to be beard, to call aloud; boor to ylyane Botour as far as be sould make bimself beard by shouting: c. sec. rei, to eall out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

properties, verb. Adj. of reverses, one must pro-

eleim aloud.

yevertones, lengthd. pres. for yevera, so proclaim. yeyeves, er, Adj. from part. yeyeves, (hke apapus, b, from epaper), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

yeride, Gota, de, Att. part. pf. of reprepar, for re-

γανώς, γυγαώς, 200 γάκι

Polyve, 4, Heb. Gebenne, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt :-- hence as a name for bell-fire, bell.

yen-moves, etc., v. year-

γα-άροτής, οῦ, ὁ, (γῆ, ἀρόω) α plougher of earth. yerrapevos, sor. I part. of yebropen. yelvens, Ep. for yelvens, a sing. acr. I med. subj. of

retropes.

yelvopes, Pass, to be begotten, be born. II. the nor. I eyendung, yehrandas is always used in causal sense, - yerran, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to beer, bring forth; of years person the parents.

yero-propos, etc., = yespope

γαιο-φόροε, ον. (γη, φίρα) and bearing.

PET ZON or γείσσον, τό, anjihing projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the bem of a garment. (Of Carlan origin.) yearviacus, eue, \$, neighbourhood: the neighbours.

From

yearvides, (yelrew) to be a neighbour, to border on. yerrovers and yerroves, - yerrides.

eurbotves, or, neighbouring, near. From

TEITΩN, oros, ô, \$, a neighbour. III. as Adi meighbouring bordering:-metaph. akin to, like. yelalous, Acol. for yeldous.

yeldfas, Dor. for yelusas.

yelinte, 60, (yelder) laughing, cheerful.

yelders, Dor. for yelders, dat. part. of yelder. yeldows and yelelos, Dor. for yeldowsa.

yeldou, Dor. for yeldou, fem. nom. part. of yeldes. yelasoda, Desiderat. of yeldan, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γελασμα, ατοε, τό, (γελάω) a laugh; κυμάτων δυήροθμου γίλασμα 'the many-twinkling smile of

Ocean.

yelactife, of, 6, (yeldo) a laugher, enserer. elactie, 4, iv, laughable, laughed at. From TΕΛΑ'Ω, Ερ. γελόω, Ερ. part. pl. γελίωντες, γε- -edrus, ιδος, (γενειός) becrded. λόσωντες, οι γελοίωντες: Ερ. impf. γελοίων οι -dew: γενειόω, f. ήσω, - γενειόζω, to get a beard.

γεγάμνακα, γεγάμνασμα, pf. act. and pass. of fut. γελάσομαι: acr. I δγίλδου, Ερ. δγίλασου, Dor. δγίλαξα.—Pass., 20τ. Ι δγελάσθην: pf. γεγίλασμαι: -to laugh, Lat. rideo; eyéhagge pihor sip his heart laughed within him.

II. to laugh at, sneer at. TEATIZ, idoe, 4; pl. yellyides or yellyeis: = dylie.

a bead, clove of garlie, Lat. spica allii. yelollos, Ep. for yelous.

γέλοιος, α, αν, also os, αν, (γελάω) laughable, ab 11. bumorous, facetious: γίλοια jests.

yeloler, Ep. impf. of yeldes. yelolarres, part. pres. of yeloida.

yelde, yeldertes, Ep. for yelder, yeldertes.

Yellevil, Dor. for yeller.

yelworres, poët. for yellowres.

ychus, o: gen. wros Att. w: dat. yéhwrs Ep. γέλφ: acc. γέλωτα Ep. γέλω, in Att. Poets γέλων: (yeldes): laughter, Lat. risus; but yelders for laughter's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughter, Lat. ludibrium; yldera vocciobal re to make a joke of it.

yeluroweta, t. buffconery. From

Yehoro-words, by, (yehon, world) exciting laughter: es Subst., yekerowords, oi, d, a jester.

yelder, Ep. impf., yelderves, Ep. part. of yelder, yeller, f. ion, Att. in, (yépu) to fill, load or freight

with a thing :- Pass. to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, - γόμος, a freight. From IE MΩ, used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a

thing, to be full. yeven, as, Ion. yeven, fle, f. (2//ve) birth; buld. repos yerey younger by birth; be yeres from birtb. II. birth, race, descent; yereş bulprepor

higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a generation, Lat. sasculum; bles yeveal perforar details. IV. offstring, descendants.

yevechoyles, f. how, (yeveahlyos) to trace a pedigree; yercaloyed riva to trace his pedigree :- Pass.

to derive one's pedigree. Hence yevenhoyla, t, a tracing one's descent, genealogy.

From yevel-hoyos, e, (yerca, hlyw) a genealogist.

yeven, fie, n, Ion. for yeved : Ep. dat. yerchot. yevilan, 4, birth, origin, descent : of horses, breed. bir b-place; appripou yer (0hy a mire of silver.

γενεθλίδιος, σν, - γενίθλιος. yeven or, belonging to one's birth, Lat. natalis: yerlohiar quap one's birth-day; rd yerlohia a birth. day feast; yerlexion beol the gods of one's race;

γενίθλιον α μα kindred blood. γίνεθλον, τό, = γενέθλη, descent. 2. offstring.

yeverale Dor. - dorden, (yeveron) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

yeverán, ábon, n. (yéretor) a beard. a in plur. the cheeks.

yevenione, - yereid(e, to get a beard.

yeverating, Ion. yeverating, 6: sem. yeverates of

yevenov, to, (yevue) the part sovered by the beard, | the lower part of the face, the ebin.

yeves, Ep. for eyerou, 2 sing. acr. 2 of ylyropau. yer to ban, sor. 2 inf. of ylyroua.

revious, or, - yerédhios. II. tà verious a birth-day feast:-also, a day kept in memory of the

ylverus, eas, \$, (\*ylve) an origin, source: birth, race, descent.

yevermero, Ign. for eyevero, 3 sing. sor. 2 of yepropar. yeverenpa, fem. of yevertip, (\*yéve) she that gives birth, a mother. II. she that is born, a daughter. yevery, 1, - yeren, birth.

yeverife, spoe, 8, - yeverns.
yeverife, ov, 8, (\*yere) the begetter, a father, an-2. the begotten, son. II. as Adj., cestor. γενέθλισε.

yeverulale, idos, 4, ("yeva) goddess of one's birth

bour.

yeverup, opos, &, - yeverns, a father. yeven, Ion. for eyeron, 2 sing. sor. 2 of yevrouse.

yevy@hrw, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι. yernite, 4: gen. yerhidos, contr. yeridos: - yerus, the edge of an ane: an ane, pickane, mattock.

 $\gamma$ trypa, aros,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $\gamma$ trypa.

yeved, i, post. for yeves, descent, offspring.

yervádas [d], ou, o, plur. yervádai, (yérva) noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.

yerrano-upenta, de, (yerranoe, upenu) besitting a moble. Adv. - sûe.

yerraios, a, or, also os, or, (yérra) suitable to one's birth or descent; of not yerralor it fits not my high blood: noble both in mind and blood, bigb-born, bigb-minded: of animals, thorough-bred: of things, good of their kind: but also, yervala dun genuine, intense misery. Hence

yerranding, 1700, 4, nobility, noblement of character:

of land, fortility.

yervalus, Adv. of remaios, sobly: Sup. remainana. yervam, f. how, (yerra) to beget, of the father; to bear, bring forth, of the mother; of yearhourses the II. to generate, produce. Hence parents.

yevrqua, area, to, that which is produced, a child: any product. II, one's nature. III. a begetting.

yevvnous, eas, th, a begetting, producing. yerviting, ou, b, (yerview) a parent, Lat. paterfamilias.

yevrytos, 4, 6r, (yerráw) begatten or born.

γεννήτωρ, οροι, ό, - γενέτωρ.

yevvetos, h, or, - yervaios, brave, spirited. Adv. - we. yevolcto, Ep. and Ion. for yevourto.

yevoluar, Dor. sor. 2 opt. of ylyropas.

Yevos, cos, to, ("yeve) race, descent; freq. in acc. absol. yéros, as ef 16ams yéros siul I am of Ithaca by descent; so in dat., yive worlings a citizen by oirth. II. a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi ganus. III. a race in regard to number, a nation. 3. 6 race in regard to time, an age, gene- taste of a thing.

IV. sen: gender. V. kind, genus, ration. opp, to elbos, species.

yevro, be grasped, - Exaster, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Acol. for Exero,-7 representing the digamma. II. contr. for eyérere. TENT Z, 4, gen. yérves; dat. yéru: plur., dat. yérvoi, Ep. yérvooi; acc. yérvas, contr. yérve The under jaus; yerves, both jaws, the mouth: hence also the cheek, chin. II. the edge of an axe, a biting axe.

•ΓΕΝΩ, obsoil pres., Root of γίγνομαι. γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρεα, pl. of γέραε.

yepaide, a, or, (yépar, yapaide) old: venerable. Comp. yepalrepos; of yepairepos, the elders, Lat. senatores. Sup. γεραίτατος

yepand-phonos, ar, (yepande, phonds) with surinkled

γεραίρω, f. γεράρθ: soc. I έγέρημα, inf. γεράρα: 20τ. 2 έγεράρον: (γέραε):—to bosour or researd with a gift: generally, to bonour.

γεραίτερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραιόε. ΓΕΡΑΝΟΣ, ή, Lat. GRUS, a crans.

yepabe, f., br. - yepaibe

γεράρδε, ά, όν, (γεραίρω) reverend, stately; γεραροί priests, yepapal priestesses.

TEPAZ, ace, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion γέραα, Ep. contr. yépa:—a gift of bonour, prize, generally, a gift, honour; metaph., yepas barberow the last banour of the dead. IL a privilege, prerogative. Hence repartues, or, bonouring. II. bonoured.

Γεράστιος, a Spartan month.

yepao-copos, or (yepas, copo) winning bonour.
yepas, Ion. nom. pl. of yepas.

γεροντάγωγίω, f. ήσω, to guide an old man. From γεροντ-άγωγός, δ. (γέρον, δγω) guiding an old mes. reportla, f. Lacon. for repordia.

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρον, a little old man. repovole, h. (repar) a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28.

embassy. repotence, a, or, (repair) belonging to the elders or

chiefs; olvos yepovouos wine reserved for them. γέρρον, τό, (είρω) Let. gerra, anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Persians wore. 2. a wattled but,

yeppo-popos, oi, (yippor, pipu) troops that were

wicker shields : v. foreg.

ΓΕΡΩΝ, orros, δ, an old man, Lat. senen: of γίpowres the Elders of Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council: hence the Senators, like Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number. IL as Adj. yepaw, ow, but almost always with masc. Subst. as y spor hoyos: y spor sacos

however occurs in Homer. γεθμα, ατοε, τό, (γεύω) a taste of a thing.

yeurarban, eor. I med. inf. of yeur

TEYΩ, f. γεύσω: not. I lyeusu:-to give one a 'II. Med. γεύομαι, fut. γεύσυμα: sor. 1 eyewsapay : with pf. pass. yeyevpat :-- to taste or sat of a thing; 3 pl. piqpf. tyfrewro, they had tested, eaten: hence to try, make proof, have emperience of; doupde resources to taste, i. e. feel, the spear: to enjoy.

TE'TPA, 4, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom, always in plur.:—in Hom. also, rode poto yespece the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ζευγνύναι ος γοφύρα (erypieras morapór to build a bridge over a river, Lat. ponte jungere fluvium. Hence

yechupow, f. wow, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμόν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way :- Pass., eyequputhy & mopos the strait bad a bridge made over it.

γανγραφία, ή, geography. From

γω-γράφος, ον, (γη, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., yenypádos, ov, é, a geographer.

γεώ-λοφος, δ, (γη, λόφοι) a bill, billock: also γεώλοφον, τό, and γοωλοφία, ή.

yeuperpeu, f. hau, to measure land, to measure. From γου-μέτρης, ου, δ, (γη, μετρέω) a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

yemperpla, 4, land-measuring, geometry: and yesquerpunds, to, or, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ή γεωμετρική (sub, τέχνη), geometry: γεωperpuede, où, à, a geometrician. Adv. - nue.

yeequople, the division of lands: tillage. From ess-frobos, also Ast-frobos, Ast-frobos, and Asroμόρος, δ, ή, (γή, μείρομαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landbolder: of pentileon, the landowners of nobles in a state, Lat. on

year-redor or year-reduce, to, Ion. for yhredor. γου-πείνης, ου, δ, (γη, πένομαι) poor in land. γεωπόνος, δ, (γη, πονέω) a tiller of the earth. busbandman.

γουργόω, f. ήσω, (γεωργόο) to be a farmer: also to till. cultivate: metaph. to work at, practice a thing. yempyla, h, (yempyle) agriculture, tillage, in plur, tilled lands.

γουργικός, ή, όν, (γουργός) of ox for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεώργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γε-ωργόε, όν, (γη, έργον) tilling the ground: 25 Subst., year you, ov, o, a tiller of the earth, bushandman. Yempbyem, f. how, to dig or trench the earth. From γε-ωρύχος, ω, (γη, δρύσσω) trenching the earth. [8] γαω-τόμος, ον, (γη, τεμείν) cutting the ground: ploughing.

TH', \$, contr. for yea, earth, land; yip nal blup 200 ou to give earth and water as token of submission: ματά γŵρ οι land, by land, opp. to κατά θάλασσαν: also mard yije, which means beneath the earth: rou The; Lat. ubi terrarum? where on the earth?

γη γενής, ές, (γή, \*γένω) eartbborn: indigenous. Π. ns Subst., ynyerin, of, i, a son of the Earth, a giant.

Yilver, Adv. of All, out of or from the earth. yybba, f. how: sor. byhbyou, perf. ybyyba, Dor. ybγάθα (used in pres. sense): plaps. εγεγήθειν: (γαίν): -to be delighted, to rejoice.

γηθοσύνη, 4. (γηθίω) joy, delight. θόσυνος, η, αν, (γηθέω) joyful, glad. THOYON, 76, Lat. getbyum, a kind of look. Yhivos, or, and Yhios, or, (Yh) of earth or day.

γηίτης, coatr. γχίτης, ου, δ, (γή) a busbandman.  $\gamma$ ή-λοφος, δ, =  $\gamma$ εώλοφος,  $\alpha$  bill. Ythra, Ythras, Ythraotar, Ynhahevos, sor. I inc.

and part. act. and med. of yautes.  $\gamma$ η-μόρος,  $\delta$ , —  $\gamma$ εωμόρος.

γη-οχέω, (γη, έχω) to possess land. γή-ποδον, τό, = γούποδον, (γή, πόδον) a plot of

ground. yn-werige, ie, (yn, weren) falling to earth.  $\gamma \eta \pi \sigma v \sigma s$ ,  $\delta_{\tau} = \gamma \epsilon \omega \pi \sigma v \sigma s$ .

Theretos, Dor. Yamoros, or, (The mi-morae 3 sing. pf. pass. of wire) to be drunk up by Earth.

γηραιόε, ά, όν, (γήραε) old, aged. γηράλθος and γηράλιος, α, ον, – γηραιόε.

γηράναι, aor. 2 inf., or γηράναι, aor. 1 inf., of γηράσκαι γηράντεσσι, Ep. for γήρασι, dat. plur. of γηράς, part, sor. 2 of yngás me.

γηραός, ά, άν, poët. for γηραιός.

γυράς, kol. 2 pert. of γυράσκω. ΓΗ ΡΑΣ, τό, gen. γήρασε, Att. contr. γήρω: dat. γήραϊ, Att. contr. γήρα: old age, Lat. senectus. Hence γηράσκω οι γηράω: fut. άσω Att. άσομαι [d]: aor. I έγήρασα: 20τ. 2 έγήραν, inf. γηράναι (ά), part. γηods (as if from a verb in - m): pl. yey grose aged, become old and infirm. erhodoa, Causal, to bring to old age.

γηροβοσκέω, f. ήσω, to feed and cherish in old age:

-Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γηρο-βοσκόε, όν, (γήραε, βόσκω) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γηρο-κόμος, ον, (γήραε, κομέω) cherishing the old. ρθμα, ατοε, τό, (γηρύω) a voice, sound, tone. THPTZ, vos. n. a voice: speech. Hence

γηρύω, Dor. γαρύω; f. ύσω [θ]: aor. I ἐγήρθσα:— Med., fut. -ύσομαι: aor. I ἐγηρυσάμην, but also in same sense pass. εγηρύθην [0]:—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. garrire.

γήρωs, contr. for γήρασε, gen. of γήραε.

Threw, To, Att. for Thouse, a leek.

yhrus, o, contr. for yntrus.

γη-τόμος, ον, (γή, τεμείν) ploughing the earth. γιγαντ-ολέτης, ου, δ, (γίγας, δλλυμι) giant-killer. . γίγαντο-φόνος, αν, (γίγας, \*φένω) giant-killing. ΓΙΓΑΡΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [1]

TITAΣ, αντοε, νος. γίγαν, δ, (γf) οτ γαθα) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γηγενήs.

yi-yvopan, syncup. from ye-yéropan, which is formet by redupl. from the Root \*TE'NO: from this root

come fut. yerhoopas: 201. 2 eyerophy : perf. yeyern-[ μαι and γέγονα: aor. I (in late authors) έγενήθην: for the Ep. pf. yeyda, see yeyaa: - to become, to bappen: to be born: to be; in perf. yeyova to be by birth, or to bave become so. 2. of events, to occur, II. with Preps. or Advs. of motion, to be at, as évigrero és Aanedalpora. 2. **Táyta**, warroide, warrodawde ylyreedat to take all shapes, turn every way; ξαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to be master of oneself; erris eauroù yereovar to recover oneself. it yévopa: more rarely the yévopa: what is to be-4. γίγνεσθαι δι' έργησ, διά λύγον, come of me? periphras. for opyar, heyer, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii, to cost so much, as, δβολού γίγνεσθαι to cost an obol. γι-γνώσκα, formed by redupl. from the root \*ΓΝΟΕ'Ω, ΓΝΩ NAI, Lat. NOSCO: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2 έγνων, imperat. γνώθι, opt. γνοίην, inf. γνώναι, part. yvois: perf. tyvana, pass. tyvao ua: sor. I pass. **ἐγνώσθην**.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of..., γνώ χωομάνον, be know that be was angry: rarely also c. part., έγνων ήττημένοs I ferceived that I was botten.

II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, γνώναι τὰ δίκαια. γίνωμαι, Ion, and in late Greek for γίγνομαι. γίνώσκω, lon, and in late Greek for γιγνώσκω. γλαγάω, (γλάγος) to be milky, μιίς.

γλαγερόε, ά, ίν, (γλάγοε) full of milk, milky, γλαγόεις, εσσα, εν, (γλάγοε) full of milk, milky, γλάγο-πήξ, ῆγοε, δ, ή, (γλάγοε, πήγνυμι) of ot for curding milk.

ΓΛΑ ΓΟΣ, εου, τό, poēt. for γάλα, milk. γλακτο-φάγου, ου, (γάλα, φάγείν) contr. for γα-

γλακτο-φαγος, εν, (γαλα, φαγειν) λακτοφάγος, living on milk.

mion, glaring with the eyes.

ΤΛΑΜΗ, ή, - λήμη, bumour in ibe eyes.
γλάμων, ον, gen. σου, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [d]
γλαυκιώω, (γλαυκώ) only found in Ep. part. γλαυ-

TAATKO'Σ, η, όν, Acol. γλαθκος, α, ον, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, fals-green, bluisb-green, gray, Lat. glaucus, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine.

III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. eassins: of persons, blue-eyed.

'γλανκό-χροοε, δ, ή, 2cc. γλανκύχροα, (γλανκύε, χρίοε) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκ-ώπιε, ιδοε, ή: acc. ιδα, but also ιν: (γλαυμυε. ων) epith. of Minerva, wi b gleaming eyes.

γλαυκ-ώψ, επος, ό, ή, — γλαυκύπις.
γλαυζ, Ατι γλαυζ, κός, ή, (γλαυκύς) the oud, Lat.
ποτικα, so called f.om its glaring eyes. Proverb.,
γλαῦκ' Αθήναζε, γλαῦκ' εἰς 'Αθήνας, like our 'carry
coals to Newcas:le:' Athenian coins were called γλαῦses Λαυριωτικαί, from the stamp of the cut on them.
γλάψυ, τύ, (γλάφω) a bollow, cavern. [δ]

yhapupla, & smoothness, polish. From

γλάφτρος, ά, έν, (γλάφω) bollow, bollowed: hence γλ. λιμήν a deep harbour. II. smoo'bed, folished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. - pin, smoothly, nicely, prettly.

ΓΛΑ'ΦΩ, to bew, carve: of a lion, to tear the ground with his feet.

γλάχων [ā], Dor. for γλήχων.

γλευκο-πότης, ου, δ, (γλεύκος, πέ-ποται 3 sing of. pass. of πίνω) drinker of new wine.

γλεθκου, εοε, τό, (γλυκίε) Lat. mustum, must, sweet new wine.

γλίφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλίφαρον.

TAH NH, \$\(\theta\), the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pup I, a pupper, esp. a girl, cf. \(\text{sip}\), \(\text{Lat.}\) pupille: as a tauut, \(\text{spe}\) want \(\gamma\) \(\gamma\) \(\text{App}\), \(\text{want}\) \(\gamma\) \(\text{sip}\), \(\text{want}\) \(\text{girl}\)!

ΓΛΗ ΝΟΣ, τό, in plur. things to stare at, wonders.
ΓΛΗ ΧΩΝ, απος, ή: acc. γλήχωνα, by apucop.
γλήχω: — pennyroyal, Ion. for βλήχων.

γλισχρ-αντιλογ-εξεπιτριπτος, or, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy fettifogging knave. (γλί-

σχρος, ἀντιλογία, ἐξεπίτριστος)
ΓΛΙ ΣΚΡΟΣ, α, ον, gluey, clammy, slippery.

IL metaph. sticking close to, importunate.
greedy, stingy.
γλίσχρων, ονος, δ. (γλίσχρος) α niggard.

γλισχρώε, Adv. of γλισχρίε, importunately: scantily: sl-o nettily.

ΓΛΙ ΧΟΜΑΙ [1], Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to strive after a thing, struggle fir it, c. gen. 2. γλίχεσθαι περί τινου to be eager about or for a thing. ΓΛΟΓΑ οτ γλοιά, ή, glue. Hence

'γκοιός, δ, any:bing sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt.

II. as Adj. γκοιός, ά, ότι elippory, humich.
ΓΑΟΥΤΟ Ξ, δ, the rump: plut. the buttocks.

yhukalvouai, Pass. to become sweet.

γλύκερός, ά, ύν, – γλυκύς, εινοεί.

γλυπερό-χρως, απος, δ, ή, (γλυπερίε, χρῶς) with sweet, fair thin.

γλύκιος, α, αν, - γλυκύε. [8]

γλύκύ-δακρυε, ν, gen. νου, (γλυκύυ, δάκρυ) σατεχίπη sueet tears.

γλυκύ-δωρος, οτ, (γλυκύς, δώροτ) suith sweet gifts.
γλυκυ-ηχής, ές, (γλυκίς, ήχέω) wee.-counding.
γλυκυθυμία, ή, tenevolenes. From

γλυκύ-θυμος, ον. (γλυκίε, θυμίε) ι west-minded. II. act. charming the mind, delighful.

γλυκύ-μάλον, Acol, and Dor. for γλυκύμηλου. γλυκυ-μείλιχου, ον. (γλυκύε, μείλιχου) ευσεκέν επίπ.

γλυκυ-μείλιχου, ον. (γλυκί», μείλιχο») succeity exisning.

γλυκύ-μυλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκώς μήν λον) α succei-apple.

γλυκυμυθέω, f. ήσω, το speak sweetly. From γλυκύ-μυθου, (γλυκύ», μύθου) sweet-speaking. γλυκύ-παιε, αιδου, ό, ή, (γλυκύ», ταιε) karning a lair off pring.

γλυκύ πάρθανος, ή, (γλυκίε, παρθένοε) α sweet smaid. γλυκύ-πικρος, ον, (γλυκυ πιερίε) sweetly bitter,

TATKY Z. ela, v. nweet to the taste, weset: metaph. sweet, delightful: of men, dear, kind. Comp. and δυρ. γλυκίων [ί], γλύκιστος: also γλυκύτερος, -τατος.

γλύκύτης [κύ], ητος, ή, (γλυκύς) ευσε πεει. γλυπτήρ, ήρυε, δ. and γλύπτης, ου, δ. (γλύφω) α

corver, a sculptor.

γλυπτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, fit for carving, carved. γλύφανον. τό, (γλύφω) a knife or chisel for carving. γλύφία, ibos, ή, mostly in plur., γλυφίδες the noteb of the arrow, which fits on the string: later, the arrow II. - γλύφανον, a knife. From

ΓΛΥΦΩ, f. po: sor. I έγλυψα: - Pass., sor. I έγλύφθην, 20c. 2 έγλύφην [ΰ]: pf. γέγλυμμαι and έγλυμμαι: — to bollow out: esp. to engrave or

II. to write on a tablet.

ΓΛΩΞ, exce, \$\dagger\$, the beard of seru, only in plur. ΓΛΩΣΣΑ, Att. γλώττα, ης, φ, the tongue, Lat. lingua; and ylawsons by word of mouth; our and yking one not from another's tongue, not from bearany; γλώσσαν lévau to let loose one's tongue, speak II. a tongue, language; γλώσσαν νομίfreely. (ser to use a language or dialect.

yhuovahyla, Att. yhuovapyla, i, endless talking,

wordiness. From

γλώσσ-αλγος, Att. γλώσσ-αργος, ον, (γλώσσα, άλγοε) talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative. γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλώσσα, κομέω) properly a case for the mouthpiece of a flute: a case or bag for money.

YAGOTTE, A. Att. for YAGOTE.

γλωττο-στροφίω, f. ήσω, (γλώττα, στρέφω) to ply the tongue.

ΓΛΩΧΙ'N or γλωχίε, gen. dros, \$, any projecting point: the end of the yoke-strap. 2. the point of an arrow: the arrow itself.

γναθμός, δ, the jaw, poët. form of γνάθος.

INA'602, 4, the jaw, mouth: properly the lower jaw. II. like yeave, the point or edge of a

yvaportos, h, lv, evrved, bent: supple, pliant: metaph. bending, yielding. From

TNA MIITΩ, f. vo: nor. I έγναμβα:—to crook, bend.

γναπτός, ή, ω, (γνάπτω) carded, fulled.

ΓΝΑ ΤΙΤΩ, γνάπτωρ: γναφεῖον, -φεύς, -φευτιnos, -- devin, -- duros: yvados. -- due, v. sub mistro, etc. yvhouse, a, ov, syncop, for yevenes, belonging to the true race, legitimate, opp. to voto: genuine, true; proposes your langul wives, orp. to παλλακίδες: γρήσιος "Ελληνεε true Greeks; φρονείν γρήσια to have a soble mind.

yearles, Adv. of yehrice, lawfully, really, truly.

YVOLINY, 72, 7, 201. 2 opt. of yeyrwans.

yvodpav, Ep. for yvolquer, I pl. aor. 2 opt. of yiyeles zw.

yvers. sor. 2 part. of years and TNO #02, i, = & i oce, darkness,

γνοφ-ώδης, εε, (γνόφος, ellos) darksome, dark. yrus, Adv. (yiev) with bent knee; grif howeir to fall on the knee.

yva, Ion. for lyru, 3 sing. sor. 2 of nyrbonu.

γνώ, ψε, ψ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσεω.

years, years, sor. a imperat. of years me. yruma, area. to, (gravai) that by subject a thing is

known, a mark, toten, like yrapur. IL judgment yvapevas, Ep. for yvavas, nor. 2 inf. of myres and. γνώμη, 4, (γνώναι) a means of knowing, a mark, II. the mind the judgment; years To

dolory to the best of one's judgment. 2. will, purpose; do tautoù yraune of his own accord. judgment, opinion; γιώμην αποφαίνεσθαι 🐿 deliver an opinion; also a mudaken judgment, fancy, grupal the opinions of wise men, maxims, intention, resolution: a vote, decree.

yrupilitor, 76, Dia. of yrupin, a fancy.

γνωμο-λογία, ή (γνώμη, λέγω) a collection of maxims.

yvoucounds, h. w, (yvouco) fit to give judgment: IL of or for experienced or shirled in a thing. sun-dials.

γνωμοσύνη, ή (γνώμων) prudence, judgment.

YVOLOTURIO, 10 coin maxims: and

γνωμοτύπικός, ή, έν, clever at coining maxims. From γνωμο-τύπος, ον, (γνώμη, τϋπείν) maxim-coining, sententious.

γνώμων, ονου, δ, (γνώναι) one that knows, a judge, II. the gnomon or index of the suninterpreter. III. of grapores the tes b that mark a dial. horse's age. IV. a carrenter's rule, Lat. norma: hence a rule or guide of life.

year, Ep. for fyrer, sor. 2 of yerrasm.

yvavau, sor. 2 inf. of yeyvaraw. γνώομεν, Ep. for γνώμεν, I pl. sor. 2 subj. of γι-

γνώσκω. yvupila, f. low Att. W: pf. tyrupina:-to make

2. to discover, detect : to acknowknown, declare. 3. to be acquainted with. From ledge, recognise. γνώρτμος, or, rarely η, or, (γνωτίε) well-known: as Subst., γνώριμος, δ, απ acquain ance, a friend, Lat. 11. of grapium the notables, Lat. familiaris. optimates.

yruplicas, Adv. of grapines, so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly; yvaplum Exer tul to be on friendly terms with him.

γνώρίσιε, εωε, ή, (γνωρίζω) acquaintance: Incorledge.

γνώρισμα, ατοε, τό, (γνωρίζω) that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token.

γνωρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (γνωρίζω) a making known. γνωριστικός, ή, ών, (γνωρίζω) capable of making known.

γνώς, 2 sing. acr. 2 subj. of γιγνώσεω. γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γιγνώσεω. γνώσι, 3 pl. sor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσια.

γνωσι-μέχδω, ε. ήσω, (γνώσιε, μάχομαι) το disputs

one's own opinion, i.e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνωσιμαχείν μή είναι Suotor to confess that one is not equal.

YVEGUS, eas, if, (Yvera) a seeking to know: a judi-II. knowledge: cial inquiry, Lat. cognitio. 2. acquaintance with a person. wisdom.

recognising.

γνώσομαι, fut. οί γιγνώσκω.

γνωστήρ, ήροε, δ, (γιγνώσκω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. cognitor.

γνώστης, ου, δ, - γνωστήρ.

γνωστός, ή, όν, collat. form of γνωτός, known · as II. to be known. Subst. a friend.

γνωτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γιγνώσκω: -γνωτον,

γνώτην, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

yvertes, h, iv, also is, or, (yravai) known, wellknown: -- as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; youτοί τε γνωταί τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ep. for γνω. aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω. γνώωσι, Ερ. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. 20r. 2 of γιγνώσεω. yodaowev, Ion. for eyoa, 3 sing. impf. of yode. yodomy or yodomy, 3 pl. opt. of yodo.

γοάοντι, Dor. for γοάουσι, 3 pl. of γοάω. roa'n, Ep. inf. γοήμεναι; Ep. part. γοδων, δωσα: Ep. impf. έγοον, also γοάασκον: fut. γοήσομαι, later γοήσω: aor. I έγύησα:---Pass., aor. I έγοήθην: (γόοε):

-to wail, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

ΓΟΓΓΥΖΩ, f. σω, to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ή, and γογγυλίε, ίδοε, ή, (γογγύλοε) α turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From ΓΟΓΙΥΛΟΣ, η, ον, also γογγύλιος, α, ον,= στογγύλοε, round, spherical. [v]

γογγυσμός, δ, (γογγύζω) a muttering. γογγυστής, οῦ, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer. γοεδνόε, ή, ών, - γοερύε.

yospos, a, bv, (yodw) lamentable, mournful: of

persons, lamenting, mourning. ΓΟ'Η, ή, - γόοε, καταείδοντει γόησι τῷ ἀνέμω

charming the wind with bowls. γοήμεναι, Ερ. for γοῶν, pres. inf. of γοάω.

γοήμων, ον, gen. ονοι, - γοερόι.

yons, nros, δ; dat, pl. γόησι: (γοάω) one who bowls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a juggler cheat. yohooual, fut, of your.

γοητεία, ή, (γοητεύω) sarcery, witchcraft. γοητεύω, f. σω, (γύη:) to spell-bind, bewitch yourns, ou, o, (youn) a wailer.

γοήτιε, εδοε, ή, pecul. fem. of γύηε, a witch. γόμος, δ, (γέμω) a ship's cargo, a freight, load, γομφιό-δουπος, ον, (γομφίοι, δούπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, δ, (γόμφος) a grinder-tooth, Lat. molaris, onp. to προσθίοι. II. the tooth of a key. γομφό-δετος, ον. (γόμφος, δέω) nail-bound.

γομφο-πάγής, έε, (γόμφος, παγήναι) nail-fastened.

TOMOS, i, a large wedge-shaped bolt or sail. for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γύμφοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφόω, f. ώσω, to fasten with bolts or nails; γεγόμφωται σκάφου the ship's hall is ready built. Hence γόμφωμα, ματοι, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ήροε, δ, (γομφόω) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

yoveve, éwe, ô, (2 yévw) a father, ancestor : in pl. the parents.

γονή, ή, (\*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family, II. the seed. III. generation, cbildbirtb: the womb. IV. birth, descent. a generation.

yours, or, also n, or, (yours) productive, fruitful; ποιητήε γύνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true

genius: hence genuine, tree

γόνος, δ or ή, (\*γένω) that which is begotten, a child. offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything. IL race, birth, descent,\_ III. a begetting.

TONT, 76, gen. yoraros, dat. pl. yorara: Ion. γόνυ, γούνατος, etc.; Ερ. γίνυ, γουνύς, γουνί, pl. γούνα, γούνων, γούνεσσι :—cf. δόρυ :—Lat. GENU, the knee; apastal yourse to class the knees as a suppliant; άντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαί τινα πρόε γονάτων to entreat one by clasping his kneen; your sausten to bend the knee, i. e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τιθέναι τα γίσατα to kneel down; θεών έν γούνασι κείται it lies on the knees of the gods, i. e. depends on their will and pleasure :--metaph. from warriors stricken down, is your βάλλειν, κλίνειν, βίπτειν, to throw on the knee. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. geniculum.

γονύ-κροτος, ον, (γύνυ, κροτίω) knock-knoed. YOVURETED, to fall on the knee; YOUVEETED TEN CE

tiva to fall down before one. From γονυ-πετής, έε, (γόνυ, πεσείν) falling on the knee;

Edpa yovurerhe a kneeling posture.

γόον, Ep. for έγύαον, 3 pl. impf. of γοάσι. IOOΣ, δ, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γοδων, ίωσα, Ep. part. of γοάω.

Γοργείος, Att. Γόργειος, α, αν, (Γοργώ) of belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργο-λόφας, ου, δ, (Γοργώ, λόφος) be of the Ger gon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ης, ή.

Γοργόνειος, ον, 🗕 Γοργείος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ον, (Γοργώ, νῶτος) with the Gargon on its back!

opybouau, Pass. to be spirited, of a home. From TOPTO'Σ, ή, όν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργία βλένειν to look fierce; γοργός είσιδείν fearful to behold: of horses, bot, spirited.

Γοργο-φόνος, ον. (Γοργώ, \*φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

POPPYPA, h, an underground dungeon,

Γοργώ, όσε, contr. οθε, ή; later decl. Γοργώ, έσε,

and in pl. Popydree: (yapyde) !-the Gorgon, a monster of fearful aspect; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Enryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the segis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

popy-Gaus, 1800, \$, pecul. fem. of yopyast. yopy-wates, by, (yopyte, by) fierce-eyed, serrible.

 $\gamma \circ \rho \gamma \leftarrow \phi$ ,  $\hat{\omega} = \sigma \circ \phi$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}$ 

year, Ion. year, (ye our) restrictive Particle, at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers. yours, yourser, Ep. plur. of your, also found in Trag. yourages. Ep. imperat. of youragoual.

your Loua, f. comu: Dep.: (you):-to fall down and class another's knees, to entreat, supplicate; butp Two and Two in behalf of another; but also yourd-Certal ruros and spoe ruros to entreat by such and

such things.

youveros, yourars, yourars, yourars, lon. and post.

deck of your.

γουνόσμαι, Dep., - γουνάζομαι: Ερ. impί.γουνούμην. youro-maying, is, (yore, shyrupe) cramping the knees. γουνο-πάχής, έε, (γουνόε, poöt. gen. of γόνν, παχύε) thick-knood.

yourds, poet, gen. of your.

yourds, &, (yorce, york) corn-land, fruitful land, Lat uber; yourds ahanje a fruitful vineyard. ypaes and ypaes, pl. n. from ypaus and ypaus.

ypelbear, to, contr. for ypelbear.

ypala, Ep. ypaly, th, special fem. of ypalos, an old II. as fem. Adj. old, paine balpoves, γραία χερί, etc.

postosov, ro, Dim. of years, years, an old bag. yperbouch, Pass. to become an old woman. From ypains, ypain, ypain, (syncop. for yepaids) old, aged,

gray; γραίη σταφυλή, Let. uva passa, raisins. γράμμα, ατος, τό, (γράφω) that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter, Lat. litera: in plus. 2. a nots in music. letters, the alphabet. II. in plur. also, like Lat. drawing, pieture.

literae, a letter; an inscription: state-papers, doouments, records, accounts: also a book, treatise. letters, learning, - μαθήματα.

γραμμέτειον, τό, (γράφω) that on which one writes,

tablets, a note-book.

γραμματεύε, έως, δ, (γράφω) a secretary, clirk, Lat. ecriba. Hence

γραμματεύω, to be secretary.

γραμματίζα, (γράμματα) to teach rudiments. γραμματικός, η, ότ, (γράμματα) knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments: as Subst., γραμματιede, d, a grammarian. Adv. - sole.

γραμματιστής, οῦ, δ, (γραμματίζα) one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster. γραμματεύε, γραμματο-κύφων, ανος, δ, (γράμματα, κύπτω) οπο

mbo pores over musty records.

γραμμά, ή, (γράφω) a stroke in writing, a line: ή same a the long line of condemnation, drawn on the made of rushes. salace of the dicast. IL the line aeroes the course, ing, riddle.

to mark the starting or winning place. III. the middle line on a draught-board called of lepá; rde ded γραμμής zwew libor to move a man from this line. i. e. try one's last chance.

γραο-σόβης, ου, δ, (γραθε, σοβέω) searing pld women. ypantios, a, or, verb. Adj. of ypape, to be written: ypartior, one must write.

γραπτήρ, ήροε, δ, (γράφω) a writer.

YPERTOS, 1, or, verb. Adj. of paper, painted; marked with letters: written.

γραπτύε, ύοι, ή, (γράφω) a scratching, tearing.

IPATE, ppade, f, nom. pl. ppaes, acc. ppaus: Ion. decl. ypy0s, ypy0s; poët, also ypy0s:-a gray seeman, old woman. II. seum, as of boiled milk. γράφούε, έωε, δ, (γράφω) a painter.

γραμματεύε, a clerk.

γράφή, ή, (γράφω) representation by means of lines: drawing, painting; boor ypapy only in a pic-II. a painting, a figure, 2. writing. ture. III. (γράφομαι) as Att. law term, an insbape, distinent for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to blun a private action; dorparelas ypaph an indictment for neglect of service.

ypaquebs, h, by, able to draw or paint: h ypaqueh (sub. rexry) the art of painting. 2. suited for writing. γράφίε, ίδος, ή, (γράφω) α style for writing on waxen

tablets. II. embroidery.

ΓΡΑ'ΦΩ, f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:---Pass., fut. γραφήσομαι, fut. 3 γεγράψομαι: 201. 2 έγράφην, later act. Ι έγράφθην: pf. γέγραμμαι:-- to GRAVE, scratch; σήματα γράψας έν πίναια baving scratched marks or figures on tablets. draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint. Ш. to swrite; γράφειν είε διφθέραε to swrite on 2. to inscribe, e. g. γράφειν εἰε στήλην: Pass. padecobal To to be inscribed with a thing. to write down; ypapeur rurd alruor to set him down as the cause: to register, enrol. 4. to surite down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.

B. Med. to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down. 2. as Att. law-term, γράφεσθαί τινα to indict one, two for some public offence; in full, δίκην οτ γραφήν γράφασθαί τινα; also c. inf., γράφεσθαί τινα άδικεῦν to indict him for wrong-doing; absol., of γραφάμανοι the prosecutors; but γράφεσθαί τι, to denounce a thing as unlawful :- Pass. to be indicted. ypa-wone, es, (ypaie. eldos) of or belonging to an

old woman, Lat. anilis: silly, trifling, γρηγορόω, to be awake, be watchful, a late pres.

formed from the pf. \$\graphy\partial pp.

ypyve, \$, Ion. for ypuve, post. also ypyve.

yptures, ear, o, (ypiros) a fisherman: whence fem. Adj., premits rexmy the art of fishing.

TPTHOE, &, a fishing-net.

γρίπων, δ, - γριπεύε, a fisherman. [1] ΓΡΓ ΦΟΣ, δ, like γρίπου, a fishing-net or basket, 2. anything intricate, a dark sayγρίφώδης, es, (γρίφου, elbos) riddling. ΓΡΟ ΣΦΟΣ, δ, a kind of javelin.

TPT, a grunt, like that of swine; odd ypu dwoκρίτασθαι not even to give a grunt; οὐδὲ γρῦ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύζω, f. ξω οτ ξομαι: sor. t έγρυξα: -- to ray γρῦ, grunt, Lat. grunnie: hence to grumble mumble mutter.

γρυλλίζω σε γρυλίζω, (γρύλλου οτ γρυλου) to

γρύλλος οι γρύλος, δ, (γρύ) a pig, porker. γρυπ-deros, o, (γρύψ, deroe) a kind of griffin or

dragon. TPTIIOZ, h. bv, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an aquiline nose, opp. to σιμόε. Hence

γρύπότης, ητος, ή, bookedness of the nose. ypunde, f. wow. (ypunds) to curve or bend. γρύψ, gen. γρυπόε, δ, (γρυπέε) a griffin, bippogriff.

γρώνη, ή, a cavern: a kneading trough.

ΥΥA, ή, a piece of land, field.

γύαια, τά, (γύα) cables made fast to land.

ΤΥΑΛΟΝ, τύ, a bollow; in Homer, θώρηξ γυάλοιour despose the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms : - any bollow: πέτρας γύαλον a case, grot; πρατήρος γύαλον the bollow of a bowl :- in plur. bollow ground, vales, a valley.

TYHE, ov, & the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, Lat. bu-

II. =  $\gamma \dot{v}a$ , a field.

γυι-αρκής, έε, (γυίον, άρκέω) strengthening the limbs. your-Bapins, is, (your, Bapos) weighing down the

γυν-οβόροs, ον, (γυίον, βορά) grawing the limbs. γυιο-δάμας, ου, δ, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i.e. wictorious.

ITTON, 76, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs. Lat. membra; esp. the lower limbs, the knees. γυιο-πάγης, έε, (γυίον, πηγνυμι) stiffening the limbs. γιιο-πέδη, ή, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter. ΓΥΙΟ Σ, ά, όν, lams.

YULO-TEXTS, 4s, (YULOV, Theo) wasting the limbs. your-topos, ou, (your, topica) piercing the limbs. γινό-χαλκος, ον, (γυίον, χαλκύε) of brasen limb.

γυνόω, (γινύε) to lame : - Pass. to be or become lame; γυιωθείε 201. 1 part., lamed.

γάλι-αύχην, ενοε, ό, ή, (γύλιοε, αὐχήν) long-necked. TYAIOE, &, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack.

γυμνάζω, f. άσω: pf. γεγύμνακα: Pass., pf. γεγύμraσμαι: (γυμνός): -to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; c. inf., γυμνάζειν Tows raidae roteir to train them to do a thing : - Pass. to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practice of exercise oneself.

yumvis, abos, properly fam. of yumis. naked. trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, ή, (γυμνάζω) exercise.

γυμνάσταρχέω or Med. - έσμαι, to be gymnasiarebs Pass. to be supplied with gymna iarebs. From

γυμνάσι-άρχης and γυμνασί-αρχος, δ. (γυμνάσιου, άρχω) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palacstrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-mas-Hence

γυμνάσιαρχία, ή, the office of gymnarianeh γυμνάσιον, τύ, (γυμνάζω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; in 0 neripor II, in plur, bodily yupractor from our sebool. exercises. [d]

your action, verb. Adj. of your dos, one must prac'ise.

γυμναστής, οῦ, ὁ, (γυμνάζω the trainer of the ath*le'es.* Hence

γυμναστικός, ή, br. fond of a blet's exercises: ή γυμναστική (sub. τέχνη) gymnawics. like an a'blete.

γυμνής, ήτος, δ, (γυμνίς) a light-armed foot-soldier. YULVITEUM, to be light-armed: to go naked. From γυμνήτης, ου, ό, fent. γυμνήτιε, ίδος, ή - γυμνής. γυμνητία, ή, (γυμσήε) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικός, ή, ω, (γυμνής) for a light-armed soldier.

-γυμνικός, ή, έν, (γυμνός) of or for gymnastic ensieises; γυμνικώς άγών a gymnastic contest. γυμν-ιτεύω, -- γυμνητεύω.

γυμνο-παιεία, ή, (γυμούς, παιδία) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Therea, at which naked boys danced and went through gym-

nastic exercises. TYMNO'Z, h, by, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμιών τόξον an uncovered bow, i.e. out of the case: c. gen, stripped of a thing, yepr's οπλαν: - γυμνός often meant lightly clad, i.c. wearing the tunic or under garment only (xith), without the cleak (luation): ta youra the exposed parts of an

2. also bare, mere. Hence army, the flanks. Γυμνο-σοφισταί, οί, (γυμνίε, σοφιστήε) the maked philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, ητος, ή, nakedness.

γυμνόω, f. ώσω, (γυμνί») to strip naked or bare: Pass., of wattiors, to be stript of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τείχου έγυμνώθη the wa'l was lest bare: but also to strip ownelf naked, be maked: έγυμνώθη ζακέων be stript bim elf of his rage. IL.

γύμνωσις, εως, δ, (γυμνίω) a stripping nated.

nakedness: the naked parts.

YUVEL VOC. OF YUVE. yuvankapiov, to. Dim. of yurth, a weak, willy

yuvankeios, a, or. also os, or, Ion. yuvanktios, nin. hior, (yorh) of or belonging to women, feminine, Lat. muliebris. 2. as Subst.. i yoran entin = yoran mir. the women's part of the bouse. II. womanish

effemina'e. ywaikija, f. low Att. 10, (ywh) to be womanish play the woman.

ymunt flowhoe, ev, (ywante, books) devised by a tenses.
Ywante-Yspotoe, ev, (yws, ynghu) proclaimed by

woman
Transf-Theor, or, (greatede, fuple) of womanied
wind

youne-spacie, f, (yorh, spâcie) a moman's imper.

promote the promote of the promote o

yrranopärle, to be mad for women. From yrrano-pärle, is, (yrranob, palropai) mad for women.

ywant-pipos, or, (ywante, puplopa) aping women, womanish.

γυναικό-μορφος, ον, (γυναικός, μορφή) in woman's stope.
γυναικο-πληθής, έε, (γυναικός, πλήθος) full of wo-

Men.

ywante-worver, or, (ywante, wowh) woman-avenging.

yvounds, gen. of yorh, whence derivatives are formed.

yeraiko-φίλης, ου, Dor. -φίλας, α, (γύνη, φιλίω) loving women.

ywankb-pow, or, gen. oros, (ywante, pphr) of womanish mind.

ywantó-dervos, er, (yurantés, derú) with woman's soice.

ywantér, êros, ê, (yurantés) the women's part of

the bouse, opp. to irrepier.

yoran-pieris, is, = yoranoparis, mad for women.

γύναιον, τό, Dim. of γυνή, a little woman.
γύναιος, α, ον, of or belonging to a woman. From
ΓΥΝΗ΄, ή, gen. γυναικόε, αετ. γυναίκα, νοε. γύναι;
pl. γυναίκεε, γυναικόν, etc., (as if from γύναιξ):—a
woman, Lat. femina, opp. to man: νοεατ. γύναι, a term
of respect, mistress, lady: Homer often joins it with a
second Sabst., γυνή ταμίη, δέσνοινα, etc.

III. a mor al woman, opp. to a

mije, spouse. III. a mor'al woman, opp. 10 s goddess. IV. the female, mate of sn'mals. γύννες, εδος, δ, (γυνή) a womani: h man, weakling. γθνάριον, τό, Dim. of γύτη, a nest, eyrie, cranny.

γύπεσσιν, dat. pl. of γύψ.
γύπη, ψ, (γύψ) a vulture's nest: generally, a bole, eranny. Hence

yourde, t, fem. Adj. vulture-baunted.

γυρη-τόμος, αν, (γύρος, τεμείν) tracing a circle.
IT PIZ, cos., 4, the finest meal, Lat. pollen.

PTPOZ, ά, (ν, round, Lat. curvus; γυρλε ἐν διμοισι round-shouldered.

FY POZ, o, a ring, circle.

PΥΨ, γυνίε, δ, a vulture, Lat. vultur.

TTOZ, \$, chalk. 2. later, gypsum. Hence

YEV, Ion. for your, as ar for our,

ΤΩΝΤΑ, η, a corner, angle, Π. a joiner's square. Hence

γωνικομός, δ, α squaring the angles; ἐπῶν γεανασμός nicely-fitted, well-finished verses.

γωνι-ώδης, εε, (γωνία, είδοε) angular. ΓΩΡΥΤΟΣ, δ ος ή, α bow-case, quiver.

## Δ

Δ, 8, 80, ru, indecl., fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, 8 - τέσσυρει and τέτρατοι, β - 4000.

Changes of 8 in the dialects:

β, as δβελόε into δδελόε.

Π. Dor. into γ, as γβ γνόφοε into δδ δνόφοε.

III. Ion. into ζ.

as Ζεύε, ζα- into Δεύε, δα-; while Dor. ζ changes into εδ, as μελίζει φράζομαι into μελίσδω φράσδομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνάδομαι.

IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω.

V. into

30 μαί. 17. into κ, as datas satas. V. into λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύο λάσισε. VI. into σ, as όδμή όσμη, siso with another consonant added, as βάδου βασμ e, έδω ἰσθίω. VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as ἀνέρου ἀνδρόυ. VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is added or omitted, as in δείλη είλη, δή ἢ, δεώκω lώκω.

88., intensive prefix, =  $(a-, as in \delta \hat{a} - \sigma \kappa \cos \hat{a})$ . 88., Dor. for  $\gamma \hat{a}$ ,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , mostly in voc. : acc.  $\delta \hat{a} r$ .

RANGE of Dor for Shoung

δάγμα, τό, Dor. for δηγμα.

δῶγύε, ῦδοε, ἡ, a waxen image, used in magic rites, a puppet. (Thessal. word.) [8]

δηδουχέω, f. ήσω, to be a torch-bearer, esp. in sacred processions. From

δαδ-ούχος, ον, (δη̃s, ἔχω) bolding torches: as Subst., δαδούχος, η, α torch-bearer at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine.

δαδοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear torches. From δαδο-φόροs, or, (δα, φέρω) torch-bearing.

Saciny, aor. 2 opt. of \*δάω. Sacis, aor. 2 part. of \*δάω.

ວັດເພ, Ep. for ວັດພີ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of \*ວັດພ.

δαήμεναι, Ep. for δαήναι, nor 2 pass. inf. of \*δάω. δαήμων, or, gen. ovos, (δαήναι) knowing, experienced in a thing.

ວັດຖືງvas, aor. 2 pass. inf. of \*ວັດພ.

AAH'P, έροε, ὑ, νος. δᾶερ, a busband's brother, brother-in-law, answering to γάλωε, ἡ, a daughter-in-law. δαήσομαι, fut. of 'δάω.

δάηται, 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. subj. of δαίω (A).

Sal, (84) used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, ri Sai; what then? was Sai; how so? Sail, Ep. apocop. for Sails, dat. of Sais. [1]

Saisakeos, a, or, also os, or, cunningly or curiously

wrought. From

δαιδάλλω, wed only in pres. act.; but pass. acr. I εδαιδάλθην, pf. δεδαίδαλμαι: (δαίδαλου) — to work cunningly, work with curious art: to deck out, embellieb. Hence

Balbahua, aros, to, a work of art δαιδαλόειε, εσσα, εν, = δαιδάλεοι.

Bailaho-epyle, be, (Ballahoe, Epylor) curiously

working.

ΔΑΙ ΔΑ ΛΟΣ, η, or, Adj. cunningly or curiously wrought; dalbaka warra all cunning works. as prop. n., Dalbahoe, b, Daedalus, i. c. the cunning sworker, the Artist, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a χορόε (q. v.) for Ariadné.

δαιδάλό-χαρ, ειροε, δ, ή, (δαίδαλοε, χείρ) cunning to feast on, consume, eat: to eat, burn like poison.

of band.

 $\delta_{au}\delta_{a}\lambda_{b}\omega_{a}=\delta_{au}\delta_{a}\lambda_{b}\omega_{a}$ : poët, inf. fut,  $\delta_{au}\delta_{a}\lambda_{b}\omega_{a}\omega_{a}\omega_{a}\omega_{a}$ Salle, f. fe: sor. I edafa:-Pass., sor. I part. dai-|χθels: pf. part. δεδαϊγμένος: (δαίω):— to cleave asunder, χιτώνα περί στήθεσσι δαίξαι; δεδαίγμένος froe pierced through the heart :- also of doubts, edal-Cero bunde ent ortherour his soul was divided within him; δαζόμενος κατά θυμόν διχθάδια divided in mind between two opinions. Hence

δοϊ-κτάμενος, η, ον, (δάϊε, κτείνω) or in two words

dal ktaperos, slain in battle.

Salverho, fipos, and Salverhs, où, d, (dat(w) only

joined with masc. Subst. beart-cleaving.

Saupovám, (Salpar) to be subject to an avenging deity; daupova dopos nanois the house is plunged by 2. c. acc., δαιμοναν άχη to the divinity in woes. bave griefs decreed one. II. absol, to be possessed by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.

Samovifonas, Med. (Salpon) to bave an allotted fate. II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαιμονισθείε, to

be possessed by a devil.

Saulovior, 76, (properly neut. of Saulovios) the Deity. Divinity, or divine operation, Lat. numen. the dasporta were an inferior race of divine beings, demons, opp. to beof. 2. the name by which Socrates called his genius. 3. in N.T. an evil spirit. Bayrovios, a, or, also os, or: (Balpar): by Homer only in vocat. δαιμόνιε, in good sense, moble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, unbappy man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, my fine fellow! II. of things proceeding from the my good sir! Deity or from Fate; el ph Ti dauphrior ely were it not a divine intervention; rà das pórsa divine visita-III. of persons, divine, godlike.

Barnovi-ώδης, ες, (Barnóvior, είδος) devilisb. Samovies, Adv. of Samovice, marvellously, strangely. Baluw, ovos, o, \$, (balw) a god, goddess. the Deity, Lat. numen : fate, destiny, fortune, good or thad; upds daluora against fate; our daluors with the favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., death, like Lat. sors. III. one's genius, one's lot or fortune. IV. dalpoves was a name given to the souls of men of the golden age, who formed the connecting link between gods and men: hence later, departed souls, Lat. manes, lemures. V. an evil spirit, devil.

Solper, δ, as Adj., - δαήμων, skilled in a thing.

Salvo, Ep. for & Salvo, 3 sing. impf. of Salvogu. Salve', Ep. for & Salveo, 2 sing, impf. med. of Salven. Salviaro, for toalriero, 3 pl. impf. med. of dabrum. δαινύη, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίνυμι.

Salvous, also Salvou: Ep. 3 sing. impf. Salvo: fut. dalow: act. I Educa: (dale):-to give a banquet or feast; daire daira yépousi be gave a feast to the elders: δαινύειν τινά to feast a person. II. Med. δαίνθμαι, fut. δαίσομαι: 201. Ι έδαισάμην:--to bave a feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. daira, upla, etc.,

δαίνυο, Ep. for εδαίνυσο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι. Salvoro, Ep. for Salvorro, 3 sing. opt. med. of Sal-

Sálos, a, or, also oe, or: Ion, and Hom. Silos, n. or: Att. contr. bass: (bales, bale):-bostile, destructive: as epith. of fire, burning, consuming: in pl. dalos, enemies. 2. unbappy, scretched. (danyai) knowing, cunning.

Salpes, f. dapo: nor. I inf. dippas, poet. for depas,

below, to flay, sudgel.

Bais (Á), gen. daidos, Att. contr. das, dados, 🦠, (balw A): a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. taeda :- pinewood, such as torches were made of. battle, \$, mostly in apocopate dat. 361 and acc. 361r. δals (B) gen. δαιτόε, ή, (δαίω B) a meal, feast, banquet, Lat. DAPES 2. meat or food itself.

Scious fai, Sais aprevos, sor, I inf. and part. mel. of Bairvu.

δαιταλεύε, έως, δ. (δαίνυμι) a guest, banquetter. Baiτη, ή, poët. for δais, a feast, banquet. Salrydev, Adv. of Salry, from a feast

Baurpeúw, f. ow, (Baurpós) to cut up or carve, to portion out, distribute.

δαυτρόν, τό, (δαίω B) one's portion.

δοιτρός, δ, (δαίω B) a carver, distributer. Hence δαιτροσύνη, ή, the art of carving: a belping at table. Saurthuev, ovos, o, (Sale B) an invited guest. plur. gueste who bring each his own provisions.

Saurús, úce, ή, Ion. for Bale, a meal.

δαι-φρων, ον, gen. ονοι: (δάιι, φρήν): of warlike mind, eager for the fray, bold. II. (dağırac) of knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful.

daix beis, sor. I part. of daisco.

 $\Delta AI'\Omega$  (A), = raise, only used in pres. and impf., so light up, kindle; dale of en nopulos wip, she (sc. Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., a or. I part. δαισθείε: pf. part. δεδαυμένου:-- to burn, blaze: duleral boos the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf. δέδηα, plapf. έδεδήειν, poët. δεδήειν; πόλεμος δέδης war blazes forth; boon dednet the report sprend like wild-fire.

AAI'A (B), to divide, part out, distribute; in Act. sense dat(w is used, but in Med, and Pass. datoma: Med., spiq daubuevos distributing portions of meat: Pass., dalerat frop my heart is divided; Ep. 3 pl. δεδαίαται.—But έδαισα, έδαισάμην belong to δαίσυμα:

δάσομαι, έδασάμην, δέδασμαι το δατέομαι.

Sini-Topen, or. — defibuses, beart-eating. Sins, Ep. for éduce, 3 sing, nor. 2 of dásres, Sandr, nor. 2 inf. of dásres.

lizerov, ró, – lásse, a venomous animal. Issviľa, polt. for lássu: Pass, to be sore vened.

centered post. for deeper: Pass, to be note sensed.

AA'KNΩ, f. δήξομα: pf. δέδηχα: 2 not. 2 δδίσου:

Bp. inf. δεικέκυ:—Pass., 20x. I δόηχθη: pf. δέδηγμα:

in bits, cap. of dogs and gnat; στόμιου δάινεω to champ the bit; δάινων δαιντών to bits one's lips for fear of laughing.

II. metaph. to bits, sting, prich:—Pass., supplier δέδηγμαι I was sensed at leart.

banes, eos, ró, (baneir) an animal mbose blis or sting is dangerous, any nonious animal.

AARPT, voe, 75, post. for daspow, a tear, Lat. LACRYMA. II. a drop, as of gum.

Sampillov, 76 Dim. of Sampe.

displym, eros, τό, (dasplw) that with b is west for, a subject for tears. Π, a tear.

banpue-γόνος, or, (banpé, \*γόνω) author of tears.
banpubese, esou, er, (bánpuor) tearful; of persons,
much weeping; of things, ealling forth tears:—banpuέω γελάσαι, ss Adv., to smile through one's tears.

ΔΑΚΡΥΌΝ, τό, - δάπρυ: Ep. gen. pl. δαπρυόφε. δαπρυ-πλώω, (δάπρυ, πλέω) to swim with tears. δαπρυφοροώω, f. φσω, to melt into tears. From δαπρύρ-ροσε, ον. (δάπρυ, βέω) melting into tears. δάπρθσω, Ep. acr. I of δαπρόω.

Banpuri-Grantos, or, (Banpe, Grafu) dropping with

- ·

Sampura, Dor. for Samplow.

Semporbe, 4, br, verb. Adj. of Samples, west over, searful.

δακρυ-χάρθε, έε, (δάκρυ, χαίρω) rejcicing in tears. δακρυ-χέων, ουσα, ον, a participial Adj., (δάκρυ,

You) abedding tears, weeping.

Bampine [9], fat. sow: aor. 1 δδάπρυσα: pf. δεδάπροκα: (δάπρυ):—10 weep, abed tears:—pf. pass. δεδάπρυμα, to be tearful, be all in tears; part. δεδαπρομάνοε, all in tears: c. acc. cognato, δαπρόειν γόουε to meter tearful groans. a thing, lament:—Pass. to be weep for. βλέφπρα to flood one's eyes with tears.

Saucovidina, es, (Sáucov, ellos) like tears: tearful.

δακτυλήθρα, ή, (δάκτυλοε) a finger-ebeath. "δακτυλίδιον, τό, Dim. of δάκτυλοε, a toe.

Saurridunds, 4, 6v, (dásrulos) of or for the finger, Lat. digitalis; ablde Saurrulunes a flute played with the fingers. IL of metre, dactylic.

Bantukios, 8, (Bántukos) a ring, seal-ring. Bantuko-Bantos, 6r, (Bántukos, Belatum) po

Saurtho-Saurte, br. (Saurthos, Schrup) pointed at with the finger, as in Horace digito monstrari.
Saurtho-abla, is, (Saurthos, elos) like a finger.

Sáscrthos, δ, plur. δάστυλα, poët. also δάστυλα: (δείστυμ):— a finger, Lat. digitus; ἐτὶ δαστύλαν συμβάλλεσθαι to reckon on the fingers. 2. δάστυλον τοῦ τοῦς a δες, also without τοδός, like Lat. digitus.

II. the shortest Greek measure of length,

a fingur's breadth, - about 4 of an Inch. metrical foot, dastyl, - - -: a. g. dissa.

Bantillo-spource, or, (Binteles, spilles work by the fingers.

δάλδομαι, Dor. for δηλδομαι.

Ballor, To, Dim. of Balde.

δαλόε, δ. (δαίω) a firebrand, piece of blazing wood. II. a burnt out torch, of an old man. III. a beacon-light.

Săpâţe, later form of Sapae: see Sapae.

δάμαΐος, ό, (δαμάω) epith. of Noptune, the Tame. δάμάλη, ή, -- δάμαλιε.

δάμάλή-βοτος, or, (δαμάλη, βόσκωι fed on by young eatile.

δομιλη-φάγος, er, (δαμάλη, φογείν) beef-eating, epith. of Hercules.

Binalle, ε low, post form of Banan, to subdue.

Banalle, com, ή, (Banan) a young com, higher, coff,
Let. juvenca.

II. like μόσχου, a girl.

δάμαλος, δ, (δαμάω) α colf, Let. vitulus. δάμαρ, αρτος, ή, (δαμάω) α suife, spouse.

Paparose, Dor. for dayage.

δάμασίμ-βροτος, ον, (δαμάκ, βροτός) man-eudding. δάμασ-ιπτές, ον, (δαμάκ, έπτος) borse-taming.

δάμδοτε, εωε, ή, (δαμάω) a taming, subduing. δαμασί-φρων, ον, gen. ονοε, (δαμάω, φρήν) beartsubduing.

δάμασί φως, ωτος, δ, ή, (δαμάω, φών) man-subduing. δάμάταιρα, ή, fem. Subst. a tamer.

Δαμάτερ, Dor. vocat. from Δημήτηρ.

AAMA'Ω, Ep. 3 sing. δαμάς, 3 pl. δαμόσσι: fut. δαμάσσω [μά], Ep. δαμάσσω: acr. 1 εδάμάσα Ep. εδάμασσα: pf. δεδάμασα:—Pass., acr. 1 εδμήθης part. δμηθείε; acr. 2 εδάμης, inf. δάμημένει, part. δαμωίε: pf. δεδμημω:—another acr. I part. δάμασείε, pf. part. δεδαμωσμένου are found, as if from δαμάζω. To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, over-power.

If. of maidens, to yoke is marriage, give to wife: also to force, lie with, Lat. subigere. III. generally, to subdue, compuse, esp. in war:—Pass. to be subject, to obey.

2. to elay, kill.

δάμείην, sor. 2 opt. pass. of δαμάσε.

δάμελο, Ep. for δαμώ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of δαμών: 2 and 3 pass. δαμήτε, -ετη, Ep. for δαμήε, δαμή: 2 pl. δαμείτε, for δαμήτε.

Sauer, Ep. for ¿Saurjour, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of Sa-1

δάμήμεναι, Ep. for δαμήναι, sor. 2 pass. inf. of δαμάμ.

oaμam. 'δάμνα, Ep. for έδάμνα, 3 sing, impf. of δάμνημ. 'δαμνά, 3 sing. of δαμνάω, also 2 sing. pres. Med. of

δάμνημ. δαμνάα, – δαμάα, only in pres. and impf. δάμνημ., – δαμάα :—Pass. and Med. δάμναμαι. δάμο and δάμόστος, α, ον, Dor. for δημ. δάμόωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of δαμάα.

δάμωματα, τά, (δάμου) bymns sung in public. δάν, Dor for δήν, γήν:—οὐ δάν, No, by sarth!

ANAOI', of the Danaans, subjects of Advace, | king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: Acrason, ev, ol, the sons or descendants of Danaus: Acraides, al, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. Aaragratos, oldest of the Danaans. [Δά]

Savelle, f. else: pf. dedareum, pass. dedareus pau: (baros):—to put out money at usury, to lend:— Pass., of the money, to be lent: - Med. to have lent to one, to borrow.

-Báraov, tó, (Báros) money lent or borrowed, a loan.

Bavarana, aros, ro, (barei(w) - bareior. Bavacuos, o, (barei(w) money-lending.

Savacrin, où, b, (Sareifu) a money-lender, usurer. Baveronnés, f. év, (Barei(a) disposed to lend.

AA'NOZ, soe, ré, a gift. IL money lent out et interest, a loan, debt.

Bavos, 4, or, (bain A) burnt, dried, parched. **Báos**, sos,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $(\delta alm A) = \delta a \lambda \delta s$ , a firsbrand, torch. δάπάνάω, f. ήσω: —Pass., aor. I έδαπανήθην, pf. δε-Sandrypas, both used also in med. sense :-- to spend; dawarar els to spend upon a thing:-Med. to spend of one's own. II. Causal, δαπανών την πύλιν to put the state to expense, exhaust the state. From

AATIA'NH, \$, cost, expense, expenditure. III. exmoney spent: also money for spending.

pensiveness, extra agance. [wd]

δάπάνημα, ατος, τό, money spent, expense. δάπάνηρός, ά, ίν, (δακάνη) of men, extravagant: of things, expensive. Adv. - poe, expensively.

Bánavos, or. - banarnois, extravagant.

δά-πεδον, τύ, (λα-, πέδον) land, soil: the floor of a chamber: in pl. plains, flat country.

ΔΑ'ΠΙΣ, ιδοε, ή, = τάπηε, a carpet, rug. [d] Sauther, Ep. for Sauter, int. of Saute. ΔΑΠΤΩ, f δάψω, to devour.

Adobavos, & Dardanus, son of Inpiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Adobavos arto a Trojan, mostly in plur. Δάρδανοι: Δαρδάνιος, α, ον, Trojan: Aapbavis, ibos, f., a Trojan woman: Aap-Barla, i. Troy: DapBarlons, ov. b. a son or deccendant of Dardanus: Aapbavilves, ol, sons of Dardanus.

Sapsanra, lengthd, form of carra, to devour.

δαρακός or δαρακός στατήρ, ό, a Persian gold coin, - 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5-a mina, 300 -a talent. (Said to have been first coined by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian dara, a king, cf. Aáwies, like our sovereign.)

Aupeios, 6. Darius, acc. to Herndotus - Gr. epfeins, q. v.: a Greek form of Persian dara, a king.

δάρήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of δίραι

ΔΑΡΘΑΝΩ: 2 or. 2 έδαρθον, poët έδράθον:—to sleep Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδαρθάνω,

διρό-βιος, ον, - δηρύβιος.

δūρόs, ά, ών, Dor. and Trag. for δηρίε.

Supa, fut. of dipm.

Eqs. gen. 848/s, f. Att. contr. for Bats.

decarda, sor. I med inf. of darlopes; Ion. 3 sing. a garment red with blood.

indic. ddodokero; I pl. opt. dasalpeda: daseiras is fut. Dor. Cf. wásasbai from wartspai.

Barius, Adv. of Barie; Barius Exer to be bairy. 8á-orcios, or, (8a-, exiá) thick-shaded, durk.

δάσμενσις, cas, ή, (δασμές) a dividing, distributing. Sacyologie, f. how, to exact as tribute: c. dupl.

acc., to exact tribute from a person. Hence Basuchoyla, h. collection of tribute.

δασμο-λόγος, δ, (δασμίε, λέγω) a tax-collector. Baspós, ó, (Básasbaı) a division, sbaring of spoil:

II. in Att. an impost, tribute. δασμοφορίω, f. ήσω, to pay tribute:—Pam., δασμοpopeiral sure tribute is paid one. From

Baszuo-hópos, er, (das pús, pípu) sazing tribute, tributary.

Bácroual, fut. of Barloual: cf. Bácacbal.

δασ-πλήε, ήτοε, ό, ή, and δασ-πλήτιε, 🛊, (δε., πλήσσω) borrid, frightful.

Sárrarbai, Ep. for Sárarbai, q. v.

Baoù-Opif, Tetxoe, b. t. (Caoùs, Opif) thick-baired. δασύ-κερκος, ον, (ζασύε, κέρκοε) busby-tailed.

Bao'ú-kvyplos, or, and Bao'u-kvýplov, or, gen. ores, (δασύε, κτήμη) sbaggy-legged. δασύ-μαλλος, οτ, (δασύε, μάλλοε) thick-floored.

Bisovivu [v], f. vrů, (čaoís) to make rough ot bairy: Pass. to become rough on bairy.

Baoù-nove, robos, é, (baoùs, robs) bairy-foot, i.e. a bare ot rabbit.

δασυ-πώγων, ενοε, δ, ή, (δασίε, πώγων) with shaggy beard.

AATTT, ela, s, Ion. fem. lasia, thick with bair, bairy, rough: downy, opp. to thick: of places, thick grown with bushes, bushy; dagia opidaf a lettuce with the leaves on. II. like Lat. densus, thick. crowded.

δασύ-στερνος, ον, (δασύε, στίρνον) εδαχχ<del>η-breasted</del>. Baou-Xaltys, ov. b. (Baous, Xalty) sbaggy-baired. δάτέομαι, fut. δάσομαι: 201. Ι έδασάμην Ερ. έδασσάμην: pf. δέδασμαι: (for the forms, cf. seréoμαι, trasaμην): Dep.:—10 divide among themselves, to sbare in: to tear in pieces; xoira rossi carevero they measured the ground with their feet. 2. *l*o cui 3. to divide or distribute to others.

Saretvro, Accl. 3 pl. impf. of dartopen.

δάτήριος, α, ον, (δατέομαι) distributing; and

δάτητής, οῦ, ὁ, & distributer.

Badvalos, a, or, of or belonging to a laurel. From AA'ANH, i, the laurel or bay, sacred to Apullo. δαφνηφορίω, f. ήσω, to bear laurel-boughs. From δαφνη-φόρος, ον. (δάφνη. φίρω) planted with low-II, bearing laurel-boughs.

δαφνιάκός, ή, (r, (lάφνη) belonging to a learel. δαφνο-γηθής, (ε, (δάφνη, γηθίω) delighting in the laurel.

δαφνό-κομος, ον, (ζάφνη, κίμη) lawrd-crossed. δαφν-ώδης, cs, (δάφνη, cίδοs) laurelled.

δά-φοινεός, έν, – δαφωνές; ε μα δαφοινεύν σύμετε

58-power, (r, (8a-, power) of wild beasts, bloodred, temmy; or perhaps bloody, murderous.

Bepilme, 4, abundance, plenty. From

times takes a causal sense, to teach:

δαψίλής, ie, (δάπτω) abundant, plentiful: of persons, liberal, profuse. Adv. Bapthine, lawisbly: Sup. inital areas 'AA'O, an old root meaning to learn, which some-

to teach; only in redupl. aor. 2 act. beloas, be taught, like Lat. docso; later also &door .- The pres. in this II. to learn: fut. dahoonat sense is *dedámuse*. (lper danseau thou will learn from me): pl. dedanma, pert. dedangués, dedaces, also pass. dedan péros: 201. 2 tháp, rubj. baid. Ep. bache, inf. baffrat, Ep. baffreret, part. ducie :- from dédua, is formed a pres. med. inf. biddasta, to search out.—The pres. in this sense is

klás ropa. δαθμεν, I pl. sor. 2 pass. subj. of 'δάει.

AE, but: conjunctive Particle, with an opposing or adversative force. It answers to per, esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by while, on the other hand, 2. it often serves merely to pass .rom one thing to another, when it may be rendered, and, II. 86 properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when

the preceding words are closely connected. -8e, enclitic Particle: joined L to names of Places in acc., to denote motion towards, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; οἰκίνδε home-wards, Οὐλυμ-Tirde to Olympus, dipage (for dipage) to the door; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron., bobe δύμονδε; and semetimes even after els, as els άλαδε: in Att. often added to the names of cities, 'Abhra(e, θήβαζε (for 'Aθήνασδε, Θήβασδε): -- sometimes it denotes purpose only, μήτι φύβονδ άγίρενε speak naught tending to fear. II. to ti e demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, bbe, roclobe, etc., such

a man æs tbis, Att. 884, etc. Beá, f, Dor. for θeá, Lat. d :.

δίστο, Ep. for εδέστο, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete

Verb léapai, - dontes, be seemed.

δίγμενος, Ep. 20r. 2 part. of δέχομαι. δεδάσισθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. οι \* δάσι.

Sédac, 3 sing. not. 2 act. of . báss.

δεδάηκα, δεδάημαι, pf. act. and pass. of 1 δάω. SeSataras. Ion. for SeSaurras, 3 pl. pf. pa s. of Sales B.

Sebatypelvos, pf. pass. part. of laties.

δεδαιδαλμένος, part. pf. pass. of δαιδάλλω.

8/28 rov, redupl. poet. sor. 2 of banvas.

Bebarpina, pl. of Carpin.

δίδαργμαι, Att. for δέζραγμαι, pf. rass. of ζράσσομαι.

8/8appear, pl. pass. of 8/pw.

Bébacuai, pf. pass. of baréopai.

Sebass, pf. act. part. of \*8aw.

E édergues, pf. of déxoper, (also Ion. pf. of délevou). Sediment, pt. pass. (in med. sense) of blue, to want. Besci ic man, paullo p. fut. of dexopar.

Sebel-wave, irreg. pl. inf. of desplee.

Sidence, Sidenymen, pf. act. and pass, of Sciences. 868ms, 868quar, pf. act. and pass. of 86m, so bind.

Bibejo, imperat. pf., and Bebijones, p. p. fat., of δέχομαι.

Sectors, Ep. 3 sing plaps, pass, of bies, so bind. Bebéxaran, Ioa. for dederméres elai, 3 plur. pl. es бі үошы.

868 year, pf. pass. of 86 som.

868ne, 868ne, 3 sing. pf. and plaps, of bales.

Bed huevman, pf. pass. of dy meter.

Bebhoopen and Bebhoopen, fut. pass. of Bien, to bind. 860mga, pf. of Barrer.

Sides, post. Saldia, pf., with pres. sense, of Selder: imperat. dédice ; part. dedice.

Beblükóvyka, př. of Biakovées.

δοδιδάχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of διδάσμα. dedigitates, pf. of diacráss.

δεδίσκομαι, - δειδίσκομαι.

Sobirrouss, Att. for Sciolagouss. Sellwynas, pr. pass. of didness.

Bedunaro, Ion. for 1818 papers, 3 pl. plant. pass. of δαμάω.

Ségunes, pf. of Séper.

δέδμημαι, pf. pass. of δαμάω; also of δέμω.

8ίδμητο, -ήατο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of δαμάσι.

δίδογμαι, pf. pass. of δοκία.

868 uca, pf. with pres. sense of Selca.

Sebolum, Dor. pres. formed from Seboura = Selbes. δοδόκημαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

Seconquevos, Ep. pf. part. of Sexouse, with sense of pres., waiting for, lying in wait.

δοδοκίμασμαι, pf. pam. of δοκιμέζα.

Sédoual, pf. pass. of Sídeuu : poet. 3 pl. Sédorral. δεδόνατο, Dor. for εδεδύνητο, 3 sing. plaps, of δονέω.

δέδορκα, pf. of εέρκομαι, with sense of pres.

BiBoura, pf. of bouries.

δεδραγμίνος, pf. part. pass. of εράσσω.

bibpuna, pf. of dicparen, also of crass. 8έδρūμαι, pf. pass. of ζράω.

δεδράμηκα, pf. of τρέχω (formed from \* εράμεω). δέδρομα, poët. pf. of τρέχω (formed from \*δρέμω).

δεδυστύχηκα, pf. of δυστυχίω.

δέδωκα, pf. of δίδωμι. Bichos, n, or, resolved form of linkos.

δεηθήτε, 2 pl. 20r. I subj. of δέομαι. είημα, ατος, τύ, (είομαι) a proyer, entreaty.

Singus, car, f, (Elopai) an entriating.

Sei couat, fut. med. of cen, to want.

ΔΕΓ; subj. ζέη contr. ζή; opt. δέοι; inf. δείν: part. déor Att. deir: imperf. édet Ion. édec: fut. dehaet aor. τ εδέησε. Impers. from δέω, to bind: acc. et inf., beî tira woifigue it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought, Lat. oportet, decet;

II. c. gen. there is so, ζεί τινα δπωε ποιήσει. need of, Lat. opus est re: πολλού δεί there wants

much, far from it; δλίγου δεί there wants little, all but; nheuvon bei it is still further from it: -with the

person added, δεί μοί τινου, Lat. opus est mibi re.

men, Lat. documentum. 2. a place in the Peirmeus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

daypărija, î. ou, to make e show of.

SelSeicro, 3 sing. plaps, of delayem, in sense of imps., to welcome: Saidtyaras, for dedequires elei, 3 plur. perf.: 8086xaro, 3 pl. plapf.

Section, or, gen. oros, (Selso) cowardly.

Seldia, as, e, like dedia, pf. of delde with pres. signf., I fear; plut. deldeuer, deldere; imperat. delder; inf. Beidiper; part, beidide, dual Beidi re: Beldierav, 3 plar. plapf.

Sublonous, Dep. (Selevaju) to great with outstretched band, to welcome, bid bail; beidionero binal he bailed with the cup. 2. — delaroju, to abour.

Sadloroman, Att. Sedirroman: fut. leomu: nor. I &δαιδιβάμην: (δαίδω) :- Causal of Belbu, to frighten, alarm.

Selboura, Ep. for Sédouna, q. v.

ΔΕΙ'ΔΩ, the pres. only used in first pers., I fear: fut, delgouat : aor. I édelga Ep. éddelga : pf. in pres. sense dédousa; also dédia, Ep. deldia (see deldia): 3 pl. plapf, edeldioar, Ep. deldioar: afraid, to fear, mostly with unf ..., like Let. versor ne ... I fear it is ...; but, deldes un ob ... vereor ne non ..., versor ut ..., I fear it is not. 2. c. inf. to 3. delder repl tive to be alarmed or fear to do. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, anxious about. stand in one of. 5. perf. part. To dedice, one's fearing, one's fear, like been.

Bachido, f. how: sor. I toesexinou: (beleace):—to | fearful.

wait till evening.

Sachivos, 4, or, -sq., at evening. From Belehon, or, (Belhy) of or belonging to evening; deledor finap eventide. IL as Subst., Selexoe (sub. upn), - Beily, evening.

Seucavácores, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of Seucavács.

Soucitvies, - Seinruft, to point out, about. Med. - delievopai, dexopai, to salute, welcome, greet.

Sakavówyro, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of Sakaváw. Beinehov and Beinghov, to, (Beinville) a representa-

tion, exhibition.

Selected. Ep. shortened form of Selection.

Sourviper, - ineval, Ep. for Sourvival [8]

ΔΕΙΚΝΥΜΙ and δεικνύω, imperat. δείκνυ or delarve: fut. delfa Ion. défa: aor. I édetfa Ion. édefa: pf. dédeixa:-Pass., fut. deixohoopai, and fut. 3 deδείξομαι: 201. Ι έδείχθην Ion. έδέχθην: pf. δέδειγμαι; on the forms beibeyarai, belbeuro, see below II:-to abem, point out, Lat. monstro; impers. delfes, time will about; describat els riva to point towards a pet-2. to bring to light, display; bede huir deife ripas the god showed us a marvel :- Med. delarduat. 3. to point out by words, to tell, to set before one. emplain, teach: to show, prove; Edular Etoupou beter 4. of accusers, they showed that they were ready. II. pres. part. deserbueros = toirform against.

Solyna, aros, 16, (Solaroja) a sample, proof, speci- | Sexóperos, Sefiosperos, melcoming, greeting: 3 pl. pf. deidéxarai, 3 sing. and pl. plapf. deidesto, deidéχατο, are used in the same sense; τοθε μεν κυτέλ-Note decolyate they pledged them with the cup; deidexare pulsars they greeted them with words.

Beucréos, a, or, verb. Adj. of Believoju, to be ebeum. II. Sauriov [lori], impers., one must ebeu. Belλαιος, α, ον, lengthd. form of δειλός, fearful: and so seretched, sorry, paltry, miserable.

Balanplan, area, b, properly, a command, but mostly in addresses, poor fellow! From

Belλ-anpos, a, ar, (δειλόε, dispos) very pitiable.

ΔΕΙ'ΛΗ (sub. άρα), \$, properly, the time when the day is bottest, i. e. just after noon; then generally, afternoon, ξασεται ή ήδε ή δείλη ή μέσον ήμαρ; δείλη sports and being byta early and late afternoon; afterwards belan alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; delans or delans, as Adv., in the ovening.

δαλία, ή, (δειλός) timidity, cowardice; δειλίην όφ-Aeir to be charged with cowardics.

Berlide, f. dow. (Beilla) to be afraid.

Belλομαι, Dep. (δείλη) to decline towards evening. 'Benhos, ή, όν, (Bios, Belbu) cowardly, craven: sile, II. miserable, wretched, unbappy, like wortbless. Lat. miser. Adv. –λώο. II. æs

δείμα, ατος, τό, (δείδω) fear, affright. object of fear, a terror, borror. Hence

Sequalize, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid, to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

δειμάλέος, α, ον, (δείμα) timid.

Beluge, sor, I part. of Béper. Seluaro, 3 sing. sor. I med. of Separ. δαμάτόσιε, εσσα, er, (δείμα) frightened. Bauarou, f. wow, (beijua) to frighten. Seimonev, Ep. 1 pl. 201. I subj. of Separ. δειμός, δ, (δέοε) fear, terror, Let. timor.

Belv, inf. of bear. II. Att. for blow, part. neut of dei, as maeir for mator.

ΔΕΓΝΑ, δ, 4, τό, gen. δείνος, dat. δείνι, acc. δείνα, euch an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. 849.

δεινο-θέτης, ου, ό, (δεινός, τίθημι) α λπαυε.

δεινο-λογέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. (δεινόε, λέγω) 🖾 complain loudly.

Savo-matico, f. fow, (Surie, mittos) to complate loudly of suffering.

tiento-mous, o, h, mour, to, gen. modes, (Beirde, mei:) terrible of foot.

L. terrible, fearful, in Bards, 4, or, (Bécs): milder sense, auful: later, to device danger, sufaings; obder detrol, un descortencer no feet of their revolting; decrea social or sociales to take ill, Lat. II. implying Force or Power, mighty, aegre ferre. powerful, for good or ill. 2. wondrows, marvelless. strange; to supperse to being the ties of kin here III. the sense of someful strange power.

tendross, passed into that of able, clover, skilful, as in phrase decrée re and soopés; often c. inf., durde hiper clover as talking; also c. acc., decrée ripr rigre skilful in his art. Hence

Saves, gen. of Seira, 8, 4. Saverys, 470s, 4, terribleness: barabness, stern-

nu. 2. natural obility, cloverness.
Sarbu, f. 6001, (Servio) to make dreadful ox formidakle: to enaggerate, enbance.

Saverbs, is, (Savis, Sep) terrible to behold.

Sands, Adv. of Servie, terribly: marvellously, ex-

Belrucia, com, \$, (Berba) exaggaration.
Belruch, acros, \$, \$, — Belrucia.

delie, fet. of delevops.

deles, ro, Ep. for bloe, fear.

Surveuvres, Dor. for Survouvres.

Sauvin, f. how: pf. dedelerma, Att. pf. 2 dedeura, inf. dedeuraria: (decerror):—to make a meal, dine; in Att. always to take the chief meal: c. acc., desertar

form to make a meal on bread. Hence descriptions or descriptions, d, meal-time.

δαπνητήριον, τό, (δειπνέω) a supper-room.

δειανητής, οῦ, ὁ, a supper guest. Hence δειανητικός, ἡ, ὁν, of or for dinner. Adv. -κων,

like a clover cook.

Seneviĝes, f. love Att. ω, (δεθανον) to entertain at dinner.

Seneviĝes, f. love Att. ω, (δεθανον) to entertain at βendanλοος, ov. contr.

Sarvo-Abyes, n, er, (deferrer, doydes) fishing for

imitations to dinner, parasitie.

Schwov, 76, a meal or meal-time, sometimes - dpuorov, the early meal, sometimes - Siprov the late one:
in Att. the chief meal, answering to our dinner, Lat,
come; dard Scinrov straight from, i. e. just after,
dinner.

2. generally food, provender.

Sauvomocke, to prepare a meal: Med, to dine. From Sauvo-wocks, le, (δείπει», wockes preparing dinner. Sapáa, άδοα, ψ, (δειμή) the ridge of a chain of hills, like λόφοα, Lat. jugum.

II. = Sauph, the neck.

Selpas, nor. I part. of Sipu.

ARIPH', Att. Sipn, h, the neck, throat. II.=

δεφάs, the ridge of a bill. δαρο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (δειρή, τέμνω) to cut the throat of a person, behead him, Lat. jugulo.

**ΔΕΓΡΩ**, Ion. for δέρω.

Sac-hreep, opes, d, h, (Selso, drhp) fearing man. SacrBarrovia, h, fear of the gods, religion.

n bad sense, superstition. From

to be or before, or, gen. oros, (belbe, daluar) fearing the gods: in good sense, pious, religious.

2. in bad sense, superstitious, bigo'ed.

ΔΕΚΑ, of, al, rh, indec. Lat. DECEM, our TEN, Germ. ZEHN: of blue, the Ten, Lat. December: of blue [έτη ' ἀφ' ήβης those who are ten years past 20, he age of military service.

δεκάδ-αρχος, δ, (δέκα, έρχω) a commander of ten nen, Lat. deserio.

Bank-Baros, or, (bina, poûs) worth ten onen.

Sexuber's, los, b, (blaz) one of a decury or party of ten soldiers.

Berá-Buo, oi, ai, rá, = buidena, mortos.

Bend-Bupos, or, (bina, bupor 11) ten palms long or broad.

Seca-tropos, or, (bina, free) ten-yearly.

Saua-erha, és, (bina, tros) lasting ten years.

Bendie, f. dow, (bina) to bribe, corrupt, Lat. decu-

Benchme, Adv. (Bina) ten times: ten-fold.

Sená-κλίνος, ον, (δέκα, κλίναι) bolding ten dinnercouches.

Beca-κυμία, ή, (δέκα, κθμα) the tenth wave, Lat. Avetus decumanus : cf. τρικυμία.

Send-unvos and Bence-unvictos, ov. (Bend, uhr) ten

months old. 2. in the tenth month.

δακά-μνους, ουν, (δεκά, μπά) werth ten minae. δακ-άμφορος, ον, (δέκα, άμφορεύε) holding ten άμφορεῦς, i. e. about ninety gallons.

Saca-wahas, Adv. a very long time ago.

Send-wevre, ol, al, Ta, fif een.

δεκά-πηχυε, υ, (δέκα, πήχυε) ten cubits long.

Sana-πλάστος, or, (δίκα) tenfold: c. gen. ten times greater than: η δεκάπλασία (sub. τιμή) as Subst. ten times the amount.

δακά-πλοθρου, ου, (δέκα, πλέθρου) enclosing ten pletbra (τ. πλέθρου 11.)

δεκάπλοος, ω, contr. -πλους, ουν, = δεκα-πλάσιος. δεκά-πολιε, ή, (δέκα, πόλιε) a district including tencities, Decapolis.

Send-move,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , move,  $\tau \delta$ , gen. rodos, ten feet long. Sen-appres, ov,  $\delta$ , (Eina, appres) a decurion. Hence Sen-apple,  $\hat{\eta}$ , the government of the Ten.

Sends, abos, 4, (blua) a body of ten men, Lat. decuria. II. the number ten.

Such-o-nopos, or, (dena, onelow) consisting of ten.

descaratos, a, or, (descaros) on the tenth day.

Benca-τάλαντος, ον. (δέπα, τάλαντον) weighing or worth ten talents: extimated at ten talents.

δεκα-τίσσαρες, - ρα, four'een.

Sexareuripoov, τό, the tenths-office, custom-house: and Sexareurips, οῦ, ὁ, a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector, Lat. Jecumanus. From

δεκατεύω, f. σω, (δεκάτη) to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty, esp. as an offering o the gods:—also to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, δ, (δεκάτη, λέγω) = "εκατευτής.

Benaró-amopos, or, (Elearos, amopá) in the tenth generation.

δέκατος, η, ον, (δέκα) ten'b. II. as Subsû., δεκάτη (sub. μέρις), ή, the ten'b part, tithe. 2. δεκάτη (sub. ήμέρα), ή, the ten'b day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after bir!b, when the child had a name given it; την δεκάτην δύειν to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δικατόω, f. ώσω, (δίκατοε) to take tithe of a person.

δεκά-φύλος, ον, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes. δεκά-χαλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκούε) a coin worth ten χαλκοί, Lat. denarius.

Sená-xidoi, ai, a, (déna, xidioi) ten thousand. Bex-étypos, or, - Bekétys.

Bex-έτης, ου, ὁ, (δέκα, έτοε) lasting ten years. ten years old.

Ben-érie, iboe, f. pecul. fem. of benérns.

δέκομαι, Ion. and Acol. for δέχομαι.

δεκ-όργυιος, ον, (δεκά, δργυιά) ten fatboms long. Bearto, hoos,  $\delta_1 = \delta \epsilon_{KT} \eta s$ .

δέκτης, ου, δ, (δέχομαι) a receiver : hence a beggar. Stero, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 of de xoual.

δακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δέχομαι, received: to be received, acceptable, Lat, acceptus.

δέκτρια, ή, poët. fem. of δεκτήρ, δέκτηε.

δέκτωρ, opes, poët for δέκτης, δεκτήρ, one who takes upon bimself.

δακ-ώρύγος, or, more correct form of δεκύργυιος. δελεάζω, f. άσω, (δέλεαρ) to entice by a bait: to al-II. c. acc. cognato, rarer bos lure, entice, catch. deleacer to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕ'ΛΕΑΡ, ατοε, τό, a bait, Lat. esca.

δελα-άρπαξ, αγος, δ, ή, (δέλεαρ, άρπάζω) greedy of the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, ατος, τό, = δέλεαρ.

ΔΕ'ΛΤΑ, τό, indecl., v. sub Δ. 2. a name for the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp. of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δελτίον, τό, Dim. of δέλτου. δελτο-γράφος, αν, (δέλτος, γράφα) uriting on a

sablet, registering, recording. δέλτος, ή, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενών

the tablets of the heart. Hence δελτόω, f. ώσω, to note down on tablets, record.

διλφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, Dim. of δέλφαξ.

δελφακόσμαι, Pass. to grow up to pigbood. From ΔΕΛΦΑΕ, akos, δ, a young pig, porker.

Δελφίνιος, δ. (Δελφοί) Delphian, epith. of Apollo. δελφτνο-φόρος, ον, (δελφίε, φέρω) bearing dolphins; περαίαι δ. beams with pulleys to lower the δελφίε.

ΔΕΛΦΙΣ and δελφίν, ivos, δ, the dolphin. a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let down on the enemy's ships,

ΔΕΛΦΟΙ', ων, al, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. ΙΙ. Δελφοί, ol, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

ΔΕΜΑΣ, τό, used only in nom. and acc., the body, esp of man; properly the living body, swua being the corpse; suspòs désas small in stature. as Adv., like δίκην, δέμας πυρός αlθομένοιο in form or fashion like burning fire, Lat. instar ignis.

δέμνιον, τό, (δέμω) a bed, bedding; mostly in plur. Seuvio-Thoma, es, (Sémulor, Thota) keeping one to and a bad; polpa depriorhpy a lingering fate.

δέδμηκα: pf. pass. δέδμημαι. To build; Med., έδείparo olkove be built bim houses: generally, to construct, make; dépeir bbbr Lat, munire viam,

δενδίλλω, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign. δένδρεον, τό, Ion. for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

Bevopear, aros, 6, (Béropor) a grove, П. Bevδρήσιε, εσσα, er, woody.

Bevδριακός or -ikbs, ή, ών, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δένδριον, τό, Dim. of δένδρον-SerSpirms, ou, o, fem. BerSpirus, idos, of or belong ing to a tree.

δενδρο-βάτθω, (δένδρον, βαίσω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης οι δενδρό-κομος, ον, (δένδρον, κομή) sbaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέω, (δένδρον, κόπτω) = δενδροτομέω. ΔΕΝΔΡΟΝ, τό, Ion. and Att. δένδρος, cos, τό, α tree; δένδρον έλάσε σε olive-tree; generally, δένδρα are fruit-trees, opp. to δλη, timber.

Bevoporopies, f. how, to cut down the fruit-trees, to lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, ον, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees. δενδρο-φόρος, ον, (δένδοον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρό-φύτος, ον. (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees. δενδρ-ώδης, εε, (δένδρον, είδοε) trec-like; δενδρώδειε Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτιε, ιδοε, ή, (δένδρον) spooded. Servalu, f. aou, to abuse, revile. From

**ΔΕΝΝΟΣ**, δ, a reproach, disgrace. Séfat, 201. I med. imper. of de youar.

δεξαμενή, ή, (properly aor. I part. fem. of δέχομαι) a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

Sefua, Ion. -- in, (fem. of defices, sub. xelp) the right band; en befice on the right band; before biblious to salute by offering the right hand.

δεξί-μηλος, ον, (δέχομαι, μήλαν) receiving sheep,

ricb in sacrifices. Befile-yours, (Befiles, you're) ready of limb, mimble.

δεξιο-λάβος, ό, (δεξιόε, λαβείν) a spearman, gward. δεξιόομαι, f. ώσομαι: nor. r έδεξιωσάμην: Dep.:—to offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From

ΔΕΞΙΟΈ, d, dv, Lat. DEXTER: right hand or side; हमें defid to the right. fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other III. metaph. dexterous, ready: and of omens.

the mind, sbrewd, clever. δεξιό-σειρος, δ, (δεξιόε, σειρά) barnessed by traces on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under

the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the regular pair.

δεξιότης, ητος, ή, (δεξιός) dexterity, activity; cf mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, Adv., old gen. of δεξιός; επι δεξιόφαν towards the right.

δεξί-πύρος, ον, (δέχομαι, πύρ) fire-receiving.

δέξιε, εωε, ή, (δέχομαι) reception.

Beforepós, á, ór, poët. form for defide, right, the right; deferend, like defed (sub. xelp), the right AEMΩ: sor. I act. έδειμα, med. έδειμάμην: pf. | band; δεξιτερήφι, old dat., on the right band,

II. also to

δεξίωμα, ατος, τό, (δεξιόομαι) a plodge of friendsbip. | [d]: pl. δέδαρμαι 1—40 skin, flay. selverous, or, (befice, bropa) lucky in name. δ≰ίως, Adv. of δέξιος, dexterously: Sup. δεξιάντατα.

δεξίωσιε, com, ή, (δεξιόσμαι) an offering of the right band: greating, salutation: cameassing.

bee, a sing. Ep. aor. a imperat. of be xouss.

before, fut. of be youar. ben, bifour, Ion. for beifer, beifours, fut. act. and med, of Believen.

blough to need, want, ask; v. sub blo (B).

Ser, erros, vo, Att. Seiv, part. neut. of the impers. bil, that subject is binding, needful, right, proper; μίλλον τοῦ δέοντος more than needful; èv δέοντι (sub. saip;), in good time, Lat. opportune; els rò dies for needful purposes. II. used, absol. it

being needful; obder blor there being no need.

blev, Ion. for Edear, impl. of bles, to bind.

debyraw, 2 pl. imperat, of bles, to bind.

ΔΕΌΣ, gen. δέουε, τό: poēt. δείος: fear, alarm, II. aus, reverence. III. a terror. means of inspiring fear.

ABTIAZ, ace, 76: nom, pl. 86rd; poët. dat. pl. denáceou and dénacou:—a beaker, goblet, chalice.

δερ-άγχη, ή, (δέρη, άγχω) a collar.

δερ-αγχήε, έε, (δέρη, άγχω) throttling. δέραιον, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar.

δεραιο-πέδη, ή, (δέραιον, πέδη) a collar.

Bipas, aros, ró, poët. for Bipua, skin, bide. Bepás, ádos, fi. – despás.

ργμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance.

Bon, t, Att. for deiph, the neck.

Septémero, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of Sépropat. dependences, Dep., post. for depropar, to look.

AEPKOMAI, Dep.: fut. depende: pf. with pres. sense dédopara: aor. 2 édodaor; also aor. I pass, édépχθην, sor. 2 έδράκην; and sor. I med. έδερξάμην, sor. 2 lopano pro :- to look, see: hence to behold the 2. to look on or at : generally, to light, to live. perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or gleam, like the eye.

δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέρω) the skin, bide of beasts, Lat. pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the shell of a tortoise, 2. generally, one's skin, Lat.

cutis. Hence

δερμάτίνος, η, ον, of skin, leathern,

i ipfaro, Ion. 3 sing, sor, I med, of bipropul.

theor, Ep. for Edepar, impl. of before.

δίρος, eac, τό, poët. for δέρμα, skin, bide.

δέρριε σε δέριε, eue, ή, (δέροε, δέρμα) a leathern wering. IL in plur. acreens of skin, hung to deaden the enemy's missiles, Lat. cilicia.

Ciptpor, To, (bipu) the caul or membrane which con-:3: 13 the bowels, Lat. omentum; depreor fou diror-

1. Penetrating over to the bowels.

repx bels, part acr. I of deprespect; 840x0 pre, imparing and Sepx of was, inf., of same tense.

AEPΩ, Ion. δώρω: fut. δερώ: 201. I έδειρα:-Pass., fint. 2 ddphropas : not I todobur, not. 2 todopyr | Acres, Acol, for Zebe.

cudgel, thrash. béoma, aros, to, (bia) post. for bequie, a bond, IL a bead-band.

despeise, f. su, (despise) to fetter, put in chaine: to

tie together, as corn in the sheaf.

Secreta, f. how, (despée) - despeva. δέσμη, ή, (δέω) a bundle.

δέσμιον, τό, - δεσμόε.

Bioquios, or, also a, er, (Beo poe) binding: hence II. pass. bound, egitive. binding with a spell.

Beombs, b, pl. beomol or beoma, (blu) a band, bond, fetter: a balter: a mooring cable: a door-latell. bonds, imprisonment,

δεσμο-φύλαξ, άκοε, δ, ή, (δεσμόε, φόλαξ) a geoler. δεσμόω, - δεσμεύω, to bind, fetter. Hence

δέσμωμα, ατοε, τό, *a fetter*.

δοσμοτήριον, τό, (δεσμόω) α prison.

δεσμώτης, ου, δ. (δεσμίω) a prisoner. 2. 26 Adl. in chains, fettered : fem, δεσμώτ, ε ιδος,

δοσπόζω, f. όσω, (δεσπότηε) to be lard and master of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.

Blowowa, h, fem. of becroorne, the mistress or lady of the house, Lat. here: often joined with the name of goddesses.

Secretarios, ar. - Secretarios.

δεσποσύνη, \$, (δεσπότης) absolute moay.

Beamoatives, or, (deamotys) of an belonging to the master, arbitrary. II. as Subst. = δεσπότης.

δεσποτίω, f. έσω, = δεσπόζω :- Pass, to be despotically ruled.

ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ, ου, δ, νος. δέσποτά: Der. nom. δεσπότας: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, -eas, but prob. these are incorrect:—a master, properly of slaves: hence a despot, absolute ruler, whose subjects are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord. Hence

Becruorukos, h, or, of or for a master. 2. Il to be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotle.

δεσπότις, ιδος, ή, - δέσποινα.

Becworlowes, b, Dim. of decrords, little master. δετή (sub. λαμπάε), ή, sticks bound up to make &

fagot, a fagot. Fem. of Serbs, th, ov. verb. Adj. of blee, bound.

Severnov, Ion, impf. of Seven to wet.

Bevhoreobas, fut. med. inf. of bevo, to want.

δεθμα, ατος, τό, (δεύω) that which is wet, soaked: δεύματα πρεών boiled flesh.

Sevolaro, post. for Sevourro, 3 pl. pres. opt. of δεύω (B).

Bevough, v. dever (B).
Beupl, Att. strengthened form of Bebpo.

AET PO, Adv. of Place, bither, come bither ! devre II. of Time, until now, up is used with plur. to this time, hitherto; desp' del continually up to this time.

δεύτάτος, η, αν, the last, Sup. of δεύτερος.

SeOre, Adv., p ur. of deupo, bither ! Come bither ! Beuten-Eyevisthe, of, d. (Bentepoe, dyanisthe) the actor who takes the second part, cf. sportayoristie: metaph. the second advocate in a court of law.

Beurepalos, a, ar, (Beúrepos) on the second day.

δευτερεία (sub. άθλα), τά, (δεύτερος) the second trize in a contest: generally, the second place or rank. Beurepiales, i. aces, to play the second part.

δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατυν, τό, the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened, bread. Sevrepos, a, or, the second, Lat. secundus: as a Comp., e peio dentepot after my time: in neut. as Adv., destropor ad, destropor adrie, secondly, next II. in point of Place, esterwards, a second time. second, i. e. inferior; devrepos obderve second to none: Tà δεύτερα, = δευτερεία, the second prize or place. III. the second of two; devripy aby herself with another.

Beurepo-crátine, ou, o, (Beútepos, lotapai) one subo stands in the second file of the Chorus.

ΔΕΥ Ω (A), Ion. impf. δεύεσκον: f. δεύσω: sor. I Theura :- Pass., pf. bebeupat :- to wet, soak, steep; Med., πτερά δεύεται άλμη wets bis wings in the II. to fill with liquid, fill up. make to flow, shed.

ΔΕΥΩ (B), f. δενήσω, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, to need, miss, want; ibeinger & olhior depor leisbar be missed reaching the top of the mast. often as Dep. Sevouss, f. Sevhoopen:-to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for: hence to be wanting, deficient in; άλλα πάντα δεύεαι 'Apyelow thou ert inferior to them in all else.

ΔE'ΦΩ, f. δέψω, to soften by working by the band, to make supple, to tan bides.

δεχ-άμματος, ον, (δίκα, άμμα) with ten meshes. δέχαται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι είσί 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι. δεχ-ήμερος, ον, (δέκα, ήμέρα) lasting ten days. terminable at ten days' notice.

Bέχθαι, Ep. sor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

Sexuels, acr. I part. of Sexoper, in pass. scnse.

δέχνύμαι, poët. for δέχομαι.

AEXOMAI, Ion. and Aeol. Sécoper: fut. Séfoper and dedefouce: 20r. I edexony (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεγμαι: plqpf. έδεδέγμην:-- Ep. 201. 2 li δέγμην οτ δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: L of things, to take, accept: esp. to take well, receive kindly or graciously; The oloude dexeasat to accept or bail the omen: hence to approve: c. inf. to take raber, to II. of persons, to receive bospi ably, entertain. 2. to receive as an enemy, to watch for: to await the onset. 3. to expect, wait for. ш

of events, to succeed, come next, Lat. excipere.

δεψέω, f. ήσω, Lat. depoo, = δέφω, to orften; δεψήt is unpow baving worked wax till it is soft.

Etwo, - foreg.

AE'A (A); fut. dhow: sor. I tonoa: pf. didena: bylon, Att. byla, inf. dyour: part. dia Ep. Spen:

plant. Bechwer - Pass., fut. Bethoopen, fut. 3 Bedd. σομαι: 201. Ι έδίθην: pf. δίδεμαι: plqpf. έδεδέμην, Ep. 3 sing. bibero ;-to bind, tie, fasten, fetter : absol, *to imprison*. 2. metaph. to bind fast, enchain. later, to bind by spells, enchant. 3. c. geo. to lat. II. Med to bind prevent, binder from a thing. or tie on oneself; north of but himpolate ethours maλά πέδιλα tied them on his feet; but in plaps. pass., περί κνήμησι κνημίζαι δέδετο be bad greaves bound round his legs.

AE'Ω (B), fut. δεήσω: 20r. I έδέησα, Ep. 3 sing. δήσεν: pl. δεδέηκα:—to want, lack, miss, stand in need of, c. gen.; dhiyou biss I want little, i. e. am near; πολλοῦ δέω Ι want much, i. e. am far from; δλίγου δέω δακρύσαι I want little of tears; δυούν Clora reseapanora forty lacking two, like Lat. II. for dei impers., and déor, see duodeviginti. III. Dep. Biomai: fut. Behoomai: the words. 201. Ι έδεήθην: pf, δεδέη μαι. To stand in need of, want, c. gen.: hence, to long or strive after, wish, beg for: c. dupl. gen. to beg a thing from a per-2. absol. to be in want or need, mostly in part., as *mápta δεύμιγο*ς.

AH', Particle, properly of Time, now, already; δετώ δη προέηκα.. δίστούε already have I shot; πολλάκι δή, Lat. jam saepe: with imperat. and fut. now, forthwith, directly. II. marking Connec-

tion, then; in summing up numbers, riverrae & obrou hose these then make up a thousand; and be marks the thing meant to be emphatic, els Alyverer drikero... mai di mai de Zápois, he reached Egypt,

and subat is more Sardis also; also to put a surposed case, sal di dédequat well suppose I have accept-III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, dye bh, pepe bh, do but come, only come;

with a Sup., perior or of the very greatest. ironical sense, Lat. scilicet; elonyaye ras transibus 84 he brought in the fretended courtesans. with Pronouns, Eue di) dide diabetras thus to use a

man like me; od dy... krúlupous; you of all per-4. with other Particles, 34 adds explicitness; de oh, wa oh, that [it may be] exactly so, just so; also de lh. are lh. ola lh in that, inasmuch as.

δη-άλωτος, ον, contr. for δηϊάλωτος. δίγμα, ατος, τύ, (δάκνω) a bite, sting.

δηγμός, δ, – δῆγμα.

δηθά, = ζήν, Adv. long, for a long time.

81,04 and 81,0ev, Adv. (84) perbaps: I suppose. mostly iron., like Lat. scillest, to seit, f. r. ooch: with is, as if for sooth; is droppy tifter pretending it we game.

δηθύνω [θ], f. ὄνῶ, (δηθά) to tarry, be long, delay. Sylaaorev, Ep. impf. of Sylice.

δηϊ-άλωτος, ον. (δήδος, άλωναι) taken by the enemy, cap ive.

Shios, q, or, Ep. for salos, bostile. Hence δηίοτης, ήτος, ή, battle-strife, battle.

II.

impl. lõplaur Att. lõplaur Ion. lõpleur Ep. õrjaur: fut. õplaur: mac. lõplaura, Att. lõplaura, part. õplaure: pl. leõplaura:—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impl. õrplaure: aor. 1 lõplaura; —Pass., aor. I lõplaura; part. õrpuvels: pl. δεδραμα: (δήλου):—to treat as an enemy: to ent aum, slay, rend, cleave.

II. to waste or rawage a country.

· courty.

Specimos, or. (Saure) biting, torturing.

Specimos, ή, ότ, (Saure) biting: pungent.

Spha-54, Adv. (Sηλοι, 34) clearly, flainly, of course:

in answers, yes plainly.
δηλαίνω, collat. form of δηλέομαι.

AHAE OMAI, fut. \$σομα: pt. δεδήλημαι, inf. δεξηλήφθαι in pasa sense: Dep.:—to burt greatly, δο a mischief to, destroy, Lat. delere: absol to do mischief, δο burful: of things, κυρτύν δηλήσασθαι to waste the fruit; δρεια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δίλημα, ατος, τύ, mischief, ruin, bane.

δηλήμων, ον, gen, ovos, baneful: as Subst., βροτών δηλήμων destroyer of men.

δήλησις, εων, ή, (δηλέομαι) ruin, bans.

δηλητήρ, ήρος, δ, (δηλέομαι) a destroyer. Hence δηλητήριος, ον, baneful, destructive.

 $\Delta \eta \lambda u a$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , v. sub  $\Delta \eta \lambda \iota o s$ .

Δηλιώε, άδοε, ή, (Δήλοε) a Delian woman.

Δήλιος, α, ον, (Δήλοε) Delian: τὰ Δήλια (sub. leps), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-ότι, Adv. for δήλον ότι, – δηλαδή, it is plain that, clearly, of course: also namely, Lat. videlicet. δηλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (δήλος, ποιέω) to make manifest.

Δίλος, δ, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis: called also Όρτυγία. From δίλος, η, ω, also os, ω; contr. from δέελος, visible, ilear.

2. manifest, evident, certain; δήλον as Adv.

learly, plainly. Hence

δηλόω, f. ώνω, to shew, make visible or clear: to coint on', make known.

2. to prove: to declare, xplain, set forth: also to signify.

3. to point out, rder.

II. intrans.—δηλόε εξιι, to be clear or lain; δηλοί ότι οδυ Όμηρου τὰ Κύπρια, ένεά ἐστι ti clear that... Hence

δήλως, Adv. of δήλος, manifestly.

δήλωστε, εω, ή, a poin'ing out, explaining. 2. Giree was, command.

Sημάγωγέω, f. ήσω, (δημαγωγό») to be a popular ender on demagnese

ઈમુક્લમુખ્યનિ, ફે, the conduct or character of a public ader: and

Engraγente, 4, 6v, fit for a popular leader. From Engraγente, 6, (εθμοε, άγω) a popular leader, a sob-leader, demogrague.

Superinidion, 70, a comic Dim. of 89 mos.

Sup-aparos, or, (89 nos, apaonae) prayed for by the copie: prop. n. of a king of Sparts.

Sugrapx (ω, f. ήσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence Sugrapx (α, ή, the office of demarch, tribunate; and Sugrapx unba, ή, le, tribunician. From Shu-apxes, δ, (δήμος, έρχω) at Athem, the president of a δήμου, who kept the registers, a demarch:—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. tribunus plobis.

Signature, ene, if, confiscation. From

Squein, f. on, (bipos) to declare public property: so confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. publicare.

2. generally, to make public.

δημηγορίω, Ε΄ φσω, (δημηγόρου) to be a public orator; to barangue the people, Lat. concionari.

δημηγόρια, ή, a deliberative speech : a speech in the public a sembly ; and

δημηγορικός, ή, όν, of public speaking, qualified for it. From

δημ-ηγόρος, δ. (δήμος, άγορεψε) one subo harangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. concionator.

δημηλάσία, 4, exile. From

δημ-ἡλάτος, οτ, (δήμος, ἐλαύτω) publicly suiled.

Δημήτης, ἡ: gen. τερος and τρος: acc. τερα or τρα, also Δημήτρον: (δή for γή, μήτης):—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proserpins.

δημίδιον, το, comic Dim. of δήμος. [26]

Somulton, f. low, (δήμου) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημιό-πρώτα, τά, (δήμιοε, πιπράσκω) goods seized by public authority, confiscated goods.

Shuce, or, Dor. Sauce, a. or: (lipse):—belonging to the people; dipuocalorumitra judges elected by the people:—as Adv., dipua when to drink at the public cost.

2. dipuoc, d, as Sabst., the public executioner.

Symoupyle, f. how, to be a workman, to work; and Symoupyle, h, workmanship, work; and

δημιουργικός, ή, ω, of or for a workman. Adv. -κω, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημι-ουργόε, poët. δημιο-εργόε, όν: (δήμοε, έργον):
working for the people: as bubst., δημιουργόε, δ, a
workman, bandieraftsman: generally, a maker, author:
metiph., δρθροε δημιοεργόε mom that calls man to
work. 2. the Maker of the world.

II. name
of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, or, (δήμος, βορά) devourer of the people. δημο-γέρενε, erros, δ, (δήμος, γέρενε) an elder of the people; generally, an elder, chief: in plur., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. senatores.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δήμοε) at the public cost.
by deme or birthplace.

.δημό-θροος, or, contr. -θρους, our (δήμος, θρέω) uttered by the people.

δημοκοπόω, f. ήσω, to curry mob favour; and δημοκοπικόε, ή, όν, suited to a demagogue. From δημό-κοπος, δ, (δήμος, κόπτω) a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, αν, (δήμος, spalve) ratified by the people.

δημο-κράτίομαι, Pass. (δήμοι, κρατίω) to bave a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence δημοκράτια, ή, democracy, popular government. Hence

Bouonparents, f., de, mited to a democracy.

δημό-λευστος, αν. (δήμος, λεύω) stoned by the people; δημάλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.

δημόομαι, Dep. (δήμου) to talk popularly, to jest.

δημο-πίθηκου, δ, (δήμου, πίθηκου) a mob-monkey, charlaten.

δημορ-ρίφη, ές, (δήμος, μετω) burled by the people. AH MOZ, δ, a country-district, opp. to πόλες; & δήμως γες. εσισκευσες μάλα πίσνα δήμως, etc. εσισκευσες μάλα πίσνα δήμως, etc. Επίστης, opp. to βασιλεύς; alsο δήμος δάν being a commoner. III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens, the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a popular constitution, democracy. IV. δήμως in Attica, townships or bundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions of the φύλα; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in number, 10 in each φυλή.

AHMO'Z, 8, fat.

Samoria, Adv. see Samorios.

δημοσιεύω, - δημεύω, to confiscate. II. intr. to lead a public life, opp. to litureiu, to belong to the state. From

Dauboros, a, ar, (δήμου) belonging to the people or state, Lat. publicus.

II. δ δημόσιου (sub. δοθλου), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the public erier, or scatebman.

III. as neut., δημόσιου, τό, the state, Lat. respublica.

2. any public besilding: the public prison.

17. Doric fem. A δαμοσία (sub. σκητή), the tent of the Spartan kings.

2. dat. δημοσία, Ion. -ίη, as Adv., in public, at the public expense.

Hence

Bysocrow, f. wow, - by seven, to confiscate.

Soul τελής, ie, (δημος, τέλος) at the public cost, public, national.

δημότερος, α, αν, (δήμος) common, vulgar.

Snubτης, ου, δ, (δήμοε) one of the veople: a commoner, plebeian.

II. a member of the same δήμος, a follow-citizen.

δημοτικός, ή, όν, (δήμοε) suiting the people, common: public.

II. of the populace, one of them,

III. on the democratic side, Lat.
popularis: generally, popular:—Adv.—κῶε, affably,

kindly.

IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme,
opp. to δημόσιοε.

Bημ-οθχος, ω, (δήμος, έχω) protecting the people, tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημούχοι γῶε guardiam of the land.

δημο φάγος, δ., (δήμος, φάγεδ) - δημοβόρος.

| But o χάριστής, ου, δ, (δήμος, χαρίζομαι) flattered of the people.

Bus adqu, es, (dipos, allos) like the people, popular,

34v, Dor. 3dv, (84, \$34) Adv. Let. diu, long, for a long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

Squalos, Doc. Blumbs, 4, 6r, long-lived: aged,

Squipeou, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή! heing about 84d. AH'NEA, rd, counsels, plans, arts: only in plan. Soft-Super, or, (darm, Super) beart-eating. Strong, fut, of Sax: s.

8000v, inf. of 3916w: but 850vv, Ep. impf.

8ή-woler, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. undecunque; δπόβεν δήποθεν from some quarter or other. δή-more, Otton written δή ποτε, at some time, once, once on a time:—εί δήποτε, Lat. εί quando:—τί δήποτε; Lat. exidnem?

8ή-weu, indef. Adv., often written δή weu, perbaps, it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, minurum. II. as interrog, implying an affirm. answer; τὴν αἰχμάλαντον κάτοισθα δήψου; you know the captive woman, I presume?

34-mouter, indef. Adv., - 34mov.

Snordagua, Ep. 3 dual δηρεάασθον, 3 pl. δηρείαστο, inf. δηρεάασθα: Dep.: (δήρει):—40 contend, fight: to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήτην, v. sub sq. ΑΗ ΡΙΖ, see and eas, ή, fight, battle, contest. δηρί-φάτου, αν. (δήριε, φάω) slain in fight.

Suples, acr. I εδήρεσα, - δηριέομα: - Med. δηρίομα, fut. δηρίσομα: [Ι]: 3 pl. acr. I med. δηρίσαντο; also 3 dual acr. I pass. δηρισθήτην, as if from δηρίσομαι.

Supé-flos, Dor. Supéflos, ar, (Supés, flos) longlised. Supés, d. ér, (Shr) long, too long:—in bad sense, neth. Supér as Adv., all too long.

δησάσκετο, Ερ. for έδήσατο, 3 sing. acr. I med. of δέω

Bijore, Ep. for Edigue, 3 sing. 201. I of bles, to bind: also Ep. for Edigue, 201. I of bles, to mant.

8470., Adv. (84) certainly, so be sure, of course; in answers, yes vertainly; ob 8470, certainly not. In questions, vi 8470; what then?

Sangode, Sangodium, aor. I pass part and inf. cf Sánra.

δηώσαε, δημθείε, acr. I part. act. and med. of δηϊόω.

AHQ, I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

Δηά, \$, gen. όσε, contr του, - Δημέρτηρ, Let. Geres. δηών, contr. for δηδόων, ptes. part. of δηδόω. Δηφος, α, σν, (Δηώ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres).

náou, fut. of Sylów.

Al, contr. for Ail, dat. of Zeee; 4, \*Ais.

AIA', poët: Stal, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic. sense, right through.

I. of Place or Space, through, out WITH CEN. at: & hisse albis leaver quite through the lower air even to the ether; inspere nal did server he stood 2. of Intervals of Space, out from among them. διά ποκλού at μ great distance; διά πίντε σταλά at a distance of 5 stades; but blue budh from at intervals of ten bettlements, i. e. at every tenth bertiement. II. of Time, through, throughout, dury ing, and, of the past, since; but xploon after some time. 2, of Successive Intervals; and spira suppose overy third day; ded where drive every five III. arising from, through, by means of years.

by Lat. per; &' dryshow hereer, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, ded ownedfie with carnestness.

With Acc. of Place, through, throughout; did dd an teroughout the house.

2. of Time, during, by; dd rhera by sight.

II. with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of; did rolld for many reasons.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., throughout.

In coarros.

I. all through, across, as in δια-βιίνα.

2. to the end, as in δια-βιίνα, δια-μάχο-μα: hence simply to add strength, throughly, completely.

II. between, partly, csp. in Adj., as διά-λευκου, etc.

III. one with or against another, as διά-δια.

IV. one from another, asunder, Lat. dis-, as in δια-λένου.

Ald, acc. of Zeve; v. nom. Als.

δία, ή, the godlike one, fem. of δίος; δία θεάων or γυναικών, a goddess among goddesses or women.

Sus-Sabila, f. low Att. in, to go across.

Ba-βalves, f. -βήσομαι: 201. 2 -έβην, part. δεαβάε: pf. -βέβηκα: I. intr. to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors. II. c. 201., to step across, step over: also absol., to cross over, like Lat. trajicere.

Sta-Bάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), to throw over or across, carry over or across: seemingly intr. (sub. taurór, στρατόν, etc.) like Lat. trajicere, to pass over, cross over.

II. to accuse falsely, slander, calumniate: to accuse a man to another.

III. to mislead, impose upon.

διαβάs, 201. 2 part. of διαβαίναι

διάβαστα, ωιε, ή, (διαβαίνω) a crossing over, passage. 2. a means or place of crossing.

Busβάστω, Frequent. of διαβαίνω, to strut about. Bus-Bas-τάζω, f. kow, to weigh in the balance.

δια-βάττίος, a, or, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, that must

Siaβinthoios, or, (Siaβalro) with a view to a fortunate passage: διαβατήρια (leph), τό, offerings for a happy passage.

διαβάτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, to be crossed

or passed, fordable.

δια-βοβαιόομαι, Dep. to maintain strongly.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνα. διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβιόνε.

διαβάβληκα, pf. of διαβάλλα.

διαβίβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκα.

Scaffigurera, Ep. for Scaffirm, sor. 2 inf. of Scaffabre. Scaffigregia, fut. of Scaffabre.

Beaβhrys, ov, b, (διαβαίνω) a pair of compasses.

Bea-βιάζοραι, f. ασομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

Sea-βιάζοραι, fet - βιβάση Δτ. - βιβά Caresi of

δια-βιβάζω: fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ, Causal of διαβαίνω, to carry across.

Bua-βloss, f. -bropa: : 20c. 2 -eβlow, inf. -βιῶνα: (25 if from a pres. δια-βίωμι): --to live through, pass. 2.

absol. c. part., peterde dialefeculum to spend one's life in practising.

Bra-Aldrew, f. to pass, to look through: to look straight before one. 2. to see clearly.

διαβληθείε, sor. I pass. part. of διαβάλλα.

Biaβoda, f. φσομαι, to about or ery out, proclaim, publish:—Med. to contend in abouting.

Braβολή, ή, (διαβάλλει) false assusation, slander, calumny.

 $\delta \cdot a \beta \circ \lambda (a, f, - \delta \cdot a \beta \circ \lambda f)$ .

Biάβολοε, or, (διαβάλλω) falsely accusing, slanderous, calismatious:—as Subet., διάβολοε, δ, a slanderer; esp. δ διάβολοε, the Slanderer, the Devil. Adv. διαβόλωε, invidiously.

Beaβόρου, στ. (διαβιβρώσκω) eating through: c. acc., νόσου διαβίρου πόδα a sone that eats through my foot.

II. διάβορου, στ., pass. eaten through, consumed.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., to deliberate well. δια-βρέχω, f. ξω, to wet through. Hence

Bιάβροχος, or, very wet, wet, moist. 2. soaked, steeped; ruûe διάβροχοι soaked, i. c. rotten ships.

διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρύσπυ. δια-βθνέω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύνω, to thrust through :— Pass. to be thrust or passed through.

διαβώ, ĝε, ĝ, sor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω.

Bea-γεληνίζω, f. low, (διά, γαλήνη) to make quite calm.
Bea-γελλω, f. -eλώ: 20τ. I διήγγειλα:—to send as a message: generally, to give notice, notify, proclaim r.c. inf. to order to do:—Med. to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another.

δι-άγγελος, δ, a messenger between two, Lat. internuncius: a go-between, spp.

διάγε, Dor. for διήγε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγει. διαγεγένημαι, pf. of διαγέγεομαι.

Sta-yelde, f. doopat [d], to laugh at, mock.

διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίγνομαι.

Busyevbuevos, sor. 2 part. of sq.
Bus-ylyvouss, f. --yerfoopes, pf. --yeybrypes:-to go through, pass: absol. to go through life, sur-

vive, live. 2. to be between, intervene, elapse.

Sua-yvyváczes: f. -yváczopa: :--to discern between
two, to distinguish, Lat. dignoscere. II. to re-

solve finally, determine, vote to do so and so.

as Athen. law-term, to give judgment, decide.

Buaytropus, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγγομαι. 
διαγτνώστω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγγοσω. 
διαγπτλλίζομαι, f. Ισομαι, Att. ιοῦμαι, Dep.: (διά, 
ἀγπίλη):—to bold the jaselin by its thong; pf. pass. 
part. διηγπιλισμένοε, with the thong ready fastencd; 
ready to throw or about.

δι-αγκύλόομαι, - διαγκυλίζομαι.

δια-γλάφω, f. ψα, 20τ. Ι διέγλαψα, to bollow out. διά-γλυπτος, φ, ον, (διά, γλύφω) all carved. διαγνώμη, φ, a final decree, resolution. From

Stayvavat, sor. 2 inf. of diagraphicum.

δια-γνωρίζω, f. low Att. εω, to inquire accurately. διάγνωστο, εως, ή, (διαγεγούστω) a discerning between

two, distinguishing, discrimination. ing, deciding.

Stayverough fut. of Biayiyrwam.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

plainly, declare. II. to speak of.

διάγραμμα, ατος, τό, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometri- on zive over, Lat. tradere. 3. an ediet. 2. a register. eal figure, diagram.

διαγραφή, ή, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines: a diagram. δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw

II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. cir-

sumscribers; 8. blung to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quash it: in Med., diayphilaobai dlung to cross fouted claims.

one's own cause out, withdraw it. Bia-yphyopen, f. how, to remain awake.

Bi-appealing, to be much provoked.

Bu-appunvies, f. how, to lie wide awake. διάγχα, f. γέω, to strangle to death.

Bi-aye, f. afe: 201. 2 diffyayor: -to carry over or across, take across. II. of Time, to pass, spend; διάγει. βίον, etc.; but often without βίον, to live, pass for κατά διαδοχήν in turn. life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off: c. part. to continue, go on doing. tinue, keep, support. IV. to entertain. to keep, celebrate. Hence

II. a passing διάγωγή, ή, a carrying across. of life, a course of life: also a way of passing sime, amusement, pastime.

Bu-Kywvilouau, Dep. to contend or fight against. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

Sia-Banto, f. www, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-δάτέομαι, fut. -δάσομαι: 201. I -εδασάμην (cf. darkopai):-to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέδεγμαι, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

Bradidpara, pf. of diadidpágras.

Sia-Selevum, f. -Selfe, to show through: hence to about, wandering: vagabond, stray. make clear, show: -Pass. to be shown clearly, biadei-II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. 1 | get off, escape. enemy. diédefe, it was clear, manifest

διαδέκτωρ, opos, δ, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited.

Sea-Bifice, or, (dia, defice) of right good omen. δια-δέρκομαι, 20r. 2 έζράκον: Dep.:-- to see a thing through another; où d' ar rôl diadparoi he would not

see us through it, sc. the cloud.

Biddetos, ov, (Biable) bound fast; xalivol Biddetoi yeview lunelar firm-bound through the horse's mouth. δια-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι : pf. -δέδεγμαι : Dep. :--to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard :- hence in pf. part. diadedequéroi, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim. Sea-Béω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast : generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλέομαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, or, manifest or distinguished among others. | dró τινος to live off or by a thing.

II. a resólv- | Biádegia, aros, ró, (diadés) a band of fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράστω, f. -δράσομαι (d): Ion. διαδιδρήστω, &. Tyopeva, (for the tenses, v. αγορεύω) to speak |-δρήσομαι: 201. 2 -έδραν: pf. -δέδρακα:--to run off.

escape, get away. Bia-Blowju, f. dwow, to give from band to band, pass 3. to spread about, publish.

bra-bludžu, f. ásu, to give judgment in a case: c. acc. rei, to decide, rule :- Med. to go to law : to plead one's cause.

Sia-Straide, f. wow, to bold to be right.

διαδικασία, ή, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle dis-

Bus-Buppeius, f. out, to run a chariot-race. δια-δοκτμάζω, f. άσω, to test closely. Stadobele, nor. 2 part. pass. of diablowni. Blados, brw, aor. 2 imperat. of diadidagu. Bidboors, eas, f. (diabibum) distribution.

Bragotrar, 201. 2 inf. of Bragiowin.

διαδοχή, ή, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; Le διαδοχής 2. a relief on gward. διάδοχος, δ, ή, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst., III. to make to con- biddoyos, b, a successor; burou peryos diddoyor Sleep's V. successor, Light; bidboxos epolrew they went to work n gange or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. sor. 2 opt. of διαδέρευμαι.

biabodueiv, 201, 2 inf. of diatofyer

Staspavat Ion. -Sprivat, 20r. 2 inf. of Stastopas mu. δια-δραπετεύω Ion. δια-δρηπ-, to escape entirely. διαδρίσι-πολίται, οί, (διαδιδράσκω, πολέτης) είτίzens wbo evade public duties.

διαδράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσεω. δια-δρηστεύω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσεω. δια-δρομή, ή, (διαδραμείν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

bidopopos, or, (diadpapeir) running through a

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. urboter ler πολέμιος let bim be declared the king's δύσομαι: 201. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away,

διαδύε, 201. 2 part. of διαδύω, διαδύομαι.

Bra-Búw, v. Bradírw.

δι-αδω, f. άσομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δωρέσμαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-ás, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διάημι.

481a-ei8w: f. -cloopai: 201. 2 8ccibor (q. v.):--10 bew forth, prove: as Pass., deeth diaelberas courage is di-cern**ed.** 

bración, Att. contr. bidón: f.-acicopes contr.-desμαι:---to sing for a prize.

δια-σιμένος, pf. part. pass of δελημι.

Sta-eurely, Sta-eurépey, Ep. inf. of deciror.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζήν: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω:to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, dia (war wormpaytownes; dia fig. haleigraps, E. Cohfee, to disjoin. Hence bilings, com, fi, a disjoining.

diagram, f. hom, to search through: to seek out,

قطيعها في ( كافط إلى المناف ) - كانفر ودولاده .

bilippa, aros, ró, that which is girt, the waist.

bet which girds, a girdle. From

balavius or -we: fut. (bow:-to gird round: Med to gird oneself with a belt, etc.

du-Jém, Ion. for dia-Jám.

bidgus, Ep. 3 sing. impf. dides, to blow or breathe through.

babelopes, L. desopus [d], Ion. fropes: Dep.:—to lost through, look closely at, examine.

da-baba, f. wow, to fumigate.

bilione, con, ή, (διατίθημί) a disposing in order, errangement. 2. – διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.) a disposition, state, condition.

Bulktrya, ev, δ, (Buarlθημι) one subo disposes in order, a regulator, arranger.

waer, a regulator, arranger. Ba-Bém, f. —Bebropai, to run about: of reports, to

spread. Subject, \$, (Searlby \mu) a disposition of property by

will; a will and testament: also a covenant.

δια-θοράβδω, f. φσω, to confound utterly,

be-abote, f. fore, to look through, look closely into, examine closely.

Bus Opolin, f. how, to spread a report, give out. Bus Opolikes or -Opolikes, f. how, to spread abroad:

-Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly reported. II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf. part. διατεθφυλημένου.

riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs. StatBpráZm, f. áom, to be quite clear and fine. From StatBpox, or, (Stå, albpa) quite clear and fine.

& cultivorum, to rush or dart to and fro.

Hayros, or, (biá, alpa) blood-stained.

Stalves, f. & D: esc. telipra:—much like lalves, to wet, moisten:—Med., dialves of a fore to wet one's eyes: shol, to weep.

II. to weep for, bewail.

absol. so sweep. II. to sweep for, bewail.
Scalpecre, eas, \$, a dividing, division, esp. of a class

into its constituent parts; and

Stalperos, 4, ev., divided: divisible: hence distinpuisbable. II, distributed. From

Si-captes, f. how: 20t. 2 dellor:—Pass., 20t. t difdons: pt. depoqua:— to divide, part or cleave in wein: so cut open, to tear away, pull down.

to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themelves. III. to determine, put an end to: to de-

ine, interpret.

Evalor, f. -dpd, to raise up, lift up. II. to part munder; dealpeur to ordina to open the mouth.

de-atorous, f.-affer: Att. de-doore, -drree, fut. dfer: nor. 3 differ:—to rush through or across: of sound, ne though the air.

bi-Morbu, L. wow, (8th, Moros) to make an end of. \[ \Delta TATTA, \( \psi, \) life, a way of living, mode of life. 2. a place for living, a dwelling. II. at Athens, arbitration. Hence

Staurées, f. ήσω: impf. έδιαίτων οτ διήτων: acr. r εδιαίτησα οτ διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plapf. έδεδιητήκαι: —Pass., acr. r διητήθην: pf. δεδιήτημα: —to-maintain. eurport: —Pass. to lead a certain course of life, to live.

II. to be arbiter or umpire: generally, to regulate, govern. Hence

Statropa, ares, rb, mostly in plur. rules of life, a mode or course of life.

δίαντητήριον, τό, (διαιτάω) dwelling-rooms.

δίαντητής, οῦ, ὁ, (διαιτάω 1) an arbitrator, umpire, Lat. arbiter.

dia-käbalpu, f. -kabäjü, and dia-kabaplfu, f. iû, to cleanse or purge thoroughly.

Branabaprel, 3 sing. fut. of diamabapi(es.

Bia-nabile, fut. -ishow and -in, to make to sit apart, set apart.

Bia-nale, f.-navou: pass. pf. Bianénavyai:—to burn through, set on fire, beat to encess.

Sta-kavaove, set. I desarafa, of liquid, to run gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.)

Bia-naprepée, f. now, to endure to the end, last

out. δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχόμην:—to

confute utterly. Buánavyva, aros, ró, (dianalm) burning beat. Bua-navvsálm, (navrós) to determine by lot.

Sta-neale, f. are, to split asunder.

Bub-καιμοι, inf. -κείσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι: -used as Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a certain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικών διακείσθαι to be friendly disposed; υπόπτων διακείσθαι to be ειστροίουσιly disposed; κακών διακείσθαι to be in a καττρίμου, etc. II. of things, to be settled, finex; τὸ διακείμενα certain terms.

Sig-respons fut. - repa and - respons ps. - i.er.pea :to cut in pieces: to make null and visit, frustrate:
deprive of; orevapua diarecapuiroe i.r. pped of
trappings. II. to break through transgress.

Branchrothar, pf. pass. of diamples.

Sua-neckeropai, Dep. to give order to different persons, to enbort. 2. to encourage a se another. 3to admonish, inform. Hence

Stakeheuguos, d, an exbortation, veering on.

Sid-kevos, or, quite empty, bollow.

Sia-riopai, Ion. for didrespas. Sia-reppartie, f. low Att. w, (did rippa) to change into small coin.

Braképorat, zor. I inf. of Biakelpa

δια-κηρύκεύομαι, Dep. to negoti- e by berald.

Bus-knpivorw, f. fw, to proclaim y berald: to w? by auction.

Bia-civôuveúm, f. om, to run all risks, make a d'age-

rate effort :- Pass. to be bazarded; bianenirouvevphyos, n, or, desperate.

Sia-Kivee, f. how, to move throughout, throw into dis-II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. exorder. III. Pass. to be put in motion, move. cutere.

δια-κλάω, f. άσω [d]: aor. I διέκλασα, Ep. part. διακλάσσαι:- to break in twain:- διακεκλασμένοι enervated.

δια-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealth. to save by stealth: - Med., with aor. 2 pass. deekla-

wnv [a], to steal away, get safe off. back by stealth.

 δια-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot, allot. to choose by lot :- Med. to east lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence διάκλίσιε, εωε, ή, a turning away, retreat.

δια-κλύζω, f. ύσω [v], to wash thoroughly, wash.

Sia-avalo, f. - avalow: - Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι: pf. dianenvalue :- to scrape or grate to nothing: to wear away: to crush in pieces:-Pass. to be worn away, destroyed; τὸ χρώμα διακεκναισμένος baving lost all his colour.

Sia-wile, f. ou, to pull to pieces.

Sta-kotpävém, to rule through or over.

διακομίδη, ή, a carrying over or across. From

**dia-**koul( $\omega$ ) (for the tenses,  $\nabla$ .  $\kappa o \mu(\omega)$  to carry over or across: - Med. to carry over what is one's own: -Pass. to pass or cross over.

διάκονέω, Ion. δυηκονέω: f. ήσω: impf. εδιάκόνουν and dinkovour, acr. I ediakovnou and dinkovnou: pf. δεδιδκόνηκα:-Pass., aor. I εδιδκονήθην: pf. δεδιδκόνημαι: (διάκονοε):—to wait on, serve: 10 furnish, supply: -- Med. to serve oneself. Hence Biakovia, t., scruice, business. 2. attendance on

a duty, ministry. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, ή, όν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ā], Ion. διήκονος, δ, ή, a servant, waitingman: a messenger. 2. a minister of the church, esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δι-δκοντίζω, f. low, to throw a javelin at :-- Med. to sontend with another at throwing the javelin.

Bia-konto, f. yo, to cut in two, cut through: to break asunder, break through. II. intr. to break through, burst through.

Bus-κορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravisb.

δια-κορκορύγίω, f. ήσω, to rumble through. διά-κορος, ον, (διά, κορέννυμι) satisted, glutted.

δι-ακόσιοι, Ιοπ. διηκόσιοι, αι, α, (δίε, έκατόν) τωο bundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multitude, lawoe dianogia two bundred horse.

Bia-koopies, f. how, to divide and arrange: to muster :- Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθείμεν, Ep. for διακοσμηθείημεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of diamoguées.

δι-δικούω, f. ούσομαι: pf.-anhnoa:--to bear through, bear out: to bear from another.

dia-upala, f. fu, to cry aloud: to scream against enother.

Sia-spens, f. fw, to strike the strings of the lyre. δια-κρηνόω, Dor. -κρανόω: f. ώσω: (διά, ερήνη) to make to flow, pour forth.

δι-ακρίβόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἀκριβή») to inquire closel into, bave an accurate knowledge of. διακρίδόν, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately; eminently

above all, Lat. eximié.

διακρίθήσομαι, fut. I pam. of διακρίνω.

Brancella, acr. I pass, subj. of deargery.

Brandivers, 3 sing. 201. I opt. of Brandiver.

Biaκρινθείs, Ep. for διακρίθείε, aor. I part. pass. o diampiro. Stamptveniusvat, Ep. for deampterivat, 201. 1 inf. pass. o Bia-κρίνω, f. Irŵ: (for the tences, ν. πρίνω):—/

separate, divide: to part combatants:-Pass. to b parted or dissolved; to disperse. 2. to distinguish tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decid

a dispute; diasplveir aspesir to make a choice:-Med to get a dispute decided :- Pass. of persons, to come t

a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. to make a distinction: set apart for boly pur poses. III. in Med. to doubt, besitate. Hence

διάκρίσιε, εω, ή, a separating, parting. deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing.

Stanpireov, verb. Adj. of Stanpires, one must decid Bidikplicos, or, (dianplico) distinguished: excellent.

διακροτέω, f. ήσω, to strike or break through. Biakpovers, see, h, a driving away, putting off.

Bia-kpouw, f. co, to try or prove by knocking. Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, ου, οι διάκτωρ, ορος, δ, (διάγω) ε Conductor, Guide: epith, of Hermes.

δια-κυβάω, (κύβοι) to play at dice together.

δια-κύκάω, f. ήσω, to mix together.

δια-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and ereep through: peep tbrough, pry into.

διακωλύτης, οῦ, ὁ, a binderer, obstructer. From δια-κωλύω, f. ύσω, to binder, check: to prevent.

διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή. δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: 20r. 2 διέλέχα:-

divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλάθειν, 20r. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

Bia-hander, f. how, to crack asunder, burst. δια-λακτίζω, f. low, to kick away.

δια-λάλίω, f. ήσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι: εστ. 2 – έλάβα: -είληφα; pass. -είλημμαι οι διαλέλη**μμαι. Ι**σα -λ λαμμαι:—to take or receive separately.

grasp with both bands, embrace, Lat. complete: Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist. grasp with the mind, comprehend. III. to sep

rate, divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish: also to " 3. to distribut 2. to cut off, intercept.

Sia-λάμπω, f. ψω, to sbine or flash through: ci th dav. to dawn.

δια-λανθάνω, f.-λήσω: 201. 2-έλαθον: pt.-λέλτ ---to escape notice; c. acc. pers. to escape the maties (

beläxely, soc. 2 int. of bealayxers.

bradyja, ie, (bid, ddyos) giving great pain, grisu-

om. II. suffering great pain.

διολίγω, L far, to pick out, choose. II. διαλίγομα, Dep., with fut. med. -λίξομαι, also pass. -ληγόφομαι: aor. I med. διελεξάμην, pass. διελίχθη: pf. -είλεγμαι:—to converse, reason, talk with. a. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3. to discourse, argue.

Su-holme, f. ψω: acr. -lλfror: pf. -λέλοιπα, pass. -λέλοιμαι :—to leave an interval: plapf. pass. de-hiterro impers. a gap bad been left.

2. intrans. is be placed at intervals; τδ δuλκίπου a gap.

Il. to leave off, seame: c. part. to leave off doing.

2. of

Time, to intervene, elapse.

da-haxa, f. fa, to lick clean.

Stadestructs, 4, by, (Stadeyopat) skilled in discourse or argument: 4 Stadestruch (sub. régry), the art of

debating or arguing.

διάλωττος, 4, (διαλέγω) discourse, conversation: debate, argument. II. speech, language. 2. the language of a country, technically a dialect.

διαλέληθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω. διαλέλημμα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

Staddition, Staddithus, pf. act. and pass. of Stadder. Staded theory at, pf. of Stadupalve pass.

διάλεξιε, εωε, η, - διάλεκτος 1,

διαλέξομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.

Stakenro-koyéopat, Dep. (Stakenros, kéyes) to discourse subtly.

διά-λευτος, σε, (διά, λέυτοι) very small or narrow: very subtle.

διά-λευκος, or, marked with white.

Sualex Ofiver, sor. I inf. of dialeyoper.

διαλήσω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλιπείν, 201. 2 inf. of διαλείποι. διαλλάγή, ή, (διαλλάσσοι) an interchange: a change rom emmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of

eace: usu. in plur. Siállaypa, aros, ró, (biallásse) ibai subisb is put

n the place of another, a changeling. Scallautho, hose, b, and Scallautha, of, b, (Bal-

άσσω) a mediator.

BL-allacore, Att. -rre: fut. fo: pf. διήλλάχα:

o give or take in enchange: hence to interchange,
exchange.

2. to change from enmity to friendship,
exchange.

11. Pass., with fut.

12. διαλλάτομα: act. Ι διηλλάχθην, also acr. 2

13. λάγην [δ]: pf. διήλλαγμα:—to be reconciled, beme friends.

III. intr. to differ from one in a

ting: so Pass., esp. in acr. I διαλλαχθήναι, to be

fferent.

σ μαι: Dep.:—to leap over or across. δια-λογιδομαι, Ε leo μαι Att. ιοῦ μαι: pf. -λελόσ μαι: Dep.:—to settle accounts: hence to take full count of, consider fully.

11. to converse, argue.

andopopos, d, a settling of accounts.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. C. discourse, conversation.

διάλογος, ό, (διαλέγομαι) α sonversation, dialogue. δια-λοιδορέομαι: 201. I pam. διελοιδορήθην: Dep.1 —to abuse, rail at.

Buaktoffvar, sor. I inf. pass. of deakor.

δια-λθμαίνομαι, sor. 1 διελθμάνθην: pf. διαλελδμισ μαι: Dep.:—to maltreat sbamefully.

Bidλbore, ean, \$ (διαλόω) a loosing one from enything, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. on

ending, creation: creation of bostilities, peace.
Buakuri-pukos, or, (buakún, pikos) love-dissolving.
Buakuris, ov, ó, (buakún) a breaker up, dissolver.

Biaλύτός, ή, όν, (Biaλύω) dissolved: capable of dissolution.

Bu-Aim, f. vow [v]: pf. -AiAva: aor. I pass.

-Aivon [v]: pf. -AiAva: — to loose one from another, to part assunder: to break up, dismiss, disband.

2. to break off, put an end to.

concile.

4. buAver deafoApr to do away with false accusations: also to pay off, discharge.

II. to relant to make supple and pliant.

Gradoution, E wow, (dia, adoptor) to fill full of barley-meal.

δια-λωβάομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in pass. sense), Dep. to malireat outrageously.

de-apatives, to grind to powder, raze to the dust, utterly destroy.

Bia-parrevoyai, f. elsopai, to decide by means of an oracle.

8-aμαρτώνε, f. ήσομαι: acc. 2 - ήμαρτον: pf. - ημάρτηκα. Το miss entirely, go quite astray from, c. gen. 2. to fail etterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence διαμαρτία, ή, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning. δια-μαρτύρθω, f. ήσω, as Att. law-term, to use a διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an objection: — Pass., aor. I διεμαρτυρήθην, to be affirmed on evidence. · Hence

διαματύρία, ή, a calling evidence to support or refute an objection.

διαμαρτύρομαι [v], f. δρούμαι, Dep. to call solemnly to witness, to protest solemnly: also to cipure solemnly: to asseverate. II, to beg earnestly of, to conjure.

Sta-udorus Att. -- Tu, fut. fu, so knead thoroughly, knead well up.

δια-μάχομαι: fut. -μαχέσομαι, Att. -μαχοθμαι, also μαχήσομαι: Dep.:—to fight unib, struggle against: to fight one with another.

2. to fight (wose, fight it out, Lat. depugnare.

Braudes, fut. how: 201. 2 Sthungon (Std. ducke):—in mose or eut through.

2. to scrape or clear away; so also in the Med.

Bea-pellipe, to leave quite off. to give up.

Bu-dius (βω, f. ψω, to exchange.

II. Med. to change oneself from one place to another: to pass through or over.

2. absol. to change, alter.

II. Stapelvas, 201. I inf. of Stapelves.

Siduaire, eur, f. (diapelba) an enchange. Sta-ushalve, f. are, to make quite black.

δια-μελαιστί, Adv. (διά, μέλος) limb by limb, piece-

Scapellynous, eas, 4, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And

διαμελλητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who continually delays.

δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.

Brancherman, pl. of Branches. Beautyvypa, pf. of diaulintoropae.

Bus-phiphopas, Dep. to blame exceedingly.

Bus-pulses, (for the tenses, v. pulses) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. to continue, last, remain.

Sta-peolle, f. low Att. w, to divide: metaph. to sques dissension :- Pass. to disagree. Hence

Brauspropries, 6, division: dissension.

Bus-meroice, f. how, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions: - Med. to have measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence

**δια-μετρητός**, ή, όν, measured out or off. διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured From

out, a soldier's rations διά-μετρος, ή, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.

δια-μηχάνάομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive. δι-διμιλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι: acr. I διημιλλήθην:

Dep. :- to contend furiously. Bra-puprhonopar, f. prhooper: pf. Brapipon par: Pass.:—to keep in memory.

Sia-myoponas, Dep. to sing plaintively.

δια-μιστύλλω, f. δλώ: 201. I -εμίστῦλα:--to end up piecemeal.

δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to eall to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.

δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοίρα) to divide, rend asunder. Med. to portion out.

διάμπαξ, Adv. right through.

Bi-aumepés, (diá, drawelpa) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through :- all in a piece. Time, throughout, for ever.

8ια-μύδαλέος, a, ov, drenching.

Bia-utbologies, f. how, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.

δια-μυλλαίνω, f. ανώ, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).

δι-αμφίδιος, ev, (διά, άμφίε) utterly different. &-auφισβητώ, f. ήσω, to dispute, disagree.

δια-ναυμάχου, f. ήσω, to maintain a long sea-fight. δι-άνδίχα, Adv. two ways; διάνδιχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.

Staveium, sor. I inf. of diareus.

St-dvente, és, Dor. and Att. form of Sinvente. Beavennous, eas, \$, distribution. From

Bia-νέμω, f. -νεμώ: sor. I διένειμα: pf. νενέμηκα:

among themselves :-Pass. to spread abroad. to set in order, govern.

Sta-vioual, Pass. to go through.

Biaviorny, Biaviornica, sor. and 2 pf. of Biaviornia. Bra-vevu, f. ou, to mod, beckon to.

Ľ.

bia-vie. f. -reisoual, to swim across: swim through. δια-νήχομαι, Dep. = διανέω.

Bra-vila, f. -vb/w, to wash out, rinse.

Sea-viorcouat, Dep. to go through. δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσω:—to set up, make to II. Pass., with act. acr. 2 -torque, pf. -lorgea, to stand aloof from, depart from.

Bia-voloμαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: sor. I -ενοήθην: pt -verbypai: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose,

Lat. meditari. Hence διανόημα, ατοε, τό, a thought, notion.

διανοητικός, ή, όν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.

Biávoid, also Biavola, \$, (Biavoloµai). I. thought: the intellect, mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.

Bi-avolyu, f. fu: to open: hence to explain, expound. διανοίχθητι, acr. I imper. pass. of διανοίγω.

Bravoperis, los, ô, (Bravl por) a distributer. διανομή, ή, (διανέμω) distribution.

Bi-arralos, a, or, going right through; & Starrate (sc. πληγή) a bome-thrust:—metaph. unchanging, remorseless.

δι-ayτλίω, f. ήσω, to drain out, exhaust: metapo. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exhaurire.

δια-νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (διά, νύξ) to pass the sught. Stravies or Stravites [v]: f. vow [v]:-to bring quite to an end, finish; bbor diarretr to finish a journey; so also dearvrew, without oder.

dia-falvo, L drd, to tear in pieces.

Budeis, Dor. for diáfeis, 2 sing. fut. of diáyen. δια-ξίφίζομαι, Dep. (δια, ξίφοι) to fight to the death. Bia-maibevopai, Pass. to go through a course of education.

Bia-nakala, f. ou, to go on wrestling. δια-πήλη, ή, a bard struggle.

δια-τάλλω, f. -πάλω, to distribute by lot.

Bla-πάλύνω, £, ĕνῶ, to sbiver, sbatter. Bia-warrós, Adv., = bià warrós, throughout.

Sea-mantalves, to look timidly round.

δια-παραπρίβή, ή, (διά, παραπρίβω) *α*π **useless atusty** :

vain altercation. δια-παρθενεύω, f. σω, (δεά, παρθένου) to deflower. δια-πασσάλεύω, Att. -πατταλεύω: f. σω: (διά.

vássakoe). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the entremities, as in crucifixion.

δια-πάσσα, Att.-ττα: f.-τάσω:--to sprinkle about. dia-wave, f. ou, to make to cease setterly: Pass. to eease to exist.

disamalies, f. how, to threaten violently:-also in

bia-wavde, inf. -warfe, to bunger one against the -to distribute, divide into portions :- Med. to divide other, to contend which is the most bungry.

bá-rapa, å, an experiment, trial.

**δια-γαράσμαι** : fut. άσομαι [ā] : sor. I —ενειράθην : pf. -revelouses: Dep. :- to make trial or proof of a thing: c. gen. so have experience of a thing.

ba-relan, f. -repu, to drive through. bia-white, f. fee, to send about in different direc-

Éont. II. to send over or across

diametracycal, pf. pam. of diametracal

διαποποίραμαι, pf. of διαποιράσμαι.

διαποπολομήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολομέσι

Stantovopas, pl. of Stanubaropas. ba-repaire, fat. and, to bring to an end.

bia-repaides, f. wom, to take across, ferry over i Pass. to be carried over, go across. 2. to draw entirely out of the sheath.

Starreptives, sor. I inf. of diarepaires.

dia-replan, f. adm [d]: to go over or across, to pass: so pass through.

dia-miodu, f. wipow: not. 2 diespillor, Ep. inf. diaspaθέτα: 201. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pasa senso:—to destroy utterly, to sack, waste.

bearéporu, sor. I inf. of bearéples.

Scarregely, acr. 2 inf. of Scarleres.

diamerelotes, fut. inf. med. of diameres.

Bia-merapai, - diameropai.

Big-merávvoju or --úw: f. -meráow [d] :--to open and spread out.

δια-<del>πέτομαι</del>: fut. -πτήσομαι: 201. 2 -επτόμην σε -erraum: Dep. :- to fly through. 2. to fly away, vanish.

διαπεύστομαι, fut. of διαπυνθάνομαι.

διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pl. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάζει.

διαπόφράδα, pf. of διαφράζομαι.

δια-πηγνύμι, f. -πήξω: sor. I med. διεπηξάμην:---to

fasten togetber. Sia-myddie, f. foopas, to leap through or across.

intr. to make a leap.

Bia-zlalvu, f. drû, (biá, zlar) to make very fat. δια-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, v. πίμ-

πλημι), to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of. bia-wive, f. -wioual, to drink against one another,

challenge at drinking. [1] Bus-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: (for the tenses, v. πίπτω):-

to fall through fall off or away, escape: to fail utterly, go quite swrong, turn out ill.

δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, to entrust in confidence:—Pass. to bave a thing entrusted one.

Bia-malesse, f. for, to interweave, weave together. to meane anunder, i. c. unweave; deanlikely the ploy to end the web or tissue of one's life.

Stambeúoras, sor. I part. of

Sua-πλίω, f. τλεύσομαι, to sail through.

Sea-manurifouns, Dep. to spar or skirmish with.

Sea-alform Att. - True, f. fw, so break in pieces, split, cleave.

Starkoos, contr. πλους, δ, (διαπλέω) as Adj. sailing across, passing over. II. as Subst., diánhove, d. a voyage across, passage. s. a cbannel.

de-andou, f. wow, (diá, dudos) to emfold.

Bia-avie, Ep. -avele: f. aresequa: age, 1 &twevou :- to blow through; refresh, revive. to breathe at intervals, revive. eva porate.

δια-woun(λλω, f. λλω, to variegate, adorn.

Bia wokayles, f. how, to earry the war through, end the war, Lat. debellare. 2. to earry on the war. to force from another by war. Hence

dia-roldunais, eas, t, a finishing of the war.

Bia-wallopiese, f. 4000, To besiege to the end, to blockade.

bia-nouncies, f. on, to earry the procession to an 2. to earry all round.

biamount, the (biameunus) a sending backwards and

forwards: segotiation. dia-works, f. how, to work out with labour, Let. elaborare: to praetise:—Pass, to be administered: also

to be troubled. II. intr. to work bard, toll. bid-wover, or, basing gone through many labours.

Bia-morrios, or, (Bia, morros) beyond seas, foreign, Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.

Blambrus, Adv. of Blamoros, laboriously.

Bia-sropeius, f. ous, to earry across. II. Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, acr. I pass. διεπορεύθην: to go through, pais along.

Staropius, L. how; and Dep. Staropiones, acr. I

διητορήθην:—to be quite at a lose. δια-πορθέω, f. ήσω, —διατέρθω, to rutu utterly. δια-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry over or across: to

carry a message; bianophysical notallor, of fettyboats, to ply across a river.

Bia-spaymaretomai, Dep. to treat of thoroughly.

διαπράθέσιν, Ερ. 201. 2 inf. of διαπέρθω. δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω: f. ξω: -to accomplish, Lat. conficers: intr. to accomplish 2. to bring about, effect: Med., one's way across. to effect for oneself, gain one's point.

Brampenhs, és, eminent, conspicuous. From

Bia-upéum, to be eminent, conspicuous, or distinruisbed above otbers.

Biampenus, Adv. of diampents, conspicuously: Sup. дипрек вотата.

δια-προσβούομαι, Dep. to send embassies to different

places. bia-mohorow, Ion. for biampásses.

δια-πρίω [1]: fut. -πριούμαι: pf. pass. -πέπρισμαι: -to saw through or in two: to eut to the heart; διαπρίειν τοὺε δδόνται to gnash the teeth:--Med. to gnash with the teeth.

Beampo, Adv. thoroughly.

an end of, slay.

Bia-sephonos, a, or, (Biasepha) going through, penetrating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. diampoσιον, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly. 2. far-etretebing ; spow medicio diamphotice veruxymine a hill run-3. manifest. ning far into the plain.

Biantarday, sor. 2 inf. of Biantrapai.

Bus-wroles, f. how: Ep. 201. I dientolysa:-to scare

coay, startle: to strike with panie.

Bug-mriorow, f. fw, to unfold, disclose. δια-πτύχή, ή, (διά, πτυχή) a fold, folding leaf.

δια-πτύω, f. ύσω [v], to spit upon, despise utterly.

Bus-wireton, f. on, to box or fight with.

δια-πυνθάνομαι: f. -πεύσομαι: pf. -πέπυσμαι; 201. 2 -emvelouny:-to search out by questioning.

διά-πύρος, ον, (διά, πῦρ) red-bot: bot, fiery. Hence Buandpow, f. wow, to set on fire.

Bus-munkles, f. force, to sell publicly.

Billous, sor. I inf. of dialow.

Biapalpypai, Ion. for differ pair, pf. pass. of diapeles. Bi-dpaorow, Att. - 170, f. fw, to break through, strike through.

Bu-appears, or, flecked or spotted with white.

Bu-aphpho, f. wow, (dia, aphpor) to divide by joints, to articulate. 2. to complete in detail, describe distinctly

δι-αριθμίω, f. ήσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.

Brapules, f. low, to have full strength: to endure. II. to nourish. Hence bold out, prevail.

διαρκής, έε, sufficient: lasting. Adv. -κώε, Sup. -lorara, in complete competence.

Be-apples or -True, f. ou, to distribute in various places, to dispose.

διαρπάγή, ή, plunder. From

Be-aprále, fut. acopa: (for the tenses, v. apráfe): -to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.

διαρράγηναι, acr. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι. βιαρράγησομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

Scap-paire, to besprinkle:—Pass, to flow in various directions.

Biap-pale, f. ou: 201. I disposios:—to destroy

διαρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: 201. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην: pl. -ερρύηκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak: -pf. part. dispoundes, gap-II. to fall away like water, waste away,

διαρ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω (for the tenses, v. ρήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave: - Pass. to burst.

διαρρήδην, Adv. (διερώ, διαρρηθήναι) expressly, distinctly.

διαρρήξας, aor. I part. ot διαρρήγνυμι.

Bulp-pupua, aros, ro, a easting about. From Stappintagues, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of Stappinto. διαρ-ριπτέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρ-II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.

Stap-plares, poet. Staplares, f. yes, to throw, fling, burl. dart about. Hence

Biappulus, ewe, h, a throwing about, scattering. διαρροή, ή, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel

Or pipe to flow through. Stap-polite, f. how, to roar or rustle through. διάρροια, ή, = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as

Medical term, diarrhoea.

Brap-portion, f. how, to whize through. Brappúbav, Dor. for - úbny, Adv. (Brappéw) melting away, vanisbing.

Buspptifives, sor. 2 inf. of Biappier, διαρρυήσομαι, fut. of διαρρέω.

διαρρώξ, ώγοι, δ, ή, (διαρρήγνυμι) rent anunder. δι-αρτάμέω, f. ήσω, to cut in pieces.

Bi-aptaw, f. how, to suspend and interrupt.

bia-craive, to faun upon.

Bia-valpe, pl. –vlogpa, to grin like a enarling dog. dia-oalamvile, strengthd. for oalamvile. Biggraotai, sor. I inf. med. of bigbo.

δια-σάφθω, f. ήσω, (διά, σαφήε) to make quite manifes!.

δια-σάφηνίζω, f. σω, to make quite manifest. Bia-value, f. ow, to shake violently: intr., deaveler Tỹ obog to keep wagging with the tail.

II. to barass, oppress. found. δια-σεύομαι: Ep. 20τ. 2 διεσσύμην [V], 3 sing. διέσ-

σύτο: Pass.:—to dart or rush through. Bia-orgialism, f. drû, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.

διά-σημος, ον, (διά, σήμα) quite clear, distinct. Διάσια, τά, (Διόε) the feast of Jupiter at Athens.

δια-στωπάω, f. ήσομαι, to remain silent. trans. to pass over in silence.

Bia-kavbikije, f. ou, (diá, onárdif) to dose with wild chervil, in allusion to Euripides.

δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig tbrough, make a breach ix. δια-σκεδάννϋμι: f. σκεδάσω [ἄ], Att. σκεδώ: 20ε. Ι -eonédaoa:— to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.

διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. 20r. I opt. of foreg.

Sia-orkeválo, f. áow, to set in order :- Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself.

Beaorethouse, fut. of describe.

δια-σκηνάω or –έω, f. ήσω; and δια-σκηνόω, f. ώσω: -to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to bis quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.

δια-σκίδνημι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse. δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. -σκέψομαι (from root σκέπτομαι): pf. –έσκεμμαι:—to look tbroagb.

examine, consider, II. to look round one, keep watching. δια-σκοπιάομαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπιά):--κο look σαν

from a watch-tower, to spy out.

bia-onophila, f. ou, to scatter abroad. δια-σκώπτω, f. ώψω, to jest: - Med. to jest one with

another, pass jokes to and fro.

δια-σμάω, Ion. -σμέω: f. ήσω:-- to wife out, to rinse, clean.

δια-σμήχω, f. fw, to cleanse by rubbing. dia-crocklouar, f. loopar, Dep. to act or speak like

a sopbist. Bias mapartos, f., by, torn to pieces. From

δια-σπάράσσω Att. -- ττω, fut. (ω, to rend in sunder Or in pieces.

διασπάρηναι, 20r. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρα. Bia-σπάω, f. άσω or more commonly άσομαι : (for the tenses, v. ordae): to tear asunder, part, Lat. divellers: to break through, pull down: of the laws, to break through, transgress: to separate:-Pam., of soldiers, to be distributed in quarters.

he-ouslow, i. spil, k. sow, scatter or spread abroad: II. to separate. to squander.

biacreoph, & (biacreopes) dispersion.

bi-down, Bidren, Att. for bialoom.

Bia-Gradudous, f. propai, Dep. to order by rule, regulate.

διαστάς, διαστήναι, 201. 2 part. and inf. of διίστημι. Biscritore, em, f, (Descripeu) a standing apart: distance, an internal 2. disagreement, dissension.

bes-oreupou, i. wou, so fortify with stakes or a talisade.

Ba-ordige, sor. 2 diferityor, to go through or across: to continue.

Ba-or Ole, L -orelie, to separate, to distinguish, II. to command, give orders.

Biarrina, aros, to, (Biarrinai) an interval. Secretary, Ep. for Secretary, 3 dual acr. 2 of

δάστημι. bia-στίλβω, f. ψω, to gleam or dawn through.

dia-orochálm, l. ásm, to stuff in between.

dia-oronxilous, f. loopen, Dep. to apportion regularly.

διαστολή, ή, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference. Bea-e-sparrytes, f. how, to serve as a general.

δια-στρέφω, f. ψω: (for the tenses, v. στρέφω):--to distort: to turn aside: to pervert:-Pass, to be distorted, to have one's eyes distorted: to squint. Hence

διάστροφος, or, distorted: metaph. perverted. Bia-orupus, pl. - o e orupua, to tear in pieces: to worry, disparage.

bia-ofale Att. -ofarre, f. fee, to cleave anunder,

to slaughter. δια-σφαιρίζω, f. low Att. ιω, to throw about like a

ball, to toes about.

δια-σφάλλω, to foil or overturn utterly.

διασφάξ, άγοι, ή, (διασφάζω) any opening made by orce, a cleft, a rocky gorge.

bia-operboran, f. how, to scatter from or as from a sling:-Pass. to fly in pieces.

δια-σφηκόομαι, pf. -εσφήκωμαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to be compressed at the waist like a wasp.

δια-σχίζω, f. ίσω, to cleave asunder: - Pass., 201. I διεσχίσθην, to be eloven asunder, to be parted. .

Suarxév, sor. 2 part. of diéxe.

δια-σώζω, f. σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώζω):—to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory: - Med. to preserve to oneself: - Pass. to come safe through; diambifeatal els..or upis... to come safe to a place.

δια-σωπάσμαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dor. for διασιωπάω. Sea-rayeve, f. ou, (did, raybe) to arrange.

BLATEYA, he, h, (blatayhval) a disposition. διατάγήναι, 201. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.

διατάγμα, ατοι, τό, (διατάσσω) a commandment.

Bia-Tauva, Ion. for Biat furu.

Biárafis, eus, 4. (Biarássu) disposition, arrangemen'; esp. of troops in order of battle.

δια-τάράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. fe, to three into great

confusion, confound. δια-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f.fa:--Pass., acr. I -ετάχθην, ADT. 2 -erdyny [d]: pl. -réraypa: :--to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately. 2. c. acc. et inf. to appoint one to do or be:-Med., sor. I part, in pass, sense diarafáperoi posted in battle order:—Pass, to be in battle II. in Med. also, to order by will. διαταχθείε, 20r. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατόθρυμμαι, pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

Bia-τείνω, f. τενώ:--Pass., sor. I -ετάθην [d]: pf., -rétăpa (for the tenses, v. rebro):—to stretch out, stretch to the full: - Med, to strain oneself: to enert oneself, strive bard: to maintain stoutly.

Sia-raxisa, f. low, Att. to:—to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a wall. Hence

διατείχισμα, ατος, τό, a place walled off.

δια-τεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) to mark out. bia-redeutam, f. hom, to bring to fulfilment.

Branchie, f. iou, to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing. From

δια τελής, έε, (διά, τέλοε) incessant: permanent. δια-τέμνω, Ion. τάμνω: f. τεμώ: (for the tenses, v. thurw):--to cut through, cut in twain; to sever, part:—Pass., diatuntifical Lieradora to be cut into strips.

diartitaxa, diartitayuai, pf. act. and pass. of diaτάσσω.

Sta-respaire, f. -respaire, Ion, -resparse and -τρήσω:-to bore through, make a bole in.

Bia-them, f. for (v. them), to enflow or melt by beat: -Pass., with pf. -rétypea, to melt entirely, thau.

Bug-rapes, f. form, to watch closely. Eaurór), to keep oneself from, abetain from.

διαπί; for διά τι, wherefore? Lat. quamobrem? Bia-τίθημι, £. -θήσω:---Pass., aor. I διετέθην: pf diaτέθειμαι:—to place separately, arrange. to dispose, manage: to treat:—Pass, to be disposed of, treated. 3. to set fortb: to recite. to set out for sale, dispose of. 2. to settle medually; διατιθέναι διαθήκην τινί to make a covenant with one:

absol, to make an agreement with, promise, δια-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour greatly.

Bus-rivarre, f. fee, to shake asunder, shake to pieces: fut. med. riváfopai is used in pass. sense.

Bia-rivbalios, a, or, = rorbalios.

δια-τμήγω: 201. Ι -έτμηξα: 201. 2 -έτμάγον, pass. -ετμάγην, Ep. 3 pl. διέτμαγεν:--Εp. for διατέμνω, to cut in twain, divide, sever; διέτμαγεν έν φιλύτητι they parted friends: absol they were scattered abroad.

Bearuffee, sor. I inf. of Bear & prov. Bia-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot through or across: -- Med. to contend in abouting with.

Bus-ropos, or, act. plereing: of sound, thrilling Cuaropos, or, pass., pierced.

διατράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρώγα

Bia-spére, f. ye, to turn, divert, dissuade:—Pass. with fut. med. - Tphiopai, sor. I med. - Tparopay, not. 2 pass. -etpány :- to turn or be diverted from a thing.

δια-τρέφω, f. θρέψω, to maintain, support throughout. δια-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: (for the tenses, ν. τρέχω): -to run through or over: metaph, to enhance.

Intr. to run about, Lat. discurrere.

Bus-rples, f. kow, to run trembling about, flee all ways. διατρίβή, ή, α wearing αυαγ, α spending of time. 3. serious employment, s pastime, amusement. tudy: a discussion, argument. 4. a way of life, living. II. in bad sense, a waste of time, loss of time, delay. From

δια-τρίβω [1]: f. ψω:--Pass., aor. 2 διετρίβην [1]: pl. diatetpippai :- to rub between; xepoù diateblas: -to rub away, consume: to waste, destroy. metaph. to spend time, live. 2. to busy, employ 3. to waste time, delay. III. to put

of by delay, thwart, binder. Hence διατρυπτικός, ή, όν, dilatory.

Biá-tplya, Adv. in three soays.

Bid-TPOTOS, or, various in dispositions.

διατροφή, ή, (διατρέφω) eustenance, support.

δια-τροχάζω, f. σω, of a horse, to trot. δια-τρύγιος, ον, (διά, τρύγη) planted with vines,

ripening one after the other. διατρύφείε, acr. 2 part. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: act. 2 διέτραγον: - to nibble,

gnaw through.

Bi-drew or Bi-arres, fut, didfes, Att. for dialores. Be-avyage, f. ou, to shine through, dawn.

Buevyfs, is, (bid, airyf) transparent, radiant.

διαυλο-δρόμης, ου, έ, (δίαυλοι, δρόμοι) α τυππετ in | the race.

δί-αυλος, δ, (δίε, αὐλόε) a double pipe or channel: in the race, a double course, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the gradior, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., blankor suparar ebb and flow, Lat. fluetus reciproci. ø strait.

Braddyelv, not. 2 inf. of deerlies, to bite through. διαφάδην [a], and διαφάνδην, Adv. openly. From Hence

Bis-palve, f. -pare: (for the tenses, v. palve):--to shew through, make to shine through. II. Pass., ROT. 9 - EPÁPHY [d], to be seen, appear through. 3. metaph. to be proved: to superior, excellent. glose, to be red-bot. be conspicuous among others. III. intr. in Act. 2. to be transparent.

Braddivhe, le, seen through, transparent. 2. glow-II. metaph. well-known, manifest: variance. ing, red-bot. illustrious: - Adv. - von, manifestly.

δια-φαύσκω, Ion. -φώσκω: (διά, φάοι):--το shew wall. light through, dawn.

Bus-perryle, is, (Bid, piryos) transparent.

Stadepovrws, Adv. pres. act. part. of Stadion, differently from: especially, extremely.

δια-φέρω: - fut. διοίσω and διοίσομαι, formed from volu:-201. I difreyna, Ion. difreina; 201. 2 difreview formed from \*triven: (v. pipo):-to carry over or across. 2. to carry different ways: to tear esunder; diapleer the phopor to give their votes a different way, i. c. against one; but also to determine by vote: metaph, to disperse reports. 3. to carry tbrough, bring to perfection. 4. to bear through, endure, go through with. g. absol. to continue, to II. intr. to differ, to be different from. impera, diapépei poi il makes a difference to me, ob diaples it makes no difference; ta diapleorta points! of difference. 3. to be different from a man, to eurpass, excel him. III. Pass. to differ or be at variance with, quarrel with.

δια-φεύγω, ε. -φεύξομαι: 20τ. 2 -έφθγον: pi. -νίφευγα: (v. φεύγω):—to flee through, get away, escape. Hence

diaperties, care, to an encaping, means of encape.

dia-pyulla, f. low, to make known, publish. δια-φθείρω: f. -φθερώ Ep. -φθέρσω: pf. -έφθαρκα: —to destroy utterly, kill: generally, to spoil, barm. to lead auray, corrupt, ruin: esp. to bribe: to te-II. Pass., fut. - φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med. -φθαρούμαι, Ion. -φθερέομαι: 20r. 2 -εφθάρη» [&]: pl. –lφθαρμαι:—to be destroyed, go to rvin, perisb: esp. to be disabled: diephapueros corrupt, the perf. displops is sometimes intr. to be deranged. mad: also to be dead. Hence

διαφθορά, δ, destruction, ruin, death. 2. in moral sense, corruption, seduction. 3. Ιχθέσυ διαφθορά e prey for fishes. Hence

διαφθορεύε, έωε, ό, α corrupter, seducer. be-achtyu, f. how, to dismiss, disband.

δια-φοιβάζω, f. σω, to drive mad:—Pass. to rave. Sia-poiráe Ion. - to, f. how, to wander abroad, rus about: to get abroad.

Bradopa, 4, (Bradipa) difference, distinction, variance, disagreement. II. distinction excel-III. advantage, profit.

δια-φορίω, f. ήσω, to drag about, spread ebroad. to earry off as plunder, to plunder: also to rand in II. to earry through or merous. pieces, destroy.

> 3. H.

Bradeopyers, eas, \$, a plundering. διάφορος, αν, (διαφέρω) different, unlike. 2. to differing with another; at variance with. 2. advantageous, profit-

able. III. as Subst., diapopor, ro, difference: disagreement.

διαφόρως, Adv. cf διάφορος, variously. 3. excellently.

διάφραγμα, ατοι, τό, (διαφράσσω) ε particion-II. the membrane which divides the lungs from the stomach, the midriff.

δια-φράγνυμι, - διαφράσσα

Ba-ppala, to tell clearly: Ep. 201. 2 de-enémpador. bie-opústow, f. fw, to separate by a fence.

δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. elσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let through, let out.

διε-φυγγάνω, - διαφεύγω.

δαφόγή, ή, (διαφεύγω) a means of escape.

διαφύή, ή, (διαφύω) any natural partition, as the juints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts. δια-φύλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch vigilantly,

preserve : keep, maintain.

ba-quodes, f. how, to blow or breathe through. to blow away: Pass, to be scattered to the winds,

vanisb. δι ἄφύσσφ, f. fo: 20τ. Ι διήφδσα:--to draw out,

draw off. II. to tear up, rend. δια-φύω, f. φύσω, to make to grow through.

Pass., with acr. 2 act. dieque, pf. dianequea:-to intervene; xpóros diéqu time elapsed.

Sa-baven, f. how, to sound discordantly, to disagree. δια φώσκω, Ion. for διαφαύσκω.

δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, to draw back, wilbdraw. dia-xadam, f. aow [a]:-to loosen: to open, unbar, IL to make supple by exercise.

bia-yacree, to gape wide, yaun.

biaxeau, acr. I inf. of biaxew.

dia-xapaza, f. aca, to pass the winter.

Sia-xeiplico, f. low Att. iw, to have in hand, conduct, manage, Hence

Staxelptors, son, t, management, administration. δια-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to choose between two persons

or things by show of bands, or by open wors. Hence biaxenporovia, fi, a choice between two persons or

things. δια-χέω, f. -χεώ: sor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχευα:--to pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals,

to soften, melt: also to disperse: metaph, to con-II. Pass. to be poured from one vessel isto another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:-metaph.

bia-xhevalo, to mock greatly.

o be relaxed.

δια-χόω, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχούν τὸ rupa to complete the mound.

δια-χράσμαι: f. ήσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρηseiται:—to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer

ınder. II. C. acc. pers. to destroy, slay. δια-χρέσμαι Ion. for foreg.: διαχρέωμαι, Ion. subj.

δια-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to carry a mound across. δια-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go or pass through: impers., ιάτω διεχώρει αύτοιε they labouted under diarrbosa. δια-χωρίζω, f. low Att. iû, to separate.

Sia-walpes, to sweep away, blow away.

dia-heude or - heudopai, to deceive utterly. ιαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύσθην: pf. διфенории:--to be deceived, mistaken.

δια-ψηφίζομαι: f. Ισομαι Att. ιοθμαι: Dep.:—to vote with pebbles: decide by votes. Hence

Scarraftors, ear, h, a deciding by vote.

δια-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresb: of ships, to bank bigb and dry: to make water-tigbt.

δί-βολος, ον, (δίε, βάλλω) two-pointed. [1]

86-γληνος, ον, (δίε, γλήνη) with two eyeballs. 8ί-γλωσσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (δίε, γλώσσα) speaking two languages Lat. bilinguis: as Subst., δίγλωσσος, **b**, an interpreter. II. double-tongued.

81-yovoz, ov, (81s, "yévw) twice-born: -twin; double\_ δίδαγμα, ατοε, τό, (διδάσκω) ε lesson.

διδάκκη, Dor. for διδάσκει.

διδακτικός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) apt at teaching.

δίδοκτός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) of things, taught: that can be taught: that ought to be taught.

persons, taught, instructed. δίδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.

δίδαξιε, ewe, ή, (διδάσκω) teaching, instruction. δίδασκαλείον, τό, (διδάσκω) a teaching-place, school.

δίδασκάλία, ή, (διδάσκω) teaching: education, train-II. the rehearing of a drama; cf. bibases u. δίδασκάλικός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) fit for teaching, in-

structive. Adv. - kŵs, instructively.

διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) a science, art. δίδάσκάλος, ό and ή, (διδάσκω) a teacher, master:

a dramatie poet was called didárealos, because be

himself taught the actors. διδασκεμένεναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.

818aoxfioat, poët. for didáfat, 201. I inf. of διδάσκω: fut. διδάξω: 20r. I έδίδαξα, poët. έδιδά-

σκησα (as if from διδασκέω); pf. δεδίδαχα: (redupl. causal form of \*baw) :-- to teach; with double acc., lπποσύναι σε εδίδαξαν they taught thee riding:—Med. to bave a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn: Pass. to be taught, to learn. II. dedásker is

parts. Hence διδαχή, ή, teaching: doctrine.

δίδημι, Ep. for δέω, to bind, fetter: 3 pl. pres. &δέασι: 3 sing. imperf. δίδη, Ep. for έδίδη.

used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their

Sibols or Sibolova, Sibol, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδύω.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδούναι, Ep forms for διδόναι,

inf, of didwu. δίδου, 2 sing. imperat. and Ep. 3 sing. impf. of δίδωμι,

formed from \*διδύω: διδούν inf.; διδούσι 3 plur. διδράσκω: fut. ζράσομαι [ā]: pf. δέδρāκα: 201. 2

ἔδρᾶν, inf. δρᾶναι, part. δράε, imperat. δρᾶθι, subj. δρῶ, opt. δραίην: Ion. διδρήσκω, f. δρήσομαι, 201. 2 έδρην: (°δράω):—to run away, escape.

δί-δραχμος, ον, (δίε, δράχμη) of two drachms; δίδραγμοι ύπλιται soldiers with pay of two drachms a δίδραχμον, τὸ, à double drachm, - balf a

sbekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem. διδύμ-άνωρ, οροε, δ, ή, τό, (δίδυμοε, ἀνήρ) touching

both the men. [a] διδυμά-τόκος, ον, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (δίδυμος, τεκείν) bearing twins.

διδύμάων, ovos, δ, ή, (δίδυμος) a twin-brother. [d] δίδυμνος, poet. for δίδυμος.

explain.

intr. to lie between.

draw a thing through.

with one's guests.

διδύμο-γενής, έε. (δίδυμος, \*γέκω) twin-born. Sistings, n, or, or os, or, (die) double, twofold; iδυμος κασίγνητος a twin-brother; δίδυμοι twins. διδώην, - διδοίην, opt. of δίδωμι. 8ίδωθι, Ep. for δίδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι. 8(8000: fut. 8600: 20r. I 8000; 20r. 2 8800: pf. δέδοικα:-- Med., aor. 2 ἐδύμην:-- Pass., fut. δοθήσοmai: 201. 2 εδόθην: pf. δέδομαι: (\*δύω): -to give, give freely, present :- in pres. and impf. to offer. of the gods, to grant: so of the laws, to permit or 3. to devote, offer to the gods: to give up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents, 5. διδύναι ξαυτύν to give their daughter to wife. Tire to put oneself in his power. 6. διδύναι δίκην, II. in vows, to grant, allow, cause v. sub dien. that; due pe risastal give me to avenge my-II. seemingly intr. to give oneself up, deself. wote oneself. διδών, part. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδύω. διδώσω, Ep. for δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι. Sie, vocat. of dios, godlike. Ble, poët, for edie, 3 sing, impf. of ble. διέβην, εστ. 2 οί διαβαίνω. διεβίων, 20r. 2 of διαβιόω. διεβλήθην, 201. I pass. of διαβάλλω. δι-εγγυάω, f. ήσω, to give bail for: Med. to take bail for: - Pass. to be bailed, set free on his seδι-εγείρω, to arouse: Ep. nor. 2 pass. διέγρετο, be was aroused, awaked. Survepties, nor. I pass. part. of dievelous. διέγνων, εσε. 2 ος διαγιγνώσκω. διεδασάμην, 201. Ι οί διαδατέομαι. Bilbefa, Ion. for diédeifa, 201. I of diadelieropi. διεδηλησάμην, 201. Ι of διαδηλέομαι. διεδίδοτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι. διεδόθην, 201. I pass. of διαδίδωμι. διέδράμον, 201. 2 of διατρέχω. διέδραν, acr. 2 of διαδιδράσκω. διέδυν, 201. 2 οί διαδύω οτ διαδύομαι. διέεργον, poët. impf. of διέργω, διείργω. διέζην, impf. of διαζάω. διέζωσα, 201. Ι οί διαζώννυμι. διέζωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζάννυμι. Buelelword, 201. I of dealerow. διέθετο, 3 sing. sor. 2 med. of διατίθημι. Section, inf. dittely, 20r. 2 of Scopder, which supplies the pres., to look through, discern, distinguish. διείλεγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι. διειλημμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω, distinctly, precisely. διείληφα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω, Biethov, 201. 2 of Biaipées. bi-αμι, fut. διείσομαι : (διά, είμι ibo):—to go about : to go away. II. c. acc. to pass or go through:

hence to discuss a subject.

| But were age. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being

διεκάναξα, 201. Ι of διακανάσσω. διεκέκριτο, 3 sing. plaps. pass. of διακρίνα. διεκλάπην [d], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω. δι-εκπεραίνω, f. avω, to bring quite to an end. δι-εκπεράω, f. ήσω and άσω, to pass out through. to pass by, overlook. δι-εκπλέω, f. -πλείσομαι: Ion. -πλώω, 201. I -έπλω oa:--to sail out through: to sail out. II. iı naval tactics, to break the enemy's line by sailing tbrough it. Hence διέκπλοος, contr. διέκπλους. δ, a sailing across o through. 2. a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight δι-εκπλώω, Ion. for διεκπλέω. δι-έκριθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl. 201. I pass. 6 διακρίνω. δι-έκροος, δ, (διά, ἐκρέω) a channel through. διέλάθον, 201. 2 οί διαλανθάνω. II. a cbarg διέλάσιε, εωε, 4, a driving through. or exercise of cavalry. From δι-ελαύνω · fut. διελάσω, Att. διελώ: (for the tense v. Łλαύνω):—to drive through ot across: to thru tbrougb. Il. intr. to drive or ride through. Bichelv. sor. 2 inf. of diameter. Buchéheurro, plaps, pass, of biahelras. διελέλοιπα, pf. of διαλείπου διελεξάμην, 201. Ι οί διαλέγομαι. διελεύσομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι. διελέχθην, ποτ. Ι οί διαλέγομαι. διελθείν, Ep. διελθέμεν, sor 2 inf of δεέρχομας. BLENTHOV, BOT. 2 of BLENEITEL. δι-έλκω: fut. -ελκόσω [ð]: αοτ. Ι -είλκύσα (▼. Ελ.εω) —to tear asunder, pull open; διέλκειν τοὺς δφ6=> 2. to pull through. 3. to keep on drinking διελύθην [8], aor. I pass. of διαλύω. διελυμάνθην, 201. Ι οί διαλυμαίνομαι. ΔΙΈΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from \*δίημι) to speed, press G διεμαρτύρω [v], 2 sing. sor. I of διαμαρτύρομαι. bifuerva, zor. I of diautra. δι-εμπολάω: fut. ήσω: pass. pf. διημετόλημαι:-make merchandise of, sell, dispose of: hence to betray Bi-everykai, Ion. -everkai, nor. I inf of despress διενεγχθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. bi-evolutional, Med. to think within annuil. Bi-evavrijo, f. low, (did, briantos) to live out the ye used instead); inf. dieineûr, poët. diaeineûr: fut. diepû: blevrai, 3 pl. of diepai,

pf. dieiphra: (dia, elnor):-to tell at length, detail,

δι-είργω, f. εω: Ep. and Ion. διέργω, Ep. also δι-

elργω:—to kecp asunder or apart: to keep off.

δί-πρύω, Ιοπ. for δι-ερύω, to draw across.

dielpyke, used as pt. of dietwell, to say clearly.

Bi-elpopus, poët. for di-lpopui, to question closely.

δι-είρω: aor. I διείρσα: perf. διείρκα:—to pass or

Bi-espero-feros, or, (Siá, esper, féros) dissembling

δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. right through.

II. to speak one with another, converse.

B-errépeupe, atos, to, (Biá, Errepor) a looking | through entrails :- Comic word for sharp-sightedness. & fatore contr. - grow Att. - arre: fut. de:

to rush or spring forth.

க்-ச்சுய, (க்க், ச்சரிய) to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.

&-cfeλαύνω· f. -ελάσω [d] Att. -ελώ:—to drive

Il. intr. to ride or march through or across. through. buffelow Att. - TTW, f. fw, to unroll, untie. bi-efepéopas, to question closely.

bi-etenerica, f. how, to examine closely.

δι-εξίρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: 201. 2 - ήλθον: pf. -ελήλόθα: (cf. έρχομαι):—to go out through, pass through: get to the end of.

2. to go through in order. to set forth, recount in full. II. intr. to be past,

gone by, of time. δι-εξηγέσμαι, strengthd. for εξηγέσμαι.

δι-εξίημι, f. ήσω, to let go through, give free II. intr. (sub. eautor), of a river, to passage.

empty itself.

butinevan, Ep. inf. of differm. bi-Eodos, i, a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing; also the sun's orbit.

a full account. bi-efupalva, f. dra, to finish the web.

δι-κορτάζω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughout.

διεπέπαιντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαπαύω. διεπειράθην [ā], 201. Ι οί διαπειράσμαι.

Siemepaiden, acr. of diamepaides.

Bienépasa, sor. I of dianepaw.

διεπέφράδον, Ερ. 201. 2 of διαφράζω. Situates, sor, I of diamains.

Biémheura, aor. I of Bianhéa. Siémveura, 201. I of diamiée.

διεπορεύθην, 20r. 1 of διαπορεύομαι.

διέπράθον, -όμην, 20r. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρθω.

διεπτάμην οι -όμην, 201. 2 οί διαπέταμαι.

Siemroingu. Ep. aor. I of biantoia. διέπτυξα, 201. I of διαπτύσσω.

διεπτθόμην, 201. 2 of διαπυνθάνομαι.

& - ime, f. wa, to manage, order, arrange. δι-εργάζομαι: ε άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: plapf.-ειργάσμην: Ion. -έργασμαι, -εργάσμην: 201. I psss. ειρ-

yacony: Dep.:-to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate II. to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. conficere: also plapf. in pass. sense, διέργαστο τὰ πράγματα, Lat.

actum erat de rebus, the affairs were ruined. δι-έργω, Ep. and Ion. for διείργω.

Sc-epelow, f. co, to prop up :- Med. to lean upon.

& ερέσσω: fut. διερέσω: 20r. I διήρεσα, poöt. διήpegga:—to row about, xepal deplaceur to swim: to swing about.

Su-epeuvine, f. how, to search through, examine closely. H*e*nce

Suspervirings, où. J, a scout or vidette.

διερμηνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an interpreter. From 8-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to interpret, expound.

& Leopopar, Ep. for desipopar.

ATEPO'Z, &, br, moist, frond, juicy: metaph. or men, freeb, quick, active : later, wet, liquid.

δι-έρπω, f. ψω, to pass through.

διέρρηξα, διέρρωγα, 201. I and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι. Susperviers, Suspervier, pf. and acr. 2 of Suspers.

δι-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι: 201. - ήλθον: Dep.: —to go through or across, pass through. to the end, arrive at. II. intr. to pass, of time: to go abroad, prevail, of a report. III. to go

tbrough, narrate. Suspe, used as fut. of distinor. bi-sporton, f. how, to cross-question, to question con-

tinually.

Bleoden, inf. of blepai: also pres, inf. med. of bles. δι-εσθίω, fut. διέδομαι, to eat through.

**διεσκέδασα, 2**01. Ι ος διασκεδάννυμι, διέσκεμμαι, pf. of διασκοπέω:—hence δι-εσκεμ-

uévos, Adv. of the part., prudently, considerately. διεσκόρπισμαι, pf. paus. of διασκορπίζω. διεσπάρην [α], sor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω.

διέσπάσα, διεσπάσθην, 201. I act. and pass. of διαoráw.

bitomaopai, pf. pass. of diaorde. Biéomeipa, sor. I of biaomeipa.

διέσσυτο. 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 of διασεύομαι. διεστειλάμην, 201. τ med. of διαστέλλω.

δι-έστην, διέστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of διέστημι. διέστιχον, 2 of διαστείχω.

διέστραμμαι, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω. διοστράφην [α], 201. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω.

δι-στώς, perf. part. of διίστημι. διεσφηκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διασφηκόσμαι.

διέσχε, 3 sing. sor. 2 of διέχω. διέσχϊσα, διεσχίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of σχίζει.

Biétafa, sor. I of diatássa. διεταράχθην, 201. Ι pass. of διαταράσσω.

διετεθρύλητο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of διαθρβλέω. δι-erigs, és, (dis, έτοε) of two years: two years old. δι-ετήσιος, ον, (διά, έτος) lasting through the year.

δι-eria, ή, (διετήε) the space of two years. διέτμαγεν, Ep. for διετμάγησαν, 3 pl. 201. 2 pass. of

διατμήγω: διέτμαγον, 201. 2 act. διέτμαξεν. Dor. for διέτμηξεν, sor. I of διατμήγω.

δι-ετράπόμην, διετράπην, 201. 2 med. and pass. of διατρέπω δι-ευκρίνέω, f. ήσω, (διά, εὐκρινής) to separate ac-

curately, arrange carefully in order.

δι-ευλάβέομαι, Dep. to take good beed, beware of. . δι-ευνάω, f. άσω, to lay atleep.

δι-ευτύχδω, f. ήσω, (διά, εὐτυχήε) to continue pro-

sperous, to prosper throughout. διεφάνην [d], 20r. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.

δι-εφθάρατο, Ion. for διεφθαρμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. ος διαφθείρω.

διεφθάρην [d], 20r. 2 of διαφθείρω. δι-έφθορα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείραι διέφυγον, 201. 2 οί διαφεύγοι.

δι-έχω, f. διέξω, to keep egart, divide.

u.

intrans. to go quite through: 30 stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

ATZHMAI, Ep. 2 sing. Sifrau: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the meaning of. III. c. inf. to demand or require that.

 $\delta \mathcal{C}_{0\mu\alpha\nu} = \delta \mathcal{C}_{0\mu\alpha\nu}$ 

8l-tuγoz, or, and 8lfut, upos, δ, ή, (bie, fuyor) doubly-yoked, double.

ΔΙΖΩ, Ep. impf. δίζω, to be in doubt, at a loss. δί-ζωσε, or, (δίε, ζωή) amphibious: living twice over. διηβολία, ή, Ion. for διαβολία.

διήγάγον, 2 or. 2 of διάγω.

διήγγειλα, acr. I of διαγγέλλα.

δι ηγέομαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full. διήγησιο, εωπ, ή, (διηγέομαι) narration, the statement of the case.

Be-népeos, or, Ion. for baépeos, through the air. Be-nébec, f. how, to strain through, filter, sift. 2. to mash out, cleanes. II. intrans., of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

Suprovies, Suprovos, Ion. for Sian-

διηκόνου, διηκόνησα, impf. and aor. I of διακονέω. διηκόσιοι, αι, α, lon. for διακόσιοι.

διηγκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίζος. διηγκυλωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλόω.

Bulues, f. fw, to go through, extend along or be-

διήλάσα, 201. Ι οί διελαύνω.

διήλθον, acr. 2 of διέρχομαι.

δι-ηλίφήε, έε, (διά, άλείφω) sméared all over. διηλλάγην, διηλλάχθην, aor. 2 and 1 pass. of διαλ-

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάρτηκα, διήμαρτον, pf. and acr. 2 of διαμαρ-

Bi-nuepeius, f. ow, (bid, hulpa) to pass the whole

διημιλλήθην, 201. Ι of διαμιλλάομαι.

διήνεγκα, sor. I of διαφέρω: whence

St. questin, is, stretching evenly along, etretching the subole length, anbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. Stepeston, Att. - wwe, from beginning to end: clearly, distincily.

δι-ήνεμος, ον, (διά, άνεμος) svind-swept. διηνοίχθην, αστ. I pass. of διανοίγω. διήντλησα, αστ. I of διαντλίω. δ. ή ύσα, διήνδεα, αστ. I and pf. of διανόω.

διήξα, sor. I of διαίσσω: but διήξα sor. I of διήκω.

διήξα, 20r. I of διάσσω, contr. for διάτσω, διηπορήθην, 20r. I pass. of διαπορέω,

δι-ηπόρουν, impf. of διαπορέω. διήρα, zor. I of διαίρω.

Buppers, ser. I of displaces.

Suppéthy, aor. 1 pass. of diapées.

hipppau, pf. pass, of dearples,

8ι-ήρης, es, (δίε, «άρω) double; διήρευ μέλαθρον, απ upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθρουν, διήρθρωσα, impf. and aor. I διαρθρόω. διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

Binrau, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of bies.

διήτησα, διητήθην, 201. I act. and pass, of διαιτάει. διήφυσα, 201. I of διαφύσσει.

υ-θάλασσος Att. – ττος, ον. (δίς, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. himāris.
δί-θηκτος, ον. (δίς, θήγω) twice-sharpened, two-

edged. Bi-Opovos, or, (Bis, Opóros) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος)
the dithyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθυραμβο-ποιός, δ, (διθύραμβος, ποιέω) α ditbyram-

bie poet.

8τθύραμβοs, δ, the dithyramb, a kind of lyric poetry. II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

8ί-θυρσος, ω, (δίε, θύρσοε) with two thyrsi. Διζ, dat. of Zeve; ν, \*Δίε.

Bilbeir, inf of Beeidor.

Bu-lημa, fut. -ήσω: (for the tenses, v.lημι): -- to send through or across, let go through. 2. to threat through. 11. to dismiss, dishand. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος acr. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

δυ-τθύνω, to direct by steering straight.

δι-τενέομαι, fut. -[ξομαι; αστ. 2 - Ικόμην: Dep.:to go through, in telling a story.

II. to reach.
Δι!-ποτής, έε, (Διόε, \*πότω, Root of πίπτω) fallen
from Zeus, i. e. from beaven, epith. of streams smollen
by rain: later, beaven-sent, divine, boly, pure.

All-witnes, es, (Διόε, πίτομαι) borsing in air.

Blorton, verb. Adj. of διειδέναι, one must inquire.

Blorton, Lorantow: sor. I διέστησα:—to set epart,
divide, distract.

II. Pass., with sor. 2 act. -terry,
pf. -tornua, plapf. -eστήκειν:—to stand apart, so be
divided hence 2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel. 3. to part after fighting. 4- to stand at
certain distances or intervals.

II. sor. I med.
διεστησάμην is used traus., to separate.

Briantopleous, Dep. to lean upon, rely one II. to affirm confidently.

Buty Bas, perf. inf. of Silkreopen.

Sixálω: fut. δικάσω contr. δικώ: 20τ. I δδίκδω: —
Pass., f. δικασθήσομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσομαι: 20τ. I δδίκδων: 20τ. I δικασθές δε με δε μιαθώς το με με δικασμές δε με δικασμές δε με δικασμές δε δικασμές δικασμές δικασμές δικασμές δικασμές δε δικασμές δε δικασμές δε δικασμές δικασμές

Strala, 1, poët. for diry.
Suranedy, Ion. for diractiv, inf. of diractiv: Suranedy, Ion. for diractiv, inf. of diractiv: Suranedy.

3 pl. pres.

Bimaro-upicia, f., (binaros, upires) just judgment.

lie dealings.

blusses, a, or, also os, or, (blun) observant of II. equal, even : strict, right, righteous, just.

III. right, lawful, just. 2. fair, modemu...In phrase bleaubs elm, with the infin., I am tound to do, I have a right to do:

hemoriva, f. justice, righteousness.

δικαιότης, ητος, ή, - δικαιοσύνη.

Trube: fut. wow and woopar:-Pass., aor. I tomidny: (discuse):-to make right: to think right:

to consent: also to claim as one's right: c. inf. to

desire one to do. II. to judge: to condemn: to puich. III. to make just, bold guiltless, justify.

Hence bushupa, aree, to, an act of justice, the making good

2. an acquittal, act of justification. a wrong. e plea of right, just claim.

bunies, Adv. of bisauce, justly, rightly.

buralwors, eas, h, a setting right, doing justice to: punishment. II, a claim, demand of right. III.

judgment, good pleasure. duray, contr. for durager, fut. inf. of durage.

bluanuces, 4, 6v, (blun) belonging to trials, judicial. Il. skilled in law, lawyer-like. δι-κάρηνος, ον, (δίε, κάρηνον) two-beaded.

δικασ-πόλος, δ, (δίκη, πολέω) a law-giver, judge. Suracripolition, 76, Dim. of Suracripoor, a little

ourt of justice. δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) a court of justice.

descrips, où, ô, (died(a) a judge or juror. δικαστικός, ή, ών, (δικάζω) of or for law or trials: de de de de la faction de la f

rards *three* obols. Adv. – mûs. AIKEI'N, inf. of && cor, an sor, with no pres. in

se, to tbrow, burl. δί-κελλα, ηε, ή, (δίε, κίλλω) a mattock or pickaxe

nib two testb, Lat. bidens: cp. μάπελλα. bi-kiparos, or, (bis, kepala) two-borned, two-pointed.

bi-κερωε, gen. ωτος οι ω, ό, ή, neut. δίκερον (δίε, pas) two-borned.

ΔΙΚΗ, ή, right; the orig. sense was custom, usage, anner; if yap blun earl repurrow for this is the anner of old men; acc. blanv as Adv., in the way

, after the manner of. II. order, law, gbt. III. in plur. judgments: 'generally, a ntence. IV. an action at law, law-suit: pro-

rly, a private suit or action, opp. to ypaph (1 blic prosecution). 2. a trial. 3. the satisction or penalty awarded by the judge; bluny or

ms dedóvas to give satisfaction or suffer punishnt, Lat. poenas dare; δίκαε λαμβάνειν, = Lat. mere poenas, to inflict punishment: δίκην φεύγειν be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην διώκειν

prosecute. ucn-φόρος, ον, (δίκη, φέρω) bringing justice, avengr: as Subst., δικηφύρου, δ, an avenger.

velbeov, ró, Dim. of ölkn, a little trial,

Naub-rolus, can, δ, ή, (δίκαιος, πόλιε) just in pub- | δικλίε, ίδος, ή, (δίς, κλίνω) double-folding, of doors: as Subst., δικλίδεε, al, folding-doors.

δίκο-λέκτης, ου, δ, (δίκη, λέγω) a pleader.

δικο-λόγος, ό, - δικολέκτης. δικορ-ράφέω, (δίκη, βάπτω) to get up a law-suit.

δι-κορύφος, ον, (δίε, κορυφή) two-beaded. Bl-kpavos, or, (bls, kparor) two-beaded, two-pointed.

as Subst., diepāros, d, a pitebfork.

δι-κράτης, έε, (δίε, κράτοε) colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.

Si-kporos, or, (die, kporto) double-beating; doubleoared, with two banks of oars on a side.

δικτύβολέω, f. ήσω, to east the net. From δικτύ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) casting nets: as

Subst., δικτυβόλοε, δ, a fisberman.

Statues, of unknown animals of Libya. Δίκτυνα or Δίκτυννα, ή, (δίκτυον) epith. of Arte-

mis the goddess of the chase. δικτυό-κλωστος, ον, (δίκτυον, κλάθω) woven in mesbes; σπείραι δικτυύκλωστοι the net's mesby folds.

ΔΙΚΤΥΌΝ, τό, any net-work, a fishing-net: a

bunting-net. Hence δικτυόομαι, Pass. to be caught in a net.

δικωπέω, f. ήσω, to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded; and

Sixumla, h, a pair of sculls. From

δί-κωπος, ον, (δίε, κώπη) two-oared. διλογέω, f. ήσω, (διλόγου) to say again, repeat. Hence

διλογία, ή, repetition. From δι-λόγοs, or, (δle, λέγω) saying twice, repeat-

II. double-tongued, deceiful. ing. δί-λογχος, or, (δίε, λόγχη) with two spears: double-

pointed, twofold. δί-λοφος, ον, (δίε, λόφος) with two crests.

be-uvaios, a, ov, Att. be-uvews, av, (dis, uva) of or worth two minas; διμναίους ἀποτιμήσασθαι to value

at two minae. διμοιρία, ή, a double sbare: double pay. From δί-μοιρος, σν, (δίε, μοιρα) divided between two: as

Subst., δίμοιρον, τό, a balf-drachma. Siveov, Ep. impf. of diviou.

δίνευμα, ατοε, τό, anything whirled round: a whirling, dancing. From

Streve, f. evou, 201. I doirevou; and Strew, f. hou, aor. I ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον:- Pass., aor. I έδινήθην, pf. δεδίνη μαι: (δίνη):---to make wbirl or spin

II. intr. and Pass.

round: to drive round a circle. to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about. AI'NH, \$\dagger\$, a wbirling: a wbirlpool, eddy: a wbirl-

wind. Hence II. rounded. δίνησε, εσσα, εν, whirling, eddying.

δινηθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω. δίνητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, wbirled round. ΔΙΊΟΣ, ὁ, like δίνη, a wbirl, eddy.

circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a thresh-3. a large round goblet. ing-floor. bivow, f. wow, to turn with a lathe, to round.

Bive, (biros) to thresh out.

δίνωτόε, ή, όν, (δινόω) turned on the lathe, rounded: sucreed round.

digos, 4, is, Ion. for dissols, double.

Au- or 8to- in compos. means sprung from Jove (Ale, Aces) or from the gods, hence excellent, god-like.

8.-6, Conjunct. contr. for &' 8, wherefore, on which account: therefore: with enclit. added, 816map, Laty proper quad, propered.

Διό-βολος, or, (Δls, βάλλω) burled by Jove.

Διο-γενέτωρ, opos, δ, (Δls, γενέτωρ) giving birth to Jose.

Διο-γενής, έε, (Δίε, \*γένω) Jove-born.

Διό-γνητος, σ. contr. for Διογένητος, = Διογενής. Διό-γονος, σ., - Διογενής.

Bu-oBevu, f. ew, to travel through.

di-odos τορέω, (διά, δδοιτίρου) to travel through.

di-odos, ή, (διά, δδόυ) a way through, thoroughfare,
passage: the orbit of a stax.

2. permission to pass,
a pass-port, safe-conduct.

Alober, (Als) Adv. sent from Jove.

Bu-olyvigu or Bu-olyw, f. -olfw, to open.

81-0.5a, pl. of decidor, to know the difference, distin-

8-οικόω, f. ήσω: impf. διφκουν: aor. I διφκησα: pf. διφκηκα:—Pass., aor. I διφκήθην: pf. διφκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιφκημαι:—to manage, direct: to conduct the affairs of a state: to treat or feed in a centain way.

II. to inhabit distinct places:—Med. to live apart.

Scolingors, een, f; bouse-keeping: management, government. II. a government: a province, a diocese.

Browlin: I low Att. to, to make to live apart, to disperse:—Pass, to be scattered abroad.

Bi-oikoδομέω, f. ήσω, to build aeross, wall off.

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build across, wall off. διοιστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) one must move round.

δι-οιστεύω, f. σω, to shoot an arrow through.

Scolow and Scoloopas, fut. of Scapeper.

δίουτο, 3 sing opt. med. of δίω.

B.-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go through: to wander about.

Bi-οίχομαι: f. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -οίχημαι: Dep.:—to be quite gone by: of persons, to be clean gone, to have periabed.

II. to be gone through, ended.

διοκωχή, ή, (δι-όκωχα pf. of δι-έχω) a cossation.

81-oliobalve and -ave, f. -oliobhow, to slip through, slip away from.

δι-όλλυμι: fut. -ολέσω, Att. -ολώ: (for the tenses, v. δλλυμι):—to destroy utterly, bring to naught: to put cut of mind: hence to forget, opp. to σώζω. II. Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωλα: to perish utterly.

δι-όλου, for διά, δλου, Adv., altogether.

δι-ομαλίζω, f. σω, to be always even-minded.

Διομει-αλαζών, όνος, δ, (Διομεία, ἀλαζών) the braggart of the deme Diomeia.

- δι-όμντμι, fut. -ομούμαι: 201. I med. -ωμοσάμην: --to swear solemnly: to declare on oath.

δι-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, to make an agreement: Pass. so be agreed on: Med. to agree mutually to a thing.

δίον, acc. of δίου: but δίον Εp. for ίδιον, impf. of δίου.

Διονύσια (sub. lepd), τά, the feast of Διόνυσου σχ

Bacebus, esp. at Athens: four distinct feasts in four consecutive months: vis. I. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούε οτ μικρά, in Poseideon (December). III. τὰ ἐν Αμναις οτ Αήναια (in the Αίμναι, where the Αήναιον stood), in Gamelion (January). III. τὰ ᾿Ανθε-

IV. 7à

Acovioriantes, 4, br, belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionyses.

μεγάλα, τὰ ἀστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, or simply τὰ Διονύσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of

Aubvioros, 8, and poot. Aubvioros, Dionysos, Bacchess, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παιδος, δ, (Δig, παι̂) son of Jove.

στήρια, in Anthesterion (February).

St-orep, V. sub 810-.

all. Hence

 $\Delta \omega$ -werths, és, -  $\Delta \omega$  werths.

διοπεύω, to be in charge of a ship's cargo. From δίοπος, δ, (διέπω) a director, ruler: a person in charge of a ship's cargo.

δι-οπτεύω, f. σω, (διά, δέρομαι) to watch accurately, spy about: to gaze upon.

δι-οπτήρ, ήρος, δ. (διόψομαι) α εργ. scout. δι-όπτης, ου, δ. (διόψομαι) α looker through. δι-οράω, fut. διόψομαι, to see through, discern.

δι-όργυιος, ον, (δίε, δργυιά) two fatbones long.

δι-ορθεύω, f. σω, to judge rightly of. δι-ορθόω, f. ώσω, to make straight: to set right: to make good, amend, correct, make amends for: to tell gright:—so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a making straight, correction:

διόρθωσυς, εως, ή, a making straight, correcting, amending of a fault: reformation.

St-oplie, Ion. -ouplie: f. ion. Att. 20:\_to divide by limits, separate. 2. to distinguish, determine, define: to ordain. II. to carry abroad, basish, Lat. ex-terminare. III. intr. to pass the boundaries bt-opviva, Pass. to burry through.

διορύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύσσαι

διόρυγμα, ατος, τό, a through-cut, a canal. From δι-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω: f. fw: (for the tenses, v. δρύσσω): to dig through: metaph. to undermine.

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance a match with one.

Alos, Sia, Sior, (Ale) godlike, excellent, mighty, joined with a genit., Sia seaar, Sia quoussior, with supforce, most divine of goddesses, of women.

2. mobile, bonest, trusty.

3. divine, marvellous.

Aιόs, gen. of Zeύs; v. \*Δis.

Διδο-δοτος, or, (Δls, δίδωμι) given by Jove, besvertent.

Aιο-σημία, ή, (Δis, σήμα) a sign from Jose, Let. ostentum: a portent.

Διόσ κοροι, of, Att. and post. for Διόσκευραι: (Δία κόρος, κοῦρος): sons of Jove, esp. the twire of Lada.

II, the

Castor and Pollux.

II. the constellation named from them the Twins, Lat. Gemini. The Dioscori were tutelary deities of sallors, cf. Hor. Carm. 1, 3, 2. Hence

Alog-cooρmon, τό, the temple of the Dioscuri. & b-ότι, Conjunct. for & α τοῦτο δτι . . , for the rea-

was that, since, Let. quocirca, quamobrem. 2. indirect, wherefore, for what reason. 3. interrogat. wherefore? II. - 6rs., that.

mberejore 1 11. – 071, 10at. Buo-rpedrije, ke, (Als, rpkpa) cherished by Jove.

&-ouplies, Ion. for deoples. &-oxides, f. from to annoy exceedingly.

81-δήτομαι, fut. of διοράω, formed from «διόπτομαι. 81-παια, παιδοε, δ, ή, (δίε, παῖε) with two children;

θρώνου δίπαιο a dirge chanted by one's two children. δι-πάλαιστος, ον, (δίε, πάλαιστή) two palms broad.

δί-παλτος, ον, (δίε, πάλλω) brandished with both bands; δίπαλτα είφη two-banded swords.

8ί-πηχυς, ν, (δίε, πήχυν) two subits long, broad, etc. δυπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) to double:—Pass. to be doubled, to be made twofold.

Π. intr., τὸ διπλάζον κακόν

the twofold evil. Hence Sixhak, deve, h, a double-folded mantle or cloak. 2. Sixhakes are ship-planks (which double one over the

orzanes are emp-plants (which double one over the other), and post, for ships, like Lat. trabes. II. a Adj., folded double.

Bunkastalu, f. dow, to double. From

δυπλάστος, α, ον, Ιοα. δυπλήστος, η, ον, (δίε) double, traicé as much, as many, etc.: τὸ διπλάστον as much again. Adv. - ων, doubly. Hence

διπλασιόω, to double:—Pass. to become twofold.
δί-πλεθρος, ον, (δίε, πλέθρον) two πλέθρα long or [

broad.

διπλή (sab. χλαίνα), ή, a cloak folded double. δυπλή, Adv. twice, twice over.

διπλοίζω, - διπλάζω.

Surhois, thos, h, a double cloak. Hence

διπλόω, ότι, ότι, contr. διπλούς, ή, οῦν, twofold, διαμδίο. 2. doubled, bent double. II. in plur., = (μφω στ δύο, both, two. III. metaph. doubleminded, treacherous, Lat. duplex, opp. to ἐπλοῦς. From δισ-; see ἀπλόος.)

διπλός, ή, όν, - διπλόος: neut. Comp. διπλότερον as Adv. ευίσε as much.

διπλόω, f. ώσω, (διπλίου) to double, bend double. Il a repay twofold.

81-πόδης, es, (δίε, ποῦε) two feet long, broad, etc. ΔΙ-πόδικα, τά, contr. of Διῖτόλια, (Δίε, πόλιε) an ncient festival of Jove at Athens. Hence

Δτπολι-48ης, es, (Διπόλεια, είδου) like the feast of be Dipoleia, i.e. obsolete, out of date.

81-wolos, or, (dls, rolles) twice ploughed.

86-wopes, or, (ble, wopes) with two passages.

& Toronos, or, (bls, Toronos) lying between or on con con con rivers.

86-mous, woose, &, h, (81s, wore) two-footed, Lat.

ipes:—as Subst., Sixous, &, a Libyan kind of mouse,
be jurbaa.

II. two feet long, broad, etc.

δι-πρόσωπος, ον, (δίε, νρόσωπον) two-facid. δι-πτέρθγος, ον, (δίε, ντέρυξ) two-winged.

δί-πτύχος, ον. (δίλ, πτυχή) folded together, doubled; δίπτυχον δελτίον, a pair of tablets. II. = δισσόε, twofold, two, Lat. geminus.

δί-πύλος, or, (δίε, πύλη) with two gates or entrances.

Bl-Adpos, or, (Bls, ADP) with double lights. Blp-pUpos, or, (Bls, BDpbs) with two poles.

oip-pouce, or, (ois, pouce) with two potes.
Sis, (bio) Adv. twice, double.

-διε, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in άλλυδιε, οίκαδιε, χαμάδιε.

•ΔΓΣ, an old nom., - Ζεύε, which appears in the

oblique cases Ails, Ail contr. Al, Ala, and the Lat.

Dis, Diespiter, Dijovis.
δίσ-αβος, ον, Dor. for δίσ-ηβος, twice young.

Bla-euros, or, (He, eirf) with two wives. Bla-blirfs, is, (die, bareir) twice dead.

δισκεύω, f. σω, – δισκέω. δισκέω, f. ήσω, (δίσκου) to pitch the quoit: generally, to throw, toss. Hence

δίσκημα, ατοι, τό, a thing thrown.
pitching of a quoit.

δί-σκηπτρος, ον, (δίε, σκήπτρον) two-sceptred.

Slower, b, (Sincip) a round plate, a quoi of stone; later of metal or wood.

II. anything like a quoit: a trencher: a mirror.

Blork-oupa, rá, (bloros, obpor) a quoits cast.

δισ-μύριοι, α., α. twenty thousand: sing. δισμύριος, α., ον, with collective nouns, as, (πποε δισμυρία 20,000 horse.

δισσ-άρχης, ου, δ, (δισσύε, δρχω) partners in sway, joint-ruling.

ioint-ruling.

Burubs Att. Burubs Ion. Bufbs, h, bv : (8ls): swofold double : also divided diagranting doublful

fold, double: also divided, disagreeing, doubiful. δισσώε, Adv. of δισσόε, doubly.

διστάζω, f. άσω, (δίε) to doubt, be at a loss. δί-στίχος, ον, (δίε, στίξ) of two rows, lines, οτ verses:

as Subst., Storitor, 76, an elegiae couplet.

δί-στολος, ον. (δίς, στέλλω) in pairs, two together.
δί-στομος, ον. (δίς, στόμα) double-mouthed, with two

entrances, double. II. of a weapon, two-edged. δι-σ-ύλλάβος, or, (δls, συλλαβή) of two syllables. δισ-χίλιοι [χΙ], as, a, two thousand: also in sing.,

δισχίλιος, α, ον, with collective nouns, 2s, lessos δισχιλία 2000 horse.

διστήληντος, ον (δίο σέλοντος) εκονέλ ον εκείνελεική

δι-τάλαντος, ον, (δίε, τάλαντον) worth or weighing two talents.

δι-τόκος, σν, (δίε, τεκείν) twin or twice bearing. διττός, etc., ν. sub δισσ-.

δί-υγροs, or, thoroughly wet: melting.

δι-υλίζω, (διά, ύλη) to strain or filter thoroughly: to strain off.

Bi-unvila, f. low Att. 10, to wake from sleep: sa also in Med.

διφάσιος, a, ov, twofold, double, \at. bifarius: in Ion. used also for δίο.

 $\Delta\Gamma\Phi A'\Omega$ , Ion. -tw, to dive after: seek after, bunt for. Hence

Stφήτωρ, opos, δ, a searcher after.

διφτέρα, ή, (δέφω) a prepared bide, leather, and so opp, to δέρρειε which are unworked bides.

II. anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn

by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence 8406ptvos, n. ov. of tanned leather.

δι-φθερίε, ίδος, η, - διφθέρα.

δί-φθογγος, ον, (δίε, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as Subst., δίφθογγος, ή, and δίφθογγον, τό, a diphthong.

Subst., οιφοογγοε, η, and οιφουγγον, το, a aspostnong.

δι-φόρος, ον, (δίε, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the year, Lat. biferus.

δίφραξ, ακοε, ή, poët, for δίφρου, a seat, chair.

διφρεία, ή, (διφρεύω) chariot-driving.

διφρ-ελάτειρα, ή, fem. of διφρηλάτης. διφρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a charioteer. From

διφρεύω, f. σω, (δίφρου) to drive a chariot. διφρηλάσία, ή, chariot-driving. From

διφρηλάτεω, to drive in a ebariot. From διφρ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (δίφρος, έλαύνω) a chariotest. δίφριος, οτ, (δίφριος οτ chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as Adv., at the chariot-wheels.

διφρίσκος, δ, Dim. of δίφρος.

Si-pourts, ides, &, \$\dagger\$, (dis, \$\phi\text{pourts}\$) of two minds, distraught in mind.

δίφρος, δ, and later ή, (contr. of διφύρος, bearing two), in plur. of δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα:—the chariot-board, on which two could stand; the war-chariot: a travelling-chariot. II. generally, a seat, couch, stool.

διφρ-ουλκέω, f. ήσω, (δίφρος, Έλκω) to draw a chariot.

8ιφροφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry a chair or litter:—
Pass. to be carried or travel in one.

II. to carry a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the

Athenian women in processions. From διφρο-φόρος, ον, (δίφροε, φέρω) carrying a chair. δι-φύής, έε, (δίε, φύη) of double nature or form: ge-

nerally, twofold, double. δί-φυιος, ον, (δίε, φύη) of two families.

8\chia, (bis) I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart. 2.
at two, at variance: differently, oppositely. II.
Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from,
unlike: like dvev, against the will of: of Place, away
from. 2. except. Hence

Sixále, f. áou, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to disagree.

δί-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦε, a copper coin. δί-χαλος, Dor. for δί-χηλοε.

διχή, Adv., - δίχα, in two: in two ways.

δί-χηλος, ον, (δίε, χηλή) sloven-boofed.

as Subst., δίχηλον, τύ, a forceps, pincers. διχήρης, es, (δίχα) divided.

διχθά, Adv., μοδί. for δίχα, like τριχθά for τρίχα, in twain. Hence

διχθάδιος, α, ον, deuble, divided. [d]

δίχθάς, άδος, ή, fem. of διχθάδιος.

δίχό-βουλος, ον, (δίχα, βουλή) cdverse.

δίχο-γνωμονέω, (δίχα, γνώμη) to differ in opinion. δίχόθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on or from both sides.

| δί-χοίντκος, ον, (δίε, χοινιέ) bolding 2 χοίνταις, i.e. nearly 3 pints.

δι-χόλωτος, ον, (δίε, χολόομαι) doubly enraged. διχό-μηνις, ιδος, δ, ή, – διχύμηνος.

διχό-μηνου, ου, (δίχα, μήν) in the middle of the month, at or of the full moon.

διχό-μυθος, or, (δίχα, μύθος) double-speaking.

διχορ-ράγήε, έε, (δίχα, μαγήναι) broken in mein. διχόρ-ροπος, ον, (δίχα, μέπω) manuring. Adv. --em doubtfully.

διχοστάσια, ή, a standing spart, quarrel, dispute dissension.

II. doubt. From διχο-στατίω, f. ήσω, (δίχα, στήσω) to stand spart

disagree.

διχό-στομος, αν, (διχα, στόμα) — δίστορας. διχο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) so sus iz swo, su

81x00, Adv., - 81xa.

asunder.

Π.

δίχό-φρων, or, gen. aros, (δίχα, φρέν) apart in mind at variance, discordant, disagreeing.

διχώε, Adv; like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.

ΔΙΨΑ, ηs, η, thirst. Hence Supakios, a, or, thirsty, dry; and

διψάς, άδος, ή, fem. of δίγιος. διψάω, ÿς, ÿ, int. διμήν: impl. έδίψην, ης, η: fat διψήσω: acr. I έδίψησα: pt. δεδίμησα:—to sbirst: c the ground, to be dry, parebed. II. metaph. t

thirst after, long earnestly for. Bishos, a, or, (bisha) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched.

δίψος, cos, τό, -- δίψα, thirst.
δί-ψοχος, or, (δίε, ψυχή) double-minded, manusing ΔΙ'Ω, an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to re-

away, lake to flight, flee: to be afraid. IL i Med., subj. Supua, Sinrau, Slawrau, opt. Steere, in Sicotau, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, put t flight: to drive: to bunt: but 2. also, like Sia to be afraid. [1]

δίωγμα, ατος, τό, (διώκω) α pursuit, pursuing chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.'

chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.'
δίωγμός, δ, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution
harassing.

8-ώθύνος, ον. (δία, δδίνη) piercing with augusts. δ-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: (for the tennes, ν ἀθέω):—to push or tear away: Med. to push assumds for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away: Med. to push from oneself, push away: to rejule

Med. to push from oneself, push away: to red drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.

δίωκάθειν, poöt, aor. 2 inf. of διάπει. διωκέμεν, διωκέμεναι, for διάπεις, inf. of διάπει. διώκηκα, διώκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of διακεία.

διώκησα, διωκήθην, 20τ. I act. and pass. of διωκέα διώκτίοs, α, σν, verb. Adj. of διώκα, to be pursued aimed al.

Swertip, fipos, s, and Swertis, ov, s, a pursuer. From

δτώκω, f. for or fopus: 201. 1 lbidge: polt. 201. 1 lbidge: polt. 201. 1 lbidgedfor:—Pass., 201, 1 lbidgedfor: pf. belleypen (biw):

L. to pursue, chase, bunt: of persons, 4

sed after, follow closely: — Med. to chase. II. to drive on drive away; chase away: to empel, to banish: bismer dopen to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive; also to speed, baste. III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; d bismer the prosecute, plaintiff, opp. to d perform the defendant.

i-uklvice, ον, (διά, ώλένη) with outstratched arms. διώλουν, 20τ. 1 of διόλλυμι.

Supporture, sor, I med, of Sidgeryu.

& aporos, or, (& opropu) on one's oath, bound by oath.

Ausry, 4. Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the father).

II. daughter of Dioné, Approdité.

& derituos, er, (die, bropa – bropa) with two names : named together.

Suft-allowoos, or, (hims, silevoos) arging on the way.

Stift-unros, or, (Schoos, Erros) borse-driving. Stufus, eac, ή, (Schoos) a chasing: chase, persuit. 2 as law-term, prosecution.

displace, not. I of display:—displayer, pf. pass.

διώρυγμαι, pf. pass. διορύσσω.

δι-άρθησε, σν, more correct form of διόργικου. διάρυξ, ύχου, ό, ἡ, (διορόσσω) dug or out through: διώρυξ (sub. γῆ) ἡ, α trench, canal; αρυπτὴ διώρυξ α covered passage.

Briora, 201. I of Busties.

Bunfels, 201. I pass. part. of δαμάω: δμηθήτω, 3 sing, imperat., may be be prevailed upon. δμήσις, εαχ. ή, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in. δμήτωρα, ή, a tamer, subduer; tem. of sq.

δμητήρ, ήροε, ο, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.

δμώε, dual nom. of δμώε. διωνή, ή, (δαμώω) a female slave taken in war: geperally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δμώτος, a, or, (δμών) in servile condition.

Specie, thus,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{-}$  duals.

Specie, and,  $\dot{\delta}$ , (bapáse) a slave taken in svar: hence

any slave. Svowdhilm, f. fu, to swing or fling about.

δνοφέρος, a, or, dark, dusky, murky. From

ANO TOE, 6, - erépas, darkness, dusk, gloom. Boácowaro, 3 sing. Ep. 201. I in impers. sense, - Att.

Edofe, it seemed: δοάσσυσται, Ep. for -ηται, 3 sing. subj. -- δόξη. δόγμα, ατος, τό, (δοκίω) that which one thinks true,

an opinion. 2. a resolution, decree. Hence δογμάτιζω, f. ίσω Att. ιθ, to lay down a decree:— Pass. to submit to ordinances.

Bolhoopea, fut. pass. of didupe.

AOOIHN, sproe, &, a small abscess, boil.

Socialm, f. asu, (bowl) to consider two ways, besitate Letween:—Med. to doubt, to imagine.

SouBluo-noibe, ô, (Bolduf, noise) a pestle-maker.

Sorth, th, doubt, perplexity. From

Boliny, acr. 2 opt. of didenu.

Sorol, a, - 8000, two, both: Soid, Adv. in two ways.

Sourbu, f. evou, (bixopul) to wateb closely, to he in wait for.

AOKE'Ω; but many tenses are formed from pres. \*δόκω: fut. δοκήσω and δόξω: sor. I ἐδόκησα and ἐδόξα: pr. δεδόκηκα: —Pass., sor. I ἐδόκησω : pf. δεδόκημα and δέδογμα: I. to think, suppose,

expect, imagine. II. intr. to seem, appear: cap. in 3 sing. dosei, flocia, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. inw-term, flocia vy Bouky, vy byup, it was decreed or enacted by...: but also in I pers., dosed us., I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mili; flocid us methought.

2. to appear to be something, to be of repute; of doseobrees abral 1: men who are held

be of repute; of donouves wird in men subo are beld to be of some account.

3. sor. I neut, part, defar, used absol., and plaps, dedorpaires, it baving been resolved, Lat. quam statutum esset; so donouv, it being resolved, Lat. quam statueretur.

δόκη, η, = δοχη, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy.

δόκημα, τό, (δοκόω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

δόκησιε, een, ή, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion.

II. good report, credit.

δοκησί-σοφος, ον, (δόκησιε, σοφόε) suise in one's

oum conceit.
δοκτμάζω, f. άσω: 20π. Ι εδοκίμασα:—Pass., 20π. Ι εδοκιμάσθην: pf. δεδοκίμασμα: (δόκιμοε):—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine. II. to approve, sanction: to bold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

Boxindolo, han assay, proving, enamination.

δοκτμαστής, οῦ, δ, (δοκιμάζω) an assayer, examiner. δοκτμή, ἡ, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitus: and

Socimov, 76, proof, trial. From

Soutus, er, (Béxopai) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, estemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, considerable. Adv.—pun, really, truly.

Boxle, ibos, th. Dim. of boxos, a stick.

ΔΟΚΟΖ, ή, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft. Sonés, όσε contr. οῦε, ή, — δόκησιε, an opinion.

Bodepos, 4, 6v, (8600) decetiful, treacherous.

δολιό-μητιε, εδοε, ό, ή, (δόλιοε, μήτιε) crafty-purposing. δολιό-πουε, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδοε, (δόλιοε, πούε)

of stealthy foot. δόλιος, a, or, and os, or, (δόλοε) erafty, deceitful,

treacherous, wily. Bolub-pow, d, ff, gen. evos, (bblues, ppfp) crafty of

mind, willy.

δολίχ-αυλος, αν, (δαλιχός, αὐλός) with long tube or socket.

δολίχ-αύχην, evos, δ, ή, (δολιχόε, αύχήν) long-necked.
δολιχ-εγχής, έε, (δολιχόε, έγχοε) with tall spear.
δολιχ-ήρετμος, ον, (δολιχόε, έρετμόε) of a ship,
long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιόω, f. ώσω, (δόλιοε) to deal treacherously.

δολιχο-γράφία, ή, (δόλιχοι, γράφω) prolin suriting.

commotion. Hence

AOAI XOZ, h, br, tong: of Time, long, weari- | fishing-rod or limed reed (see Soranbers). II. as Subst., δολιχόε, δ, the long course, bridge of the lyre. From in racing, opp. to the course of the eradior. Solux 6-ortos, or, (Solux 6e, oriá) casting a long shadow; or Bolix-bornes, (Bolix 6s, boxos) with long sbaft. δολόσις, εσσα, ev, (δόλοι) subtle, wily things, craftily contrived, artful. δολο-μήδης, εε, gen. εοε, (δολόε, μήδοε) wily, crafty. Bodo-Hifting, ov, o, and Bodo-Hifting, t, gen. tos, (86λοε, μητιε) crafty-minded, wily. δολο-μήχανος, or, (δόλος, μηχανή) contriving wiles. δολό-μύθος, ον. (δόλος, μύθος) false-speaking. 3ολοπλοκία, ή, subtlety, craft. From δολο-πλοκός, όν, (δύλος, πλέκω) weaving wiles. δολο-ποιός, όν, (δόλος, ποιέω) treacherous. δολορραφία, ή, artful contrivance, subtlety. From δολόρ-ραφος, ον, (δόλος, βάπτω) contriving wiles. δόλος, δ, (from ΔΕΛ-, the Root of δέλεαρ) properly a bait for fish: then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance: craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. dolus. δολο-φόνος, ον, (δόλος, \*φένω) slaying by treachery. δολο-φράδης, ές, (δόλος, φράζω) wily-minded. δολοφρονίων, ουσα, ον, (δολόφρων) eraft-devising. δολοφροσύνη, ή, subtlety, wiliness. From δολό-φρων, ων, gen. ονος, (δόλος, φρήν) – δολοpaohs, crafty-minded. δολόω, f. ώσω, (δόλοε) to beguile, ensnare. п. to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise. Hence δόλωμα, ατος, τό, a trick, deceit. Bόλων, ων ος, δ, (δόλος) a small sail. II. a dagger. δολ-ώπις, ιδος, ή, (δόλος, ώψ) artful-looking. δόλωσις, εω, ή, (δολόω) a tricking, ensnaring. δόμα, ατος, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift. Southing, a, or, (dipu) of or for building. δόμεναι, δόμεν, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of δίδωμι. Sópovoe, Adv. bome, bomeward; ovoe dopovoe to his own bouse. From δόμος, δ, (δέμω) Lat. domus, a bouse: also the II. a part of the house, chamber, III. anything that is built up; did Toth-T'0078. ποντα δύμων πλίνθου at every thirtieth layer of bricks. δομο-σφαλής, έε, (δόμος, σφάλλω) ruining the Sovakevoual, Dep. (Sóraf) to catch birds with reed and birdlime. Bovakeve, eas, o, (bloaf) a thicket of reeds. Sovakîris, 1800, fem. Adj. (Bóvaf) of reed. δονάκο-γλύφος, ον, (δύναξ, γλύφω) reed-cutting. Bovakbas, saca, er, (boraf) abounding in reeds; δόλος δονακόεις a reed covered with birdlime. δονάκο-τρόφος, ον, (δώναξ, τρέφω) reed-producing. Bovand-xhoos, or, contr. -xhous, our, (bloaf, xhia) green with reeds.

Bovaf Ion. Bouvaf Dor. Bavaf, deos, o, a reed,

2. a flute, shepherd's pipe.

II. anything made of reed:

Lat. calamus, arundo.

1 dart, arrow.

Sovnros, h, or, verb. Adj. sbaken. δόντες, nom. pl. of δούε, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι. δόξα, ή, (δοκέω) a notion, opinion, Lat. visum : ex-2. a sentiment, judgment: esp. a pbilosophie opinion, Lat. placitum. 3. mere opinion, 25 4. a fancy, vision. opp. to knowledge. the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat. existimatio: good report, credit, bonour. splendour. Hence δοξάζω, f. άσω, to bold an opinion, think, believe, judge. II. to glorify, extol. Hence δόξασμα, ατος, τό, an opinion: a fancy. δοξοκοπία, ή, love of popularity. From δοξο-κόπος, ον, (δόξα, κόπτω) seeking popularity. δοξο-μάνης, έε, (δόξα, μάνηναι) mail after glory. Hence Sofouavia, h, mad love of glory. δοξο-μάταιό-σοφος, δ, (δύξα, ματαιδε, σοφός) ε would-be pbilosopber. δοξο-σόφος, ον, (δύζα, σόφος) wise in one's own conceit. δοξόω, f. ώσω, to give one the character of being so and so: Pass. to have such a character. Soles, fut. of done a: Soles, sor, I inf. δορά, ή, (δέρω) a skin, bide. δόρατα, nom. pl., δόρατι, dat. sing., of δύρυ. δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δύρυ, a small spear, dart. δορατο τάχης, έε, (δόρυ, πάχος) of a spear-shafts tbickness. δόρ<del>άτος</del>, gen. of δόρυ. δορήϊσε, α, ον, (δόρυ) wooden. δορι-άλωτος, ον, (δύρυ, άλῶναι) captive of the spear, taken in war. [d] δορί-γαμβρος, σε, (δύρυ, γαμέω) woord by battle. δορι-θήρατος, ον, (δόρυ, θηράω) taken by the spear. Sopi-Kavhs, és, (δόρυ, κανείν) slain by the spear. δορν-κμής, ήτος, δ, ή, (δίρυ, κάμνω) slain by the spear. δορί-κράνος, ον, (δύρυ, κράνον) spear-beaded. δορί-κτητος, αν. (δόρυ, κτάομαι) was by the spear δορί-κτύπος, ον, (δόρυ, κτυπέω) spear-clasbing. δορί-ληπτος, ον. (δύρυ, λαμβάνω) won by the spear. δορι-μάνης, έε,(δόρυ, μανήναι) raging with the spear. δορί-μαργος, or, (δόρυ, μάργος) raging with the spear. δορι-μήστωρ, οροε, ό, (δίρυ, μήστωρ) master of the s pear. δορί-παλτος, or, (δύρυ, πάλλω) wielding the spear; χείρ δορύπαλτος, i. e. the right hand. Sopi-merris, is, (80pv, "mira Root of mirra) faller by the spear. δορί-πληκτος, αν, (δύρυ, πλήσσω) stricken by the

AONE'Ω, f. ήσω, to shake, stir : to excite, agutate : drive about:-Pass., h 'Aoin idoréero Asia was in

Sorque, area, to, agitation, waving motion; and

Bopi-novos, or, (Bopv, worse) toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.

δορι-σθενής, έε, v. sub δορυσθενήε.

dopt-orthodors, or, (dops, orthogon) erosmed for bravery in war.

δορι-τίναιστος, ον, (δόρυ, τινάσσω) shaken by battle. δορί τμητος, ar, (δόρυ, τέμνω) pierced by the spear. δορί-τολμος, ον, (δόρυ, τόλμα) bold in war.

δορκάλίε, ίδος, ή, - δορκάς.

δορκάς, άδος, ή, (δέδορκα) an antelope, gazelle, so

called from its large bright eyes. δορός, δ, (δέρω) a leathern bag or wallet.

δορπέω, f. ήσω, (δόρπον) to take supper. Henco

Bopungros, b, supper-time, evening. Δορπία, ή, (δόρτον) the first day of the feast Apa-

turia; the opties the dopties on the eve of the feast.

ΔΟΥΠΟΝ, τό, the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.

ΔΟΡΥ, τό: gen. δόράτος, Ep. δούρατος δουρός, in Att. poets also δορύs; dat. δύρατι, Ion. δούρατι

doupl, in Att. poets also dopes or dopl.—Ion. dual δούρε.—Plur. nom. δόρατα, Ερ. δούρατα δούρα, in Att.

Poets also δίρη: gen. δίρων, Ep. δούρων: dat. δύρασι, Ep. δούρασι δούρεσσι. The stem of a tree, but only

when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship. II. the wood or

shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a buntingspear: since the spear was held in the right band,

έπὶ δύρυ meant to the right hand, opp. to έπ' ἀσπίδα

to the left. δορυ-άλωτος, false reading for δοριάλωτος.

δορυ-θαρσής, έε, (δύρυ θαρδέω) daring in war. δορύ-ξενος, δ, ή, (δύρυ, ξένος) a friend at the spear,

an ally in war: or a friend made in war.

δορυ-ξόος, or, contr. -ξοθε, οῦν, (δόρυ, ξέω) spearpolishing: as Subst., dopuflos, d, a maker of spears;

also Bopužós, d.

δορυ-κάγής, έε, (δόρυ, παγήναι) built of beams. δορύ-παλτος, -πετής, -πληκτος, ν. δορίπ-.

δορυ-σθενής οι δορι-σθενής, έε, (δίρυ, σθένοε) mighty

with the spear.

δορυσ-σόης, ητος, δ, masc.Adj., = δορύσσοος, warlike. Sopur-roos, or, contr. Sopur-roos, our, poet, also

δορυ-σόσε, (δύρυ, σεύω) brandishing the spear. δορυ-στέφάνος, δορυ-τίνακτος, ν. δορι-.

δορυφορέω, f. ήσω, (δορυφόροι) to attend as a bodyguard: to keep guard over. Hence

δορυφόρημα, ματος τό, a body-guard; and

δορυφορία, ή, a keeping guard over.

δορυφορικός, ή, ίν, (δορυφορία) of or for the guard; τὸ δορυφορικόν the guard.

δορυ-φόρος, ον, (δίρυ, φέρω) spear-bearing, Lat. bastatus; ol δορυφόροι the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.

86s, apr. 2 imperat. of bibout.

Sociousos, or, false reading for Swoldings.

Boors, eas, \$, (bidwyu) a giving. II. a gift, present: a bequest. III. a portion: a dose.

860 KOV, Ep. 201, 2 of 8180001.

δότειρα, ή, fem. of δοτήρ.

δοτέος, α, or, verb. Adj. of δίδωμι, to be given. dotéor, one must give.

δοτήρ, ήροε, δ, (δίδωμι) a giver, dispenser.

 $86\tau\eta s$ , ov,  $\delta$ , =  $80\tau\eta \rho$ .

Bouk-dywylw, f. how, (Boûkos, dyw) to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγείν τὸ σῶμα to mortify the body.

δουλάριον, τό, Dim. of δούλος.

Boukela Ion. Boukyty, ή, (δουλεύω) servitude, sla-

very, bondage. Il. the body of slaves, the bondmen, servile class.

δούλειος, a, or, or os, or, (δούλος) slavish, servils. ) δούλευμα, ατοε, τό, (δουλεύω) α service. a slave, Lat. mancipium.

δουλεύω, f. σω, (δούλοε) to be a slave: generally. c. dat.; to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve,

obey. Lat. inservire alicui. δούλη, ή, fem. of δούλοε.

δουληίη, Ion. of δουλεία.

Bouλία, ή, poët. for δουλεία.

δουλικός, ή, έν, - δούλιος. Adv. - www. like a

δούλιος, α, ον, (δούλος) slavisb, servile; δούλιον ημαρ the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life.

δουλιχό-δειρος, Ion. for δολιχύδειρος, (δολιχύς, δείρη) long-necked.

δουλιχόεις, εσσα, er, Ion. for δολιχίεις, poët. for δολιχύε.

δουλο-πρεπής, ές, (δούλος, πρέπω) befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.

AOTAOZ, ô, a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to ardpárodor (a slave taken in war). as Adj., δούλοε, η, ον, slavish, enslaved, subject; Comp. δουλύτερος, more of a slave.

δουλοσύνη, ή, (δούλοι) clavery, slavish work.

δουλόσυνος, ον, (δοῦλος) enslaved.

δουλότερος, α, ον, Comp. of δούλοε.

δουλόω, f. ώσω, (δούλοι) to make a slave of enwave: - Med. to subject to oneself. Hence

δούλωσιε, εωε, ή, enslaving, subjugation. 80θναι, 20r. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.

δοθναξ, δουνακόειε, Ion. for δύναξ, δονακόειε.

δουπέω, f. ήσω: Ερ. 201. Ι δούπησα: pf. δέδουπα: (δούποε):—to sound beavily, of the beavy fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.

δουπήτωρ, οροε, δ, (δουπέω) a clatterer.

ΔΟΥ ΠΟΣ, δ, any dead, beavy sound; δοῦποε ἀκόν-TOW the burtling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the bum of a multitude; the din of war;

the roar of the sea. δούρατα, syncop. δοθρα, τά, Ep. plur. of δίρυ.

Soupáreos, a, or, of planks or beams. δουράτιον, Ion. for δοράτιον, a dart.

δούρειος, α, ον, 🗕 δουράτεος.

δούρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of δόρυ. Boup-quekes, (Bopu, every new) Adv. a spear's throse

off or distant.

180 δουρι-άλωτος, οτ, Ιοπ. for δοριάλωτος. Boupt-kheutos, or, Ion. for Bopt-kheitos, (Bupu, khei-Tis) famed for the spear. δουρι-κλυτός, ή, όν, Ιοπ. for δορι-κλυτύς, (δόρυ, ιλυτόε) famed for the spear. δουρι-κτητός, δουρί-λήπτος, δουρι-μανής, Ion. for dops-. δούριος, - δούρειος. δουρί-πληκτος, ον. Ιοπ. for δορίπληκτος. δουρι-τύπής, έε, (δόρυ, τύπτω) wood-cutting. δουρο-δόκη, ή, (δόρυ, δοχή) a stand for spears. δουρο-θήκη, ή, (δορυ, θήκη) a case for spears. Boupe-uavie, is, Ion. for δοριμανής. Boύs, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι. δοχείον, Ion. δοχήζον, τό, (δέχομαι) a bolder. δοχή, ή, (δέχομαι) reception, entertainment. a receptacle. δοχμή, ή, a measure of length, a span. δόχμιος, α, αν, (δοχμός) across, sideways, aslant. δοχμόλοφος, ον, (δοχμός, λόφος) wearing one's plume aslant, with nodding plume. ΔΟΧΜΟΊ, ή, br, slanting, sideways. Hence δοχμόσμαι, 201. Ι έδοχμώθην, Pass. to turn sideways or aslant. δράγμα, ατοι, τό, (δράσσομαι) as much as one can grasp, a bandful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus. δραγματη-φόρος, ον, (δράγμα, φέρω) εαττγίπε sbeaves. δραγμεύω, f. σω, to collect the corn into sheaves. δραγμός, δ, (δράσσομαι) a taking bold of, bandling. Spatieiv, sor. 2 inf. of δαρθάνω. δράθι, δραίην, 201. 2 imperat. and opt. of διδράσκω. δραίνω, f. δράνω, (δράω) to be going to do. δράκαινα, η, ή, fem. of δράκων, a sbe-dragon. Sparely, sor. 2 inf. act. of deproper. Spanfyou, sor. 2 inf. pass. of deproper. δράκόμενος, 201. 2 part. med. of δέρκομαι. δράκον, Ion. for έδράκον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι. δρακόντειος, α, ον, (δράπων) of a dragon. δρακοντ-ολέτης, ου, δ, (δράκων, δλλυμι) serpentslayer. δρακοντό-μαλλος, ον, (δράκων, μάλλος) with snaky δρακοντ-ώδης, εε, (δράκων, elbos) snake-like. δράκών, aor. 2 part. act. of δέρκομαι. δράκων, οντος, δ, (δρακείν) a dragon: later a serpent. δράμα, ατος, τό, (δράω) a deed, act, acting: a busimess, duty. 2. an action represented on the stage, ■ drama. - δράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέχω. δράμημα, ατος, τό, (δραμείν) α course, α race. δράμοθμαι, δραμών, fut. and aor. 2 part. of τρέχω.

Bodvan, acr. 2 inf. of bidoarms.

δράπετεύω, f. σω, to run away, flee. From

δράξ, δράκός - δράγμα.

away: esp. a runaway slave.

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of the um.  $\delta \rho \bar{u} \pi e \tau (\delta \eta e, \sigma v, \delta, = \delta \rho a \pi \epsilon \tau \eta e.$ δράπέτιε, ιδος, ή, fem. of δραπέτης. Spareriorcos, b. Dim. of Sparetys. δράε, δράσα, sor. 2 part. of δράω. Spaceles, Desiderat, of Space, to bave a mind to do, to be going to do. δρασθείε, acr. I part. pass. of δράω. δράστμος, ον, (δράω) active; το δράστμον action. δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, δ, (δράναι) α running away, flight. Spáropa, fut. of dispáreu. [d] ΔΡΑ ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: fut. δράξομαι: sor. Ι έδραξάμην: pf. δέδραγμαι Att. δέδαργμαι: Dep.:—to grasp with the band, grasp a bandful of: to lay bold of :-c. acc. rei, to take by bandsful. δραστέος, a, or, verb, Adj. of δράω, to be done. δραστέον, one must do. Spartholog, or, vigorous, active, efficacious. δράστης, ου, ό, (δράω) a worker: servant. δραστικός, ή, όν, (δράω) active. Sparos, 1, or, metath for dapros, verb. Adj. of dies. skinned, flayed. δραχμή, ή, (δράσσομαι) a drachma, a coin worth 6 obols, i. e. 93d, nearly - Roman denarius. Attic weight, - about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly @ neueb as one can bold in the band, cf. δράγμα.) APA'Ω, f. δράσω [d]: aor. I έδρασα: pf. δέδρακα: -Pass., aot. I έδρασθην: pf. δέδραμαι:-to do be doing, accomplish: -c. dupl. acc., et or manue apar rura, to do one good or ill. δρεπάνη, ή, (δρέπω) a sickle, reaping-book, scythe [4] δρεπάνη-φόρος, ον, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) bearing a scribe: άρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scytbe-armed cat. Spendro-adips, és, (Spénaror, eldos) sickle-shaped. δρέπάνον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, a sickle: a curred scimitar. δρεπάν-ουργόε, ὁ, (δρέπανον, \*έργω) a sword-maker. δρέπτω, poët. for δρέπω, to pluck, cull. ΔΡΕΠΩ, f. you: 201. I έδρεψα: 201. 2 έδράπον: —Med., Dor. fut. δρεψεύμαι: 201. I έδρεψάμην:— Pass., aor. Ι ἐδρέφθην:—to break off, pluck: Med. to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess, enjoy. Spyretys, ea, &, Ion. for Sparetys. δρησμοσύνη, ή, - δρηστοσύνη. δρηστήρ, ήροε, δ, (διδρέσκω) Ιοπ. for δραστώς, ε run-away. δρηστήρ, ήροι, δ, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) α Labourer, worker: fem. δρήσταρα. δρηστής, οῦ, ὁ, Ιοπ. for δραστής. δρηστοσύνη, ή, Ion. for δραστοσύνη, (δράω) service. δριμύλος, or, Dim. of δριμύς, sharp, piercing. [8] APIMY'E, esa, v, piercing, etinging, beting. II. metaph. like Lat. acer, cherp, hoen, δράπέτης, ου, Ιοα. δρηπέτης, εω, ό, (δρώναι) α τυπbitter: sbrewd. Adv. -fee. Hence II. as Adj., Boaπέτης κλήρος a fugitive lot, i.e. a mouldering clod, δριμύτης, τητος, ή, sharpness, pungency: airconfinent

APTOE, 76, plur. opia, 76, (as if from opior) copse-

ΔΡΟΙΤΙΙ, ή, a bathing tub, a bath.

Spoundes, a, or, or oe, or, (Spopos) running at full speed, swift, fleet.

δρομάς, άδοε, δ, (δραμεᾶν) running, wbirling. δρομεύς, έως, (δραμεᾶν) a runner.

δρόμημα, ατοε, τό, = δράμημα.

δρόμου, δ. (δραμεῖν) α course, race, running: fli bt: a fleting, escape; ημέρην δρόμου a day's running, i.e. the distance one can go in a day. 2. the length of the stadium, a course; εξω δρόμου φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course. II. a place for running, race-course: a public walk.

δροσερός, ά, όν, (δρόσοι) dewy, watery.

δροσίζω, f. low, (δρόσου) to bedow, besprinkle, δροσινός, ή, όν, (δρόσου) – δροσερόυ.

δροσόσις, εσσα, εν, poet. for δροσερύε.

APO'ZOZ, \$\frac{1}{2}\$, Lat. ROS, dew: also the time of dew, dev-fall. 2. pure water: tears. 3. metaph. anything tender, the young of animals. Hence

δροσόω, to bedew: pf. pass. part. δεδροσωμένος, deuv.

δροσ-ώδης, εε, (δρόσοι, elδοι) dew-like, dewy. Αρνάς, άδοι, ή, (δρύι) a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.

δρύτνος [1], η, ον, (δρύε) caken; δρύτνον πύρ z fire of cak-wood; μέλι δρώτον honey from a bollow cak.

δρυ-κολάπτης, ου, δ, = δρυο-κολάπτης. δρυμός, δ, pl. δρυμοί and δρυμά: (δρυς): an oakcoppies, a coppies, wood. [8, except in neut. pl.]

δρυμών, ώνος, ή, (δρύς) an oak-coppics. δρυσ-γόνος, ον, (δρύς, \*γένω) oak-grown.

δρυσ-κοίτης, ου, ό, (δρῦς, κοίτη) couching on the oat, epith. of the τέττιξ.

δρυο-κολάπτης, ου, δ, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) the great moodpecker, Lat. picus major.

Bρυο-πάγης, έε, (δρθε, παγήναι) built of oak.

Βρύ-οχοι, οί, οτιδρύ-οχα, τά, (δρθε, έχω) the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρυόχουε τιθέναι δράματος to lay the keel of a

new play.

δρύοψ, οπος, δ, (δρύε, δψ) a kind of woodpecker.

δρύσπετήμ, δε, (δρύε, πέπτω) ripened on the tree,
quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετήμ, δε,
(δρύε, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from
the tree.

APYTHIA, h, an over-ripe, mouldy olive.

ΔΡΥΊΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. τ έδρυψα Ερ. δρόψα:—Pass., aor. τ εδρόφθην: pf. δέδρυμμα:—to tear, scratch, wound; δρόπτεσθαι παρειάν to tear one's check; also absol.

APY 2, 4, gen. 8ptos, acc. 8ptor: pl. nom. and acc. 8ptos, 8ptos, contr. 8pto: —the oak, sacred to Zeus.

II. any timber tree; when 8pto the resinous pins.

III. metaph. an old tree, i. e. thered old man.

Sou-ropes, or, (Spue, repear) felling timber.

δρύφακτον, τό, and δρύφακτος, δ, (δρθε) a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the source of law on the souncil-chamber.

δρύφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρύπτα.

δρύψα, Ep. 201. ι of δρύπτω.

δρύψια, τά, (δρύπτω) scraping, parings. δρώουμι, Ep. for δρώμι, lengthd. opt. of δράω.

δρώσιμι, Ep. for δρῷμι, lengthd, opt. of δράκι. 80, Ep. for έδυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δίκι.

Sváme, Adv. twice, - die.

δυάς, άδος, ή, (δύο) the number sero.

δυάω, (δύη) to plunge in misery.

δυείν, later Att. for δυοίν, gen. and dat. dual of δόο. ΔΥΗ, ή, woe, misery, anguisb: toil, pain: bard usage. [v]

δυην, (as if for δυίην), acr. 2 opt. of δυμ.

δυηπάθίη, ή, misery. From δυή-πάθος, ον, (δύη, παθείν) suffering wos.

800, aor. 2 imperat. of 800.

δύῖος, α, ον, (δύη) miserable. δύμἔναι, δύμεν, Ερ. for δῦναι, 201. 2 inf. of δύω. δύμι, assumed as a collat. form of δύω, δύνω.

Bûvar, sor, 2 inf. of bics.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

ATNAMAI, in pres. and imperf. declined like foraµaı, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύση, Ion. δύση δύνασι, 3 pl. δύνανται Εp. δυνέαται; subj. δύννμαι, Ion. 2 sing. δύνηνα:—impf. δδυσάμην, 2 sing. δύνανα, 3 pl. δδύναντο Ion. έδυνέατο:—fut, δυνήσοµαι: aor. ι έδυνησάμην and δδυνήθην (or δδυνάσην Εp. δυνάσην):—pf. δεδύνη µαι:—in Att. the double sugment ήδυνάμην, ήδυνήθην is often used: Dep.: I. to be able, capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.: also c. acc., δύνασθαι άπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia posse: absol., ol δυνάμενοι the powerful. II. ευ pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; δ σίγλοε δύναται έπτα δβόλουs the shekel is worth seven obols: to avail: to signify, denote.

δύνδμικ, ή: gen. εωε Ion. ιοε: Ion. dat. δύναμι: (δύναμαι):—strength, might, power, ability; κατά δύναμιν to the best of one's power, Lat. pro virili; παρά δύναμιν οι υπέρ δύναμιν beyond one's power. 2. a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae. 3. a quantity, Lat. vis, e. g. χρημάτων. 4. the force of a word, etc., meaning, Lat. vis. 5. a faculty, power: hence a faculty, art, as Logic. 6. worth, value, as

of money.
δύναμοω, f. ώσω, (δύναμι») to strengthen,

δυνάσθην, Ερ. 201. Ι οf δώναμαι.

δύνάσιε, εωε, ή, poët. for δύναμιε.

Sivacrela, 1, power, lardship, sovereignty.
an oligarchy. From

Stragrebu, f. ou, to bold power or lordship, be powerful: to be high in rank. From

11.

δύνάστης, ου, δ, (δύναμαι) a lord, master, ruler; of δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.

δυνάστωρ, οροε, ό, - δυνάστηε.

Sivarie, f. how, (Surarde) to be powerful. Surárne, ou, d, poët. for Surászye. parde éxes it is possible.

Sove, Ep. for foure, 3 sing. impf. of dire. Siveal, Sive, Ion. 2 sing. of direact.

Buviaras, Ion. 3 pl. of Suvapar.

Burnas, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of dirapas.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύω. δύνω, see δύω.

'AΥ'O, Ep. δόω: gen. and dat. δυοῦν, in later Att. δυοῦν: plur. only in lon. and late Att., gen. δυοῦν, dat. δυοῦ lon. δυοῦσ: sometimes indecl., e. g. τῶν δύο μοιράων:—Lat. DUO, our TWO; σὰν δύο ευο togother, by ευου; ele δύο ευο and ευο.

Svo-nal-Beka, ol, al, rá, twelve, Lat. dro-decim. Svokatšeká-u gvos, Svokatšekás, Svokatšékaros,

see δωδεκά-μηνος, δωδεκάς, etc. δυδωσιν, Ep. for δυώσιν, 3 pl. of δυάω.

δύρομαι, pošt. for δδύρομαι.

860-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to e8, like our wn- or mis- in un-luchy, mis-chance, always with a notion of hard, had, ill, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its had sense.

Búe, susa, dúe, sor. a part, of dúes,

Bus aykopustos, bus aykputos, poët, for bus-avak.

800-ayros, or, (800-, dyrus) unchasts, impure.
800-aypin, f. how, to have bad luck in fishing.

ουσ-άδελφος, ον, unbappy in one's brothers.

δυσ-άξε, έε, (δυσ-, άημι) ill-blowing, stormy, ad-

verse; duration Ep. gen. pl. for duration.

Bur-alkton, a, or, also os, or, most miserable.

δυσ-αιῶνήα, έε, most direful, most borrible. δυσ-αίθριος, ον, (δυσ-, αίθρα) not clear, murky.

δυσ-alov, eros, δ, ή, miserable in life, most miserable. δυσ-aλγής, έε, (δυσ-, άλγοε) very painful.

δυσ-άλγητος, ον, (δυσ-, άλγίω) unfeeling, bardbearted.

δυσ-άλιος, or, Dor. for δυσ ήλιοε. [ā]

Suc-diarros, or, (δυσ-, diarra) bard to catch or conquer; δυσάλειτος maxim bard to be reached by ills. δυσ-άμβατος, or, by poöt, syncop, for δυσ-ανάβατος.

Buo-appropos, or, most miserable.

δυσ-ανάβάτος, or, bard to mount.
δυσ-ανακόμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκόμιστος, or, (δυσ-, dranoμίζω) bard to bring back or recall.
δυσ-ανάκρίτος, syncop. δυσ-άγκρίτος, or, (δυσ-,

drauptru) bard to distinguish or examine.

Suo-avaoxertu, f. hou, (buo-, draoxertu) to bear
ill, to be unable to bear.

Sur-avarpeuros, or, (Sus-, drarplus) bard to overthrow.

δυσ-άνεκτος, αν, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) bard to bear.

Bur-dvenos, or, Dor. for dur-hrenos.

Buσ-αντίβλεπτος, or, (δυσ-, driiβλίπω) bard to look in the face.

Sucrevee, for idos-, 3 pl. sor. I med. of dos.

Bur-drup, opes, 8, 4, (8us., drip) with a bad his band. [4]

Buσ-απέλλακτος, er, (δυσ-, ἐπαλλάσσω) bard κ get rid of.

Buo-amoros, or, very disobedient.

Bυσ-απόκρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, dποκρίνομαι) bard κ answer.

Bus-andrentoe, or, (Bus-, deorphew) bard to turn away, utubborn, refractory. Bus-apectoe, or, (Bus-, aphenu) ill to please, im

placable: pervisb, morose.

Buo-Apuoro-toketa, f, (buo-, apuoros, tokos) »:

bappy mother of the noblest son.

Bug-approx. or. (bug-, days) bard to rovern.

δύσ-αρκτος, ω, (δυσ-, άρχω) bard to govern. δυσωυλία, ή, ill or bard lodging. From

δύσ-sukos, or, (მυσ–, aikή) ill for lodging. მύσ-sukos, or, (მυσ–, aikos) ill-suited for the fute

δυσ-αχής, ές, Dor. for δυσηχής. δυσ-άχής, ές, (δυσ-, άχος) sorely painful.

δυσ-βάστακτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαστάζω) grievous to b borne.

δύσ-βάνοε, ον. (δυσ-, βαίνω) bard to pass, impass able; τὸ δύσβατον difficult ground. 2. trodds: painfully.

δυσ-βάσωτος, or, (δυσ-, βατζω) full of wailing.

δυσ-βίστος, ον, (δυσ-, βίστος) making life weretebed δυσβουλία, ή, ill counsel, folly. From δύσ-βουλος, ον, (δυσ-, βουλή) ill-advised.

δύσ-βωλος, ον, (δυσ-, βωλος) of ill soil, unfruiful δύσ-γάμος, ον, ill-wedded.

δυσ-γάργαλιε, ι, (δυσ-, γαργαλίζω) tieklish, skitnish δυσγένεια, ή, low, mean birth. From

δυσ-γενής, ές, (δυσ-, γένος) loss-born: loss-minde: δύσ-γνοιά, ή, (δυσ-, γνώναι) ignorance, perplexity δυσγνωσία, ή, difficulty of knowing. From

Súo-vecoros, or, (buo-, prûra) bard to know o recognise.

δυσδαιμονία, ή, misery: wretebedness. From δυσ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονοε, (δυσ-, δαίμων) ill-fæter

δυσ-δάκρθτος, ον, (δυσ-, δακρύω) much wept. much weeping.

δύσ-δάμαρ, αρτοε, δ, ή, ill-wedded.

Bur-Bidberos, or, (dur-, Bariloqui) bard to settle. Bur-Boos, or, (dur-, Espa) bringing ill leach to ome abode.

δυσ-αιδής, ie, (δυσ-, eldos) unebapely, deformed.

δυσ-είματος, οτ, (δυσ-, είμα) meanly clad. δυσ-είσβολος, οτ, (δυσ-, είσβάλλα) bard to ente or invade: Sup., -άτατος, οτ, most inaccessible.

δυσ-έκθύτος, ω, (δυσ-, ἐκθύω) bard so avert è sacrifice.

δυσ-έκλυτος, ον. (δυσ-, ἐκλύο) bard to unds, isen plicable:—Adv. -του, indissolubly.

Buσ-εκπέρδιτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκ**τεράω) bard to p**ië from, bard to escape. Buσ-έκφυκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκφεύγω) **bard to scop** 

Sur-exieve, \$, ill-starred Holen,

from.

bio exame, ibos, b, h, with ill bops, desponding. δυσ-ίλπιστος, αν, (δυσ-, έλπίζω) unboped for; έκ

destisieros, Lat. en insperato, unexpectedly. δυσ-έμβάτος, αν, (δυσ-, έμβαίνω) bard to walk on,

rugged; inaccessible.

δυσ-έμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ξμβάλλω) bard to invade. δοσ-erreple, ή, and δυσεντέριον, τό, (δυσ-, έντερον) e bowel complaint, dysentery.

δυσ-έντευετος, ον, (δυσ-, έντυγχάνω) ποι affable. δυσ-Εαπάτητος, ον. (δυσ-, έξαπατάω) bard to de-

ceipe.

δυσ-έξαιπτος, ω, (δυσ-, έξάπτω) bard to unloose. δυσ-εξέλεγετος, ον, (δυσ-, εξελέγχω) bard to refute. ουσ-εξέλικτος, σ. (δυσ-, εξελίσσω) bard to unfold or explain.

δυσ-εξήνυστος, ον. (δυσ-, έξανύτω) bard to make away with: induscoluble.

δύστο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.

δυσ-επιβούλευτος, ον. (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) bard to plot against or attack secretly.

δυσ-έραστος, ον, (δυσ-, έράω) unfavourable to love. δυσ-έρημος, er, very desolate.

δύσ-ερις, ι, gen. ιδοε, (δυσ-, έριε) most contentions, very quarrelsome, peevisb.

buo-incree, or, (buo-, ipi(w) caused by evil strife. δυσ-ερμήνευτος, ον, (δυσ-, έρμηνεύω) bard to explain.

δύσ-ερως, ωτος, δ, ή, (δυσ-, έρως) passionately loving, sick in love with, Lat. perdité amans.

bardly lowing, insensible to love.

δύσετο, Ep. for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύω. δυσ-ευνήτωρ, opos, δ, (δυσ-, εὐνή) an ill bed-fellow. Sua-superos, or, (Bus-, supland) bard to find out: bard to get: bard to get through, impervious.

δύσ-ζηλος, or, (δυσ-, ζηλοι) exceeding jealous. δυσ-ζήτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) bard to seek out.

Súa-Luos, or, (our-, (wh) most wretched.

Suσ-ήκεστος, ω, (δυσ-, ἀκίσμαι) bard to cure. Buc-hucos, or, (dug-, duois) bard of bearing.

Swo-nherins, is, (800-, here to lay asleep) of death, stretching one on a bard bed: bard, painful, uneasy: of men, bard-bearted, unfeeling.

Suc-halos, or, unlit by the sun, sunless, without the light of day.

δυσ-ημερία, ή, (δυσ-, ήμερα) απ unlucky day.

8υσ-hrepos, or, (δυσ-, ώ εμος) with ill winds, stormy.

δύσ-ηριε, ιδοε, ύ, ή, older form of δύσ-εριε, very guarrelsome, contentious. δυσ-ηχής, έε, (δυσ-, ήχέω) ill-sounding: bateful to

bear of, bateful.

δυσ-θαλπής, ές, (δυσ-, θάλπος) bard to warm; chilly. Surfavarie, f. how, to die a ling ering death. From

Suc-Bavaros, or, dying bard, struggling with II. act. bringing a painful death. death. Sur-barhs, is, (bur-, bareir) baving died a bard

deatb. Suo-Béaros, or, (buo-, beáopai) ill to look on.

Súo-Beos, or, godless, ungodly.

δυσ-θεράπευτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεράπεύω) bard to cure. δυσ-θετέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, τίθημι) to be in bad case: Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegré ferre.

δυσ-θνήσκω, = δυσθανατέω. δυσ-βρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) most mournful. δύσ-θροος, or, (δυσ-, θρέω) of barsb sound, grating.

δυσθυμαίνω, - δυσφυμέω. δυσθυμέω, f. ήσω, to be down-bearted, despond: Med.

to be melaneboly, angry. From δύσ-θύμος, ον. (δυσ-, θυμός) down-bearted, dispirited,

desponding, anxious. δυσ-laπos, or, (δυσ-, láoμαι) bard to beal ot cure. δύσι-θάλασσος, ον, (δύω, θάλασσα) dipped in the

δύσ-ιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ίππος) bard to ride in : τά · δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.

δύσνε, εωε, ή, (δύω) a sinking or setting of the sun or stars: δύσιε ήλίου the west.

δυσ-κάθαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, κάθαίρω) bard so cleanse or expiate: bard to appease, inexorable.

δυσ-κάθεκτος, or, (δυσ-, κατέχω) bard to bold in. δύσ-καπνος, αν, (δυσ-, καπνόε) very smoky.

δυσ-κατάπαυστος, οτ, (δυσ-, καταταύω) bard to check: restless.

δυσ-κατάπρακτος, ον. (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) bard to bring about, bard to effect.

δυσ-κατάστάτος, οτ, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) bard to restore ot reëstablisb.

δυσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονίω) by πο means to be despised.

δυσ-κατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάζομαι) = δυσκατάπρακτος.

δύσκε, Ion. for έδυ, 3 sing. acr. 2 of δύω.

δυσ-κελάδοs, or, shrill-screaming, grating: barsh. δυσ-κηδής, έε, (δυσ-, κήδος) full of care, painful.

δύσ-κηλος, or, (δυσ-, κηλέω) past remedy. δυσ-κλεής, έε: acc. δυσκλεέα poët. δυσκλέά: (δυσ-,

ntéon) injurious: infamous, shameful. Hence

δύσκλεια, ή, ingloriousness, disbonour: an ill name. δυσκλεωs, Adv. of δυσκλεήs, ingloriously.

δύσ-κληρος, ον, unlucky.

δυσκλής, poët, for δυσκλεής.

δυσκολαίνω, f. ανω, (δύσκολος) to be peevish, discontented, annoyed.

δυσκολία, ή, (δύσκολος) peevisbness, discontent. δυσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) ill-cemented.

δυσκολό-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) bard to; bend; δυσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in singing.

δυσκολό-κοιτος, ον (δύσκολος, κοίτη) making one's bed uneasy.

δύσ-κολος, ον, (δυσ-, κύλον) tard to satisfy with food: bard to please, freeful, peevisb, discontented. . II. of things, barassing: unpleasant.

δύσ-κολπος, or, with ill-formed womb. δυσκόλως, Adv. of δύσκολος, peeviebly; δυσκύλως

Exer to be peevisb. Svorkpuola, j, bad temperament. δύσ-κράτος, ον, (δυσ-, κεράννυμ) of bad temperament.

δυσ-κόμιστος, οτ, (8υσ-, κομίζω) hard to be borne. δύσ-κρίτος, οτ, (8υσ-, κρίτω) hard to discern: hard to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully; δυσκρίτως έχειν to be in doubt.

ουσ-κύμαντος, or, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the

vormy sea.

δυσκωφέω, f. ήσω, to be stone deaf. From δύσ-κωφος, ον, (δυσ-, κωρόε) stone deaf.

δύσ-λεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, λέγω) ill or bard to tell. δυσ-λόγιστος, ον, (δυσ-, λογίζομαι) bard to reck-

. II. misdirected, misguided.

Buo-λόφος, ον, (δυσ-,λόφος) bard for the neck, bard 10 bear. II. impatient: Adv. -φου, impatiently. δύσ-λύτος, ον, (δυσ-,λύω) bard to loose, indissoluble. Buoyaldia & Adv. to be along at largeing. From

δυσμάθέω, f. ήδω, to be slow at learning. From δυο μάθία, έε, (δυσ-, μαθεῦν) bard to learn, diffisult. II. set. slow at learning, dull:—Adv. -θῶς, δυσμαθῶν ἔχειν to be slow of learning.

δυσ-μάχέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to fight in vain; to fight an unboly fight with. Hence

δυσμάχην έον, verb. Adj. one must struggle bard. δύσ-μάχος, ω, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) bard to fight with,

uneconquerable: generally, bard, difficult.
δυσμενοίνω, (δυσμενήε) to bear ill-will.

Surplevera, h, (Busperhe) ill-will, enmity.

Surpersian, ill-affected, bearing ill-will, bostile: masc. Adj. with particip. form. From

Sug-perfe, is, (Sug-, piros) ill-affected, bearing illmill, bostile; Sug paries enemies.

Sur-peraxelpiortos, or, (Sur-, peraxeipi(w) bard to take in band or manage: bard to conquer.

δυσμή Dor. δυθμή, ή, (δύω) – δύσιε, a sinking, setting, esp. of the sun; mostly in pl., opp. to dearnolai.

δύσ-μηνικ, ι, gen. ιου, savage, wratbfal.

δυσ-μήνετος, ον, (δυσ-, μηνιω) visited by beauty

ουσ-μήτηρ, epoe, ή, a eruel mother, not a true mother.

δυσμηχανέω, t. ήσω, to be at loss. From δυσ-μήχανος, ον. (δυσ-, μηχανή) guite at a loss. δύσ-μοιρος, ον. (δυσ-, μοίρα) – δυνμορος.

δυσμορία, ή, a bard fate. From

δύσ-μορος, or, ill-fated, ill-starred.

δυσμορφία, ή, badness of form, uglimus. From δύσ-μορφος, ον, (δυσ-, μορφή) missbapen, ugly,

Abo-uovoos, or, (dvo-, Movoa) not favoured by the Ause, unmusical.

δύσ-νιπτος, ον, (δυσ-, νίζω) bard to waib out or off. δυσ-νόητος, ον, (δυσ-, νοίω) bard to be under-tood.

δυσνοέω, f. ήσω, (δύσνοοε) to be ill-affected.

δύσνοια, ή, (δύσνοοε) dislike, ill-will.

Survoyle, f, lawlessness a bad constitution, bad rode of laws. From

vo-vouos, or, lawless, unrighteous.

δύσ-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, ill-disposed, illaffected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, or, not really a return.

δυσ-νύμφευτος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) disagreeable to marry.

δύσ-νυμφος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφή) ill-wedded. δυσ-ξύμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) bard to deal

ουσ-ξύνετος, οτ, (δυσ-, ξυνίημι) bard to understand, obscure, enigmatical.

δυσοδμία, ή, - δυσοσμία. From

δύσ-οδμος, ον, - δύσοσμος.

δυσοδο-παίπάλος, ον, (δύσοδος, παιπάλη) rugged and steep.

δύσ-οδος, or, bard to pass, searce passable.

Sur-olfe, to be sad, anxious: Med. to be afraid. (From due, and of alas !, as ointife from olnos.)

δυσ-οίκητος, σν. (δυσ-, οίκθω) bad to dwell in. δύσ-οιμος, σν. (δυσ-, οίμη) with a bad path.

δύσ-οιστος, ον, (δυσ-, olow fut. of φέρω) bard to bear, insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, or, tempestuous.

Buo-buthon, or, with an ill company, bringing each in one's train.

δυσ-όμματος, σν, (δυσ-, όμμα) scarce-seeing.

Bur-bparos, av, (Sua-, ipaw) bard to see.

δυσ-όργητος, ον, (δυσ-, όργάω) - δύσοργος. δύσ-οργος, ον, (δυσ-, οργή) quick to anger.

δόσ-ορμος, or, with had anchorage. IL. wroal δύσορμοι, gales that keep ships at anchor.

rroal disoppor, gales that keep ships at anchar. Gis-apris, Ibos, d, f, (dus-, spris) boding ill.

δυσ-όρφναιος, α, ον, (δυσ-, έρφνη) dusky.

δυσοσμία, ή, an ill smell, rankness. From δύσ-οσμος, ον. (δυσ-, δσμή) ill-smelling, stinking,

rank. II. bad for seent. Buo-oupearos, or, (buo-, obpl(w) driven on by a tos

δυσ-ούριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ούρί(ω) driven on by a too favourable wind, prospering unbappily.

δυσπάθδω, f. ήσω, to suffer a bard fate, be in effiction. II. to be impatient, Lat. aegréferre. From δυσ-παθής, és, (δυσ-, πάθου) impatient of suffer-

ng. II. bardly feeling, impassive. Buo-máhauoros, or, (Buo-, mähaiw) bard to wreste

with, bard to conquer.

δυσ-πάλάμος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλάμη) hard to struggls with.

11. hardly belping oneself, belpless: Adv. -μων.

δυσ-πάλής, έε, (δυσ-, πάλη) bard to wrestle with: generally, bard, difficult.

δυσ-παράβλητος, σε, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) incomparable

δυσ-παράβουλος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) bard to persuade, stribborn.

ουσ-παράθελκτος, ω, (δυσ-, παραθέλγω) bard me sooths or assuage

Bur-mapairyros, or, (Bur-, sapeurlopea) bard to move by prayer, inexarable.

Bur-mopeuvos, or, (Bur-, mapa, elré) ill-mand.

δυσ-παινήγορος, ον, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) bard to | rusole or appease.

ουσ-πάρθενος, ή, απ unbappy maiden.

Δύσ-πάριε, 1801, δ, ill-omened, ill-starred Paris: εί. Αὐνόπαριε.

δυσ-πάρίτος, er, (δυσ-, πάρειμι to pass by) bard to

δυσ-παιθής, έε, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) bardly obeying, ulf-willed, stubborn: ill-trained.

δύσ-πειστος, ον. (δυσ-, πείθω) bard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient. Adv., buorelorus lyen to be incredulous.

δυσ-πέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, πελάζω) dangerous to come near.

δύσ-πεμιπτος, ω, (δυσ-, πέμπω) bard to send away.

δυσ-πέμφελος, or, (δυσ-, πέμφιξ) of the sea, rough and stormy: metaph. rude, discourteous.

δυσ-πενθής, έε, (δυσ-, πένθοε) bringing sore affliction, grievous.

ονσ-πέρατος, αν. (δυσ-, περάω) bard to pass through.

ουσ-πετής, έε, (δυσ-, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) falling out ill, grievous, difficult. Adv. δυσπετώς, Ion. - las, with difficulty.

δυσ-πήμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, τη μαίνω) full of grisvous oil.

Sur-miring, is, (Bup-, whree) squalid.

δύσ-πλάνος, ον, (δυσ-, πλάνη) wandering in misery. δυσ-πλοία, Ion. -πλοίη, ή, difficulty of sailing. Prom

δύσ-πλοος, or, (δυσ-, πλίω) bad for sailing.

δύσ~πλωτος, ον, - δύσπλοος.

δύσπνοια, ή, difficulty of breathing. From Sur-avoos, or, contr. -avous, our, (dur-, avém) scant II. unfit to breathe. f breath, breathless. road *Búsw*root contrary winds.

δυσ-πολέμητος, ον. (δυσ-, πολεμίω) bard to war rith.

δυσ-πόλεμος, ον, unlucky in war.

Bus-wolidokytos, or, (dus-, woliopkla) bard to ake by siege.

δυσ-πονής, έε, (δυσ-, πονέω) toilsoms. δυσ-πόνητος, αν, (δυσ-, πον έω) bard-earned. ringing toil and trouble.

Súa-zovoz, ov, toilsome, wearisome.

δυσ-πόρευτος, ον, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) bard to pass. boomople, h, difficulty of passing. From

Búcr-mopos, or, bard to pass, scarce passable.

Buor-wormer, or, unlucky, ill-starred. Adv. Svoweuez, miserably.

ούσ-ποτος, ον, (δυσ-, πότον) bard to drink, unalatable.

<del>Βυσ-πράγίω</del>, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, πράγοε) to fare ill. Buo-mpakla, h, (duo-, mpaoom) ill success, ill luck. Bus-uparos, or, (805-, uupásku) bard to sell.

Βυσ-προπής, έε, (δυσ-, πρέπω) base, unseemly. Buσ-πρόσβάτος, or, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) bard to able, borrible, Lat. infandus.

pproach, scarce accesible.

δυσ-πρόσίτος, er, (δυσ-, πρόσειμε to approach) bard to approach, difficult of access. δυσ-πρόσοδος, or, bard to get at.

δυσ-πρόσοιστος, αν, (δυσ-, προσοίσω fut. of προσφίρω) bard to deal or bear with, morose.

δυσ-πρόσοπτος, ον, (δυσ-, προσύψομαι f. of προσopáw) ill to look on: of ill aspect.

δυσ-προσπέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσπελέζω) bard to approach.

δυσ-πρόσωπος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) of ill aspect.

δύσ-ρίγος, ον, (δυσ-, βίγος) unable to bear sold. δυσσέβεια, ή, impiety: a charge of impiety: and δυσσεβίω, f. ήσω, to be impiesse; to act impiously. From

δυσ-σεβής, έε, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) ungodly, impious.

δυσσεβία, poët, for δυσσέβεια, δύσ-σοος, ον, (δυσ-, σωζω) bard to save, ruinal.

Lat. perditus: 7à biogoa the rogues. δυσ-τάλδε, αινα, αν, very wicked, most miserable. ] δύστανος, ον, Dor, for δύστηνος.

δυσ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) bard to conjecture: dark and riddling.

δύσ-τεκνος, ον. (δυσ-, τέκνον) unbappy in one's ebildren.

δυσ-τερπής, ές, (δυσ-, τέρπω) ill-pleasing, displeas-

burryvos, or, wretebed, unbappy, unfortunate. like Lat. miser, wretched, profligate. (Deriv. uncertain.) δυσ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, τλήμων) suffering evil, wretched.

δύσ-τλητος, ον, (δυσ-, τλήναι) bard to endure. δυσ-τοκεύε, έωε, δ. (δυσ–, τοκεύε) ακ unbappy parent. δυστοκίω, f. ήσω, to bave a bard labour. ' From δύσ-τοκος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκείν) bringing forth with pain. δυστομέω, f. ήσω, to speak evil of. From δύ-στομος, ον, (δυσ-, στόμα) evil-speaking.

of a horse, bard-moutbed. δυ-στονος, ον, (δυσ-, στένω) lamentable.

δυσ-τόπαστος, ον, (δυσ-, τοπάζω) bard to guess. δυ-στόχαστος, ον, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) bard to bid

upon. δυσ-τράπεζος, ον, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) fed on borrid food.

δυσ-τράπελος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) bard to turn: stubborn, unmanageable. Adv. - hos, awkwardly. δύσ-τροπος, αν, (δυσ-, τρέπω) bard to turn or direct:

stubborn, wayward. δυστύχίω, f. ήσω: pf. δεδυστύχηκα: (δυστυχήο) j

-to be unlucky, unbappy: of things, to fail. Hence δυστύχημα, ατοι, τό, a misebance, a failure. δυσ-τυχής, le, (δυσ-, τύχη) unlucky, unfertunate.

Adv. - xwe. Hence Buottyla, A, ill luck, ill fortune.

δυσ-ύποιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ύποίσω fut. of ὑποφίρω) bard to endure.

δύσ-φάμος, Dor. for δύσφημου. δύσ-φάτος, ον, (δυσ-, φημί) bard to tell, unspeak-

စီးတရုံကျူးပြေ, ဂို ရုံတွေ၊ (သို့တရုံကူးသည်) to speak soil words:

esp. words of ill omen. II. trans. to speak ill of, blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ή, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δύσ-φ μος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, boding. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φίλής, έε, (δυσ-, φιλέω) bateful.

δυσφορέω, f. ήσω, (δύσφοροε) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. aegré ferre; to be discontented. Hence

δυσφόρητος, ον, bard to bear. δυσ-φόρμυγξ, εγγοε, ό, ή, ill suited to the lyre, mourn-

ful, melancholy.

δύσ-φοροε, ον, (δυσ-, φέρω) bard to bear, oppressive, beavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δυσφόρου έχειν to be intolerable.

II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving

with difficulty, slow of motion.
δυσφρόνως, Adv. οι δύσφρων, foolishly.
δυσφροσύνη, ή, anxiety, sare. From

sorrowful.

sensetess.
δυσ-φύλακτος, er, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) bard to watch or keep.

II. bard to keep off.

δύσ-φρων, or, gen. eros, (δυσ-, φρήν) beauy in beart,

II. ill-disposed, bostile.

δυσ-χείμερος, αν. (δυσ-, χείμα) very wintry, stormy. δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χειρόω) a thing bard

to subdue, a bard conquest. δυσ-χείρωτος, ον, (δυσ-, χειρόω) bard to subdue. δυσχεραίνω, fut. &ώ, to bear with a bad grace, Lat.

aegré ferre: to be discontented, displeased. II. to make a thing hard, to make difficulties; βήματα δυσχεράναντα (201. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχέρεια, ή, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble.
2. of persons, psevisbness, ill-temper, moroseness.

From Sur-Xephs, &s. (Sus-, Xelp) bard to manage. II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons, peevisb, ill-tempered:—Adv., Sus Xepõe Exeur to be annoyed.

δύσχιμος, ον, (from δυσ-, as μελάγχιμος from μέλας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαινία, ή, scanty, sbabby clothing. From δύσ-χλαινόα, σε, (δυσ-, χλαινα) sbabbily elad. δύσ-χορτοα, σε, ill-supplied with food.

δύσ-χρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράομαι) bard to use, insonvenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ή, (δυσ-, χώροε) difficult ground. δυσ-άδηε, εε, (δυσ-, δ(ω) ill-emelling.

Sug-ablives, or, (bug-, abl) causing grievous pangs.

Buswie, f. how, to beat down the price, cheapen.

bus-buys, ou, b, (bus-, butopas) one who buys with difficulty, a hard sustemer.

δυσ-ώνυμος, ον, (δυσ-, δνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as Aias.

Svo-wring t how, (dvo-, siy) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Bass. to be asbamed, sby, timid.

Buσ-ωρέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (δυσ-, ἔφοι):—κ keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δύσ-ωρος, ον. (δυσ-, ώρα) unseasonable.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτης, ου, ό, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, 1200. ΔΥ΄Ω or δύνω: fut. δύσω [v]: 201. I 201. £36σα:---

Μεd., δύομαι: impf. έδυόμην: fat. δύσομαι [δ]: aor. Ι έδυσμην, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. έδύσεο, εδύσετο, imperat. δύσεο, part. δυσύμενου used in pres. sense:

with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense, aor. 2 foor, us, u, dual ἐδύτην [ῦ], pl. ἐδυμαν, ἐδῦτε, ἐδοσαν Ερ. ἐδον; imperat. δύθι, δύτε, subj. δώω; opt.

dulyp or δύην; inf. δύραι, part. δύν: pf. δέδαα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. 1, δύσαι, έδουα, έο put clothes
on another.

II. intr. in all other tenses of Act.,
and in Med.:

I. of clothes, to put them on oursif,

and in Med.: 1. of clothes, to put them on owney, put on; metaph., el ui) où ve dive al despri if thou will not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make one's way into; direu ndharor badácorys to sink into

the lap of ocean; whenor dirai and disassal to plunge into the light; pryoripas disassal to go in among the suitors.

3. to come over or upon; the parce you didness wariness came upon his limb;

κρατερή δ λύσσα δέδυκε madness came over him. 4absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and star. δυά-δεκα, ol, al, τά, poδt. for δάδεκα. δυαδεκά-βοιου, αν, (δυάδεκα, βούο) worth tender

beeves. Вчыбыка-вроµов, от, (вчыбыха, броµый) гиннінд

trolve courses. Svedená-papos, os, (Svédena, páp) smelve montis

ora.

Brustaná-porpos, or, (Brústana, poipa) divided intervelve parts.

over parts.

by observation, or, twelve days old.

Supplementation of post for Sublements.

Bouncasencol-perpos, or, (bim mak elmost, pirpor) bolding two-and-twenty measures.

δυωκαιεικοσί-πηχυς, υ, (δύω καλ είκοσι, τήχπ) twenty-two cubits long.

80, τό, Ep. apocopate form for δώμα, only in nonand acc. Also as plur. for δώματα.

δω, δώε, δώ, 20r. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

8ώ-δεκα, οί, al, τά, (δύο, δίκα) twelve, Lat. dwodein. δωδεκά-γναμπτος, ον. (δώδεκα, γνάμπτω) bent spike times; δωδεκάγγαμπτον τέρμα the post that has been doubled twelve times.

Bubenáb-apχos, δ, (δώδεκα, δρχω) a leader of twist-Bubená-Bupos, ον, (δώδεκα, δώρον 11) twiste falm long.

Suben-dellos, or, conqueror in twelve contest.
Subena-erfis, és, (Súbena, Éros) of twelve years:
but, Bubenaérys, ov, b, twelve years old.

δωδοκάκιε, Λdv. (δώδεκα) twelve times. δωδοκά-κρουνος, or, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίνος, ον, (δώδεκα, λίνον) of twelve tiresis. δωδεκά-μηνος, ον, (δώδεκα, μέν) of twelve month. dudena-μέχανος, αν, (dudena, μηχανή) knowing twise αrts.

องอิตเด็-เขนนุ, -ขนเกิด, อิ, อุ, with twelve children. อิตอิตเด็-หนังณ, Adv. twelve times long ago, i.e. ever so long ago.

Subsud-wayve, v, twelve subits long.

Submid-wolks, i, gen. 100, formed of twelve united states.

δωδακ-άρχης, ου, δ, - δωδέκ-αρχου.

desdende, didos, ft, (didena) the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.

δωδοκά-σκαλμος, or, twelve-cared.

Bubent-onthron, or, made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.

Sub-coralos, a, ar, on the twelfth day. From Sublemtos, 7, or, (Subsen) the twelfth.

Subant-φūλος, αν, (δάθεκα, φυλή) of twelve tribes: τὸ δωθεκάφυλον the huelve tribes of Israel.

δωδακ-έτης, ου, δ, (δώδεκα, έτου) twelve years old;
 fem. δωδακ-έτις, ιδου, ή.
 Δωδώνη, ή, Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the scat

of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.
869, 8690r., Ep. 3 sing. 201. 2 subj. of 868000.

δώνα, Ερ. for δοίην, 201. 2 opt. of δίδωμι. δώνα, Ερ. for έδωνα, 201. I of δίδωμι.

Bakes, Dor. for δούλου.

8ωμα, ατοε τό, (δέμω) a bous:, dwelling. II. a part of the bouse, a chamber, room. III. a bouse, bousehold.

δωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of δώμα.

Supering, or, b: fem. -tre, the, it (89 pa): of, belonging to the house or household.

Buματο Φθορέω, f. ήσω, (δώμα, φθείρω) to ruin bouse and bome.

δωματόω, f. ώσφ, (δῶμα) to bouse.

δωμάω and δωμάσμαι, Dep., (δέμω) to build.

Bavaf, Dor. for bovaf, bouvaf.

Baopes, Ep. for δώμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι. Baopas, Ion. -es, η, α gift, present: — Acc. bapets used as Adv., as a free gift, freely, Lat. gratis: hence undescreedly, in vain. From

Suplus, f. ήσω: or Suployas, Dep., f. ήσομα:—to give, present: to present one with, Lat. dono. Hence Suppys, aros, τό, that which is given, a gift.

Supports, 4, br. (Suplus) open to gifts or presents, to be appeared by gifts.

II. freely given.

Δωριάζω, Ε άσω, - Δωρίζω.

Δεοριεύε, έωε, δ. (Δώροε) a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.

Δωρίζω Dor. -lobu: f. low: (Δώρου):--to imisate the Dorians. 2. to speak Doric Greek. 3. to dress like a Dorian girl.

Δωρικός, ή, όν, and Δώριας, α, ον, (Δώρος) Doric, Dorian.

Aespla, lõce, ή, (Δέφοο) fem. Adj. Dorian: (sub. γή) the Dorian land, i. e. Peloponnesus. (sub. nowle) a Dorian knife used at sacrifices. Δαρίοθεν, Dor. inf. of Δαρίω.

Auplobu, Dor. for Auplfes,

Δωριστί, (Δώρου) Adv. in Dorian fashion.

Supodonéu, f. hou, (Supodónos) to uccept as a present, to take as a bribe:—Pass. to bave a bribe given one: c. soc. to receive as a bribe. Hence

δωροδόκημα, ατοι, τό, a bribe.

Supedourgori, Adv. (Supedoules) in bribery fashions with allusion to the Dorians.

BupoBoula, 4, (SupoBoulu) a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.

δωρο-δόκος, ον, (δώρον, δίχομαι) taking presents α bribes.

δωρο-δότης, ου, δ. (δώρον, δίδωμι) a giver of presents. δώρον, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: a socies offering to a god; δώρα θεών gifts of or from the gods. IL the breadth of the hand, the palm.

δωρο-φάγος, ον, (δώρον, φάγειν) devouring gifts,

greedy of presents.

δωροφορέω, f. ήσω, to bring presents or bribes. From δωρο-φόροι, or, (δώρον, φέρω) bringing presents: hence tributary.

δωρύττομα. Dor. for δερέομα. δώς, ή, Lat. dos, -- δόσε, only in nom. δωσείω, Desiderat. of δίδωμι, to be ready to give. δωσείμενες. - έμεν, Ερ. fut. inf. of δίδωμι. δώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of δίδωμι.

g. II. a Sworl-Stude, or, (Slamu, Slay) giving oneself up to III. a bouse, justice, abiding by a sentence.

δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι.

Swow, Dor. for Swow, fut. act. part. of Slown.

δωτήρ, ήρος, δ. (δίδωμι) a giver.

δώτης, ου, δ, - δωτήρ.

Bertváfe, f. áσω, to receive presente. From Bertvη, ή, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: acc. δωτίνην as Adv., as a free gift, freely, like δωρέων. [1]

δώτωρ, οροε, δ, - δωτήρ.

bus, Ep. for do, acr. 2 subj. of blown.

## E

E, e, called & ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral «πέντε and πένετος, ε-5000. When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted η from the Samian alphabet to respect long ε, the Gramm introduced the name of & ψιλόν, ε without the aspirate, because E was one way. of writing the rough breathing.

E, bim-, ber-, or it-self, Lat. se, acc. sing. and pure reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer Ep. form is se, never enclitic.

II. without reflexive sense, for aircir.

1. abrir, abró, bim, ber, it. See of, Lat. sui.
2. fa, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: Lat. vab!

ea, for ela, 3 sing. impf. of eaw.

to, Ion, for fiv, 1 sing. impf. of elul sum.

da, lengthd. Ep. dag, 3 sing. pres. of das. leav, lengthd. Ep. inf. of law. Mya, pf. of dyrum with pass, sense. δάγην [d], 20τ. 2 pass. of dγνυμι. taba, pf. of dridere. Section, sor. 2 of dridge. đánh or đánh [d], 3 sing. sor. 2 pass. of ether. Milanca [d], pf., Milar [d], sor. 2 of discount. idv, Conj. (properly el dr), if baply, if so be that, in ease that, followed by Subjunctive, whereas el is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it d se or al se: the Att. contract it into for and do. with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. an, if, whether; substant the learner if see if or whether III. dar wal even if, granting that; it be enough. tar un if not, except, unless; tar apa un if perhaps IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles day stands for dr ; be lar mbosoever ; bron lar mbereroever; but only in very late writers.

davov, τό, ν. sq.
davos, ή, όν, (δννθμι) used of all things fit for putting on or wearing; and so, generally, fine, light; davoe sassofrepse tin best out thin and made fit for wear. II. as Subst., ddirór (sub. είμα οι Ιμάτιον), τό, α rich state-robe.

late for ita, sor. I of dyrum.

"EAP, έδρος, τό; Ep. ελαρ, είαρος; contr. ξρ, ξρος:
—Lat. VER, spring; έαρος νέον Ισταμένοιο in early spring; metaph, of anything early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing; γανόων έαρ the first down on the chin.

ἐαρί-δροπτος, ον, (έαρ, δρέπω) plusked in spring.

lapife, f. iou Att. ιῶ, (lap) to pass the spring.

lapivos Ep. elapuvos Att. ἡρινός, ἡ, ὁν: (lap):

Lat. vernus, of or belonging to spring.

Lapo-τρεφής, ἐε, (lap, τρέφω) spring-nurtured.

lag, Ep. for ἢε, 2 sing. impf. of elμi sum.

laou, Ep. sor. I of law.

laou, Ep. for eloi, 3 plur. of elμi sum.

laouov, Ion. for elaw, impf. of liw.

laouov, Ion. for firau, 3 pl. of ἢμαι.

laouov, Ion. for ἢτε, 2 pl. impf. of elμi sum.

laouo, a, ον, verb. Adj. of law. to be suffered: to

ι εάτο, Ion. for ήντο, 3 pl. impf. of ήμαι.

be let alone.

Auro0, fie, oû, pl. laurûr, etc.; Ion. lauroŷ, etc.; Att. contr. auro0, etc.: (ξ, q.v., auroῦ):—Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., of bimself, berself, itself, etc., used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

ἐἀφθη, Ep. for ἡφθη, 3 sing. 201. I pass. of ἄπτω. ThA II, contr. ἐῶ, Ep. εἰῶ: impf. εἰων, Ep. without raugm. ἔων: fut. ἐάσω [a]: 201. I εἰᾶσα, Ep. ἔασα: pf. εἰᾶμα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, ἐάσωμα: pf. εἰᾶμα. Το let, suffer, allow, permit: with notion of carelessness, to leave alone. II. to let go, let alone, let be: θεθο τὸ λο δώσει, τὸ δ' ἐάσει he will give one thing, the her he will let alone, i.e. not give; ἐᾶν χαίρεσ to

let alone. III. Med., lâobal rurl Te to give ut a thing to another. čásov, Ep. for číjasv, gen. pl. of číle. Έβαλον, acr. 2 of βάλλω. Bav, Ep. for ξβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνα. Baounva, Baouarony, 201, I act. and pass of Bas nabra. **ἰβάστασα, ἰβάσταξα, 2**01. Ι οί βαστάζει. βάφθην, έβάφην [d], sor. I and 2 of βάστα. **ββομ-αγέτης, ου, ό, (ἐβδόμη, άγω) epith.** of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the seventh of every month. ißbouatos, a, or, (Eßbouce) on the seventh day. BBouds, ábos, þ. a number of seven. iββόματος, ον, (ξβδομος) the seventh. ibbourheovra, oi, ai, tá, (éstá) indecl. seventy. BBounkovra-lf, seventy-cis. Bours, 7, or, (terá) the seventh. μη (ήμέρα), the seventh day of the month. iBeβήκουν, plapf. of βaires.  ${}^4\!\!B$ - ${}^4\!\!B$ λήκοιν,  ${}^4\!\!B$ - ${}^6\!\!B$ λήμην, plqpf. act. and pass. of  ${}^6\!\!A$ λલ. Berevos, n. or, of stony. From EBENOZ, \$, the shony-tree, shony. **Έρην, 201, 2 of βαίνω.** iβηξα, aut. I of βήσσω. Brown, causal acr. I of Baires. iβήστετο, Ep. for iβήσατο, acr. 1 med. of βαίνα. βιάσάμην, έβιάσθην, acr. I med, and pass, of βιέζει Buhθην, aor. I pass. of βιάω. iBleev, 201, 2 of Bive. βιώσαο, 2 sing. 20τ. Ι οf βιώσ*ε*ομαι. Bλάβον, Acol. and Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. 101. 2 pasa. of βλάπτω. **ίβλάστηκα,** pf. of βλάστανα. βλάστησα, εβλαστον, acr. I and 2 of βλαστών. **έβλαφα, pf. of βλάπτω.** έβλέπην, 201. 2 pass. of βλέπα. έβλέφθην, 201. Ι pass. οί βλένω. έβλήμην, Ep. 201. 2 pass. of βάλλα. BAYOR, 201. 1 of BALGOW. βλύσα, zor. I of βλύζω, but βλύσα of βλέω. έβούλευσα, έβουλεύθην, aor. I act. and pust 🛚 βουλεύω. έβουλήθην, **έβουλόμην, 2**01. I and impf. of βούλομαι **ΈΒΡΑΙ ΟΣ**, *a Hebrew : Έβρα***ι**ε, έδος, fem. Adj (sub. διάλεκτοε), the Hebrew dialect. EBoalori, Adv. in the Hebrew tongue. εβράσα, εβράσθην, 201. I act. and pass. of βράσσα **Έβραχε, see βράχω.** έβράχην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχει. έβρέξα, έβρέχθην, sor. I act. and pass. of βρέχα. €βριξα, acr. 1 of βρίζαι ibptora, sor. 1 of Bolder. **έβρύχον, aor. 2 of βρύχω [0].** έβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκα. έβρων, 201. 2 οί βιβρώσκω. βρωσα, έβρώθην, acr. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσει ίβθσα, ἰβύσθην, sor. 1 act. and pass. of βύσι

IL.

Bases, contr. for ξβίησα, sor. I of βοάω. γγγιιος, α, ων, also ξγγγιιος, ων, (έν, γη) in or of the land, native. ising of land. γδινιος.

άγγόμα, Ερ. pf. of έγγόγουμα, άγγόγλυμμα, pf. pass. of έγγλύφο, άγγόγραμμα, pf. pass. of έγγράφο, άγγογόμα, -ημαι, see έγγύαω. έγγείνωνται, 3 pl. sor. I subj. of

dynatronymus, 3 pl. nor. I subj. of thyrebround in causal sense, to engender or breed in.

in years, see injure.

iγγελάστης, ου, δ, a mocker, scorner. From ἐγ-γελάω, f. άσομα: [d]: for the tenses, ν. γελάω: -to laugh at, mock ât one: absol. to mock, jeer. ἐγ-γενής, ἐε, (ἐν, γένοε) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἐγ-γενεῦ θοοί gods of the race or country. II.

born of the same race, kindred.

iγγηράσκω, fut. άσομαι [ā], to grow old in a place. iγγητγομαι, fut. γενήσομαι: for the tenses, ν. γήγομαι: (tr. γήγομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in grow in: to take place, bappen, arise in, or among.

II. to intervene, pass.

III. bγ-

γίγνεται, it is allowed, like ξεστι.
έγγιζω, f. low, (έγγγία) to bring near II. mostly

intrans. to draw nigh, be at band.

έγγίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for έγγέγνομαι. έγγίων, or, Comp., and έγγιστος, η, or, Sup. of έγγίω.

άγγλύσσω, (&r, γλυκύ») to have a sweet taste.

άγγλύφω, f. ψω, (&r, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.

άγγλωντο-τύπόω, f. ήσω, (&r, γλώσσα, τύπτω) to

urike out with the tongue, to be always talking of.

iγ-γονος, δ, (δν. γόνος) a grandson: descendant. iγ-γράφας, ξ. ψω: for the tenses, ν. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to bave scritten on; εγγεγριμμένος τι baving it scritten on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to it. liet.

έγ-γυσλίζω, f. fw: Ep. 201. 1 έγγυάλιξα: (èr, γύαλον):—to put into one's bands, grant in full, give

m one's charge,

iγγυώω: impf. iγγύων: fut. εγγυήσω: acr. I ήγγύηνα: pf. iγγύηνα:—Pass., acr. I ήγγυήθην: pf. iγγύηνα:—Pass., acr. I ήγγυήθην: pf. iγγύηνα: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as beeγύων, beeγύησα, εγγεγύγα: but it is derived from εγγύη, and these forms are ertoneous):—to band over as a pledge, to plight, betroob: to engage, promise, answer:—Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:—Pass. to be plighted or betrotbed: to accept as plighted busband or wife. iγ-γύνη, ή, (εν., γυῦν οι γύαλον) a putting a pledge.

iγ-γύη, ή, (ἐν, γυῖον οι γύαλον) a putting a pledge in one's band: hence generally, surety, security, bail. ἐγγυητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐγγυάω) one wbo gives bail or

security, a sursty. ἐγγυητός, ἡ, όν, (ἐγγναω) plighted, hetrothed. ἀγγ**όθη**ν, Adv. (ͼγγόε) from nigh at hand, han**d** by,

pear. II. of Time, nigh at band.

έγγύλ, (έγγύε) Adv. bard by, near.

Time, nigh at band.
γγίος, ον, (γγήη) giving suraty or bail.

as Subst. - eyyunthe, a surety.

EITTE. Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at hand, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at hand. III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. hyplaw, ow, and hyplares, a, or; Adv. hyperhon, nearer:—Sup. hyplaros and hyperaros; Adv. hyperara and hyperara, as near as possible: see hyplaw.

έγγωνος, ον, (έν, γώνος) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι έν τομή έγγωνιοι stones cut square.

έγδούπησα, Ερ. for έδούπησα, 20τ. Ι οf δουπέω. έγέγωνε, 3 sing. impl. of γεγώνω: see γέγωνα.

eyerwiew, plaps. of rerowa.

έγεγώνευν, impf. of γεγανία: see γέγανα.

έγεινάμην, causal aor. I of γείνομαι, to beget. έγεγόνει and έγεγένητο, 3 sing. plapf. of γίγνομαι.

ElEIPΩ, fut. εγερω: sor. εγγιρα: pf. εγερωα:

—Pass., sor. 1 εγερωτ Ερ. 3 pl. εγερωτ : pf. εγεγερισμο:
—for Ep, sor. 2 and pf. med., see εγερισκ : pγερομο:

I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir:
—metaph to rouse, stir up.

2. to raise from the dead.

3. to raise, erect a building.

II. Med.

and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep: in sor. to keep watch: be awake.

2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

έγίλασσα, έγίλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. I of γελάω. ἔγεντο, syncop. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

έγέρηρα, 201. Ι οί γεραίρω.

eyeptels, sor. I part. pass. of eyelpw.

eyepol-γελως, ωτου, δ, ή, (έγείρω, γέλου) laughterstirring.

tyepou-blatpos, or, (tyelpos, blatpor) exciting the spectators.

έγερσι-μάχαε, Dor. for -μάχηε, δ: fem. έγερσιμάχη: (έγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.

εγέρσιμος, οr, (έγείρω) waking, easily waked; έγέρσιμος buros sleep from which one wakes.

έγερσιε, εωε, ή, (έγείρω) a waking, exciting. έγερσι-φάήε, έε, (έγείρω, φάσε) light-awakening.

έγερτί, Adv. (έγείρω) wakefully, busily. έγηψέρατο, Ion. for έγηγερμένοι ήσαν, 3. pl. plaps.

pass, of eyelpon

έγήγερκα, έγήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of έγείρω. έγημα, aor. 1 of γαμέω.

έγήρα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσεω.

έγηρασα, 201. Ι οί γηράσκω.

έγηρυσα, 201. Ι οί γηρύω.

έγ-καθαρμόζω, f. ίσω, to fit in.

ey-καθέζομοι, f. -καθεδούμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

έγκάθετος, αν, (έγκαθίημι) suborned.

έγ-καθηβάω, f. ήσω, to pass one's youth in. έγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambush.

έγ-καθιδρύω, f. ύσω [v], to set up in.

190 έγκατάληψιε, ces, ή, (έγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching ly-nables, f. low Att. W, to seat in or upon. Intr. to sit in or upon: to take one's seat on. ly-rablym, f. how, to let down into, send in. ey-kalloryu, f. -karasthow, to place or set II. Med. and Pass., with nor. 2 act. eyea- fix in. τίστην; pf. έγκαθίστηκα; plapf. έγκαθεστήκειν; to be placed or established in. ey-kallopulle, f. low Att. W. to bring into barbour: Med. to run into barbour. ey-καθυβρίζω, f. low Att, ιω, to riot to excess in a ey-kalvia, tá, (er, naivos) a feast of renovation of dedication Hence eyκαινίζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate. ly-kale, f -kaise, to burn or beat in. make a fire in. έγ-κάλέω, fut. εγκαλέσω ι pf. εγκίκληκα:-to call in. II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict; φύνον έγκαλεῖν τινι to bring a charge of murder against one: of actions, to blame, censure. dy-Kallowallough, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence έγκαλλώπισμα, ares, τό, that of which one is proud: an ornament, decoration. έγκαλυμμός, δ, a wrapping up. From ly-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to weil in: to wrap up: - Med. to bide oneself, esp. one's face: hence to be asbamed. iγ-κάμπτω, f. yω, to bend in. iγ-κάνάσσω, f. fw, to pour gurgling in; acr. I imscrat. eyedrafor. (Formed from the sound.) έγ-κανάχάομαι, Dep. (έν, καναχή) to make a sound he or with a thing. dy-κάπτω, f. ψω: pf. dyststipa:—to gulp in greedily, to snap up, bolt. tγ-καρπος, or, containing fruit: fruitful, prolifie. ey-kaporos, a, or, cross, transverse, oblique. dy-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to persevere or persist in. to await steadfastly. III, absol. to bold out. έγκάτα, τα, (ἐν) the entrails, howels: dat. ἔγκασι. ly-καταβαίνω, to go down into: to put oneself in. čξ-καταγηράσκω: f. άσομαι [ă]: to grow old in. έγ-καταδίω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast in, involve in. dy-καταδύνω, to creep down into. έγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to associate with, adapt. έγκατάθοιτο, 3 sor. 2 med. opt. of έγκατατίθημι. Ly-karákeupal, Para to lie in: to lie down. έγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place: -Pass to lie down or go to bed in. έγ-κατακοιμάσμαι, Pass. with fut. med -ήσομαι, to ie down and sleep in. έγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in; έγκατακρούειν χοselar to tread a measure or dance among. έγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place: to eateb and bold fast, to bind or trammel. έγ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to lay in or build into a mall. II. to reckon among: to enlist soldiers. ey-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave bebind: to foreake:-Pass to be left behind in a race.

and belding fast: a being eaught in a place. ey-moraphyvoju, f. - plfe, to min up in. ey-karasthyvoju, f. - whfe, to thrust firmly into: " ey-katamintu, f. -wegoûpen, to fall in or upon. έγ-καταπλέκω, f. -πλέξω, to interweave, entwine. ey-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in. dy-naraonharu, f. fu, to fall upon: of epidemics to break out among. IL trans, to burl down ифол. έγ-κατασφάττω, f. ξω, to slaughter in. ey-kararlogu, f. -ohow, to put in or upon:-Med τελαμώνα έβ έγκάτθετο τέχνη be included the sword belt in bis art, i. e. wrought it by bis art. ey-naraxies, f. -xew, to pour in besides. έγκατελέγην, 201. 2 pass. of έγκαταλέγα. eyearthinov, sor. 2 of eyearahelma έγκατέπηξα, 201. Ι of έγκαταπήγνυμι. έγκάτθεο, Ep. for έγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and dynathero, for dynatehero, 3 sing. ind., nor. 2 ma ος λγκατατίθημι. έγ-κατιλλώπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at. ly-κατοικίω, f. ήσω, to dwell in. dy-katokoboules, f. how, to build on a spo 2. to build in, immure. Ey-nechas, Pass. with fut. med. -relooper, to lie i to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, in portune, attack: to be vehement against: to press of 2. to be devoted to. έγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., έγκεκαρμένω κά with sborn bead. dyndrauman, pf. pass. of dynalo. έγκέκαφα, pf. of έγκάπτω. έγκέκληκα, pf. of έγκαλέω έγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of έγκλείαι έγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of έγκλίνα. eykektypau, pf. of eyktaopak. έγκεκύκλωμαι, pf. pass. of έγκυκλόω. έγκελευμα οτ -λευσμα, ατοι, τύ, (έγπελεύω): encouragement, cheer, buzzah. eykilevoros, or, urged on, bidden, ordered. Fro έγ-καλεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on. ey-κεντρίζω, f. low, to good on. II, of plan to inoculate, ingraft. έγ-κεντρίε, ίδοε, ή, (έν, μέντρον) α sting: α spur έγ-κεράννθμι, fut. κεράσω [ĕ]: (ἐν, κεράννθμ): min in, min: metaph. to concoct, contrine. έγ-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to mock at. έγ-κέφάλος, ον. (έν, πεφαλή) within the bead; i è κέφαλοε (sub. μυελόε). L the brain. Щ. 1 edible pith of young palm-shoots. έγκεχαλίνωμαι, pf. pass. of έγχαλινών. έγκέχοδα, pf. of έγχέζα, έγκεχρημένος, pf. part. pass. of έγχράσι. έγκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of έγχέω. έγ-κτθαρίζω, f. ίσω, to play the bary among. άγ-κίρνημι, **—** ἐγ*κεράννυμι*.

hyelde. I out to that in confine within. to that to, shut fast.

typhyleis, sor. I part. pass. of typulies. tyentules, Ioa. for tyenteles.

ty-klama, aros, to, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.

tychtquer, perce, o, (tymalia) conserious.

ty-ulmoos, or, (br. alipos) baving a lot or sbare in on inberitance, an beir, beiress.

έγ-κλήμο, Att. for έγκλείω: aor. I part. έγκλήσαε.

by-κλίβον, Adv. (byκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant. dy-κλίνω, f. -κλϊνώ: pf. -κέκλζου, pasa. -κέκλζου:--

to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. inclinare: - Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to

bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat, inclinari.

by workslow, f. dra, to bollow out, scoop out. ty-coulos, or, (tr, roilos) bollowed out, bollow. ey-roundours. Pass. with fut, med. hooper, to

sleep in. ey-nousiles, f. low, to full to sleep in a place.

ty-κοισύροω, f. ώσω, (tr, Κοισύρα) hence pf. part. pass. Εγκεκοισυρωμένη, as luxurious as Cossyra (2 female name in the Alcmsonid family).

ey-κοιτάε, άδοε, ή, (èr, κοίτη) serving for a bed. ty-κοληβάζω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κύλλαβου, moallow.

ky-novbes, f. how, to basten, be quick and active. Hence

ey-kovnyl, Adv. in baste, diligently.

ey-novious, Med. (ev, novis) to roll in the dust or

sand, sprinkle sand over oneself. έγκουή, ή, (έγκουήναι) a binderance.

eyecourflyes, nor. I inf. pass. of eyecures.

eyectos, or, (eyectifra) wearied.

ey-moure, f. yes, to knock in: metanh. to binder, way.

έγ-κορδύλω, f. ήσω, (έν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. δγκεκορδυλημένου.

ey-scooples, f. how, to arrange in order eyection, f. low, to be indignant at. From

έγ-κοτος, ον, (èv, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious. II. Eyeoroe is also found, like soroe,

as Subst., a grudge, batred. ey-πράζω, f. -πράξομαι: nor. 2 ενέπράγον:-- to cry

aloud at, to rate loudly.

eyepáras, n. self-control, Lat. continentia: and eyeparevous, Dep. to energise self-control. From ey-experie, ie, (er, εράτοε) with a firm bold: stout, trong. II. baving the mastery over, having pos-2. baving control over oneself, self-disession of.

riplined, Lat. continens. 2. in bad sense, unyieldng, stubborn. eyespards, Adv. of eyesparts, strongly, strictly:

em perately. ey-uplve, f. -uplve, to reckon, in or among: to aprowe, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.

eyeportorous, Dor. for -tovous, fem. part. pl. of

II. | beat or keep time :- Pass., Trypal bysporospera fists dashed one against the other.

έγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. JL. to dance.

ey-upúntu, f. fu, to bide or conceal in.

έγκρυφιάζω, f. άσω, (έγκρύφισε) to keep oneself bid den: to act underband.

έγκρυφιάς, άδος, ή, fem. Adj. bidden or baked is the ashes, of loaves. From

έγκρύφιος, ον, (έγκρύπτω) bidden in.

dy-kraoual, Dep. with fut. dysrhoopen, pf. dysestyμαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence!

Exerqua, area, to, property beld in a foreign country. EYETHOUR, care, th. (EYETAOHAL) possession of property in a foreign country.

dy-kuras, f. how, to men up in.

έγ-κύκλιος, ον, (έν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.

ly-kukhos, or, (ly, kukhos) circular.

έγ-κυκλόω, f. ώσω, (έν, κύκλοι) to move about in a eircle:-Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.

έγ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (έν, κθμα 11) pregnant.

 $\delta \gamma$ -kčos, or,  $(\delta r, \kappa \acute{v}\omega) = \delta \gamma \kappa \acute{v} \mu \omega r$ .

ey-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peep in, to pry into. έγ-κύρω: impf. ἐνέκθρον: fut. ἐγκύρσω: aor. I ἐνέ-

κυρσα:—to fall into ot upon, light upon, meet with. έγκύρσαι, aor. I inf. of έγ-κύρα.

έγκυτα, τά, Lacon. of έγκατα.

έγ-κωμιάζω, fut. άσω and άσομαι : pf. έγκεκωμίακα :

-Pass., 20r. I ἐνεκωμιάσθην: pf. ἐγκεκωμίασμαι:--(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from έγκώμισ»):—to praise, land.

έγκώμιον, τό, εσε έγκώμισε 11. 2.

έγ-κώμιος, ον, (έν, κώμη) at bome, of the same vil-II. (ly, nômos) belonging to a Bacchie festival or revel: in which the victor was led home 2. as Subst. ἐγκώμιον (sub. ἐποε), in procession. To, a bymu in bonour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.

έγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

έγνωκα, έγνωσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γιγνώσκαι έγνων, ωε, ω, 2 οι 2 οι γιγνώσκω.

έγνωσθην, αοτ. Ι ρακ. οί γιγνώσκω.

έγ-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape.

έγράφην [a], sor. 2 pass. of γράφα. typatra, sor. I act. of ypaper.

έγρε-κύδοιμος, ον, (έγείρω, κύδοιμος) strife-stirring: έγρε-μάχης, ου, ό, and έγρέ-μάχος, η, ον, (έγείρα μάχη) rousing the fight.

expect-comes, or, (excipo, comos) stirring up to revelry.

ĕγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 med. of ἐγείρω; impera έγρεο; 3 sing. subj. έγρη; inf. έγρέσθαι.

expriyopa, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of eyelpes εγ-προτέω, f. ήσω, to strike against: of a dance, to whence part, δγρηγορών, a pl. imper. δγρήγορθε (Ερ. for έγρηγόρατε), inf. έγρηγόρθαι (Ερ. for έγρηγορέναι):—plapf. έγρηγόρη, 3 cing. έγρηγόρει. Homer uses the Ep. form έγρηγορθα in 3 pl. έγρηγόρθασι. έγρηγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. έγρηγοράω,

formed from eyphyopa, watching, awake.

έγρηγορτί, (έγρηγορα) Adv. wakefully, awake. έγρησου, from έγρηγορα, to be awake or watchful. έγροντο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 med. opt. of έγείρω. έγρόμενος. Ep. 20r. 2 med. part. of έγείρω. έγ-χαλινόω, f. ωσω, to put the bit in the mouth of, bold in check:—Pass. to bave the bit in one's mouth.

άγχανεται, 3 sing. fut. of έγ-χάσκω:—έγχανŷ, 3 sing. sor. 2 subj.
έγ-χάριζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. = χαρίζομαι.

έγ-χάσκω; (tenses formed from εξγ-χαίνω), fut. ἐγχὰνοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-έχἄνον, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—to yeum or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.

yeum or gape in one s face, to seep at, jeer.

4γ-χέξω, f. - χέσω also - χεσοῦμαι : pf. εγκέχοδα :
Lat. incaco : c. acc. to be in a borrid fright at one.

έγχειάων, Εp. gen. pl. of έγχείη. έγχει-βρόμου, ω, (έγχου, βρέμω) thundering with

the spear.
εγχείη, ή, (έγχου) a spear, lance.

eγχειη, η, (εγχει), εγκει, απουτός οξηχέω, έγχειη, Ερ. for έγχέη, 3 sing. subj. of έγχέω, έγχα-κέραυνος, ον, (έγχος, κεραυνόε) touching the thunderbolt.

Ay-xapes, f. how: 201. I evexelphou: (ev. xelp):—
to take in band, undertake. Hence

έγχείρημα, ατος, τό, an undertaking: and

έγχειρησιε, εωε, ή, a taking in band, an under taking.
έγχειρητέον, verb. Adj. of έγχειρεω, one must undertake.

έγχειρητήε, οῦ, δ, (ἐγχειρέω) one subo takes in band: an adventurer.

άγχειρητικόε, ή, όν, (ἐγχειρίω) enterprixing.
ἐγχειρίδιοε, ον, (ἐν, χείρ) in the hand. II. as
Subst., ἐγχειρίδιον, τό, a hand-knife, dagger.

a manual, hand-book.

ey-xenplie, f. low Att. lû, (er, xelp) to put into one's bands, entrust a thing to another:—Med. to take in band, take on oneself.

ey-xengl-θeros, or, (er, χείρ, τίθη μι) put or delivered into one's bands.

ey-χείω, Ep. for eγχέω.

έγχέλοιον, τό, Dim. of έγχελυε, a little sel.

eyxtheros, or, (tyxehue) of an eel.

EΓΧΕΛΤΣ, νος, ή: pl. ἐγχέλυες, Att. ἐγχέλεις, εων:—an eel, Lat, anguilla:—proverb., ἐγχέλεις θηράθαι to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.

evxer-umpos, or, fighting with the spear. (Deriv.

έγχέσ-πάλος, ον, (έγχος, πάλλω) spear-brandishing. έγχεσ-φόρος, ον, (έγχος, φέρω) spear-bearing.

 $i\gamma$ - $\chi$ 0 bros, or,  $(i\nu$ ,  $\chi$ 0  $i\nu$ ) in or of the country, Lat. indigena.

"EΓΧΟΣ, τό, a spear, lance, consisting of two parts, alχμή and δόρυ, bead and shaft. II. generally, a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—metaph, φροντίδου έγχου weapon of thought.

έγχουσα, ή, 🗕 άγχουσα, q. v.`

 $d\gamma$ - $\chi$ pair $\omega$ , = sq.

έγ-χράω and έγ-χραύω, to dash against; ἐνέχραντν ἐε το πρόσωτον τὸ απῆπτρον he dashed his staff in his face. The pf. pass, also occurs, ἔσαν πρόε τινας καὶ ἀλλονε ἐγκεχρημένοι (ες. πόλεμοι) there were war: urged on against others also.

έγ-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to expectorate.

έγ-χρηζω, to want, bave need; τὰ έγχρηζοντα necessaries.

έγ-χρίμπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐνέχριμψα part. ἐγχρίμψαs:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεχρίμφθην part. ἐγχριμφθείs: —to bring near to, to strike or dash against; ἐγχρίμπτειν τὴν βάριν τῷ γῷ to bring the boat to laud: absol. to come to land: hence to approach: also to attack, press bard. II. also intr. both in Act. and in Pass., to fall upon, attack, pursue.

έγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of εγχρίμπτω.
εγχριστος, or, applied as an unguent. From
εγ-χρίω, to rub in, to anoint. II. like εγχρίμπτω,
to attack, assail.

ey-xpovilus: f. low Att. W: (er, xplwos):-to be long about a thing, tarry, delay.

έγ-χυτρίζω, f. σω, to expose in a pan or pot.
έγ-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to give room for doing a thing:
to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit.
impers. έγχωρεί, it is possible or permitted; έτι έγ-

χωρεί there is yet time.

δγ-χώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ξν, χώρα) in α δε
longing to the country.

 $\dot{\epsilon}_{\gamma}$ - $\chi \omega \rho \cos$ , or,  $= \dot{\epsilon}_{\gamma} \chi \dot{\omega} \rho \cos$ .

ΈΓΩ', Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Proc of the first person, Ep. and Acol. eyes before wowels -strengthd. by compos. with enclit. ye, Eyerye, Lat equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. Tydyga 200 έγῶνγα: Boeot. Ιάνγα or Ιάγα:—gen. ΈΜΟΥ, α clit. MOY, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion, Epéo, eper, per Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθεν, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῦς Bocot, έμου: - Dat, έμοι, enclit, μοι; Dor. έμώ: -Acc. έμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., NΩ', Ep vôi, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. vôv, Ep. vôiv. Plur. nom. ήμειε, Dor. άμει, Acol. άμμει: -- gen. ήμων, lon and Ep. huiar, Ep. also hueiar, Dor. autar, Acol άμμέων: - dat. ημίν, also ημιν or ημίν [1], Dor. έρδ άμμι, Acol. ἀμμέσι :- acc., ἡμᾶε, Ion. ἡμέσε, Ep. an Acol. dune, Dor. dué. έγωγα, Dor. for έγωγε.

έγωγα, Dor. for έγωγε. έγώδα, Att. crasis for έγω οίδα. έγώμαι, Att. crasis for έγω οίμαι. έγων, έγωνγα, Dor. for έγώ, **έγωγε.** έδάην, ηε, η, aor. 2 of ΔΑΩ.

έδαισα, - άμην, 201, I act. and med. of δούτρου

IL

Biscov, sor. 2 of basew.

Báμην [d], sor. 2 pass. of δαμάν.

edevés, 4, br, (low) eatable.

Bavos, 4, or, (abeir) pleasant, grateful, agreeable ot excellent.

δάρην [α], act. 2 pass. of δείρω.

δαρθον, 20r. 2 of δαρθάνω.

Bapkov, metath. for copanov, aor. 2 of deprovat. εδασάμην, 20τ. Ι οί δατέσμαι.

லக்க்ட்டும், f. low Att. Tû, to make level : to level with the earth. From

τος, cos, τό, the bottom, or base of anything: the ground: Edapos vyús the bottom or hold of a ship: also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From the same root as δάπ-εδον, τάπ-ηε.)

Ebberra, Ep. for édecara, not. I of deldes.

έδέγμην, Ερ. 201. 2 οf δέχομαι.

ebebéaro, Ion. for ebéberro, 3 pl. plapf. pass. of bem.

έδεδέγμην, plapf. of δέχομαι. ededineer, plapf. of dea, to bind.

esestarar, 3 pl. plaps. of seise.

έδεδμήστο Ion. 3 plur., and έδέδμητο 3 sing., plqpf; pass, of bipos.

ebebolkerav, 3 pl. plapf. of delbe.

έδεδόμην, plapf. pass. of δίδωμι.

eschwerty, piqpf. of sideum.

έδεήθην, nor. I pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to spant. Bénora, aor. I of Béw, to want.

έβίθην, acr. I pass. of δέω, to bind.

eBelbuer, -low, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. plaps, of below.

Edentia, nor. I of de um. Edenta, acr. I of delerrous.

Ebenpa, aor. I of bepow.

Eberba, 201. I of beibw.

Векто, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of ве́хоµа.

ebeuer, Ep. for low, inf. of ides.

έδεξα, −άμην, Ion. for έδειξα, −άμην, aor. I act. and med. of delevou; but edefaunt also nor. I of dexount. έδεσμα, ατοε, τό, (έδω) food, meat, a dish.

έδεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐδω) an eater, devourer.

έδεστός, ή, όν, (έδω) to be eaten, eatable.

ealen: consumed.

έδεύησα, 20τ. I of δεύω, to need.

άδήδεσμαι, pf. pass. of έσθία. έδήδοκα, pf. act. of ἐσθίω.

έδήδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of έδαι.

έδηδώε, pf. part. of έδω.

abylow, Att. abyow, impl. of bytes.

Ebησα, 20r. I of δέω, to bind: also Ep. 20r. I of δέω, to wart.

έδητύς, ύος, ή, (ξοω) meat, food. [V]

άδηχθην, 201. I pass. of δάκνω.

Busingera, sor. I of diarraw.

εδήωσα, έδηώθην, 20r. I act. and pass. of δηίω. Eblaga, post, ebibárkyra, sor, I of didárku.

Ellow, impl. of blown, formed from delice. Elignumy, impl. of di(num.

Edigva, sor, I of diaires.

BLKOV, Y. BIRGY.

ibiveura, ibivara, 201. I of direvel, direca.

Birmon, sor, I of distan.

έδίωξα, έδιώχθην, sor. I act. and pass, of Zámm. Buevas, Ep. pres. inf. of 880.

έδμήθην, aor. I past, of δαμάω.

Waouar, Dep. = 18vbw. From

"EΔNA, Ep. ledva, τά, suptial gifts, I. from the suitor to the bride. 2. from the suitor to the 3. a portion or dowry, given to bride's fatber. the bride by her parents, also peoply or spoil. wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests Hence

Brow, f. wow, to promise or betroth for presents.

Hence

Wwwfis Ep. lebrurfis, où, ô, a betrother, of a father wbo portions a bride.

έδόθην, 20τ. Ι pass. of δίδωμι.

έδοκεθμες, Dor. for έδοκοθμεν, I pl. impf. of δοκέω.

ibornot, sor. I of boxia.

έδοκίμασα, έδοκιμάσθην, 201. I act. and pass. of δοκιμά(ω,

Bouce, fut. of low and dollin.

έδομεν, έδοτε, έδοσαν (Dor. έδον), 201. 2 pl. of δίδωμι.

Ebours, Dor. for Ebours.

Bota, sor. I of donée.

έδοξώθην, 201. I pass. of δοξόω.

**έδος**, εοε, τό, (ξίομαι) a thing to sit on, a seat. 3. a foundation, base. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. act of sitting; obx loos lort 'tis no time for sitting still.

**εβούμαι, fut.** of **ξ**ζομαι.

έδρα Ep. and Ion. ίδρη, ή, (ξίρμαι) any seat, a chair, bench, etc. 2. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a 3. a foundation, base. temple, altar. sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay; our lopus drun it is not the season for sitting still. sitting, session. III. the seat, fundament.

Espator, poet, for Edaptor, 201. 2 of daptare.

έδραῖος, α, ον, (ξδρα) sitting, sedentary. steadfast, firm, constant.

έδραιόω, f. ώσω, - έδριάω. Hence

έδραίωμα, ατος, τό, a foundation, base. έδρακόμην, 201. 2 med. of δέρκομαι.

εδράκον, εδράκην, 20r. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομασ

**έδράμον, 2ος. 2** ος τρέχω. **έδραν, 201. 2** of διδράσ*κ*ω.

εδράνον, τό, (εδρα) a seat, abode, dwelling

εδράσα, acr. I of δράω.

εδρη, Ep. and Ion. for εδρα.

έδρησα, Ion. for έδρϊσα, aor. τ of δράω.

έδριάομαι, Pass. (έδρα) to sit: Ep. inf. έδριάασθαι;

Ep. 3 pl. impf. έδρισωντο.

έδρο-στρόφος, δ, (έδρα, στρέφω) a wrestler wbo throws his adversary by a cross-buttock.

έδρυψα, έδρύφθην, 201. I act. and pass, of δρύπτου.

έδυν, I sing, 201. 2 of δύω; but also Ep. for έδυσων, 3 pl. of same tense.

194 δουνάσθην οτ -ήθην, 201. I of δύναμαι. δδυνέατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναμαι. έδύστο, -ero, Ep. for έδύσω, -aro, 2 and 3 sing. aor, I med. of buo. έδυστύχησα, 201. Ι οί δυστυχέω. "ΕΔΩ, Ion. impf. έδεσκον: fut, έδομαι: pf. act. έδήδα, pass. ἐδήδομαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see lotto :--- to eat, devour: metaph., olkor Edoues eat up, i. e. consume, waste, house and home; bundy looves eating their heart, i. c. wasting, sonsuming their spirit. Hence ະຣີພຣີກຸ່, ກຸ່, food meat, victuals for men: fodder for sattle: a bait for fish. Hence έδώδιμος, or, entable: τὰ ἐδώδιμα provisions. Ebence, acr. I of Mount. έδώλιον, τό, (έδοι) a seat, dwelling, abode. in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. transtrum. le, post. for i, bim, acc. of ob. tedra, tedrow, -write, Ep. for towa, towow, -write. delbouar, Ep. for elbouar, Med. of elber. čεικοσά-βοιος, čείκοσι, čεικόσορος, čεικοστός, Ερ. for ela-. dellacor, Ep. for eller, impf. of elle. teura, as, e, teurov, es, e, Ep. for elva, elvor. čas, Ep. for els. delous, delours, deloustry, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual, sor. I of elm ibo. delσατο, desσάμενος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. acr. I of έλδομαι, έλδωρ, Ερ. for έλδομαι, έλδως. čελμαι, ἐελμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of είχαι. δίλπομαι, Ερ. for δλπομαι. éllora, Ep. for élora, 201. I inf. of ella. depyator, Ep. for elegator. depye, depylievos, depyroum, depye, Ep for elpy-. eepµevos, pf. part. pass. of elpos. lépon, deportate, Ep. for éport, éportes. есрто, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of elow. έέρχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of είργω. čέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. acr. I med. of έννυμι. déσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I med. of iζω. ecoτo, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εννυμι. έζευγμένος, pf. part. pass. of (εύγνθμ. έζουξα, έζουχθην, nor. I act. and pass. of ζούγσυρι. "EZOMAI, fut. ἐδοῦμαι: impf. and aor. 2 ἐζόμην: (the Root is EA-, see Ebos):—to seat oneself, sit; is your ifiant they sank to the earth. έζύγην [ờ], aor, 2 of ζεύγνυμι, Rooman, pl. pass. of Carrom. en, Ion. for y, 3 sing. subj. of elul sum. en, fem. of los, bis. ëηκε, Ep. for ηκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ίημι. any, Ep. for hy, 3 sing, impf. of elul sum. envouve, Ep. for fredare, 3 sing. impf. of dredares. effor, gen. masc. of ète, good, brave, noble.

šηs, Ep. for ηs, gen. fem. of δs, η, δ, sobo, sobat

but en gen. fem. of eos, bis.

iθάz, άδοε, ό, ή, (έθοε) accustomed, used. εθαψα, εθάφθην, sor. I act. and pass. of θάστα. έθεησάμην, Ion. 201. 1 of θεάομαι. "ESEIPA, f, bair; in Homer, a borse's mane, or the borsebair crest on helmets: a lion's mane. Hence ionpáľw, f. ásw, to wear long bair. ibelow, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.) **ἐθελημός, όν, (ἐθέλω) willing, voluntary.** έθελησθα, for έθέλης. Ep. 2 sing, subj. of έθέλα. θελητός, ή, όν, (ἐθέλω) willed, voluntary. έθελξα, έθέλχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θέλγοι iθελο-, in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly. έθελό-δουλος, ον. a willing slave. lθελο-θρησκεία, ή, (lθελο\_, θρησκεύω) will-worsh), superstitions observance. έθελοκακέω, f. ήσω, to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose. From Wehb-wikes, or, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly. έθελοντηδόν, (ἐθέλω) Adv. voluntarily, έθελοντήν, (έθέλω) Adv. voluntarily. έθελοντήρ, ήροε, ό, (ἐθέλω) a volunteer. έθελοντής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐθέλω) α volunteer. έθελοντί, Adv. - ἐθελοντηδόν. έθέλοντι, Dor. for έθέλουσι, 3 pl. of έθέλα. ilikowovia, h. love of work, diligence. From tθελό-πονος, οτ, (tθελο-, πότος) willing to work ·έθελο-πρόξενος, ον, (έθελο-, πρόξενος) cos site voluntarily charges himself with the office of military (q. v.) to a foreign state. έθελ-ουργόε, όν, (έθελο-, <sup>«</sup>έργω) willi**ng to w** iθελούσιος, a, or, (iθίλω) voluntarily. things, optional. 'EΘE'AΩ: impf. feedor: fut. leedfow: 201. I fee λησα; pf. ήθέληκα:—like θέλω, to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the 2. with a negat., almost like \*\*\* fut., will or sball. ual, to be able, have the power; as of a stream, off έθελε προρέειν άλλ' ίσχετο. 3. to be soon or accustomed, to do a thing readily. purport, Lat. volo; often in phrases, such as, ri like τό τέρας; Lat. quid sibi vult? what means, what perports the prodigy? έθεμεν, 1 pl. sor. 2 of τίθημι. ibev, Ep. and Att, poët, gen. for io, oi, of him, of him, **εθεντο**, 3 pl. 201. 2 med. of τίθημε. έθέρμηνα, 201: 2 οί θερμαίνω. Here, Herev, 2 and 3 pl. acr. 2 of risque. ideu, Ion. for idou, 2 sing. acr. 2 med. of ridem. ibneiro, ibneueba, ibneuvro, Ion. for ibeiro, ibώμεθα, έθεῶντο, 3 sing., I pl., 3 pl. of θολομα. έθητύμεσθα, Ισα. 1 pl. of θεάομαι. έθηήσαντο, Ioa, for έθεάσωντο, 3 pl. sec. s med el θεάομαι.

inota, Ep. for is, 2 sing. impl. of eight sure.

por, Ep. for \$, 3 sing. subj. of elul sum.

30dvov, 201. 2 of Orhomu.

εθαλψα, εθάλφθην, sor. I act. and pass. of θάλπα.

Spen, I sing. sor. I of ribyps. Way, acr. I pass of lym: but Way, acr. 2 act. of

THORE.

Myov, sor. 2 of beyydre.

Mile, f. low Att. in: sor. I elbion: pf. elbium:-Pin, acr. I eldiober: pf. eldioum: (fdos):-to ac-

nutons, use: - Pass. to be a. stomed or used to. Hence

thorton, verb. Adj. one must accustom.

Whatora, sor, I of thates,

White, acr. I of thise.

idv-apyre, ov, d, (lovoe, apyw) a ruler of a nation: refect : an etbnareb.

Wvx6z, 4, 6r, national. II. foreign: gentile:

-Adv. -zwe, like the Gentiles. From "ΕΘΝΟΣ, εοε, τό, α company, body of men.

race, tribe. 3. a nation, people; The ton the nations,

Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. a particular class of men, a caste.

θορον, 201. 2 οξ θρώσκυ. "EΘΟΣ, coe, τό, custom, usage, manners, babit."

έθραυσα, acr. I of θραύω.

EDPECE, SOL. I OF TPEXE. έθρέφθην, aor. I pass, of τρέφαι,

έθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω. Ephreur, Dor. for elphrour, impl. of spyres.

**Μ**ρίσα, poët. for **lθέρισα, 201.** Ι of θερίζω. **EO** $\Omega$ , to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use

the pf. ciasta Ion. toota as pres., and the plaps. claver lon. inver as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed, to be in the babit: part. elective as Adj., accustome.

customary, usual; to elabor one's custom. ET, a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. al:-Lat.

SI, if: with optat, or indic.:—see el yas or al yas. and a-De. el, Att. 2 sing. of elu ibo.

ela, and trisyll. Ma, Interj., Lat. eia, on! up! away! also come on then! da vur, well now.

ald, 3 sing. impf. of edw; also 2 sing. imperat. pres.

ciáthy, classau, aor, I and pf. pass. of cao. depert, h, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv.

nocertain.)

d dv, Ep. and Ion. el se, contr. into ear, fr, and av.

davés, 4, ér, Ep. for éarés. elap, eläptvós, Ep. for éap, éaperós.

chapó-μασθος, ον, (clap, μασθός) with youthful breasts. elas, 2 sing. impf. of eas;—elason, sor. I of the same.

chaσκον, lon. for elem, impf. of law. ciarcu, claro, Ep. for Ion. farat, fare, which is for

φται, ήντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of ήμαι. etero, Ion. for erre, 3 sing. plapf. med. of errou.

EPBO, Ep. form of helpe, to drop, let fall in Arops: .... Med. to trickle or run down.

A γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, O if ..! O that .. I would that .. ! Let. utinam!

-γε, if at least, if then, Lat. si-quidem.

Took, if at any rate, implying that the thing is molikely.

d 8' dye, used in cheering, on then, come on! The phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, el & lelhers, dye, eiδάλιμος, η, ον, (eiδος) εδαρείγ, comely. like, looking like.

elbap, aros, ro, (lbw) food, meat, vietuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. disage opt., and distruction of olda; v. \*elder B.

d 82 μη, elliptic for al 82 μη τουτό έστι, if otherwise. Lat. sin aliter. eldes, for elder, subj. of older: v. \*elder R.

d 84, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, whether now.

eidiguer, cros, i, i, (\*slike) knowing or expert in a thing. elbyrouw, Ep. for elbyrew, fut. inf. of edder B.

elbhow, fut. of \*elba. elloues, Dor. for ellouer, I pl. act. 2 of #elle A.

elbov, acr. 2 of \*elber A.

elbos, eas, vé, (velba) that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species. II. generally, a form, sort, particular hind: a particular state or plan of

action. III. species, opp. to genus. elδόσι, dat. pl. of elδώs, part. of olδα, ν. \*elδω Β. dibóra, acc. sing. of cibás, part. of ciba, γ. \*elδω Β.

elborus, Adv. of elbus, part. of elba, knowingly. elbuia, fem. nom. part. of olda, v. \*elbu B.

elδύλλιον, τό, Dim. of elbos, a short, description poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll. \*EI' $\Delta\Omega$  (or more properly  $FI'\Delta\Omega$ , the Lat. VIDEO), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by dode: its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the

other to know. A. to see, mostly in agr. 2 elboy, Ep. Boy, Becker; subj. 18w, Ep. also 18wju; inf. 18ed, Ep. also 186ew; part. Baw. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. είδόμην Ep. ίδόμην; imperat. ίδου; subj. ίδω-

μαι; inf. ιδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ιδού is mostly an exclamation, see! lo! behold! Lat. eccs. Opder is used as pres., elaptica or eloptica, as pl., byouau es fut. II. in Ep. and Ion. we find Pass. and

Med. είδομαι: 201. Ι είσάμην, Ερ. 2120 έασάμην, 20, ато, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. videar; elberal dorpa the stars are visible, appear: 2. to have or take the appearance of a. hence.

thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; telearo cooys γην Πολίτη she made berself like Polites in voice. B. to know:—the pf. olda, I bave seen, is used

as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one bas seen, one knows); so also plaps. I bad seen, in sense of impf. I knew: - indic. olda, olda (post. also

oldas); I pl. louer (Ep. and Dor. louer), love, ໃσδοι:—imperat., ίσθι, ίστω:—subj. etbe, Ep. also lδέω;-opt. elδείην;-inf. elδέναι. Ep. lbμεναι and

τομεν:--part. elde, Ep. fem. Buia:--impf., yber, Ep. yoea, Att. yon; Ep. 2 sing. heldne for yone, Att. ήδησθα; 3 sing., Ep. ήείδη, Att. ήδη, ήδειν; plux.,

goeiner, goeire or goere, goeisar or goesar, Att. форм, фоте, фош (Ep. low) :—fut. Моски, тоск

rarely and mostly Ep. eldfiew. To know: eš olda I know well; eš lost know well, be assured; rohματα, μήδα olde he is knowing, skilled in countel; and swith Adjs., τεπνυμένα, φίλα, άρτια eldévau, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, eš eldéve well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόξαν eš eldéve eunning with the bow. Also with acc., χάριν eldévau τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him:—old δτι, οlσθ δτι, I know, you know it well:—also, olσθ δτι, οlσθ δ and olσθ &s, followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, olσθ δ βασον, for δράσον, olσθ δ, do, thou knowest what. eldenhalov, τό, (eldenhalov) an idol's temple.

elduhh-θύτος, or, (είδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idole; as Subst., τὸ elδωλόθυτον meat offered to idole, elδωλολατρία, ἡ, idolatry. From

elbuho-hatpys, ov, s, i, (eïbuhor, hatpis) an idol-

worsbipper, an idolater.

elδωλον, τό, (elδos) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτών elδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead men. II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a faney. III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.

ellows, part. of olden, pf. of \*elder B.
elev, Att. for elipser, 3 pl. opt. of elul sum.
elev, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.
elips, opt. of elul sum.
elips, aor. 2 opt. of lipu.

ellap, Adv. (eveve) at once, fortbwith.

el-0a, Dor. and Ep. el-0a, Interj. O that I would that! Lat. utinam!

είθην, Ion. Έθην, 20τ. Ι pass. of ίημι. elθίζω, f. ίσω, pošt. for ἐθίζω, elθίσα, elθικα, 20τ. I and pf. of ἐθίζω.

elea, Att. for forea.
elea, pf. of lym.

elκάζω, f. άσω: 201. I βκασα Ion. elκασα:—Pass., 201. I βκάσθην: pf. βκασμαι Ion. elκασμαι: (elκόθ):—to make like to, represent by a likeness:—Pass. to be like, resemble.

II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

eiκάθον, poit. 20r. 2 of eiκω to yield; subj. eiκάθω; inf. eiκαθείν; part. eiκαθέν.

elkalos, a, or, (elki) without purpose: random, basty.

II. common, worthless.

«kκά», άδο», ή, («ໂκοσι) the twentisth day of the month (sub. ήμέρα).

eluacia, ή, (elκάζω) a likeness, image: a conjecture. «Κασμα, ατοε, τό, (elκάζω) a likeness,

elkaculos, où, o, (elacles) a treness.

elkaortis, oil, ol, (elkala) one who conjectures, a guesser, diviner

elκαστός, ή, όν, (elκά(ω) to be compared, like. elκάτι, Dor. for είκοσι.

elkeh-óverpos, or, (elkehos, brespos) dream-like. elkehos, q, or, (elkos) like, after the fashion of. elneho-houves, or, (elnehos, parth) of like voice. elnévas, Att. for écinéras, inf. of écina. EIKH, Adv. without plan or purpose, beedlessly.

rashly, at random, Lat. temeré. «lkovlýw, f. ow, («læb») to mould into form. Henc!

ektóroqua, paros, ró, an imags, copy.
ektós Ion. oluós, óros, ró, neut. part. of locka, La
veri-simils, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair
squitable; raph rò eluce unreasonable.

elkoσά-βοιος, Ερ. ἐεικοσάβοιος, ον, (εἶκοσι, βοῦι) worth twenty exen.

elkoora-erije, is, (elkoor, êros) of twenty years. elkoorakus, (elkoor) Adv. twenty times.

sinoσά-μηνος, οτ, (είκοσι, μήτ) twenty months old. ΕΓΚΟΣΙ before a vowel, sinoσιν, Ερ. δείκοσι, Dor. είκατι, οί, αί, τά, indeel. twenty, Lat. wiginti.

ekoor-vhotros, ov, twenty-fold without dispute; elsoouthout drown a twenty-fold tansom.

elrost-πηχυε, ν, (elrost, πήχνε) of twenty cubits.
elros-όργιοε, ον, (elrost, δργυιά) of twenty fatboms.
elros-όργιοε, ροϋτ. dene-, ον, (elrost) with twenty ours.
elros-τή, ή, see elros-όε π.

elκοστο-λόγος, δ, ή, (είκοστή, λέγω) one who callecte the tax of a twentieth, a tax or tall collector.

elkoorfs Ep. lenkoorfs, h, br, the twentieth.
elkoorf, h, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.

elkoσ-ώρθησε, ον, (είκοσι, δρηνία) of twenty fatboms. elkorws, Adv. of είκοε, in all likelibood, probably, naturally: fairly, reasonably.

tierov, Ep. for tolearor, 3 dual of tolea.

δίκτο, δίκτην, Ep. for ἐοἰκα, ἐοικάτην, 3 sing. and 3 dual, plpqf.

\*El'KΩ, fut. elfw, to be like; 3 sing. impl. else, Att. fire, it was like or likely, seemed good:—but the pf. loira, plaps. loirar were used for the pres. and impl.; see loira.

EΓΚΩ, f. fw: aor, 1 elfa: poët, aor, 2 elaisov:—to yield, give way to, draw back, retire.

2. to submit to, obey, follow: \$\phi\$ θυμῷ elfas following his own bent; reriy elkaw urged by poverty: hence to yield to another in a thing, to be weaker or inferior.

II. trans. to yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow.

III.

impers. it is allowable, possible.

«ἐκών, ἡ, gen. όνοε, acc. όνα: Ion. gen. eἰκοῦς, acc.
eἰκό, acc. pl. eἰκούε : (Ψείκω, ἔοικα):—a figure, image,
likentss. II. a semblance, pbantom, wraith.

a similé.
eluce, part. of loura, pf. of eluc, to be like.

elλαδόν, Adv. (είλη) = ίληδόν, in a troop.
elλαπίνάζω, (είλαπίνη) only used in pres. to feat in
a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

elλάπτναστής, οῦ, ὁ, a banqueter, boon-companionelλάπτνη, ἡ, a feast or banquet given by a single bost, opp. to έρανος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

eίλαρ, αροε, τό, (είλω) a covering: a protection, theter; είλαρ νηθυν τε και αυτών α shelter for thip and crew: but είλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave-dlarivos, η, ον, Ερ. for έλάτινος, of fir or fint.

elaya, Dor. for elyge, pf. of layyave. elλεγμαι, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω. Eldebus, f. Ilitbyia, (from elyplubuia, fem. part. pf. of (pyopus) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman Lucina, later made identical with Diana.

eller, ellero, 3 sing. act. 2 act. and med. of alpies. eiler, Dor. for ellow, 2 sing. sor. 2 med. of alpha. ellevro, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of elle.

ellin Att. ellin, lengthd, form of elles.

eily, f. - Dy, a troop, company.

είλη, ή, the sun's warmth: warmth; see έλη.

ethnyman, pf. pass. of harriers. είληδόν and είληδά, Adv. (είλη) - Ιληδόν, in troops n companies. (clλ(ω) by coiling round.

«Ιλήλουθα, «Ιληλούθαν, Ερ. for ελήλυθα, εληλύθων pl. and plaps, of έρχομαι: «λήλουθμεν, Ep. for έληλύθαμεν, 1 plur. pf.

είλημμαι, pf. pass. of λαμβανω.

είληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.

αληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

eiluspivers, h. pureness: sincerity. From

eiλl-κρίνης, (είλη, κρίνω) enamined by the sun's light, tested: hence, I. unmixed: pure, uncorrupted, Lat. sincerus. 2. distinct, palpable, sbeer. -vws, of itself, absolutely.

είλικτο, 3 sing. plapf. of ελίσσω.

elluctos, f. ov. Ion. for Exertes.

elluf. Ion. for Elef.

elλί-πουε, ὑ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδοε: (είλω, ποόε): trailing the feet beavily in walking, with rolling walk, epith, of oxen.

elkloom, poet, and Ion. for ekloom.

eile-revies, es, epith. of the plant dypoorus, (from έλος, τείνω), stretebing or spreading through marshes. «ίλίχἄτο, Ion. 3 pl. plopf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.

είλευσα, είλευσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έλεω.

ethenomen, pf. pass. of them.

«ίλον, είλόμην, 20r. 2 act. and med. of alpia. «Iloxa, Att. pf. of leye.

eiλύαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of eiλέω.

είλυμα, ατος, τό, (είλύω) a cover, dress, clothing. eiλūbs, δ, (είλύω) a lurking-place, den.

είλυτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of είλύω.

elλυφάζω, = elλύω, to roll along. II. intr. to roll meself along, whirl, about.

είλυφάω, - είλυφάζω: Ep. part. είλυφόων.

EΓΛΥΩ Att. είλύω: f. ύσω [v]: pf. pass. είλυμαι:to wrap round, enfold:-Pass. to be wrapt or covered; esp. in pf. part., eldupleros sapabo buried in the sand. II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along

EI'AΩ, είλλω, or ίλλω; also είλέω Att. είλέω:from eike are formed aor. I thou, inf. thou Ep. ἐέλσαι; Pass., aor. 2 ἐάλην [ἄ]; inf. ἀλῆναι Ερ. ἀλήuevaι; part. dheis, είσα, έν: Ep. pf. έελμαι:--from eiles are formed impf. eller, Ep. 3 sing. celler; fat. είλήσω: 201. 2 είλησα: Pass., 201. Ι είλήθην: pf. elλημα:.—There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing είλει, people, is one of them.

plqpf. ἐόλητο. I. Act. to roll or twist tight up. to press bard or close: to force together: to coop up or sbut up in a place. 2. to drive violently glong, smite, strike; vija kepaur@ &Loas baving struck the ship with a thunderbolt. II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be abut or cooped up in a place, to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together; dhir voop water collected: - also to draw oneself together, crouch, cower; 'Ayidha daele ulver collecting bimself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. versari. 3. to turn of whirl round. revolve, like είλίσσω, γη είλλομένη (οι ίλλομένη) the earth turning on its axis.

Ethes, error, 8, and Etherns, ov, 8, fem. Etheris, looe:—a Helot, i. e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From Exos, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were enslaved.)

Elherrela, h, the condition of a Helot, slavery. From Elhareva, f. ou, (elharne) to be a Helot or serf. είμα, ατοι, τό, (εννυμι) a dress, garment, cloak: later II. later also a cover, clotbing: an over-garment.

carpet.

atual, pf. pass. of Evrum. II. pf. pass. of in-III. rarer form for hum, pf. pass. of &(w. είμαρται, είμαρτο, 3 sing. pf. and plopf, of μείρομαι. einter, Ep. and Ion. for touter, I pl. pres. of eint sum: but eluev, Dor. for elvar, inf. of elui sum. elutivos, part. pf. pass. of Evrupu.

elues. Dor. for equer, I pl. of elul sum: but eines, Dor. for elves, inf. of elul sum.

elμί, Aeol. έμμί (from Root «ΈΩ, ευσι, ειεε); εί Ep. els, Ep. and Dor. love; love Dor. lvvi; plur., έσμέν Ep. and Ion. είμέν Dor. clμέs; έστέ; είσί Ep. laσι Dor. lrtl:-Imper. lσθι, Ep. in med. form έσο, έσσο, έστω; plur. 3 έστωσαν Ερ. έστων Att. ύντων:-Subj. & Ep. έω οτ είω:--Opt. είην Ep. έοιμι; plur. είημεν, είητε Ερ. είμεν, είτε:-- Infin. είναι Ερ. έμμεναι, έμμεν, έμεναι, έμεν:—Part. ων Ep. Ιων, lovσa, etc.:-Imperf. fr (late Att. in med. form ήμην), Ep. and Ion. έα, Ep. also ηα, έον οτ έσκον, εε, ε, etc.; 2 sing. ησθα Ep. and έησθα; 3 sing. η or ην Ep. fer; 3 dual frην or forην; 3 pl. foar Ep. foar. -Fut. έσομαι, poët. έσσομαι, 3 sing. έσσείται from Dor. ἐσοῦμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. d. The other persons are enclit., when elul is not emphatic. But lorl is written fore in cases of emphasis.

2. as Verb Substant. to be, to To be, Lat, sum. exist, be in existence; obsét' fort he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ έσθ' οὖτοε ἀνήρ, οὐδ' έσσεται there lives II. love, impers. not the man, no nor will live. III. elul with a with inf., it is possible, lauful. gen, expresses descent or extraction : aluaros els dya-2. Łautoù elvai to be θοίο thou art of good blood. 3. with the one's own master. Lat, sui juris esse. gen, put partitively; δήμου ευτί be belongs to the 4. also as in Lat., of the

duty or property of a thing; dropoe fort it is the part of a man; σωφροσύσης έστι it is a mark of temperance.

IV. c. dat, fort μοι, Lat. est mibi, I bave; fuel δέ καν dσμένω έη, Lat. esset mibi volenti.

V. τὰ όντα, emisting things; τὰ ίντα εἰρηκέναι to speak the truth.

VI. ἐστιν δε, εἰσνιο, cone, many: ἔστιν οι ἔσθ ὅτα, Lat. est quin, some one, some, many: ἔστιν οι ἔσθ ὅτα, Lat. est μοὶ, somewhere, gomehow: ἔστιν ὅπου το του, Lat. est ubi, somewhere, gomehow: ἔστιν ὁπου in some way.

VII. ἐστιν ότις neems redundant, e. ζ. τὸ νῦν εἴναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν εἶναι, for τὸ νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐνὰν εἶναι.

elμι (from Root \*In, so), ele Ep. eloba, eloι, plur. Iμος, fre, ilos or eloι:—imperat. iloι, fre, pl. iμος, fre, frasca Att. lórταν:—Subj. iω, iyo Ep. iησθα, iy Ep. iησθα, iy. Ep. iησθα, iye Ep. igoι:—Opt. ioμι, loiην, Ep. 3 sing. leiη or elη:—Inf. iliva Ep. iμοτα, iμο:—Part. láν:—Impf. gur Ep. and Ion. fia, 3 sing. file contr. ye; dual yτην; plur., yeιμον, yeιτε, yeour, contr. yμον, yτε, yσων, Ep. 3 pl. also yīσαν, loαν, and I pl. yoμον. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. IBO, I will go: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. eloou, to basten, with an aor. I med. elocuμην, 3 sing. eloατο, leloατο, 3 dual leισάσθην.

To go, Lat. so, ire; lévai τινὶ δεὰ φιλία, δι' ἔχβρας, διὰ πολέμον, etc., to live in friendship or enmity
with any one; χροδε είσατο it went through the skin;
c. inf. fut., ἐεισάσθην συλήσεων they went to plunder.
—It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ νηὸε
lέναι. 2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion
of things; πέλεπνε είσι δεὰ δουρόε the axe goss, is
driven through the beam; ἔτοι είσι the year will pass
or close:—in Att., lέναι εἰε ταὐτόν to come together;
lέναι εἰε λόγουν to come to conference: Imperat. lθι
δή ge then, well then I good!

elv, poët. for ev, in.

elva-erie, is, (irria, iros) of nine years: neut. elva-eres as Adv., nine years long.

elvaerle, lbos, fem. of elvaerte, nine years old.
elva, inf. of elul sum.

II. for léva, inf. of elu ibo.

elvau, 201. 2 inf. of lημ, to send.
elvaus, Adv., poët. for εννάπις, nine times.
elvauσ-χίλιοι, εν, nine thousand.
elvaκόστοι, αι, α, poët. 2nd Ion. for εννακόστοι.
είν-άλιος, η, ον, poët. for ἐνάλιος.
elvά-ντίχες, 2s Adv., (εννέα, ντίς) nine nights long.
elvás, άδος, η, poët. for ἐννέας 11, the ninth day.
elváτος, η, ον, poët. for ἐννατος, the ninth.
elvauσ, elvau, lon. and poët. for ἐνεκα, ον account,
heaves, of c. gen.

because of, c. gen.

divi, Ep. for the Prep. iv. in.

elv-6διος, η, α, and τ, poët. for ἐνόδιος.
elvo-f-φυλλος, ον, (ἔνοσις, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.

eifa, 201. 2 of eine, to yield.

elfacre, Att. for loiκασι, 3 pl. pf. of \*elke, to be like. elfacree, 3 sing. Ion. 201. 1 of elke, to yield.

elo, Ep. gen. for to, ob, of him, of her; dad elo from himself.

clourvies, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of foura.

elos, Ep. for tere, until.

elwa, act. I for the common elwar, I said; see elwar.

elmépev, Dor. for elmeir. el-mep; if at all events, if indeed.

elamy, Dor. for elacir, see elacr. el-moder, Adv. if from any place.

el-wob., Adv. if, whether unywhere.
elwo, I spoke, I said, nor. 2 from a pres. \*elwo - \*lwo
imperat. elwé, Ep. 2 pl. έσωτες inf. elweῦν Ep. elrɨμε
ναι, -έμεν, Dor. elwην; part. elwάν. There is also
an nor. I elwa, used mostly in 2 sing. elwa, imperat.
elwov, elwάτω, elwατον, elwατε: elwé, like dye, occur
also for elwere before a plural. In Compos. 2 Med.
form appears, as ἀνείνασθαι. The pres. is supplied
by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω,
ἐρῶ, εἰρηκα.

IL

etrovto, 3 pl. impf. of tropa; to follow. et-note. Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. si-quando.

indirect, if or whether ever.

el wov, Adv. if anywhere, Let. vi-cubi.

el mus, Adv. if at all, if by any means. elpan, Dor. for elphon.

pass. sense.

elργαθον, poöt. 201. 2 ο είργα. elργασάμαν, 201. I med. of εργάζομαι, used in 2ct. sense: elργάσθην, 201. I pass. used in pass. sense. είργασμαι, pf. of εργάζομαι, used in both act. and

είργμός, Att. είργμός, δ, (είργω) a prison. είργμο-φύλαξ, άκος, δ, (είργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler. είργυθμι and -ύω, - είργω, to shut in or up. ΕΓΡΓΩ οτ είργω, Att. for the earlier form lyyu. είρέαται, Ion. for είρηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ερέω.

especia Ion. -(n, n, (ipéasa) a rowing. 2. and

violent motion, throbbing. II. a complement of crew of rowers, Lat. remigium.

elperway, ή, (elpos) a barvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Πυανέμια and Θαργήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eiresioné.

elpéw, Ion. for èpéw, to say.

° «ίρη, ἡ, (είρω) old word for deyopa, a place of assembly.

embly. «Γρηκα, –ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of έρέω, έρῶ. «Γρην or Γρην, ενοε, ὁ, (είρω or ἐρέω) a Laced. youth

from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speed in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ξφηβοι. elopyvalos, a, oν, (είρηνη) peaceful, in peace.

peace. II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcide.

elphyn, h, peace, time of peace, Lat. pax; elphyn άγειν to keep peace; metaph. rest, repose. (Denv. pacertain.) Hence

Approveds, 4, 60, of ox for peace: peaceful, peaceable :- Adv. -acce.

donvorocio, f. how, to make peace. From sipmvo-roubs, by, (elphyn, roules) making peace: as Subst., elegroroiós, d, a peace-maker.

είρηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκοε, δ, ή, (είρηνη, φύλαξ) a guardien of peace.

αρήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of έρδα, έρδι.

elplyeos, n. or, Ion. for ephrece, woollen, of wool. From elprov, 76, (elpos) Ion. for eprov, wool.

elpertor, verb. Adj. of elpyw, one must prevent. clours Ion. ερατή, η, (είργω) an inclosure, prison. elpo-kópos, or, (elpos, ropéa) dressing wool.

doough, Ion. for spough, to ask: see slow B. elpo-tibuos, or, (elpos, mbros) wool-fleeced, woolly. EI'POZ, ro, wool.

elpo-χάρής, έε, (elpoe, χαρήναι) delighting in wool. elowouse. Dor. for elowouse, I pl. impl. of some.

αρύωται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ερύομαι:—εἰρύατο. 2 pl. plapf, (in sense of aor.)

αρτιμαι, pf. pass. of έρύω.

elpoperat [8], post. for epoter, inf. of epotes. ciρύσας [v], Ion. 20r. I part. of έρύω. cloύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing, aor. 1 opt. of έρύα.

slovre, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of acr. 2) of lpiu.

είρύω, εἰρύομαι, Ιοπ. for ἐρύω, ἐρύομαι.

EPPO (A): sor. I elps and loos: pf. pass. part. έρμένος, Εp. ἐερμένος:-Lat. SERO, to tie, join fasten together, string; hakerpoider deputives set with pieces of electron.

EPPΩ (B): to eay, speak, tell; so also in Med. είρετο, είροντο: -but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see epu.

EΓPΩN, esvos, δ, a dissembler, one who says less than be thinks or means.

douvela, f., dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From

esperverous, (esper) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign ignorance.

elpervices, to, or, befitting a dissembler. Adv. - kws. elperán or elperén, Ep. and Ion. for eparán.

ETZ or EZ, PREP. WITH ACC. ONLY. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into. PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, els area locota to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of bostile direction, Lat, contra, adversus, = 2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, is μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, mapeiral els rónor to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώζεσθαι είε τύπον. ellipt. c. gen., els 'Atono [86µov], Att. els 'Aidov, to the abode of Hades; le 'Abnvalne [leptr] to the zemple of Athena, & Πριάμοιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in lead a wife into one's bouse.

Prose, els Δήμητρος to the ten. !. of Cales, etc.; as in Lat. ad Apollinis, Castoris (sub. aedem). OF TIME, 1. until, ès fin, ès fiélior karadúrra, ele Fre till the time when ... sill morn, till sunset; is 5 until; to the up to my time. 2. to determine a period, for, els eviautor for a year, i.e. a whole year; is θέρος, is δεώρην for the summer, etc.; els del for ever; els huas up to our time; els relrar hulpar to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third III. OP AN END OR PURPOSE, circly cie dyable to speak for good, with a good object; ès πύλεμον θωρήξομαι I will arm me for war. WITH NUMERALS: is play (sc. Boulfy) Boulevery to resolve one way or unanimously; ele le epresou to agree together; with plurals, up to, els uvolove as many as ten thousand; els béo two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most. V. to express RELATION, és o in regard to which, i.e. wherefore: els ti; for what? why? hence for Adv., ès taxos for

ταχέω. Els is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, els άμφοτέρω Διομήδεος αρματα βήτην. Ιτ is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled in ele áxabe.

EΓZ, μία, εν, gen. ενόε, μιᾶε, ενόε, Lat. UNUS, Engl. ONE: the fem. µla points to a second Root, which appears without the init.  $\mu$  in the Ep. masc. los, fem. la: strengthd. els olos, pla ola or oly, a single one, one alone: with Sup., els aportos: els ris some one, Lat. unus aliquis: els Enagros each one, Lat. unusquisque: nab' le luagrov cach singly, piece by piece: els drip, Lat. unus omnium, for one man, nhelatas yuvainas els arip eyhpato most for one man.

els, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of elul sum. pres. of eliu ibo.

II. 2 sing.

eis, aor. 2 part. of in µ.

ciou, Causal aor. I of io, iopai, to put, place, lay; σκοπον είσε be set a spy; λόγον είσαν they laid an ambush: part. eloas, inf. loat, Ep. loau. also fut. med. έσομαι Ep. έσσομαι: aor. I είσάμην: pf. pass. eluai :- to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are

supplied from lopies.

eio-ayayev, sor. 2 part, of elodye. eiσαγγελεύε, έωε, δ, (είσαγγέλλω) οπε subo απnounces, an usber, an officer at the Persian court.

elσαγγελία, ή, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From

είσ-αγγέλλω, f. -ελώ: for the tenses, v. dγγέλλω: -to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see elσαγγελεύε): generally, to announce, report. to accuse one of a state-offence; see cloayychla.

elo-dyelpe, f. -epû: for the tenses, v. dyelpe:--to gather into a place.

είσ-άγω, f. ξω: 2 - ήγαγον: pf. - αγήοχα:to lead in or into; ξσάγειν οι ξσάγεσθαι γυναίκα to 2. to import foreign II. Ep.

wares: elouyeobus sal efayeobas to import and export: - Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new cus-II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; είσαγειν τι le βουλήν, to bring before the Council. 2. as law-term, elodyer bluny or ypaphy to open the proceedings, state the case. ciodel, Adv. for els dei, for ever.

elo-aelpouar, Med. to take to oneself. do-adpla, f. how, to look into, descry.

do-alou, £ -apa, to lift or carry in. elo-alore, elo-dore, f. -dfe, to dart into.

elouro, 3 sing. sor. med. opt. of \*ello. do-drovila, f. low Att. ia, to burl javeline at:

absol., to dart or spout up, of blood. **dσ-dκούω, f.** σομαι: 20τ. Ι - ήκουσα: pf. - ακήκοα: -to listen, bearben to; and, simply, to bear.

to obey, comply with, give beed to. elo-aution, verb. Adj. of elodyes, one must bring in. elσ-άλλομαι, f. -αλοθμαι: 201. Ι -ηλάμην: Ep. 3 sing. 20τ. 2 ἐσάλτο: Dep.:—to leap or spring into:

also to leap upon. elo-dueibe, f. fe, to pass into.

clocaμην, Ep. 20r. I med. of elμι ibo. sor, I med, of "elber, I see. elocheny, sor. I med. of eloa, I founded.

do-avabalve, 201. 2 -aribny, to go up into. elo-dvaykale, f. to force into, constrain.

elo-avayo, f. fw, to lead up into.

elo-aveidov, aor. 2 (see eldor): to look up to.

do-áveyu, to go up into.

elouvible, part. of elouveibor.

elouvév, part, of elouveum.

do-avra, Adv. erraight into, into or in the face.

elodwar. Adv. for ele dwar, altogether.

elounat, Adv. for els avaf, at once. elo-aparon Att. -- True, fut. fee, to drive in upon.

είσατο, είσατο, τ. είσάμην, είσάμην.

do-drive, Att. for eleaferes.

elo-avyálu, í. ou, to look at.

elouvous. Adv. for els avois, bereafter. elorauptor, Adv. for ele abptor, on the morrow.

ciσ-aθτις, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for ciσαθθιε. elo-dolym, f. -aphow, to send into: to let in.

είσ-αφικάνω, - είσαφικνέομαι. [ār] cioadictobar, 201. 2 inf. of eloapertopar.

elo-adurvious, f. fousi, Dep. to come or go into, 'o arrive at.

eio- $\beta$ alva, f.  $-\beta$  $\eta$ o $\mu$ a: eor.  $\alpha$   $-i\beta\eta\nu$ : pf.  $-\beta$  $i\beta\eta$  $\kappa$ a: -to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark. mpers., elo Balvet pot it comes into my bead. Causal in aor. I elvibyon, to make to go into, to put into: see elσβιβάζω, which serves as pres, in this sense.  $ci\sigma$ -βάλλω, f. -βάλω: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλη-

per:--to throw into:--Med. to put on board one's II. sub. lauror or expariár), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. raw) to enter port, Lat. appellere.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into. 3. also to come to, fall into accidentally.

dσβάσιε, ces, ή, (elσβalre) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation.

dσβāτόs, ή, όν, (elσβalve) accessible.

elσ-βlάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to force one's way into. eiσ-βιβάζω, f. –βιβάσω Att. –βιβώ, Causal of eis-

Baire, to make to go into, put into. elo-Bherre, f. ve, to look at, look upon.

dσβολή, ή, (elσβάλλω n) a throwing enoulf into: an inroad, invasion, attack. 2. a way of enterism, an entrance, pass: in plur, also, the mouth of a 3. an entering into a thing, a beginning. elo-ypades, f. fe, to write in, inscribe:—Med to bave oneself written down or invertibed; elaypapeata

le the storbie to have annelf written or received into the league. elo-верконы, Dep., with 201. 2 act. eloeврико :-

to look at or upon, behold, observe. elo-bézonai, Ion. éo-békonai : f. -bétoma : aor. 1 eloedefaunr and eloedexonr: Dep.: - to take into.

admit. elo-868wju, used intr., of rivers, to flow into. elσβοχή, ή, (elσδέχομαι) reception.

eloboqueiv, ser. 2 inf. of elotofye. elobpout, t. (elobpaneir) an onclaught, assault. elo-dúa or elo-dúva, and (in same sonse) Med. do-

δύομαι: f. -δύσομαι: 201. 2 -ίδυν: pf. -δίδυκα:--κο ret into, clip into or in; decrbr to trédure order a kind of fear entered into them; decorrectly decorre thou wilt enter into a contest of archery.

eios, see eloa. elσέβην, 201. 2 of elσβalres: elσέβησα, causal 201. I-

είσεγραψα, aor I of είσγράφα. είσεδεξάμην, είσεδέχθην, 201. I of είσδέχομα:.

**είσθομκον, 201. 2 οί είσδίρκομας.** elo-ispanov, sor. 2 of elorpiza.

elo-480v, sor. 2 of elotion.

sicr-sibov, acr. 2 (see ellar), to look on or at. olo-equ, inf. —térat: Impl elogétr: (els, elsa ibo):—

to go into, go in; dodad mode elsem I will come into bis sight; doxive elocévas to enter on an office.

to come into one's mind.

eioékekou, 201. z of eiozékku. elσεκύλισα, sor. I of elσεϋλίσδω.

elo-elaúve Ep. -eláe: fut. -eláce [d] Att. -elé

as law-term, to come before the court.

for the tenses, v. idaivo :-- to drive into ot in. (sub. lestor or valv) to row into a place, like Li: appellere.

eiσελθείν, aor. 2 mf. of elσέρχομαι.

elo-lano: f. -lafo: 201. I -elantou -- to drag intoelo-eußalve, sor. 2 eloeribny, to go on board eloreverkeiv, sor. 2 inf. of elopipu.

elσ-evhvoxa, pf. of elσφέρα.

eloévbupes, Dor, for eloékbuper, I pl. soc. 2 sebj. οί είσερχομαι.

IL

dominos, 201. I of elovoles. sictrates, sor. I of elevale. do trara, Adv. for els trura, beneforward. Motorary, 3'sing. sor, 2 of dontropal. cho-topyvous or -bu, to educe up into, enclose in a place.

derepoting, nor. I (in pass. form) of elopies. είσ-έρρω, 201. Ι είσηρρησα: pf. είσηρρηκα:---to go into, get in.

elo-epie, aor. I part. eloepious [8], to draw into. do-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: 201. 2 ήλυθον, -ήλ-

for: Dep.:—to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire: metaph. to enter one's mind; absol. of money, to come ίπ, as πρόσοδοι εἰσῆλθον. IL as Att. law-term, of the accuser, to come into court.

do-br., Adv. still yet.

do-tye, f. -ife, intr. to stretch into, reach.

elo-ηγέομαι, fut. ήσομαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward. II. elonyelobal rure to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence slowynum, parce, to, a proposition, motion: and

do hypore, eas, h, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and

donyurior, verb. Adj., one must bring in: and do ηγητής, οῦ, ὁ, one subo brings in, a mover, proposer. **0600**, f. how, to inject by a syringe. elo-hou, f. -hfw, to be come in: to come in. είσ-ήλυθον, είσηλθον, 20τ. 2 of είσερχομαι. donλύσια, ή, (εἰσήλυθον) a coming in.

elσήνεγκαι, 20τ. Ι of είσφέρα. eloto. Acol. and Ep. for ele, el, 2 sing, of eliu ibo.

elobar, pf. pass. inf. of inju.

do-040, f. deboopen, to run into, run up to. elo-Ophoron, not. - looper, to leap into or in.

ciol, cioly, 3 pl. pres. of elul sum. elou, elouv, 3 sing. pres. of elu ibo.

dotouv, Ep. dorbierv, 201. 2 inf. of eloeidov.

είσ-ιδρύω, f. σω: pf. pass. εἰσίδρῦμαι: (εἰε, ἰδρύω): to build, found in a place.

do-Rouge, Pass. (els, I(w) to be seated in, to sit down in.

elor-lypu, f. -how, to send or put into:-Med. to betake oneself to: also in act. sense, to admit, let in.

είσθμη, ή, (είσ-ειμι) an entrance. dio-unvioua, fut. - Ifopai, Dep. to go into.

cio-larapas, late form of είσπέτομαι.

elo-καλαμάομαι, (eis, καλάμη) to baul in wilb a ubing rod.

elo-Källen, f. low, to call in.

elσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, 201.2 είσκατ έβην, 10 go down into.

elo-scararibnes, f. -θήσω, to put down into.

. elo-scapes, as Pass. of είστίθημι, to be put into, lie in: to be put on board ship.

cio-cella, f. -cilow: cor. I -icelou:--to pueb or thrust in: (sub. raw), to put into shore, put to land. dia-semptorous Att. - True, f. for, to call in by berald: esp. to call into the lists for combat.

elowowish, 4, a bringing in, importation. From do-noulle: fut. low Att. W: to bring into, import :- Pass. to get into a place for shelter.

elo-unkles, f. how, to turn or wheel inwards on the stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spectators, τ. ἐκκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα elσκεκύκληκεν els την olklar some spirit bas brought ill luck into the house.

elo-kthlvbw, f. kuhlow [1]: to roll into.

None: impf. floror: (love, livos):-to make like: to think like, liken: metaph. so compare: and so so guess, conjecture, believe.

elo-heúo ou, to look into.

elo-μαίομαι, 201. Ι είσεμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. έσεμάσσατο Dor. -áfατο: Med.: (els, μάσσω):--to touch to the quick. II. to put in the hand to feel.

eio-viouau, Dep. to go unto.

elo-vien, f. -veboopai, to swim into.

elo-volue, f. how, to perceive, remark. elo-obos, \$, (ele, bbos) a way into, entry.

a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance.

do-outerbe, f. wow, (ele, olneioe) to bring in as a friend:-Pass. to become friend to any one. elo-oures, f. how, to dwell in, settle in. Hence

elouchous, em, h, settlement: a dwelling. elo-outile, fut. low Att. To, to bring as a colonist

into a place:-Pass. to settle oneself in a place. elo-ouroboutes, f. how, to build into.

elσοιχνεθσα, Aeol. for elσοιχνοῦσι, 3 pl. of alo-ouxvies, f. how, to go into, enter.

elo-bue or -ev. Dor. elo-bue, (els 8 me) until such time as :-so long as.

elorquat, fut. of \*elder B: elorent, Ep. 2 sing.

Ep. fut. of elm ibo. eloov, imperat. of elou.

elo-bury, (ele, bute) Adv. bereafter.

elo-onlow, Adv. in time to come, bereafter." elσοπτος, ον. (εἰσόψομαι) looked upon: to be seen,

visible. elσοπτρίε, ίδοε, ή, — είσοπτρον.

είσ-οπτρον, τό, (εἰσόψομαι) α looking-glass, muror. elo-opás, Ep. part. eloopóss, inf. med. eloopásaobas: the fut. elgispopus and nor. 2 elgeidor are supplied from other Roots (see opdas):—to look at or upon, view, behold: also to look on with admiration, revere. respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily; also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold.

elσ-opμάω, f. ήσω, to bring forcibly into:-Pass. to force one's way into.

slo-opulle, fut. low Att. W. to bring into port :-Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port.

elo-opoúm, f. om, to rush in.

Etoros,  $\eta$ , or [Y], Ep. lengthd. form of love, alike, equal, used in these phrases: I. Bals ston the equal banquet, i. e. equally shared. 2. Phen Eloat the equal or well-balanced ships, g. वेजबोर सर्वश्राव्हे

H.

4. <del>opé-</del> | Mon the all-sum shield, i. c. quite round. ves troor troas an ever mind, that is well-balanced, calm, Lat. mens seque.

electre, for the bre, wetil.

do-vine, eue, t. a looking upon: a spectacle. From eloobougu, fut. of eloopaw, formed from Root eloδπτομαι.

elo-rale, 201. I defraisa, to burst or dash in. elo-whure, f. to, to send in, bring in: to suborn. elo-mepau, f. aou [ā] Ion. hou, to pass over into. do-wydde, f. how or hoopar, to leap into, burst in. elo-mérausa, f. -mrhaopas: nor. 2 both in med. form electricapy and act. electry :- to fly into.

elσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι; acr. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέtruna:-to fall or rush into: to be thrown II, to fall upon, attack.

elo-sirve, poët. form of elevisres.

elo-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence elondoos, contr. elondous, b, a sailing in of II. the entrance of a barbour.

. do-roles, f. -reversopen, to breathe in, inhale, Lat. II. to breathe upon. Hence inspirare.

elouvillas, d, one who inspires love, a lover. do-noise, f. how, to put into the bands of, to give (a son) to be adopted by another: - Pass. to be adopted. IL to introduce. Hence

eigmolytos, 7, or, adopted.

elo-nopevu, f. ou, to lead into: -Pass., with fut. med. - εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

elompatus, con, h, exaction or collection of taxes. elo-spacou Att. -rru, f. fa to get in or collect taxes: - Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

elo-plu, f. -peloopai and -pulgopai: act. 2 -epρύητ:--to stream into.

elorthesev, plapf. intr. of lorge.

eloriana, eloriaoa, pf. and aor, of lorido.

do-ribnu, fut. -bhow:---to put into, place in: also , with or without is raw, to put on board ship: -- Med., τέκνα εσθέσθαι (201. 2 inf.) to put them on board. do-rogene, f. ou, to shoot or dart into.

elσ-τρέχω: fut. -δράμοθμαι: aor. 2 -έδράμον (from \* or in or into, to run upon.

do-dipe: fut. -olow (from \*ole): 201. I -hreyea and pf. -erhroxa (from \*lreyaw); cf. pipu: -to carry into: to bring in or upon. II. to bring in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tan on property. III. to introduce, bring forward, pro-DOSE. IV. Med. to carry will one: also like Act. to introduce. 2. to import, V. Pass. to rub in, 2. to be imported.

elo-perram, f. how, to go continually to, to visit. είσφορά, ή, (είσφέρω) a carrying into. bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tan,

raised to meet the exigencies of war.

είσ-φορέω, f. ήσω, = είσφέρω.

elo-φρόω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. eloppes: (els, ppew which only occurs in compos., v. "apple, impple);—to let in admit :—Med. to bring

elo-xapile, f. low Att. W, to put into one's bande, elo-xlu, f. -xeû: aor. I -lxea:--to four into:-

Pass., Ep. aoc. 2 toextuny [v], to stream in.

clow, more rarely low, Adv. (els, le) into, within, c. acc., bûrat bópor 'Aibos elso: also c. gen . ése II. within, inside. βλεφάρων.

eio-when, fut: which and won, to thrust into :-Med. to force oneself into, press in.

elo-wabe, by, (ele, by) in face, in front of; elowere lylvorτο rear they came in front of the ships.

EITA Ion. eitev, Adv. of Time, then, after, there-II. like Lat. ita and itaque. upon, Lat. deinde. and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat. itane? itane vero? is it so? ay really? indeed? eiral, 3 sing. pf. pass. of Errum.

el-re.., el-re.., Let. sive.., sive.., either.., or ..., whether ..., or ...; so that several cases are always put: in Homer the first eire is sometimes answered by \$ sal. The Trag. sometimes leave out the

first elve, or put el instead. eire, for einre, 2 pl. pres. opt. of eini sum. elver, Ion. for elva, like freezer tor freeze. ela, Ep. for law.

eie, Ep. for ea, a, pres. subj. of elul sums. elesta, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb Etm. elabor, plapf. (in impf. sense) of low.

deborus, Adv. of eluba, in the usual way. ciev, impf. of the.

cios, Ep. for for, until.

diagra, Ep. for logo, 3 pl. of law.

EK, Octore a vowel ef, Lat. e, ex, PARP. WITH CEN. Radic, sense, from out of, away from. Or Place, out of, from forth; in surrow uddistre chief from among all, of all. 2. like éfe, outside f, beyond; in βελίων out of shot; in marrow out of 3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, &c. The smoke. τασσαλύφε κρέμασεν φύρμιγγα he hung his lyre from. i. e. on, the peg ; drástestal és tiros to fasten from, i.e. upos, a thing. II, Or True, & of since, from the time when, Lat, so quo; if dought from the beginning; en ovolae vereodu to have just finished sacrifice; ef elphrys wodepeir to go to war out of, i. e. after, peace. III. Or Origin, in two yeriσθαι to be born or sprung from one; 🤾 έμου γένου fool thou comest of me by blood. 2, of the materials of a thing, as when he follow a cup of 3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, & Occupamodeul(eir to war at the gods' instance; udrice if όλοης because of deadly writh; έκ καθματος in comsequence of the heat; in bias dyear — bia tyeer, to lead by force. 4. with a pass. Verb, epiliper in Acie 5. with a neut. they were beloved of or by Zeus. Adj., as periphr. for Adv., if dyxinohou for dyxinohou; ls τοῦ lpφανοῦs and lf lpφανοῦs for lp**φανῶs**, etc.

&s is often separated from its Case by one or more words. It takes an accent if it is pecul. emphatic.

In Compos. in signifies out, espay, off: also attering

ing from afer, far-darking, - ἐκηβόλοε.

ingv [d], aor. 2 pass, of scales. Exiller, Adv. (&uas) from afar :- far off, far away. trattor, sor. I of matalpa.

beakerors, Ep. sor. I of states.

Exilor, Dor. for Emplos. econstruction for markeness, sor. I of marapies.

teduov, teamoury, sor. 2 act. and med. of suppose. ecaptivavto, 3 pl. sor. I med. of suprises.

inapha, sor. 1 of mapper. inds Att. inus, Adv. (is) far, afar, far off: c. gen. fer from, far away from. II. of Time, long after. Ecocration, Sup. of Leds, furthest off, furthest away. leastay 60er, (leastor) Adv. from every side.

διασταχόσε, (ξεαστοε) Adv. to every side. inagrayou, (inagros) Adv. everywbere.

inaστέρω, Gomp. of inde, further, further off:-Sup. Laugtere.

inacros. Adv. for each or every one. From

\*EKAZTOZ, n, or, every, every one, each, each one, Lat. guisque, opp. to a number: the sing, from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb, Emagroe enigrague ye know each one of you: ele

Enastroe, Lat. unusquisque, each one; was Enastroe, one and all; of soft Essarror each one singly, Lat. singuli: καθ ἐκάστην [ἡμέραν] every day, daily. Hence

decacrore, Adviseach time, at all times.

διαστοτέρω, Adv. - έκαστέρω.

διατέστο, Ion. for εκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι. interpasse, Adv. (interpos) at each time.

endrapes, before a vowel - v. Adv. for enameder, from or on each side, Lat. utrinque.

TEKATEPOZ, a, ov, each of two, each singly, Lat. uterque. Hence

inaripules, Adv. from each side: and

imuriput, Adv. on each side: and Exartipure, Adv. to each side, each way.

Excert [d], ή, (ξεατοε) Hecaté, daughter of Perses and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same as Artemis. Εκάτηο δείτνον, οτ Εκάταια, τά, was an offering of purification made to her on the 30th

of each month at three cross roads. έκάτη-βελέτης, ου, δ. - έκατηβόλος.

έκατη-βόλος, ον. (έκας, βάλλω) far-throwing, farsbooting, far-darting :- as Subst. the Far-darter.

exam, Att. and Dor. for Empti, on account of. διατογ-κάρδινος, ον, (ξεατόν, εάρηνον); and

έκατογ-κοφάλας, ου, δ, (έκατών, κεφαλή); and

inaτόγ-κράνος, αν, (inaτόν, κράνον): -- bundredbeaded.

έκατόγ-χαρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, χείρ) bundred-banded. marto-foros, or, (inarter, surjer) with 100 benches for rowers.

ecarou-βauer, êros, δ, the month Hecatombason, the first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of July and first half of August. From

tub-appea, δ, (luás, \*έργω) epith. of Apollo, work- | δυατόμ-βη, ή, (έπατόν, βοθε) properly an offering of a bundred onen: but commonly a great public sacrifice, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

> inaróμ-βοιος, or, (inarór, βούε) of or worth a bun! dred oven.

åκατόμ-πεδος, αν. (έκατόν, πούε) 100 feet long.

διατομ-πολίεθρος, αν. - έπατό μπολιε.

διατόμ-πολιε, ι, gen. eue, (ξεατόν, πόλιε) with a bundred cities. Exartinations, 8, 4, mour, 76, gen. modes, (imartin,

note) bundred-footeds

διατόμ-πύλος, ον, (ξεατόν, πύλη) bundred-gated. TEKATO'N, ol, al, Ta, indecl. a bundred, Lat, centum. Exartorra-erife, is, (Exartor, Eros) of a bundred years,

a bundred years old. bearoura-kapyvos, Dor. -kapavos, or, (ikarir, ka-

nvov) bundred-beaded : cf knarbynpavos.

έκατον-τάλαντος, ον. (ξεατόν, τάλαντον) worth 100 talents; γραφή έκατοντάλαντος an action where damages were laid at that sum.

łκατοντα-πλάσίων, ον, gen. ονος (ἐκατίν) a bundred-fold. 100 times as much or many.

έκατοντά-πύλος, ον. - ξεατόμπύλος.

karovr-άρχης, ου, δ, (karόν, άρχω) a leader of a bundred, Lat, centurio.

 $\delta \kappa \omega \tau \delta v \tau - \alpha \rho \chi \sigma s$ ,  $\delta_1 = \delta \kappa \alpha \tau \sigma v \tau \delta \rho \chi \eta s$ .

kaτοντάs, άδοε, ή, (ἐκατόν) the number one hundred. έκατοντ-όργιιος, ον, (έκατόν, όργιιά) of 100 fatboms :—poēt., ἐκαιτοντ-ορόγικος, αν.

ξκάτος, δ, (ξκάε) = ξκηβόλοε.

έκατό-στοι os, ον, (ξιατίν, στόμα) bundred-mouthed. έκατοστός, ή, ών, (έκατών) the hundredth, Lat. contesimus; to transorá a bundred-fold. τοστή, the bundredth part, a tax or duty at Athena. έκατοστύς, ύσε, ό, - έκατοντάε.

Exavera, 201. I of males.

in-Balo, f. Ew, to speak out, declare.

τη-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: 201. 2 εξέβην: pf. εκβέ-Bywa:-to step out of, go or come out of: to step out of a ship, to discmbark. 2. to go out of, depart 3. metaph. to come out so and so, to turn from. 4. to go out of due bounds, to out, Lat. evadere. II. in fut. act. ἐκβήσω, acr. 1 ἐξέβησα, digress. Causal, to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.; cf. ἐπβιβάζω.

έκ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to excite to Bacchie frenzy, to make frantic: - Pass. and Med. to be frenzied, rage. έκβαλε, sor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for

έξέβαλε, 3 sing. ind.

 $\dot{\omega}$ κ-βάλλω, f. -βάλ $\dot{\omega}$ : 201. 2 - $\dot{\omega}$ βάλον; pf. -β $\dot{\omega}$ βλ $\dot{\omega}$ κα: -to throw or east out: to disembark, land; but also 2. πύλεων ἐκβάλλειν to colst to carry out to sea. out of the country: and so to drive out, banish. to strike out, Lat. excutere; δούρα ἐκβάλλου to fell trees, properly to cut them out of the forest. metaph., έπου ἐκβάλλειν to let fall or drop a word; so, ξεβάλλειν δάκρυα to drop or shed tears.

to three eway, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, gone by, elapsed.

Lat. exploders. 3, to break open. V. to send erri, it is allowed, one, get rid of, loss. VI. (sub. ξαυτόν), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

**διβαλείν, 2** or. 2 inf. of εκβάλλα.

åιβάs, sor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνω.

inflave, one, \$\psi\$, (\langle \text{!nfaire}) a going out of a ship, a landing.

II. a way out, egrees t an ecospe.

in Bam, Dor. for in Balres.

in-βeβarie, f. iσω, to confirm.

in-Blake, to fares out : to serent from.

ke-βιβάζω, f. - βιβάσω Att. βιβά, Causal of keβαίνα, το make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship. ' ke-βιβρώσω, fut. - βρώσω, pf. - βέβρωκα, to devour. ' agβλητος, cr. ( keβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, despised, despised be.

en-βλώστου, nor. 2 έξ-έμαλον, to go or some out.

in-Bodes, f. hoopen, to call or ery out

de-βοήθεια, η, a marebing out so aid. From

ta. βοηθέω, f. frow, so mare b out to aid; to make a sally, ta. βολβίζω, f. frow Att. ω, (λε, βολβός) to peel off from, as the skin off an onion; λεβολβίζων τυνα τών

mubles to parl one of his stolen skins.

ἀπβολή, ή, (ἐπβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overbourd, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a causing out, banishment. III. a shooting forth; it also fire the time when the corn abouts or comes into ear. IV. an outlet, Lat. exitus; ἐπβολή κόγου the mouth of a river; ἐπβολαὶ δρουε a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐπβολή λόγου as digression. V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐπβολή διπέλλη ε earth cast out by a mattock; οδρεία ἐπβολή διπέλλη ε earth cast out by a mattock;

**διεβολος, σν. (ἐκβάλλω)** cast out, emposed, of a child: abortive. II. as Subst., ἐκβολος, δ, α cape, pro-

montory. 2. ξεβολα, τά, cast off relics.

en-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth:
Pass. to be east up or thrown on shore, of ships.

en-βροντάω, f. ήσω, to strike out by lightning.

en-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow farth.

έκ-βρωμα. ατον τό, (ξεβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ξεβρωμα σρίονοι saw-dirst.

&-ydulle, f. low Att. w, to give away in marriage:

—Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

ex-γάμισκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

έκ-γαυρόομαι, (έκ, γαύρου) Med. to exult greatly in. έκ-γέγδα, poét. for έκγέγονα, pf. of ἐκγίγνομαι:

3 dual experient; inf. experient [a]; part. experient, experient.

\*eκ-γυλώω, f. Loopal [2]: for the tenses, v. γυλώω:
—to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaph. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

έα-γονής, έε, (le, γένοι) put out from one's family, without hith or him.

bu-γίγνομα, fat. -γενήσομα: 201. 2 ξεγενίμην: pf. forth fi ξωγέγονα, post tuγέγαα (q. v.): Dep.:—10 gross out of, spring from: 10 be desended from, born of. II. 10 bass gone by: χρόνου tuγεγονότου time basing judge.

gone by, elapsed. 2. impore. Leviperou, like Efeors, it is allowed, it is granted.

urjovos, or, (ἐκγενίσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἐκγονος, δ, απη descendant, son, grandson; τὰ ἔκγονα offspring, posterity.

en-ypaden, t. for so write out, copy:—Med. to write out or copy for oneself.

II. to strike out, enpunge from a list.

έκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and is late Gr. for δεγεγρομαι. έκ-δακρύω, f. ύσω, to burst into tears. [9]

έπ-δάπανώω, f. ήσω, to expend, consume, cubaust, έπ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of έπδέρω. έκδοδωρίουνται, 3 pl. Ion. plapf. of έπδωρείομαι.

in-Bohs, és, (is. bei) defective. Hence inbana, h, a falling sbort, being in arrear.

in-Belinvous, f. -Belfer, sor. I if identa, to sione forth, display.

in-Benoper Ion. for indexoper.

indetes, ess, 6, (trdixopai) a laking from: succession.

ex-Septopus, Dep. to look out from.

en-bipu, Ion. -belpu: f. -bepû: --to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

in-beron, or, (india) fastened to or upon.

in-bigopat, Ion. -binopat: f. -bifopat: acr. I ifcbefings: Dep.:—to take or receive from: to take
up. 2. indicaton the double to receive the rule
from another: absol. to follow, succeed: of countries,
to come next. 3. to wait for, expect, Let. excipere. ... to receive at a feast.

in-dies, f. -dhow, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to:
-Med, to bind a thing to oneself, hang it round one.
in-finhos, or, very manifest: conspicuous.

έκ-δημέω, f. ήσω, (ξεδημο») to go abroad, travel: to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

indiquia, the departure from bone or from life.

in-δημος, ον, (έκ, δήμος) from bome, abroad. in-διαβαίνω, f. —βήσομαι: soc. 2 inδιέβην:—to ge

through out of, pass over.
in-Starraopas, Pass. (is, dearan) to depart from

one's accustomed mode of life, change one's babits.

intllayua, 76, prentice-work, a sampler. From

the order in the control of the cont

in didpassin, Ion. -didphoun: fut. -dpassing [Al: 201. 2 if idea: -to run away from, except.

in-bloom, f. -bloom: 20t. I if flower: pl. indicate: 20t. 2 med. if eddings:—to give out, give up, Let. reddere: to surrender.

2. to give out of and's bouse; indicate in marriage.

3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for bire: to put out money to interest, lend out.

II. (mb. lawron) to issue forth from a place; or a river, to super itself.

in-Braylogian, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full. in-Brailing, f. on, to decide by giving judgment, of a

ndge, II. to avenge, Hence

leduntaries, où, è, an avenger.

enducies, f. how, (Endinos) to avenge, punish; Endined Tura dutó Turos to avenge one on another. Hence exclusions, ear, i, an avenging: vengeance.

in-bicos, or, (in, dien) without law, lawless, Lat. exlex: Adv. Endinor, lawlessly. II. carrying out iustice, avenging: as Subst., Endince, b, an avenger. &-διφρεύω, f. σω, to throw from the chariot.

ex-Stance, f. fopus later for, to drive away, banish.

ex-Boven, f. how, to shake out, confound.

excours, ene, n, (lections) a giving up, surrender-2. a giving in marriage. ing.

excorona, fut. med. of excloum.

excortor, verb. Adj. of excioups, one must give in marriage.

eκδοτος, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) given up, betrayed.

erdouvas, sor. I inf. of erdidopu.

έκδοχή, ή, (ἐκδέχομαι) a receiving from another, succession.

èк-вракочтооран, Pass. (èn, срасти) to become a serpent.

embodusty, 201. 2 inf. of empeyor.

exδρομή, ή, (ἐκδραμεῖν) a running out, sally, charge: —also a band of skirmisbers.

ex-Spouos, o, one that sallies out, a skirmisher. έκδύμα, ματος τό, (ἐκδύω) that which is put off, a

skin, garment. έκδυμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδύναι, 201. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω,

or for embiochen I pl. opt. éx-búve, sec éxbúe.

Echione, eas, h, a slipping out, escape. From ex-δύω, f. -δύσω [v]: 201. I eféδvσa: to strip off from another; ἐκθῦσαι αὐτὸν χιτώνα to strip him of his tunic; exdusar abrov to strip him. pres. endover, with Med. endouper, 201. 2 act. effer, pf. indiduna, to put off. 2. to get out of, slip out

3. metaph. to get away from, escape. en-Suproquat, Pass. (en Auproe) to become quite a

Dorian.

integra, Ep. for intaga, nor. I of reafer.

extare, Ion. for theirto, 3 pl. impf. of reival. EKEI, Adv. at or in that place, there, Lat. illic.

dema, Ep. 201. I of males.

decider, Adv. from that place, thence, Lat. illine; C. gen., Tobseller algove you side of the grove.

exist, (inci) Adv. at that place, there, Lat. illic: Doc. myóbi.

excives Ion. serves, n, e, Acol. serves, Dor. Three, Att. also strengthd. deswood: demonstr. Pron. (desi): -that person or thing, Lat. ille, illa, illud: when ob-Tos and exerce refer to two things before mentioned, Excirce, ille, refers to the more remote, obvos, hic, to II. used also like ille, to denote the nearer. well-known persons; recivos péque bebe, magnus ille III. in Att., excises precedes the Art.

when it is emphatic, as, knewood during; and follows the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as o drip exci-**3701.** 

IV. Adv. lesirus, in that way, in that case: | crush, opprove,

Ion. Keiron: V. the dat, fem. exelve is also used as Adv., I. of Place, there, at that place, on that road. 2. of Manner, in that manner.

EKERPE, ROT. I Of Reine.

execore, Att. ueice, Adv. (exec) to that place, thither,

екекасто, 3 sing. plapf. (in impf. sense) of mirepas. exercides, 3 sing. plapf. of revoc.

έκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. 20τ. 2 of κέλομαι.

execution, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of κλίνω.

έκεκοσμέστο, Ion. for ἐκεκόσμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of roomie.

έκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλου, 2 sing. impf. of κέλομαι. έκ**ίλσα, 2**01. Ι οί κέλλω.

ékepora, Acol. and Ep. aor. I of reipu.

ine-xerpla, i, (ixw, xelp) a bolding of bands, a cessation of bostilities, armistice.

in-lie, f. -liou, to boil out or over: c. gen., eddien Electe she ran over, swarmed with worms.

ex-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to search out.

in-lumbpiu, s. how, to light up again, rekindle.

temps, Ep. aor. 1 of series.

ecoβoλia, ή, a darting from afar, archery. From in-βόλος, or, (inas, βάλλω) far-darting, far-shooting, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.

Emplos, or, collat. form of everylos, at one's ease, quiet, Lat. securus. II. metaph, of things, as of

a field lying at rest or fallow. TEKHTI Att. Ικάτι, Prep. with gen. by means of.

by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II, later = Evena, on account of, for the sake of. 2. as regards, as to, Lat. quod attinet ad.

in-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm thoroughly.

έκθαμβέω, f. ήσω, to amaze, astonish: Pass. to be amazed, astonished. From

έκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ. θάμβοε) amazed, astounded. ex-Bauvila, f. ou. (in. bauvoe) to root out, extirpate.

åκθάνον, Ep. for έξέθανον, 20τ. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω. ëκ-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι, Ion. ήσομαι, Dep. to see out, see to the end.

in-beatolie, f. ou. (in. biatpor) to make a spectacle of.

en-θeιάζω, f. σω, (en, θείον) to deify.

έκθέμεναι οτ έκθέμεν. Ep. for έκθείναι, 201. 2 inf. pt **દે**κτίθημι.

exteris, eiσα, έν, 201. 2 part. of ἐκτίθημι.

en-depilo, f. low Att. W, to mow completely: to cut

in-θερμαίνω, f. ἀνώ, (in, θερμός) to warm or beat tborougbly.

έκθέσθαι, 201. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθημι.

έκθεσιε, car, ή, (ἐκτίθημι) a putting out, exposing.

inverse, or, (intibyu) put out, exposed. ix-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run or sally out.

ik-Inpáopar, Dep. to bunt out, catch.  $i\kappa$ - $\theta$ npei $\omega$ , f.  $\sigma\omega$ ,  $=i\kappa\theta$  $\eta$ p $\dot{\alpha}$  $\omega$  $\mu\alpha\iota$ .

έκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press, squeeze out: metaph. to

in-Orfores, fut. -Odrovpa: sor. ifildarer:--to be | dying, be at the last gasp; yekes or yekem indureir to be nigh dead with laughter.

ex-Borvaouar, f. hoopar, Dep. to eat up, feast on. žκθορε, for εξέθορε, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of εκθρώσκω.

in fortie. f. how, to mourn out or aloud.

έκ-θρώσκω, fut. -θοροθμαι: 201. εξέθορον:--to leap out of, leap forth from.

in-Objectio, f. dow, to burn as incense.

Tk-θυμος, or, (¿κ, θυμύς) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantie, like Lat. amens.

ex-bus, f. iou [8]: for the tenses v. bus :-- to offer up, sacrifice: metaph. to destroy utterly. 2. Med. to atone for, expiate by offerings: of a god, to propisiate, appease.

ëklyets [t], 2 sing. impf. of είχημε: of ετίθειε from

τίθημι.

åκίχην [Υ], impf. of είχημι.

ex-kayxalo, f. ou, to burst out into loud laughter. ėκ-κάθαίρω, f. –καθάρῶ: 201. I ἐξεκάθηρα:—to eleanse out, clear out : to clear away, get rid of.

έκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

in-kal-beka, ol, al, rá, indecl. sinteen. ikkardeká-dwoos, or, (ikkaldeka, dŵpor) sinteen

palms long. encuberá-Alvos, or, (encubéra, Alror) consisting of

sixteen threads.

ikkaibikatos, n. or. (ikkaldeka) sixteentb. ikkaidek-itys, ou, o, (ikkaideka, itos) sinteen years old : fem. - Bekerre, 180s.

in-kaupos, or, (is, saspie) out of date.

ěκ-καίω, Att. ěκκάω : fut. –καύσω : 201. Ι έξέκεα:to burn out. II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame. ėκ-κάκέω, f. ήσω, (ėκ, κακύε) to be faint-bearted.

in-καλάμάομαι, (in, καλάμη) Dep. to pull out with

a fishing-rod.

ix-καλίω, f. ίσω, to call forth: - Med. to call out to oneself; metaph. to eall forth, elicit, excite.

ex-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:-Med. to unveil oneself.

ex-κάμνω, f. -κάμοθμαι: act. 2 et éκάμον:---to be tired

out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

eκ-καρπίζομαι, Med. (ex, καρπύε) to yield as fruit. ek-kapmoohat, Med. (ek, kapmie) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

ek-kateibov, 201. 2 of efopáw, to look down from. in-naulism, f. on, (in, naulie) to pull out the stalk: metaph. to destroy root and branch.

έκ-καυχάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud. in-nae, Att. for innaios.

enters, aor. I part. of entereles.

εκ-καιμαι, used as Pass. of εκτίθημι, to be cast out or exposed. II. c. gen. to fall from out of. енкенофа, ениеноприсы, pf. act. and pass. of en-

example, -les -

in-nerou, -nerous, f. wow, to empty out, desolate. in-nevries, f. how, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab. en-nepallo, f. sw, to pillage: to ent off root and branch.

έκκέχθμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχέω: whence ekkentukves, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

έκκέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχάννυμι.

in-κηραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (ix, κήρ) to enfeeble, exbaust. iκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω : fut. fw:--to proclaim by a berald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public

proclamation. in strike, f. how, to move out: to put up, rouse. lo-iλάζω, L -κλάγξω, to cry aloud.

in-uldes, L - nlass [d], to break off. in-khole Ion, -khyle Att. -khyle: Att. fut. ikkhylou:-to chut out: metaph, to enclude or binder from.

ku-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purioin. ex-khyle, lon, for excheles.

έκκλησία, ή, (έκκλητοε) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called supeas dsunder the extraordinary σύγκλητοι. II. the Church. Hence

έκκλησιάζω, f. σω: impf. ήκκλησίαζον οτ έκκλησίαζον, but also εξεκλησίαζον (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. 1 łfεκλησίασα:—to bold an assembly, debate therein:

absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. to summon to the assembly.

exxλησω, Att. fut. of exxλείω. έκκλητος, or, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth. Lat. expectus:

selected to arbitrate on a point. ěκ-κλίνω, f. –κλινώ, to bend aside: to bend down, o stakes, II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give

ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into. in-kvale, f. ou, to wear out: metaph. to tease to death, like Lat. enecare; Dor. 3 pl. fut. derausevert.

ėκ-κνάω, f. ήσω, to rub ot eut deeply.

έκ-κοβάλικεύομαι, Dep. (έκ, κύβαλα) to eajole 01 ebeat by juggling tricks.

en-nounties, f. low Att. w, (en, nonnos) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate; ennount(eir opople to put out one's ancle; ennount(eir rds wohers to empty the cities.

iκ-κολάπτω, f. ψω, to scrafe out, erace, obliterate. έκ-κολυμβάω, f. ήσω, to swim out of.

έκκομιδή, ή, a carrying out or off. From

in-noullo, f. low Att. to, to carry out: to carr ... a place of safety; tunopifeer riva in appropares a

keep one out of trouble.

έκ-κομπάζω, f. σω, to utter vauntingly.

έκ-κομψεύομαι, Dep. (έκ, κομφεύω) to set forth in plausible terms.

ек-копти, f. yw: pf. –кокофа:—Раза, 201. 2 франоτην: pl. leκέκομμαι:—to out out, knock out:—Pass., έξεκόπη τώφθαλμώ be bad his eyes knocked out. ånnen of to out down, fell: to out off, destroy, Lat. existin-3. to beat off from a place, repulse,

he wooden, f. how, to severy out: to severy clean. in-mopiles, (in, mips) to clear of bugs.

&-ropvoo. f. ava. to sum up shortly.

te-up future. Pass. to bang upon, listen attentively to. in-spandovous, f. spendow [d]:-to let bang from or by:-Pass. to bang from or upon, cling to. Hence expense, is, banging from or upon.

ex-representation, poet. Pass. of exept plane put.

ex-upives, f. bra, to choose or single out, select. 3. to separate, secrete. Hence to expel, reject.

Exertos, ov, picked out, chosen; Exeptor as Adv., above all, eminently.

impowore, em, ή, a beating out, driving away: and Exepowerros, or, beaten out: of embossed works, worked in relief. From

in-upobe, f. ou, to beat or dash out. 2. to drive back, repulse: to biss an actor off the stage, Lat. exploders. 3. to put off, adjourn.

ex-existration, f. fow, to tumble beadlong out of.

be-sevies, f. how, to bring forth.

ex-runden, f. how, to subset out by means of the exεύκλημα (q. v.): -Pass. to be brought to sight by this means; άλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out! i. e. show yourself; cf. elerentie. Hence

exximitante, aree, to, a theatrical machine which disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators:

cf. είσενελέα.

ex-sculivou, f. -sculiou: sor. I le esculiou: - Pass., 201. I εξεκυλίσθην:—to roll out or off: Pass. to be rolled or thrown out: Leaviliann in dispose he rolled beadlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate exeself or escape from.

ex-xupalve, (ix. xupa) to undulate: to be uneven.

exxurée, (Exxuros) of a hound, to quest about. in abrayeria, f. how, to bunt down, ex-kuves, or, (in, kuw) of a hound, questing about,

not beeping on one seent. ex-kunte, f. has, to peop out of: to get out.

dec-mapaio, i. ou, to come forth in the festive procession: to rush madly out.

dec-suφέω, f. ήσω, and dec-suφέω, f. ώσω, (de, suφόε) to deafen, sten: - metaph, excessioperrae flon the swords grew blunt.

Exhapov, 20r. 2 of shakes,

extayes, sor. I of existe.

<del>čac-λαγχάνω</del>, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ξξέλἄχον:---to οδtain by lot or fate.

Example 2 med, of example 2.

he-hantiles, f. low Att. We, to kick out : metaph. to ipura al.

in history f. how, to speak out, divulge.

&c-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλάβον: for the other tenses, v. λαμβάνω: to take or choose out. to receive, bear. III. to contract to do work, opp. to Endlowne (to let it out).

dec dapme, f. po: 201. I efficappa:-to abine or Aasb forth. II. trans. to make to shine, light up, kindle.

ex-Lavidove, 201. 2 lflattion, to escape notice ut-II. de-Andava, with acr. 1 leanna Dor. -έλασα, Ep. redupl. sor. 2 ἐκλέλαθον, Causal of ἐκλανθάνω, to make quite forgeoful of a thing:—Med, έκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. 201. 2 έκλελαθέαθαι pf. pass, ἐκλέλησμαι, to forget utterly.

ëκλάπάζω, f. εω, - εξαλαπάζω, to cast out from.

ěκλάπην [d], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπτω. EKAGUOG, SOL I OF KAGIN.

en-λάπτω, f. ψομαι, to lap up: to drink off.

du-leye, f. for the tenses v. leyer:—to pick out, single out:-Med. to eboose out for oneself. cbooss.

2. in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's gtay hairs. II. to collect tribute. ex-helmo, f. you: not. 2 efection: pf. exhiboura:

—so leave out, omit. 2. to forsake, abandon, 3. el rus efélure rer doctuér if any one quit. II. of the sun, to lest the number incomplete. be eclipsed; in full, εκλείπειν την εκ του ουρανού III. intr. to leave off, cease, stop. Hence

šκλειψικ, εων, ή, a forsaking, quitting. disappearance of sun or moon, an eelipse.

έκλεκτός, ή, ών, (ἐκλέγω) chosen out, selected; oi kκλεκτοί ibe elect.

ikhehällelv, -iolai, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 act, and med. ος έκληθάνα.

ἐκλέλθμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκλύω.

έκλεο, Ep. for ἐκλέεα, 2 sing. impl. of κλέω.

in-λime, f. ψω, to free from the shell, to batch.

in-lifye, f. fw, to cease entirely. έκ-ληθάνω, f. –λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω ΙΙ,

έκλήθην, aor. I pass. of καλέω.

ξκλησιε, εω, ή, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness: forgetting and forgiving.

ex-lumave, poet, for exlera.

έκλίνθημες, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

in-himalve, f. ave, to fatten :- Pass. to grow fat.

έκλιπείν, 201. 2 inf. of ἐκλείπω.

έκλιπής, έε, (ἐκλιπεῖν) failing, deficient : ηλίου ἐκ-Little ti lylveto = lakeihie, there was an eclipse of the sun. II. omitted.

ἐκλογή, ή, (ἐκλέγω) a picking out, choice, election: II. a choice selection, a levy of troops or taxes. as of extracts from authors.

ex-horizopa, Dep. to compute, reckon, calculate: to

consider, reflect on. ἐκλόμην, 201. 2 of κέλομαι.

in-love, f. ou, to wash out.

en-λοχεύω, f. σω, to bring forth: - Pass. to be

ἀκλύθω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.

šκλύσιε, cor, ή, (ἐκλύω) a release, deliverance.

έκλυτήριος, (ἐκλύω) able to release; τὸ ἐκλυτήριον a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering. έκλυτος, or, let loose, discharged. From

'tκ-λύω, f. ύσω [v]: for the tenses v. λύω —to looss or set free from; εκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his tongue:-so also in Med. II. to unlock, unstring a bow: hence to break up, put an end to: -Pass, to be faint, enbaured, despond.

ek-λωβόομαι, Dep. to sustain grisvous injuries.

in-λωτίζω, f. σω, (in, λώτοι) to lay bare.

in lay a seal, in lay a seal, a seal, in lay a seal, in lay a seal, in lay a seal, a seal, in lay a seal, a seal,

έκμαγήναι, 201. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

in-μαίνω, f. -μάνω: αυτ. I if i μηνα: --το draw mad with any passion; πόθου ἐκμῆναι το kindle passionate desire. -- Pass. with act. 2 if εμάνην: intr. pf. act. ἐκ-μέμηνα: --το go mad will passion: to rawe, be france. iκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an impress, image.

in-particles, f. -pathocomi: act. 2 if indoor: pf. inpapathyra: -- to learn thoroughly, to learn by beart:
in past tenses, to have learnt thoroughly, and so to
know full well, persons

II. to mamine closely,
search out.

expand, nor. 2 subj. pass. of expalsopar.

έκμάξας, sor. I part. of ἐκμάσσω.

kk-μαργόω, f. ώσω, (ik, μάργου) to drive raving mad:—Pau. to go raving mad.

ex-paptipes, i how, to bear witness to a thing.

k-μάσσω Λit. -ττω: fut. for: aor. I léfuofa:
Pass., pf. leμίμαγμα: --to wipe off:--Med. to wipe
away one's tears
II. to monid or model in wax or
plaster, to take an impression of: to imprint an image.
lk-μαστούω, f. σω, to search out.

eκ-μεθύσκω, to make quite drunk.

έκ-μείρομαι, Dep. to bave a chief chare in a thing; εξέμμορε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

in white in the second of the

έκμεμάθηκα, pf. of έκμανθάνω.

expensive, pf. med. of expelse.

in-perpies, f. how, to measure out:—Med. to measure out for oncief: to take measure of.

έκ-μετρος, ον, (ἐκ, μέτρον) measureless, boundless, Lat, immensus.

skuffval sor. I inf. of expairs.

as Subst., εκμηνος, ή, a space of sin months.

ex-μηρύομαι, Dep., of an army, to defile out of. ex-μιαίνω, to pollute.

ex-pipelopas, Dep. to imitate faithfully.

έκ-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to let out for bire: — Med. to bire. 
έκμιολε, Ερ. for εξέμολε, 3 sing acr. 2 of εκβλώσκω.

k-μουσόω, f. ωσω, (kx, μοῦσα) to teach fully kx-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to work out with tail, Lat. elaborate: to win hardly or by great exertion, to achieve. kx-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (kx, μοχλόε) to beave with the lever, to force one way.

ik-uviam, f. how, to suck out

in-juvetholie, f. ou, (in, juvetho) to turn up one's nose at, most at.

du-vedfe, f. σω, (lu, vice) to grow young or fresh.

du-veμομαι, Mcd. to feed off, Lat. depassi.

2. to
go forth to feed, go forth.

enverturance, pf. of environ.

en-veuplus, f. σω, to cut the sineus:—Pass., pf. ξε vereips σμαι, to be unnerved.

lu-veiu, f. ow: 201. I le veuou:—to turn aside turn away. II. to sink down. III. to giv a nod or sign to do a thing.

en-vie, fut. -vevoupa: ant. I if ivevou:-to swim ou or away, escape by swimming: generally, to escape.

in-vhow, s. yw, to sleep off a drunken sit, become sober again.
in-vlow, s. -vides (as if from expresses); son I it frada

ex-rise, L -supe (as a nom execute): 201. 1 ef es apa —to wash out or away. &k-vikáw, L how, to conquer completely: to achiev

by force. II. intr. to prevail, grow into use; & 10 modifies knowning from its way to the fibulous.

åκ-νόμιος, ον, (ἐκ,νόμος) unusual, unwonlea, strang Adv. –los, Sup. ἐκνομώτατα.

lawful .—Adv. -μου, discordantly.

in-voorte, f. how, to return from, to return.
in-voortious, Dep. to take for oneself.

έκνυζητο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνυζάσμα έκόμισσα, Ep. sor. 1 of κομίζαι

exout, Adv. (endr) freely, willingly.

έπορέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. 20τ. I med. of πορέννυμε. ἐκούσιος, α, ον, (ἐκών) of οπο's συσπ free will, wolsn tary. Adv. -lan; also ἐξ ἐπουσίας οτ καθ' ἐκουσίας

in way λέομαι, Pass. to be autonished or amazed.
to wonder at, admire exceedingly. From

in-παγλος, or, (metath. for in-πλάγος, from is πλαγήναι) frightful, terrible, fearful. Adv. in it is a continuous and in the contin

isralbeuμa, aros, τό, anything reared, a child. From isranbeum, f. σω, to bring up from a child: s educate

in-marchaores, to rush furiously forth.

ån-male: f. - wathow: 201. I åf évasoa:—to strut ou of a thing, disappoint.

έκ-πάλαι, Adv. for έκ πάλαι, of old, long ago.

έκ-πάλλω, to sbake out:—Pass. to spirt out. έκπαλτο, Ep. for έξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass.

- ἔκπαλτο, Ep. for ἐξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pi of ἐκπάλλω.

in-πάτάσσω, f. fu, to strike out of one's venses.
in-πάτιος, a, or, (in, πάτος) out of the common path · excessive.

kn-wave, f. ou, to set quite at rest, put an end to:Med. to take one's rest.

ên-wello, f. ow, to persuade, over-persuade.

iκ-πειράζω, f. άσω, to tempt.

bu-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [ā]: 201. 1 ξεπαράθην [ā]: Dep.:—to make trial of, prove, tempt. 2to inquire of another.

έκ-τίλω, whence impers. Levilles, it is allowed. ἐκ-πέμπω, fut. ψω: nor. I ἐξένεμφα:—to sand com

or forth from: of things, to export. 2. to call

feel out, send for: Pass, to go forth, depart. to dismiss, drive away: to divorce. Hence inventing, east, the a sending out or forth. ennemeracras, 3 sing. pf. pass. of enveranvous. errendyplan, pf. pass. of errahoom. extensivapped, pf. pass. of extravea. έκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω. έκπεπόρθμευμαι, pf. pass. of έκπορθμεύε, both in

med, and pass, sense.

enterorus, 3 sing. pf. pass. of entires. έκπεπόταμαι, Dor. pf. of ἐκποτάομαι.

ekwemrapievos, n, or, pf. pass. part. of emercerupu, expanded, open. Adv. -von, extravagantly.

enteresco, pf. of legiste.

έκπεράφ, έκπερόωσιν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. of έκπεράω. in-mepalves, f. arû, to bring to an end:-Pass. to be fulfilled.

extendua, aros, ro, a passing out. From ex-repán: f. áow [a] Ion. now: Ion. 20r. I eferépage :- to pass through or over : metaph., to accomplisb.

ik-περδικίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, (in, πέρδιξ) to escape like a partridge, fly away.

in weplu, fut. -wepse, to destroy utterly.

ex-replete, to go all round.

- πέρσαι, zor. I inf. of ἐκπέρθω.

écuere, Ep. for éférere, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ékviste: interested, for investil, age. 2 inf.

ex-verapea, f. -wrhoopa: sor. 2 both in med. and act forms eferraum and eferran :-- to fly out, forth or away.

ik-werάννυμι, f. -werάσω [α]: Ep. sor. I έξεπέτασσα: --- to spread out, unfurl, spread: to stretch out.

εκπετήσιμος, or, (εκπέταμαι) ready to fly out of the nest: metaph, of a girl, marriageable.

έκ-πέτομαι, 201. 2 -επτόμην, -εκπέταμαι.

έκ-πεύθομαι, Ep. for λετυνθάνομαι.

έκπέφευγα, pf. οἱ ἐεφεύγω.

execçuia, pf. part. pl. fem. nom. of expos.

ex-undian; i. hooman, to leap out or forth: esp. of a besenged force, to sally forth. , 2. to leap up. Hence έκπηδημα, aros, τό, a leap out or forth.

ex-unvilo, i. low Att. W. (in white) to reel off, wind out: fut, med, temperatoral of two to wind

something out of a man.

ex-midiopat, Dep. (ik, midio) to gush forth. έκ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: 201. Ι ξέπλησα, pass. ξεπλήσθην:--to fill up, fill full of. 2. to sati-II. to fulfil. III. to finish, complete. als.

ex-wives [1]: f. -wiopau; sor. 2 dferiov: for the other tenses, v. viru:—to drink out or off, quaff, drain. II. metaph. to empty out, drain.

ex-wimpdown, to sell off. in-misses, f. -neoodpar: sor. thiseoor: pf. invi-

cast cebore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici.

Tranca !-- to fall out of or down from. 2. to fall rom, be deprived of, lose, Lat. excidere. 3. to be criven out of one's country, be banished.

II. to be bissed off the stage, Lat. explodi. 6. to come out or forth, sally out: to get out of, escape: to depart from. 7. to issue, result in.

ex-wive, poet, for explare.

έκπλαγήναι, sor. 2 inf. pass. of έκπλήσσω. έκπλεθρος, ον, (έξ, πλέθρον) είκ pletbra long. έκ-πλεος, poet. έκπλειος, α, αν, Αιτ. έκπλεως, αν

(ἐκ, πλέω») quite full : complete, entire : abundant. έκ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. ι έξέπλευσα: Ion.

ěκπλώω, f. –πλώσω:—:o sail out, go out of port; c. acc., tradely rate value els ray elepuxapian to outsail the ships into the open sea.

in-mhous, or, Att. for inwhere.

έκπλήγην, Εp. 201. 2 pass. of ἐκτλήσσω.

έκ-πλήγνυμι, 🗕 ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐκπληκτικός, ή, όν, (ἐκπλήσσω) striking with terror, astounding. Adv.-kŵe, in amazement,

έκπληξια, σου, ή, (ἐκπλήσσω) pani: fear, consternation; thunges named terror caused by misfortunes. en-πληρόω, f. ωσω, to fill quite up. 2. of ships, to man completely. 3. to fulfil. pour luéva to cross over the harbour, Lat. emetiri

spatium.

έκ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω: fut. εω: 201. 1 ἐξέπληξα:to strike out of, drive away:—to frighten out of one's senses, scare, astound. II. Pass., mostly in sor. 2 eferλάγην [d], Ep. 3 sing. and pl. errλή γη, errληyer: later also aor. 1 έξεπλήχθην:--to be vanie-struck, amazed.

έκπλοος contr. έκπλους, ό, (ἐκπλέω) a sailing out, leaving port.

iκ-πλύνω [v], to wash out. Hence έκπλύτος, ov. to be washed out.

έκ-πλώω, Ιου. for ἐκπλέω.

έκ-πνέω Ερ. -πνείω, f. -πνεύσομαι οτ -οῦμαι: aor. I eferreusa:—to breathe out or forth. βίον ξεπνείν to breathe one's last, expire; and so ξεwiew alone. II. intr., of the wind, to blow out or outwards : to burst out. Hence.

έκπνόη, ή, a breathing out, expiring.

ke-ποδών, Adv. (kg, ποδών) out of the way; keποδών ίστασθαι to stand out of the way; έκποδών χωρείν τινι to get out of his way. Opp. to έμποδών.

έκ-ποιέω, f. ήσω; aer. I έξεποίησα:—to put out a child, give him in adoption, II. Med. to pro-III, to make completely, finish duce, bring forth.

off. Hence

entrolyσus, eas, ή, a putting forth, emission: and šκποίητος, η, or, put forth, given in adoption.

in-nonico, f. low Att. iw, to pull out wool or bair. έκ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to excite to war, make bostile. en-πολομόω, f. ωσω, to make bostile, involve in war:

Pass. to become an enemy to.

έκ-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to take by siege, Lat. expugnare. encount, ή, (έππέμπω) a sending out or forth ke-πονέω, f. ήσω: nor. I έξεπύνησα:—to work out,

4. to be finish off, execute, bring to perfection, Lat. elabo-5. of actors, rare: - Pass. to be brought to perfection; sires exteroundince com prepared for use; intereviewa tal supara to have their bodies in good training. to work bard for, to earn by labour. III. to prevail on by importunity. IV. to search out. of food, to digest by labour.

en-mopeius, f. que, to make to go out, fetch out :-Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I εξεπορεύθην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out.

έκ-πορθέω, f. ήσω, = ἐκπέρθω, to pillage: metaph. IL to carry off as plunder. Hence έκπορθήτωρ, opos, δ, a ravager, destroyer.

de-mophisis, f. ou, to earry away by sea.

en-mopiles: f. low Att. W: nor. I efemopera:-to invent, contrive. II. to find means for doing a thing, to provide, furnish, supply:-Med. to provide for oneself, procure.

de-propretie, f. ou, to be given to fornication. de-nordonal, Ion. for in-nironal: Dor. pf. inne-

πόταμαι: Dep.:-to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated.

åк-прасти Att. -тти: f. for: sor. I åférpafa:to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. efficero. II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficers. III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge.

en-πράθνω, to soothe, mollify.

exupents, is, (inspire) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent. II. (ex, spisor) unseemly, unbecoming.

ex-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing. expends, Adv. of expense II, unreasonably. de-uphrow, Ion. for desparou.

ěκ-πρίω, f. -πριοθμαι: nor. 2 έξ έπριον: --to saw out. έκ-προθυμέρμας, f. ήσομα: Dep. to be very zealous.

in-moothus, f. how, to pour forth. en-spondhéomas, f. écopas: Med. to call forth to or

for oneself; Ep. 201. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσσάμενοι.

emponotheis, aor. I pass. part. of

έκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to select in preference.

in-mpohelme, f. we, to forsake; nor. 2 part. empo-Aureir.

in-uportuin, f. hom, to bonour above all. έκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to escape from. dic-spox to, f. -xed, to pour forth. ex-arepioroques, Dep. to expand the wings.

de-arthrow, f. fo, to scare away from.

ex-mroles, f. how, = exerthoon: Pass. to be scared. έκ-πτύω, f. ύσω οτ ύσομαι [ð] : 201. Ι έξέπτυσα :-to spit out: to spit in token of disgust.

' ακ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: 201. 2 εξεπύθομην: Dep.:-to search out, make full inquiry about, bear of. ex-wipou, f. wow, to burn to ashes, consume. Hence

ecropoous, cue, h, a conflagration. Ex-HUGTOS, or, beard of, discovered.

έκπωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκπίνω) a drinking-cup. έκ-πωτάομαι, poët. for ἐκποτάομαι, ἐκπέτομαι.

expander, Ep. for expandinger, 3 pl. 201. I pass. of spabres.

in-passile. f. ou, to drive out with a rad. erpayhou, 201. 2 inf. pass. of exphyrum. expayforouse, fut. 2 pass. of expfyrum. δεράγον, 2οτ. 2 οξ εράζω.

διεράθην [ā], 201. Ι pass. of περάννυμι. expalation, Ep. impf. of spalres.

ên-palvu, î. ărû : 20r. I êféppāra :-to scatter ou

implyes, for implyas, 2 sing. impl. of apipapa. dic-pdu, f. -ρούσομαι: pf. df ερρύηκα: acr. 2 pass. (in act, sense) leeppung :-- to flow out or forth. feathers, to fall off. 3. to melt or fall assay. trans. to shed, let fall.

ex-phyrups or ex-photon: fut. -phfo: sor. I ifloonfa:-Pass, fut. 2 lapayhoopa: 201. 2 leppaynv:-to break out, break off:-Pass. to snap asunder. II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to IIL also intr. in Act., so break out break fortb.

or fortb. in-pubble, t. wow, to root out. deploye, act. I pass. of spire.

du-plirre, f. you: nor. I if ippela:--to throw out, east fortb.

expoos, contr. expous, o, (expen) outflow, outfall. åκ-ροφέω, f. ήσω, to gulp down.

δικρύβην [Ū], 20τ. 2 pass. of κρύπτω.

έκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver. έκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of κρύστοι.

έκ-σολάσσω, to shake violently. έκ-σάδω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι ἐξεσάωσα:—Ερ. for ἐκσώζα in-creiw, f. ou: nor. I ifécusa:—to shake out. έκ-σεύομαι: pf. ἐξέσσϋμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense) lfeσσύμην: Pass.: (lk, σεύω):—to rush forth from,

flee away from.

ik-gravalvu, f. ärü, to signify, denote. kk-σιγάω, f. ήσομαι, to put to utter silence. ěκ-σκάλεύω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away. ik-oredávytju, £ –oxedáow [d], to ecatter abroad. ik-okevála, f. ov. to disfurnish. in-σμάω, inf. -σμήν: impf. if έσμων :-- to mips out. έκ-σοβέω, ε. ήσω: 20τ. Ι έξεσόβησα:—10 κστ away.

ėκ-σπάω, f. άσω [ά]: 201. I *ifėσπάσα*, Ep. part med. increas séperos :--to draw out, pluck out. in-onivõe, f. –oreioe, to pour out as a libation.

ex-orneube, f. ou, to basten out. ik-crnovios, or, (ix, crovis) out of the treaty, 🖝

cluded from it.

ik-ortádios, av, (if, ortádiav) sin stades lang. kortdore, em, ή, (ἐξίστημι) a being put out of 🛍 place: of the mind, distraction, autonishment: trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy).

ik-orthin, f. -orthin, sor. I ifforthe :-- to see out: to deck out.

in-orthw, f. yw: 201. I ifloreda: pl. pen. if στεμμαι:—to deck out with garlands.

in-orrarela, h, a goingrout on service. From de-ortpareiu, f. ou, to march out : to take the field

II.

```
Честратоневейоная, f. ейсоная: pf. ifестрато-
ridrepat: Dep.:—to encamp outside.
in-orpidus, f. yw: 201. I ifiorpafa:-to. turn
```

II. to turn inside out: metaph. sside, overturn. to change entirely: to pervert.

in-suplates Att. - TTW, f. fa, to whistle or hise off

be stage, Lat. explodere. α-σύρω [v], to drag out: act. 2 pass. εξεσύρην [v].

ex-oppayile, f. low Att. in, to seal up :- Pass. to be chut out from.

ia-orilu. f. ou : 201. I iflowou:—to keep safe, preurve :- Med. to save oneself, save one's life :- Pass.,

hoor inchesecous to seek for safety in the island. in-oupein, f. ou. (in ouper) to beap or pile up. werd, Ep. 3 sing. nor. 2 of arelyw.

erteony [d], Adv. (enteira) outstretebed. έκτάδιος, η, ον, (ἐκτείνω) outspread.

irrabels, aor. I part. pass. of invelves. extender, Ep. 3 pl. aur. 1 pass. of stelves. intaliproper, fut. I pass of enteines.

έκτάμε, Ep. for εξέταμε, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of εκτέμου. extraper, Ep. for extrapoper, I pl. 201. 2 of atteire. έκτάμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω. ex-rapre, Ion. for extense.

terdy, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ereires. ERTEVOY, 201. 2 of ETCHO.

ex-revies, f. vou: sor, I eferándou, Ep. -voca: sor. I pass. εξετανύσθην :- poöt. for è ετείνω, to stretch out in the dust, lay low :- Pass, to lie outstretched. ex-resserve Att. -- Tru, f. fu : 201. I eferapafa:--

to disquiet, confound, agitate. in-thorn Att. -TTW, f. fw, to draw an army out in

order: -Med., of an army, to draw up in line. exterre, Ion. 3 pl. plaps. of eraopa.

έκ-τέθραμμαι, pl. pass. of ἐκτρέφω. έκτεθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐκτίθημι.

de-relve, fut. -revê: 201. I lféreira; pf. lerérdea: -Pam., aot. I έξετάθην: pf. έκτέταμαι:-to stretch out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse; hence, to lay

low: Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along: metaph. of the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. o erretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to

be uttermost. ex-recycles, f. low Att. W. to fortify completely; to

wild from the ground. ex-redevrace, i. how, to bring quite to an end.

ex-relien: Ep. impf. Iferileion: f. -relion, Ep. τελέω:-fut. med. ἐκτελέεσθαι in pass, sense:-to ring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

έκ-τελής, έε, (ἐκ, τέλοε) brought to an end, perfect: | ipe, mature.

έκ-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: 201. 2 ἐξέτἄμον: -to cut out from, cut out: to cut trees out of a wood. cut down. 2. to bew out, bew into shape.

castrate.

inτένεια, ή, earnestness, zeal. From intering, 'έε, (Ικτείνω) stretched out : metaph, earnt, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

enterus, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously: Comp. ikteristepor more earnestly.

intios, a, or, verb. Adj. of ixw, to be beld. neut. Extéor, one must have or bold. externa, intrans. pf. of earther.

έκτέτιλμαι, pf. pass, of έπτίλλω, enteus, ear, o, (entor) the sinth part (sentarius) of

the μέδιμνος, = 8 charnixes. άκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ήσομαι: 201. I έξετεχνησάμην: Dep. :- to contrive, device.

ex-three, f. for: 201. 2 efertaror:- to make melt away :- Pass., with intr. pf. act. interpres, to melt II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp. to ἐμμένειν.

Extrapal, for restrapal, pf, of staopal. έκτήσω, 2 sing. 2 or. 1 of κτάομαι.

ek-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: to set out, put outside:--to put

II. to set up, exhibit. out, expose, ex-tiktu, f. -tifu: aor. 2 ifitekov:-to bring forth. ěκ-τίλλω, f. -τίλω: pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλμαι:--ιο pluck

or pull out: Pass., κύμην έκτετιλμένος baving one's hair plucked out. dκ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour bigbly.

ik-times, or, (ik, timh) without bosow ex-Tivacou, f. fa, to shake out or off.

έκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω: aor. I ἐξέτζσα:-/o pay off, pay in full; eurisal diuny to pay the full penalty.

Mcd. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge: to take vengeance on. έκ-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω: 201. Ι έξέτρωσα:--το εαυεε

a miscarriage. II. intr. to misearry. ERTOBER, Adv. (ERTOS) Ep. for Efailer, from without,

c. gen. : outside.

έκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτύε) out of, outside, c. gen. en-rolumeio, f. ow, to wind quite off, to bring to an

ond. έκτομεύε, έωε, δ, (ἐκτέμνω) one that euts out: fem. čκτομίε, ίδοε.

έκτομή, ή, (ἐκτέμου) a cutting out: castration. Hence

èктоµіas, ov. б, оле castrated, a eunuch.

έκ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away: to throw 2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

ék-rómios, a, ar, also or, ar, = ékronos. šκ-τοπος, ον, (ἐκ, τύπος) away from a place, distant: hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

ex-ropius, f. how, to bore through, stab to death. ertos, n. or, (ef) the sixth.

ertos, Adv. (er) Lat. extrinsecus, opp. to ertos: of Place, without, outside: as Prep. with gen. out of, far from: free from. 2. out of, beyond.

II. of Time, beyond, over.

éktore, (¿któs) Adv. outwards. έκτοσθε, έκτοσθεν, (ἐκτύε) Adv. from without, with-

out, outside: far from, apart from. ἐκ-τράπεζος, ον, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished

from the table. έκ-τράχηλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, of a horse, to throw the rider over its bead: generally, to throw off or out of: to carry out a corpet for burial, Lat. effere: down :- Pass. to break one's neck.

ex-rouxive [9], f. ove, to make rough.

ex-rpews, f. www, to turn off or aside, divert .- metaph., to turn aside, dissuade :- Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

in-rpique, & -Opiya: nor. I if iopapa: -to bring up from ebildbood, rear up: - Med. to rear up f. oneself. ex-rolye, f. - specoun and - opapoupar (from \*apéper):-to run out or forth: to make a sally. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst to run off or away. fortb.

en-rolles, f. wa: sor. I efferpela; -- Pass., fut. 2 isτριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμμαι:—to rub out; πύρ ἐκspiβew to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root bard. and branch; Blov ExtplBew to bring life to a wretched end.

errolibas, nor. I inf. of errolfo.

έκτροπή, ή, (ἐκτρέπω) a turning off or aside. a turning oneself from, avoidance:- kerpowy 6800 a resting-place; έπτροπή λόγου a digression.

έκ-τρθχόω, f. ώσω, to wear out, exbaust.

ex-robym, f. -robfount, to eat up, devour.

έκτρωμα, ατος, τό, (ξετιτρώσεω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

TETUWOV, ROT. 2 OF ETUWOR.

in του beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

ex-τυπόω, f. ώσω, to work in relief.

έκ-τυφλόω, f. ώσω, to make quite blind. έκτύφλωσιε, ear, ή, a making quite blind.

erver, 3 sing. impf. of zvéa

ἐκτρά, ή, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά.

erupée, acr. 2 of supée. ěκθρός, δ, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός.

(Deriv. uncertain.) actors, sor. I of surfee.

Troom, sor. I of rive.

de-odyer, to eat up, devour: only used in acr. 2, the pres. in use being &ferties.

in-pardpove [v], f. vva, to make quite clear.

ex-φαίνω, f. -φάνω : aor. I εξέφηνα :--to abou forth. bring to light: to betruy, make known; kupalver noλεμον to declare war :- Pass. and Med., f. -φάνοθμαι and -φάνησομαι: 201. Ι έξεφάνθην, 201. 2 έξεφάνην [d]:-to shine out or forth, to show oneself, appear, some to light. Hence

έκφανής, έε, sbining forth, manifest. Adv. -νωε.

ἀκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἐκφημι.

έκφάσιε, εωε, ή, (ξεφημι) a declaration.

έκφάτος, ον, (έκφημι) beyond power of speech :-Adv. imparem, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to express, i. e. impiously.

in dauxiles, f. low Att. W. to depreciate. expenses. Ep. for empener, inf. of expenses.

ex-depu, f. efolow: nor. I and 2 effireyen, effir-4γκον:—fut. med. εξοίσομαι in pass. sense:—to earry | εκφυσάν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.

also to carry away: to carry off as prize:-Pass. to be carried out; metaph. to be carried away by pas-2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring sion. 2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring forth, to produce. 3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray. 4. to put forth. 5. Expéreir modemor, Lat. inferre bellum. exert. to begin war. 6. to above signs of, above. IV. intr. (sub. éarto carry out or to the end. Tor) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to run away. 2. to come to an end.

έκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξούμαι: acc. 2 lféφύγον: pf. εκπέφευγα:—to flee out or away, escupe: to flee out of, recape from; βέλου ξεφυγε χειρόυ. to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

ex-φημι, to speak out, speak : not. 2 inf. med. inpáotai.

έκ-φθείρω, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone; imper. empleipou, begone ! 201, 2 part. empliosis.

ex-polyus, only used in Pass. to perish atterly; 3 pl. pf., efectivate they have atterly perished; a sing. plaps., if if the tro olver vyor the wine bad all been consumed out of the ships.

lx-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love passionately.

ex-plaupite, f. low Att. ie. - impaulite.

ėκ-φλέγω, f. fω: 20τ. I έξέφλεξα:—to set on fire. ek-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten out or away, affright: -Pass. to be affrighted.

ex-porvious, fut. fw, to make red or bloody.

ex-portion, Ion. - in, fut. fow, to go out or forth. έκφορά, ή, (ἐκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpec to 2. a blabbing, betrayal.

Pass.) of horses, a running away.

in-popie, = impipe, to carry out a corpse for burial :- Med. to take out with one :- Pass, to move fortb. II. to carry quite out. III. in Pass. to be cast up on shore, Lat. ejick

έκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) that which is brought forth, fruit, produce; also rent, tithe.

έκφορος, or, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried cest, export-II. to be made known.

en-doptiloual Pass, to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

ên-boalm, î. áom, to tell in full.

έκ-φρέω poët, έκφρείω: f. ήσυμαι, also ήσω: (έκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. δια-φρέω, ἐπφρέω):—to let out, bring out:—Pass, to go out.

ex-opportion, f. low Att. W, to think out, devise, in vent, Lat. excogitare.

šκ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (έκ, φρήν) out g' coe's sand, mad, senseless, Lat. amens: also, frenzied.

έκ-φυγγάνω, 🗕 ἐκφεύγω.

έκφυγε, Ep. for εξέφυγε, 3 sing. sor. 2 of επραίγα.

ëx-φύλάσσω, f. fω, to watch carefully.

indures, sor. 2 inf. of indus, formed from integral in-hūrau, f. how, to blow or breathe out: metaph,

I. Causal in pres., in f. laction [0]: 1 201. Ι έξέφδσα:—to beget, produce. Π. intr. in pl. lawiepina, sor. 2 lfiepur, and in Med. lapiopm:-to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen.: absol. λάλημα δεπεφυκός a born tattler. in during, f. how, to pronounce aloud. ex-yalam, L aow [a], to let go from. k-yauvom, f. wow, to puff up, make vain. executo, 3 sing. Ep. aur. I med. of layes. by to, f - yes: aor. I efexea, Ep. efexeua: pf. exsixi va :- to pour out, Lat. effundo : to pour forth in vain lawish, squander. II. Pass., aor. I εξεχύθην [v]: pt truéxiluat : Ep. forms, 3 pl. plapf. tfentxuvro, aor. 2 ξέχυτο οτ ξεχύτο, part. δεχύμενος:—to be poured out, to stream out or forth : generally, to spread out or abroad:--to give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in . . . ex-xoperies, f. ow, to break out of the chorus.

exceptional, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus. & χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω:—to suffice, he except for: only used as impers. & εχρήσει, & εξέχρησε, is all he, was enough or sufficient for. & χράω, f. ήσω, to declare as an oracle. & χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy

contributions on.

ἐκχθοία, 20τ. 1 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.
ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.
ἐκχύμενος [ĕ], Ερ. 20τ. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω

inxuto, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass, of exxist.

inxutos, or, (exxis) poured out: unconfined, outspriad, Lat. effusus:—enxurov, τό, drink.

in χώννυμι, f. —χώσω: pf. pass èπκέχωσμαι:—...

in χωρίω, f. ήσω, to go out and away, depart

dislocated.
3. to give way: to give place to.
k-ψίχω, f. fa, to give vp the ghost, Lat. exspiro.
ΕΚΩΝ, ἐκοῦσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free
ml. Π. often in phrase ἐκῶν εἶναι (where the

2. to slip out of: hence of a joint, to be

inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.

Ada, Att. for Ada.

λάσυ, Ερ. for ἐλῶν, inf. of ἐλαύνω. ἔλἄβου, 20τ. 2 of λαμβάνω. ἄλἄβου, 20τ. 2 of λανθάνω.

from.

TAAI'A Att. than, h, the clive-tree, Lat. clea, cliva:—proverb., of perform throw that to run beyond the clives, which stood at the nd of the Athenian racecourse, i.e. to go too far.

II. the fruit of the clive-tree, an clive. Hence

ikashes Att.—dess, essa, er, of the clive-tree.
ikatrees, a, or, and thatvos, h. or, (thata) of the
alve-tree, of clive-wood.

έλαιο-λόγος, ό, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gathers ελαιον, τό, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum. ελαιος, ό, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleasters ελαιο-φόρος, αν. (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing. ἐλαιο-φύής, έε, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted. ἐλαιό-φύτος, αν. (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.

Dats, Bos, 1, = idale: Att. pl. idales.

Danier, irros, 8, (etala) an olive-garden, olive-yara, Lat. olivētum:—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives, Olivet.

Ελάκηκα, Ελάκον, 20. I and 2 of λάσκα. Ελάμφθην, Ion. for Ελήφθην, 201. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

Th-avopos, or, (their, drip) man-slaying.

This is, Ep. for share, sor. I of theirs:—this care, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing.—theoreters, Ion. and

Ep. for khásaurro, 3 plur. aor. 1 opt. med. khassa, 8, an unknown bird. khássalw, Desiderat. of khásrw, to wish to drive.

δλάσία, ή, (ἐλαύνω) riding, driving. δλάσί-βροντος, αν. (ἐλαύνω, βροντή) ibunder-burlng. 11. burled like ibunder. δλάσ-υπτος, ον. (ἐλαύνω, ἐπτος) borse-driving.

λάσιε, εω, ή, (λλαύνω) a driving, riding: also rowing. 2. a driving away, banishing. 3. (sub. στρατού), a march, expedition; (sub. irrow) riding. Ωασσα, Ερ. for έλασα, ήλασα, αοτ. 1 ο έλαύνω. Ωασσόω, Αττ. -ττόω, f. ώσω: αοτ. 1 Αττ. ήλάττονα:—Pass., fut. ἐλασσώθησομαι, but also f. med. ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense: αοτ. ήλασσώθην:—Io

τωσα:—Pass., fut. ἐλασσωθήσομαι, but also f. med. ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. ἡλασσώθην:—to make less, smaller, or worse: to lessen, damage: hence to detract from.

II. Pass. to become smaller, diminish: to ecome exort of, have too little of a thing: c. gen. to be inferior to. From Δλάσσων Ακτ.—ττων, ον, gen. ονοε:—smaller.

less, fewer, worse; thaggor than to have the worse:

---neut. έλασσον as Adv., in a less degree; also reg.

Adv. ¿λασσίνω: - Used as Comp. of μικρύε, with

Sup. ἐλάχιστος: the Posit. ἐλαχύς is found only in old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ήσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαύνω, to arree: to row: also to drive about.

ἐλάσω, fut. of ἐλαύνω. [ἄ] ἐλἄτίον, verb. Adj. of ἐλαύνω, one must ride.

'EΛΑ'TH [d], the pine or fir. II. an oar, as being made of pine-wood: later also the whole ship. Whithin, spon, d, (ἐλαύνω) a driver, a charioteer; ἐλατηρ βροντῆε burler of thunder. II. one that drives away. III. a broad, flat eake. Hence Whithingon, a, or, driving away.

Dativos, η, ον, (lhatη) of the pine on fir: of pine on fir-wood.

Dattov, Att. neut. for lhaσσον, as Adv., less.

λαττον, Att. neut. for (λασσων) as Adv., test.

δλαττονέω, f. ήσω, (ἐλάσσων) to bave less, bave too little, be lacking.

ελάττων, ελαττόω, ελάττωμα, Att. for έλασσ. ΈΛΑΥΝΩ: fut. έλάσω [ἄ], Ερ. ελάσσω, Att. έλ

ΈΛΑΤΝΩ: fut. ἐλάσω [ŭ], Ép. ἐλάσσω, Att. ἐλῶ, inf. ἐλῶν, Ep. also ἐλόω:—aor. 1 act. ἡλἄσα, Ep. ἐλάσα, ερ. ἐλάσα, ἔλασσα:—pf. ἐλήλὰκα:—Med., aor. 1 ἡλασάμην, Ep. 2 sing. ἐλάσαιο, part. ἐλασάμενο:—Pass., aor. ἡλάθην and ἡλάσθην: pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλλασμαι: plqpf. 3 sing. ἡλήλατο, Ep. ἐλήλατο:—v. ἐλάω:—so drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, charlots, ships.

2. seemingly intrans., to ride, drive, zail,

row; that worres the rowers :- in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., yealforto bladoeso to sail on a calm sea; morror exarcus exametr to singe the sea with oars :- then really intrans., to advance, proceed, push on, go on; le rosouror hancer they proceeded 3. to drive away, carry off, Lat. abigere, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μόσοε, μίασμα, άγος έλαθνευν to drive away pollution. 4. to drive into narrow compass, press in battle: Att. also, to barass, trouble, annoy. II. to strike, to cut, secund by sut or thrust; c. dupl. acc., Spor thadren Tora to wound him on the shoulder. 2 to thrust, drive through: Pass. to go through. IIL to beat out metal, Lat. ducere; douide exaveer to make a shield of beaten metal. 2. to draw out, to draw; thatveer to your apprehittee to draw a line of vines, i.e. plant them in line: hence generally, to plant, produce. 2. noted thatver to prolong, heep up the brawl.

Dispuss, or, (Exapos) of or belonging to deer. ελάφηβολία, ή, (ἐλαφηβόλοε) a shooting of deer. ελάφηβόλια (sub. lepá), τά, a festival of Artemis. Hence

λλόηβολιών, ώνος, δ, the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphebolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April.

ελάφη-βόλος, or, (έλαφος, βάλλω) bitting or abouting deer: as Subst. a deer-bunter.

Αδφο-κτόνος, αν, (έλαφος, ετείνω) deer-killing. "EAA #OZ, & and \$, a deer; whether male, a bart or stag, or female, a bind.

ελάφοσ-σοτη, ή, (έλαφος, σείω) deer-bunting.

Nappla, 4, lightness: thoughtlessness. From EAAPPO'E, &, by, and be, by, light in weight, Lat. LEVIS: metaph. light, not burdensome, easy, & elaφρφ ποιείσθαι to make light of:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶρ, lightly, easily, II. light in moving, nimble, swift, active; of exappoi light troops, Lat. levis arma-III. metaph. light-minded, thoughtless.

ελάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ελάσσων, fewest, smallest, least, worst: - To Edd x10TOV, as Adv. at the least; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ελαχιστότερος, less than the least; Sup. ελαχιστότατος, the very least.

έλάχον, 201. 2 οf λαγχάνω.

λάχυ πτέρυξ, υγος, δ, ή, (ἐλαχύς, πτέρυγξ) sbortwinged; of fishes, short-finned.

EAAXYZ, eîa, v, small, short, little: Ep. word, whence tháoow, tháxioros are formed.

thán, rare poët. pres. ser thating; Ep. inf. thán, impf. Elaor, Elar.

"EAAOMAI, &Abouas, Dep. to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire. Hence

ελδωρ, ελλουρ, τό, indecl. a wish, longing, desire. Die, Ep. for elde, 3 sing. nor. 2 of alpeas.

Execupe, poet. for execut, to take pity on. EARA'L arros, b, a kind of out.

theyela, t, - theyoe, an elegiac poem.

theyear, to, (theyor) a distich consisting of a bena-

plur. - ileyela ileyos.

theyelos, a, or, (theyor) of the elegy, elegion.

Driver, Dor. for theyou, 2 sing, impl. pass. of heyer Elegius, eas, \$, (they you) a refuting, reprosing.

Dayos, o, a song of mourning, a lament, at first. without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters.

έλεγχείη, ή, (ἐλέγχω) α reproach, diagrace. Dayxine, le, (likeyxoe) liable to reproach, shameful,

esp. cowardly :--irreg. Sup. ελέγχιστοε.

Dayχos, τό, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, diagrass, diebonour; min' exérxes base reproaches to your name. Derxos, b, a means of testing, a trial, test, Las.

argumentum: disproval, refutation. IL an examination, scrutiny. From

TAETXΩ, fut. for: sor. I sheyfe:-Pass., sor. I ήλέγχθην: pt. έλήλεγμαι:— to disgrace put to sbame, disbonour. II. to convince, refute, confute, Lat. arguere: of arguments, to disproce: also to accuse, reprove, reproacb. 2. to examine, quetion: to prove, attent.

De-Barvas, 1. (\* Elm, Biprior) couch-destroying. theer, Ep. for their, son 2 inf. of alpea.

thenvos, in Att. Poets. thervos, 4, 6v, (thece) pitiable, piteous: pitied: generally, wretebed, miserable.—Adv. έλεεινώς, poët, έλεινώς, pitiably: also neut, pl. έλεeorá as Adv.

their, f. how, (these) to have pity on, show marry

ирол.

Dequosivq, 4, pity, mercy; an alms. From Defuer, or, gen. eros, (theles) piciful, merciful. Chentus, vos, \$, Ion. for thees, pity, mercy.

Έλείθνια, ή, - Βίλείθνια. their, nor. 2 int. of alpies.

Davos, Att. for Executos.

έλοιο-βάτης, ου, δ, (έλος, βabru) marsb-divelling. Denos, or, and a, or, (thos) of or in the marsh.

**έλουψάμην, a**or. I med. of λείβου

έλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, to lie. EAEAET or theheles, like thata, a loud cry.

έλελήθεε, Ion. 3 sing. plapf. of λανθάνει elelie (A); f. for: Ep. sor. I elelie, pess. ele.

λίχθην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in acr. sense) ελέλεστο: -Ep. lengthd. form of ελίσσω, to whirl round. of soldiers, to wheel them round, rally them. generally, to make to tremble or quake:-Pass. to IV. in Pass, also to soing quake, tremble, quiver. or twist oneself along.

exalle (B): f. fw: sor. I thinke :- to ary exercit to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry.

EXELUCTO, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of Exeλίζα (Α).

ελελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. 201. I pass. of ελελίζω (Δ). Elekt-xtur, or, oros, (Elektion, xthr) earth-chaking. έλελόγχαν, plapf. of λαγχάνω.

ilivas, n. (ilivir, ras Dor. for rais) ship destroying

theo-spentos, or, (thos, spipe) march-brok.

theor, Adv. like theereor, piteously.

BAEO'Z, &, and ilaov, 76, a hitchen-table, a dresser. TAEOE, ov, &, also Waos, cove, 76, pity, mercy,

II. an object of compassion, a piteous :unpassion. thing.

Elémans, poët. Elémans, i, gen. idos and em: (ἐλεῶν, πόλει) city-destroying, of Helen.

Diota, 201. 2 med, inf. of alpea. therbs, \(\delta\), for, (their) that can be taken or saught.

ελευθερία Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἐλεύθερου) freedom, liberty: freedom from a thing.

DevOéptos, or, (Exerbepos) dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank, Lat. liberalis: esp. freely-giving, bountiful, liberal. It bears the same relation to exer-II. as epith. of Jove, Hence as liberalis to liber. the Releaser, Deliverer. Hence

Developiorys, 1700, 4, freedom of spirit, liberality. thereferies, Adv. of thereferos: Comp. -interpor,

Sup. - warara.

iheudepo-wars, wardor, d, baving free children.

EAETOEPOE, a, ov, and Att. os, ov, free, Lat. LIBER; Excide por fipup the day of freedom; to 2. free or freed from a ελεύθερον freedom. 3. of things, free for all to use, open to II. like thewstones, fit for a freeman, free-MEG.

spirited, Lat. liberalis. ελευθεροστομέω, f. ήσω, to be free of speech. From λευθερό-στομος, ον, (ελεύθερος, στόμα) free-spoken. ελευθερ-συργός, όν, (έλεύθερος, έργον) bearing bim-

self freely, of a horse.

έλευθερόω, f. ώσω, (έλεύθερος) to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit. Hence

Developes, Adv. of Excest spoe, freely, with freedom. therbipuous, eas, \$, a setting free.

Έλευθώ, όοι, contr. οῦι, ή, - Εἰλείθνια.

Exercis or Exercis, ivos, th, Eleusis, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Prosperine :-- Adv. "Exeurivador, to Eleusis; "Exeurivéder, from Eleusis. Hence

Exercises, a, or, of Elemis.

Davore, eas, h, a coming: esp. the Advent. From · Leveropeat, fut. of epopeat: but in Att. elm ibo was chiefly used.

Depalpoper, Dep. to cheat with empty bopes: hence

generally, to trick, overreach, destroy.

Departires, a, or, and Departires, 7, or, (thepas) of wary, wary, Lat. eburneus.

ελεφαντό-δετος, ον, (ελέφας, δέω) inlaid with ivory. ελεφαντο-μαχία, ή, (έλεφας, μάχομαι) a battle of elebbants.

EAE'AAZ, artos, ò, the elephant, Lat. elephas. п. the elephant's tusk, ivory, Lat. ebur.

Exerts, nor. I of him.

Dan, i, - eldy, alica, the heat or light of the sun. The 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of alpla: and That, Ion. for Edy, 2 sing. sor. 2 med. subj.

Βήλακα, Βήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of έλαύνω. Asharas, -To, 3 sing. pf. and plapf. pass. of thativo. | with a long tunie.

Elitherman, pf. pass. of Elegran έληλόδατο, for ελήλαντο, 3 pl. plaps. of ελαύνα έλήλιγμαι, pf. pass. of έλίσσαι έλήλυθα, pf. of έρχομαι. ἀλήφθην, aor. Ι pass. of λαμβάνα.

έλθέ, –έτω, 2or. 2 imperat. of έρχομαι.

έλθειν, Ερ. έλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of έρχομαι. EllyBnv, Adv. (Elloom) whirling, spinning.

έλιγμα, ματος, τό, (έλίσσω) that which is rolled: a eurl, ringlet. thrypos, 6, (thloow) a rolling, tristing, winding,

esp. of a winding passage. thur-dunne, vece, o, \$, (thif, dunne) with a circlet

round the bair.

έλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (έλιξ, βλέφαρον) with quisimoving eyelids, quick-glancing.

έλικό-δρομος, ον, (έλιξ, δραμείν) imisting, minding. lλικτός, ή, όν, (lλίσσω) rolled, wound, wreathed.

Educiev, eros, d, Helicos, a mountain in Bosotis the seat of the Muses.

Ελικώνιος, α, ον, Heliconian, of Helicon. Exix-wy, wros, b, f, (Exif, by) with rolling quick-glancing: fem. έλικώντε.

Verb, to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep.

ελιξ, ἴκοε, δ, ή, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. rolled, twisted ing, spiral: epith. of oxen, probably from their erumpled borns.

The post ethie ikes, h, (this ou) anything twisted or spiral: an armlet or ear-ring: a whirl, eddy, whirlwind, Lat. vorten; theres overouse, flashes of forked lightning: -the tendril of the vine or of ivy: the coil of a serpent :—a curl or lock of bair.

έλιξό-κερως, ωτος, δ, ή, neut. ων, (έλίσσω, κέρα:) with crumpled borns.

Edutrov, sor. 2 of deliman

έλισσέμεν, Ep. inf. of έλ*ίσσ*α.

'ΕΛΙ'ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω, Ep. and Ion. ellorow t finz. έλίτω: aor. I είλιτα:—Pass. aor. I είλίχθην: pl. έλήλιγμαι: 3 sing. plapf. elλικτο:—to turn about, turns round and round, roll, Lat. VOLVO: to whirl, move rapidly; πλάταν έλίσσειν to ply the rapid cer. metaph. to turn in one's mind, revolve. 3. intranz.

to burry, move quickly about. Med. to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay :to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round; Epac Exteroperate the circling hours.

έλί τροχος, ον, (έλίσσω, τροχός) whirling the wheel

ελί-χρύσος, δ, (ελίσσω, χρυσίε) beliebryes, a crosping plant with yellow flowers.

Exalva, (Exas) to be sore from a wound. Exect-nendos, or, (Exeu, nerdos) trailing the robe, long-robed.

thre-xirw, evos, i, (thru, xiris) trailing the terres.

During, f. how, strengthd. for Dans, to drag about, tear asunder:-to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence

Thenbov, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and Exemples, o, a being carried off, rough usage.

Durque, eros, to, (Exelu) that which is dragged away, a prey,

Une-words, br, (Eleos, world) making secunds, basing power to wound.

TAKOZ, coe, to, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. ULCUS. Hence

Duche, f. wow, to wound sorely.

Excuspion, 70, Dim. of Exces, a slight sore.

DANGORA [V], ROT. I inf. of Exem.

Executive, Frequent. of Executor drag about.

TEAKΩ, f. Ελέω: aor. I ελέα, poët. έλέα: but also (as if from \*¿Arva) fut. ¿Arva [v]: 201. I elavau: Pass., acr. Ι ελκύσθην: pf. είλκυσμαι, Ion. έλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. trabo: to draw ships down into the sea. Lat, deducers naves: to drag along a dead body: also to tear: metaph, to carp at. to draw a bow : to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, 4. to draw or bold up scales to weigh g. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long with. draughts, quaff: also, threw nopoana to dance in long measured steps. 7. Execu Biorov, to drag 8. to draw to eneself, attract, cut a weary life. esp. of the magnet. 9. Έλκειν σταθμόν, to draw down the balance, i. e. to weigh so much; absol. to weigh three whelor it weight more. ΙΟ, έλκόσαι Thirθove to mould bricks, Lat. ducere lateres. п. Ided., floor Excerbai to draw one's sword. 2. 10 draw to oneself, amass.

ihr-ώδης, es, (ihros, elbos) like a wound, ulcerous.

Discours, cor, ή, (έλποω) ulceration.

λλάβον, Ερ. for έλαβον, 201, 2 of λαμβάνω. έλ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. (δr., λαμπρύνω) to gain dis-

tinction in.

ελ-λάμπω, f. ψω, (εν, λάμπω) to abine in or upo..: -Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

Thatvo-blean, we, ol, ("Exage, blen) the chief judges at the Olympic games. IL at Sparta, a courttrartial to try disputes among the allied troops.

Έλλάς, άδος, ή, (Ελλην) Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwelt, also called Phthiotis. III. Greece.

Έλλάε, άδοε, δ, ή, pecul. fem. of Έλληνικόε. **δλλάχον**, Ερ. for έλαχον, acr. 2 of λαγχάνω.

λλίβοροs, δ, bellebore, Lat. verātrum, a plant med by the ancients as a cure for madness; πωθ ἐλλέβοpor drink bellebore, i. e. you are mad.

illadavos, o, (ella) a band to bind corn-abeaves: etraw-rope.

Whatipus, parce, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

A-haire, f. po: sor. 2 erentror: (er, heire):—to leave in, leave behind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit. III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come abort of, be inferior to:—c. inf., to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come sbort, fail: to fail in duty. IV. in Med. or Pass. to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

Whente, eas, \$, a falling abort, defect. A-Leonos, ov, (ev, léono) of common talk.

\*Ελλην, ηνοε, δ, Hellen, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the Exagres, at first, discellers in the Thessalian Hellas; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew. a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = EXXIII usos. Hence

Ελληνίζω, f. low, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek:—Pass., Έλληνισθήναι την γλώσσαν to be

made Greeks in language.

Έλληνικόε, ή, όν, (Έλλην) Hellenic, Greek; τὸ Έλληνικόν – οἱ Ἔλληνεε, the Greeks. Adv. Έλληrıkwe, in Greek fasbion.

Έλληνιος, α, ον, - Έλληνικός.

Έλληνιε, ιδοε, ή, (Έλλην) a Grecian woman.

opp. to a Jewess, a beathen or gentile woman. Ελληνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (Ἑλληνίω) an imitator of the Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Έλληνιστί, (Έλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Έλληνιστί ξυνιέναι to understand Greek.

Έλληνο-τάμίαι, ων, οί, ("Ελλην, ταμίας) the etemards of Greece, i.p. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Pertian war.

Έλλησ-ποντος, δ. (Έλλη, πόντος) ώς Hellespan or sea of Hellé; now the Dardanelles.

λλίπειν, sor. 2 inf. of ελλείπω. Hence λλίπης, és, wanting, defective.

ελλισσάμην, Ep. for ελισάμην, 201. Ι of λίσσορα. ελλιτάνουον, Ep. for έλετ-, impf. of λετανεύοι.

έλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν. λόβοι) an earring, Lat. inauris. έλ-λογέω, f. ήσω, (έν, λόγοι) to reckon in: to impute. έλ-λόγιμος, ον, (έν, λόγος) whatever comes into eccount, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

έλλοπικύω, f. σω, (έλλοψ) to fish.

EAAO'Z or Whos, b, a young deer, farm.

EAAO'Z, h, or, mute, epith, of fish, έλλο-φόνος, ον, (έλλός, \*φένω) fason-slaying.

έλ-λοχίζω, f. low, (er, λόχου) to lie in ambush. Όλοψ, οπος, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish,

έλ-λύχνιον, τό, (έν, λύχνος) a lamp-wick.

When, post, for elder, sor, I of them.

Ukvs, ews, 4, (Elico) a drawing, dragging: attra-II. a draught.

ίλοίμαν, Dor. for ελοίμην, 20r. 2 opt. med. of alpia Elouu, sor. 2 opt. act. of alpées.

έλοισα, Dor. for ἐλοῦσα, 201. 2 part. of alples. ελον, ελόμην, poet. for elλον, ειλόμην, aor. 2 act.

and med. of alpee. EAOZ, cos, tó, low ground by rivers, a marsh

meadow, marsb.

έλουμεν, I pl. old Att. impf. of λούοι. Actors, sor. 2 part. fem. of aloes.

thours, 3 sing. lon. and old Att. impf. med of home

Abust, Ep. for ildsovet, 3 pl. fut. of ilaure. Unite, fut. low Att. in, (Elmu): 201. I hance >-Pass., aor. I illustratur :-- to bope, expect: also, in bad sense, to fear: c. acc. to bope for, expect: c. dat.

to bope in. EAHIZ, iBos, f., bope, Lat. spes: later, expectation

either of good or evil, bope or fear.

"ΕΛΠΩ, Causal, to make to bope:-- Med. έλπομαι Ep. εέλπομαι: pf. εολπα (with pres. sense), plapf. dealer (with impf.): - to bope, expect, think, be-

lieve; and in bad sense, to fear. Armph, h, Ep. form of extre.

Dogs, Dogs, sor. I inf. and part. of eikes.

**ελύθην** [θ], nor. I pass. of λύω.

έλθμα, ατος, τό. (έλψω) the stock of the plough, on which the share was fixed, Lat. dentale.

Utuos, d, (this) a ease, sheath, quiver.

Nutrow, to, a cover, covering, case, sheath. place for bolding water, a reservoir. From

λύω, (είλω):—to roll round: only used in Ep. 201. nass. Ελύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist one-L' close ut.

in, sor. 2 subj. of alpiw.

Law, impf. of than: but that, sor, 2 part, of alota. Deep, 76, only used in nom. and acc., (ilasiv) booty, ΙΙ. pl., Πατρόκλοιο έλωρα ἀποτίνειν to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all disbonour.

ελώριον, τό, - έλωρ.

thing.

φι**άθον, 2**ος. 2 οί μανθάνω.

έμάνην [ά], 201. 2 of μαίνομαι.

inapravolity, 3 dual impl. of paprapar. έμάρνατο, 3 sing. impf. of μάρναμαι.

έμ-αυτού, έμ-αυτήε, Ion. έμ-κουτού or έμ-αυτού, ήε, (¿μοῦ, αὐτοῦ): reflexive Pronoun of first person, of myself, Lat. mei ipsius: only used in gen., dat., and acc. sing., both masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ψμών αὐτῶν, etc.

έμβα, for έμβηθι, sor. 2 imperat. of έμβαίνα. in Basov, Adv. (ξμβαίνω) on foot, by land.

**έμ-βαίνω,** f. -βήσομαι: 201. 2 ἐνέβην: pf. ἐμβέβηκα, Ep. part. εμβεβάώε:--to step in :--to step on, 2. to step into, to go into, go on board, embark: to mount on: to be fixed upon. 4. to enter upon, embark in a II. Causal in acr. I eresyon, to make to

enter, bring in or into:—cf. εμβιβάζω.

 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} +$ λον: - to throw, lay, put in; κώπαιο εμβαλέειν (sub. yeipas) to lay oneself to the oar; also without wawas, to lay to, pull bard. 2. to put into the mind of another: - Med., εμβάλλεσθαί τι θυμφ to lay a thing to heart. 3. ἐμβάλλειν είε τι to throw one into a thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another.

intr. to break, burst, rusb in : to fall on, encounter, run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on another with its beak: cf. Eµβoλos.

ξηβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From in Banto, f. fo, to dip in.

έμβάς, άδος [Δ], ή, (ἐμβαίνω) a kind of felt spoe, used by the Bosotians; also by old men and poor people.

έμβάς, aor. 2 part. of έμβαίνω.

έμ-βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king among or over.

τμβάσιε, τωε, ή, (εμβαίνω) a going in or upon: a going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which one goes; έμβασιε ποδύε a shoe, like έμβάε. sole, foot, boof.

ėμ-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.

έμβατεύω, f. εύσω, (εμβάτηε) to step in or on, stand! on: hence to dwell in, frequent, baunt; also to protect, watch: c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter ол possession of property.

έμβατίω, f. ήσω, (ξμβάτης) - ξμβατείω.

έμβατήριος, or, (έμβατεύω) of or for marching: έμβατήριον (sub. μέλοε), τό, a march-tune, march. έμβάτης, ου, δ, (έμβαίνω) be that goes in or upon, II. a kind of esp. on board ship, a passenger.

boot, cf. ἐμβάε. [ἄ] έμβάφιος, ον, (έμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into:

τὸ εμβάφιον a flat vessel. [d]

έμβαβαώς, -νία, Ερ. pf. part. of έμβαίνω: έμβέβα σαν, Ep. 3 pl. plaps.

έμβη, Ep. 3 sing. 201. 2 of έμβαίνω: έμβητον, 2 dual: ėμβήη, for ėμβή, 3 sing. subj.

έμ-βίβάζω: f. - $\beta$ ιβάσω Att. - $\beta$ ιβώ :—Cansal of έμ-Balves, to make to step in or upon: to put on board sbip: to lead or guide to.

έμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From έμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at : simply, to look.

in-Bodo, f. hoover to call upon: to shout aloud. έμβολεύε, έωε, δ, (ξηβάλλω) a dibble for putting in plants.

έμβολή, ή, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. trans, an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion, 2. the charge made by one ship upon another, an assault; έμβολαί χαλκύστομοι the shock of brasco beaks. 3. an entrance: pass. III. the head of a battefing-ram. Hence

έμβόλιμος, ον, (έμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted; μήν luß, an intercalary month,

τυβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in; ξμβ. τηε χώρηε a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar: a wedge: the beak of a ship of war, 3. a beam. arcbitrave,

ξμβολος, δ, (ξμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. the brasen beak of ships of war.

ξμβράχυ, Adv. (år, βραχύε) in brief, shortly.

έμ-βρέμομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

έμ-βρεφος, ον, έν, βρέφοι) boy-like.

11. ėμ-βρτθής, ές (έν, βρίθος) benvy, weighty. metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. bad sense, beavy, grievous, oppressive: of persons, III. Adv. -00s, firmly. violent, savage, fierce.

έμ-βρίθω [t], f. low, to weigh beavily upon. έμ-βριμάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.:-to snort with rage

Eat. commoveri: to charge strictly, censure. dp-βpovrdu, f. dou, to strike with lightning: to strike dumb. Hence έμβρόντητος, ον, thunder-stricken, stupid. μ-βροχή, ή, (èr, βρόχοε) a noose, balter. du-βρά-outos, or, (er, βρύον, olném) dwelling in secέμβρύον, τό, (έν, βρύω) the fruit of the womb before birth, the embryo, Lat. fostus. 2. a thing nowly born: a lamb or hid. p-fiduos, a, or, or os, or, (br, bulds) at the bottom. -Diw, L vow [V], to stuff in, stop up. dut, acc. of type, enclit. pe. iphygpa, sor. I of peyalpu. hallow, old post. gen. for apou. usi, Dor. for èué, as rei for ré (et). uerva, sor. I of péres. sero, quéo, Ep. gen. of dyés. dulkknow, sor. I of pikker. dμάμηκον, Ep. redupl. nor. 2 of μημάσμαι. έμέμακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of μίγνθμι. population, Ion. 3 pl. plaps, pass, of paperforms. duty, post for touty, I pl. of elul sum. use, Euseau, Ep. for elear, inf. of elui susa. tuer, queral, Ep. for eleat, 201. 2 inf. of byth. έμενος, act. pert. med. of έημι. IL cole queruxós; i, ór, provoking siskness. woo uses emetics. From Everos, 8, (i pies) elebross, voneiting. 140, Ep. for ἐμοῦ, enclit. μαθ : Dor. ἐμαθο, EME'D, impf. spoor: f. lulow Att. lud and luovμαι: nor. ήμεσα Ερ. έμεσσα: pf. έμήμενα:-Lat. VOMO, to womit, throw up: absol. to be sick; kuch write to make oneself sick with a feather. **ξιαυτού**, Ion. for **ξμαντού**.

άμήσατο, 3 sing. sor. I of μήδομαι. μίγην [1], aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι. έμικτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μέγνυμι. Tuta, sor. I of phyrops. μίχθην, aor. I pass. of μίγευμι. auly, post. Dor. for epol, dat. of eyes. έμμαθον, Ερ. for έμαθον, 20r. 2 of μανθάνα. u-palvougs, Dep. to be mad at. Hence έμμαντικ, έε, mad, frantic, raving. Adv. -νωε. έμμαπίως, Adv. forthwith, immediately, bastily. (Deriv. uncertain.) έμ-μάσσω, f. fω, to interess upon.

έμ-μάχομαι, f. –μαχέσομαι, Dep. to fight a battle in. eu-umbiam, f. άσω [ā], to smile at.

έμμέλοια, ή, (έμμελή») a kind of dans, accompanied by music: the tune of this dance,

p-palerdo, f. 400, to exercise in a thing. Hence φιμελέτημε, ματοε, τό, απ exercise, practice.

qu-μαλήα, έα, (δν. μέλοε) in tune, well-timed, barmonious, melodious: generally, regular, agreeable.: elegant, graceful: well-bred. Adv. tpuckes, Ion.

of horses: of men, to be sort vened, be indignant, | supervision, vit, be, pressing engarly on, engar, besty, erdest: pf. part. with no verb in use.

έρ-μέμονα, pf. with no pres. in use, to be last in passion.

durer, durevar, Bp. inf. of eigh sum.

cuparie, ie, abiding in : nont. Experie as Adv., encoasingly. Adv. spperde, Er. and Ion. - fee. From bp-μlves, f. -μανθ: 201. 1 lrépara:-to abide in: to abide by, stand by, eleans to, Lat. stare ab alique: absol to continue.

èμ-μετρόω, f. ήσω, to measure in or by.

έμ-μετρος, ον, (έν, μέτρον) in measure, measured, Il. en metre, metrical.

bu-payon, or, (br. paje) in a month, lasting s month. II. cocurring every month, monthly. equil, Dor. for elai sem.

en-pulyropu at -van, f. - pullen, so shine at somingle II. intrans. to encounter, meet.

dμ-μίμνω, poöt. for dμ-μένω. p-puotos, or, (br. puotos) in pay, in reseipt of pay. appevos, or, (èppére) abiding in, steadfast.

upopa, pl. 2 of pelpopai. p-popos, or, (ir, peipopas) partailing is or of. (tr. pópos) fortunats.

Ex-pares, or, (ir, perce) spread on lint. tu-μοχθος, αν, (tr, μόχθος) toilsome, painful. hu-probes, f. how, to initiate at the mysteries in. Turnou, sor. 1 of murhous.

direfrour, acr. I pass. (in med. sense) of μερισήσται. enverovre, Ep. for euravre, 3 pl. impl. of prospen. buol, dat. of byth.

quoλον, sor. 2 of βλώσκα.

έμός, ή, έν, possess. Adj. of first pers. from έγεί. έμου, mine, Lat. mem; joined with gen. to strengthen the possessive notion sudv abrov mine own; sud arγελίη a message about me; το έμαν mine, my part; also in plur., rd kud, rdud:—ro ye kudo, rd udo kudo, for my part, as far as conserns me.

ěμοθμαι, fat. of ěμέαι quous, Dor. gen. of byth.

ěpret, Adv., v. šprets.

dundyele, acr. 2 pass. part. of dundyyour.

sprace ones, Dep. used only in pres. to busy ones about, take beed of, care for.

έμ-πάθης, ές, (èr, πάθος) in a state of emotion, much affected. Adv. Epwallis, passionately.

duracyprovή, ή. - έμπαιγμόε.

έμπαιγμός, δ, a jesting, mocking. From iu-nalse, f. -nalfopai, to mock, Let. illudire: 10

trick, deceive. IL to sport in or one. Hence

epraturns, ov, 8, a macker, deceiver. envaites, sor. 1 inf. of turalles.

dumance of demailer.

έμποιος, ον, (Β) – έμπειρος, knowing, practiced in,

c. gen. (Deriv. uncertain.) currence, or, (B) beareting upon one, sudden. From p-wales, f. -salous or -sachous, to write in

II, intr. so burnt in upon.

φ-πακτόω, f. ώσω, to close up, cauik.

έμ-πιλάσσω, f. ξω, to entangle in or together.

μ-πάλιν, poët. also έμ-πάλι, (έν, πάλιν) Adv. back-II. contrary to, c. gen. wards, back. IV. TO EMERALIP, TO EMERALIP, by Crasis τούμπαλιν, τάμπαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.

έμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to band over, put in one's power.

έμ-πας, Ion. and Ep. έμ-πης, Adv. (properly έν ragi) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole, nevertbeless, still. III. joined with mep, bowever much, ever so much.

έμ-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. άσω [ά]: 201. I ένέrăca:--to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in, embroider.

έμ-πάτίω, f. ήσω, to tread in, walk into.

έμπεδό-μοχθος, ον, (έμπεδος, μύχθος) ενετ-ραίπful. έμπεδ-ορκέω, f. ήσω, (ξμπεδος, δρκος) to abide by one's oath.

έμ-πεδος, or, (έr, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, un-2. of Time, lasting, continual. Advs. Epwedov and Epweda, epwedow, fast, of a surety, truly, certainly.

έμπεδο-σθενής, έε, (ξμπεδοε, σθένοε) with force wasbaken.

έμπεδόω, f. ώσω, (ξμπεδοι) to make firm, establish. έμπείραμος, ον. - έμπέραμος.

eumapla, i, experience: experience in or acquaint-

ance with a thing. From

έμ-πειρος, ον, (έν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted with, skilful at : proved good by experience : To & uπειρότερον greater experiencs. Adv., έμπείρων τινόν exert to know a thing by experience.

euwaldbov, Adv. near, b. 1 by. From

έμ-πελάζω, f. σω: aor. I ly πέλασα:—to bring near II. Pass. or close to :-- also intrans, to come near. to be brought near, approach.

έμπέπηγα, pf. intr. of έμπηγνυμι.

έμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of έμπίπλημι. ennemoδισμαι, pf. pass. of εμποδίζω.

duntarous, pf. of turinto.

έμ-πέράμος, ον, - έμπειρος, acquainted with.

in-weovadries, to walk about in: to tarry among. Eu-mepovam, f. how, to fasten with a brooch. Hence έμπερόνημα, Dor. - αμα, ματος, τό, a garment fastened with a brooch or buckle.

ELETTON, Ep. for evereror, acr. 2 of emplates.

 $\epsilon_{\mu}\pi \epsilon \sigma c O \mu a u$ , int. of  $\epsilon_{\mu}\pi l \pi \tau \omega$ .

ELL-HETAYVOUL OF -VOD, f. - HETAGOW [d], to unfold and tread on or out.

έμπεφύασι, Ερ. for έμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of έμφύω:

έμπεφυία, Ep. part. fem.

ξε-πήγνομι or -ύω, fut. -πήρω: aor. I ἐνέπηξα:--10 fine or draft in, c. dat .- Pass., aor. 2 ενεπάγην [a], with pf. act. Eustenya, plaps. -hyev: -to stick in.

Ell-undam, f. hoopal, to leap or jump in.

Zu unpos, ov, crippled, maimed, deformed. Zas-wys, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for Euwas.

die miet, sor. a inf. of εμπίνα.

du-mupalva, f. drd, to embitter :- Pass. to be bitte: against.

ձևանևածորը, ձևանրաթորը, v. ձրանա-.

έμ-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: 20τ. 2 ένέπισν: pf. έμπέπωκα: to drink in, drink up; epulver too alpatoe to drink of the blood.

έμπίπληθι, imperat. of έμπίπλημι.

έμ-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω: 201. Ι ενέπλησα:—to fill full of a thing:—Pass, and Med., ἐμπίμπλαμαι, 201. Ι ένεπλήσθην: Ep. 201. 2 ένεπλήμην, to fill oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied. II. in Med. also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to have enough of, enjoy.

έμ-πίπρημι, act. I ένέπρησα:—to set on fire. έμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσούμαι: 201. 2 ένέπεσον Ερ. έμwee or :- to fall upon: to break in, burst in: 201. 2 part. eurecon, rushing in violently: also to light on, fall in witb.

EMIII'Z, loos, h, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. culen. έμι-πίτνω, poët. for έμπίστω, to fall upon.

έμπλακήναι, sor. z inf. of  $\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ πλέκω.

έμ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. άσω [ά]: aor. I ἐνέπλάσα: -to plaster up, daub over with a thing.

έμ-πλειοε, Ερ. for έμ-πλεοε.

έμ-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait or weave in interweave, Lat. implicare:-Pass. to be entangled in a thing. metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.

έμ-πλεος, α, ον, Ερ. έμπλειος or ένίπλειος, η, ον, Att. Eundews, ov, quite full of a thing.

έμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in.

έμπλήγδην, Adv. (έμπλήσσω) madly, rasbly. ξμπληκτος, ον, (ξμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stu-

II. Att. unsteady, rasb: -Adv. pified, senseless. έμπλήκτως, madly.

έμπλήμενος, Ep. 201. 2 pass. part. of έμπίπλημι. ἔμπλην, (ἐμπελάζω) Adv. near. close by.

έμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλήν, besides, except. έμπλήσας, -άμενος, sor. I part. act. and med. of **ἐμπίπλημι: ἐμπλήσατο, Ερ. for ἐνεπλήσατο.** 

έμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of έμπίπλημι. έμ-πλήσσω Att. - ττω Ep. ένιπλ -: f. ξω: -- to

strike against, stumble upon, fall upon ot into.

έμπλητο, for ἐνέπλητο, Ep. 201. 2 pass. of έμπίπλημ:---έμπλησο, imperat. of same tense.

έμπλοκή, ή, (ἐμπλέκω) a plaiting of the hair. έμπνευσα, Ep. for ενέπνευσα, 201. I of εμπνέω. έμ-πνέω, poët. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: sor. I ένέ-

Trevoa:-to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc., lorlor euryeir to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live, be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire: -to blow into, swell the sail.

έμπνοια, ή, in-breathing, inspiration. From έμ-πνοος, αν, contr. -πνους, αυν, (έν, πνοή) baving

the breath in one, breathing, alive. έμ-ποδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: (ἐν, πούε):...to entangle the feet, fetter; εμπ. loxádas to tie together figs by II. generally, to binder, stop, check. their stalks.

έμ-πόδιος, ον, (έν, πούε) in the way, obstructing.

the way; δμποδών elvat to be in the way;—with the Art., το δμποδών elvat to be in the way;—with the Art., το δμποδών what is in the way, a bindrames.

II. also, before one, patent. Opp. to διπόδων.

du-morbu, f. ήσω, to make in, put in, insert. 2.
produce on create in, introduce, cause.

emandalos, a, or, (εμπολή) of or concerned in traffic, epith. of Hermes.

άμπολάω: impf. ήμπόλων: f. ἐμπολήσω: pf. ήμπόληκα: (ἐμπολή):—to gain by traffic: to earn, gain: Med., βίστω πολύν ἐμπολόωντο (Ερ. for ἡμπολώντο) they were getting much substance by traffic. IL absol. to be a merchant, traffic. III. to purchase, huy.

έμ-πολημέω, f. ήσω, to wage war is. έμ-πολέμιος, or, of belonging to war, bostile. έμπολεύε, έως, δ. (ἐμπολάω) a merchant, trafficker έμ-πολή, ή, (ἐν, πωλέω) merchandius: traffic. II

gain made by traffic, profit.
ἐμπόλημα, ατοε, τό, (ἐμπολάω) matter of traffic, a sargo: in plut. wares, merchandise.

έμπολητόε, ή, όν, (έμπολάω) bought and sold.
έμ-πολιε, εωε, ό, ή, (έν, πόλιε) in the city or state:
δ έμπολίο τινι one's fellow-citizen.

έμ-πολίτεύω, f. σω, to be a citizen in a state, bold

eivil rights in.

έμπολόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of εμπολόω. έμπορεύμα, ατοι, τό, απ article of commerce. From έμπορεύομαι, f. –εύσομαι: ποτ. I ἐνεπορεύθην: Dep.: (έμποροε):—to be on a journey. II. to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffie. 2. c. soc. to trade or traffie in a thing. Hence

έμπορευτέον οτ -έα, verb. Adj. one must go.
έμπορία, ή, (έμπορο») traffic, trade, commerce: a
trade.

II. goods trafficked in, merchandise.

έμπορικόε, ή, όν, (έμπορου) of ox for traffic, mercantile, commercial; χρήματα εμπορικά imported goods. έμπόριον, τό, (έμπόρου) Lat. emporium, a tradingplace, factory, mart.

Ι. εμπόρια, τά, merchandise. From

έμ-πορος, ον, (έν, πόρου) a passenger on shipboard, Lat. vector. II. a traveller, wanderer. III. one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat. merchior, institur; metaph., έμπορου βίου a trader in life.

iμ-πορπάω, f. how, to fix on with a broach or uckle:—Pass, είματα ενετορπέατο (Ion. for -ηντο), bey wore garments buckled on the shoulder.

Epwovou, †, Empusa, a bobgoblin assuming various hapes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έμπρακτος, ον, (ξμπράσσω) practicable.

tumperine, is, conspicuous in os by a thing. From in-mpérus, to be conspicuous in or amonig. II. to be conspicuous for.

έμ-πρήθω, f. σω, to blow up, inflate. II. = έμπίπρημι, to burn to asbes.

έμπρησιε, eas, ή, (ἐμπίσρημι) a setting on fire. εμπροσθεν, Adv., poët. for έμπροσθεν.

eu-spooder, post. before a conson. -0e, Adv. and Toumphow alms a kineman's blood, i. c. murder of a

Prep. I. of Place, before, is front of. fl. of Time, before, earlier, of old. Hence by-mpborbios, or front, fore; of mpborbios (sub. mbbes) the fore-feet of a quadruped, opp. to ol delicates.

duntion, f. bow [v], to spit upon.

έμ-πθεάξω, f. άσω, to wrap up closely:—Pass., νόσε of έμπετύκασται his mind is veiled, wrapt in mystery, έμ-πθος, ον, (δν., πθον) discharging matter.

έμ-πύρεψα, f. σω, (έν, πῦρ) to set on fire. ἐμ-πύρι-βήτης, ου, δ, (ἐν, πῦρ, βαίνω) standing on or over the fire, of a tripod, opp. to áπυρος.

έμ-πύρος, ον, (έν, πύρ) in or on the fire.

II. of sacrificial fire; έμπυρος τέχνη the sat of divination by fire;—as Sabet., τὰ έμπυρα [lepά] burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt sacrifices.

šμύκον, sor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

tu-φάγειν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see tables):

to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon.

δμ-φαίνα, f. -φάνω: act, t ἐνέφηνα: --to abeu, make appear:--Pasa, with fut. med. ἐμφάνοῦμαι, to be asen in, to be reflected: to appear, abou oneself.

iμφάνηναι, sot. 2 psss. of iμφαίνω. iμφάνης, is, iμφανήναι) appearing in, visible, plain, manifest. 2. open, in public. 2. palpable, real, actual. Hence

ėμφανίζω, f. low Att. ιθ, to sbew forth: to make clear, explain.

έμφανώς Ion. - έως, Adv. of έμφανής, visibly, openly. Lat. palam.

hottore, con, f, (tupabropai) an appearing in, refexion: outward appearance.

eudepera, t, resemblance. Prom

άμφερής, és, resembling, similar. Alv. -ρῶς, similarly, just as. From 
άμφέρος, f. έν-οίσω, to bear or bring in. U. 20

du-φέρω, f. dv-olow, to bear or bring in.
object to one, east in one's teetb.

έμ-φλέγω, f. fw, to light up in. ξμ-φλοξ, ογοε, δ, ή, with fire in it.

έμ-φοβος, αν, (èν, φόβος) fearful, terrible.
pass. frightened, afraid.

tμ-φορβιόω, f. ώσω, (ir, φορβιά) to put on the flutrplayer's mouthpiece.

έμ-φορέω, f. ήσω, like εμφέρω, to bear or bring in:

—Pass. to be borne about or on.

II. in Med. and
Pass. to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use
of.

III. to inflict on.

έμ-φράσσω Att.—ττω, f. fee, to stop up, block up. έμφρουρέω, f. ήσω, to keep guard in. From έμ-φρουρος, ον, (έν, φρουρά) on guard in a place—

liable to serve. II. pass. guarded, garrisoned.

\$4-\$\phi\_p\phi\_v, or, gen. oros, (ir, \phi\_pri) in one's right
mind: sensible, alive. 2. in one's senses, sensible.
shreud, prudent.

διφθής, έε, (έμφθω) implanted by nature, innets. ξι-φθλος, or, and δι-φύλιος, ιον, (δν. φδλω) φ' the same tribe or race; ἐμφύλιον αίμα δικώνα blood; Uniman. II. in or among the people; orders inpulse intestine, sivil discord.

έμφύε, aor. 2 part. of έμφύο.

lu-φθοτάω, f. ήσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon. ξυφθτος, or, inborn, innate. From

άμ-φώω, f. έσω [0]: aor. 1 ἐνέφθσα: in these tenses trans. to implant.

II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομα, with act. pf. ἐμπέφθωα, aor. 2 ἐνέφθω, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἔμφθναι χειρί to cling fast to his hand.

ex-quevos, or, (ir, querh) with a loud voice.

es-wodon, or, noisy, sounding.

έμ-ψύχου, or, (lr, ψυχή) baving life in one, alive, living.

ψι-ψυχόω, ε. ώσω, (έμφυχου) to animate.

ev, Dor. and Acol. for els, into.

EN post. evi Ep. elv, elvi, Parr. with dat. IN: I. Or Place, in, at; ëv 'Abhryon, ëv Tposs. 2. on, upon; ëv obpert on the mountains, etc. 3. of clothing; ëv devitt, in (i. e. wearing) a garment; ëv orders in or under arms. 4. in the number of, amongst; ëv toss upditos among some of the very first:—in presence of, before. 5. within one's power, in one's bands; ving neipar' ëxorrat ev dour-drout deolor are in their bands; ev suoi dori it is in my

power. 6. according to, in accordance with. OF THE INSTRUMENT OF MEANS, with, by, by means of; έν πυρί πιμπράναι to burn with fire; έν δεσμώ δήσαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within; &v τούτφ τῷ χρόνψ saithin this space; ἐν ῷ (sub. χρόνψ) while, during the time that; is spayed in short IV. ELLET. in such phrases as ir 'Alkeróoto, elr Aldao Att. dr Aldov, etc., where olast or dopos is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS AD-YERR, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: espe-VI. Position: -- by sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form evi, then written Ert. VII. IN COMPOS., I. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being mear, at or in. with Adja. it expresses either a modified degree, e. g. ερντιπροε, εν-λευκος, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or

else the possession of a quality, e. g.  $\xi \nu - \alpha \mu \rho \sigma$ , with blood in it.

2. in compos.  $\xi \nu - \text{becomes } \xi \mu - \text{before } \beta \mu \pi \phi \psi$ ;  $\xi \gamma - \text{before } \gamma \pi \xi \chi$ ;  $\xi \lambda - \text{before } \lambda$ ; and in a few words  $\xi \rho - \text{before } \rho$ .

iv, neut. of ele; and eve, acc. masc.

ev-appivoua, Pass. to be vain of.

iv-āγia, ie, (iv, āγos) in ox under a surse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accurat. Hence ένδηιζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to offer sacrifice to the dead,

Lat. parentare. Hence

evayuoua, aros, to, an offering to the dead.

dr-aγudλifopas, Med. to take in one's arms.
dr-aγudλam, f. ήσα, (dr, dγεύλη) to fit thongs to
javelins to throw them with.

ev-apponence, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of έναγείρα. έν-aγχοs, Adv. (έν, άγχι) just now, even now, lately. ėν-άγω, f. fω, to lead is or into, lead on, urge, persuade.

2. c. acc. τεί, to propose, suggest.

ev-averifouss. Dep. to coalend or fight among:—of a place, eigherhe transmiterdus favourable to fight in. ev-averious, or, (ir, drin) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game.

2. transmited over the games, esp. Hermes.

ėv-aθλέω, f. ήσω, – άθλέω έτ, to contend in or among. έναιμήσες, εσσα, ετ, – έναιμος.

evalues, or, (ir, alpa) with blood in it.

evalpeur, Ep. for evalpeir, inf. of evalper.

tralow Ep. trvalow: fut. traow: 2 frapor, poet., also trapor: 2 ar. 1 med. trapaμην, Ep. 3 sing. trapparo: (trapa):—to slay, till: also of things, to make away with, destroy.

ev-aloruos and ev-aloros, or, (ev. aloa) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, seasonable. II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper; and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. - iums,

filly, becomingly,

έν-αιχμάζω, £ σω, to wretd the spear in. έν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to float or drift about in ένάκιε, Adv. – εννάκιε.

evantorio, ai, a, (liria) nine bundred.

έν-δικούω, f. -ούσομαι, to bear in a place. έν αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. pass. έναλήλιμμαι:--(p anoint:

Med. to anoint oneself or for oneself.

ev-d'Alvace, or, like, resembling. ev-d'Aloe, a, or, and oe, or : Ep. and Lyr. also elv-

άλιος: (ἐν, ἄλε):—in, on, of the sea, Lat. marinus. ἐναλλαγήναι, 20τ. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάθτσω.

έναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim. From

έν-αλλάσσω Att. --τω: fut. fee: 20τ. I - ήλλαfa: pf. - ήλλαχα, pass. - ήλλαγμα: -- to exchange, receive in exchange: 2 sho to divert from one thing to another. II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.

ev-áλλομαι, f. - άλοθμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Dep. -- to leap in or on, to rush against.

tv-aλλos, or, changed, contrary.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ν-άλος, oν,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}$ ν, άλε) =  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ νάλιος.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ν-άμ $\hat{\epsilon}$ λγω, f. fω, fο milk into.

er-aμελγω, 1. εω, το mile 1310.

er-aμελλοs, ον, (ir, aμελλα) engaged in equal con-

test with, a match for

ėναμμένος, Ion. for ἐνημμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ev-avra, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.

ev-avri, (ev, duri) Adv., - Evaurior.

ev-avriβios, or, struggling against: neut. evartβιον, against, in opposition to,

ivaviloe, a, or, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of.

2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opporing.

II. opposite, contrary, reverse; rd ivavilor the contrary, the reverse.

III. neut.

Frarrior as Adv., against or in presence of. 2. If frarrior, over against, opposite. 3. the regul. Adv. Frarrior, contrariorise, c. dat. Hence

travelse, f. been, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. travelsepan, f. beenal: act. I fravelsepan: pf. fravelsepan post. tr-:—to set oneself against, oppose, withstand to be adverse to.

2. to contradict, gainsay, deny

evarriuma, paroe, tó, (érartióu) an obitacle. evarriuma, em, f. (érartióu) opposition.

Evata, 201. I of rásse.

ivazilävov, 201. 2 of ivazolvýczw.

dvanture, lon for drapfure, 3 sing impl of drapfure.

έναπηπε, Ion. for δυαφήπε, 3 sing. 201. 1 of έναφίημι. έν-αποδείκνθμι, to display in 2 thing:—Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

ev-anobyhoren, f. -anobevoupen, to die in.

iv-anouldes, f. -uldow [i], to break short off in. iv-anoldens, f. 40, to leave behind in.

dv-aπόλλθμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολώ:---to

destroy in or among.

ev-aπομόργνθμι, L -aπομόρξω:— to rub or seipe off upon; and so to impart

ėv-aπονίζω, f. -aποναίω, to maib clean in a thing. ἐν-αποτίνω, f. -αποτίσω, to pay as a penalty. ἐν-αποψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghout, expire. ἐν-άπτω, f. ψω, to bind or tie in, on or to ;--Pass.

and Med., pf. irijupa, to be clad in. II. to hindle, set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

ENA-PA, ev, rd, used only in plur. the arms of a slain for, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

ev-apaploum, aor. i brîpoa, to fit or fasten in. II. intr. in pl. er-apapa, to be fitted in.

ένδργα, Dor. for ένηργει, 3 sing. impf. of ένεργίω. έναργής, έε, (ἐν, ἀργόε) distinct, visible, in bodily form. 2. bright, brilliant. 3. of wordt, disanet, plain. Hence

evapywe Ion. -twe, Adv. distinctly, visibly,

drapees or evapues, of, a Scythian word, - Greek drapoγυνοι.

ένδρηρώς, εία, όε, part. pf. 2 of εναραρίσκω.

evaρη-φόροs, or, (έναρα, φέρω) wearing the spoils.

evaples, i. for: Ep. sor. I ένάριξα:—Pass., sor. I

ήναροθην. pf. ήναρισμα: (έναρα):—το strip a slain

for, Lat. spoilars, evapl(ειν τινά έντεα, τεύχη το strip

one of his arms: honce to slay in fight, το slay:— Pass.,

règ έναριζομένα night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

έν-δριθμέω, f. ήνω, to sount, rection in or among:

generally, to rection, assount:—Med. to make assount

tv-dplbμιos, or, (ir, dpiθμόε) reckoned in, counted among.

II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in

numero babitus.

evalupi-βροτος, ον. (évaipu, βρότος) slaying men.

ev-apublu and -ττω: £ όσω Dox. όξω:—to ft in:

also to fin a weapon in.

II. intr. to fit, swit, to

be adapted to.

Evapov, To, see Evapa.

of, value.

evapov, poet. for frapor, 201. 2 of braips. evapous, f. fopus Dep. to begin with.

eacrifices, brip zerou rd mars to begin the offering, by taking the barley (οδλοχύται) from the bankets (mura pl. of surou); cf. surapyopus.

ev-avelyalve, - doelyalve is, to be insolent in :-

ev-aσπιβόομαι, Pass. (er, dσπίε) to fit caeseif with a shield.

ivacora, Ep. sor. I of rale

travos, Ep. and Ion. elvaros, q, or, (trica) ninth. Lat. nonus. rd trava (sub. lept) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia.

ėν-αυλάκτο-φοίτιε, ιδοε, ή, (δτ. αδλαξ, φοιτάν) roaming in the fields

dr-auλίζω, f. low Att. ιω, so dwell or lodge in :-Med, so take up quarters for the night in Heaco drauλιστήριοs, or, so be dwelt in, babstable

έν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

έν-αυλος, ό, as Subst., I. (ἐν, αἐλόε) α bollon ebannel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) a dwelling, şbelter; baunt.

fiv-auλos, or, as Adi, I. (ἐτ, αἰλόs) on or a

the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II
(ἐτ, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den

at home.

ėν-auξάνω, f. –auξήσω, to increase, enlarge. ėν-auχάνιος, os, or, (èr, abχήν) in ot on the neck ėν-aύω, sot. 1 inf. έγ-αθσαι, to kindle or lighe a fire

-Med. to light oneself a fire.

ëv-aφάπτω, f. ψω, to fasten up to a thing. ëv-aφίημι, Ion. ëv-απ-: f. -aφήσω, to let drop in. ëv-base, aidos, δ, ή, (ëv, bale) with lighted torch.

ev-Balw, to hindle in :-Med. to burn in.
ev-Bakwa, f. δήξομαι : 20π. 2 evlbakor .-- to bite into
bold in the teeth.

ėv-Bakpim, L bom [9], to weep in.

evocation, a, ar, (evocr) native of the country.

iv-Săriouas, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speak ing: hence II. to speak of; eithet in bad sense to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tel of, celebrate.

evdebunum, pf. pass of erdina.

evoedurivos, pl. part. pass. of evous

evocerrépose, Adv. Comp. of érdene, in a less degres

everin, es. (irble) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient poor, weak - ro erbles lack, want, defect. Hence

wona, f, want, lack of a thing: absol. meed, Lat egenter in plur. wante, needs, deficiencies.

evbayua, aros, ró, (irbeleropi) a proof

ev-deinvous or -us f -deites: sor. I desdeite:-Paus, aor. I desdeixdyr: pf. deddeisquas:-to marout, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform against. II. Med. to declare onesaf: to display make a abose of a thing.

2. to alone, give proq of. Hence

tobules, eas, \$\dagger\$, a pointing out: a token, evidence

2. in proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

discussified.

ev-bess, oi, ai, ra, (br neut. of ele, bisa) indock, II. of Erdena, the Eleven at Athens, iy e. the Commissioners of police.

evocate angene, v, gen. coe, eleven cubits long.

evolucio-wous, o, fi, rour, to, gen. wodos, eleven feet long or broad.

irdende, adoe, i. (ir-dem) the number eleven.

evolutatos, y, or, (br-dena) the eleventh.

avben-erig, où, b, fem. -true, idoe, eleven years old. iv-biscopas, Ion. for irbiyopas.

evbehoghe, is, continual, constant. Adv. irbehegue, constantly.

ένθεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band.

ev-bepas, f. più, to wall up :-- to build in a place. ev-Begioopen, Dep. to grasp with the right hand,

dasp, embrace. ev-defice, a, or, on or towards the right hand, from lest so right; neut. pl. èrdéfaz as Adv. pitious, favourable; trolfia ofpara right, good

lederos, or, (broken) bound to a thing, entangled in. ev-Bexopen, Ion. -Becopen; f. -Befopen: Dep. :to take upon oneself, Lat, suscipere. cept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow 2. brbéxera, impers. it may be, it is of: hence possible; our érdéxerai it is not possible; ra érdexépera things possible; in the indexouters by every possible means :- Adv. erdexouteres, possibly,

dr-blue, f. -bhow: 201. I dridnow:---to bind in on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in :- Med. to

tie or pack up.

ev-blue, f. -before, to be in want of: also to be wanting, to fail. II. impers. èvêsî, there is need or want of: there is a deficiency; rollar bride abril he soas in soant of many things. III. Pass. to be in want or need of.

evbeas, Adv. of evbens, insufficiently.

tv-δηλος, or, (tr, δήλος) manifest, cleat:-Adv. ενδήλως, clearly, Sup. - ότατα.

ένδημέω, f. ήσω, (ένδημος) to live in or at a place. tv-orguos, or, dwelling in a place: esp. at bome: native, opp. to févos: attached to home: of war, civil, IL of or belonging to a state.

evoldarmov, Ion. impf. of evolder.

dv-διάγω, f. fω, to pass one's time in.

ev-Braspúntopar, Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle with.

ev-Starthouar, Ion. - toper, f. hooper, Dep. to live or dwall in a place.

ev-Beardoom Att. - True, fut. fox, to arrange in order ibrougbout.

ev-Beatpiβes [1], f. ψes, to spend or consume in a place: absol. (sub. xporor) to spend or waste time in: also to dwell upon.

ir-blam, (irinoe) to rest in the open air: to linger in II. trans. to let go into the open air, Pass, to acquire strength. a place.

one who undertook an office for which he was legally | not place popular de distances (Ep. impf.) shopherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed.

> èv-bibérne, = èrbée, to put on :-Pan. to mear. by-Bilburn, f. -birou: nor, I bribana:-to give into one's bands, surrender: to give up as lost, throse II. to afford: also to allow, grant: to ¥ģ. III. to about, ambibit, give proof of.

> intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of V. of a river, to empty itself. things, to escue. ev-Blane, (ev. die) found only in 3 pl, impf. eviceous,

to chase, pursue.

by-Steer, or, (by, Sten) of things, according to right, fair, right, just: legal. II. of persons, righteeus, just, upright. 2, possessed of right. trolicus, with right, with justice : Sup. troughrana.

'év-Siva, rá, (érdor) the entrails, Lat. intestina.

evolvedova, Dor. for evolvedor, 3 pl. of evolved. èv-Bivée, f. how, to revolve in.

Evolov, τό, a seat in the air: a seat. From lv-bios, ov, at midday, at noon. II, in the open air. (From by, Aide genit, of Zcie, Lat, sub divo or

dio, Horace's sub Jove.) ev-blopuos, or, (er, blopos) sitting on the same seat. tv8olev, Adv. (troov) from within: from one's beart,

of eneralf. II. within, c. gen. brook, (Irbor) Adv. within: also, at home.

ένδοι, Adγ. **–** ένδοθι. evbouale, - er doug elvan, to be in doubt, at a loss:

to waver: of things, 201. 1 inf. pass. driocastifua, to be matter of doubt. Hence ένδοιαστός, ή, όν, doubtful. Adv. -τῶς, doubtfully.

ένδο-μάχης, ου, δ, Dor. -χας, (ένδαν, μάχομαι) fighting or bold at bome, epith. of a dunghill cock. ev-δόμησια, eas, ή, (er, δόμος) a thing built in, a

building, structure. evel-julyon, or, (Erdor, juryon) in the immost part of a dwelling.

Evbov, Adv., and Prep. governing gen., (&r) within, Lat. intus: at bome, Lat. domi: in one's own country; of Erdar those of the house, esp. the domestics;

rà tròor bousebold affairs. iv-bofos, or, (iv, bofa) beld in repute, bonoured. of things, glorious. Adv. -fes.

evocours, or, (erolowu) sounding the key-note:

τὸ ἐνδόσιμον (sub. μέλοε) a key-note. evocrepos, a, or, Comp. formed from erdor, inner:

Sup. evocraros, n, ar, inmost. ev-Bountes, f. how, to fall in with a beauty sound. ev-δρομέω, f. ήσω, (ev, δρόμου) to run in, fall into.

ev-opoμle, idoe, ή, (er, opóμοε) a thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of-cold.

έν-δροσος, ον, (èr, δρόσος) dewy, dank.

ev-Sphov, to, (le, opus) the strong caken pin by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (lστοβοεύε). evountes, Adv. zealously, beartily, earnestly.

Adj. drobuje is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.) ėν-δυναμόω, f. ώσω, (èr, δύναμιο) to strengthen: --

ev-Bovacrevu, f. cu, to have power in or among. to prevail by atthority.

ένδύε, ῦσα, ύν, 20r. 2 part. of ἐνδύω.

by-Buortix in, f. how, to be unlucky in or with.

ev-burno, noos, o, (evolve) as Adj. fit for putting on.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ võŭrhotos, a, ov,  $(\dot{\epsilon}$ võú $\omega) = \dot{\epsilon}$ võur $\dot{\eta}$ o.

de-Butos, or, put on: as Subst., dedutor, to, that

which is put on, a garment, dress. II. elad in. From

ev-อิชัต, f. ข์ฮต [ชี]: 20r. I evebชีฮส; in these tenses, trans., to put on another; erduseir tiva ti to put on one, clothe one in II. intr. evbuve and in Med. evdoopen, with nor. 2 act. evedow, pf. -deduca: to put on oneself, put on, wear. 3. to go in, enter; decernative evolutions will enter the contest of darting. . 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also to insinuate oneself into.

ένέβαλον, 201. 2 of ξμβάλλω.

ένέβην, sor. 2 of èμβαίνω.

ένεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εγγράφω. everyear and everyear, nor. I and a inf. of offer.

ένέγραψα, 20τ. Ι οί έγγράφω.

ένεγύησα, ένεγύηκα, ένεγύων, see έγγυάω. dvidenta, evedelx byv, 20r. I act. and pass. of ev-

Belaropu. ivionou, zor. I of irdia, to bind in.

ev-lopa, h, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat, insidiae. evelopeum, f. om: (derived from eréopa: but in the augm, tenses, ενήδρευον, ενήδρευσα, ενηδρεύθην, ενήδρευμαι, as if compd. of er, έδρεύω): -to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari :- Pass. to be eaught

in an ambush: to be ensnared. II. to place in ambush: Med, to set an ambush: Pass, to be set in

ambush.

έν-εδρον, τό, - ἐνέδρα.

Ev-ebpos, or, (èr, Edpa) an inmate, inbabitant. evebura, evebur, sor. I and 2 of erbie.

ev-Kouan, L. -edoupau, Dep. to sit down in, abide or reside in : cp. evipua.

ένέηκα, Ep. for ένθκα, 20τ. 1 of ένίημι. ένέην, Ep. for ένην, impl. of ένειμι.

ένεθθμήθην, acr. I of ένθυμέσμαι.

ev-sidov, 20r. 2 with no pres, in use, its place being supplied by evopaw: to see or observe in: absol, to observe, remark. Cf. elbor.

. everka, Ep. for hreika (Ion. for hreyka), 201. I of φέρω; inf. ἐνείκαι.

eventeuer, Ep. for everneuer, 201. 2 int. of pepa.

evelucov, impf. of remen. evello and evention, f. how, to wrap up in.

evenue, sor. I of repo. ev-enner, Ep. for ever mer, I pl. of everm: but П.

evenuev, 3 sing. acr. I of veuco.

ev-eum, f. everopai, (ev, elpi sum) to be in a place, to be within: to be in or among. II. to be possible; impers., Evecti tivi it is in one's power, one may or can: part. neut. evbr used absol., it being possible. ev-elps: pf. pass. Evepum :- to entwine, interweave.

èvels, èveisa, 20r. 2 part. of èvique. evens, Ion. and Ep. evenev, post. also eivens, eivenev: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, II. with respect to, as far as regards, as causa.

means of; textus elvena by force of art. ένεκάλυψα, sor. I of έγκαλύπται

for; Evena è poù as far as depends on me,

eventury, imply of Executar. ένεκέρδσα, 201. Ι οί έ*γπεράντυμ*ι.

ἐνέκρἄγον, 2οτ. 3 of ἐγεράζει. ėvikpulja, sor. I of lykpūsta. **ἐν**ἐκυρσα, gor. I of ἐγκύρα.

evicula, sor, I of eyeurra. dv-eλαύνω, f. –eλάσω Att. –eλῶ:—to drive in οι into

ένελίπον, aor, 2 of έλλείτω. ėv-eklorom, f. fm. to roll or mrap up in, Lat. involvo. ένομαξάμην, 201. Ι mod. of έμμάσσα.

évéperva, sor. I of éppéres

eventerou, Ep. 3 sing, impl. of repersion.

ev-ques, f. low, to somit in ένεμήθην, aor. I pass of νέμας

ένομυήθην, aor. I pass. of έμμυέα.

evereus, impl. of erreion.

evertheorta, of, al, Ta, indect., (brea) ninety. evertue, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of evertue. everwheten, Ion. for everopean, 3 pt. pt. of evrolu.

evévero. Ion. for everbyro, 3 sing. plaps. par. of irroia.

everones, fut, med. (with pass sense) of everys. èvebs or èvvebs, à, òr, dumb, speechless · de ef and dumb. ivertima [il], sor. 2 pass. of imphyrum.

ëverαίχθην, 201. I pass. of έμεαίζα. ένέπαξα, Dor. for ένέπηξα, 20τ. I of έμπηγευμ ėvėnaova, Ep. for ėvėndoa, sor. I of ėmnaova.

evinerov, sor. 2 of implement evértor, 201. 2 of èmpiral

everyducty [d], sor. 2 pers. of eurhem.

ėνέπλησθεν, Ép. 3 pl. aor. I pam. of ἐμυίπλημε. ένέπλησα, ένεπλήσθην, acr. I act. and pass of isσίσλημι.

everyevers, 201. 1 of emerée.

ένοπορπέατο, Ion. for *èreπίρτην*το, plapf, pass α irropado.

άνέπρηθον, impf. of έμπρήθα. ένέπρησα, acr. I of έμπίσρημι eventure, acr. I of emercia.

événu, poët, also évvénu aor, 2 ériouer, inf. laσπείν: fut. ένισπήσω or ένθρω:—10 tell, tell of. de soribe, relate. 2. to speak to, address, accord. 4. c. lof. to bid. simply, to speak, eay.

έν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: 201. Ι -ειργασάμην and -ειργάσθην: Dep.:-- το make of create in: 201. I ένειργασθην is also used in pess-2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for birteveryona, h, (everyhe) an action, operation, entryeverytes, f. how, (everyte) to work, be active. Hence ėνέργημα, aros, τό, an effect, work, operation.

bearts, is, = trepyle. drapyle, br, (ev, spyor) working, active, busy : of soldiers, on service, fit for service: of land, in tillage, productive. Hence everyor, Adv. of everyor or everyor, actively: proer-epelou, f. ou, to push in, to thrust in. er epetym, acr. 2 erhotyer, to belch on one. treple, before a vowel -lev, from beneath: be-2. below, in the II. c. gen. beneath. meath. power of. From Erspot, est, ol, (iv) Lat. inferi, those in or beneath the sarth, of the dead and the gods below. evepulvos, pf. part. pass. of evelpu. διερράφην [ά], διερραφάμην, acr. 2 pass. and acr. I med. of διράπτω. trepore, ease, \$\dagger\$, (treips) a fitting or fastening in. evertepos, a, ev, Comp. of Everos, deeper, lower. Everuv, Ep. for evilouv, 3 pl. impf. of evenu. èveσia, ή, (èviημι) a suggestion, counsel. δυέσκληκα, pf. with pass, sense of δυσκέλλα. ivio ranta, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ivoraic. ένέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ένστέλλω. tverreiros Ion. for tveorieros, gen. of tveories (for beστηκώυ), pt. part. of δυίστημι. every fourto, 3 sing. plant. pass. of everypl(a. everyero, 3 sing. sor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of everyes. everathy [a], nor. I pass. of errebus. everendamny, sor. I med. of errendes. ever η, η, (ενίημι) a pia, brooch. everpayor, 201. 2 of extrange. everpointly [d], nor. 2 pass. of evrperor. everpadyy [d], sor. 2 pass. of errotou. everpifing [1], acr. 2 pass. of errpifes. evertibute, sor. I of evrenious. ivertixov, 201. 2 of irregration. ev-eubarpovém, f. hom, to be bappy in. ev-cobe, fut, -evonous, to elect in or on. ev-covaros, or, (ev, corn) in or on which one eleeps; diopa irebraior a skin to sloop on; three irevraior for want of bed-clothes. tweeners, nor. I both of rever and of rea (B) to swim. ἐνέφραξα, 201. I of ἐμφράσσω. ένέφθσα, ένέφυν, zor. I and 2 of έμφύω. ένεφύσησα, 20τ. Ι οί έμφυσάω. evixes, Ep. evixeus, sor. I med. of eyxiss. ένεχείρησα, 20τ. Ι οί έγχειρέω. ένεχευάμην, Ep. sor. I med. of έγχέα. ένεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω. ἀνέχθητι, ἀνεχθείην, ένεχθω, ἐνεχθήναι, 201. I pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of peper. evezopála, f. ása, (erézőpor) to take a pledge from 2. c. acc. rei, to take in pledge: Pass., lveyvράζεσθαι τὰ χρήματα to bave one's goods seized for debt: Med. to bave surety given one, vokov for interest. έν-έχθρον, τό, (έν, έχυρό») α pledge, surety; έν-

έχυρον τιθέναι τι to make a thing a pledge.

II. Pass., with fut. med. &véentertain, charlab. fourt, 201. 2 drestount, to be beld, daught, entangled III. intr. to enter, pierce into, penetrate: to press upon. ένεχώρησα, 201. Ι οί έγχαρία. ėν-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to bind fast in, to involve in. ένη, ηε, η, see ένοε, η, ον. dr-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to spend one's youth in: to amuse onseelf in, to be joyful in. Hence evaportioner, to, a place of amusement. Bos, or, (ir,  $\eta \beta \eta$ ) in the prime of youth. Speucra, -every, nor. I act. and pass. of &r eboeva. evnely, 4, (ern4s) kindness, goodness. evilor, Ep. for evilv, 3 sing. impf. of everpe. ėvytje, ės, gen. ėvytos, kind, friendly, good-bearted.' (Connected with danwhe and spoonwhe.) ένηκα, sor. I of ένίη $\mu$ . ένήλατο, 3 sing. 20τ. Ι οf ἐνάλλομαι. ένηλάτον, τό, (ἐνελαύνω) anything driven in: in plur. the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides; deform drhata the pine driven into the axle, lincb-pins. ένηλλαγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω. ένηλλαξα, sor. I of ἐναλλάσσω. ένήλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι. ev-final, Pass. (really pf. of ev-e (open), to be seated in. ev figural, pf. pass. of evarror. evilverhau, pf. page. of peper. evipode, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds. de-evhrove, ear-evhrove, wap-evhrove, with the notion of being upon or close to. (The root **&**rέθω is not in use.) ėνήνοχα, pf. of φέρα. eviporto, 3 sing. Ep. sor. I med. of evalpes. evhou, fut. of evinue. L of Place, there, Lat. ibi: ěvla, (ěr) Adv., also as relat. to 80s, sobere, Lat. ubi. 2. in this 3. with a sense of Motion, thither, ease or state. II. of Time, when. Hence bitber, Lat. illuc. eveabs, Adv. thither, Lat. illus: also, thers: of Time. bere, now. dv-0axie, f. how, to sit in or on. Hence ένθάκησιε, εωε, ή, a sitting in; ενθάκησιε ήλίου a seat in the sun. ėν-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm in:—Pasa, ενθάλπεσθα; ξρωτι to glow with love. ένθανείν, 201. 2 inf. of ένθνήσκω. ένθα-περ, (ένθα, περ) Adv. there where, where. έν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury in a place. evoaura, evoeurer, Ion. for erravoa, errevoer. ėv-θεάζω, f. σω, (lv. θεύε) to be inspired. ένθέμεν, ένθέμεναι, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of έντίθημι. ένθεν, (ένθα) Adv. thence, Lat. illino; ένθεν και ένθεν on this side and on that: also as relat. for 50er, whence, wbereof, Lat. unde II. of Time, thereupon, after that. hy-lyw, f. bylew or drownow:—to keep fast within: evbevde, (evber) bence. Lat. bine,

**1.000.** Ep. for **2.0000, 201.** 2 imper. med. of  $2 \pi i \theta \eta \mu a$ . Ev Georg, or, full of the god, inspired, possessed: found in a place: - Med. to found for oneself. given by inspiration.

er Beppalve, f. ard, (br. beppe) to beat :- Pass., irτεθέρμανται πόθφ bas been beated by passion.

**ενθεσιε, εωε, ή, (εντίθημι) a putting in.** piece put in, a mouthful.

ev-θετο, Eo. for eveθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of evτίθη μι.

Everos, or, (erriby m) but in, emplantes.

everter, Adv., Ion. for everence.

ένθη, ένθης, ένθος, ένθω, ένθών, Dor. for έλθη, έλθης, Ελθοι, etc., aor. 2 of ερχομαι.

Ev-Onpos, or, (iv, Ohp) full of wild beasts. metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

& -θνήσκω, f. -θάνοθμαι, to die in: to grow rigid or torpid in.

ένθορε, Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. act. 2 of ἐνθρώσκω. ένθου, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

ev-bourrage, f. dow, or ev-bourrae, f. how, (Evbeor, contr. (voor) to be inspired.

evopelescous, sor, I inf. med. of errpipes.

ev-Oplow, f. ow, (br, opior) to wrap in a fig-leaf, ensurap.

έν-θρώσκω, f. -θορούμαι: nor. 2 ένέθορον Ep. ενθο-

por :- to leap into, upon, among.

έν-θυμέομαι, f. ήσομαι: 201. Ι ένεθυμήθην: pf. έντεθύμημαι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμόε):—to lay to beart, con-2. to take to beart, be concerned sider well, ponder. 3. to form a plan. A. to infer, conclude. at. Hence

ένθύμημα, ατος, τό, a toought: invention, device, II. an argument in Rhetoric answering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ένθύμησυς, και, ή, consideration, exteem.

ένθυμία, ή, (ἐνθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion. έν-θύμιος, ον, (ξν, θυμός) taken to beart, weighing upon the mind; evolution earl not, Lat. religio est mibi, I feel a scruple.

ένθυμιστός, ή, όν, 🗕 ἐνθύμιος.

ev-bupakiju, f. low, to array in armour: pf. pass. part. Εντεθωρακισμένος, armed in mail.

évi, poêt, for év.

II. evi, dat. of els. Eva, for Every, it is in: also it is allowed, possible. eviauous, or, also a, or, (eviautos) of a year, one year old. II. yearly, year by year. for a year, lasting a year; èr. βεβών gone for a year.

eviauros, o, (évos) a year; mar' eviaurou yearly, 2. any complete space of time; from ηλθε περιπλομένων ενιαυτών as times rolled on the

year came.

ev-caire, f. -cabow, to sleep in or among.

ένιδχή, Adv. (ένιοι) in some places. ἐνι-βάλλω, ἐνι-βλάπτω, Ερ. for ἐμ-βάλλω, etc. ένιβλαφθείε, Ep. 201. I pass. part. of έμβλάπτω. ev-18elv, inf. of sor. 2 evelbor.

ev-topów, f. wow, to sweat in, Tabour at.

ev-copina, ev-copia, f som [8], to set, settle, of evi-Levyvous or -um, poet, for ey (-.

ėν-ίζω, f. –ιζήσω, (èr, ίζω) to sit in ot on.

ev-lημι, fut. -how: aor. I - na Ep. -tna : pf. -elm pass. - eiuai :- to send in or into: to implant, inspire: generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch into the sea: metaph, to urge on, incite to do a 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely intr. to enter.

evelocitas, poët. sor. I part. of tempera.

ένι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for έγκ-: hence ένικάτθεο, Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. for eyearabov.

ένι-κλάω, f. άσω [Δ], Ep. for έγκ-, to break in, break off, Lat. infringo.

evi-kheles, Ep. for ey-kheles.

evi-valeraao kov, Ion. impf. of ev-valeraes.

evi-os, as, a, (from evi of - elote of, as evicte - Eotiv δτε) some, Lat. ali-qui.

evi-ore, Adv. for eve bre = force ore, at times, sometimes: Dor. evi-bea.

evīπή, ή, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

evi-wheres, or, Ep. for Eurheos, filled. ένι-πλήσασθαι, –πλησθήναι, Ep. for  $i\mu$ -πλ $\rightarrow$  aor.

I inf. med, and pass, of εμπίπλημι. evi-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. I and 3 pl. for ep-πλ-

aor. I subj. of ἐμπλήσσω. ëv-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among.

ένιπρήσου, Ερ. 201. I inf. of έμπίπρημι.

ėviπτω, fut. ἐνάρω: Ep. redupl. 201. 2 ἐνίπασω, or everyou;—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. obiurgo. II. =  $\ell \nu \ell \pi \omega$ , to tell of, announce,

evi-orhato, evi-oriunto, Ep. for evo-. eviously, eviousjou, sor. 2 inf. and fut. of evisus.

dv-lorum, 20r. 2 subj. of everum. evicrou, collat. form of evirtu, to reprove, reproach:

also to maltreat, ill-use.

έν-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: aor. I -έστησα: also fut. and 20r. I med. -στήσομαι, -εστησάμην:--Causal in these tenses, to put, set, place in. 2. to begin. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. everyou; pf. eveотпиа; plaps. evelorificew:—to be set in, to wand in or within. 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon be close upon, to be at band; roll everturos povás in the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur, τὰ ἐνεστηκότα present circumstances. 4. to oppose. resist, object.

ev-toxiu, f. vow [v], to strengthen.

to gain strength. ev-loxe, - erexe.

en-rpedo, en-xplusto, Ep. for evr- and eyxevixpunduels, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of cypinste. ev-haleim, f. om, to carve in or upon.

IL inte

evvčerip, ipos, i, (trvala) an inbabitant :—fem. évvaéreipa.

evva-érapos, or, = sq.

eved-erigs, is, (irria, fros) nine years old: next erráctes, as Adv., for nine years.

brokerys, ou, b, - by-recthp. erraters, idos, th, fem. of erraeths, nine years old. irrale: Ep. fut. med. irrággopai, 201. I irragσάμην: - to dwell in: inbabit. errants, Adv. (errea) nine times, Lat. novies. évrákógiol, Y. évakog-. evácoravro, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. I med. of errales. ivedros, false form for ivaros. ev-volvanyées, s. how, to build ships in. ENNE'A, indecl. nine, Lat. novem. erred Boros, or. (erréa, Boûs) worth nine beeves. evvea-kal-Bena, indecl. nineteen. Hence érrea¢aiñexá-μηνος, ον, (μήν) nineteen months old. ervegicasben-eths, is, (itos) nineteen years old. even-knouves, or, with nine springs, a well at Athens, called also Καλλιρρόη. evria-Atvos, or, (erria, Airor) of nine threads. b-μηνος, ον, (εννέα, μήν) of nine months. èrrea-πηχυε, υ, (èrréa, πηχυε) nine cubits long. evveda, aboe, f. (evvea) the number nine: a number of nine. II. the ninth day of the month. evrea-buvos, or, (erréa, part) of nine tones or notes. evera-xthos, as, a, Ep. for evants xilion, nine thoueyved-yopdos, ov, (lyvia, yopdh) of nine strings. έννενήκοντα, worse form for ένενήκοντα, ninety. evvernmovra-evvia, indeel, ninety and nine. erverwaar, lon. 3 pl. pl. of errotu. tweev, Ep. for every, impl. of vew, to swim. èvve-όργικος, ον, (èvvéa, δργυιά) πίπε fatboms long. evveos, labe form for evede. ev-veogreius Att. -Treius, f. ou, to make a nest or batch young in: c. acc. to batch. evveru, poet, lengthd, for everus. errecia, j, see irecia. ev-vevus, f. ow, to nod, beckon or make signs to.

έννέ-ωρος, σν. (έννέα, ώρα) nine years old or long. 
έννέμοντα, Ερ. for ένενέμοντα, ninety. 
ένν-ήμαρ, (έννέα, ήμαρ) Adv. for nine daye. 
ένν-ήμαρ, (έννέα, ήμαρ) Adv. for nine daye. 
ένν-ήμαρ, Ερ. for ένης, fem. gen. of ένος, as Adv. 
έν-νοδω, f. ήσω: αστ. I ένενόησα Ion. part. ἐννώσας: 
pl. ἐννενόμα Ion. ἐννένωμα:—also in Med., with 
αστ. 1 pass. ἐνενοήθην:—to think of, have in one's 
καιουκ. Il. to understand. III. to intend 
10 do, c. inf. 
IV to devize, plan. invent, Lat. 
ενεοguare. Hence 
έννοια, ή, a thought: an intent, design.

ev-νομος, ον, (èr, νόμος) within the pale of the law, lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under the law.

II. (ἐν, νέμομαι) feeding in, inhabiting. ev-νοος, ον, contr.-νους, ον, (ἐν, νοῦς) thoughtful, sensible:—Comp. ἐννοόστερος, Sup.-ούστατος. ἐννοσί-γαιος, ὁ, poët. for ἐνοσίγ. (ἐνοσις, γῆ) the Earthbaber. a name of Póseidon or Neptune. ἐννοσί-φιλλος, ον, poöt. for ἐνοσιφ... (ἐνοσις, φύλλον) with quiverng leaves. ἐννοχλείς, poet. for ἐνοχλείς, 2 sing. of ἐνοχλέω.

everto, 3 ang. impl. med. of everya.

everyxeise, f. σω, (ev., νύξ) to sleep or lodge in.

everύχιος, α, σε, οτ οε, ον. (ev., νύξ) nightly, in the
night, by night.

II. dwelling in Night, of the
dead.

έν-νύχος, ον, = ἐννύχιος. ἐννώσαι, -νώσας, Ιοη. for ἐννοῆσαι, -νοήσας, 201. Ι

inf. and part. of έννοξω.

ἐν-δδιος, α, ον, Ερ. εἰν-δδιος, η, ον, (ἐν, δδόε) ἐκ,

το το by the road; σφήκες ἐνόδιοι wasps that have
their nests by the way-eide.

II. of or belonging
to a journey.

ev-outée, f. 400, to dwell: to inhabit. Hence evolutions, eue, 4, a dwelling in a place. ev-outle, fut, low Att. 16, to make to dwell in a

place:—Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.

&v-olucos, or, (lr, olnos) in the bouse, keeping at bome,

&v-ounosouten, f. how, to build in a place.

II.

to build up, block up,

inbabitant. II. pass. dwell in.

ev-ouvoxoém, f. how, to pour in wine.

ένόν, part. neut. of ένειμι, used absol., it being possible. ένοπή, ή, (ἐνέπω) a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp. a war-cry, battle-sbout.

έν-όπλιος, or, (έν, δπλον) in or with arms: δ ένόπλιος (sub. ρυθμός) the tune for the war-dance. έν-οπλος, or, (έν, δπλον) in arms, armed.

εν-σπλου, ον. (εν. οπλον) τα arms, armea. Ένοπτρον, τό, (ἐνώψομαι) a mirror.

ev-opas Ion. - es: f. erόφομαι (supplied from obsol. eνόπτομαι): 201. 2 evelor, q.v.: -- to see or observe in a person or thing.

II. to look at or upon.

evoprios, or, - Evopros.

to-opros, or, (tr, δρκοι) bound by oath, sworn. Π.

that to which one is sworn; troprov their τι to speak
on oath.

ëv-opult ης [I], ου, δ. (ἐν, δρμοε) one who is in harbour. ἐν-όρνθμι, fut. ἐνύρσω: 20τ. I ἐνῶρσα: 3 sing. Ep. 20τ. 2 pass. ἐνῶρτο: (ἐν, δρω, δρνυμι):—to arouse ot stir up in:—Pass. to arise in ot among.

έν-ορούω, f. σω, to leap in or upon, assail, attack. έν-όρχης, ον, δ, and έν-ορχις, ιος, δ, ή, – ένορχος. έν-ορχος, ον, (έν, δρχις) uncastrated, entire.

"ENOS or Evos, S. Lat. ANNUS, Subst. a year: hence eviaurde depende dievos, dievos, etc.

"ENOΣ or ένος, η, ον, Adj. a year old, last year's; ένος καρπός last year's fruit: generally, old, bygone. II. ένη και νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and new day, i.e. the last day of the month, so called because this 30th day consisted of two balves; one belonging to the old, the other to the new moon.

2. in oblique cases of fem.: gen. trye Ep. tryphr, —Lat. perendie, the day after to-morrow, about nal tryphr; so too, of try, els tryp.

evos, gen. of els and er, one.

ένοσιε, εωε, ή, (\*ἐνόθω) a shaking, quake.

Evert-yeur, eves, &, (from:, xear) the Earth-shaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

evorus, nros, h, (els) unity, concord.

ev-oupavios, or, (er, obparos) in beaven, beavenly.

ev-ouples, f. how, to make water in.

èv-όχλέω, f. ήσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. impf. ηνώχλουν, pass. ηνωχλούμην; aor. I ηνώχλησα: pf. ήνώχλησα:—to trouble, disturb, Lat. molesto: absol. to be an annoyance:—Pass. to be troubled or annoyad.

ĕνοχου, ον, (ἐνέχομαι) beld in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime.

er-pantu, f. yw, to sew up in.

dr-ptybes, f. wow. = ptybes dr. to abiver or freeze in. dr-ordes, f. -σelσes: pf. pass. -σεσεισμα: :—to abake in or into, to drive into, burl or launch at.

ev-orqualve, f. dre, to mean, imply: ... Med. to give

notice of, intimate.

ev-σκέλλω, aor. I δέσκηλα, to dry up :--Pass., with

pl. act. δνέσκληκα, to be dried up. δν-σπευδίω, f. άσω, to get ready, prepare:—Pass. to

be dressed or equipped:—Med. to dress oneself up.
ev-on-hure, i. yes: Ep. ev-on-:—to burl, dart,
launch in or upon. II. intrans. to fall in or on.

en-onlywers, f. tw: Ep. eviou-; post. form of ev-outpures, to dash in or upon:—Pass. to stick in.

ev-suppose, s. wow, (iv, suippos) to barden:—Pass. to become callous, investerate.

ev-crodos, or, wise in a thing.

by or welpa, f. - or epa, to sow among: - Pass. to be sown or spread among.

to-orner to the first orner of the streets in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct.

ev-aralm, f. fw, to let drop in.

έν-σταλάζω, ε. έω, - ένστάζω.

ένστάτης, ου, δ, (ἐνίστημι) one who withstands, an adversary.

όν-στίλλω, f. -στελώ: -to dress in; -Pass., ἐππάδα στολήν ἐνεσταλμένοs elad in a horseman's dress.

er-ornolle, f. fee, to fin in.

έν-στράτοπεδεύω, οτ -εύομαι as Dep., = στρατοπέδεύομαι έν, to encamp in.

or move in. 2. c. icc. loci, to visit.

έν-σφράγίζω Ion. έν-σφρηγ-, to impress on.

evratificate, acr. I inf. pass. of errelves. evratificate, acr. 2 inf. pass. of errfices.

ένταλμα, ατοε, τό, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, precept. ev-τάνόω, f. όσω: sor. I inf. ἐντανόσα: :—poët. for ἐντείνω, to stretch or strain tight: to bend or rather

to string a bow: also to stretch on or over a thing: to extend, prolong.

ev-tacco Att. -- tru, f. fet, to enrol, register in:---. Pass. to be posted in battle.

evravda Ion. evdadra, Adv. (ev) — evda: L. of Place, bers, thers, Lat. bis: also bither, thither, Lat. bus. II. of Time, at the very time: then, now. 2. like Lat. deinds, thereupon, then. Henca

ivravol [1], Att. form for ivravoa. ivravoot, Adv. bitber, Lat. bue.

ἐντἄφιάζω, f. σω, (ἐντάφιου) to bury. Hence ἐντἄφιασμός, δ, burial.

έν-τάφιος, οτ. (έν. τάφος) of or used in burial. II., as Subst., ἐντάφιον, τό, a shroud or winding-cheet; τὰ ἐντάφια, funeral bonows, obsequies.

ENTEA, av, rá, instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; Errea datrés appliances for a banquet; Errea rnée rigging, tackle of a ship; Errea l'enesa horse-trappings, barness.

έντεθύμημαι, pf. οξ ένθυμέσμαι.

ivrebupantoman, pf. pass. of irbeparifes.

dw-reives, fut. - repû: 20t. I dréreura: pl. drrérieu:

-Pass., 20t. I drerádην [d]: pl. drrérdηκα: - so stretch or strain tight, Lat. intendere; δίφροε lpūto bend a bow; γόφοροι drreraμέναι a bridge of boats
with the chibles all taut: - drreivardat doportar to
raise it to a higher pitch: - drreivardat doportar to
raise it to a higher pitch: - drreivardat droise to keep
a ship's sail tight by the sheet.

II. to strated ous
at or against; drreiver πλήγην Lat. intendere plagam. 2. to entangle in.

III. to strain, exert,
φανήν drreivardat: hence in Pass., to be sagar or sebennent, drreraμένοι ele τὸ ξργον.

ev-raxile, fut. low Att. 16, to wall in, fortify:

Med., to wall in, i. e. blockade.

tv-recvos, ev, (iv, rievor) baving children.

dr-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to end one's life in a place. dr-τελής, is, = ir τέλει dr, complete, entire, perfect :

—Adv. -λῶε, Βυρ. -λέστατα. ἐν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., ἐν-τέλλομαι, so enjain, command:—Pass., ἐντεταλμένα commands.

έντελοθμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

everture ion. enquere: f. eropi: to cut in, engrave or inscribe upon.

II. to cut in pieces, to

eacrifice. 2. to cut in, sbred in.

Evrepov, 76, (erróe) a piece of gut:—in plus. the guts, intestines, entrails, bowels. Hence

guis, intennes, entraits, consess. Hence the price of a ship, cally timber.

errecu-apyes, er, (force, force) working in harmon.
errerayμένος, pf. part. pass. of εντάσου.
evreraμμένος, pf. part. pass. of εντάλου.
evreraμένος, pf. part. pass. of εντάρου.
evreraμένος, pf. part. pass. of εντάρου.
evreraμένους, Adv. vebemently, strongly.

έντέτατο, for ένετέτατο, plaps, pass. of έντένας. έντέτηκα, ps. with pass. sense of έντήκας.

έντετμημένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέμου. έντετϋλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντυλίσσα.

brredder Ica. eventrer, Adr. (irraida) bence or thence, Lat. bine or illine. II. of Time, benceforth, thenceforth, afterwards, thereupon.

erreuderi [1], Att. for erreuder.

evreugus, com, f. (erruyxara) a lighting upon. converse, intercourse. 3. a petition, intercession,

4. reading, study. thankegiving. ev-reuthandus, f. ωσω, (er, τευτλον) to elem in beet. er-rises, f. fw, to cause to melt in, to pour in while

molten :- Pass. with aor. 2 everdany [d], and pl. act. erreran, to be melted in, to eink deep into one; picos errernee not; erranipal τῷ φιλείν to be wholly given sp to love.

evri, Dor. for tore and eloi, from elui sum.

er-ribyen, fut, brohow; 201. 2 bribye. Ep. inf. brbluer: -- to put in, Lat. imponere: metaph. to inspire, instil: - Med. to put in for oneself, store up, lay by: 2ho detera tipi to bold in honour.

be-tieres, f. -tilequat: not. 2 letteror :-to bear or produce in: to create of cause in IL pf. part.

intr., èrreroscoe, inborn.

ev-Takes, I how, to equirt upon.

by Typide, f. how, to value in or among.

έν-τίμος, ον, (έν, τιμή) in bonour, bonoured, prized: rd bear Erripa what is bonowred in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes :- Adv., bythme Executor desertated to hold him in bosour.

evyunua, aros, to, (evteure) a cut, incision, noteb.

evro, 3 pl. sor. 2 med. of thus.

έντολή, ή, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, command. evropos, or, (errépro) cut in pieces, cut up; erropa

TOLEN to offer as victime. Evrovos, or, (erreira) strained: intense, easterst, eager, violent. Adv. - ree, violently.

¿v-τόπιοε, αν, − έντοποε.

tv-rowes, or, (lr, rowes) in or of a place.

evros, Adv. (iv) Lat. intus, intrinsecus, opp. to I. of Place, in, within, inside; also as Prep. c. gen., bride èpavroù in my senses. 2. on this side, Lat. citra, c. gen. II. of Time, within, in less than, c. gen., erros elnos: huepar within 20 days, Hence

errords and before a vowel -dev, Adv. from within,

within.

έντράγειν, 20τ. 2 inf. of έντρώγω.

evrpanivas, sor. 2 inf. pass. of evrpenus. evrpanforques, fut. 2 pass. of evrpena.

ev-rpenu, f. - rpeya, to turn about: metaph. to reprove, make asbanied: - Med. and Pass. to turn oneself, turn towards a person: to give beed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to: feel shame or fear.

ev-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, - τρέφω èv, to bring up or train in: of habits, etc., to grow up with, become natural

to, c. dat.

έν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι οτ -δράμουμαι (from obsol. II. to Social):-to run in, to move freely in. dip in, enter.

έντριβήναι, acr. I inf. pass. of εντρίβω. Hence

evro Bhs. le, rubbed in : metaph, skilled, persed in. ev-Tolde [1], f. was to rub in unquents :- Pass to bave rubbed in, to be anointed, painted, rub away, wear by rubbing.

ev-roltwelle, f. low, (ev, roltos) to min in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Torreytvua.

δντρυψιε, εωε, <math>ψ, (δντρίβω) a rubbing in. ev-roopes, or, (ev, rolpes) trembling, fearful.

ev-τροπαλίζομαι, Frequent. of evτρέπω, Pass. to keep turning round, Asp looking back.

evrpowh, ή, (errpiroμαι) a turning towards: τοspect or reverence for one; also shame, reproach.

evrporta, h, (evrperous) in pl. tricks, artifices. Evrpodos, av. (evrpedos) brought up in, living in, among, or with; lytp. two a surrling.

ev-rouddies, f. low, to whisper in one's ear.

ev-τρυφάω, f. ήσω, (ev, τρυφή) to revel in, play in: II. to make sport of. absol. to be luxurious.

èv-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 20t. 2 èνέτρἄγον:--to eat up greedily, to devour.

δυ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι; aor. 2 δυέτθχου: pf. δντετύχηκα:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with. to converse with t to intercede with. 3. to read. also = ruyxáru år år, to bappen to be in.

ev-rulicrow, f. fw, so roll or wrap up.

έν-τϋνον, Ep. impf. of έντόνο; but also sor. I imperat. έντύνω [0]: f. έντϋνω: Ep. acr. I έντϋνα: (έντεα): -to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare: c. acc. pers., erroreur rura to make one ready, arge him on: also c. inf. to urge to do a thing.

ev-roude, Adv. (ev, roure) of Priam, errunds er χλαίνη κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle 10 as

to shew the shape of his limbs.

έν-τύπόω, f. ωσω, (έν, τύπος) to stamp, engrave.

ev-rube. f. -buta, to smoke. [8] έντύω, Ep. impf. έντθον, = έντύνα.

Ένθάλιος, δ, (lruw) the Warlike, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad; but, in later authors, different from II. as Adj., warlike, furious. [a]

ev-υβρίζω, f. low Att. tw, to insult one in a thing. ένυδριε, ιοε, ή, an otter. From

evudpo-βιοs, ov, living in the water.

iv-vopos, or, (ir, voup) with water in it, bolding II. of water, watery. III. living water.

in or by water. Truta, aor. I of rioom.

evvariate, f. áses, to dream. From

ένύπνιον, τό, α thing seen in sleep. 2. a dream. Properly neut. of evinvios.

evunvios, or, (er, vuros) appearing in sleep.

ξν-υπνος, ον, = ἐνύπνιοε.

ένύσταξα, αοτ. Ι οί νυστάζω.

ev-upalva, f. ara, to weave in as a pattern:-Pass to be inwoven. Hence

ένϋφαντόε, όν, imooven.

ENTΩ', bos, contr. oue, ή, Enyo, goddess of war, answering to the Roman Bellona.

drapor-doxys, ou; & leader of an eroporta. ένωμοτία, ή, (ἐνώμοτοι) properly, any band of sworn soldiers: a division of the Spartan army, being a sub-

division of the horse and containing 32 men.

ev-suporos, or, (er, survue) bound by oath: a conspirator. Adv. -orus, on oath.

ivantilias, Adv. to one's face. From

dr-wah, h, (dr. dip) the face, countemance: dat. drowy as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam.

evanue, es, the inner walls fronting those who enter: properly neut, of everyon.

evenues, in the presence of, Lat. coram. From trianes, or, (tr. an) in one's presence, face to face. evapora, aor. I of eroprope.

evapre, 3 sing. Ep. sor. 2 pass. of brogrups. evacu, Ion. for brongs, sor. I of robes. evertiques, Dep. (er, ode) to bearies to. Ed, Lat. EX, put for is before a vowel. "ES, el, al, rá, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.

έζαγαγείν, soc. 2 inf. of έξάγει. &-ayyella, \$, information sent out to the enemy.

From &-aγγθλω, f. ελώ, to tell out, publish, report: esp. to send out information to the enemy :- Med, to promise to do :- Pass. to be reported as doing; impers.,

lfayyilleres it is reported that. Hence

& dyychos, o, t, a messenger who brings neve out: esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the dyyeloe came to tell news from a distance, but the ifayyahoe told what was going on behind the scenes.

έξαγγελτος, or, (ξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered. &-&γίζω, f. low Att. ιθ, to drive out as a pollution.

de dytvém lon, for déaye.

έξάγιστος, ον, (έξαγίζω) assureed, abominable. of things, devoted, mystical.

if-ayuwile, (if, dyeds) to nudge with the elbow. ef-άγνυμι, f. -áfω, (ef, άγνυμι) to break and tear awny, to rend.

if-ayopalu, f. aou, to buy from: to redeem. if-dyopeiu, f. ou, to speak out, publish, divulge. &-ayprose, f. wow, (&, dypros) to make wild or waste: of living things, to make savage, exasperate.

de dyes, f. -dew: 201. 2 -hyayov: -to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export ; rà lfayóµera exports. 3. to draw out from, set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring forth, produce: to call forth, excits. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt. intr. (sub. lauror) to go or march out. Hence

Eaγωγή, ή, a leading out, drawing out: exportation: hence

Εδγώγιμος, or, carried out; τὰ ξαγώγιμα exports. ef-eyevifoμas, f. Att. Κούμαι, Dep. to struggle bard. έξάδ-αρχος, ον, (εξάς, άρχω) leader of a body of six. df-qlow, fut. -φσομαι, to sing away; dfqdeur του βίου to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan:to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon. E-delpes Ion. for efalpes.

Ma-erip, is, gen. ioe, (li, iros) sin years old: from. Matrie, ibos.—Adv. efáctes, for sin years.

if-alpoisonar, Med. to collect out from.

if-aidle, strengthd. for aldle. ė̃ξ-αιμάσσω Att. –ττω, f. fω, το make quite bloody.

Lealvouar, Dep. to take away, carry off. if-alpeous, eur, h, (ifaiple) a taking out:—a west of taking out.

de-superior, verb. Adj. of desupies, one must select. ex-alperos, or, taken out, picked out, chosen.

reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. Bat ean be taken out. From

de-arpin, f. fow: 201. 2 leikor Ep. leakor (supplied from obsol. [las) :-- Med., fut. Le choupen: act. 2 εξειλόμην:-Pass., pf. εξήρημαι Ιοα. εξαραίρημας: -to take out, take out of: - Med. to take out for oneself: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. take from among others, to pick out, choose s-Pass. to be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated, devoted. III. to take away, remove: -- Med. to take away from one :- Pass. to bave a thing taken IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. away. to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.

if-alps, contr. of lon. form if-acles: fut. it-aps: sor. I liftpa:—to lift up, lift off the earth. raise, exalt, extol. 3. to arouse, stir up, ex-II. Med. to earry of for oneself, earn :cite. ifalperova roor to take a disease on enerelf, eatch III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. eneited, agitated.

if-aloros, or; (if, aloa) beyond sebat is right, trassgressing right, lawless. IL of things, monstross: violent.

de-alore Att. -dore. -drie: fat. -affa. -df#: aot. I –ĝja:—to rusb fortb, start out.

if-diorou, f. wow, (if, dioros) to bring to naught, utterly destroy, annibilate.

if-artie, f. how: soc. I liftinga:—to demand from another: if. rord to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender: Med. to beg for oneself, to beg a person off, gain his release. Hence

efairnous, eas, ή, a demanding from spother. a begging off, intercession.

if-arros, ar, (if, airia) chasen, chaice, precious.

de aldons, Adv. on a sudden.

if-dictours, fut. tooper: Dep.:—to bear completely, apply a cure; χόλον ξεακέσασθαι, to appeare it; 🔄 delas efanteauvas to make up for deficiencies. Hence ifaxeous, eas, \$, a thorough cure.

Maris, Adv. (M) sin times, Lat. senies. Hence

ifamo-xilio, six thousand; and

Eauco-µúpros, sixty thousand.

&-aκολουθία, f. ήσω, to follow up, imitate.

& Knovrile, fut. low Att. to, to dart or about forth, 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to launcb. stratch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, wher. ifăxborov, aı, a, (if) sin bundred, Let. senevet. Hence

Edmonocros, i, dr. sie-benetredth.

**₹-йкобы**, £. –акобоорац: 201. I –фесова :—40 bear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.

-auptβóm, f. άσω, to make accurately, finish care-II. to inquire accurately. εριβούν λόγον to speak distinctly.

K-amples, & low Att. of, to reach the top of; ifader althou to skim the upper skr.

Courley, verb. Adj. of Mayer, one must mareb out. E-Dillow, f. wow, to blind enterly; bottal por ifalawon to put out his oye.

& alamaia, f. fee, of a city, to easi, storm: gene-

tally, to rain, destroy: to enhaust.

Habere, Dor. for efficare, 3 sing. sor. I of lfaxλομαι.

**ξάλόμο θαι.** Ep. sor. I med. inf. of ifαλέομας. Eddarroov, to, a bon for cintment. From

K-dheiden, fut. por: sor. I - haerfu :-- Pass., pf. dfέλιμμαι Att. εξαλέλιμμαι:—to anoint thoroughly, IL to wipe out, erase: metaph. to plaster over. destroy utterly, blot out; etalelpetr rivà en roll naruleyou to strike his name off the list :- Med., &fexcipacion válos operós to blot out the suffering from one's mind.

E-distance, Dep. to beware of, shun, escape.

**έξ-έλεθομαι,** f. σομαι, — **έξ**αλέομαι.

\*if-d'Alvoes, only found in sor. I part. ifallous [1], pf. ἐξήλῖσα :—to roll out, roll well; άπαγε τὸν ίππον tealisas ofeade take him home when you have given him a good roll (see άλινδήθρα); έξήλικάς με έκ τών spin you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.

Ealleys, 4, a changing: difference. From

**εξ-αλλάσσω** Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: 20τ. Ι -ήλλαξα: pf. - ηλλάχα: - Pass., aor. I and a -ηλλάχθην, -ηλλάγην: pf. -hλλαγμαι:—to change utterly or quite. II. to withdraw or remove from. to turn another way; voice [odder] if all differ which way shall I take; Esaddaguer reprida to ply the shuttle to and fro.

**Ε-άλλομαι, fut. -δλοθμαι: 201. Ι -ηλάμην: Ε**ρ. aor. 2 part. afalueros: Dep.:—to spring out of or forth from; εξάλλεσθαι κατά του τείχουε to leap down from it. II. to leap up; of horses, to rear. - aλύσκω, f. ster: 201. Ι - ήλυξα: - ifaλίομαι.

**Е-брартичи, f. -а нарти**она: 201. 2 - при проточ:to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against: -Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence

Εάμαρτία, ή, an utter mistake, error.

- cupie, fat. ήσω or ήσομαι: pf. pass. εξήμημαι:to more off, finish reaping: metaph. to cut off, destroy :- Pass., γένουε άπαντοι βίζαν εξημημένοι basing the stock of all the race cut off.

έξ-αμβλόω, f. -αμβλώσω: pf. -- ήμβλωκα:--- to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδ εξήμβλωκαι γου bave

made my wit miscarry.

E-Auciβa, fut. va: 201. I -ήμειβα:-- to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay guide: - Med. to take the place of, follow close on.

one for another, pass over from one place to another. withdraw from :--Med. to pass out. III. in Med. also, to requite, repay.

Fighthye, L for to still or such out. IL 🏚

press, as about.

åξ-äμελθο, f. ήσω, to be utterly eareless of.

iξά-μετρος, αν, (iξ, μέτραν) of ein metres: iξαμίfpoe (sub. róvoe), i, the berole or benameter serve. if a-unvoe, or, (if, pip) lasting sin months, Let, or

mentrie : as Babet., éféphore, è or à, a baif-year. if-aμηχάνου, f. ήσω, to get out of a difficulty, en-

trieate oneself from it.

&-άμιλλάομαι, f. έσομαι: acr. ι med. −υμιλλησή-` μην, pase. -ημιλλήθην ι Dop. :-- to atruggle sebemently; aplicas efapulcandels baving gone through desperate struggies. IL to drive out of: to drive out of one's wits. III. as Pass, to be rooted out. of the Cyclops' eye.

E-dutropal, Med. to ward of from encelf, drive

away. [9]

&-avayualu, f. aou, to force or compel utterly to force out, drive away.

lf-avirus f. afor: sor. 2 -artyayar :-- to bring out of or up from :—Pass to put out to sea, set sail.

E-avabloques, Med. with sor. 2 act. -arthur:—to

rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally, to meaps from.

if-avalies, fut. four, to make to boil up or over: metaph., efavaled you to let his fury boil forth.

&-avarois, f. how, so take up out of.

if-avanpoles, f. ou, to beat back :- Med. of ships, to retreat by backing water.

- avaλίσκω, fut. - araλώσω: soc. I - arhλωσε: pf. pass. -arthheira :--to consume or destroy atterly :--Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. enbauriri.

&-αναλύω, f. ύσω, to set quite free.

Eavaluous, em; 4. (learalism) embaustion.

iξ-avaπνίω, f. –πνεύσομαι, to breathe again**, revise.** dξ-avarra, f. ψω, to bang up a thing from or by: -Med. to attach oneself. IL to rekindle,

**E-avaprálo**, f. for and so, to enated away. έξ-avaσπάω, f. άσω [d], to tear away from.

έξανάστάσιε, εων, ή, (έξανίστημι) a removal. intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.

it-avaorique, f. fo, to crown with wreathe.

ifavaorhow, ifavaorhow, fut and sor. I inf. of **λ**ξανίστημι. if-avaorpique, f. pu, to turn upside down: to buri

beadlong from. III. Zoti

έξ-avaτέλλω, to make spring up from.

to spring from. df-avadavbór, Adr. quite openly.

if-avadipu, f. -avolow, to bring up from the II. intr. to emerge from: to recover from an illness.

if-avaxupiu, f. how, to go out of the way, withdraw, retreat. II. c. acc. to evade.

II. of Place, to change | &-avopaneous, and Med. &avopaneous, &

-loope Att. -loope: (lf, droparobor):—to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery! the Att. fut. lfarδραποδιούμαι is also used in pass. sense, as are act. I -ηνδραποδιούην, pf. -ηνδραπόδιομαι. Hence

Eavopanbolous, eas, t, a selling for slaves.

E-aropooual, pl. εξήνδρομαι: Pass.:—to come to than's years; λόχος δδόνταν όφοςς εξηνδρομένος a band baving grown to men from the dragon's teeth.

E-averyelpo, f. -eγepo, to excite, ettr sp. Eavenλόμην, sor. 2 med. of efaraceles.

& dways, to rise out from: to go up in. II. to come back from.

E-traphes, f. born: not. I - splinera: (if, drapes):
—to inflate: puff up. II. to scatter to the winds,
bring to nothing.

df-aνέρχομαι, - lfάσειμι.

εξανίστηκα, -ησα, pf. and acr. I of εξανίστημι.

Cartorpappa, pf. pass. of ifaracreifen.

Gaverana, sor. I of egavarenne.

# ανεύρισται, fat. -ανευρήσαι, to find out, invent.

# ανέχω, f. ξω, to bold up or out: intr. to project. II. Med., impf. and aor. 9 with double augm.

# ηνειχόμην, -ηνεοχόμην: -- to bear up against.

efavηγάγον, aor. 2 of efaváγα.

Earlica, sor. I of Efartym.

Earhlwoo, 201. I of Marallow: Carhlwhau, pl.

Earden, f. how: pf. —hrdnes:—to put out flowers.

2. to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out with, of sores.

3. metaph. to burst forth, break out, flourish.

E-avelle, f. low Att. in, (if, drees) to deck as with

flowers, adorn, paint.

E-avingus, f. -arrives or -arrivessus: 20r. I -arrives or send out or forth, let loose: c. gen. to send forth from.
2. to let go, dismiss.
3. to slacken, loosen.
II. intr. to slacken, relan, Lat. remitters.

E-aviorque, f. -avaorhou, nor. I -aviorqua: in these tenses Causal, to make rise from one's seat.

2. to remove from a settlement: make to emigrate, expel.

3. to depopulate, destroy. II. Pass. and Med., with nor. 2 act. -aviorque, pf. -aviorque, plaps.

-uortheur, intrans. to rise from one's seat or atation.

2. generally, to arise and depart from a place: to be driven out from one's home.

3. to be lepopulated.

**ξ**-avolγω, to lay open.

&-avostow, f. wow, to set upright, restore.

#-αντλόω, f. ήσω: sox. I -ήντλησα:—to draw out, Lat. enhaurire. Π. metaph. to endure to the end, see out, Lat. examilare.

Lavine Att. Lavine, f. sow [8]: 20. I lipsou:

to accomplish, fulfil. 2. to dispateh, kill, Lat. conficere. 3. of Time, to bring to an end, accomplish: hence to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it. 4. c. inf. to manage to do, Lat. efficere 5. Med. to finish for oneself.

Eα-πάλαιστος, ον, (Ε, πέλαιστή) of six bands breadths.

df-aπαλλάσσω Att. --ττα, f. fw: acr. 1.-απήλλαfa:--to free from, remove from:--Med. to remove oneself from, get rid of.

if individue, i. how: not. I -quarrous: to obest or decive thoroughly: to seduce: -Pass., with fut. med. -howar, to be utterly decived.

- aπότη, ή, a gross trick or deseption. - aπάτητήρ, ήροε, δ, (kfanarós) a deseiser.

Tanuruλλω, Comic Dim. of Legaratus, to chest σ little, impose upon.

क्षेत्रमध्केशियाम, Ep. form of क्षित्रमध्याः sor. 2 क्षेत्र् मध्यम् , part. दिवस्थकर्थाः also 3 sing. sor. 2 med. opt. दिवस्थक्तरण occurs in act. sense.

Ed-redos, or, (E, rode) sin feet long.

densethor, inf. efamiles, sor. 2 (with no pres. in use), to observe from afar. Ch. elder.

taπηχνε, ν, (ξέ, πηχνε) sin subits long. ξάπτνα, Adv., later form of ξεαπίνης.

Carlvaice, a, er, = lfaipridice. From Carlvae, Adv., collet. form for lfalprae. [?]

સ્ટ્રાંગ જાણ કરે. (દુ!) કૈદ્રાંગ મહેલા હતું, લ, લ, Ion. – સહેલા હતું, સ, લ, (દિ!) કાંગુ જોતે. કૈદ્રાંગ મહેલા હતું, લ, (દિ!, સહેલા કાંગુ કાંગુ સહિલા!, i. હ.

ego-macopos, or, (ef, macopor) six macopos song, i I 200 feet long.

lf-amλόω, f. bow, to surfold, roll out: to suplais. L-amoβalve, f. -βήτομαι, to step out of.

a modioual, Dep. to chase away from.

if-anolive, to put of. if-anoliverus, to be just on the point of death.

\$\delta-πολια, cus, \dagger, \dagger,

perish utterly: to perish out of.

L-amoviouss, Psk. to return out of.

if-aπονίζα, f. ripa, to wash thoroughly. if-aποξύνα, to sharpen well.

if-dropies, also Med. if-arropional, to be sitterly at

a loss, be in great perplexity.
Ε-αποστίλλα, to send out or away: to disores.

df-amorive, f. -amoriou [l], to atome fully. df-amoφθείρω, to destroy atterly.

& darra, f. po: 20t. I bfffa:—to fastes from or to: c. dat. to attach to.

II. Med. to hang from cling to 2 thing.

2. to fastes about oneself, wear.

dipartymus. Ion. pf. pass. of distribution. distribution Att. — rru, fut. for: sor. I distribute :— et dash or knock out, shatter: metaph. to assail furiously.

& aργέω, f. ήσω, (if, deγύe) to be quite turgid:—
Pass. to be quite neglected.

&-apytiplie, f. ion Att. iii, and &-apytiples, f. fores

to turn into money, sell.

E-kplancount, £. -aplanum, Dep. to make amount

45-aptoroum, i. -aptorum, Dep. to make anasty acceptable to: also to soin over, conciliate.

έξ-λριθμέω, f. frow to count throughout, Lat. courverare. II. to pay in ready money. Εξ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to be enough for: impess, δέμερευς

μοι it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf.

abound in, be content with: c. part. to be satisfied with doing. III. to assist, succour. Hence

Gapula, le, enough, sufficient.

Capacitorius, Adv. pres. part. of Lapalus, enough, enficiently.

Ecoverius, 4, br, good at denying or discussing. Gapros, or, (Eapriopae) denying, discussing.

- αρπόζω, f. -αρπάςω and -αρπάσω οτ -αρπάσομα: 201. Ι - ήρπαξα Att. - ήρπασα: pf. pass. - ήρπασμα: -

to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

- apriles, fut. hew, to bang from or upon. II.

Pass., with fut. med. lfaprhoopen, pf. lfhprypen, to be bung upon, bang upon. 2. to bave fastened to one, be equipt with: cf. lfarren. 3. to be exposed to view.

E-apτiles, fut. low Att. 10, to complete, finish:— Pass., pf. Effpriσμαι, to be completely furnished.

#-aprise, f. sow [5], to get ready: to fit out, equip:
—Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare,
set about:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτθμαι, to be got ready.

#βρχα, Dor. for lipχα, 3 sing. impf. of lipχα.

#βρχα, or, beginning.

h, a leader, beginner, Lat. auetor.

2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps.

chorus, = πορυφαίδε.

#-άρχω, f. fa, to begin, lead off; kfáρχειν παιδιά τυν to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and reversely, kfáρχειν τυνά λόγοιs to address one soith tords:—so also in Med. kfáρχομαι.

df-aσκέω, f. ήσω: act. 1 - ήσκησα: —to adorn, deck
out. II. to train on enercies thoroughly: —Pass.
to be stell trained in.

&-artuále, í. áou, to disbonour utterly.

-arre, Att. contr. for efatores.

&-avalves, 20π. εξηύηνα: 10 dry up, pareb up.

E-audies, f. how, to speak out :- also in Med. E-audies, f. how, to wear out by piping.

E-aultona, f. how, to wear out by piping.
E-aultona, f. ropau, Dep. to leave one's quarters.

eg-auxigopal, 1. sopal, Dep. to leave one's quarters.

Lef-aurifs, Adv., for lef abrije [rije bpas], at the very point of time, at once.

& aθτιε, Adv. for & aθτιε, (&, aδτιε) over again, anew.

II. of Place, back again, backwards.

if auropolies, f. how, to desert from.

E-auxin, f. ήσω: nor. 1 λξηύχησα: to boast loudly. E-alin, nor. 1 λξήθσα, to scream or ery out.

. Ε-αφαιρέω, 201. 2 -αφείλον, med. -αφειλόμην (from obsol. Ελω):—to take quite away:—Med., ψυχήν τυνοε ξεαφελέσθαι to take his life from him.

if-aφίημι, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to

set free from.

#-aφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with nor. 2 act.
-ίστην, pf. -έστηκα, plapf. -εστήκειν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

έξ-αφρίζομαι, f. looμαι, Med. (lf, dφρόε) to foam away from oneself, Lat. despumare; lfaφρίζεσθαι μένοε, to foam or fret away one's strength.

&-αφύσσω, f. όσω [v]: 201. I -φφύσα:—to draw forth.

έξάψαι, sor. I inf. of έ*ξάντω.* έξ**έβαλον, sor.** 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

iξέβην, acr. 2 of inβaire:—iξεβαν, Acol. and Ep. 3 pl. for iξέβησαν.

& αγγύδια, f. ήσια, (kf. δγγόη) to free by giving bail:—Med. to give bail:—Pass. to be set free on bail.

eferyingous, eur, fi, a giving bail or sursty.

Levelpes, f. -eyepâ, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:—Pass. with Ep. 201. 2 Lingsphing, inf. -eypholos, and pf. 2ct. Lieyphyopa, to be aroused, to make up.

effypara, sor. 2 of earpaper

Etypovro, 3 pl. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of teyelpes.

if ibata, sor. I of indelevous

ifeliajany, nor. I of indigopas. ifeliaja, nor. I of indidagum.

egeocoage, sor. I or enormous.

egeocoage, sor. I or enormous.

egeocoage, sor. I or enormous.

& Boa, \$, Lat. exhedra, a covered walk in front of a bouse.

εξέδραμον, 201. 2 of επτρέχει. Εξέδραν, 201. 2 of επδιδράσκει.

E-Spot, or, (if, Topa) away from home: generally, strange, entrabrdinary.

2. c. gen. out of, away from; if edgoe speeds out of one's senses.

II. of

omens, in a bad quarter.
Æ&Soum, fut. of &£eatim.

460v, 20r. 2 (in jutr. sense) of labous.

distributed a constant of the constant of the

έξέδωκα, 201. Ι οί ἐκδίδωμι. ἐξέθανον, 201. 2 οί ἐκθνήσκω.

έξοθέμην, sor. 2 med. of ἐκτίθημι.

έξάθηκα, aor. I of ἐκτίθημι.

έξάθορον, 2οτ. 2 οf επθρώσκω.

dispress, sor. I of intricon.

ife., for ifili, imperat. of ifeiju emibo.

&-eiBov, inf. &idelv, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also aor. 2 med. imperat., &idel see usell to it. Cf. &fotda.

tξelηe, Adv. (ξχω, ξέω) post. for léfie, in order, in a row, one after another.

df-audifu, fut. σω, to make like: to adapt: pf. part.
pass. dfpunσμένος, represented by a likeness or por-

if-alie, f. how, Lat. evolvers, to sufold.

فإظمامه, - فإنماها

de loo, de loo, acc. 2 act. and med. of de apón.

Loo, 2 sing. de acoa (for de a), inf. de acoa Ep.

de flueras: impl. de fier: (de, elμ ibo):—to go out,

come out: esp. to march out with an army; to come

forward on the stage.

II. of Time, to come to

an end, expire; δταν το κακον de fiy when the pain

couses.

E-cupe (clul sum), only in impers. Heave, q. v. E-cup, fut. inf. of Eyes.

Colvar, inf. of Ligart.

E-Eurov, inf. lfecueir, to speak out, to utter, avow: also, to betray: cf. elwor.

afelpere, 3 sing. impf. of afepopus.

efelotion Ep. -elouoron, sor. I of efeptes.

Ecobs, to put forth, thrust out. II. to pull out.

έξεκάθηρα, sor. I of ἐκκαθαίρα.

descriptor, sor. 2 of execution.

dfexelveσu, poët. sor. I of luneries. dfexiχυντο, 3 pl. plapf. pass. of luχίω.

Etekerba, sor. I of leakerton

tenλησίαζον, έξειλησίασα, irreg. impf. and acr. I of tenλησιάζει.

distra, sor. I of inskirm.

distribution, sor. I of insκρμίζαι

de acomo, de acomo, aor. 1 act. and aor. 2 pass. of fight. δεκόπτο.

δέκερόματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δεκερομάννυμ. δέκερουσα, δέκερούσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of

ἐπκρούω. ἔκτύλΙσα, –ίσθην, 20ε. I act. and pass. of ἐπκυλίνδω.

**Ελάβον, 201. 2 οί εκλαμβάνω.** 

बुॅंदेब्बेंड, q̃, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of बेंद्रं देवर्थण्य.

Marie, ees, h, a driving out, expulsion. II. intr. a marching out, expedition. From

# eλαίνω: f. -ελάσω Att. -ελώ: pf. -ελήλδια: also poët. pres. έξελάω, inf. έξελάαν: --to drive out, chase out.

2. to best out, hammer out, of metals.

II. έξελαίνειν στρατόν to lead out an army: hence (sub. στρατόν) intrans. to set out on an expedition, march out.

εξέλαχον, 20r. 2 of εκλαγχάνω.

Etale, post for efeche, 3 sing sor. 2 act. of efautes:

also 2 sing. imperat.

#-eλίγχω, f. fee, to search out, bring to the test: to convict, expose, confute: of things, to be proved against one. 2. οδ τοῦτό γ' ἐξελέγχομοι I am not to blame in this.

efective, efectoreus, sor. 2 act. and med. inf. of

Haiple.

έξέλζπον, 20τ. 2 of έκλείτω.

if-example poortoutes, to be very free of speech.

delevoroμαι, delever, fut. and acr. 2 inf. of delpxo-

if ελήλακα, pf. of if ελαύνω.

έξελήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of εξελέγχω.

de-allows Att. - rrss, f. fm, to unroll, unfold: metaph. to explain. II. - Lat. explicare, to ex-

fand the front by bringing up the rear men.

Echretor, verb. Adj. one must drag along. From

Echretor, i. -ελεύσω [v], as if from -ελεύω:—to

from or drag out. 2. to draw out from, rescue

from. II. to drag out, prolong, protract.

ifilton, sor. I of inchion

ξίμαθον, 20r. 2 of έκμανθάνα.

egudvev [d], sor. 2 pass. of inpulse.

ξέμαξα, sor. I of εκμάσσω.

Equapyably, act. I pass. of expapyou

έξθμαξα, έξεμάγην [d], sor. I set. and sor. 2 pess. of ἐκμάσσω.

there, Ep. for theira, sor. 2 inf. of them.

Heper, Ep. for Heir, fut, inf. of Exec.

li-quim, i. -epison: 200. I if i pera: -to somit forth, diagorge. 2. absol. to be sick.

effunces, sor. I of expaires.

έξημιορε, 3 sing. pf. of επμείρομαι. εξ-εμπεδόες, f. ένσο, to keep fast or strictly, observe. εξ-εμπολάω Ion. -έως, f. ήσω, to traffie; κέρζοε εξεμπολάν to drive a gainful trade; pf. pass. εξημπόλημαι, I am bought and sold, betrayed.

II. 17

sell off.

& evalue, not. 2 inf. & ferapeir, - & ferape(a. & ferape) for the ferape for the form of the ferape for the

efeveryware, 2 pl. sor. I imperat. of emperor.

&-evenu, to speak out, proclaim.

if iverσα, 201. I of επιείω and also of επιέω.

if ivθοιε, iξενθών, Dor. for if ελθοιε, if ελθών, 201. 2

opt. and part. of if εργομαι.

Efevirgon, sor. I of Environ.

E-emilies, f. -emiσομα, to charm away:-Pass. &femilierdau φύσιν to be charmed out of their nature.

έξ-enalpu, f. –επάρω, to stir up, elate.

ifemalou, sor. I of immale. ifeminafa, sor. I of immandaous.

ifiravoa, sor. I. of irraín. ifiraoa, sor. I of irreidu.

demapathy [d], sor. I of demapatoum.

έξέπαμψα, 20τ. Ι οf έπτέμπω. έξεπέρησα, Ion. 20τ. Ι οf έπτεράω.

Benérason, Ep. for éfenérasa, nor. 1 of dene-

έξ-επεύχομαι, Dep. to boast loudly.

-en-mai-bématos, q, or, - èmmilématos.

li-enformen, Dep. to understand, know thoroughly. II. to know by heart.

ξ-επίτηδεε, Adv., = ἐπίτηδεε, οπ purpose, carefully.
ξ-επλάγην [ά], 201. 2 pass. of ἐππλήσσω.

έξεπλησα, έξεπλήσθην, sor. I act. and pass. of έφπίμπλημι.

etererov, sor. 2 of emirror.

ifinheura, nor. I of irmhim.

dfinληfa, dfenλήχθην, sor. I act. and pass. of denλήσσω.

Einvenou, nor. I of lauries.

êfemoinara, aar. I of êmmotéa. êfembraara, Dor. aor. I of êmmoréa.

έξεπόρευσα, -εύθην, 201. I act. and pass. of čεπορεύα.

Establica, 201. I of introplies.

Centaluny or -buny, sor. 2 of Engineers or -open.

Etrocta, sor. I of terptoom. Etrocov, sor. 2 of terples.

déterrafa, Dor. for déterrate, ace, I ef desertous.

Bintay, 201. 2 act. of infurance. Einthora, acr. 1 of entries. ζεπθόμην, 201. 2 of ἐκτυνθάνομαι. Cipana, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From ધુ-φάω, f. άσω[ā]: aor. I દેદ દેρāσα :—to vomit forth, Lat, evomere. 2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of; έφῶν τὰs ψήφουε so disgorge the ballots from the um. ⊈-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι med both in med. and pass. sense: sor. I -espydothy always in pass.: Dep.:—to work out, finish, make complate. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. work well, cultivate. II. to undo, destroy, Lat. conficere: to oversobelm, rain:—Pasa., lfespydopeta me are undone; rà eferpaspiera desperate affairs; to techyan perous when all is over. Hence Gepγαστικός, ή, όν, able to accomplish.

Ferres Att. -elpyes, to abut out, exclude from: to binder, forbid: to drive away:—Pass., drayealy if lyreades to be forced to a thing.

Fepelwes, to inquire into ox after: search or try.

E-spellus, E-spellus, strengthd. for èpell(a, èpellus, E-spellus, to strike or bese off. II. intr. in sor. 2 ἐξέρδτου, inf. ἐξερδτοῦ, and pf. ἐξέρδτου:—to fall to earth; χαίτη ξεύγλης ἐξερισοῦσα the mane streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down. Ε-spelyopau, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves.

4-speuvice, f. how, to search out, examine.

E-spées Att. contr. -eps, (lf, èpées) fut. without any pres. in use, I will speak out, proclaim: hence pf. act. ξείρηκα; 3 pkqpf. pass, èfείρητο; and fut. èfει-pήσεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is èξαγορεύες, the aor. èfείγου.

lf-apin, Ep. for lf loopes, to inquire into: inquire of. E-aprubes, f. loose, to make utterly desolate, desert

utterly.

&-eplie, f. low, (lf, kp1s) to be contumacious, resist. Esperante, 20x. 2 inf. of despelans.

Espectifs, ob, d, (lesplos) a stubborn disputant.

E-ipoqual, fut, -ephropas: Dep.: (if, spepas):-to impuire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. if eples.

E-lowe, f. -lowe: sor. I -elowou (as if from -ep-

Geppάγην [d], sor. 2 pass. of εκρήγνυμι.

Espera, sor. I of expaire.

despripes, sor. I of εκρίστω. δέρρυψημα, pf. of εκρίω.

# eppoint, acr. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of λερίω.
- eppos, (λε, έρρω) to go out: only in imperat., ξερρε

yelds away out of the land.

Lapines, to ward off, repel. [8]
Lapines, f. sow [9]: sor. I delpton Ep. delpton
and designous :—to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest
from: he tear out.

dispectation. Dep. with fut. -ελεόσομαι: aor. 2-ήλδιfor court. -ήλθαν: pf. -ελήλυθα: --to go out, come out of, march off: to go through: to stand forth. II. of Time, to some to an end, enfire. III. of pro-

phecies, etc., to be accomplished, some true: generally, to reach its end.

if-epulu, f. 400, to source from the course, to sky, if-epurius, f. 400, to search out: to question.

derawa, sor. I of kroudes.

ificerou, sor. I of invelor.

if-ertie, f. -idopai: pf. -edidoma:--to est away, if-iothe, collet. form of foreg.

ifecta, \$, (ifingu) a sending out, mission.

Georg, coe, 4, (tfings) a dismissal: disores.

teruse, impl. of terustaryμ.

έξοσόβησα, sor. I of έκσοβία.

thorito, 3 sing plaps. pass. (in sor. sense) of thorses. theoreticion, for theoretical, pl. inf. or thorough.

Herrivan, inf. pf. of liferym, contr. for liferymetric.

ifforeha, sor, I of institute.

dfeorτομμένος, pf. part. pass. of δεστέφα. dféorτηκα, dféorτην, pf. and aor. 2 of δfέστημι.

We-core, impers, subj. Ley, optat. Lein: inf. Leadus fut. Lectru: impl. Left: (Lef. club sum):—it is allowed, it is in one's power, is possible: part. Left Ion. Lectrus, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. green liceat.

Herringer of the second of the

ifeorparonibeupa, pf. of inorparonebelopas. ifforpelps, sor. I of inorphys.

έξοσύρην [8], 201. 2 pass. of εκσύρω [8].

djerupevόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκσαρεύα. djeruru, djerάθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκσάζα. djerάζω: f. ἰξετάσω Att. ἰξετώ: aor. I ἰξήτασα

Dor. leftrafa: pf. leftrana:—Pass., 201. I leftradoby: pf. leftradua:—to examine well or closely, to examine the characteristics: hence to question, esp. by the torture. of things, to search out, to inquire into, sift closely.

2. of

troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly, to test: hence to estimate, compare:—Pass. to be proved, to stand the trial: to be examined.

Estably [a], not. I ram of intelion.

detaky [d], sor. 2 pass. of enthus. detailed, sor. 2 of enthus.

derávuora, Ep. aor. I of lararon.

eraviorin, sor. I pass of estavies.

eferapafa, sor. I of eurapasson.

Estane, con, 4, (Sterd(a) a rearching out: a military inspection or review.

Geraorunds, 4, 6v, (Eferaço) skilful at examining :

absol. inquiring.

Etrava, not. I of Envelope.

Efertherov, Ep. impf. of extentes.

Eferenceuvro, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of extended.

έξετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plaps. pass. of έκτοξεύει. έξετεχνησάμην, aor. I of έκτεχνάομαι.

εξετηκόμην, impf. pass. of εκτήκοι.

thetres, es, (th. tros) six years old. thetre, (ta, tri) Prep. with gen. even until noon.

ifitora, nor. I of intival

detégence, not, I of extofetos.

Equipment and I of ifactorism

Encourts, h. br. (Etheoria) sintiath, senarainne. έξοτρά/πόμην, 201. 2 med. of ἐετρέπα. détrocha, sor. I of inspéres if how, f. hfw, to have arrived at a point :- of Time. if irpula, sor. I of irrplβω. to bave run out, expired:—of prophecies, to bave έξέτρωσα, aor. I of ἐκτιτρώσκα. turned out true. E-euλäβίομαι, Dep. to be very cautious of. efficare Ep. efficarous, sor. I of efficarous. if-evμαρίζω, (iκ, εύμαρής) to make easy, lighten. ξήλάτος, ον, (ξέελαύνω) beaten out, bammered. Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire. έξηλέγχθην, 20τ. Ι pam. of εξελέγχω: **εξέλε**γκετο, dfebpeare, eas, ή, (lfevplanu) a searching out: a 3 sing. plqpf. lthhawa, aor. I of Itaholpea finding out, invention. εξεύρημα, ατος, τό, a thing found out, dn invention, έξηλθον, 201. 3 of έξέρχομαι. contrivance. From ef-ηλιάζω, f. άσω, (ef, ήλιου) to set in the sum: to if-explores, L -evolutes, sor, 2 -evolute :-- to find out. bang in the open air. Εἡλλαξα, sor. I of / ξαλλάσσω: ἐξήλλαγμαι, pf. pass. discover: to invent. 2. to seek out. 3. to find έξηλύστε, εων, ή, (εξήλύθον acc. 2 of εξέρχομαι) ε out, win, secure. &-eυτρεπίζω, to prepare. going out: a way out. &-evχομαι, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim. IL. iξ-Âμαρ, Adv. (ξέ, ξμαρ) for six days, six days long. to pray for. έξημαρτον, έξημάρτηκα, 20r. 3 and pf. of έξαμαρτάνα. decaded av Ep. for decaded av θην, nor. I pass, of empairs. έξημβλοσια, pf. of εξαμβλόσι. Heddring [d], sor. 2 pass. of impaires. thurwes, nor, π of teamelfor. Εφθαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of επφθείρα. &-npepou, f. wow, to tame or reclaim quite: me-Ethburran, 3 pl. pf. pass. of empolires. taph. to civilise, bymanise. ξίφθιτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω. Equipulous, pf. part. pass. of Equipu. &-edingu, mostly used in Med. &ediana, to enjoin. έξημιλλησάμην, -ήθην, sor. I med. and pass. of urge, bid. **ἰ**ξαμιλλάομαι. έξημοιβός, ω, (εξαμείβω) quite changed; εξημοιβά €6φύγον, aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγα. Είφθσα, Είφθν, aor. I and 2 of εκφύα. eluara changes of raiment. Héxes Ep. Héxeus, sor. I of layées. έξημπόλημαι, pf. pass. of έξεμπολάκι έξεχορευσάμην, sor. I med. of έκχορεύει ifnvipamolicity, -ichei, sor. I and pf. pass. of έξίχρησα, 201. I of εκχράσι ł faropatrodi (w. έξεχύθην [θ], aor. I pass. of έπχέαν έξήνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of έξανδρόομαι. E-txw, f. - tew, intr. to stand out or project from: iffiverica, iffivericov, acr. I and 2 of impion. of the sun, to shine out, appear. dfnverxound, dfnverxound, impf. and sor. 2 med. (with double augm.) of efarexes. Εέχωσα, acr. 1 of ἐκχάννυμι. fyriguescu, -abyr, sor. I act. and pass of eferencia. Educa, sor. I of employee. -then, f. -nyhow, to boil thoroughly. hvonica, -nora, pt. and acr. I of afairbéan  $\xi$ - $\eta\beta$ os, or,  $(k\kappa, \eta\beta\eta)$  past one's youth. έτηντληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of έξαντλέα. diffragor, sor. 2 of efager. éfhriora, sor I of éfarie or éfarire. ëfηγγαλα, έξηγγάλθην, sor. I act. and page of itfifa, Att. soc. I of lfatores, lfdores. frantrica, -nou, pf. and acr. I of decaution. ξ-ηγέομαι, fut. -φσομαι: pf. -φγημαι: Dep.:--to huddov, sor. 2 of leavaplance. E-nuecoureve, f. ou, to cheat utterly. be leader of, c. gen. pers. 2. c. sec. pers. to manage, direct, govern. II. to go first, lead the thou, sor. I of ifaipu. 2. Egyeloval ture to show one the way svay: Espayuar, pf. pass. of Espaires. in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to commpaveny, sor. 1 pass. of enpaires. III. like Lat. practive verbie, to prescribe lthoafa, sor. I of ltapásse. a form of words:--to empound, interpret. Epostro, 3 sing. sor. I med. of craises. to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence hoermos, ar, (if, ipiara) with sin cars. Eqγητήs, οῦ, ὁ, a guide, director, counsellor: genohonour, impl. of leaguetro. rally, a deviser. II. an interpreter of oxacles or ithorata or –aou, eor. I of Haorála. sacred rites, Lat. interpres religionum. Ehormuca, pf. pass. of Ecordon. άξηγρόμην, sor. 2 med. of έξεγείρα. lthorioman, pl. pass. of itaprilas. raoual, pf. pass. of effection. Chorthan, pt. pass. of efaction Eficorra, ol, al, rá, indecl. (E) sisty, secaginta. hoxero, 3 sing. impf. med. of effects. Energy true, es, (litheorra, Eros) sixty years old. mpanara, sor. I of efepular Equartaine post. -dia, (Efficarra) Adv. sixty times. Chownon, sor. I of leagules: Chownes, pc. pass. Επκοντα-τάλαντία, ή, (ξήκοντα, τάλαντιον) a sum the Ep. efelge, Adv. (Exu, Efu) one after emost of sixty talents. in order: also of Time, thereofter, ment.

c. gen. next to.

Khrison Dor. Effrafa, nor. I of Iferafa.

Egrapa, sor. 1 of Efairles.

Equipm, sor. I of Equaire.

έξηνχησα, -ηύχουν, sor. I and impf. of έξαυχέω. Εξηφύσα Ερ. έξηφυσσα, sor. I of έξαφύσσα.

દું-૧χέω, f. ήσω, to sound forth, publish. દુંગુમુવ, દુંદુંનુંમા, acr. I act. and pass. of દેવલાયા.

देन्द्रेन्द्र, ह-नंदर्भिया, sor. I act. and pass. of स्वाप्तर. दे-देवभूदा, f. --देवरभूदा Ion. --तंत्ररभूदा: Dep.:— to sure thoroughly: to make full amends for.

Ether, inf. of leader.

& Toloopas, Dep. (&, Tosos) to make one's own, to appropriate.

-Blee, L. low [1], to exude.

H-topus, f. bow [0], to place in a resting posture:

Med, to establish oneself.

Ethens, inf. of leeue exibo; but Ethens, of lefue. Lefue. In few, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. 201. 2 inf. lefuer for lefueu: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:—Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of.

2. to send from oneself, divorce.

&-vove [9], to make quite straight. &-xereve, f. ou, to besetch earnestly.

#-uvelopas, f. leftopas: set. 2 lessony [f]: Dep.:

-to reach, arrive at.

2. to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for.

3. to accomplish, execute.

& law, f. fo, poet. for effice.

- Charmouds, f. -ιλάσομαι [d], Dep. to appears completely, propitiate.

હું-ઉλλω, to unravel, disentangle.

II. to keep

out from, bar from.
Einevan, for Efibral, inf. of Efipe exibo.
E-Trom, f. won, to press out, press beauty.

de-lardua, later form of enveropai.

Eus., eas. ή, (if w fut. of ixw) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or babit, of body or mind. if-loγe, Adv. for if loγe (sub. μοίραε), equally: also

&-Lorou (mb. µérpou).
&-Lorbu, f. bow, to make equal or even, Lat. enaequare:—Med. to make oneself equal:—Pass, to be equal, to be a match for.
2. to gut on a level.
II.

intr. so be equal or like.

έξ-ίστημι, f. ἐκστήσω, sor. I ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter; ἐξιστάναι τινὰ φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, ἐξεστάναι τινὰ to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewiteb.

II. Pass., with sor. 2 act. ἐξέστην, pf. -ίστηκα, plapf. -εστήκειν, to stand saids from: to stand out of the way: so make way for one; also c. acc. to sbrink from: abum.

II. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστήναι πατρόε to lose one's father.

2. φρενῶν ἔξεστάναι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's with, be astonished.

3. generally, to give wy one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion.

ἔξ-ιστορρέω, f. ήσω, to inquire into: inquire of.

L-ισχύω, f. όσω [5], to be quite able.

M Loxe, - if exe: trans. to put forth: intr. to stand forth.

litowriov, verb. Adj. of litoria, one must make equal, literahou, or, (literal) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.

#-Vrητίον, verb. Adj. of ἐξίέναι, one must go forto.

ἐξ-ἴτὸς, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of ἐξίέναι, to be come out of;
τοῦ οὐκ ἐξιτόν ἐστι for whom there's no coming out,

&-xvevu, f. ou, to trace out.

dξ-ιχνοσκοπίω, f. ήσω, to seek by tracking out.

et-plebyeves, or, of, bolding sin medimni.

ξ-ογκόω, f. ώσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφω ξογκοῦν to bonour her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph. to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise high. Hence

έξόγκωμα, ατοε, τό, anything raised up: a mound.

barrow, cairn.

if-odam, f. how, (ifodos IV) to sell.

\$\frac{1}{6}\cdot \frac{1}{6}\text{, (ξεοδου)} a marching out, expedition.
\$\frac{1}{6}\cdot \frac{1}{6}\text{loss}, or, (ξεοδου m) of, belonging to an emit; to the finalé of a play.

II. as Subst., το ξεόδιον (sub. μέλου), the finalé of a tragedy. At Rome, enodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.

έξ-οδοιπορίω, f. ήσω, to go out of.

E-odos, h, a going out.

2. a marching out, military expedition: a sally.

3. a solemn procession.

11. a way out, Lat. exitus.

11. also

like Lat. enitus, an end, close: the close of life, decease. 2. the end of a tragedy. 3. a piece of music played at any one's exit. IV. an outgoing,

payment of money: hence ifodies.
if-odivin, f. how, to pain extremely,

₹-6ζω, f. -oζήσω, to smell strongly.

to know thoroughly, know well: cf. lfellow.

εξ-οιδέω, f. ήσω: pf. -φθηκα:—to be swollen up.

E-ouche, f. ήσω, to leave one's home, to emigrate. II Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence

Gourhous, or, babitable, inbabited.

one from his home, eject, expel:—Pass. to go from home, remove.

II. to depopulate, empty.

E-ourodoukes, f. how, to build up, build from the ground, finish a building.

Towner, Jimes a vanding.

ėξ-οιμώζω, f. –οιμώξομαι, to wail aloud.

de-orvoyat, ps. efewwhat, Pass. to be quite drunk. de-orovios, a, or, verb. Adj. of exocips, to be brought

ut. II. Efocortor, one must bring out.

if-correctes or -tes, f. how, to drive quite wild.
if-clorus, fut. of temptow:—med. if-cloruses also in pass, sense.

if-ouxview, f. from, to go out: Acol. 3 pl. ifoxxvevor-

έξ-οίχομαι, Dep. to bave gone out.

df-oneλλω, nor. I -ώπειλα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run aground. II. metaph. to run a person aground, bring him into difficulties:—Pass., δεύρο έξοπέλλετα, the thing is brought to this pass.

έξολέσαι, aor. I inf. of εξόλλυμι.

#-ολισθόνω, fat. -ολισθήσω: 201. 2 - είλισθον: -to slip off, to glance off II. c. 200. to slip out
of, slude

ef-6λλθμ. and -6w: fut. -0λέσω Att. -0λω: aor. 1 destroy utterly.

II. Med. with perf. 2 ef 6λωλα, to perish utterly.

έξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, to destroy utterly.

έξ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to bowl aloud.

Mount, fut, med, of éxe.

έξομήρευσιε, εω, ή, a demand of bostages. From εξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, to bind by taking bostages: Med. to take as bostages.

eg-ομίλως, f. ησω, to bave intercourse, associate, live with. II. Med. to be away from one's friends, to be solitary.

LE-buthos, or, away from intercourse with others:

foreign, strange.

de-ομμάτοω, f. ωσω, (lef. δμμα) to give sight to:—
Pass. to be restored to sight.

2. metaph. to make elear or plain.

II. also to bereave of sight.

ago... all of both and a second and a second ago... all of the second and a second

&ξ-ομοιόω, f. ώσω, to make quite like :- Pass. to be-

come or be like.

de-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, and as Dep. de ομολογέομαι, f. ήσομαι, to confess in full, admit. 2. to agree, promise. II, to make full acknowledgment for: praise, celebrate.

de-ομόργνθμι, f. -ομόρεω, to wipe off from, II. Med. to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to another: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.

Lov. part. from the impers. Ecore.

4ξ-οναδίζω, fut. ίσω Att. lώ, to east in one's teeth, object to one: also to reproach bitterly.

ef-oropáζω, f. σω, to utter aloud, announce.

di-ovoµaiva, 201. I -ονόμηνα, (df., δνομα) to name, speak of by name.

έξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name.

de-oπiθev and -θe, Adv., poët. for efomoθer.

& óww, Adv. bebind.

\$-6πισθεν poët. -θε, Adv. backwards, bebind. II. Prep. with gen. bebind, after.

Again. 2. Prep. with gen. bebind. II. Adv.

of Time, benceforth, bereafter. [1]

&ξ-onkles, f. σω, to arm completely, accounts:—Pass.
and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed. 2. generally, to prepare; pf. part. pass. ἐξουκλισμένου, all ready Hence

έξοπλίσια, ή, a being under arms: and έξοπλίσια, εων, ή, a getting under arms.

# on Time, f. how, to bake bard: to beat violently:—metaph. to scorch, consume.

if-opow, to see from afar: cf. ifeidor.

\$-οργίζω, fut. low Att. lŵ, to enrage:—Pass. to be furious.

Af-ophicia, f. ou, to lift up the voice, to ery aloud, eminent, excellent: c. gen., Efoxoe 'Appelear eminent

iξ-opθόω, f. ώσω, to set upright:—Pass. to stand upright.

2. metaph. to amend, restore.

df-opifes, f. low Att. W: aor. I df specus:—to send beyond the frontier, banisb: to expose a child. II, δλλην δα δλλην δεροίζειν πόλιν to wander from one city to another. III. Pass. to be an exile: also to pass the bounds, come forth. Hence

ર્ધુ-oplvω [t], to exasperate. ર્દ્દ-όριστος, or, expelled, banisbed.

έξ-ορκίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to swear a person, administer an oath to him.

II. to exoreise, i. e. banish an evil spirit. Hence

έξορκιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who administers an oath. IL

an exorcist

&-орков, ov, bound by oatb.

έξ-ορκόω, f. ώσω, to make one swear, bind by oath, c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, to make one swear by, εξορκούν τωνα το Στυγου ύδωρ. Hence

έξορκωσιε, εωε, ή, a binding by oath.

ig-opphas, f. ήσω, to set out or start from: of pain, to break out.

II. trans. to send forth; igopphar την ναῦν to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:—
Pass. to set out, start.

\$ξ-ορμίζω, fut. low Att. tω, to bring out of barbour;
\$ξορμίζειν \$ε πόντον to let down into the sea.

έξ-ορμος, ov, sailing from a barbour. έξ-ορούω, f. σω, to spring, leap fortb.

δέ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: 20r. I δέμρυξα:to dig out; δερύσσειν τοὺε δφθαλμούε to put out the
eyes. II. to dig out of the ground, dig up.

et-opx to μαι, fut. ησομαι, Dep. to dance out, dance away: also to go through with a dance. II, to

betray by indiscreet gestures. ἐξ-ὁσδω, Dor. for ἐξόζω.

& oσιόω, f. ώσω, to dedicate, devote.

ોકુ-૦૭૧pakilું કે. કિલ્લ, to banish by ostracism. Hence

tence Ερστρακισμός, οῦ, δ, banisbment by ostracism.

Eore, Adv. (ex, bre) from the time when.

έξ-οτρύνω, f. υνω, to excite, arouse.

t-ovderbu, f. ώσω, - tfovderbu.

t-ovderbu, f. ήσω, (in, ούθείε) to set at naught; pt.
part. pass., τὰ tfovderημένα things of no account.

lfoukne δίκη, ή, an action against one subo neglected an order of a court, an action for contempt of court. The nom, ξεούλη does not occur.

lfouria, f, (İferri) power or authority to do a thing:—absol, authority.

2. a magistracy: the body of the magistracts, the authorities, powers. If means, resources. Hence

έξουστάζω, f. σω, to bave authority over:—Pass. 18 bave authority exercised over one.

έξ-οφέλλω, to increase exceedingly.

έξ-όφθαλμος, or, with prominent eyes.

έξοχή, ή, (εξέχω) a standing out, prominence: motaph. eminence; of κατ' εξοχήν the chief men.

έξοχος, ον, (εξέχω) standing out, prominent: metaph.

exong or above them. Adv. neut. Ifoxov and Ifoxa;

c. gen., ξέοχα πάντων far above all.

ξ-βρίζω, f. tow Att. ιδι, to break out into insolence,
τω riot, wax wanton; ξευβρίζειν εls τόδε to come to
this pitch of insolence; ξευβρίζειν παντοθα to commit
all kinds of violence.

éforina évorina, for forina ourina, sor. I with

dupl. augm. of συνίημι.

if-waristyn, to make to start up. II. Pass., with acr. 2 act., intrans., σμοθείς μεταφρίνου έξυνανέστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back. Ε-όναρθα, Adv. (iξ, σπερθε) from above.

E-verperies, f. how, to assist to the utmost.

E-vavilue, f. low, (lf. buvos) to rouse from elsep.

Hveridge, f. ou, to turn upside down.

Ψυράμετην, αστ. I med. of εύρω. Ψύρτημαι, pf. pass. of ευρέω.

Everyon, pf. pass. of the.

& bhalve, f. ard, to finish weaving, Lat. pertenere: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

Εύφασμα, ατοι, τό, a finished web.

έξ-υψηγέσμαι, f. ήσομαι, to lead the way.

Ew. Adv. (if, as elow from els) without, on the outside, Lat. foris. II. of Motion, outwards, away
out of the country, Lat. foras. III. like larios,
with gen., outside of, out of reach of: έξω βελῶν out
of shot: Proverb., έξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα έχειν to keep
clear of difficulties. 2. without, except. IV.
of Time, beyond, over.

έξω, fut. of έχω.

effectives, pf. of efortes.

teoθer, Adv. (ξω) from without, c. gen., ξξ. δόμων from without the house.

II. also – ξξω, without.

thus out:—Pass to be thrust out. If the ca:—to thrust out.

II. to thrust out of the sea, drive on shore.

ifomora, sor. I of ifomife.

efwhera, h, utter destruction. From

ἐξάλης, εε, (ἐξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2. act. most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

ἐξωμίδο-ποιία, ἡ, (ποιέω) the making of an ἐξωμίε. ἐξωμίζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From ἐξ-ωμίε, ίδοε, ἡ, (ἐξ. ὅμοε) a man's vest without εἰσυες, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

if-envious. Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy.
if-envious, σr. (if, ων) out of eight of, away from.

Econologies, pf. part. pass. of ξεσπλίζα. Ε-αριάζα, (ξε, apa) to leave out of thought, neglect.

thopsara, sor. I of thopsar

Acopurat, 2 sing. pf. pass of if opplied.

E-wpoz, σ, (if, spa) untimely: superannuated. Εφορτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of ξέρρνυμι. Εφοσαι, 201. I inf. of ξεωθέω.

- Liornas, ου, δ, (ξεωθίω) one who drives out: ξεωσται dreμοι winds which drive ships ashore.

έξώτατος, η, αν, Sup. of τρυ: Adv. έξωτάτω outermost. έξώτερος, α, αν, Comp. of έξω: Adv. έξωτέρω. έξώφελλον, impf. of έξοφέλλω.

to, Ep. for of, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. bis, of bim; dwd to away from bim.

ioi, Ep. for of, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. ov, to bim.

for, Ep. for ely, 3 sing, opt. of elul sum. foryuev, syncop. for tolkauer, I pl. of tolka.

source, as, e, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from elect, to be like (see elew), Att. I pl. locyper (for loleaper), elfast (for toleast); Ep. 3 dual therew (for toleaτον); inf. ἐοικέναι Att. elκέναι; part. ἐοικών, υἶα, όν, lengthd. pl. nom, elouviai; Att. elece, elevia, elece, is also used by Hom.: Ion. olea, as, e, part. oleás: plaps. Equation, Ep. 3 pl. eoliceour; of the plaps. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. filero, and without I. to be or look like, augm. *Ukto*. be fit: Homer has 3 sing. forme as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. doenon as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; country neitral datope he lies in fitting ruin; elevia decerce a suitable wife, 'a help meet for bim.' III. Att. to seems likely, seem; foure it seems; de foure, as it seems, as is fitting.

countries Att. elutiones Ion. elutiones, Adv. of part. countries, elution, 
as was to be expected.

tour, toes, toi, Ion. for elips, elips, elips,

dolo, Ep. for doû, gen. of due.

dois, dat. pl. of dos.

tous, Ep. for eline, 2 sing. opt. of elil sum.

colora, Dor. for colora, oboa, part. fem. of alul sums. colora, post. pf. with pres. sense of three: plapf. colorary.

tov, Ep. for ην, impf. of elμl sum; but tov Ion, for or, part. neut.

lov, nom, or acc. neut. of los.

torre, Dor. for eloi, 3 pl. of elui sum.

toργα, poët. pf. of tροω; 3 pl. toργαν for toργασ.ν; part. toργών: Ion. 3 sing. plapf. toργεν.

δορτάζω Ion. δρτάζω, f. σω: impf., with irreg.

augment, copraçor, and aor. I copraga: (copra):—
to keep festival or boliday: to celebrate by a festival.

EOPTH', in Ion. Prove both, h, a feast, festival, polidar: bothy dress to keep a feast.

boliday; όρτην άγειν to keep a feast. έδε, έή, έίν, Ion. and Ep. for δε, ή, δν, (έο for οὐ)

possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., bis or ber own. IL, in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

έοθε, Boeot. for έο, οδ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. έπ-ἄγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

έπαγγελία, ή, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From έπ-αγγέλλω, f. ελώ: 201. Ι ἐπγγγελα: pf. act. ἐπγγγελαα, pass. ἐπγγγελμαι:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command: c. acc. rei, στρατιὰν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. imperare milites. 2. to denounce. 4. 60

demand, solieit, make application for a thing. Med. so promise, offer: rarely so in Act. make a show of, profess. Hence

έπέγγελμα, ατοι, τό, αι announcement, promise. en-dyelpes, f. -αγερώ, to gather together, collect :--Pass., of men, to assemble. Hence

endyepous, eur, t, a gathering, avemblage.

endyay [d], sor. 2 pass. of adjusts. in dylvin, Ion. for twayer, to bring to.

in-ayhaticu, f. low Att. in, to bonour still more:-Pass, to pride oneself on, exult in a thing.

in appunite, i. for, to watch or broad over.

endyn, f. for: sor. 2 enjyayor:—to bring ot ledd 2. to lead on, to set on, let loose: to, bring upon. hence to instigate, impel: metaph. to bring one to a 3. to lay on ; endyear neurpor thing, lead one on, to lay on, apply the good; έπαγε γνάθον lay your 4. to bring in, supply, call in aid. teeth to it. to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose. 6. to bring in over and above: to add or intercalate days in the year. II, Med, to bring to oneself, procure for oneself: metaph. to devise, contrive. 2. to bring 3. to bring in as allies: in writing, to on onesalf. adduce, quote, eite. Hence

indywyh, h, a bringing on, to or in: an invasion, II. in Logic, the bringing a number of particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction.

ἐπάγωγός, όν, (ἐπάγω) bringing on, productive IL tempting, seductive.

en-Gyerol Comen. L. Louman Att. Volume, Dep. to contend against others.

in-tylevios, or, (in, dyler) presiding over the games. en-gow Ion. and poet. endelden: f. -doopat:-to 2. to lead the song. sing to or over. sing to, so as to charm: hence to use charms or incantations; part. évasibles, by incantations.

en-delpu, Ion. and poet. for engine. In die, to make to grow, enlarge. έπάθον, aor. 2 of πάσχω.

en-alpoise, f. ou, to assemble besides.

ên-aidle, f. fa, to mourn over: to join in wailing. du-aryisw, f. ow, (ini, alyis 2) to rush upon or over. **έπ-αιδέομαι** : fut. —αιδεσθήσομαι : 201. Ι —ηδέσθην : to be arbamed: c. acc. to reverence.

imalverus, eas, th, (imauries) praise: and

ta awtrus, ov. o, a praiser, eulogist. twatverbs, 4, by, to be praised, praiseworthy: 10 twuverb the object of praise. Adv. -- rue. From

en-aurée: fut. éou Att. éoopae Ep. hou: sor. I lujveca Ep. -nca: pf. erjvena:-Pass., acc. I eryrion: (ini, alrie):—to approve, sanction: c. dat. pers. to agree with, assent to: to praise, commend, 2. = wapawie, to advise, recommend,

II. in declining an offer, I thank you, Lat. besigne; κάλλιστ' έπαινώ I thank you very kindly.

enalymen, Acol. for image for

description, d, (lest, alvos) approval, commendation.

II. | en-aude, 4, 60, only in fem. enacth, strengthd. for 2. to airt, exceeding auful, dread.

> in-alps Ion. and post. inadps: fut. inaps: sor. I érifoa poët, érácioa:—Pass., sor. I érifobyr: pf. ἐπῆρμαι:—to lift up, raise: to enalt, magnify. to stir up, rouse, excite: to induce or persuade to do. II. intr. (sub. šavrór), so ries up. (sub. στρατόν), to set out:—Pass, to be roused, excited: to be elated at a thing.

incurbor, Dor for incuror, imply of sailes.

έπ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: 201. 2 -γσθόμην: Dep.:--to bave a perception of feeling of a thing, c. gen.: c. acc. to perceive, learn: c. part. to perceive

in-alous Att. -door or -drive: fut. -alfe Att. Afo:—to rush at or upon:—to assail, assault, attack: -Med., évalfaobai deblor to rueb upon, seize the II. Endogen wood to move the foot bastily: Pass., yeipes trainsorral the hands move violently.

em-diarros, ov. (ènalu) beard of, discovered. [d] έπ-αισχύνομαι, fut. -αισχυνθήσομαι, Dep. 10 be asbamed of ot at

in-artie, f. how, to ask in addition: to solicit. έπ-αιτιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to bring a charge against one, accuse: to lay to one's charge.

in-altros, or, (iti, altia) blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable.

έπ-αίω contr. έπ-αω: L low: to bear, perceise, feel. 2. to understand. 3. to profess, be a professor.

åπ-αιωρέω, f. ήσω, to keep in suspense:—Pass, to be buoyed up or float upon: also to overbang, threaten. έπ-ἄκολουθέω, ſ. ήσω, to follow close upon, follow after: to pursue as an enemy. 2. to follow in one's

mind, understand. 3. to follow, obey. Hence έπακολούθημα, ματος τό, ε consequence: and

έπακολούθησιε, εωε, ή, a following.

ėπάκουός, όν, (ἐπακούω) listening to, attentise. έπ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: 200. Ι έπφκουσα:-- 20 listen or attend to. II. to listen to, obey.

iπ-axρίζω, f. σω, to reach the top of a thing; elpiτων επήκρισε he reached the highest point in deeds of blood.

èπ-ακροάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to bearken to. έπακτήρ, ήροε, δ. (ἐπάγω) a bunter, a buntsman. ên-áktros, a, or, (ênî, ákth) on the strand or coast inautos, or, (indyw) brought on or in from abroad. 2. foreign, strange, alien, adom. imported. titious.

έπακτρίε, ίδοε, ή, (ἐπάγω) a small ross-boat, skif. έπ-δλάλάζω, f. ξω, to raise the war-cry.

έπαλαλκέμεν, Ep. sor. 2 inf. of έπαλέξει. in-thaopar, sor. I iranfor, Dep. to wander chast,

tbrough, over.

in-thaortie, f. how, to be troubled at a thing. έπ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to grieve over. έπ-άλειφω, f. ψω, to smear over: to stap to by

anointing.

in-Wille, I thou, to defend, aid, belp. ward, keep off: acr. 2 inf. trakakeel, Ep. - iper.

erilantele, acc. I part. of ex-aldonal. έπαληθη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.

en alufeiu, f. ou, to prove true, verify.

eralie, ie, (ist, alia) open to the sun, sunny. [4] êm-alutin, én (èmi, aluti) stout, strong.

έπηλλάγη, ή, (ἐπαλλάσσω) interchange, enchange. έπ-αλλάξ, Λάν. = ἐναλλάξ, crossoise, asternately.

dr-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. άξω: pf. -ήλλαχα: -Pass., 20τ. 1 -ηλλάχθην, 20τ. 2 -ηλλάγην [α]: pf. -ήλλαγμαι:--to change over, interebange; πολέμοιο πείραρ ἐπαλλάξαντες making the tag of war go now this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory: -Pass. to be closely joined.

en-alkalos, or, (ent, allaham) one upon another:

continuous.

έπ-άλμονος, αν, syncop. 2 or. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι. Emakie, eur, h. (trakita) a means of defence : battlement, a parapet :- generally, a defence, protection. ξπ-αλανος, ον, (ἐπί, άλανιστος) bappy.

έπελτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐφάλλομαι.

in always, ov, o, (int, aloaw) one who drives the oxen in threshing.

έπ-διμάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Ep. 201. Ι ἐπαμησάμην: Med :- to scrape together for oneself, beap up to-

getber.

έπαμβάτης, ήροε, δ, poët for ξπαναβάτης, (ἐπαναβαίνω) one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκών έπαμβαripose maladies growing on the flesh, leprous crup-

en-duelβω, f. ψω, to exchange, barter:-Med. to change from one to another; view trapelseral avopas comes in turn to men.

έπ-άμερος, αν, Acol. for έφ-ήμερος.

en-appears, Ion. for eφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of **ἐφάπτω** 

ex-aution, poet, for ex-avaiteres.

έπαμοιβάδίε, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) alternately.

ἐπάμοίβιος, ον, and ἐπάμοιβός, όν, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, one upon another: in exchange.

έπ-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: 201. 2 ἐπήμπισχον, inf. Eπαμπισχεών:--to put on besides, or over all: to over-

έπαμύντωρ, opos, δ, a belper, defender. From

ta-dμύνω, f. dvω, to come to aid, defend, assist.

έπ-αμφέρω, for έπαναφέρω

επ-αμφοτερίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ia, (ξεί, αμφότεροι) so be inclined to both sides, to play a double game: > ball between two opinions.

&wav, Conjunct., later form of Emp.

επ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:--to get espon, mount on borseback II. to go up inland.

έπ-αναβάλλω, f. -βάλω: pf. -βέβληκα:--to throw ass or over :- Med. to put on. Il. in Med., also, so put off, delay.

₹σαναβαίνω, to make to mount upon.

έπαναβληθόν, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) thrown over another garment.

êπ-avaβoám, f. ήσομαι, to ary out at a thing. decoupagely, sor. 2 inf. of decodyw.

ėm-žvaγκάζα, £ άσω, to compel by force.

du-dudyung, es, (dui, dudyun) only med in neut. endragues (sub. earl), it is necessary. also as Adv. on compulsion; trávayum southres wearing long hair by law.

in-avayopeius, to proclaim publicly: v. irareirar. en-avaye, f. afe: sor. 2 -artyayor: -- to bring up., stir up, excite. 2. to exalt, elevate. lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to III. intr. to withdraw, retreat. to put ships out to sea:—Pass. to put to rea V. Pass. to be carried to a place.

Hence έπανάγωγή, ή, a sailing out against, a naval at-

II. a recall, return. έπ-avaδιπλάζω, to redouble, reiterate questions. êπ-avaθedoμαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to see again.

en-avalow, to lift up :- Med. to lift one against

the other :- Pass. to rise up.

ėт-avaкащая, Pass. to be laid upon as a penalty. in-avandayyava, to give tongue again and again. en-avanceous, to drive back: - Med. to draw back. in-avakuntu, f. wu, to have an upward direction.

έπ-avaλaμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take up again, re

sume, repeat.

agains.

έπ-avaλlorem, f. -avaλώσω, to consume besides.

ên-avapéro, f. -perû, to continue waiting, stas II. to wait for one.

έπ-αναμιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to remind one of, mention again to one.

έπ·avavebu, f. ωσω, to renew, revive.

em-avamaύω, f. σω, to make to rest upon :-- Med. to rest upon.

έπ-αναπηδάω, f. ήσω οτ ήσομαι, to leap upon.

έπ-αναπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι; Ion. ἐπαναπλώω, f. -πλώσω:--to sail up against. II. to float upon the surface; έπαναπλώει υμίν έπεα κακά ill language floats up, rises to the tongue. III. to sail back

in-avappinum and -im, to throw up in the air (sub. tauτίν) to spring bigb in the air.

eravacres, ear, \$\dagger\$, a brandishing of weapons. From

in-avaσείω, f. σω, to lift up and shake, to brandish. έπανάστασιε, εωε, ή, (έτανίστημι) a rising up against, an insurrection.

έπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of έπανίστημι.

in-avaστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. to turn back upon, resist :- Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.

en-avarelyes, f. -reva, to bold up towards; luavaτείνειν έλπίδαs to bold out hopes.

έπ-ανατέλλω, f. -ανατελώ: 201. Ι -ανέτειλα:--το lift up, raise. II. intr. to rise up, rise, of the en-avaribypu, f. -bhow, to lay upon.

έπ-avaφέρω poët. ἐπιαμφέρω, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the ac-3. to bring back a message. IL Pass. so be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

in-evaduodu, f. how, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

in-avaxuptu, f. how, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

έπαναχώρησιε, eas, ή, a return, retreat.

en-áven, to go back, return. IL to go up, arise.

emavelvat, emavels, nor. 2 inf. and part. of emavingut. emayelmov, sor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:the pres. in use is dravayopeias.

en aveloques, Ion. for evarepopus.

imaveldeiv, imaveldev, 201. 2 inf. and part. of isανέρχομαι.

en-avipous Ion. -elpopes, to question again and again: generally, to question.

έπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with sor. 2 act.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ον, pf.  $-\epsilon\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda\nu\theta\alpha$ : (cf. ξρχομαι):—to go back, return : to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

tw-evhous, to have come back, return.

in-avolu. f. how, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks ! generally, to be upon the surface, appear plainly.

en-avolles, f. low Att. w, (ent, dubos) to dock with flowers; generally, to make to abound, to cover over svith.

emandpanibes, ar, al, small fish for frying. From in-arthracile, f. ou, to broil on the coals.

in-avinus f. -arhow, to let go back, relax, dis-IL intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag. έπ-avlobu, f. ώσω, to make equal, put on a par.

en-aviornyu, f. - orthow, to set up again: to make to II. Pass., with sor. 2 act. -avéstry, pf. -arternes, intrans, to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be bigh, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

in-avoption f. www: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. ἐπηνώρθουν, 201. Ι ἐπηνώρθωσα, etc.: to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

iravophuous, eus, fi, a correcting: amendment.

έπ-αντέλλω, poët. and Ion. for έπανατέλλω etravene, es, (erl, ara) up-bill, opp. to sararene. in with, meet.

in-auxλie, f. ήσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass to be overflowed or filled.

en-drum, f. vom [v], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

in-ave, Adv. (inl, ave) above, on the upper side: to get ready, prepare: -- Med. to prepare for enessif.

of Time, tsfore. Hence

enavuler, post. - de, Adv. from above, above: of ex. men of former time.

tw-afros, or, and a, or, (tal, afroe) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. tioning: -Adv. -law. Hence

in-africe, f. dom, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., II. to expect, believe. Lat. dignor.

in-afonos, or, (inl. áfor) upon an anis. ėπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. of πήγνυμι.

ėສ່ພັດເວີຊ໌, ຊໍ, (ໄສແຄ່ຄືພ) poët. and Ion. for ຂໍສອຸວິຊ໌. émicolós, é, poët, for émpôde,

êπ-ĕπσιλέω, f. hσω, to bold out à threat to one : to add tbreats, to tbreaten besides.

in-anobiopas, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

in-amobrhows, f. —baroûpai, to die with or after. èπ-αποπνίγω, f. fω, to choke besides ; aor. 2 pass. ènanenviyyy [?].

en-ante, Ion. for epante.

en-anúe, Dor. for ennevel.

έπ-αρά Ion. έπ-αρή, ή, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemu curse, imprecation. Hence

έπ-αράομαι: f. άσομαι Ep. ήσομαι; pf. ἐπέρέμαι: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ξπαράσθαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

trapaplone, f. trapou: acr. I tripou:—to fit to II. intr. in pf. med. łwópnes, ot upon, fasten to. to fit well: part. exappose, close-fitting: so also exάρμενος, η, αν.

enapas, sor. I part, of enalpes,

em-apaσσω Att. -ττω, f. fω, to dash to.

èπάρατος, ον, (ἐπαράομαι) laid under a curse. έπ-άργεμος, αν, (έπί, άργεμός) of the eye, with ε

white speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure. en-apyropes, or, (ent, apyrope) overlaid with silver. em-aphyw, f. ξω, to come to aid, belp. Hence

erapηξιε, ew, ή, belp, aid.

ewapypa, -av, intr. pf. and plapf. of ewapapione. êπ-δρίστερος, αν. (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand:

lest-banded, awkward, French gauche.

έπάρκεσιε, εωε, ή, aid, belp, εκεσουτ. From έπ-αρκέω, f. έσω:`20τ. Ι έπήρκησα:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, 🙈 binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, so belp, aid, brotect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

έπαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

erapuevos, Ep. 201. 2 part. pass. of emapapiers, wellfitted, well-prepared.

em-apoupos, or, (ent, apoupa) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

έν-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to bang on or over :-- Pass., φάροι επήρτηται sear bangs over, impends.

έπ-αρτής, έε, (ἐπί, ἀρτίω) ready, equipped.

TL. in-aprise and -aprives, to fit or fix on.

L Or

trapχla, \$, a prefectore, province. From ξ=-appea, or, (tri, δρχή) a commander: a governor of a country, prefect.

km-άρχω, i. fee, to be an έπαρχοε, governor of a province.

2. to rule in addition to one's own dominious.

II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin answ, afresb; ἐπάρξασθαι δεπάεσσυ to begin with the cups again: generally, to supply, distribute.

έπαρωγός, δ, (ἐπαρήγω) a belper, aider.

emaperous, impl. of mapories.

eracount, 201. I of warlouge.

in-acritic, f. how: 20t. I -hounou: -to tabour at, finish carefully. II. to adorn. III. to prac-

tise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

la-acrovregos, a, or, (lai, deror) one upon another, one after another.

tracorrepo-rpiβha, is, (tracorrepos, τρίβω) following close one on the other.

en acreame, f. yes, to lighten upon, flash.

en-gerre, Att. for evalore, q. v.

ະພ-ລນອີດ໌ໝຸ f. ຖອພ, to say besides :—Med. to call upon. ຂໍ້ພາດປ່ອງບຸ or ຂໍ້ພາດບ່ອງປຸ່ນ, 201. I pass. of ສາດປ່

en-and to, f. how: pf. pass. επηύλημαι: (επί, αὐλόο):

—to play the fluts to accompany:—Pass. to be played on the fluts.

em-anλίζομαι, τ. ισομαι, Dep. to take up one's quar-

ters at a place.

in-audie, ess, h, (ini, addie) a place to pass the night in : quarters.

έπ-αυλος, ό, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἐπαυλοι, ol, and ἐπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, bome. ἐπ-αυξάνω οι ἐπ-αυξών, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grose, increase.

emupetr Ep. - quer, 201. 2 inf. of emuplosoum.

έπ-αυρέω, - ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

en-aupeore, eme, ή, (επαυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

έπ-αύριον, Adv., for èr' abpior, on the morrow. 
ἐπ-αυρόπουραι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαιρόπου occurs 
οπλη once, and the simple αθρόπου or αθρόπου μαι, to 
take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαιρότουμαι: aor. 2 act. 
ἐπηθρον Dor. ἐπαθρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαθρη, inf. ἐπαυράν Ερ. -έμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηιρόμην, Ερ. 2 sing. 
subj. ἐπαθρημα, 3 pl. -ανται:—to partake of, enjoy a 
share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruite 
of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. 
in bad sense, δτα πάντεν ἐπαθρωνται βασιλήσε that all 
smay have a benefit of their king; δίω μιν ἐπαυρήστεσθαι I think he will feel the consequences. 2. c. 
acc. to bring upon oneself.

Emálorov, 201. I imperat. of évalue : évaloras, part. Em-alitéu, f. hou, to about at a thing : to make a

moise beside. [9]

Em-auτοφώρφ, Adv., for en abτοφώρφ, Lat. in ipeo furto, in the very theft or very act.
Εm-auxières, or, (en, abχήν) on or for the neck.

Ex-auxim, f. how, to boast of, smalt in.
der-tim, f. -alow [9], to about over or upon.

en-aφavalvopas, Pass. to be dried up, worn out. ἐπ-ἄφάω, ſ. ἡσω, to touch on the surface, stroke. ἐπἄφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, handling. ἐπ-αφίημι, ſ. –αφήσω, to throw at a thing: to us

loose upon.

4n-applie, f. ow, to foam up or on the surface: me-

taph. to babble, divulge.

ing, Lat, venusius.

lm-aφύσσω, f. ύσω [v], to pour over ot in addition. lmaχθής, is, (iπί, dχθου) beavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.

έπ-άχθομαι, Pase. to be distressed at a thing. έπ-αχλύω, f. ύσω [0], (έπί, άχλύο) to be obscure.

έπαχύνθην, aor. I pass. of παχύνω. έπεαν, Ion. for έπήν.

ἐπέβάλον, 2οι. 2 οι ἐπιβάλλω.

έπέβην, ἐπέβησα, sor. 2 and I of ἐπεβαίνα. ἐπεβίον, sor. 2 of ἐπεβείω (28 if from ἐπεβίωμε).

ἐπάβρτσα, 20τ. I of ἐπιβρίθω.

έπεγγελάω, f. άσομαι [ἄ], to laugh at, deride. ἐπεγέγραπτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω. ἐπ-εγείρω, f. -εγερώ, to awaken, rouse up: to excite:

—Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρόμενος, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. II. in-

trans. in pf. part. act. δπεγρηγορών, awake. δπ-εγκάλδω, f. δσω, to bring a charge against. δπ-εγκάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, devour.

en-cyncheim, f. σω, to give an order or signal to

ἐπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. 20τ. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω. ἐπέγνων, 20τ. 2 of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

έπεγρήγορα, εσο έπεγείρω ΙΙ.

έπεγρόμενος, Ep. 20r. 2 part. pass. of έπεγείρω. έπ-εγχίω, f. –χεῶ, to pour in upon or in addition. ἐπέδεξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, 20r. 1 of ἐπιδείκτυμι.

έπεδόθην, 201. Ι οί πεδώω. Επεδόθην, 201. Ι ρειε. οί επιδίδωμι.

ἐπέδραμον, aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχαι. ἐπέδρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἐφέδρα.

ἐπίδον, 20r. 2 of ἐπιδύω.

έπέθηκα, 201. I of έπιτίθημι. έπεί Ep. 21s0 έπειή, (ἐπί) Conjunct.: TIMB, after that, when: from the time when

TIMB, after that, when: from the time when II.

OF CAURE, since, seeing that, for that,
III. Evel
dp, Evel dpa, when then, since then.
2. Evel old
when then.
3. Evel was since really.

EHEITΩ, f. fw: impl. freeyor Ep. freeyor: act.

I freefa:—Pass., fut. med. freefo.μαι (in pass. sense):
act. I freefo.μαι (in pass. sense):
burry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to

burry on: -Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to baste to do: also absol, to basten, burry, speed: part. lescyoperos as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. III.

intrans. - Pass. to make baste.

enul-dv. Conjunction (eneldy dr) subenever, so soon

es, after that,

era-84, (era 84) Conjunction, I. of Time, | after. since, after that, Lat postquem. II. of Cause, seeing that, since, because :- so embhuso, since really, since now.

dw-sidov, inf. dwidely, sor. 2 without pres. in use (lepopdes being used instead), to look upon, behold, 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to experience.

ewenh or ewel f. Adv. since certainly.

dweln, 3 sing. opt. of ξπαμ.

tw-arála, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τήνδ ἐπεικάζων κυρώ; am I right in supposing her II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conhis wife? clude: de ot bo' trendou so far as one may guest. dwelker, dwelke, or dwel ker, dwel ke, Ep. for dwedr,

έπείληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω. En-equ., inf. exerac : impf. exip : fut. execopac : (int, elul sum):-to be upon or at. upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be III. of Time, to be bereafter: to be coming on, to impend. IV. to be set over, Lat. V. to be added, be over and above. praeeuse.

fu-agu, inf. duidrai : Ep. impf. duffa, as, e, 3 pl. έπήϊσαν, ἐπῆσαν: fut. ἐπιείσομαι: 201. I med. part. intercountry: (int, elu ibo):-to go or come to or towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, ap-2. to some against, attack; of emorres the invaders, assailants. 3. of events, to come 4. to come on the stage. upon one, overtake. of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; \$\eta\$ ἐπιοῦσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπιάν, like ὁ τυχάν, the first comer: To imior what occurs to one. to traverse, pass over. IV. to go over, i.e. count over. έπ-είνθμι, Ion. for ἐφέννυμι: inf. med. ἐπείνυσθαι, Ton. for eperruoval.

emel-περ, for emel περ, Conj. since really, seeing that. en-elwov, aor, a without pres. in use, to say besides: to say of another :- inf. Incincit, part. Incincar.

ETELPA, LOT. 1 OF TELPAS.

ἐπείρομαι, Ιου. for ἐπέρομαι.

έπαρυσάμενος, Ion. sor. I part. med. of ἐπερόω.

δπειρώατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of πειράομαι.

ξπειρωτέω, Ion. for ξπερωτάω.

έπ-αρώτημα, -ησιε, loa. for έπερώτημα, -ησιε.

Incides, not. 1 of weller.

in-econywyth, th. (int., elopyw) a bringing in be-II. a means of bringing or letting in. du-clouros, or, (lat, clotry) brought in from abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

em-exoBalva, f. --βήσομαι, m go into upon: to enter. έπ-ασβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to postr into besides. intr. to invade again.

έπεισβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπεισβιώνω) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [d]

en-eloreum, to come on besides: to come on the stage. em-enσέρχομαι, Dep., with acr. 2 act. - ηλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: to come in upon or over: to come in against, an attack by sea,

2. come into or enter besides: of things to be importêd.

έπεισέφρησα, 201. I of έπεισφρέω.

en-econocides, f. how, to roll in or on besides. bracobbos, ov, coming in besides, episodie. From ex-sloodos, or, a coming in besides, an entrance. in-acrale, f. raihoe, to burst in.

ên-elouyban, f. how or hoomal, to leap in upon. in-moniture, f. -πεσούμαι: 201. 2 -έπεσον :-- to fall

or burst upon : to burst in. en-econλies, f. –πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail

at, attack. kn-acopiou, f. -olow, to bring in besides or after: to entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

in-moφρίω, f. ήσω, to introduce besides.

in-erra, Adv. (ini, elra) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another: thereupon, thereafter, then, Lat. deinde. II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic: I. when a partic, of Time goes before, then; επειδή σφαίρη πειρήσωντο, έφχείσθην δή Exerta when they finished playing at ball, then they 2. after el, then surely; el d' érede on danced. άγορεύειε, έξ άρα δή τοι έπειτα θεολ φρένας ώλεgar if so, then of a surety have the gods infatuated III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after sole; el per 动 ξταρόν γε κελεύετε μ' αὐτὸν ελέσθαι, nῶν ἀν Επειπ' 'Oδυσήσε λαθοίμην; how can I in seeu a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, And sof Indeed? IV. then, therefore, mach V. and yet, nevertbeless, still. like oor. with the Article, the following, the future; & Exerca xpóvos the time to come.

lwel-re, or lwel re, since, for that, because. Exerter, Ion. for Exerta, thereupon, thereafter. enel-rou, i. e. enel rou, for in truth, since truly, êπ-eκβαίνω, f. –βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark. in-exβοηθέω, £ ήσω, to rush out to aid. ên-exblicácico, f. áfo, to teach in addition. έπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides. έπεκδρομή, ή, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, 201. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω)

an excursion or expedition against.

ewerearo, Ion. for ewererro, 3 pl. impf. of ewireima.

ên-kerva, Adv., for ên êncêra, on yonder side of, beyond; of inincipa Europárov those beyond the Euphrates; to interewa Att. tounterewa, the part beyond; tà èxékeira the parts beyond. 2. of Time. of interior xplores the times beyond or before, earlier times.

dπεκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. sor, 2 of durkiλομα.

έπέκελσα, 201. Ι of έπικέλλα,

êπέκερσα, aor. I of êπικείρω.

έπ-εκθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to rusb out against.

έπέκλωσαν, έπεκλώσαντο, 3 pl. aor, I act. and med. bf ἐπικλώθω.

łπ-eκπίνω, f. –πίομαι, to drink off after. έπ-έκπλους contr. - έκπλους, ό, a sailing and

in-arrelva, f. -rard, to strateb out, lengthen: -Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at. in-arrefixes, f. -exhiption; sor. 2 -afthition (from obsol. hpfine): -to read out spon ut against on, rush out to attack.

έπ-περέρω, f. -οίσω, to earry out far. έπ-πεχωρέω, f. έσω, to advance next or after. έπιλάβετο, 3 sing, soc. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβένω. ἐπιλαθόμην, soc. 2 med. of ἐπιλανθώνω.

in Adors, ess, ή, an attack, assault. From in-Andrew: £ -eλάσω Att. -eλδ: aot. I -ήλασα: pf. -eλήλαμα: Pase., pf. -eλήλαμα: 3 sing. plopf. ève-hýλαμα: -o drive upon: to lead on or against. 2. seemingly intr. (sub. στραπόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge.

Il. to beat out this

spon, as a plate of metal on a shield.

emlessor, impf. of emlessor.

emiliaroro, 3 sing. plaps. pass. of emlessor.

έπιλήκουν, impf. of ἐπιληκόυ. ἐπιλήλάτο, 2 sing. plaps. pass. of ἐπιλαύνω.

έπελήλθθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπέλησα, sor. 1 of ἐπεληθάνω.

ereablely, acr. a inf. of errepyopen.

έπ-ελίσσω, έπ-θλεω, Ιοα. for έφελίσσω, έφέλεω. έπθλλάβε, pošt. sor. 2 of έπιλαμβάνω.

tweekwiles, f. ou, to bring to bope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false bopes. II. to hope, — thulfes. tweekwiles. Dep. to have hopes

of, to hope: generally, to espect.

treptory [4], nor. 2 of tripulropus.

emquaronto, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. I of empulopus. em-questo, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly.

έπ-αμβαίνα, f. -βήσομαι: 201. 2 πανέβης, γετ. έπεμβάε:— το ετέρ οι tread spon: το stand on, esp. in pf. έπεμβέβημα Ερ. -βέβαα, 22, ούδοθ έπεμβεβάως; also c. dat., πόργοιε έπεμβάε.

II. το trample προπ, insuit.

-tw-quβάλλω, £.-βάλω, to put on or over. 2..0 throw down upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

દેશના βάτης, ου, δ, (ξετιμβαίνω) one mounted, a borseman.

έπομβοβάνο, Ep. pf. part. of έπεμβαίνω.

enchava, sor. I of employe.

<del>έπ-αμηλησόμην, -αμηλήθην,</del> acr. I med. and pass. of ἐπιμελέομαι.

έπαμήνατο, 3 sing. sor. I med. of ἐπιμαίνομαι. ἐπάμμξα, sor. τ of ἐπιμίγνυμι.

en quantion, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to .eap upon, insult.

en-qualizme, f. - πεσούμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack; επεμπίπτων βάσαν τωί to advance one's foot

emeraxet, Doc. 3 sing. impf. of emrhχομαι. emerations, f. –δώσω, to give over and above. emerations, or, δ, a tenic worn over another, an auter or over tenie. From in-militus, to fut on over:—Pass to have on overinvestigat, Ion. for invesional, not 1 inf. of invesion.

intropa, sor. I of invites.

energycov, impl. of energy in

ên-evipose, (ên', èn'pose) 3 sing. pl., with no pres. èveréss in use:—there has grown upon, there is or such upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδη èver-ipose λάχνη thin downy hair gress thereon; οδλη èver-ipose λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οία seode èver-ipose alèr èdorus such as appertains to the gods.

energou, acr. I of entres (A).

kn-erθράσκω, f. -erθοροθμαι: son. 2 -erθορον, inf. -erθορού :--to leap upon; kn-erθρώσκου dru to leap up into.

travtών, Dor. sor. 2 part. of επέρχομαι. travribles, sor. I pass, part, of επεντείνω.

in ortholes, f. bow [b], Ep. for inversion, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

An-evrelous, f. -evreva, to stretch upon or over; part. sor. I pass. two ribets stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.

έπ-εντίλλω, to command besides.

ἐπ-εντύω and --εντύνω, to get ready, equip:---Med.

to train oneself for a thing.

th-chaps, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out.

inefayersh, h, a drawing out against, lengthening.
in-igeum, inf.—efetra: impf. ineffer:—to go out
against an enemy.

II. to proceed against, prosecute.

III. to go over, traverse, go through:
hence to detail.

2. inefetrae τιμορίαε μείζουε to
go through with, execute greater vengeance.

en-afeλούνω: f. -efeλάσω Att. -efeλŵ: pf. -efeλήλάκα:--to drive on against:--intr. to ride on against.

έπαξελθείν, 20τ. 2 ίπε. ος έπεξέρχομαι.

em-sepyalouan, f. άσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate.

2. to slay over again. e-selfoxopau, Dep. with aor. 2 act. e-selfoxop, pf. e-selfoxopau, Dep. with aor. 2 act. e-selfoxop, pf. e-selfoxopau, Dep. with aor. 2 act. enemy.

2. to proceed against, prosecute.

II. to go over, traverse.

2. to enecute, accomplish.

3. to discuss, detail, investigate.

III. to proceed to an entremity; δδ' ἐντείρχεσθαι θρασύε to reach such a pitch of boldness.

έπ-εξέτδους, εων, ή, a review over again. ἐπ-εξευρίσκο, f. –ευρήσω, to invent besides.

en-effe, Ion. for en-effe.

in-Elanxálu, (ini, if, larxos) to about in triumpbover.

in-efolios, or, of a march or expedition: ri inspection with leps, secrifices before the march of an army. From

en-liposos, 4, a march out against, empedition.
en-loune, 3 sing. pf. with no press. enclaw in use:—
it is like, looks like, resembles.

II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting: - lucinora Att. for lucoinora, l ireanthippy, sor. I of increases. part. pf., what is seemly, fit, enterov, 201. 2 of trisiers. δασαήγα, 3 sing. plaps. of πηγνυμι. dπέπιθμαν, for ἐπεποίθειμεν, I pl. plapf. of πείθω. entrame, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of entrates. dwerolden, 3 sing. plaps. of wellow. dwemoven, 3 sing. plaps, of πάσχω. dutatoov, sor. 2 of enteralper. entaro, 3 sing. 201. 2 of estateauar. eπeπυστο, 3 sing. plapf, pass of πυνθάνουαι. ex-ému, lon. for épéru. έπ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to work whom land, till, sultivate. Hence exepydola, \$, a working of another's land: an eneroachment. II. the right of mutual tillage on each other's land. in-spetize, f. ou, to stimulate, in-epelow, f. -epelow, to urge on with all one's force; έπέρεισεν ω' ἀπέλεθρον he applied vast strength to it :- Pass. to lean or bear beavily upon. en-apados, i. you, to cover with a roof emophperoper, pf. pass. of emepelow. έπ-έρομαι Ion. -είρομαι: f. -ερήσρμαι Ion. -ειρήσομαι: 201. 2 επηρόμην, inf. επεσέσθαι:-- to ask. to consult, question. έπέρριψα, 20τ. Ι of έπιρρίστω. έπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of έπιρρώσμαι. έπερρώσθην, έπέρρωσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of **ἐπιρρώννυμι**. ἐπέρυσσα, Εp. aor. I of ἐπερύω. έπ-ερύω, f. -ερύσω [v]: 20r. I -είρδσα:--to draw on, pull to: to bring to a place:-Med. to draw on one's clothes. έπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελευσομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ηλθον Ep. -ήλυθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:--to go or come to or towards: to come upon, esp. to come suddenly or un-2. in hostile sense, to come or go expectedly upon, 3. to come forward to speak. against, attack. to come on, some about, return; επήλυθον ώραι the seasons came round again. III. to come in after or over the head of another. IV, to occur to one, V. to go over a space, come into one's mind. assent, 2. to go through or over discuss, traverse, visit. 3. to go through, execute, recount. in-speram Ion. imesp-, fut. how, to consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing:-Pass. to be questioned, asked. Hence iπερώτημα Ion. imesp-, aros, τό, a question : and ensperyors Ion. ensup-, eas, + a questioning. THEOR, TATE BOT. I OF WITTO. έπεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of έπειμι (εἰμί ευm) έποσβαίνω, - ἐπεισβαίνω. ineσβoλla, ή, a using words at random, basty

speech, unseemly language. From

about: rash-talking, seurrilous.

έπεσ-βόλος, ον, (έπος, βάλλω) throwing words

in-eation f. inidopai, to eat after or in addition to.

ineculacian, pf. pan. of insumbles. Energy, aor. 2 of mirror ξποσπον, aor. 2 of έφέπω. čutoroversa, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of treeps (elpl sem). êπέσσευεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπισεύω. inecresionto, 3 pl. impl. med. of interior. έπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of έπισεύω, part. έπεσσυμίνοι ėπέσσυτο, poët, for ἐπέσυτο, 3 sing. Ερ. syncop. plops. pass. of existence, in sense of acr. 2. έποστάλθην, έποστάλην [d], aor. I and aor. 2 pass. ος επιστέλλα. ἐπέσταλτο, 3 sing. plopf, pass. of ἐπιστέλλα. έποστράφην [d], sor. 2 pass. of έπιστρέφα. ewerties, Ion. pf. part. of epistum. ἐπέστην, 201. 2 of ἐφίστημι. έπεσφέρω, lon, for έπεισφέρω, in-ergapios, or, (ini, isyapa) on the hearth. en-égyefov, poët, aor, 2 of èréye. ėπ-έσχον, –εσχόμην, 201. 2 act. and med. of ἐπέχα ἐπέτἄμον, 201. 2 οί τέ*μνω*. ėπέταξα, ėπετάχθην, 201, 1 act, 2na pass, of ἐπιτάσσω. en-trees, or, and en-trees, or, (tel, tree) annual, yearly, every year: changeable as the seasons. annual, lasting for a year. ewereraxaro, Ion. 3 pl. plaps, pass. of emraosu. enerhoevers, sor, I of entrybeves. έπέτης, ου, δ. (έπομαι) a follower, attendant. in-erhous, or, - intruos, from year to year, lasting the whole year. émerov, Acol. for émegor, nor. 2 of mirros. enéreσσε, a Dor. aor. 1 without any pres. in use,= έπέτυχε, fell in or met with; part. έπιτόσσαιε - έπιτυχών, baving met with. (Origin uncertain.) έπετράπην [d], sor. 2 pass, of έπιτρέσω:--έπετραπόμην, ἐπετράπον, aor. 2 med. and act. έπετράφθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of ἐπιτρέπω. έπέτυχον, 201. 2 οί ἐπιτυγχάνω. έπευ, Ion. for έπου, imperat. of έπομαι. en-eutives, to guide straight, direct. en-eupiones, Ion. for eφ-eupions. έπ-ευφημέω, f. ήσω: aor. I –ευφημησα:—to sbout II. c. acc. to accompany in singing: to sing in praise of. έπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to pray to, make a sow: to pray or vow that: in bad sense, to pray a curse, imprecate upon. II, to exult or triumph over. éπέφαντο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of φαίνω. έπεφνον, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 of \*φένω. έπεφόρβει, 3 sing. plopf. of φέρβω. ἐπέφράδον, Ep. redupl. sor. 2 of φράζω. έπεφράσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιφράζω. έπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of φράσσω. έπέφθκον, Ep. for έπεφύκεσαν, 3 pl. plapfi of έπεφύσητο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of φυσάκ. έπεχευάμην, 20r. I med. of έπιχέω έπέχθην, aor. I pass. of πέκω. έπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. οι επιχέσι

en lew: fut. lo-ifw: 201. 2 en-ioxor, inf. inoxer, | post, bullyefor :-- to bave or bold upon or to, see brayare :- to bold, keep :- Pass. and Med. to keep Il. to bold out, present, offer. bold towards, to keep aiming at; Tofor GROW & Entxer to aim the boys at the mark; τί μοι διδ' ἐπέχει»; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., inixer τοδε Teyehras to front them, face them. 2. tré-Year (sc. rode oppax pove, row row) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be IV. to keep in, bold back, check: to intent upon. stop or binder from. 2. intrans. (sub. ἐαυτόν) 10 stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from. V. to reach or extend over a space:-Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length. VI. to have power over, commond: of a wind, to prevail, continue. trabas. Ion, for to-nBas.

en-iβoλos, or, (ent. βάλλω, with η inserted) baving son or gained a thing, Lat. compos: in bad sense, νόσου ἐπήβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.

έπηγάγον, 201. 2 οξ έπάγω.

έπηγοιλα, έπηγγελκα, 201. I and pf. of έπαγγέλλω. empyepony, nor. I pass. of emergeiou.

empresvides, al, the long planks nailed along the spright ribs (orapires) of the ship; v. sub lapta. em-ηγορούω or -tω, to say against, object to one.

enger, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of frequ (elul sum). em-perdicos, or, and 4, or, = enercios, but always sed in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful;

myeraral rpixes thick, full flocces. duration, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of treeμ (dμ ibo), be went

after, followed upon: inflow a plur.

ention, sor. I of enals.

exhiber. impl. of exalers.

emigeov, Ion. for èφ-, 3 pl. sor. τ of ἐφίημι.

entros Dor. enducos, or, (enaucosa) listening or giving ear to: within bearing.

eximptora, sor. I of emappica.

ежировото, 3 pl. impf. of ежигровории.

Empha, sor. I of makker.

ἐπήλθον, 20τ. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

em-ηλυγάζω, (επί, ήλύγη) to oversbadow: Med., φόβου επηλυγάζεσθαι to throw a shade over one's com fear, disgwise or conceal it.

ἐπήλθου, Ερ. for ἐπήλθου, 20τ. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

emilauf, σγος, δ, ή, (επηλυγάζω) oversbadowing; την πέτραν επήλυγα λαβείν to take the rock as a shelter. emphis, idos, o, i, (emphisor) one subo comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreignen.

em-nhioria Ion. -in, n, (emphroor) a coming over: a bewitching.

in hitors, em, f, an approach, assault. em-naturas, ou, o, - fanaus. [8]

empeageupievos, pf. part. pass. of emapafeio.

traposβos, or, (trapelβo) in turn, alternate; χιribres expressed changes of miment.

en-num, f. som [9], to bend or bow down. dwin Ion. dwedy late Att. dwdy. Conjunct. (dwel.

dr) whenever, Lat. quandocunque. en-nythuos, or, (ent, dreμos) windy. 2. vais.

drylveov, Ep. impf. of trauries.

engress Ep. engryss, act. I of encirea. entroles, 3 sing. impf. of exaction.

ἐπηνώρθουν, impf. with double augm. of ἐκφνορθύω: 10, ἐπηνώρθωσα, --ώθην, aor. I act. and pass.; ἐπηνώρθωμαι, pf. pass.

tanta, sor. I of πήγνυμι. emplicate, acr. I of evalues.

åπ-ηόνιοs, αν, (ἐπί, ήάν) on the beach or shore.

tanneilyou, 201. I of transchio.

en-ηπύω, f. σσω [0], to about to, obser on. έπ-πράτος, αν, (ἐπί, ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

impedia, f. ou, (impera) to threaten abusively: to deal despitefully with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

èπηραα, ή, wanton insult, contumely.

ἐπ-ηραμέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, ῆρεμοε) to rest after. ėπ-ήρετμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐρετμός) at the oar, rose-

2. equipped with ours. IL. iπ-ηρεφής, έε, (èπί, ερέφω) covering, shading.

pass. covered, sbeltered. empoly, sor. I pass. of emulous.

enhousers, sor. 1 of enaprise.

enhora, sor. I of enapaplana.

inforus. Ep. for inflorus, 3 pl. impl. of inches

έπησθείεν, Ion. 3 pl. sor. I opt. of ἐφήδομαι.

enfoθιον, impf. of energles.

έπησθόμην, 201. 2 of έπαισθάνομαι.

importulat, pf. pass. of imagnies. έπητής, οῦ, δ. (ξπος) affable, kind, gentle.

έπητιάσω, 2 sing. sor. I of έπαιτιάομαι.

έπ-ήτρίμος, ον, (ἐπί, ήτριον) woven on or to: hence close, dense, thronged.

έπητύς, ύοι, ή, (ἐπητήι) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.

έπηθρον, έπηυρόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of έπαυρίσκομαι.

έπηύχησα, aor. I of έπαυχέω.

έπηφύσα, 201. Ι of έπαφύσσα. έπ-ηχέω, ε. ήσω, to resound, to recebo: to accom-

pany in sbouting.

ent, Prep. with Gen., DAT., AND ACC. Ragic. sense, L of rest at a place, upon: A. WITH GEN., 2. with the person. Pron.; on, upon, at, by, near. έφ' υμείων by yourselves, alone; έφ' ἐαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἐαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; rd to taurar their own 3. with Cardinal Numbers; est interest only. τριών, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or 4. before, in prein file; ent népose in single file. 5. over, of any one set over sence of, Lat. coram. a special business; of επί των πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6, motion towards a point; wheir in thou to sail for Chies; drehauren in olsen

to go home-wards. II. of Time, in or in the course of; bu elphyne in time of peace. III. of the Grounds on which a thing happens; in paproplas on evidence; elweir in Sprou to speak on oath; in B. WITH DAT., δτευ on what ground. of Place; en xopa on the spot: esp. where hostility is implied, opposite or against. II. of the Time in, on or at which a thing happens; in the night; en' huare robe on this very day. III. in addition, over and or after an event.

III. in addition, over and above, one on another.

IV. for an object or purpose, with a view to; ent dopmy for supper; ent nang ανθρώντου for mischief to man. V. of the Ground of doing a thing; year est ture to laugh at one; ulya pooreir ent run to be proud at or of a VI. of any condition upon which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτω, ἐφ' ὧτε on condition, that ...; more briefly, ἐφ' ὧ or ἐφ' ὧτε; ἐπ' οὐδενί on no condition : Ent mâou dinalois suith strict justice : En' louis on reasonable terms. C. WITH ACCUS., of Place; extending over; επ' εννέα κείτο πέλεθρα over nine acres he lay; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπους glory spread among all men. 2. motion towards or to a place; πλείν ἐπ' Αίγυπτον: in hostile sense, upon, against: -metaph., ἐπ' ἐργα, ἐπ' ἰθύν to labour, to an enterprize: esp. to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην to send for tidings: rarely of persons, & 'Odvoona his:-hence also to denote a purpose, ent vi; for what? where-3. with Cardinal Numbers, & donidas nevre ral eleogir eight-and-twenty deep or in file: with numbers, up to a certain number, nearly, about. of Time, for or during a certain time; ent xpovov for 2. up to or till a certain time; ਵੱਡ' ಗ್ರೆಮ till III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμην by the line or rule; to en' epé for me, as far as concerns me.

Exé may follow its case, and then it is written έπι. In Control έπί denotes rest at a place, as in έπ-ειμι (εἰμί ενιπ), ἐπι-βαπείω; or motion, εκρ. in a hostile serne, as in ἐπι-χειρέω, ἐπι-στραπείω.

Τίπε, ἀρίετ, as in ἐπι-βιόω, ἐπι-βλαστάνω.

III. addition, accompaniment, as in ἐπί-κτητοι, ἐπ-αυ-λέω.

IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία intermarriage.

V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπί-τριτοι, one and a tbird, = 4.

VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἐπι-μάλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

Em, for Execut, it is there, ready, at hand.

δπ-lάλλω, f. -ιάλω: sor. -ίηλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass.

tenáhμενου, Ep. 2012. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι. ἐπι-ανδάνω, poēt. for ἐφανδ-, to please, gratify. ἐπι-ανώ, to sleep among.

έπ-ιάχω [d], to shout to, ebeer: to shout aloud. ἐπίβλ, for ἐπίβηθι, sor. 2 imperst. of ἐπιβαίνω, ἐπι-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a ladder or steps to ascend

by: a scaling-ladder: a gangway.

iπ(βαθρον, τό,(imβalve) a roceting-place, perel. IL (ἐπιβατή») a passenger's fare, Lat. naulum. łπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι : pf. -βέβηκα : soc. 2 łużβην: sor. I med. δνεβησάμην (Ion. 3 sing. δνεβήσετο, imperat. δνεβήσεο):

L. c. gen. so set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon. upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto; trubaireir eboeplas to take one's stand on piety. II. c. dat. to mount upon, get on board of:-also, to set upon, attack, as-III. c. acc. to light upon, Heply in-Balver, of gods descending upon it: simply, to go 2. to attack, like ἐπέρχομαι. 3. lmBabrur IV. absol. to step in lawor to mount a horse. forward or on, advance:—to get a footing.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, 20τ. I ἐπίβησα, to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω.

im-βάλλω, fut, -βάλω: aor. 2 -έβάλω: to tbrow or east upon: to put on: affin. 2. to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine. II. intrans., dwito add: to add to, increase. βάλλειν τινί (sub. έαυτόν), to throw oneself upon, go straight towards. 2. to fall upon: to attack. (sub. vouv), to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to; 201. 2 part. enisader, absol., soben be tbought on it. 4. to fall to one, come to one's sbare : τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέροs] one's proper portion ; also impers. it falls to one to do a thing. Med. to seize upon a thing, grasp at it. 2. to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself. incur. IV. Pass. to be placed upon; roform

ἐπιβεβλημένοι baving their arrows on the string. ἐπι-βἄρέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, βαρύε) to weigh heavily on. ἐπιβάε, aot. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω.

enflature, ear, η, (êπβαίνω) a stepping upon or upwards. 2. metaph. a step or approach knoweds a thing; els τινα ποιείσθαι ἐπίβασιν to make means of attacking one.

ἐπ-βάσκω, poët. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκέμεν vias 'Αχαιῶν to lead them into misery.

tm-βaστόζω, f. σω, to bear or weigh in the hand.

tm-βăτεύω, f. σω, to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp.

II. to be an lmβáτης, passengur or soldier. From

emβárns [ā], ou, å, (ἐπιβαίνω) one subo mounts or embarks; ol ἐπιβάτοι the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger. 2. the warrior in a charlot.

emβärbs, ή, br, (emβalre) that can be climbed, escessible.

έπίβδα, as, ή, the day after the festival, Lat. repetie:
—proverb., έρπειν προς τραχείων ἐπίβδαν το come to
a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast. (Dexiv.
uncertain.)

ἐπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνα.

ėπιβείομεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπ**βείνα.** ἐπι**βέμεναι,** Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπ**βείνα.**  u.

dar-βήσου, Ep. imperat. 201. 1 med. of dusβaires. dur-Bherere, Ep. for -erre, 3 sing. sor. I med. of der-

ėπι-βήτωρ, quos, ė, (ἐπιβαίνω) one mbo mounts. of male animals, e. g. a boar.

en-βιβάζω, £ -βιβάσω Att. -βιβά, Causal of in-

Babros, to put one upon.

tm-βίδα, f. -βιώσομα: 201. 2 treβlar:--to survive. to, regard. 3. to eye with every, Dat. invidere. l exificação, aros, τό, (επιβάλλω) that mbieb is thrown

en cr cour: a cour: a patch. ἐπιβλής, ήτος, δ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a bolt or bar fined in

or out a door. 

some upon, befall. in-βode, i. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσομαι :-- to call 2. to utter or sing upon or to, ery out to. 2 mioned. 3, to ery out against. · 4. to sall upon,

imoke; call to aid:—so also in Med. tenβοήθαι, ή, a belping, coming to wid, succour.

in-Bondie Ion. -Bulin, to come to aid, success. ότρια, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβοάω). a call-to one.

emβónros Iou. -βωτος, or, (ἐπιβαρίω) cried ent gainst, ill spoken of.

έπιβολή, ή, (ἐπιβάλλω) a throwing or putting en; έπβολαί πλίνθαν layers or courses of bricks, on infliction, penalty. III. a setting upon a thing,

an attempt, enterprise : a bostile attempt. έπι-βομβάφ, f. φσω, to roar in answer.

des-βόσκω, f. +βοσκήσω, to feed cattle upon :- Med. of cattle, to graze or feed upon.

im-Bouchhos, i, an over-combard, bardiman. ἐπιβούλουμα, ατοι, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) a plan against, a plot, attempt, scheme.

έπιβουλευτής, οθ, δ, one mbo plots against, a plotter. From

em-Bookebu, f. ou, to play or contrive against one; EmBoulebear bararder rure, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for, to aim at :- Pass, to have snares laid for one. Hence demβould, 4, a plan against another, a plot; if ins-Boulie by treachery.

ėπι-Bouλία, ή, ἐπιβουλή.

ėni-βουλος, αν, (ἐπί, βουλή) plotting against, treacherous.

en-βράθύνα, f. trû, to loiter at a place. em-βράχύ, Adv. for ent βραχύ, for a short subile.

en-βρέμω, to make to roar:—Med. to roar. intr. to roar or any out to.

em-βριθής, is, burdensome, grievous. From tur-Bolden, f. low [1], to be beauty upon, weigh IL metaph. to press beavily.

imβρίσααν, 3 pl. sor. I opt. of ἐπιβρίθα. έπι-βρόντητος, ον, = εμ-βρόνητος, ibunderstricken. dur-βρόω, f. όσω [v]; to burst forth, as water: of Sowers, to sprout, burst forth.

em-Bon, f. sow [9], to stop, cault tight.

im-βωθίω, Ion. for im-βοηθία.

έπι-βωμιο-στάτου, ε. ήσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, στέρου) το stand suppliant at the altar.

em-βάμιος, or, (επί, βωμός) on or at the altar.

emberous, Ion. fut. of emboom.

em-Buorpéu, Ion. and Dor. for empodes, to shout to, call upon, clamour for.

ent-Butos, Ion, for intelligence.

ėπ-βώτωρ, opoe, δ, an over-sbepberd, sbepberd.

ent-years, or, (ent, years, = yq) upon the earth; the estypia the parts on or near the ground.

έπι-γαμβρούω, f. σω, (έπί, γαμβρόο) to marry a a widow as ber busband's next of kin.

<del>ἐπι-γάμδω, Ε. –γαμέσω</del> Att. –γάμῶ:—to marry besides; terrapeir récros parpular to marry and set a stepmother over one's own children. Hence

en-γάμια, ή, an additional marriage. termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.

έπί-γόμος, ου, (ἐπί, γάμου) marriageable. ἐπι-γουρόομαι, Pass. to exult in.

ėmiy-Boumén, Ep. for ėmi-Boumén.

emytypappa, pf. pass. of traypapes.
thisyeses, or, (tri, yia = yii) on or of the earth.

en-γελάω, f. άσυμαι [ά], to laugh to or with, to

laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh. em-yepaipm, to give bonour to.

em-yeropas, Med to taste of.

έπιγηθέω, f. ήσω: pf. ἐπιγέγηθα:-- 40 rejoics or triumph over : to exult in.

έπι-γίγνομαι, fut.—γενήσομαι: 201. 2 -εγενόμην: pf. -yéyova or in pess. form -yeyévnyau :--to be born after; bapoe employeral bop the season of spring comes next; of engryvourses posterity; xpovou enperopéron as time mas going on. a. to come upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue upon : also to fall upon, attack. 3. to bat pen after, come to pass.

en-γιγνώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: act. 2 -έγνων: pf. -tyrawa:--to look upon, observe. IL to recognise: hence to find out, discover: to become emscious of, come to a sense of. III. to come to a judgment, decide.

em-yivones, emi-yivoones, Ion, and in late Gr. for

Extytyr...

**έπιγλωσσάσμαι Αττ. - ττέσμαι:** fut. ήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐπί, γλώσσα):—to went reproaches against, to upbraid.

em-yeapards, h, br, curved, twisted. From em-yvaparu, f. pa, to curve, bend. taph. to bow or bend another to one's purpose.

έπιγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγιγνώσκα. έπιγνούs, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

em-γνώμων, ονοε, δ, ή, (ἐπί, γνώμη) deciding upon: as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. pardoning.

έπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ίσω Att. tû, to make known, announce, signify.

entyveous, cas, ή, (επιγιγ: σκω) full knowledge. empressor, Ep. 3 pl. sor. 2 subj. of empressorm.

inlyovos, or, (in:γενέσθαι) born after: generally, offspring, posterity :-- of Enlyovor, the Afterborn, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes. emyouvidies, or, on, set upon the knee. From em-youvis, loos, ή, (em, γούνατος, Ion. gen. of γόνω): the region above the knee, the thigh.

έπιγράβδην, Adv. (ἐπιγράφω) scratching the surface, grazing.

έπίγραμμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιγράφω) απ inscription, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering. 2. an epigram, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.

ἐπιγράφεύς, έως, δ, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscriber: esp. at Athens a clerk who registered property, etc. II. έψιγράφη, ή, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscription.

at Athens, a registration of property.

έπι-γράφω f. φω; pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι; --to mark the surface, graze; ἐπιγράψαι κλήρον to II. later, to write upon, sut a mark on a lot. inscribe: - Pass., of the inscription, to be inscribed III. to enter in a public list or register: esp. at Athens, to register the citizens' property: i πγράφειν τίμημα to lay the damages at so much: -Med. to register oneself: but, προστάτην ἐπιγρά-Varbai to enter the name of a patron in the public register, as all pérousos at Athens were obliged to do. embypowes, or, somewhat booked: somewhat booknosed.

in-Balouce, Dep. (Int. Balo B) to distribute, offer. tur-baloros, ov. (tri, balo 3) assigned, allotted.

em-δακρύω, f. ύσω [θ], to weep over or for. exi-δaμos, or, Dor. for exi-δημος.

έπι-δαψίλεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to lavish upon a person, give freely.

embedopous, pf. 2 of empeyes.

envoche, ie, (imolopal) in want of: deficient: Att. neut. pl., imidea.

έπίδαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) a specimen : a pattern, example, lesson.

êm-Belehos, or, (êxi, Belhn) at, towards evening; ērιδείελα, neut. pl. as Adv., towards evening.

em-Belevoju and -vw, f. -belfw: aor. I -ébeifa Ion. -ldefa:-to exhibit as a specimen or pattern: to shew forth, display, parade:—Med. to display oneself, shew oneself off. 2. to shew, point out :--- to shew, prove, demonstrate. Hence

emberrunde, ή, όν, fit for display: emberrund λόγοι speeches for display, set orations, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.

entheir, sor. 2 inf. of excitor.

embelfa, sor. I inf. of embelerous.

enteris Ion. enteris, em, n, (enterinum) an embibition, display; is interest τινου απικέσθαι to come within one's view, to his knowledge.

pattern, example, Lat. specimen.

turbernotes, f. how, (taldernow) to eat after dinner. II. to eat as a second course, eat as a dains.

em-belavios, or, (est, belsvor) at or after dinner. tal-barrow, to, an after-meal, second course or des

em-dénotos,  $\eta$ , or, one and one tenth;  $1 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{16}$ . оле in ten, a tenth, tithe.

Ant-Benvior, or, (ini, beforeor) in or on the bed. im discos, or, from left to right, towards the right

used chiefly in neut. pl. ewidefea as Adv., which there fore also means auspiciously. 2. = defice, on th right hand; råmbefla the right side. II. of per sons, dexterous, skilful.

émi-8elus, Ion, for imidentes.

em-bencouse, Dep. to look upon, behold.

em-Beσμεύω, f. σω, (èπί, δεσμό») to bind up. έπι-δεσμός, δ, (ἐπί, δεσμός) a band, bandage.

ἐπιδοσμο-χἄρήε, έε, (ἐπίδεσμοε, χαίρω) bandage loving, epith. of gout.

em-bernole, f. orw, to be lord over.

êm-Beuffs, és, poët, and Ion, for êmbefs, in need o want of, lacking. II. lacking, failing in a thing, of gen., βίης ενιδευέες failing in strength: also a compa in sense, βίης έπιδευέες 'Οδυσήσε inferior to Ulysse in strength: absol, wolldo & emidendes finer for to weak were we. From

êm-Bevouat, poët, for êmbéouat (êmbéo B) to be : want of, to lack: to need the belp of. IL to i lacking in a thing, fail in it.

êm-Beva, f. ou, to moisten on the surface.

έπι-δέχομαι, f. foμαι, Dep. to admit besides or addition.

ėπι-δέω (A), f. –δήσω, to bind or fasten on. to bind up, bandage.

êπι-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want or lack so much o a number :-- impers. evidei, there is need of besides -Med. to be in want of, cf. embevoum.

inl-δηλος, or, quite evident, manifest: open. distinguished. II. like, resembling.

έπι-δημεύω, f. σω, to live among the people. From έπιδημέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίδημοε) to be at bonce, live o boms: to sojourn among people, stay at a place.

to come bome, from foreign travel. Hence

imonula, h, a staying at bome, stay at a place. in-δήμιος, ον, (ini, δήμοι) among the people: dwel ing at bome; πόλεμος έπιδήμιος civil war; έπιδήμι έμποροι native merchants. II. sojourning at place.

έπι-δημιουργοί, ῶν, οἰ, magistrates sent annually b Doric states to their colonies.

int-onus, or, - into puos, of the people, popular. ėm-Biaβalvo, fut. –βήσομαι, to cross over besidi or after another.

έπι-διαγιγνώσκα Ion. -γίνώσκα: fut. -γνώσκα –to debate or decide afresb.

im-Biaspie, f. how, to divide over again :- Med. several, to distribute among themselves.

ėm-διφπλέω, f. –πλεύσομαι, to sail across besides. έπνδιαρρήγνϋμι, f. -ρήξω, to tear asunder after:-Pass. to burst in consequence of a thing.

in-hardwapen, Med. to orders or command by see. eides.

êm-Başipopas, Pass. to go across after. êm-Basirum, f. fu, to teach besides.

to Blance, L - Bison, to give besides, give freely: to give with, give in downy. II. emilibóras tarthe tax to give oneself up or devote oneself to a thing. III. lutz. to increque, advance: also to improve, prosper. IV. Med., seode tribérussa let us give or take the gods as mitnesses; cf. repolidaya 11.

dur-Billagues, Dep. to seek or sak further; to seek for

or demand besides.

two-bindles, f. one, to adjudge to one :- Med. of the claiment, to see for a thing at law, lay claim to.

dur-Stedermos, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

em-Strin, f. fou, to mbiri or ming round, of one in act to throw :- Med. to turn over in one's mind. revolve:-Pass. to sebeel about, as birds in the air; *èmborgébre*, acc. I part. dual.

em-Brooklow, f. down to correct at set in order aftermarde.

èm-Bendolfu or -olfu, (èni, Bendoce) to redouble. tur-bispise, abor, \$, (tal, bispos) the rail in front of the chariot-board (biopos), the chariot-rail.

êm-Bippios, or, (èvi, dippos) sitting on the ear.

ent-Bixes, Adv. for ent bixa,

bur-blimes, f. fee, to pursue after: follow up:-as

legal term, to prosecute again. fur-Bonden, f. -Bondow and -Bofes, to extent.

en-soores, sor. s pl. nom. part. of enester; but

em-Bévres, of embloum.

eni-botos, or, (eni, bita) likely or expected to do a thing; dwillofes yerlates likely to prove so : of things, likely, probable. II. well-known, illustrious.

der-Bopmos, or, (dat, Bopmor) for or of the banquet. interest and above: a voluntary contribution to the state. IL increase, growth, progress.

embolius, embote, nor. 2 inf. and part, of em-

em-Bounta, f. how, to make a noise or clashing. emboxth, th, (emblyoun) reception of something new.

embodusty, sor. 2 inf. of emprice; emboduerny, 3 dual indic.

čandpopij, j. (čandpapedr) a ranning over. IL. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack. III. a place

for ships to run to, a landing-place. <del>dul-bours,</del> or, that may be run over or upon; rei-

you evideopor a wall that may be scaled. en-bin and -bive, f. tou, to go down or set upon. far-Saustu. I pl. sor. 2 med. stbl. of traditions.

ên-chév, part. of éncidor. dendices, fut. of dendicops.

truduna, 4, (trussée) likelibood, reasonable-II. fairness, elemency: also natural mild- off, assisting, governing. ment.

2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the latter of the law.

tor-duckes, or, - duckes, like.

en-aute, ie, (ent, elade) fitting, meet, suitable; de images as is most; by a images decises whatever [word] is meet for you to hear. II. in Att. fair. reasquable: also plausible: of persons, fair, hind, mo-2. opp. to distuse, not insisting on strict derate. iustice, equitable.

transfer to the fall of the fa that will never yield, unyielding; wirbos obu buseurir

unceasing woe.

transe los. lus, Adv. of transfe, fairly, tolerably, 2. probably, reasonably. moderately.

transfers, p. er. Ion. for toumbres, pl. part. past. of Interven.

durardueros, Ion. 201. I part. of frame (ein 80). treloques, Ion. fut. of trum (also ibo).

ėm-Ouropas, pošt. for ėmismopas. Hen ent-educate, or, to be boped or expected.

dur-broup, Ion. for de-broup acr. I duf-con En. ini-eora : pl. pess. ini-eopas or ini-espas :-- to put on besides or over :- Pass., Ion. pf. part. Imageleos diwho, draidship clad in strongth, shamelessness; xaxedo devidence (3 sing. pl.) it was occurred in brass, bad brass upon it :-- Med. to put on oneself besides : generally, to cover or abroad eneralf in.

émicrouper, I pl. nor. I of émicrom.

duriorat, 3 sing. pf. pass. of duriervous. turitole, - tusagie.

en-labelos, or, (eri, capelos from (a- intens.) vebement, violent:—Adv. êmçapexão (as is from êm-(apexhe), velomently, furiously.

em-Law, f. — Thow, to outline, survive.

em-Lebyrous and wise, L. - Leifer, to join or fasten at top: generally, to tie together, bind fast. yole to.

em-lectopios, or, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

tru-Lie, f. - Ctow, to boil up or over; if rebras totζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over. to make to boil, beat.

in-ζηλος, or, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous. em-thuos, or, (est, taple) bringing loss or penalty upon, burtful. II. liable to punishment. Hence em-typuber, f. wow, to punish.

two-Larto, i. how, to seek for, seek after, find wanting: to beat for game; of enigroveres the beaters.

en-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. erecooneros, with their cloaks girt up.

en-Law, Ion. for englass.

**ἐπίηλα**, 201. Ι οξ ἐπιάλλα.

en lau, Ion. for ephyu.

έπυηνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφανδάνα.

int-noa, ra, (int, hoa) things acceptable, pleasing gifts.

em-ipavos, av, (trippa) pleasing. II. warding

δαίπρος, or, only in neut. pl. ἐπίπρα, q. v. ἐπι-θελάμως, or, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) belonging to a bridal, περίια!; τὸ ἐπιθαλάμωσ (επὸ. μάλος), the περεία! song, epithalamium, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.

έπι-θάλασσίδιος Att. --ττίδιος, στ, = εq. ἐπι-θάλάσσιος Att. --ττιος, α, στ, (ἐπί, θάλασσα)

lying on the sea-shore, maritime. em-bavárros, or, (ení, báraros) condemned to death.

tan-θάνδιτος, or, siek to death, like to die. tan-θαρσύνω Att. -θαρρύνω, f. brû, to cheer on.

in-Cauudle, f. ou, to pay respect to, to compliment with a fee (Lat. bonorarium).

tm-bediù, f. áou, (tm, beds) to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure. Hence

investing, δ, an appeal to the gods, adjuration. in-velop, –θelvas, acr. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτίθημ. investe, –θείσα, acr. 2 part. of ἐπιτίθημ.

- ἐπι-θεῖτε, for -θείητε, 3 pl. 201. 3 opt. of ἐπιτίθημι.

in departure, f. ou, to court or serve studiously: to swork zealously for.

two-des, -derw, acr. 2 imperat. of emiraly-

interes, ese, t, (irribym) a laying on, imposition. II. (from Mod.) a setting upon, attack. im-bernize, i. ou, to prophesy upon.

emberuche, 4, br, (entribenal) ready to attack : entertrising.

lal-Beros, or, (laιτίθημ) added, annened: farfetebed, foreign. IL sa Subst., laiθετον, τό, an spithet.

turbin, f.-Deboopar, to run upon ot at: to run after, chase, pursue.

imblum, i, (imrlθημ) an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.

ent-baua, aros, τό, (ξαιτίθημι) anything put cn, a cover, lid.

in-bodie, f. on, to sit as 2 suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. bodies.

έπιθορείν, acr. 2 inf. of ἐπιθρώσκω.

έπιθορύβόω, ε ήσω, to about in token of approvalεπιθράσσω Att. - ττω, contra for επιταράσσω.

im-spain, f. ou, to break besides. imspifas, nor. I part. of intepixu.

dur θρώστω, f.-θοροῦμαι: 20t. 2 interprete to spring or loap upon, c. gen.; c. dat. to insult over: absol., τόσσον ἐπιθρώσκουσι 20 fax do they bound.

ent-θθμέω, f. ήσω, (επί, θυμό») to set one's beart upon

a thing, lust after, desire eagerly. Hence embiguous, aros, ró, the object of desire; and embiguous, cas, \$\daggeq\$, a longing desire; and

emsunthe, οθ, δ, one who desires: a lover; and emsunther the first on the first of the first one for 
tmθθμία, ή, (ἐπθυμέω) a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.

in-θυμίαμα, ατοε, τό, an incense-offering : from in-θυμάω, i. άσω [d], to offer incense. in-τθύνω, to aim straight at : to direct, govern. ent-Ove, L.—Osow [V], to offer sacrifice upon on after: —to offer sacrifice, offer.

êm-δύω, f. - δύσω [θ], to rest eagerly at. 2. c. inf to strive vetemently to do, desire at long to do, (ν δύω Β.)

im-busingopai, Med. to put on one's armour.

in-toper, eros, o, - intorno.

im-tζομαι, Ion. for ἐφέζομαι.

in-torup, opes, 8, 4, acquainted with knowing.

im-καθίζομαι, f. —εδοθμαι, Pass. to sit down wpon. im-κάθημαι Ion. —κάτημαι, to sit upon: to pres upon, be beavy upon. IL to sit down against:

place, besiege it.

- tm-scolle, f. low, so set upon. II. intr. so est upon
- tn-scoute, f. wow, to innovate upon.

tur-valpros, or, (tal, surpos) in due scason, season able, opportune: important, critical; of turnalpros to chief persons.

twi-waipos, ov, = twinalpioes a gen. fit, proper, con venient for a thing.

em natu Att. - nau: f. notow: -to light or hindle on a place: to burn on an altar.

to call in addition, give a surname to:—Pass, to be call in addition, give a surname to:—Pass, to be called by surname.

III. to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge.

IV. Med. to cal to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to

eballenge, Lat. provocare.

3. 12 summon before one truck human, aros, 76, a croser, covering: a sell cloak, means of biding. From

п

em-kakúmra, f. pa, to sover 2.0, chrová, bide.
to put over. Hence

invalue, ear, t, a covering, conceal next.

emucaμπή, ή, (emucaμπτω) a bend: the angle of the building; emucaμπήν ποιείσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.

imaputes, is, curved, curling. From

em-κόμπτω, f. ψω, to bend into an angle:—Pass to wheel round the winge, so as to take the enemy is flenk.

ten-maya Wos, or, bent forward.

eni-nup, (eni. napa) Adv. bead-foremost.

den-edporos, x, or, (drivap) properly on the head bead forward.

II. opp. to δρθιος, crosswise, a an angle; rd knuckpria the country measured along the coast, opp. to rd krole (measured inwards at right angles to the coast): c. gen., τριήρειε τοῦ Πώτου δυικόρσια triremes for ming an angle with the current of the Pontus.

lar-naraβalva, f. -βforuar, to go down to or spon
a place. IL to go down after or against.

έπ-καταβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to let fall down. ἐπ-κατάγω, to bring down to land besides :-- Pass

to come to land with or afterwards.

em-karabapbáve, f. –bapbhropet : 202. 2 –bbapbar

-to fall asleep at or upon.

in-Katakhija, f. - bow, to overflow besides, in-катакоцийоная, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place. έπ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -ληψομαι, to catch up, overtake. ext-karautve, f. - perû, to stay yet longer. in-karaninto, f. –necoù par, to throu oneself upon.

in-karápáros, or, yet more accursed.

in-manappenties and -re, to throw down after or

ini-karao dale and - Tre, f. fee, to slay upon or over. en-carabeilouas, Dep. to tell lies in addition. έπικατίδαρθου, 201. 2 of ἐπιματαδαρθάνω,

em-mareibov, inf. -saribeir, 201. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. albor.

in-materia, inf. -materia, to go down upon or into. in-cariye, f. - ravite, to detain still.

eni-kautos, or. (Enicales) burnt at the end. Lat. praeustus.

ent-rae, Att. for ent-rales. [a]

eni-kennan, inf. - keiobat, serving as Pass. of entiθημι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie closed. over against; al emmelueval rhoot the islands off the , to bang over, impend. II. to press III. of beavily upon: to press upon, be urgent.

IV. to bave penalties, to be laid on, imposed. OR ONE.

èzi-κείρω, t. – κερώ Ep. – κέρσω: — to cut down, mow II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.

έπικεκλόμην, 201. 2 οξ ξπιπέλομαι. emucachuiévos, pf. part. pass. of emikhira.

έπι-κελάδέω, f. ήσω, to shout in applause, to cheer.

exuseres, eas, h, cheering, exhortation. em-kelevo, also in Med. em-kelevopar, to exbort and encourage, cheer on.

έπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλσω: aor. I ἐπέκελσα:--to run aground or asbore, of ships. 2. intrans. to come

to land, come asbore. tar-kellomas, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.

ter-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur

έπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [d]: 201. Ι ἐπεκέράσα Ερ. -έκρησα:—to min in, pour in again.

en-κέρδια, ων, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδοι) profit on traffic. επι-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to jest at, insult, teaze. entereardan, Ion. 201. 2 impl. of equareo par.

ent-κεύθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικεύσω Ι will not bide it from thee

enterposes, or, (ent, khoos) of or at a burial.

Enternouncia, h, (entenponevo par) the sending a herald or embassy to treat for peace.

Exempineupa, aros, to, a message or demand by berald. From

ém-empinevoual, Dep. to send a message by a berald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.

Emu-senρύσσω Att. - ττω; f. ξω:--to announce, proclaim; αργύριον επικηρύσσειν τινί οι επί τινι to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.

ξπι-κιδνημι, to spread over: - Pass. επικίδυάμαι, to to sbare in common with.

be extended, spread over; boor t' invibratas his far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres. tur-ulvouvos, or, in danger, precarious, insecure. II.

dangerous. Adv. - ross. em-kipynus poet and Ion, for emergaryous.

int-addies, i. -addyfes, to send forth a sound is anesser.

łπ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω: f. -κλαύσομαι:-- to weep upon or responsively. Hence

ėπίκλαυτος, αν, tearful.

im-nλάω, f. άσω [a], to bend towards:-Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. frangi animo.

en-khao, Att. for enekale. [a] em-nache, és, (èni, naéos) famous.

im-κλείω (Λ), f. –κλείσω, to abut up, close.

êm-nhaim (B), (êxi, nhêos) to entol or praise the more.

in-klytte contr. -klyte, Ion, for in-kless (B). έπίκλημα, ατος, τό, (έπικαλίω) an accusation.

int-kiny, Adv. (intraster) by surname or name. ent-κληρος, or, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst,

ἐπίκληρος, ή, an only daughter and beiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.

έπι-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot.

talkλησις, τως, ή, (trinaλto) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name: -- absol. acc. enlklyour by surname, by name; but also in name only, II. a reproach, imputation. nominally.

ininhatos, or, (ininahiw) called upon, called in as 2. specially summoned allies

ent-extropout, nor. 2 inf. pass. of enextra.

inuklivhe, is, (inuklivifrai) sloping, slanting.

ent-khirtpor, to, a thing to lean on: a couch, armebair. From

έπι-κλίνω [ί]: f. -κλίνω: pf. pass. -κέκλίμαι:--to lay upon so as to fit:—Pass, to be put to; ETIKEKAIpéras caribes closed doors. II. to bend towards: -Pass, to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπικεκλιμένοε sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to lie over agains 2, to recline at table.

tm-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to stir up to commotion.

łul-κλοπος, ον, (łul, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐτίκλοτοι μύθον cunning in speech. ėπι-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to

overwhelm, ruin. Hence

ininduous, eas, h. an overflow, flood,

em-κλύω, to listen to, bear.

έπι-κλώθω, f. ώσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates: -so also in Med.

έπι-κνάμπτω, Att. for έπι-γνάμπτω

int-kvdes, inf. - kvfiv, to scrape or grate upon a thing. έπ-ικνέομαι, Ion. for έφ-ικνέομαι.

έπι-κοιμάσμαι, Pass. with fut. med. - ήσομαι, to fall asleeb over.

έπί-κοινος, αν, (ἐπί, κοινόε) common to many, promiscuous: neut, pl. exikora as Adv. in common.

em-kolvovém, f. how, to communicate with.

em-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast besides, add boastingly: | to boast or exult in a thing.

em-κομπέω, f. how, to add boastingly: to boast of. enikoπos, or, (επικόπτω) cut short, lopped.

em-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:-Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat.

έπικός, ή, όν, (έπος) Epic, of Epic poetry; οἱ ἐπικοί the epic poets.

έπι-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to adorn with: to celebrate.

ent-koros, or, angry, vengeful: málicious, malignant. Έπικούρειος, ου, ό, (Επίκουροε) απ Ερίευτεαπ, α fellower of the sect of Epicurus.

έπικουρέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίκουροε) to come to aid, to belp in war: generally, to belp at need; c. dat. rei, νόσοιε ἐπικουρείν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρείν TIVE TO keep off from one. Hence

έπικούρημα, ατοι, τό, belp, protection; and

έπικούρησιε, εωε, ή, aid, protection.

έπικουρία, ή, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against, aid, succour. assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

έπικουρικός, ή, ον, auxiliary, allied.

έπί-κουρος, ον, (ἐπί, κούρος) belping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally: -- of enthoupor the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

em-κουφίζω, f. low Att. iw, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. U. to lift up, support. 2. metaph.

to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to buff up, elate. em-κράζω, f. εω, to shout to or at.

έπι-κραίνω Ερ. -κραιαίνω: f. -κράνω: aor: I έπέκς ava Ep. - έκρηνα, - εκρήηνα: - to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil; νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήηνον ἐέλδωρ grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to acbieve, effect.

ěπί-κράνον, τό, (ἐπί, κράνον) a covering for the bead, II. the capital of a column. a bead-dress.

ἐπικράτεια, ή, (ἐπικράτήε) mastery, dominion. a government, dominion, province.

έπι-κράτέω, f. ήσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to bave power. . . 2. to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.: - absol. to prevail, conquer.

έπικρατίως, overoearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπι-κράτής, ές, (ἐπί, κράτος) baving control or mastery over a thing: Comp. exemparéatepos, superior. έπικράτησιε, εωε, ή, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest.

em-κρεμάννυμι and -ύω: f. -κρεμάσω [α] Att. κρεμω:-to bang over, cause to impend:-Pass. to overbang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

έπι-κρεμής, έε, (έπικρεμάννυμι) overbanging. έπικρήηνον, Εp. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραίνω. emurphysis, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I opt. of emurpalyω. έπικρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of έπικεράννυμι.

ěπι-κρίνω, f. -κρϊνώ, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

έπ-ίκριον, τό, (ἐπί, ἴκριον) the sailyard upon a ship's mest.

enveronte, f. fow, to rattle on or overèni-кротов, от, trodden bard, beaten. em-spouw, f. ow, to bammer upon or in.

strike or smite upon.

έπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: 201. 2 –έκρῦφον:—**to 2010 ω** 6 covering over :- Med. to disguise :- Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

έπί-κρύφος, ov, bidden, secret.

em-spage, f. ou, to caw or croak at one.

έπι-κτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain, win besides; έπικτασθαι άρχην to gain additional territory.

em-ereive, f. –ereve, to kill besides; emereived to θανόντα to slay the slain anew.

ἐπίκτησιε, εωε, ἡ, (ἐπικτάομαι) fresb gain.

entergros, or, (επικτάομαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γῆ acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife; ἐπίκτητω φίλοι newly acquired friends.

ἐπι-κτύπέω, f.ήσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῦν τοῦν ποδοῦν to stamp with the feet: to resound with. ėπι-κύδης, ές, (ἐπί, κύδος) glorious: brilliant.

έπικύτσκω, to impregnate again :- Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

ėπν-κυκλέω, f. ήσω, to come round in turn to.

έπι-κύλινδέω, f. -κυλίσω [l]: 201. I -∈κύλΙσα:--Pass., aor. I -εκυλίσθην:--to roll down upon.

im-kupalves, to flow in waves over.

eπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop clows. ἐπι-κυρέω and -κύρω; f. -κυρήσω and -κύρσω: 201. I –εκύρησα and –έκυρσα: to fall or light wpon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in. ėπι-κυρόω, f. ωσω, (ἐπί, κύροε) to confirm, ratify: to

determine. έπικύρσα**s**, 20r. Ι part. of έπικυρέω.

ent-ruptos, ov. (est. ruptus) bumpbacked. Hence

env-κυρτόω, f. ωσω, to bend forward. έπι-κυψέλιος, ον, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bises.

ະພະເພດບອດ, f. ນ້ອນ [ປັ], to lament over.

έπικώλυσιε, εωε, ή, a binderance. From

en-κωλύω, f. ύσω [v], to binder, keep in check.

έπι-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to make a riotous assault upon έπι-κώμιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, κῶμος) of or for a festal procession. 2. laudatory.

ent-κωπος, ον, (ent, κώπη) at the oar, a rosser. of a weapon, up to the very bilt.

έπιλαβέσθαι, 201. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάσαι. ἐπιλἄβή, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping:

a bandle. ἐπιλἄβόμενος, 201. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

łπι-λαγχάνω, f. –λήξομαι, to receive by lot after-II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards. em-λάζυμαι, Dep. to lay bold of, bold tight. έπλαθέσθαι, έπλάθωμαι, 201. 2 med, inf. and sub). of ἐπιλανθάνω.

έπι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: 20τ. 2 ἐπέλἄβον: pf. -ώληφα:—to lay bold of, seize, attack. take, interrupt; γυκτός ξπιλαβούσης το έργον.

A. to seize and stop; to attain to, reach, over-live

έπλαμβάνειν τῆς δπίσω όδοῦ to binder from getting back. II. metaph., πολὸν χῶρον ἐπιλαβεῖν to gư ουεr much ground. B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπιλημμαι, to bold oneself on by, lay bold of; ἐπιλαμβάνεν προφάσιοε to lay bold of a pretext. 2. to attack:—to seize upon, arrest:—to get possession of, obtain: to come up to, reach. Hence

επίλαμπτος, or, Ion. for έπίληστος, caught, detected. έπιλάμπω, f. ψω, to shine after or upon; έπιλαμ-

tágys huipas when day bad dawned.

έπι-λανθάνω, 20τ. 2 ἐπέλδθον, 10 escape notice, be bidden. II. ἐπιληθάνω, f. –λήσω: 20τ. I –ἐλησα: Causal, to make to forget. III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομα, μιτ. –λήσομα, with pf. 2 act. –λέληθα, 2nd pf. pass. –λέλησμα, to forget; ὀφείλων ἐπιλέληθα I forgot that I owed:—Pass., 20τ. I –ελήσθην, to be forgotten.

ėmi-laone, ewe, n. Dor. for ėmilnous.

en-healve, f. -λedre, to smoothe over; acr. I part, enhering the Effect γνώμην baving smoothed over the opinion of Xer-s, i.e. making it plausible.

tan-λέγω, f. ξω, to say in addition, to add further.

2. to call by name.

II. to choose, pick out, select: so also in Med. :—Pass., ἐπιλελεγμένοι or ἐνειλε·μένοι -bosen men.

III. in Med. also, to read.

2. to think over, consider.

έπι-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over.
ἐπι-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐπέλῖπου: pf. τιλέλοιπα:
Pass., 3 ε̄πg. plapf. ἐπελάλειπτο:—to leave bebind
cne.
II. to fail one, like Lat. deficere; υδωρ μυ
ἐπέλιπε the water failed him; ἐπιλείπει με δ χρόνος
time fails me: of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ρέεδρον, to
bave their stream failing, to be dried up; and so
without βέεδρον, to fail: absol. to fail, lack, be vant-

ing. Hence - h, failure, lack.

Eπίλεκτος, or, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked; ol ἐπίλεκτοι picked soldiers.

έπλέλησμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιλανθάνω. ἐπι-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel, strip of its bark. ἐπι-λεύσσω, to look towards, see before one.

έπι-ληθάνω, see έπιλανθάνω 11. έπίληθος, ον, (έπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness.

έπίληθος, ον, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgelfulness. ἐπι-λήθομαι, poët. for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, to forget.

έπι-ληΐε, ίδοε, ή, (ἐπί, λεία) obtained as plunder. ἐπι-ληκέω, f. ήσω, to sbout in applause.

em-Ansee, i. now, to shoul in applause.
em-Anvios, ov, (eni, Anvis) of a winebre... or the
sintage.

ἐπίληπτος, ον, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected. ἐπίλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness. ἐπιλησμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

έπιλησμων, or, gen. ovos. (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetful, baving a bad memory:—Comp. ἐπιλησμονέστερος: irreg. Sup. ἐπιλησμότατος.

έπλήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

enthritis, cos, ή, (επλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.

im-λίγδην, Adv. grazing, scratching.

έπι-λιμνάζομαι, Pass. to be flooded.

έπι-λίνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπί, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.

έπ-ιλλίζω, (ἐπί, ἵλλοε, ο wink with the eyes, to

make signs by winking.

έπι-λογίζομαι: fut. ίσομαι Att. ἴοῦμαι: 20τ. 1 - ελογισάμην and - ελογίσθην: pf. - λελόγισμαι: Dep.: to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of. ἐπίλογος, δ, (ἐπιλέγω) a conclusion, inference. II.

the concluding speech of a play, spilogue: the peroration of a speech.

έπί-λογχος, ον, (ἐπί, λόγχη) barbed.

έπίλουπος, ον, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.

ἐπί-λουτρον, τό, the price of a bath.

im-λθπέω, f. ήσω, to trouble, grieve besides. Hence έπιλθπία, ή, trouble, grief.

ἐπί-λῦπος, ον, (ἐπί, λύπη) troubled, grieved. ἐπίλῦσις, εωε, ἡ, (ἐπιλύω) a release.

έπι-λύω, f. νσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release. 2. to solve, explain.

έπι-λωβεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, λώβη) to mock at.

έπι-μάζιος, ον, (ἐπί, μαζύε) at the breast.

em-μαίνομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 -εμάνην [d], aor. 1 med. -εμηνάμην, pf. act. -μέμηνα:---to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.

ém-μαίομαι, fut. -μάσομαι Ep. -μάσσομαι: Ep. aor. 1. -εμασσάμην: Dep.:—to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at. also to touch? feel.

έπι-μάλλον, Adv. for έπὶ μάλλον, still more. 
ἐπιμανδάλωτόν, τό, (ἐπί, μανδαλωτόε) a wanton kiss. 
ἐπι-μανθάνω, f. -μάθήσομαι, to learn besides or after. 
ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness or depose to 
a thing. Hence

έπιμαρτύρία, ή, a witness, testimony

in-paprisopas, Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol. to call vitnesses, call in evidence. 2. to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lati obtestari. 3. to declare before witnesses. Hence

έπι-μάρτυρος, δ, a witness to anything. έπι-μάρτυς, gen. --υρος, δ, = ἐπιμάρτυρος.

επομάσσομαι, Ερ. fut. of ἐπιμαίομαι.

έπι-μάσσω, f. εω, to knead again: - Med. to stroke.

έπι-μαστίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, μαστόε) at the breast. ἐπίμαστος, ον, (ἐπιμαίομαι) seeking after or for.

έπιμαστος, or, (έπιμαίομαι) seeking after or for. ἐπιμάχέω, f. ήσω. (ἐπίμαχος) to fight for one. Hence ἐπιμάχία, ή, a defensive alliance.

ent-uaxos, or, (est, paxopal) that may easily be attacked, assailable, open to attack.

acrea, assailable, open to attacr. έπιμειδιάω, f. άσω [ā], and **-μειδάω, f. ήσω:—to** 

smite at or upon,

έπιμείναι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιμένω.

έπιμέλεια, ή, (ἐπιμελήε) care, attention, diligence; ἐπιμέλεια rivos attention paid to a thing.

έπι-μελέομαι and έπι-μέλομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -μελήσομαι, 201 Ι -εμελησάμην; also with fut. pass. -μεληθήσομαι, 201 Ι -εμελήθην: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):-- to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, sultivate, c. gen.; also c. acc. et inf. to take eare that. Henco

expense, area, to, an object of ears, a ears.

em-μελήα, es, (kri, μέλομαι) caring for, anxious about : absol, eareful, attentive. II. pass. eared for, an object of eare: esp. in neut.. as, ἐπιμελὲε τῷ Κύρφ δγάνετο it was a care to Cyrus; δειμελέε μοί έστι I have to eare for it; τὸ ἐσιμελέε τοῦ δρωμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

έπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of έπιμελέσμαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

empedaths. ou, o, (empedeopai) one who is in sbarge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

έπι-μέλομαι, Dep. - ἐπιμελέομαι.

in-parm, f. to, to sing to.

impalies, Adv. of impalies, carefully. emperation, pf. pass. of emperorates.

dur-uduova, Ion. and poët. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

em-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

enqueptre, con, f, blame, complaint.

turpevo, fut. -perû: sor. I tutpera:-to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. scc.

em-perantipropal, Med. to send for besides, send

for a reinforcement.

en-perpen, f. how, to measure out to, assign to:-Pass., & emperpouneros siros the corn measured IL to measure out or pay in addition.

exi-perpor. To, something added to the measure, excess.

έπι-μήθομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Eπι-μηθεύε, έων, δ, (ἐπί, μηθος) Epimetheus, i. c. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought. em-μηθής, έε, (ἐπί, μῆδοε)-thoughtful,

Έπι-μηλίδες, ίδεν, al, (ἐπί, μήλα) Nymphs protec-

tors of flocks.

em-univos, or, (est, why) monthly: to escutive (sub. lepá) montbly offerings.

en-unvio, f. iou [1], to be angry at or with.

en-μηχανάσμαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions. II. to devise besides.

em-μήχανος, or, (em, μηχανή) craftily devising; sassar επιμή γανος έργαν contriver of ill deeds.

em-μίγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -μίξω:--to min in or with :- Pass. eschiyvopac, to mingle with, to have intercourse of dealings with.

in-muhrhous. i. - muhro, to put in mind of. II. Pass. and Mod. eri-pupohoropai, fut. - pohoopai and -μνησθήσομαι; 201. Ι - εμνησάμην and - εμνήσθην: -to remember, recall to mind, think of . Excurnacipeda χάρμης let us think of battle. II. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

dat-pipes, post. for imperes.

emult, Adv. (employupe) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ėπιμι<u>ξ</u>ία Ion. –lη, (ἐπιμίγνῦμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

હેમાં-માફાર, લાક, જે, – હેમા*માફાં*ત.

έπι-μίσγω, poet, and Ion. for έπι-μίγνυμι, to base dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

έπιμνάομαι, -μνώμαι, Ιου. for ἐπιμινήσπομαι. έπιμνησαίμεθα, I pl. sor, I opt. med. of ἐπιμιμνήσεω. έπιμνησθείς, aor. I part. pass. of έπιμιρνήσκω.

έπι-μοιχεύω, î. σω, to commit adultery besides. έπι-μολείν, zor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλώσκω. Hence

ini-μολοε, ον, approaching, invading. ἐπτμομφή, ή, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproacb. ἐπίμομφος, ον, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlücky.

έπιμονή, ή, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on : delay. łπι-μύζω, ί. fw, to mutter ot murmur at.

im-uistos, or, (ini, uistos) coming after the story τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

έπί-μυκτος, ον, (έπιμύζω) seoffed at.

έπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, - έπιμύζω, to mutter. en-μύω, f. -μύσω [v], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

im-uchaopar Ion. -iopar, Dep. to find fault with. Hence

έπιμωμητός, ή, όν, blamewortby, blameable.

ini-pupos, or, blamed, blameworthy. έπι-μώσμαι, Dor. for έπιμαίσμαι.

έπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for ἐπινήχομαι.

int-velor -6 (int. vaus) a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

έπι-νέμω, .ut. -νεμώ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένειμα: –to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle to graze on another's land :- Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πυρ επινέμεται το doτυ the fire spreads over the town; so, i vivos evereinaro res 'Abipras.

emineryopières, pl. part. pass, of eminées.

em-veropuu, fut. of emrée.

im-vevu, f. ou: 201. I -iveuou:—to nod forwards. II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding. III. to ineline to or towards.

έπι-νέφελος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast. int-vedpilios, or, (iri, respos) upon the hidneys. in-vie (A), f. rhow, to spin to, usp. of the Fates. im-vio (B), - incorpio, to load with a thing: pi

part. pass., estrevnouéros piled up with. int-view (C), f. -vevoopai, to swim, float on the top.

em-vhios, or, (exl. ravs) on board ship. έπι-νηνέω, (έπί, νέω) to beap or pile upon.

em-vhow, to be sober at or for.

έπι-νήχομαι, £ -νήξομαι, Dep. to main mich : 🔈 come to the top, float on the surface. s. In contact to or over to.

IL. as

in viscos, or, (iti, visq) of victory.

Subst. vo describer or (sub. deput or place), a song of | der-colora, fi, part. pres. fem. of deput (alm ido), the victory, triumphal song or ode. V feast in bonour of a victory.

trivinos, or, - trivinite.

turvisopa, fut. -visopa, to go over: some upon.

envious, to mean upon. [vi]

em-volue, f. fow: acr. I twerbyou, but also with acr. I pass. Everofthy in same sense :-- to think on or of, contrive. 2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol. to form a plan, design. Hence

enivous, h, a thinking of or over a thing, thought: tower of thought, inventiveness. s.'a purpose, de-

II. after-thought.

extrosces. Dor. 1 pl. impl. of whee.

emvoquia, ή, (ἐπιτέμόμαι) a grazing on shother's hads: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.

entropes, or, (enrepoper) dwelling in the country. en-vourtos, ov, (est, rot) by night, nightly.

έπι νυμφίδιος, ον (έπί, νύμφα) of or for a bride, bridal. der-vocom Att. – rru, f. fu, to prick on the surface. tar-vertage, f. ou and for to drop aslesp over.

en vunde, f. how, to bring or apply to.

distribute, assign.

in veribos, or, (in, rêror) on the back.

in-verte, i. ou, (in, veror) to put on the back of, to open with.

em-vierces, or, (ini, raror) on the back.

inclining to yellow, towny, of hares. em-Eurou, f. wow, Ion, and poet, for emferou.

tu-ferbu, f. wow, (tal, féros) to entertain as a guest: -Pass. to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med., luferol par raira I claim these offices as a stranger.

tur-tie, f. -fére, to scrape on the surface. eni favov, ro, (eni, sproe) a chopping-block, like

emmineuros: the executioner's block.

ent-Euros, or, post. for trinocros, common to many; entrope apoupa a common field, i. e. in which many perse us have rights.

em strees, (tal, otros) at or over wine.

en-unoyorium, f. out to pour out soine for.

ERLOY, BOT. 2 OF THE

durburns, ou, o, post. for endurns,

emopales, f. how: 201. I emapenou: (enlopros):to sever falsely, forstoear oneself, apos daluovoe by a deity; τα βασιληίας Ιστίας Επιορκείν to swear falsely by the royal hearth. Hence

emopula, 4, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.

eni-opeos, or, (eni, opeos) swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; enlopnor derives to swear falsely; also, enlopeer enourises to swear a bootless oatb.

in-operation, 1, - imapela.

em-borogen, Dep. (ent, bose) to base before one's eyes, foresee.

ent-oupes, o, (ent, olipes) a watcher, guard: c. dat., Kohry entouse guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen., tur islames shif swine-berd.

2. (sub. θύμα), a coming day (sub. ήμέρα). Hence

emoveros, or, for the coming day, sufficient for the day: tracocios doros daily bread.

en-separa, post. for endpoper.

łwi-wuγχϋ, Adv. entirely, altogether.

im-walke, to brandish at or against.

in-waner, or, gen. oros, (int, virales pl. of theμαι) Dot. for ἐτίκληροε, falling to one's sbare.

but-way, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the average.

turnaperte, to best ut besides.

in-taparperista, f. ou, to prepare besides:-- Med. to provide oneself with besides.

em-wapaus, inf. -efras, to be present at or mear, to be present besides or in addition to.

im-rapan, inf. -ilrai, to come upon in flank, to march alongside of. II. to come on to assist. to come forward to speak.

èm-пассы Atl. -тты: fut. -racu [d]:-to sprinkle

upon or ower. Hence

ent-magnos, or, sprinkled on or over:--- to entragrav a kind of cake with comfits upon it: also a plaster. en-nurayen, f. how, to make a noise at.

eni-nedos, or, (eni, nédor) on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat; by trivilly on a level:irreg. Comp. emmedéarepos.

envuelbis, is, obedient, compliant. From

em-meloquas, f. -meloquas, Pass. to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.

ent-miloual, Dep. (ini, mile) to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. 201. 2 part., entraduevor fros the coming year.

int-weithtos, or, containing I and 1-4; Barespa intropartor a loan at the rate of 1 of the principal, or 20 per cent.

ėπι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send after or again. 2. of the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon. II. to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence

inimulus, cos, h, a sending to a place.

entremental pl. of entreme

in winder, pf. of include.

ent-merkale, to begin to turn dark, of grapes tipen-

Ent-wepkvos, ov, somewhat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.

emmeroupat, fat. med. of emmisses.

entreceso, oboa, not. 2 part. of entrem. im-merávvoju, f. -merásus, to spread over.

en-nérapai or -néropai, only found in 201. 2 èseπτάμην ος ἐποπτόμην: Dep.:—to fly over: metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.

int-whyvous and -we, f. -whfee, to fix upon. to make to freeze at top:—Pass. to congeal.

ent-undan, f. haopat, to spring upon, rush at. interpret, v, (inf., nhxus) above the elbow.

in-milio, i. ou, to press upon.

dur-marthau, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to

approach, come near.

ten-niumλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing.

ten-nive, f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα: 201. 2 - έπιον ;--
to drink afterwards or besides: to tope after dinner.

- επιπτω, f. - πεσούμαι; pf. - πέπτωκα: aor. 2
- έπεσον: - to fall upon: also in hostile sense, to fall

upon, attack: of accidents, to befall one.
ἐπιπλα (contr. from ἐπίπλοα), τά, implements, fur-

initure, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. supelles.

in-πλάζω, t. -πλάγξω, to make to wander over, to drive about:—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάγξομα: soc.

1 pass. ἐπιπλάγχθην, to wander about over.

έπιπλάσας, 201. I part. of ἐπιπλάσσω.

έπίπλαστος, or, plastered over :—feigned, false. ἐπιπλαγχθείε, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζει.

em-masiov, Adv. - emmasor.

int-nheues, or, Ep. for ininhees.

in-nλίκω, f. ξω, to plait into a chaplet.

en-πλέον, Adv., for ent πλέον, will more.

dul-πλeos, α, αν, Att. dulπλeos, αν, (dul, πλeos) quite full of a thing.

entimherous, eas, η, a sailing against; επιπλευσιν έχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have

the weather gage. From

em-mλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι ? Ion. emmλώω, f. -πλώσω: Ep. nor. 2 en embar, part. emmλώ :-- to sail upon or over: to float upon.

II. to sail against, to attack each a float.

III. to sail on board a ship: to sail on board a ship: to sail unito or in charge of.

int-macus, ar, Att. for inimacos.

έπι-πληρόω, É ωσω, to fill up; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresb. ἐπι-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, Ε ξω, to strike at: of words, to rebuke, reprove: to east a reproach upon: to cast in one's teeth.

ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἔπιπλα: properly neut. of ἐπίπλοοε, οπ, an Adj. formed from ἐπί, as άπλοοε from ἄμα, δίπλοοε from δίε.

έπιπλόμενος, Ep. for έπιπελόμενος, 201. 2 part. of

ἐπιπέλομαι.

entrails, the caul of the entrails.

Lat. omentum: also ἐπίπλοοε, δ.

duinhoos contr. duinhous, δ, (luinhou) a sailing against the enemy, hearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet.

2. a naval expedition against a place.

έπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.

έπι-πλώς, part. of ἐπέπλων, Ερ. 2οτ. 2 οξ ἐπιπλέω. ἐπι-πλώσας, Ιοπ. 2οτ. 1 part. of ἐπιπλέω.

dat-avelo, Ep. for triavio.

in-nvio Ep. -nvelo: fut. -nvelopau: 201. I infnveva: -- to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive: -metaph. to excite, inflame: to blow favourably, to favour, Lat adaptivo. ėm-nviγω, to choke, stifle. [πτί] ἐπίπνοια, ή, (ἐπιπνέω) a breathing προπ: inspiranon.

em-módios, a, or, (ext, novs) upon the feet.

in-nobiu, f. how, to yearn or long after regret greatly, Lat. desidero. Hence

tennoθησιε, con, η, a yearning after: and tennoθητος, or, longed for, earnestly desired: and ten-noθία, η, = tennoθησιε.

tur-ποιμήν, δ, ή, an over absenced on absencess.

ἐπιπολάζω, f. σω, (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface.

II. to rise to the top: metaph. to be

uppermost, to prevail. - tav-zókavos, or, on the surface : prominent, project-

ing. 2. superficial, ordinary. From ἐνν-πολή, ή, (ἐνί, πέλω) a surface: gen. ἐνιτολῆς, as Αἀν., at the top, atop: c. gen. on the top of, above. II. al Ἐνιτολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.

em-πόλιος, or, growing boary, grizzled.

em-πολος, - πρόστολος, an attendant.

em-πολύ, Adv., for en to to, generally.

em-πονέω, f. ήσω, to toll on, perseure.

em-πονέω, f. ήσω, to toll on, perseure.

int-moves, or, painful, toilsome: wearisome: of persons, laborious, pains-taking: of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. intores, Lat. aegré, with toil and trouble, Sup. intorbrata.

έπι-πορεύομαι: f. med. --πορεύσομαι, 201. I pass. -επορεύθην: Dep.:---to go, march to: to march over. έπι-πόρπαμα, ματοε, τύ, (έπί, πορπάω) a mantle

buckled on the shoulder.

επιποτάομαι, D.p., lengthd. for επιπέτομαι, to fly
to or hover over.

in-πρίπω, to be conspicuous.
2. to bessem, be befilling.

em-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2. to send an embassy.

interprive, Ion. for interpairs, — πραίται.
interprive [1], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.
interpoβάλλω, f. -βαλώ, to throw forward.

έπιπροέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπιπροίημι. ἐπιπροέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπροίημι.

em-προϊάλλω, f. άλω: 20t. I -προίηλα:—to set out or place before one.

2. to send out one before or after another.

- fm-προξημι, fut. -προήσω: sor. I -προήσω Ep. - fnω: -- to send forth towards or at: to shoot at. II. νήσοισιν ἐπιπροξηκε [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.

ent-npooter, rarely -0e, Adv. or Time and Place, before: also in preference to.

έπι-προσθέω (A), f. -θεύσομαι, to run at or to. έπιπροσθέω (B), f. ήσω, (ἐπίπροσθεν) to be informable in the way; ἐπιπροσθείν τοῖε πύργοιε to be in a lime with the towers, so as to cover one with the other. ἐπι-προχίω, f. -χεῶ, to pour forth over: to pour

forth.

èπι-πταίρω: 201. 2 ἐπέπτἄρον:—to succes at; wide
μοι ἐπέπταρο πάσιν ἔπορσιν την son success as I spoks

A words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, to be lindly to, favour

emurter au. sor. s inf. of emurerouse.

inarty, η, (inf. πτύσσω) an over-fold, a flap.
inf-makiouan, Dep. to go about, visit, Lat. obire:
of a general, to inspect, review: of an enemy, to reconcoire. Hence.

čivaúkyore, em, h, a going round, visitation čavamáchat, – čav-aoráchat.

em-paßbodopém, f. how, of the rider, to urge a horse by shaking the whip; or of the horse, to gallo,

emp-pathulus, f. how, to be careless about a thing. impoulves, to sprinkle upon or oper.

emp-pante, f. yes, to sew, stitch on.

emp-passes Att. - Tru, Att. for empphoses.

trup-pifes, f. fes, to offer sacrifices at a place; tripperson lon. impf.

2. to sacrifice afterwards or besides.

emppowia, is, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. pro-

imp-pinu, f. ψω, to lean towards, of the balance: so fall upon.

II. trans., επιρρέπειν τάλαντον to force down one scale: hence to usigh out to one, allot.

tempose is. Adv. of tempoteries, favourably inclined.

temp-piw: f. -pεύσομαι: not. 2 pass. (in act. sense)

temp-piw:—to flow upon the surface, float atop. 2.

to flow to ot into: of men, to stream on or towards;

temples χρόνοι onward-streaming time, i.e. the

future

έπερ-ρέγνυμι, - ἐπερήσσω.

ento phous, ewe, ή, (έπί, βήσιε) a reproach. Π

a spell, charm

to dash against, force upon or to; Ion. impf. trupphocenov.

2. to rend at or on hearing a thing.

II. intr. to burst forth, of lightning

imp-pyropeiu, f. ou, (inl, phrup) to speak us an arator to or over.

entρ-pyres, or, cried out against, infamous.

tulp-pievos, or, shrunk up.

east at or upon. 2. metaph, to commit to, give up to. II. intr. to fall upon.

empoon, η, (èrippéw) an affiun, influn, a flood. empoonies, f. ησω, to roar at, of the waves: to scho or answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: no repeat or second a prayer: but also, to inveigh against. Hence

emb-poθes, or, basting to the rescue, aiding: gene-IABy, belging in need, giving aid against. II. Δείρροθα κακά reproaches bandied back and forwards, abusine language.

Emp-posβblu, f. how, to forebode rain by eroaning.

έπερροίβ8ην, Adv. with noisy fury.

imp-poists, f. ijou, to eroak to or at: c. sec. togpato, in organization to thrisk or bode flight to one. Emposeda, sor. 2 part. pass. of impoies. έπιρ-ρύζω, f. ξω, (έπί, βόζω) to set a dog en one. έπιρ-ρύομαι, Dep. to save, preserve.

in upon, adventitious.

2. metaph. overflowing, abundant.

11. overflowed, moist.

emp-pervium and -ύω: fut. -ρώσω: acr. I -lepasou: --to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing: --Pass. επιρόπυμα; but the pf. επίρρομαι, plqpf. --ερρώμην are used as pres. and impf.: acr. I --αρρώσθην: --to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer: also in acr. I, impers., relrous επερρώσθη λέγειν they took courage to speak.

emp-piouas, acr. 1 -sparsáμην: Dep.:—to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing. II. to apply one's strength to a thing, work lustily at; ποσείν ἐπερρώσαντο they moved

nimbly with their feet.

impowerels, sor. I pass. part. of incomeraju.

έπι-ρύομαι, ν. έπιρρ-

inton, 201. I of wivious, to make to arink.

έπίσαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπισάττω) a pack-saddle: metaph., ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματος a burden of disease.

in-σάττω, f. ξω, to pile a load upon. II. to load or saddle a horse.

ten-order Ep. tenopoles: 1. ou:-to shake at or against. 2. to wave or becken on: hence to set at or upon one.

dui-σεύω Ep. duisoreiw:—to put in motion against one, set on.

II. Pass. to burry, batten towards: in hostile sense, to fall upon, rusb at, attach: esp. in pf. δεξοσύμωι as pres., and plopf. δεξοσύμων as impf. or nor. 2, part. δεξοσύμενοs, to rusb on, burry, busten; δεξοσύμενος ποδίοιο burrying over the plain: of rapid motion, δεξοσύρον διώκειν be basted on to follow:—metaph. to be in escitement or agitation.

eni-onpa, aros, ro, device upon a shield.

but-originates, f. dies, to set a mark or sign upon:— Pass. to be marked, bear a mark. It. to give a sign of approval:—Med. to give one's approval to a thing.

ent-σημος, or, (έπί, σήμα) baving a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription: of money, stamped, coined 2. distinguished, famous, remarkable, Lat. insignis: also in bad sonse, notorious. II. ἐπίστρο, τό, as Subst. any mark of distinction, a device: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or flag of a ship.

in-lone, for in lone [sc. polpas], equally.

intolen, to set on, as a dog.

ini-oluos, or, (ini, ocuós) somewhat flat-nosed. in-oluów, f. wow, to turn aside one's source.

im-strife, i. low Att. iii:—to furnish with food:
—Med. to furnish oneself with food, to forage: c. scc.,
imstifeadu to orpateum to provision the army;
imstrifeadu aptoror to provide oneself with a mealimstrictes, ewe, h, and imstructus, to, = sq.

imotrious, eas, 4, and imotrious, 70, -19.

with provisions: a stock of provisions

in-outers, f. fo, to dig superficially.

two-wedderrups, f. dow [d], to scatter or spread upon.
two-wedden, eas, 4, (tal, oxides) the first spring
or start in a horse's gallop.

ten-outertion, a, or, verb. Adj. of tenouteropes, to be considered. examined.

em-onémous, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to emonomes.

Antonian, to cover over.

ten-oracula, f. dow, to get ready: to equip, fit out:
tenouvous rd xphuara to pack the money upon. II.
to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence

insurprestie, où, à, one mbo restores.

hun-viewh, h, a repair, restoration: materials for espairs, stores.

fulcture, eue, ή, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection.

2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.

ent-ourses, or, (ent, ourse) at or near a tent.
en-ourses, f. wow, to lodge in a tent: generally,

to stay, abide at a place.

em-orcherts, f. hs., to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. II. to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσοῦτον σ' ἐπισκήμτω thus much I command thee.

III. to proceeuse or indict.

emorila e, f. άσω: pf. pass. ἐνεσκίασ μαι:—to throw α shade upon, overshadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass, λαθραϊον δμμ' ἐνεσκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch. ἐπί-σκίος, ον, (ἐνι, σκιά) overshadowed. 2. act.

sbading, c. gen.

III. a scout, sogleb.

II. a scout, sogleb.

ent-orcoros, or, (orcoros n) bitting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. entorous, as Adv.,

successfully, with good aim.

em-onorto, f. hou, (irl, subree) to throw darkness, or a shadow over.

em-σκύζομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -σκύσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.

two-outstee, f. iou Att. W, to fit with drink like a Scythian.

em-ouvepundiu, f. dou, to look savage.

dw-σκόνιον, τό, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like δφρύε, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughtiness.

emonborauro, Ep. 201. 1 opt. med. of επισκόζομαι. em-σπώπτω, f. ψω, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: bool. to joke, make fun. Hence entonuene, eur, f, raillery.

tu-σμάω, inf. -σμήν, f. -σμήσω, to rub or smear owr.

tu-σμύγερός, ά, όν, (tul, σμυγερός = μογερός) shameful, ead:—Adv. turσμυγερώς, sudly, to bis cost.

emornarho, spoe, o, (emorna) the bandle by which a door is pulled to. II. a fishing-line, angle. emornaros, n, or, drawn upon oneself. II.

έπίσπαστοε βρόχοε a tight-drawn noose. From

two-whee, f. -wadow [d]: to draw on drag after one: to bring on, cause.

2, to draw on, allere, induce: so also in Med.

3, to draw on, allere, induce: so also in Med.

3, to draw on, allere, induce: so also in Med.

4, in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain.

4m-weelpes, f. epis, to sow with seed: to sow among.

ent-omelou, i. epu, to sow with seed: to sow among. Internations, nor. I part. of interiors.

information, em, h, a libation at a sacrifice. From in order a libation, formation, pour upon or over: abscl. to make a libation.

II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.

έπιστερχής, έε, burried, eager:—Adv. -χῶε. From έπι-στείρχω, f. fω, to urge on, basten. II. intr.

to burry on, rage furiously.

enontotal, sot. 2 inf. med. of episse.
en-oneibe, f.ou, to urge on, promote, further. IL.
intr. to basten onward.

emorepheros, aor. 2 part, med. of èφέται.
ἐπιστονθή, ἡ, (ἐπιστόνδομαι) a renessed or renessable truce, mostly in plur.

emoπορία, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.
ἐπίσπορος, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) sowin afterwards: el
ἐπίσπορος poeterity.

ลัสเ-ธาสองอิฉัไล, f. ลัฮล, to urge on, to further. II.

intr. to make baste in a thing.
butous, ye, y, butousulu, ose, os, sor. 2 subj. and
opt. of dobus:—butousu, ovon, bu, sor. 2 part.

turo-orde, turoreim, Ep. for turoria, turoria. turo-ovros, or, (tutorovau, pf. pass. of turoria) burrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c.

acc. rushing upon.

talorumpor, Ep. for taloumpor, a tire.
talora, for taloraσαι, 2 sing of talorapas.
taloraδόν, Adv. (talorapas) attentively, earnestly.
taloraξω, f. στάξω, to make to drop upon a thing:
talorαζευ χάρυ to shed delight or honour.

ten-σταθμάσμαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.

ten-σταθμου, ov, at, belonging to a lodging or station.

ten-σταθμου, 2 pers. tellστασου poët. tenforq lom.

tenforq: imperat. tenforaσο lon. tenforaσ Art. tenform: impf. tenforaμμν Ep. tenforμμν: fut. med.

tenforφοραι: not. I pass. tenforφοραν: Dep.: (tel,

tenforμμ).

I. c. inf. to know how to do: to be compable of doing.

II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know,

able of doing. II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know, to be versed in a thing in Herodotta, to be assured of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know well:—pres. part. èmoraperos, n. or, as an Adj., knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., èmoraperos wald-pos skilled or versed in war.

imoranious, Adv. (information) shiffully, expertly.

ξειστάς, 20τ. 2 part. of lφίστημι. ἐπίστἄσις, ess., ἡ, (ἰφίστημι) a stopping, ebeck-

ing. II. (êplorapai) a resting, staying: a balt in a march.

2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety.

emotateve, f. ow, and

thing, to be set over, preside over.

II. to be chief
President (ἐπιστάτηε) in the assembly.

III. to

stand by, be present.

Iπιστάτης, ου, ὑ, (lφίσταμαι) one who stande by, a suppliant.

2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind.

II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτης άθλων president or steward of the games.

2. at Attenties the chief President of the ἐπκλησία, cf. πρύτανιε; an inspector or commissioner of any public works.

έπιστάτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of ἐπιστάτης. ἐπιστέαται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι.

imortare, Ion. for halorance, 3 pl. impf. of tal-

tigbten.

σταμαι.

ἐτι-στείβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.
ἐπι-στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.
ἐπι-στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.
ἐπι-στείλω, f. -στελῶ: pf. -ἐσταλκα:—Pass., 20τ. I
-εστάλθην, 20τ. 2 -εστάλην [ἄ]: pf. -ἐσταλμαι:—
to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to
bid, enjoin, command: τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders
given. 2. to announce, give intelligence. II.
to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή. III. to draw in,

έπι-στενάζω, f. άζω, to groan over. ἐπι-στενάχω or -στενάχομαι, - ἐπιστένω. ἐπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over. ἐπι-στεφάνδω, f. ώσω, to deck with a garland.

έπιστεφής, έε, crowned to the brim; κρητήρας έπιστεφής στος goblets brimming our minh on the brims of the brims of the brims of the brims of the bring of the br

έπι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround with or as with a chaplet: Med., κρητήρας ἐπεστέψαντο ποτοίο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph., yode ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an bonour to the dead.

emortedra, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of exlorapai.

tatory, Ion. for tatoraous, 2 sing. of tatorapus.
tatorriμη, ή, (tatorapus) knowledge, understanding,
kill, experience, wisdom.
2. scientific knowledge,
cience: in plus. the sciences.

έπίστημι, Ion. for εφίστημι.

Enteringues, or, gen. ovos, (Enforagas) wise, prulent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: renerally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.

ent-στηρίζω, f. fw, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass, to lean upon a thing.

inorητόs, ή, όν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifi-

Ex-στίλβω, to glisten on the surface.

in-iorios, or, (ini, iorin) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as Subst., ἐπ-ioriov, τό, α dock for ships.

Incomplétion Adv. (incominal pirt up mently of

έπιστολάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of

irea. [2]

έπιστολεύε, έως, δ, (ἐπιστολή) ε letter-coriter, secretary. II. ε vice-admiral.

έπιστολή, ή, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἐξ ἐπιστολῆε by command.

2. a letter, Lat. epr. va.

λημοτοριέζει (com. Att. d. (2) (com. a. t. in.).

im-στομίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, (ἐπί, στόμας to bridle, and so manage a borse: metaph to early or muzzle, silence, gag.

II. to throw down on the face,

in-στονάχίω, -ifω, - ἐπιστένω, of the waves.

έπι-στορέννθμι, shorter -στόρνθμι οι -στρώννυμι: ε. -στρώσω: aor. I -σττόρεσα οι -έστρωσα: pf. pass. -έστρωμα::—to strew or spread out upon. έπιστράτεία Ion. -ηξη, ή, (ἐπιστρατεύω) a march

or expedition against one.

imorparevous, can, i, = imorparela. From

έπι-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.
έπι-στράτηξη, Ion. for ἐπιστρατεία,

έπι-στράτοποθεύω, f. σω, to encamp over against. ἐπιστράφείε, aor. 2 part. 1288. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπιστραφήναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφώ subj.

enlorpenros, or, (ἐπίστρέφω) to be turned towards or looked at: hence, to be admired,

έπι-στρεφής, έε, turning towards: attentive, careful, sbarp, sbreud. Adv. έπιστρεφῶν Ion. -έων, earnestly, sbarply. From

im-στρίφω, f. νω: 201. Ι iπίστρεψα:—to turn of direct towards. 2. to turn about, turn. turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend. to curve, twist, make to writhe. II. Med. and Pass. ἐπιστρέφομαι, 201. 2 –εστράφην [ἄ]:—to turn oneself round: to go backwards and forwards, to range or wander over: to visit. 2. to be turned or cor-3. to look towards: hence to verted: to repent. pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to, Ill. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any direction: to return. IV. pf. part, pass, eveστραμμένοε, η, ον, - ξπιστρεφήε, earnest, pressing, vebement.

ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways,

turning right and left.
ἐπιστροφή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, return to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or praing about.

II. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care. notice.
2. a moving about in a place; δωμάτων ἐπιστροφαί occupation of the palace.

entoτροφος, ον, (ξειστρέφω) conversant with: concerned with or in.

έπι-στρώννθμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορέννυμι. ἐπι-στρώννθμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορέννυμι. ἐπι-στρωφάω, f. ήσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or frequent a place: to occupy one's bouse: also to come to. ἐπίστω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι. ἐπι-συνάγω, f. άξω, to gather together again, collect and bring to a place. Hence

έπισυνάγωγή, ή, an assembling together at a place. έπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνόγω.

em-ovviornu, f. -ovorhow, to set together

againsi. -iστηκα, to conspire against.

έπισυντρέχρ, f. -δραμούμαι, to run together to. enlouppe, froe, 76, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From en-orion to drag or trail after one. anything in a careless way, to slur over.

έπισύστεσιε, εωε, ή, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult. tav-cooles, f. f. to slaughter over or besides, im-

molate. έπι-σφάλής, ές (ἐπί, σφαλήναι) prone to fall, unsteady, precarious,

έπισφάττω, f. fw, later form of έπισφάζω.

έπισφίγγω, ε. γεω, to bind tight, fasten. in-oppayile, f. low Att. W, to put a seal on, seal

2. to confirm, ratify. Hence έπισφράγιστής, οθ, ό, one sobo seals or signs.

έπι-σφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρύν) mostly in plur. bands or elasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves (somplifes) over the anale: a covering for the ancle.

en-oxebov, Adv. near at band. emorχeθείν, poët. 2 or. 2 inf. of eméχω.

emoχείν, aor. 2 inf. of eπέχω.

έπι-σχερώ, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερόε) in a row, one after II. of Time, gradually, by degrees.

emoxecia Ion. -(n, n, (luexa) a pretent, excuse. έπίσχεσιε, εωε, ή, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, bindrance: delay, reluctance.

ἐπ-ισχύω, f. ύσω [v], to make strong. II, intr. to be or grow strong :- to be urgent.

in-loχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to bold or direct towards. II. to keep in, bold in, check. intr. to leave off, desist.

έπισχών, aor. a part. of έπέχω.

έπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρόε) to beap, pile up. έπί-σωτρον Εp. έπίσσ-, τό, the metal boop laid upon the fellos of the wheel, the tire.

έπιταγή, ή, an injunction, precept. From

έπνταγήναι, sor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτάσσω. ἐπίταγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order. dwirddes, Dor, for emergodes,

envraktήρ, ήροε, δ, and

έπιτάκτης, ου, δ, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander.

entractos, or, (lettácou) enjoined, command-II. drawn up, behind; of lutrautor, the reed. serve in an army.

έπι-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to labour or suffer yet more. emuraμηs [a], 2 sing. sor. 2 subj. of emirepres. έπντάμνω, Ion. for ἐπιτέμνω.

int-tavio, poët, for intelion, to stretch over. entrafes, eas, ή, (επιτάσσω) an injunction, order; extracte tou ocopou the arrangement of the tribute. in-tapacou Att. -Tru, f. fu, to trouble or disquiet

έπιτάρροθος, δ, lengthened for ἐπίρροθος, a belper, defender, ally.

entraous, cas, f. (Intrelew) a stretebing, straining.

Al. Pass., with acr. 2 act. - forgr. pf. | em-racow Att. - 170, f. for: acr. 1 - érafa: - Prot. aor. Ι –ετάχθην: pf, –τέταγμαι:—to set over, put in 2. to enjoin, order :- Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τά ἐπιτασσόμενα orders given. II. to place bebind or in reserve: also, to place next or beside.

in-radios, or, (ini, rados) on or over a tomb; λίγου έπιτάφιου a funeral oration spoken at Atheni yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle such as that of Poricles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq.

turtanion, f. bra, to basten on, urge forward.

<del>έπιτείλαι</del>, 20τ. Ι inf. of ἐπιτέλλα.

ėπι-τείνω, f. -τενῶ : Ion. impf. ἐπιτεινεσκον:---Pass., aor. Ι -ετάθην [d]: pf. -τέταμαι:--to stretch upon or 2. to draw tight: to increase, beighten: to urge, excite: - Pass, to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure.

em-recylles, f. low Att. wi, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence

turnixious, eas, \$, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and

emureixισμα, ατος, τό, a fort placed so as to command an enemy's country: and

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi \iota \dot{\tau} e \chi \iota \sigma u \dot{\sigma} s$ ,  $\dot{\sigma}_i = \dot{\epsilon}\pi \iota \tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\chi} \iota \sigma \iota s$ . in-redection, verb. Adj. one must accomplish.

έπι-τελέω, í. έσω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, accomplish, esp. of vows or premises. 2. to discharge 3. to pay in full, discharge: a religious service. metaph. in Med., έπιτελείσθαι τὰ τοῦ γήρου to base to pay, be subject to, the burnious of old age; emireλείσθαι θάνατον το pay ibe acot of death.

έπι-τελής, ές, (ἐπί, τέλος) brought to an end, ac-

complished, fulfilled.

έπιτέλλω fut. -τελώ; aor. I -έτειλα: pf. -τέταλεα: —to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to :- : 20 also in Med. intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars.

έπι-τέμνω Ιου. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: 201. 2 -έτάμον: to make a cut or incision into, gash. sbort: to abridge.

intres, exos, i, (int, renew) at the birth, about to bring forth.

envrepring, és, pleasing, delightful em-répropa, Pass. to rejoice or delight in. imritatual, pf. pass. of intribu. envreribeuxa, pf. of entribeix.

énvrétpantal, 3 sing. pass, pf. of éntrpénu. envrerpadarai, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of entreen. em-τεύχω, f. ξω, to make for.

έπι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. to contrive against. Hence

invrixvyous, eas, h, contrivance for a purpose. emithdres, a, or, Ion. erithdres, n, or, (exitudes) made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, comvenient. II. useful, serviceable, necessary; rd enthosia, the necessaries of life. 2. of persons. timate friend, Lat. necessarius.

envrydenbrys, yros, h, fitness, suitableness, convenience for a purpose.

entradeles Ion. - les, Adv. of entradeles, suitably, urviceably.

introles, later introles, Adv. formed from in rade, for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly, Lat. consulto: designedly, artfully.

έπιτήδευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτηδεύω) that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice, Lat. studium, institutum.

envilonus, ear, h, attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing. From entraδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδές); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of end with moeio (which does not exist), nor. I everybevera, pf. everybevera: -to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. studere rei: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:-Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

ewirqueros, or, melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph. superficial, counterfeit. From

ent-them, f. fw, to melt upon, pour upon when melted. en-rapes, f. how, to look out or watch for.

Em-ribras, f. - thow: sor, I - tonna: pf. - ribeina: -to put or lay upon. 2. to set upon, turn or ineline towards. II. to put to; close, as a door or covering; huer drandirat munitiv repos ho' emilei-> to both to roll back the thick cloud and put it III. to put to besides, to add. IV. to Þ put on, as a last touch or finish. V. to lay

upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a mame. VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message. VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, 201. 2 -edipup: to put on oneself or for oneself. 2. lo set

consider to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

En-Tyles, f. for: -to lay a value or set a price mpon, Lat. aestimare: to value, bonour, shew bonour

2. to raise in price: - Pass. to rise in æ. II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise. 2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

Emeripare, eas, \$, a reproving, rebuking: and Emurique 198, où, ô, an estimator. II. a punisber, chastiser; επιτιμητής έργαν an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

Emerty weeks, 4, 60, consorious.

έπντιμήτωρ, ορος, δ, (έπιτιμάω) an avenger. envelopes, \$, (exirtuos) the enjoyment of civil rights II. rebuke: punishment. and privileges.

&m-sigues, a, (est, righ) done in one's bonour. To Entimor or to entima, as Subst., the value estimate of a thing: the bonour due to a person. the assessment of damages, penalty; ramitima the BosseBelas the wages of ungodliness.

in bonour: in possession

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., an in- of one's full rights and privileges as a supply besides: åτι μος.

> im-rivers, or, (int, riven) still at the brace in-titpiones, f. - Tpions, to wound on the to attack. iπι-τίω, f. -τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, pu \*iπιτλάω, obsol. pres. (see TΛΑΩ): irr. aor. 2 im έτλην inf. επιτλήναι:—to bear patiently, submit. έπντλήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of \*έπιτλάω. έπιτολή, ή, (ἐπιτέλλω) the rising of a star: the

> season of a star's appearance in the beavens. in-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to submit or endure to do. entrovos, or, (entrebru) stretebed, strained. as Subst., entrovos (sub. luds), o, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay

> of the mast. έπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to aboot at. έπιτόσσαις, Dor. part. of έπέτοσσε. έπιτραπίουσι, Ep. 3 pl. of έπιτρέπω. έπι-τράπω, Ioa. for έπιτρέπω: ἐπέτραψα, ἐπιτράψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

έπι-τρεπτέον, verb. Adj. one must permit. From int-τρέπω: f. ψω: aor. I -έτρεψα, aor. 2 -έτραπον: -Med., f. Ion. -τράψομαι: 20τ. 2 -ετράπόμην:--Pass., Ion. 201. I -ετράφθην: 201, 2 -ετράπην [δ]:

—to turn to or towards: — Med. to incline to. to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put into another's band, entrust oneself to:-Pass. to be entrusted; & entrerpáparat haol (3 pl. pf., for entreτραμμένοι elσί) to whose charge they bave been committed; "Πραιε μέγαε ούρανδε έπιτέτραπται 3 sing.

pl); την άρχην επιτραφθείε entrusted with the command: Med. to trust oneself to a person. II. to make over to one's beir, leave, bequeatb. give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

έπι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:-Pass. to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

ėπι-τρέχω, fut. I -θρέξομαι, zor. I -έθρεξα: also (from Root ἐπιδρέμω) fut. -δράμουμαι, sor. 2 -έδράμον: pf. -δεδράμηκα, pf. 2 έπιδέδρομα:-- to run at or upon: to assault, attack suddenly. run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield: to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused. acc. to overrun, as an army does a country. run over, treat lightly of, Lat. orations percur-III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for.

έπίτρεψον, έπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper, and inf. of ŧπιτρέπω.

έπιτρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετρίβην [1]:--to rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:-Pass, to be utterly destroyed. Hence

έπίτριπτος, or, rubbed down, worn away: metaph. worn, practised, backneyed.

ini-τρύτος, or, one and one-third, I + 1, or 4:—infτριτον (sub. δάνεισμα) was a loan at the rate of 1 of the principal, i. c. 334 per cent. per annum.
em-roomolos, a, ar, (entroom) entrusted, delegated.

ἐπυτροπεία, ή, (ἐπιτροπεύω) guardiansbip. interpowerous, eas, h, = interpowels. Hence

```
againsi.
-errnua, to conte, &, br, fit for the office of guar-
```

im-surply interpolation in the starge, to be

trail of a trustee, governor. έπι-σύμτη, ή, (ἐπιτρέπω) a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person. an arbitration.

entromos, e, (entreen) one to mbom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian.

έπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) runningly, fluently. ἐπίτροχος, ον, (ἐπιτρέχω) running easily: metaph. woluble.

έπι-τρύζω, to murmur beside or over.

έπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: sot. 2 -έτράγον: - to sat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat.

ėπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. a -έτὔχον:--to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to bit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor. 2 part., & entruxer, like & ruxer, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one.

έπι-τυμβίδιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, τύμβοι) at or over a II. of the crested lark, with a crest or tomb. top-knot.

έπι-τύμβιος, ον, - ἐπιτυμβίδιος.

έπιτύφω [0], f. -θύψω:—to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious.

entry elv, 201. 2 inf. of entryyare.

έπιτυχής, έε, (ἐπιτυχείν) bitting the mark, effective,

έπιφαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of έπεσθίω.

έπι-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I -έφηνα:--to shew forth, 2. intr. (sub. poe) to shine upon. Pass, and Med. to show oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear.

emoderna, h, the appearance, manifestation,

the surface, outside, of anything.

emiddvels, aor. 2 pass, part, of emiddies.

emparement, -écrara, Comp. and Sup. of emφανῶε.

empayers, 201. 2 inf. pass, of empaires. Hence embarhs, és, (emparfiral) coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest. II. metaph. famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable.

έπι-φάνια (sub. lepá), ων, τά, (ἐπιφανῆναι) the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

int-payros, or, (inipalropai) visible, alive. emodevas. Adv. of emparts, openly.

έπι-φατνίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, φάτνη) at the manger.

έπι-φαύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φάοε) to shine upon.

έπι-φέρω: f. -οίσω: 20τ. ε -ήνεγκα: 20τ. 2 -ήνεγκον: (see φέρω):—to bring, put or lay upon; ἐπιφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail. 2. to throw a charge upon one, to impute to. 3. to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer: -- Med. so bring with oneself, bring as dowry. επιφέροσθαί τινι, to rusb upon, attack, assault, pursue: ]

-absol. to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen

in-φημίζω, f. σω, (ini, φήμη) to atter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen. Hence imphysorus, to, a word of good or bad omen.

ėπι-φθάνω, f. άσω [ἄ], to arrive at, reach first. έπιφθάς, 201. 2 of έπιφθάνω, 25 if from ἐπίφθημι. έπι-φθέγγομαι, ε. -φθέγξομαι, Dep. to utter after or

in accordance, join in what is said. im-plovie, i. how, to grudge or withhold from jea-

lousy. II. to bear bate against. tal-blovos, or, liable to envy or jealousy. act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant. Hence

inicipolities, Adv. so as to provoke envy. IL at enmity.

έπι-φθύζω, to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύσδοισα. in-othomovious, Dep. to labour willingly at.

έπι-φλέγω, f. fw, to set on fire, burn up. taph. to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illus-II. intr. to blaze up, be brilliant.

ent-φοβος, or, frightful, terrible, fearful. IL. pass. timid.

in-portin, f. how, to some constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported.

έπιφορά, ή, (ἐπιφέρω) a bringing to ot upon: generally an addition.

έπι-φορέω, f. ήσω, = ἐπιφέρω, to bring and put on. Hence

έπιφόρημα, ατος τό, mostly in pl., that subich is served up in addition: dessert.

έπίφορος, or, (ἐπιφέρω) carrying towards. II. oi ground, sloping. III. prone or inclined to a thing.

em-polis, f. ou, to say after or besides. Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: αοτ. Ι -εφράσάμην, and acr. -eppacent: -to think of doing, be minded to 2. to reflect upon, devise, contrive.

notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of. impravoulare, Ion. 3 pl. sor. I med. opt. of imφράζω.

in-povin, f. how, to be sbrowd, prudent. ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπίφρον) thoughtfulness ent-poupos, or, (tel, poorpa) keeping watch by. eni-φραν, or, gen, ovos, (επί, φρήν) thoughtful. έπι-φύλιος, ον, (ἐπί, φῦλή) distributed to tribes. έπι-φυλλία, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, φύλλον) the small grates left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted.

έπι-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant over or upon. iπι-φύω, f. ύσω [θ]:—to make to grow upon. Pass., with act. 201. 2 driefly, pf. driviegies, to grow upon, to cling closely to.

êπι-φωνέω, ε. ήσω, to tell of, mention. łπ-φώσκω, (ἐπί, φῶε) to grow towards dams. tur-xalve, to gape for.

en-xalpu, f. -xalphow, to rejoice over: c. soc., &

per es spacecorr' exexcips: but mostly in bad sense, so there malignant joy over :--- so also in sor. 2 pass. ėπχ<del>αρήν</del>αι,

in-xalalda, (isi, xálala) to shower bail upon. im-yalda, L dou [a], to relan, loosen. II. intr.

to yield or relent in a thing.

èm-xahnebu, f. eu, to forge upon an anvil: to work over agais. 2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose. tal-xalues, or, covered with copper, coppered

impaptives, acr. 2 inf. pass. of empulses.

drixaphe, te, (trixalpu) gratifying, agreeable.

έπιχαρίζομαι, f. Ισομαι Att. τούμαι: Dep.:-- to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: 201. I imperat., έπιχαρίτται (Dor. for έπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ξένψ be gravious to the stranger.

eri-yapie, eros, o, h, neut. erlyapi, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are encreptionepos, -transcrutos, as if from encrep-

TO0, OF.

drugaphran, Dor. sor. I imperat. for drugaphran. ėπίχαρμα, ατοι, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malig-

mant joy: d feeling of such joy.

exixapres, or, (exixalpu) to be rejoiced at, delight-IL to be emulted over; expose exixapra ful. satter of triumph to enemies.

-xente, ie, (int, xeinoe) full to the brim. mudia, f. ou, to stay the winter through.

in, f. how, (exi, xelp) to put one's band to so set to work at, make an attempt upon, - no do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence wa, aree, to, an undertaking, attempt: and nove, ease, th, an attempt upon, attack: genes attempt : and

Appréov, verb. Adj. one must attempt. Amparta, où, ô, (trexcepto) an enterprising, ad-

serous person. mi-xapov, ro, (em, xelp) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guardon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

em-xerporovies, f. how, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by about of bands. Hence

imix aportovia, if, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by about of bands.

truxedas, Ep. for truxeas, sor, I inf. of truxes. dur-xém, £ -xed, act. I -fxeu; Ep. pres. imxeum, BOT. I -EXEVA, inf. - XEVAL :-- to pour over or upon: IL Med to pour or spread over shed whom. annelf or for annelf. 2. to bave poured out for, one to drink. II. Pass., pf. next was, plapf. neχόμην, Ep. 3 pl. soc. 2 έπέχυντο, to come as a torrent,

to scream or flock to a place :—to spread over like a Lood, immadate. em-xbonos, or, or a, or, (ent, xbar) upon the earth, earthy: as Bubet., emytorios, ol, men on earth.

twi-xohos, or, (twi, xohi) producing bile. tur-xopeiu, f. ou, to dance to or in bonour of a thing: so some densing on.

the xophytes, f. how, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

imχορηγία, ή, a supply in addition.

ėm-xpalvu, to stain, colour. έπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack. en-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. I -έχρησα:--- lend besides. II. Med. imphopas, Ion. -xpiopas, f. - xphoopar, to make use of, esp. to bave dealings, be friends with one.

em-xpenarous. Dep. to spit upon or at.

tw-xple, f. low [1], to anoint, bermear:-Med. to anoint oneself.

kwi-xp0000, or, overlaid or plated with gold.

tur-xpouvilue and -bo, f. -xpouse, so rub or essent over: esp. to stain, eolour.

έπίχθθείε, aor. I part, pass, of έπιχέσι.

inixious, ees, t, (inxie) a pouring over: an over flow, flood.

tw-xuplu, f. how, to yield, give way. IL infi to come over to.

in-xupidiu, f. dou, (ini, xuplor) to viut aften, to be in the babit of soming to, Lat. ventitare.

tur-χώρισε, α, ον, also σε, ον, (tui, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: of excueptor the people of the sountry, the natives; to employ the sustom or fashion of the country. Adv. -love, in the fashion of the COURTY.

ėm-ψάκάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεκάζω.

ėπ-ψόλλω, to aecompany on a stringed instrument. tru-pavo, f. oo, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. strictim attingere.

in-weekie old Att. - wastige: so pour drop by drop upon.

em-pridopar, Dep. to lie still more.

tur-pholic, f. low Att. in, to put to the vote, put the question: -Med. to confirm or decree by vote: -Pass. to be appointed by vote. eπί-ψογορ, or, exposed to blame, blameable, п.

act. blaming, censorious.

tu-twyal, we, ai, (tal, lwyh) places ebeltered from the wind, roadsteads,

šπιών, part. of ξπαιμι (εἶμι ibo). έπλάγχθην, 20τ. I pass. of πλάζοι.

ἐπλάθην [ā], aor. I pass. of πελάζοι. έπλάσα Ερ. έπλασσα, sor. ι of πλάσσα.

šuha, for šueha, 3 sing. sor. 2 of wiha: so, šuhao for trakeo, trakov, 2 sing, 20r. 2 med.; trakeu for trat-

λευ, ἐπέλου: Επλετο for ἐπέλετο. ĕπλεξα, aor. I of πλέκω.

έπλήγην, sor. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

indure, 3 pl. Ep. sor. s pass, of readily.

έπλησθην, sor. I pass of πίμπλημι inher, acr. 2 of shies, as if from a verb in m.

Enveuou, inveticity, acr. 1 act. and pass, of strice. in-blia, in-obiale, Ion, for toblia, -idle.

ex-odipoual, Dep. to lament over.

έποδώκα, reputed to be Ion. for έφ-ωδώκα, 3 sing. plaps, of to-odou, to bring on the way.

againsi. -сотпиа, to conde, q, lv, fit for the office of guar- -absol to ensue, follow upon, come after, to dappen

im-ourrely introduced to be in sharge, to be

trail of a trustee, governor. est-σύντη, ή, (ἐπιτρέπω) a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person.

an arbitration. entromos, è, (entreen) one to subom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian.

ἐπυτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) runningly, fluently. έπίτροχος, or, (ἐπιτρέχω) running easily: metaph. voluble.

έπι-τρύζω, to murmur beside or over.

επι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτραγον:-- to eat to, soith, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat.

έπιτυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτθχον:--to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to bit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in sor. 2 part., & entruxán, like & tuxán, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one.

έπι-τυμβίδιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, τύμβος) at or over a tomb. II. of the crested lark, with a crest or top-knot.

έπι-τύμβιος, ον, - έπιτυμβίδιος.

έπιτύφω [v], f. -θύψω:—to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious.

έπιτυχείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνα.

emittyne, ie, (emituyen) bitting the mark, effective, successful.

έπιφαγείν, zor. 2 inf. of ἐπεσθίω.

έπι-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I -έφηνα:--to about forth, 2. intr. (sub. poe) to sbine upon. Pass, and Med. to show oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear.

indivers, i, the appearance, manifestation.

the surface, outside, of anything.

emiddivels, nor. 2 pass, part, of emiddies.

embaréo repor, - éo rara, Comp. and Sup. of exidavûe.

έπιφανήναι, sor. 2 inf. pass, of ἐπιφαίνω. Hence έπιφανής, έε, (ἐπιφανῆναι) coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest. II. metaph. famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable.

έπι-φάνια (sub. lepá), ex, τά, (ἐπιφανῆναι) the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to

the Gentiles.

ini-φαντος, ον, (iπιφαίνο μαι) visible, alive.

έπιφανώς, Adv. of ἐπιφανής, openly.

έπι-φατνίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, φάτνη) at the manger.

em-φαύω, f. σω, (eri, φάοε) to shine upon.

έπι-φέρω: f. -olow: aor. s -hreyeu: aor. a -hreyzov: (see φέρω):—to bring, put or lay upon; ἐπιφέpeur πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make was upon: absol. to attack, assail. 2. to throw a charge upon one, to impute to. 3. to confer wpon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer :- Med. so bring with oneself, bring as dowry. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέροσθαί τινι, to rusb upon, attack, assault, pursus:

iπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (iπί, φήμη) to utter words of omes. to one, to promise in accordance with an omen. Hence έπιφήμισμα, τό, a word of good or bad omen.

en-boave, f. dow [d], to arrive at, reach first. emobia, sor, 2 of emobian, as if from exiconu. έπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, Dep. to atter after στ in accordance, join in what is said.

in-φθονίω, f. ήσω, to grudge or wilbhold from jealousy. II. to bear bate against. tal-400vos, or, liable to envy or jealousy. II.

act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant. Hence imobovus, Adv. so as to provoke envy. II. at

enmity, έπι-φθύζω, to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύσδοισα. έπι-φίλοπονέομαι, Dep. to labour willingly at.

έπι-φλέγω, f. fw, to set on fire, burn up. taph. to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illus-II. intr. to blaze up, be brilliant, trious.

ent-φοβος, or, frightful, terrible, fearful. IL pass. timid.

in-portio, f. how, to some constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported,

ἐπιφορά, ἡ, (ἐπιφέρω) a bringing to or upon: generally *an addition*.

tri-topiu, f. how, = tripipu, to bring and put on. Hence

έπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, mostly in pl., that solich is served up in addition: dessert.

II. of έπίφορος, ον. (ἐπιφέρω) carrying towards. round, sloping. III. prone or inclined to a thing.

em-polle, f. ou, to say after or besides. Med. and Pass., fut. - φράσομαι: nor. I - εφράσάμην. and acr. -epphotony:-to think of doing, be minded to 2. to reflect upon, devise, contrive, notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of.

έπιφρασσαίατο, Ion. 3 pl. sor. I med. opt. of έπιφράζω.

in-φρονίω, f. ήσω, to be sbrewd, prudent. ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπίφρον) thoughtfulness int-poupos, or, (int, poorpd) keeping watch by. ent-pour, or, gen. oros, (ert, popr) thoughtful. έπιφύλιος, ον. (ἐπί, φυλή) distributed to tribes. έπι-φυλλία, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, φύλλον) ibe small grate: lest for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted.

έπι-φυτεύω, f. σω, to plant over or upon. ėπι-φύω, f. ύσω [ū]:—to maks to grow upon. Pass., with act. sor. 2 ereque, pf. emreplan, to grove upon, to cling closely to.

im-pavie, f. how, to tell of, mention. έπι-φώσκω, (ἐπί, φῶε) to grow towards deten. ten-xalve, to gape for.

tri-xalpu, f. -xaiphow, to rejoice over: a nec., of

11.

per es spacecer' estralou: but mostly in bad sense, to their malignant joy over :--- also in acr. 2 past. łm yapipras.

em-yahalam, (est. yaha(a) to shower bail upon. turyahda, f. dow [a], to relax, loosen. to rield or relent in a thing.

em-yahneim, f. om, to forge upon an anvil: to work 3. metaph. to forge to one's purpose. over azain. iπ-χαλκου, or, covered with copper, coppered

inxaphran, sor. 2 inf. pass. of inxalpes.

emχάρης, ές, (επιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeable. ter-xapilopa, f. loopas Att. loopas: Dep.:-to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present; not, I imperat., έπιχαρίτται (Dor. for έπιχαρίσαι) το ξένφ

be gracious to the stranger. eni-xapis, eros, o, t, neut. esixapi, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are encyapitatepos, -itatatos, as if from encyapi-

700, OF.

έπιχαρίτται, Dor. sor. I imperat. for ἐπιχαρίσαι. ἐπίχαρμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of maligmant joy: d feeling of such joy.

enixapres, or, (enixalps) to be rejoiced at, delight-II. to be essulted over; έχθροῦς ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enomies.

env-yearte, is, (int, yearce) full to the brim. im-xapala, f. ou, to stay the winter through.

en-xapen, f. how, (ent, xelp) to put one's band to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence

emxeloqua, aree, to, an undertaking, attempt: and emyelonore, ear, h, an attempt upon, attack: genetally, an attempt : and

enveronter, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

enverporte, où, ô, (enverpée) an enterprising, adsenturous person.

έπί-χαρον, τό, (ἐπί, χείρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

έπι-χαιροτονίω, f. ήσω, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by about of bands. Hence

imperovale, to a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by about of bands.

imyean, Ep. for imyear, nor. I inf. of imyear. dπι-χόω, f. -χοθ, acr. I -έχου: Ερ. pres. έπιχεύω, act. I - exeva, inf. - xeva: -- to pour over or upon: II. Med to pour or spread over shed upon. countif or for onnelf. 2. to have poured out for one to drink. II. Pass., pf. next page, plaps. neχόμην, Ep. 3 pl. sor, 2 ετέχυντο, to come as a torrent, so ecream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

έπι-χθόνιος, ον, οτ α, αν, (ἐπί, χθάν) upon the earth, eurby: as Subst., inixedrice, ol, men on earth.

tel-xolos, or, (tel, yold) producing bile. two-xopeius, i. ou, to dance to or in bonour of a thing: so some densing on.

έπι-χορηγέω, f. ήσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

łαιχορηγία, ή, a supply in addition.

em-xpalves, to stain, solour.

έπι-χράω (A), only used in acr. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack. ėπι-χράω (Β): f. -χρήσω: · tor. I -έχρησα:---to lend II. Med. empodopas, Ion. -xpiesas, f. - xphrough, to make use of, esp. to bave dealings, be

friends with one.

έπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

tw-xple, f. low [1], to anoint, beemear: -Med. t> anoint oneself.

kal-xp0cos, or, overlaid or plated with gold. tro-xpervous and -be, f. -xperse, so red or emean over: esp. to stain, colour.

ἐπίχθθείε, aor. τ part. pass. of ἐπιχέει.

łalybove, ece, ą, (łaryśw) a pouring overz an over flow, flood.

em-xuplu, f. how, to yield, give way. IL infr to come over to.

in-xupidiu, f. iou, (in, xuplor) to visit after, to be in the babit of coming to, Lat. ventitare.

έπι-χώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: of emyapea the people of the country, the natives; to encountry, the encountry or fashion of the country. Adv. -lan, in the fashion of the country.

ėm-ψănάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεπάζω.

ėπ-ψάλλω, to aecompany on a stringed instrument. tur-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph, to touch lightly on, Lat. atrictim attingere,

ent-weekle old Att. - waxale: so sour drop by drop upon.

en-personal, Dep. to lie still more.

em-Undila, f. iou Att. ia, to put to the note, put the question: -Med, to confirm or decree by vote: -Pass. to be appointed by vote.

ėπί-ψογορ, αν, exposed to blame, blameable.

act. blaming, censorious. tu-twyal, wr, al, (tal, lwyh) places ebeltered from the wind, roadsteads.

šπιών, part. of šπαιμι (εἶμι ιδο).

έπλάγχθην, sor. I pass. of πλάζω. ἐπλάθην [ā], aor. I pass. of πελάζαι

έπλάσα Ερ. έπλασσα, 201. ι οί τλάσσα.

take, for tacke, 3 sing. 201. 2 of πέλω: 30, takeo for endles, endless, a sing. zor. a med.: ender for endλευ, ἐπέλου; ἔπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

ěπλεξα, aor. I of πλέκω.

έπλήγην, acr. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

έπληντο, 3 pl. Ep. sor. s pass. of πελάζες.

ἐπλήσθην, 20τ. Ι pass. of πίμπλημι.

έπλων, 201. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μ. taveuσα, taveύσθην, acr. 1 act. and pass. of πνία.

im-bita, im-obiale, Ion. for ipbita, -iale. er-obúpouss. Dep. to lament over.

έποδώκα, reputed to be Ion. for έφ-ωδώκα, 3 sing. plant, of to-odow, to bring on the way.

duothy, acr. I pass. of sire.

dwonten, f. how, to go as settler of colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence

-- outoboutes, f. how, to build upon or besides.

to build up, build again, rebuild.

4m-outos, or, settling or sojourning among foreigners.

II. as Subst. Evoteos, ô, a sojourner, stranger.

2. a colonist, settler in a colony.

3. a meighbour.

in-ourthow, to bave compassion on.

 $\frac{1}{2}\pi$ -ourtion, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , =  $\frac{1}{2}\pi$ ourteipw. Hence

Amountains, or, to be pitied, pitiable, suretched. Amountos, or, (enl, olaros) piteous.

em-outife, or, (em, oteros) pusous. em-outife, f. —οιμώξομαι, to wail over,

in-olow, fut. of interpeper.

έπ-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, - ἐποίχομαι.

in-olyopau, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to go towards, approach: to draw near to.

2. to go against, attack.

II. to go over, go round, visit in suc-

teersion: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with death.

2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; lardr evolvesou to ply the loom, Lat. percurrer telam.

3. to go over, traverse.

en-oneλλω, to run a ship asbore:—of the ship, to

run asbore.

ėm-oupubeie, egga, er, uneven, rugged. ėm-oλισθάνει, f. -ολισθήσει, to glidų upon. ėm-oλολύζει, f. fei, to raise ery of triumpb at. ēmous, to follou, Dep. from ēms, q. v.

ἐπομβρέω, ήσω, to rain upon; and

έπομβρία, ή, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to αθχμόε (drought). From

έπ-ομβρος, ον, (ἐπί, δμβρος) rainy: wet.

em-burous and -ous: fut. -ομούμαι: 201. I -bιμοσα:
-to swear to or upon; έπομενου τουν θεούν to swear
by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—201. I
part., with another Verb, έπομόσαν elve he said with
an oath, upon oath.

έπομόσαι, 20r. I inf. of ἐπόμνυμι.

έπ-ομφάλιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἐμφάλόε) upan the navel: of a shield, on the bass.

έπόνδου, Dor. aor. I of πονέω.

en-overblom to throw reproaches upon. Hence enoverblomes, or, to be reproached, disgraceful.

act. reproachful. Adv. - 700, shamefully.

άπ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to surname:—generally, to call by a name; ἐπονομάζειν όνομά τινοε to call upon by name:—Pass, to be named after another.

Emoras, acc. pl. of eroy.

έπ-οπίζομαι, Ερ. imperat, -οπίζεο, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with one or reverence, έποποι, a cry to mimic that of the boopoe (έποψ),

enonoula, h. spic poetry. From

eno-morbs, iv. (fros, rocke) writing spic poetry; ---

en-outher i, how, to react besides or after.

έπ-οπτεύω, f. σω: Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπέ, ὑβομα):—to look over, notteb over, take charge of: to visit, punish.

'I. to become an ἐπύπτη, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.

έπ-οπτήρ, ήροε, ό, - ἐπόπτηε, of tutclary gods.

ån-оптик, ov. δ. (knópopai) an overseer, guardian, watcher.

II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.

in-opiu, Ion. for ipopiu:

έπ-ορέγω, f. fee, to bold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. - opifopat, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. έπορεξάμενοε, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.

έπ-ορέω, Ion. for έφοράω.

in-optiales, f. σω, (έπί, άρθιου) to set upright: intr. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but έπορθιαίζειν γόοιε to lift up the voice in wailing.

έπ-ορθοβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, δρθοβόακ) to utter

with a loud shout.

eπ-opulle, Ion. for eφοραίζε, to adjure.

έπ-ορμέω, Ιοπ. for έφορμέω.

em-sprous and -bw: fut. -lpow: aor. 1 - spou: (επ, spous): -to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite: -Pass. to rise against, assault, fly, upon one.

in-opoum, f. om, to rush violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.

ἐπόρσειαν, 3 pl. 20r. I opt. of ἐπόρνυμι. ἐπορσον, 20r. I imperat, of ἐπόρνυμι.

έπ-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.

"ΕΠΌΣ, eoe, τό, a word: κατ' έπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. It is used also of I. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim 2. the meaning, substance of a speech. 3. έπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic werse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiae werse; and thence generally to werse, poetry.

emoriou, acr. I of moriful

έπ-οτοτύζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably. ἐπ-οτρύνω, f. ὄνῶ, to stir up, urge on: to aftr up

against:-Pass. to basten on.

in-oupaios, a, or, (ini, obpi) on the tail.

éπ-oupávios, a, or, (éní, o**èperós**) in bezvez, besvenly. 2. in plur. as Subst., = θεοί.

in-ouplies, f. low Att. w: nor. I -object :—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to belp onward, to direct towards a point. I. intr. to sail with a fair wind.

en-oupos, or, (int, olpos) blowing favourably.
in-oφείλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.

4π-οφείλω, so remain a debtor, continue in debt.
έπ-οχετεύω, s. σω, so bring water by a channel to a
place, Lat, derivare

ἐποχίω, f. ήσω, (ἐποχοε) to carry towards or upon:
—Pass. with fut, med. ἐποχήσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.

έπ-οχθίδιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, όχθη) on the mountains. .

₹σοχον, τό, the saddleeloth, housing. From δποχος, ω, (ἐπέχω) mounted upon: metaph., λόyou pariae Exoxou words borne on madness, i. e. frantic. 2. absol. well-seated, mounted: keeping one's seat.

**EHOY**, orce, b, the boopee, so called from its cry, Lat. upilpa.

en-optional, Dep. (eni, byor) to eat with or as sauce. en-optoios, or, (ent, oper) used to eat with bread. en burgon, or, (enopopus) to be looked on.

en-odros, or, also a, or, (ent, obis) visible, seen afar, conspicuous: illustrious. II. act. overlooking all things.

ên-oque, esse, ô, (êxi, bips) a view over; ênopus roû loov the view commanded by the temple: generally, the

view or sight of a thing. ἐπόψομαί, fut. of ἐφοράω, formed from ἐξπόπτομαι. θην [ā], 201, Ι pass. of πιπράσκου.

impalov, sor. 2 of riple.

impers. Ep, shortd. for improve, sor. I of uphow. ἐπρήθην, Ιου. act. I pass. of πιπράσκω.

imprie, lon, for impafa, sor. I of mpages. empigera, acr. I of πρήθω.

emplanty, les, lato, 201. 2 of divioual.

"RITTA", of, al, rá, indeci., Let. SEPTEM, SEVEN. Germ. SIEBEN.

tura-βόσιος, ον, (tura, βούε) of seven bulls'-bides. tura-Bosos, or, (tura, βούε) of seven bulls'-bides. tura-ylusous, or, (tura, ylusou) seven-tongued, seven-toned.

êπτά-δραχμοα, ον, (επτά, δραχμή) worth seven drachms.

ê<del>uru-erhs,</del> és, (êura, éros) seven years old. of seven years: neut. entactes, as Adv., for seven

errá-fuvos, or, (errá, fárm) seven-zoned, of the planetary system.

Entrangues, pf. pass. of straig.

enta-wal-bena, ol, al, rá, indecl. seventeen.

entáme, also entám, (éntá) Adv. seven times. entano-propios, al. a. seventy thousand.

Interest (Asos, at, a, seven thousand.

έπτά-κλίνος, ον, (έπτά, κλίνη) with seven couches or beds.

Extantorios, a., a. (Exta) seven bundred.

έπτα-κότολος, ον, (έπτά, ποτύλη) bolding seven

enté-eronos, or, seven-tones, with seven chards. έπτά-λογχος, ον, (έπτά, λόγχη) of seven lances, of

seven troops of spear-men. έπτά-λοφος, ον, (έπτά, λόφος) seven-billa

errapay [a], sor. 2 of merapai.

<del>ξωτά-μηνος</del>, ον, (ξπτά, μήν) born in the seventh month. ento-ultres, or, (tred, place) of seven strings.

έπτά-μύχος, ον, with seven recesses. turafa, Dor. sor. I of uringou.

åπτά-πηχυς, ν, gen. coe, seven cubits long.

tura-moding, ov, o, (tura, nove) seven feet long.

èura-wopos, or, with seven tracks or pathe. tura-nous, o, h, neut. nouv, seven feet long. entá-ntiλos, ον, (έπτά, πύλη) seven-gated: epith. of Bosotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian

Thebes, which was exarousure. istá-supyos, or, seven-towered, Entapov, sor. 2 of straipes.

eurap-poos, or, contr. -pous, our, with seven channels or beds, of the Nile.

into-ortohos, or, consisting of seven bodies of men. έπτά-στομος, ον, (έπτά, στόμα) seven-mouthed. êπτα-ταιχής, έε, (έπτά, τείχος) with seven walls.

<del>enraro</del>, 3 sing. 20τ. 2 of πέταμαι. tura-rovos, or, seven-toned.

έπτά-φθογγος, ον, (έπτά, φθυγγή) sever-toned. enta-puvos, ov, (enta, part) seven-ucivid.

έπτάχα, (έπτά) Adv. in seven parts.

ênt-êtus, es, fem. êntêtis, idos, (êntá, êtos) seven years old.

έπτην, aor. 2 act. ot πέταμαι, as if from πτήμι.

έπτηξα, aor. I of πτήσσω. Entice, pf. act., Entropial, pf. pass., of stioon.

enroinθer, poet, 3 pl. zor, I pass. of πτοέει. emrolymus, poet. pf. pass. of mroles.

impolyce, poet, acr. I of spoin.

<del>ἐπτόμην</del>, ξοτ. 2 of πέτομαι. in-uspos, or, Ion. for ipvopos.

ἐπῦθόμην, aor. 2 of πυνθάνομαι.

έπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of έποε, α versicle..

"ΕΠΩ, poët. impf. fror : f. fife: 201. 2 forer, inf. σπείν, part. σπών:--Med. ξπομαι: impf. είπομην Ep. ἐπόμην: fut. ἔψομαι: 201. 2 with aspirate ἐσπόμην, imperat. σπού Ion. σπέο Ep. σπείο, inf. σπέ-I. Act. to be engaged or with, to be busy σθαι: about. II. Med. to follow, Lat. sequi: to attend,

to obey. 2. in hostile sense, to pursue. follow with the mind, understand: Lat, mente assegui, έπωθή, ή, contr. from ἐπασιδή (ἐπάδω) a song over: an enchantment, invantation, charm, spell.

**ἐπφδιον**, τό, Dim. of ἐπφδή.

emulos, or contr. of emacides, (emalow) singing to or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen. acting as a charm for or against. 2. sung or said II. Subst., ἐπφδόε, δ, ή, an enchanter ΙΙΙ. ἐπφδόε, ή, or enchantress, wizard or witch. a lyric poem in couplets, commonly of lambic Trim. and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure, except Elegiac; used by Horace.

έπ-ώδύνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὁδώνη) painful.

en-ωζω, (ent, ω) to wail over.

eπ-ωθέω, fut. –ώσω and –ωθήσω, to push upon or into.

<del>έπώκαλα,</del> soc. Ι of ἐποκέλλω.

έπ-ωλένιος, αν, (ἐπί, ἀλένη) upon the arm. ἐπ-ωμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὧ μος) on the shoulders.

en-whis, idos, ή, (exi, whos) the upper part of the sboulder: the neck and shoulder. 2. the birbest part of a sbip.

expusors, sor, I of expurement

emaporos, or, (êropropi) on oath, swar pass. swar by, involved by oaths, of Gods.

denotifules, \$\( \), (deviarables) a name given after some person or thing, Lat. cognomen; dresvapler ξχειν dri τυνοε to have a name after one:—but, dresvaples σχείν χώραs to have the naming of it, have it named after one.

2. a name significant of fate.

II. generally, a name.

enerojuos, α, ον, poet. for estevμου.

In devition, or, (tel, brupa Acol. for broma) named after some person or thing; broma tenturyor a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; Aλανότην παλέσσου δεώνυμου Alcyonά they called her by name: generally, surnamed, called. II. act. giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called doχεων δεώνυμου, as giving bis name to the current year.

enunda, to look over, observe. From

in with, ή, (in, by) a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.

duwurwe, impf. of duourdes.

ἐπώρα, Ion. for ἐφεώρα, 3 sing. impf. of ἐφοράω. ἐπῶρσα, 201. 1 of ἐπόρυυμ.

described the state of the stat

twerther, there, at, (tri; obs) beams an each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.

en upakin, f. how, to belp in a thing, to be of use or service in. Hence

έπωφιλημα, ατος, τό, α εκεσουτ, ετοτε.

ἐπωφελία, ή, (ἐπωρελέω) belp, profit, advantage. ἐπώχιδτο, 3 pl. Acol. and Ion. plapf. pass. of ἐπέχω, πάσαι γάρ [πύλαι] ἐπόχαπ. all were shut to.

emprount, impf. med. of emolγομαι.
\*\*EPA, η, the Lat. terra, earth: only found in Adv.

épaje, to earth.

\*EPAMAI, Ep. 2 p. ephaσθε: impf. ήράμην:— Pass., fut. έρασθήσομαι: aor. 1 ήράσθην: aor. 1 med. Αρδσάμην:—to love, desire, long after.

sparifie, f. ou, (sparce) to ask for contributions: te sollect by way of contribution.

II. to combine.

Hence

tribution. III. to combine. Hence δράνιστής, οθ, ό, α contributor to an έρανος οτ club. δραννός, ή, όν, (δράω) lovely, pleasant.

spources, δ, a meal to which each contributed his share, fiso συμβολή, Lat. symbolum: generally, a feast, festival.

2. any subscription or contribution: generally.

tally, a hindness, service.
3. a club or society.
spaces, Dor. for space.
space-publics, or, (space, polary) loving song.

ερασι-μολποε, ον, (έραω, μολπή) loving song. έρασι-χρήματοε, ον, (έραω, χρήματα) loving money, soustous, avarisious.

έράσμιος, α, ον, also or, ον, (ἐράω) lovery, beloved. ἔρασσαι, Ερ. for ἔρασαι, a sing. of ἔραμαι.

έράσσατο, Ep. for πράσατο, 3 sing. sor. I of ξραμας. ξραστεύω, f. σω, = ξράω, to love, desire.

spacrife, oî, ô, (śpapa) a lover: metsph. an adberent, partizan

φαστός, ή, όν, (έράω) beloved, lovery.

έρᾶταινός, ή, έν, (έρδω) lovely: welcome.
ἐρᾶτίζω, = ἐρόω, to desire entremely, be greedy for.
ἐρᾶτός, ή, όν, poöt. for ἐραστόε, beloved: lovely.
ἐρᾶτό-χροος, σ, contr. -χρους, οιν, (ἐρατόε, χρόα)
ο face or complexion.
ἐρᾶτόω, Dor. for ἐρητόω.

Eρδιτώ, οῦε, ἡ, (ἐραιτόε) Erἄιο, Lovely, one of the nine Muses. 2, one of the Occanides.

"EPA'Ω, only found in pres. and impf. with sor. I pass. hodoffy used in act. sense: see ξραμαι:—to lowe: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., how a lover; ή λραμάτη the beloved:—Dep. λράσμαι in same sense is very rare.

λργάζομαι, fut. λργάσομαι Dor. λεγαζοθμαι: 201. : εἰργασάμη»: pf. εἰργασμαι Ion. λεγασμαι, both in act, and pass. sense: but λεγασθήσομαι, 201. I εἰργάσους σύην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (ἐργαν):—to he busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρῆμ' λργάζεται the matter works, i. e. goes αν. II. trans. to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish. 2 to work at or in; λεγάζετδαι χρεσάν το work the gold. 3, to sam by working. 4, to make, build: also to produce, cause.

III. to work at a trade,

έργαθον, Ep. for είργαθον, poöt. acr. 2 of είργας inf.

łγκάθεῖν. Ιργάλεῖον Ιοα. –ἡἴον, τό, (Ιργον) a sool, inserstment.

ἀργαξή, Dor. for ἐργάσει, 2 sing. fat. of ἐργάςομα. ἐργάσείω, Desiderat. of ἐργάζομαι, to be about to do, intend to do.

leystofu, ή, (λεγά(ομαι) wors, toil, Lat. labor: daily labour, business, occupation; λεγασίαν δόε take pains to do. II. a working at a thing; bushandry, tillage; λεγασία μετάλλων working of mines. 2. workmanship, art, eraft: also a work of art. 3. gain, sarnings, profit.

έργάσιμος, οτ, (έργάζομαι) to be searked, that can

be worked: of land, arable.

έργασμαι, Ion. for είργασμαι, pf. of έργάζομαι. έργαστέον, verb. Adj. of έργάζομαι, one must mark the land. 2. one must do.

έργαστήρ, βροε, δ, (έργάζομαι) a workman, farmer. έργαστήριον, τό, (έργάζομαι) a worksbop, manufactory, sbop.

loyacrube, 4, br, (loya(opea) fit for working, bard-working, diligent, busy.

lργότης, ου, δ, (lργον) a worsman, bushandman: a practitioner, worker. II. as Adj. bard-working, diligent, energetic. [d]

έργατικός, ή, όν, (ξργάζομαι) - εργαστικός.

φργατικός, η, ον, (φραζομικ) — φρ φργατίνης, ου, ό, — φργάτης. [t]

έργάτζε, ιδοε, fem. of έργάτης, α work-woman: α bireling, mercenary woman. II. as Adj. working at. [6]

· śpypa, aroe, ro, — śpyor, a work, deed. śpypa, aroe, ró, (sipye, śpece) a fence, emioszce. śpyrów and –viju, pośt. for sipye, śpye, to emcioce. ipyo-birne, ov,  $\delta$ , (ipyor, didwyu) one who lets out | ritate.

έργολλβέω, to contract for the doing of work; èpγολαβείν ανδριάντας. Lat. statuas conducere faciendas. From

έργο-λάβος, ον, (έργον, λαβείν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., εργύλαβος, δ, α contrac-

tor. Lat. conductor, redemptor. [d]

έργον, τό, (\*έργω – έρδω) work; a man's business, employment; rd ouvrie toya source mind your own 2. in the Il. mostly loya, works or deeds of business. war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of busbandry: tilled lands; Epya Isanne the tilled lands of Ithaca: loya Bour the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil boum labores; lpya ywancow women's work, bandiwork, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια έργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits: -later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like rut iron-works, etc. 3. a bard piece of work, a se-4. often in Hom. opp. to ewos, deed, ice work. not word; in Att. often opp. to hoyoe. the following pecul. Att. phrases occur: loyer lori, c. inf. it is bard work, troublesome; our toyor tort, c. inf. it is your business to do; lova naplyeu nut, li te spárypara supéxeir, to give one trouble.

"EPΓΩ, in Homer mostly lépyes, Ep. forms for Att. -iργω or elpγω: fut. έρξω or elpέω: acr. I elpfa: pf. έτργμαι, 3 pl. έρχαται: plqpf. έξργμην, 3 pl. έρχατο or εέρχατο: 20r. I pass. part. ερχθείε:---to abut in, confine, include; tribe tipyer to enclose within; yiφυραι έεργμέναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, IL to shut out : exclude or probibit fr. m a thing:-also to binder or prevent from doing:

-Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

\* PPPO, to do work, obsol. root, for which the prese in use is lode: hence fut. lote, aor. I lota, pf. Lopye, plant. Lapyeur, which serve as the tenses of ipõw.

epocorrov, Ion. impf. of tode.

EPΔΩ, fut. έρξω, etc., see \*έργω:--to work, do, ascomplish; c. dupl. scc., sand loder rivá or absol, loder rirá, to do one barm. 2. like Lat. sacra facere, lepà lebeur to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without lepá or Ovolas, like facere or operari in Letin.

peβevvós, ή, ω, (Ερεβοε) dark, gloomy. βοσφι, Έρεβουσφι, v. sub Ερεβου.

EPEBINGOY, &, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. cicer. έρεβο-δίφάω, (έρεβοι, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

έρεβόθεν, Adv. from Erebos. From

Ecosos, τό, gen. eos contr. oue, Ion. Ερίβευε, Ερί-Bευσφι: -Erebos, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades,

"Ερεβόσδι, Adv. to or into Krebos.

Ipralva, like ipopas, to tak; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. lessirous.

နှားမေးမြော Dor. - ဖြစ်မား f. မြော Att. ကြီး acr. I ရှိခုပ်မှ စေး, Lica -ifa: (ipide):-to rouse to anger, provoke, ir- | ipidua, Ep. and Ion. form of ipous, to ask

II. later to excite, hindle; objectoe los-Or Course the kindled spark. Hence

epelvana, to, a stirring up, enciting.

EPE'ΘΩ, like epeti(es, to stir to anger: to raise, inerease.

EPEΓΔΩ, f. έρείσω: 201. Ι ήρεισα:---Pass., 201. Ι φοείσθην: pt. ερήρεισμαι: 3 sing. plapt. ηρήρειστο: to make one thing lean against another: hence so press, urge, force against; spelber alnyhe to inflict a severe blow. 3. to prop, stay, support, strengthen: 3. to press bard -generally, to fin firm, plant. 4. to dash, burl. g. of wagers, to mateb. set one pledge against another, Lat. deponere. intr. to lean against, withstand; anhhyour lpsibovous erouding one another: in Att. to set upon, press 2. to go to work; tpeide fall to (to bard on. eat). III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in acr. I med. part., èpeισάμενοs baving set bimseif firm, taken a firm stand; obset xairas ipopisaras (3 pl. pl.) the hair rested on the ground. 2. to be fixed firm; λûε έρηρέβαται the stones svere firmly set. 3. in Med. to strive one with another, contend.

EPEIKH, \$\, beath, beather, Lat. erlea.

EPEIKΩ, f. fw: 201. 1 specfa :--to break, tear, rend; lecurous rept boupl rent, pleroed by the spear: generally, to dash. II. intr. in acr. 2 holow, to abiver, fly in pieces.

loce. Ep. for loce, loov, imperat. of looper. speed, of, a word used as a term of insult to the

Egyptians.

epeloner, Ep. for epéwher, I pl subj. of epéw.

špelπιον, τό, (špelπω) a fallen ruin, tu plur. ruins; ravried epelmia surecks, pieces of sureck; rekplin èpelvia, dead carcases; vévicor èpelvia remnants of robes.

EPEIIIΩ, f. epebpo: 201. I specha - Pam., 201. 1 ήρείφθην: pf. ἐρήριμμαι:—to dash down, tear down; ipelate yives been tie some god darbes down their race:-Pass to be dashed down, fall in ruins; reixos έρέριπτο (Ep. plapf. for ήρήριπτο):—Pind. has dor. 2 pass. part. épirele, dat. épirévri, fallen. trans. in aor. 2 spiwor Ep. spiwor, ps. 2 spspiwa, se fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

specous, sor. I inf. of spelles.

éperovels, sor. I part. pass. of épelbe.

iperopa, aros, to, (ipelow) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θήρων' έρεισμ' 'Ακράγαντος Theron pillar of ... Agrigentum, like Lat. solumen. ΙΙ. - ξρμα, α . sunken rock.

epsidruos, or, (épelse) fallen down, in ruins.

epeuψί-τοιχος, ον, (έρείπω, τοίχος) overthrowing

έρεμνός, ή, όν, contr. of έρεβεννός, black, dark ! έρεμνή φάτιε a dark (l. c. obseure) rumous.

Epeta, sor. I of pela.

infurence. Dep. used only in pret. and impf., to feed | desolate, and destitute, belpless. on. (Deriv uncertain.)

lplurus, - lpiφω, to roof over · to eroum.

desputere. Ep. 3 sing. plaps pass of speleu.

ortal, sor 2 ml. of too par

TPE IIO Att True fut. lpfow: 201. I fpeou -II. trans. to surge by rowing, metaph. of burds, streplyon spermolous specionward by the carage of their wings, Virgil's remigio 3. generally, to ply, urge :- Pass. of a elarım. bow, to be plied, bandled.

łp<del>irys, ου</del>, ό, (ipeσσω) a rower.

έρετμός, ό, ος έρετμόν, τό, (έρέσσω) Lat. remus, an our, in pl. only the neut. lort ua is used. Hence eperμόω, f ώσω, to equip with oars, set to row.

loform. Att. for leform.

RPET FOMAI, f. specifount, Dep. to spit or spen out, to disgorge, Lat. eructure: absol. to belch, Lat. 2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach. II. in acc. 2 act. hobyer, inf. epbyeir, part. epvyeir, to bellow, roar

έρευθίδανον, τό, madder. From

ipsulia, f. how, to be red. From

έρευθος, eoe, τό, redness, bloom, blusbing: from EPET ΘΩ. fut. locious, to make red, stain red.

έρευνα, ηε, ή, (έρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence έρευνάω, f. ήσω, to seek or search for, search after: to search, examine. 2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to do. Hence

eperontion, verb. Adj. one must search.

ipelorus, nor. 1 inf. of iperious,

EPE'ΦΩ, f. ww: sor. I howa:—to cover or roof in a building. II, to cover with a crown, wreathe with garlands: -Med. to crown oneself.

έρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver:-Pass., ναθε ερεχθομένη ανέμοισι a ship dashed bither and thither by the storm, shattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Eperha, sor. I of ipipus.

dose, Ion. and Ep. for epal.

epies, Ep. pres. for ipo par, to ask.

έρημάζω, f. σω, (ἐρῆμοε) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion, impf. lonuaceour.

iphuaios, a, or, post. for iphuos.

έρημία, ή, (έρημοε) a solitude, desert, wilderness. II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being laid waste, desolation, Lat. vastitas: of persons, desolateness, destitution. 2. generally, want of, absence: also exemption from evil.

έρημιάς, άδος, ή, a solitary devotes.

έρημο-κόμης, εε, (έρημος, κόμη) destitute of bair. έρημο-λάλοε, ον, (ξρημοε, λάλέω) chattering in the

έρημό-πολιε, ι, gen. ιδοε, (έρημοε, πόλιε) reft of one's city,

έρημο-νόμος, σν, (ξρημος, νέμω) baunting the desert. KPH MOΣ, η, or, also os, or: Att. έρημος:—of Places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary, | triguing, Lat. ambitus: party-spirit, faction.

3. c. gen. reft of; destitute of, abandoned by; orthog place ton-II. 25 Subst., ερήμου (sub. γή, χώρα), ή, α μoι. solitude, desert, wilderness. ΙΙΙ. ἐρήμη (sub. δίκη), h, a trial in subich one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; έρημην δίκην έλεῦν to get judgment by default; ophew to let it go by de-

έρηνοσύνη, ή, solitude. From

έρημόω, f. ώσω, (έρημου) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, devolate, devastate. 3. c. gen. to berease of :- Pass. to be bereft, deprived of. II. to leave. abandon:-Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence iphusers, eas, h, desolation, devastation: and

έρημντης, οῦ, ὁ, α desolator.

έρηρόδάται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. past. of έρείδα: έρηρέ-Saro, Ion. 3 pl. piqpf. pass.

έρήρυμμαι, pf. pass. of έρείποι.

do hours, intrans. pf. of epeine. έρήτθον, Acol. 3 pl. acr. I pass. of έρητύα.

έρητύω, f. ύσω [υ]: 201. Ι έρητυσα: (ἐρύω):-- το bold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:—to keep back from.

δρητύσαστα, 3 sing. Ion. 201. I of δρητύω,

EPT, insepar. Particle, like dot-, used as a prefix to strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

έρι-αύχην, eros, δ, ή, with high-arching neck. έρι-βόσε, ου, δ, (έρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous. έρι-βρεμέτης, ου, δ, (έρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding, thundering, roaring.

ior-Bourns, is, = ipiBpopos.

tol-βρομος, σν, (tp.-, βρέμω) loud-abouting, roaring. έρι-βρύχης, ου, Ερ. εω, δ, and έρί-βρύχος, ον. (έρι-, βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

έρι-βωλαξ, άκοε, ό, ή, and έρί-βωλος, or, with large clods, of rich, loamy soil: hence very fertile, fruitful.

έρί-γδουπος, or, = ἐρίδουπος, thundering. lotbalve, f. ipidhow, (ipife) to wrangle, quarrel: to strive for :- sor. I inf. med lotohous bas.

**ἐρίδιον**, τό, Dim. of ἔριον.

έριδμαίνω, (ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate.

intr. to contend.

έριδμάτος, ον, (έρι-, δμητόε) strongly built: hence strong, excessive.

έρί-δουπος, ον, (έρι-, δούπος) loud-sounding.

έριζέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἐρίζω.

tolle Dor. tolobe: Ion. impf. tollegrow: fut, telow: not. I fipisa, Ep. 3 sing. opt. episseie: (Epis):-tu strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or v.4. with: hence, to be equal, be a match, for: -so also in Med.

epi-npos, or, (ipi-, edpu) fitting closely: metaph. 22 epith. of éraîpos, loving, faithful, trusty: so also im heterocl. plur., épispes éraipor, acc. épispes éraipors.

έρτθακίε, idoe, ή, (έριθοε) a labouring woman. έρι-θάλης, έε, Dor. for έριθηλής.

IL in-

iotheia, n, (ipideva) labour for wages.

έρι-θηλής, ές, έτην τέθηλα) very luxuriant, flourishing, fertile. | ἐριστός, ή, όν, (ἐρίζω), to be disputed or contested, ing, fertile.

eptlos, δ, also ή, a day-labourer, bired servant; in Homer, έριθοι, of men, are mowers or reapers; of women, workers is wool.

éplicely, intrans, aor, 2 inf. of épeign.

έρι-κλάγκτης, ου, ὑ, (ἐρι-, κλάζω) loud-sounding. ἐρί-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ον, (ἐρι-, κλαίω) muchweeping. II. pass. much-wept, bewailed.

ipi-urbuos, ov, loud-sounding.

έρι-κύδής, έι, (έρι-, κύδος) very famous, glorious.

ερι-κύμων [v], or, gen. oros, (έρι-, κύμα) full of young, big with young.

epl-μύκος, or, (èpι-, μέμύκα) loud-bellowing.

EPINEO Z, &, the wild fig-tree, Lat. caprificus. epiveos, a, or, (épor) of wool, woollen.

EPINT'2 (not Έριννί»), gen. νου, ή: pl. nom. Έριννίες contr. -ῦν, acc. -νίας contr. -ῦν, gen. -νίων contr. -ῦν: -the Erinys or Fury, an avenging deity: the names Tisipbonė, Megaera, Aleeto do not occur tik late. At Athens they were called Ευμενίδευ ο Τεμναί, by an euphemism. II. as Appellat., μητροδε έριννες curses from one's mother; φρενῶν ἐρινῦν distraction, frenzy: also, blood-guiltiness.

also in plur. 2. έρια drd εύλου wool from the tree,

i. e. cotton; so in Germ., baum-wolle.

έριο-πάλης, ου, δ, (έριον, πωλίω) a wool-dealer. Hence

έριο-πωλικώς, Adv. like a wool-dealer, cheatingly.

έριο-πάλιον, τό, the wool-market.

dp.b-στεπτος, σr, (ξρισν, στέφω) wreathed with wool.

ξρι-ούνιος, δ, Homeric epith. of Hermes, from έρι-,
ενίνημ, the helper, luck-bringer: also absol. Έριούριος, Helper, as a prop. n. of Hermes.

έρι-συργέω, ε. ήσω, to make woollen stuff.

Eps-oupyos, (v, (épsov, \*ípyw) working wool.

έρυπε, Ep. for ήριπε, 3 sing. intrans. 201. 2 of έρείπω. έρυπείν, intrans. 201. 2 inf. of έρείπω.

**δρί-πλευρος.** or, (έρι-, πλευρά) with sturdy sides. **δρίπνη** or δρίπνα, ή, (έρείπω) a broken cliff, crag, scaur: any sheer ascent.

**δρυπών**, 20τ. 2 part. of δρείπω.

"EPIΣ, ιδος, ή: acc. έριν and έριδα: pl. έριδες, later έρειε:—strife, quarrel, debate: esp. rivalry, contextion: discord, jealousy: also in good sense, έριε άγα-Εων zeal for good

Goddess of Strife.

Zplerber, Dor. inf. of lpifa.

ZoloBoues, Dor. for epiconer.

Epu-σθενής, έε, (έρι-, σθένοε) mighty in strength. Ερισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) a cause of quarrel

Los σμάρδησε, ον, (έρι-, σμάρδηή) loud-ibundering. 
Lot σεις, -ειαν, Ερ. 3 sing. and pl. acr. 1 opt. of ἐρίζω. 
Lot σεται. Ερ. for ἐρίσηται, acr. 1 subj. med. of ἐρίζω. 
Los στάφλλος, ον, (ἐρι-, στάφλλή) large-clustering, 
rich in grapes: of wine, made of fine grapes.

Apsortis, ου, δ, (ερίζω) a wrangler, disputer.

έριστός, ή, όν, (έρίζω), to be disputed or contested, έρι-σφάραγος, ον, = έρισμάραγος, loud-roaring. έρι-τιμος, ον, (έρι-, τιμή) bigbly prized, precious έριφειος, ον, (έριφος) of or belonging to a hid. έριφοιν, τό, Dim. of έριφος, a goat, kid. [Υ] "EPI ΦΟΣ, δ, also ή, a young goat, kid. II. έριφοι, ol, Lat. boedi, a constellation which brought storms; ἐπ' ἐρίφοιε in stormy weather.

έριάλη, ή, a subirliwind, burricane, tornado: Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from έριον and δλλυμ, wool-consumption.

έρκειος Att. έρκειος, or, and α, or, (έρκοι) belonging to the court or enclosure in front of the house; Zeve Έρκειοε, the bousehold god, because his statue stood in the έρκοι; έρκειοι πύλαι the gates of the court.

έρκιον, τό, (έρκοι) a fence, enclosure.

έρκος, εος, τό, (έργω, είργω) an enclosure, bedge, fence, wall: mostly of the wall round the court-yard, and so a court-yard: άγγέων έρκος, periphr. for άγγη; σφραγίδος έρκος, for σφραγίε; έρκος όδόντων the ring fence of the teeth, for όδόντω the teeth themselves.

II. a net, snare: the coils of the lasso.

III. metaph. any fence or defence, bulwark.

epu-oupos, ov, (epuos, oupos) watching an enclosure.

έρκτή, ή, Ion. for είρκτή.

ερμα, ατοε, τό, a prop, support: mostly of the stays or beams by which ships on shore were kept upright: metaph., ερμα πύλησε pillar of the state, Lat. columen.

2. a sunken rock or reg, on which a vession may strike: also a mound, cairn, barrow on land.

3. ballast.

11. μελανίων ερμ δυνάων, of a sharp

arrow, the foundation, i.e. cause, of pangs. III. ερματα, earrings, akin to δρμοε: generally, a neck-

lace, band: a chain.

ἔρμαιον, τό, ('Ερμῆs) a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery, Hermes being the reputed giver of such gifts, as in Latin Hercules.

Eρμαίοs, α, ον, Att. Έρμαιοs, ον, (Έρμῆε) of or from Hermes. II. Ερμαια (sub. lepá), τά, a festival in his honour.

έρματίζω, (έρμα) to ballast.

Έρμ-αφρόδίτος, δ, ('Ερμῆε, 'Αφροδίτη) an Hermaphrodite: an effeminate person.

Ερμάων ωνος, δ. poët. esp. Dor. for Ερμής. [ā]

Έρμέας, δ, poët. for Έρμης, dat. Έρμέα.

Epμείας, δ, Ep. for Ερμής; gen. Ερμείαο, -είω; dat. Ερμεία; acc. Ερμείαν; voc. Ερμεία.

έρμηνεία, ή, (έρμηνεύω) interpretation, explanation. II. expression, power of speech.

έρμηνευμο, ατος, τό, (ἐρμηνεύω) an interpretation, explanation.

2. a sign, monument.

έρμηνεύε, έωε, δ, (Έρμῆε) an interpreter, dragoman: generally, an expounder. Hence

έρμηνεύω, f. σω, to be an interpreter, to interpret, explain, make clear: hence to express, give atterance to.

Ερμής, δ; Εp. gen. Έρμέω; dat. Έρμή; acc. Έρμήν; voc. Έρμή:—Hermes, the Lat. Λ. ercurius.

In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called biáπτοροε; as giver of good luck, ερισύνισε, ἀκάκητα; as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπόε. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is botos, erobtos: hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Epuis.

Equibion, 76, Dim. of Equipe, a little figure of Hermes: in vocat. my dear little Hermes.

έρμίε or έρμίν, îros, δ, dat. pl. έρμίσιν, (ερμα) α prop, support: a bed-post.

ρμο-γλύφεύε, έων, δ, (Έρμης, γλύφω) a carver of Hermae: generally, a statuary. Hence

έρμογλύφικός, ή, όν, of or for a statuary: ή έρμογλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the art of statuary.

έρμο-γλύφος, δ, - έρμογλύφεύ».

έρμο-κοπίδης, ου, ό, (Ερμής, κόπτω) a mutilator of the Hermae.

"EPNOZ, coe, To, & shoot, scion, of the olive and palm; drespaner spret loos he shot up like a young II. metaph. a scion, a child.

έρξα, 201. Ι οἱ •έργω, - έρδω.

epfelys or epflys, o, translation of the Persian name Darius: from \$\$\rightarrow\righta

 $\xi p \xi \omega$ , fut. of  $\xi p \gamma \omega$ ,  $\xi p \delta \omega$ .

epbers, eooa, ev, (ipos) lovely, pleasing.

epoly, for epoin, pres opt. of epea.

EPOMAI Ion. είρομαι : impf. είρο μην : fut. έρήσομαι Ion. elphσομαι: αυτ. 2 ήρομην, imperat. έρου Ep. έρειο, subj. έρωμαι, opt. έροίμην, inf. έρέσθαι, part ipoperos:-to ask, inquire: to ask after or IL to question, to ask advice of, consult: c. for. dupl, acc. to ask one about a thing.

špos, 8, poēt. form of spees, love, desire.

"EPOZ, eos, 76, wool, Lat. lana.

έρπετόν, τό, (έρπω) a. creeping thing, repile: esp. a snake; pl. spreta, as opp. to retera, any animals that move on the earth.

έρπήστης, ου, δ, (έρπω) a creeper, a mouse.

έρπύζω, f. σω, (έρπω) to creep, crawl, drag oneself clong: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

ερπυλλος, δ and ή, (έρπω) creeping thyme, Lat. ser- | become red, to blush. pyllum, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

έρπύσαι, 20r. I inf. of έρπύζω or έρπω.

έρπυστήρ, βρος, δ, and έρπυστής, οῦ, δ, (ἐρπύζω)

a reptile: a crawling child.

TEPΠΩ, impf. eipπον: fut. έρψω Dor. έρψω: aor. I destive, formed from epriso (cf. Edge, eldrive):the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to creep, crawl, move slowly: of men, to eresp, glide, slink about: Epworta eresping things. 2. metaph. to creep on, spread, as in Lat. serpit rumor.

Torones, Dor. I pl. pres. subj. of toros. έρράγην [ά], act. a pass. of βήγνυμι.

eppasarau, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of paire: eppasaro, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

eppappieros, pf. part. pass. of βάντα.

apparators, sor. I of pariso έρρέθεν and έρρήθην, sor. I pass. of έρέα, έρθ. έρρηξα, sor. I of βήγνυμι. šρρίγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of βεγόω. έρρίγησα, aor. I of βιγέω. epplicator, 3 sing. pf. pass. of history eppuperos, pf. part. pass. of blares. Eppuya, aor. I of plate. έρρύηκα, pf. of βέω ;—έρρύην, nor. 2 pasaέρ-ρυθμος, or, in rbythm, time or measure.

"ΕΡΡΩ, fut. Ιρρήσω: 20τ. Ι ήρρησα: ρί. ήρρηκα:-to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called sppar, limping. a bad sense, to go or come to ruin; Eppew in rads gone or fallen from a ship : imperat. Eppe, or Eppe to. воранав, Lat. abi in malam rem, go with a plague on thee; epperes let bim pass, away with bim; eppérm Theor let Troy perieb! Epper rà mahá the luck is gone l

Eppwya, pf. 2 of Myrum.

έρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of βάννυμι, as Adj., in good bealth, vigorous, stout: Adv. lppoplevos, stoutly: irreg. Comp. *ἐρρωμενέστεροε*, Sup. - έστατοε.

έρρώοντο, 3 pl. impf. of βώομαι; έρρώσαντο, 3 pl. sor. I med.; ερρώσθην, aor. I pass.

έρρωσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of βώννυμι.

έρρωσο, έρρωσθε, pf. imperat, pass, of βάννυμι έρση Ερ. εέρση, ή, (άρδω) dew, Lat. ros; τεθαλνέα léρση plenteous des : in pl. rain-drops. metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp. of lateborn lambs, cp. μέτασσαι. Hence lpothers Ep. lepothers, ecoa, er, deury, deno-be-

sprinkled: -of a corpse, fresh.

έρσην, ενοε, δ. Ιοπ. for άρσην, **άρρην**. έρυγγάνω, Att. form of έρεύγομαι, to econit. έρθγείν, 201. 2 inf. of έρεθγομαι.

έρύγμηλος, η, ον, (έρεύγομαι) loud-bellowing. έρυγών, acr. 2 part. of έρεύγομαι.

έρθαίνω, sor. 1 έρύθηνα, poët. for έρυθραίνω, so

redden, make to blush:—Pass, to become red, Hence έρύθημα, ατος, τό, reduces on the skin: a flush, blush έρυθραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (ἐρυθρόε) to dye red;—Pass. to

έρνθριάω, f. άσω [ā], (έρυθρόε) to be apt to bluch. **ἐρυθρο-βἄφής, έε, (ἐρυθρός, βαφῆναι) dyed red.** έρυθρό-πους, ό, ή, gen. ποδος, (έρυθρός, πούς) τούfooted: the name of a bird, the red-shank.

EPYOPO'Z, &, &, red, Lat. RUBER. Έρυθρή θάλασσα, the Erythraean sea, our Indian ocean.

ipundnov, Ep. 201. 2 of ipunu, inf. ipundnicur. έρθκανάω, poët. for έρύκω, to restrain. confine. louxavboor, Ep. for lourardor, 3 pl. of lourarder. έρθκάνω, poët. for έρύκω, to restrain. [δ] épûxe, £ fe: sor, I forfa Ep. forfa: Ep. sor. 3

houndsor, or without augm. louister, inf. louister: (lepbu):—to keep in, hold back, restrain, binder: 🗩 control, curb, keep in check; An apone capth confirm

(the dead); my see spoke maxys keep me not back ! 2. to detain a guest. from fight. 3. to ward 4. to keep apart, separate, dioff, Lat. arcso. II. Pass. to be beld back, detained : to be 2. to be guarded, safe.

έρθμα, ατος, τό, (έρθομαι) a fence, guard: a bulwork, fort : generally, a defence, safeguard.

**ἐρϋμάτιον**, τό, Dim. of ἔρυμα.

equivo-veros, or, with impenetrable back. έρυμνός, ή, έν, (ερύομαι) fenced, fortified. Hence έρυμνότης, ητος, ή, strength, security, of a place. έρυντο, 3 pl. sor. 2 of ρύομαι.

epuratare, Ion. 3 pl. 20r. I opt. med. of epias.

ίρτο-άρματος, ον, (Ιρύω, άρμα) chariot-drawing: Ep. heterocl. pl. ἐρυσάρματες, -τας.

lobal-Bort, totyoe, b, h, (tober, splf) for drawing

through the bair, epith. of a comb.

έρθου-vate, thee, ή, (έρθομαι, ναθε) preserving ships. έρδοί-πτολιε, δ, ή, (έρδομαι, πόλιε) protecting the city. towns, east, \$, (ipiw) a drawing.

έρυσμός, δ. (ἐρύομαι) a safeguard.

έρύσσασθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. med. of έρθα.

·έρωστομεν, Ερ. for ερύσωμεν, aor. 1 subj. of ερύω. έρυστός, ή, όν, (ἐρύω) drawn.

έρθτο, Ερ. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass.

of ipies.

TEPTO Ion. dipien: fut. epison or episo: 201. I είρδσα Ερ. είρυσσα οι έρυσα:--to draw, drag; νεκρούε or rempor epicer, either of the friends, to drag the corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to tear off or down xxalons epicer riva to pull him by the cloak. II. Med. epiquat Ion. elpiquat: fut. inf. έρύεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also έρύσσομαι: aor. I είρυσάμην Ep. approvamy or approvamy: the foll. forms are pass., pl. slovyau both in med. and pass. sense, Ep. 3 pl. εφύάται; 3 sing. plopf. (with sense of aor. 2) είρῦτο or epuro, 3 pl. espurro or espuaro :- to draw to one's com side; ficos epiecobas to draw one's sword; epiσασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it; έρθεσθαι νήαι to launeb one's ships, but in pass. sense, of the ships, to be bauled asbore. 2. from the sense of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the sense to reseue, deliver, and hence to protect, 3. to keep off, ward off; η δ' οὐκ ξγχοι fouro it kept not off the spear: hence to check, ibwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, bold in bonour; θέμισται εἰρύαται they maintain laws.

έρχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of έργω, είργω: -- έρχα-

TO (Or depxero), 3 pl. plapf.

epydraupus, Pass. to be abut up. From έρχάτος, δ, (έργω) a fence, enclosure, bedge. έρχατόωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of έρχατάσμαι. έρχθείε, aor. I part. pass. of έργω, εί, γω.

EPXOMAI: impf. ήρχόμην: — the tenses are cormed from the Root ελεύθω: fut. ελεύσομαι: 201. (μαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; το ερωτην

habbor, syncop. fallor Dor. froor; later also sor. I ήλθα: pl. ελήλθθα Ep. ειλήλουθα, 1 pl. ειλήλουθμεν. part. είληλουθών: 3 sing. plopf., Ion. έληλώθεε Ep. elληλούθει :-- to come or go :-- to come back, return : in Homer with cognate words, as, ubdr or mixeudor έλθεῶν; also poöt., άγγελίην έλθεῶν, to go on a mos-2. c. gen. loci, medioso exterir to go through or aeross the plain 3. with fut. part., lexoual olooperoe lyxoe I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, spxouas splan I am going to tell. Fr. je vais dire. II. later phrases: els hoyous foxerbal run to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. . ent war expert to try everything. 3. ward jumper their, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with did and its case, periphr. for a Verb, as, bid maxing run ipxe. σθαι for μάχεσθαί τινι, διά πολέμου έρχεσθαι for πολεμείν, etc.

έρψα, έρψοθμος, Dor. I sing. and pl. fut. of έρπω

dat. of toos, love: see tous.

EPΩ Ion. and Ep. spice, fut. (φημί, λέγω and dγοperco being used as pres. and effor as acr. 2); from the same Root come pf. elpnua, pass. elpnuas, plopf. pass. elphμην; acr. I pass. έρρηθην and έρρέθην, inf. βηθηναι; fut. pass. βηθήσομαι, fut. 3 «Ιρήσομαι:—Ι will say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce: hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to do; Appro ol, c. inf., it bad been told him to do. II. ¿péas occurs sometimes in Hom, as a pres. - Epopai, elpopai, to ask for or after.

EPΩAIO'S, δ, the heron or hern, Lat. ARDEA.

epweire, 3 sing, pres. imperat. of

έρωδω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήρώησα Ep. έρώησα: - to flow. stream, burst out: to gusb out by starts or at inter-2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen. : absol., ripos obnor' louse the cloud never leaves II. trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to ρώνομαι.) Hence

sperh, h, any quick, violent motion; douple sport the rush or flight of a spear; humpripos sport the force or swing of the winnower's (shovel). II. a retreat from, rest from; pulse, desire. πολέμου ἐρωή.

έρωήσαι, aor. I inf. of έρωέω: έρωήσαιτε, 2 pl. opt. έρω-μανέω, f. ήσω, (ξρωε, μαίνομαι) to be madly in love. Hence

iρωμάνία, ή, mad love.

έρωμένιον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of έρωμενος, ό, έρωμένη, ή, pres. part. pass. of έράω,

a loved one. one's love.

έρως, ωτος, δ: heterocl. dat. έρω (from έρως), acc. έρου, for regular dat. έρωτι, acc. έρωτα: (έροε):— II. as prop. n., the love: desire for a thing. god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. spares the Loves.

έρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

epertie Ion. elp-, f. how: acr. I howryou: (Epo-

M. to question a person. III. | ounds for by his death he very much touched me Ver the question. to ask, solicit, beg. Hence έρώτημα, ατος, τό, α question; ξρώτημα τοῦ ξυνθήparce the asking for the watchword, the challenge of έρώτησιε, εωε, ή, (έρωτάω) a questioning. έρωτιάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of έρωτικύς. έρωτικός, ή, όν, (έρως) of or caused by love; έρω-2. given to love, fond. TIKT EUNTUXÍA A love affair. Hence έρωτικως, Adv. lovingly, fondly. έρωτίς, ίδος, ή, (έρως) a loved one, darling. as Adj. έρωτίδεε νήσοι, islands of love. έρωτο-γράφος, ον, (έρως, γράφω) writing on love. έρωτο-πλάνος, ον, (έρως, πλάνάω) beguiling love. έρωτο-πλοέω, f. ήσω, (έρων, πλύοι) to sail on love's ocean. έρωτύλος, δ. (έρωε) a darling, sweetbeart. as Adj., ἐρωτύλα ἀείδειν to sing love-songs. [0] es, Ion. and old Att. form for els, to: for all compounds with & - see under elo-. es. aor. 2 imperat. of in mu έσ-αγγελεύε, έσ-αγγέλλω, for elσαγγ-. έσ-άγείρω, ν. είσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. Ep. impf. med. ἐσαγείρετο, Ep. 201. I med. ἐσαγείρατο. έσ-άγω, ▼. εἰσάγω. eo-arev, (es, aler) Adv. for ever. έσ-αθρέω, έσ-ἄκοντίζω, έσ-ἄκούω, ▼. sub είσ-. δσαθρήσαιμι, aor. I opt. of <math>εlσαθρέω. έσ6λτο, 3 sing. Ep. sor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι. foray, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of elui sum. toav, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ξννυμι. ἐσάντα, ▼. εἰσάντα. έσ-άπαξ, Ion. for elσαπ-, (le, απαξ) at once. ểσάπην [ἄ], 20r. 2 pass. of σήσω. έσ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for είσαφικνέομαι. έσ-αράσσω, τ. είσαράσσω. έσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of έννυμι. έσ-άχρι, Adv. for els άχρι, until, c. gen. έσαωθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω. έσάωσα, aor. I of σαόω, Ep. for σώζω. έσβαίην, sor. 2 opt. of είσβαίνω. έσ-βαίνω, έσ-βάλλω, ν. είσβαίνω, είσβάλλω. έσβάς, aor. 2 part, of εἰσβαίναι **4σβην, α**οτ. 2 οf σβέννυμι. έσ-βιβάζω, έσ-βολή, τ. είσβιβάζω, είσβολή. έσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for elσδέχομαι. έσ-δίδωμι, έσ-δύομαι, έσ-δύω, ν. είσδ-. δοδόμενοι, ξοδώμεθα, Dor. for εζόμενοι, εζώμεθα. foreat, forerat, post, for fore or for, forat, 2 and 3 sing, fut, of elui sum. έσέδρακον, 201. 2 οδ είσδέρκομαι. έσέδράμον, 20r. 2 of είστρέχω. ãσ-σιμι, v. eίσειμι. έσελεύσομαι, fut. of είσέρχομαι. άσελθεῖν, aor. a inf. of είσέρχομαι. έσεμασσάμην, Ερ. sor. I of είσμαίομαι (cf. έπpalopai), to touch; μάλα γάρ με θάναν εσεμάσσατο

in beart. έσέπτατο, 3 sing. 20τ. 2 of elσπέταμαι. έσεργνύναι, Ion. inf. of είσείργω, είσέργω. έσ-έρχομαι, ν. είσέρχομαι. έσεσάχατο, 3 pl. plapf. pass. of σάττω. έσέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of elσχέω. έσ-έχω, έσ-ηθέω, v. sub είσέχω, είσηθέω. έσήλατο, 3 sing, sor, I med, of είσάλλομπι. έσημηναντο, 3 pl. sor. I med. of σημαίνω. έσηνα, aor. I of σαίνω. έσθαι, sor. 2 inf. med. of ίημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of Errum. έσθέσθαι, Ion. 201. 2 inf. med. of clστίθη μι. ἐσθέω, (ἐσθήε) to clothe:—Pass. to be clothed, dressed; mostly in pf. ήσθημαι Ιου. έσθημαι; έσθητα έσθημένος clad in raiment. Hence έσθημα, ατος, τό, a garment, dress. έσθην, 3 dual plops, pass, of έννυμι. έσθης, ήτος, ή, (έσθαι, pf. int. pass. of ξυνυμι) a garment: dress, clothes, raiment, Lat. vestis, έσθησιε, εωε, ή, (ἐσθέω) clothing, raiment. έσθίω, Ep. inf. έσθιέμεν: impf. ήσθιον: fut. έδομαι (from Ep. pres. ΕΔΩ): pl. act. εδήδοκα, pass έδήδεσμαι : ant. I pass. ήδέσθην : aot. 2 act. ξφάγον (from Root \*ΦΑΓΩ):—the Lat. EDO, to eat: metaph. to devour, consume, like fire or an earing discase; ξσθίειν ξαυτύν to vex or annoy oneself; ξσθίειν την χελύνην to bite the lip: - Pass. to be eaten; olicos igθίεται the house is eaten up. ΈΣΘΛΟ Σ, ή, ω, Dor. Ισλός, ά, ω, - αγαθύς. good of his kind: brave, stout: also noble, wealthy: 2. of omens, good, lucky. Subst., lothá goods: absol, lothly good luck. έσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἐσθλώς. έσθοροι Ερ. 201. 2 οί είσθρώσκω. łσθοs, εos, τό, – ἐσθήs, a drew, garment. iod' bre, for eorly bre, Lat. est quum, there is a time when, i.e. now and then, sometimes. έσ-θρώσκω, ▼. εἰ*σθρώσκ*ω. έσθω. Ep. inf. εσθέμεναι, impf. Hσθον, poet. form of έσθίω, to eat, devour: metaph. to eat up or consume one's meaus, ἐστγάθην [ā], Dor. aor. I pass. of σιγάω. io Beiv, for eloubeir, inf. of eloubor. έσιδέσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 2 med. of elσείδος. έστέμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίη μ. έσίζηται, for είσίζηται, 3 sing. subj. of είσίζομαι. ėσ-ίημι, ėσ-ικνέομαι, ėσ-ίπταμαι, ν. εἰσ-. łσ-καταβαίνω, τ. είσκ-. lσκάτθετο, for elσκατέθετο, 3 sing. sor. 2 med. of εὶ σκατατίθη μι. force, Ep. and Ion. for hr, 3 sing. impl. of elas sum. έσκέδασα, aor. I of σκεδάννυμι. έσκαμμαι, pf. of σκοπέω. dokibvavro, 3 pl. impf. pass. of oxidenm. έσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκέλλω: έσκλην, 201. 2.

torkov, Ep. and Ion. for fir, impl. of eight same.

iσλός, Dor. for ἐσθλόε. έσμηχον, impf. of σμήχοι.

louis or louis, i, (lym) a swarm of bees: any marm or flock; louol yakantoe streams of milk.

έσμο-τόκος, ον, (έσμός, τεκείν) producing swarms of been.

ico, Ep. for love, imperat. of elul. io-ouxie, io-ouxile, v. eio-. icouros, v. elcouros. Hence icoerpov, v. elcourpov.

io-opáw, v. eloopáw. loopsques, Dor. for eloops per.

erousa, Dor. for Eropai, fut. of elpl sum. έσόψομαι, fut, of έσοράω, είσοράω.

έσπάθημαι, pf. pass. of σπαθάω. towappear, pf. pass, of overpos.

forecon, acr. I of orerow. EXHEPA, 4, Lat. VESPERA, sem. of the Adj. I. (sub. ώρα), evening; ἐσπέραε (gen. of time) at eve; and conceas after evening, at nightfall; ele or mode écmépar towards evening: in plur. the evening hours, eventide. 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat. occidens; To spoe towipps the west country. Hence

to maptivos, fi, by, - tomápios.

torrepose, a, ov, and os, ov, (torrepos) of Time, in II. of Place, western, the evening, at eventide. towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.

towers, the peculiar fem, of towers, at even-II. as Stibst., al Estrepides the Hesperides, daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden apples.

EXHEPOX, &, Lat. VESPER, evening; µlvov in έσπερον έλθεῖν they waited for even to come on : irregul. plus. neut. έσπερα, τά, the bours of evening, 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i. e. darkneu, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening; lowepos dorno the evening-star. 2. of Place,

dowers, for electe, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of elect.

έσπόμην, 20τ. 2 of έπομαι: Homer retains &- in all the moods, imperat. έσπέσθω, subj. έσπωνται, opt. έσποίμην, inf. έσπέσθαι, part. εσπόμενος,

towov, acr. 2 of twe.

towa, Ep. sor. 1 of trupe; towas, inf. (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.) : dooduevos, aor. I part. med.

orecras, 3 sing. of irrovipes, Dor. fut. of elul sum. Toronobas, for treobas, fut. inf. of eight sum. Zororeva, Ep. for Evena, 201. I of veve.

icol, Ep. and Dor. for els, el, a sing. of elul sum. ecoo, Ep. for eco, imperat. of evvu. II. Ep.

s sing. plaps. pass. of twom. Toropa, for tropa, Ep. fut. of elui sum: but

Torogram, Ep. fut. med. of Errum.

**Ισσόσμαι, Ι**οπ. for ήσσάσμαι: lmpf. ἐσσούμην: aor. I ἐσσώθην: pf. ἐσσωμαι; Pass.; (ἐσσων, Ion. for horar):—10 be beaten.

έσσυμαι, pf. pass. of σεύω: έσσυμην, plapf. with sense of aor. 2.

έσσύμενος, η, ον, part. pass. of σεύω (in sense and accent a pres., but redupl. as if pf.), driven, burried on, vebement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., ieσυμένως bastily, vebemently. έσσυο, έσσυτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of

σεύω, with sense of aor. 2. έσσωθήναι, Ιου. for ήσσηθήναι, ν. έσσόαι

έσσω, Ep. fut. of έννυμι.

loom, Ion. for hoom. \*εστασ, pf. 2 of εστημι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand: only in the following forms, dual foretrow, plur. ξστάμεν, ξστάτε, ἐστᾶσι; inf. ἐστάναι Ερ. έστάμεν, έστάμεναι; part. έσταών Att. contr. έστών Ion. έστεώε and έστηώε, fem. έστωσα.

forms, 3 sing. fut. of elpi sum: but II. FOTOL 3 sing. pl. pass. of evvum. άσταλάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plopf. pass. of στέλλα.

έστάλην, 201. 2 pass, of στέλλω: έσταλκα, pf. ίστάμεν, ίστάμεναι [ἄ], see έσταα. ξστάμεν, I pl. of ξσταα.

ботах, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of Готпри. łotávai, for łotykivai, v. łotaa.

έσταότες, plus, of έσταώς, ν. έσταα.

вотавоах, 3 pl. poet. plaps. of вотпри, they stood, v. ₹σταα: but 2. tordow, shortd, for tornow, 3 pl. aor. I of iornm, they placed.

έστασι, 3 pl. poět. pf. of ίστημι; ν. έσταα. ботате, 2 plur., and ботатоу, 2 and 3 dual; see Еσтаа.

έσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρύω. to-re Dor. to-re: (is, re) Conjunct. till, until, Lat. donec. 2. so long, so long as. IL Adv. even io, Lat. usque.

**ἔσταλα, 2**01. Ι οί στέλλ**ω**. έστεμμένος, pi. part. pass. of στέφαι tortonual, pf. pass. of ortoto.

έστεφάνωτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of στεφανόω. ζοτεώς, Ion. pf. part. of ίστημι; ν. ξσταα. έστηκα, έστήκειν, pf. and plopf. intr. of ξστημι.

toτην, 20r. 2 intr. of ίστημι.

έστηξω, έστηξομαι, fut. intr. of εστημι, I shall or will stand: cp. τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι from θνήσκω. έστηρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στηρίζαι έστηρικτο,

plqpf. έστησα, έστησάμην, sor. I act. and med. of ίστημι,

έστηώς, Ion. pf. part. of ίστημι; ν. έσταα. toria Ion. lorin, ή, (ξίρμαι) the bearth of a bouse; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanc-2. the bouse itself, a dwelltuary for suppliants. 3. the household, family. ing, bome. nom. pr., Eoria Ion. Iorin, the Roman Vesta,

daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the bearth and home, invoked first at festivals. έστίδμα, ατος, τό, (έστιάω) a banquet,

έστιαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be master of a bouse. From έστι-άρχης, ου, δ, (έστία, άρχω) master of a bouse.

δοχάτάω, (ξοχατοε) to be at the edge; only used in | comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a shipmanter

ioτίδοιε, εων, ή, (ἐστιάω) a feasting, banqueting. toτιάω impf. elστίων: f. tστιάσω [ā]: aor. I elστίασα: pf. elστίακα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) έστιάσομαι: 20τ. Ι είστιάθην: pf. είστίαμαι: (έστία):--to receive into one's bome, to entertain bospitably, to feast: -Pass. to be a guest, be feasted: c. acc. rei. to feast on: ξστιάσθαι ξνύπνιον to bave a visionary feast. έστι-οθχος, ον, (έστία, έχω) guarding the house or 3. on the 2. baving an altar or bearth. bearth of altar. έστιδω, f. ώσω, (έστία) to found a bearth or bouse: -Pass., δώμα έστιοῦται the family is established. SOTTY OV, AOT. 2 of orely w. έστιχόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στιχάω. iothities, ou, &, fem. - with, idos, (iotha) of or from the bouse. έστο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of ξυνυμι. eσ-τοξεύω, - elσ-τοξεύω. έστοργα, pf. of στέργω. έστόρεσα, 201. Ι οί στορέννυμι. έστραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφαι έστράφην [ά], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω. do-tpla, (de, tple) Adv. until three times, thrice. έστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρώννυμι, άστρωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of στρώννμ. ёстрыто, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of стрымици. ἔστύγον, aor. 2 of στυγέω. εστωρ, opos, δ, a peg or nail at the end of the pole, on which the ring, spluos, for fastening the harness was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain) έστώς, -ῶσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ίστημι; v. ₹σταα. έσύλησα, 20r. I of συλάω. έσύνηκα, irreg. for συνήκα, sor. I of συνίημι. to upa, sor. I of ouper. ἀσύρην [δ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω. ev-vortepov, Adv. for ele vortepov, for the future. έσφάγην [ά], 20r. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω. έσφαγμαι, pf. pass, of σφάζω, σφάττω. έσφαίρωτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of σφαιρόω. έσφάλην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλλα, ἔσφαλμαι, pf. pass. of σφάλλω. έσφαξα, sor. I of σφάξω, σφάττω. έσ-φέρω, ν. είσ-φέρω. έσφήκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκύω. ἔσφηλα, aor. I of σφάλλω, eσ-φορέω, ν. είσ-φορέω. έσφραγισμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω. ΈΣΧΑΡΑ Ion. ἐσχάρη, ή: Ep. gen. and dat. ἐσχαρύφιν:—the hearth, fire-place, like έστία; πυρό» έσχάροι watch-fires. II. an altar for burnt offer-III. a pan of coals: a brasier. Hence ings. έσχερεών, ώνος, δ, = έσχάρα ι. έσχάριος, ον, (ἐσχάρα) of or on the bearth. έσχαρόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἐσχάρα. **ἔσχάσα,** 20τ. Ι οί σχάζω.

En. part., toyarow, owa, of men, larking about the edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border. ἐσχατιά Ion. -ιή, ή, (ἐσχατοε) the furthest part, the II. a remote, retired spot. edge, border, verge. egyation, or, post, for egyatos. loχάτος, η, ον, (ἐκ, ἐξ) the furthest, uttermost, extreme; ξοχατοι ανδρών most remote of mankind:— 1. the uppermost, highest, *ibe furibe*st each way: 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. Lat. summus. IL of sufferings, the innermost, Lat. intimus. uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., 70 foxaror. τὰ έσχατα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; έσχα: έσχάτων κακά worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ έσχα-III. Adv. egyáres, 10 τώτατα the extremest. the uttermost, extremely: also neut. Egyaror as Adv. for the last time: Comp. foxative for more extremely, Sup. logatorata, most utterly. έσχατόων, όωσα, Ep. part. of έσχατάω. έσχεθον, poēt. for έσχον, aor. 2 of έχω; Ep. σχέθον; imper. σχεθέτω; subj. σχέθω; opt. σχέθοιμι; ins. σχεθείν Ερ. - έειν; part. σχέθαν. to-yeu, for eloyéw. έσχηκα, έσχημαι, pf. act. and pass. of έχαι ἔσχἴσα, aor. Ι οί σχίζω. έσχίσθην, aor. I pass. of σχίζει. Toylough of pass. of oxion ίσχον, ίσχόμην, sor. 2 act. and med. of έχω. έσχων, impf. of σχάσι. έσω Ep. έσσω, fut. of έννυμι. tow, Adv. for elow, within: Comp. towntow, more within: inner:—Sup. towratw, most within. Hence towder and -0e, Adv. from within: within, inside. έσώθην, 2ος. Ι pass. οί σώζω ἐσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from έσω, innermost. Lat. intimus. Adv. έσωτάτω, v. έσω. έσώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. from έσω, inner, Lat. interior: Adv. έσωτέρω, v. έσω. ἐτάγην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω. έτάζω, f. σω, (έτεόε) to examine, test. έτάθην [ά], aor. I pass. of τείνω. ĕταίρα, ή, fem. of ἐταίροε. traspela or -la Ion. - yty, j, (traipes) companionship: an association, club, brotherbood. Athens, a political club or union for party pur-III. generally, friendship, intimacy. traspeios, a, ov, Ion. - ήιοs, η, ον, (traipos) of comrades or fellowship: Zeve &r. presiding over fellowship. έταιρέω, f. ήσω, (έταίρα) to be a courtesan. έταιρητη, -ήτος, Ion. for έταιρεία, -είοε. eraspile, f. low Att. in, (craipes) to be one's commade 2. - Erapéa, to be a com ot companion in arms. II. Med. to choose for one's contrade. trasρικός, ή, ύν, = trasρείος, of or like a comrade, social; τὸ ἐταιρικύν = ἐταιρεία. traiple, ίδος, ή, - traipa, a courtesan. trasplara, Ep. sor. I inf. of trasplan traipos Ep. and Ion. trapos, o, (trys) a companion. a messmate: also a fellow-slave: -- as Adj. associated; Sup. втацеотитов. II. traips Ion. traipy Ep. evan, 4, a female companion, belper, friend. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtenan. burlot. Hence

everphorous, n. or, friendly: as Subst. a friend. éranes, éranero, Dor. for éranos, éranero, 2 and 3

sing. impf. med. of τήκω.

erange [d], nor. 2 pass. of them.

έτακον, -όμην, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω. eraλάσσας, Ep. 2 sing. acr. I of ταλάα.

erapor, sor. 2 of repres.

trate, sor. I of rarge. έτάραξα, 20τ. Ι οί ταράσσα.

έταρίζομαι, Ep. for έταιρίζομαι.

erdoos, erdon, Ep. and Ion, for eraspos, eraspa.

erapuny, aor. 2 pass. of repres.

**ἐτάρφθην**, Ερ. aor. I pass. of τέρποι.

eras, acc. pl. of erns.

erarumos, Dor. for erhrumos.

eradus [d], sor. 2 pass. of basto.

έταχθην, 20τ. I pass, of τάσσω.

eribarro, 3 sing. plaps. pass. of barres.

<del>ἐτίθην</del>, 201. Ι pass. οί τίθημι.

eteθήπεα, Ep. plqpf. of τέθηπα.

eriero, 3 sing. plaps. (in med. sense) of two. Eraos, a. or, (Eros) yearly, annual. II. of one

year, yearling.

έτεκον, έτεκόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω. ereletero, Ep. for ereleiro, 3 sing. impf. pass. of relies. ereliarbay, nor. I pass. of relieu.

έτθλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

ěταμον, 2οι. 2 οί τέμνω.

Έτοδ-κρητος, οί, (έτοοί, Κρήτος) true Cretans.

ETEO'S, a, or, (perhaps from elul sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. ereor as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. revera :- Att. in ironical questions, ereor; so ! indeed! Lat, itane? Iou. dat. fem. eren is also used as Adv., in truth.

erep-aliche, έε, (έτεροε, άλκή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοίσι μάχης έτεραλκέα νίκην δούναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Damans; γίκη έτεραλκής a decisive victory; δήμος έτεpaleties a body of men which decides the victory. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. anceps.

έτερ-ήμερος, ον. (έτερος, ήμέρα) on alternate days,

day and day alternately.

ěτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ἔτεροε.

ένερό-γλωσσος Αtt. −ττος, ον. (ξτερος, γλώσσα) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue. ersp6-γνάθος, or, with one side of the mouth barder

than the other, of a horse. έτερο-δίδασκαλέω, (έτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach

ciber than the truth, to teach errors.

irepó-δοξος, ον, (έτερος, δόξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion. 2. of other than the true opinion, beterodon.

erepo-foros, or, (frepos, (fixes) realous for one side, partial: Adv. - han, unfairly. II. devoted to another pursuit.

trepoζυγέω, f. ήσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From

έτερο-ζύγος, αν. (έτερος, ζυγόν) unevenly yaked: different. 2. unequally balanced.

erepolos, a, or, (Erepoe) of a different nature or kind. Adv. -olor. Hence

treporów, s. wow, to make otherwise, alter:—Pass. to become cbanged, alter.

trepo-unitying, is, (trepos, uniform) leaning to one side: of ground, sloping.

erepo-μήκης, es, (έτερος, μήκος) with unequal sides, oblong, rectangular,

erepo-μήτωρ, opos, δ, ή, (ξτεροs, μήτηρ) born of an-

otber motber. έτερό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (έτερος, πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage,

of money. έτερορ-ρεπής, έε, and έτερορ-ροπος, αν, (έτερος, ρέπω) inclined to one side; ετερορρεπής Ζεύς who makes now one side and now another pre-

ponderate.

ETEPOZ, a, or, Lat. ALTER, the other, one of two; xcipl peper erepy to carry in one of his bands; έτεροι έτερων άρχουσι the one rule the other; έτερος τοιούτο**s another such; ξτερα τοσαύτα as many m**ore, Lat. alterum tantum; deúrepos Erepos yet a second. 2. also like Lat. alter, for devrepos, second: ή ἐτέρα (sub. ἡμέρα), the second day, i. c. the day after II. put loosely for dalos, Lat. alius, to-morrow. opp., not to one, but to many. III. other (than usual), different: of other kind, like alloios; other (than good), Lat. sequior, evil. IV. as Adv. in dat. lem., τη έτέρα, θατέρα (sub. ύδφ) otherwise, in another way, place, or manner; also (sub. xeipl) with one band, i. e. with the left band; and (sub. huépa) on the next 2. also neut., to Erepor, to Erepa, as ent day. θάτερα one or the other way; εκ του επί θάτερα from the one side, opp. to els ta ent barepa to the other side. [The Dor. used arepos [a] for trepos: whereas in Att. ἄτεροε [α] was (by crasis) for δ έτεροε: gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρφ, acc. θάτερον.]

έτερο-τροπος, ον, (ένερος, τρόπος) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper. ing another way: uncertain, inconstant.

έτερό-φωνος, ον, (έτερος, (φωνή) of different voice or speech, barbarous.

ěτέρσετο, 3 sing. impf. of τέρσομαι.

έτέρφθην, aor. I pass, of τέρπω.

έτερωθεν, (έτεροε) Adv. from the other side. IT. on the other side, opposite.

Iτέρωθι, (ξτεροε) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere: έτέρωθι τοῦ λόγου in another part of my story. at another time.

repos, Adv. of frepos, differently, otherwise.

tripuore, (Trepos) Adv. to one side, to the other side: | hence to another place.

ἐττρῶτα, Acol. for ἐτίρωθι, at another time. ἐτόταλτο, 3 sing. piqpi. pass. of τέλλω. ἐτετεύχατο, Ερ. 3 pl. piqpi. pass. of τεύχα.

erereuxee, Ion. 3 sing. plaps. of τυγχάνω. ereresea, intr. plaps. of τήκω.

ererpourro, 3 sing plaps. pass, of refron

ETETHON, IMPL of TETHOL

ererugo, -uero, 2 and 3 sing. piqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

trevea, sor. I of resign.

ereύχετον, 3 dual impl. of τεύχω. ereγθαν, acr. I pass, of τίκται.

Trifa, sor. I of Thew.

ETHZ, oê, ê, a kinsman, clansman, sousin. II. Att. a tounsman, neighbour: a private citizen. III.

for a raw or a 'raw, v. sub raw.

ërnotas (sub. άνεμαι), αν, οί, (έτοε) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

έτησιος, ω, (έτοι) a year long, for a year.

yearly, annual.

ergrephia, o, truth. From

έτητυμος, or, lengthd for έτυμος, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. έτητύμως, also neut. έτητυμον

es Adv., in truth, really.

"ETI, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as vet, will, Lat. adbuc. II. of the Future, yet longer, will. moreover, Lat. praeterea; έτι δέ nay more; έτ' δλλου yet another: έτι μάλλου yet more.

ėτίθαιs, ėτίθα, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of \*τιθέω - τίθημι.

ěτίλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

eripatora, Dor. sor. I of replace.

erivax dev, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of raragras.

értora, sor. 1 of rive.

έτλην Dor. έτλαν, aor. 2 of the root <sup>6</sup>τλάω: but έτλαν, Ep. for έτλησαν, 3 plur.

έτμάγην [ä], sor. 2 pass. of τμήγα.

έτμήθην, 2 or. I pass, of τέμνω.

έτν-ήρύστε, εωε, ή, (έτνοε, ἀρύω) a soup-ladle.

"ETNOZ, cos, 76, a thick soup of peas or beans:

soup, pudding.

eroupales, L does, 20r. I irolpasa: (ετοιμος):—to make on get ready, prepare:—Med., with pf. pass. irolpaspau, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready: c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence

trouparia, t, a being prepared, preparation:

readiness.

έτοιμασσαίατο, Ερ. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of έτοι μάζω.

ETOIMOZ or troupos, n, or, or os, or, at band, ready, prepared; if troupov immediately, off land. II. ta troupa, I. Let. quae in promptu sunt; in the troupa parkow tetroupoversus the transfer of troupa parkow tetroupoversus.

selves rather to that which is close at hand.

one s property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready, active, prompt.

2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile.

III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

έτοιμότης, ητος, ή, a being prepared, readiness. έτοιμο-τόμος, ον, (έτοιμος, τεμείν) ready for cutting.

έτοίμως, Adv. of έτοιμος, readily: Comp. and Sup., έτοιμότερον, -ότατα.

TOPOV, sot. 2 of Topies.

ETOE, cos, ro, a year; mard fros every year; dud rûr fros every year; did frow veluntou every fish year; fros els fros year after year.

ěτόs, Adv., – ἐτωσίως, without reason, for nothing, in vain: mostly with a negat., obs ἐτόs not without reason:—mostly in questions, obs ἐτὸs ἀρ' ἀν ἔμ' ἤλθεν οὐδετώνεστε; it was not for nothing then i (Deriv. nucertain.)

έτραγον, 20τ. 2 οί τράγοι.

έτράπον, έτράπην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω. έτράφθην, Ion. aor. 1 of τρέπω.

έτραφον, έτράφην, 201. 2 act. and pass. of τρέφα. έτροσα, 201. I of τρέω.

erpewa, sor. I of there.

έτριψα, ἐτρίφθην, 201. I act. and pass. of τρίβοι. ἔτρωσα, ἐτρώθην, 201. I act. and pass. of τιτρώσ*ε*ει. ἐτύθην [8], 201. I pass. of θύω.

έτυμο-λογία, ή, (έτυμος, λόγος) the true account or analysis of a word: its derivation, etymology.

truμos, or, rarely η, or, (treće) true, real, actual: neut. pl. έτυμα, truths, the truth: neut. έτυμον is used as an Adv. like trećer, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

ἀτύπην [δ], Dor. 20r. 2 pass. of τύπται. ἀτύφην [δ], 20r. 2 pass. of τύφαι. ἀτύφθην, 20r. 1 pass. of τύπται. ἀτύχησα, ἄτϋχον, 20r. 1 and 2 of τυγχάναι. ἀτύχθην, 20r 1 pass. of τεύχαι.

έτωστο-εργόε, ότ, (έτώσιοε, έργον) svorking in vain. έτώστος, οτ, (έτόε, Adv.) fruitless, idle, useless.

ev Ep. also év, Adv., properly neut. of ète, well, opp. to κακών: ev και έτισταμένων well and knowingly: sometimes, luckily, bappily: ev έχευν or facur to be well off, c. gen., ev facur τον βίου to be well off for living: ev γεγονών well born.

IL as Subst., τὸ ev good luck: but also the right, the good came; τὸ ev νικάτω may the right prevail.

cause; to en visate may the right prevail. III in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, chundance or ensires.

or easiness.

ev. Ion. for ob, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers. ευσγγελίζομας, f. looμαι Att. ιούμαι, Dep. (ευάγγελου):— to bring good news, announce them. 2. to preach or proclaim as glad tidings: to preach the gospel:—so also in Act., and then in Pass. to bave the gospel preached to one:—in Pass. also of the gospel, to be preached.

εύαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελοε) the reward of good

```
tidings .- Att. always in plur, ederrelan oreparour
 c: dradifical rura to crown one for good news brought;
elayyear over to offer a sacrifice for them.
the glad tidings, the gospel.
 evaryeluoring, ou, &, (ebarrel(opai) a bringer of
good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel.
 30. a writer of one of the four Gospels.
 co-dyyelos, or, (εδ, dyyella) bringing good news.
 cù-ayeu, f. how, so be pure, boly. From
 ci-ăγhs, έs, (εδ, άγοι) guiltless, pure, undefiled, Lat.
tating of persons and actions:—post, Adv. cody feet.
 cù-ἄγἡα, is, (άγω) moving well, nimble.
 ei-arte, és, - ciarrhs, far-uns, conspicuous; Espa
ώσγή: στρατού a seat in full view of the army.
 eù-áγητος, or, - εὐāγής, bright, clear. [4]
 ευ-άγκάλος, ον, (εδ, άγκάλη) easy to bear in the
gras:
 ei-ayuta, és, (et, dynos) with fair valleys or glades.
 ev-ayopes, Dor. for evyyopes.
 evappeoria, h, good sport in bunting. From
 eu-apples, (el, áppa) to bave good sport. Hence
 evappla, $, good sport in bunting, fishing, etc.
 cu-aypos, or, (ed, dypa) lucky in the chase, suc-
cossful.
 ev-ayuybs, br, (es, byes) easily led, docile.
 eb-ayer, eros, o, 4, (es, ayer) belonging to pros-
perous or glarious contents. [&]
 etabe, Ep. for tabe, 3 sing. nor. 2 of dybayes.
 evalue or evalue, (eva) to ery eva in bonour of Bas-
chus: - also in Med. ciácouar.
 củ-độc, és, (εδ, άημι) with a good broeze, airy.
act. blowing fair :- metaph. prosperous, favourable.
 ev-allos, or, (et, allos) successful in contests.
 eb-alvaros, or, (ed, able) much-extolled.
 ev-alperos, or, (ev, alpea) easy to be taken.
 evalur, eros, d, h, (ev, alar) of bappy life, gene-
ully, bappy; evalor trro: blessed sleep.
 eu-anoim, euanoos, Dor. for ebnu-.
 εὐ-αλάκατος, or, Dor. fo: εὐηλ-,
 ev-alone, is, (es, allane) will-grown, luxuriant.
 el-álues, or, Dor. for elfilios. [a]
 eù-άλφίτος, ον, (εδ, άλφιτον) of good meal.
 cù-áλωτος, ον, (εὐ, άλῶναι) easy to be taken. [ἄ]
 ed-duredos, or, (el, duredo:) with fine vines.
 ever, suan! a cry of Bacchanalians, like eva, evol.
 ev-avantation, or, (eg, dramation) easy to call back.
 ciavopla, h, abundance of men, store of good men. II.
nanbood, manliness, courage, spirit. From
 eu-avopos, or, (es, drhp) abounding in good men
                 II. prosperous to men.
end true.
 eu-avenos [4], or, Dor, for evirence.
 ev-aveques, or, (ed, are epor) with fair flowers,
flowers.
 courten, f. how, to be flowery or blooming.
                                              From
 ev-avens, is, (es, ivec) blooming, budding.
rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay.
also blooming, fresh.
 et-ários, ar, Doc. for etérios, [8]
```

ev-avopla, i, Dor. for evyropla. ev-arra-se, or, (arraw) easy to meet, gracious. eu-aver, opes, e, t, Dor. for eithrap. [a] εὐ-απάλλακτος, ον, (εξ, ἐπαλλάσοω) sausy got rid of: easy to dispose of. eù-duáryros, or, (eš, duárás) eauly cheated. εύ-απήγητος, or, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος. ed-amobatos, or, convenient for disembarking. ev-amoral xioros, or, (es, amora xila) easy to be walled off or blockaded. evapeartes, f. how, to be well-pleasing. From eb-aperros, or, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. ebαρέστως, Comp. -τοτέρως. εύ-αρίθμητος, or, (εδ, άριθμίω) sasy to be counted. eŭ-αρκτος, or, (eŝ, δρχω) well-governed: submissive. ev-apparos, or, (es, appa) with good or beautiful chariot: victorious in the chariot-race. evapuorta, 4, easiness of temper, good nature. From eù-appocros, or, (εδ, appo(ω) well-adapted, accommodating. IL well-tuned, barmonious, eŭ-apvos, or, (eš. dprés gen.) ried in sbeep. eu-aporos, er, (eg, apón) well-ploughed, easy to be ploughed. eu-aρχos, or. (εδ, δρχομαι) beginning well: making a good beginning. evás, ádos, é, å, (eva) Bacchie, Bacchanalian. εύασμα, ατος, τό, (εὐάζω) a Baecbanalian sbout. evacube, i, (evalue) the cry of eva, a shout of revelry, esp. of Baschie revelry. εὐάσταρα, ή, fem. of εὐαστήρ. evactio, spoot of and evaction out, of (evalue) a Baccbanal. εὐάτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος. eù-avγήs, és, (εδ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, consticuous. eὐ-αύχην, eros, š, ‡, (εš, αšχήr) with beautiful neck. εύ-αφήγητος Ιου. εύαπήγητος, ον, (εδ, άφηγέομαι) easy to describe. εύ-ἄχήε, εύ-άχητος [d], Dor. for εύηχήε, εύήχητος. οὐ-βάστακος, ον, (εξ, βαστάζω) easy to carry or bear. eŭ-βάτος, ον, (εξ, βατύε) accessible: passable. εύ-βλέφαρος, ον, (εδ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelide. Eύβοια, as Ion. 78, 4, Eubosa, now Negropont, an taland lying along the coast of Bocotia and Attica. suβoλέω, f. ήσω, to make a good throw. From eb-βoλos, or, (εš, βαλεῦν) throwing luckily. Adv. εδβόλων, luckily; εδβύλων έχειν to be well off. εύβοσία, ή, (εύβοτοι) good feeding. εὐ-βόστρθχος, or, with beautiful locks. eu-Botos, or, (εδ, βόσκω) feeding well, with good pasture. II. well-fed, thriving. eŭ-βότρθος, ov. and eŭ-βοτρυς, v, gen. vos, (eš, βύ-Tove rich in grapes. εύβουλία, ή, good counsel: prudence. From εύ-βουλος, οτ, (εξ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent. eŭ-βουε, ουν, gen. oos, (εὐ, βοῦι) rich in cattle. εύ-βροχος, ον, (εδ, βρόχοι) well-knit. ευ-γαθής, έε, and εὐ-γάθητος, or, Dor. for εὐγηθ-

```
280
 ed-ye, Adv. for ed ye, Lat. suge! well done! well |
said | eapital | bravo |
 εύ-γειος, ον, (εξ, γη) of or with good soil: fertile.
 ευγένεια, ή, (εὐγενήε) nobility of birth, bigh de- feasts.
            IL nobility of soul, generosity.
 εὐ-γένειος Ep. ἡῦ-, ον, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded.
 eù-yeverns, ou; ô, - sq.
 εὐ-γενής Ep. εὐη-γενής and ἡῦ-γενής, έε, (εὖ, γένοι)
well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also deno-
                II. noble-minded, generous.
ting nobility.
of animals, bigb-bred, noble.
 eύ-γενία Ion. +ίη, ή, - εὐγένεια.
 εύ-γεως, ων, (εὐ, γη) Att. for εύγεισε.
 εὐ-γηθ (s, έε, and εὐ-γήθητος, ον, (εὖ, γηθέω) joyous,
cheerful.
 εὐγηρία, ή, (εὐγηρωε) bappy old age.
 eu-ynpus, v, sweet-sounding.
 εύ-γηρως, ων, (εῦ, γῆρας) bappy in old age.
 εύ-γλάγετος, ω, εύ-γλάγής, έε, and εύ-γλάγος, ω,
(εὐ, γλάγοι) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εύγλαγι,
us if from ev-ylaf.
 εύ-γλυπτος, ον, and εύ-γλύφής, έε, (εῦ, γλύφω)
well carved or engraved.
 εύγλωσσία Att. -ττία, ή, flustey of speech. From
 εύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (εὐ, γλῶσσα) with good
and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent.
act. loosing the tongue, making fluent.
```

εὖγμα, ατος, τό, (εὕγομαι) like εὖγος, α boast. - εύγή, a prayer. εύ-γναμπτος Ep. έθγν-, ον, (εὐ, γνάμπτω) well-bent,

easily bent. εύγνωμοσύνη, ή, good feeling, candour. From εὐ-γνώμων, ον, gcn. ονοι (εὐ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable. II. sensible.

prudent :- Adv. εὐγνωμόνω, prudently. εύ-γνωστος, ον, (εὖ, γιγνώσκω) well-known, familiar. εύ-γομφος, αν, (εὐ, γόμφος) well-nailed or fastened. evyovia, 4, fruitfulness, fertility. From ev-yovos, or, (ed, yorh) fruitful, prolific. εύ-γραμμος, ον, (εθ, γραμμή) well-drawn. εὐ-γράφής, έε, (εὖ, γράφω) well painted.

act, writing or drawing well. eŭ-γώνιος, 'r, (eδ, γονία) well-cornered, regular. ev-Salsal vs. or, beautifully wrought.

εὐδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, (εὐδαίμων) to be prosperous, well off or bappy. Hence

sibaucovypa, aros, ró, a piece of good fortune. εύδαιμονία, ή, (εὐδαι μονέω) prosperity, bappiness. εύδαιμονίζω, f. σω, (εὐδαίμων) to account bappy elbarpovikos, f., or, (ebbalpar) of or tending to bappiness: of persons, bappy. Adv. - www. bappily. cubauμόνως, Adv. of cubalμων, bappily: Comp. and

Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -έστατα. eù-balper, or, gen. oros, (st. balper) with a good genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. felia:

ed-danpuros, or, (et, danpow) much to be wept, lamentable.

also wealthy, like Lat. beatus: bappy.

ev-beledos, or, (es, biedos for shape) very clear, far-seen. eŭ-Bevavos, or, (eŭ, delaror) bonoured with rich II. ebbairoi baires luxurious fensts. evolution. Ep. inf. of evolution. ซึ-ซิองซีออร, อง, (องี, ซิอ์งซีออง) abounding in fair trees εύδοσκον, Ion. impf. of εύδω, εύ-δηλος, ον, (εδ, δήλοι) very elear, manifest. εύδησθα, Ep. 2 sing, subj. of εύδαι cubia, ή, (εύδιοε) fair weather: metaph. tranquillis. prosperity. eὐ-διάβάτος, ον, easy to be crossed, practicabir. ev-dual repos, a, or, irreg. Comp. of evolue. eù-blaitos, or, (cũ, blaita) living temperately. eù-biavós, ή, όν, - eŭbios, warm. eὐδιάω, f. ήσω, (εὐδία) to be calm. eὐ-δικία, ή, (εδ, δίκη) righteous dealing: justice. લ્પે-ઉદેપ્સુ૧૦૬, ૦૫, (લ્પે. ઠોંગલેલ) easily turning or turned. ev-bros, or, (ev, Aide gen. of Zeve) calm, fine, claur: genial: of persons, ebeerful:-irreg. Comp. and Sup. εὐδιέστερος, -έστατος; also εὐδιαίτερος, εύ-δμητος Ep. έυδ-, αν, (εδ, δέμαι) well built or fashioned.

εύ-δοκέω, ι. ήσω: Δος. Ι εὐδύκησα: (εξ. δοκέω):--to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquience in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence eύδοκία, ή, satisfaction, approval.

εύδοκιμέω, f. ήσω: impl. and act. I processing. ηὐδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδόripor):—to be of good repute, be in exteem, famous, popular; ebbompeîr êr rere to be distinguished for a thing. Hence eŭbokipia, j. good repute, credit.

eὐ-βόκτμος, or, in good repute, bigbly extremed. evockém, f. hom, (evoctor) to be in good retute, be thought well of, he famous. Hence evbolia, 4, good report, a good name, eredit, glory. ev-bokos, or, (ev, boka) of good report, glorious. eù-Bourhe, éz, (ev, opaneir) sbarp-sighted.

ev-opocros, or, well-bedewed, abounding in water. EΥ'ΔΩ, impf. ηύδον Ep. εύδον: fut. εύδήσω:--te sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. metaph. to rest, be still or bushed: to cease. eù-lavos, er, (el, larór) richly-dight, well-clad. ev-edpos, or, (es, Edpa) well-seated; with a fair

II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse. eὐ-έθειρος, αν, (eð, ξθειρα) fair-baired. લ્પે-લાઉર્જાર, દેશ, (હોંદ્રાસ્ક્રોકેટર) જીલ્દી-ebaped, graceful. ev-eiλos, or, (es, elλη) sunny, warm, Lat. apricus. ev-elpay, or, gen. evos, (es, elpa) well-dressed. ev-expos Att. evepos, or, (ev, expos) with or of good

wool, fleecy. εὐ-έλεγκτος, ον, (εξ, ἐλέγχω) easy to be refuted. ev-chars, b, h, neut, evenar, gen. idos, of good bope, bopful, cheerful, sanguine; everale elm, c. ins. to be

of good bope that. el-ۇhevaros, or, easy to blot out or erase. et standentos, or, (et, Lanardo) easily deceived. eù-cha, \$, (eō, \$\), \$\) is a good habit of body, good state of bealth: generally, good condition, good case.
eù-choos, or, easy to get out of or escape from.
eù-choos, \$\), beautiful language, eloquence. II. =
eù-cup, soords of good omen. From
eò-cup, \$\), \$\), \$\) is defined by the condition of the condition

ev-embouheuros, or, (ev, tribouhevw) easy to plot against: entosed to treachery.

eb-entberon, or, (eb, harrivepas) easy to be set upon or attached; ebeniverby hari run it is easy for one to make an attach.

eb-entractos, or, (eb, latrásou) easy to arrange:

tracțable.

eteppesta, fi, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From eteppertus, f. fow: in the augm, tenses, sometimes etappertrow, etappertrowa, sometimes eteppertrowa, etappertrowa, sometimes eteppertrowal eta do good. II. to do one good, abeu kindness to, confer a benefit upon:—Pasa, eteppereisbal re to bave a kindness done one. Hence

ebepyérnysa, aros, ró, a good deed, a service, hindness.

eb-epytrue, ov, 8, (e3, e1pyw) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as bad done the state service.

II. as Adj. beneficent.

ebepyerntiov, verb. Adj. of ebepyertes, one must do

good or shew hindness to.

εὐεργετικός, ή, όν, (εὐεργετήε) disposed to do good.
εὐ-εργέτις, εδος, fem. of εὐεργέτης.

eb-spyfis, és, (eð, \*spyw) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. welldone: hence in plur. evepyéa, good deeds, benefits.

eù-epybe, br, (ct., elpyw) doing good, upright, virtsious. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled: also easy to work.

ev-sperie, és, (es, loros) well-fenced, well-protected: shutting close: of cities, well-guarded.

cu-ipurus, οῦ, ὁ, poöt. for εὐεργέτης. cu-epvin, is, (εὖ, ipros) sprousing well, flourishing. cu-apos, Att. for εὐειρος.

eb-coτά, οῦε, ή, (eễ, elμl sum) well-being, prosperity.
ebermpla, ή, (eễ, έτοε) a good season.

eŭ-erla, ή, - εὐετηρία.

ev-evperos, or, (ev, elplores) easy to find.

ev-thodos, or, easy to assail.

«G-ζηλος, ον, emulous in good:—Adv. -ζήλων. «G-ζύγος Ερ. έξευγος, ον, (εδ. ζυγέν m) of a ship,

eu-Lua, Dor. for eifata.

of Lives Ep. 46 wos, or, (e8, (4vn) well-girded, of women. II. girt up for enercise, with one's loins girded, active, as in Horace alte praecinctus:

eb-lupoe, or, (eb, luple) quite pure, unmined, of wine: Comp.—Lupórepoe, also irreg.—lerrepoe.

eb-nyeola, h, (eb, hylopai) good government.

eu-ηγοράω, f. ήσω, (εξ, άγορεύω) to speak well of, praise.

evipleus or elipsis ion. In, \$\( \), goodness of disposition, singleness of beart, simplicity: also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From

eb-ήθης, es. (eδ. ήθου) well-disposed, single-bea-ted, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly:—Adverebηθώς, Sup. -έστατα.

εύηθίη, ή, Ion. for εὐήθεια.

cinθuba, ή, όν, (cithθηs) of mild, gentle character: hence simple, foolish. Adv. -μως, in simple fashion. ci-huna, cs, (cš, duh) well-pointed, keen-edged.

ev-theore, or, (e3, decove) bearing well: ready to

bear.

eb-ηλάκδιτος Dor. ebūλακ-, ον, (εδ, ήλακάτη) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully. eb-ήλδιτος, ον, (εδ, έλαύνω) sasy to drive or ride over;

redior ebhlator a plain fle for equalry operations.
eb-hluog Dot. ebaluog, or, (eb, fluos) well-eunned,

sunny, warm, Lat. aprious: Adv. -los, with bright, sunny weather.

ev-nueples, f. how, (ebhuepos) of weather, to be

fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy: to be successful in a thing. Hence evapora, if, fineness of the day, fine weather.

good times, bealth and wealth, honour and glory.

ev-huspos, or, (es, huspa) of a fine day: propi-

tious. 2. cheerful, happy.
eliqueula, 4, a fair wind. From

ev-hvepos, or, (ed, drepos) with fair wind. 2. unvered by winds, sheltered, serene.

ev-frace, or, (et, trla) obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.

eὐηνορία, ή, manliness, manly virtue. From eὐ-ήνωρ, opos, δ, ή, (εδ, ἀνήρ) giving manbood, in-

spiriting. II. of cities, abounding in brave men.

εὐ-ἡρᾶτος, ον, (εὖ, ξραμαι) much-loved, lovely

ev-hpernos, or, (ev, spernos) well fitted to the our: well-rowed, well-pulled.

ev-hone, ee, (ev, apapeir) well-fitted or put together: well-poised, easy to bandle.

ev-httpros, or, (ev, httpror) well-woven. II. act weaving well.

ev-ήχης, es, (ev, ήχος) well-counding, tungul.

εὐ-ήχητος, or, well-sounding: loud-sounding. εὐ-θάλασσος, or, (εὖ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea.

eù-θαλήε, έε, (εδ, θάλοε) growing well, flourisbing. eù-θαλήε, έε, Dor. for εὐθηλήε.

εύθαρσέω, f. ήσω, to be of good courage. From εὐθαρσία, έε, (εὐ, θάρσοε) of good courage:—Adv.

σῶτ. 2. giving courage, safe. ciθενέω, older form of εἰθηνέω.

el-θεράπευτος, ον, (εξ, θεραπείω) easily bealed. 11. easily won by kindness or attention

282 eiterto, f. how, (eiteros) to be well-arranged, con-2. trans. to set in order, arrange well. . eiθeτίζω, to set in order, arrange orderly. From εύ-θετος, or, (εὖ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-distosed: easily stomed or disposed of: convenient for use, εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύε, straightway. εὐ-θηγής, ές, (εδ, θήγω) sharpening well. εὐ-θηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, rare form for εὐθηλής. εὐ-θηλής Dor. -θαλής, ές, (εὖ, θηλή) svell-suckled: well-fed, thriving, εύ-θηλος, or, (ευ, θηλή) with distended udder. εὐθημοσύνη, ή, good order, good management: a babit of good order. From eὐ-θήμων, or, gen. oros, (εὖ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-made. Il. act. orderly, setting in order. εὐθηνέω and εὐθενέω, to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in : ... so also in Pass., acr. I εὐθηνήθην. Hence cύθηνία, ή, abundaπee. εύ-θήρατος, or, (εὐ, θηράω) easily eaught or won. εύ-θηρος, or, (εδ, θήρα) lucky in the chase. (Office) abounding in game. eù-bhoaupos, ar, well-stored, precious. di-θνήσιμος, ον, (εθ, θνήσκω) with easy death. ev-θοινος, or, (ev, θοίνη) with rich banquet: copious. εὐ-θορύβητος, αν, (εὖ, θορυβέω) sasily confounded. εύθριγκος, ον. (θριγκός) with good coping or cornice. εύ-θριξ Ερ. εν-θριξ, -τρίχου, ό, ή, (ευ, θρίξ) with fine bair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, well-IL made of stout bair, of a fishing-line. plumed. εύ-θρονος Εp. εύθρονος, or, (εδ, θρώνος) with beautiful seat or throne.

ev-tpoos, or, (ev, tpoos) loud-sounding. εὐθύ neut, of εὐθύε, used as Adv.

εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (-ὐθύ, γλώσσα) of straight tongue, bonest of tongue.

eittötkla, f. an open, fair trial.

εύθύ-δίκος, or, or η, or, (εὐθύ, δίκη) judging riebteously.

εύθυδρομέω, f. ήσω, to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course. From

εὐθύ-δρομος, or, running a straight course. εύθυ-εργήε, έε, (εὐθύ, έργον) accurately evrought. εύθυ-μάχης, ου, δ, and εὐθύ-μάχος, ου, (εὐθύε, μάχομαι) fighting straightforward, fair-fighting

εὐθυμέω, f. ήσω, (εὐθυμοι) to be of good cheer. trans. to make cheerful, cheer :- Pass. eveuploucu. to

be of good cheer. Hence eù-flumptéov, verb. Adj., one must be cheerful. εύθυμία, ή, (εὐθυμίω) cheerfulness, festivity.

ευ-θυμος, or, (ευ, θυμός) well-disposed, generous, II. of good ebeer, ebecrful: of horses, III. Adv. evovuor, cheerfully; Comp. spirited.

-ύτερον; Sup. -ύτατα.

αύθυνα, ή, but mostly used in pl. αύθυναι, αί, (εὐθύνω) an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύναε ἀπαιτεῖν to call for one's accounts; eithiras didirat to give them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύναε ὀφλεῦν to be

bound to do so. II. correction, chartisement.

evolves, o, an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the posounts of magistrates; at Athens II. a corrector, chaptiser. there were ten. εὐθυντήρ, ήρος, δ. (εὐθύνω) a director, corrector.

as Adj., εὐθυντήρ οἴαξ the guiding rudder. eithurnpla, h, the part of a ship wherein the rudder

svas fixed: fem. from εὐθυντήριος, α, ον, (εὐθύνω) directing, ruling.

**«ύθυντή»**, οῦ, δ, - **«ἐθυντή**ρ. εὐθύνω, fut. ἔνῶ, (εὐθύε) - the Homeric Bira, to guide straight: to steer straight. 2. to direct, go-3. to keep straight, preserve. II. to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, III. at Athens, to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εύθυναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected. · eùbù-mvoos, ar, contr. –mvous, eur, (eùbi, miss)

straight-blowing.

εὐθύ-πομπος, ον, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) grading straight. εύθυπορέω, f. ήσω, to go straight forward; πότμοι eύθυπορών unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato, εύθυπορείν δρόμον to go d straight course. From

εὐθύ-πορος, σε, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, bonest.

ev-Ouperos, or, with beautiful thyrsus.

EΥ'ΘΥΣ, εὐθεία, εὐθύ, - the Ion. form lθύε, straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, bonest:-in Adverb, usages, els το εύθο βλέπειν to look straight forward: ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; le rou eithios at once, immediately. as Adv. εὐθύε and εὐθύ, of Place, straight to, direct for: also c. gen. straight towards ... evon Hexxi-2. of Time, straightway, forthwith, at oace; τοῦ θερουε εὐθὺε ἀρχομένου immediately at the beginning of summer .- So also the regular Adv. evelines.

eù-búc avos, or, (eð, búcaros) well-fringed. εύθύτης, ητος, ή, (εὐθύε) straightness.

taph. bonesty, justice. [v] εὐθύ-τομος, ον, (εὐθύ, τεμείν) cut straight, straight. εὐθύ-φρων, ου, (εὐθύ, φρήν) right-minded. εύθύ-ωρος, ον, also α, ον, (εὐθύ, ώρα) in α surangét

direction: neut. evevapor as Adv. - eveva n. εὐ-θώρηξ, ηκοε, ό, ή, (εδ, θώραξ) well-mailed. eŭiáζω, v. eὐάζω.

eirākos, ή, όν, (είποι) Bacebie: fem. eirās, άδος. eù-lepos, ar, (eŭ, lepós) very boly, ballowed.

Euros, d. Evius, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry II. evice, or, Adj. Bacchie, imspiral લ્પેવ, લંઇગી. by Bacchus.

ev-tamos, or, of persons, delighting in borse, borses, fine borses: of places, famed for borses. eb-torros, or, (εθ, ίσημι) of good knowledge. ed-loxios, or, (ed, loxlor) with beautiful lips.

εὐ-καθαίρετος, ον, (εὖ, καθαιρίω) sasy to over the conev-kabektos, or, (ev, karexw) easy to heet down. einarpho, f. how, (einarpos) to base good apports

hisure to a thing, spend one's time in it. einaspla, if, good season, opportunity, leisure. 11.

prosperity. From

ev-marpos, or, (ev, marpos) in meason, measonable, welltimed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. educalpor opportunely: at leisure; Comp. -orepor; Sup. -ύτατα.

ev-κάλος, εὐ-κάλία, Dor. for εὐκηλ-. τὐ-κάμἄτος, er, (eb, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. ll-wrought: won by noble toils. [d] го-кашита, is, (ev, кариты) well-bent, curved. ev-rapbios, or, (ev, rapbla) good of beart, stoutbearted, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv. ion, with stout beart. ev-mapuos, or, rich in fruit, fruitful : prolific. εύ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (εύ, καταλλάσσω) εαιγ το αρpease.

εὐ-κατάλύτος, ον, (εδ, καταλύω) easy to overtbrow. εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὖ, καταφέρομαι) prone towards, Lat. proclivie.

εύ-καταφρόνητος, ον. (εδ, καταφρονίω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατέργαστος, ον. (εὖ, κατεργάζομαι) εαι y to work, of had: -easy to digest: -easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὐ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame. εύ-κέδτος, ον, Ερ. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὖ, κεάζω) easily eleft or split.

ev-koldos, or, sounding well, melodious. εύ-κεντρος, ον, (εὐ, κέντρον) well-pointed. ev-repass, or, and evrepus, or, gen. oros, (e3, repas)

with goodly borns. everylyrespa, 4, she that lulls, soother. From

εύκηλος Dor. εύκαλος, or, lengthd. form of έκηλος, tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus. ev-moros, or, (ev, rissúe) ivied.

eu-kless, or, gen. oros, with goodly pillars. [1] eù-khene, ie, acc. ebaheia contr. ebahea; also (as if from evente) acc. sing. evented, pl. eventes Ep. 40κλεία: (εὐ, κλέοι):—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

σύκλαι Ep. εθκλείη, and in late Poets εύκλείη, ή, good fame, renown. Hence

cirlette Ion. cirlytte, f. ou, to praise, laud. duchenha, éa, Ep. for εὐκλεή»: Adv. ἐῦκλειῶο. -κλανος, or, much-famed.

eŭ-κλήιε οι έν-κλήιε, ιδοι, ή, (εν, κλείω) well-closed, 250-sbutting.

einchaples, f. how, to have a good lot. From eu-κληροs, or, with a good lot or portion. εύ-κλωστος Εp. ίθκλ-, αν, (εὐ, κλώθω) well-spun. «ὖ-κνήμιτε, idos, ό, ή, (εὖ, κνημίε) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves; Ep. nom. and acc. Pl. & surfutdee, & surfutdae. [1] εύ-κνημος, ον, (εὐ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs.

cu-κοινόμητια, ό, ή, taking common counsel. εύ-κολλος, or, (εύ, κύλλα) gluing well, sticky, 

niy, bave loisure: -educapeir els 71, to devote one's trally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, popular.

> ev-moderos, or, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds. 2. with beautiful bays.

einchas, Adv. of eurohos, contentedly, calmly, eὐ-κομίδής, έε, (εὖ, κομιδή) well-cared for.

eύ-κομος Ep. ήθκ-, ον, (εδ, κόμη) thick-baired. ev-kouwos, or, loud-counding.

eu-κοπος, or, with easy labour, easy.

εύ-κόσμητος, ον, (εν, κοσμέω) well-adorned. eikocula, f. orderly behaviour, good order. From ev-koomos, or, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:-

Adv. - µwe, in good order. IL well-adorned. graceful.

ev-upaipes, or, or a, or, (es, upaipa) with fine borns. eὐ-κράs, âτοs, δ, ή, (eš, κεράννυμι) well-tempered: of climate, temperate, mild, moderate. ing readily with,

eù-kpaola, f, good mixture or temperament. From ev-κράτος, ον. (εθ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate: of wine, mixed for drinking: - metaph. temperate, mild.

ev-kpektos, or, (el, kplkw) well-struck, well-played. of stringed instruments. II. well-woven.

εύ-κρηνος, σε, (εδ, κρήνη) well-watered.

εύ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εύκρατος. eu-κρίθος, ον, (εθ, κριθή) rich in barley.

cumplivies, f. how, to keep distinct and in order. From củ-κρίνής, έν, (εὖ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. -von Ion. -reas.

ev-koltos, or, (ev, kolva) easy to judge or decide: easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εύ-κρόταλος Ερ. έϋκρ-, ον, (εξ, κρόταλον) αετοπpanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

ev-kpothtos, of, (eg, kpotia) well-welded, wellwrought, of metal.

εύ-κρυπτος, ον, (εθ, κρύπτω) easy to bide.

euktalos, a, or, (euxopai) of or for prayer, votive: rd everaia, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, invoked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

ev-unideos, or, (eg, unideor) with fine possessions. eύ-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονοε, (εὐ, κτήμα) with fair poseessions.

εύ-κτητος, ον, (εθ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

έῧ-κτίμενος, η, ον, (εὖ, κτίζω) well-built: well-made: full of goodly buildings.

ed-ertros, or, Ep. and Ion. for everiores, - etari-HEVOS.

eὐκτόs, ή, όν, (εὕχομαι) prayed for: to be prayed for. eŭ-κυκλος, ον, well-turned, well-rounded.

moving in a circle, circling. εὐ-κύλζκος, σε, (εὖ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup. εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβίη, ή, discretion. caution, eircumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From εὐ-λαβέομαι, fut. med. -ήσομαι or pass. -ηθήσομαι:

aor. 1 pass. ηὐλαβήθην or εὐλ...: Dep.: (εὐλαβήs):

eare, beware, fear. Is. c. acc. to beware of to watch for, await quietly.

eὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg.

el-λάβης, ές (εl, λαβείν) taking in band cautiously, cautious, circumspect, discreet. 2. fearing the gods, pious, devout.

εύ-λάβίη, see εὐλάβεια.

εὐλαβῶς, Adv. of εὐλαβής, eautiously : Comp. -εστέρου.

euhalu, f. fw, old Dor. Verb, to plough.

εὐ-λάϊγξ, ιγγοε, δ, ή, - εύλιθοε.

eύλάκα, ή, old Dor. word for a ploughshare. eb-λάλοα, ον, (εδ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken.

eύ-λάχανος, ον, (εδ, λάχανον) fruifful in berbs. εύ-λειμος, ον, and εὐ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εδ,

λειμών) with fair meadows.

et-lektros, ov. (et, lektrov) blessing marriage:

bappy in marriage.

ev-λεξιε, ι, (εὖ, λέξιε) with good choice of words.
ev-λεχήε, έε, (εὖ, λέχοε) well-wedded, blessed in
one's marriage-bed.

EΥ'ΛΗ', ή, a worm, maggot.

 $e\bar{v}$ - $\lambda\eta\kappa\tau\sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v$ ,  $(\epsilon\bar{v}, \lambda\eta\gamma\omega)$  soon-ceasing.

eb-ληπτος, or, (eb, λαμβάνω) easy to take bold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εθλήπτως, so that one can easily take bold: Sup. - ότατα.

εύληρα, αν, τά, old Ep. word for ήνια, reins.

εὐ-λίμενος, ον, (εδ, λίμην) with good barbours. εὐλογέω, f. ήσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν οτ ηὐλ., 20τ. 1 εὐλόγησα οτ ηὐλ.: (εὐλογου):...-10 speak

well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence εὐλογητός, ή, όν, blessed.

eύλογία, ή, (εύλογίω) good-speaking, fair-speaking.

II. praise, eulogy: glory.

2. blessing or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving.

εύ-λόγιστος, ον, (εύ, λογίζομαι) easy to reckon. IL

rightly reckoning, prudent.

eu-λογος, ον, (ευ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εύλογον a fair reason:—
Adv., ευλόγου έχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -- errépou.

εὐ-λοέτειρα, ή, (εὖ, λουτρόν) with fine bathe.

eŭ-λοφοs, or, well-plumed.

eŭ-λοχος, οr, (εῦ, λοχεύω) belping in childbirth.

et-λύρης, ου, Dor. εὐλύρας, α, δ, = εὐλυρος. et-λύρος, ον, (εδ. λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing

beautifully on the lyre.

εὕ-λὺτος, ον, (εὖ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to toose.

metaph, easy to dissolve or break.

εύμάθεια, ή, docility.

eb-μάθης, is, (eb, μαθεθ) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εθμαθθε, readily: Comp.
-ίστερον. Il. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar.

eb-μαθία Ion. -ιή, ή, - εδμάθεια.

εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης. εδ-μαλλος, or, of fine wool.

ου-μαλος. Dor. for ευμηλου.

sύ-μάραθος, ον, (εξ, μάραθον) abounding in fennel.

εύμάραια, ή, easiness, ease, convenience; εύμαρείε
χρῆσθαι to be in comfort, but also — Lat. alvum exonerare, to ease oneself. From

ed-udofis, és. (eð, udon – xeio) eath, convenient, untoout trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle.

εὐ-μἄρίη, Ion. for εὐμάρεια.

evuaple, idos, h, but acc. evuaple, an Asiatic abor or slipper. (Foreign word.)

curações poöt. -έως, Adv. of cuappe, gents.
cu-μεγέθης, ce, (cu, μέγεθοε) of good size, well-grown.
cu-μελάνος, or, (cu, μέλαν) well-blackened, inhy.
cu-μελής, έε, (cu, μέλοε) melodious, musical.

euμένεια, ή, (εὐμενήε) good will, kindness, favour.
εὐμενέτηε, ου, ό, poët. for εὐμένηε, α well-wisber,

friend: fem. εθμενέζειρα

evuevia, f. how, to be propitious, kind. II. c. acc. to be kind to, deal kindly with. From

ev-perfe, is, (et. piros) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable.
2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous: abundant.

ev-uevid, h, poët, collat, form of evulveid,

Educides (sub. seal), al, (educide) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the ill-omened name 'Epurées.

εύμενία, ή, poët. for εὐμένεια.

cupeviζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιούμαι, Med., (ευμενής) to make propitious, propitiate.

εὐμενῶς Ion. - έως, Adv. of εὐμενής, kindly, graciously: Comp. - έστερον οι - εστέρως.

εὐ-μετάβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὖ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change.

eὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εδ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful.

ev-μεταχείριστος, or, (εδ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to manage. 2. easy to deal with or master.

eb-perpos, or, (et, pérpor) moderate, well-propertioned.

eὖ-μήκηε, εε, (εὖ, μῆκοε) of good length, tall. eὕ-μηλοε, ον, (εὖ, μῆλον) rich in sheep.

sử-μήρῦτος, ον, (εὖ, μηρύω) easy to spin or draw out.
εὖμηχάνία, ἡ, skill in devising means, fertility of
resources. From

eὐ-μήχἄνοε, or, (εὖ, μηχανή) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious. εὐ-μίσητοε, ον, (εὖ, μῖσέω) exposed to batred.

ev-ultros, or, with fine or stout threads.

eŭ-μιτρος, ον, (εὖ, μίτρα) with beautiful girdle. ἐῦμ-μελίης, ὁ, lon. gen. ἐῦμμελίω, Dot. -ίας, gen. -ία: •(εὖ, μελία) armed with good ashen spear.

εύ-μνήμων, ον, (εξ. μνήμη) easy to remember: comp. Adv., εύμνη μονεστέρου έχειν to be easier to remember. εύ-μνηστος, ον, (εξ. μι μνήσκομοι) well-remembering. mindful.

ethorpos, or, (es, popa) well of for future, wealthy.

chuoknie, f. hose, to sing well. From

el-polyeos, (el, polyf) meetly-singing. shoodle, to beauty of form, symmetry. From el-μορφος, or, (ev, μορφή) fair of form, comely. ebpourla, f, accomplishments. From ev-pouros, or, (e3, Movea) skilled in the arts of the Muses: accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing: muical, melodious. thus tos, or, industrious, laborious. el-utiles, or, well-spoken, eloquent. -μτικος, or, (et, μυκάομαι) loud-bellowing. ebvála, f. áou: in augm. tenses, sor. t ebvaou or pir-, pass. eiracour or nir-: (eirh):-to lay in bed, put to eleep: also to lay in ambush: of animals, to lay their young in a form: of death, to lay asleep. metaph. to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage. Pass, to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep: of birds, to III. intr. in Act. to sleep. ev-valether, over a, or, (ef, relether) well-peopled or well-situated. ev-randpieros, q, or, (et, rate) well-peopled or wellsituated. etralos, a, or, (etrá) in one's bed or couch; etralos dayée a hare in its form; elvalu rrépuyes wings 2. wedded. 3. of pain, making over the next. . Il. (evy n) of or for anone keep one's bed. chorage: hence steadying or guiding a ship. elvacuuca, or, (elva(w) convenient for sleeping in. εὐναστήρ, ήροε, δ, (εὐνάζω) a bedfellow. Hence eivarage, eiverto, eivarap, Dor. for eirnr -. elverhous, ro, a bed-ebamber. eivae, f. how: - Pass., aor. I eirhonr: pf. eirn uu: (riva):-to luil to eleep: also to lay in ambush. metaph. to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage. 11. Pass. to go to bed: go to sleep: also to be bedded with: of storms, to be lulled, assuaged. eintrae, ou, d, (eint) - eineurth or eintrap. ET'NH', \$\dagger\$, a bed, any sleeping-place: the lair of a doer, the seat or form of a have, the nest of a bird:also the grave. 2. the marriage-bed, wedlock, mar-II. in plur. rivai, wones used as anchors, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land; is & civds ibador sand be speμοήσι' Εθησαν. eivyleis, sor. I part, pass, of eivides. eirhow, (eirh) Adv. out of bed. evryotivas, sor. I inf. pass, of evrdes. εύντημα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) marriage, wedlock. elygrapa, fem. of elygrap, a wife. eiνητήρ, ήρος, δ, (eiνάω) a bedfellow, busband. eu-varos Ep. egy-varos, or, (eg, rea) well-spur or woven, of fine texture. ebrhrona, h, - ebrhreipa. ebriggep, opes, b, - ebryghe. civηφι, -φw, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of civή. ebres, d, f, gen. 100; in pl. ebres or ebrides :- reft of, beroaved of. II. absol. bereaved, desolate. ebre, iboe, 1, (ebr) a bedfellow, wife.

berrates, Ep. for elegros.

ebroim, f. from, (cbrose) to be well-disposed or friendly: -Pass, to be kindly treated. ebroid, 4, poët, also ebroid Ep. ebroig (ekrose) good will, hindness; in pl. hindnesses, hind feelings: -ear' elvolar out of kindness, favourably; so, per ebrolas, bu ebrolas, ebrola. Hence ev-voluée, f. iv, of hind, benevolent character. Adv. ebroteûs lyeur to be kindly disposed. εύνομέσμαι : f. med. εύνομήσομαι : aór. I pasa. εύνομήθην: (εύνομοε):—to bave good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly. Hence eivopile Ion. -in, t, good order, order. From eb-vouce, or, (eb, ropos) under good laws, wellordered, orderly. ev-voos, or, Att. contr. ev-vous, our, pl. evra : (ev, rice, rovs):—well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent:—Comp. elvoverepoe Ion. -oéstepoe; Sup. -ούστατοι. eivouxile, f. iou, to make an eunuch of. From εύν-ούχος, δ, (εύνή, έχω) απ ευπιεδ: employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, of the element Exorres, guardians of the bod). euvra, Dor. for livra, ivra, neut. pl. part, of elul 2M7%. ed-vápas, ou, o, (ed, rupáu) swiftly moving. ev-vos, Adv. of evroce, evrove, kindly. eifainty, sor. I opt. of evyoua. ev-favros, or, (ev, faire) well-earded, of wool. ev-fevos Ion. ev-fevos, or, (ev, féros) kind to strangets,-Bospitable; avopar enferos the guest-chamber: TUTOS efferos the Euxine, now the Black sea, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, deferoe the inbospitable. eύ-ξοστος Ep. eoξεστος, or, or η, or, well-polished. eu-foos Ep. estoos, or, Ep. gen. estou, (ev, few) ebfeotos. ού-ξύμβλητος, ού-ξύμβολος, ού-ξύνοτος, Att. for εὐοδέω, ſ. ήσω, (εὐοδοε) to bave a free passage, oi running water. Hence evoδία, ή, a good journey, fair voyage. eŭ-obuos, or, (εῦ, ὸδμή) sweet-smelling, fragrant. ev-odos, or, (ev. bbis) easy to travel through: with free passage:--Sup. εὐοδώτατος. Hence ev-0860, f. wow: Pass., f. -odothoopen: 201. I -ωδώθην:-to put in the right way, help on the way: Pass. to prosper, be successful. evol, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. evos! eu-oλβos, or, (εῦ, ὁλβos) wealthy, prosperous. εύοπλέω, f. ήσω, (εύοπλοε) to be well-equipt. eboπλία, ή, the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments. From ev-onλos, or, (ev, baλor) well-armed, well-equipt. εύοργησία, ή, gentleness, mildness of temper. From εὐ-ὁργητος, αν, (εὐ, δργή) good-tempered, free from passion. Adv. - row, with good temper. εύορκόω, f. ήσω, (εύορκου) to swear truly, take a true oath, to keep one's oath. Hence

```
chopungle, &, an abiding by one's oath, good faith.
  evopula, f. (evopula) - evopunala. From
  ev-opnos, or, (ev, opnos) true to one's outh: of ouths,
Sprivat chopses (as Adv.) to swear truly; chopselv
[lore] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence
 εύόρκωμα, ατος, τό, a faithful oath.
 subpress, Adv. of evopros, according to one's oath.
 ev-oppos. w with good anchorage: of ships, safe at
anebor.
 ev-opvis, ifos, o, f, (et, opvis) of good augury, au-
                II. abounding in birds.
 εύ-όροφος, αν, (εδ, ερέφαι) swell-roofed.
                                             IL pleas-
 εὐ-όφθαλμος, or, with beautiful eyes.
ing to the eyes.
                      III. specious.
 eŭ-oppus, v. (eŭ, ĉoppis) suith fine eyebroses.
 eù-ox éu, f, how, (eŭ, exw) to treat, tend well.
 eboybles, f fow, to be in plenty. From
 ev-oxθos, or, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich.
 eù-mayin, is, (es, mayipua) well put together, com-

    eὐπάθαα Ion. eὑπαθίη, ἡ, enjoyment of good things,

the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments,
luxuries; ly ebrablyou elvas to enjoy oneself, make
merry. [&] From
 ebraden, f. how, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make
merry, live comfortably. From
 ev-mabhe, is, (ev, mabeir) well off, in good case,
comfortable.
                                                        ble.
 ei-wablη, Ion. for eirabeta.
 evantia, 4, a goodly race of children. From
 ev-wave, wardoe, s, h, (es, wais) blest with children,
with many or good children; you or evenue, a noble son.
 ed-maktos, Dor. for everyetos.
 eὐ-πάλἄμιος, ον, (εὖ, πἄλάμη) bandy, ingenious: in-
ventive.
 εύ-παράγωγος, ον, (εύ, παράγω) easy to lead away.
 ev-mapaos, or, Dor. for evaperos, -nos.
 ed-mapamentos, or, easily led aside.
 eὐ-πάρεδρου, or, constantly attending on, devoted to.
 ev-mapaos, or, (el, mapeia) with beauteous cheeks.
 ev-wapbevos, or, famed for fair maidens.
ebrapoeros Δlory Dires, bapty maid!
 eb-wapófurros, or, (eb, wapofúrw) easily irritated.
 «θ-πάρδφος, ον, (εδ, παρυφή) with a bandsome border.
 εὐ-πἄτέρεια, ἡ, (εὖ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire:
belonging to a noble father.
ι εύ-πατρίδης, ου, δ, (εδ, πατηρ) of good or noble
father, of noble family.
                                II. at Athens, the Ed-
marpilate, Lat. Optimates, were the first class the
                                                        avew) breathing well or freely: good to breathe
resupépos the second, the enqueup you the third.
                                                        tbrough.
 ου-πατριε, ίδοε, δ, ή, (εὐ, πατήρ) born of a noble sire.
                                                        εύπνώτερος, also irreg. -πνούστερος
 εύ-πάτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, - εύπατριε.
                                                         cύποδία, ή, (cύπουε) strength or speed of foot.
 eb-weithe, is, (ευ, welθομαι) ready 10 obey, coedient,
                                                         eύποιητικός, ή, όν, (εύ, ποιέω) disposed to be kind.
tractable.
                 IL act. persuasive, convincing.
                                                       beneficent.
 ev-weitere, or, (ed, welloual) easily persuaded.
```

εὐ-πέμπελοε, ω, (εδ, πέμπω) gently leading.

wir wivespos, or, with a good father-in-law.

el-wenkos, or, beautifully attired.

```
eb-mapidywyds, or, (eb, mapidyw) easily turned round.
 eb-meplypamtos, or, (et, meprypapa) easy to shetch out.
 εύ-περίγραφος, ον, (εύ, περιγραφή) = foreg.
 eù-mep(măros, or, (eŭ, repinaréa) easy to walz on.
 ed-neplowactor, or, (ed, replowded) easy to pull off.
 eὐ-περίστάτος, αν, (εὖ, περιίσταμαι) easily besetting.
 eb-meplipemios, or, (eb, mepitelmu) easily turned
round, changeable, inconstant.
 ei-werdhos, or, (ei, werahor) with beautiful leaves.
 ei-nérma, fi, sase; di' einerelas sasily.
ness of getting or baving, Lat. copia. From
 eù-werte, es, (es, weven) falling well or easily:
hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant,
 ev-werpos, or, (ev, werpa) of good, bard stone.
 eύποτως Ion. --έως, Adv. of εύποτής, easily, amply:
Comp. einer écrepor and -por.
 cὐ-πηγής, έε, (cō, πήγνυμι) well-made, stout.
 eu-wyktos, ον, (εδ, πήγνυμι) well put together, well-
built, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid.
 eὐ-πήληξ, ηκοε, δ. ή, with beautiful belmet.
 ev-univos, or, (ed, uhry) of fine texture.
 ev-unxus, v, with beautiful arms.
 el-πίδαξ, ăxos, ό, ή, abounding in fountains.
 evattico, - evacetico. From
 eù-πίθης, έε, - εὐπειθής, obedient, submissive.
 ev-motos, or, easy to believe, trustworthy, credi-
          I. act. easily believing, credulous :- Adv.
 ei-ziw, or, gen. oros, very fat, rich. [1]
 εὐ-πλάτής, ες, (εδ, πλάτος) of a good breadth.
 eύ-πλαιος, α, ον, well filled.
 εύ-πλεκής Ερ. ἐῦ-πλακής, ἐε, (εὖ, πλέκω) well-
plaited; δίφροι έθπλεκέεε, see εύπλεκτοε,
 eŭ-πλεκτος Ερ. έθ-πλεκτος, αν, (εδ, πλέπω) seell-
plaited, well-netted; ebulentos dispos a chariot with
sides of wicker-work.
 εύπλοια Ερ. εύπλοίη, ή, (εθελοος) a fair soyage.
 eù-πλόκαμος Ερ. ἐῦπλ- ολ, with goodly locks: pocul.
iem. iöndokapis, idos.
 εύ-πλοκος, ον. - εύπλεκτος.
 eύ-πλοος, ον, contr. eύ-πλους, ουν, (εδ, πλέω) sailing
well, baving a fair voyage.
 εὐ-πλυνής Ερ. ἐϋπλ-, έε, (εδ, πλύνω) well-washed.
 εύ-πλωτος, ων, (εὖ, πλώω) favourable to sailing.
 evavora poet. evavoly, h, easiness of breathing. II.
ragrance. From
 eu-mvoos Ep. 40-mvoos, or, contr. eu-mvous, our, (en,
```

II. sweet-smelling, fragrant, -Comp.

ev-mointos, or, also n, or, (et, roctes) well-mode.

ev-working, or, (ev, working) much variegrated.

ei-worta, h. (eb. worker) beneficence.

well-wrought.

d-remos, or, (eδ, πόσου) with fine wool; fleecy. εὐ-πόλεμου, or, good at war.

& Tophton, or, (et, Tiptu) well-conducting, propi-

ebropéu, f. how: Act. I edropyou: (ebropee):—to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, base plenty of it.

2. to find a way, be able.

Il. to supply, provide: Pass, to bave plenty of, abound is. Hence

ebropla, h facility in moving facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, were: wealth. IL opp. to dropla, the solution of doubts or difficulties.

eb-wopon, or, (eb, whos) easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. a. of persons, swellprovided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful; of persons, wealthy.

europes, Adv. of europes, easily: in abundance. eb-wormes, or, well-fated, bappy.

6-2070s, or, (ev, vorler) pleasant to drink.

chrous, δ, ή, -row, τό, gen. -rodos, (εξ, rous) with good feet, strong or swift of foot.

compaying it was, to fare well, be well off, prosper.

eb-πράγής, έε, (εξ, πράγου) faring well, flourishing. ebπράγία, ‡, (εδπραγίω) well-doing, welfare. eb-πρακτου, ου, (εξ, πράσου) easy to be done. ebπρακία, lon ebπρακία, με ebπρακία πους free

tune, success.

11. good conduct.

ev-spatus, f, post. for evspatia.

வ்-прецион, or, (el, spejmor) with good stem. உப்பூட்டுக்கு, தேர் appearance: beauty, comelisess. II. speciousness, plausibility. From

eb-upertu. és, (eb, rpérw) well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious. 3. specious, plautible.

eb-mperros, (eb, rpéra) conspicuous.

eur person Ion. -ten, Adv. of eurperfe, becomingly: epeciously: Comp. eurperferrepov; Sup. -ferrara. eurpenfin, Ion. for eurpafia.

cumphorou, (εδ. τρήσσω) to arrange or order well:

Ion. impl. ἐθπρήσσεσκον.

eb-πρηστος, ον, (εὐ, πρήθω) strong-blowing.
εὐ-πρήων, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, πρήων) with fair bead-

lands.

εὐ-πρόσθακτος, ον, (εὖ, προσδέχομαι) acceptable.

εὐ-πρόσθος, ον, - εὐπάρεθρος, assiduous diligent.

πὐ-προσάγορος, ον, (εὖ, προσογομόμ) of easy ad-

ev-spoothyopos, or, (ev, spoonyoples) of easy address, affable, courteous.

εὐ-πρόσντος, ον, (εὖ, πρόσειμι) easy of access.
εὐ-πρόσοδος, ον, of good or easy access, affable, Lat.

qui faciles aditus babet. Π. of places, accessible; εὐπροσώτατον the easiest way of approach. εὐπρόσοιστος, αν, (εδ, προσφέρω) easy to be got:

«υ-πρόσουστος, αν, (εὐ, προσφέρω) easy to be got : attainable, easy.

cimporunta, f. hou, (cimporunce) to make a fair about, be specious, plausible.

composemé-neuros, 4, ev, (composement, indry) lying or placed cheerfully; roxy composementing messiv to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.

eb-upbownou, or, (et, upbownor) well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. ebeerful, friendly-

ooking.

eb-upodásvorros, or, (eb. upodaslícum) with a good pretent, enemable, plannible.

eb-πρυμνοε, er, (eð, πρόμνα) of ships, with bandsome stern.

eb-speepos, or, (eb, speepa), of ships, with bandsome brown.

eb-urepoe, or, (eð, urepór) well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., eburepo: ywalker bigb-plumed dames of quality.

εύ-πτέρυγοε, εν, (εδ, πτέρυξ) - εδπτεροε.

εύ-πτόρθος, or, finely branching.
εύ-πυργος, or, with goodly towers.

ev-wayer, or, gen. eros, well-bearded.

cu-πuλos, or, with fine solts: breeding fine borses.

«υράμην, sor. I med. of εύρω.

eupáß, (εθροε) Adv. from one side, sidenegys. II., ebpáf waráf, an exclamation to frighten away birds. eupás, acc. masc. or neut. pl. of ebpúe; also Ion. fem.

ebpion, 201. I pass. of ebplows, espect Ep. espigueus, 201. 2 inf. of esplows.

espersos, a, or, verb. Adj. of esploses, to be discovered, found out.

eupertie, oû, ô, fem. euperve, idoe, (euplosse) a finder, inventor, discoverer.

evpero, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ebploses.

espectos, h, or, verb. Adj. of esplorus, discovered: to be found out or discovered.

eupηκα, eupημα, pf. act. and pass. of elpfosse. eupημα, ατος, τό, («lpfosse) that which is found, an unenpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage.

2. of a child, defoundling.

II. an invention, discovery: a remedy.

eupilv, Dor. for ebpeir.

ebonar-ente, is (elplane, troe) inventive of words, fuent: wordy, sophistical.

ebphow, fut. of ebploses.

eupήτωρ, opos, δ, (ευρίσκω) an inventor, discoverer. eu-ptvos, or, (εδ, μινόε) of good leather.

euptvos, gen. of eupes.

e6-plwos, b, (e3, fixi(se) any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed sevent times a day.

eu-ρīs, īvos, ô, ἡ, («ð, þis, þiv) with a good nose, keenscented: metaph, keen at tracking out a thing.

ΕΥΡΊΣΚΩ: fut. ευρήσω: pf. ευρηκα οτ ηιρ-:
aor. 2 ευρόν οτ ηύρον, imperat. ευρέ, inf. ειρείν:—
Med., f. ευρήσομα: aor. 2 ευρόμην οτ ηύρ-, later
aor. 1 ευράμην:—Pass., fut. ευρεθήσομαι and (in same
ense) med. ευρήσομαι: aor. 1 ευρέθην οτ ηυρέθην:
pf. ευρημαι οτ ηύρ
I. to find, find out, discover: C. aoc. cognato, ευρήμα ευρίσκευν το make an

wnexpected discovery or gain. 2. to devise, inspect. II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain: —Med. In find or get for oneself, procure, obtain. 2. of inerchandise, etc., to fetch so much money: hence, to be worth, to sell for. abpoles, f. frau, (choos) to flow well. II. me-

saph. to flow or go on well.

HI. to be fluent.

ch-pollyros, or, (et, pollie) loud-sebizzing.

cupolyro, cupouu, acr. 2 oot. med. and act. of ci-

espolysy, espoum, sor. 2 oot. med. and act. or e

sipo-κλύδων, ωνος, δ, (Εδρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14: the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

appours, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of ebpianes.

eupov, sor. 2 of ebplatos.

et-poos, ω, contr. eupovs, ow, (et, βlee) flowing well, fair-flowing. II. of words, flowing, fluent. et-powos, ον, (et, βlew) easily inclining or slipping. Etpos, δ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus.

copos, τό, (εύρύε) breadth, width, opp. to μήκοε: εξpos, in breadth, opp. to thos, in height.

dup-palatis, Ev. for elepageie. (ev, βαπτω) wellstitebed.

eup-pete, is, Ep. gen. illossios (for suppeous), fair-flowing.

έυρ-ρείτης, ου, δ, - ευρρεήε.

isp-poos, Ep. for eupoos.

supu, neut. of espus, often used as Adv.

supu-áγινος, a, or, (εὐρύ, άγινά) with wide streets, epith of great cities, in II. usually of Troy and Athens. εὐρυ-αίχμας, δ, (εὐρύ, αίχμη) with stout lance. εὐρυ-βίας Ion. and Ep. -βίης, ου, δ, (εὐρύ, βία) r ding widely, of far-extended power.

ευρυ-θέμεθλος post. -θέμειλος, ον, (ευρύ, θέμεθλον) evit broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

εύρυθμία, ή, good time or proportion: orderliness,

gracefulness, graceful. From

60-pubuos, or, in good time or measure, rhythmical,
Lat. numerosus:—of versons, orderly: well---oversioned, graceful.

εύρύθμως, Adv. of ευρυθμος, in good order, gracefully. εύρύ-κολπος, or, with spacious bosom.

eupu-speier, ortos, o, wide-ruling.

eupv-helpow, or, gen. oros, with broau meadows.

sipu-uibuv, ortos, ė, wide-ruling.

αύρυ-μέτωπος, ον, (εἰρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted. αύρθναι, 201. 1 inf. of εὐρύνω.

αὐρύνω, f. ὄνῶ, (εὐρύε) to make wide or broad; εὐρῦναι ἀγῶνα to make room for the dance; τὸ ·ἰσον εὐρύνευ to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νωτος, ον, (εὐρύ, νῶτος) broad-backed, είσει.
εὐρυ-όδεια, ή, (εὐρύ, ὐδύς) with broad, ορεπ ways.
εὐρυ-όπης heol. εὐρύοπα, δ, (εὐρύ, ὕψομαι) the farglancing, far-sesing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

σύρύ-οψ, δ, acc. ευρύσπα, - ευρυσπης.

εύρύ-πεδος, ον, (εὐρύ, πίδον) with broad surface. εὐρύ-πορος, ον, with broad ways, of the sea. εὐρυ-πρωκτία, ή, the character of a level fellow, eupi-apaurros, or, (eupi, apaurros) leud, obscene: also an adulterer.

eupu-πυλής, is, (eupu, πύλη) with unde gates.
eupu-pieθpos, or, (eupu, pieθpor) with broad channel.
eupu-piere, ovoa, or, (eupu, pier) broad-flowing.

ETTT'S eipena, cipi: gen. eipeloe, elas, éos: acc. sing. eipeloe, and sometimes eipela Ion. fem. nom. eipela:—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, widespread:—Comp. elpérepos; see elpé.

εύρυ-σάκης, es, (εύρό, σάκοε) with broad shield. [a] εύρυ-σθενής, έs, (εύρυ, σθένος) wide-ruling, mighty.

elpi-cropos, or, with wide bler or tomb.
elpi-crepvos, or, (elpi, ortipror) broad-breasted.
elpuripes, Adv., Comp. of elpi, more widely.

ευρύ-τίμος, ον, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-bonoured.

εύ-ρύτος, ον. (εδ. βέω) full-flowing. εύρυ-φαρέτρης, ου, δ. (εύρύ, φαρέτρα) with wide

quiver. ' «ὑρυ-φθής, έε, («ὑρύ, φύω) growing midely. «ὑρυ-χὰδής, έε, («ὑρύ, χαδεῦ) wide-gaping, wide-

mouthed, of cups. eupu-xaltys, ov, ô, (eupó, xalty) suith solde-spread

bair. «Upú-xopos, or, shortened Ep. for elpóxapos. «Upuxapla, h, free space, plenty of room; ér elpoxapla in the open sea. From

εὖρὖ-χωροε, ον, (εὐρὖ, χάρα) roomy, spacious. εὖ-ρώγης, (εὖ, þάξ) rich in grapes.

εὐρώδης, es, poët. for εὐρύε.

eυρώνες, eσσα, ev, (eυρύν) mouldering, dank and dark, squalid; οίκια ευρώνεντα, Virgil's loca senta situ.
εὐρών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of εὐρίσκω.

ET POTIH, \$\( \text{,} \), Europa, Europe, as a geographic name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

elpartos,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta r$ , — elpie. ETPOZ, aros,  $\delta$ , mouta, dank, decay, Let. situs,

squalor. «ὑρωστία, η, stoutness, strength. From gύ-ρωστος, οr, (εὐ, ῥάντυμ) stout, strong. Adv.**-τία.** 

εθρώτι, dat. sing. of εθρώε. εθ-ρωτιώω, (εθρώε) to become ot to be mouldy, to decay; βίσε εθρωτιών a coarse, unpolished life.

ET'S, &, good, brave, noble; gen. sing. thos; gen. plur. neut. than [a], as if from nom. the feed, derripes than the gods, givers of good things.

evon, Dor. for lovou, ovou, part. fem. of elul sum.

εύσα, 10t, 1 of εύω. εὐσέβεια, ή, (εὐσεβήε) reverence towards the gods,

piety, religion Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character for piety.

eŭσεβέω, f. 4σω, (εὐσεβήε) to live or act pioenly: 10 be pious in a thing: 0. acc. pers. to reverence. εὐ-σεβήε, έε, (εὖ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religioses,

reverent: of things, boly, ballowed.

ei-σeβla Ion -lη, poet. for eiσέβεια.

eb-σελμος Ep. έθσσ-, ον, (eδ, σίλμα) with σοοδ banks of oars, well-rowed.

ev-σentos, or, (ev, σέβω) much reperenced, lety-

ch-cropeos, or, (ed. shua) of good omen, auspi-II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous. evolven, f. how, to be strong, bealthy. From củ-σθενής, ές, (eš, σθένος) stout: strong, firm. ev-overtos, or, (ev, overta) with full pantry or larder. eb-ouchvorf, twoe, b, h, abounding in observil. eb-orcaphues, or, (eb, orales) wift-springing, bighbounding. ed-orkémuotos, or, (es, orená(e) well-covered: Sup. -braros, serving as the best covering. corneven, to be well equipped. From eb-onewos, or, (eb, onewos) well-equipped. eὐ-σκίαστος, ον, (εὐ, σκιάζω) well-shaded, shadowy. જી-σκίος, ον, (એ, σκιά) sbadowy. ev-Guoros Ep. et-Guoros, or, (et, Gronia) keensighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or farseen, commanding a wide view. (εδ, σκοπόε) shooting well, of unerring aim. ev-cous, h. a bealthy state, prosperity. From ev-croos, or, well-secured, safe and well, bappy. eu-cramping, is, and eucrampon, or, (eg, creipa) wellturned: wreathing, winding. evourayxvia, t, goodness of beart. εύ-σπλαγχνοε, ον, (εδ, σπλάγχνον) with bowels of compassion, compassionate. eu-σπορος, αν, (εδ, σπείρω) well-coun: rich in seed. έθσ-σελμος, Ερ. for εύσελμος. eto-owrpos, Ep. for ebourpos. εὐστάθεια, ή, (εὐσταθήε) goodness of bealth. ever-30km, f. how, to be steady, firm: to be salm, of the sea. From ed-στάθής Ep. ένσταθής, ές, (eð, laταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, bealthy. εύσταθίη. Ερ. for εδστάθεια. εὐ-στάλης, έε, (εξ, σταλήναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable. ev-craxve, v, rieb in ears of corn: fruitful. ed-orthogons Ep. 1907-, or, well-girded or wellcrowned: of a city, circled with towers. εὐ-στέφισε, σν, poët. form for εὐστέφανος. eὐ-στίβής, έε, (εξ. στιβεῦν) well-trodden.  $e\tilde{v}$ - $\sigma$ - $ro\lambda os$ , ov,  $(e\tilde{s}, \sigma r \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega) = e\tilde{v}\sigma ra\lambda \eta s$ . edorropies, f. how, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, - εὐφημέω. From ed-cropos, or, (ed, cropa) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, doquent. 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping ellenes to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., περί τούτων μοι εύστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silenes; εύστομ' έχε peace, be still! ev-croos, or, (ev, crod) with goodly colonnades. εὐ-στόρθυγέ, νγγοε, δ, ή, from a good trunk. eboroxla, h, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quiekness at guessing, wit, eleverness. From eb-croxos, or, aiming well, bitting the mark. pass. spell-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, barp, witty, clever.

everge, 4, (eve) a place for singling swine. ed-orpouros Ep. (Sorp-, or, (es, orpios) well-twisted : easily turned, lissom. εύ-στροφής Ερ. ένστρ-, ές, (εδ, στρόφα) welltwisted. ed-orpodething, erros, s, f, well-curled, eurly. eb-στροφος Ep. ένστρ-, or, (εδ, στρέφω) welltwisted: easily turning, nimble, ev-corperos, or, (ed, corphorum) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene strabui. ev-orthos, or, with goodly pillars. εὐ-σύμβλητος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβλ-, ον, (εὖ, συρβάλhas) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. εύ-σύμβολος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβ-, σν. (εὖ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. easy to deal with, bonest, upright. eù-σύνετος old Att. eù-ξύν-, ον, (εδ, συνίημι) quick of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible. evoruverus. Adv. of eboureros, with quickness of apprebension : Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον. eb-crovortos, or, easily seen at a glance. εύ-σφυρος Ep. εύσφ-, or, (ite, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles. εύσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχήμων. εύσχημόνως, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εδσχημονέστερον. eb- $\sigma_{\chi\eta\mu\sigma\sigma}$ ,  $\sigma_{\chi} = eb\sigma_{\chi} h_{\mu\sigma\sigma}$ . εύσχημοσύνη, ή, grace of manner, elegance. From εύ-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εδ, σχήμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward sbow, specious. εύσχημως, - εὐσχημύνως. εύ-σχίδης, έε, and εύ-σχιστος, ον, (εδ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave. εύσωμάτεω, f. ήσω, to be sound in limb. From εὐ-σώμἄτος, ον. (εδ. σῶμα) sound in limb. еб-σωτρος Ep. eforo-, or, (eb, σωτρον) with good felloes: with good wheels. ev-tănis, is, (es, tanipal) easy to melt. εὐτακτέω, f. ήσω, to be orderly, behave well. From eύ-τακτος, ον, (εὖ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence eutartus, Adv. in good order. εὐταξία, ή, (εὐτακτίω) good order, discipline. ev-raperos, or, delicate-footed. eurs. Adv. of Time, a post. form of bre, when, at the II. εδτ' άν, like time when: seeing that, since. brar, so often as, whensoever, in the case that. ed-reighs, is, ed-reigeos, or, and ed-reightos, or, (eb, relyon) well-walled, well-fortified, strong. εύτεκνέω, (εύτεκνου) to bave good or fine children. evrenvia, h, the having good or fine children. ev-renvos, ov, (ev, renvov) baving many or fine children, blest with a goodly progeny; streewee suraple a pair of fair children. εὐτέλεια Ion. εὐτελίη, ή, cheapness, Lat. vilitas:

upde etraling cheaply; And ele etraliseur geopampie | etractos, or, (et. retum) well-made, well-moughe ros a goose painted on cheap terms. II. thrift, frugality, economy; ent evrenela for economy.

ού-τελής, έε, (εθ, τέλοε) easily paid for, ebeap, Lat. II. mean, paltry, worthless.

tbrifty, frugal.

ebrekin, f. Ion. for ebrekera.

eirehus, Adv. of eirehhs, cheaply, at a cheap rate. ev τερπής, έε, (ev, τίρπω) delightful, charming. ευ-τέχνητος, ον, (εδ. τεχνάομαι) wrought with shill.

evrexvia, f, skill in art. From

ev-rexvos, or, (ev, rexrn) shiftel, ingenious.

eὐ-τλήμων, or, gen. oros, much-enduring, steadfast. ού-τμητος Εp. έθτμ-, ον, (εδ, τέμνω) well-cut. evronew, f. how, (evronce) to bring forth easily.

Hence eὐ-τοκία, ή, an easy childhirth, happy birth. ev-roxos, or, (ev, renew) bringing forth easily. εὐτολμέω, f. ήσω, (εὐτολμοι) to be daring. . Hence εὐτολμία, ή, courage, boldness.

εύ-τολμος, ον, (εὐ, τόλμα) brave-spirited, courageous, eb-rovos, or, (eb, reira) well-stretched, well-strung,

sinewy, nervous. Hence

eurovos, Adv. with main strength.

ev-rotos, or, (ev, rotor) with good arrows.

εὐ-τόρνευτος, ον, (εὖ, τορνεὖω) well-rounded. ev-ropvos, or, well-turned, round

εὐ-τράπεζος, ον, (εὐ, τράπεζα) with a good table, bospitable, luxurious, sumptuous.

ευτράπελία, ή, wit, liveliness, politeness, Lat. urba-2. coarse jesting, ribaldry. From cu-tparelos, or, (eg, tperm) easily turning: hence versatile, ingenious, elever. 2. witty, lively, Lat.

3. tricky, disbonest. íacetus. εύ-τράφής, ές, (εδ, τραφήναι) well-grown, thriv-

II. act, nourisbing.

ev-roente, és, (ev, roene) ready to turn, prepared,

ready. Hence ευ-τρεπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: Pass., pf. ηὐτρέπισμαι: -to make ready, get ready, prepare: to make friendly, conciliate: - Pass. to be ready: - Med. to get oneself ready.

ev-rpeuros, or, easily turned, changeable. eurpenus, Adv. of eurpenhe, in a state of preparation.

εύ-τρεφής Ερ. έυτρ-, έε, (εὐ, τρέφω) well-jed. еб-трптов Ep. eftrp -, or, well bared or pierced.

ev-rplanes, Dor. for -qe, &, (ev, rplanes) with goodly

ευ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of ευθριέ.

eb-rotxos, or, - ebopif.

abtpowia, h, versatility, Lat. versutia. From во-трожов, ov. (ей, трежы) easily turning, versatile. ευ-τρόχαλος Ep. έυτρ-, αν, (ευ, τρέχω) running 2. (et, rpoxós) well-rounded. well, quick-moving. εύ-τροχος Ερ. έθτρ-, or, (εὐ, τροχύε) well-wheeled

r well-rounded. II. running easily. V-rones, or, rare post. form for evrunroe. εύτυκταν ποιείσθαί τι to make ready.

εὐτύχδω, f. ήσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν οι ηύτ-, aor. Ι εὐτύχησα οι ηύτ-, etc.: (εὐτυχήε):--10 be lucky, to be well off, to succeed. 2. of things, to turn out well, prosper: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχηταί Tive things have gone well with him. Hence εύτυχ έως, Ion. for εὐτυχῶς.

εὐτύχημα, ατοι, τό, a piece of good luck, success. αύ-τυχης, έε, (εδ, τυχείν) well-off, successful, lucky, fortunate, prosperous.

cύτυχία, ή, (εύτυχίω) success, good luck, prosperty:

in plur. successes.

εύτυχθε Ion. - έωε, Adv. of εντυχής, with good fortune, successfully: Comp. ebrux lorepor, Sup. -lorara. eὐ-ὑάλος, ον, (εὖ, ὑαλοε) with or of good glass.

10-vopos, or, (et, voup) well-watered, abounding in water: of a river, with good water: Comp. edulp.

ev-upvos, or, celebrated in many bymns.

eù-υφής, és, (eš, ὑφή) soell-woven. εύ-φαμία, εύ-φαμος, Dor. for εύφημ.

εὐ-φάρέτρης, ου, δ, Dor. -as, a, (εδ, φαρέτρα) with

beautiful quiver. εύ-φεγγής, έε, (εδ, φέγγοε) with clear light, bright. εύφημέω, f. ήσω, (εύφημου) to use words of good omen or to abstain from words of ill omen: hence to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence; in imperat. ευφήμει, ευφημείτε, bush! be silent! Lat. favete linguis. II. to about in bonour of any one, or in triumpb. III. to sound auspiciously. Hence euchyptia, h, the rise of words of good omen or the avoidance of words of bad omen: hence I. solemn silence during religious rites. II. praise, worship: in plur. songs of praise.

εύ-φημος, ον, (εύ, φήμη) of good sound or omen, auspicious: of persons, using only words of good omen or avoiding words of ill omen:—hence, religiously silent. II. interpreting favourably; πρόε τὸ εύφημον in a good sense.

εύ-φθογγος, ον, (εδ, φθέγγομαι) well-sounding, most-

voiced.

eù-φίλης, έε, (εδ, φιλέω) well-beloved. IL act. loving well.

εύ-φίλητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὐ, φιλέω) well-beloved. ev-bild-mais, raidos, o, f, (es, bildes, rais) fond of children, or pass. beloved of children.

εύ-φλεκτος, ον, (εύ, φλέγω) easily set on fire. εύφορέω, f. ήσω, (εύφοροε) to bring forth abun-

dantly. εὐ-φόρητος, ον, (εδ, φορέω) zazily borne, talerable. εὐ-φόρμιγξ, ιγγοε, δ, ή, with beautiful lyre: playing

beautifully on it. eŭ-φορος, αν, (εὖ, φέρω) well or patiently borne. easily worn, convenient, manageable. IL act. bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable: of the

body, sound, bealthy. еб-фортов, or, well freighted at laden. αὐφόρως, Adv. of εύφορος, patiently, readily. εὐφράδωα, ή, (εὐφραδή») correctness of ianguage. εὐ-φράδης, έε, (εὐ, φράζω) speaking well or eloquently:—Ep. Adv. εὐφραδόως, in set terms, eloquently.

εὐφράδίη, ή, ρούτ. for εὐφράδεια.

eŭ-φραίνω Ερ. εῦφρ -: f. εὐφρανῶ Ερ. εὐφρανεω:

20. I εύφρανα Ερ. εῦφρηνα: — Pass., f. εὐφρανθήσομαι,
but also with f. med. εὐφρανοῦμαι in same sense,
Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράνεαι: 20. I εὐφράνθην: (εὕφραν):

-to cheer, gladden. II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part.,
δρῶν εὐφράννται is rejoiced at seeing. Hence
εὖ-φραντικός, ή, όν, chering, delightful to.
εὖφρήναι, Ερ. 201. Inf. of εὐφραίνω.

eu-φρονέων Ερ. έθφρ-, participial Adj. (eu, φρονέω) well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed.
ευ-φρόνη, ή, (ευφρων) the kindly time, i. c. night,

euphemism for vif. Hence supporting, ou, o, son of Night.

ecopower, Adv. of ecopow, with good cheer: graciously.

εὐ-φροσύνη Εp. ἐὖφρ-, ἡ, (εὖφρων) cheerfulness, mirth, merriment: of a banquet, good cheer: in pl.

glad thoughts, festivities. [v]

εὐ-φρόσυνος, ον, (εὐφρων) poöt. form, cheery. εὐ-φρων Ερ. ἐύφρ-, ον, (εὕ, φρήν) cheerful, gladsome, merry, light-hearted. 2. act. cheering, making glad on merry, comforting. II. well-minded, well-disposed, gracious.

eὐ-φτής, ἐε, (εὖ, φυή) well-grown, sbapely, goodly: graceful. II. of good natural parts: cleves,

witty; also of good disposition. Hence

evoluta, h, goodness of shape. II. goodness of disposition or good natural parts, eleverness.

ευ-φύλακτος, ον, (ευ, φυλάσσω) easy to keep or guard; ευφυλακτότερα γίγνεται it is easier to keep match

«ύ-φυλλος, οτ, (εδ, φύλλοτ) with thick foliage. «ύφυδα, Adv. of εύφυής, eleverly: Comp. -νέστεροτ. «ύφωτία, ή, goodness of voice. From

eb-pavos, or, (eb, port) sweet-voiced; loud-voiced.
eb-galting, ov, b, (eb, galth) with beautiful hair; of plants, with beautiful leaves.

eύ-χολκοs, ov, (εξ, χαλκόε) wrought of fine brass, or well wrought in brass.

eυ-χάλκωτος, ov, well wrought of brass.

ev-xapes, neut. evxape, gen. eros, (ev, xapes) pleasing, engaging: agreeable: popular, Lat. gratiosus.

evxaportes, f. hose, to be thankful, return thanks:
hence to requite. Hence

εύχαριστία, ή, thankfulness, gratitude. II. ε giving of thanks, thanksgiving: the boly Eucharist.

ci-χάριστος or -ιτος, or, (εδ, χαρίζομαι) winning, agreeable, pleasant. II. grateful, thanhful, Lat. gratus: Adv., εὐχαρίστως διακείσθαι πρός τωτα to be gratefully disposed towards him.

eu-yalp, sipos, s, f, ready of band, bandy, dexterous. El-xelperros, or, (eb, xeipsa) easy to overcome,

ebyloma, fi, readiness of band, denterity, readiness, skill. 2. proneness or inclination for a thing. 3. in bad sense, recklessness. From

eù-xepha, és, (es, xeip) quiek ex ready of band, bandy, denterous, expert. 2. in bad sense, reviiess. II. easy to bandle or manage, manageable. Hence

cùxepûs. Adv. readily: reckleuly.

evzerdopas. Ep. for evzopas, only used in pres and impf.; Ep. inf. evzerdardou, 3 pl. impf. evzerdarro. Dep.:—to pray, ofer one's vous.

Il. to boass oneself, vaunt, profess.

wigh, h. (circopal) a prayer, with or you, Lat. votum.

2. a prayer for evil, a curve, impresention.

e6-xthos, or, rich in fodder. II. of a horse, well-fed, in good condition.

ci-xluapos, or, (ei, xluapos) rieb in goat-

ev-xhoos, or, coutt. xhous, our (ev, xhod) mak-

ing fresh and green.

EΥ XOMAI: impf. εὐχύμην οτ ηθ fut. εὐξομαι: aor. Ι εὐξάμην οι ηὐ : aor. 1 part. εὐχθείε in pam. sense; so also pf. ηδημαι; but 3 sing. plqpf, ηθετο in act. sense: Dep.:- to pray, pay ond's vous, Lat. precari: c. acc. pera to pray to, fray or beseesb 2. c. inf. to fray that. 3. c. sec. objecti, to pray for, long or wish for. II to vow or promise to do; evzer a kard zupapen to make a vow of goats, i. e. vow to offer them. 2. C. 200. Tai, 10 vous or devote a thing to come god. III. 10 vous loudly, make great promises, bonst, vaunt oneself: but often, to profess, maintain, assect.

cú-χορδος, ω, (εὖ, χορδη) well-urung, barmonious. εὐχος, εος, τό, (εὐχομαι) a thing prayed for, νου, Lat. νοιυm. 2. a votive offering. Il. one's

boast or pride.

eb-χρηστος, or, (eδ, χράομαι) easy to make use of, serviceable. Adv. -του.

εὐ-χροδω, f. ήσω, to be of a good complexion. From εὐ-χροθε, έε, poöt. for εύχροοε, of good complexion. εύ-χροθε, όν, contr. -χρους, ουν, (εὐ, χρόα) of good complexion, fresh-looking, bealthy: --Comp. εὐ-χρούστερος or --ούστερος.

ev-xpvos, or, rich in gold.

εύ-χρωε, ων, - εύχροοι.

εύχωλή, ή, (εύχομαι) poët. form of εὐχή, α prayer, νου, Lat. volum. II. boasting: a boast, vaunt, matter of boasting. Hence

εύχωλιμαίος, α, or, bound by a vow.

ev-ψάμαθος, or, with good sands, sandy.

eirfüxéw, î. how, (ebf vxos) to be of good courage. II. eirfüxet farewell! inscr. on tombs, like Lat. bave pia anima! Hence

εύψυχία, good courage, stoutness of beart.

eu-ψυχος, στ, (εὐ, ψυχή) of good courage, stout of beart, Lat. animosus. Adv. - χως, with good courage. ΕΥΠ, f. εὐσω: 20τ. 1 εὖσω: --to singe: metaph. of a scolding wife, εὖει drep δαλοῦ dubpa she rousts her husband without the help of a fire. ebioθης, es. (eð, εδωθα pf. of εξω) sweet-smelling. | grasp, touch: to seize hold upon, claim.

Hence | attain to, Let. attingers: so log. pf. part

soubla, h, a sweet smell, fragrance.

εὐωδώθην, 20τ. Ι pass. of εὐοδόω. εὐ-ώλεγος, ον, (εὖ, ἀλένη) fair-armed. ·

endertuos, or, (et, broug) of good name, bonourable: of good omen.

II. euphemistic for the ill-omened word apparent, left, on the left band or side; if

εδοπόμου (tub. χειρόε) on the left hand. αὐ-Φπνε, ιδοε, left. of εδάψ, fair-eyed or fair-faced. εὐ-ωπόε, όν, (εὖ, ἄψ) fair to look on, friendly.

ch-exten, f. ήσω, (ct. έχω) to treat well: to entertain bospitably, feast:—Pass., with fut. med.—ήσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., obsychops.—ημαι, to be well entertained, to be regaled, fare sumptuously; c. acc., apla ebωχοῦ make merre on your meat: generally, to relish, enjoy. Hence

chexia, q, good cheer, feasting.

લ્પે-બંધ, જેજારુ, છે, ર્સ, (લ્પે, ર્જ્ય) fair-eyed or fair-faced, koodly.

έφα, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί.

thates the fluid Don for the

έφ-άβος, έφαβικός, Dor. for έφηβ-.

th dysoreties, f. ce, (tel, dyos) to perform sacred rites over a thing.

έφ-αγνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to make offerings on a gràve. ἔφάγον, 2οτ. 2 οf ἐσθίω: see φαγείν.

to aptopos, Pass to be chosen in audition or in succession to another.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\phi$ -áluos,  $\rho \nu$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}\pi i$ ,  $\ddot{a}\lambda s_{j}=\ddot{\epsilon}\phi a\lambda os$ .

έφ-άλλομαι, fut. ἐφάλοῦμαι: Ep. 3 s.ng. 20τ. 2 επαλτο part. ἐπάλμανοε or ἐπάλμανοε: Dep.:— to spring upon, to assail: without hostile sense, ἐπάλμενοε ἐππων baving leaped upon or into the chariot: absol., πύσσε μιν ἐπιάλμανοε he kissed him baving leaped upon him.

to-thos, or, (inf. the) on or by the sea.

έφαλόω, Dor. for έφηλόω.

έφάμαν [ā], Dor. for έφάμην, 201. 2 med. of φημί. έφ-αμαξεύω, (ἐπί, ἄμαξα) to drive wains over: Ion. pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξευμένου traversed by wains.

έφαμέριος, έφαμερος [a], Dor. for έφημ-.

th aμιλλοs, or, (lπi, άμιλλα) a match for, rivalling, wing with. 2. pass, to be striven, contended for. έφθν, 3 pl. sor. 2 of φημί.

to avoave, impl. -aror, to please, oe grateful or welcome-to: Ep. also tutavoave, impl. tuthrdaror.

έφάνην [ά], 20r. 2 pass. of φαίνω.

έφανθην, aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

έφαντο, 3 pl. sor. 2 med. of φημι.

io-awat, Adv. once for all: at once.

iφ-aπλόω, f. ωσω, to fold or spread over.

έφ άπτω Ion. ἐπάπτω: f. ἐφάμω: 20τ. I ἐφῆμα:
pf. pass. ἐφῆμμα: —to fasten on or to: hence to fix
firmly, decree.

II. Pass. to be bung over, impend
over, in pf. and plapf. ἐφῆπτα, ἐφῆπτα, like Lat. imnunet, imminebat; Τρώεσσι κἡδε' ἐφῆπται woes imp:nd over the Trojans.

III. Mcd. to lay bold of.

grasp, touch: to seize hold upon, claim. 2. to reath, attain to, Lat. attingere; so Ion. pf. part. pass., είδες: ἐπαμμένος possessed of beauty. Hence

έφ-αρμόζω, f. σω, to fit on or to, to suit, coincide with. II. trans. to fit one thing on or to another,

to adapt, accommodate.

έφαρμόσδων, Dor. for έφαρμόζων.

imaphorome, 3 sing. Ep. sor. I opt. of imaperion

έφ-αρμόττω, Att. for έφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφάρχθην, Άττ. for ἐφραξάμην, ἐφράχθην, aor. I med. and pass. of φράσσω.

έφατο, έφαντο, 3 sing. and pl. acr. 2 med. of φημί. έφ-έδρα Ion. έπέδρη, π a sitting at or by: a siege,

blockade, Lat. obsessio.

έφ-εδράω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) to sit or rest upon. ἐφ-εδροία, ή, a sitting upon. U. a lying in wait, Lat. insidiae. `From

ἐφεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit or rest upon. II. to lie by, lie in wait: to watch for:—also to balt. From ἐφ-εδρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) sitting on; λεύντων ἔφεδρος seated on a chariot drawn by lions lying by or near. II. lying by and watching, lying in wait

for an enemy. III. posted in reserve, of a third combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: as avenger, a successor.

έφ-ξομαι, fut. —εδοῦμαι: Dep.:—to sit upon. to sit by ox near.

έφέηκα, Ερ. aor. τ of έφίημι.

έφείην, ηε, η, 20r. 2 opt. of έφίημι.

έφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι.

έφειναι, 20r. 2 inf. of έφίημι.

έφεισάμην, 20r. I of φείδομαι.

έφείω, ye, y, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of έφίημι. έφ-εκτου, or, (ἐτί, ἔκτου) 1 + ½ = ζ: τόκου ἔφεκτου interest at the rate of ½ of the principal, = 16\ p. cent.

eq-exterow, f. fw, to roll on or along.

έφελκύσαι [θ], sor. I inf. of έφέλκοι.

έφ-ελκυστικός, ή, όν, drawing on, attractive. From έφ-Ελκω Ion. έπελκω: fut. έφέλξω, but the acr. I in use is εφείλευσα (formed from \*έφαλεύω):-- το draw on or towards; to drag or trail after one: of a 2. to drink off, drain. ship, to tow after. Pass., πόδεε έφελκόμενοι feet dragged or trailing along; ol ἐπελκόμενοι the stragglers of an army. Med. to draw or drag after one; epilero peilero Exxos be trailed along the spear (which was stock in his foot); ἐφέλκεται άνδρα σίδηρου iron draws men after it, i. e. attracts them, tempts them; ἐφέλκεσθαι την θύραν to pull to the door. . to bring on, dail consequences 3. claim, assume.

iφέμεν, Ep. for έφειναι, aor. 2 inf. of έφιημι.

έφ-έννυμι, - more freq. ἐπιέννυμι.

to effe Ion. treffe post. totales, Adv. (tri. Exopai) in order, one after another, in a line.

If Time, successively: thereupon.

έφεξιε, εωε, ή, (ἐπέχω) an excuse, protent.

nhbe topherau woes im-III. Med. to lay bold of, fut. tother acr. 2 trearer: inf. tenoredr: part. tenerde: -- to go after, follow upon, pursue. 2. to drive on, urge on. 3.-to follow a parsuit, busy oneself about, manage. 4. to seek out, search, traverse. 5. worpow but outly, burarow and with powerse. 5. worpow but outly burarow one one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, insur it. II. Med., impf. lipeur outly to the coupley, inf. luvarious: -- to follow, pursue: to aecompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. lip-awide. Late form for lipeur.

λό-έρπω, f. λφέρμω: 20τ. I λφέρμυσα, inf. - αρπόσαι (formed from λφερπόζω): — to erest upon or towards. II. to some upon gradually or stealthly: absol., χρίνου λφέρνων advancing time.

Then are a improved at helium

έφες, sor. 2 imperat. of ἐφίημι.

έφίσιμος δίεη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From Δφεσιε, εως, ή, (ἐφίημ) a throwing at.
 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court.

έφ-έσπερος, οτ, (ἐπί, ἐσπέρα) western. ἐφ-έσπομαι, pošt. for ἐφέπομαι. ἐφέσσαι, Ερ. for ἐφέσαι, 20τ. I inf. of ἐφίζα.

άφεσσαι, Ep. 201. I imperat. mod. of έφίζα. άφεσσάμενος, Ep. 201. I part. med. of έφίζα. άφέσσομαι, Ep. fut. mod. of έφίζα.

decoratores Att. -Gres, nom. pl. pf. part. of lφf-

έφοντβουν, for έφοσήκασυν, 3 pl. pf. of έφιστημι. έφ-ίστιος Ion. ἐπίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐστία) by one's com bearth or fireside: basing a bearth and bome: with Verbs of motion, towards lome. 2. sitting at or by the bearth, of suppliants; ἐφέστιος δύμων 2 suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the bouse or bousehold: hence, ἐφέστιον Ion. ἐπίστιον, τύ, a bousehold, family; θεοὶ ἐφέστιον the bousehold gods, Lat. Lares or Penales: also of gods, presiding over bospitality.

έφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of έφεστρίε.

åφ-corple, lõce, ή, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment,

wrapper, cloak, mantle.

δφοτίοι, for δφοστηκών, pf. part. of δφίστημ. δφότης, ου, δ, (δφίημι) a commander. II. of δφόται, at Athens, a special court to my criminal cases.

ξφετμή, ή, (ἰφίημι) a command, bébest.
 ξφετέα, aor. I of φεύζω (not of φεύγω).

deuperta, où, d, an inventor, contriver. From de suplome Ion. de: fut. desuphou: aor. 2 desu-gev:—to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out:-also to detect one doing.

έφεψάσθω, post. 201. τ imperat. med. of εφέπω. έφ-σψιάσμαι, Dep. 10 mock or 200ff at, ridioule.

deseptive, 3 sing, plaps, of epopule.

desper, Ion. impf. of topoas.

\$ ηβάω, i. ήσω, to come to man's estate.

έφηβεία, ή, (έφηβείω) manbood, man's estate. Εφήβειος, α, ον, (έφηβοι) youthful.

šφηβικόε, ή, to, Dor. έφαβικόε, ά, to, of or for c young man: τὸ έφηβικίο the body of youth. From

to-ηβος Dor. totalos, or, (tri, ηβη) arrived at manbood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence

έφηβοσύνη, ή, the age of an έφηβοε, manhood. έφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one.

lead to a place, give information.

έφ-ήδομαι, Pass. to estalt over.

έφηκα, 20τ. Ι οδ έφίημι.

to how, to have arrived at :-- to extend or reach to.

 $4\phi$ -file, true,  $\delta$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $-4\phi\eta\beta\omega$ .

δο ηλόω, ε. ωσω, (ἐτί, ῆλου) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pasa., it is fixed or determined. δο ημικ., Pasa. to sit on, at, or by.

in the state of th

dφ-ημέρισε Dos. dφθμ., or, also a, or, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; tφημέρια φρονείν to take no thought for the morrow: of men, ἐφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemoral: hence generally, lasting but a day, abort-lived.

έφ-ήμερου Dor. έφαμ. Acol. έπαμ., or, (έπί, ήμερο) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. Π.

daily.

iφημίοσύνη, ή, (iφίημι) a command, bebeut.

Edylor, sor. I of daire.

έφήωται, έφήωτο, 3 sing. pf. and p'.qpf. pass. of έφάωται.

thyou, sor. I of pyul.

tonoba, for tons, 2 sing. sor. 2 of on pl.

έφήσω, fut. of έφίημε.

ἔφθαξα, Dor. for ἔφθάσα, 201. 1 of φθάνα. ἔφθαρμαι, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάραται.

έφθασα, εστ. Ι οξ φθάνω.

έφθεγξατο, 3 sing. sor. I of φθέγγομαι.

ξφθαρα, soal of φθείρω.
ξφθαμίμερης, (ἐντά, ημιμερήε) containing seem balous, i. u. 3½: cap. in metre, of three feet and a balf, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or lambic Trimeter: cf. νανθημιμερή».

έφθην, acr. a of φθανω (as if from φθη μί).

έφθίατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or sor. 2 pass. of φθίνα.

έφθιον, 3 sing. impf. of φθίω - φθίνω. έφθιθον, Ερ. 3 pl. sor. I pass. of φθίνω.

fallows a ring En son a med of solver

Eddito, 3 sing. Ep. sor. 2 med. of deliver.

έφθορα, pf. med. of φθείρω.

έφθός, ή, (ν, verb. Adj. of έψω, boiled, dressed.

έφιζάνω, — ἐφίζω, only used in pres. and impf. ἐφίζω Dor. ἐφίσδω: impf. ἐφίζον Ion. ἐφίζεσκον:

intr. to sit upon, at, or by.

II. Causal in Ep. fut, med. epéssoua, sor. I inf. act. and med. epéssou,

εφέσσασθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon.

i do-lημι, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. I ἐφήκα Ion. and Ep. ἐφέηκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἔφεs, Ep. subj. ἐφείω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. ἐφία (as if from εἰφιέω):—to send to one.

2. to send against, launch, or send aī: to set on, to do a thing; ἐφείναι χεῖράs τινι to lay hands on him.

3. of events, to send upon one; ἰριέναι νόστον τινί to permit one a return.

Il. to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

up, vield: also intr. (sub. dearty), to give eneself up to.

2. to permit, allow.

III. to put the male to the female, Lat. admittere.

IV. as law-term, to refer to a higher judge, to appeal; cf. theore.

Med. delegae, fut, deficopae, to lay one's command to obsess upon: to enjoin, command: to intrust to one: to allow one to do a thing.

A to ---- u, long after, desire.

έφ-ικνέομαι Ion. έπ-: fut. έφίξομαι: aor. 2 έφΙκύμην: pf. έφίγμαι: Dep.:—to come up to, reach, attain
to, c. gen.: of things, to bit enactly: metaph., έφικέσθαι λόγων οτ λόγω, to touch the right point in
speaking: absol. to entend.

II. to come upon,
with, c. aoc.; έπικέσθαι (Ion. aor. 2 Inf.) μάστιγι
πληγάε τον Έλλήσνοντον to sich the Hellespont with
blows. Hence

έφικτός, ή, ω, verb. Adj., easy to reach.

ipliater, ipliaσα, Dor. for ipliaσα, iplianter.

έφίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω. έφίληθεν, Ep. 3 plur. aor. I pess. of φιλέω.

to tuepos, or, (it, fuepos) longed for, desired: delightful, agreeable. [1]

έφιμώθην, aor, I pass, of φιμύω.

th invos, or, (ini, invos) of or for a bores or riding: το to invose (sub. στρώμα), Lat. ephippia, a saddle-cloth, a bores's barness.

έφιπτος, ον, (ἐπί, Ιπτος) on borseback; κλύδον Εφιπτος a rushing wave of borses.

id-lardum, late form of laurérogen.

έφ-ισθάνω, έφ-ίσθω, Dor. for έφίζωνω, έφίζω.

this constant of the second o

έφιστάναι τὸν νοῦν, to attend to, Lat. animum ad ver ere: absol., έφιστάναι to attend.

B. Intrana. in Pass. and in acr. 2 act. ἐπέστην, pf. ἐφέστηνα, plapf. ἐφεστήκευ:—to stand κροκ: 40 be impowd. 2. to stand or float on the top; τὸ ἐφεστάμευν τοῦ γάλαπτος, i. e. cream. 2. to be set our, Lat. praesse; pf. part. Ion. ol ἐπεστεῶτες Δtt. ol ἐφεστῶτες, those in authority. II. to stand by or near: absolt to stand by. 2. to stand over against, oppowe: metaph. to impend, be close at band, Lat. instare; Κῆρες ἐφεστῶσιν θανάτοιο the fatrs of death are close at band. III. to balt, stop. IV. to attend to.

έφλάδον, sor. 2 of φλάζω.

έφόβηθεν, Ep. 3 pl. acr. I pass. of φοβέω.

\$\frac{4}{2}\cdot\frac{1}{2}\c

44-681a, rá, soo ipólice.

doctales Ion. be-, f. dow, to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey:—Med. to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies. From

tφ-όδιος, or, (trl, όδόε) of or for a journey:—as Subst., tφόδιος, τό, Lat. viaticum, supplies for travelling (mostly in pl., tφόδια);—an ambassadge's travelling espenses: generally sways and means, supplies tφ-όδος, φ, (tvl, όδόε) a way towards, approach: a means of reaching, access.

II. an onset, attack.

id-odos, d, one who goes the rounds, an inspector. id-odos, or, (in, ddie) accessible: Sup. -irrares.

έφοίτη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φοιτάσε. έφόλκαιον, τό, (έφέλεω) s rudder.

ἐφόλικον, τό, (ἐφέλικο) a small boat towed after a ship:—generally, an appendage.

έφολκία, ή, (ἐφέλκω) a burdensome appendage. ἐφολκόα, όν, (ἐφέλκω) drawing on or towards, attractive, entiring. II. drawling: absol. a laggard. ἐφ-ομαρτέω, ἐ. ἡσω, to follow close υροπ.

έφ-οπλίζω, f. σω: Ep. 20τ. I inf. έφοπλίσσα: -- to

equip, get ready, prepare: so also in Med.

έφορᾶτικός, ή, der, looking over, watchful of. From έφ-οράω Ion. έπ-: impl. έφεάρων Ion. 3 sing. έπόρα: f. έμόψομαι Ερ. ἐπιόφομαι: aor, 2 ἐπείδον:—to look over, oversee, observe. 2. generally to look on virue:—Pase., δοσα ἐφεάρατο τῆς νήσου as much of the island as was in view 3, to look out for, choose. ἐφορεία, ή, (ἐφορείω) an overlooking:—the office or dignity of έφορος, the ephoralty

έφορεῖον, τό, the court of the ephori. From έφορεύω, f. σω, – έφοράω. Π. (έφορου) to be

an epbor.

έφορικός, ή, έν, (έφορος) of or for the ephori. έφ-όριος, α, ον, (έπί, δρος) on the frontier.

up, roused: to rush furiously on: to hurry, rush forward. 2. to make a dash at. 44-opulm Ion. bu-, f. how, to lie at anchor over

against, to blockade an enemy: generally, to watch:

—Pass. to be blockaded.

έφ-ορμή, ή, (ἐπί, ὁρμή) an entrance, access an attempt upon a place, attack.

έφορμηθείαν, 3 pl. 201. 1 opt. pass. of έφορμάν. έφόρμηστε, εως, ή, (έφορμέω) the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade.

th-opulfo, f. low Att. in, (tal, opuce) to bring a ship to ber moorings:—Med. and Pass., to some to anchor.

έφ-ορμος, er, (έπί, δρμοε) at anchor. έφ-ορμος, ό, — ἐφόρμησιε, a blocka-ia. έφορος, or, (ἐφορώ) owerseing.

ss Sabşt., έφορος, ό, an overseer, guardian, ruler

Sparta, ol έφορος είνε Ερλοσί or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.

έφ-όσον, Adv. for έφ' όσον, in so far ex. έφρασάμαν, Dor. sor. I med. of φράζα.

ippafa, sot. 1 of phore.

ippifa, sor. t of ppiese.

impute, sor. I of apriye.

id-βρίζω, f. iou Att. id. to insult over me, add insult to injury: also in Mod.

έφύγον, 201. 2 οί φεύγω.

id-ubpide, ábos, p, (est, boup) of the water.

to-obos Ion. in-, or, (in bloop) wet, rainy, bringing rain. 2. abounding in water.

burshes, f. how, to sing or chant after: to chant over. II. to sing a dirge or mountful strain. III.

to sing of, descant on.

έφθν, aor. 2 of φύω: also Ep. 3 pl. έφθσαν.

еф-инерве, before a vowel -вы, Adv. from above:

above, on atop, over.

EΦΥΡΑ ion. -pu, ή, Epbjré, old name of Corinth. iφυρσα, aor. 1 of φύρω. 2. 3 pl. sor. 2 of φύω. έφυσαν, 3 pl. sor. 1 of φύω. 2. 3 pl. sor. 2 of φύω. έφυση, Dor. for έφυσα, 3 sing. impl. of φυσάω. [8] έφυστερίξω, f. σω, (έπί, υστεροε) to be later, come after another.

• ἐψ-ὑω, f. ὁσω [ð], (ἐτί, ὅω) to ra'e προκ:—Pasa to be rained προκ, exposed to the rain: pf part. ἐφυσμένου. ὑς, ὑς, ὑς ϣτε, i.e. ἐπὶ τούτψ ώστε, on the condition that.

ėφ ώριος, or, (ἐτί, δρα) in senson, rips, mature. έχιδου, 201. 2 of χανδάνω.

exaver, sor. 2 of xoles or xdons.

έχάρη- [d], aor. 2 pass. of χαίρω.

έχαριστιμήν, έχαρισθην, sor. 1 med and pass of χαρίζομαι.

exec, sor. I of year.

λχ. έγγδος, or, = έγων έγγύην, i.e. I. baving given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful. II. baving received security, secure.

έχ έθθμος, αν, (έχω, θυμός) controlling one's tem-

per, under self-control.

έχέ μύθου, (έχω, μύθου) to bold one's peace. Hence έχεμυθία, ή, silence.

exc-vηts. -νηίδος, contr. exe-vηs, -νηδος, η, (έχω, ναῦς) bolding ships fast.

exe-weverie, is, (έχω, weveri) spith, of a dart, bitter ex sharp, piercing.

exi-orapros, or, (ixu, saft) filling to the body.

έχεσκον, Ion. impf. of έχα.

έχέ-στονος, στ. (έχω, στίνοι) bringing sorrows. έχέτλη, ή, (έχω) the plough-bandle, Let. είνα. Hence έχετλήσες, εσσα, στ, of the plough-bandle.

exeu, Dor. imperat. pass. of exe.

έχευα, Ep. sor. I of χέω: med. έχευάμην, έχεφρονέω, (ἐχέφρον) to be sensible or abressd. ἐχέφρον) to be sensible or abressd. ἐχέφρον της, good sense, abressdness. From ἀχέφρων, or, gen. ανοε, (ἔχω, φρήν) sensible, abressd. έχωνθα, Fp. 2 sing, subj. of ἔχω.

έχθαρτέου, α. or. veth. Adj: of έχθαίρω, to be bated. έχθει, Adv., — χθέε, yesterday.

έχθιστος, η, ον, πτες. Sup. of έχθρες, formed from Subst. έχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most bated. most bateful · as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.

extless, or, gen. oros, irreg. Comp. of explos, formed from Subst. Expos, as repolar from reposes:—more

bated: more bostile.

έχθοδοπέω, f. ήσω, to cause batred. From έχθοδοπός, ή, όν, (έχθοε) bateful, bostile.

EXOOΣ, coe, τό, bate, batred, enmity, Lat. odium; έχθος τινύς batred for one. II. a bated object.

iχθρα Ion. iχθρη, ή, batred, enmity; iχθρα τινίε baired for one; δι iχθραs μολείτ οι εφικέσθα τινί to become at enmity with one.

έχθροδνω, f. ärŵ, (ἐχθρίε) to bate: to be at enmity with. ἐχθρο-Balμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐχθρίε, Βαίμων) bated

of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.

•\text{kpb-Eevos, or, (\text{kybpb-Eevos, or, (\text{kybbb-Eevos, or, (\text{kybbb-Eevos, or, (\text{kybbb-Eevos, or, (\text{kybbb-Eevos, or, (\text{kybbb-Eevos,

indospitable.

\$χθρός, ά, έν, (έχθος) bated, bateful.

II. act.
bating, bostile, at enmity with.

III. as Subst.
έχθρός, δ, οπο's enmy, Lat. inimiess.—Besides έχθρίτερος, έχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. έχθιστο, δχθιστος, were in common use.

EXOΩ, to bate .- Pass. to be bated, bateful. On'y

used in pres. and impf.

έχιδνα, ή, (έχιε) a viper, adder. Hence

exidencies, a, or, of or like a viper.

EXINAL or, el, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Extrádes.

extries, ol, a kind of mice with rough bristling bair.

in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)

EXINO2, & the urchin, bedgebog: also the senurchin.

2. the shell of the securchin, often used as a jar: hence.

II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, Lat. echinus.

2. the vase in which the notes of evidence were sealed up.

III. part of the bit of a bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.

EXIZ, cos and cose, d, a viper, adder.

ξχμα, ατοε, τό, (ξχω) that which holds: I. a bindrance, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defense against. II. a hold-fast, stay, support; ξχματα νηῶν props, cradles for ships; ξχματα πέτρηε supports of rock, i. e. solid rock; ξχματα πύργων supporting towers.

exoura, Dor. for exoura.

έχουν, impf. of χύω: see χώννυμι.

έχρανα, sor. I of χράνω. έχρησα, sor. I of χράω.

expined, soi. I or xpus.

έχρησθην, anr. I pass. of χράομαι.

explora, aor. I of xpiw.

έχύθην [ð], aor. 1 pass. of χέω.

έχυντο, έχυτο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aot. 2 pass. of χόσι. ἐχυρός, ά, άν, (έχω) firm, airong, secure, age; ἐν ἐχωρῷ ciναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence ἐχυρῶς, Adv. securely:—Comp. ἐχυρώτερον.

EXA: impf. elxor Ep. Exor Ion. Executor: fut.

ζέω, or (in the sense of bolding) σχήσω: pf. έσχημα 1p. δχωμα (in compd. συνοχωμότε): aor. 2 έσχον, imperat. σχέε, subj. σχώ, opt. σχοίην, inf. σχωθ Ερ. σχέμεν, part. σχών; post. also έσχεθον, inf. σχωθείν: Pass. and Med. έχομαι: impf. είχόμην: fut. έξομαι and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 έσχόμην Ερ. 3 sing. σχέτο, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέσθαι, part. σχόμενου.

A. Trans.; Radic. sense, to bave, bold; I. to bave, possess; of exortes those that bave, i.e. the wealthy:-Pass. to be possessed by, belong to. bave to wife: to bave in one's bouse, to entertain: c. acc. lock to dwell in, inhabit: by yastpl Exery (sub. Boldos), to be pregnant, be with child. State or Condition; These Exer to bave reached old age, - the simple Verb γηράσκειν, etc.; so, εν στόματι έχειν to be always talking of. 4. to imply, infer; aloxivy exer to imply diagrace. 5. like Lat. teneo, to know, understand, comprehend. to bold, keep: to bold fast: to keep with one, retain, detain: to bold tight, grip, grasp, of the hold of 2. to bold up, bear up, sustain: hence to bold out or bear up against, to resist, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσειν and med. σχήσεσθαι. to direct to, aim: to guide, steer: in fut. oxfor and nor. oxelv, to land. 4. to bold in, check, stop: also to keep fast or close, as a bar does a gate: to allay pain: c. gen. to stop or binder from a thing. 5. to keep, ward off: hence to guard, keep safe: of armour, to 6. to keep doing or making, cause. to have means or fower to do a thing, to be able, like Lat. babeo: our exw, followed by brus, was, wou, etc., I know not you, know not where, etc.

B. Intrans., to bold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state: esp. with Advs., ed fyer, salue or suwww exer, Lat. bene, male se babet, it is going on well, etc.; a gen. modi is often added, es exer rivús to be well off for a thing, abound in it; nalie exer the plane to be pretty well off for drink. 2. to be so and so, be; hoyos Exes the story goes, prevails. to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm. 4. 10 stand up, jut out, rise, project; kloves tobo' Exortes pillars rising high. 5. to point towards, glance at, be directed towards; έχθρα έχουσα ès 'Αθηναίους enmity directed towards the Athenians: of Place, to entend, reach unto: also, Excur dupl or mepl to be about, busy, occupied with. 6. in Att., free is joined with sor. part. of another Verb; repulsaries Exousi for nempupasi; anonhelsus Exeis for anone-7. the part. Exam with the pres., adds a action of duration to what is being done; the one διατρίβειε έχων; why then keep wasting time? ληρείε Exam you keep on trifling.

C. Med. to bold oneself to, bold on by, cling to, make fast to: metaph. to bold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with: hence to lay bold on, claim, take possession of:

2. of Place, to be close, border on, next to; δ εχόμένου that comes next on nearest; τὸ εχόμενον ετου the year next esssing.

II, to

bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own! also to carry or conduct oneself; Exco sparephe bear thyself resolutely. II. to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from: absol., oxio, oxione bold! cease!

έχωσα, acn I of χάννυμι. έχωσατο, 3 sing. sor. I of χώνμαι. έχωστην, sor. I pass. of χάννυμι. έψάλαται, lon. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.

eψ-av8pa, ή, (tψω, arhp) boiling men, epith. of Medea, from her restoring old Asson to youth.

ếψαυσα, aor. I of ψαύω. ểψεξα, aor. I of ψέγω.

exert, Dor. for exect.

everaging, sor. I of verbouse.

έψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.

έψηστε, eas, ή, (έψα) a boiling: generally, cookery. έψηστω, fut. of έψω.

έψητήρ, ήροε, δ, (έψω) a pipkin, pan for boiling.

έψητός, ή, όν, (έψω) boiled, sodden.

hyla Ion. hylin, h, (ψιά, ψειά) a game played with publies: generally, amusement, pastime. Hence hyliopaus, Dep. to play with publies: generally, to disport, amuse oneself: to entertain oneself with

ihrouplasoues, Dor. I pl. impf. of prouples

ethorievos, pf. pass. part. of wife.

άψύγην [8], 201. 2 pass. of ψύχω.
"ΕΨΩ: impf. ήψον (Ion. έψεων as if from ἐψέω):
fut. ἐψήσω: 201. I ήψησα:—Med., fut. ἐψήσομαι:—
Pass., 201. I ήψήθην: pf. ήψημαι:—to boil, seelbe, opp.
to δυτάω: of metals, to smelt, refine: meta<sub>l</sub>·h. to

cherish, nurse.

la, contr. for law.

έβ, contr. for ἐάοι, 3 sing. opt. of ἐάω.

έφ, dat. of έω.

to, Ion. for δ, aor. 2 subj. of tημι.
τω, gen. and acc. sing. of tω, the dawn.

έφγα, pf. 2 of οίγνυμι, to open.

έφγμαι, pf. pass. of οίγνυμι. έωθα, έώθεα, Ιοπ. pf. 2 and piqpf. of έθα.

twoev Dp. habev, Adv. (ton) from morn, at earliest dawn, at break of day.

lawith the first of day.

lawith the first of day.

lawith the first of the first o

inpf. of infer.

lenλo-κράσια, δ, (lenλos, κράσιο) a mixture or compound of dregs of wine: metaph., lenλoκρασίαν της wornplas κατασκεδάσαι τινός to empty the stale dregs of his villany over one.

twoos, or, (two) a day old, kept till the morrow: of

fond, stale: hence out of date, obsolete.

δώλπει, 3 sing. plqpf. of έλπει. έλμεν, in II. 19. 404, έπεί  $\chi$  έλμεν πολέρειο, when we have enough of war:—commonly considered as acr. 2 subj. of  $i\eta\mu$ , but sometimes referred to  $i\mu$  to satisfie.

tiquer, contr. from taoper, I pl. of tau,

έψω, contr. from ἐδοιμι, 1 sing. opt. of ἐδο.
ἐδον, Hom. and Ion. for δον, pres. part. of εἰμὶ ενπ.
ἐδονημαι, ἐσονήμην, pf. and plopf. of ἐσοόμαι.
ἐφονχόω, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἰνοχοία.
ἐφὸα, aor. 1 of οἶγγνμι.
ἐφὸα, a, σν, also oe, σν, poὲt. ἐδῖος Ερ. ἡοῖο]. (ἷων)
in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break.
επιέτη. Lat. Εδικ.

biopa, 4, collat. form of allopa, a being surpended, banging in the air, oscillation 11. a noose for banging.

tώρα, 3 sing. impf. of δράω.

ἐώρα, ἐώραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ὑραω

ἐώρακα, ἐώραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ὑραω

ἐώργαι, for ἐἐργει, 3 sing. plapf. of εἔργω

ἐωρέω, collat. form of alapέω, whence acr. 1 part.

fem... ἐωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὅμμα baving raised aloft mine
ste...

icoprafor, icoprace, impf. and acr. 1, with irreg. augm., of lografor

copro, for hepro, 3 sing. plaps. pass. of delpar coper, imps. of δράω.

Ten, Att. for Ion. i, is, morn

Ten, Ion. and Ep. along Ep. along

Ten, Ion. and Ep. along as, Lat. dongs, properly relative to the antec. réan Ep. reion.

2. = t lan, for a time.

3. till, un'il, until such time as.

4. = in, by an, iva, that, in order that.

III. as Adv., lan by a time under: so too.

Lan ob; lan wore; Lat. quousque? bow long?

2. with Advs. of Place, lan able. lan low or lew up to this point, till within, etc.

two a, two άμην, 20τ. I act. and med. of δθέω two, Ion. for δσι. 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί ικικ. δώοι, contr. for ἐἀονσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἐἀω. τωσμαι, pf. pass. of δθέω. τωσ-περ, strengthd. for ξως, ενεκ until

δωσ-φόρος, or, (δως, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst...
δ Έωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. Lucifer.

tourou, tourier, Ion. for taurou, taurur

Z

Z, ξ. ξήτα, τό, indecl, sixth letter of Gr. Alphabe: as tumeral ζ'-έντά and ἐβδομος (the obsol. ε', i. e. F or ναν, being retained 1. represent ε΄ρ, but ζ-7000. Z is compounded of σ and δ, σδ, whence in Acol. and Dor. μουσίσδω ψιθυρίσδω are written for μουσίσω ψιθυρίζω. In Ion. δ was changed into ζ; and ζ easily passed into δ, as appears in παίζω παιδνός, Δλαπάζω άλαπαδνίς etc.: it also melted into ι, e. g. ζωρς lopκος, ζυγύν jugum.

Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel before it long by position. But there are two proper names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained short, dor't Zehelys, shipsord Zehevros.

ZA-, Acol. for διά: also as insep. Prefix with intensive sense, like ἀρι-, ἐρι-, ἀγα-, as in ζά-θεοε, ζα-μενήε, etc. ζάγκλον, τύ, α reaping-book or siekle, Lat. fals (Old Sicilian word.)

ξά-ής, ές, (ζα-, άημ) strong blowing, wormy, gusty, ζαῆν, itteg. acc. for ζαέα, ζαῆ. ζά-θεος, α, ον. also os, ον, very divine, boly, ballowed.

**Laiev** Att. Livev. 2 pl. opt. of *Cha* 

ξαίον Att. ξώνν, 3 pl. opt. of ζάω. ζάκοροs.δ.— διάστοροs, διάσονοs, a minister. scrvani ξά-κοτοs, ων, νενγ wrathful. ξάλη, ή, (δλο) surge, spray: a storm: metapa 'rou

ble, distress. (Akin to oddos, Lat. salum

ξάλοισα, Dor tor ζηλούσα
ξάλος, ξάλόω, ξάλωτός, Dor. for ζηλ
ξάμενίω, f. few, to be very violent, exert all one's
strength. From

[d-parts, de, ([a-, ploss) very strong or might raging, violent.

Saula, Dor. for Somia

Záv, Zavós, 6, Dor. for 7hr. Zhres, old form of Zeve, q. v. Hence Lat. Janu.

ζά-πεδον, τό, - δάπεδον

fa-πληθής, és, (ξα.. πλήθου) very full ξαπληθής γυνειάι α busby beard: full-sounding ξά-πλουτος, or, very rich.

ξά-πύρος, ον, (ζα , πύρ) very fiery. ζατεθσα, Dot. fet (ητούσα,

ξάτεύω, ζατρείον, ζατρεύω. Dor 10r ζητ ζα-τρεφής, έε. (ζα-. τρέφω: well-fed, far ζα-φλεγής, έε, (ζα , φλέγω: full of fire, jiery ζά-χολος. or, very wraibful.

Ed-xperos, or, ((a, xpela) very needy, (axperos úðoù one who wante to know the way.

one who wants to know the way.

La-xpmis, is, ((a... xpiao B) attacking violently, furious: of warriors, eager, fiery

\$4-xp0000, or, rich in gold.

ZA'A Ep. ζώω, in later Poets ζώω, Att. contr. ζώ. ζις, ζη; imperat ζη οι ζηθι; ορτ. ζώην; int. ζάειν contr. ζην: impf. εξην (as if from ζημι), έζης, έξη. but 3 pl. έζων: fuk ζήσω and ζήσομα: aor. i εξησα: pf. εξηκα:—to live, breathe; ζων alive: ζην ἀπό τινος to live off or on a thing, cf. ἀποζην: c. acc. cognato, ζην ζόην, βίον.

11. metaph. to be in full vigour to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. ζων, as Adj., active, powerful, efficacions

-Le, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting motion towards a place, & being written for e8. as, 'Abhrale, bupale,

for 'Αθήνασδε, θύρασδε.

ζεγέριες, a Libyan word, a kind of mice. ZEIA', ή, zea, a sort of gram, used as folder for

horses, proh. a coarse wheat, spelt.

fel-δωροs, ev. ((e.d., δωρέρμαι) zen-giving, fruitful.

βειρά, ή, σ wide u-per garment, girded about the loins
and falling over the feet. Foreign word.)

βείω, pošt. for ζέω, as τνείω for τνέω.

ferros, Ep. for efera, nor. 1 of few. ferros, f, br. (few) boiled, boiling, bot,

L 5

Leuvániou, τό, Dim, of (ευγος, a puny team of oxen. Levynhation, f. how, to drive a yoke of oxen. From ζουγ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (ζούγος, έλαύνα) a driver of a yoke of oxen.

ζευγίτης [t], οῦ, ὁ, (ζεῦγοι) yoked together, two and II. Cevyitau, ol, yeomen, the third two, in pairs. of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called from their being able to keep a team ((evyos) of oxen: the first class being called πεντακοσιομέδιμονοι, the second laweis, and the fourth onres.

ζεύγλη poët. ζεθγλά, ή, the collar or loop of the yoke ((vyór), through which the oxen's heads were out, so that the (vyor had two (evylai.

rudder-bands; see πηδάλιον.

ζεθγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) that which is linked together, a band, bond; ζεθγμα του λιμένος a boom or chain across the mouth of the harbour.

ζευγνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep inf. of ζεύγνυμι.

ZETTNY MI or - w: impf. 3 pl. & (evyrboar (Ep. ζεύγνυσαν) οτ εζεύγνυον (Ερ ζεύγνυον): fut. ζεύξω: 20r. I έζευξα:-Pass., 20r. I έζεύχθην, more frequent 201. 2 έζύγην [ŭ]:-to join or link together, yoke:-Med., Ιππουε (εύγνυσθαι to yoke horses for oneself, put to one's horses; also to barness. tally, to join or fasten together, make fast; savides έζευγμέναι close-sbut doors. 2. to join in wedlock, marry, unite: - Med. of the husband, to wed: - Pass. to be married, 3. to join by bridges, throw a bridge 5. to undergird ships with ropes.

ζεθγος, εοε, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoke or team of beasts, a pair of borses. 2. the carriage drawn by a team, a chariot, plough: any pair or couple. more than two things or persons joined together, e.g. ζεύγου τριπάρθενον three maiden sisters.

ζευκτηρία, a fastening, band; see πηδάλιον. From [ ευκτήριοs, a, or, ((εύγνυμι) fit for joining of yoking; to Courthplor a yoke.

ζεθξαι, nor. I inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξαιεν, 3 sing. opt.; Ze0fov, imperat.

ζεθξιε, εωε, ή, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoking or manner of yoking oxen. 2. a joining by a bridge.

ZET Z, δ, voc. Zeû; but genit. Δίόε, dat. Δεί, acc. Ala as if from "Ale: poët. Znrús, Znri, Znra, Dor. Záros, etc., as if from \*Zhr, Zár:-Zeus, Jupiter, king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Kpovlons, Kpovlow: ruler of the lower air (dhp); hence rain and storms come from him, as Zede vei.

Zeφupin (sub. avon), ή, - Zéφupos, the west wind. Zépupos, o, Zephyrus, the west wind, or properly the worth-west. (From Copos, darkness or the West, as

Ripos from los, morn or the East.)

ZΕ'Ω, fut. (έσω: 201. 1 έζεσα Ερ. ζέσσα:--to boil, seethe: generally, to boil up, esp. of hot springs: also simply to be bot, throb with heat; your ifee the earth was bot: metaph. to boil with passion, like Lat. fer-II. trans. to make to boil, beat,

in, imperat. of saw,

Inhaios, a, or, ((nhos) jealous.

ζηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ζηλέω) jealqus.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ήροε, δ, (ζήλοε, δίδωμι) giver of bliss. ζηλο-μάνής, έε, (ζηλος, μανήναι) mad with jealousy. lήλοs, δ, (ζέω) eager rivalry, emulation, in good sense, opp. to φθόνος (envy). 2. any strong passion, esp. jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for 2 thing. II. pass. the object of emulation or revalry, bappiness, blessedness

ζηλοσύνη, ή, poet. for (ήλοε

ζηλοτύπέω, f. ήσω, (ζηλοτυποε) to emulate, rival. be jealous of. 2. to envy. 3. to affect. pretens to. Hence

ζηλοτύπία, ή, rivalry, jealousy, envy. ζηλό-τύπος, ον. (ζήλος, τύπτω) jealous

ζηλόω, f. ώσω, (ζηλοε) to rival, me with, emulate. Lat, aemulari: c. acc. rei, to desire emulously, strive after. 2. to be jealous of, envy. 3. to emulate, envy, admire, commend. Hence

ζήλωμα, ατος, τό, the object of emulation: in pl. bigh II. rivalry, emulation. fortunes.

ζήλωσις, εωε, ή, (ζηλόω) emulation, imitation.

ζηλωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ζηλίω) a rival, realous emita-2. a zsalot.

ζηλωτός, ή, όν, (ζηλόω) to be emulated, worthy of 2. enviable, bappy, blessed.

ζημία, ή, loss, damage, Lat. damnum, opp. to πέρδος: φανερά ζημία a clear loss. II. a penalty, esp. in money, a fine; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέναι to make death the penalty. (Denv. uncertain.) Hence

ξημιόω, f. ώσω, to cause loss to one, do one damage or burt : to punish; esp. in money, to fine .- Pass. with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιαθήσομαι. 201. Ι έζημιώθην, to be fined.

\*Zήv, ô, gen. Zηνόε, poët. for Zεύε, q. v.

 $Z_ηνο-δοτήρ, ηροε, δ, (<math>Z_ην$ , δίδωμι) =  $Z_ην δφρων$ . Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) knowing the

mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove, of oracles. [hooman, fut. of (aw.

ζητεύω, poët. for ζητέω.

ZHTE'Ω, f. ήσω, to seek, seek for, seek after. to search out, inquire into, examine, investigate: c. inf. to seek to do. 3. to bave to seek. Hence ζήτημα, ατος, τό, that which is sought: απ imquiry,

auestion. ζητήσιμος, or. (ζητέω) to be searched; τὰ ζητήσιμα

places to be beaten for game.

Introve, case, in ((ntie) a seeking for, searching after: a searching out, inquiry, investigation.

ζητητίος, a, or, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to be sought. ζητητέον, one must seek out.

ζητητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ζητέω) α seeker, searcher, inquirer. examiner. II. at Athens, the (nymes were commissioners to inquire into state-offences. 🔒

ζητητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, sought for. Lilavior, to, a weed that grows in wheat, do not Lat. zizanium, lolium, (Eastern word.)

Con, Ion, for Carp.

Lota, Acol. for Conf. loos, a, iv, poët. for lais, lie. ζορκάς, άδος, ή, - δορκάς: also ζόρξ, ζορκός, ή. ζοφερός, όν, (ζόφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy. ZO'4O∑, & darkness, dusk, gloom; esp. of the miber world: hence the land of darkness, the nether world itself: - Homer divides the world into a light

the east. Hence. ζοφόω, f. ωσω, to darken:--Pass. to be dark. ζοφ-ώδης, es, (ζόφος, elbos) dusky, gloomy. Jon for Can.

βύγαστρον, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.

and dark side, where Copos the dark or night side, the

west, is opposed mode 'Ho T' Healor Te. the light side,

ζύγεία, aor. 2 part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι,

βύγθνου, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι. ζύγη-φόρος, er, poët. for ζυγοφ., bearing the yoke. ξύγιος, a, or, (ζύγόν) of or for the yoke; ζύγιος (π-

roe a draught-horse, wheeler. luylungs, on, δ, ((υγίν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being balauiras, those on the highest θρανίται. [I]

ζύγό-δεσμον, τό, (ζυγόν, δισμός) a yoke-band or

band for binding the yoke to the pole. ζύγο-μάχδω, f. ήσω (ζυγύν, μάχομαι) to struggle

with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel.

ZTΤΟΝ, τό, also ζυγός, ό, but in pl. always ζυγά: -Lat jugum, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the ζυγύδεσμοε to the end of the pole, and having ζεῦγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage: metaph., το δούλιον (υγύν the yoke of slavery; κατά II. the cross-bar, Lat. transtil-(vyá, in pairs. lum, joining the two horns of the φόρμιγέ. the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwarts, Lat transtra. I۷. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself. the cross-straps of sandals.

ζτγός, v. sub ζυγόν

Ltyodev, Ep. gen. of (vyóv.

ζύγδω, f. ώσω, (ζνγύν) to yoke a pair, join together: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame

Luyudpila, to lock up. From

ζύγωθρον, τό, ((υγόω) the har or bolt of a door. L'Uγωτός, ά, όν, ((υγόω) drawn by a pair of horses. ζύμη, ή, (ζέω) leaven. [v] Hence

Tulitys, ov, Adj. masc leavened. [1]

λυμόω, f. ώσω, (ζύμη) to leaven, make to ferment. ζωάγρια, ων, τα, ((ωύε, άγρα) a reward for life saved: ilso like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing see, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

Zeed your, or, ((asis, dypa) for saving life. ζωάριον, τό, Dim. of ζφον, an animalcule. [ἄ] Les aprins, és, ((wh, aprie) maintaining life. Σωγράφω, f. ήσω, (ζωγράφου) to paint from life.

Large adds, 4, the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ή, έν, skilled in painting. From ζω-γράφος, ον,(ζφον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., Corpápoe, o, a paintor. Luypes, Luypeire, pres. imperat, of

ζω-γρόω, ε. ήσω, (ζωόε, άγρεύω) to take alive, take prisoner in wat, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence

swypla Ion. - In, h, a taking alive, taking prisoner. Lubiands, 4, 6v, ((vibiov) of or containing animals; δ (ωδιακόε (sub. κύκλοε) the Zodiac.

ζώδιον, τό, Dim. of ζώσν, a small figure, painted or carved.

Zwieper, Zwiepera, for Sweir, inf. of Swa-Sdee ζώεσκον, Ion. impf. of ζάω.

Sorh Dor. Soci Ion. and poet. Son Acol. Sota. 1. ((aw) a living, means of living, subsistence, goods, II. life. property.

ζω-θάλμιος, σκ. (ζωή, θάλλω) giving vigour of life. ζωϊκός, ή, όν, (ζωον) of ot for animals.

ζωμα, ατος, τό, (ζώννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunie worn under the armour: the armour IL also - (www, or cagirded by the Courrie.

στήρ, a girdle, belt. ζώμευμα, ατοε, τό, broth, soup. From ζωμεύω, f. σω, (ζωμόε) to boil for broth, seethe. ζωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ζωμόν, a little sauce.

ζωμός Dor. δωμός, δ, (ζέω) broth, soup, esp. sauce to est with other dishes.

ζώνη, ή, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ; φέρειν ύπο ζώνην and τρέφειν έντος ζώνης to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, zonam perdere to lose one's purse. the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins. III. anything that one girds on, a garment, armour.

ZΩNNY MI or -vw; fut. ζώσω: 201. έζωσα:-Med. ζώννθμαι, fut. ζώσομαι: 201. Ι έζωσάμην:— Pass., aor. ι εζώσθην: pf. εζωσμαι:—to gird. esp. to gird for battle. II. Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c. acc., ζώνην, χαλκόν ζάννυσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.

ζωννύσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. . npf. med. of ζώννυμι.

ζωο-γλύφος, ον, (ζώον, γλύφω) carving animals: as Subst., ζωσγλύφοε, δ, a sculptor: cf. ζωγράφοε. ζωογονίω, f. ήσω, to produce, propagate au-

II. to preserve alive. From mals.

ζωο-γόνος, ον, (ζῷον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.

ζωο-γράφος, αν. poët. for ζωγ-.

ζώον, τό, properly contr. from ζώτον, a living being, animal, Lat. animal. II. the figure of an animal, but also any figure or image; ζου γράφειν οι γρίφεσθαι, for ζωγραφείν, to paint. and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, Soid γράφασθαι την ζευξιν του Βοσπύρου to bave the Parsage of the Bosporus painted.

Lubs, h, br. (Saw) alive, living; Swir their tira to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

Tub-ropos, or, (Sonh, ropos) wise in life. ζωο-φόρος, or, (ζωός, φέρω) lifegiving.

(ζώστ, φέρω) bearing animals; ο ζωοφόροε (sub κύκ-Ace) = 6 (worante.

ζωοφύτω, f. ήσω, to put forth live shoots. From **ζωό-φύτος, ου, (ζωός, φύω) producing plants.** Lu-noviu, f. how, (Subs, noviu) to represent alive.

Contolio, f. now, to kindle into flame: metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζώ-πύρον, τό, (ζωύε, πῦρ) a spark, a piece of bot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτίω, f. how, to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτής, οδ, ό, (ζωρός, πίνω) drinking sheer soine, drunken.

Lupós, or, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water: —as Subst. Lupós (sub. olvos), é, or as neut., Capór, 76, Lat. merum, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp., Caporepor répase mix purer wine, i.e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to aslute their wine with water, Capotrepor wireir came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink bard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for Coxpos from Cove.) Lies, neut. (in, gen. (in, rarer form for (wie.

Caou, 20r. I med. imperat. of Carrum.

ζωστήρ, ήροε, δ, (ζώννυμι) the warrior's belt of baldric, which secured the body-armour, sam being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζώστρον, το, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle. ζώτικός, ή, όν, (ζάω) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. vivax: of works of art, true to life; το ζωτικόν φαίνεσθαι πως ένεργάζη τοῦς Δυδριάσιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζωθφιον, πό, Dim. of ζφον, = ζφδιον. Lá-φύτος, αν, (ζωός, φύω) producing plants, fruitful. Less, Ep. and Ion. for (day, to live.

H

H, n, hra, 76, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral n'-cerée and byboos, but n -3000. The uncial form of Eta (H) was a double and prob. it was so pronounced, as δήλοε, ζήλοε, Luin Béeloe, Céeloe. The old alphabet had only one sign (e) for the sound of e both long and short, till the long vowel n, with w, was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with w, E, #. sign H, before it represented long e, was used for the rough breathing, as HON for \$5, which usage remains in the Latin H. 'When the same H became a vowel, K was divided, so that I represented the rough, I the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

ζωο-ποιέω, ήσω, (ζωύε, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken. | the breathings. γ was most in use among the Ion.: in the Attic dialect, it often passed into d, as Ioa. πρήσσω, θώρηξ are in Att. πράσσω, θώραξ. In later Att., es and no were not seldom changed into m, e. g. κλείθρον κλήθρον, Νηρηίδε**ε Νηρ**ήδεε.

> h post. he, Conjunction with three chief signfs., disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: L. # DEJUNCT-IVE, or, Lat. aut; and doubled, #.., #.., either ... or.., Lat. aut .., aut ... II. 6 INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjoined clause, eiwd 🛊 . . say whether ...; and doubled \$ ... \$ ... whether ... or ..? Lat. utrum.., an..? 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. an; τίστ' ελήλουθας; ή Ενα υβριν log 'Aγαμέμνονος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see . . ? III. # COMPARATIVE, than, as, like Lat. quam, after a Comp. Adj.: also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, allo to η..., some other thing than ..; ένάντισε ή..., contrariwise than ..; out befor f ..., not so much as ..; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ή .. to wish rather than ..; φθάνω ή..to come soomer than... 2. 🛊 sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' άρησαίατ έλαφρύτερος πύδας είναι, ή άφνειότεροι all would then pray to be light of foot rather than rich; ταχύτερα ή σοφώτερα more quickly than wisely.

> [When \$ ob, \$ obs come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too mi ob.]

> fi, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing;

h, h, siwra what bo, be silent!

a, Adv., with two signis., strengthening and ques-I. TO STRENGTHEN OF CONFIRM, in truth, truly, verily, of a surety;  $\hat{\eta}$   $\mu h \nu$ ,  $lon. <math>\hat{\eta}$   $\mu k \nu$ , in 1roduces the very words of an oath, to give greater so-II, in nerennos, sentences, - Lat. marms? sometimes it may be rendered, what? pray? or can it be? foo ..; Lat. nonne ..?

🦣, for έφη, 3 sing. impf. of ημί.

, for  $\eta \nu$ , I sing. impf. of  $\epsilon l \mu i$  sums.

1, 3 sing. pres. subj. of elui sum.

ሳ, fem. of Artic. ቇ.

η, fem. of relat. Pron. δε, η, δ, subo, subat? , dat. fem. of possess. Pron. de, ff, dv, bis, ber.

dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. os, 4, 5: also used I. of Place, which way, where, whiadverbially: ther, in or at what place. 2. of Manner, bow, as: δ θέμιο ἐστί, αι is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ή μάλιστα οτ ή δυνατόν μάλιστα as much, 25 far as possible; y ráxiora as quick as possible.

ηα, ησν, Ep. for ην, I and 3 sing. impf. of elpsi same. Ta, contr. of hia, for few, Ep. impl. of eight ibo.

ото, Ion. for ўрто, 3 pl. impf. of ўµш.

ABarbs, á, ór, Ion. for Barbs, little, small, soor. slight: mostly with a negat., of of er eperes, and is a no sense is in him, no, not the slightent: in neut. as Adv., obd' fibator not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., if and and arefore a little from the cave.

Bacrow, Inceptive of hβaw, to come to man's estate, | come to one's strangth, Lat. pubescere.

iβάω, f. ήσω: 201. Ι ήβησα: pf. ήβηκα: (ήβη):to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. pubescere; drip μάλα ήβῶν a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ήμερλο ήβώνοτα α II. metaph. to be young, young, lumariant vine. fresh, sigurous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

HBH, §, man's estate, manbood, youth, Lat. pubertas: also the strength and freshness of youth: -as a legal term \$\text{f}\beta\eta\$ was the time just before manbood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that of being do' fifine were men of 28, οί τετταράκοντα άφ' ήβης men of 58. metaph. fresbness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, 3. a body of youth, the youth. Lat. invenspirit. II. as fem. prop. n.  $H\beta\eta$ , Hebé, wife of tus. Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence

Bybov, Adv. in the manner of youth, 2. **T**ÁTT 62 ήβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ήβητήρ, ήρος, δ, ήβητής, οῦ, δ, (ήβάω) in the prime of youth.

ήβητικός, ή, όν, (ήβάω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis.

ηβόε, η, όν, (ηβη) youthful.

ήβουλήθην, ήβουλόμην, for έβ , 201. I and impl. ος βούλομαι.

hβuλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ήβάω, to be youngisb. †βώτην, Att. opt. of †βάω.

ήβομι Ερ. ήβώσιμι, opt. of ήβάω.

ήβωων, ήβωωσα, Ep. part. of ήβάω.

ήγάασθε, ήγάμην, v. sub άγαμαι.

ηγαγον, ήγαγόμην, sor. 2 act. and med. of άγω. γάθεσε, η, ον, (άγαν, θεύε) ballowed, most boly. Tydrov, To, lond for Thyaror.

myanew, Dor. for inates, impl. of dyanas.

**γάσσατο,** 3 sing. 201. 1 of *ἀγάομαι*.

Typaka, 201, I of άγγελλω,

γγίκα, ήγγισα, pf. and aor. I of έγγέζω.

τηγήνηκα, -ημοι, pf. act. and pass. of έγγνάω.
Τηγήνησα, -ήθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έγγνάω. τηγγύων, impl. of έγγνάω.

Tyerpa, sor. I of dyelpo.

Εγεμόνουμα, τό, (ξγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader. Typepoveus, gen. έων Ep. ήσε, δ, poët. for ήγεμών. Aγεμονεύω, f. σω, (γγεμών) to go before: to lead the

soay, guide on the way. II. to lead in war, to rule,

command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

Τηγεμονία, η, (ηγεμών) a leading the way, going II. chief command, sovereignty: the sufirst. premacy of one state over a number of subordinates; Aye porla the Exhabos the supremacy of Greece.

ηγεμονικός, ή, όν, (ήγεμών) fit for guiding, ready II. fit for commanding, chief, leading, to guide.

Lat. princeps.

treportes, a, or, (tyenor) of or belonging to a guide: & hyepleros, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

hyapbource, n. or, belonging to a leader: The treμύσυνα (sub. lepá), thank-offerings for safe-conduct.

ηγεμών, ύνος, δ, a leader, Lat. dux: I. a guide to shew one the way, ηγεμών όδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. princeps, auctor; fremby ylyvesbal rive to be one's guide or authority. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief. From

ήγεομαι, f. ήγήσομαι: sor. I ήγησαμην: pf. ήγημαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (άγω):-to go before, lead the way, opp. to Exopat: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule :- with dat, it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding:-absol. to be the first, to be a gwide, leader, chief; o hyoupevoe a leader, ruler, II. like Lat. ducere, to suppose, believe, chief. bold; δχείσθαί τινα βασιλέα to bold or regard as king; ήγεισθαι θεούε to believe in gods, like raμίζειν. ήγερέθομαι, Ep. form of αγείρομαι Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. hyepiθονται, έργερίθοντο.

hyepéopas, Ep. form of dycipopas Pass., to gather.

come together, only in pres. inf. ήγερέ σθαι. hyepder, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of dyelpo.

ήγηλάζω, Ep. form of ήγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. agere, wikdy μύρον ήγηλάζειν to lead a wretched life. ηγημαι, pf. of ηγέομαι.

ηγητέον, verb. Adj. of ηγέομαι, one must lead.

one must suppose.

ήγητήρ, ήροε, ό, ήγητής, οῦ, ό, ήγήτωρ, οροε, ό, (trylopai) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, ebief; ήγήτοριο ήδε μέδοντεο obiefs in field and council.

ήγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγιάζω.

ήγίνεον, impf. of ἀγῖνέω.

ηγκαλισάμην, ηγκάλισμαι, 201. I med. and pf. psss. of ἀγκαλίζομαι.

ηγκύρισα, sor. I of άγκυρίζω. ηγλάϊσα, sor. I of <math>dγλαίζω.

ήγμαι, pf. pass. of. άγω.

ήγνόηκα, ήγνόησα, pf. and aor. 1 of άγνοίω.

hyvious, 2 sing. pf. pass. of dyrifu.

ηγνόουν, impf. of dyvoio.

ήγξα, sor. I of άγχω. ηγον, impf. of άγω.

ήγοράασθε, -όωντο, Ep. lengthd. for ήγορασθε,

ώντο, 2 and 3 pf. impf. of άγοράομαι.

ηγόρακα, ηγόρασα, pf. and aor. I of αγοράζω. ήγόρευκα, ήγόρευσα, pf. and aor. I of άγερεύω. ηγουν, Conj. (ή, γοῦν) that is to say, Lat. scilicet.

ήγρίανα, sor. I of άγριαίνω.

ηγρίωκα, ηγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of dypiώ. ήγρύπνησα, 201. Ι οί άγρυπνέω.

ηγρόμην, Ep. for ήγερόμην, aor. 2 med. of έγείρω. ηγχον, aor. 2 and impf. of dγχω.

hywrlaka, -lava, -lov, pf. zor. t and impf. of **ἀ**γωνιάω,

II.

Lubs, fi, br. (Saw) alive, living; Suir Exeir tura to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him. two-coops, or, (furt, coops) wise in life.

ζωο-φόρος, ον, (ζωός, φέρω) lifegiving.

((ωστ. φέρω) bearing animals; δ (ωσφύρου (sub κύκ-Ace) = 6 (wolance.

Luchuriu, f. how, to put forth live shoots. From ζωό-φύτος, ου, (ζωός, φύω) producing plants.

ζω-πονέω, f. ήσω, (ζωόε, πονέω) to represent alive. ζωπθρέω, f. ήσω, to kindle into flame: metaph. to

set on fire, provoke. From , ζώ-πύρον, τό, (ζωύο, πῦρ) a spark, a piece of bot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτίω, f. how to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτήε, οδ, δ, (ζωρόε, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken

Supos, or, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water: —as Subst. Lopos (sub. olvos), o, or as neut., Copos, τό, Lat. merum, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp., Caporepor repair mix purer wine, i.e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to ailute their wine with water, Caportepor mireer came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink bard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for corpée from cove.) L'és, neut. ( er, gen. ( rarer form for ( wée.

ζωσιι, aor. I med. imperat. of ζώννυμι.

ζωστήρ, ήροε, δ. (ζώννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldric, which secured the body-armour, Carn being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ξώστρον, τό, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle.

Latinda, 4, by, ((ass) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. vivax: of works of art, true to life: To Carthor paireoval was everyain role ardoidour; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζωθφιον, πό, Dim. of ζφον, - ζοίδιον. ζά-φύτος, ον, (ζωός, φύω) producing plants, fruitful. Low, Ep. and Ion. for (do, to live.

## Н

H, n, 470, 76, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral η'-cerώ and σγδοοε, but η -3000. The uncial form of Eta (H) was a double [3], and prob. it was so pronounced, as δήλοε, ζήλοε, Luin Béeloe, (éclos. The old alphabet had only one sign (e) for the sound of e both long and short, till the long vowel  $\eta$ , with  $\omega$ , was introduced from the Seinian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with w, £, \$. sign H, before it represented long e, was used for the rough breathing, as HON for \$5, which usage remains in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel, it was divided, so that I represented the rough, I the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

ξωο-ποιέω, ήσω, (ζωύς, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken. | the breathings. | was most in use among the Ion.: in the Attic dialect, it often passed into d, as Ioa. πρήσσω, θώρης are in Att. πράσσω, θώρας. In later Att., es and no were not seldom changed into n. e. g. κλείθρον κλήθρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρήδες.

η poët. η ε, Conjunction with three chief signfs., disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: L. f Disjukcr-IVE, or, Lat. gut; and doubled, #... # ..., either ... II. # INTERROGATIVE: or... Lat. aut... aut... in indirect questions in a subjoined clause, eiwe 🐐 . . say Lat. utrum.., an..? 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. an: Tint' elafiaoutas; & tra bepor log 'Aγαμέμνονος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see . . ? III. # COMPARATIVE, than, as, like Lat. quam, after a Comp. Adj.: also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, also to 1..., some other thing than ..; evaruos 1..., contratiwise than ..; old befor ..., not so much as ..; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ή .. to wish rather than ..; φθάνω ή..to come sooner than... 2. \$ sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' άρησαίατ έλαφρύτεροι πύδας είναι, ή άφνειότεροι all would then pray to be light of foot rather than rich; тахытера й вофитера more quickly than wisely.

[When it ou, it our come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too m ob.]

fi, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing; ή, ή, σιώτα what bo, be silent!

in Adv., with two signs., strengthening and questioning: I. TO STRENGTHEN OF CONFIRM, in truth, truly, verily, of a surety; if phy, Ion. if ply, introduces the very words of an oath, to give greater so-II. in myerrod. sentences, - Lat. sem? sometimes it may be rendered, what? pray? or can it be? 🐧 où . . ; Lat. nonne . . ?

η, for έφη, 3 sing. impf. of ήμί.

, for n, I sing. impf. of  $\epsilon l \mu i$  sum.

n, 3 sing. pres, subj. of elui sam.

η, fem. of relat. Pron. δε, ቭ, δ, subo, subat?

dat. fem. of possess. Pron. oe, 4, ov, bis, ber. , dat, sing, fem. of relat. Pron. os, \$, 5: also used adverbially: 1. of Place, which way, where, which ther, in or at what place. 2. of Manner, bow, as : η θέμιο ἐστί, as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ή μάλιστα or ή δυνατόν μάλιστα as much, as far as possible; ή τάχιστα as quick as possible.

na, nev, Ep. for ny, I and 3 sing. impl. of eiμί εν 🛲. ήα, contr. of hia, for few, Ep. impl. of elm ibo. have, Ion. for here, 3 pl. impl. of hma.

Baubs, a, or, Ion. for Baube, little, small, poor. slight: mostly with a negat., of ol fre polices, order is Basal no sense is in him, no, not the slightest: in neut. as Adv., oud hacir not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., is and and excluse a little from the care.

Baσκω, Inceptive of ήβάω, to come to man's estate, | come to one's strength, Lat. pubescere.

is see, f. how: 201, I honoa: pf. honoa:  $(h\beta\eta)$ : to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. pubescere; drip μάλα ήβῶν a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, husple hawore a young, lumuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young. fresh, vigorous; also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

"HBH, \$, man's estate, manbood, youth, Lat. puberins: also the strength and freshness of youth: -as a legal term \$\delta\beta\ was the time just before manbood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that of δέκα dφ' ήβηs were men of 28, ol τετταράκοντα ἀφ' ήβη e men of 58. metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, 3. a body of youth, the youth. Lat. juvenspirit. facs. II. as fem. prop. n.  $H\beta\eta$ , Hobe, wife of

Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence iBnoov, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. **#**47740 ήβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ήβητήρ, ήρος, δ, ήβητής, οῦ, δ, (ήβάω) in the prime of youth.

hβητικός, ή, όν, (ήβάω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis.

ήβόε, ή, όν, (ήβη) youthful.

ήβουλήθην, ήβουλόμην, for  $i\beta$  , acr. I and impf. οί βούλομαι.

ήβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ήβάω, to be youngish. ήβανην, Att. opt. of ήβάω.

ήβομι Ερ. ήβωσιμι, opt. of ήβάω.

ήβώων, ήβώωσα, Ep. part. of ήβάω.

ήγάσσθε, ήγάμην, v. sub άγαμαι.

ηγαγον, ήγαγόμην, sor. 2 act. and med. of άγω. γάθεσε, η, ον. (άγαν, θεύε) ballowed, most boly. ήγάνον, τό, long for τήγανον.

τηνάπευν, Dor. for ήγάπεν, impf. of άγαπάει.

**λγάσσατο,** 3 sing. 201. Ι οί άγάομαι.

**πγγειλα, 2**0τ. Ι οξ άγγελλα,

γγίκα, ήγγισα, pf. and aor. I of έγγίζω. τηγγύηκα, -ημαί, pf. act. and pass. of έγγυάω. τηγγύησα, -ήθην, acr. I act. and pass. of έγγυάω.

ήγγυων, impl. of έγγυάω.

Tyerpa, nor. I of dyelpo.

Τηγεμόνευμα, τό, (έγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader. τηγεμονεύε, gen. έων Ep. ησε, δ, poet. for ηγεμών.

ηγεμονεύω, f. σω, (ηγεμών) to go before: to lead the II. to lead in war, to rule, way, guide on the way. command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ηγεμονία, ή, (ήγεμών) a leading the way, going II. chief command, sover eighty: the sufirst. premacy of one state over a number of subordinates; γεμονία της Έλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ήγεμονικός, ή, όν, (ήγεμών) fit for guiding, ready II. fit for commanding, chief, leading, to guide.

Lat. princeps.

tyentorios, a, or, (tyenor) of or belonging to a guide: & tyenlower, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

hyenboures, n. or, belonging to a leader: The hyenúovra (sub. lepá), thank-offerings for safe-conduct.

hyepar, iros, o, a leader, Lat. dux: 1. a ghide to show one the way, ηγεμών όδου; -generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. princeps, auctor: fremby γίγνεσθαί τινι to be one's guide or authority. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief. From

ηγίομαι, f. ηγήσομαι: 20r. I ήγησαμην: pf. ήγημαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (άγω):--to go before, lead the way, opp. to Exopat: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule :- with dat, it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding: -absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ò pyoù pevos a leader, ruler, cbief. II. like Lat. ducere, to suppose, believe, bold: ήχεισθαί τινα βασιλέα to bold or regard as king; ηγείσθαι θεούε to believe in gods, like νομίζειν. hyepeloual, Ep. form of dyelpoual Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. hyepeθονται, έγγερέθοντο.

hyepeopar, Fp. form of ayelpopar Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. hyepenadat.

hyepder, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of dyelper.

ήγηλάζω, Ep. form of ήγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. agere, wurdy μύρον ήγηλάζειν to lead a wretched life.

hynual, pf. of hyéopai. ήγητέον, verb. Adj. of ήγέομαι, one must lead.

one must suppose.

ήγητήρ, *ῆροε, δ*, ήγητής, οῦ, δ, <mark>ήγήτωρ</mark>, οροε, δ, (ἡγέομαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ήγήτορος ήδε μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ήγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγιάζω.

hylveov, impf. of dylveω.

ήγκαλισάμην, ήγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. psss. of dγκαλίζομαι.

ήγκύρισα, 201. Ι of άγκυρίζω.

 $\eta \gamma \lambda \dot{\alpha} i \sigma \alpha$ , acr. I of  $\dot{\alpha} \gamma \lambda \alpha i (\omega$ .

ηγμαι, pf. pass. of. άγω.

ήγνόηκα, ήγνόησα, pf. and aor. 1 of άγνοέω.

ηγνισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of dyriζα.

ηγνόουν, impf. of αγνοέω.

ήγξα, 201. I of άγχω. ñγον, impf. of άγω.

ήγοράασθε, -όωντο, Ep. lengthd. for ήγορασθε,

ῶντο, 2 and 3 pf. impf. of ἀγοράομαι.

ηγόρακα, ηγόρασα, pf. and aor. I of αγοράζω. ήγόρευκα, ήγόρευσα, pf. and aor. I of *άγηρεύ*ω. ηγουν, Conj. (η, γοῦν) that is to say, Lat. scilicet.

ήγρίūνα, sor. I of dypicire.

ήγρίωκα, ήγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of dypcies. ήγρύπνησα, 201. Ι οί άγρυπνέω.

ηγρόμην, Ep. for ηγερόμην, 201. 2 med. of έγείρω. ηγχον, sor. 2 and impf. of άγχω.

ηγωνίτικα, -laσα, -lov, pf., zor. I and impf. of άγωνιάου.

ήγωνισάμην, act. I med. cf dγανίζομαι.

ήγωνίσθην, ήγώνισμαι, sor. I and pf. pass. of άγωείουαι.

η-Sé, (ή, δέ) and: if sai follows ηδέ, it takes the sense also, e. g. ηδέ sai and also.

II when it answers to ημέν it means, as also.

hoe, fem. of boe.

ifden, Ion. resolved form of jon, plant of \*eldes.
ifden, ets, et, plant. (with impf. sense) of \*eldes; 3.
pl. ήδεισαν οτ jöεσαν.

ηθεσάμην, αστ. Ι ος αιδέομαι. ηδέσθην, αστ. Ι pass. ος έσθίω. ηδέσθην, αστ. Ι pass. ος αιδέομαι.

ήδέως, Adv. or ηδός, sweetly, pleasantly, gladly, ηδέως έχειν to be kind: Comp. ήδιον, Sup. ήδιστα.

"HΔH, Adv. of Time, like Lat. jam, already, by, or from this time, now, presently, forthwith: also of Place, dπό ταύτης ήδη Αίγυπτος after this lake directly begins Egypt.

ήδη, ήδησθα, ήδη Att. for ήδειν, plaps. (with imps.

sense) of \*ellow.

ήδίκον, ήδίκηκα, ήδίκησα, impf., pf., and aor. I of dδικέω.

ήδίων, ήδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ήδύε. ήδολέσχεον, impf. of άδολεσχέω.

"HAOMAI, fut. ησθήσομαι: 20τ. 1 ήσθην, rarely in med. form ησάμην: Dep.:—to enjoy oneself, take one's pleasure: with partic., ήσθη deologue be was glad to bave beard: often used in dat. of partic., ήδομένω γίγνεται μοί τι I am well pleased at the thing happening, like dσμένω, βουλομένω. Hence

ήδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of ήδομαι, gladly, ήδουή, ή, ήδος, ήδομαι) delight, επίσηπεπε, pleasure, Lat. voluptas; πρός or καθ ήδουήν λέγειν to speak to as to please another.

ηθος, εος τό, (ήδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure. η 8' δε, said he, for έφη έπείνος, v. ημί.

ήδυ βόης, ου, Dor. - βοας, α, δ, (ήδύς, βοή) sweet-sounding.

ήδύ-γάμος, ον. (ήδύς, γαμος) sweetening marriage. ήδύ-γελως, ων., gen. ω, (ήδύς. γέλως) sweetly-laughing.

ἡδύ-γλωσσος, οτ, (ἡδύε, γλώσσα) sweet-tongued. ἡδυ-γνώμων, οτ, gen. ovos, (ἡδύε, γνώμη) of pleacant mind, of kindly sentiments.

ήδυ-επής, έε, (βδύε, έπου) sweet-speaking · sweet-sounding :—poot. fem. ήδυέπεια.

ηδύ-θροος, or, coutr. -θρους, our, (ήδύς, θρώος)

surest-strained.

ήδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ήδίε, λαμβάνω) taken unto pleasure. ήδύ-λογος, ον, (ήδίε, λέγω) sweet-speaking: flattering, fawning.

ήδυ-λύρης, ου, ό, (ήδύς, λύρα) singing sweetly to the

ήδυ-μελής, és, (ήδύε, μέλος) sweet-singing.

ήδυ-μελί-φθογγοε, ον, (ήδύε, μελί, φθύγγοε) with boncy-sweet voice.

ήδυ-μιγής, έε, (ήδύε, μιγήναι) sweetly-mixed.

ήδύμος, or, poét. for ήδύς, sweet, pleasant.
ήδυνάμην, Ått. for έδιναμην, unpf. of δυναμαι.
ήδυνήδην, Ått. sor. I pass. of δύναμαι.
ήδύνω, f. βνώ: sor. I ήδυνα: (ήδύς):—to sweeten season.

ηδύ-οινος, or. (ήδύς, ctros) producing excet wine. ηδύοσμον, τό, the sweet-emelling barb, mini. From ηδύ-οσμος, ογ. (ήδύς, δο μή) sweet-emelling. ηδυπάθεια, ή, pleasant living, lunury. From ηδύπαθέω, £ ησω, (ήδυπαθής) to live pleasan'ly enjoy onself, be lunurious. Hence

ήδυπάθημα, ατος, τό, enjoyment. [ἄ]
ήδυ-πάθης, ές, (ήδύς, πυθείν) listing pleasantly
ήδύ-πνευστος, οκ, (ήδύς, πνέω) — ήδύπνοος,
ηδύ-πνευστος, οκ, (οπτι. —πνους, ουκ, (ήδύς, πνοή)
sweet-breathing: sweet-smalling.

ήδύ-πολυε, ισε, and ease, also cos. δ. ή, (ήδύε, πίλιε) dear to the people.

ἡδύ-πότης, ου, (ἡδύς, πίνω) fond of drinking.
ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) sweet to drinking.
ἡδύς, ἡδεῖα, ἡδύ; Ion. fem. ἡδία Dor. ἀδεά; Dor.
acc sing, ἀδέα, for ἡδύν:—Comp. ἡδίαν, Sup. ἡδιστοε:
later, also, ἡδύτεροε, ἡδύτατοε (ἡδομαι):—sweet to
the taste, smell, or hearing: metaph. sweet, pleasant. II. of persons, pleasant. welcome, dear,
glad.

hourus, arce, ró, (hoire) that which sweetens or, flavours, seasoning, stice, sauce.

ήδυ-σώματος, οτ. (ήδυς, σώμα) of sweet form.

ήδυ-φάής, ές. (ήδυς, φόοι) sweetly-sking.

ήδυ-φάνο, φρονος, ό, ή, (ήδυς, φρήν) sweet-minded.

ήδυ-φωνία, ή, sweetness of voice. From

ήδυ-φωνος, οτ. (ήδυς, φενή) sweet-voiced.

ήδυ-χάρής, ές. (ήδυς, χαρήναι) sweetly joynes.

ήδυ-χάρής, ές. (ήδυς, χαρήναι) sweetly joynes.

ήδυ-χάρος, οκ. contr. -χρονς, ουτ. (ήδυς, χρόα)

of sweet complexion: ήδυχρονς, τό, as Subst., α kind

he, Ep. for f, or.

of perfume.

fe, Ep. for fee, 3 sing. impl. of elm ibo.

hector, hecoa, impt. and aor. I of deitor. helberr, Ep. plaps. (with imps. sense) of Peiton.

ή έλιδε, δ, poet, and Ion, for ήλιοε. ἡελιώτιε, Ep. for ήλιῶτιε.

ήελιώτιε, Ep. for ήλιωτιε. ήεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of είμί sum.

ήθ-περ, poët, for ήπερ. Φέρα Jon and En acc. of de

hips, Ion. and Ep. acc. of ahp.

hepélopas, lengthd. form of delpopas Pass., to bangs floating or waving in the air: metaph., όπλοτέρου φρένει hepélorras young men's minds are flighty.

ἡέρθην, aor. I pass. of *delpo*. ἡέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of *dhp*.

nep, ion, and Ep. cat of cop.

Approx, a, or. Ep. for depros (dip) early, as morn, at day-break, when all things are yet wrapt in mist (dip).

2. high in air.

hephan, pf. pass. of delpan

ήερο-δίνης, εε, (λήρ, δινέω) ubseling in mid-air. [i] ήερο-ειδής, έε, Ion. and Ep. for λερ-, (λήρ, είδου) of

III. of

```
cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of
hills: dim, gray.
Hepóeus, ecou, ev, Ion. and Ep. for dep-, (dfp)
```

clouded, dark, murky, -ijepóθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for dep-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ήέρος, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ήερο-φοίτις, ιδος, ή, fem. Adj. (άήρ, φοιτάω) walkmg in darkness.

hepo-duros, or, (ahp, down) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

ήέρταζον, impf. of ἀερτάζω.

ήέρτησα, ήέρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of άερτάω. souv 3 pl. impf. of  $\epsilon l \mu i b o$ .

ήηγε Ep. 3 sing. impf. of eiμί sum. ήήρ, ή, a late nom. formed after ή έρος, ή έρι, ή έρα,

the Ep. and Ion. cases of ahp.

hours, a, or, Dor. for hours. စိုင်နေ, ခံစီဝနေ, စီ, ရီ, Ion. for နိမိင်နေ့ (ဂိုဗီဝနေ) used, accustomed,

babituated to a tning II. wonted, accustomed. hocios, a, or, (hoc) bonoured, respected: voc. hoce,

Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother. ήθέληκα, ήθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of εθέλω.

ήθελον, impf. of εθέλω.

θεος, δ, ή, Att. for ἠίθεοε. HΘE'Ω, f. ήσω, to sift or strain.

Aθικός, ή, ών, (ήθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικόε). II. expressive

of moral character.

ήθληκα, ήθλησα, pf. and zor. I of  $d\theta \lambda \ell \omega$ . ήθμός, ό, (ήθεω) a strainer.

1005, εοε, τό, (εθοε) an accustomed place: hence in plur. Hea, seats, baunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but

afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, babit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character. in θον, imp. of αίθω.

θρουσα, 201. I of ἀθροίζω.

-ήθροίσθην, ήθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of άθροίζω. ήια contr τα, τά, (fice, contr. fa, impf. of elμ ibo) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally,

food, meat. II. chaff, busks. [I] ήια, Ion. for. ήειν, impf. of είμι ibo: 3 sing. ήιε,

3 pl. flor or firay. ກໍເປີເວຣ Att. contr. ກູ້ປີເວຣ, o, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a backelor, answering to ine fem. rapolivos: - rarely in fem. \$1069, a young girl.

ήματο, 3 sing. Ep. plapf. of ξοικα (as if from ήλγμην). ita, sot. I of dissu.

คุ้เอง , eooa, er, (คุ้โอง) with bigb, steep banks.

ñiov, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of elm ibo. Hios, o, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry 1/1, 1/1. hiver, Ep. for yeser, 3 pl. impf. of elm ibo.

Tioncov, impf. of llow. hiorev, impf. of atora.

Αχθην, aor.·I pass. of atσσω. HIΩN Att. y'w Dor. diw, oros, ή, a sea-bank,

the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [1]

itur, oros, i, (ale) a bearing, report.

HKA, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly. Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently,

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [a] κα, aor. Ιοίζημι.

fixaçov, Att. impf. of eiráça. karpelode, 2 pl. impf. of draipéouai.

ήκασα, ήκάσθην, Att. sor. I act. and med. of εἰκάζω. ήκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάζω,

hedxe, 3 sing. 201. 2 of dyew. ήκέσατο, 3 sing. 20τ. 1 of ἀκέομαι. ή-κεστος, η, ον, for d-κεστος, (a privat., κεντίω)

ungoaded: free from labour. ήκή, ή, Ion. for deή, dewey.

ήκισάμην, sor. I med. of alsi(ω. Thiothy, fixtopat, sor. I and pf. pass. of aleice. ήκιστος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ήκα, gent-

lest, slowest. ήκιστος, η, ον, Sup. of Comp. ήσσων, the worst, least. poorest, meanest: - Adv. finiora, least (namus or mi-

mpós is used as positive). ήκμάσα, sor. I of ἀκμάζω.

ήκολούθησα, 20r. I of ἀκολουθέω. ήκόντισα, 201. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ที-коบ, Ion. and Dor. for ที่ขอย. hkovou, sor. I of akoúw.

ήκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ήκροώμην, ήκροασάμην, impl. and agr. I of depo-

ήκρωτηρίασα, ήκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. 1 act. and pl. pass. of ακραντηριάζα.

HKΩ, impf. ηκον: fut. ηξω:-properly I bave come. am bere. Lat. adsum: the impf. taking a plopf. sense, I bad come, was bers, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to II. to bave come to, reached a point; els

τοῦτο τόλμης ήκειν to bave reached this pitch of au-2. with gen. and an Adv., et free revis to be well off for a thing, bave plenty of it. bave come to, to relate or belong to.

ηλάθην [ἄ], sor. I pass. of ἐλαύνω.

haire, Ion. and poet. for draire. (draopai) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ήλάκατα, ων, τά, the wool on the distaff.

ήλακάτη, ή, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. the joint of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like άτρακτοι, Lat. arundo.

ηλάλαξα, sor. I of άλαλάζω.

ήλαλκον, pošt. sor. 2 of ἀλέξω.

ήλάμην, sor. I med. of ἄλλομαι.

ήλασα, ήλασθην, nor. I act. and pass. of ελαύνω. ήλασκάζω, (άλδομαι) to wander away from; ἐμὺν

μένου ήλασκάζει be flees from or sbuns my wrath. trans, to drive to and fro.

ήλάσκο, Ep. form of αλάομαι, αλαίνοι, to wander, stray, roam about.

ήλάστεον, impf. of ἀλαστέω. ήλατο, 3 sing. impf. of αλάομαι.

ήλάττωσα, ήλαττώθην, 201. I act. and pass. of | λασσύω.

ήλγησα, 20r. τ of άλγίου

**λγύνα, ήλγύνθην, 201. I act. and pass. of ἀλγύνω. λδάνε,** 3 sing. 201. 2 of άλδαίνω.

ήλειψα, ήλείφθην, 20r. I act. and pass. of άλείφω. ήλεάμην, nor. I of άλέομαι.

ήλέγχθην, 201. I pass. of έλέγχω.

ηλεκτρον, τό, and ηλεκτρος, δ and ή, (ηλέκταρ) electron, mentioned in the Odyssey along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a metallic substance consisting of gold alloyed with silver :- in Ar. Eq. 532 descuτουσών των ήλέκτρων, it seems to mean, the pegs of bis lyre inlayed with electron. II. amber.

ήλεκτρο-φάήε, έε, (ήλεκτρον, φάοε) amber-gleaming. ηλέκτωρ, opos, ό, the beaming sun: as Adj., ηλέκτωρ Tweples beaming Hyperion. (Deriv. uncertain.) ήλεδε, ή, όν, (ήλόε) wandering in mind, distracted,

II. act. distracting, crazing. ήλέματος Dor. άλ-, ον, (ήλεθε, ήλθε) distranght,

silly, trifling, vain. ήλεσα, 201. I of άλέω, to grind.

λεύατο, Ep. for ηλεύσατο, 3 sing. 20r. I med. of άλεύομαι 🗕 άλέομαι.

ήλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ελαύνω.

ήλήλατο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of έλαύνω.

ήληλίμμην, plapf. pass. of άλείφω. ήλθον, contr. of ήλυθον, acr. 2 of έρχομαι.

ἡλιάζω, - ήλιόω, (ήλιοε) to warm in the sun.

Med, ήλιάζομαι, to sit in the court 'Ηλιαία.

ήλιαία, ή, (άλήε, άλία) at Athens a ball in which the chief law-court was held; the Heliaea or supreme law-court.

ήλιάξα, Dor. 2 sing. fut. of ήλιάζομαι.

ήλιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ήλιάζομαι) a juryman in the court

Heliasa, a Heliast. Hence

ήλιαστικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to a Heliast. ήλίβάτος, or, steep, abrup!, precipitous: bigb, buge, II. like Lat. altus, deep, profound. enormous. (Deriv. uncertain.)

λίθα, Adv. (άλιε) enough, sufficiently: abundantly. hathale, to speak or act idly, foolisbly. From

ηλίθιος Dor. άλίθ-, a, ov, (ήλόε, ήλεόε) idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly. Adv. -lov. Hence

ήλιθιόω, f. ώσω, to make foolish, to distract, craze. ήλικία, ή, (ήλιξ) time of life, age. 2. the vigour or prime of life, manbood; of by hautig men of age fit for service: -- youthful beat and passion. as Subst., = of flaces, those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates. III. generally, age, time: later an age, Lat. seculum. IV. of the body, stature, grow!b, bulk. Hence

ήλικιώτης, ου, ό, fem. - Grus, ιδος, an equal in age, fellow, comrade, Lat. aequalis.

ήλίκος, η, ον, Relat. to τηλίκος οι τηλικούτος, as Lat. quantus to tantus, as big as, as tall as, as great 2. in indirect questions, bow great or strong: also bow old, at what age: as old as. [1] From

THAIS, twos, &, \$\dagger\$, of the same age, Lat. aequalis:as Subst. a fellow, comrade, mate.

ήλιό-βλητος, ον, (ήλιος, βάλλω) sun-burnt. ήλιο-κάής, έε, (ήλιοε, κάω, καίω) ευπ-burnt.

ήλιό-καυστος, ον, = ήλιοκάης.

ήλιο-μάνής, έε, (ήλιοε, μανήναι) doting on the sun. mad for love of the sun.

Thios Dor. Thios poet. Thines, o, (the Lat. sol) the sun; upos 'Ho T' Healor Te toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. the East, opp. to upos Copor, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes wove ήῶ τε καὶ ήλίου ἀνατολάε to πρὸς ἐσπέρην.

3. of fixed the sun-beams, like day, like Lat. sol. Lat. soles. II. as prop. n. Helios, the sun-god, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ήλιο-στερής, έε, (ήλιοε, στερέω) shading from the ann. ήλιο-στιβής, έε, (ήλιοε, στιβείν) sun-trodden, exposed to the sun.

halow, f. wow, (halos) to warm in the sun :- Pass. to

bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun. ήλίσα, ήλίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλίζω.

ήλτσα, ήλτκα, sor. I and pf. of ἀλίνδω.

ήλιτον, 20r. 2 of άλιταίνου.

ALTO-epyos, or, (duration, Epyor) missing the work, failing in one's end or aim.

ηλίτο-μηνος, ον, (άλιταίνω, μήν) missing the right month, untimely born.

ήλίφην [ř], aor. 2 pass. of αλείφω.

\*HATY, tros, o, said to be a Dorian shoe. ήλίωσα, acr. I both of άλιών and of ήλιών.

ήλιώτης, ου, ό, fem. –ωτις, ιδος, poët. ήελ–, (ήλιος) of or belonging to the sun.

TAKTOR, 201. I of Excess. harmutvos, pf. part. pass. of throm.

ήλλάγην, –χθην, 20r. 2 and I pass. of άλλάσσα.

ήλλαγμένος, pf. part. pass. of άλλάσσω.

λλαξα, 20r. Ι οι άλλά*σσω.* 

ήλλοίωσα, ήλλοίωμαι, zor. I zrt. and pf. pass. of άλλοιόω.

ήλόησα, Ερ. ήλοίησα, 201. I of άλο**ά**α.

ήλόκισμαι, pf. pass. of άλοκίζω.

"HAOE, b, a nail, stud: more for ornament than use. ήλός, ή, όν, (ἄλη) wandering, crazy, silly.

ήλπετο, 3 sing. impf. of έλπομαι.

ήλαϊσα, ήλαίσθην, 20τ. I act. and pass, of έλαίζα. ήλσάμην, 20t. I med. of είλω.

ήλύγη [ð], ή, (ήλυξ) sbadow, darkness: metaph.,

δίκης ήλύγη the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit ήλυθον, Ep. for ήλθον, aor. 2 of έρχομαι.

ήλυξ, ύγοε, ό, darkness, only found in compd. ἐπηλυξ. (Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)

hλυξα, aor. I of ἀλύσκω.

Ήλύσιον νεδίον, τό, (έλεύσομαι, fat. of έρχομαι) the Elysian fields; later without wedien, Elysium. Homer places it on the west border of the carth; Hesiod and Pindar in the paragest rigger.

ήλύσιος, a, or, coming: or Elysian. [V] From

ήλύσις, εως, ή, (ἐλεύσομα:, fut. of έρχομαι) α coming: a step. 2. a coming event, the future. fixeev. sor. 2 of dispairs.

ηλωκα, Ion. for εάλωκα, pf. of άλίσκομαι.

They, Ion. for eaker, 201. 2 of alle some. ήλώμην, impl. of ἀλάομαι.

ήμα, τό, (ίημι) that which is thrown, a dart, javelin. ημάθότις, εσσα, εν. ( $d\mu\alpha\theta$ ος) Ion. for  $d\mu$ -, sandy. ημαι, ήσαι, ήται, 3 pl. ήνται Ion. έσται Ερ. είσται; imperat. ήσο, ήσθω, etc.; inf. ήσθαι; part. ήμενος;

impf. ήμην, ήσο, ήστο, 3 pl. ήντο Ion. ξάτο Ep. «ίάτο: -only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf. and plaps, of E(open), to be set, to sit: often with collat. sense to tarry, linger, loiter: ημενου χώρου, like elaptry, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc., ήσθαι σέλμα to sit on a bench.

ήμαρ Dor. άμαρ, άτος, τό, poët for ήμέρα, day; αίσιμον ήμαρ, μώρσιμον ήμαρ the day of destiny, day of death; ελεύθερον, δούλιον ήμαρ the day of freedom, of slavery, i. e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons, δκορινόν, χειμέριον ήμαρ autumn, winter time; έπ' ήματι day by day, daily, but έπ' ήμαρ by day; κατ' ήμαρ, day by day: παρ' ήμαρ every other day, Lat. alter-

nis diebus: also, ημαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτωρ. ήμάρτηκα, ήμάρτησα, pf. and sor. 1 of άμαρτάνω. ήμαρτον, 201. 2 of άμαρτάνω,

ημάτιος, α, ον, (ήμαρ) poët. for ήμερήσιος, by day: day by day, daily.

ημάτωμαι, pf. pass. of alματύω.

ήμβλωκα, ήμβλωσα, pf. and acr. I of αμβλίσκω. ημβροτον, inf. αμβροτείν, Ep. 201. 2 of αμαρτάνω. imedates, h. or (huels) of our land or country,

native. Lat. nostras. incis, incis, nom. and acc. pl. of eyes.

hushyov, impf. of dμέλγω.

ήμελημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμελέω, in a neglectful manner.

ήμελλον, Att. impl. of μέλλω.

ή-μέν.., ή-δέ.., (ή, μέν) poēt. for καί.., καί.., as well ... as also ... Lat. et ... et ... : also disjunctive, if ... or if ... , whether ... , whether ... , Lat. vel ... , vel ... or sive ... sive ...

huev, I pl. impf. of elui sum.

huev. Dor. for elva, inf. of elul sum.

LIMEPA Ion. huipy Dor. duips, h, day: the light of day; au hulpa or aua to hulpa with dawn of day, with day-break; & hulpas all day long; & d τρέτης ήμέρας every third day. Lat. tertio guoque die: έφ' ήμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily; καθ' ήμέραν day by day; µel' hulpar by day, Lat. interdiu; by à της ημέρας late in the day; πρός ημέραν towards or near day. II. metaph. life: παλαιά ήμέρα old age; réa huépa youth. Hence

ημερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day; ημερεύειν μαπρα̂ι κελεύθου to rest the day after a long journey. to pass one's days, live.

ήμερήσιος, a, or, also os, or, (ήμέρα) of or for the day, by day. II. a day long; ημερησία δδύε a day's journey.

 $\eta \mu a \rho (a, \dot{\eta}, - \dot{\eta} \mu \dot{\rho} a.$ 

ήμερϊνός, ή, όν, -- ήμερήσιος. by day, opp. to rusteρινόε by night; άγγελοε ήμερινόε a day-messen-II. - ἐφήμεροε, for the day, perishable.

ήμεριος, or, also a, or, (ήμερα) of a day, lasting or living but a day.

huspis, ides, if, fem. of huspes, sultivated, opp. to arrios, wild:—as Subst. the vine.

huspo-bpouos or, (huspa, dpausir running the livelong day: -as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.

huepo-buths, is, Dor. for sq.

ήμερο-θηλής, έε, (ήμεροε, θάλλω) gently-sprouting ήμερό-κοιτος, ον. (ήμέρα, κοίτη) eleeping by day, i.e. awake by night, epith. of a thief.

iguspo-λεγδόν, Adv. (ήμέρα, λέγω) couning every day, day by day, every day.

hμερο-λογέω, (ή μέρα, λέγω) to count by days, register. ήμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ήμέρα, λέγω) a salendar, alma-"HMEPOZ, ov. also a, cv. tame, reclaimed, domertic.

of animals; of trees, cultivated: - opp. to dyptos II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised. huspo-orderes, s, (huspa, orontes) watching by day. as Subst. *& day-wateber* .

huspo-barros, or, (hulpa, palropa) appearing by day.

huspo-dúhať, dros, b. (hpipa, dúhať; watching by da ημερό-φωνος, ον (ήμέρς, φανέω, epith, of the cock berald of day.

ήμερόω, f. έσω, (ήμερου) to tame, make tame, re claim: of trees, to cultivate a metaph of n en to soothe, conciliate: also to tame by conquest, subdue flues. Dor. inf. of elul sum

hustiperos, a, or, - husbarde.

ημέτερος, α, ον. (ήμειε) our. Lat. noeter; ele ήμετε por (sub. δώμα) to our bouse

ήμέων, Ion and Ep. gen. pl. of έγώ.

ήμην, rare Att. form for ήν, impf. of elμί sum. ημην, impf. of ημαι.

hul, the same as φημί, I sav. Lat. inquain; ται, ἡμί, παί, boy, I say, boy !—impf. I and 3 sing., ην δ' λγώ said I, # 8' be said be, are freq. in Att. Homer has only 3 sing. impf. #. be spoke.

HMT -, freq. as a prefix, balf , Lat. sems

Adj. is Smove.

hui-avopos, i, (hu-, drhp) a balf-man, eunueb ήμι∙άνθρω=se δ, — ήμανδροε.

hur-Booxins, is, (hur-, Boixoper) balf-watered hui-βρώε, ώτος δ, ξ and hui-βρωτος, αν, (ημβιβρώσκω) balf-eaten.

ήμι-γένειος, ον, (ήμι-, γένειον) wi'b but baif a beard. ήμι-γυμνος, or, (ήμι-, γυμνίε) balf-maked.

ήμι-δάής, έε, (ήμι-, δαίω) balf-biernt ήμι-δαρεικόν, τό, (ήμι-, δαρεικί») a balf-darie. ημι-Betja, és, (ήμι-, δέω) wanting balf, balf-full. ημι-διπλοίδιον Att. contr. -οίδιον, τό, (ήμι-, δι-

Thats) a balf-shawl, or shawl doubled in balf.

ijul-Boukos, or, a balf-elave.

ημιεκτεόν — ην. ήμι-ακτεόν, τό, a bai/-larevs, i. c. a twelfib part of | "HMΓΣΥΣ, eta, v; Ion. fem. ήμισία: gen. ήμίο eo a medimnus. rarely -cos, fem. hugelas Ion. -cas: nom. pl. hui hul-ίλλην, ηνοε, δ, 4, a balf-Greek. wees Att. -eis: -- balf, Lat. SEMIS: in plur. it some ήμι-εργής, έε, and ήμι-έργος, ον, (ήμι-, \*έργω) balftimes agrees with the Subst., as huivers have balf the made. people; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., bu ημί-εφθος, or, (ήμι-, έψω) balf-boiled, balf-cooked. gives its gender and number to the Adj., as al hui ήμι-θάλής, έε, (ήμι-, θαλείν) balf-green. σειαι των νεών balf the ships; 20 also, ήμισυς λύγο hu-θανής, is, (ήμι-, bareir) balf-dead. balf the tale; ήμισυ τείχοι balf the wall; neut. sing hμί-θεος Dor. aμ-, e, balf a god, demigod. ήμισυ as Subst. a balf, balf, ήμισυ τιμής. ήμιθνής, ήτος, δ, ή, (ήμι-, θανείν) balf-dead. ήμι-τάλαντον, τό, a balf-talent, as a weight; τρίτα ήμι-θραυστος, or, (ήμι-, θραύω) balf-broken. ήμιτάλαντον two talents and a balf (cf. Lat. sestertius) ημί-κάκοs, or, a rogue by balves, balf a villain. but, τρία ήμιτάλαντα tbree balf-talents. ήμι-κλήριον, τό, (ήμι -, κλήροε) balf the inheritance. ημίτελοια, ή, (ήμιτελή») a remission of balf. ήμί-κραιρα, ή, balf the bead ot face. ημί-τέλεστος, ον, (ήμι-, τελέω) balf-finished. ήμί-λεπτος, ον, (ήμι , λέπω) balf-peeled. balfήμι-τελής, έε, (ήμι-, τέλοε) balf-finisbed, balf accomplished, balf-perfect; δόμος ήμετελής a hous `batcbed. hul-houses, or, balf-white. but balf complete, i. e. wanting its master. ήμιλλήθην, ήμίλλημαι, sor. I and pf. of άμιλλάομαι. ήμί-τομος, ον, (ήμι-, τεμείν) balf cut through: cu ήμι-μάνης, ές, (ήμι -, μανήναι) balf-mad. in two: to hultour a balf. thu-μάραντος, ον, (ήμι-, μαραίνομαι) balf-withered ημιτύβιον, τό, a strong linen cloth, towel, napkin or faded. [a] (Prob. an Egypt. word.) ήμι-μαθής, ές, (ήμι-, μέθη) balf-drunk. ήμι-φαής, έε, (ήμι-, φάος) balf-sbining. ήμι-μναίος, α, ον, (ήμι-, μνά) of, amounting to a ήμι-φάλακρος, or, balf-bald. bilf-mina: ημιμυαίον, τό, as Subit. a balf-mina. ημί-φαυλος, or, balf-knavisb. ήμί-φλεκτος, ον, (ήμι-, φλέγω) balf-burnt. ήμιν or ήμιν, dat. pl. of έγω. ήμιωβολιαίος, a, or worth half an obol. From ήμί-ξηρος, or, balf-dry. hucokia (rave), h, a light ship with one and a half ήμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον, τό, a balf-obol. From bank of oars. Fem. from ἡμι-**ώβολον**, τύ, (ἡμι-, ὀβελύε) a balf-obol. ijui-ólios, a, or,  $(ij\mu - ij\mu - ij$ ήμι-ώριον, τό, (ήμι –, ώρα) a balf-bour. as much again; ήμιόλιαι του τότε καθεστώτος μέτρου ήμμαι, pf. pass. of άπτω. ημος Dor. Δμος, poët. Adv., relat. to τζμος as έτς balf as large again as the customary size; ἡμιόλιον of sporepor thepor one balf more than they used to to rore: when, while, so long as. ημπεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of άμπέχω. receive before. ημιόνοιος, α, ον, (ημίονος) of a mule; άμαξα ήμιἡμό**ς,** ή, όν, Acol. ἀμός, for ἡμέτερος. ovela a car drawn by mules; ζυγόν ήμιόνειον a team ήμουν, impf. of έμέω. of mules. ήμπέδουν, impl, of έμπεδου, hurovikos h. or. - huriveros. ήμπόληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor, I of έμπολάω. hμί-ovos, ή or δ. (ήμι -, όνοε) a balf-ass, a mule. II. ήμπόλων, impl. of  $\dot{\epsilon}\mu\pi$ ολάω. ήμπλακον, 201. 2 οι άμπλακίσκα. as Adj., βρέφου ήμίονον a mule-foal. hyd-o wos, or, (ήμι-, όπή) with balf its proper numήμθνα, 20r. Ι of ἀμύνω. ber of boles; ημίστοι αὐλοί flutes with only three boles. ήμύσειε, 3 sing. 20r. 1 opt. 0! . μύω. ημύστικα, pf. of αμυστίζω. ήμί-οπτος, or, balf-roasted. ήμι-πέλεκκον, τό, (ήμι -, πέλεκυε) a balf-ane, a single ήμύω, f. ύσω [ῦ] : aor. I ήμῦσα : (μύω):—to sisk. edged axe, opp. to dupited excer. droop, bow down; ήμυσε κάρη his head dropped, οί a ημί-πλοθρον, τύ, a balf-πλέθρον, i. e. 50 feet. dying man; of a corn-field, ήμύει ασταχύεσσι it born ημι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ημι-πλίνθοι) a balf-plinth, a brick, down with its ears; of cities, to totter to their fall: Lat, semilaterium. later to fall, perisb. ήμί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (ήμι-. πνίω) ήμφεγνόησα, ήμφεγνόσυν, acr. I and impf. of 4. balf-breathing, balf-choked.

φιγνοέω. ήμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ήμι-, πυρύω) balf-burnt. [8] ήμφεσβήτουν or ήμφισ-, impl. of άμφισβητέα. simiσεες, nom. pl. of ημισυε ημφεσβήτησα or ήμφισ-, 20r. I of αμφισβητέσ. huivers, h, a balf, fem. of huove. ήμφίοσα, 201. Ι of άμφιέννυμι. ημί-σοφος, or, balf-wise. ήμφίεσμαι, pf. pass. of αμφιέννυμι.

ήμί-σπαστος, or, (ήμι-, σπάω) balf torn down. ημων, contr. impf. of αμάω. ήμι-στάδιαίος, α, ον, (ήμι-, στάδιον) of balf a sta-

dium. ήμι - ρεπώτης, ov, δ, a balf-soldier. ήμι-στρόγγυλος, or, balf-rown...

ημων, ovos, δ, (ίημι) a thrower, darter, slinger. ην, contr. from έάν, conditional Conj., always followed by Subj. if, in case that; for us unless: in in-I direct questions, if, substber.

fy, Interject. see ! see !bere! Lat. en ! v, I and 3 sing. impt. of elal sums.  $\frac{1}{4}v$ , impf. of  $\frac{1}{2}\mu \hat{l} - \phi \eta \mu \hat{l}$ . ήν, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. δε. 1000. ty, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. ős, éés, bis. trairers, 3 sing. impf. of drairopas. ήνάλωσα, ήνάλωκα, later forms for draλ-, zor. I and pf. of drakions. hvăpov, 201. 2 of traipu. hvbave, 3 sing. impl. of drodres. ήνδραπόδισα, -ίσθην, -ισμαι, ν. ἀνδραποδίζω. ivarriély, -epa, sor. I and pf. pass. of évarriée. ivaplotiv, -comes, sor, I and pf. pass, of evaplies. hveryees, acr. I of diece. regreav, eor. 2 of dépar. riday, sor. I pass. of airies. hveres, Ion. sor. I of paper. ήναχόμην, impf. med. of ἀνέχω. vess, Att. pf. of alves. veche, és, (\*èvékw, v. φέρω) continuons, long. ήνεμόσιε, εσσα, εν, (άνεμοε) windy, airy, bigb, elevated. II. light as air, subtle; φρύνημα ήνεμότν airy, winged thought. hveov, hveora, Att. impf. and acr. I of alvies. ήνεσχόμην, 201. 2 med. of drέχω. hvero, 3 sing. impf. pass. of area. ήνέχθην, 2οτ. 1 pass. of φέρω. ήνέφγα, Att. pf. of ανοίγνυμι. rapas, pf. pass. of airée. ηνηνάμην, 20ε. Ι of ἀναίνομαι. vyca, sor. I of alres. θισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζει. hydones, Dor. 1 pl. sor. 2 of toxonar. ήνθον, Dor. acr. a of ερχομαι. ήνθράκωμαι, pf. of **ἀνθρ**ακόομαι. ivi, Interject., - fiv. cf. firide. tivia, 3 sing. impf. of dride. tivia, inv. Ta, the reins: Homer uses this neut. form only, and always in plur.: cf. hrla, h. HNI'A, ή, a bridle, a rein: metaph., χαλάσαι ται i rias ταις λόγοις to give a free rein to one's words, Lat. immittere babenas. II. any leathern thong. c shoe-string. friγμαι, pf. pass. of alvίσσομαι.

iv-ide, Interject., (hv, ide) see! see there! ijvind, Adv., relat. to theira or totheira, when, at which time, at the time when; c. optat. whenever. Trifappy, sor. I of alriggopal. ηνιοποιείον, τό, a saddler's shop. From igno-morbs, &, (fria, morte) a bridle-maker, saddler. hyportoodies, f. how, to guide by reins, to drive.

ηνιο-στρόφος, ον, (ήνία, στρέφω) guiding by reins: -as Subst. a charioteer.

ην-οχεύε, έων Ion. βον, poët. for ήνίοχου. in-oxede and -to be charioteer, hold the reins, II. to bridle, govern, control. From

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (ψαραιβάτης) 2. metaph. one u bo guides or controls. the winds, 3 sing. sor. 2 of everyw. hvis, we, h, nom. pl. hvis, (évos) a year old, yearling. [acc. firty.] givix tyv, acr. I pass. of airis souns.

vov. unpf. of dre. hvopés Ep and Ion. en, h, (drift) manbood. how, orce, o, h, m Hom. always in phrase, from χαλκφ with glittering, flashing brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ήντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω. vreev. Ion. impl. of drrde. hvriagov, hvridou, impt. and acr. I of deridia. ήντληκώς, pf. part. of duτλέω. ήντο, 3 pl. impf. of ήμαι.

hvika, hvuomas, pf. act. and pass. of dries, drive. hvvστρον, τό, (ἀνύω) the fourth stomach of ruminating animals, in which the digestion was con pleted.

ήνυτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of άνυμι. wayea, Ion. plaps. of draya. hwwyav, plapf. (with impf. sense) of draya. ήνώρθουν, impf. of drapθίω.

ήνώχληκα, ήνώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ένοχλεω. hνώχλουν, -ούμην, impf. act. and pass. of ένος λέω. hea, aor. I both of dyw to lead, and dyrum to break. τέα, aor. I of φσσω (contr. from diσσω). geis, hea, Dor. for heers, hea, fut. of fam.

nflower, pf. pass. of afilow.

Hot, dat. of Hoe. ήοιος, a, or, ('Hor) – ήφος, έφος, in the morning: toward morning, eastern, Lat. orientalis, opp. to lowépios. II. as Subst., Λοίη (sub. ένρα), Δ, the morning; wasow holyv all the morning.

ηομεν, 1 pl. impf. of εξμι ibo.

ηόνιος, α, ον, (ήλων) contr. from ήλύνιος, οn the shore. ήπάομαι, αοτ. 1 inf. of ήπήσασθαι to mend.

HIIAP, dros, to, the liver, Lat. jecur: represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love. ήπάτηκα, ήπάτησα, pf. and aor. I of drarde.

**ἡπάτιον, τό,** Dim. of ήταρ.

ήπαφε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of ἀπαφίσκω. ήποδάνος, ή, όν, weak, infirm: maimed, balting:

c. gen. void of. (Deriv. uncertain.) ήπείλησα, 20τ. Ι of ἀπειλέω.

hanpo-yerhe, is, (hampos, tyira) living on the mainland.

haupovoe, Adv. (hueipos) to the mainland. h-neroos, for dreipos (sc. γη), h, the mainland, continent, of the land, as opp. to the sea; war' frespor by land; hence even an island is called frespos. the mainland of Greece, as opp. to its islands: part of which was afterwards called "Hweepor as n. pr.: Asia

was specially called \$ fixespos the Continent; and al dissai freipoi, the two continents, are Europe and Asia. Hence

ήπαρόω, f. ένσω, to make into mainland:—Pass. to τινί-οχος, δ, (ήνία, έχω) bolding the reins, a driver, | become to, when an island is joined to the maintand

П.

φαιρώτης, ου, δ, fem. - ώτις, ιδος, (ήπειροε) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ήπειρώτιε ξυμμαχία alliance with a military power, opp. to raurus ξυμμαχία.

II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Asiatie.

hasporube, 4, or, (hesporns) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental.

4-mep poët. 44-mep, Conj. (f, mep) than, than even.
4-mep, Adv., properly dat. of δσπερ, in the same way
as, just as.

h περοπεύε, gen. toe Ion. η os, δ, — ηπεροπευτής.
ηπεροπεύτης, ου, δ, α cheat, deceiver. From
ηπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen

ήπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, eozen ήπητής, οθ, δ, (ψυάομαι) a mender, cobbler. ήπιαλέω, to have a fever or ague. From

indian (sub. superie), d. a fever attended with shivering, ague. II. the nightmare.

hate-Stratos, or, (faces, Strie) sofily-rolling.
hate-Super, or, (faces, Super) giving welcome
gifts.

HIII Oz, a, or, Att. oe, or, gentle, mild, kind.

act. sootbing, assuaging, calming.

†mo-xap, 6, 4, (†mos, xelp) with sootbing band.

ทุ่สโดย, Adv. of ทุ่สเอะ, gently, mildly. ทุ่สโดยเอะ, for ทุ่มหาโดยเจ, soc. 2 of ลุ่นหาโดยโดยเอะ. ทุ่สเอะ, or ทุ่ สเอะ, Adv. or, as, or perbaps, as perbaps. ทุ่สเอะ or ทุ่ สเอะ, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I pre-

Throw or in mou, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less. II. in a question, is it then?

interest, 3 sing. pf. pass. of deres.

ที่ทบ้านี้ [ป], ô, Ad]. masc. calling, crying; กุ๋ทบ้าน stiput the lond-voised herald: in form like ไทยบ้าน.

the Dor. derive [d]: f. bow [v]: sor. I firvou: (tros, elreit):—to call on, call out or forth, invoke.

II. absol. to call aloud, shout, speak; of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to bowl, roar.

"HP, 76, poët. for tap. spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. \$\frac{2}{2}pos, \$\frac{4}{2}pos\$, \$\frac{4}{2

ήρα, 3 sing. impf. of έράω. ήρα, 1 sing. sor. I of αίρα.

πρα (πράρον acr. 2 of δραρίσκω) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness; cp. ένίηρα.

\*HPA Ion. \*Hpn, †, Hera, the Roman Juno, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

Hoalos, a, or, of or belonging to Hera: 78 Hoalov, (leptor) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: 72 Hoala, (lept) her festival.

"HPAKAE'HΣ contr. "Hρακλής, δ: gen, 'Hρακλέσος contr. 'Ηρακλέσος Ep. 'Ηρακλής: dat. 'Ηρακλέσι contr. 'Ηρακλέσι 'Ηρακλέτ Ep. 'Ηρακλήτ: acc. 'Ηρακλέσι contr. 'Ηρακλέσι Ep. 'Ηρακλήτ rarely 'Ηρακλή later also 'Ηρακλέγι voc. 'Ηράκλεσι, 'Ηράκλεσι, 'Ηράκλεσι, 'Ηρακλές :— Ησακλές - κλεῦς, 'Ηρακλές - κλεῦς, 'Ηρακλές :— Ησακλές :— Ησακλές - Ησακλές - Ηρακλές :— Ησακλές 
vocat. Ἡράκλειε is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence

"Hράκλειος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ερ. "Ηρακλήσιος, η, ον :—of or belonging to Hercules; βίη Ἡρακληείη the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules bimself; Ἡράκλειαι στήλαι the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta:—τὸ Ἡράκλειον Ιου. —ἡΙον, the temple of Hercules; τὰ Ἡράκλεια bis featival. II. Ἡράκλεια λουτρά bot baths.

Hoanhas, contr. from Hoanhas.

ηράμην, acr. I med. of alpa:—also impl. of έραμα.

αράρου, st. 4. ser. 2 of έραμαμα.

ήραρον, εε, ε, εοτ. 2 οξ έραρίσεω. ήρασάμην, εοτ. 1 med. οξ έραομαι.

ἡράσθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of ἐράσμαι. ἡράσσανο, Ep. for ἡράσανο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐράσμαι. ἡράνο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of αίραι.

ήρθητο, 3 sing. impf. of άράομαι. ηρέθην, acr. I pass. of αίρέα.

hpolov, impf. of tptou. hpm, 3 sing. impf. of alpiu. hpmou, nor. I of tptlou.

Aρίμα and Αρίμα, Adv. rendly, quietly, calmly, sofily: a little, slightly: slow. The old Adl. Αρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. Αρεμάστερος: Αρεμαΐος being used instead.

ήρεμαῖος, α, αν, (έρε μα) soft, gentle, quiet. Adv. - es. ήρεμέστερος, α, αν, irreg. Comp. of έρε μαΐος, see ήρε μα: Adv. ήρε μεστέρου

πραμέω, f. ήσω, (πρεμα) to be still, keep quiet.

Αραμί [t], Adv. for Αρέμα, gently. Αραμία, η. (Αρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest.

spenifes, f. σω, (γρέμα) to calm, quiet:—Pass. to be still, at rest.

Π. intr. to be at rest.

specia, sor. t of aplσκω.

Therrow, sor. 1 of alperica.
Therew, Ion. for Thour, impf. of alpha.
"Hon, Ion. for Hoa.

ήρημαι, pf. pass. of alpha. ήρημωσι, aor. I of ερημόα. ήρηρει, 3 sing. plqpf. of αραρίστα. ήρηρειστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ερείδα.

ηρθην, 20r. I pass. of αίρω.

ηρι, (ηρ) Adv. early, at early morn; and ηρι του θέρους early in the summer.

Hotoavos, b, Bridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rhone or the Rhine.

others also for the Rhone of the Rhon 
ηρίθμεον, impf. of άριθμέω.
ηρίθμημαι, pf. pass. of άριθμέω.

ήρικε, 3 sing intrans. sor. 2 of tpelms.

ηρινόε, η, ω, (ηρ) – tapurbs, of or in the spring:
peut, ηρινόν and ηρινά as Adv., in spring.

'HPI'ON, τό, a mound, barrow, somb.

ήριπον, 20r. 2 of lpelma.

ήρι-πόλη, ή, fem. Adj. (ήρε, πολίω) early-scirring:
25 Subst. the morn, dawn.

Aptora, sor. I of epico.

Tipera, Tippea, pl. act. and pass. of elem-

```
houtvos, p., part. pass. of cooperate.
   everto, 3 sing. impf. of develua.
   processing, sor. I of aprioper.
  hoody, aur. I pass. of apico.
   ρόμην, impf. med. of alpe.
  profe or iprove, sor. I of dordie.
  ppmora, acr. 1 of topos.
                                  II. also of dolon
  pora, sor. I of apapions.
 ήρτημένος, pf. part. pass. of μρτάω.
  privavre, 3 pl. aor. I med. of derive.
  ρύγον, intrans. sor. 2 act. of ἐρεύγομαι.
  hρύκάκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δρύκω.
 πρχόμην, impf. of έρχομαι: also impf. med. of άρχω.
  pa, s sing. impf. of apaopa.
 how, poet, for how, dat, of how; how, acc.
 however, To, - howor.
  ρώησα, sor. I of lρωίω.
 ipolicies, i, or, (hour) of or for perces, berow:
hours perpor, the beroic verse, becameter.
 ipostry [1], contr. ipory, fem. of free a berifue.
 howitos, a, ov. - howinds.
  puls, thos, h, - houtry, a persine.
 πρώμην, impf. of άράομαι.
 ήρψον, τό, the temple or shrine of a vero: neut. from
 ήρφος, a, or, contr. of ήράδος, of or for beroes,
beroie: δ ήρφοι (sub. ρυθμόι), the heroic measure,
bexameter. From
 ηρωε, δ: gen. hows Att. how: dat. how contr. how:
acc. hour contr. how: pl. nom. and acc. howes, rarely
contr. four: -a bero: in Homer not restricted to
warriors, but applied to all free men of that age,
as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc.
Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who
sell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the pre-
                 III. Pindar represents them as a race
between gods and men, demigods, hulben, whether
those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or
Acnaeas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great
service to mankind.
                         IV. the heroes were in later
times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities,
etc.; as at Athens, the flower transpured were the heroes
after whom the ten outal were named. The fe unders
of a city were worshipped under this name.
 Tie, Dor. for Tr, 3 sing. impf. of elul sum.
  ora, Att. aor. I of does,
  σα, acr. I of ήδω.
 Horas, 2 king. of Huar.
 goov, 3 M. impf. of elul sum.
 now, Att. for ydecow, 3 pl. plaps. (in imps. sense)
of olda.
               II. for frame, 3 pl. impf. of elu ibo.
 фочето, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of форми.
  ores, fut. inf. of ίημι.
  pota, Acol. for he, 2 sinc. impl. of equ sum.
 horea, inf. of hou.
hoθένουν, impf. of doθενεω,
 क्विकिष्ण, 20r. I pass. of foomat.
    r<del>Osp</del>v, Att. sor. I pass. of delow,
```

σθιον, impl. of έσθαι

```
η σθόμην, αυτ. 2 οξ αλσθάσομαι.
 ήσθον, πιρι. οί έσθα.
 ήσι-eπής, έε, (ῖημι, ἔποε) a babbler.
 house, contr. for houser, 3 sing. impf. of doubles.
youar, Att. pf. pass. of delow.
 ησμεν, Att. for ήδειμεν, I pl. plapf. of olda.
 ησο, 2 sing. imperat. of ημαι.
 ήσσο Att. ήττο, ηε, ή, a defeat, discomfiture: e.
gen. defeat by, yielding to. From
 ήσσάομαι Att. ήτταομαι: fut. both med. and pass.
ήττήσομαι, ήσσηθήσομαι: 202. Ι ήσσήθην: οί. ήττη-
μαι:—Ion. ἐσσόρμει, see the word: Pasa: (ήσσον)
-to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten
worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to
be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's eause
Hence
 hoontes, a, or, and, in neut. plur. hoontea, verb.
Adj.: one must be beaten, submit.
 Accev. Att. impl. of discus.
 ήσσων, ήσσον, gen. oros: Att. ήττων: Ion. έσσων:
 -less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than
another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing.
(Used as irreg. Comp. of Positive manus: probably
formed from hea, hereros beins the Sup.)
 ήσται, 3 sing. of ημαι.
  στε, Att. for ήθειτε, 2 pl. plaps. of *είδω.
 horryv, for htyv, 3 dual impf. of elul sum.
 ηστην, Att. for joeiτην, 2 and 3 dual plaps. of rella.
 ήστο, 3 sing. impf. of ήμαι.
 ήστον, for ήτον, 2 dual impf. of elμl sum.
 ήστωσα, 201. 1 of αιστίω.
 ησύχα, neut. pl. of ησυχου, used like ησυχή.
 ήσυχάζω, f. σω, (ήσυχοε) to be still, quiet, at rest;
το ήσύχαζον της νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead
of night.
 hovixalos, a, or, poet, for hovxos, still, quiet, at rest.
 ησυχαίτερος, α, ον, irr. Comp. of ήσυχος, ήσυχαίες.
 ήστχή Dor. άσυχά, Adv. of ήσυχοι, quietly, gently.
 ήσυχία Dor. άσυχ-, ή. (ήσυχος) stillness, quiet,
peace; houxlar dyear or exer to keep quiet, be at
beace or at rest
                    2. rest. leisure, Lat. olium.
 ήσύχιμος Dor ασύχ-, ον, poët. fot ήσυχος.
 ήσύχιος, ον, rarely α, ον, poët. for ήσυχος.
 "HETXOE Dor. Loves, ov, still, quiet, at rest;
ξχ' ήσυχοι keep quiet.
                          2. quiet, gentle.
Comp. and Sup. were irreg. houxalrepos, -alraros;
                         III. Adv. -χω, also ήσυχή,
but also -ώτεροε.
and neut. pl. Houxa as Adv. [8]
 ήσχυγκα, pt. οι αlσχύνω.
 ήσχυμμαι, pf. pass. of alσχύνα.
 ῆσχῦνα, aor. Ι of αἰσχύνω.
  ησω, fut. of τημι.
 Я-те or Я те, Conj. or ako.
 ที-те or ที่ те, Adv. surely, doubtless.
 ήτε, for ήειτε, 2 pl. impf. of είμι ibo.
 ก็าวหล, สากุขล, pf. and eor. I of alrea.
  την, 3 dual impf. of elμl sum.
 ήτιάασθε, ήτιόωντο, Ep. s and 3 pl. impi. οι αιτιάομαν
```

ที่กลือน์มพุง, ก๊าโล้มอน, 201. I med. and pf. pass. of | c. acc. cognato, dxeiv ขัมมางา, namerión to utter, send

**п-то**, Conjunct.: II. = \$\pi\$ \tau\_0, full, surely, verily. III. = # ros, either in truth, followed by 1 ... , either ... , or ... .

thro(μασμαι, pf. pass. of έτοιμάζω, in med. sense. "HTOP, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the beart.

"HTPION Dot. drplov, to, the warp in a web of cloth (the woof being kpuky): in pl. frpia, a thin, ine cloth: hence, fit pia Bublar leaves made of strips if papyrus joined crossusse.

ਜτρον, τύ. (Ατορ) the belly, Lat. abdomen. ήττα, ήττάομαι, ήττων, etc., Att. tor ήσσ-. ήτω, for έστω, 3 ang. imperat. of alμί sum. नेप, neut. from नेपंट. In compds. with ev- or देए-, this is often lengthd. Ep. into 10-; v. sub ev-.

ηύδησα, ηύδηκα, acr I and impf. of αὐδάω. ηύδοκίμουν, impf. of εὐδοκιμέω.

ηύδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω. mufavov, impl. of aifavo.

ηύλησα, 201. Ι ος αὐλέω. ηύλίσθην, 201. 1 pass. of αὐλίζοι

η ὑξάμην, 201. Ι οί εὕχομαι

ηὐξήθην, ηὔξημαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αὐξάνω. ηύξηκα, ηύξησα, pf and sor. I of αυξάνω.

ηύρον, ηύρ έθην, aor. 2 act. and aor. I pass. of ευρίσκω. ที่จึง, neut. ที่ซึ่, Ep. for etts, good, brave.

**ἡῦσα, 2**οτ. 1 οί ἀτω. 「ῦ ϡ

ήθτε, Ep. Conjunct. as, like as. II. for ff, than; only once in Homer. νέφου μελάντερον ήθτε πίσσα, blacker than pitch. [v]

ηὐτρέπισμαι, pf. pass. of εὐτρεπίζω.

ηὐχόμην, impf. of εθχομαι.

Ήφαιστειος, a. or, (Ηφαιστος) of or for Vulcan, Lat. Vulcanius: το Ήφαιστείον οι Ηφαιστειον (sub. lepor) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ Ἡφαίστεια (sub. lepá), bie festival, Lat. Vulcanalia.

'Hφαιστό-πονος, ον. ('Hφαιστος, πονέω) wrought

Ήφαιστος, ov, δ, Hepbaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus, son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his birth, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp. of working in metal.

Ήφαιστό-τευκτος, ον, and Ήφαιστο-τευχής, έε,

("Ηφαιστος, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan.

ήφθα, Dor. 3 sing. 20r. I pass. of άπτω.

φι, Ep. for f.

hous, for doles, 3 sing. impf. or aplym (as if from άφίω).

ήφίουν, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφιέω).

ήφύσα, 201. τ ος άφύσσω.

ήφυσσόμην, impf. med. of αφύσσω.

ήχα, pf. of άγω.

ηχεσκον, Ioc. impf. of ηχέω.

ηχέτης, ου, δ, Ep. ηχέτα, (ηχέω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of othe grasshopper :- as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper, Lat. cicadu.

tixto Dor. axto [a]: f. how: -- to sound, ring, peal;

forth a hymn or wail. From

HXH Dor. axa, h, a sound: the temultuous nois: of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like laxy, a cry of sorrow, wail.

ήχήεις, εσσα, er, (ήχή) sounding, roaring, echoing ήχημα, ατοέ, τό (ήχέω) a sound.

 $\dot{\eta}$ χητής, οῦ, δ, and  $\dot{\eta}$ χητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ ν, =  $\dot{\eta}$ χέτης. ηχι, Ep. for η, Adv. where.

ηχθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of άχθομαι and έχθομαι ήχθημαι, pf. pass. of έχθομαι.

ήχθην, aor. I pass. of άγω. ηχθηρα, aor. I of έχθαίρω. ήχμασα, aor. I of αίχμάζα.

 $\eta_{XOS}$ ,  $\delta_1 = \eta_X \dot{\eta}$ .

ήχω Dor. αχώ, ή, gen. -600 contr. -000, = ήχή, reverberated sound, an eebo. II. as prop. n. Ήχώ Echo, personified as an Oread.

ђфато, 3 sing. sor. I of аттори.

ψησα, ήψήθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έψω. ήωθεν Dor. αωθεν Att. εωθεν, Adv. (ψών) from morn from peep of day, at dawn.

100., old Ep. gen. of note, have upo before dawn.

ήών, όνος, δ, Att. contr. for ήλών. ήφος, α, ον, at morn, at break of day. II. eas ern. From

HΩZ, ή, gen. i/oe contr. i/oûe: dat. i/o contr. hoi: acc. hua contr. hoi: - Att. ous, gen. ou, acc. i or far :- Dor. des :- Acol. aus :- the day-brea dawn, morning, opp. to please hasp mid-day, an delλη evening; acc., ηω the whole morning long; as ήοι at day-break. 2. the East, opp. to Copos. as the Greeks counted by mornings, two came t IL as prop mean a day: also the light of day.

n, Hos, Eos, Aurora, the goddess of morn,

(-), θ, θήτα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Gree alphabet: as numeral & - errea, braves, but #-9000. In Doric, o was often changed into o, a Lacon, σείοε 'Ασάνα σάω, for θείοε 'Αθάνα θάω; 3 also in Ion., βυσσόε for βυθόε. Θ was also change Acol. and Dor., into φ, as φήρ φλάω φλίβω for θή  $\theta \lambda \dot{a} \omega \theta \lambda \dot{b} \omega$ . Lastly,  $\theta$  sometimes stood for the roag breathing, as  $\theta a \mu \dot{a}$  for  $\dot{a} \mu a$ ,  $\theta \dot{a} \lambda a \sigma \sigma a$  for  $\dot{a} \lambda z$ .—On the ballots of the judges at Athens, @ stood for for foreres θάάσσω, Ep. for θάσσω, to sit, only in pres. and E

impf. Odagoor. θαείτο, 3 sing. impf. of Dot. θαέομαι.

Odeo, imperat, of Odoucu.

θαίομαι, Dor. for Att, θεάομαι Ion. θη έομαι. Henc Bánua, 76, Dor. for Béaua, a sight, spectacle.

θαητός, ή, όν, Dor. for θηητός, θεατός. θαίμάτια, crasis for τὰ ἰμάτια.

OAIPO'X, b, the binge of a door or gate. banto, f. how, (baros) to sit, esp. as a supplicant, t late a seat: c. acc. cognato, copas way spareis baseiv to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, a sitting as a suppliant: a seat. θάκηστε, εως, ή, (θακέω) a sitting, seat.

baros, é, (básse) a seat : Ion. buros.

θαλόμαξ, ακοε, ό, — θαλαμίτηε. θαλόμετρια, ατοε, τό, — θάλαμοε, α dark chamber or ivelling-place.

θάλάμη, ή, (θάλαμος) a lair, den, bole. [d]

θάλαμήτος, η, ον, (θάλαμος) of or for a chamber or hulling: fit for building one.

θαλάμη-πόλος, ον, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) waiting in

be lady's chamber. IL as Subst., θαλαμητύλου, i or ή, a bridegroom or bridesmaid.

θάλάμιος, α, ον, (θάλάμιος) belonging to the chamber.

As Subst.: I. θαλάμιος, δ, — θαλαμίτης. II.

has subst.: 1. σαλαμιου, σ, — σαλαμιτής.

haλαμία Ion. — iη (sub. κάνκη), the oar of the θαλα-

ultrys. 2. (sub. dwf) the bole in the ship's side through which this our worked, the port-bole.

θάλλμίτης, ου, δ. (θάλαμος) one of the rowers on the lowest bench of a triteme, who had the shortest

oars and the least pay: cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [7] . θάλαμόνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. to the bed-chamber.

OA'AA'MOZ, &, an inner room or ebamber:

1. the women's apartment, inner part of the bouse.

2. a bed-room, bride-chamber.

3. the storeroom.

any chamber or abode: a fold, pen for sheep. III. the lowest part or hold of the ship, in which the Cala-

per sat.

θάλασσα Att. ττα, ή, (δλε) the sea: Herodotus calls the Mediterranean ήδε ή θάλασσα, ή καθ' ήμας

θάλασσα, ή έσω θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it nostrum mars), and the Ocean ή έξω θάλασσα: metaph., θάλασσα καπῶν ' a sea of troubles.' 2. a well of

sale or brackish waver. Hence

θάλασσαίος, α, ον, - θαλάσσιος.

Palarreve, (Palarra) to be at sea, go by sea.

θαλάσσιος, a, or, also oe, or, (θάλασσα) of, in or on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. marinus; θαλάσσια anipya sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια animals living in the sea, opp. to χερσαία. 2. skilled

in the sea, nautical, maritime.

θάλασσο-κοπέω, f. ήσω, (θάλασσα, κόπεω) to strike the sea with the oar, make a splash: metaph. to make much ado about nothing.

much ado doout nothing. θάλασσο-κράπεω, f. ήσω, (θάλασσα, κραπέω) to be marter of the sea.

παιτο της του τους. Θάλασσα, πρατίω)
naster of the sea.

βάλασσό-πλαγκτος, ον, (βάλασσα, πλάζω) sea-

riven, tempest-tossed.

θάλασσό-πληκτος, ω, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) searaten.

θάλασσο-πορος, ον, (θάλασσα, πόρος) sea-faring. θάλασσ-συργός, έν, (θάλασσα, «ξργω) working at ea: as Subst., θαλασσουργός, ό, a fisherman.

θάλαττα, θαλάττιος, Att. for θάλασσ-. θάλοα, τά, (θάλεῖν) good cheer, comfarts, delights. θάλίθω, poët. for θάλλω, to bloom, flourisb.

θάλεια, ή, blooming, luxuriant, bounteous, ev διατλ θαλείη at the bounteous feast. It is fem. of an obsol.

Adj. Θάλυε, derived from θαλείν. II. as prop. n. Θάλεια, ή, one of the Muses, the blooming one: later

esp. the Muse of Comedy.

θαλείν, aor. 2 inf. of θάλλα.

θάλερός, ά, όν, (θαλείν) blooming, fresb: vigorous, active.

II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.

ictive. II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant. θάλορ-ωπις, εδοε, ή, (θαλερόε, άψ) with bright eyes.

θαλέω, Dor. for θηλέω.

Θάλης, δ, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλή, acc. Θαλήν: but also Θάλητος, ητι, ητα, and Θαλού: Thales of Miletus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece. Θαλία, ή, (θαλεῦν) bloom: metaph. good cheer, wealth, plenty: in plur. festivities, a feast.

θαλλήσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσω from θηλέω.

θαλλός, δ, (θάλλω) a young shoot, twig: δ τῆς ξλαίας θαλλός the olive-branch used at festivals; also,

leτηρ θαλλόε the branch carried by suppliants.
Θαλλο-φόρος, ου, (θαλλόε, φέρω) carrying olive-

branches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea. ΘΑ'ΛΛΩ, fut. θάλῶ: 201. 2 ἐθάλον: pf. τέθηλα (in pres. sense), part. τεθηλάν, Εp. fem. τεθάλυῖα; :

sing. plaps. τεθήλει:—to bloom, flourish, to shoot out, to swell, he rich in a thing: the part. τεθηλών is used absol. as Adj. swelling, rich abundant. 2. metaph. to bloom, flourish, prosper: to be at the height.

ΘΑ'ΛΟΣ, εοε, τό, like θαλλίε, a young shoot or branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch: metaph. a child, scion, Lat. stirps.

θαλπιάω, Ep. part. θαλπιόων, (θάλπω) to be or become warm, warm oneself.

θαλπνός, ή, /w, warming, fostering. From

θάλπος, εος, τό, (θάλπω) warmth, beat, esp. summerbeat; τὰ θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. soles. 2. metaph. a sting, smart, tingling.

Canatholos, or, warming. From

ΘΑ'ΛΙΙΩ, f. ψω: 201. I εθαλψα:—Pass., 201. I εθάλφθην: pf. inf. τεθάλφθαι:—to warm, beat. In metaph. to beat, inflame. 2. to foster, cherish, warm in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπωρή, ή, a warming: metsph. a comfort. θάλυκρός, ά, (ν, (θάλπω) warm, glowing.

Odλiona (ub. lepá), law, τά, (βαλείν) the firstling.

f the baruest, offering of first-fruits. [9] Hence
Θάλθσιάς, άδος, ή, fem. Adj., of or for the offering.

of first-fruits.

Oapá, Adv. (Spa) together in crowds, close, thick. II.

of Time, often, oft-times, frequent

θαμάκζε, Adv. – θαμά 11

Oaµβalve, to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, f. ήσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θάμβου):—10 be autonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing. θάμβου, εου, τό, autonishment, amazement, Lat. stu-

por. (From Root TAΦ-, see τέ-θησα.) Θάμέσε, oi, ai, dat. Θάμέσι, acc. θάμέσε, (θαμά) Sleep.

poët. pl. Adj. (with no sing. Capús), crowded, close, thick.

Banas, á, ór, (Baná) crowded, close, thick.

Θωμίζω, f. σω, (θαμά) to come often, Lat. frequentare:—to be often or constantly engaged with a thing. c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θάμενά, neut. plur. of θαμινός, as Adv., = θαμά.

θαμίνός, ή, ότ, = θαμειύε. Θάμνος, δ. (θαμινόε) τ busb, sbrub.

θάμνος, ο, (θάμινος) τουιο, ευτιο. θάν άστιος, ον, (θάνατος) deadly:—Adv. μως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. 11.

pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead. θανατάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die. θάνδτηφορία; ή, a causing of death. From

θάνατηφορία; ή, α causing of death. From θάνατη-φόρος, ον, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing θάνατιώω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.

θάνατόεις, εσσα, εν, (θάνατοι) deadly. θάνατόν-δε, Adv. to deatb.

III. a corpse.

θάνᾶτος, δ, (θάνεῖν) death; θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν τινόε to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θάνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death.

11. as prop. n., Θάνατοε, Death, the twin-brother of

θάνατούσια (sub. lepá), ίων, τά, (θάνατοε) a feast of the dead.

θάνατόω, f. ώσω, (βάνατου) to put to death: metaph. so mortify. II. to condense to death.

o mortify. 11. το consenie το accub θάνον, Ep. 201. 2 of θνήσκω.

θανείν Ερ. θανέειν, 201. 2 inf. of θνήσκω. θανείσθαι Ερ. θανέεσθαι, fut. inf. of θνήσκω.

·θανοΐσα, Dor. fem. part. 201. 2 of θνήσκω. θανοῦμαι, fut. of θνήσκω. ΘΑ΄ΟΜΑΙ: f. θήσομαι Dor. θάσομαι: inf. ἐθησά-

OA'OMAI: f. θήσομαι Dot. θάσομαι: inf. έθησάμην: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire

11. to gaze
upon, look at, see.

Oantéov, verb. Adj. of Gántw, one must berry

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω: 201. 1 θαψα · pl. τέταφα: Pass., fut. 2 τάψήσομαι, fut. 3 τεθάψομαι: 201. 1 ἐθάφθην, 201. 2 ἐτάφην [ἄ]: pl. τέθαμμαι, non. 3 pl. τεθάφαται: 3 sing. plapf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

ral rites to the dead: to oury, inter, entomo.

Θαργήλια, ων, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis,

held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Henc Θαργηλιών, ῶνος, ὁ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June

year, from middle of May to middle of June θαρραλίος, θαρρίω, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ... θαρραλίος, α, ον, (θάρσος) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: τὸ θαρράλεον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλεώτερος. Adv twith confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part. of θαρσέω.

Bapole Att. Bapple: f. how: (Bápose):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured; Bápost take courage! be of good beart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. rei, to feel confident about, have no fear for:—c. inf. to believe onfidently that. Hence

Papernors, eas, h, confidence in, reliance on.

ΘΑΥΣΟΣ or ΘΡΑ ΣΟΣ Att. βάρρος, τό, courage, boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ βάρση grounds of confidence.

θαρσούντως Att. θαρρούντως. Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly. conrageously

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω. θάρσύνος, ον, relying on a thing.

θαρσύνω Att. θαρρύνω. s. δνώ, (θάρσου) to encourage, cheer.

II. intr. = θαρσέω, to be of good courage. [0]

θάσαι, Dor. aor. I imperat. of θάομαι. θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. I inf. of θάομαι.

θασόμενος, Dor. for θησόμενος, fut. part. of θάομαι. Θάστος, α, ον. (Θάσου) from Thasos. Thasian: ἡ Θασία (sub. ἄλμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀνακυκῶν Θασίω to mix this pickle.

ΘΑ ΣΣΩ Ep. Cadorou, to sit, sit idle.

Ocorow Att. Octrow, or, Comp. of raxis, quicker, swifter: Ocoror as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, θατέρα, εcc έτεροε. θάττων, Αtt. for θάσσων.

θάττων, Att. for θάσσων.

θαθμα Ion. Θώνμα οτ θώμα, ατος, τό, (θαομαι) α

wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαθμα Ιδέσθαι α

wonder to behold; so, θαθμα ἀκοθσαι, μαθεῦ: τὰ

θαθματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols.

II.

wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ion. Θωθμ- οτ θωμ-: fut. -άσομαι Ερ. -άσσομαι, later in act. form -άσω: aor. I ἐθαύμΣσα: pf. τεθαύμακα: - Pass., fut. θαυμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐθαύμ μάσθην: (θαθμα):--to wonder, be astonisbed. 2. c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with

c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass to be looked at with wonder: c. part., bauphisonal paper my absence is wondered at.

θαυμαίνω, fut. ἄνῶ Ερ. ἄνίω, (θαῦμα) to tronder at. θαυμάστος, a, ον, Ion. θεῦμ- οτ θωμάστος, (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admurable, excellent Adv.—los, marvellously.

θαυμάσι-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (θαυμάσιοε, εργου) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglers.

Baymagray werk Adi of Bayma(a)

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

Caupacros Ion. Coup. or Coup., 4, is, (Caupais) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:

--admirable, excellent. Adv. --rus, wonderfully.

-- aanuravis, excellens. Adv. -των, wonder ally.
θαυμάτόομαι, Pass. (θαῦμα) to be regarded as s
wonder.

θαυμάτοποιίω, f. ήσω, to do wonderz. From θαυμάτο-ποιός, όν, (θαθμα, ποιίω) wonder-working: 2s Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτός, ή, όν, Ep. for θαυμαστίο. Θαυμάτουργίου, f. ήσω, θαυματοποιίου. From Θαυμάτουργός, όν, (Θαῦμα, °Εργω) — θαυματοποιές. Θάψαι, aor. I inf. of θάπτο.

Bantivos, q. or, yellow-coloured, sallow. From

libos, h. a plant or wood used for dysing yellow. from the island of Thapsos. \*θΑ'Ω, Ep. for the prose θηλάζω: 20π. I inf θησαι: -to suckle, feed: - Med., pres. inf. θησθαι, to suck, milk, έπηττανὺν γάλα θήσθαι milk to milk the year ound: 3 sing. 201. I, Ohoaro pa Cor be sucked the breast. ·θάω, Lacon. σάω, to see:—see θάωμαι. biá, ή, fem. of θεύε, α poddess; τὰ θεά (Att. τὰ θεώ), adual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: al σεμυαλ leal the Eumenides or Furies. θίλ, ή, (θεάομαι) a looking at, vine. IL a thing en, ugbt, speciacle. beabiven, h, aor. 1 inf. pass. of bedoput. biaiva, f, poet. for bea, a goddess. be-althros. ov. (beie, altea) asked of the gods. θέαμα lon. θέημα, ατον, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, pectaele. θεάμων, oros, δ, ή, (θεάομαι) a spectator. [ā] θεάομαι: f. θεάσομαι [ā], Ion. θεήσομαι: 201. Ι θεδσάμην: pl. τεθέδμαι: Dep.: (θάομαι):—to visus, aze at, behold; of becuperor the spectators in a heatre:—aor. I locabye in pass sense, to be seen. εε θάομαι, θη έομαι. θεάρός, δ. Dor. for θεωρός. θεάτής Ion. θεητής, οῦ, ὁ, (θεάομαι) α spectator. θε&τός, ή, ών, (θεάομαι) to be seen. bearpiles, f. on, (blarpor) to bring un the stage: to take a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame. θίατρον Ion. θέητρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for reing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the spectators, e audience. 3. = 0 tapa, the piece represented, a ow. [ā] <del>0e-erons, és, (deóe, eldoe) — deoeldhe.</del> θέσιον, τό, poët. for θεΐον, brimstone. biaos, n. or, Ep. for beios, divine. Bestouras, 3 sing. pres. pass. of bestow. Beado, Ep. for Ocido, to smoke with brimstone. θέεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω. θέηώ, Ion. for θέα. Bentos. n, ar, Ion. for décios, delos, divins. βε-ήλάτος, ον, (θεύε, έλαύνω) driven or pursued by god. 2. sent, caused by a god, II. built a god or for the gods. θέημα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα. θη-μάχία, ή, θεη-μάχος, ον. poöt. for ευεμθεήμων, oros, δ, ή, lon. for θεάμων. Ben-mohles, Gen-mohoe, ov. p et. for Geom-Benoreau, Ion. 2 sing fut. of Bedo par. θέησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω. dentife, où. 6, Ion. for deaths. θεητός, θέητρον, θεήτωρ, Ion. for θεατ-. Ma, η, lem. of θείοε, one's father's or mother's sister, unt. Lat. amita and matertera. θαάζω, f. σω. (θείοε) to practise divinations. Hence leacubs, b. practice of divinations. θεί $m{eta}$ ā $m{\theta}$ ev,  $m{\Theta}$ εί $m{eta}$ ā $m{\theta}$ ι, Aeol. for  $m{\Theta}$ η $m{eta}$ –, θείεν, 3 pl. 201. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θείην, 20ε. 2 ορι. οί τίθημι.

θείκελος, - θέσκελος. θειλό-πεδον, τό, (είλη, πέδον) a place in the sunsbine, where things were put to dry. θείμεν, for θείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι. Octom, acr. 2 inf. of τίθημι:-also acr. I inf. of θείναι. ΘΕΙΝΩ, fut, θενώ: 201. Ι έθεινα: 201. 2 έθείνας only in imperat. Géve, subj. Géve, inf. Geveir, part, θενών:—to strike, dash θειό-Βομος, ον, (θείος, δέμω) god-built. belouse, Ep. for béwher, bwher, I pl. 201. 2 subj. of τίθημι. θείον Εp. θέσιον, τό, (θείοε) brimstone, Lat. su!fur. Celov, 76, neut. of Ocioe, used as Subst., the Divine II. Tà Beia, the acts or attributes. Being, Deity. of the gods. 2. religious observances. belos, a, or, (beog) of or from the gods, Lat. divinue. sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. bonour of a god, boly, sacred. 3. godlike, superbuman, extraordinary, excellent. OETOZ, o, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle. Lat, patruus and avunculus: fem. bela. Becorépos, Adv. Comp. of Octor. θειότης, ητος, ή, (θείος) divine nature, divinity. θειό-χροος, ον, contr. --χρους, ουν, (θείον, χρία) brimstone-coloured. θειόω Ep. θεειόω: f. ώσω: (θείον):—to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify. θείς, θείσα, 201. 2 part. of τίθημι. θείτε, θείσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι. θείτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι. Belw, poet. for bew, to run. θείω, Ep. for θέω, θώ, 20r. 2 subj. of τίθημι. below, Adv. of beios, by divine providence: Comp. θειστέρωε, by more special providence. θαι-ώδης, εε, (θείον, είδοε) brimstone-like, Lat. sulθελγεσί-μύθος, ον. (θέλγω, μύθος) of soft, persuasive speech. θέλγεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέλγω. θέλγητρον, τό, (θέλγω) a charm or spell. ΘΕ'ΛΓΩ, f. fw: 201. I έθελξα:—Pass., 201. I έθέλ-YOUN: -to stroke with magic power, to charm, en chant, spell-bind, Lat. mulceo: to cheat, cozen. θέλεος, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary. θέλημα, ατοι, τό, (θέλω) will. θέλησις, κας, ή. (θέλω) a willing, will. θελκτήρ, ήρος, δ. (θέλγω) a charmer. Hence beduthprov, to, a charm, spell, enchantment, means or power of charming: neut. from θελκτήριος, ον, (θέλγω) charming, enchanting. θέλκτρον, τό, - θελκτήριον, a charm. θελιστωρ, ορος, δ, ή, = θελκτήρ.θέλξαι, sor. I inf. of θέλγω. θελξεί, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλγω. θελξί-νοος, or, contr. -νους, ουν, (θέλγω, νοίε) ebarming or witching the heart. θελξί-πικρος, ον, (θέλγω, πικρύε) deliciously bitter. θελξί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θέλγω, φρήν) = θελξίνοοε.

θέλουσα, Dor. for θέλουσα, fem. part. of θέλω. θέλυμνα, τά, = θέμεθλα.

ΘΕΛΩ, impf. loeλor: fut. θελήσω: 201. 1 loeλησα: shortened form of loeλω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; "Αμμωνου θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμείλια, τά, Ερ. for θεμέλια, – θέμεθλα; θεμείλια θέσαν οτ προβάλοντο they laid the foundations. Θεμελιόθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus.

Αεμέλιον, τό, as sing. of Θεμείλια, the foundation: τὰ θεμέλια – θεμείλια, θέμεθλα. From

θεμέλιος, οτ, (τίθημ) belonging to the foundation. II. 21 Subst., θεμέλιοε (sub. λίθοε), δ, a foundation stone; of θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

Ocualibe, i. bow, to lay the foundation, found firmly:

—Pass, to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμενοι, Ερ. for θείναι, 20π. 2 inf. of τίθημι. θέμενου, 20π. 2 med. part. of τίθημι.

Cepepos, or, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

Benep-ame, idos, 4, (Benepos, an) of serious countenance, bonest.

θεμίζω, (θέμιε) to regulate, punish, control: Mcd., poöt.cor. I θεμίσσασθαι to regulate for oneself, control. θεμίπλεκτος, ον, (θεμίε, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

ΘΕΜΙΣ, ή, Ep. gen. θέμιστος, acc. θέμιν:--in Homer as prop. n. Oipus, Oipustos, acc. Oipusta: but Att. gen. Θέμιτος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. I. law, Θέμν; Ion. gen. Θέμων, νος. Θέμ: right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμιο έστί 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; δ θέμιο έστί as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl. 0éμιστεε, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence 3. existing laws or ordinandues, tribute, etc. A. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences. III. Θέμιε as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, Justice.

θεμι-σκοπός, όν, (θέμις, σκοπέω) heeping order. θεμισ-κρέων, οντος, ό, reigning by right.

θέμιστα, ας, Ερ. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμιε. θαμιστείος, α, ον, (θέμιε) lawful, righteous.

Demorrebes f. see, (Demorbe) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμιε

θαμοτο-πόλος, ον, (θέμιε, πολέω) ministering law and right

Θεμιστός, ή, όν, (θεμίζω) sanctioned by law, lawful. Θεμίτος, ή, όν, Ερ. for θεμιστός

**ΘΕΜΟ'Ω**, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. 1, ripa θέμωσε χέρσον inέσθαι be forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

-θew, insep. Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to -δε, as, οίκοθεν, ούρωνίθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διύθεν, θεύθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally -ver was the genit, termination, as appears from epider, older, eder

θένἄρ, ἄροε, τό, (θένω, θείνω) the part of the ban with which one strikes, the flat of the band: άλδε θέ vap the surface of the sea.

θέο, Ep. 2 sing. sor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι θεοβλάβέω, to sin against the gods. From θεο-βλάβήε, έε, (θεδε, βλαβήναι) stricken of God visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γεννής, έε, (θεύε, γέντα) begotten of a god. θεό-γλωσσος, or, (θεύε, γλώσσα) with the tongu of a god.

beoγονία, ή, the generation or genealogy of the god the title of a poem of Hesiod. From beb-γονοε, ον, (θεδε, \*γένω) born of God.

θεο-δέγμων, σν, gen. σνος, (θεός, δέχομαι) receiving a god. θεο-δήλητος, ον, (θεός, δηλέομαι) burtful to the

majesty of the gods.

•eo-868auros, or, (Peós, 8e8ássus) taught of God. [i
•eó-8µnros, or, Dor. -8µaros, a. or, (Peós, 8épe

god-built, made or founded by the gods.

Deb-boros, or, = Debadoros.

Beo-erbije, le, (Bede, elbos) divine of form, beautrou as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup. Bearblestarou

Peo-elkeλos, or. (θεόε, είπελοε) godlike.

Peoeχθρία, ή, α being bated by the gods. From

Peó-eχθροι, οr, (θεόε, ἐχθρόε) bated by the gods.

Peóθεν, old gen. of θεόε, used as Adv., from the god

Lat. divinitus.

θέοισα, Dor, for θέουσα, fem. part, of θέω. θεοκλύτέω, f. ήσω, to call the gods to aid, to invok divine vengeante: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλύτος, ον, (θείε, κλύω) calling on the gods.

θεό-κλύτος, ον, (θείε, κρώνω) wronght by the gods.

θεό-κρίτος, ον, (θείε, κρώνω) judging between gods.

θεό-κτιστος, ον, and θεό-κτίτος, ον, (θείε, κτίζω created by God.

θεο-μανής, έε, (θεύε, ματήται) maddened by the gods. λύσσα θεοματής madness caused by the gods.

Octo-μαντις, case, δ, (Octo, μάντιε) one subo bas a · prisof profisery.

Seoutice, to fight against God: and Seoutice, to fight against God: and Seoutice, the battle of the gods, as certain boot of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχοε, or, (θεύε, μάχομαι) fighting against Go... θεο-μήστωρ, opos, δ, (θεύε, μήσταφ) like the gois in counsel.

Peo-μΙσής, έε, (θείε, μισέω) bated of the gods.

Peó-μορος Dor. Pείμ., or, (θείε, μόρος) destined of allotted by the gods.

II. blessed by the gods.

Peó-μορφος or (θεος μορφή) of form divine.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεοε μορφή) of form disine. Θεο-μύσής, έε, (θεόε, μύσοε) abominable before th rods

Och-wave, wardor, δ, ή, (Ocle, wair) child of the gods.
Och-wepwros, or, (Ocie, wepww) sent by the gods.
Och-wepwros, or, (Ocie, welw) inspired of God.
Ocoworks, to make into gods, deify. From

Sec-works, br. (Sebs, works) making status, of gods. \ Sec-boppros, or, (Sebs, pople) in pired by a god. θεό-πομπος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) god-vent.

bec-moverton, or, (bede, novie) wrought by a god. θεο-πρεπής, έε, (θεόε, πρέπω) befitting a god. Adv. -TÛ1.

beomponies, to prophety, in part. Geomponies; and beompowia, if, or -uev. 76, a prophecy. From θεο-πρόπος, (θεόε, πρέπω) prothette, boding, divin-

ing: as Subst., Ocospósos, o, a prophet. public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf. Ceaple.

θές πτυστος, αν, (θεός, πτύω) abborred by the gods. beb-wopos, or, (sede, wip) kindled by the gods. Ot-optos, or, (beds, oprepai) sprung from the gods. OEOZ, & Lat. DEUS, God: in Homer either God, as, Gede dwee God will grant; or, bede tie a god, come particular god: later the Deity, like to below :oùr beg, odr beois, obn areube beoû. Lat. non sine dies, by the will of God; bree bedr against his will:

- as an oath, spòs been by the gods, in God's name. II. fem. beve, for bea, bearra, a goddens: csp. in Att. phrace τω θεω, the two goddenses, i. c.

Ceres and Proserpine. III. as Adj. in Comp.

Octorepoe, more divine. . θεόσ-δοτος, αν, (θεύς, δίδωμι) given by the gods.

θεόσ-δωρος, αν, poët. for θεοδώρητος. θεοσέβεια, ή, the worship or fear of God. From 900-σεβής, έε, (θεόε, σέβομαι) worshipping God, re-

ligious, devout. Adv. -βώs, religiously. θεό-σεπτος, ον, (θεύε, σέβομαι) worshipped as a god.

θεο-σέπτωρ, οροε, ό, - θεοσεβήε. θεοσ-εχθρία, ή, (θεόε, έχθρόε) batred of the gods,

ungodlineu, impiey.

Deog-gives, or, post, for believres, sent by the gods. **Θεο-στήρικτος**, ον, (θεόε, στηρίζω) supported by God. Θεο-στίβής, έε. (θεύε, στιβεῦν) trodden by God.

Θεο-στύγης, έε, (θεόε, στυγέω) bated of the gods or √ God, abominable. II. act. bating God. Θασ-στύγητος, or bated of the gods.

θεά-σύτος, poët. also θεόσ-συτος, ον. (θεύε, σεύω) enst by the gods.

θεδ-ταυρος, δ, (θείε, ταῦροε) the god-bull, a name for Cous changed into a bull.

Beo-τείχης, es, (θεύε, τείχου) walled by the gods. Θεό-τευκτος, ον, (θεός, τεύχω) made by God. Θεότης, ητος, ή, (θεός) divinity, divine nature.

Θεο-τίμητος, αν. (θεύε, τιμάω) bosoured of God. **Ge6-Tyros, or, boscoured of God.** 

Bed-rearce, or, (leve, telew) directed by the gods. Beo-τροφής, ές, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods. Becricia. 4, the fear of God, boliness.

Decretia, és, (veis, béos) fearing god, godly. Hence 960-φάνια (sub. lepá), τά, (θεύε, φανήναι) a festival Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shewn

she people. عمر المنافعة على المنافعة على المنافعة والمنافعة المنافعة المنافع Lodev, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of beca: csp. placase, leiger photop drakartos.

act. carrying a god or goddens.

θεο-φόρος, αν. (θεύε. φέρω) bearing a god. θεύφορου, ov, borne or possessed by a god, inspired. θεό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded. godly, devout, Lat. cius.

θεόω, f. ώσω, (θεύε) to make into a god, deify. Departativa and -vis, ibos, f, fem. of Departate, a

waiting-maid, bandmaid. θεράπεία Ion. –ηίη, ή, (θεραπεύω) a waiting on, service attendance; Beparela Beŵr divine worsbip,

a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical treatment. 3. a courting paying court. body of attendants, suite, retinue.

θεράπευμα, ματοε, τό, (θεραπεύω) service done. α/tendance, nurture: medical treatment

θεράπευτέον, verb. Adj. of θεραπεύω, one must cul-

tivate: also one must cure. θεράπευτήρ, ήρος, δ, and θεραπευτής, οῦ, (θεραveio) an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician. θεράπευτικός, ή, όν, (θεραπεύω) inclined to serve. attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; h

θεραπευτική (sc. τέχνη) the bealing art.

θεράπεύω, f. σω, (θεράπων) to wait on, attend, serve: to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to worsbip: to serve, attend, pay observance to. pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, attend to, Lat. inservire commodo. 3. C. acc. rei, to take care of, provide for; deparevely to sapiv, to provide for the present; θεραπεύειν ημέρην to observe a day, keep it boly. 4. to tend the sick, to treat medically, to beal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate,

Departm. Ion. for Departia.

θεράπητος, η, or, Ion. and post. for θεραπευτικύε. θεράπνη, ή, post. for θεράπαινα, a bandmaid: -- and.

θεραπνίε, ίδοε, ή, poët. contr. from θεραπαινίε. θεράποντίε, ίδοε, ή, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid.

ΘEPATIΩIF, ovros, b, an attendant, servant, differing from δούλος, as implying free service; in Homer, a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so, kings were Διδε θεράποντες, warriors θεράποντες Αρησε, poets Μουσάων θεράποντες. II, in Chios, the departores were slaves.

θέραψ, δ, rare form for θεράπαν, only found in accus. θέραπα, nom. pl. θέραπες.

θέρειος, a. or, (θέρος) of, belonging to summer, in summer; αύχμθε θ. summer-drought; ή θέρεια, Ion. Bepely (with or without Equ.), summer-time, summer. θερέω, Ep. for θερώ, 201. 2 pass. subj. of θέρω:

θερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: 201. Ι ἐθέρισα εγακορ. έθρίσα: - Pass., aor. Ι έθερίσθην: pf. τεθέρισμαι: (bépos):—to mow, reap, cut, barvest com:—metaph. to more down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. also to pack up. II. intr. to pass the summer; cf. ἐαρίζω, χειμάζω.

Suplaces, a, or, - Olpesor; reported Septreau the summer solution, i. e. the 21st of June. [1]

Bepirbs, 4, br, (04pos) prose form for 04peros, of,

in, or during summer.

θεριστέε, δ. (θερίζω) a mousing, reaping, barvesting. Θεριστέε, οδ. δ. (θερίζω) a mouser, reaper, barvest-man. Θερίστεριον οτ θέριστρον, τό, (θερίζω) a light summar-garment, opp. to χειμάστριον.

Bequalves, f. &rês: aor. 1 ἐθέρμηνα: (θερμόο):—to warm, heat:—Pass. to become warm or hot, grow hot, glow: metaph., θερμώνεσθαι ἐλπίσι to glow with hope.

θέρμη, ή, (θερμό») beat, feverish beat. II. θέρμαι, el, bot-springs, Lat. thermae.

θερμό βλυστος, στ. (θερμός, βλέω) bot-bubbling. θερμό βουλος, στ. (θερμός, βουλή) bot in counsel, rasb. θερμό-βότης, ου, δ. fam. θερμό-βοτις, ιδος, ή, (θερμός, βίδωμ, one subo brought the bot water (Let. ealds) at baths or sacriftess, Let. caldarius. θερμο-εργός, (στ. — θερμουργία.

Bepub-vous, our, (bepule, vous) beated in mind.

Θερμο-πόλαι, εν, αξ. (Θερμός, πόλη) Hot-Gates, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πόλαι [8]

θερμότι, ή, ίσ', also poöt. όε, ότ', (θέρει): warm, bot, boiling II. metaph. bot, basty, rash, reciless. 2. active, ready. III. τδ θερμότ, best, Lat. calor: also, θερμότ (sub. δδαρ), bot drink, Lat. calda: τὰ θαρμά (sub. χαρία), bot places, or (sub. λουτρά), bot bash.

OEPMOZ, &, the lupine.

θορμο-τράγδια, ί. ήσω, (θ έρμου, τρέτγω) to eat lupines. θορμ-συργός, ότ. (θερμόυ, \*έργω) doing bot and basty acts, rash, reskless, impetuous.

Chopses, only used in pres. imperst. and in impf. (θέρω) to warm, beat, make bot:—Pass. to grow bot.

Olpos. 76, (Olpo) summer, summer-time: summerbest: 70 Olpos, absol., during summer; 700 Olpos in the source of summer. II. a barvest, a srop.

ΘΕΡΩ, fut, θέροω, to warm, beat:—Homer uses only Pass. θέρομαι, with fut. med. θέρουμαι, nor. 2 δθέρομ in subj. θέρέω for θερώ: to become warm, grow bot, warm oneself; πυρος θέρεσθαι to be burnt with fire.

θέε, sor. 2 imperat. of τίθημι.

θέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. acr. 2 of τίθημι.

6600as, sor. 2 inf. med. of riby me.

θίσθο, θίσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. act. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

Otore, ease, th. (ribnju) a setting, placing, arranging; buttor blow a setting of words in verse, poetry. If a deposit of money, earnest-money. III. adoption as the child of some one; cf. berbe. IV. (from Pass. ribestbu) a being placed, position, situation. 2. a position or thesis to be proved. V. in metre the last half of the foot, in which the voice falls, app. to the first half (depth), in which it rises.

θέσ-καλοε, οτ. (θεόε, έίσκω, ໂσκω) godlike: but generally, marvellous, wondrous, always of things, θεσείκελοε being used of persons; θέσκελα έργα works of wonder; neut. as Adv., έίκτο δὶ θέσκελον αὐτῷ he was wondrous like him.

θίσμιος Dor. τίθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) according to law, lauful, legitimate: θίσμια, τά, 25 Sabst. laws. customs, rites.

beσμο-θέτης, ου, δ. (θεσμές, τίθημι) α laugiver. II.
the θεσμοθέται at Athens were the sin junior archons:
after their year expired they became members of the
Arcopagus.

θεσμο-ποίδω, f. ήσω, (θεσμός, ποιδω) to make laws θεσμο-πόλος, ω, (θεσμός, πολδω) conversant will laws or ensioms.

θοσμός Dor. τοθμός, δ: irreg. pl. θεσμά, τά: (τί θημι):—a law, rule, ordinance, Lat. institutum: e rite, form, institution.

2. at Athens, Draco's law were called θεσμοί, because each began with the word θεσμός; Solon's laws were named νόμοι. Heñce

θεσμοσύνη, ή, justice, like δικαιοσύνη.

θεσμοφόρια, επ, τά, (θεσμοφόρου) the Thesmophoria an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter Θεσμοφόρου: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφοριάζει, f. σω, to keep the Thesmopharia; a. Θεσμοφοριάζουσαι, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφόριον, τό, the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφίρου.

θεσμο-φόρος, ον. (θεσμός, φέρω) law-giving: epith. of Demeter, Lat. Ceres, as the goddess of tiliage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφόρω Ceres and Proserpine, who were worshipped together at the Thesmophoria.

θεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄεοε, δ. mostly in pl., θεσμο-φύλακτε, like νιμο-φύλακτε, guardians of the law, a magistracy at Elis. [b]

Par-Moroe, a, or, also os, or, (θεόε, έποε) of the voice, divinely sweet.

II. more than mortal or human: unspeakable, ineffable, and generally - θεῶε, divine: dat. fem. θεσπεσίμ (sub. βουλή) as Adv., by the will of God.

2. wondrous, marvellous, excellent.

3. of anything sent by God, and so, angul, fearful. Hence

βεσπεσίμε Adv. in dising manner: θεσπεσίμε λεί.

Cornective, Adv. in divine manner; Georgeoles λφόβηθεν they trembled unspeakably.

Count-Safe, to, (blows, Sales A) kindled by a god;

Beowidals wip, supernatural, furious fire.

Beowidans, fem. Adj. (Beowie, Evec) prophetic.

According for law Ass. D. Lee Mr. Beowies an

Secrette: fut, low Att, ib, Ion. inf. Scoreteer: soc. 1 Westerna Dor –ifa: (Olorie):—to declare by eracle, prophesy, divine.

Secretara, Dor. for Secricara, acr. I part. fem. of forez.

History, or, = Hestisus.

θέσ-πιε, ιοε, δ, ή, (θεδε; έπου) inspired, prophetic, secred.

II. — θεδου II, distine, wondrows and sil.

θέστασμα, ατου, τό, (θεσυίζω) απ oracle.

becomable, f. how, to sing in prophetic strain. From

becaused be, by, (blown, sidh) singing in prophetic train, prophetic.

Βεσσάλός Att. Θετταλός, δ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ίδος, σ [besselien: also as Adj., Θεσσαλον σόφισμα a Thensalian trick, from the faithless character of the people. bloosedes, to pray for: a defect. post. 201: 1, of which we find only 3 pl. Olesowro, part. Olessá peros. (Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτη-λόγος, ον, (θέσφατος, λέγω) prophetic. θίσ-φάτος, αν, (θεόε, φημί) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θέσφατα, Ik like beios, made by God, divine.

Θετίδαον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From Geres, 1800, d. Thetis, one of the Nereids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θέτο, Ep. 3 sing. 2 or. 2 med. of τίθημι. θετόε, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set.

n. adopted as one's child.

6e9. Dor. and Ion. 20r. 2 imperat, med. of τίθημι. θεύ μορος, ον, Dor. for θεόμορος.

bevs, b and h, Dor. for bebs, a god. bevorquas, I will run, fut. of bles. bev-dopla, if, Dor. for beodopia.

ΘΕΩ Ep. also belo : fut, θεύσομαι :-- to run ; θέων redicto to run over the plain; repl tolrodos beer to run for a tripod; wepl wuxije Europoe beeir to run for Hector's life; later also, their tor tepl the wayne (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a III. of things which run in a conrolling stone. tinuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, deruf & supary vier doubles the rim which ran round

at the verge of the shield. Bed, contr. for sedov, imperat. of sedopar.

θέωμεν, Ion. for θώμες, 1 pl. 20r. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

Comples, L form, (Geophe) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to festivals. contemplate, consider. II. to be a beapós or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games. Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τοδμών δμμα

barring made my eyes behold; but see laples. Hence Θεώρημα, ατος, τό, a sight, spectacle. thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced:

in Mathematics, a theorem.

Occupythypov, 76, (beapla) a seat in a theatre. Occupation, 4, 60, (beaple) of or for speculation, rbearetie.

Occupies, 4, (beaples) a looking at, viewing, beholding, descring; beaplas elvener for the purpose of seeing be world: esp. the being a spectator at the public ZIDCI. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflec-

iot. II. the sending of tempol or state-ambasadors to the oracle or games: also the body of  $\theta$ earof themselves. 2. the office of Hempos. III.

256. a sight, spectacle.

Dempunds, h, iv, (Dempos) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors (Geopol). τά θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obeis the seat), but also for other purposes.

Semple, Bos, h, with and without rave, a sacred ship which carried the Occipoi to their destination; need also for other state-purposes. From

bemple, 6, (beds, wpa) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things, II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:—the Athenians sent seepol to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean. and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, α, ον, Comp. of θεόε, more divine.

Θηβά-γενής, ές, (Θήβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Office, Adv. at Thebes. OhBale, Adv. to or towarde Thebes. From

OH BAI, ev, al, poét, also Θήβη, ή, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Bosotian, and another in the Troad. all in Homer, who uses both sing, and plur, of all,

Oηβαι-γενής, έε, - Θηβαγενήε: and

OnBareus, eas Ion. éos, epith. of Jove, Theban :so OnBaios, a, ov, and OnBaixos, h, br. Theban.

Onβais, idos, ή, (Θήβαι) the Thebais, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thebaid, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

<del>Θήβασδε,</del> poĕt. Adv., – Θήβαζε.

<del>Θήβη, ν. Θήβαι</del>.

Θήβησιν poet. Θήβησι, (Θήβαι) Adv. at Thebes. θηγάλέος, a, ov, (θήγω) pointed, sbarp.

act. sbarpening. θηγάνη, ή, (θήγω) a whetetone: metaph. anything

to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [d]  $\theta \eta \gamma \dot{\alpha} v \omega_1 = \theta \dot{\eta} \gamma \omega_1$ 

ΘΗΤΩ, f. Onfw: aor. I Sonfa:-Pass., pf. τέθηγμαι:—to sbarpen, whet:—Med., δίρυ θήξασθαι to what one's spear. II, metaph, to sharpen, provoke, irritate.

θηείτο, 3 sing. impf. of θηέσμαι.

θηθομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ion. form of θεάομαι: Dor. θιéopas:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. εθηείτο Ep. θηείτο, Ion. 3 pl. εθηεύντο Ep. θηεῦντο; ἐθηεύμεσθα Ιου. I pl.; θηεύμενοε Ion. part.: θηήσαιο, –αιτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. I opt.: cf θάομαι.

θήης, Ep. for θη̂ε, 2 sing. aor. 2 snbj. of τίθημ. θηητήρ, ήροι, δ. Ion. for θεατής, (θη έσμαι) οπε ευδο gazes at, an admirer.

θηητός, ή, ών, Ion. for θεατύε, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήτον, τό, Ep. for θείον, brimstone.

Ohios. Ep. for beios, divine. θήκα, Ep. 201. 1 of τίθημι.

Oqualos, a, or, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

repulciors of the dead; elimpa onealor a burial vault. From

θίκα, ή, (τίθημι) a case to put anything in, a bon, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault.

θηκτόε, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of θήγω, sharpened.

•ηλάζω, fut. άσω Dor. άζω: (θηλή):—to give suck, suckle.

II. of the child, to suck; θηλάζων sucking,

Ohles, Ion. fem. of θηλυε.

θηλέω Dor. θαλέω, f. ήσω, (θηλή) to flourish abound; e. gen., λειμώνει ίου ήδε σελίνου θήλεον the meadows were rich with violets and parsley. II. to make to bloom.

θηλή, ή, (τέθηλα) the part of the breast which gives

mick, the teat, nipple.

θηλυ-γενής, έε, (θήλυε, γενέσθαι) of female sex. θηλύ-γλωσσος, ου, (θήλυε, γλώσσα) with woman's

θηλυδρι-ώδης, es, (θηλυδρίας, είδος) of womanish kind, effeminate.

Φηλυ-κράτης, is, (θήλυς, κρατίω) swaying women.
Φηλυ-κτόνος, ω, (θήλυς, κτείνω) slaying by women's
bends.

θηλυ-μάνής, έε, (θήλυε, μανήναι) mad for women. θηλυ-μελής, έε, (θήλυε, μέλοε) singing in seft train.

Φηλυ-μίτρης, ου,  $\delta$ , ( $\theta$ ηλυς, μίτρα) with a woman's bead-dress: fem. Φηλύμιτρις, εδος,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ .

θηλύ-μορφος, ον. (θήλυε, μορφή) woman-shaped. Φηλύ-νοος, νοον, contr. θηλύνους, ουν. (θήλυς, νοῦς of womanish mind.

θηλύνω, f. drŵ: 201. I εθήλονα:—to make soeak and womanish:—Pass. to become 20.

Φηλύ-πουε,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , —πουν,  $\tau \hat{\phi}$ , gen. —ποδοε, (θήλυε, πούε) θηλύπουε βάσιε the tread of femals foot.

θηλυ-προπής, ές, (θῆλυς, τρέπω) befitting a woman. Θήλυς, εια, ν, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem. θήλυς, εια, ν, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem. θήλυς, εια, ν, also fem. θήλυς: Ερ. and Ion. fem. θήλυς με εναι το female sen, female, opp. to άρρην; θήλεια θεώς a goddess; θήλειαι έπποι mares. 2. generally, of or belonging to women; τὸ θῆλυ the female sex. III. of things, I. fruitful, prolifie, nourisbing. 2. tender, delicate: in bad scnse, womanish, weak, effeminate.

III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, α, ον [i], in used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτερα θεαί οτ γιναίκες.

θηλύ-σποροε, ον, (θήλυε, σπείρω) born of woman; γέννα θηλύσποροε a race of females.

θηλύτερος, α, ον, ν. θηλυε sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ον, (θηλυε, τεκείν) bearing girls.
θηλύ-φρων, ον, (θηλυε, φρήν) of woman's mind.
θηλύ-χίτων, gen. ανος, δ, ή, (θηλυε, χιτάν) with a

woman's frock or dress. [1] bim in the parties of t

θήμετέρου, by crasis for του ήμετέρου.

θήμισυ, by crasis for τὸ ήμισυ.

θημών, ώνος, δ, (τίθημι) like θωμός, a beap

Ohe, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, surely now; \$ one in very truth; of one surely not.

θηξάσθω, 3 sing. 201. I imperat. med. of θήγω. θησίο, Ep. for θεψο, 2 sing. opt. of θηέσμαι.

OHP, δηρύε, Ep. dat. pl. δήρεσσι, δ, a mild beast, a beast of prey: joined with a Subst., as δήρ λόκου. 2. any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also eatyrs.

Ohpa Ion. Ohpη, η, (Ohp) a bunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase:—eager pursuit of anything. II. in collective sense, the beasts, the game, quarry.

θηρ-αγρότης, ου, δ, (θήρα, άγρεὖω) α bunter. Θήραμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) that sobich is caught, prey, boots.

θηράσιμος, ον, (θηράω) to be caught or won.

Φηράτίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of θηράω, to be caught or won.

II. θηρατίον, one must catch or win.

θηράτής, οῦ, ὁ, (θηράω) a bunter, bunter after.

Θηράτικός, ἡ, όν, οϳ οι for the chase, devoted to bunting; τὰ θηρατικά τῶν φίλων the arts for winning friends.

Ohpārpev, τύ, (Onpāu) a thing to eatch with, a net, trap.
Onpāu, f. άσω οι Θηράσομα: (Ohpa):—to bunt wild beasts, to chase, fursus, catch.

2. metaph., like Lat. venari, to bunt after a thing, pursus, seek it sagerly.

II. the Med. Θηρώμαι is used in Act. sense, to bunt after, seek for: also in Pass, to be hunted, pursued.

Office, dual, nom. of the

Ouperon, or, (6hp) of, belonging to wild beauts. Lat ferinus: Ongela βla, periphr. for δ Ohp, the centaur

п

Ohosoon, Ep. for Ohosi, dat. pl. of oha

θήρουμα, ατοι, τύ, (θηρευω) sfoil, prey, gume bunting.

Ofperous, eas, \$, (Onperou) a busting, the chase i metaph. a busting after.

δηρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (θηρεύω) a bunter; κίνεσσι και ἀνδράσι θηρευτήσιν with hourls and buntsmen also a fisher. Hence

σηρευτικός, ή, ίσ, of, belonging to the chair or huning; κύνες θ. bunting dogs, bounds: ή θηρευτική with and without τέχνη), the art of bunting, the chair σηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ) – θηράω, to bunt, τυπ dozen, catch: to bit, strike: metaph. to bunt or seek after Pass, to be bunted: also to be preyed upon

θηρέω, lon. and Dor. for θηράω θήρημα, τό, lon. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ήροε, and θηρήτωρ, οροε, δ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατήε, α bunter.

θηριομάχεω, ε ήσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) a fight we's wild beasts. From

θηριο-μάχος, or, fighting with wild beauts

Onploy, ro, in form a Dim. of the, but reed for it almost always in Prose, a wild animal, bea comp. of such as are bunted, game: a beast, brute, as opp to birds and men. III. as real Dim. of the, a listle animal. III. as a term of reproach, beaut like Lat, bellua, & Serbiraror of One loss.

Inguiding, es, (Inglor, elico) full of wild beauts, infested by them, Lat. belluosus. II. brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage, Lat. belluinus.

ProcBolie, L fow, to strike or kill wild beasts. From θηρο-βόλος, ev, (θήρ, βάλλω) killing wild beasts. θηρο-βότος, ον, (θηρ, βόσκω) fed on by wild beasts. θηρό-θίμος, or, (θήρ, θυμός) with brutal mind, brutal. θηρο-κτόνος, αν, (θήρ, κτείνα) killing wild beasts. θηρ-ολέτης, ου, δ, (θήρ, δλλυμι) a slayer of beasts. θηρο-νόμος, ον, (θήρ, νέμω) feeding wild beasts. theo-orders, or, (the, oronia) looking out for wild beasts.

θεροσύνη, ή, (θήρ) bunting, the chase.

θηρο-τόκος, αν, (θήρ, τεκείν) producing wild beauts. θηρο-τρόφος, οτ, (θήρ, τρέφω) feeding wild II. proparox. 6-00 rpopos, pass. fed by beasts. beasts, feeding on them.

θερο-φόνος, or, also q, or, (θήρ, \*φίνω) slaying wild beasts.

Onport, dat. pl. of the.

Onogov, crasis for to hopov.

OH'S, byros, b, a serf or villain, who is bound to the soil, Lat. ascriptus glebae: also a bired labourer. They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other three being the merranogroupidepros, inneis, (evyiras. This class took in all whose property in land yielded less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded from public service, but were employed as light-armed troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavy-IL fem. Office Att. Office, i, a labourarmed. 2. as Adj., θησσα τράπεζα a menial's fare. ing girl. Offices, acr. I inf. of ban, to mekle,

θησαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. sor. I opt. of θάομαι = θεάομαι. θησάμενος, acr. I part. med. of θάω, to suckle. θήσατο, 3 sing. sor. I med. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, (θησαυρύε) to store or treasure up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve Hence

θησάύρισμα, ατοι, τό, a store, treasure. θησαυρός, δ, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) a store laid up, II. a store or treasure-bouse: any retreasure. ceptacle for valuables, a chest, casket.

Θησείον, τό, (Θησεύε) the temple of Theseus, a sanc-II. rà Onocia (sub. tuary for runaway slaves.

lepá), the festival of Theseus.

θησείε, θησώ, Dor. 2 and I sing. fut. of τίθημι. Onorsies, Desiderat. of ribn ju, I wish to place. θησέμεναι, θησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι. θησεύμεθα, Dor. I pl. fut. med. of τίθημι.

Oncreus, eas, b, Theseus, the most famous of the neroes of Athens. (Prob. from vi-byu, the Sealer,

Civiliser.)

θησθαι, pres. inf. past. or θάω, to suckle.

Offere Att. Offere, fem. of Ohe. **θήσω,** fut. of τίθημι.

θητεία, ή, (θητεύω) bired service.

Onrevee, f. ow, (the) to be a menial, serve for pire. <del>θητικόε</del>, ή, όν, (θήε) fit for menial service, menial. Direct Att. for Offera.

-97, insep. affix, added to several Nouns, denoting the place at which, as, dypoble, olsobe, in the fields, at home. Like -0er, it was originally a genitive termination, as in Τλιόθι πρό, φωθι πρό.

Octo-apxns, ou, o, (blasse, apxw) the chief or leader of a sacred band of revellers.

Marcia, h, revelling. From

Octorius, (viaros) to bosour with sacred revelry:-Pass., Placeveral Vuxar be bas his soul imbued with Baccbie revelry.

OI'AZOZ, o, a company of procession of persons dancing and singing in bonour of a god, esp. of Bacchus, a band of Bacebie revellers. 2. any company

or troop. Hence

Marbu, to make into a justice company.

Octorus, Dor. acc. pl. of Octoros

Μάσώτης, ου, δ, (θιασόω) the member of a company of revellers; c. gen., hadina toi Eputos worship-

pers or followers of Love.

Orygiva, lengthd. form of Root OII- (which appears in acr. 2 and in te-tigi, pf. of tango): fut. bifoun : nor. 2 torov :- to touch lightly, just touch, less strong than arrowu; then generally to touch: to touch, attempt: to reach, gain.

Pryerv Ep. Pryépev, 201. 2 inf. of Pryyara.

θίγημα, ματοε, τό, (θίγεῦν) a touch.

θίξομαι, fut. of θιγγάνω

OI'Z, gen. blvos, Ep. o, later if :- a beap of sand on the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand: in pl. Gives, sand-beaps, sand-banks: —then any beap; Gives verpor beaps of dead; bareoper ble a beap of 2. the sand at the bottom of the sea; bis neλαινά a dark, muddy bottom: metaph., δια μου τον Giva rapatrees how thou troublest the very bottom of my heart.

θλαστός, ή, όν, crusbetl, bruised. From

ΘΛΑ'Ω, inf. θλών: fut. θλάσω [ἄ]: 201. Ι έθλάσα Ep. θλάσσα:--Pass., pf. τέθλασμαι:--to crush, bruise,

pound, bray.

ΘΑΙ'ΒΩ [1]: fut. θλαίω: aor. I ίθλαίω:-Pass., sor. Ι έθλίφθην, sor. 2 έθλίβην [τ]: pf. τέθλιμμαι: -to press, press bard, gall :- Med., θλίψεται ώμους be will rub bis shoulders. 2. metaph. to oppress. afflict, distress: pf. part. τεθλιμμένος, bemmed in. confined, narrow. Hence

θλύψις, εως, ή, a pressing, pressure. 2. metaph.

oppression, affliction.

Ovacres, Dor. for Ornows. θνατός, Dor. for θνητύε.

θνήσκω, lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-: fut. θἄνοῦμαι. Ep. inf. θανέεσθαι: 20r. 2 έθανον, Ep. inf. θανέειν: pf. τίθνηκα, whence syncop. pl. τίθναμεν, τίθνατε, τεθνασι; imperat. τέθναθι; opt. τεθναίην; inf. τεθνάναι [ἄ] Ερ. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ἄ], rarely τεθνάναι; part. τεθνεώε, τεθνεώσα, τεθνεώε (οι τεθνεύε) Ep. τεθνηώε, gen. ώτεε Ep. also τεθνηότοε; 3 Pl. plaps. & rédrăsar :-- from rédrams arose the Att. future forms redvifes, redvifesus:-to be dying, to die, Lat.

morior:—perf. ribryma I bave died, am dead; so too 201. 2 fbaror, I died, am dead; part. barber, dead, Lat. mortuus.

II. metaph. of things, to die, perisb.

brato-yerhe, is, britis, gerisbal) care of martals,

of mortal race.

θνητο-ειδής, έε, (θνητίε, είδος) of mortal nature. θνητός, ή, όν, είκο ός, όν: Doc. θνατός, ά, όν, (θνήσεω):—mortal, opp. to dθάνατος; θνητοί mortals. 2. of things, befitting mortals, human.

Bodie, (806s) trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispatch.

2. intr. to move oneself quickly, hurry

along. II. - bássa, banta, to at.

Columniator, by crasis for ro luarities.

Ochariov, by crasis for to luation.

θοινάζω, (θοίνη) – θοινάω, to feast. Hence θοίναμα, ατος, τό, a meal, feast.

θοινάτηρ, ήρος, δ. (θοινάω) a feaster.

bowlithpios, or, (bowles) of or for a feast.

**Bowliths, 4. br.** ( $\theta$ owless) of or for a feat.  $\theta$ owless,  $\phi$ , opes,  $\delta$ , —  $\theta$ owless, [a]

Bolváso, f. ήσω, to feast on, eat. II. to feast, entertain:—hence in Med. or Pass., with fut. med. θοινάσομαι, 20τ. I pass. έθοινήθην, pf. τεθοίναμαι:—

to feast: to feast on, eat. From

OOI'NH, h, a meal, feast, banquet, dinner: gene-

rally, food, provender.

θοινήτωρ, δ. Ιου. for θοινάτωρ.

θοινίζω, f. σω, (θοίνη) to feast, entertain.

θοῖτο, for θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of τίθημ. θολερόε, ά, όν, (θολόε) muddy, thick, troubled, Lat. turbidus, properly of water. by passion, turbid, agitated.

θολία, ή, (θόλοι) a round but to keep the sun off.

OO'AOZ, \$\text{\$\eta\$}, a dome or circular vault: generally, any round or vaulted building. 2. at Athens, the round chamber in which the Prytanes dired.

OOAO'E, &, mud. II. the dark juice of the cuttle-fish (sepia), which it emits to hide itself, Lat.

loligo. Hence

θολόω, f. ώσω, to make muddy, turbid : metaph. like Lat. perturbare, to trouble, disquist.

boos, 4, or, (blu) quick, active, ready; both rot ouickly-passing night; both bals a basty meal.

sbarp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands.

sbarp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands. θοδω, f. ώσω, (θοδω) to make sbarp or pointed.

θόρε, Ερ. 3 sing. 201. 2 of θρώστω.

Coper, aor. 2 inf. of Copherm.

θορή, ή, - θορόε.

Copythian and Copytonia, Dep., collat. form, of the rest, to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple.

e poe, δ, (θopeir) the semen genitale of the male.

θορούμαι, fut. of θράντικαι

CopuBeterus, Dor. 3 pl. of CopuBéas.

θορύβέω, ε. ήσω, (θόρυβου) to make an uproar, mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of approbation on the contrary: hence, I. to cheer, appland.

2. to groan, murmur at one.

II.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult:—Pass. to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion. Hence θορύβητικός, ή, όν, inclined to riot, tumultuous.

OOPTBOZ, & the noise of a crowded assembly,

I. in token of approbation, applause, cheers.

2. the contrary, a clamour, uproar, groaning.

θορών, 201. 2 part. of θρώσκω.

θοθ, Att. imperat. sor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θούδωρ, θούδατοε, by crasts for τό όδαρ, τοῦ όδατοε. Θουριό-μαντιε, εωε, δ, (Θούρισε, μάντιε) a Thurias prophet, generally a soothayer.

Coupes, coos, t, fem. of sq.

θο Spoe, δ, (θopeir) leaping, rushing, impersoneager:—fem. θούρια, ibos, mostly as epith. of δλαή, impersons might; θouple darks shield of impersors searcier.

θόωκος, δ, Ep lengthd from θώκος, α seat. 2.

sitting, assembly.

θοωs, Adv. of θοόs, quielly, soon.

Opdun Ion. Opnium post. Opnium, ή, Thrace.
Opdusos, α, or, Ion. Opnium post. Opniums. (Opni)
of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian.

θράνεύω, f. σω, (δράνοι) to erreteb on the tanner's board, to tan: θοανεύσομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense.

to be tanned.

θράνίον, τό, Dim. of θράνος, a small bench, ετοι!. θράνίτης, ου, δ, (θράνοι) one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest cars and most work; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτης. [1]

θράνιτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of θρανιτης.

OPANOX, 8, a bench, form: csp. the topmost of the three benches in a trireme.

Gράξ, Θρακόε, δ ; Ion. Θρήζξ, Θρήζκοε, pošt. Θρήξ, Θρηκόε, a Thracian.

θράξοι, θράξον, acr. I inf. and imper. of θράσσα. θράστως, Adv. of θρασύε, boldly: Comp. θρασίτερον, Sup. -ύτατα.

ΘΡΑΊΟΣ, con, τδ, - θάρσος, courage, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, rasbness, presumption, impudence. [ἄ]

Θράσσα Att. Θράττα, ή, Ion. and poet. Θρήσσα

Dor. Optiora, a Thracian woman.
Optiora Att. Optiora, fut. fa, Att. contr. from ra-

ράσσω, to trouble, disquiet, disturb.
θράσύ-γυιος, ον, (θρασύε, γυίον) relying on errength

of limb.

oparo napolice, or, (oparie, napola) bold of beart, stout-bearted.

θράστιμέμνων, ον, gen. ανος, (θραστίς, μένω) διανείν patient; cf. Μέμνων.

θρἄσὖ-μήδης, εε, (θρασύε, μήδοε) bold of devices.
daring, resolute.

θράσυ-μητια, ιδος, δ, ή, (θρασύν, μήτια) — θρασυμάσηνθράσυ-μήχανος Dor. -μάχανος, ον. (θρασώ, μητ χανή) bold in scheming or contribung.

II. | θράσύ-μυθος, er, (θρασύς, μύθος) bold of speech.

lazobra, L thû (leaste) like lastive, to make | bold, encourage .- Pam. and Med. to be bold, ready, sourageous; opacivesoal rate to rely on one.

θράσυ-πόλεμος ρολ. θρασυπτόλεμος, ον, (θρασύς,

sdλagoe) bold in war.

θράσυ-πονος, ev, (θρασίε, τόνοι) bold as work. OPATY Z, est, i, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad icuse, raib, venturous, presumptuous.

things, canung confidence, safe.

θράσυ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (θρασύς, σπλάγχνον) bold-Searted.

Optionarouse, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θράσυστομία, δ, licence of speech, insolence. From θράσυ-στομος, ον (θρασίε, στέμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θράσύτης, ητος, ή, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rashness,

endarionenes. [1]

θράσύ-χειρ, χειροε, λ. (θρασύε, χείρ) ή, bold of band. Oparra, Att. for Opiesa,

θράττω, Att. for θράσσω.

Opavo-arruf, type, b, t, (Opades, drruf) breaking mbeels.

Spalarya, 76, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥΩ, f. σω: Lot. I logavou:--to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter. II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, το, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursling: a creature.

Opéfaction, Ion. for Espefar, 3 pl. acr. I of Trixel Opegopas, fat. of Tpoxas

Opémenou, 4, fem. of Opemento.

Operator, ea, eer, verb. Adj. of theches, to be II. Operation, one must feed. 2. (from Paul) one must be fed.

θραπτήρ, ήροε, δ, (τρέφα) a feeder, rearer. Hence Operingson, or, able to feed, feeding, nourisb-II. Spenthoua, rd, rewards for rearing, csp. the returns made by children for their rearing. food, support.

θρέπτρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty. Sperravelle, a wound imitative of the eithera.

θρέττα, τό, - τὸ θαρραλέον οτ θάρσος, barbarism in Ar. Eq. 17, obe eve mos to operte, the spirit's not

θροφθήναι, acr. I pass. Inf. of τρέφα. Opérica, post. for Esperica, nor. I of rpicpos.

Opérfrance, 2 sing. acr. I med. opt. of Tologe. Opéro, fut. ot rpépos.

ΘΡΕΩ, only used in pres. and unpf. med., to ery aloud, shriek out, wail, lament.

Θρηζείη, ή, Ερ. for Θράκη. Opplicade, q, or, Ep. for Opplicate, Opplicate,

Ophit, troe, &, Ion. for Oppf, Opaf.

Ophiora, A. Ion. for Ophrou, Ophrou. Oppen, h, Ion. for Oping. Hence

Opposite, Adv. from Thrace: and Oppunede, Adv. to Thrace.

doubly opposit to sing a dirge or lament. Hence Optivipue, eros, ro, e lament; and Opgraths, Apos, b, Opgraths, oi, a mourner, waller

Opyvie, f. how, (Ophvos) to wail, lament, mourn

Opfices, y, or, Ion. for Oppices, Thracian.

Opfivos, 8, (Optu) a wailing, lamenning . a funeral song, dirge, like the Gaelle soronaeb.

Polyve, voe, 6. (Oparoe) a footstool. Ophove terasodys, the seven-foot bened, the seat of

the helmsman or the rowers. Θρήξ, γεύε, δ, Ion. for Θρήξ.

Opyonela Ion. -ητη, ή, (θρησκεύω) religious wor skip, service, observance: religion. Opygoneius, f. σα, (Opijonos) to observe religiously,

bold serupulously. Opgongin, Ion, for Opgonela.

OPHIKOE, or, religious.

Θρήσσα, Ion. for Θράσσα. Optal, av, al, the Thrise, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f. σω, (θρέαμβου) to triumph. IL ro lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ή, έν, triumpbal. From

θρίαμβος, δ, α bymn to Bacebus: also a name of Baccbus. II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θριγκίον, τό, Dim. of θριγκόε.

OPITKO'Z, &, the coping, seven, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; Openede sudroso a cornice of blue metal :- metaph. the coping-etone, last finisb. II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θριγκόω, £ ώσω, to surround with a coping; αθλήν èθρίγκωσεν άχέρδο be fenced it at top with thornbushes :- metaph. to build up even to the copingstone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

Oplykamua, to, a coping, cornice.

OPI'AAE aras, i, lettues, Lat. lastica.

olle, post, syncop, for seption.

Optv-anla Ep. -lη, ή, and Optv-anple, Bos, ή, (θρίraf) the trident-land, sub. Af or rhoss, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinaeria. Optivate, dires, s. (for totrate, from tols) a trident.

tbree-pronged fork.

OPI'E, ή, gon. τριχύο, dat. pl. θριξί:-the bair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard:

Proverb. Oply and places only a bair's breadth off. L a kind of omelette, ΘΡΙΟ Ν, τό, a fig-leaf.

so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves. OPIOZ, &, rme of the reefs or little ropes on the

lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρίπ-ήδεστος, ον, (θρίψ, έδω) worm-eaten.

θρίψ, gen. θρίπός, δ, (τρίβω) a wood-worm. θρούω, f. ήσω, (θρόοι) to ery aloud, shrink forth: II, to frighten:cnerally, to speak, declare.

Pau. to be frightened or troubled. ΘΡΟΜΒΟΣ, δ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a elot

or gout of blood. θρομβ-ώδης, es, (θρόμβος, elbos) surdled, elotted. ophrov, v6, only in plus. Ophra, flowers or patterns embroidered on cloth.

II. later, Ophra are flowers or bords used as charms.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

OPO'NOE, i, a seat, chair. II. a chair of state, throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.; in pl. the hing's estate on dignity.

Opton Att. coutr. Opole, 8, (Opton) a confused naise, termult, marmering.

II. a report, Lat. rumor.

Optiallibror, 76, Dim. of Openhie. OPT AAAI'E, Bos, 4, a wisk.

θράλδιο (valgo θρύλλε): £ ήσω: pam. pf. τοθρόλημα: (θράλου):—to make a noise, to keep babbling. If c. acc. rcl, to keep talking about a thing, make a great talk of:—Papa to be the common talk, τὸ θρύλου μένον ας τοθρύλη μένον what is in every and a mouth.

θραλίζω (valgo θρυλλίζω), £ low: (θρύλου):—to make a false note in playing on the cithara.

θρυλίσσω (vulgo θρυλλίσσω) to break in pieces:

—Pau. to be shivered; Ep. 20x, I θρυλίχθην. (Akia to θραίω, θρύντω.) Hence

ΘΡΥΛΟΣ (valgo θρύλλου), δ, a confused noise, abouting, turnult, murmuring.

θρόμμα, ατος, τό, (θρόπτω a place broken off, a bit, piece, marsel.

OPYON, 76, 6 rush, Lat. juneus.

Bruttuche, φ, br, breaking, crushing.

II. pass.

casily brokes: metaph. efeminate, enervated. From

OPTIITΩ, ε θρόφω: act. 1 εθροφω::—Pass., fut.

med. in pass. conse. θρόφοραι: act. 2 ἐτρόφην [v]:

pf. τέθρυμμα::—to break in pieces, crush:—Pass. to

be broken, crushed.

III. in Pass. also, to be

affected, glov oneself airs, look languishing: generally,

to be consoited: θρύπτασθαί των, to feel pride in a

thing. Hence

Opulus, esse, \$, a breaking in pieces. II. me-

taph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρόστας, lengthd, from the Root ΘΟΡ-, which appears in fut, and acr. 2: fut. θοροθ μαι Ion. θορόσμαι: acr. 2 lθοροτ, inf. θοροῦν Ερ. θορόσιν:—to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the helmet.

2. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one to attack, avault.

II. trans. to mount, impregnate. θροστρός, δ, (θρώστω) a springing or riving, as of a hill from the plain.

Θυβριάε, άδος, ή, and Θύβριε, εδος, ή, — Θυμβ... ΘΥΓΑΤΗΡ, ή, gen. δυγατέρος contr. δυγατρός, dat. δυγατέρε δυγατρί, acc. δυγατέρα Ερ. δύγατρα, νου. δύγατρ: a daughter... Hence

buyonpubly, th. a daughter's daughter, grand-

daughter.

evarpteois, où, Ion. -tèlos, lov, ê, a daughter's

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl. θυνία, ή, (θύω) a mortar. Hence

Oveldeov, 76, Dim. of ovela.

beadla, \$, (bie) a storm, a bearleane, whirlwind, bie):—to burn so as to produce smale:—to burn so

tempest; supde boellas starms of lightning; live boellas starms of was, butwo, gen. pl. of boss,

buy-boxos, (tice, dixount) receiving income.

θύήσε, εσυα, σ, (θύοι) smoking with insense, fragrant. θύηλή, ή, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a

burnt-offering or sacrifice.

Oursoldes, f. how, to busy oneself with eacrifices:

—Pass. to be filled with eacrifices. And

fungoλία, ή, a sacrificing. From

θύη-πόλου, er. (θύα, τολέω) busy about sacrificing sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

δύη-φάγος, or, (θύος, φαγείν) consuming offering: δυία or δύα [i], δ, (from δύω to smell): a successecuted African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

Ortal, er, al, - Oviábes.

onds or olds, gen. does, 4, (old) a francie or in spired woman, Bacchante.

Olivos, q, or, made of the wood of the tree Oula.

Oules, — Oúes, to rage, be inspired.

Φυλάκιον, τό, Dim. of θύλακου, a small bag. ΘΥΑΛΚΟΣ, δ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather. II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θυλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence θύλημα, τό, that ∞bich is offered; θυλήματα outes, incense, etc. [0]

θύμα, ατοι, τό, (θύω) α sacrifice, offering; πάγκαρτα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμαίνω, f. ἀνώ, (θυμόε) to be wroth or engry. θυμ-αλγήε, έε, (θυμόε, ἀλγέω) beart-grieving. θυμάλωψ, αποε, ό, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember.

Outples, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-άρης [α], es. (θυμός, άρ-αρεῖν) suiting ones mind, well-pleasing.

OT MBPA, \$, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρ-επί-δειπνος, στ. (δύμβρα, ἐπί, δείπτον) caring the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβριάς, άδος, ή, ε nymph of the Tiber. From Θύμβρις, ιδος, ή, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγοι, σε, (θύμβρα, φαγείτ) eating the berb eavory; θυμβροφάγοτ βλέπτειτ to look as if one had eaten eavory, make a sury face.

θυμίλη, ή, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an alter. II. in the Athen, theatre, an alter-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat. Hence

θυμελικός, ή, όν, οf or for the thymelé, scenic. θυμ-ηγερέω, f. ήσω, (θύμος, έγείρω) to collect cons's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, έε, (θύμος, ήδος) well-pleasing, dear. θυμίαμα Ion. -ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμάω) that which is

burnt as incense, incense. Θυματήριον Ιου. - ητήριον, τό, (θυμάω) α conser. Θυμάω, f. άσω, [d]: Ιου. 201. Ι δθυμάφαι: (Θυμα.

incense: Pass., Ion. 3 sing. Ovjufrat, for -arat, to | be burned.

θυμίδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [78]

**Θυμίτημα**, Ion. for *Θυμίαμ*α.

Outsifree, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of Overlass.

θυμητήριον, τό, Ιου. for θυμιατήριον.

bigLives, η, ον, (θύμοε) made of or with thyme. [8]

θύμίτης, ου, δ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme. θύμο-βάρτης, έε, (θυμός, βαρός) beaut at beart.

Ουροβορέω, f. ήσω, to graw or ven the heart. From θυμο-βόρος, ον, (θυμός, βιβρώσκω) beart-eating.

Our Sants, is, (our os, daneir) biting the heart. θυμο-αιδής, έε, (θυμόε, είδοε) bigh-spirited, coura-

grous, Lat. en imosus. II. bot-tempered, passionate: of horses, restive, wild.

Our - λίων, αντος, δ, (θυμός, λίων) lion-bearted. θυμό-μαντικ, κας, δ, ή, (θυμός, μάντικ) of prophetic

θθμο-μάχδω, f. ήσω, (θυμόε, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's beart and soul.

θυμο-πληθής, έε, (θυμός, πλήθος) wrathful.

θυμο-ραϊστής, οῦ, ὁ, (θυμός, pala) life-destroying. θομός, δ, (θύω) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. amima; θυμών άφελέσθαι, δλέσαι to take away, destroy the life. II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus; άνώνγει με θυμός, ήθελε θυμός my beart bids me; sard ouple after my bear's desire; dud oupou against one's bear's desire; εκθυμού οι θυμώ φιλέειν to love with all one's beart; έμβ κεχαρισμένε θυμφ flost precious to my soul. 2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage. the mind, will, purpose; toat (ero ou poe his mind or purposs wavered.

θύμος [v], ou, δ, or eos, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. 2. a mixture of thyme with honey and thymeus. vinegar.

Ocuoroducos, h, or, of or like a man of genius,

elever. From θυμό-σοφος, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a

man of genius. Outo dop in, f. how, to break the heart. From

θυμο-φθόρος, ον, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying; θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. c. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs: of persons, beart-breaking, most irksome.

θομόω, f. ώσω, (θυμόε) to make angry :- Pass., with fut. med. - ώσομαι, act. I έθυμωσάμην and έθυμώθην; pl. rebbumpai:—to be wroth or angry: to be wild or restive; τὸ θυμούμενον, passion.

Outrosigns, es, - Ou moeithe.

Buquedeia, acr. I part. pass. of bupons.

θύμωμα, ατοε, τό, (θυμόω) wrath, passion. [v]

Otrio, - Pira. Ourvage, L áse, (virros) to spear a tunny-fish: to

scrike with a barpoon. Obvices, a, or, (birroe) of the tunny-fish.

Ourvertubs, h, br, fit for tunny-fishing. From Obevos, &, (viru, viu) the tunny-fieb, Lat. thunnus.

Durvouries, f. how, to watch for tunnies. From Duvo-orders, or, (Dirror, oronia) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

Ouv-wons, es, (Ouvos, clos) like a tunny-fish, simtle. buvvus, Dor. for buvvous, acc. pl. of buvvos.

Ouve, (Ou B) to rush or dart along. [1]

θύο-δόκος, or, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

Obbas, erra, er, (búos) laden with incense, fragrant. θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θυία. θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύοι. a. dat. sing. of part.

θύος, εοε, τό, (δίω) a sacrifice, offering.

Ovoc-when, (Ovos, when - wales) to offer burnt-sacrifices. Hence

Ovorkoos, ou, &, the sacrificing priest.

θύόω, f. ώσω, (θύοι) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass. έλαιον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

OYPA Ion. Supp., of, Germ. THUR, our DOOR: θύρην επιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ανακλίreir; konteir, kpoweir bupar, Let. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ext rais bupais at the doors, i.e. close at band. 2. the door of a carriage. θύρη καταπακτή α trap-door. II. generally, an III. boards put together like a entrance, access. door, a frame, raft. Hence

Ovoale, for Obparbe, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. foras, out; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὧσε θύρα (ε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Ep. -ηθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, without, outside; of bopader foreigners, aliens.

Oupalos, a, or, also os, or, (Oupa) outside the door, abroad; Oupaios olyveir to go out of the door; Oupaios έλθεθν to come from abroad; άνδρεε θυραθοι stranger men; OxBoe Supaios the good fortune of other men. bupdon, -ow, Adv. (bupa) at the door, outside the

door, abroad, Lat. foris. Oupaulée, to be out of doors, live in the air. And

Obpaulia, f. a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, or, (θύρα, αθλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θυρέ-ασπικ, ιδος, ή, (θυρεός, άσπίς) a large shield. θύρέος, δ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door ' to keep it shut. II. a large oblong shield, Lat.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [ $\emptyset$ ] θύρη, ή, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα. Oupnes, Adv., Ep. for Oupader.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. cutside, witbout.

θύρίδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

scutum.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket. θύρίε, ίδοε, ή, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window.

Ouponomie, f. how, to break a door open. From θύρο-κόπος, ον. (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door,

esp. for alms. θύροω, f. ώσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar class. Ouperate, Lacon. inf. Superations, (Sépose) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

Poper-parte, is, (supers, partieu) raving with the

thyrum

δύρσες, δ, with heterog. pl. δύρσα, τά, (δύω) any ligh', straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in iry and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

Superadopsia, f. sou, to bear the thyrsus; O. Starous to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, στ. (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing. θυρσο-χάρης, ές, (θύρσος, χαρβναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρωμα, ατος, τό, (θυρόω) a room with doors to it. II. a door with in frame.

Ospán, siros, 8, (Ospa) the door-way: a ball, antechamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

Olompés, 8, 4, (Olom, Spa) a door-keeper, porter.

Otorivious Ep. Overe-, cereu, er, taucied, fringed. From

θύσἄνος, δ, (θύω) ε tessel, toft, or tag: in pl. tessels, fringe. esp. of the alpie. [8]

θυσάνωτός, ή, όν, (θυσανόω) tasseled, fringed.

θύσθλα, ω, τά, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacshie worship: Bacshie worship.

Ovola, \$, (Ovo) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. Ovolas, sacrifices.

II. the victum itself.

Otoraorhprov, tó, (Ovola) en altar.

Overhoe, or, (Over) fit for sacrifice. [8]

Ourraviere, essa, er, Ep. for Ourariere.

Φυστάα, άδος, φ, (θύω) of or for racrifice, eacrificial; θυστάε βοφ the cry uttered in racrificing; θυστάδες Arral the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

fura, Dor. fut. of the

Obréov, verb. Ads of over, one must sacrifice.

θυτήρ, ήρου, δ, (θύω) a saersfleer, slayer. Hence

θύτηριον, τό, — θῦμα.

Output, Diriput, sor. I inf and fut of rispet

OTΩ (A), fut. δύσω B]: acr I δδυσα: pt. τόδύκαι — Med., fut. δύσωραι, also used in pres sense:—Pass, acr. I δτύδην [δ]: pt. τόδύμαι, also used in med. sense.— το offer, sacrifice, slay ε victim: also absol., δύειν δεοίε το sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γαμονε δυειν, εδαγγέλει δυειν ξειατων βοῦε to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to bave a victim slain. hence to take the auspices.

OYΩ (B), I bliom [F, like bliom, burem, of any violent motion, to rueb on or along, dart along:

generally, to storm, rage.

θυ-ώθης, es. (θύος, elbos) like incense, succet-smelling. Θύωμα, ατος, τό, (θυύω) that subleb is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

θα, θβε, θβ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημε

θωή, ή, (τίθημι) a penalty; θωή 'Αχαιών a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

mie, Ion. for faries, to sit. From

Onco, Ep. lengthd. Obucos, S, Ion. for time, a seat, chair.

II. a sitting, assembly; Ouriele to the sitting.

θώμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος. Ιος. for θανμ-.

ONTHITE, 1770s, s, a cord, string, esp a bounting, buildon, f for, to whip with small cords, scourge. Church, by crass for 18 fps on, the half.

θωμός, δ, (τίθημι) a boug

Vorela, A. (Poreio) a Mattering, Mattery. Voreigia, aros, 76, (Poreio) a piece of Mattery, a caress.

θωπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θωτευμα, a bit of flattery. θωπεύω, ε. σω, (θέερ) to flatter faum on, cajole, wheedle. θωπικόυ, φ, ών, (θέερ) fauming, flattering.

θώπλα, crasis for τὰ δπλα. Θώπτω, ε. ψω, ~ θωτεύω.

Supakelov, to, (supat) a breastwork.

Suparties, f. less, (Olipaf) to arm with breastplate. II. generally, to sheath in armour, cover with armour.

Ouplino-works, lr. (Oupaf, vorle) making breastplate. Ouplino-φόρος Ion. Oupγn-, er. (Oupaf, φέρω) wearing a breastplate, a curassier.

Sapat, axes, Ion Sapat, axes, s, a breastplate, entrase; deshoes Sapat a double currase, consisting of breast and back piece joined with classs, Lat. lories.

2. the part covered by the breastplate, the chest.

II. the breastwork of a wall: also the atrong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφέρος. θωρηκτής, ού, δ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate or suirass.

Supply, neces, &, Ion. and Ep. for Supal.

Cupfigu, sor. inf. of sq.

Supplyour, I pl. fut. of Supplyous; but also Ep. for Supplyouer, aor. I sub.

Supphrova, f. f.e., (bipaf) to arm unth a breastplate of eutrass, generally, to arm, harness:—Pass. Supphropail, i. -fópai: act. I louphxopiv to arm onsielf, put one's armour on.

II. m. Act. also, ii. Ion. and Poets, to make drunk:—Med. to get drunk. Hence Supphysica, Supphysiques, 201. I pass. part. and inf. OΩ'. Subs, δ or \$\frac{1}{2}\$, the jackal.

θυθατήρ, ήρος, ό, (θυθσσω' a barber, roarer. θυθμα, θυυμάξα, θυυμάσιος, θυυμάστης, θυυμα-

orfe, les correct lon forms for θθμα, θυμάζα, etc. θυθοσια, f. f.u, ot a dog, to bark, bay, groud; et a gnat, to bum, bum, generally, to ery aloud, about out · e. aco, to erill on, eall.

ΘΩΨ, gen. force, è, a flatterer, faumer, espoler.

## I

I, t lôve, 76, indeci., ninth letter of the Greek alpusbet As numeral, 6' = 10, but 1 = 10,000, The subscriptum was always adscriptum or written by the side, not under (as  $\tau \hat{\omega}_1$ , not  $\tau \hat{\varphi}_1$ ), till the 13th century In Capitals it is still so written, as T $\Omega$ L

I was easily exchanged with a, whence forms like sham ham, shap hap: I was sometimes exchanged with a, as sorted lorsh; but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in ab als faire much had made for by as force serve had made for by as force serve had made.

The Quantity of a varies.

-(., inta demonstrativum, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e.g. obroof, airnf, rourf, Latt. bicce, bacce, bacce, issuroof, 581, rouroyi, etc.: also demonstr. Advs., as obroof, 581, troudy.

Those that end in of take the réparative before a vowel, as obroofs, issuroofs, obroofs. In all these, the last syll is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult is shortened, e.g. airnff, 8iroff.

IA' Ion. in, h, - βoh, a voice, ery.

la, lis, lis, lav, old Ion. fem. of ele for pla, plas, etc.

lá, τά, irreg. pl. of lós, an arrow. [i]

la, 74, pl. of lor, a molet lal, exclam, of triumph,

taliance for new of leave

laθήσομαι, fut. pass. of laoμαι laιβοί, strengthd. form of alβοί, to express disgust. 'IAI'NΩ, fut. läνω: aor. 1 lηνα: aor. 1 pass. lάνθην:

taph, but a 2. to melt, soften by heat: metaph, but a lareer to melt the heat 3. to warm, ebeer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing

Tanxate, (lanxoe) to raise the ery of Iacebus

Tanxies, f. how, - Tanxilo

Tanxon, 6, (laxw) facebox, mystic name of Bacebox, as the god of shouting and revelry

2. the Baceboxalian shout

tāλεμίζε lon. lηλ-, f. loe, (láλεμος) to bewail. Hence tāλεμίστρια Ion. lηλ-, ή, a wailing woman.

idλομος [d] Ion. ihλομος, δ, (ld) a wail, lament, dirge II, as Adj. melaneboly, plaintive.

Land, f. land and I sind, inf. linds:—to send forth; er drelate respect that their hands to the dishes; repl repl despublished I put chains on the hands. 2. to attack, assail; druply-are lands to the areal one with insults. 3. to send. II. intr (sub karrior), to send oneself on, to flee, run, burry. [1] Hence

laλτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched

tapa Ion. Inpa aros. 76. (ldopas) a means of bealing. treatment, remedy

taμβείος, ον, (laμβος) in iambies; τὸ laμβείον iambies verse

laμβιάζω, f. aσω, and laμβίζω, f. iσω, (laμβοs), to assail in sambles: generally, to lampoon.

"IAMBOX, 8, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long, syll., as "yw". II. an iambic werea, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

Táv, δ, pl. Târes, contr. for Táser, Táses, en Tonian. láνθην, 201. I pass. of laires.

'IA'OMAI: fut. lάσομαι Ion. lήσομαι: 201. 7 laσάμην Ion. lησάμην: Dep.:—to beal, eure: motaph. to remedy, beal, eurrest.

[d], and pf. läμαι, in pass. sense, to be bealed, to recover.

Taova0, barbarism for the vocat. of Taov.

Thoves, pl. of That.

TAΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; lántes δρχήματα to begin the dance.

2. to assail, bandle roughly, burt.

II. intr. (sub. δαυτόν), to rush, burry, speed.

TATTE Ion. Thrut, tyos, 8, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

'Ida, άδοε, ή, Adj. fem. of 'Iaw, Ionie. II. 2s Subst. (sub. γυνή), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub. γλώσσα οτ διάλεκτοε), the Ionie dialect.

iaot, 3 pl. pres. of eim ibo.

laon, for liaon, 3 pl. of lym.

lácupos, or, (láopai) admitting of cure, remediable: —appeasable

laous Ion. Inous, ease, \$, (laouas) a cure, remedy.
"IAZIII" z, 1800, \$, a precious stone, jasper.

'Igστί, Adv. ('lás) in the Ionie fashion or dialect.
'Ίασ4, gen. bos, contr. οῦς, ἡ, (láoμαι) Iāso, the goddess of healing and health.

läτήρ Ep. lητήρ, ήροε, δ, poët. for laτρόε, a chirurreon, surgeon, leech, physician. [I]

laro, 3 sing. impf. of laopen. laropia, 4, (larop) the art of medicine.

laτόs, ή, όν, (láoμαι) curable.

larpelov, to, (lathp) a surgery.

seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

larpós lon. lητρόs, δ, (láoμαι) = larήρ, a surgeon, leecb. physician: metaph., larpòs κακῶν, δργῆs, etc., a bealer.

larpo regyrae, ou, &, (larpos, regyra) a practiser of the healing art.

larrarai, larraraiaf, Interj. ab, we is me!

lárup, opos, ô, Ion. lýrup, pošt. for larpés. [Id] la0, a shout in answer, bo! bolla!

iavoi, exclamation of joy, bol bol [1]

lave, t. ou: 201. I lavou: (alw):—to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place:—laver wood to rest the foot.

l-dφέτης, ου, δ, (lós ἀφίημι) an archer. [[]

iάφθην, aor. I pass. of iάπτω.

laχalos, a, αν, (laχή) glad-sounding. läχέω, f. ήσω, – láχω, to sbout, sry aloud.

laxf, f, (láxo) a cry, sbout: a wail, sbriek: generally, any loud sound. [12]

lάχημα, ατοι, τό, (laχέω) ε cry, sbout. [13] láχω, ε laχήσω: pf. laχα, fem. part. laχω: (lá):

Superalise. Lacon, inf. Overabloar, (Overas) to bear | or brandish the thyruus.

Ouper-univie, is, (superes, marfera) raving with the

**L**byress

θύρσος, δ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τά, (θύω) any light, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in ivy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

Our chopie, f. how, to bear the thyrous; O. Oldrove to assemble companies with the thyraus. From

Ouper-popos, or, (Ouperes, pipes) thyron-bearing. Oupou-xapha, is, (Oupous, xaparai) delighting in the thyrous.

θύρωμα, ατοε, τό, (θυρύω) α room with doors to II. a door with its frame.

Obpar, eros, &, (oupa) the door-way: a ball, antechamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

Obpupós, d, f, (Ospa, úpa) a door-keeper, porter.

OGOL, SOL I int. of Over.

Ourdrous Ep. Ouro-, es ou, er, tasseled, fringed. From

θύσἄνος, δ, (θύω) α tassel, toft, or tag: in pl. tassels,

fringe, esp. of the alyle. [8]

Ovoraveros, h, or, (Ovoravou) tasseled, fringed. θύσθλα, ω, τά, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacebie worsbip. Bacebie worsbip.

Ovoia, h, (ove) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. Ivolai, sacrifices. II. the wietem itself.

θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θυσία) an altar.

Overtuce, or, (Over) fit for sacrifice. [8]

Ourravous, erra, er, En for Ourarbeis.

Overtie, abor, 4, (Over) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial; θυστάε βοή the cry uttered in sacrificing: θυστάδεε Arral the prayers offered with a sacryfice.

Overa Dor. fut. of the

Our for, verb. Adj. of our, one must eacrifies.

θύτήρ, ήρος, δ, (θύω) a saertfleer, slayer. Hence θύτηριον, τό, - θῦμα.

birbas, birbas, nor. I inf and for of rispen

ΘΥΩ (A), fut. θύσω 3]: 20r I 100σα: pt. τόθυκα: -Med, fut θύσομαι, also used ni pres sense:-Pass, sor. I ἐτύθην [v]: pt. τέθυμαι, also used in med. sense: -to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., Over Ocois to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with mcmaco, γαμουε θυειν, εδαγγέλια θυειν ξυατυν βούε to asknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hunired oxen. Il. Med to bave a vietim slain: hence to take the auspeen

OYΩ (B), L θίσω [P, like θίνα, θυνεα, of any violent motion, to rub on or along, dart along: generally, to storm, rage.

θύ-ώδης, es. (θύος, elbos) like insense, muset-emelling. Overe, aros, to, (Ovice) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

θω, θŷs, θŷ, 2οτ. 2 subj. of τίθημε

θωή, ή, (τίθημι) a penalty; θωη 'Αχαιών a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

Tuntes, Ion. for fartes, to sit. From

Caros, Ep. lengthd, Couros, S. Ion, for fares, a wat, ebair. II. a sitting, assembly; funde to the uitting.

boua, boualo, bouaous, Ios for bavu-.

OUMITE, 1770s, b, a cord, string, esp. a bounting. Coulow, I for, to whip with small cords, wourge. Odulou, by crasis for to fix ou, the balf. θωμός, δ, (τίθημι) a boug

Owsela, ż. (Owsein) a flattering, flattery. Contents, area, to, (borreion) a proce of flattery, a

caress. Communitation, to, Dim. of Consenue, a bit of flattery.

Correvo, f. ow, (box) to flatter four on, cajole, wheedle. Courses, 4, iv, (Cast) fawning, flattering.

Nonha, crasis for 7d orha. CHETTE, E pa, - Perevo.

Supakeiov, to, (bapat) a breastwork.

Oupanilo, f. low, (thepat) to arm with breast-II. generally, to sheath in armour, cover slau. with armour.

Supako-words, by (Supak, world) making breastplates. θωράκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θάραξ, φέρω) wear-

ing a breastplate, a curassier. Bapak, axos, Ion. Bapak, nuos, d, a breastplate, exirass; buthoos theput a double curass, consisting of breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica. 2. the part covered by the breastplate, the

cbest. II. the breastwork of a wall; also the errong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον. Ion. for θωρακοφίρος. Supports, où, d, (Supposu) armed with breastplete OF evirass.

Supple, neces, d. Ion. and Ep. for Supal.

Oupheau, sor, inf. of sq.

Supplyour, I pl. fut. of Supplyous; but also Ep. for supplemen, 201. I subj.

θωρήσσω, i fu, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate or surrass, generally, to arm, barness :- Pass. Suppoσομαι, L. ξόμαι: act. I lθαρήχθην to arm conself. put one's armour on. Il, m Act. also, is. Ion. and Poets, to make drunk :- Med. to get drunk. Hence Supposels, Supposed was, sor. 1 pass. part. and inf. OΩ . Swoon & or \$, the jackal.

θωθετήρ, ήρος, δ, (θωθσσω' a larker, roarer.

out: c. sce., to call on, sall.

Butha, Burnila, Burnacros, Burnacros, Burnaστός, less correct lon forms for θώμα, θωμάζω, etc. Owlows, f. in, ot a dog, to bark, bay, growl; at a gnat, to buzz, bum: generally, to ery aloud, about

ΘΩΨ, gen. force, b, a flatterer, feumer, eagoler.

I. I lara, 76, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alpusbet As numeral, i' = 10, but z = 10,000.

II. 25

The subscriptum was always adscriptum or written by the side, not under (as row, not row), till the 13th century In Capitals it is still so written, as TOL

I was easily exchanged with et, whence forms like the blue, the begin to was sometimes exchanged with e, as forta lorty: but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in elv els feiro servée Beal mapal for ir is fires nerve bed mapa.

The Quantity of a varies.

-L iota demonstrativum, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e. g. obroot, abrat, rovel, Latt. bicee, basece, bocce, ἐκεινοσί, δδί, τουτογί, etc.: also demonstr. Advs., as pirari, adi, èrbadi. Those that end in of take the r εφελευστικόν before a vowel, as ουτοσίν, εκεινοσίν, virusir. In all these, the last syll. 18 long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. airnt, biroti.

TA' Ion. if, ή, - βοή, a voice, ery.

la, life, life, lav, old Ion. fem. of els for pla, plas, etc.

lά, τά, irreg. pl. of lós, an arrow. [ί]

la, 74, pl. of for, a violet

lal, exclam, of triumph,

iathorouse, fut. pass. of laouse

laußoi, strengthd. form of alboi, to express disgust. "IAINΩ, fut. lœw: aor. I lηνα: aor. I pass. ldνθην: —to warm, beat. 2. to melt, soften by heat: metaph., Sundy lairer to melt the heart 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing

Tanyage, (Tanyos) to raise the ery of Iacchus

Tany 60, f. how, - lanxa (w

"Ianxos, &, (laxw) Iacebos, mystic name of Bacebus, as the god of shouting and revelry 2. the Bacchanalian shout

La Leuile lon, lnh -, f. low, (lake uos) to bewail. Hence idhquiotpia Ion. Inh-, f. a wailing woman.

talques [a] Ion. thlepes, s, (lá) a wail, lament, II, as Adj. melaneboly, plaintive.

Lálla, i, lälä · sor. I lyla, inf. lyla: -to send forth; er' drelara xeipas ladder they put forth their hands to the dishes; repl xeipl desplor lyda I put chains on thy hands. 2. to attack, assail; ἀτιμίηour lander rive to assail one with insults. II. intr (sub laurór), to send oneself on, to flee, run, burry. [1] Hence

Lantes, f., ov., verb. Adj. sent, dispatched

lupa ion. inpa aros. τό. (láoμαι) a means of bealung. treatment, remedy

laμβείος, er, (ίαμβος) in iambies; το laμβείον iambie veru

laμβιάζω, f. ασω, and laμβίζω, f. low, (laμβον), to assail in tambics: generally, to lampoon.

"LAMBOZ, 6, an immbus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long. syll., as eye. II. an sambse verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

Tav, o, pl. Tares, coutr. for Taur, Lacres, en Ionian. láveny, 20t. I pass. of laire.

TAOMAI: fut. lásopus lon. lýsopus: 201. 7 laσάμην Ion. Ιησάμην; Dep.;—to beal, eure: metaph. to remedy, beal, correct. II. aor. 1 láthr [d], and pf. lapas, in pass. sense, to be bealed, to recover.

Idova0, barbarism for the vocat. of Idov.

Táoves, pl. of Táw.

TATITA, f. you, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; lásteir deχήματα to begin the dance. 2. to assail, bandle rougbly, burt. II. intr. (sub. laurór), to rusb, burry, speed.

TAINTE Ion. Thrue, vyos, s, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

Tas, abov. A. Adj. fem. of Tow. Ionis. Subst. (sub. ywh), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub,

γλώσσα οτ διάλεκτου), the Ionic dialect.

last, 3 pl. pres. of eim ibo.

laon, for léase, 3 pl. of lym. lacupos, or, (lacua) admitting of cure, remediable:

–appeasable laous Ion. Inous, eas, & (laoual) a cure, remedy.

"IAZIII"Z, idoe, ή, a precious stone, jasper. Tooth, Adv. ('lds) in the Ionic fashion or dialect.

Taou, gen. bos, contr. ovs, 4, (láopai) Iaso, the goddess of bealing and bealth.

laτήρ Ep. lητήρ, ήροε, δ, poët. for laτρόε, a chirurgeon, surgeon, leech, physician. [l]

lâto, 3 sing. impf. of lácum.

laτορία, ή, (láταρ) the art of medicine.

laτόs, ή, όν, (idoμαι) curable.

latpelov, τό, (laτήρ) a surgery. laτρικόs, ή, όν, (larpos) of or for the art of healing.

\$ latρική (sub. τέχνη), surgery, the art of bealing. larpo-μαντικ, con, ή, (larpos, μάντικ) the physician-

seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

laτρόs Ion. lητρόs, δ, (láoμαι) = laτήρ, α surgeon, leceb, physician : metaph., larode nanor, dopphe, etc., a bealer.

larpo régras, ou, ô, (larpés, régra) a practiser of the bealing art.

larrărai, larrăraidț, Interj. ab, woe is me! lάτωρ, opos, δ, lon. lήτωρ, poët. for laτρύε. [la]

la0, a shout in answer, bo! bolla!

iavoi, exclamation of joy, bol bol [t]

lavo, t. ou: 201. 1 lavoa: (alw):—to eleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place:—laveur moba to rest the foot.

i-ăφέτης, συ, δ, (lós, ἀφίημι) an archer. [1] lάφθην, aor. I pass. of lάπτω.

laxalos, a, or, (laxh) glad-sounding.

laxim, f. how, - laxw, to shout, ery aloud. laχή, ή, (láχω) a cry, shout: a wail, shrisk: gene-

rally, any loud sound. [14] lάχημα, ατος, τό, (laxéw) ε cry, sbout. [Æ] láxu, f. laxhow; pf. laxa, fem. part. laxus: (lá):

-to ery, about, either in sign of joy or lamentation: | who has; larges and likerine a mediciner or an un-II. of things, to rec. acc. to sound, proclaim. sound, rescho; of the waves, to rour; of hot iron in water, to biss. [82]

Liev, over, &, Ep. for Year, an Ionian.

Bus, gen. Ion. 1βιου Att. 1βιδου, acc. 1βιν. 1. the ibis, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stock kind,

Tran or lybes, h, a mortar.

lynas, part lyndros, pf. of hereonas.

lyvin, ή, (γίου) the bollow or binder part of the knee, Lat. poples. [8]

lyvés, éce [8], d. = hyrón, acc. hyrón or hyrón.

"Be Ion. "Βη, ή, Ida, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete. II. a thick wood, wood, sopes. 2. timber; to yavryyhermoe timber for ship-building. [7]

ibahupos, or, (1804) causing sweat.

184, Ion for 184, and. M

the or the, imperat, of ellow, nor. 2 of \*closs, lo, be-

bold. [Y]

the, Ep. 3 sing. of ellow, and, 2 of bellow. [1] lbia lon. -in, h, (lbeir) form. 2. generally, the

look or appearance of a thing, as opp, to its reality, 3. a nature, kind, sort; a way, man-Lat. species. ner, fashion. [t]

iber Ep. iber, inf. of elbor, sor. 2 of \*elber. ibiota, inf. med. of elder, acr. 2 of \*elde.

Bernov, Ion. for elbor, acr. 2 of \*elba. [1]

lbess, Ion. subj. of elbor, nor. 2 of \*elbes.

Tongu, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδόμην, 201. 2 med. of elbes. [1] longe, for elonge, Dor. fut. of \*elow. [7] ibia, v. sub Bios.

ibiairepos, ibiairaros, Comp. and Sup. of thios,

formed from lois.

ίδιο-βουλεύω, f. σω, (ίδιος, βουλεύω) to follow one's own counsel, take one's own way.

"IAIOE, a, or, Att. also oe, or: one's own, personal, private, Lat. private, privates: opp. to public (89 µ6-2. one's own, opp. to άλλότριος; τὸ ίδιον σιοε). or rd this private property or concerns. 3. peculiar, separate, distinct : hence strange. IL dat. lδία is used as Adv. privately, opp. to δημοσία; ίδια φρενόε asvay from one's senses. 2. OR ONE'S OWN account. III. irreg. Comp. and Sup. lbiairepos, lbairarce (formed from lbig).

ibio-συγκρίσία, ή, (ibios, συγκρίνω) a peculiar temperament or babit of body, idiosynerasy."

low, f. low [1]: nor. I toloa: (1800):- to sweat: to sweat with fear: in Prose usually Boom.

thies, Adv. of thos, privately.

Burrela, A, (Biarrys) private life, a business.

Bureou, f. ow, to live as a private man. II. to be without professional knowledge, be a layman. From idiarge, ov, 8, (line) a private person, one in a priwate station, opp. to expanyle, a private soldier: also an individual, opp. to πόλιε. II. one wbo bas no professional knowledge, a layman, opp. to one | place:-Med. to found or establish for oneself.

professional man; wointhe & Bearns a poet or a prose-writer: c. gen. rei, unskilled or unversed in 2. an ill-informed, common-place fela thing. III. Budras one's countrymen, opp. to low. Ebros. Hence

iburruebs, h, br, of or for a private man, private or personal, opp. to public. 2. commonplace, trivial, awkward.

Busy, Ion. and Dor. for loper, 1 pl. of elle. IL. Ep. for elbéras, inf. of olba.

liquevas, Ep. for elbéras, inf. of olda.

ίδμοσύνη, ή, knowledge, skill. From

Busov, or, gen. area, (Buera: - elbera:) practiced, skilled, versed in a thing.

IANO'Ω, f. wow, to erook, bend:—Pass, to double oneself up, writhe, esp. for pain.

έδνώθην, 20r. I pass. of iδνόφ.

ibolaro, Ion. for ibours, 3 pl. sor. 2 opt. of \*cibes. ibolow, Dor, for ibolow, sor, 2 part. fem. of alber. Bov, Ep. for ellow, I sing. and 3 pl. acr. a of • elba.

TAOZ, soe, 76, sweat, perspiration. 2. violent beat. 1800, imperat. med. of allow. II. as Adv. written lbov, lo! behold! see there! in giving a thing, there! 2. well! as you please! see there! ironically in repeating another's words, 1800 of departer, yes to be sure, sheer wine.

lbpela Ion. lbpely or lbply [1], 4, (18pis) knowledge, practice, skill; lopely work poso skill in wat.

Bous, gen. Bosos Att. Bosos, 6, 4, neut. Bos., (Busrai, = elbérai) experienced, skilful: as Subst., Tôpie the provident creature = pupping, the ant.

18pos, o, post. for 18pos. [7] Hence

lopow, f. wow, to sweat, perspire, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like \$1700s, is contracted into exand exinstead of exand ex (as if it were lòpda), hence 3 pl. pres. Epaori, 3 sing. opt. 18ρώη, fem. part. ίδρῶσαι.

ίδρυμα, τό, (ίδρόω) a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image; thouse wokene the stay, support of the city, like Lat. columen rerum.

ίδρύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of Πρέω.

18ρυτίον, verb. Adj. of Βρύω, one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue. oby lopurior one must not sit still, loiter.

ໃδρύω, f. έσω [v]: 201. Ι Πρύσα:—Pass., 201. Ι Ιδρύθην [v] not Βρύνθην: pf. Βρύμαι: (ζω):—Causal of Esopai, to make to sit down; lopboai stratify & encamp an army :- Pass. to be seated, sit still : pf. part. pass. lopo peros firmly seated, steady, seeme. to fix, found, establish: to set up statues, dedicate temples: - Med., with pf. pass., topopau, to found or set up for oneself. III. to fix, settle, establish persons in a place; "Αρη ἐμφύλιον Ιδρύσαι to give focting to, introduce, intestine war : - pf. pass. iopopun, to be placed, situated; lopvova els ronor to settle in a

Boan, Boan, Ep. for löpura, thours, acc. and dat. of sacred things.

εδρώμεν, opt. of εδρόω.

Bods, eros, 8: Ep. dat. and acc. Bog. Bos: (1800): sweat, perspiration.

2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.

II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

Bowou, pres. part. fem. of Boos.

Buia, 4, Ep. for eldula, part, fem. of olds (v. \*eldu), always in phrase Buigos spanideous, with knowing, consible heart.

18ω Ep. 18ωμ, aor. 2 subj. of \*el8ω. 18ών, 18οῦσα, aor. 2 part. of \*el8ω, Le, Lev, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of elμ ibo. Le, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of inμ (as if from liω). Lein, Ep. for los, 3 sing. opt. of elμ ibo.

tele, leiva, ler, pres. part. of lypu.

leion, 3 pl. of inpu.

Laugh, pres. pass. and med. of lique.

tours, between, Ep. for lives, inf. of lym.

Lépavos,  $\eta$ , or, pres. part. pass. of  $l\eta\mu$ . Lev. Acol. for levar, 3 pl. impf. of  $l\eta\mu$ . Lévas, pres. inf. of  $el\mu$  ibo.

Livas, pres. inf. of lym.

lepantones, o, Dim. of lepan, a small bawk.

TEPAH, dace, Ion. lipne contr. (pne, nece, d, a bank, falcon.

Lephopas Ion. lp-, Pass. (lepho) to be a priest or fashion.

lepārela, ἡ, (leparelw) the priest's office, priesthood.

lepāreuμa, aros, τό, (lepārelw) the priesthood, body

of priests. Laparetus, f. ous, (lapets) to be priest or priestess.

Lipeta Ion. Ipeta, ή, sem. of lepeve, a priestess.
Lepetov Ion. Lepitov or lepitov, 76, (lepos) a victim,

sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.

Lepevs, too Ion. Lpevs, fice, 8, (lepo) a priest,

sacrificer.

Lépeuro, for lepevero, 3 sing. impf. pass. of lapeve Ion. lpeves, f. ew., (lepés) to offer, sacrifice.

20 kill, slaughter. II. intr. to be a priest.

lepή, ή, - lépera.

Laphior, 76, Ion. for lepelor.

Lepla, j, Att. post. form of lepera.

Lepo-γλύφικός, ή, ότ, (lepós, γλύφω) bieroglyphie, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters.

Lepo-γραμματεύε, έως, δ, (lepós, γραμματεύε) a sa-

Lepo-γραμματεύε, έωε, δ, (lepós, γραμματεύε) a saered scribs, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.

"Lepo-86κος, or, (lepor, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices.

Lepo-θύτος, or, (lepos, θύω) sacrificed to a god; lepoθύτος κατνός smoke from the sacrifices.

lepo-λογία, (lepós, λέγω) to discuss sacred things. lepo-λογία Ion. lpoλογίη, ή, mystic language.

Lepo-μηνία, ή, or lepo-μήνια, τά, (lepos, μήν or μήνη) the boly moon, or the boly-day of the month.

Lepo-μνημονία, f. ήσα, to be lepo μνήμων. From Lepo-μνήμων, σνοε, δ, (lepos, μνήμων) mindful of

sacred things. II. Subst. the sacred recorder sense by each Amphietyonic state to their Council along with the wuhayopas.

lepóv, ró, v. lepós IL

lepo-viene, ov, è. (lepés, viede) conqueror in the games. lepo-words, ér, (lepés, voide) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the lepovoid were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the visitms were without blemish.

lepo-upeuie, ie, (lepoe, uplau) beseeming a sacred

place, person or matter: boly, reverend.

TEPO'Z, & &, elso ée, év: Ion. and Ep. also lpés, h, or :- of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. boly, ballowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; lepde and bosos, sacred and profane; v. sub boice. Subst.: 1. lepóv Ion. lpóv, tó, a temple. lesá Ion, loá, rá, offerings, sacrifices, victims : lepà picer, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspiess: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. III. special phrases: I. lepà vioce, the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. the epilepsy. 2. \$ lepd obos, the sacred road to Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusia.

Depart; also that from Athens to Lecisis.

3. η
lepd τριήρηs the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos.
lepo-στεπτος, or, (leple, στέφω) wreathed in holy

fasbion. Leposolites, f. how, (lepósulos) to rob a temple, steal

sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence leposthia, f, temple-robbery, sacrilege.

tapos unta, 4, temper-vovery, sacrings.

lapó-a ultos, or, (laple, outdo) robbing temples, sacrilegious · as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. ca-

crilegus.
Lepoupyée, 1. ήσω, (lepoupyés) to perform earred rites; lepoupyée τὸ εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel.
Hence

lepoupyla Ion.lpoepyly, f, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

lep-oupybe, br, (lepbe, lepvor) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

Lepoφαντίω, f. ήσω, to be an initiating priest. From Lepo-φάντης lon. Lp., ou, δ, (leple, φαίνω) one whe expounds easered things: an initiating priest. Hence Lepoφαντικόε. ή, lv, of ot for an initiating priest. Adv. -κῶν.

lepo-φύλαξ, dece, δ, (leple, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus. [9] lep6-χθων Ion. lp-, δ, ἡ, (leple, χθων) of ballowed

Lepbos, f. ωσω, (lepbs) to ballow, dedicate.

Lep-ωνύμος, ον, (lepbs, δνομα) of boly name.

Lepwori, (lepbs) Adv. in boly manner, piously.

Lepworivη Ion. Lp., ή, (lepbs) the office of priest, priestbood: a priest's salary.

lέσθην, 3 dual impf. med. of lημι. le0, an ironical exclamation, Lat. bui!

Lave, (Iso) Causal, to make to sit, seat.

IJ.

2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. | nuine, of the good old stock. intr. to sit. sidere.

TZΩ, impf. I(or Ion. I(conor: for the acr. r, v. elou: later fut. lihow, acr. I linou: II. intr. to sit, sit down; to make to sit: see elou. Keer is sporor to take one's seat : Keer of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still:—Pass. I Copen also occurs in same sense; I cooku er to Thuyétop or ée to Thuyetor to take post at Taygetus. 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. sidere.

in, io ! exclam. of joy. [?"]

ly, h, lon. for la, voice, sound.

itios, a, or, also os, or, (lt) wailing, mouraful, plaintive; lifeoe Bed a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry in.

ίηλα, inf. ίῆλαι, sor. I of lάλλω.

Inhauos, inhauize, inhautorpus, Ion. for ichen-

Type,  $\tau \phi_1 = i\alpha \mu \alpha$ .

Inu. Ine, Ine., 3 pl. laor or leior; imperat. ler; subj. là ; opt. lelyr ; inf. lérat Ep. léperat or léper ; part. leis:-impf. lyr, Acol. 3 pl. ler:-fut. how:-aor. 1 ηκα Ep. έηκα: - aor. 2 ήν, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. is, subj. in, opt. inf. elvas, part. ele:-pf. elea: plapf. elecev. Pass. and Med., pres. leμαι: impf. léμην: aor. I pass. εθην, also είθην; act. I med. ἡκάμην: act. 2 med. εξμην or ξμην: pf. pass. elucu: plapf. eluny. Causal of elu (ibo), to make to go, set agoing: hence I. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, utter, emit. send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that Inju is 4. of water, to seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμός ent yaiar lyour the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall : metaph., καδ δε κάρητος ήκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. gonerally, to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. lépevos, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. Erro is used by Homer only in phrase ewel módios mal lontúos le low litto, when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of mest and drink.

linva, act. 1 of laire.

In-wather, orce, & epith. of Apollo from the cry li) maidr: also a bymn sung to him. Hence

in-manuvile, f. low, to cry in marker or market lήσασθαι, Ion. zor. I inf. of lάομαι.

inor, Ep. for ip, 3 sing. pres. subj. of elu iba.

lησι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of lημι.

inours, inous, Ion. for lao-.

Thorove, où, dat. also où, acc. oùv, Greek form of the Hebrew Joshua, Saviour.

lythe, fipos, o, Ion. for lathe.

τορίη, ίητρός, ίήτωρ, Ιοα. for laτ-.

162-yevins poet. 10 anyevins, is, (10 is, yives) of bonest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate; of a nation, ge- | learde larpurpe sufficiently versed in medicine: about

II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to δρυκτά.

TOAKH, & Itbaea, the home of Ulysses, an island

on the West coast of Greece. Hence

Tourneds, Adv. to Itbace: and Thanhouse, a, or, of Ithaca, an Ithacan.

iota, 1, Ion. fem. for locat, v. love [1]

lolers, Adv. of love, directly, straight, Lat. rects via. Wi, imperet. of elm, come, go, begone: -- as Adv. come on! forward!

Una, aros, ro, (elm) a step, movement.

10ú, neut. of 106e, used as Adv., like 10 com.

lou-bluys, ou, &, (love, bluy) giving simple justice. Wυ-δρόμος, ον, (love, δραμείν) straight-running.

lθύθριξ, τρίχος, δ, ή, (lθύς, θρίξ) straight-baired, opp. to οὐλόθριξ, woolly-haired. [V] lθημάχία, ή, a fair, stand-up fight. From

lou-μάχος, ev, (love, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and bonestly.

lou-voos, or, (love, roce) bonest.

ίθύντατα, Εp. Sup. of lθέως, most straight, most

rigbtly.

θύνω, f. öνω: aor. ίθυνα:....Pass., aor. I θύνθην:.... lon, and Ep. for eithirw, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:-Pass, to become straight or even; τὰ δ' lθυνθήτην they ran even with one another. to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; lever lawous, to drive the horses straight: - Pass. of a boat, to be guided, 3. to guide, rule : of a judge, to rectify, eteered. correct : also to chastise.

100-mbpos, or, (livie, mopevopau) going straight on. 100-πτίων, ωνοε, δ, ή, (love, πέτομαι) straight-flying,

of an ashen spear-shaft. [78]

TOTE, ideia, idú, Ion. fem. idéa: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. evere:--of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. Ιθύτεροε, Ιθύτατοε:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem. The lesion (sub. 686r), straight on, Lat. recta via: so, in the locine, straight-Il. as Adv., love or lov, straight forward, openly. at, straight towards; love paxtoaodat to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway. Hence

lous, soe, h. Homer only in acc. low, an impulse. purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also do lθύν, – ἀν' δρθόν, straight upwards. [?]

lov-revhs, és, (lovs, reira) stretched out, straight. [1]

10v-rovos, or,  $(10vs, \tau eira) = 10v \tau erijs.$ ίθύ-τρίχες, oi, al, plur. from ιθύθριξ.

lθύω, f. ύσω: aor. Ι ίθυσα: [θ]: (lθύε):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., Wore rebe drose right against the ship. II. to be easer to do. bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

luavos, η, ω, (lu-lobal) befitting, becoming: of persons, sufficient, competent, able to do a thing; considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; learly χρόναν a long time; το laurdy λαμβάνειν to take security or bail, Lat. satis accipere. Hence

Ledvorge, 9700, \$, sufficiency, fitness. lutivou, f. wow, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify.

ledwo [a], Ep. lengthd. for law, - levéopes, only used in pres. and impf., to come: to come to, arrive at, reach: also Med. isáropai.

lutives, Adv. of lawfe, sufficiently, Lat. satis; learue lyear to be sufficient: Sup. learurara.

Tungues, a, or, (Ludgoe) Icarian, name of that part of the Acgaean sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ineλos, η, ον, poët. form for dueλos, like. [1] Hence inchou, i wou, to make like.

lutover, sor. 2 inf. of lartopas.

lutoba, 3 sing. acr. 2 imperat. of leviopes.

inesia, i, (intrus) the prayer of a suppliant. п. as fem. of interior, a female suppliant.

interior, a, or, also oe, or, (interpe) of, for or presiding over suppliants, epith. of Zeus. II. suppliant, supplicating.

inera-bones, or, (intrae, become) receiving or protecting suppliants.

Lecrela, i, - lecola, q. v.

lucteums, aros, to, (lecreve) a mode of supplication. instruction, a, or, proper to be supplicated. From inerebe, f. ou: aor. I inérevou [l Att., l' Ep.]: (letrue):-to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

inertipies sync. intipies, a, or, (interps) of or fit for suppliants. ή lκετηρία (sub. ἐλαία), the olive branch which a suppliant held in his band.

lkéres, ou, ô, (lkésbai) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive II. the protector of the supplicant. Hence

incer horses, a, or, protecting the suppliant, of Zous.

lateres, idos, \$, fem. of laterys.

Terpes, Ep. for ley, 2 sing. 20r. 2 subj. of levelopes. legicies and legicies, to moisten. From

TKMA'Z, abos, 1, moisture of any kind.

tenevos or tenevos, only in the phrase tenevos otipos a fair breeze, (from irriopas), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. ventus secundus.

invious, lengthd from IKA [1]: fut Gome Dor. lξούμαι: aor. a lεόμην: pf. lγμαι, part. lγμένοι:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach. 2. to come as a suppliant (lutitue) to one, to beseech, entreat 3. impers, in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, become; του μάλιστα levéeras whom it most concerns; to lareduevor that which is fitting, proper.

involvem, Dor. for involvem, 3 pl. of inventu. kwbupáwas Ion. ikweop., ikweup... Adv. part. pres. of lavious, fittingly, aright.

leolusy, Dor. for leolung, sor. 3 opt. of levéques. TKPIA, ra, the balf-deck of an Homeric ship; generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benebes. lersop, Adv. (lew) at once, close together. of Place, close to, bard by, c. gen.

uring, sipos, o, (low) a suppliant. II. Zede lette, be protector of the suppliant.

lerhous, a, or, syncop. for leerhouse.

lutideos, a, or, (lutis) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in Homer stibeos. II. as Subst., levedés, contr. luriði (sub. 8024), fi, eveasei-ekin.

TKTINOZ, b, a bite, Lat. milvus.

TKTTZ, Woe, j, the yellow-breasted mart .-eat.

urre, 3 sing. plaps. of leveoper.

TKΩ, impt. lkov: 2 or, 2 lfor: root of laveous, 2 form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time: rd od your leouela we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. levéo par 2. leétys): - metaph. to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc.; υβριε τε βίη Te subspect objector like violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances. conditions; xpecial lives he necessity is upon me; bures, γήραι, luáres με come upon or over me.

tempor, sor. 2 subj. of tertoper.

Dor. for thy. [1]

UMBov, Adv. (Un) in troops, in bodies, in companies, Let. turmatim: in abundance. [?]

ίλαθι, pres. imperat. of ίλημι.

**Ιλάομαι, Ερ. for Ιλάσκομαι.** "IAAOE, or, Att. Doors, ar, nom. pl. Deep, neut. Dea:—of gods, propitious, gracious: of men, gra-່ 2. ໂλເໝ cious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay. ool, (sc. form à Gebe) God be gracious to thee, 1. e. be it far from thee.

Uldola, 1, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

lλάρδε, ά, όν, (ίλασε) cheerful, gay, joyous, murthful, Lat, bilaris. Adv -poe. Hence

ιλάρότης, ητος, ή, gasety, Let. bilaritas.

**λάσκομαι**: fut. Ιλάσομαι [α] Ερ. Ιλάσσομαι Dor ιλάξομαι: 201. 1 Ιλασάμην: Dep.: (Daos).—10 appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but also *to conciliate* a man. II. to expiate, atom III aor. I imperat, pass. Ελάσθητι, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

thoopies, i, a means of appearing: a proputation, sacrifice. [ĩ]

ίλασσάμενος, Ερ. 201. I part. of ίλασκομαι.

tháores, Ep. for tháoy, 2 sing. 201. 1 subi. of tha .

Unarthous, a, or, (Unarropai) propitiatory; II. as Subst., Dagripor, to, propiliation or the mercy wat.

Dea, Att. neut. pl. of Dace.

Daws, Att. for Daos.

thη or είλη Dor. tha, ή, (than, είλω) a crowd, band, 2. a troop of borse, squadron, troop, company. Lat. turma, ala, strictly of 64 men; generally, a troop,

3. at Sparta, a sertain division of the | luditurus of, o, (luarica) clothing, apparel. [1] сотрану. youths.

Dark, imperat. of Danu.

Uhues, (Lace) to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. ithenou, and 2 sing. opt. itheors.

Dayes, = 124 new, esp. in imperat. Dayes Dor. Date, be

gracious, propitious !

Duás, áðos, ή, pecul. fem. of Duards. IL 🕿 1. (sub. γη) the land of Ilium. Subst. Thás. (sub. γυνή), a woman of Illum. 3. (sub. ποίησιε), the fliad, of Homer.

Ukrypha, f. ou: 201. I lkryplaca :-- to base a swim-

ming in the bead. From

they you, b, (the, eles) a spinning round: a swimming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [1]

Thirt, 1770s, \$, (DAN) a whirling, whirlpool. Thirden, Adv. (Dans) from Troy.

Duch, old Ep. gen. of Thice, Adv. at Troy.

Theop-patorns, o, (Theos, pain) destroyer of Troy. Thist, old Ep. gen. of Thise.

TAIOL, ou, h, or Theor, to, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Ilus, also called Troy.

thhás, áðos, ý, (thau, ethu) a rope, band.

UNAS, & (DNas) squinting.

TAAR, v. sub elam.

[genit. IABos TAY'Z, soe, h, mud, slime, dirt. Homer, later Libos.]

ludvregor, Ep. dat. pl: of luds.

tuavrillov, To, Dim. of link

lμάντινος, η, ον, (lμάς) of leathern thongs.

ludvrιον, τό, Dim. of luds.

lμαντό-πέδη, ή, (iμάs, πέδη) a leathern band: me-

taph, one of the feelers of the polypus.

TMA'Z, árroe, ô, dat. pl. lµâoı Ep. lµárreooı : a leathern strap of thong; in pl. the straps of harness of a chariot; the thong or lash of a whip. eestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put 3. the magic girdle of Aphroround the hand: 4. a latch, by which the bolt dité. Lat. caestres. was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latebet: later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb., lude nowelos dorn he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

iμάσθλη, ή, (luás, luáσσω) the thong or last of a

whip, generally a whip. [Y]

lμάσσω, fut. lμάσω [d]: sor. I lμασα: (lμάε):—to

flog, scourge: also to smite.

indribation, to, Dim. of Indrior. [In bil] **Ιμάτίδιον**, τό, Dim. of *ξμ*άτιον.

untile, f. low, (lμάτιον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. lματισμένου, clothed.

hudro-namplos, o, (luarior, namplos) a dealer in elothes.

**Ψάτιον**, τό, in form only a Dim. of elμα, an outer garment, clock or manth worn above the xiron, answering to Homer's xxadra; ludrea, rá, generally, II. a elo:b.

· lpan-polanie, f. how, (lpanor, polanie) to take care of elothes,

tuelpe Acol. tuippe, (tuepos) to long for, years for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. luclpoper as Dep., with acr. I med. lucepaper, pass. *Ιμέρθην*.

they, I pl. of the ibo.

tuer, tueras, Ep. for libras, inf. of eigs ibo.

turepe-Beguche, és, (Turpos, Bépuopai) locking long-

Tuepoons, essa, er, (Tuepos) exciting love or desire, lovely; ebarming.

lμερο-θαλής, εε, (Γμεροε, τέθηλα) Dor. for inecon-

λήs) sweetly growing or blooming.

"IMEPOX [1], b, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderison: absol. love, desire.

**Ιμέρρω**, Acol. for *Ιμείρω*.

tμερτός, ή, όν, (lμείρω) longed for, lovely. Tunevan, post. for Tuevan, lévan, inf. of ein ibo.

luovia, if, (luás) the rope of a draw-well: acc. inridr, absol., a rope's length, i. e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

ly, Dor. for I, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

"INA", Conjunction: -that, in order that, - Swan, t, with Subj. mood after tenses of present Lat. wt: time; fixee, b' loye thou art come that thou mayest 2. with Optal. after tenses of past time; Taxλάε έδουτε μένος, Ιν' έκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that be might become conspicuous. with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; by ar reglice in which case he would have been blind. II. ba at. that not, lest, Lat. ut ne. III, elliptic with other Particles, bea by, bea wee, bea to (sub. yératas); to ivbat end?

Adverb., I. of Place, - Swow, Lat. whi, is what place, where; ly trodoer his trevorre where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, bed 750, xeepas, etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. - Swot, Lat. quo, to what place, whither; b' of xeras whither he is gone. lvδάλλομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (είδαλιμος, είδαλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., Ινδάλλοτο σφίσι Πηλείαση he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol to appear, seem.

Trouse, 4, or, (Trose) Indian.

Tv8-oherne, ou, o, (Irose, ohersa) the Indian-hiller, epith. of Bacchus.

INAOZ, 6, an Indian:—as Adj.—Irdusie, Isdian. II. the river Indus.

Trouse.

Ives, pl. nom. of is.

lvior, to, (is) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the bead, nape of the neck. [27] INIX, b, a son, child.

Two, oos, contr. ous, h, Inc. daughter of Cadmes, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Leucothea.

iv-údns, es, (is, sidos) sinosoy, pidrious. [?]

Ethos, or, (from stoom, as if contracted from difa-Ass) epith. of the wild goat, bounding, springing. George, fut, inf. of leveouse.

Levrine, οῦ, ὁ, (Levω) a fowler, bird-cateber, snarer. Leve, f. ew, (Libe) to eateb birds by birdlime.

LoBole, f. how, to eatch birds with lime-tungs. From ιξο-βόλος, ον, (ιξός, βάλλω) setting lime-twigs.

lfo-epyos, δ, (lfoe, \*έργω) one who uses birdlime, a fowler

Gouss, fut. of laveopus.

Hov, Ep. sor. 2 of face

THO'E, d. Lat. VISCUM, misseltoe: also, the mis-II. birdlime prepared from the misseltoe-berry seltos-berry, Lat. viscus.

igo-pepere, tor, o, (igir, pipe) bearing misseltos. TET'I, voe, n: dat. if we contr if we: the watet.

16-βanχos, δ, (lie, βάκχε) Baschus invoked with the cry of lis: - a song beginning lib Banxe! io-βλίφαρος, ον, (lor, βλίφαρον) violet-eyed. lopolies, f. how, to shoot arrows. From

le-βόλος, ον, (lós, βάλλω) shooting arrows. ie-βόστρυχος, ον. (lov. βύστρυχος) dark-baired. ib-Beres, or, (for, bia) violet-twined.

lo-86cos, or, (lus, 86x0 pai) bolding arrows. io-erons, is, (lov, eross) violet-coloured, of the sea. long, earn, er, (lor) violet-coloured, dark.

ioly, Att. for locat, opt. of ela ibo. loious, Dor. for lovous, part. fem of elus ibo.

loper, Ep. for lower, 1 pl. subj. of eim ibo. lo-μίγης, is, (los, μιγήναι) mined with poison. ib-puopos, or, (lor, pupos) dark-fated, miserable.

TON, 76, the violet, Lat. viola. [1] lov, Ep. form of impf. of elu ibo.

lovode, ádos, h, sbaggy, bairy. From

LIVTER, Dart. Di. of elm.

loveos, &, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [1] Torses, a, or, (Te) of lo; Turios non the Idnian sea, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have swum,-not to be confounded with the lonian sea.

lo-whorduos, or, (lov. whomapos) with violet locks,

lark-baired. [Y] los [1], o, with irreg. pl. la, (l/vas inf. of elm ibo) as arrow.

TOE, &, rust, verdigris, Lat. aerugo. TO'X, &, poison, esp. of serpents.

los, la, Ep. for els, pla; dat. lo for erl. to-στέφάνος, ev, (los, στέφανος) violet-crowned. ίστης, ητος, ή, will, resolve; mostly in dat., θεών

lorgers by the will or pleasure of the gods. to runge, is, (los, rungras) struck by an arrow.

600, a cry of woe, Lat. ben! seldom, like live a cry of riding: easily ridden. joy. [Y]

Toubatte, f. ou, to live as a Jew. From TouBalkoe, 4, br, of or for the Jews. Adv. - who.

From Torbaics, a, or, of the tribe of Judah: as Subst .:

s Jan 2. Tovdasa (ες, γη) the land of Judaea. Toubaloués, d. (Toubaice) Judaism.

loudis, idos, h, a red fish.

loukos, or. (oukos) down, the first growth of the beard; ύπο προτάφοισιν ίουλοι the young bair beneath the temples, i. e. the whiskers.

lo-xicipa, f, (los, xalpo) delighting in arrows, os (from xéw) showering arraws.

lavo-καής, έε. (lavos, καηναι) baked in the oven

lavo-λέβης, ητος, δ, (lavús, λέβης) a boiler, caldron, lavo-noids, or, (lavos, roide) working in an oven or furnace; es Subst. a potter

'IIINO'Z, b, an oven or furnace, Lat. furnus, the place of the oven, kitchen. III a lantern.

lwos, δ or ή, (lutoμαι) in a mouse-trap, the piece of wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a trap; a beavy weight. Hence

labor, f wow. to press down:-Pass, to be pressed down or erusbed; elopopais leouperoe squeezed hard

by taxes. [7]

lun-apperou, or, oi, (inneve, dyelpo) three officers at Lacedaemon, who close 300 youths to serve as lareîs or body-guard for the kings.

lau-dywyde, dr. (izzle, dyw) carrying borse.: larayerroi (sub. raûs) al, transport-ships for horses.

Inmaloual, fut. doopal Dep. (innos) to drive or guide a bor:e, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; luráscobal yúpar to ride over a country. Pass of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be broken in.

inn-aixpos, or, (innos, alxμή) fighting on borseback. ίππ-άλεκτρυών, όνος, ό, (ίππος, άλεκτρυών) a borsecock: a grypbon, dragon.

Ιππάλίδας, ου, δ, poét, forni for Ιππεύε.

lundnal, (lunes) cry of the knights to each other in comic imitation of the seaman's cry burraral.

επάριον, τό, Dim. of επος, a little borse, pony. ίππ-αρμοστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ίππος, ἀρμοστής) Lacedae-

monian word for immapyos. immanxém, f. how, to be a general of cavalry, to command the cavalry. Hence

lumapyla, h, the command of the cavalry.

Ιππαρχικός, ή, ω, of or for cavalry. From

Tun-apxos, and Inn-apxys, ou, o, (incos, apxw) ruling the borse, epith of Neptune. II. a gene-

ral of cavalry; at Athens there were two. lumás, άδοε, ή, fem. of lumikóe; lumás στολή α

riding-dress, borseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub. táfis), the order of knights: the knights' tax.

lππασία, ή, (lπ-άζομαι) riding, borse-exercise. cbariot-driving.

laπάσιμος, η, ον, (laπάζομαι) fit for borses of for

ίππαστήρ, ήρος, and ίππαστής, οῦ, δ, (Ισνάζομαι) II as Adj. fit for riding. a borseman.

lunela, ή, (luneύω) borsemanship, riding, driving. II. equalry. esp. racing.

(mmenos, a, or, (lawos) of a borse or borses; famelog. | λόφος a crest of borse-bair.

inπ-epos, δ, (inπos, spos) love for borses, a borsefever.

inverse, aros, to, (inverse) a ride on borseback,

expedition in a chariot.

lareve, see Ion. for d. (irror) in Homer, either a driver of borses, ebarioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chartot. 2. a borseman, rider. at Athens the lawere Att. lawne. Horsemen or Knights, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback : see irraypira.

immeurho, noos, o, and immeurhs, où, o, a rider, borseman, from

laneim, f. om: 201, I lanevoa: (laneie):—to be a boruman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Zepupov ervous levelourroe when Zephyt rode with his gales, as in Horace, Eurus equitavit per undas. serve on borseback.

tunias, Ep. pl. acc. of luneve.

lampler Adv (incoe) like a borse. II. like a

borseman

Innheout, P.p. for Inneuer, pl. dat. of Inneue

late-nhadros, a, ov. (later, thanvel) fit for riding or driving; lumphable bobs a chariot road.

law-ηλάτα, δ, Ep. form for lawηλατης.

lmmηλατέω, f. ήσω, to ride or drive

Ιππ-ηλάτης, ου, δ. Ερ. Ιππηλάτα, (ίπτος, ελαύνω) a driver of borses, one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our Knight. [3]

lmm-ήλατος, ον, (ίπτος, έλαύνω) fit for borsemansbip

or driving.

Ίππ-ημολγοί, ων, οί, (ίπποε, ἀμέλγω) the Maremilkers, a Scythian or Tartar tribe: -as Adj. milking

lume-aval, acros, (issos, aval) chief of borsemen. immikos, ή, όν, (immos) of a borse or borses; άγὰν lutifie a borse of chariot race. II. of or for riding or borsemen, equestrian: skilled in rid-2. h levish (sub. rexvn), borsemanship, Mg. riding. III. To luminor, the cavalry. Adv. - www. like a borseman.

innes, a, or, (innes) of a borse or borses.

Ιππιο-χαίτης, ου, ό, (ίππιος, χαίτη) sbaggy with borse-bair

lamo-χάρμης, ου, δ, (ίσπιος, χάρμη) one who fights trom a chariot. 2. a borseman, rider.

iππο-βάμων [ā], or, gen. oros, (iπτος, βαίνω) going pn borseback, equestrian. 2. metaph., βήματα luτοβάμονα bigb-paced words, bombast.

luno-βάτης [d], ov, d, (lunos, βalve) a borseman. ίππο-βότης, ου, δ, (ίππος, βόσκω) a feeder of borses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ίπποβόται were the hnights, nobles.

into-botos, or, (Ittos, blown) fed on by borses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.

Ιππο-βουκόλος, δ, (ίπτος, βουκόλος) a borschoper. Εχυρε, bippopotames: in Herodotes, force verápuse.

lamo-γόρανοι, ol. (lamos, γίρανος) crans-cavalry. land-γυποι, ol, (innoe, γύψ) vulture-cavalry.

lππό-δάμος, ον, (ίπτος, δαμάω) borse-taming: 25 Subst. a tamer of borses.

lwwo-baoeta, as fem., without any masc. lwwobaous n use, (irros, darvs) epith. of ropus, thick with borsebair, with rough borse-bair erest.

lππό-δεσμα, ev, rá, (lπτος, δεσμός) reins, a balter. lano-Berns, ou, d, (lance, blw) a balte

lππο-διώκτης, ου, δ, Dor. -τας, (ίπτος, διώκω) α driver or rider of borses.

lamo-δρομία, ή, (lamόδρομου) a borse-race or charto:race. Hence

large-boomes, or, of the borse-race. II. epith. of Poseidon, delighting in the speed of borses. lππό-δρομος, δ. (ίππος, δρόμος) a race-course.

lππο-δρόμος, δ, (ίππος, δραμείν) a porse-courier. lunober, Adv. (innos) forth from the borse. Innouv, Ep. dual gen. of irros.

lano-karbapos, 6, (intos, karbapos) a borse-beetle.

monstrous beetle.

inno-kilewoos, or, (innos, kilewoos) drawing borses: as Subst. *a chariotee*r, *rider.* lmmo-kivtaupos, 6, (immos, kirtaupos) a borse-cen-

taur, balf-borse balf-man.

lano-koutes, f. how, to keep or groom borses; lanonousily narbapor to groom one's beetle. From

luno-kouos, ov. (innos, koules) keeping or grooming II. as Subst., Ιπποκόμος, δ, α groom, one who attended the Athenian leveve in war.

lumb-κομος, ον, (ίππος, κόμη) decked with borse-bair. lamo-κορυστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ίπτος, κορύσσω) one who is furnished with a borse, a borseman, knight.

lumo-koŭriw, f. how, (lumos, kearle) to be superior in borse: Pass, to be inferior in borse. Hence lπποκράτία, ή, victory in a skirmish of borse. lππό-κρημνος, ον, (ίππος, κρημνός) tremendously

steep; lanoκρημουν βήμα a neck-breaking word. lamb-κροτος, or, (irros, κροτίω) sounding with the

tramp of borses.

luπό-λοφος, ον, (ίνπος, λόφος) with borse-bair crest. lππο-μάνης, έε, (ίσπο, μανήναι) mad for borses: II. as Subst., levoparés, éce, ré, an luzuriant. Arcadian plant, which makes borse mad. excrescence on the forebead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a bumour which falls from mares. Hence

lππο-μάνία, ή, a mad love for borses, racing, etc. Ιππομάχίω, f. ήσω, (Ιππομάχου) to fight on burseback. Hence

Ιππομάχία, ή, a borse-fight, skirmish of borse. lawo-μάχος, ον, (lawoe, μάχομαι) fighting on borse-

back: as Supst., immoudayos, o, a trooper. Immo-vapus, ov, b, (Immos, rupae) driving bornes.

lano-achos, or, (lance, norto par) busied with borses: as Subst., Immombhoe, b. a rider or driver of borses. lano-morduos, o, (lance, vorquee) the river-borse of THIIOE, &, \$, a borse, mare, Let. equius, equa: the pl. innot is the pair of borses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; do' innow from the chariot; hade to mal innot the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; lenot nal nefal borse and foot.

If innoe, the borse, cavalry, Lat. equitatus, always in sing, as, xthi innoe, a thousand horse.

III. Innoe retained the hipopotamus.

IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our borsechestnut, borselaugh, v. lund-npn page, etc.

luno-obas, ov. 6, (innos, orio) driver of borses. luno-obos, a, ov. borse-driving.

lund-orders, eas, \$\textit{\eta}\$, (lunes, orders) a stable: metaph., 'Ash'ov erequia lundorague the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. c. the IVest.

laworven, h, (lawos) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship.

of an army, cavalry.

lππόστνος, η, ον, − lππικόε. Ιππότα, Ερ. for ἐππότηε.

lumbrus, ou, δ, (issoe) a driver or rider of borses, a borseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep form luπότα, esp. of Nestor.

II. as Adj., λεώς Ιππύτηυ

the borse-folk, borsemen.

lano-roforne, ov. d. (innos, roforns) a mounted bouman, borse-archer.

trwoτροφίω, f. ήσω, to breed or keep borses. And trwoτροφία, ή, a breeding or keeping of borses, esp. for racing. From

lumo-τρόφος, ον, (funos, τρίφω) borse-feeding: breeding or keeping borses.

Ιππο-τύφία, ή, (ίπτος, τύφος) excessive pride.

Ταπου-πρήνη, ή, Hippocrene, the borse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

Tun-bupes, clos, h, (tunes, obpá) fem. Adj. decked with a borse-tail, with crest of horse-bair.

mile a porte-tail, with crest of porte-bair.

ξαπο-φόρβιον, τό, (ίπποι, φέρβω) a stable. II. a troop of borses. lππο-φορβός, όν, (ίπποι, φέρβω) a borse-keeper.

trainer.

λαπο-χάρμης, ου, δ, (έππος, χάρμη) = Ιππιοχάρμης.

lan ésqu, es, (lanos, elbos) borse-like. lanés, oros, ó, (lanos) a place for borses, a stable:

a balting place, station.

lumerela, h, a buying of borses From

transfer, f. how, to very borses. From transfer, ov. δ, (trace, δνέομαι) a buyer of borses.

Erragas, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.
Επτομαι, f. άψομαι: (Ιποε): Dep.:—to press bard,

oppress: generally, to burt, barm.

ίρα, τά, lon. for lepá.

pat, axos, o, contr. for lipat, a bawk.

lpáous, Ion. for lepáous. losla, Ion. for lépesa.

ipeverkov, lon. impf. of leseiw.

Lorve, for, b, Ion. for lepets,

lphiov, lon, for lepeiov. lphv, évos, ô, lon, for elphv. lphi, neos, ô, lon, for lépai.

lpia, Dor. for lépeia.

lpie, ιδος, ή: acc. lpiv as well as lpiδa:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τίραε μερόπων ἀνθρώπων) II. impersonated Τριε, ιδος, ή, acc. Τριν, νοc. Τρι, lris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumas (the Wonderer).

Ιρισσιν, Ερ. for Ιρισιν, dat. pl. of Ιριε.
Ιρο-Βρόμος, δ, (Ιρόε, δραμεῖν) Ion. for Ιεροζρ , run-

ning in the sacred races. [I] lpo-εργίη, Jon. for lepoυργία.

ipov, ro, Ion. for lepov. [1]

lpós, ή, όν, Ion. for lepóe. [l] lpo-φάντης, δ, Ion. for lepoφ...

lpwown, Ion. for lepwown, priestbood.

"I, η, gen. lvie, acc. lva: pl. nom. lves, dat. lvess Ep. lvesos:—Lat. VIS, strength, force, nerve, these and siness: very freq. in periphr. like βίη, as, le Τηλεμάχοιο the strong Telemachus.

II. a muscle: the neck. [1]

iou, lou, neut. pl. of loos, loos, used as Adv. lo-ayyelos, or, (loos, ayyelos) like an ang.l.

lσ-άδελφος, ον, (ίσος, άδελφός) like a broiber. lσάζω, f. άσω, (ίσος) to make equal:—Med. to make

or bold equal to another, c. dat. loup, Dor. for longu.

lo-dμιλλος, ον, (ίσος, άμιλλα) equal in the race. ίσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of dμ ibo. II. Ep. for

ỹσαν, ýδεισαν, 3 pl. plapf. of eľðu. to-áveµos, ov, (toos, áveµos) swift as the wind. [ἄ]

louves, Dor. for loaσι, 3 pl. of lonμι. lo-apytipos, or, (loss, apyupos) as good as silver,

worth its weight in silver.

lous, Dor. part. of longu.

louou, 3 pl. of longu, and of olda (v. elde B).

lσάσκετο [1], Ion. for lσάζετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of lσάζω, she likened berself.

loan, Dor. for longs, 3 sing. of longs.

lo-nyopéw and Med. -louas, (loos, dyopeiw) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

lonyopla, ή, equal right of speech : generally, equality in the eye of the law.

lo-ηλιξ, iκοs, δ, η, (loos, ηλιξ) of the same age with.
lo-ημέριος, α, ον, (loos, ημέρα) lasting an equal time.

"IΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. Ισάμι, Ισάτι; pl. Ισάμεν, Ισάσι οτ Ισαντι; part. Ισαε.

lo-hperμos, or, (loos, έρετμός) with as many oars.
lo-hons, es, (loos, deapsir) equally fitted, equal.
look, have imports of telles.

lords, know, imperat. pf. of \*eldu. II. lords, be, imperat. of elui sum.

"Ισθμια (sub. lepá), αν, τά, (lσθμόε) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence 'Ισθμάζω, f. άσω, to attend the Isthmian games.

Ισθμίζικός, ή, όν, (ίσθμιον) of the Isthmus.

Τσθμιάς, άδολ, pecul. fem. of "Ισθμιοε: al Τσθμιάδεν | Ισονομέσμαι, Pass. (Ισίσομου) to base equal rights. (sub. lopral), the Isthmian games.

ίσθμιον, τό, (leθμός) a necklace.

Tobuce, a. or, also oe, or, (loduce) of the Isthmus, Is bmian.

Toθμόθαν, Adv. from the Isthmus; and To Judde, Adv. on the Isthmus; and Tolpel, Adv. on the Isthmus. From

latude, of, o, (eige ibo) a nock: any narrow pas-2. a nock of land between two seas, an istbmus: esp. as prop. n. the Isthmus of Corinth.

lσθμώθης, es, (lσθμίο, elbos) like an isthmus.

Touds, abos, fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis. From Town, f., gen. Totoes lon. Totoe: dat. Tot: acc. "Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Cores.

'IΣΚΩ or etorus, to make like; love peidea rolla λέγων ἐτύμοισεν δμούε speaking many lies be made them like truths. II, to bold or think like; {µ} sol lonortes thinking me like you: absol., loner twoeroe drip each man imagined or supposed. in late Poets, lone, loner, - Elever, be spake, said.

lower, I pl. of olda, for which Homer always uses Buer; v. elder B.

loo-βάρης, ές, (loos, βάρος) of equal weight.

too-baluer, or, gen. eros, (toos, baluer) godliks, qual to a god. II. equal in fortune or happiness. loo-blauros, or, (loos, blaura) living on an equal footing.

looftyne, is, (loos, surfival) equally balanced:

egunl.

laró-bece, or, (lace, beie) equal to the gode, godlike. loo-kivbovos, or, (loos, kirboros) equal to the danger. loob-kampos, or, (loos, safipos) equal in property. loro-kpārije, és, (loos, spáros) of equal might or power, possessing equal privileges with others. Hence icronparia, 4, equality of power and rights, political equality.

lσ-όμαλος, ον, (loos, όμαλος) equally level, nearly

equal.

lσο-μάτωρ, Dor. for lσο-μήτωρ, opoe, ė, ή, (ίσοε, μή-THE like one's mother.

lσό-μάχος, ev, (lσος, μάχη) equal in the fight. loo-peyébys, es, (loos, péyebos) equal in size. too-pérwros, or, (toos, pérwror) with equal fore-

bead or front.

loo-μήκης, es, (loos, μήκος) equal in length. troporpie, f. how, (tobporpos) to bave an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another. Hence

lσομοιρία Ion. -ίη, ή, a sbaring equally, equal partneribip.

io-parpos, or, (loos, poipa) baving an equal sbare of a thing; who loopoo and earth's equal partner 2. generally, equal. close, resembling; page σκύτο Ισύμοιρον light close akin to darkness.

lσό-μορος, ον, (ίσος, μέρος) - Ισόμοιρος, resembling. lo-brupos, er, (loce, brupos) dream-like, vacant. is 6-venue, voe, 6, 4, (is oe, views) dying the same death.

Hence

loovopla, 4, equality of rights, political equality. led-vouce, or, (leve, rouge) basing equal rights, enjoying freedom.

lob-wais, saibos, b, 4, (loos, sais) like a child. loo-πάλαιστος, ον. (loos, παλαιστή) ε span long. loomakie, s. how, to be a match for. From loo-wathe, ie, (loos, wath) equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.

lob-makos, or. - loorakhe.

lab-webov, 76, level ground, a flat: neut. from lab-redos, or. (loos, ridor) of even surface, level. lσο-πλάτης, έε, (ίσοε, πλάτοε) equal in breadth. ίσο-πλάτων, ωνος, δ, (ίσος, Πλάτων) a second Plate. loo-πληθής, ές, (loos, πλήθος) equal in number or quantity.

lσό-προσβυς, ν, (lσος, πρέσβνο) like an old man. looppowle, j, equipoise, equilibrium. From lσόρ-ροπος, ον, (ίσος, βοπή) equally balanced, π equipoise: equally matched.

TEOZ, lon, loor, Att. loos [1], lon, loor, Ep. also tions [1]:—equal to, the same as, like; for spot for measure for measure; leve sal.., equally with; lear Il. equally divided or disłpol equally with me. tributed, equal; lon poips an equal portion, also lon alone (sub. poips); to low and to low an equal thare, fair n:easure; upostuzeir till low to obtain ond's dues: hence fair, reasonable, love drie a fair, 2. at Athens, of the equal division vpright man. of all civic rights; re low equality, & long (sub. Tipupla) punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment; lear (sub. 49401) votes equally di-III. of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. asques; els tò loco matababeco, Let. in aequem decenders: & love at an equal distance or interval. IV. Adv. lowe, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. low Att. low, los Att. log, are also used adverbially: in Att. log generally means equally, lowe perhaps :-- so also & low equally; is row isow on an equal footing; is low equally; cp. trions. V. Att. Comp. louivepos.

looonehhe, ie, (loos, onthue) with equal legs; looenelle refrance a triangle with two sides equal.

loor Dana, 4, (loored he) equality of taxation. love-theores, or, (isos, rehim) accomplished for all alike.

lov-relige, is, (love, rilos) paying alike, paying the same taxes: at Athens the loorexeis were a favoured class of *péroisci*, who needed no patron (<del>sportérqu</del>), and paid no alien-duty (peroletor), but had to PS taxes with the citizens.

loro-revips, le, (lorce, relow) equally stretched.

loorne, proc. s. (loce) equality.

loortule, \$, equality of bosour or privilege. From lob-ripos, or, (love, τιμή) beld in equal boson: baving the same privileges.

is o-duplie, (love, dipe) Ep. Verb only used in presto match queself with, cope with, vie with; leader (and rul loya to vie with one in accomplishments; gene-

loopaplober, Dor. inf. of loopaple.

loo-φόροs, or, (loos, φέρω) bearing equal weights, equal in strength.

loo-xahija, is, or loo-xahos, or, (loos, xeihbs)

level with the edge or brim.

lσό-χνοος, ον, (ίσος, χνόος) equally woolly with.

lσοχρονίω, f. ήσω, to be contemporary with. From lσό-χρονος, ον, (Ισος, χρόνος) equal in age or time. lσοψηφία, ψ, equal right to vote. From

lob-wyopos, or, (loos, wipos) basing an equal number of soles.

11. basing an equal sole with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchies.

11. equal in numerical value, of words

ισό-ψύχου, ον, (Isos, ψυχή) of equal spirit or soul: εράτου Ισύψυχου power of like spirit with men.

the letters of which make up the same sum.

lobe, f. bow, (loos) to make equal; lobous τάφέσει τὰ τέρματα baving made the winning-post even with the starting-post, i.e. baving run the whole course:—Med., δνυχας χειράς τε lobourto they made their nails and bands alike, i.e. used them in like manner:—Pass. to be made like or equal to.

torduer, torduera, Ep. for lordra, inf. of loτημ. tordoo, pres. imperat. pass. of of loτημ.

lordo, rare collat. form of lorημ, in 3 sing. pres. lorg, and 3 sing. impf. lora.

lore, 2 pl. of olda, v. \* elda B. loreares, Ion, for loravras.

iστημι (lengthd. from \*ΣΤΑ'Ω):—the tenses of loτημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal, to make to stand, pres. [στημι, impf. [στην, fut. στήσω, and aor. 1 ἔστησα, of Αct. B. Intrans. to stand, in aor. 2 ἔστην, pf. ἔστηκα, plapf ἔστήκεων, together with pres. pass. [σταμαι, impf. Ιστάμην, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι, fut. 3 ἔστήξομαι), aor. 1 ἔστάθην [d], pf. ἔστάμαι, plapf. ἔστάμην. But the pres. [σταμαι, impf. Ιστά-

μην, as well as aor. 1 ἐστησάμην, must also be regarded as med., in which case they take a causal

sense, to place.

Epic forms: 3 sing. impt. toraσκε: 3 pl. 20r. τ Ep. ξοτάσων for ξοτησων: syncop. dual and plur. perf. ξοτάσων, ξοτάμην, ξοτάτε (οι ξοτητε), ξοτάσι; imperat. ξοτάθε; subj. ξοτώ; opt. ξοταίην; inf. ξοτάναι Ep. ξοτάμεν, ξοτάμεναι [α]; part. ξοτών δοτώσα, ἐστάω (σε ξοτίε), gen. ξοτώτο»; lon. ξοτεώς, ῶτος, also ἐστηών (Homer uses gen. ἐστάστος, acc. ἐστάστα, nom. pl. ξοτάστε»); 20r. 2 στάσων, εε, ε, 3 pl. ξοτων, στών [α]; 2 and 3 sing. subj. στήμε, στήμ for στής, στή, 1 plur. στέσμεν and στείσμεν for στῶμεν: inf. στήμεναι for στήναι.

A. Causal, to make to stand, set, place.

II. to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast, fix.

III. to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a statue in one's honour; lordwa rivà xakoûr to set

up a person in brass, raise a brasen statue to him

2. to raise, raise up, stir; spur orthous to begin a quartel.

3. to set up, appoint, establish.

1V. to place in the balance, weigh; re updo re one thing against another.

B. Intrans. to stand, be set or placed; with an Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; wa χρείας έσταμεν in what need we are:—στίρται els... or παρά..., to set oneself towards, go to. 2. to lie, be situated. II. to stand still, take one's stand: to stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease. III. to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, loraredu opolis to rear up. 2. generally, to arise, begin; lapoe νέον Ισταμένοιο as spring was just beginning; τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνός τοῦ δ΄ Ισταμένοια as one month ends and the next begins:—thus in

Homer the month is divided into two parts, μην lστάμενος and φθίνεν; in the Attic Calendar the month.

which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three

parts of ten days each, called respectively, who lotáperos, peoûr, pôirar. 3. to be appointed.

lorin, Ion. for έστο. loringoda, Ion for elστιασθαι, pf. inf. pass. of έστιαω loringopiov, τό, Ion. for έστιατ

lorlor, 76. (lorde) a living woven, a web, eloth, sheet: a sail, dapois xenabai lorlois to keep the sails reefed.

lστιορ-ράφος, ον, (lστίον, βάπτω) sail-patching metaph. a meddling, chesting fellow.

torio-obpos, or, (lottor, olpo) scrrying sails.

lorro-βοεύε, gen. - έων Ion. - ήσε, δ, (lorde, βούε) the plough-tree or pole.

lστο-βόη, ή, = foreg.

ίστο-δόκη, ή, (leτιε, δέχομαι) the mau-holder, a rest on which the mast was laid when let down.

forey, 2 and 3 dual pf. of \*elow

loτο-πέδη, ή, (loτύs, πέδη) a bole in the keel for fixing the mast in.

lare-novee, er, (larce, review) working at the loom. lareples, f. how, (larep) to learn by inquiry: to inquire of, question, c. acc. pers.: of things, to inquire about comething.

II. to narrate what one has learnt, narrate interieally. Hence

loropla, 4, a learning by inquiry: knowledge or in formation obtained by inquiry. If a narration

of what one has learnt, bistorical narrative

lorbs, δ. (loτημι) a ship's mast, lorder στήσαι α. στήσασθαι to set up the mast: generally, a rod or pole II. the web-beam of the loom; which in ancient looms stood upright), the loom; bother isolycodal to be busy about the beam, and so to weave 2. the warp that was fixed to the beam the web.

lortó-rovos, ar, (lorós, reira) stretched on the such

lorr-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (lorrés, \*έργω) to work at the loom. lorre, 3 sing, imperat. pf. of \*είδω.

lore, Dor. gen. of lores; but lore, dat. of the same. lores or lores, opes, δ, \$, knowing, acquainted

with, versed in t as Subst. one who knows less and right, a judge.

loxádiov, ró, Dim. of loxás. [d]

loxello-realis, ilos, \$, (loxels, realis) a woman who sells figs.

loχ-auμοs, or, (loχu, alμα) quenebing blood: loχαιμον, τό, a styptic.

loyalva, f. I. for loxvalva.

loxation, a, or, post for loxroe, dry, dried.

loxaváq, Ep. 3 sing. of loxaván.

londeria, Ep. lengthd. form of londers, longer, to bold back, check, binder:—Pass. to check oneself, wait.

II. intrans. to bold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.

logave, - logarae, to check, binder: c. gen. to keep back from a thing. [d]

loχάς, άδος, ή, (loχνός) a dried flg. loχήμαν, loχήμαναι, Ep. inf. of loχαι

loxes, imperat, med. of loxes.

loglov, vo, (is, logos) the socket in which the thighjoint turns, the hip-joint:—in pl. the hips or loins.

logvalva, (logvols) to make thin, dry, withered:— Pass. to become so:—metaph., σφριγώντα θυμόν logvalves to bring down the proud stomach.

loxvo-rapenes, or, (loxvos, raped) with withered obselv.

laxvbs, 4, br, (lexw) thin, lean, withered, meagre.

II. of style, poor, meagre.

loxvé-havos, or, (loxrés, parh) with this or weak voice. II. stuttering, stammering.

lσχθρίζομαι, f. leoμαι Att. loiμαι: 201. I lσχθρίσαμαν: (lσχυρό); Dep.:—to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm ob-

atinately:—Pass, to be strongthened, gain greater force.
loxquots, 4, 6v, (loxxlu) strong, mighty, posserful.
2. etiff, firm, lasting, hard.
3. severe, great, encessive:
mard loxxupów by violence, force, opp. to bôhay. Hence
loxxupów, Adv. strongly, stiffly, enceedingly, Lat.

vebementer:—Sup. leχυρότατα, most certainly.
leχύε, όοε, ή, (le, leχω) strength, force, might, esp.
badily strength.

2. a force of coldiers.

loxim, impl. loxidor: f. loxidor: 201. 1 loxidor [v]: (loxid):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to bave

(loxis):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have one full powers, he in health and strength.

layer, a form of lyer, only found in pres., and in impf.
layer:—to hold, cheek, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med.
to hold oneself in, eheck oneself: layee hold be still!
c. gen., layeath twos to desist from a thing; layero
be revery (imper.) here it stopped.

II. later like
...χes, to hold or passess.

2. to have to soifs.

lo well, \$, (loos, wh) a fair price.

lo-devines, or (love, bropa) bearing the same name.
Love, Adv. of love, equally, in like manner. II.
fairly, equitably. III. probably, perhaps: in Att.
often joined with do or rax' do. IV. with numerals, about.

is would be sor. I med. opt. of loos.

Trubia Ion. -in, o, Italy. [first syll. long in hexam.]

Trāλίδης, ου, δ, pošt. for Τταλιότης. Ττάλικός, ή, όν, (Τταλεε) Italian. Ττάλίς, ίδος, pecul. fem. of Τταλικός.

Trikkierne, ov, o, an Italiate, one of the Greek in babitants of Italy: fem. Trakierne, idoe, Italian.

TTA AOZ, 6, en Italian:—as Adj. Italian. brilube, 4, 6v, (1790) beadlong, basty.

TTEA Ion. -in and -ein, h, a willow, Lat. acin. II. a wicker shield, a target. Hence iretvos, n, or, of willow, made of willow, wicker. ireov, verb. Adj. of elm ibo, one must go.

lτην, Ep. 3 dual impf. of elμ ibo. lτης, ου, δ, (elμ ibo) basty, impetuous : impudent. lτός, ή, ίσ, (elμ ibo) passable.

brplvece, a, or, like boney-cake. From brplov, vo, a cake, made of sesame and honey.

Irre, Bocot, for love, 3 sing. pf. of \*elder; irree Zerie, Zeus be witness!

"ITT' Z, voe, \$\psi\$, the edge or rim of anything round, the fellow of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

free, 3 sing. imperat. of etμ ibo. Vrev, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of elμ ibo. luγt, t, (lo(ω) a bosoling, ebricking, yelling.

luγμός, δ, (hίζω) a shouting, shout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, shrish.

wyf or wyf, wyyos, i, (bifa) the suryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.

TYZO, fut. life: 20r. I lufa:—to shout, bolls: also to bowl, shrish. (Formed from the sound.) luxting, oil, d. (life) one sobo shouts or cries: a

singer, whistler, piper. [1]
1484408, 9, 00, also 08, 00, (los) strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.

TEL Ep. Adv. strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly: old post. dat. from is.

"Ιφι-γέναι, ή, (ίφι, γένω) Iphigeneia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ίφιάνασσα,

thios, a, or, (b) strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly. "ITTON, 76, a kind of pot-berb.

ίχθυάζομαι, Dep. - Ιχθυάω.

lxθυώω, f. άσω, (lxθύε) to fish, angle: Ep. 3 sing. lxθυώα, impf. lxθυάασκον.

ίχθυβολίω, ε. ήσω, to strike fish, epear them. From ίχθυ-βόλου, ον. (ίχθυε, βάλλω) striking or spearing fish; ίχθ. θήρα a spoil of speared fish:—an Subst., ίχθυβόλου, δ. an harpooner, spearer.

ιχθύ-βοτος, ον, (ιχθύε, βόσκω) fed on by feed.

ιχθύδιον, τό, Dim. of ιχθύε, a little fied.

ιχθυ-δόκος, ον, (ιχθύε, δέχομαι) bolding feed.

ιχθυκρός, ά, όν, (ιχθύε) fieby, ecaly, foul.

iχθνο-βολίω, iχθνο-βόλος, = iχθνβ-.

ixovo-enbie, ée, (ixove, erboe) fieb-sbaped, fish-like.

lx866aa, essu, es, (lx860) full of fish, fishy. consisting of fish. ίχθυο-θηρητήρ, ήροε, δ. (ίχθύε, θηράω) a fisherman. igθύο-λύμης, ου, δ, (lgθύς, λύμη) the plague or detruction of fish.

ίχθύο-φάγος, ον, (Ιχθύς, φάγειν) fish-eating; of Τχθυοφάγοι άνδρεε the Fish-eaters, a tribe. ix Ou-wayhe, is, (lxous, sayhvai) fish-piercing. TXOYZ, vos, d: acc. lythir and later lythia: the nom. and acc. pl. lxoves, lxovas are contr. into iχθύο :- a fish, Lat. piscis. II. plur. of lybues, the fish-market. [v in sing. nom. and acc., v in genit.

and in all compds.] ίχθύσι-ληϊστήρ, ήροε, δ, (ίχθύε, ληστήε) a stealer

ίχθυ-φάγος, ον, - Ιχθυοφάγος. [ά] ίχθυ-ώδης, εε, (Ιχθύε, είδος) - Ιχθυοειδής: full of fieb.

ixvalos, a, or, (lxvos) following on the track. ixvels, \$, (lxreis) a casting about for the scent. ίχν-ελάτης, ου, δ. (ίχνοι, έλαύνω) one who follows in the track, a tracker out. lyveύμων, oros, δ, (lyveύω) the tracker: an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, the ichneumon or Pharaob's

rat, which hunts out crocodiles' eggs. Lyveusus, eue, \$, (lyvevu) a tracking. 2. the ichnewixverte, où, b, a tracker, bunter.

mon: and ixvertices, h, by, good at tracking. From lyveve, f. ou, (lyvos) to track or trace out, hunt after.

ίχνιον, τό, (ίχνοι) a track, trace, footstep. lyvo-πέδη, ή, (lyvos, πέδη) a kind of fetter or trap. TXNOZ, coe, to. a track, footstep: metaph. a

track, trace, mark, clus. Lyvo-ononia. (Lyvos, ononia) to examine the track.

TXOP, wpoe. & ichor, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods: Ep. acc. lyw, for lywpa.

th, &, gen. luce, nom. pl. ines; (luropau):—a worm that eats born and wood. [1]

Libraro, 2 sing. 20r. 1 of laropar. teo. subj. of elu ibo.

La. coutr for laov, imperat. of laouar.

io l Ol an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. io tri-

urn plo ! but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., ob!

Lés. Lév, léya and lévya, Boeot. for eya, eyar, and yerye. icoγή, ή, (lérai) shelter; Bopéw bu' laγĝ under shelter

from the north wind. icefy, \$, (lá, lé) any loud sound; the sound of the yre; the roaring or whistling of the wind; the sound of footsteps.

Liberas, heterocl. acc. of learn, as if from los. Leaving \$, (Sidness) the battle-din, the rout, pursuit. ilor. ilorya, v. 16, 16r.

Levels. ae, h, (lov) a-violet-bed, Lat. violarium.

INN. eres, o, Ion, son of Kuthus (or Apollo) and reusa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; of loves e Ionians. [1]

Turneds, th, (r. (lew) Ionie, Ionian: - Adv. - mus. in the Ionic fashion, softly, effeminately. love, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet,

hence in N. T. an iota, a jot. lexuos, o, = leath, dr' lexuor in chase, pursuit.

K K, n, náwna, ró, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Al-

phabet. As numeral n' = 20, but n = 20,000. n is near akin to y and x; hence the older Att, changed χνόοι into κνόοι, γνάπτω into κνάπτω, βέγχω into ρέγκω; so the Ion. χιτών into κιθών, δέχομαι into Béropai, etc.—y before r, as in dyrafer, is pronounced like our ng. KE, Dor. for the Ion. se, - the Att. dr. κάββάλε, Ep. for κατέβαλε, 201. 2 of καταβάλλω.

καββάε, poet, for maraβάε, sor. 2 part. of mara Baire. Kάβειροι, ol, the Cabeiri, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were

represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of He phaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals. nay, Ep. for mará before y, as may your.

uayuavos, ov. (sales) fit for burning, dry. καγχάζω, fut. άσω. - καχάζω. Hence καγχάλάω, to leugh aloud, Lat. cachinnor; Ep. 3

pl. καγχαλόωσιν; Ep. part. καγχαλόων, -ίωσα. κάγχρθε, του πάχρυε. κάγώ, crasts for rai έγω.

más, Ep. tor morá before s, as más sá. kaddodorny, Ep. for naredoalérny, 3 dual sot 2

об катадарваны. nabbúvamy, Ep. for mará dúvamy. Raddoral, Ep. for maradical, nom. pl. sor. 2 pert.

fem. of marabiba

the story of Polynices and Eteocles).

radenáv. Dor. for molinav.

nablance, 6, Dum. of nabos: the balloting-urn.

Kadueios, a, or, (Káduos) Cadmean; ol Kadueiou the Cadmeans or ancient inhabitants of Thebes; # Kabuela the estadel of Thebes. Proverbial, Kabuesa rlan a Cadmean victory, Le. dear-bought victory (from

Kabuelov, avos, o, (Kábuos) a descendant of Cad-

mus, Theban.

Kaδμήτος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμείοε.

Kabunts, these, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Kabueios. Kάδμοs, δ, Cadmos; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in

Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called Kadµha γρόμματα, which was afterwards increased by the eight

Ionic,  $\eta \omega \theta \phi \chi (\xi \psi)$ .

dedicate by fire.

uabos, ô, (xabeb) e pell, jar, eash, Lat. eadus. II. an urn or bon for collecting the votes. [4] uabos, ees, rô, Dot. for sijdes.

Khapa, ‡, fem. of Khp, a Carian woman. Adj. fem. for Kapunţ, Carian.

milele, aor. 2 part. pass. of sales.

matgueven, Ep. nor. 2 pass. inf. of males, matgropan, fut. 2 pass. of males.

uilla, Adv., contr. from sará, ä, according as.
unl-äylfe, f. low Att. iû, (sará, éylfe) to devate or

II. to burn as a sacrifice, burn

as incense: devour. Hence walkyraysbs, b, a devoting or dedication by fire. II.

a burning of a dead body: funeral rites.

1120 april (10 to a latt. 18), (norá, dryrée) to make
112 pare, cleanse, balloue.

113 to offer as an atonement or entiation.

matamantos, 6r, bleodulained, bloody. From mat-amphorou, f. fw, (natá, alphasou) to make bloody, stain with blood.

mal-aupătów, - malaupácew.

mabalperre, een, \$, (mabasplu) a putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing.

nabasperios, éa, éor, and nabasperés, é, ér, verb. Adj. of nabaspin to be put down: to be accomplished. nabaspérge, ev, é, a destroyer. From

mal-aiples Ion. navauples: fut. ήσω: fut. 2 παθελώ: acr. 2 παθελου, inf. παθελού:— to take down; mal-λεῦ isria to lower the sails; δφθαλμοδε παθελεῦ to close the eyes of the dead; malapair σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. coolo deducere lunam: generally, to take down anything bring up; hence Med., παθαιρείσθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the prg. 2. to take down by force, pull down, overpower: also to demolish, destroy: also to bumble, reduce; cap. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn. 3. to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., παταιρέσθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats. 4. like alρίθ, to take and carry off, seize.

ndbalps, fut. κάθδρω: 201. I διάθηρα:—Pass, 201. I διαθήρη :— Pass, 201. I διαθήρη :— to make pure or clean, cleanse:—in religious sense, to cleanse, purify, purge: Med. to bave oneself purified.

II. to purge off, evaib away, to cleanse away, atoms for, expiate.

κάθ-άλλομαι, fut. -αλούμαι: 20τ. 1 παθηλάμην: Dep.:
-- to leap down, Lat. desilire: of 2 storm, to rush down.
κάθαμμα, ατος, τό, (παθάπτω) anything tied, a knot,
πάθαμμα λύειν λόγου to untie 2 knotty point.

mal-avie, Att. for mararies.

und-Anne, Adv. once for all: altogether.

Radd-wap Ion. martiwap, Adv. - note with enclit.

nabantos, 4, br. fastened on or to; nabantos dopais elad in skins. From

naθ-άπτω, f. ψω: 201. 1 καθήψα: (κατά, άπτω): to tie or fasten on:—Pass., βρόχψ καθημμένου (pf.

II. part.) fastened or attached to a noose. 2.—unbleropus, to lay hold of. II, Med. unblavropus, ist.

-tipopus:—to lay hold of, fasten upon, cap. to areast
II. one. 2. to assail, attack, upbraid. 3. so appeal to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat.
assestari.

mildipourtor, and must keep clean, be pure, rais from a thing; verb. Adj. from

militiprius, î. sus, (matapie) to be clean on pure; usp. to be clear on free from guilt. militiplius, fut. isu Att. sii, — natuipu, to cleanes.

purify, make clean. Hillépoos, or, (metapés) cleanly, mest. Henon Hillepórya, gros, 4, cleanliness, mestress.

uiblipropie, è, (mbapi(a) a cleaning, purifying. uibappa, avec, ré, (aubaipe) that ubich às threum avez in cleaning: in pl. off-ecorings, deficame. U. metaph. a worthless follow, castavay, cutoust. III. a space purified with proper rites; brode authopasses within the purified ground.

nal-apphila, f. ou, to join or fit to.

udlapube, 6, (untalpu) a cleaning, purifying. 1
an atonoment, espision.

KA'OA'PO'A, d, or, clean, pure, species, unseeled, of garments.

(mb. rówy) in an open space, in a place clear from dead bodies; èr metapp \$\psi\left(\psi\) in the open sum, opp. to the shade.

III. in moral sense, with clean hands, pure, free from offense.

IV. pure, bright, clear; hence genuine, true.

V. generally, purfect, complete, offective; rò metaphy rei expersió the parties of the army fit for service.

Hence

učibilpórys, yros, j, eleannes, purity.

nab-aprikle, fut. dow or high, so tour or match down. näbliparon, or, (subalpu) cleaning, purifying, expiatory. II. as Babat., vd subliparor (sub. lopir), an expiatory sucrifies: purification, expination.

natural con de la constant de la con

nadeboluss, fut. of moliform.

nad-libea, (nará, libea) ý, a sent; ý nadlibu vou karpii the hare's sent or form. II. a sitting still, leaveging, delaying.

nal-liqua: impf. sublifump, but also insubifumps (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. andeledium: acr. 1 part. subsorbels: Dep.:—to air down, air sull, to linger, terry: to air as suppliants: of an army, so air down in a country, take up a position.

redines, Ep. and Ion. acr. 1 of matters.

mobiliaro, Ep. for ladouvre, 3 pl. impl. of adoques. mobiliary, 20r. 2 of anomaples.

radequar, pf. pass. of molique.

und-approque and madelpyes, Att. for mer-: f. -appear, nor. I -appear; (mará, appe):—so abut up, aucleus, confine.

mal-ais, for not els, one by one, one after another; also els mateix, for als mat tou.

nablica, Ep. soc. I of sablica.

```
materia, 4, or, (narexw) to be held back.
mobileiv, sor. 2 inf. of madaupées.
nal-Alorem, f fee, to wrap round, infold: Ion. plant.
pess. sureilizato, for saleilizution four.
```

not-them, f. - them or - elevises (as if from - elevis): 101. I madelantora: pf. madelantina:-Pais., 201. I ma-

θειλεύσθην: pf. καθείλευσμαι:-- to draw down, esp. of ships, to launch, Lat. deduco.

καθελοίσα, Dor. for καθελούσα, fem. of καθελέν. malend, fut. of malaspée.

καθιλών, aor. 2 part. of καθαιρίω.

rab-hvoju, to clothe; see marainrops.

nabelia, Adv. (mard, Exw) in order, in succession. national states, ear, h, (nat know) a bolding, keeping bold of. madifie, fut. of mariye.

κάθ-ερμα, ατοε, τό, (κατά, ξρμα) a necklass.

kuθ-έρπω, f. -ερπύσω (as if from -ερπύω): sor. I maleipaviea: (nará, lpaw):-to creep or steal down: metaph, of the first down, to steal coun the cheek.

mades, aor. 3 imperat. of madinus.

maderdels, aor. I part. pass. of madesopas.

καθέσταμεν, Ep. 1 pl. pf. of καθίστημι.

maleorracies, via, de, pl. part. of madiornyu. materiales, fut. 3 of statiornus, with intr. sense. кабестыта, ам, та, syncop, part. pf. plur. neut. of

καθίστημι, existing laws, customs, usages.

καθ-εύδω : impf. Ep. καθεύδον, Att. also καθηύδον and laddevdoy: fut. nadevdhow:-to lie down to sleep, sleep, slumber: metaph. to rest, be at rest.

mal-suplame, f. - show, to find out, discover.

καθ-εψιάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, διλιάομαι): Dep.: -to mock at, deride; Ep. 3 pl. warespiouvrai.

nath the, fat. - ethow, (nata, the) to boil down, digod. II. metaph. to soften, temper.

κάθη. Att. for κάθησαι, 2 sing. of κάθημαι.

καθηγομών, όνος, δ, ή, (κατά, ήγεμών) a leader, guide. καθ-ηγέσμαι, f. – ήσομαι: (κατά, ήγέσμαι): Dep.: -to lead the way, be guide: hence to show the way in doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe, Lat. pracire verbis. Hence

καθηγητής, οῦ, ὁ, a leader, guide, teacher.

καθήγεσα, 20τ. Ι οί καθαγίζω. madayvica, sor. I of madayvice.

mat your alie, f. how, (natá, hovratie) to equander in luxury.

mathem, sor. I of mathy m.

wall-type, f. fer, (mará, fine) to come or go down, go deson to fight. 2. to come down to, come or reach to, extend to. II. to reach as far as, to suffice of be emough for a thing; to be meet, proper. TO MORPHON, ONTOR, and TO MORPHONTO, that which is meet or proper, one's duty; but also the nathrorta -TE MODECTUTE, the present state of things, circumstances.

mad-marke, (mara, fixee) to bring the sum in upon, to illuminate.

κάθ-μεμαι : imperat. κάθησο ; subj. κάθωμαι ; opt. subolume; inf, subifoda; part, subifueros; impf. | ίστημι,

leabhung: -- properly perf. of maθίζομαι, to base seated onescif, to be seated, sit: of judges, to have taken their seats in court: generally, to take up one's abode, sojourn, dwell: in bad sense, to sit idle, be listless, lie unemployed: of an army, to encamp: to lie in wait. καθ-ημέριος, α, αν. also καθημερινός, ή, ών. (μαθ ημέραν) bappening every day, daily.

κάθηρα, Ep. for ἐκάθηρα, sor. I of καθαίρω. nadnode, 2 pl. of nadnua: but nadhode, 2 pl. Ep.

impf. of same. κάθησο, imperat. of κάθη μαι :- καθήστο, 3 sing. impf.

καθηθδον, impf. of καθεύδα. mad-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [v]: - Causal of madeζομαι, to make to sit down, set down: to establish, institute: of sacred things, consecrate :- Pass. to sit down, settle.

nal-lepar, Pass. of matin pu.

noblepow, f. wow, to dedicate, consecrate, devote. ballow.

nal-Lave, (naré, les) to sit down.

rables, Dor. for rabicov, med. imperat. of sq. mad-les: impl. madifor or madifor Att. inadifor (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. satisfue Att. secθιώ Dor. καθίξω: 20τ. 1 ἐκάθισα Dor. κάθιξα, Ep. part. nationas: another Ep. form of aor. I is nateira, also written sasioa, always used in Causal sense:

κατά, ίζω): L. Causal, to make to sit down: dyopds nations to make an assembly be seated, i. c. open one: generally, to set, appoint, constitute.

3. to place one to place or settle in a place, establish. in a certain condition, make one so and so. intr. to sit down, be seated, sit, esp. to sit at meals: of an army, to sit down in a country, encamp.

καθ-ίημι, fut. καθήσω: 201. Ι καθήκα Ερ. καθέηκα: pl. nabeina, pass. nabeiµaı: (nará, lŋµ):— to send down, let down, let fall, Lat. demitto; sabiévai Tip άγκυραν to let go the anchor; καθιέναι καταπειρη-Typlyn, to let down a sounding-line, hence absol., wa-Dieval to sound:—metaph. to put forward, attempt: -Pass. to be carried down, reach or stretch down seawards; sabeite ta telxy the walls were carried down II. to send down into the place of to the sea.

contest, enter for a contest. down upon, attack.

Radikeo, 2 sing. sor. 2 of Badikviouas.

nal-inercio, to intreat earnestly. καθ-ικι έομαι, fut. -lfομαι: 201. 3 -Ικόμην: (ματά, lavéouss); Dep.;—to some down, come to, reach to:

III. intr. to come

hence to touch, probe. καθ-ιμάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, lμάω) to let down by a rope. wallifus. Dor. for waltivas, 201. I part. of wallies.

makin, Dor. for making, 2 sing. sor. I of makin. καθ-νππάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:--to ride down,

overrun with borse: generally, to trample down. ual-inverse. E. ou. to ride down, trample under foot.

madica, Att. sor. 1 of madica. RESIGNA OF -THE FOR RESIGNAS INSPERSE. OF A SHIFTY ME.

Rad-corravo and Rad-corraco, forms of the pres. Rad-

malida. '2. wiehedness viès. Lat ~avitas.
disgrace, disbonour.

uaxize, f. low Att. in, (nunes) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach. II. to make cowardly:

—Pass. to behave basely, play the coward:—to be worsted.

ка́киотов, η, от; irreg. Sup. of манов.

milkier, or, gen. oros, irreg. Comp. of searce. [Y Ep., ? in Att. poets.]

mannae, (mann) the Lat. casare.

κακκείας, Ep. for maraneias, 201. I inf. of maraneias. κακκείοντες, Ep. maraneioντες, part. of maraneias. κακ-κεφάλήε, better divisim man πεφαλής, Ep. for mara πεφαλής

KA'KKH, 4, buman ordure, dung.

κακκήσι Ερ. κατακήσι, 20τ. 1 inf. of κατακαίω. κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim κάκ κου-, Ερ. for κατά κορύθα, κατά κορυφήν.

как-крупты, Ер. for ката-крупты:

RUK-SUVINYETIS, 1800, \$, for BUTURUNTYETIS.

unxé-Bios, or, (nance, blos) living badly, living a bard life, faring bardly.

war down would be

κάκοβουλεύομαι, Med. to act unuisely. From κάκο-βουλος, ον, (κακύε, βουλή) ill-advised, unuise. κάκο-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος (κακύε, γείτων) a bad neighbour, or a neighbour in misery.

uthb-γλωσσος, or, (παπόε, γλώσσα) ill-tongued; βοή παπύγλωσσοε a cty full of misery 2. slanderous.

nanobalpordes, (nanobalpon) to on termented by an evil genius, be like one possessed.

Käkodaupovés, f. hos, (kakodalpsv) to be unbappy or unfortunate. Hence

nunday.covia f, unbappiness, misfortune.
a being possessed by a demon, raving madness.

ndico-baluary, or, gen. oros, (xaxis, baluar) baung an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unbappy, weeked. Il as Subst. an evil genius.

κάκοδοξία, ... ήσω, (κακόδοξοε) to be in ill repute.
κάκοδοξία, ή, (κακόδοξυε) ill repute, infamy.

како-вобов, от, (каков, воба) in ill-redute, without fame, unknown.

11. infamous.

κάκο-δρομία, ή, (κακόε, δρόμοε) a bad passage.
κάκο-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακόε, είμα) ill-clad.
κάκο-είμων, ον, με το κακ-ουργία, ill-doing. From
κάκο-εργόε, όν, (κακόε, \*έργω) doing ill; κακόεργοε
γαστήρ the importunate stomach, like Lat. fames improba.

wäno-fota, ή, (manós, fota poët. for forh) a miseravle life.

nämbfona, η, badness of disposition, maliciousness II. bad manners or babits. From nămo-fons, ee, (κάπόε, fooe) of ill babits, ill-aisposed, malicious: το κακόηθεε an ill babit, Lat. scribandi cacoōtbes, an itch for writing.

μάκοθημοσύνη, ή, disorderliness. From κάκοθημοσύνη, ό, disorderliness. From κάκοθημων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, τίθημι) ill-ar-ranged, disorderly, careless.

udub-θροσε, αν. contr. -θρονε, ουν. (κακόε, θρίοε) speaking ill; λόγοε κακόθρουε a slanderous word. Κάκο-Όλιοε, ή, = κακή Ίλιοε, evil or unbappy Ilium.

κόμοκόρδεια, ή, base love of gain. From κόπο-κερδήε, έε, (κακόε, κέρδοε) making base gain, κακό-κνόμος, ον, (κακόε, κνήμη) Dor. form, thin-legged.

ndino-uptota, †, (sance, sperm, a cae marment. ndino-horius, (sanchóros) to steak ill of rail at. Henca

κάκολογια, ή, evil-speaking, railing, abuse. κάκο-λόγος, ον, (κακόε, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing,

slanderous, abusive.

udino-partus, een, ό, ή, = nunde pártus, prophet of ill.

udino-partus, een, ό, ή, = nunde pártus, prophet of ill.

udino-partus, f. ήσω, to give bad measure. From udino-partus, co; (κακόε, μέτρον) in bad measure.

udino-partus, es, (κακόε, μήθοε) contriving ill, crafty.

udino-partus, eu, ό, (κακόε, μήθοε) contriving ill, crafty.

udino-partus, eu, ό, (κακόε, μήθεε) = κακομηθήε.

udino-partus dino, f. ήσω, (κακομή χανοε) to practise base arts. Hence

κάκομηχάνία, ή, a practising of base arts, ingenuity in mischief.

ulko-μήχ lvos, or, (κακόε, μη χανή) mischief-plotting, mischievous, malicious.

κακό-μοιρος, ον, (κακός, μοιρα) ill-fated. κακό-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-bapen. κακό-νοια, η, (κακόνουε) illwill, malice, opp. to efγοια

nanovopua, h, a bad system of laws, a bad constitution, bad government. From

nand-vous, or, (sande, ripes) with bad laws, with a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κάκό-νοος, ον; contr. -νους, ουγ, pl. κακόφοι; (κακός νύος) ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing mañes against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονούστερος, -νούστατος.

κάκό-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νυμφη) ill-wedded. II. as Subst., κακόνυμφος, δ, a bad or unbappy bridegroom. κάκδ-ξενος Ion. -ξεκονος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) bassing ill guests: irreg. Ep. Comp. κακοξεινάντερος. II. unfriently to guests, inbospitable.

udno-fiveros, or, (nanos, fiveros)-vise only for esst.
udno-tidena, f., (nanosable) ill plight, distress.
utno-tiden f. ham to suffer ill: to be distresses.

retherable, f. how, to suffer ill; to be distressed. From

ndno-nabhe, ée, (nanée, rabeir) suffering ill, distressed.

naid.

nanb-narpes, idos, o, å, (nanbe, narte) besing a low-born father, of low descent.

како-чүсүң, is, (каков, viros) foul and loatheaus. накочосы, f. фан, (какочосы) to do ill, be a rogue. II. trans. to burt, spoil, lay waste. Hence какочосы, ф, ill doing, damage.

κάκο-ποιός, όν, (κακός, τοι έω) daing ill, mischisvoen, κάκο-ποτμος, ον, (κακός, πότμος) ill-fated. ndxb-wove, 8, 9, wow, 76, gen. wodos, (sands, wode) with bad feet, weak in the feet.

utro-mpayée, f. how, (sarbe, spayes) to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise. Hence

ndrowpayla, h, ill-success, failure.

κάκο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, πράγμα) doing evil. mischievous.

Kano-mrepos, or, (nance, mreper) ill-omened.

miscop-pdola, ή, (καιός, βάντω) contrivance of ill, mischievousness. 2. ill contrivance, unskilfulness. κάκορ-phuev, ον, (καιός, βήμα) evil-speaking. II.

telling of ill, ill-omened.

Känop-poblin, f. how, (nambs, sobos) to speak evil:

to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile bim.

wanto-power, or, (wanto, power) foul and filthy.

KAKO I. h. br. bad. ill, evil, bad in its kind, worth-

KAKOZ, h, br, bad, ill, evil, bad in it kind, worth-2. bad at one's trade; less: ugly, as opp. to seakor. mande aλήτηs a bad begint: cowardly faint-bearted; 3. of low birth, mean, vile. 5. of things, bad. moral sense, bad, evil, wicked. evil, misebievous: of omens, unlueky, ill-boding: of words, evil, abusive, foul. IL as Subst. march. τό, evil, ill, mischigf: also woe, distress, loss: also bodily ill, injury. 2. in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; mande to Epocar to do evil or III. Degrees of Comparison:ill to any one. irreg. Comp. master, or, Sup. manieros, n, or: but xelpar xelpistoe, hosen huistoe are also used as Comp. and Sup. of surve. IV. in Compos, it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so = dyar, Lat. simis: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of burtful, unlucky, - bur-, as in nunb-rure: sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in seasowierce: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as Kano-ilias for murde Thios.

κάκο-στολής, έε, (κακόε, σκίλοε) with bad legs. κάκο-στογής, έε, (κακόε, σκίγοε) of a bad, mean body. κάκ-ασμος, ον. (κακόε, δομή) ill-smelling, κάκο-στλαγχνος, ον. (κακόε, στλάγχτον) faint-

bearted, cowardly.

како-сторів, f. (какое, сторое) a bad crop. какосторію, f. fow, to speak evil of. From

u unb-crouse, or, (uaube, crous) evil-speaking foulmouthed.

и**йно-стритов, см. (канов, строот**ији) ill-spread, Fugged.

utino-obvieros, or, (nucle, ovriby) ill put together, ill composed:

udieb-σχολος, ον, (κακός, σχολή) inactive, idle, Σαχγ. II. act., κακόσχολοι svoal winds that

never men out in idlenses.

withcoveryou, f. now, (suntrexpos) to practise bad
agric, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malimices ago. Hence

stantegyla, \$, the practice of bad arts, mal-practice, esp. forgery, malversation.

estud-regues, or, (marie, régry) using bad arts or

nänbrys, yros, fi, (ranés) badness, baseness, cowardies, like nány.

Il. moral badness, wichedness, worthlessness.

III. evil, distress, suffering.

učixoτροπία, ή, bad babits, malicious ness, wickedness. From

nand-roomes, or, (nande, robres) of ill babits, mischievous, malignant.

udicoruxiu, i. how. to be unfortunate. From

κάκο-τύχης, έε, (κακύε, τύχη) unfortunate.

κάκουργόω, f. ήσω, (κακούργου) to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-dor: c. acc. to do evil to one, to damage, burt, barm: to ravage a country. Hence κάκουργόω Ερ. κακουργόη [1], ή the character of an

evil-doer, wiekedness, villany. Prom

num-oupyos Ep. numb-epyos, or, (numbe, \*ξργω) doing ill, knavieb, villanous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal.

II. doing barm to one, damaging, bur ful.

ude-ouxles, f. how, (warde. \$xw) to treat ill, wrong,

burt, injure. Hence

navouxla, h, ill-treatment, ill-conduct; nanouxla

numb-φάτις, ιδος, ή, (munός, φάτις) sounding ill, ill-

κάκο-φράθης, έε, (κακόε, φράζομαι) devising ill, thoughtless, foolish. Hence

ma co-patola Ion. -(n, h, folly, thougatlessness.
maco-poortes, f. ham, to be ill disposed, to bear ill-will

nave-povies, f. haw, to be ill disposed, to bear ill-will or malics. From uave-pows, or, gen. oros, (uanis, pohr) svil-minded,

malicious, malignant. II. thoughtless, beedless.

Kä-b-xapros, or, (masse, xalps) rejaining in the ills
of others, malicious.

nä-ro-xpácquev.or, gen.oros, (sanés, xpáopai) tu/b seanty means, poor.

κῶκό-ψογος, στ, (κακός, ψέγω) malignantly blaming. κῶκόω, f. όνοω, (κακόω) to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to barm, destroy:—Pass. to be ill-treated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκακυμένος, disfigured, befouled.

кактанеча, Ер. for катактанеча, катактача, inf.

of materity, sor. 2 of matantelyw.

maiereve, Ep. for sarásrave, 2 or. 2 imperat. of sarasrelves; also for sarésrave, 3 sing. ind.

ndurave, Ed. for markereure, 3 sing. impf. of mara-

KAKTOZ, 4, the eactus, a prickly plant.

udicives, f. brb. (mucos) to damage, injure:—Pass. to behave badly, act basely; of soldiers, to muting.

II. to revile, reproach:—Pass to be reproached.

Kangevas, Ep. for karayéas, 20t. I inf. of sarayées.

named and comp. so wards, all, badly: with difficulty, scarcely. Comp. wanter, Sup. wars a.

where out: damage, misfortune. a distressing,

manárepos, Ep. Comp. of nanés: ef. nanéar. milhibliorics, ô, Dim. of κάλαθος, a small bashet. ΚΑ'ΑΑ'ΘΟΣ, δ, a bashet, a wieber band-bashet. Lat. calcibus II. a cooling-vessel, cooler: also a kind of cup.

κάλάΙνος, η, ov, cotoured like the μάλαΙς, between blue and green, of changeful bue. From

κάλαϊε, δ, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the sopax or chrysolite

κάλδμαία, ή, (καλάμη) a kind of grassbopper. κάλδμευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (καλαμοε) a reaper, mower.

an angler.

KANA'MH, \$\dagger\$, a stalk of reed or corn, Let. cala-

mus, stipula: a fishing-rod. II. stubble: metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old nan, καλάμην γέ σ' δίομαι εἰσορόωντα γιγνώσκειν thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e. the relies) of former strength.

udhauprople, 4, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From udhaup-ropes, or, (uahaup, repeir) cutting stalks,

κάλδμη-φάγος, σε, (καλάμη, φάγεθε) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

κάλδιμη-φέρος, ον, (καλάμη, φέρω) carrying reeds or canes.

κάλαμίνθη, ή, (καλόε, μίνθα) mint. Hence

Kάλἄμίνθιος, δ, Minty, name of a frog.
κάλάμίνος, η, ον, (κάλαμοε) made of reed or cane.
κάλάμίε, Boz. ψ, (κάλαμοε) a fishing-rod.

κάλαμίσκος, δ, Dim. of καλαμος.

κάλαμετι, idos, ή, (κάλαμος) a kind of grassbopper. κάλαμόσις, εσσα, εν, of reed; καλαμόεσσα laxá the sound as of a reed-fluis. From

KA'AA'MOZ, ô, Lat. calamus, a reed or cane, Lat. arundo: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod.

II. generic term for any plant, which

is peither bush (βλη), nor tree (δένδρον). κάλδιμο-στεφής, ές (κάλαμος, στέφω) ετοιοπεω οτ

covered with reed.

κάλαμό-φθογγος, ον, (κάλαμος, φθέγγομαι) played on a reed.

καλάστριε, ιοε, \$, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

κάλαθροψ, οπος, ή, a shepherd's staff or erook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

κάλδοσκον, Ion. impf. of καλέω; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. καλέσκοτο.

malforri, Dor. for malfovor, 3 pl. of males.

scales as I part of scales.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. 20r. I med. imperat. of καλέκε, κάλεσσα, Ερ. 20r. I of καλέκε,

καλεθνται, Dor. for καλούνται.

καλεθντο, Ep. and Dor. for ἐκαλοθντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΕ΄ Ω: Ion. impf. καλέσσον: fut. καλέσω Ion. and Ep. καλέω Att. καλώ: aor. I ἐκάλεσα Εp. ἐκά-λεσσα οτ καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κεκάληκα):— Med., fut. καλόσμαι att. καλούμαι: aor. I ἐκαλεσάμην:—Pass, fut. κληθήσομαι, pauliopost f. καλήσομαι: aor. I ἐκλημαι.

L to eall, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing 2. to call to one's bouse, to invite, 3. to call on or invoke the Lat, vocare ad convim. 4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, maken Tiva to eite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, subciosal riva to see at law, Lat. vocare II. to call by name, address by name, in Jus. generally, to name; makely two extended to call by name :- Pass., to be named, receive a name; and in pf. rendrum, to bave been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, rabe us Hepothe mord makeiras these are called (i.e. are) the faithful counsellors of the Persia.

κάλημεναι, poët. for καλείν, inf. of καλέα. κάλητης, Dor. and Att. for κηλήτης.

κάλητωρ, οροε, δ, (καλίω) a crier.

nalla lon. -th, h, (nalor) a wooden bosse, but, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden sbrine for a statue.

κάλτάς, άδος, ή, - καλιά, ε δε..

nthurstonan, Pass., with fut. med. naturstopopus, - dhurstonan, nuturstonan, so lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

withwestopa, to - adardtopa, a place for bornes to

roll in after exercise.

uáλλαια, τά, a coch's wattles, Lat. palea: also a coch's tail.

καλλείπω, Ep. for καταλείπω.

mallin, in compd. words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as malliful — mall vais.

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beau-

tiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόσε, ου, δ, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-counding. καλλι-βότρυε, υ, gen. νοε, (καλλι-, βότρυε) mub beautiful clusters.

καλλί-βωλος, αν. (καλλι-, βώλου) saib rich soil. καλλι-γάληνος, αν. (καλλι-, γάλήνη) secondy-tran-

καλλί-γάμος, σε, bappy in marriage.

maλλιγένεια, ή. (maλλι-, γένου) bearer of a fair ofspring, mother of beautsous things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

malli-young, gen. aloo, b, h, (malli-, young) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom, seems never to have been used. [8]

mahhi-divys, ov, b, (mahh-, divy) flowing with becarfiful eddies. [8]

raddl-bippos, or, with beautiful chariot.

Kalle-bovaf, akoe, b, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-έλαιος, δ. (καλλι-, έλαία) ibs cultifated alies, opp. to άγριδλαιος.

καλλι-επόω, f. ήσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flown phrases; κεκαλλιεπημένα λόγοι bighwrought speeches. From

malli-entre, is, inalle-, inco beautifully epositing, elegant,

-to have favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. litare, perlitare: - c. acc. to sacrifice with go omens. of the offering, to give gold omens, be favourable, propition

κάλλι-ζόγης, έε, (καλλι-, ζυγήναι) beautifully-yoxed. καλλί-ζωνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful girdles.

malli-Opez, totxos, b. f. (mall-, opif) with beautiful bair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθύτω, f. ήσω, to offer auspiciously. From ealli-butos, or, (ealli-, over) with beautiful or austicious sacrifices.

KALL-KADWOS, or, with fine fruit, rich in fine

malli-respons, wrose of w. d. f. (malli-, repas) with | race-course. beautiful borns Καλλι-κολώνη, ή, Fair-bill, a district near Troy.

καλλι-κόμης Dor. -μας, δ, ή, and καλλίκομος, ον, (ma\λι-, κόμη) beautiful-baired. καλλι-κρήδεμνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμνον) with

beautiful fillets or bair-bands. καλλί-κρηνος Dor. -κράνος, οκ, (καλλι-, κρήνη)

with a beautiful spring. ralli-lauretys. ov, 6, (ralli-, laure) beau., ilthining.

malli-loyew, (malli-, leyw) to express a thing elegantly -- Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

εελλί-μορφος, αν, (εελλι-, μορφή) beautifully sbaped.

makking, or, poet, for makes, beautiful.

malli-vaos, ov. (malli-, vao) beautifully flowing. malli-vinos, ov, (malli-, viny) with glorious victory, triumpbant. II. crowning or ennobling

victory: To manhly more the glory of victory. makking, neut. of makking, Comp. of make: used

also of Adv., more beautifully.

Kaλλι-όπη poët. Kaλλι-όπεια, ή, (καλλι-, δψ) Callibpé. first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.

maddi-wais, maidos, o, f, with beautiful children. = maxi rais, a beautiful child

καλλι-πάρησε, ον, (καλλι-, παρειά) beautifulcbeeked.

nakke-wasteves, on, of, with beautiful maidens or

τάλλιπον, Ep. 201. 2 of καταλείτω: inf. καλλιπεειν. makke-πέδιλος, or, (makke-, πέδιλον) with beautiful

REAL-WERKOS, or, beautymus rooted.

makki-wethos, or, (makki-, wethout) with beautiil leaves.

Kalli-ungevs, v, gen. eas, will occutiful elbow. καλλι-πλόκομος, or with beautiful looks. malli-whovers, or, adorned with riches. REALL-WORLS, con. A. beautiful city.

manaturov. Ep. for murchinor, 201. 2 or marchelin. malli-moves, or, beautifully wrought.

malle-morageos, or, of beautiful rivers.

mell-tople Ion. mall-tople, f. from, (malli-, lepon): P malli-wpopos, on, (malli-, spopa) with beautiful prow, of ship . metaph. of men, with beautiful face. καλλί-πύλος, αι (καλλι-, πύλη) with beauteous gates. Kalling tos, or, with beautiful towers, towering. καλλι-πύργωτος, ον. (καλλι-. πυργόω) built with

> beauteous towers READI-WOOD, OF, SOILS becautiful sizeds OF colts. ralli-peedpos, or, (ralli-, peedpor) beautifully

flowing. καλλ-ιρέω, Ion. for καλλ-ιερέω.

καλλί-ροος, poët. for καλλίρ-ροος.

καλλίρ-poos, ον, contr. καλλίρ-pous, οψν, (εαλλι-,

bles) beautifully flowing. κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλώε, most beautifully.

Kalli-Gradios, or, (Kalli-, Gradior) with a fine καλλιστείον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty

or excellence: in pl., = aproveio, the meed of valour. καλλίστουμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the firstfruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty, καλλιστεύω, f. σω, (κάλλιστου) to be the most beau-

tiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty.

καλλι-στέφανος, or, beautifully eroward: of caties, crowned with beauteous towers.

κάλλιστος, η. ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλί-σφυρος, or, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλίτοξος, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow. καλλίτριχας, acc. pl. of καλλίθριξ.

κάλλιφ', for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγής, έε, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautifulsbining.

καλλί-φθογγος, ον, (καλλι -, φθέγγομαι) beautifulsounding.

καλλί-φλοξ, φλογοι, δ, ή, beautiful-blazing. καλλί-φυλλος, or, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful

leaves. καλλί-χορος, ον, Εp. for καλλι-χώρος, with beautiful

II. (xôpos) of or for beautiful dances: beautiful in the dance.

καλλίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of καλός.

καλλονή, ή, (κάλλοι) beauty.

κάλλος, gen. εου Att. ονυ, τό, (κακυυ, oeauty. a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works; κάλλεα κηρού beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ή, poët. for κάλλοε, beauty.

καλλύνω, f. δνώ, (καλόε) to beautify; metaph. to gloss, solour over: - Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδι, (κάλλου, τή) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing: - Med. to adorn oneself, to pride oneself, glory in a thing; absol. to make a display. Hence

καλλώπισμα, ατοι, τό, embellisoment; and Kallemoute, &, an embellishing or adorning one self, making a display.

mako-bibáornakos, d. = makoû bibáornakos, a teacher fractaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to posof virtue. nahondyabla, f., nobleness and goodness. From

κάλο-κάγάθος, ον, i. e. καλός και άγαθος, beautiful and good, noble and good.

kakov, to, (main) dry, seasoned wood.

κάλο-πέδιλα, τά, (κάλον, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

metho-worker, f. how, (makes, worker) to do good.

κάλό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλύς, πούς) with beautiful feet.

KAAO'Z, 4, or, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcer; 'Alkiβιάδης δ καλός Alcibiades the fair; το καλόν, like

κάλλοε beauty.

IL serving a good purpose, fair,

good; καλδε λιμήν a fair harbour; & καλῷ (sub.

τόπο οι χρόνω) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious. III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: To maker moral virtue, Lat. bo-

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. mestum. καλλίων, ον, Sup. κάλλιστος, η, ον. V. Adv. raλώο, q. v.: -but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion. for κάλως, α rope. καλοθμαι, εί, είται, Att. fut. med. of καλέω. ΚΑ'ΑΠΙΣ, ιδος, ή, εςς, κάλπιν οι κάλπιδα:--α

vessel for drawing water, a pitcher, urn: a drinkingcup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

κάλύβη, ή, (καλύντω) a but, cabin, c~ll. [v] καλύβιον, τό, Dim, of καλύβη, a small but. makimerou, post. for adduct, dat. pl. of madue. κάλυκο-στέφάνος, ον, (κάλυξ, στέφανοι) crowned

KELVE-Dave, idoe, A. (KELVE, EN) like a flower-bud. blusbing, roseate.

κάλυμμα, ατος, το, (καλύπτω) a covering, a bood 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, δκοε, ή, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyn of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκου εν λοχεύμασι when the II. in pl., mixures are women's fruit is setting. ornaments, made of metal, so called from their

shape. κάλύπταρα, ή, like καλύπτρα, α υκίι. κάλυπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered.

with flower-buds.

wrapped round: enveloping. κάλύπτρα Ion. - ετρη, ή, a woman s veil; δνοφερά

καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From ΚΑΛΥΠΤΩ, f. ú/ω: aor. I ἐκάλυ/a:—to cover, νυκτί καλύψας baving covered with night; γαία έκά-

Auté vir earth covered him 2. to cover, conceal. 3. to cover with dishonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. I med. of καλύπτω. Κάλυψώ, gen. -- oos contr. -ous, ή, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia,

and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλχαίνω, (κάλχη) to searce for the purple-fish: inf. καμεῦν, Ερ. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: με κέκχημα.

der deeply. Kάλχαs, αν , δ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy properly the Searcher.

KA'AXH, ή, also χάλκη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

wall , eis, ei, Att. fut. of males. κάλώδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλωε, α επαω cord or rope, makes, Adv. of makes, beautifully, well; makes Except

or πράττειν, to be well off, fare well; c. gen., καλώς Exer twose to be well off for a thing. right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well

said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne. KA'AOZ, o, gen. salas, acc. salas: Ep. and Ion. κάλος, ου, δ:—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλω πλεῦν to

sail at a cable's end, i.e. to have the ship towed: nálaw nareivas to let down a sounding-line:---also s sail-rope, reef; proverb., πάντα κάλεφ έξιάσι they are letting out every reef, i.e. are using every effort. καλω-στρόφος, δ, (κάλως, στρέφω) a rope-tuister.

nau, Ep. for mard before u, as man uter for ward per. κάμάκινος, ev, made of brittle wool. From KA'MAH, axos, of or o, a pole, stake, a sene-II. the shaft of a spear. prop.

KAMA'PA, f. Lat. camera, anything with a vaultes ot arched covering, a covered carriage. [ndp.it] recurrences, oi, a kind of fish.

канатъров, а, о́у, toilsome, troublesome, serari II. pass. broken down, worn out. From κάμάτος, δ, (κάμνω) toil, trouble, labour. 2 . 1040 riness, distress. II. that which is hardly earned,

ημέτερος κάματος our bard-won earnings. [κά] κάμάτ-ώδης, εε, (κάματος, είδος) toilsome. καμ-βαίνω, Ep. for καταβαίνω.

come, Ep. for évape, 3 sing. sor. 2 os sapon. note, crasis for not eut.

Rapely, sor, 2 inf. of rapes. Rapeital, 3 sing. fut. of majores. κάμηλος, δ and ή, a camel:—ή κάμηλος, like 🛊 is

ros, the samels in an army. (From Hebr. Gamal.) κάμιτνευτήρ, ήροε, δ, (κάμινοε) one that works at a furnace; αὐλὸε καμινευτήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows

 $\kappa d\mu t \nu \epsilon \nu \tau \eta s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta_{i} = \kappa a_{\mu} \nu \epsilon \nu \tau \eta p$ . required, dat. of require. rautvos, h. (rato) an oven, furnace, or kils. Hence

κάμινώ, οθε, dat. οῖ, ἡ, a furnace-woman. \* rappér, or better rap pér, Ep. for mara pi . edupes, crasis for mal dupes, Acol. for mal speak.

κάμ μέσσον. Ep. for κατά μέσον napplicas, Ep. for naraplicas, sor. I part of mere μίγνυμι. καμ-μονίη, ή, Ep. tor καταμονή, staunchness in battle

patience, endurance. κάμ-μορος, ον, Ep. for κατάμορος, ill-fated

καιι-μύω, Ep. for καταμών. ΚΑΜΝΩ: fut. κάμοθμαι, εξ, εξται: 201. 3 Εκάμεν.

Ip. pf. part. Kekunés, Kekunésti, Kekunésta, acc. pl. κεκμηόταs: I. intr. to be weary, tired, exhausted, or work out: c. part., κάμνει πολεμίζων, έλαίνων, one is weary of fighting, rowing. 2. to feel trouble or annoyance; our trappor rarvar I found no trouble in bending the bow 3. to be worsted or beaten. to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, 5. ol καμόντεε and ol κεκμηκύτεε Ep. κεκμηότεε οι κεκμηώτεε, Lat. defuncti, those who have finished their labours, the dead: but, ol #άμνοντει the sick; and κεκμηκότει are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. dii manes. II. trans. to work bard at, to bestow labour upon. 2. to work out, earn by tail; in 201. 2 med., vhow knaporto they worked, tilled the island for themselves. κάμοί, by crasis for καί έμοί.

KAMΠΗ, ή, (κάμυτω) a bending, winding, as of a rivet. II. the turning in a race-course, turning-post: metaph., μῦθον ἐν καμπὴν άγειν to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point.

III. καμπαί, in Music, turns, tricks, quavers.

κάμπιμος, η, ον, (καμπή) bent, turning, double. καμπτήρ, ηροε, δ, a bend, an angle. II. the

turning-point in a race-course.

KAΜΠΤΩ, fut. κάμηρω: 201. I Εκαμηρα: Pass., 201. 1 ἐκάμφθην:—to bend, bow:—esp., I. your and γούνατα κάμπτειν, to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest. 2, γόνυ κάμπτειν to 3. γύνυ κάμπτειν to bend bend the knee in prayer. the knee in running, to run. II, to bend, turn, guide anything. 2. absol. to turn round a point; κάμπτειν άκρην to double a headland; κάμπτειν κόλwor to shirt the bay: metaph., κάμπτειν βίον to turn the middle point of life, i. e. to draw near to its close; cf. καμπή. III. like Lat. flecto, to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make relent; generally, to bend, bumble.

καμπύλος, η, ον, (κάμπτω) bent, curved. [δ] καμφθείς, καμφθήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of

κάμπτω. καμψέμεν, Ep. fut, inf. of κάμπτω.

καμψί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κάμπτω, ποῦς) bending the foot, swift-running.

κάμψις, εως, ή, (κάμπτω) a bending, curving. wanter, 201. 2 part. of κάμπω.

nav, crasis for ral av:—also for nal hv, and if, even if.

κάν, Ερ. for κατά before ν, 25 καν νόμον for κατά νόμον. κάναθρον οτ κάνναθρον, τό, (κάνη) the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage.

Kavavirns, ov. δ, Syriac word, of which the Greek Zηλαντήs, Zealot, is a translation: not to be confounded with Xavavaĵos, a Canaanite.

KANA ZEO, f. f.w., to make a gurgling sound with souter. (Formed from the sound.)

κάναστρον, τό, (κάνη) a wicker basket, Lat. canistrum. II. an earthen vessel, dish.

κανά-φόρος, Dor. for κανηφόρος,

ndvdxies, f. how, to ring or elash, clang, of metal: to telash, of water. From

κάνἄχή, ή, (κανάσσω) a tharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clash of metal; also of the tramp of mules; καναχή δδόντων the gnathing of teeth; καναχαὶ αδλῶν the shrill sound of flutes. Hence κάνάχηδά, Αἀν. with a tharp, ringing noise.

navaxine, is, (nariavow) making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, plashing.

κανάχησε, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I of καναχέω, κανάχιζε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of καναχίζω. κανάχιζω, f. ίσω, = καναχέω.

κάνδυε, νοε, δ, a Median garment with sleeves, also κανδύκη. (Median word.)

κάνεον Ion. κάνειον Att. contr. κανούν, τό, (κάννη) a basket of read or eans, a wicker basket: a breadbasket, Lat. eanistrum, used esp. for carrying the sacred barley (ολλαί) at sacrifices.

Kdvelv, sor. 2 inf. of salve.

κάνη, ή, a rarer form of κάννα. [ἄ] κανήν, Dor, for κανείν, sor. 2 inf. of καίνω.

Kanpoples, f. how, to carry the sacred basket in procession. From

κάνη-φόρου, ον, (κανεον, φέρω) earrying a baslet: ἡ Κανηφόρου the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athens.

KANOAPOE, 6, La.. cantbarus, a kind of beetle.
worshipped in Egypt. II. a sort of drinkingcup, Lat. cantbarus. III. a kind of Nax. as
boat. IV. a mark or knot resembling a beetle.
on the tongue of the Egyptian god Apis.

wavehila, or, ra, Lat. clitellae, a pack-enddle, or the large panniers of a pack-saddle.

Kavelikios, o, a large sort of ass for carrying budens, a pack-ass.

κάνθων, erros, δ, (κανθος) = κανθηλιοs, a pack-ass.

ΚΑΝΝΑ or κάννη, ηs, ή, a reed or cane, Lit.
canna: hence anything made of reeds, a reed-mot, a

reed-fence.
καννάβίνος, η, ον, bempen, made of bemp. From
KANNA BIΣ, ή, gen. ιος, acc. ιδα, also gen. ev:

-bemp, Lat. cannabis.

II. anything made of
it, tow.

kavveúras, Ep. for naraveúras.

 $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \nu \nu \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \kappa \dot{\alpha} \nu \nu \alpha$ .

καννόμον, better adv νομον, Ερ. for κατά νομον. κάνονις, ίδος, ή, (κανάν) a ruler.

κάνόνισμα, τό, poët. for κανάν, a rule: also a rule: κάνοθν. Att. contr. of κάνεον.

ndvelv, aor. 2 inf. of malvo.

Kďvů, fut. of *malvo*.

Kάνωβος οτ Κάνωπος, δ, Canabus. a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury.

navion, bros, b, (navn, navna) any straight rod or bar: in Homer, navives are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was passed, to hold it by.

2. a rod used in weaning; the shuttle or quill by which the threads of the worf (uprior) were passed between the threads of the warp (utros).

3. a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or level ray of light.

4. the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the boys or stops of a flute.

II. metaph. like Lat. norma, a rule or standard of excelence.—so, the old Greek authors were called mardres, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called the Canon or canonical scriptures.

Kayeros, d. see Karesos.

Kaveros, a, see Karapos.

mat, crasis for mal et.

udm, Ep. for mará before w or \$\phi\$, as adm wedlow for ward wedlow.

udwarm, by crasis for not livera, and then, and nent.

kúmeros, ý, (szásra, for száseros) a ditch, trench, Lat. fossa: a vault, grave: generally, a bole. KATIH, ý, a crib, manger.

κόπηλειον, τό, the shop of a κάπηλος, a tavern, Lat. caupona. From

ukunheva, f. σω. (κάπηλοε) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to bank about, biggle in; καπηλεύειν μάχην to make a trade of war, Ennius' bellum cauponari:—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικόε, ή, όν, (κάπηλοε) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavish. Adv., καπηλικώε έχειν to play roguish tricks.

καπηλίε, ίδοε, fem. of κάπηλοε, Lat. copa.

κόπηλος, δ, (κάπτο) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckter, biggler, Lat. eaupo, opp. to ξμυορος: csp. a tauern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave. κόπι, by crasis for mal ξε'

καπίθη, ή, (κάπτω) a measure containing two χοίνικεε.

udava, 4, (narrós) a smoke-bole, chimney.

marviles, f. low Att. in, (marvos) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματοε, τό, a smoke-offering: incense. κάπνισσαν; Ερ. 3 pl. 201. 1 of καπνίζω.

unwo-boxy Ion. -boxy, h, (marros, beyonas) a smoke-receiver: a bole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

KAIINO Z, ô, emoke, Lat. fumus. Hence warvou, f. éwo, to turn into emoke:—Pass. so be burned into emoke, burnt so eaber.

wan-sone, en, (warson elbos) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

METOL, DOT. for ATTOL.

maros, & Dor. for affree.

ROTTE, TO, V. sub K.

Kamullordu, f. au, to favour the Cappadocians. II. to play the Cappadocian, i. e. play the rogue. From Kamullot, once, o, a Cappadocian.

marrerov, Ep. for marin-, aor. 2 of marasintes.

warre-hopes, or, (warre, hope) of a horse, market with a warren: cf. normaries.

nan-noples, post for naranuples, (nara, sup) to eated fire.

IL

nampae, (nampoe) to be lend or lecherous. nampoe, d, poet. for nampoe a wild boar.

as Adj. like a soild boar.

KATIPOE, b, Lat. APER, the wild-boar.

καπρο-φόνος, ον, (καπρός, °φένω) killing wild boars.
ΚΑΙΤΤΩ, fut. καψω: εστ. J. έκαψα: Ερ. pf. part.
κεκαφηώς, for κεκάφώς — to eat quick, escallow
greedily, gulp down.

II. κάπτεν θυμόν to gasp
for breath.

ntiwipós, á, ór, (newóu) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parebing. II. metaph. of sound, loud and clear, distinct.

námurou, Ep. soc. I; see disonamin.

καν-φάλαρα, better καν φάλαρα, for κατά φάλαρα. κάρ, Ερ. for κατά before ή, as κάρ βόον for κατά βόον. ΚΑΤ, κάρόε, τό, the bair of the bead, akin to κάρα; τία δέ μεν έν καρδε αίση Ι valve him but at a bair's worth.

II. also for κάρα, κάρη, bead, as in έπι κάρ δεαd-long.

Kάρ, ὁ, gen. Κάρόε, pl. Kάρεε:—a Garian, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb., & Kapl or & τῷ Καρὶ δινδυνεύειν to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. experimentum facers in corpore vili:—Fem. Κάνιρα.

KAPA Ion. κάρη. [a], τό, indecl. the bead: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brime of a cup: it is used, like κεφαλή, Lat. caput, to exprese a person, as Oldirov κάρα for Oldirovs:—used by Hom. only in nom. and ace sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, via. κάρηα, κάρη, κάρην. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. κάρητος κάρητι, κάρητου κάρητι, κάρητου κάρητι, κάρητου κάρητις, κάρηλατου κάρητας σε. (κέραβου πολοποκτική) mith

μάραβο-πρόσωτος, ον, (μάραβος, πρόσωτον) mid the face of a crab.

KAPABOZ, b, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lst. searabasse.

II. a prickly kind of erab.

RAPA-Bonko, f. how, (mapa, boneiw) to watch with outstretched bead, watch eagerly or expectantly.

napaviortip, spoe, o, (napa) touching the head, is beading:

κάρᾶνον, τό, Dor. and Att. for καρηνον.

κάρδινος, δ, (κάρα) a bead, chieftain, chief. Hence κάρδινόω, f. άσω, like κεφαλαιόω, (κάρανω) to « complish, achieve, complete.

ntiph-ropos, or, (sapt, repeir) with the bead cut Tbeheaded. 2. cut from the bead.

uhpβavos, or, - βάρβαρος, outlandish, foreign, beberous. (Foreign word.)

KAPBATINAI or mapmatuvas, al, abont of statement leather, brogues, mocassins.

naphaullu, f. low Att. 18, (naphausor) to be like orm: metaph. to look sharp or pungent; rl naphaullus; why chatter so much about cress (i.e. about pothing)?

KAPAAMON, ro, a kind of area, Lat. senter

timm: also the seed, which was eaten by the Persians | cress, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

ΚΑΡΔΓΑ, poet. κράδια Ιου. καρδίη, κράδιη, ή, the beart, Lat. cor; and mapolian hereir, like Lat. en II, the stomach. eximo, to speak from the beart. καρδίζικός, ή, όν, (καρδία) of the heart or stomach:

II. dyspeptic. καρδιο-γνώστης, ου, ό, (καρδία, γιγνώσκω) λποιυστ

modió-bauros, or, (modia, bánro) grancing the beart. rapol-outries, (napola, Elko) to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice.

emploretor, to, the cover of a kneading-trough. a muzzle. From

KAPAOHOZ, f. a kneading-trough, any trough. Káperou, dat. pl. of Káp.

rapa, Ipn. and Ep. for sapa, the bead. supports, supports, Ep. gen. and dat. of suppa.

udonβάρσια Ion. - in, ή, beaviness in the bead: topbeaviness. From

udospapiu, i. how, to be beary in the bead, topbeavy. From

κάρη-βαρής, έε, (κάρη, βάροε) beavy in the bead. κάρη-κομόωντα, or better κάρη κομόωντα, οί, with bair on the head, long-baired, of the Achaians, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called briber κομόωντες. κομόωντεε is Ep. part. pl. of κομάω; but there is no Verb καρηκομάω.

Kapfivas, sor. 2 pass. inf. of relpos.

κάρηνον, τό, mostly in pl. κάρηνα, (κάρη) the bead; άνδρῶν κάρηνα, = άνδρεε; βοῶν κάρηνα so many bead of cattle. II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill: also of a town, the citadel.

κάρητος, κάρητι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κάρη.

Κάρικο-εργής, έε, (Καρικόε, έργον) of Carian work. Κάρικός, ή, ω, (Κάρ) Carian: Καρική μούσα, ή, a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

KAPI'Z, gen. idoe or idoe, f. Dor. also nouple or ropis, a sbrimp or prawn, Lat. squilla. [d]

scapscalpes, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed

from the sound.) KAPKINOΣ, δ, with heterog. pl. καρκίνα, τά, α

erab, Lat. cancer: also Cancer, the Crab, as a sign in the zodiac. II. a pair of tongs.

mapeilvo-xeepes, av, pl. Adj. (eapeivos, xeip) with ರ್ ೨'s class for bands.

KAPNEIA or Kapven, ra, a festival beld in bonour A pollo Kapveice by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attic month Metapeitnion, hence called Kapreîos pahir.

mapos, Dor. for mode.

Kápados, f, an island between Crete and Rhodes, alled in Homer Redraftor.

scapuala, \$, a mimic dance of the Thessalians. παρπάλτμος, ον, (ἀρπάζω, Lat. carpo) tearing, swift, apid. Adv. morealipes, rapidly.

κάρπάσος, ή, with heterog. pl. κάρβασα, τά, α fine like mustard :- metaph. zapdauer Blewer to look flan grown in Spain, Lat. earbasus. (Eastern word.) mapuile, f. iou Att. in (mapuos) to pluck or gather fruit: - Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the re-II. to make fruitful, fertilise

> unipress, n. ov. (maprie) bearing fruit, fruitful. καρπο-γέναθλος, ον, (καρπίε, γενέθλη) producing fruit.

> καρπό-δεσμα, ων, τά, (καρπίε, δεσμίε` chains for the wrists or arms, armlets.

> καρπο-ποιός, όν, (καρπός, ποιέω) producing fruit. KAPHO'Z, 8, fruit; maprès apospne, corn, but also of wine; of maprol the fruits of the earth, corn. metaph. the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing. KAPHO'Z, b, the joint of the arm and hand, the

> wrist, Lat. carpus. καρπο-τελής, έε, (καρπός, τελέω' bringing fruit to

perfection: fruitful, prolifie. Kapwo-tokos, ov. (Kapwos, tekelir) bearing fruit.

καρπο-φάγος, ον, (καρπός, φάγειν) sating fruit. καρπο-φθόρος, ον, (καρπόε, φθείρω) spoiling fruit. καρποφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear fruit. From

καρπο φόρος, ον, (καρπός, φέρω) fruit-bearing. καρπο-φύλαξ, ακου, δ, (καρπόυ, φύλαξ) a wateber of

fruit. [ð] καρπόω, f. ώσω, (καρπόε) to bear fruit: later to offer II. Med. maprious to gather fruit or reap crops from land:—to enhaust, plunder. the interest of money; to reap the fruits of, enjoy

κάρπωμα, ατοι, τό, (καρπόω) fruit: produce, profit. κάρπωσιε, εωε, ή, (καρπύομαι) a reaping the fruit of: use, profit.

καρρέζουσα, Ερ. for καταρρέζουσα.

κάρτα, Adv. (κάρτοε) very, very much, Lat. valde; nal τὸ κάρτα, very much indeed, really and truly.

καρτερέω, f. ήσω, (καρτερόε) to be steadfast or pa-2. c. acc. to endure manfully. a. with a Prep. to bold out or bear up against a thing. with part. to persevere, persist is doing. Hence

respressions, ear, h, a bearing patiently, patience, endurance.

καρτερία, ή, - καρτέρησιο.

καρτερικός, ή, όν, (καρτερός) enduring, patient. καρτερό-θυμος, ον, (καρτερυε, θυμύε) stout-bearted. καρτερόε, ά, όν, (κάρτοε) – κρατερόε, strong, staunch, brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; supτερά έργα valiant deeds; κάρτερου δρκου a binding 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 4. master of oneself: master of a thing, lord of. steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in

use are κρείσσων, κράτιστος. Kaptepb-xap, b, f, (kaptepbs, xeip). strong band.

καρτερώς, Adv. of κύρτερος, strongly; καρτερώς bavoθσθου to sleep sound.

κάρτιστος, η, ον, Εp. for κράτιστες.

maores, ees, ro, Ep. and Ion. fen marce, strength, signer, sourage. Hence

emprisses, Ep. for eparties, to strongthen; 201. I med., temprisses optiony as they strongthened their ranks; respect temprisses they strongthened or armed their hands.

Käpturibes, em, al. (Kapval) the women of Caryas in Laconia. II. in Architecture, Caryatides are female figures used as bearing shafts. [d]

κάρύκη, ή, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and

rich spice. [7] Hence

κάρθκανοι, η, ω, of the colour of καρύκη, blood-red. κάρθκο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (καρύκη, ποιέω) to make a rich savousy sauce.

rapuf, Dor. for shout.

KAPTON, the nut; n. Hapounds the walnut; n. Robholm's the chestnut; n. Howtin's the filberd.

napto-vairing, ou, &, (napuor, rastris) one mbo goes to sea in a mutibell.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρόσσω.

supphilates, a, or, (supper) dry, parched: of sound, polloss,;

κάρφη, ή, (κάρφω) a dry blade of grass. καρφηρός, ά, όν, (κάρφος) of dry strass.

καρφότης [τ], ου, δ, (κάρφου) built of dry straws.
κάρφος, εος, τό, (κάρφου) any dry particle, a dry
stalk or chip, Let. palea: dry twigs, straws, bits of
sood, such as birds.make their nests of: in pl. basks,
chaff, Let. quisquiliae.

2. the dry sticks of cinnamon were also called gdpd

KA PΦΩ, f. κάρψω, to make dry or withered:—Pass.

to wither away.

mapxallos, a, ov. (supxapos) rough in throat with thirst, Virgil's siti asper.

mapgap-blows or -blow, blowros, δ, \$, (κάρχαρος, blobs) with sharp jagged teeth.

mapxapon, or, (xaparow) ebary-pointed or jagged: generally, ebary, biting

Καρχηδών, ώνοι, ή, Cartbage: Καρχηδόνιος, α, ω, and Καρχηδονιακός, ή, ών, Cartbaginian.

scape force, 76, a drinking-cup or gobbst narrower for the middle than at top and bottom. IL the mathead of a thip. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κάρψε, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I of κάρφα.

καρφε, .ep. 3 sing. sor. 1 or καρφ, Dor. for κηρφ.

mae, by crasis for mal ele or mal ée.

udσαλβάζω, f. σω, to abuse in barlofs language. From

udσαλβάε, άδοε, ή, a barlot, strumpet.

udarus, naords or naords, ou, d, a born's caparison or bousing, a carpet or skin to sit upon. (Akin to mu, mus.)

KA ZI' A Ion. - Ly, \$, casssa, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

wildryvhry, h, a sister: fem. of madigryros.

utiol-yverou, d, (utious, yevrous) a brother:—then any blood-relation, a nephrus or niece. II. as Adj. naolypeprou, q, ov, brotherly, sinterly. KAZI, 100, 8 or 9: vocat. mást: a brothr or sister. [8]

Kaσστερίδες, απ, al, the Cassiterides or tingelands. ΚΑΣΣΙΤΕΡΟΣ Att. καντίτερος, δ, tin, Lex. είανκωπ; χεθμα κασσιτέροιο a plating of tin.

κάστουμα Att. κάττι, ατος, τό, anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal: generally, a leather sole or shoe. From

KAΣΣΥΩ Att. καντύω, to atiteb, see together.
metaph. to atiteb up, i. e. to concoct, a plot. [8]
καστόν, by crasis for και έστόν.

Kαστόροιος, ον, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor; ασστόρειος νόμος, a warlike air for the flute, mostly used in Sparta.

reacropides, al, (Kácrus) a famous Leconian breed of bounds, said to be first reared by Castor: also according to the first reacropides.

καστορνθσα, Ep. for καταο τορνθσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστόρνυμι.

Káorresp, opos, å, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tynosrus) and Leda, brother of Pollux.

KA'ZTOP, opos, &, the beaver.

κάσχεθε, Ερ. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing. Ερ. sor. 2 of κατέχω.

κάσωρίον, τό, a brothel. From κάσωρίε, ίδοε, ή,—κασάλβη, a bariot.

KATA', Prep. with gen. and acc.:

A. GENTE:

I. denoting motion from above, down
from:

II. down towards, down upon; ward
govde δμματα πήξαι to fix the eyes down upon the
ground; of a dart, κατὰ γαίνε ψχετο it went down to
the ground:—ac, τοξεύαν κατά τινου to shoot at one
(because the arrow falls down upon its mark); παίεων
κατά τινου to strike at one; δμόσω κατά τινου to
swear upon a thing.

III. against, in opposition
to; λόγου κατά τινου, Lat. oratio is aliquem, a speech
against one accused; but, πρόυ τινα, Lat. adversass
aliquem, a speech is answer to an opponent.

B. Accus.: I. of motion downwards, march boov down the stream. 2. of motion or extension. over, throughout, among, at, about, over, as ward γαίαν, πόνταν: throughout, all along: also of Place. υροπ, βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα. 3. generally, of Place, as, sard yfir sal sard bakarrar by land and II. distributively, of a whole divided into parts; κατά φύλα, κατά φρήτραs by tribes and class; ward opins by themselves; so, of time, war ireastic year by year; and of numbers, nar' bhiyous few at a III. of object or purpose, where march πρήξιν to sail on a business; πλάζεσθαι πατά λαμίδα το rove in search of booty. IV. of fitness, according to, answering to; wara buttor according to one's mind; so, san' huirepor roor after our liking; war desposers according to the capacity of a man; mard door naturally; mard divages to the best of one's power; surd rd ovyselpers according to the 1. in relation to, concerning; terms agreed upon. rd nard robenov all that belongs to war; to mad some as far as concerns you; mard roure in this way; mard raurá in the same way.

V. of numbers, nearly, about; mard himsonia hea about 600 years.

VI. of Time, throughout, during, in the course of; mard rdw whishov in the course of the war; mard "Amasiv about the time of Amasis; of mas thus those that live about our time, our contemporaries.

VII. the Comp. is followed by mard... when the qualities of things are compared; meifor the mar dispersor greater than is suited to man, too great for man; melfor the mark dampus greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

Position; when savá follows its case, it is written sáva.

As ADV., lik.: κάτω, downwards, from above, down.

In concros.:

I. downwards, down, as in καταβαίνω.

II. over egainst, in answer to, as in καταβάω, Lat. occino.

III. against, in hostile sense,

as in κατ-ηγορίω.

IV. often only to strengthen
the simple word, as in κατα-κότνω, κατα-φαγών.

Κατά as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into κάγ before γ, κάκ before κ, κάμ before μ, κάκ before ν, κάκ before τ στ θ. κάν before τ στ θ. In compd. Verbs, κατά sometimes changes into καβ, καλ, καρ, κατ, as κάββαλε, κάλλιπε, κάρρεζουσα, κάτθανε.

ката, Ion. for кав' а.

ndra, crasis for nal elra, and then.

κατάβα, for κατάβηθι, 201. 2 imperat. of καταβαίνω. καταβάδην, Adv. (καταβαίνω) going down: below, down-stairs, opp. to draβάδην. [βά]

zerταβαθμός, δ, (zerταβαίνω) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

жатаваіну, sor. 2 opt. of κατα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα; 201. 2 κατέβην, Ep. I pl. subj. καταβείομεν, for καταβώμεν; κατάβα imperat. (for κατάβηθι): aor. I med. κατεβησά μην, Ep. 3 sing. κατεβήσετο, Ep. imperat. καταβήσεο:-- to go or come down, Lat. descendere: c. gen. to go down from; wara pairer dispos to come down from a chariot: c. acc. to go down to; bakapor naτεβήσατο she came down to her chamber; but also, πλίμακα καταβαίνειν to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs. 2. to go down to the 3. to go down into the arena, to fight, consea. 4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, II. rarely in Pass., frwos surue. g. in speaking. Bairera the horse is dismounted from.

καιτα-βακχιόομαι, Pass. (κατά, Βακχιόω) to be full of Bacchie franzy.

seara-βάλλω, fit. -βάλω: 201. 2 κατέβάλον, Ep. 3 sing. κάββαλε: pf. -βέβλημα, pass. -βέβλημα: -το throw down, cast down, operthrow, lay low; καταβάλλειν els γόνν to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down. 20 strike down, and so to slay. 3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea. 4. to put down, pay down: hence to pay off, discharge. 5. to put down into

as far as concerns you; mard τοῦτο in this way; a place and leave there:—Med. to lay as a foundamard ταῦτά is the same way. V. of numbers, nearly, about; mard ξηπεόσια ξτεα about 600 years. VI. of Time, throughout, during, in the course of; mard τον πόλεμον in the course of the rows mard πλασιν about the time of Amssis; all

καταβάς, nor. 2 part. of meraβaires.
κατάβδιστε, εως ή, (maraβaires) a gaing down, descending.
2. a way down, a descend: the entrance to a case.

κατα-βασμός, Att. for καταβαθμός.
καταβάτης [ά], 3 sing. 20τ. 2 imperat. of καταβαίνω.
κατάβαθζω, f. fω, to bark or bay at, τωνία.
κατα-βαβαιόομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.
καταβαβλημένος, pf. pass. part. of καταβάλλα.
καταβαίομαν, Ep. for καταβώμαν, I pl. 20τ. 2 subj.
of καταβαίνω.

narablyweval, Ep. for narablyval, sor. 2 inf. of narablival.

καταβήσεο, Ερ. for κατάβησα, 2 sing. acr. I med. imperat, of καταβαίνα.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of καταβαίνα.

κατα-βιβάζα, f. – βιβάσω Att. – βιβά, Canal of nareβαίχω, to make to go down, bring down. κατα-βιβρώσκω, fut. – βρώσομαι: soc. 2 κατάβρω:

-Pass, αυτ. Ι κατεβρώθην: pf. -βέβρομα: -- δο σεδ ωρ, devour. κατα-βίδα, f. -δυτομα: αυτ. 2 κατεβίων:-- δο δείκε

life to an end, pass life.

nara-Blaneiu, f. ou, to treat eardenly, mismanage.

κατα-βλάπτω, f. βλάψω, to damage. κατα-βλητικόε, ή, ω, (καταβάλλω) likely to throwef. κατα-βληνικουαι. f. έσουμε. Den. to blace climate.

κατα-βληχάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bleat alend.
κατα-βλώσκω, f. -μολοθμαι: 201. 2 markpaker;—
to go down or through, pass through.

rara-βοάω, fat. -βοήσομα: Ion. -βώσομα: --to ery down, ery out against, exclaim against, c. gen. IL c. acc. to outery, silence. Hence

καταβοή, βε, ή, α ery or outery against one: and καταβόησιε, εως, ή, α erying out against.

καταβολή, ή, (καταβάλλω) à laying down: a fumdation, beginning. 2. a paying down. 2. a periodical attack of illness, a fit.

nate-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, (λατά, βόσκω) to feed flocks upon a place :-- Med. to feed upon.

κατα-βόστρύχου, or, with long flowing looks.
κατα-βράβεύω, f. σω, to decide against one, deprise
one of one's right:—Pres. to be sufairly cast in
a ruit.

uava-βρέχω, f. -βρίζω: Pam., act. I πατεβρέχθην:
--to wet through, dresch.

uara-βρίθω [1], f. -βρίσω:—to weigh on press down: metaph. to outweigh. II. intr. to be beauty laden, weighed down by a thing. [1]

\*καταβρόχω, 201. I mariβροξα, opt. maraβρόζου, to gulf or swallow down: tf. dvaβρόχου. κατα-βροχθίζω, f. low Att. ω, (mará, βρόχθου) & gulf down.

5. to put down into | Kara-Boisco [v], f. fo, to bite in pieces, and up.

παταβρώσομαι, fut. of καταβιβρώσκω. mara-fluperou, (mara, supera) to cover over with bides. καταβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβοdes

marti-years Att. -years, or, (mart, years) under-

II. on the ground; ground, subterransons. nathypuo expossed birds that run instead of flying, outriebes.

narayyekeis, los, b, (narayyeke) a proclaimer. nor-arribbe. f. ele, to announce, proclaim, declare; marayyeller wolepor to declare was. to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence

KGT-LYYENTOS, OF, denounced, betrayed. mará-yelos, Att. for maráyalos.

Kara-yella, A. (surd, yeldes) Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγέλα.

EGTG-YEAGTOS, OF, ridiculous. From

mara-yelim, f. doopar [d]: sor. I mareyelides:-Pass., aor. Ι κατεγελάσθην: pf. γεγέλασμαι: -- το laugh at: absol. to laugh wornfully, mosk.

mará-yelus, eros, é, (mará, yélen) ridicule, mochery: also ebsurdicy.

marayhves, sor. 2 inf. pass. of surdyrups.

κατα-γηράσκω, f. γηράσω οτ άσομαι. κοτ. Ι κατerrhotion or errhotion; pl. -rerrhotion :- to grow old, pass one's old age, Lat. senesso; 3 sing impf. sureγήρα (from καταγηράω), or acr. 2 (as if from a Verb in pu, cf. mpde not). to grow old, Lat. senesso.

Kara-yiyaprile, f lew, (mard, ylyaprov) to take out the kernel: metaph, for stuprare.

Kata-ylyvopai, f. yerhoopai: - to stay or reside at , also to busy oneself about a thing.

nara-yeyvaska, i. yvasopai . 201. 2 nartyvas :to reneark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to find-2. to lay something to one's charge, c. gen pers, et acc. rel, ac, suruyiyrisoneu rurde dravoplyr to lay a charge of cowardice against him -Pass., sarafrusteis uphoses being thought or su-3. to give judgment or senpeeted to be doing. tenes against a person; marayiyvávansir tirde báraver to pen sentence of death on one, Lat, dumnare aliquem mortis, navayiyi bo neir dingr to adjudge of decide a sunt

man-dylle, Ion, for makeniles

KOT-EYEVEN, Ion. for Karayu, to lead or earry down. IL to bring back.

mata-ylvopa, ytvoores, later forms for matayiy... mar-ayhatie, f lew, strengthd, for dyhatie.

mara-yherrile: f low Att in: pf. pass. mareyherτισμαι. (κατά, γλώττα).—to his by joining tongum: μέλος κατεγλωττισμένον α wanton, licentious II, to use the tongue or speak against song. one. III. to talk one down, ulence him. Hence καταγλώττισμα, τό, a wanton biss.

mat-apple, aree, to, (matapu) wood spece out: a piece or flock of wool

mara-graphere, f. yes, to bend down. KETE YVOLTY, ACT. 3 OPL. OF BETERYLY PASSED MATCHYOUR, LOC. 3 PART, OF METCHYNYMANN,

mar-áyvoju; fot. maráfa: sor. I martefa, purt sardfas: pl. (in pasa sense) sarlaya Ion. sarinya. aot. 2 pass. καττάγην [d], inf. καταγήναι:—to break in places, shatter, shiver: to break, weaken. in Pass., and in pf. act sarlaya, to be broken, surotyeral or nardygral the kepalife to base the held broken.

marayvuous, eur, f, maruy:yréomu) en unfevour-IL condemnation. able openeon.

mara-yourseles, f see, to exchant, besetteb. to elect, ітром ироя.

Kat-dyopeúw, f. ow, to denounce.

narkypādos, er, engraved, embroidered. Prom mara-ypades, I des, to mark or scratch deeply: to engrave: to paint over, fill with letters. write down : to reguler, euroll.

Kar-ayolu, f. fow, to catch, overtake,

nata-youvalo, lut. dow, to exerci e constantly.

mur-ayes, f. afer: 201 2 nathydrar: 10 lead a earry down, Lat. deducers to lead or carry to a place, 2. to bring down from the esp. to the sea-coast. high sea to land .- Pass. to some to land, opp. to drayerfas (to put out to sea) 3. to draw out, spin. II. to bring back, esp. to bring down, lower. from banishment, to recall, resture. Hence

BOTEYWYN, N. a bilaging down. II. a pusting e ship into barbour, landing. 2. a landing-place: 3. a resting-place, lodging-place. κατάγώγιον, τό, (κατάγω) α place to lodge in, rest-

ing-place, inn.

mar-dyerifouse, fet, -leopes Att. -coupes, Dep. 10 etruggio againet, provail againet.

nura-balvoya, f. balsopor, Pru to devour. Kata-Bakve, fut. Bofopai, to bite in pieces.

nava-banguyéen, ousa, better dirilim, merd béens view, shedding tears.

κατα-δακρύω, f. σω, to bewail or lament bitterly: absol. to weep laterly.

Kora-Bdudju, f. dew: not 1 Inf. med. marelendsasta:—to subdue utterly.

maradduvaya, maradapá(a.

nara-bandrán, í hon, to squander, waste utterly. nava-Bauru, i, bada, to rend in place, devour.

nava-baptava: sor a navidaptor, by post, metalh. eurédoutor; also, la seme sense, vor 2 page, surtår pågr, poet. subl. særaðpaðú, part. særaðepðels:--te vierp soundly, fall asleep.

nava-bartouas, f. decopus, Med. to diside among themselves.

Karabeije, is, (narabie) wanting or failing in some thing, lacking of hence poor, needy; Comp. servedelatepos, weaker, inferior, see natadeise.

mara-bet, impers. there is quanting : see marables. nava-belbu, f. -below . not. I maribase :-- to feet very much, be in great terror of.

nava-Belnvoju and -vw, f. -Belfu: acr. I may librifa Ion. -lbefa :---to these elearly, point out, make incorn: c. inf. to where how to do: to establish, prove.

ware-Sahion, f. dow [d]:-to show signs of fear or consardics.

καταδέξα, Ion. sor. I inf. of καταδείκνυμι.

north-Biopas, f. -Behoopas, Dep. to want or need very much: to intreat earnestly, Lat. deprecari.

κατα-δέρκομαι, 201. 2 act. κατέδρδκον, and in same sense pass. κατέδερχθην: Dep.:—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie or band: a magic knot, love-knot. κατα-δεύω, f. σω, aor. I κατέδευσα, to wet through: to water.

κατα-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: Dep.: - to receive, admit. 2. to receive back, take bome again.

mara-blee (A), f. -bhow, to bind on or to, bind fast:

Med. to bind to or for oneself.

2. to put in bonds, imprison.

3. metaph. to consist of a crime.

II.

to tie down, shut up, close, check.

κατα-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers: καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδεώς, Adv. of καταδεής, in defect: Comp. καταδεεστέρωε έχειν to be very ill off.

ward-onlos, or, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβορίω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόροε) to consume publicly.

nata-Stavidue, f. how, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, turbs.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -άξω, to reconcile again.

κατα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or

empty themselves into.

κατα-δικάζω, f. άσω: Pass., 201. κατεδικάσθην: pf.
καταδεδίκασμα: :—to give judgment against, pass
sentence upon, τυθο: absol. to condemn:—Med. to
get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation:—Pass., καταδεδικασμένοε one who has
judgment given against him.

wara-blun, h, (kará, blun) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence: a fine.

κατά-δικος, ον. (κατά, δίκη) condemned.

Kara-Stoke, f. for or fopul, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect: to think, suppose: also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείε being suspected.

marabokálu, fut. áow, - maraboméw.

κατα-δουλόω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslabe: also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώσομαι, -εδουλωσάμην, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence

Katabouhwavs, con, n, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δουπέω. t. ήσω, to fall with a beauy sound.

Κατά-δουπου, ων, οι, (κατά, δοῦπου) the Cataracts
of the Nile: also the parts of Ethiopia in which they
are called by Cicero Catadupa as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting. καταδράθα, 201. 2 subj. p2ss. οf καταδαρθάνω, καταδράμων, 201. 2 inf. of κατατρέχω.

κατα-δρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.
καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμεῖν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, στ, overrum, wasted by a raid. κατά-δρυμμα, ατος, τό, a tearing or rending. From κατα-δρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend. καταδύναι, αυτ. 2 inf. of καταδύω.

Kara-Sivasteiu, f. su, to exercise lardship or sove-

reignty over, overpower, oppress.

Kata-búvw, = katabúw in intrans. sense.

Karadús, 201. 2 part. of maradús.

κατάδύσιε, εωε, ή, (καταδύω) a going down under water: of the start, a setting: generally, a descent. κατα-δυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intresty.

κατα-δύω and κατα-δύνω: fut. –δύσω: aor. 1 κατέδύσα: aor. 2 κατέδῦν: I. Causal, in pres. κατα-

δύω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδῦσα: -to make to sink, Lat. mergere; καταδύσαι ναῦν to sink or disable a ship. II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plapf. act., κατάνν. -δέδυκα, -δεδύκειν: --to go under water, sink, set, of the sun; ἄμ' ἡελίψ καταδύντι with sunset. 2. to go down into, to steal or creep into: to get into the midst of; τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms. 3. to keep bidden, lie bid.

κατ-άδω Ion. - δείδω: f. -άσομαι: τarely -άσω:-to sing to, to ebarm by singing, Lat. occinere: absolto sing a spell, charm.

II, tordeafen by singing.

κατα-δωροδοκέω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes. κατ-αείδω, Ion. for κατάδω.

κατα-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of καθέντυμι, clothed, clad, covered.

II. pf. part. pass. of καθίημι, let down, banging down.

καταείνύσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Ep. for καθείσατο, 3 sing. 201. 1 med. of καθίζω.

κατα-έννθμι, poët. for καθέννυμι: impf. καταείνυον: to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατ-afalve: Ion. 201. I καταζήνασκον: (κατα, άfalve, άfω):—to make quite dry, parch up.

acavo, aco):—to make quite ary, pares up.
κατα-ζώω, inf. καταξην, to live one's life out.

nara-febyrous and -vos, f. -febfo: -- to tie or yoke together, yoke: -- Pass. to be bound fast, st attened: to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. 20τ. 1 of καταζαίνω. κατα-ξώννυμι and -νω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast: Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, ser. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

nava-bapoviva, to embolden or encourage against:

—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [5]

kara-Oedopai, f. doopai [a], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

κανταθείναι, 20r. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείο, 2 sing. 20r. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημ. καταθείομαι, Ep. for -θέωμαι, 20r. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημε.

untabelouse. Ep. for -bewer, I pl. 201. 2 subj. of | untaukles, f. low Att. is, to wound severely: to κατατίθη μι.

κατα-θέλγω, f. ξω, to subdue by charms. Hence κατάθελξιε, eas, ή, enchantment.

κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατατίθημι) an accursed thing. Kata-Benatily, f. ow, (katabepa) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, 201. 2 med. inf. of κατατίθημι.

κατάθεσις, εως, ή, (κατατίθημι) a putting down: a paying down, discharging.

κατα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι: -to run down: of ships, to II. to make inroads or incurrun into barbour. sions : c. acc., narabely yapay to overrun a country.

Kata-Oswokw, f. how, to contemplate from above.

ката-вірую, f. fw, to sbarpen, whet. κατα-θηλύνω, (κατά, θήλυε) to make womanish. καταθησώ, Dor. for καταθήσω, fut. of κατατίθημι. κατα-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνουμαι : 201, 2 κατέθάνον Ep.

κάτθάνου: pf. - τέθνηκα, part. - τεθνηκώε Ep. - τεθνήώε, ώτοε, inf. -τεθνάναι Ερ. -τεθνάμεν [α]:-to die away, be dying; in aor, 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased. Hence

Katabyntos, h, br, mortal.

καταθορείν, 20r. 2 inf. of καταθρώσκω.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. ήσω, to cry down.

κατα-θρηνέω, f. ήσω, to bewail, lament. κατα-θρώσκα, f. -θορούμαι: aot. 2 κατέθορον, inf. -θορείν:-to leap or jump down: c. acc., καταθρώ-

oreir the almosty to leap down from the wall. κατ-αθυμέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άθυμέω) to lose all beart,

to be very much dejected. Kata-Gúmos, or, also n, or, in or upon the mind, at beart: μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος έστω let not death sit beavy at thy beart. II. according to

one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing. κατα-θύω, f. ύσω [v], to sacrifice: to offer, dedi-II. Med., καταθύεσθαί τινα to compel one's

low by magic sacrifices.

Kata-Owpakilo, f. low Att. in, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

καταί-βάσιε, εων, ή, pošt. for κατάβασιε.

καται-βάτης, ου, ό, pošt. for καταβάτης, (κατα-Bairw) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning: also of the thunder-bolt, burled down, descending. of 'Aylow, to which one descends, downward, infernal, Katal-Batos, h. ov. poet, for katabatos, giving a passage downwards; θύραι καταιβαταί ανθρώποισι gates by which men descend.

κατ-αιδέσμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αιδέσομαι, soc. I pass. -pδέσθην: -to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect : c. inf. to be asbamed

to do a thing.

Kar-ailadow, f. wow, to burn to asbes.

nar-aidiorou, f. fu, of motion, to float or bover over; πλόκαμοι νώτον καταίθυσσον his locks floated down his back.

war-albu, to burn down, burn to ashes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine,

ill-treat, disfigure:

κατ-αινέω, f. έσω post. ήσω:--to agree to, assent to, approve of; karaired let tive to agree to a thing on certain conditions. Il. to grant, promise: to promise in marriage, betrotb.

Kar-aupée, Ion. for kataupées.

κατ-αίρω, fut. - ἄρῶ, (κατά, αίρω):-- to take or put 2. intr. to put into port : of birds, to go down. down to a place, light upon it.

κατ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, Dep. to comprehend

Kar-aloros, or, (kará, aloros) righteous. καταισχυντήρ, ήροε, a disgracer. From

Kat-aloxive, f. Fru, to shame, disgrace, disbonour. III. Med. to feel shame before another. to reverence.

Kara-toxes, post for karloza

κατ-αιτιάομαι, f. ἀσομαι [ā]. Dep. to accuse, arraign, blame, find fault with c. acc., to lay to one's charge, object to one: impute II. the aor. i part, karaitiabels occurs in pass, sense, accused, but on one's defence.

RATAITUE, Byos, f., a low belief or skull-cap without a crest. (Deriv. uncertain.)

кат-амереория, Pass. (ката, alepee) to bang down. Kata-Kayxale, f. ace, to laugh loudly at.

natakasure, Dor. and Lacon. for natanasure, aor. 2 inf. pass. of scarascales.

Katakailuev, Ep for katakailuv.

ката-каlva, fut. -ката. aor. 2 матемито :-lik: ratarteire, to slay.

ката-каle Att. -кае [a]: fut. -кабое: sor. т катеκαυσα Ep. κατέκηα; aot. I pass. κατεκαιθην, aot 2 natenany:—to burn, burn down, consume by burning :-Pass., sard sop lady the fire bad burned down or out.

Kara-Kālie, f. iou, to call down, summon, in-II. to call upon, invoke. vile.

κατα-κάλύπτω, f ψω, to cover up, envelope: - Med to veil oneself.

Kata-kausto, f. -kajalo, to bend down: to bend a turn by entreaty; natanausteur latilas to bend down, break down hopes.

ката-карфы, to dry up, pareb:—Pau. to wither, fall into the sere.

Katakaúras, sor. I part. of Katakales.

κατα-καυχάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep to boast against exult over, vaunt at.

Katakelas, Ep. sor. I inf. of Katakales.

Katakelepev, Ep. pres. inf. of matamalas.

Katakelete, 2 pl. of Batakele.

ката-каџа, f. -кеlвора, Dep. to lie down: to lie bid: to lie stored up, to be laid by. 2. 20 M 3. to recline at meals.

natanelouse, another form of sarashouse, q. v.: but also Ep. for naraneluper, pres. subj. of nerencia. Kata-kelpu, f. - kepû, to sul down, waste, comme

mara-neles, Desiderat, of maranequal, to wish to lie [ down : manneiorres, Ep. part. for navanelorres. marantention, 2 sing. plapf. pass. of marantine. KATAKEKPÁKTYS, OV. 6, (KATAKPÁ(W) a brawler. nara-nederies, f. see, to give the word of command: of the redevories, to give the time in rowing. ROTO-REVTEM, f. how, to pierce through, sting severely. mara-kepauvóm, f. wow, to strike down by thunder. ката-керваlve, f. are or how, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.

ката-керторы, f. how, to rail violently: to mock at. κατακηέμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of κατακαίω.

ката-къдею, f. ήσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant. κατακήσμεν, Ep. for κατακήσμεν, I pl. sor. I subj.

of satakaiw. κατα-κηρόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, κηρύε) to cover with wax. κατα-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ύξω, to proclaim or consmand by berald.

Kata-Klov u., poët. for katakepåvvuju, to min well: -Pass. to be well mixed.

natá-kussos, or, (natá, nissós) ivy-wreathed. κατα-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ā]: tul. -κλαύσομαι:--to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.

κατακλάξασθαι, Dor. 20r. 1 inf. med. of κατακλείω. κατα-κλάω, f. άσω [ἄ]: 20τ. Ι κατέκλάσα:--Pass., 201. I κατεκλάσθην :-- to break down, break short off, II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfesble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.

κατακλαχθήναι, Dor. 201. I pass. inf. of κατακλείω.

κατα-κλάω, Att. for κατακλαίω. [ā]

κατακλείς, είδος, Ion. and Ep. κατακληίε, ηίδος, ή,

(maranheim) a fastening for doors. κατα-κλείω Ion. -κληίω old Att. -κληίω: f. -κλείσω Dor. - κλάξω: - Med., 20τ. 1 κατεκλεισάμην Dor. κατεκλαξάμην :-- Pass., 201. κατεκλείσθην Ion. -εκλη-1σθην Dor. -εκλάχθην (not -εκλάσθην):--to sbut up, 2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade. sbut fast. κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. ήσω, (κλήροε, δίδωμι) to dis-

pribute by lot. κατα-κληρονομέω, f. ήσω, to inberit, obtain by in-

beritance.

κατα-κληρουχέω, f. ήσω, to receive as one's allot-II. to assign to another as bis lot, give ment. to imberit.

KCa-Takhibijvat, 201. 2 mr. pass. of matakhive. ι: α τακλίνής, έε, (κατακλινήναι) lying down, stretched 11. sloping, steep. :: length.

εα-τα-κλίνο-βάτης, ές, (κατά, κλίνη, βalre) making

C:28 Lie abed.

κατα-κλίνα [f], f. -κλίνω: 201, I κατέκλίνα:--to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to Lay supon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius :- Pass: to lie down, esp. at II. to lay low, overthrow. Hence

scoranklors, ear, h, a making to lie down or sit at cable; ή κατάκλισιε τοῦ γάμου the celebration of a marriage.

cora κλύζα, f. όσω [δ]: 201. I κατέκλυσα:—to wash

over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. Ħ. to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence κατακλυσμός, ό, a deluge, flood.

Kara-κλώθες, al, (κατακλώθω) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, Moîpaı, Lat. Parcae.

κατα-κλώθω, f. -κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates. ката-куфю, f. –куфою: 20г. I катекупоа:—to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal. κατα-κνήθω, - κατακνάω.

mata-mile, f. low: 201. I materiou:-to bull to pieces, Lat. velNeo :-Pass. to itch.

κατα-κοιμάω, f. ήσω, like κατακοιμίζω, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: 201. I inf. pass, κατακοιμηθήναι, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep. II. to slead through, sleep out; κατακοιμήσαι την φυλακήν to sleep out the watch.

κατα-κοιμίζω, f. ίσω, = πατακοιμάω, to lull to sleep. Kata-Kolvevies, f. how to make one a sharer, give one a sbare.

κατ-ακολουθίω, f. ήσω, to follow closely.

κατα-κολπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (κατά, κόλπου) to run into a bay or gulf.

Kata-Koulon, h, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From ката-коµise, f. low Att. ie:—to bring aown, esp.

2. to bring to land or into barbour: to the sea. to bring into a place of refuge.

κατά-κομος, ον, (κατά, κύμη) with falling bair. κατ-άκονά, ή, (κατά, ἀκονή) destruction.

κατα-κονδύλίζω, f. ίσω, to buffet severely.

κατ-ἀκοντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, ἀκοντίζω) to strike down with darts.

ката-контю, f. ψω: sor. I катекофа:-- 1 255., p. post f. natanenoyopai: 201. 2 natenouty: -to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay. II. to stamp with a die, coin into money

κατα-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to arrange, set in order; έπλ νευρή κατακοσμείν to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.

кат-акойю, f. -акойворац, to bear and obey, be us-II. to bearken to, give ear to, bear plainly. ject to. ката-крајо, fut. -кекрајоран, to cry down, outdo in crying.

nara-kparie, f. how, to prevail over, suodue:absol. to prevail, become master: to become current. ката-кренанац, Pass. to bang down, bang suspended. κατα-κρεμάννυμι οι -ύω, fut. -κρεμάσω [d]: 201. I κατεκρίμασα:—to bang to or upon, bang up, attacb to or by.

κατα-κρεουργίω, f. ήσω, to cut up like a butcher. κατα-κρήθεν, (κατά, κάρα) Adv. from the bead downwards from top to bottom :- metaph, entirely, utterly. κατα-κρημνάμαι οτ -άομαι, = κατακρέμαμαι.

κατα-κρημνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιθ, (κα. ά, κρημούε) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down. κατά-κρημνος, or, precipitous.

κατάκριμα, ατος, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

N 2

II. to

mata-rolve, f. - motive : not. I materplie :-- to give | judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [1] Hence EUTOEPIOLS, eas. 1, condemnation.

Kata-Kpuntu, f. yw, to bide away, conceal, heep bidden: part. nannpúrrar Ep. for naranpúrrar. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύφή, ή, a biding: metaph. a subterfuge. Kata-Kpúlo, f. - Kpúlo, to eroak at.

KOTO-KTOHEV and -KTOHEVOL, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of Ma-

κατα-ετάομαι, fut. -ετήσομαι: nor. I -εκτησάμην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. sarasistypas. () possess.

EGTARTAS, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of savastelra: pass. катактацечов.

Kata-ktelve : fut. - kterê Ion. - kterê Ep. - kterê : 201. I Katekteiva: 201. 2 Katektavov pošt. Katektav. as, a, Ep. imperat. sacrare, inf. sarastduer. -duerat, part. navantás; pf. navéntova:-Pass., 201. I κατεκτάθην: Ep. aor. 2 κατεκτάμην, part. κατακτάμεvos: 2 pl. fut, med. (in pass. sense) maranterécobe .to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κύβεύω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβοε) to lose by the dice,

gamble away.

κατα-κυλίνδω, f. low [1]:- Pass., 201. I εκυλίσθην: pf. - Kekuluguai :- to roll down :- Pass. to be rolled down or off.

ката-кошты, f. ψω: sor. I matinufa:--to bend down, s'oog: to stoop and feep into.

Kata-Kupievu, f. ou, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κύρδω, (κατά, κύρου) to ratify: 201. I part. matanupubel: - matanpibels, condemned to something. κατα-κωλύω, f. ύσω [ῦ]: to binder from doing: to detain, keep back.

Kata-Kumalu, f. dou, to burst rictoraly in upon, to

ettack unth a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκυχή.

καταλαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω. κατ-άλαζονεύομαι, (κατα, άλαζών) Dep. to boast or brig largely.

κατα-λάλίω, f. ήσω, to babble, chatter.

talk or rul of, slander. Hence

καταλάλία, ή, evil report, clander - and κατάλαλος, or, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω: f. -λήψομαι Ιου. -λάμψομαι . αυτ. 2 κατελαβον: pf, κατειληφα Ion, καταλελάβηκα:--Pass., aor. Ι ματελήφθην Ιοα, ματελάμοθην: to seize upon, lay bold of, take possession of; to serze -Med. to serve for oneself; to preoceupy. Il. to bold in, keep down or under, check; hence to put an end to, wop: to settle, conclude. 2, to bind by III. to eatch, overtake, come up with t oath. 2. of events, to hence to discover. detect, find. come upon, befall, bappen to one: impers, marahauβάνει it bappens to one; τὰ καταλαβόντα - τὰ σύμ-Barra, what had happened, the circumstances of the Hence

Katalayuntios, a, or, verb. Adj. to be ebecked.

zara-láuro, E. -lajales, to sbine upon: to chat. κατ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to suffer greatly, be in great pain.

κατα-λέγω, £ -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατελιχθην, sor. 2 mateλέγην:—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down: - Med., with acr. I κατελεξάμην, to he down. sleep: in this sense occur surelesso. 3 sing. of Ep 201. 2 pass. marehéy jugo, inf. marahéxbai, part. maraλέγμενου. II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, lovy, enlist, enrol. tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

uara-helbu, i. yw. to pour down, let drop: to abed teats:-Pass, to run ce drop down.

κατάλειμα, τό, (καταλείτω) a remnant, raidus. marahereros, or, (maraheipo) ancieted.

Kara-Adme, f. #e: Ep. forma pres. makkelme, fut. rallehor acr. 2 ralleror :-- to leave behind, leave as an beritage, bequeatb. II. to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another. III. to suffer, allow κατα-λαιτουργέω, f. ήσω, to spend one's substance

in bearing public burthens. κατ-δλοίφω, f. ψω, so smear on or over. naralefo, Dor. for maralifu, fut. of maralifu. Kata-Leutologies, f. Hew, to wear eway by fine

distinctions. rata-levo, f. ou, (eath, levo) to stone to death. κατα-λέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγει

κατ-άλίω, f. έσω, to grind down. Kata-Atym, f. fm, to leave off, stop, cease. κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτικός, ή, ών, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grast or check, able to keep down καταληπτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable.

act. serzing upon. κατάληψιε, του, ή, (καταλαμβάζου) α grasping, unz-II. an attacking, assaulang. ing, winning.

Kata-Albažu, i dow, (katá, Alboe) to stone to death. κατα-λίπαρίω, f. ήσω, to entreat earnestly. καταλλάγή, ή, exchange, profit made on ex-

Il a change from enmity to friendship reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. áfω: aor. τ σατήλ λαξα:—to change: Med. to enchange, give in the II. to change from enmity to friendship cbange. reconcile.—Pass., with not. I mathlader, not. : κατηλλάγην [ἄ], to become reconciled.

nar-alogue, f. how, to crued in places, destroy. κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -lσομαι Att. -loθμαι: Dep.:to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing

II. to equal or rechon among. κατάλογος, δ, καταλέγοι) a counting up, enrolment: the entalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army; of he naralbyou those on the list for service. κατά-λουπος, or, left, remaining.

LEGT-EXORIZED, f. low, to ent into furrous.

mara-λουω, l. su, to wash sompletely:—Med., maraλούειν του βlov to spend one's life in bathing, mara-λοφάδαια, Adv. — mard λόφον, on the neek.

κατα-λοχίζω. : σα, to distribute into troops. Hence καταλοχισμος, δ, distribution into troops. καταλοχισμος οld Att. pres. τοτ καταλουα.

sard-lipa sara, low) as ess. lodging.

mata-luminos, or (matalum to be made an end of matalum) or (matalum to be made an end of matalum) a disolving, putting down main an end of oi an aims, a disbanding:

matalus to to solehou an ending of the war gaugant of the come sun faith. A resting lodging.

a so matalum, a rething-flace, in

marahurija, ou one ubo lodges in a place. From mara-hun, t husu. 2011 marahuri. to dissolve, pus dotem. make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put cous a torm of government. to depose nom command to dissolve, dismiss, dishand.

2. to bring to an end, terminate, marahivist volucior to end a war—Med. to come to terms suito one, make peace unto lam.

11. to unloss, unyoke: hence abool. to take up one's quarters, ball, rest, lodge.

κατα-λώφάω, f ήσω, to rest from a thing. κατα-μάγεύω, t. εω. (κατά, μαγοε) to besetteb. κατα-μαλάκιζω, f. ισω Att. ιῶ:—to make soft or

efermate.—Paus to be or become so
πατα-μάλάσσω Att -ττω τ αξω to eglen much,
appeare, panify

nara-parbare, fut -päbysopat 2.01 2 -späbor: pl. -pspdbysa:-to learn ox observe well, to understand: to consider well

κατα-μαργάω Ion. - έω, f ήσω. — to de stark

κατα-μάρττω, 1. -μέρμω, to catch hold of, catch. κατα-μαρτύρδω, £ ήσω, to bear witness against:-Pass. to have evidence given against one.

nara-pássopa. Med. to vipe of. nar-apás, í. hon, (nará, ápan) to pile up, beap up:

Ερ. 20τ. I med. κατάμησάμην κατ-αμβλύνω. (κατά, άμβλύνω) to take the edge off,

make blunt or dull.

κατα-μεθύσκω, f. -μεθύσω [δ], to make drunk with abser uine.

Katapeival, sor. I inf. of mataperes.

nur-duelies. f. how, to give no beed to, neglect: absol. to be beedless: -- Pass. to be neglected.

κατα-μελίτόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, μέλι) to shed boney ever, of the nightingale's voice.

ката́µеµятов, or. blamed by all, abborred: neut. pl. as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From

κατα-μέμφομα, f. -μεμέρραι: 201. 1 med. -εμεμψάμην, pass. -εμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse, find fault with. Hence

κατάμεμψιε, εω, ή, a blaming, finding fault, ac-

αφτα-μένω, f. - μενώ, to stay behind: to remain, con-Limus in a state. wara-papifa, î. lea Att. 18, to est in pieces: 10 distribute.

nata-perpés, f. how, to measure or mete out to : to measure.

κατα-μηλόω, f. δου, (κατά, μήλη) to put in the probe: metaph., κημόν καταμηλούν to put the ballot-box like a probe down another's throat, i. e. make him disgorge stolen goods.

Rana-prove, f. viou [v], to give information against. 2. to intimate, make known.

καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. act. I med. of καταμάω. κατα-μίαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to taint, defle, pollute:—Pass. to wear unwashen garments in sign of gnef, Lat. aqualers.

Rata-plyvous or - in f. - plfw: 201. 1 sathufa, Ep. part. sapplfas: -- to mun, min up, compound.

κατα-μίσγω, — καταμίγνυμι. κατα-μισθοφορίω, f. ήσω, to spend in paying publ.s

κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to spend in paying publ.. Officers. κατάμομφος, ον. (καταμέμφομαι) faulty.

κατα-μόνας, (κατά, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart. κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ήσω, to conquer in single con.bat. κατα-μινέχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover. καταμύζοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω. κατάμύστο, cove, ή, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes.

κατάμιστε, εωε, ή, (καταμύω) α closing of the eyes. κατ-ἄμύσσω Att. -ττω, f. fw, to tear, scratch, rend. κατα-μυττωτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μυττωτύν) to make munociment of.

nasacution, f. vow [b]: 20r. I nartuva, post. inf. naumivau:-to shut or close the eyes: to nod, drop asleep, dose: also to die.

κατ-ἄναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force down into a place. II, to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coerse.

κατ-ανάθεμα, ατος, τό, σ curse. Hence καταναθεμάτίζω, f. ίσω, to curse.

κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep. sor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασσάμην:—Pass. to take up one's abode, dwell, only in sor. I κατενάσθην. κατ-ανάλίσκω, f. -ανάλώσω: 20τ. I κατηνάλωσα:
—to spend lavisbly, els τι upon a thing:—Pass., with pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavisbed.

kara-vapkáw, to be slothful towards, press beauty upon.

κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly κατα-ναυμάχέω, fut. ήσω, to conquer in a sea-fight, ` beat at sea.

κατα-νέμω, f. -γεμώ, to distribute, allot, assign among. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among themselves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2. to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasei.

κατάντυστε, εωε, ή, a nodding to, assent. From κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. sor. I part. καννεύσαι: -- to nod assent, opp. to άτονεύω; ἐνείσχετο καὶ κατά-νευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a nod: to make a sign by nodding the head.

KATA-vehou, f. ása, to overeloud. KATA-vém Ion. -vhu, f. -vhem, to beap or pile up. KATA-vém Ion. -vhu, f. -vhem, to beap or pile up.

Kat-avoodelle, f. iou, and Kat-avoodelou, f. - woopat: | (nata, arbeat):-to burn to sinders:-Pass, to be foot: metaph, to trample on. burnt to asbes.

ката-viфu, to snow upon or over: impers., натагоры it snows; κατένυψε χιόνι την Θράκτν snow fell all

Kata-volu, f. how, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

Kar-ávopal, Pass. (kará, áru) to be uses up or wasted. The Act is supplied by maranio

RATA-VOTILO, f. low Att. in, to bedew. Kat-avta, Adv. of katartne, downwards.

Kat-avtaw, f. how, to come down to, arrive at. кат-ávтия, ее, (ката, ávта) down-bill opp. to åv-

άντηε. κατ-άντηστιν, Adv. (κατά, άντάω) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, αντικρύ) straight down from. II. over against, right opposite, facing. 2. absol. outright, downright. [1 of the result. long in Hom., short in Att.]

war-avrlov, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting. Kar-avrumipas, Adv. right over against, opposite. Kat-avthin, f. how, to pour upon or over.

κατάνυξιε, εως, ή, stupefaction, elumber. From ката-vосты Att. -тты, f. fu, to prick :- Pass. to II. in Pass. also to lie in a be pricked at beart. deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-ἄνύω Att. -ύτω: f. ύσω [δ]: 20r. 1 κατήνδσα: -to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλης προξένου κατηνύσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νωτίζομαι, tut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατα, νωτίζω):

-to carry on one's back.

Kata-falve: f.-farê: aor. I katefnra:--Pass., aor. I κατεξάνθην: pf. κατέξαμμα: — to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing. καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξειν, fut. inf. of κατάγω. Kata-fevou, f. wow, (katá, févos) to receive as a

guest, entertain.

кат-áfics, ar, quite worthy of. Adv. - cas. Hence Katafion, f. wow, to deem worthy, exteem, bo-II. to bid; πολλά χαίρειν ξυμφοραίε καratio I bid a long farewell to calamities. resolve or determine on a thing.

ката-fue, f. vow [8]: Pass., pf. -éfve на :--to scrape

down, to scratch or mark.

Ratgiopos, Dor. for margiopos.

ката-walfe, f. -walfopai, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ή, ω, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down or downwards; катажакті вора a trap-doot. ката-wahale, f. ou, to throw in wrestling.

кита-wálle, to sbake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 maréranto, to vault or leap down.

ката-насты Att. -тты, f. -насты [d]: 20г. I катindoa:—to besprinkle: to strinkle or strew over. Hence

Katamaoros, or, besprinkled with, embroidered.

wara-wārie, f. how, to trample down, trample under

naramaupa, aros, ró, a check, hindrance; and carawavous, con, h, a putting a stop to, putting down, deposing, II. (from Pass.) a calm. From Kata-Rave poët. Kan-Rave : f. ou:-to put to rest, calm, assuage. 2. to make one stop from a thing, binder or check from: to stop, binder, keep in check: —to put down, depose one from power. and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-άπαλόω, f. ήσω, to threaten loudly; κατκταkeir in to use threatening words. Kata-Bergatopia ion. —Bergotopia, å. (datá, se-

páw) a sounding-line. Kata-mentales, fut. -asopal, to overtun with lightarmed troops (πελτασταί).

KATATAKATOS & OV, Verb. Adj. of KATATELEU, 10 be sent down.

nata-nipsus, f. pe, to send down to the sea.

nara-nevêlu, f. how, to mourn for. καταπέπηγα, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

катажентий», Ep. pf. pfrt. fem. of китажтовы. Kar-amep, lon. for Kabanep.

ката-жербы, mostly in Med. - жерооная: aor. 2 матkrapdor': pf. karanéropoa:—to break wind at one. ката-пісты Att. -тты: fut. -піцы:-to boil down or digest: metaph, to digest, keep from rising.

Katamerén, 201. 2 part. of kataminte.

κατα-πετάννυμι οι -ύω, fut. -πετάσω [d]:-...ο spread out over. II. to spread or cover with. Hence Katanétaoua, atos, tó, a curtain, veil. κατα-πέτομαι, fut. - πτήσομαι: sor. 2 κατε... ακην,

part. narantaperos:—to fly down. Kata-wetpów, f. Wow, (Katá, wétpa) ... Brone to death.

KATA-MÉTTE, Att. for MATAMÉGOE. egraniques, part. of 201. 2 marinepros.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. 20r. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήρω: aor. I πατernfa:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:— Pass., with intr. pf. act. sura-werrya, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 naternato, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

Kata-myban, t. -hoopai, to leap down from. Kara-winakym, f. - whow, to fill quite full. κατα-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to burn to asbes. Kara-wive, fut. -wlopa: sor. 2 marewor Ep. marmor:—to gulp ot swallow down, absorb. metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow wp, wie up, consume.

Kata-mirodoku, to wil outrigot.

Kata-winto, fut. -wegoù pai : 201. 2 katisegos Ep nánnesor: pl. –nénrana:—to fall down: metaph. le fall, sink, subside.

KOTO-TLOGO Att. -TTOO: f. -wow. to sover mile pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, aros, τό, that which is spread σε emeared over, a plaster. From

ката-иλάσσω Att. -тты: f. -иλάσω [d]: sor. в

κατένλίσα: -- το spread or emear over, planter unit: negat., and in bad sense: -- Med., καταπλάσσεσθαι την κεφαλήν to planter one's feeθαι έφη he said they show own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ή, όν, plastered over.

κατα-πλαστύε, ύοε, ή. Ion. for κατάνλασμα. κατα-πλέκω. f. ξω, to entwine, plait: metaph. to implicate, entangle. 2. to finish twisting, and so to

bring to an end, finish.

κατά-πλεος, or, also α, or: Att. -πλεως, ων, gen.

ω: (κατά, πλέος):—quite full of a thing: soiled or

stained with it.

nara-nhiu, f. -nheisopai: not. I karénheisa:Ion, pres. -nhiu :--to sail down, ns, to sail from the bigh sea to abore, put into port, put in:--to sail down stream. II. to sail back.

κατά-πλους, ον, gen, ω. Att. for κατάπλους.
κατάπληξι τρος, δ, φ, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken.
κατάπληξις, εως, ή, απαχεπιετίς, εοις εκτέπληξις.
κατάπλητα Αττ. -ττω: f. εω: sor. 1 κατέπλητα:
-- Pass., sor. 2 καταπλάγην [ά] Ερ. καταπλήγην:-pt. -πέπληγμα:-- to strike down: metaph. to strike
with amazement, astound, confound:-- Pass. to be
pasic-stricken, be amazed.
κατά-πλους contr. -πλους, δ, (καταπλέω) α sail-

ing down to land, a putting autore, putting into barbour II. a sailing back, return. nara-nhourifu, fut. low Att. w, to make very rich,

enrich.

RATA-πλύνω [8], to balbe with water. Hence κατάπλύσιε, εως, ή, a bathing in water. κατα-πλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω. κατα-πνείω. Ερ. for καταπνέω.

uara-uvia, f. veisopai: 201. 1 parteveus:—to breathe upon or over 2. to inspire, instil. Hence uarauvoh, h, a breathing or blowing.

tara-meba and kara-mebas, Adv. for mard rola, eard rolas, upon the track, quickly, straightway, mara-meba, saing, aor. I subj. pass. of marative, mara-meda, ide. f. from, to war down, wear down or overcome in war. Lat. debilars.

nata-novine. I how, to wear out be toll or suffering, nata-novely, i see Att in, mata, noved to throse rute the rea, punge or drown therein. Hence natanovisorine, of. 6. one who throws into the sea, of director.

RATA-ROVTÓN. I WOW. - RATAFOVTIÓN. WATA-ROPVEUM, I -EUGM. IO PROEITIME.

Eara-spaces Att - Tre, i. -space, to effect, accomplish, achieve; — Med. to achieve for oneself, wara-spring, ie, head foremost, with the forepart downwards, Leip sarasprines with the hand moved downwards. i.e. with the flat of the hand. Hence

marampuvée. f. bou. to throw down headlong, marample [I]: nor. I maringlon:—to saw up or in

proces: to out or toar in pieces

scara-sepoblowu, f. -sepoblow, to betray.

mara-spectorogues, f. -spottogue Att. spottogues :- mara-prystate, so do for nothing, i. e. with impunity, always with abudder, borrible.

negat., and in bad sense:

I. absol, of maraspofferous long to off free, with impunity; ob maraspoffer you shan't do it for nothing.

2. also with part., ob lungstdueroe lul maraspofferas be shall not escape for basing this insulted me; ob maraspoffer roure down thou shall not escape or get off for doing this.

3. c. gen. pers., lust be keiled of maraspofferas be shall not use me ill for nothing.

κατά-πρωκτος, ον, — κατασύγων. καταστάκών, έντος, 201. 2 part. of καταστήσσω. κατά-πτερος, ον, (κατά, στερέν) winged.

maranthropal, fut of marantropal.

maranthropa, fut. -stiffs: Ep. soc. 2 marants,

3 dual maranthrop; another post. soc. 2 part. marantaror occurs: pf. martename or xa, Ep. part. maranteritys:—to crouch or coust down, to lie croyching or cousting.

кат-анторы, Іоп. вог наванторы.

uartarrorror, or, also  $\eta$ , or, (sararrów) to be spat upon, abominable, despicable.

κατα-πτύχής, έε, (κατά, πτύχη) with ample folds. κατα-πτύω, f. ύσω [v]: aor. I. κατέπτϋσα:—to spit whom or si, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt, κατα-πτώσσω, — καταπτήσσω.

κα· απύγοσύνη, ή, leudness. From κατα-πύγων, ονοε, ή, neut. πύγον, (κατά, πυγή) leud, lustful, bridal.

nava-nibu, f. vou [v]: 201. navervou:—to make rotten.

Kará-wikvos, or, very thick.

κατα-πυρίζω, f. low, (ματά, τθρ) to eateb fire.
κατα-πυρπολέω, f. ήσω, to consume with fire.
κατ-άρα lon. άρη [ἄ], ή, an imprecation, surse.
καταραιρημένος, lon. for καθηρημένος, pf. part. pass.
of καθωρέω.

κατ-αράομαι · f. -doopat Ion. -foopat: Dep. 5—10 invole upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλά μπηράτο be uttered m.ny eurose: to pray for evil to one, euros, utter impressions upon :—pf. part. κατηρ...μένος, in pass. sense, accurred.

nar-Apácra Att. -- ru, f. fu, to dash down smash, break in pieses, to harl down.

uaráparos, or, (κατοράομαι) accurred, abominable. κατ-αργέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άργόε) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren. Π. to make useless or void:—Paus, to be abolished: to be set free. κατ-αργίζω, f. low, (κατά, άργόε) to make to tarry. κάταργμα, ατοε, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ κατάργματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

nat-apythou, f. bow, to cover or plate with eller. II. to buy or bribe with ellver.

nar-dobu, L doos, to water t esp. metaph. to besprinkle with praise.

nar-aptopus or -tupas, Ion for nareptopus.

nara-ptyphoe, f, le, (nare, figle) making one
shudder, horrible.

uar-dolluko, f. how, to count or reckon among. so count up: -- Med. to recount.

Kar-apkle, f. how, to be fully sufficient.

κατ-αρμόζω, Ion. for καθαρ-.

κατ αρνόομα: Dep. with fut. med. - ερνήσομαι, sor. I pass. - ηρνήθην: -- to deny stoutly.

кат-арбы, f. -apбоw, to plough up.

καταρράγηνα, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγηνημ. καταρ-ραθυμέω, f. ήσω, to lose or miss from care-tessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ κατερραθυμημένα things carelessly lost.

II. intr. to be very careless or idle. καταρ-ρακώω, f. άσω, (κατά, ράκου) to tear into sebreds: Pass., pf. part. κατερρακωμένοε, in rags or tatters.

καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήγνυμι) 2s Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, δ, α

waterfall, Lat. cataracta.

καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over : metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence

катаррафов, or, sewn together, patched.

καταρ-ρέζω, f. fee: Ep. sor. 1 κατέρεξα:—to pat with the hand, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καρρέζουσα, Ep. for καταρρέζουσα.

котар-реши, f. фи, to make to sink or fall.

καταφ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and (in pass. form) -ρυήσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: sor. 2 in pass. form κατερρύηκα: -to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2. to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. καταρρυείε, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of. II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.

καταφ-ρήγγομι and -ύω: f. -ρήξω:— to break

phfarro rode κιθώναι they rent their coats.
3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies.
II. Pass., csp. in 201. 2 κατερράγην [ά], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. κατέρρογα to break out, burst forth.

2, to tear in pieces, rend :- Med., warap-

καταρ-ρινάω οτ -ίω, f. ήσω, to file down: κατερρινημένον τι λέγειν to say anything politibed or well-

turned.

καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow.
κατάρρους contr. κατάρρους, ου, δ, (καταρρέω) a
running from the head, a catarrh.

καταρ-ροφίω, f. ήσω, to gulp or swallow down.
καταρρυήνα, 201. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρίω. Hence
καταρρυήνα, έε, flowing down, falling away, ebbing.
κατάρρῦτος, ον, (καταρρίω) overflowed, watered,
irrigated. II. earried down by water: formed
by depositions from water, alluvial.

κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ήσω, Ιοπ. for κατορρωδέω. καταρρώξ, ώγοι, δ, ή, (κατέρρωγα) broken, rugged.

κάταρστε, εωε, ή, (καταίρω) a landing-place, κατ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust filly; χρήμα κατηρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.

κατ-αρτίζω, f. low, to adjust, put in order again, rere, repair: to settle by mediation, reform. II.

2. to furnish completely: marnpris uiroe (pf. part. past.) well furnished, complete. Hence

uorapriora, con, h, a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.

καταρτιστήρ, ήρος, δ, (καταρτίζω) οπο πόρο αδήμες: a mediator, reformer.

κατ-αρτύω, f. όσω [δ]: pf. -hordun pass. -hordun; aor. 1 pass. -ηρτύθην [δ]:--to prepare, dress: 20 merange, put in order:--Pass. to be trained on dischplined.

Π. κατηρτύκων, pf. part. act. in in-

plined. II. narporthese, pf. part. act. in intrans. sense, of suppliants, basing performed all the rites.

Kara-puros, or, post. for marappuros.

κατ-αρχάε, Adv. for κατ' dρχάε, in the beginning.
κατ-άρχω, f. fω, (κατά, άρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., όδοῦ κατάρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; κατάρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; κατάρχειν τὸν λόγων.

Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Nέστωρ χέρνιβά τ' οὐλοχύται τε κατήρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the harley on the victim's head: later c. gen., κατάρχε σθου τοῦ lepelou to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate.

3. to lead the dance in bonour of one, to celebrate, bonour.
κατα-σβέννθμι and -ύω: f. -σβέσω: acr. 1 κατά-

σβεσα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph, θάλασσαν κατασβέσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβέσαι βοήμ, έριν to quell noise and strife.

II. Pass, with intrans. 201. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.

nara-σelw, f. -σelσω: pf. -σεσεικα: -to shake and throw down; naraσelew τŷ χειρί to sign with the band, beckon.

κατασέσηπα, intr. pf. of ματασήπα.

κατα-σεύομα: Ep. 20r. 2 κατεσσύμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into.

κατα-σήπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass., 2 στ. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ἄ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσηκα, to grow rotten, rot away.

KAT-AGOEVEN, f. HON, (KATÁ, AGOEVEN) to weaken.
KAT-AGOUALVEN, to pant or snort against.

κατα-στγάω, f. ήσομαι, to become silent.

κατα-σικελίζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελόε) to Sicilist; i. e. make away with.

κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, rase to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence

катаскафіјусь, аог. 2 inf. pass. of витисайнты. Hence

κατασκάφής, és, dug. down, desp-dug. κατα-σκεδάννυμι abd -ύω, f. -σκεδάσω [d]: sor. I κατεσκέδάσα :--το scatter upon or over ; also in bud sense; marantedana offuny tirbs to spread a report | sow or plant thickly: metaph. to beget. against one.

Kara-ok Olam, to parch up. II. Pass., with of.

act, maregranua, to wither away.

nava-onéme, (navá, onémas) to shelter, cover us. nata-onevalu, f. aou, to prepare, furnish, equip 2. to get ready, build :- Med. to build, construct a boust:-Pass, to be furnished or 3. to put in a certain state. provided with a thing. render so and so :- Med. to prepare oneself for doing, be ready to do. Hence

zurackevacua, ares, to, a contrivance, device : and

κατασκευασμός, δ, contrivance.

κατα-σκευή, ή, (κατά, σκευή) any artificial preparation, Lat. apparatus: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or temporary (wapao keuh); a building: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. the state or constitution of a thing.

RETE-GRAVEN, f. hout = KETEGKAVOW.

κατα-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, σκηνή) to pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp: to rest, settle. Hence

maraswhywua, aros, ro, a covering, veil: and rarackiveous, eas, i, an encamping, an encamp-

ment: a resting-place, a nest.

mara-outpare, f. yes, to rush down or fall upon, light spon, be burled down upon: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. ΙΙ. λιταίε κατασκήπτειν to assail or importune with prayers.

mara-oritale, f. -oriáse, to oversbadous, cover

mara-orition, poet, for maraginales.

mara-oxibvanat, used as Pass, of maraoxedarroun. mará-oritos, or, (nará, oriá) oversbadowed.

oversbadowing.

be outwitted.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from κατα-σκέπτομαι): f. -σκέψομαι: 201. Ι -εσκεψάμην; pf. -έσκεμμαι:to view closely: to spy out: to reconnoitre. Hence Kataokowh, h, a viewing closely, spying.

κατά-σκοπος, ον, (κατά, σκοπόε) spying, exploring:

as Subst. a scout, spy.

scara-orderru, fut. -ordshopat, to make jokes upon, bamter: to jeer of mock.

mara-σμικρύνα, f. brû, to lessen, abridge :- Pass. to become less.

mara-σμύχω, f. fo:--to burn with a slow fire:--

Pass. to smoulder away. mara-robilopas, f.-loopas Att.-soopas, Dep. to conmer by trickery, circumvent, outwit ;-also as Pass, to

mara-tradoara Att. - Tru, f. fw, to pull to pieces. EGTG-THATAXO, f. how, to live wantonly.

EGFO-THUM, f. dow [d], to draw or pull down; wara-THE TEVE TON TOLYON to drag one down by the hair: of ships, to baul down, set affoat. II. to quaff or sepallow down.

marca-cracipo, f. -crepû; 201. I narterecea;--10

besprinkle.

nata-outoba, f. -ovelow: not. I mattereisa: pl. -έσπεικα:-Pass., aor. I -εσπείσθην: pf. -έσπεισμαι:-to pour as a drink-offering or libation: absol. to pour drink-offerings: generally, to your upon one. to bonour with libations.

Kata-Guépye, f. fe, to urge on, stimulate.

Kata-Grobie, f. how, (katá, orobbe) so throw down in the dust, make bite the dust.

mara-owould one, Dep., with sor. I pass. -corouδάσθην, pf. -εσπούδασμαι ; (κατά, σπουδάζω) :-- to be earnest about a thing: absol. to be very serious.

uara-oraçu, s. fu, to let fall in drops upon, pour upon: to let drop, shed. II. intr. to drop down, trickle; νόσφ καταστάζειν πόδα to bave one's foot running with a sore. 2. to bedew, wet, moisten.

καταστάθείε, aor. I part, pass. οἱ καθίστημι. καταστάς, got. I part. of καθίστημι.

Kara-ordováče, f. áse, to form a counter-party.

п. Pass. to be beaten by party or faction.

uardordors, eas, h, a settling, appointing, establishing: an appointment, institution. 2. a bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presenta-

II. intrans. a standing fast, a fixed or settion. tled condition: a state, condition: the nature of a

thing: the constitution of a state. καταστάτίον, verb. Adj. of καθίστημι, one must

καταστάτης, ου, δ, (καθίστημι) an establisher. κατα-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover over. Hence . Kataotéyaoua, etos, to, a covering.

κατά-στεγος, ον. (κατά, στέγη) covered in. roofed. Kata-ortelbe, f. fe, to tread on.

καταστείλαι, 201. I inf. of καταστέλλω.

κατα-στέλλω, f. -στελώ, to put in order, arrange: 2. to keep down, check. clotbe, dress, array.

Kata-otévo, to sigh over or lament, c. acc. sigh for or about one, c. gen.

ката-отефачов, Е бов, to стоин.

катастефуя, és. wreathed, crowned. From κατα-στέφω. f. ψω: sor. I κατέστεψα:—to wreaths,

crown. κατα-στηλιτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, στήλη ι to expose one

to infamy by posting up bis name.

κατόστημα, στος, τό, (καθίστημι) a state, condition. Kata-othpile, f. ife, to support. prop. sustain.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον, aor. t ini. and imperat. of radiotnu: rataothow, tut. of same.

Kata-otila. f. fw, to ecver with puncturis. Hence кото-отыктов. ov, spotted, speckled. brindled, dappled.

κατα-στίλβω, to beam brightly. καταστολή, ή, (καταστέλλω) an arranging. dress-II. quietness, moderation. ing: equipment, dress.

Kara-Grovayéw, f. how, to sigh over, bewail. κατα-στορέννυμι and -ύω, fut. -στορέσω: acr. τ

marearcocas:-to spread or cover with a thing. to spread or strew on the ground: to overthrow, lay

low; καταστορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. | sternere aequor.

кат-астранты, f. ψω, to burl down lightning, flash lightning : absol., suras rpástes it lightens.

ката-стратожевебы, f. сw, to make to encamp, station: - Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

RATE-OTP 600, f. Vo. to turn over the soil, Lat. aratro vertere. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med. to subject to oneself, subdue :- Pass. to be subdued; κατέστραμμαι δικούειν Ι am compelled to hear. to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end,

καταστρέψας, aor. I part. of καταστρέφω. καταστρέψοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω. wara-orphiam, to behave insolently towards. καταστροφή, ή, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overthrowing. 2. a subduing, reduction. a sudden turn: an end, close: -in the drama, the catastrophé or turn of the plot.

катастрона, атог, то, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

Kata-otphyvoju and -ve, f. -otphoe: act. I mateотроба: = катасторіччищ.

Katacottyle, f. how: sor. 2 Katlottyov:-to be borror-struck :-- c. acc. rei, to shudder at. abbor. κατα-στύφελος, or, very bard or rugged.

κατα-στωμύλλω, to bave a glib tongue: pf. part, pass, in act, sense κατεστωμυλμένος, a chattering fellow.

Kata-orupe, aor. I -- foupa, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. diripere. κατασφάγή, ή, a slaughtering or killing. From ката-офа́сю от -офаттю: f. fw: aor. 2 pass. -εσφάγην [ἄ]:-to slaughter, murder.

Kata-oppayile, f. low Att. in, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. kareoppayioutees, sealed up, se-

κατασχεθείν Ep. - έσιν, poët. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω. RATAGY GIV, 201. 2 inf. of RATEXW.

κατάσχεσιε, εωε, ή, (κατέχω) a bolding back, bin-II. a bolding fast, possession.

Kardayeros, av, (kar ixw) beld back, kept back. possessed.

Kata-oxile, f. low, to cleave asumaer; Kataoxileir τds πύλαs to burst the gates open.

κατα-σχολάζω, f. άσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνου τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long. Kataox Opiev, 1 pl. sor. 2 subj. of katexes.

KOTOGYÓV, KOTOGYÓMEVOS, SOL. 2 part. act. and med. of martixu.

Kata-waxe, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray ката-та́µче, Ion. and Dor. for мата-те́µче. κατα-τάνύω, f. ύσω [v], - κατα-τείνω.

mararafeis, Dor. for mararhfees, 2 sing. fut. of mara-

KOTS-TGOOW Att. -TTW, f. Ew, to draw up in order. arcunge: so put in its proper place, classify, digest. 2. to appoint.

mararedvaly, 3 sing. pf. opt. of maradvhame. Kararetvees and hus, Ep. gen. eros, pf. part. of καταθνήσκω.

Katatébunka, pl. of Katabuhawa.

nara-relve, fut. -rerê: pl. -rérăna:--to stretch or draw tight; metaph. to strain, force; also to strain II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself. to stretch or extend towards, Lat. tendere in . . . to strain or exert oneself, strive earnestly.

κατα-τέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω : f. -τεμώ ; aor. 2 κατέτάμον: pf. κατατέτμηκα, pass. κατατέτμημαι —to cut in pieces, cut up; navatépreur turd nattú ματα to eut him into strips; κατατέτμηντο τάφροι trenches bad been cut.

Katá-Texvos, or, (matá, Texvn) artificial.

ugra-rhum, f. fo: sor. I narityja .—to make melt away, to thate: to dissolve, make liquid. Pass., with pf. act. sararérnea, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

 $xaxa-ri\theta\eta\mu$ , f.  $-\theta\eta\sigma\omega$ :  $pf. -ri\theta\eta\kappa\alpha$ :  $aor. 2 \kappa\alpha rie \theta\eta\nu$ . Ep. pl. κάτθεμεν, κάτθετε, κάτθεσαν; καταθείομεν Ep. subj. for καταθώμεν; Ep. inf. κατθέμεν; and in Med., κατθέμεθα, καταθέσθην, κατθέμενοι. Εp. for κατίθεμεν, etc.; καταθείομαι, Ep. subj. for καταθώμαι: - to place, put or lay down; καταθείναι deθλον to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. maradeivai riol ti le pégor to communicate a thing to others, give them a common share of it. il. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside: to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; xapir mararive orai tive to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατα-τίλάω, f. ήσω, to befoul, Lat. concacare. nata-tutpéone, f. -tpéon, lo covet with mounds,

wound mortally. κατατομή, ή, (κατατέμνω) à sutting into : outward. flesbly circumcision.

rata-tofeúm, f. om, to strike down with arrows.

shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through. κατατράγειν, acr. 2 inf. of κατατρώγω

κατα-τραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω · f. iou Att. 🗃 : -to cover with wounds, wound all over. Of shaps, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατα-τρέχω, f. -δράμοθμαι: 201. 2 κατέδράμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon at-III. to run over: to overrun, revere, lay

waste.

ROTO-TPlβu, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -ετρίβην [Υ]: p -τέτριμμαι:—to rub down, wear away with resident of persons, to wear out, weary, enhause: of properti to waste, squander:—Pass. to be worn out. Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. diene teres —Pass., esp. in pf. -τέτριμμαι, to spend one's life, hav

one's whole time. [Y]

nava-tplie, to squeak, scream shrilly.

nava-tpoxisie, f. dow, to run down or over.

nava-tpoxie, f. dow, to chatter against.

nava-tpoxie, to rub down, wear out, exhaust. [9]

nava-tpoxie, fut. -rpdi(out: 201.2 navirpdiyor;—

to gnave in fieces, eat up.

nava-tpompariie, lon. for navatpaup.

κατα-τροματιζώ, 10th. 10th κατατραυμ... κατα-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι, to bit one's mark, reach, gain, obtain: absol. to be successful. .

nar-avalve, to dry, parch, or wither up.
nar-avyale, f. ase, to illumine or light up:—Med.

to gaze at.

sur-audies, f. how, to speak aloud, declare.

sur-audies, f. how, to speak aloud, declare.

sur-audies, f. how, to play upon the flute to one:—

Pass. to bave the flute played to one: to resound with
the flute.

II. c. acc. to overpower by flute.

playing: generally, to strike dumb.
κατ-αυλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι: 20τ. 1 med. κατηυλισάμην and pass. κατηυλίσθην: Dep.:—to take up one e

quarters, encamp, settle, lodge.

mar-autika, better mar' autika.
mar-autis. Adv. on the spot, for mar' autist.

mur-auxivios, a, or, (mará, abxip) on or over the neck.

war-aryles, f. how, to exult much in.

wara-\$ayeiv, sor. 2 inf. of surcolles, to eat up, desour. 2. to consume in eating.

so become visible, appear. 2. to be clear or plain. so the content visible, appear. 2. to be clear or plain. scaraφάνηνα, sor. 2 inf. pass. of scaraφαίνω. Hence scaraφάνης, έε, clearly seen, conspicuous. 2. manifest, clear.

marahapuros, or, old Att. for marappartos. marahapudmeum, f. om, to anoint with drugs: to

ebarm, bewiteb.

κατα-φαρμάσσω, f. fw, to poison. πατά-φαυλίζω, f. σω, to depreciate.

e araφephs, és. (καταφέρομαι) sloping, slanting; e araφephs γλγνηται δ fixes when the sun is succer setting.

II. inclined to a thing.

source-depos: f. marolow or marolousus: sor. I martyyeryma:—to bring down:—Pass. to be brought down,
as by a river: to be weighed down by sleep. II.
to bring down from the high sea, bring to land:—
Pass. to be carried or driven down to a place.

scarea-prirus, f. fount: 201. 2 nathpiror:—to flee for refuge or betake oneself to, to have recourse to.

Henc'

scara perection. verb. Adj. one must betake oneself.
scara perection. eas. \$\text{\$\exitit{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\tex{

era Ta-hyu, to say yes, assent to.

eca-ra-popula. f. ow and for to spread a report, an-

ecara-φθάτερμα. Dep. (κατά, φθατέω οι φθατάω – ρθάτερε):—to take first possession of, occupy. εcara-φθείρω, f. -φθερώ, to bring to nothing, ruin. κατα-φθίνε : aor. 1 κατεφθίκησα: pf. κατεφθίνηκα:
—to vaste away, decay, perish.
κατα-φθίκη. I. Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [1],
aor. 1 κατέφθίση, to ruin, destroy, kill. II. intrans. in pf. pass. κατέφθίγμα, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην
[τ], inf. -φθίσθαι:—to be destroyed, ruined, waste away, perish; ών καταφθίσθαι δώρελεν Ο that thou badst perished: part. καταφθίμενον, dead, departed.
καταφθορά, η, (καταφθείρω) destruction, ruin, death:
metaph. confusion, distraction.

metaph. confusion, distraction.
κανα-φίλεω, f. ήσω, to hiss tenderly, caress.
κανα-φίλεω, f. ξω, to burn down, consume.
καναφλεξί-πολιε, δ, ή, (καναφλέγω, πόλιε) inflamer
of cities.

κατά-φλεξιε, eas, ή, (καταφλέγει) a berning κατα-φοβέει, έ. ήσω, to strike wild fear or dismay:

--Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. I κατεφοβήδην, to be afraid of:

Kata-portúe Ion. - to, to come down regularly.
Kata-portúe, f. au, to elaughter, butcher, elay.
Kata-portúe, f. how, to carry down or along: of a river, to carry down with the stream: — Pass. to be so carried down.

κατα-φράζω, f. σω, to declare. II. Med., with fut. φράσομαι, zor. I med. - εφρασάμην, pass. - εφράσθην: — to think upon, reflect upon: to remark, observe.

narappartos, or, covered, decked: sbut up in. From nara-ppartos Att.—rus, f. fas, to cover, fence in. nara-pports, f. fow, to think slightly of; disdain, despise: to scorn, contemn. II. to fin one's thoughts upon, think of: also to aim at, Lat. affec-

tare. III. to think arrogantly, to presume: and simply to think, suppose. Hence

κοταφρόνημα, ατοι, τό, contempt of others; μή

φρίνημα μόνον, διλά καταφρόνημα not only spirit, but a spirit of disdain: and

καταφρόνηστε, «ωε, ή, a low opinion of others: presumption: and

καταφρονητής, οῦ, δ, a despiser: and καταφρονητικός, ή, όν, contemptions, disdainful. Adv. -κῶς, scornfully.

kara-opovrile, f. low Att. in, to think or study a thing away.

κατα-φρύγω, f. fw, to burn cway.

κατα-φυγγάνω, - καταφεύγω.

καταφύγειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence καταφύγει, ή, a refuge, place of refuge. κατα-φυλάδον, Adv.. for κατά φυλάς, in tribes, by

tribes or clans.

κατα-φύλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. f.ω, to guard well.
κατα-φυλλοροίω, f. ήσω, to shed leaves: to decay.
κατά-φύτος, ον, (κατά, φυτόν) well-planted.
κατα-φωράω, f. άσω [d], to catch in a theft: gene-

rally, to cateb in the act, detect, discover.

Kara-puritus, f. low Att. w, to illuminate, light up-

Kata-Xalpo, f. - Xaphow, to exult over one.

wara-xahalas, f. how, to shower down like bail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, ον, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; κατάχαλκον πεδίον the plain gleaming with brassn urmour. Hence

κατα-χαλκόω, f. ώσω, to cover with brass.

wara-Xăpliqua, f. loopat Att. toûpat, to do or give up a thing out of courtery: generally to flatter, curry awour.

κατάχαρμα, ατος, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat.

nata-xile, f. -xesopai, to befoul, Lat. concacare.
nata-xeipotovie, f. how, to vote by show of bands
sgainst generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, ή, condemnation by show of bands.
καταχείρα, Ερ. 20τ. 1 inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-χέω Ερ. -χεύω: fut. χεῶ: αοτ. Ι κατέχεα Ερ. κατέχεια: --Pass., αοτ. Ι κατέχθηρ [v]: Ερ. αοτ. 2 κατέχθην [v]: Δ. αοτ. 2 κατέχθην [v]: Δ. αοτ. 2 κατέχθην [v]: Δ. αντέχθτο, χατέχντο: --to pour down. shed upon or over. to shower down: to throw, east down: to let fall upon. 2. to melt down

II. Med. to let flow down, esp. of the hair. 2 to have or cause to be melted down; γρυσθν καταχέασθαι.

καταχήνη, ή, (καταχάθνω) derision, mockery. κατα-χηραύω, f. σω, to pass in widowbood. κατ-αχής, έε, Dor. for κατηχής.

κατάχθομαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed. κατα-βόνιος, ον. (κατά, χθάν) subterranean, in-

fernal Rata-xopdeve, f. sw, to eut in strips.

κατα-χραίνομαι, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.
κατα-χράσμαι, f.-χρήσομαι: Dep :--to make use of,
apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume.
2.

70 misuse, musapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy despateh. II. the Act. καταχράω is only used impers in 3 sing., κατάχρα, it is enough, κ suffices; so impl. κατέχρα it sufficed; fut. καταγρήσει it will suffice; once with a nom., dντλ λόφου ή λοφιή κατέχρα the name sufficed, served as a crest. καταγρακόσμαt. Pass. to be ill treated.

κατα-χρέμπτομαι. Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράομαι, one must

κατά-χρυσος. or, covered with gold, gilded. Hence καταχρύσόω, f. ώσω, to cover with gold, to gild.

κατα χρώζω, also -χρώννυμι and -ὖω: f. -χρώσω: to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnisb.

waraχύδην, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. profinely, lavisbly. [8]

κατάχυσμα, ατοε, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. bandfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

Kata-Xeveve, f. oe, to melt down.

ara-xiovropi or -ve, fat. -xiove, to cover with a p or mound, bury, inter.

nava-xupilu, f. low Att. in, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχώσαι, 201. I inf. of καταχώννυμι. κατα-ψακάζω, Att. for καταψεκάζω.

Rata-Vaw, f. -Vhow, to stroke with the band.

nava-venálu Átt. - vanálu, f. ásu, to drop down on, bedeu.

nara-pebbopas, f. sopas, Dep. to faign, invent; varapevitesbal twos to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

nara-veutopapruplus, f. how, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, or, (καταψεύδομιι) feigned, fabulous. κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. loopal Att. ιοθμαι, to vote against or i.. condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψήχω. f. -ψήξω, to rub or grate down:— Pass. to crumble away. II. metaph. = καταψάω. κατα-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresb. [9]

κατέθγα, pf. of κατάγνυμι :--κατεάγην [d], 201. 2 Pass.

κατεάγωσιν, 3 pl. 201. 2 subj. pass. of κατάγνυμ. κατέαξα, 201. Ι οf κατάγνυμι.

κατεάξω, late fut. of κατάγνυμι.

κατίαται, Ion. for κάθηνται, 3 pl. of κάθημαι. κατίατο, Ion. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατίβα, Dor. 3 sing, 201.-2 of καταβαίνω. κατίβαν, for κατίβησαν, 3 pl. 201. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβην, 20τ. 2 of κατεβαίνω. naτεβήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. 20r. I med. of

saταβαίνα.

κατεβλάκευμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλάκεύω, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγδάω, f. ήσω: (κατά, ἐγγύη):—to pledge, betrotb. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible, compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγύη, ή, bail, security given. κατεγίλων, impf. of καταγελάω.

κατεγήρα, 3 sing. impf. or 201. 2; see γηράσεω.

κατ-εγχέω, f. -χεω, to pour down into.

κατέδησα, sor. τ of καταδέω (Δ). κατέδομαι, fut. of κατεσθίω.

κατέδραθον, for κατέδαρθον, 201. 2 of καταδαρθάνω.

Katispanov, 201. 2 of matatpixe.

κατέδυν, 201. 2 of καταδύνω. κατ-έδω, Ερ. for κατησθίω.

katenyws, Ion. pf. part. of katayrups.

κατίθεντο, 3 pl. sor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατίθηκα, 201. Ι οί κατατίθημι.

κατ-είβω, poēt. for καταλείβω, to let flow down: sbed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph., alder κατείβετο life obbed or passed away.

Katelbeval, inf. pf. of \*mareide.

\*κατ-είδω, I. in 201. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδεῶν (which serves as 201. 2 to καθοράω), to look daws: upon, contemplate, observe; so also in 201. 2 mediated by pr. inf. κατιδέσθαι. II. in pf. κάτοιω, inf. κατείδεσαι, to know well, to oe assured of.

un-albahos, or, (nara, elbahor) given to idols. RET-ERALW, f. dow, to liken to :- Pass, to be or become like. II. to guess, surmise, conjecture: of evil, to suspect, κατ-αλέω, f. ήσω, to force into a place, coop up :-Pass. to be cooped up. κατείληφα, κατείλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of saraλαμβάνω. κατ-αλίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω. καταλίχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plapf. pass. of καθελίσσω, uar-aliu, f. νσω [v], to cover up, wrap up. κάτ-ειμι: Ep. 201. I med. καταεισάμην: (κατά, είμι ibo) to go or come down: to go down to the sea; but also, to sail down from the high sea to land: of a river, to flow down: of a wind, to sweep down. come back, return : of exiles, to\return bome. RETERVEL, Ion. for madeiral, sol. 2 inf. of radings. Kat-elvous, Ion. for katherrous. KATELTA, 201. I = MATELTOY. mareirov, inf. mareireir, without any pres. in use: (sard, elvor): to speak against, to accuse, charge. to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. to denounce, tell, to inform of. κατειργαθόμην, poët. sor. 2 med. of κατείργω. Kat-elpyvou and - vw, - katelpyw. Kat-elpyw lon. -- tpyw, f. fw, to sbut in, enclose, confine:-to press bard, reduce to straits. II. to binder. κατ-αρύω, Inn. for κατερύω. Rat-esperverious, Dep. to use trong towards, banter: to dissemble κατ-ασάγω, f. άξω, to bring in to one's corn loss. [d] Katekapa, 201. I of Katakeipe. Kartinga, sor I of sarasala. MATERNAGO, BOT, 1 OF MATERNAGO. κατεκλάσθην, 201. I pass of κατακλάω. Kateklay Bay, Dor. 201. 1 pass. of Katakleles. κάτέκλυσα, 201. Ι οί κατακλέζω. κατέκλων, contr. impf. of κατακλάω. MATERPUTY, BOT. I Pass. of Kataspira materiar, Ep. 201. 2 of matarteire. maréntation, Acol. and Ep. 3 pl. acr. I pass of maraer elva MATERTAVOV, ROT. 2 C. MATARTEINE. **πατέλάβον, 201** 2 οί καταλαμβάι ω κατ-ελαύνω: fut ελάσω Att. -ελώ: sor 1 κατή-Nasa . to drive down to master xxx-chiyxa, i. yea, to convict of falsebood: to belie. EGTO. 570, 3 arg. Ep. sor. 2 pass of suraliye. mar eleuropean, fat, of martexopean. παντελήφθην, 201. Ι pass of καταλαμβάνω. marcheer Ep. - Beyer, acr. s inf. of martexopal mar-ellows, Ion. for malellows. πατ-ελεύω, Ιοα, for εαθελεύω mar-walle, f. low, to bore confidently mateur, Ion, 1 pl. sor 2 of καθίημε κατ-evalpouss, Dep., with sor, i med κατειηρά-77. and also acr 2 act serificor: to kill, clay, augher.

over against, opposite, fronting. Kar-evapile, f. fw, strengthd. for evapile, to kill. nativacoa, Ep. sor. I of natavalw. Karevex Beis, 201. I part. pass. of karadépu. mar-evivode, pf. with no pres. in use, it was upon, it lay upon, κόνιε κατενήνοθεν ώμους: cf. ξπ-ενήνοθε, rap-erhrode; the simple erhrode does not occur. Kateviparo, 3 sing. LOT. I of Katevalpopar. materber, Dor. sor. 2 inf. of materyoung. κατενύγησαν [v], 3 pl. 201. 2 pass, of κατανύσσω κατ-ένωπα and κατ-ενώπιον, Adv. (κατά, ένωπή) right over against, right opposite, fronting. κατ-εξανίστάμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην. to rise up against, contend against. Karifavrai, 3 sing. pf. pass. of karafalva. natelerouneros o, received as a great, pf. part. pass. of waraferów. καπ-εξουσιάζω, f. άσω, to exercise authority over. κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, Med. to make a contract or engagement with one. кат-енаую, f. afe, to bring down upon, bring one thing quickly upon another. κατεπάλμενος, Ep. 201. 2 part. of κατεφάλλομαι. κατέπαλτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω. Kar-enelya, f. fa, to press down, oppress. urge, impel, stimulate, basten; to katerelyov urgent necessity. II. intr. to burry, make baste. Katémegov, 201. 2 of Katazistu. κατεπέστην, 2 οτ. 2 οf κατεφίστημι. κατέπεφνον, redupl. scr. 2 of καταφένω. катеникто, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of катануучи. κατέπηξα, 201. Ι οί καταπήγνυμι. κατέπλάσα, 201. Ι οί καταπλάσσω. κατέπλευσα, 201. Ι οί καταπλέω. κατεπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω. κατέπτύσα, 201. Ι οί καταπτύω, κατ-εργάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι: 201. Ι κατειργάσθην: pf. κατείργασμαι: Dep. (but aor. I and pf. are also used m pass. sense):- to effect, accomplish, acbieve. 2. like Lat. conficere, to make an end of. destroy, despatch; hence to overpower, conquer:-pf. in pass. sense, to be overcome. 3. in good sense, to prevail upon, persuade, influence:—201. I in pass. sense, to be presailed on. Il. to work in, make; κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι to make honey: also to manufac-III. of things, to earn, to acquire by labour: absol. to go to work. Kat-toyo, Ion. for Kateloyo. κατερεικτός οτ -ερικτός, ών, bruised. From кат-ереки, to tear, rend:—Med. to rend one's gar-II. to bruise or grind down; metaph., marepelacir bupby to wear away one's mind. Kat-epanu, f. tw, to throw or east down: to de-II. intr. in aor. 2 molish, dismantle, lay waste. earthpinor, pl. earephpina, to fall down, fall in. maripeta, Ep sor. I of marappico.

Kat-cpevye, f fe, to beleb at or upon.

Kat-evartior, also Kat-frarti, Adv. (Katá, frartice)

```
366
 Kat-epides, f. fw, to cover, roof: - Med. to roof over |
for oneself.
 Ray-cots. Ion, for ray coo, serving as fut. (with pf.
marelonma), of the sor, mareirov: -to speak against,
aecuse, c. gen. : also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, ar-
           2. to say plainly, speak out : Pass., sure-
pho eras it shall be declared.
 Karepholma, intr. pf. of Karepelno.
 κατ-ερητύω, f. ύσω [v]:—to keep in, detain, confine.
 κατερρίβην [7], 201. 2 pass. of κατατρίβα.
 κατέρρωγα, intrans. pf. of καταρρήγνυμι.
 mateponavo, post, for matepono. [d]
 кат-фонк [v]; f. fw, to bold back, detain.
 κωτ-ερύω Ion. -σιρύω: f. ύσω [#]: zor. I κατείρυσα:
Pass., pf. wareleve pas :- to draw or baul down : of
ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat, dedu-
cere naves.
 κατ-έρχομαι, fut. κατελεύσομαι: 201. 3 κατήλυθον
```

contr. κατήλθον, inf. κατελθείν: Dep.:-- to go down, esp. to the coast. of things, to fall down: of a river, to flow or run down. II. to come back, return:

of exiles, to return bome.

κατερώ, ν. sub κατερέω. κατέσβεσα, 201. Ι οί κατασβέννυμι

κατέσθηκα, κατέσθην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of κατασβέννυμ.

Kat-eodio, t. katédopai, pf. katedijdoka Ep. katέδηδα pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:-το eat up, devour, proy upon.

Katerkaumai, pf. pass. of Kataskastw. nategration pt. pass. of natagnevalue. κατεσκεψάμην, sor. I med. of κατασκοπέω. κατέσκληκα, intr. pf. of κατασκέλλω. Kartermena, 201. I of Karasteipa. κατέσπασα, 201. Ι οί καταστένδω. κατέσσύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass, of κατασεύομαι.

κατέσταθεν, Acol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of seaθίστη μ.

κατέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω. κατέστειψα, aor I ot καταστείβω.

κατεστεώς. Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι.

Katiothy, 201. 2 of kablothin: Katiothoa, 201. 1. κατεστήσαντο. 3 pl. sor. I med. of καθίστημι.

κατεστόρεσα, εστ. τ οί καταστορέννυμι.

κατεστράφατο. Ion. for κατεστραμμένος ήσαν, 3 pl. piqpf, pass, of katastpipes,

ι:ατέστρωσα, act. I of καταστρώννυμ.

Katéstuyov, 201. 2 of matastuyée.

Katerákero. Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of katathew. martinga, ac .. I of marathmo.

κάτευγμα, ατοι, τό, (κατεύχομαι) α νου. ωίιδ, prayer: esp. for evil, an imprecation, curse. a votive offering.

κατ-ευθύ or -eυθύε, Adv. straight forward. uar-evolve, f. tvů, to make straight, est right: to guide, direct, conduct.

κατ-ευνάζω, fut. άσω, to lull to sleep: - Pass. to lie down to sleep; Acol, 3 pl. 201. I sartúrasber,

–Pass. to fall asleep. Kateurhoayu, sor. I opt, of mateuran. кат-evrpeniu, f. ow, to get ready, set in order, prepare. κατ-ευφημέω, f. ήσω, to praise loudly, extol.

Kateuvan. f. how, to put to sleep, compose to sleep.

nat-suppaire, f. drê, to gladden or delight much. κατευχή, ή, a wish, prayer, vow. From nar-evyopan f. -fopai, Dep. to pray earnestly : to

pray to one: absol to make a vow, pray. 2. lo pray for evil on one, invoke a curse.

RUT-every louas, Pass. to feast, make merry. κατέφάγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω. κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush

upos ; κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. κατέφθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθία. κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with sor. 2 act. κατεπέστην,

pl. karepéstyka, to rise up again. κατέφύγον, 201. 3 οί καταφεύγω.

κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing, and pl. Ep. 201, 2 pass. of marayées.

ROT-éxe : fut. subife and suraexhou: 201. 2 ser-€σγον poöt. –€σχεθον: I. trans. to bold, keep back, withbold: to check, restrain:—Pass. to stop, II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to seize, take possession of, occupy with soldiers. cover, encompass: also in Med., spoower entergero she covered ber face: generally, to bide, keep concealed. III. intrans. to check oneself: to bold, 2. to come from the high sea to shore, stop, cease. land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, bappen; εθ κατασχήσει it will turn out well. 4. of a report, to prevail, be frequent: to bave the upper band. IV. Med, to keep back from oneself, anbezzle: also to blind.

κατήγαγον, sor. 2 of κατάγω. κατηγγέλην, sor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλαι. κατηγεμέν, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for καθηγκατήγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω.

Kar-nyopéw, f. how, (karhyopos) to speak against, 2. to lay a thing to out's to accuse, arraign. charge: — Pass., nathyopeital to topos a charge is 3. absol. to be an occurer. brought against him. 4. generally, to signyly, inappear as prosecutor.

dieate, prove, intimate. Hence κατηγορία, ή, an accusation, charge.

κατήγορος, δ, (κατά, δγορεύω) απ accuser: betreyer mattheopean pf. pass of marainism.

Kathroos, or, (katakova) listening to, attentive: 3 IL bearles-Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. III. bearbening to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. ing to, giving ear to.

man-how, Ion. for mathew.

κατηλθον, 201. 2 οf κατέρχομαι.

κατηλιψ, ίφος, ή, the upper story of a house: a story ease or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.) κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάγην [ἄ], 201. Ι 22d 2 🙉

οί επταλλάσσω.

```
κατ-ηλογέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, λίγοι) to make of small
                                                       κατθέσθην, Ep. 2 pl. sor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι
  account, elight, despise.
   κατήλυθον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence
   κατήλύσιε, eas, ή, a going down, descent.
   Earnual Ion, for Easy way.
   KETTHER THE LOS, pf. part. pass. of KETCHEREN.
   κατηναρίσθην, -ίσμαι, sor. I and pf. pass. of κατ-
  Orași (a.
  KATHYEYKA, BOT. I OF MATADENA,
  κατηνθρακώθην, -ωμαι, sor. I and pf. pass. of κατ-
 ανθραπόω.
  Karhviora, 201. I of mararies.
  κατήρρος οι κατήρρος, ον. Dor. -άρρος, (κατά, al-
 uples) banging down: banging on or to.
  Kat-quida, f. dow, (katá, frios) to soothe, assuage:
 -Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. warneroarro.
  κατηράμένος, pf. part. of καταράομαι.
  marapares [a], 3 sing, sor. I of marapao uat.
  εστηράτο, 3 sing. impf. of καταράσμαι.
  Kar-nospile, f. low, to calm, appeare, quiet.
  κατ-ηρεφής, έε, (κατά, ερέφω) covered over, over-
banging, overarched; δάφνησι κατηρεφές oversha-
dowed with laurels; κατηρεφή τόδα τιθέναι to keep
the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who
stands still, opp. to opodr moda rederai.
covered with, laden with.
 κατ-ήρης, εε, (κατά, άρδρεῖν) fitted out, furnished,
supplied: of ships, furnished with ours.
 κατηριθμημένος, pf. pass. part. of καταριθμέω.
 murholmov, act. 2 of garepeiro.
 RETUPTION 2 sing. sor. I med. of saraption.
 KATHOTLOPIAL, pf. pass. of Mataoti(w.
 surfore, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of safequar.
 raryone Ion. -ein, h, (narrohe) a easting the eyes
dosensuards: dejection, sorrow, shame,
 warm to be downeast, struck dumb. From
 Rara-bas, és, (rara, paos) with downcast eyes, de-
jected, downeast, struck dumb. Hence
 κατηφών, bros, è, one ubo causes sbame, a disgrace.
 Kar-nxew, E how, to resound.
                                      II. to sound a
thing in one's ears, din it into one :- Pass to be in-
formed of a thing.
                      2. to teach by word of mouth,
teach the elements of religion:-Pass. to be instructed
in these elements; act. I κατηχήθην, pf. κατήχημαι.
κατ-ηχής, έε, (κατά, ήχοι) sounding, resounding.
καντήχθην, εστ. Ι ρεω. οf κατάγω.
κάτθανον, Εp. 201. 2 of καταθνήσκα.
κατθάνουμαι, fut, of καταθνήσκω.
```

Karbawas, Ep. sor. I inf. of Barabarras.

λημι: but κέπθεμεν, Ep. 1 plur. of same.

Tiona.

STOTED III.

κατ-θείην, poët. sor. s opt. of κατατίθημι.

wardener, Ep. for waradelvar, 201. 2 inf. of warati-

катвете, катветач, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of ката-

κατθέμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κάτθες, Ep. for κατάθου, acr. 2 imperat. med. of

κατθέμενος, Lp. acr. 2 part, med of κατατίθημι.

```
Kat-lanto, f. yo, to barm, burt, damage.
 martaon, 3 pl. of mareius (elus ibo).
 κατιάσι, Ion. for καθιάσι, 3 pl. of καθίημι.
 κατίδειν, sor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.
 martheofas, sor. 2 inf. med. of materials.
 man-ile. Ion. for madile.
 κατ-ίημι, Ion. for καθίημι.
 Kar-Toure, Ion. for karevoure.
 mar-inercio. Ion, for madimercios.
 nar-thise, f. vow [0], (nará, this) to fill with mud
ot dirt.
 matiμev, Ep. inf. of mateιμι (elμι ibo).
 κατιππάζομαι, κατίροω, κατίστημι, Ion. for καθ -.
 κάτισθι, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτοιδα, τ. *κατείδω.
 Kat-Louvalve, to make to waste away, bring down.
 κατ-ισχύω, f. ύσω [0], to bave power over, prevail
against, cverpower, c. gen.
                                   Il, intr. to come to
one's full strength, be in full vigour.
 κατ-ίσχω, collet. pres. form of κατέχω, to bold
back, bold in, restrain, Lat. detineo: - Med. to keep
             II. to possess, occupy.
                                        III. to guide
                         IV. intr. to light upon; of-
or steer for a place.
has earloxee if obparou the light comes down upon
the place from heaven.
 κατιών, ούσα, όν, sor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (εξμι ibo).
 κάτ-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος,
 Kát-orða, pf. of *mareiðe.
 Kat-ourse, f. how, to dwell in, inhabit:- Pau, to be
dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a
          2. of a state, to be administered, regulated
place.
Hence
 narolungue, eas, h, a settling in a place: dwelling.
 Katolkytholos, a, or, (katolkéw) fit for inhabiting;
κατοικητήριον (sub. χωρίον), τό, a dwelling-place.
 natorkla, f. (natornéw) a dwelling, babitation.
a colony.
 кат-она́ζω, fut. low Att. iû, to bring or remove into
a dwelling persons as colonists:—Pass to be placed,
            II. to colonies a place :- Pass, of places,
settled.
to bave eclonies planted there, to be colonised or estab-
lisbed.
           III. to bring bome, restore to one's country.
Hence
 untolkious, rue, &, a planting with inhabitante, colo-
misation.
 mar-ockodouée, f. hee, to build on or in a place.
 war-ours, or, (rata, olres) duelling in, inhabiting:
as Bubst., rátoires, 8, an inbabitant.
 Kat-ourtelpe, to bave compassion on.
to feel compassion, show pity.
 Kat-olktila, f. low Att. iû, to bave compassion on
another :-- Med., with aor. I pass. κατψείσθην, to pity
oneself, to bewail, lament.
                                 II. to cause or esects
pity. Hence
 Katolktlaus, eas, h, a pitying, compassion.
 κατ-οιμίοζω, fut. -ωξομαι, to bewail, lament.
Kat-olvos, ov, (katá, olvos) drunken with wine.
```

Katoloopal, fut. of Katapépo.

868 nat-olyopas, fut. -oxyloopas, Dep. to bave gone | down; of matorx ourse, the departed. man-envise, f. how, to skrink from doing a thing. κατοκωχή, ή, (κατέχω) a being possessed, possession. Hence Katokwyuloz, or, beld in possession, detained. capable of being possessed, frantie. Kat-oliobava, f. -oliobhou, to slip down. κατ-όλλυμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -όλωλα: (κατά, δλλυμι):-to perish utterly. κατ-ολολύζω, f. ύξω, to abrick over. κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to bewail, lament. [9]

κατ-ομβρέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δμβροε) to rain upon: -Pass, to be rained upon: to be wet as with rain, κατ-όμνθμι and -ύω; fut. -ομοθμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα:

-to swear to, confirm by oath. 2. c. acc. pers, to 3. c. gen. pers. to take eall to witness, swear by. an oath against, accuse on oath.

KOT-OVÍVAJU, fut, -orhow, to be of use, profit, advantage: - Med. to bave the benefit of, enjoy. [vi]

кат-оvоµа, Dep. to blame, slight. Kar-ofus, eta, v. (Bara, ofve) very ebarp, piercing.

nar-onale, f. ase, to follow after. war-our, Adv. - parosiove.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, δπισθε) Adv. of Place, bebind, after, in the rear. Time, bereafter.

Kat-outeum, f. om, (matherns) to the out, observe. Kat-outhp, sipos, o, (sará, outhp) a spy, scout.

Kat-buths, ou,  $\delta_1 = \mu \alpha \tau \sigma \tau \tau h \rho$ .

Kat-outos, or, (mata, ofopai) to be seen, visible: c. gen. to be seen from a place, within sight of.

Katontplie, f. low Att. in, to show as in a mirror: Med, to be bold oneself in a mirror. 2. in Med. also to reflect as in a mirror. From

κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτοε) a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal.

кат-ора́м, Ion. for кавора́м.

nar-opydylla, f. low, to sound with music through. κατ-ορθόω, f. ώσω: aor. I κατάρθωσα:—to set up-2. metaph. to keep straight, set right: right, erect. to direct or manage well: absol. to be right in a thing:-Pass, to succeed, prosper: also to be well de-II. intr. to be successful, termined or purposed. go on prosperously. Hence

κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done rightly: a right action. 2. a success.

Kar-opova, f. oa, to rush downwards.

Kar-oppublu Ion. Karapp-, f. how, to be dismayed II. absol. to be afraid. at, dread.

KOT-OPUGGO Att. -TTO: f. for: fut. I pass. -opuyθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορθχήσομαι:--to bury, inter: to bide in the ground.

κατ-ορχίομαι, f. - ήσομαι, Dep. to dance in triumph over, Lat. insultare: hence to treat despitefully, in-II. to charm by dancing.

κατ-δσσομαι, Dep. to contemplate, bebold. war-ore, Adv. Ion. for was 5 Ti.

nar-ovbalos, or, (nará, obbas) under the earth. κατ-ουλόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, οὐλή) to make to cieatrise or form a sear over:-Pass. to cicatrise, beal over. Kat-ouples, f. how, to make water upon.

кат-ovpila, £ low Att. w, to wast with a fair wind. II. intr. to sail before the wind, come safe to port.

κατ-ουρόω, f. ώσω, - κατουρίζω.

κατ-οφρυδομαι, (κατά, όφρύε) to contract the eye brows, frown.

κατοχή, ή, (κατέχω) a bolding fast, detention. possession by a god.

κατόχιμος, ον, incorrect form of κατοκώγιμος. Katoxos, ov, (katexw) bolding fast. II, pass. beld fast, overpowered, constrained. 2. possessed,

inspired. καπ-όψιος, ον, (κατά, όψιε) full in sight, opposite. κατόψομαι, used as fut. of μαθοράω.

nar-rá, nar-ráðe, Dor. for mará rá, mará ráðe. кат-таниотан, Ep. for катетаниоты, 3 pl. age. I of вататаубы.

narriregos, Att. for magairegos, tin.

κάττυμα, καττύω, Att. for κάσσυμα, κασσύω. κατ-τώ, Dor. for maτά του.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-ύπερθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ioa. for wat -.

KUT-UNVOCK ION. for MABUNYOCK. Kátu, Adv. (Katá) down, downwards. II. &neath, below, underneath, opp. to áres. 2. of stores. those in the nether world, the dead; also, dwellers on the coast or in the plain, as opp. to those inland or on 3. dres soi sares, or ares sares upide the hills. III. c. gen. under, below: down from. down.

Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω. KUT-WYSIOS, OF, Att. KETWYSWS, OF, gool of = BUTS-

катыве, before a vowel -веч, Adv. (ваты) from below, up from below. II, below, beneath.

κατ-ωθίω, f. -ήσω: act. I -ίωσα, to thrust down. кăты-кара, Adv. (каты, кара) bead downwards. [#] Karciknow, sor. I of Karolkies.

marquioter, 3 pl. sor. I pass. of maroinical

кат-wµáðics, a, or, (ката, в ное) down from the sboulder, blowes warmudblos a quoit thrown down from the shoulder. II, barne on the shoulder. Kat-wuddov, Adv. (kata, Suos) from the shoulder. with the whole arm.

κατωμοσία, ή, (κατόμουμι) απ oath taken agains one, accusation on oath.

κατω-νάκη, ή, (κάτω, νάκοι) α coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (vános). [vá]

κατ-ωράζομαι, Ion. for καθαραίζομαι.

κατώρθωσα, aor. I of κατορθόω: but κατώρθωσα. 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ωρυξ, έχοε, δ, ή, (κατορύσσω) imbedded in the earth. II. buried, bidden in the ground, under ground. III. as Subst., saropuf, i, a pit, carara. Karáraros, n. or. (káru) the lowest.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, at the lowest part.
κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) lower: of Time, later.
κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, lower than, further downwards.

κατω-φάγθε, οῦ οτ α, δ, (κάτω, φαγεῦν) glutton, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φορή», έε, (κάτω, φέρομαι) Banging downwards, protipitous.

κατ-αχράω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ἀχρύο) to turn very pale. κανάξους, for κατ f άξαιο (with the digamma), 2 sing. Ερ. 20τ. 1 opt. of κατάγγυμι.

κούλινος, η, ω, made of stalk or stick. From ΚΑΤΛΟΣ, δ, a stalk, stem. 2. a bandle, shaft: spear-shaft; the bilt of a sword.

mathun, aros, rb, (sales) burning beat, as of the sun; salparos, absol. in the beat.

Hence

naunatile, f. low, to search, wither by heat.

καυνάκης, ου, δ, a Persian garment. [8] (Foreign word.)

KATNOZ, J, a lot.

κανσία, ή, (sales) a beat-sbade, name of a broadbrimmed Macedonian hat.

καύστμος, or, (καίω) fit for burning, combustible.
καθσιε, ean, ή, (καίω) a burning: burning beat.

καυσόομαι, Pass. to be on fire, intensely bot. καύσταρα, fem. Adj. with no masc. in use, burning. καυστήριον, see καυτήριον.

nation, fut. of males.

wanter, wros, &, (value) burning beat: a scorebing wind.

maurip, spos, δ, (sale) a burner.

mauripoláfic, f. áσω, to sear with red-hot iron:—

metaph, m Pass, to be seared in conscience. From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron. καύτης, ου, δ, — καυτήρ.

mauros, by crasis for sal airie.

κανχάομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. κεκαθχημαι: Dep.:
--to boast or vaunt oneself. (Akin to abχέω, elχομαι.)

καυχάσαι, for καυχή, 2 sing. of καυχάσμαι. καύχη, ή, - καύχησιε, α boasting, vaunting. καύχημα, ατοε, το, (καυχάσμαι) α vaunt, boast.

a subject of boasting.

manyfusor, over, b. f., (manydopas) boastful.

manyfusors, com, f., (manydopas) a boasting, cause of

boassing.
κἄχάζω, f. áṭe Dor. aṭῶ, to laugh loud, Lat. eachinear: to laugh secrafully. (Formed from the sound.)
κᾶχασμός, δ. (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh.
κᾶχ-σταιρεία, ἡ, (κακιε, ἐταίροι) ill company.
καχ-ἡμερου, ον, (κοκιε, ἡμέρα) living sad days,
weretebed.

mmxλέξω, f. dow, redupl. from χλάζω, to dash. plash, bubble, of the sound of liquids.

κάχληξ, ηκοι, ό, a pebble: collectively, gravel, sbingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμισία, ή, (κακόε, δρμίζω) ill barbourage. κάχρθε, δοε, ή, - κάγχρυε, parched barley. κάχ-ύποπτοε, αν, (κακόε, ύποπτοε) suspecting evil,

meanly suspicious.

KATA, \$\dagger\$, a box, abest, case, Lat. capsa. \$\text{kdee} [a], Att. for sales, to burn.

KE, and before a vowel Kev, Ep. and Ion. for dv, Dor. Rd: dv Ke, Kev dv, are sometimes found together: Ke is always enclit.

nedic, f. dou: sor. I žeidou Ep. žeidou, eiaru, and siaoou: Pass., sor. I žeidovy Ep. sedovy: (sio, seio):—to split, eleave: of lightning, to siver, sbatter: generally, to sever, separate, divide foreibly. nillo, doos, τό, Lat. cor, the heart:—contr. κύρ, q. v.

neas, part. of Att. aor. I of saise.

κέασα, κέασσα, Ερ. 201, 1 of κεάζω. κέδται, κέδτο, Ερ. 2nd Ion. 3 pl. pres. 2nd impf. of

εείμαι. κέβλη or κεβλή, ή, contr. for κεφαλή, the head. κεβλή-πύριε, (κεβλή, πύρ) a bird called the redeap.

κεβλή-ποριε, (κεβλή, πύρ) a bird called the redeap.
κεγχριαίοε, α, ον, (κέγχροε) of the size or shape of
a grain of millet.

κεγχρίτης [1], ου, δ, fcm. - trus, ιδος, (μέγχρος), like millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλοε, στ, (κέγχροε, βόλλω) scattering millet.

KETKPOE, &, and \$\text{\$\eta\$}, millet, Lat. milium: hence any small grain: also lbe spawn of fish.

κεγχρώματα, αν. τά. (κέγχρου) things of the size of millet-grains: eyelet-boles in the rim of the shield.

κεδάννθμι: f. κεδάσω: Ep. 201. 1 ἐκέδασσα: 201. 1
pass. ἐκεδάσθην:—poët. for σκεδάννυμ, to scatter,
disperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδασθείς, nor. 1 pass. part. of κεδάννυμ.
κεδνός, ή, όν, (κήδοε) eareful, discreet, trusty. II.
pass. cared for, dear: of things, valued, prized.

nebptvos, n, ov, (nebpos) of cedar, made of cedar.
nebpls, loss, n, (nebpos) the cans of the cedar-tree:
also a juniper-berry.

KE APOS, h, the cedar-tree, Lat. cedrus. 11. anything made of cedar; a cedar coffin or chest.

кедрыть, ф, бr, (кедров) made of, or inlaid with, cedar-wood.

nico bas, Ion. inf. of neipas.

nieral, Ion. 3 sing. of neipas.

neta, Ep. sor. I of netw.

readures, Ep. sor. I med. part. of sales.

Relayres, Ep. 201. I part. pl. of sales.

neldrai, neldro, Ep. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of neighbor. nelder, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for enelder, thence.

κεθ. Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, there: thither.

KEI MAI, κείσαι κείται Ιοπ. κέεται; 3 pl. κείνται, Ion. and Εp. κέἀται, Ep. also κείαται and Ion. κέονται: so 3 pl. impf. ἐκειντο Ιοπ. ἐκέατο Εp. κεί-ἄτο, κέᾶτο; subj. κέωμαι, κέη, κέηται Εp. κήται: opt. κεοί μην: inf. κείσθαι Ιοπ. κέεσθαι: part. κείμενο:—fut. κείσομαι Dor. κεισεύμαι. Used as Pass. to τίθημι.

Radio, sense, to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie 2. to lie idle or at ease, be inactive: also to lie still, rest; mande nelperor abated, allayed 3. of many conditions, as to lie siek, lie in evil. weakness or old age: to lie dead, like Lat. jacere: of things, to be destroyed, overthrown, lie in 4. of a corpse, to lie unburied: also to lie uncared for, neglected. II. of places, to lie, be 2. of things, to be in or at a place, where continuance is implied. III. generally, to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand. laid up, laid in store; tà nelpera deposits. V. to be fixed, settled, laid down; welrau vopos the law is fixed, laid down; neitra (quia the penalty is fixed; reirou dellar the prize lies ready, is proposed. freq. in Homer, ταθτα θεών έν γούνασι κεθται theso things rest on the knees of the gods, i. c. depend upon the gods; selfau ir ture to be dependent on a person. weight, Dor. for treigny, impl. of reigna.

καιμάν, Dor. for εκειμην, impt. or κειμαι.
καιμήλιον, τό, (κείμαι) anything stored up, a treasure
or valuable: heirloom.

reluty, Ep. impf. of respect.

Con: see Xios.

welves, reiry, reiro, Ion. and posts for leeiros, that, he, she, it; dat. fem. reiry, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner.

newes, 4, or, Ion. and post. for nerve, empty. nelves, Adv., Ion. for excires, in that way. Kelos, 6, (Keén) a Coian, a man from the island

estparvas, sor. I inf. med. of selpss.
saula, 1, (selps) a bandage, roller, a swathingband. II. the cord or sasking of a bedstead.
saupulos, 6, for snpthos, a hingfuber. [8]

KEIPΩ: fut. sep® Ion. sep&se Ep. sepow: aor. I seepow Ep. έκεροw:—Med., fut. sepowpuu:—Pass., aor. I èrépôny: aor. 2 èrépôny [a]: pf. selsupuu:—to clip, cut abort, esp. the hair:—Med. to cut off one's own hair or bave it cut off:—Pass., serápôu rès sepadás to bave their heads aborn.

2. to cut out, bese off.

II. to ravage, svaste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees.

2. generally, to sut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy.

seis, contr. for sal els.

meiore, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for exeiore, thither. meioreθμαι, Dor. fut. of κείμαι,

meloo, meloo, 2 and 3 sing, imperat, of meimas.

seeles, Ep. Desiderat. of seipen, to wish to lie down or

είερη; βή κείων he went to lie doum.

ΚΕΙ' Ω, το eleave, radic, form of κεάζω.
κακαδήσομαι, Ερ. fut. pass. of κήδω.
κακάδησομα, Dor. for κέκασμαι, q. ν.
κακάδοντο, 3 pl. Ερ. aor. 2 med. of χάζω.
κακαδόμου, Pos. aor. 2 part. of χάζω.
κακαλυμμένοε, pf. part. pass. of καλύστω.
κακαλυμπένοε, pf. part. pass. of καλύστω.
κακαλυμπένος. Ερ. 3 sing. plapt. pass. of καλύστω.

3 pl. nenápuor. weedplas, pf. inf. pass. of relpas. nenapulvos, pf. part. pass. of nelps. nternopar Dor. nternopar, pt. pass. (in pres. sense) of malropae. nénavual, pf. pass. of sales. κακαύχημαι, pf. of κανχάομαι. neccionés, Ep. pf. part. of minres. necessivement, Ion. pl. pass. of nerose. necevites, 3 sing. Ep. plapf. of review. ninhavua, pf. pass. of nhalos. nechiaras, Ion. 3 pl. of ninhpass, pl. of makin. kékheyear or -opear, pf. pasa of kheler necheloroman, paullo-p. fut. pass. of sheles, to abut. κέκλαμμαι, pf. pass. of ελέντω. κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι. neκλήστο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plapf.

nemano, Ep. redupl. acr. 2 of majore: -- subj. nemana.

pass. of maldes.

minly part. menly you, pf. of midfes, whence is formed a pres. part. menly yourses, as if from menly you.

minly men. pf. of maldes.

minly men. pf. pass. of maldes: opt. menly mys. —fe.

-fro: inf. sendfjoda: part. sendημένος. κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of sdeία, κλήα. κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of sodés. κεκλίδται, Ion. and Ep. for séndurraι, 3 pl. pf. pass.

of shires.

neikhipus, pf. pass. of shires.

neikhipus, pf. pass. of shires.

neikhipus, p. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of shires.

neikhipus, poët. aor. 2 part. of shopus, calling

out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. ace. calling

on one, calling him for help.

κάκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέστω. κάκλύδι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω. κακλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύω. κέκλυτα, 2 pl. poët. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω. κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμοω. κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμοω. κεκμηώς, gen. ώτου οι ότου, Ep. pf. act. part. of

πάμνο.
πάκνοισμοι, pf. pass. of πναίο.
πάκνοισμοι, pf. pass. of πόστο.
κακονθμάνος, pf. pass. part. of πονίοι.
κακονθμάνος, pf. part. pass. of πονίοι.
κακόνδης, Fp. 3 sing. plopf. of πονίοι.
κακόνδης, pf. part. of πόστο.
κακόσημοι, Jos. for πεπός πόμει, pf. pass. of πορέννηκ.

κεκορηώς, ότος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass sense) of πορέννυμ; hence dual κεκορηότε.
κεκοροιθμένος. Ιου. and Ep. for κεκοροισταθώσες. Εξ

κακορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, Fi part. pass. of κορύσσα. κακοτούος στο ότος Εp. of set part of κοτός.

κοκοτηώε, gen. ότου, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω. κοκράωνται, κοκράωντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plant pass. of κραίνω, κρααίνω.

κάκραγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of spáles. Hecco κάκραγμα, ατοε, τό, (spáles) α stream, ετγ. κεκραγμόε, α screaming, ετγίης. κεκράκτης, ου, δ. (spáles) α ετίατ, δακόα.

KéKpāpas, pf. pass. of Kepárrum. κεκραξι-δάμας, αντος, δ. (κέκραγα, δάμάω) be wbo conquers all in bawling, the blusterer. κακράξομαι, paulio-p. fut. (with act. sense) of κράζω.

**EXECUTE:** f imperat. of f is f is f in fmimplyo, pf. 2 of spila.

memplysevos, pf. pass, part. of spires.

Keepburdon, as, ol, the some or descendants of Cocrops, i. e. the Athenians.

Kexpowos, a, or, (Késpor) Coeropian, i.e. Atheaian; Kesporia (γή), 4. Attica; of Kesponios, the Atbenians.

Kenpowia, idos, pecul. fem. of Kenpowice. KEKPOTULEVOS, Dor. pf. part. pass. of Kpoties. Kémpot, oros, ô, Cecrops, an ancient king of Athena. KEKPULLEVOS, pf. part. pass. of KpvFTW.

κεκρύφάλος, δ, (κρύττω) a woman's bead-dress, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum. the power or belly of a bunting-net. III. part of

the beadstall of a bridle.

κακρύφαται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύττω. κέκτημαι, pf. of ετάομαι: inf. κεκτήσθαι.

κεκύθωσι [V], Ep. 3 pl. redupl. aor, 2 subj. of κεύθα. Kerchhopen, pf. pass. of sublishes.

KÉKŪĠG, pl. of KÚTTW. κελάδεινός, ή, ών, Dor. κελαδεννός, α, αν, (κέλαδος)

mermering, noisy, boisterous: also clear-toned. κελάδο, ε ήσω also ήσομαι. Ερ. 201. Ι κελάδησα: (sixabos):-- to murmur, roar, like the rushing of vater. 2. to utter a cry or sound. to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke. Hence

κελάδημα, ατος, τό, α murmur, din, roaring. κελάδητής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ιδος, (κελαδίω) loud-

counding, vocal, barmonious.

KE'AAAOZ, 8, a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tumult of battle, a shouting: tarely of the wound of music. Hence

meládo, - seladio, to murmur, roar, esp. of water. κελαιν-εγχής, έε, (εελαινόε, έγχοε) soith dark,

Bloody spear.

κελαι-νεφήε, le, (κελαινόε, νέφοε) black with clouds: 2. cloud-black, livid, eloud-was.

κελοινό-βρωτος, ον, (κελοινός, βιβρώσκω) κποιοσό ÆZac∤.

medantes, f. or, cognete form of pilas, black, ewart: dart, gloomy: marky.

scelativo-date, és, (relatros, paos) dark-bining, gesarky.

σελαινό-φρων, ον, (κελαινόε, φρήν) black-bearted. ελαινο-χρώς, ώτος, δ, ή, (κελαινία, χρώς) blackcaloured.

make black:-Pau. to be eran black.

malair-buye, ou, Dor. -bude, 6, fem. -bute, 1808: (πελαινόε, ώψ): -black-faced, swarthy, gloomy. ελαιν-ώψ, ώτοι, δ, ή, - κελαινώτηι.

- Aλαρύζω Dor. -σθω, - κελαδίω, to babble, murmur. εκλάρυσθεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελαρύζου.

κέλου, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι. κελίθη, ή, a drinking vessel: an ern or pail. neckovres, as, ol, (nakor, nichor) the beams in the loom between which the web was stretched. κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impl. of εέλομαι. Kehendhrys, ou, o, (Kéhendos) a mayfarer.

mederto-words, or, (xidertos, world) proad-making. κελευθο-πόρος, αν, (κίλευθος, πόρος) α wayfarer. κέλευθος, 4, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθοι:—a road, way, path, track, either by land or water; néheusou rustée te sai quatos the ways of night and day, i. e. night and day. ling, journey, voyage: an expedition, IIL a

mode of walking, gait: metaph, a way or walk of life: also a way or source of doing. Kilovojia or Kilovija, atos, to, (seleve) as order. command: the word of sommand in war, the call of

the redeverte, which gave the time to the rowers university of (nexture) an order, command.

reheusposivy, t, Ion. for reheuspie.

κελευστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κελεύω) a commander, fugleman on board ship, the man subo by his call (selevapa) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.

Keλevoτόs, ή, όν, (κελεύω) ordered, commanded. redeution, Frequentat. of redewn, to be constantally

bidding ot urging on.

nedous, f. ou: Ep. 201. I selveusa (selda): -10 urge on . to exbort, bld, command, order: to beserb urgently: of the nexeworths, so give ame to the rowers by his call II. c. dat pers to call to, order.

KENGOV, J. obsol. sing of reniortes

KANE, 1700, 6, BEALES) & sources, range-borse, driven or ridden angly. It a fast-sading vessel with one bank of oars, Lat. celes, celoss.

mentiorough, but of sixona

redution, Lion, (sidge to ride a rive-borse, generally, to ride: esp. of a man who rade two or more horses leaping from one on another

KENSTLOV. TO, DIES OF PERIOD

KE ΔΛΩ, £ silou · scr ( inclos of common, to drive on, push teleors, riga nelson to rum a chip achore. Il intr of ships, to run asbore, put into barbour -generally, to reach a baven. κολομου, f κελήσομου ι acc. a κεκλόμην and irc ελόμην, 3 sing. ψεκλετο, ἐκέκλετο, part κεκλομενο»: (REXXW) :- port, for mexeum, to urg on, embort, ebecr on, sommand. II. also like maken, to sall, sall to: to call by name.

KAGAL, BOT. I Inf. of MIXXW.

Kehrol, ol, the Kelts or Celts; later Kihrat Hence Kehriort, Adv. in Keltie or Celtie, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.

κίλθφος, εου, τό, a busk, rind, pod, shell: metaph. of old δικαυταί, αντωμοσιών κελύφη mere affidavitbusks. (Deriv. uncertain.)

KE'AΩP, apos, δ, a son.

repás and repuás, ádos, h, a young deer.

ndv, before a vowel for me.

new-wyythe, de, (newde, dyyos) emptying vessels, breed-

ing famine, bungry.

unvavθρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled 2'zte. From utv-avθρος, ον, (new os, dwhp) empty of men, dispeopled. usv-avχής or unve-avχής, έε, (new os or nes eos, ανχή) vain-boasting, braggart.

neviβραιος, or, dead: in pl., κανίβραια, τά, carrion.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

`wav-quβärfw, f. ήσω, (warba, ξμβάτη») to step into a bole, stumble.

nevels, 4, 60, Ion. for nevee, empty.

week-pow, or, (verede, apriv) empty-minded.
weeke, dros, d. (weeks) the bollow between the ribs
and the hip, the flank. II. any bollow space.
wer-obortie, idoe, fem. of werddove.

mevobofia, \$\dagger\$, vaniglory, vanity. From mevo-bofos, or, (nerós, bófa) vain-glorious. mev-bbovs, orros, \$\dagger\$, \$\dagger\$, (nerós, bbovs) tootbless.

KENO'Z lon, nearbs, 4, br; Ep. nevebs:—empty:
empty-banded.
II. fruitless, vain, idle: neved
as Adv. in vain.
III. enbausted: c. gen. void,
destitute, bereft of: absol. of a honess, bereaved of ber
young.
IV. Comp. and Sup. newbrepos, -bratoe: but also regular newbrepos, -bratoe: but also regular newbrepos, -bra-

κενο-τάφω (κενόε, τάφοε) to bonour with a cenotaph. κενο-τάφων, τό, (κενόε, τάφοε) an empty tomb,

eenotapb.

xxvó-ppuv, or, (xerbe, ppfpr) empty-minded. xxvoquvia, 4, vain talk, babbling. From

nevo-houves, or, (nevos, howh) empty-sounding, traing.

newbo Ion. wavbo: f. bow, aor. I kelvora:—Pass., aor. I kerbol:—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:—Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. II. to make void or of no decount:—Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

Kévous, Ep. 20r. I act. inf. of zerrée, as if from \*zérres Il. also 20r. I med. imperat, of zerrée.

nividos, Dor. 3 sing. sor. I of service.

Kerrauperos, a, ev, (Kerrauper) Centaurian, of or for Centaure.

Kerraupibas, ov. 8, (Kérraupos) descended from Contaurs.

Kerraupunde, 4, 6r, (Khrraupoe) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. - xwe.

Κενταυρο-πληθής, έε, (Κένταυροε, πλήθοε) full of Contaurs.

Kév-raupos, ô, (xerrée) a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thesaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae.

II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, balf man and balf borse.

KENTE'Ω: f. ήσω: aor. 1 ἐκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from \*κέντω:—to grick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

nevro, Dor. for enelero: cf. yevro, grear. nevrou, false form for nevrous.

uevrp-yveufig, is, (xirrpor, \*triyen) goaded on.
uevrplig, f. ion, (xirrpor) to prick, goad, spur.
uevrpo-δήλητος, ον, (xirrpor, δηλέομαι) goaded. 2.
act. goading, singing.

nevrpo-pilivite, is, (nevrpor, partiral) sparring to madness.

RAVTOV, 76, (KETTÉN) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a borse or on-goad: a spur: proverb., upde Karpa Laurifeur to kick against the pricks.

2. an instrument of torture.

3. metaph. a spur, insentive.

II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.

uevrpo-rivatja, te, (strrpor, rvatjrai) struck by a spur.

neuropses, f. sores, to furnish with a sting:—Pass. to be so furnished.

2. to strike with a goad.

neuropses, owes, d, (neuropse) a rogue that has been

branded, a spur-galled jade. Kevruples, ewos, 8, the Lat. centurio.

кеттыр, opos, ē, (xertéu) a goader, driver. wevûs, Adv. of xerbs, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι. κέομαι, Ερ. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing. κέοται, 3 pl. κέονται. Κέοα, ή, Ion. for Κέοα.

KETION, 6, a light washird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddy.

κεράσσθε, Ep. 2 pl. pres. med. of κεράω. κεράσσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of κέραs.

repute, p., at, p., or repas,
repute, f., (répas) a born. II. anything like a
born, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber. 2. a born or promontary

of land. 3. a small dot in writing, a sittle. 4.
anything made of born, e. g. a bow.

kepālļu, f. tou, later lfu: aor. 1 keepālou: (kipas);

—to lay waste, ravage. II. of persons, to kill, slaughter: to disable ships.

nepttle, idos, h, (nipas) a worm that eats born.
nepttorthe, où, h, (nepat(w) a ravager, robber.
nepalm, Ep. for nepdm, the Root of nepturous, so

min; ζαρότερον πέραιε min the wine stronger.
κεράμεικός, ή, όν, (πέραμος) sarthen.

Kepöpsukés, é, (xepapeve) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Corameicus, one within and the other without the Thrissian Gate,

κεράμοιος, α, οτ, (κέραμοε) of clay, earthen.
κεράμενε, έως, δ, (κέραμοε) a potter:—proverb., κεραμεθε κεραμεί κοτέει potter envies potter.

περάμενε κότατα ποτεα poster envise poster, to be a poster, to an (κέραμος) to be a poster, to ark i... carbonware: metaph. to botch or patch up the state. καράμηθος, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for παράμεισε. καράμηθες flos, pecul. Ep. fem. of παράμεισε.

kepajulis, 100s, pecul. Ep. 1em. of kepajusiss.

κεράμινος, η, ον, and κεραμικός, ἡ, όν, — κεράμειος,
of earthenware or clay.

κερόμιον, τό, (κέραμοε) an earthenware vessel, a pot, jar, pipkin, Lat. testa.

nepāμie, iδos Att. iδos [1], ή, (κέραμου) a tile : also a tiled roof.

KEPAMOΣ, δ, potter's earth, potter's clay. II. any earthen versel, a pot, jax: also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery. III. a tile; collectively, the tiles; τψ κεραμψ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur. IV. χαλκέψ ἐν κεράμψ seems to be in a brasen prison.

κεράννυμι and -ύω: fut. κεράσω [Δ]: aor. I ἐκέρἄσα Ερ. κέρασσα:—Med., Ερ. 3 sing. aor. I κεράσσατο:
-Pass., aor. I ἐκεράσθην and ἐκράθην [Δ]: pf. κεκέρασμαι and κέκρᾶμαι: (κεράω):—to mix, mingle of often of dibting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρητήρα κεράσωσθαι to mix oneself a bowl; Pass., κύλιξ foor ίσφ κεκραμένη a cup mixed half and half. 2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down.

II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. attemper are.

uspilo-ξόος, or, (κέρας, ξέω) polishing born, working in born; esp. for bows.

**κερδός, ά, ών,** (κέρας) borned. II. made of born. **κερα-ούχος, ων,** (έχω) = κερ-ούχος.

κέρας, τύ; gen. κέρατος Εp. κέραος Att. contr. κεpor ; dat. népati, népal, népa :- dual népas ; népa. gen. and dat. sepáow, sepçiv; plur. sépaa, sépā; gen. κεράων, κερών; dat, κέρασι Ερ. κέρασι and κεράεσσι: - Ion. declension népas, népeos, népei : (akin to mapa):-the born of an animal: hence born, as a material for working. II. anything made of born; esp. a bow: later, a born for blowing: also a drinking-born, or a goblet in the shape of a born. a born or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it. IV, an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape, the wing of an army or fleet; ent nepas Att. ent répos, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, VI. the sail-yard of a ship. not abreast. VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak,

κέρασσε, Ερ. 3 sing. 201. I of κεράννυμ, κεραστές, οῦ, ὁ, (κέρα) borned. καραστός, ἡ, όν, (κεράννυμ) mingled, tempered. κεραστφόρος, ον, (κέρας, φέρο) born-bearing. κεραστάς οι -ία, ἡ, (κέρας) the locust-tree: its fruit

born.

was repartors, we (repare) of born, made of born.

κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέραε, a little born.
the fruit of the κερατέα or locust-tree.

rep-auling the repared of locust-tree.

κεραύνοιος, ον, (κεραυνύε) thundering. κεραύνιος, α, ον, also οε, ον, (κεραυνύε) of a thunder-

Bolt. II. thunder-utricken,

ασραννοβολίω, f. ήσω, to hurl the thunderbolt: to

s. From zepavo-βάλος, or, (zepavo's, βάλλω) burling the zepavo-βάλος, or, (zepavo's, βάλλω) burling the zepavotolt, smiting with it.

ετεραυνο βρόντης, ου, δ, (κεραυνός, βροντάω) ibe Ziebtener and ibunderer.

κεραυνο-μάχης, ου, δ, (κεραυνίε, μάχομαι) fighting with the thunderbolt.

KEPATNO Σ, δ, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. fulmen: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lattonitru, and the flash of lightning dστεροπή, στεροπή. Lat. fulgur: plut. sepawed, thunderbolts.

kepavvo-фанк, is, (kepavris, pais) flashing like the thunderbolt.

neparrobe, f. bow, (neparrole) to strike with a thunderbolt.

KEPA'Ω, Ep. Radic. form of κεράννυμ, to min. Κέρβερος, δ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fiftyheaded son of Typhaon and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, f. κερδανώ Ion. -ίω: aor. I ἐκέρδανα Ion. ἐκέρδηνα: fut. also κερδησω. κερδησομα: aor. I ἐκέρδηνα: (κέρδος):—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited.

hence to traffic, make merchandise.

II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδάλεος, α, ον, (πέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning: strewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. περδαλέου, to one's profit.

κερδάλεό-φρων, ον. (κερδαλέος, φρήν) crafty-minded. κερδάνης, 2 sing. 201. I subj. of κερδαίνω.

κέρδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κερδίων (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty.

II. most profitable.

kepblov, or, gen. oros, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from kepbos, more profitable.

KEPAOΣ, eoe, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain. II. in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks. κερδοσύνη, ή, (κέρδοε) cunning, craft, sbrewdness that, κερδοσύνη as Adv. cunningly, sbrewdly.

κερδώ, όσε contr. οῦε, ἡ, (κέρδοε) the wily one. or the thief, name of a fox. κερδώσε, α, ον, (κέρδοε) bringing gain.

κέρεα, Ion. for κέραα, κέρατα, pl. of κέραε. κερέω, Ion. for κερώ, fut. of κείρω.

κερκίζω, f. low, to close the web with the κερκίε. From κερκίε, ίδος, ή, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σπάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. radius.

II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, eto,, as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. plectrum.

2. a measuring-rod, Lat. radius.

KEPKOΣ, ή, the tail of a beast, Lat. cauda. κέρκουρος οτ κερκούρος, ό, a boat, pinnace.

Keprupa, ή, the island Corcyra, now Corfu: hence Keprupalos, δ, a Corcyraean: Adj. Keprupalkos. ή. ωr, of or for Corcyra.

népres, rarer collat, form for spéres

κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κείρω) a slice: in plur, small coin, small change: small wares. Hence

mepμάτίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to mines up. II. to evin into small money: to change large coin for small. Hence

II. intr.

II. a

REPRESENTATOR, OU, &, a money-change κερο-βάτης [d], ou, o, (κέρας, βalre) born-footed, born-boofed, epith. of Pan. κερο-βόσε, ου, ή, (κέραε, βοάω) sounding with born,

of a flute tipped with horn.

Kepó-Beros, or, (képas, béw) bound with born, kapóas, bessa contr. ovesa, oar, (répas) borned. uep-olaf, anos, s, (népas, olaf) a rope belonging to

the sailyards; cf. xépas VI. κερο-τύπέω, f. ήσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) to butt with the born; generally, to dash or knock about.

nep-oulkée, ή, όν, (κέραι, ελκω) drawing a bow of 2. of the bow, drawn by the borns.

REPOUTION, (Répas) to toes the borns or head. κερ-ουχίε, ίδοέ, fem. of sq.

κερ-οθχος, ον, (κέρας, έχω) baving borns, borned. Kepo-popos, or, (sépas, pépu) borned.

Répords, Ep. aor. I part, of selou. mepore, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of melpo.

περτομέω, f. ήσω, (κέρτομοι) to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person: absol. to sneer, scoff. Hence

κερτόμησιε, εωε, ή, jeering, mockery. κερτόμια, ή, - κερτόμησιε.

κερ-τόμιος and κέρ-τομος, ον, (κέαρ, τέμνω) beartcutting, stinging; κερτόμια έπη or absol. κερτόμια, stinging, reproachful words. II. mocking, delusive. κέρχνη, ή, (κέρχνω) a kind of bawk, so called from its hoatse voice, the hestrel.

κερχνηίε, ηίδοε, and κερχνήε, ήδοε, ή, collat. forms of Kipxvn

KE PXNΩ, to make rough or boarse. and in Pass. to be boarse, of the voice.

repa, fut. of relps.

κερών, part. of περάννυμι.

кершутац, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of керам.

Kes. v. sub sche.

κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι.

κεστός, ή, όν, (κεντέω) worked, embroidered; κεστός ipás of the girdle of Venus: hence II. as Subst. κεστόε, δ, a girdle, Lat. cestus.

κέστρα, ή, (κεντέω) a pickane, poseane. kind of fish, a pike, or a conger.

Keulava, poet, for Keulas.

κεθθμα, ατοε, τδ, and κενθμός, δ, κενθμών.

κευθμών, ώνοε, δ, (κεύθω) any secret place, bole, biding-place, den; the lair of a beast. 2. of the nether world, the abyss. 3. - abutor, the inmost place, sanctuary.

κεύθοισα, Dor. for κεύθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω. κεθθος, εοε, τό, (κεύθω) = κευθμών; in pl., κεύθεα

yains the depths of the earth.

KEΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: 201. 2 έκδθον, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν Εp. κεnevθειν:-to cover up, bide, conceal, sbrowd:-Pass. to lie bidden. 2. to keep bidden or secret, conceal, disguise: with dupl. acc., refor Tord to keep a thing concealed from one, 3. the pf. nenevoa is used as pres., I keep concealed; and plaps, exercitesy

as impf., I concealed, contained. be concealed, lie bidden.

κοφαλά, Dor. dat. of κοφαλή.

nedahatos, a, or, (nedahh) of or belonging to the bead: metaph., like Lat. capitalis, principal. II. πεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like ποφαλή. the bead, as nepalator paparidos the bead of a radish: the chief or main point: in money, the capital-2. a summary, the sum of the matter; by sum. repalale or to repalators elved to speak summa-3. generally, the crown, completion, finish of a thing. Hence

II. intrans. An

keodharbe, f. wow, to bring under beads, sum up, II, to smite on the head, slaw state symmarily κεφάλαι-ώδης, es, (κεφαλή, είδος) principal, capital. κεφάλαίωμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαιόω) the sum total. κοφάλ-αλγής, ές (κοφαλέ, άλγος) causing pains in the head. Hence

κεφαλαλγία, ή, bead-acbe.

ΚΕΦΑΛΗ, ή, the bead, Lat caput; le wôdas la κοφαλής from bead to foot; έπὶ κοφαλήν bead fore-2. the head, as the noblest part, for the whole most. person, just as Lat. caput is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλή, Lat. carum caput; in bad sense, & mrai repaxai. 3. the life, Lat. eaput, as we use bead; was fueros repards setting their beads on the cast; els repair refroit èpol on my bead be II. the head or upper part of anything; the coping of a wall; in pl. the head or source of a III. repain repideros a weg or beadriver. drou. IV. metaph. the point, sum, conclusion. κοφάληφι, κοφαλήφι, Ep. gen. and dat. of ποφαλή κεφάλίε, ίδοε, ή. Dim. of κεφαλή, a little bead or

II. a bead, ebapter, dissuion. Κοφαλλήν, ήνος, δ, a Copballenian:-hence Keφαλληνία, ή, Copballonia, an island in the Ionian sea, now Cefalonia.

κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω.

néxavoa, pl. of xardára, whence part. neut. pl. 40χανδότα, η plaps. Ερ. κεχάνδει.

κεχαραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσει.

κεχάρηκα, pf. of χαίρω.

κεχάρημαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

Kexdono ever, Ep. fat. inf. of xalpes.

κεχάρησομαι, Ep. paullo-post fut. of χαιρω

κεχάρητο, κεχάρηντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plops. pass, of yalpes.

κεχάρηώς, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω.

κεχάρισμένος, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agresable, winning, charming: Adv. nexaproperon, charmingly. gracefully.

κεχάριστο, 3 sing. piqpf. of χαρίζομαι.

Kexapiroutives, pf. part. pass. of xaperous. Adv. κεχαριτωμένως, agresably, welcome.

κέχαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

кехаровато, Ер. for кехаровто, 3 pl. Ep. redupt. zor. 2 med. opt. of xalps.

мехарочто, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. acr. 2 med. of харан.

II.

πόχηνα, pf. of χαίνω or χάσκω, to gape. Hence Κεχηναίοι, ων. ol, Gapers, comic for Αθηναίοι. κεχλάδω, pf. part. of χλάζω; there is also an acc. pl. πεχλάδοντας, as if from πεχλάδω, like πεκλήγοντας from πεκληγάν.

κεχλίαγκα, pf. of χλιαίνω. κεχλίδως, pf. part. of χλίω. κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολόω.

exxelection, print past of xolos.

mexpoquetros, pl. part. pass. of χρηματίζει.
mexpoquetros pf. part. of χράομαι.

melybuss, pf. pass. of xew.

καχυμα, pr. pass. or χεω. κάχυτο, κάχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. plqpf. pass. of

nexupidatus, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of xupilus. nexusculvos, pf. part. pass. of xuvvuju.

nee, Ep. collateral form of relos.

Kées Ion. Kées, Croe, an island in the Archipelago.

κή, Ion. for τή (interrog.): but κη enclif. for τη. κήσι, Εp. aor. I inf. καίω; but κήσι, 3 sing. opt.

enfauevos, Ep. 201. I part. of sala.

enfré or enfrée, Dor. for edyé, i. e. sal éyé.

enfocia, f. (effoc) care for the dead : observies.

affinity, connexion by marriage.

spanier, touristant of marriage.

schools or, (κήδοι) cared for, dear, beloved.

eareful for. II. of ot for a funeral, sepulchral.

schools over the control of the contro

undequér, éros, é, (undés) one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a protector, guardian.

II. a relation by marriage, Lat. affinis.

mingeos, or, - who woe.

whileskov, Ion. impf. of whow.

scηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of sήδω.

under the, oû. é, (shôos) a connenion by marriage, Lat. affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brotheren-law. Henco

κηδεστία, ή, connexion by marriage, affinity. κήδευμα, ατοε, τό, (κηδεύω) alliance by marriage, affinity.
2. one who is so connected, a connexion,

Lat. affines.

empleves, i. eve. (siplos) to take charge of, care for, tend.

2. to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass. to have these last offices paid one.

II. to ally answelf in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so allied.

2. to make a person one's kinsman by marriage.

emohow, fut. of show (as if from snow).

eriβιστος, η, or, Sup. formed from κήδος, like κέρ-Begroe from κέρδος, most eared for, dearest, most beloved. II. most nearly allied by marriage.

miles Dor. miles, eos, ré, (nifes) care, concern, regard for another.

2. trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—mourning for one dead: hence a funeral.

3. an object of care, a eare.

11. connexion by marriage, Lat. affinites.

erndorves, or, (ะกู้ข้อง) สหม่อนง,

KH ΔΩ, f. snothers, to make annious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress. II. in Pass., with Ep. fut, sestichagopus, pf. act. κίτηδα:—to be troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. snotherson, or, distressed, in trouble: c. gen, to be annious or concerned for; οὐκέτι Δαναίν κεκαδησόμεθα,

ufforce, by crasis for mal flowe. uffer, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of males.

κηθάριον, τό, a vessel into which the lots were east, a ballot-box. (Deriv. uncertain.)

whe, Dor. for ede, by crasis for eal de.

KHKI'Z, idee, \$\operatorname{h}, matter that cozes or enudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink. Hence

angeles. Ep. impf. αήκιον:—to gusb or coze forth: also in Med., alμόν κηκιομένα έλκέων clotted blood cozing from his wounds. [f Ep., f Att.]

khλeos or khλeos, or, (kalw) burning, blazing. KHΛΕ Ω, f. how, to charm, bewitch, fascinate: generally, to wheedle, beguile, teduce.

KHAH, h, a rupture, Lat. bernia.

κηληθμός, δ, (κηλέω) rapture, fascination.

κήλημα, ατος, τό, (κηλέω) a magic charm, spell. κήλησιο, εως, ή, (κηλέω) an enchanting, charming. κηλητήριος, ον, (κηλέω) charming: appeasing.

κηλίδο, f. όσω, (κηλίε) to stain, sully: metaph. to stain, disbonour, disgrace.

KHAI'Z, ίδος, ή, a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace. KHAON, τό, the shaft of an arrow: an arrow. κήλων, ωνος, δ, (κήλον) a swipe or machine for

drawing water from a well. κηλώνσιον Ion. -ήζον, τό, = κήλων.

κήμαυτόν, Dor. by crasis for και έμαυτόν. κήμέ, Dor. by crasis for και έμέ.

KHMO'Z, \( \delta\_i \) a muzzle or balter, put on a led horse.

2. the funnel-shaped top to the voting uru (s\( d\delta\_0 \delta\_0 \)) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the hallots (s\( d\delta\_0 \delta\_0 \delta

the ballots (ψήφοι) were dropped in the urn.

κημόω, f. ώσω, (κημόε) to muzzle a horse.

κήν. Dor. for καν, i. e. και εν: but κήν for και αν.

κήνθε, Dor. by crasis for sal ήνθε (i.e. sal ήλθε). κήνος, Acol. for seivos. ἐκείνος.

κήνοος, δ, the Lat. census, an assessment: tribule.

KH'E, anale, h, a sea-gull, sea-mew.

refigure, Ep. for refigurer, I pl. nor. I subj. of reales. regree, Dor. by crass for real elec.

κήπει, κήπειτα. Dor. for κάτει, κάτειτα, i.e. καὶ ἐνκήπειμα, ατοε, τό, (κηπείω) that which is reared in a garden, a garden-berb or flower.

maris, έωε, τό, (κήποε) a gardener.

κηπεύω, f. σω, (κήποε) to rear in a garden: metaph. to tend, cherish, foster.

what. Dor. for adul, i. e. sal ent.

κηπίον, τό, Dim. of κήποι, a small garden, parterre: metaph. a decoration, ornament.

κηπο-λόγος, ον, (κήπος, λέγοι) teaching in a garden.

KH ΠΟΣ Dor. κάπος, δ, a garden, an orebard or plantation; also the enclosure for the Olympic games:

of 'Addresoe κήποι, cresses and other plants grown

quickly in pots :-hence proverb. of amusements and | pastimes.

Kna-oupós, é, (kĥaos, oupos) a gardener.

KHP, A. gen. Knpbs, acc. Knpa, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, II. any evil fate; disease; and, of evel itself. moral evil, disgrace

KHP, τό, gen. κήροι, acc. κήρ, contr from κέαρ, the beart, Lat. cor. The dat. sign is in Homer freq. used as Adv., like unpob, with all the beart, beartily. empalve, f. dra, (khp, h) to barm, burt, destroy. unpalve, 1. dra, (who, to be alarmed, disquieted. Κηρεσσι-φόρητος, ον. (Κήρ, φορέω) borne on by the Kôpes or fates

khplvos, n. or, (knpós) of wan, wanen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ου, δ, (κηρίον, κλέπτω) stealer of boneycombs II.

κηρίον, τό, (κηρόε) a boneycomb, Lat. favus.

a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρεφής, έε, (κήρ, τρέφω) born to die. κηρο-δέτης, ου, δ, Dor. κηροδέτας, - κηρόδετος. κηρό-βετος, ον, (κήρος, δέω) bound together by wan.

κηρο-δομέω, f. ήσω, (κηρύε, δέμω) to build with wax. κηρόθεν, Adv. (κῆρ) from the beart.

κηρόθι, Adv. (κηρ) in the heart, with all the heart, beartily

κηρο-πάγής, έε, (κηρόε, παγήναι) fastened with wax. κηρο-πλάστης, ου, δ, (κηρύε, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρό-πλαστος, ον, (κηρός, πλάσσω) moulded of wax. ΙΙ. - κηρόδετοι. waxen.

KHPO'Z, &, bees-wan, wan. Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κηρός, τρέφω) wan-producing. κηρο-χίτων, ωνοε, δ, ή, (κηρύε, χιτών) clad with wan. κηροχύτέω, f. ήσω, to mould in melted wan: to make waxen cells. From

κηρό-χύτος, ον, (κηρύς, χέω) moulded of or in wan. κήρυγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by berald, public notice; in κηρύγματος by proclamation. κηρύκαινα, ή, fem. of κήρυξ, a female berald.

κηρυκεία Ion. -ητη, ή, (κηρυξ) the office of berald. κηρύκειον Ion. - ήτον, τό, a berald's wand, Lat. caduceus. [v] Properly neut. from

κηρύκειος, a, or, (κήρυξ) of or for a berald. [v] κηρύκοσσι, Ep. for κήρυξι, dat. pl. of κήρυξ.

κηρύκευμα, ατος, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a berald's proclamation, public notice. [v]

κηρθκεύω, f. σω, (κῆρυξ) to be a berald, give public II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of.

κηρύκητη, -κήϊον, Ion. for -εία, -ειον κηρύλος Att. καιρύλος, δ, a sea-bird, the baseyon. [v] κήρυξ, υκοι, ό, (κηρύσσω) a berald or pursuivant, whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σκήπτρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of love.

KHPY ZZO Att. - Tru: f. fo: pf. seshpoya:-Pass., fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι in pass, sense pf. nemporquat:—to be or act as berald: to make proclamation as a berald, summon, convene as berald. 2. impers., Enpiase (ec. 8 Enpuf) notice is given, proclamation is made, to proclaim, announce: to extol 2. to put up or advertise for sale, 3. to call on, involve. ш to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθήναι, act. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύα) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωμάτικός, ή, όν, anoisted with κήρωμα, κηρωτός, ή, ών, (κηρώω) waxed:—hence, as Subst... κηρωτόν, τό, οι κηρωτή, ή, a carate or ointment. uns, Dor. for mal els

kital, Ep. for kental, 3 sing. subj. of kelpel.

RHTGLOS, a, ov, (KHTOS) of sea-mon.ters

KHTOZ, eoe, to, any sea-monster or buge fish: in Odyssey, a seal or sea-ealf: later a whale, Lat. cate. κητο-φόνος, ον/(κήτος, \*φένω) hilling sea-moniters. κητώσις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon. κοίλη Λακηδαίμων κητώεσσα, either (from κήτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from sigres as if – saladas, a gulf, abyss) sunken, kolloss. myu, by crasis for seal es

whit, dros [v], d, (wht) a sea-grill. κήφα, Dor. by crasis for και έφη

KHPH'N, sivos, b, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fueue: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person,

Kuchives, oi, Cephenes, old name of the Pers'ans κήφθα, Dor. by crasis for scal ήφθη.

Kyotoos, d, the Cephisus, a river in Bocotia; hence fem, λίμνη Κηφισίε. II, a famous niver of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, εε, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented. κηώσις, εσσα, εν, – κηώδης, fragrant. κτάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [a]

κιβδηλεύω, f. σω, (κίβδηλοι) to adulterate, alloy. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ή, (κίβδηλοι) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, disbonesty

or, (κίβδοε) adulterated, εφωτίσω. κίβδηλος II. metaph, of men, base, false. 2. baseborn, bastard. 3. deceiful, ambiguous, of oracles. KIBAOZ, 1, dross, alloy.

κίβίσιε, ή, a pocket, wallet, scrip. κίβωτάριον and κίβώτιον, τό, Dim. of ειβωτύλ. KΓBΩΤΟΣ, ή, a wooden box, chest, coffer. κιγκλίζω, f. ίσω, (κίγκλοι) to wag the tail like the κίγκλοε: metaph, to change constantly,

KITKAI'E, idos, f, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar.

KITKAOZ, d, a water-bird, a kind of wagter. κιγχάνω [ἄ], Att. for siχάνω [ἄ].

κίδνωται, Pass., poet. for σκεδί στυμαι, to be spread.
[UΘΑ'PA Ion. -η, also κίθαρις, τος, ή, Lat. επ-(.ara, a lyre, bary or lute, like the φέρμιγε οτ λίρα.

κτθάρ-ασιδός court. --οδός, δ, (κιθάρα, δοιδία) one who plays and sings to the lyre or harp, a harper :---Sup. κιθαρασιδότατος. [δ]

nterplie, f. low Att. ιω, (nleapes) to play the lyre or lute: It is also used of the φόρμιγε and λιρα, so that the πθάρα, λύρα, and φόρμιγε must have been nearly the same.

uldaper, coe, 4, acc. uldaper, - uldapa: also musse, barping, playing.

κιθάριο τής, οῦ, ὁ, (κιθαρίζω) a player on the hyre or barp, a barper. Hence

Eldpiotple, idee, i, fem. of endapiothe.

Eldiportie. too; h, (Eldapl(w) a playing the lyre or barp, the art of playing it.

attapestude, h, or, of or for bary-playing. From attapestos, b, contr. for subapasside.

million, avos, &, Ion. for xeram.

strain, inf. of a post, sor, a femon; see sizes.

ulm, 76, - apórow. II. the berry of the apórow, cantor-berry.

KIKINNOZ, &, a curled look of bair, a ringlet of bair, Lat. ancienne.

κικάβαθ, a cry la imitation of the screech-owl's note, tooubit, toouboo.

KTKKOE, b. the bush, shell of fruit, Lat. elecus. much forms, post. redupl. form of makin, to call, summon, souler to call on, invoker abo in Mod. IL to accout, address. Ill. to name, call by mans.

murphe, Dor. for nephroups, supraes.

KIKYE, it strength, vigour.

\*KIKA, a verb only found in sor. a letter, inf.
steeds, and Dor. 201. I lete, med. letefduny:—to
make to ga, move, toss. (Akin to else and desele.)

Kulmos, a, ov. Cilician. From

Kaif, troe, & a Cilletan. [1] Hence

KOLOGO, 70, 1, a Cilician woman. 2. 2s Adj., fem. of Keline.

millifice, wree, b, a treatle, stand or support for anything, esp for a shield. From millor, ase, fallow: so Gorm. esol, our easel and borse.) [1]

KTAAOZ, I, an an. (Dor. word.)

Kinichpies, of, the Ciramerians, a people supposed to dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the Palus Masotis.

Kiushia (η), ή, Cimolian sarth, a kind of white lay, like fuller's sarth, from Cimolius in the Cyclades, Ki NA BPA, ή, the rank smell of a goat. Hence straβράω, to smell like a goat.

kiveloos, eoe, ro: vocat, kivede, as if it were maso.

Sicil. Word, a fon: motaph. a unity fellose, a cheat. strikena, area, ré, a rusiling motion, rusiling. (From surable, rusies.) [vil]

καν-άχύρα, ή, (κινέω, άχυρον) a kind of bag or sieve

for bolting flour.

souddreupa, erge, ro, a rick, venture, enterprise; and

κινδυνευτέον, verb. Adj. one must venture; and κινδυνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an adventurous person:—from κινδυνεύω, f. εω, to be daring, venture into danger, run a risk, bazard.

2 absol. to make a venture, do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ. κινδύνευμα to venture the risk.

II. from the notion of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do so and so, κινδυνεύουσι οἱ ἀνθρωποι οἶτοι γόητει είνει they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence κινδυνεύει 20 impers. it is eems to be, is likely —Pass. to be bazarded, exposed to danger. From

KINATNOZ, &, a danger, risk, bazard, venture. Lat. periculum: an experiment, trial; alvovor nower. Lat. periculum facere, to make an experiment.

mve0. Dot. for sirol, pres. imperat pass. of sireles.

mives, L face. (also) to move, set in mation, set angoing, sarge on: to move a thing from its place; hence, to meddle suite things sacred: to change, innovate.

2. to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver of a thing.

3. to stir up, arouse: to move to anger, provoke.

4. sirely max χρήμα to set every engine at suork, turn every stone.

II. Pass., with fut. med. siphoopaa and pasp. sirphfropaa, sor, I kenyfop:

to be pul in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earthquake, as, εκινήθη Δήλου. κινήθην, Ερ. aor, 1 pass, of κινέω.

κινηθμός, δ, - κίνησις, motion.

klygous, ean, \$, (kirla) a moving or being moved to motion.

IL excitement, commonant a movement, disturbance. [st]

κτνητήρ, ήροε, δ, - κινητήε. Hence

ktynrhoios, a, or, liable to move or exeits.

κίνητής, οῦ, ὁ, (κινέω) a mover, author. κίνητικός, ἡ, όν, (κινέω) putting in motion. stirring

up, enciting.

Kuvváµanov, 76, ennamon, a word miróduced by

the Greeks from the Phoenicians.

κίνυγμα, ατοι, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or bovering body, a phantom. [1]

κίνυμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an obsol. Act. κίνυμ), = κινέομαι, 10 be in motion, go, move, march. [1]

κίνυντο, Ep. for ἐκίνυντο, 3 pl. impf. of κίνυμαι. κίνύρομαι [5]. Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan, lament: a acc. cognato, χαλινοί κινύρονται φόνον the

bridles ring or elash murderously. From kivupos, d, dr. wailing, plaintive. (Formed from

the cound.)

Ktvvorow, - kirte, to put in motion: - Pass, to waver,
be swayed to and fro.

ktvú, ous, n. Dor. for alvnois.

KIÓ-KPŪVOV.  $\tau \delta_0 = \kappa_1 \sigma \nu \delta \kappa \rho \sigma \nu \sigma \nu$ .

scloper, Ep. for sloper, I pl. subj. subj. of slos.

klov, Ep. for knov, impl. of elec.
klovó-kpavov, ró, (klov, spavlov) the capital of a
column.

nioon, dat. pl. of nion, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ή, Circé, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. Odyss. lib. 10, Hor. Epist. 1. 2, 23.

nop. n\(\text{AE700}\), or, (slower, blasses by a bawk.

KIPROZ, \(\delta\), a kind of bawk or falcon, which files in subsets or circles.

2. a circle, ring, mostly in torm splace. Hence

money, f. bow, to boop in, secure by rings.

mordes and -ημι, post, forms of περάννυμ, to min wine with water:—from πιρνάω comes 3 sing. pres. πιρνή, 3 sing. impf. δείρνα: from πίρνημ, Ep. 3 sing. impf. πίρνη, part. πιρνάε.

KIZ. d. gen. eide, acc. elv, a worm in wood of in

sorn, the weenl, Lat. curculio.

ulongue, eas, \$, (als) the pumice-etone, Lat. pumen.

KIZZA Att. ulond, \$, a ebastering bird, the
jay. II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for utrange food. Hence

moσάβίζω Att. ανταβίζω, f low, to scream like a jay. ανοσάω Att. αντάω, f. ήσω, (xlosa n) to craw for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

KLOTHONS, es, (KLOTOS) Ny-elad.
KLOTHOLS, ess, f. - Klothes, q. V.

klastvos, n. or. (maste) of my.

more-birne, ov, 8, Dor. -birne, (morée, bie) bound or crowned with isy.

KLOGO-KOMPE, ev, &, (KLOGOS, KOMP) iny-tressed, erowned with ivy.

KIZZO'Z Att. mrr6e, 8, my, Lat. bedera.

more-orthanes, or, and more-orthands, is, (moste, orthanes, orthan iny-wreathed.

moreo-opin Att. mrt-, to be desked with ivy. From moreo-opines, or, (morbe, opins) wearing ivy, ivy-crowned: luxuriant with ivy.

κισσόω Att. κιττ-, f. ώσω, (κισσόω) to deck with iny. κισσύβιον [8], τό, (κισσόω) a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

moourds, h, or, (x10000) decked with ivy. KIZTH, h, a box, ebest, Lat. cista.

KITPE'A or maple, \$\dagger\$, the circu-tree.

Kitpivos, n, ov, (kitpov) of citron.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the scrpta, citron. κίττα, κυττάβίζω, κυττάω, Att. for sco-.

surrée, é, Att. for mes-.

enxáve [a], used only in pres. and impt. indic., in inf. mxáveur, and Med. mxároµau: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from attempt.—Ep. subj. sixeia, opt. mxelny, inf. sixfrau Ep. mxήµarau, part. sixeis and Med. mxήµaras: so impf. lei\nunu, part. sixeis (as if from sixeis); I pl. sixηµer, 3 dual sixήrτην: fut. sixήσοµai: aor. 2 kmκον Ep. sixen, part. sixeis: aor. 1 med. leixησάµην: Att. siγχάνω [a], q. v.:—to light upon, mest with, find: to arrive at.

raxelyv, opt. of mydru.

maxels, pres. part. of mixnu, - mixares.

mixelouev, Ep. for m xôμev, Ep. 1 pl. subj. of mixημ. mixeha, φ, Dor. for mixha.

mxtherm, mxtherms, v. sub mxtree thirthe, v. sub mxtree, mxtree, fut. of mxtree. πίχον, aor. 2 of mxtree.

KľXAH, ή, a thrush or fieldfare, Lat. turdus. mχλίζω, f. low Att. ω, to titter, giggle, formed lik mγχλάζω from the sound.

II. (πίχλη) to co

είχλαι, to live daintily.
ειχλίσθοντι, Dor. for ειχλίζουσι, 3 pl. of ειχλίζου ακλισμόν. δ. (ειγλίζου) α tittering, gingling.

usχλισμός, ό, (ειχλίζω) a tittering, giggling. ] (είχλη) dainty living.

alχρημι, fut. χρήσω: 20τ. Ι έχρησα: (see χρώω c. u)

— to lend. II. Mod. αίχράμαι, fut. χρήσο μαι

20τ. Ι έχρησήμαν: — to here lent to cone to here.

act. I expredupe:—to bave lent to one, to borrow.

\*KI'Ω, to go, pres. not used in indicat.; subj. sis
Ep. I pl. sloper; opt. slope, part. sider, snoven: imp
êxior Ep. slor:—to go: of ships, to sail.

II. =

KI'ΩN, ovos, δ and ή, a pillar, column. στήλη, a gravesions, Lat. cippus. [1]

κλαγγάνω, collat. form of κλάζω, of hounds, to gis tongue: of birds, to scream, screens.

κλαγγεύντε, Dor. for κλαγγούσε, 3 pl. of κλαγγώω, = κλά(ω, of hounds, to give tongue. κλαγγή, ή, (κλά(ω) any sharp, quick sound, as the many of the how, the acream of hirds the kinning of the how.

twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the hissing of serpents, the barking or baying of dogs; also the grunting of swine. Hence

κλαγγηδόν, Adv. with a clang, noise, din. κλάγερός, ά, όν, (κλάζω) screaming, screeching. κλάγξας, 201. I part. of κλάζα,

nhabaote, á, úr, (nhám) broken, fragile, brisile. nhábae, irreg. scc. pl. of nháboe.

shabas, Dor. for sheidas, acc. pl. of sheis.

nhabl, Dor. for nheibl, dat. of nheis.

ELABOON, 76, Dim. of ELABOO.

κλάδίσκος, ό, Dim. of κλάδος.

nhados, ov, d, (nhao) a young slip or about of a tree a young branch or about, esp. an olive-branch, which was wound round with wool and presented by suppliants.

KAAZΩ, f. κλάγξω: zor. I laλαγξα: Ep. zor. z laλαγςα, inf. κλαγεώ: pf. with pres. sense κέκλαγγα and κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώ», ότοε, also κεκλήγω στος (as if from a new pres. κεκλήγω):—Piss. paullo-p. fut. κεκλάγξομα:—to make a sbarp, quiel sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clash, clang, rattle: of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay: of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, ballon, sbrick forth, cry out.

khaleokov, Ion. impf. of shale.

κλάts, gen. κλάϊδος, ή, Dor. for κληθε, κλείε, Lat. elsei. κλατοτρον, Dor. for κλεϊστρον, κλεϊθρον.

ΚΛΑΙΩ Att. κλάω [8]: f. κλαύσομαι Dor. ελαυσούμαι: also κλαύσω Att. κλάήσω: aor. I ξελαυσε Ερ. κλαύσα:—Pass., paulio-p. fut. κεκλαύσα:—ραικ. καίλαυμαι and κέκλαυσμαι:—to weep, lament, wail: hence Att. phrase, κλαύσεται be sball weep, i.e. be shall repent it, bave cause to rue it: 23. κλαίων at

your paril, to your sorrow; nhacer so here, Lat. plorare te jubeo. II. transit, to bewail, mourn, deplore:-Pass. io be mourned for or lamented; also rendauphroe bathed in tears, weeping. nade, ande, f. Dor. for naels, a key. RAGES. Dor. fut. of Rheles, to shut.

EASTRIVEL, SOL. 2 inf. pass. of EASTW. uhapion, or, (nhapos) apportioning by lot. [d]

nhapos, nhapou, nhapovouis, Dor. for nhap-. nhare, Ep. for inhare, 3 sing. sor. I of nhaw.

αλάσζ-βάλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ή, (κλάω, βώλαξ) clod-break-

ελάσιε, con, ή, (ελάω) a breaking. [ἄ] nhaoma, area, to, (nhaw) that which is broken off. a fragment, piece, morsel.

κλάσσε, κλάσσετο, Ep. 3 sing. acr. 1 act. and med.

zhaorážu, f. áou, (zháu) to prune a vine, Lat. pam penare: metaph, to bring down, bemble, alacros, f. to, (alac) broken in pieces.

κλάσω, Dor. for ελάσω, fut. of ελάω.

khaveutos, o, (khales), a weeping, mailing. Hence κλαυθμυρίζω, f. σω, to make to seeep. Hence khaulutpious, 8, a crying like a child.

uhadua, aros, ró, (uhala) a weeping, wailing. n. z trouble, misfortune.

κλαύσθρα, by crasis for κλαύσα άρα. [σδ]

Exalore, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I of Exales Khavolae, (Khavole) to wish to weep; to buplot φθεγγόμετον έλλων ελαυσιά the door is like to weep, i. c. shall suffer, for creaking without cause.

Elauri-yelus, eroe, and e, o, (Elale, yeles) emiles end tears. [t]

κλαυσί-μέχος, ev, (κλαία, μάχη) parody on the

name of Lamachus, Rue-the-fight. Khaveopar, fut. of khale :- Dor. Khaveolyar.

κλαυστός οι κλαυτός, ή, όν, (κλαίω) weps, bewailed:

to be bewailed, mournful.

ΚΛΑ'Ω: f. κλάσω [ἄ]: sor, τ ξελάσα Ερ. κλάσα, Eldoon: sor. 2 part. Elds, as if from Elfiu :- Pass. 201. Ι ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—to break break off. break in pieces: of plants, to prune :- metaph. to weaken, enervate.

κλάω, Att. for κλαίω, as κάω for καίω. [ἄ] schea, Ep. shortd. form of sheea, plus, of shees, mhemvos or mheevos, f. br, poet. for mheuros, famous.

extender, Ep. for explain

a bolt or bar for closing a door.

scheics, contr. of shies, nom. and acc. pl. of shies. mandiov, 76, Dim. of mais, a little key.

Khalovyin Att. Khilo., to bold the keys, bay? the charge or exitody of; aheidouxeir beas to be priesters of a goddess: Pass. to be seatebed. From

KACB-OUXOS Att. KAnd-, or, (KAcis, Exw) bolding the keys, baving charge or sustody of: of a goddess, tutelary. mhando-duhaf, dros, o, f, (mhele, duhaf) - foreg.

maetles, f. maetles Dor. for mayles. κλείθρον Att. κλήθρον Ion. κλήθρον, τό, (κλείω) nhaves, f. er. (nheet) famous, renowned, illustrious. nheteal, nor. I int. of nhet(w, Dor. for nhy/w.

ndeis, f., gen. adeido: acc. adeida Att. adeir: pl. nom, adeides, sec. adeidas contr. adeis: Ion, adrie, en. khnidos, 200. khnida: old Att. khis, gen. khpboe, acc. nhiba:—a thing to close the door with: a key, by which the bolt (ôxeve) was shot or unshot from the outside: if the door was fastened on the inside, there was a latch (inde) by which the bolt was made fast to the handle (stopárn). 2. a bar or bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door. metaph, of silence, ships it had so a key on the tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down; elifae freir, like elyborrar, to wateb, bave the cbarge of. II. the book or tongue of a clasp. the collar-bone, Lat. jugulum; nante dwoipyet abxive τε στηθύε τε locks the neck and breast together. V. a narrow strait ot pass, a bench for rowers. such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as, Κλείδες της Κύπρου.

ndeis, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of ndele, nderdos. κλαστός, old Att. κλήστος, Ιοα. κληίστός, ή, όν,

to be abut or closed.

κλείστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Let. claustrum. under on, for, (under a), renounced, famous: of things, splendid, excellent.

KAEI'Ω (A); £ κλείσω: 201. I έκλεισα :--Pass. 201. I indelobyr: pl. nindelopal 2nd nindipal:-Ion, and Ep. pres. mante: f. mantou: aor. I imantou: Ep. κλήτσα -old Att. κλήω, f. κλήσω: aor. 1 feλησα: pf. pass. πέπλημας:-Dor. fut. πλαξώ. Lat. CLAUDO, to shut, shut up, close, keep fast: to confine: - Pass. to be about up.

Khele (B), post, for white, to eslabrate.

Kλαιώ, ούε, ή, (κλέοε) Clio, the Celebrator, the Muse of Epic Poetry and History

κλόμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) a thing stolen: a

2. a trick, device, stratagem.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and soc.: Ep. pl. κλέα, ndela for ndésa:—s rumour, report, sommon fame, news; ody alios news of thee :—a mere report, opp. to certainty; ήμειε δε κλέσε σίον δκούομεν, ουδέ τε lduer we hear a rumour only, but know not anything. II. good report, fame, glory : also repute, whether good or bad:—in plur, shin despon delbeir to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; axios deletes to win bonour.

khimman, Dot. for khimmy, acc. of khimma.

nheurior, verb. Adj. of nhierra, one must withhold KA STROKOV, Ion, imply of KASTO.

kheurip, spoe, o, and kheurys, ou, o, (kheuru) a thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.

κλεπτίστοτος, η, ον, Att. Sup. formed from ελέ TTYS the most arrant thief.

κλ<del>έστο</del>ν, γ. ελέ<del>στω</del>.

κλεπτοσύνη, ή, thievishness, knavery. From KAETITA: f. the, or med. although: sor. I toλεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:—Pass., aor. I δελόφθην: aor. 2 tellary [i], inf. election: pf. eielaeμαι:—
to steal, fileh, purloin: of women, to earry of:
part. elérrer, oven, or, thievish; elérror βléva he
has a thief's look.

H. to excen, ebeat, beguile,
dessive: hence to mislead.

III. to withbold, concoal, her serret, diaguise.

IV. generally, to do

feel, keep secret, diaguise. IV. generally, to do a thing stealthily or treasherously: so c. part., Elér-rew word he does it secretly.

uhapt-hpur, or, gea. oros, (αλέπτω, φρήν) of deceptive mind, dissembling κλεψί-χωλος, οr, (αλέπτω, χωλόε) disguising lame-

ness. [7]

Rhow-tope, \$\dagger\$, (\$\kappa\left\text{erm}\$, \$\text{top}\$) a water-clock, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instrad of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time

speeches in law-courts.

KAE' A Ef. uhelee (zhéoe) - zhý(ee, to tell of, celebrate, glorify, entol: -Pass. to be famous.

II. -

maxim, to sail.

m.cen, το seat. κλήδος, Att. for κλάδες, nom. pl. of κλής. κλήδην, Adv. (αυλίω) by name.

κληδόνισμα, ατοι, τό, (κληδών) α είχα οι απι.α. κληδ-ουχέω, κληδ-ούχος, Αtt. for κλειδ-. κληδών, όνος, ή, Ερ. κλαηδών and κληηδών: (κλέω):

an omen, presage, boding. II. a rumour, report: reputation, glory. III. a calling, invocation. κλήξω (Λ), f, ήσω: aor. I ladyσα: pf. pass. κέκλγσμα:—Ioa. pres. κλητίω Dor. κλείζω: (κλέου):—to

make famous, to celebrate. II. to name, call:—
Pass. to be spoken of, be mentioned.

nhifts (B), f. ou, late form for nhis, nhele, to

abut. κληηδών, Ερ. for κληδών.

RANDINGS, acr. I inf. pass, of sub-fet.

KAH'ΘPA Ion. κλήθρη, ή, the alder, Lat. alaus. κλήθρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κλήθρον, – κλείθρον. κληθεσσα, Ερ. for κληίσι, dat. pl. of κληίε.

κληζω, f. tow, Ion. for κλήζω. κληθρον, τό, Ion. for κλήθρον, αλείθρον.

Rhyle, 180s, t, Ion. for shels.

KANTON, Ep. sor. I of santes, sades.

κληζοτός, ή, όν, Ιοπ. for κληστός, κλαιστός.

nante, f. low, Ion. for naele, to sbut.

nature, ares, ré, (name) a shoot or twig broken off to be grafted on another tree, a slip, cutting: esp. a sine-twig, Lat. palmes. Hence

KAnuativos, n, or, made of vine-twigs.

ultiputate, idos, ή, Dim. of κλήμα: mostly in pl. brushwood, fagot-wood.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κλήρου, a small partion, κληρονομίω, f. ήσω, (κληρονόμου) to obtain a par-

interproduce, i. you, (exporence) to colain a partion of let: to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit. Hence

κληρονόμημα, ατος, τό, an inberitance: an

ndaporopia, 4, (ndaporopée) an inheritance, patrimony: generally, possession, property.

κληρο-νόμος, στ. (κλήρος, τέμομα) receiving one's κλίμάκου, τό, Dim. (
portion: as Subst., κληρόνομος δ, an inheritor, heir. ladder, a flight of stope,

ulapo-wilde, io, (elipos, willer) distributed by shaking the lots.

nhipos Dor. nhipos, ou, ô, a lot: twigs, potherds, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot.

2. a easting tota, drawing lots.

II. an allotment, portion, often of conquered land: an inheritance, satate, property: generally, lands.

III. the clargy, as opp. to the laity.

nkapouxée, fut. hou, (nkapoûxee) to possess at bold by allotment, to have allotted to one. Hence nkapouxée, h, the allottent or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the entrens of a state. 2, the body of ellizess among whom it was

state. 2. the body of ellizens among whom it was divided.—An Athenian skypovyla differed from a colony (dressia), in that the skypovyor were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

ukapovytube, 4, br. (akapovyla) of or for a akapovyla or apportionment of land.

nληρ-οθχος, or, (ελήρος, έχω) bolding or possessed of an allotment of land; esp. of land in a foreign country portioned out among the citizens as Subst., εληρούχος, δ, a portion-bolder.

2. metaph., σολλόν έτδυ εληρούχος possessed of many years, i.e. advanced in years.

ralipobe, f. west, (xhippee) to choose by lot, and generally, to choose: of the lot, to fall on one, designate:

—Pass. to be chosen by lot:—Med. to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted one.

II. to allot, assign, apportion:—Pass., xhippowras booking to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot. Hence

κλήρωσιε, εωε, ή, α choosing by lot. κληρωτόε, ή, όν, (εληρόω) αργοίαται by lot. κλης, κληβόε, old Att. for ελείε, ελειδόε.

uxifors, can, h, (uxxio) a calling: a calling into court, legal summons, citation: hence an indictment, impeachment.

2. a calling or invitation to a feast.

3. a name, appellation.

κλήστε, eas, ή, (κλήω = κλείω) a chutting up, closing, blockading.

κλήσω, fut. of κλήω – κλείω:—also of κλήζω. κλητεύω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητόο) to cits or summon

into court. II. to be a witness, give evidence.

Rhyrip, fipos, 8, (sahles) one who calls, a summoner. II. a witness, called to prove that this
legal summons has been served.

κλητός, ή, όν, (καλέω) called, invited : wedcome . called out, chosen.

nλήσο, old Att. for nλείσ, to acost.

«λιβάννης, ελίβάνος, ν. sub πριβαν»,

«λιθήναι, acr. I pass. inf. of nλίσω,

κλίμα [τ], τό, (κλίσω) an inclination, alope.

a region or zone of the earth, elime: elimate.

extrassion, ro, Dine, of extrast, a small stair of

u.

round of a ladder.

nhinat, anos, h. (nhivo) a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning aslant: a scaling-ladder: a II. an instrument like a ladder, sbip's ladder.

on which persons were tortured. III, in Soph. Trach., Rhipanes appirhentos seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each IV. in Rhetoric, a climax, a gradual asother. cent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, abiit evasit erupit.

κλίναν, Ep. for έκλιναν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

uhlvy, ή, (κλίνω) that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier. [1]

KATVINGL. 2 or. 2 inf. pass. of KAIVW.

ultrhons, es, (ulim, dogocir) bed-ridden. κλίνθην, Ep. 20r. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, a small couch. κλίνις, ίδος, ή. Dim. of κλίνη, a small couch.

κλίνο-πετής, ές, (κλίνη, πεσείν) bedridden. κλίνο-χάρής, έε, (κλίνω, χαρηναι) fond of bed.

κλιντήρ, ήροε, δ, (κλίνω) a couch, bed, sofa.

KAINΩ [1]: fut. κλίνω: aor. 1 ξκλίνα: pf. κέκλίκα: -Med., 201. Ι ἐκλῖνάμην:--Pass., 201. Ι ἐκλίνθην and ἐκλίθην [t], aor. 2 ἐκλίνην [t]: pf. κέκλιμαι: to make slope or slant, incline. 2. to make one thing slope against another, prop or rest it against. so turn aside; boose wales where to turn back the 4. to make recline or sit down, esp. at eyes. meat II. Pass, to be bent: to bend aside, SEDET W. 2, to lean, rest, support oneself against a thing. 3. to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discum-4. of Places, to be sloping; λίμνη κεκλιμένη sloping towards the lake. 5. to wander from the right course. III. Med. to decline, verge: so later in Act., & haires the sun declines; adirect Ent to yeipor to fall away for the worse.

**κλίσια** lon. -in, f, (κλίνω) a place for lying down: a but, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the Exician, but burned them on the spot: the collected Riverial formed a camp. II. a couch, bed. a company of people sitting at meals.

Exteriodes, ov. al, (Extra) folding-doors or gates: metaph. an entrance. Prob. better κλεισιάδεε, from πλείω to sbut.

uhisinger, Adv. (uhisia) out of a cot or tent.

untoinvoe, Adv. to a cot or tent.

ultow, to, (elia) the outbuildings round a Berdsman's lodge.

κλίστε, καν, ή, (κλίνω) a bending, inclination. a lying down, reclining. [Y]

ELICHOS, &, (ELIVE) a couch or chair for reclining. mairos, to, = raipa 11, a clime. [Y]

maltrue, voe, ή, acc. pl. κλιτύε: (κλίνω) a sloping place, siope, bill-side, Lat. clivus.

minos, o, with irreg. pl. shoid, as well as shoid: | learn by bearing, ascertain.

kλζμακτήρ, ήρος, δ, (κλίμαξ) the step of a stairease, | Aşt. κλφός: (κλείω):—a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillory.

> exortes, f. how, (nhoves) to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distract:—Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.

> KAO'NOZ, &, any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng. nhomalos, a, or, (nhan) stolen: furtive, stealthy.

> κλοπεύε, έωε, δ, (κλέπτω) a thisf: a secret doer. κλοπή, ή, (κλέπτω) theft. II. a stealthy act, fraud; wodoù exondr doévbat to steal away on foot. uλόπιοs, a, or, (κλοπή) thievish, artful.

ulouis, o, (elistu) a this.

nhorometo, to deal subtly: a lengthd, form of κλέπτω, κλωπεύω.

Eλύδων, ωνος, δ, (κλύζω) α wave, billow, surge. metaph., κλύδων κακών a flood of ills. Hence

KATBUVILOUGH, Pass, to be tossed by the waves. κλύδωνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, a little wave, ripple: but often like adidon, a wave: a surging sea.

ΚΛΥΖΩ: Ion. impf. κλύζεσκον: fut. κλύσω [v] Ερ. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. Ι ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυσμαι: -to wash or dash against, break over :- Pass. of the

sex, to be stormy, dash high: so intr. in Act., κύματα ελύζεσκον ἐπ' ήϊόνος the waves dashed, broke against the shore. II. to wash off or away: to wash

2. πισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον παρώ a wooden vessel washed or coated with wax. κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύμενος, η, ον, (ελύω) = ελυτύε, famous. [ĕ] κλύσμα, τό, (κλύζω) a liquid used for washing out: a clyster or dreneb. II. the part washed by the

waves, the beach. κλυστήρ, ήροε, δ, (κλύζω) a clyster-pipe, syringe.

κλύτε, 2 pl. 20r. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύτό-δενδρος, ον. (κλυτόε, δένδρον) famed for trees. κλύτο-εργός, όν, (κλυτός, έργον) famous for work. κλυτό-καρπος, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) famous with

κλύτό-μητιε, ι, (κλυτόε, μήτιε) famous for skill. **Ελύτό-μοχθος, αν, (Ελυτός, μόχθος)** famous for toils. κλθτό-voos, αν, contr. -vous, ουν, (κλυτόε, νόοι) famous for wisdom.

κλύτό-ποιε, παιδοε, ό, ή, (κλντόε, παίε) with famous cbildren.

κλύτό-πωλος, ον. (κλυτός, χώλος) famous for borses. κλύτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (κλύω) beard of, to be beard of, famous, glorious, renowned. glorious, noble, splendid, beauteous.

κλύτο-τέχνης, ου, ο, (κλυτός, τέχνη) famous for art, renowned artist.

κλύτό-τοξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) famous for the bow, renouned archer.

KAYΩ: impf. or aor. 2 ξελυον, imperat. sing. and pl. (as if from κλυμι), κλυθι, κλυτε. Ep. redupl. κέuλθθι, κέκλυτε:—to bear, to give ear to, listen to, bearken to: but also c. gen. to obey. 4. generally, to per-

II. to bear oneself called, be called so and so, like deoles. Lat. audio; masue adver to be ill spoken of.

KAΩBOZ, &, a cage, bird-cage.

khaypos, d. (sha(a) the mistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse.

KAΩZΩ, f. κλώξω, to croak, bave a boarse note, properly of jackdaws.

ΚΛΩ'ΘΩ, fut. κλώσω, to twist, spin, esp. of the

goddesses of fate. Hence Khath, ous, f. Lat. Klotho, one of the three Moissu or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμάκόσε, εσσα, er, stony, rocky, rugged. From KANMAZ or npujuak, dros, os, a beap of stones. kháv, gen, khavús, ô, (kháu) - khábos, a young shoot, sprout, twig, Lat. surculus.

Exercior, Dins. of Exer.

nhpós, Att. for nhoiós.

κλωπεύω, f. σω, = κλοπεύω, to steal.

Khwarkos, h, ov, (khay) thievish, furtive.

κλωπο-πάτωρ, opos, δ, ή, (κλάψ, πατήρ) of a thievish or unknown father. [d]

κλωστήρ, ήροε, δ, (κλάθω) a thread, yarn, line. Kluotos, 4, 60, (Klubu) spun, twisted.

κλώψ, κλωτία, δ, (κλέπτει) a thiaf, Lat. fur.

kvale, - Att, grae, like sale for Att, sae, etc. κνάκων, ανοε, δ, Dor. for κνήκων, the goat: see κνηκόε. evana, Dor. for ierhun.

Evauos, Dor. for evyuos.

κνάμπτω, old Att. for γνάμπτω.

EVÉRTO OF YVÉRTO: f. Vo: (Krás): to scratch; esp. to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the teasel or comb (svápos) which was used. taph. to mangle, tear, lacerate.

avácato, 2 sing. sor. I opt. mea. ot avác.

κνάσω, κνάσαι, Dor. for κνήσω, κνήσαι, fut. and ant. I inf. of svaw.

κνάφειον Ion. ήτον, τό, (κνάπτω) a fuller's sbop. κνάφεύε or γναφεύε, έως, δ, Lat. fullo, a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, elothes-cleaner.

κνάφεύω, f. σω, (κναφεύε) to full or eard cloth.

EVE OT ION. for EVECOTOR.

uvados, o, (uvaw) the prickly teasel, Lat, spina fullonies, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also a carding-comb; also used as an instrusuent of torture.

KNA'Ω, Att. 2 and 3 sing. sr ps, sr p, inf. sr pr; impi 3 sing. Evy Ep. wif (used in the sense of nor. 2): Iut. whom: not. I kwysa:—to scrape of grate, Lat. raders: to scrape off: metaph. to wear down, scrupe away:--Med., κνασθαι τά διτα to tickle one's ears. κνεφάζω, f. άσω, (κνέφαε) to cloud over.

uvehaios, a, or, also oe, or, (urépas) dark, gloomy, murky. 2. in the dark, either at nightfall or before daybreak.

κνέφας, τό, Att. gen. κνέφους; dat. κνέφα poët. uveque: (vépos) darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or down, Lat. diluculum.

Evil, Ep. for Exry, 3 sing. impl. of arde. κνήθω, f. κνήσω, (κνώω) to scratch. tickle:-Pass. to itch.

Evnetas, ou, o, v. sub evnete.

KNH KOZ, h. Lat. enecus or enicus, a plant of the tbistle kind.

IL as

uvnuos, h, or, Dor. uvanos, a, or, (urinuos) pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called a grace. and the wolf & synglas.

evhu-appos, or, (evhun, appos) white-legged.

KNHMH, h, the part of the leg between the knee and ancle, the leg, Lat. tibia.

ανημίδο-φόρος, ον, (κνημίε, φέρω) wearing greaves to protect the leg.

evoluis, idos, n. (evolun) a greave, leg-armour. reaching from knee to ancle; the armpubes consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (έπισφύρια); but βόειαι κνημίδες ate boots or leggings of ox-hide, to protect the lega.

evalues, o, (evalua) the clope or shoulder of a moontain; as it were the leg, opp. to rove (the foot). evyorden, f. dow, Desiderat, of graw, to mish to

serateb, to iteb.

κνήσμα, τό, (κνάω) an itching

κνησμονή, ή, -κνήσμα.EVACTUR, sas and soe, #; contr. dat. Evacti; (Erder) a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.

uvion, 4, (uvio) a nottle, Lat. urtica. [1] Kylbios, a, or, Cnidian, of or from Cnidos. From

Kvišos, 4, Cnidus. uvila, 42, 4, - uvila. From

uvile: f. uvise: sor, I fuvisa Dor. fuvisa:-Pass., sot. 1 levisby: (avia): -to scrape or grate. II. to make to itch: hence metaph, to nettle, tease, ebafe, ven:-Pass. to be teased, chafed,

fretted. uvimbs, br. (urlie) scraping, niggardly, miserly. KNTZA Ep uvloy, 90, 1, Lat nidor, the smell or savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice. the fat-eaul, in which the fiesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself. Hence uviodes, cood, ev. Dor, for eviobers

EVITARY. Dor. for EVITARY, dat. of EVITARIA

uvicam, f. now, (uvica) to fill with the steam or sovour of a burnt sacrifice. II. mtr. to rane the usan of sacrifies.

uvious. Dor. for uvila.

eviones Dor. eviolence coon, ev, (evila) full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming.

uvioua, to. (wife) that which is caused by itching : a scratch, scraping.

unoube, a, (willer) an itebing of the skin, dickling. irritation, fretting.

uvico-biéntie, ou, é, (eriou, debeu) bunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse,

evisora, evisorane, less correct forms for arison. muséeus, etc.

uvlawide, \$, dr, (uredou) eleaning with bornt energine

trito, δ, also \$, gen. ενίπος, pl. ενίπος, (ενίζω) α | kind of emmet, which gnaws figs.

evision, contr. for electa.

everage and - fourth, Dep. only used in pres., to whine, whimper, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

www.qoubs, b, a whining, whimpering.

κνύζημα, τό, - κνυζηθμύο.

uvolou, f. wow, to disfigure, make dim and dark. Kvúm, f. vom [v]: (xvám) to scratch or touch

gently. κνώδαλον, τό, any dangerous animal, a monster, beast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Kvister, ortos, o, (obovs) a sword: pl. kvistortes, two projecting teeth on the blade of a hunting spear; floore διπλοί ανώδοντες a cross-hilted sword.

KNO ZZO, only used in pres. to nod, slumber, sleep. modifices, o, a stupid fellow, booby. [4]

mode, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs spenenent node node.

KOGO, V. KOĆO.

κοβάλίκουμα, τό, a snavish trick. From noBaliceiu, to play the knave. From

**κόβάλος, δ, an** impudent rogue, an arrant knave: neut. Adj. 16βαλα, knavish tricks, rogueries. (Desiv. uncertain.)

KOTXH, h, a muscle or cockle, Lat. coneba: also a muscle-ebell. II. the case round a seal attached to documents: (hence ἀνακογχυλιάζω), to unseal). **Ebyxos**,  $\delta$ , also  $\eta$ , =  $Ebyx\eta$ , a muscle of cockle. **κογχύλη, ή, – κ** $\dot{\phi}$ γχη. [ $\dot{\theta}$ ] Hence

πογχάλιάτης (sub. λίθος), ου, δ, a shelly marble. [d] κογχύλιον, τό, (πογχύλη) a muscle or cockle: also its shell, generally, a bivalve-shell. [1]

mospavrys, ov, b, Greek form of the Lat. quadrans, - I of an as, about Id. English.

KOEΩ or nodes contr. nod, Ion. for rose, row, to mark, perceive, bear, observe,

módev. Ion. for múder.

nólopvos, o. Lat. cothurnus, a bushin or high boot, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles. the subopros was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the soesus of 3. since the buskins might be worn on either foot, & Kobopros was a nickname for a trimmer or time-server in politics.

κόθουρος, αν, - κόλουρος, without a sting.

notion, f. low, (not) to grunt like a young pig. moin, Ion. for wolf, dat. sing. of wolfe, Ion. solos, used as Adv. bowl in what manner? in what respect? κοιλαίνω, fut. ἄνω : sor. I ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοιλήναι, Att. Exoldara, inf. nordara: pf. pass. nenoldar pa: (EOD.01):—to make bollow, scoop, bollow out, **ποίλη, ή, a bollow, properly fem. of ποίλος; the** 

zzame of a diquos or borough in Attica. moulia Ion. -in, h, (noilos) the boiloss of the belly,

KOLVE dat. fest. of mouros used as Adv., in common. KOI', sound to express the grunting of young pigs. by common consent. 2. publicly.

κοινο-βουλέω, (κοινόε, βουλή) to deliberate in com-

κοινο-βωμία, ή, (κοινόε, βωμόε) community of altars, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar. KOLVÓ-ACKTPOS, OV, (KOLVÓS, AÉKTPOV) baving a common bed, a bedfellow, consort.

κοινο-λεχής, έε, (κοινύς, λέχος) sharing the same bed, a paramour.

κοινο-λογέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. - ήσομαι, aor. I

the belly, Lat. venter. 2. the contents of the belly. the bowels: tripe: black-puddings.

Roulie-walne, ou, o, (noulia, rulia) a tripe ct black-pudding seller. κοιλο-γάστωρ, epos, δ, ή, (κοίλου, γαστήρ) bollow-

bellied: hence bungry, ravenous.

κοιλό-ποδος, ον, (κοίλος, πέδον) lying in a bollow. KOTAOZ, n. or, bollow, bollowed; noilar vies, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, solly vans or solly alone was the bollow or bold of the ship; of Places, lying in a bollow or vale; of a road, sut deep, overbung: socker, to, a bollow place, bollow, recess; κοίλοε χρυσόε gold made into bollow *vessels*, i. e. plate.

κοιλ-όφθαλμος, ον, (κοίλος, δφθαλμός) bollow-syed. moundo-xeinna, es, (moinos, xeinos) bollous to the rim. norhow, f. wow, (nothor) to make bollow. κοιλ-ώδης, es, (ποίλος, είδος) bollow-looking. κοίλωμα, ματοε, Τό, (κοιλόω) a bollow.

κοιλ-ώνυξ, έχος, έ, ή, (ποίλος, όνυξ) bollow-boofed. monh-ways, ou, o, fem. nonhwars, coos, - nonhowos. KOLA-WEGS, Or, (KOLAOS, OH) bollow-looking. κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάοι.

rounde Ion. - to, fut. how, (respect) to Ivil to sleep. put to sleep, put to bed. 2. generally, to lull still, calm, tranquillise, sootbe, assuage.

Pass., fut. κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμησάμην, pass. knoιμήθην:—to fall asleep, go to bed: of animals, to lie down; κοιμήσατο χάλκιον ύπνον be elept a brasen

sleep, i. e. the sleep of death. 2. to eleep the eleep of death, be fallen asleep. κοιμέω, Ιοα. for κοιμάω.

κοιμηθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κοιμάω. κοίμημα, τό, (κοιμάω) είσερ; κοιμήματα αυτογέν.

ryra intercourse of the mother with her own son, κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing, sor I med, of κοιμάσι,

κοίμησιε, eas, ή, (κοιμάω) a cleeping. also resi, repose.

noulise, f. low Att. ie, - noiples, to put to eleep:to lay asleep, of the sleep of death. to lay to rest, to quench; to appeare, assuage. Hence uorprowhs, où, o, one putting to cleep. nouvár áras, ó, Dor. for nouvár, nouvarós,

governe. Dor. for gover to.

κοινάσομαι, Dor. for κοινάσομαι, fut. of κοινίω. ROLVÁGAVTES, DOT. for ROLVÁGAVTES, 201. I part. of κοινόω.

med. ἐκοινολογησάμην and pass. -ήθην: pf. κεκοινολόγημα: (κοινόε, λύγοε):—to take common counsel της έ with, to consult together.

Konvo-nhoos, ov., contr. -nhous, ov., (nowle, zhla)
zailing in common: making a joint expedition.

KOLVÓ-HOUS, &, \$, #018, 76, gen. #0800, (KOLPÓS, #060)

with common foot, coming together.

KOINO'Z, ή, όν, also be, όν, common, ebared in common.

II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθόν the common weal.

2. τὸ κοινὸν ἀναθόν the common weal.

2. τὸ κοινόν τὸς εκτρομδίτας ἀπὸ σοῦ κοινοῦ ὑν public authority, on the part of the state: also the public treasury;—τὰ κοινά the public moneys, public affairs.

III. of persons, impartial, affable, accessible.

2. of common origin, kindred.

IV. of forbidden meats, common, profase. Hence

κοινότης, ητος, ή, a sharing in common, fellowship. II. affability.

KOLVO-TOKOS, OF, (KOLYOS, TEKSÎF) born of common

parents.

10.000-\$\parents\$ fig. (\$\text{solve}\$, \$\parents\$, \$\parents\$ in common.

10.000-\$\parents\$ fire in \$\text{conv}\$, \$\text{gonv}\$ (\$\text{solve}\$) like-minded.

10.000-\$\text{solve}\$ in \$\text{conv}\$ for \$\text{solve}\$ (\$\text{solve}\$):—to make common, communicate, impart: to make a sharer in.

11.000-\$\text{sharer}\$ in \$\text{conv}\$ to make common or unclean, to pollute: \$\text{Mod. to deem common or unclean.}\$ II. \$\text{Med. to communicate,}\$ like the \$\text{Act.}\$ 2. take counsel, consult.

13. to be partaker or sharer in a thing, \$\text{conv}\$ em: also \$\text{c.}\$ acc. rei, to take part or share in.

III. \$\text{Pass. to bold communion, base intercourse with.}\$

ROLVÁV, êr os, Dol. ROLVÊV, Aros, ô, — ROLPAPÚS. ROLVAVÉL, É hou, (ROLVAVÉS) to be a partaker, bave a ubare of, to take part in; Rolvaveêr tivi to bave dealings with a man. Hence

κοινώνημα. ματος τό, a communication: and κοινωνία, ή, communion, fellouship, intercourse, κοινωνικό: ή, ω, communicative, social. From ποινωνός, δ, siso ή, (κοιτόε) a companion, partner, fellou, associale.

II. as Adj.—ποινύε.

wower, Adv. of nowle, in common, jointly: by common convent. 2. publicly.

motos, n. ov. lon. for wolce, a, ov.

κοιράνέω, f. ήσω, (κοίρανου) to be lard or master. to rule, command. 2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence κοιρανία Ion. -ίη, ή, lardsbip, rule. κοιράνίδης, ου ... - κοίριανο

KOTPANOZ, 6, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Kοιστυρόομαι, Pass. (Κοισύρα) to live like Coesura (wife of Alcmaeon), i. e. live a gay, fashionable life. κοιτάζω, (κοίτη), to put to bed: Med., with Dor. aor. I κοιταξάμην, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταίος, α, ον, (κοίτη) lying in bed, abed, helesp, 2.
as Subst., τὸ κοιταίον the lair of a wild beast.

wolten, f, (sequal) a place to lie down in, bed, couch: the marriage-bed: noity exer to be pregnant; wolves in pl. lendaces. 2. of animals, a lair, den, nest. II. eleep, the act of going to bed; The woltrys upp bed-time.

noîros, ô, - noiry.

2. a going to bed: elseping, elsep. Hence

κοιτών, ῶνοε, δ, = (κοίτη) α bed-room, bed-chamber. κόκκινος, η, ον, searlet, Lat. coccinens. From

KO'KKOZ, \$\overline{\pi}\$, a kernel, a berry: exp. the kermesberry used to due searlet

berry used to dye searlet

κόκκθ, properly of the bird's cry, enekoo: hence a

cry or call to a person; κόκκυ, μεθείτε, quick, let go.

κοκκύζω Dor. κοκκύσδω: f. ύσω: pf. κεκύκκϋκπ;

(κύκκυξ):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow. II.

to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry.

κόκκυξ, θγος, δ, (κόκκυ) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκύσδω, Dor. for κοκκύζω, κόκκων, ωνοε, δ. (κόκκοε) a pomegranate-used. κοκύσι, οί, anesstore. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολά, 2 sing. fut. med. of κολάζω.

κολάζω f. κολάσω: aor. I ἐκόλασα: also in Med., fut. κολάσομαι, Att. contr. κολώμαι, κολά: aor. I ἐκολασάμην:—Pass., fut. κολασόμουραι: aor. I ἐκολασάμην: pf. κεκόλασμαι: (κόλοε, akin to κολούω):—to prune, retrench: metaph. to bold in cheek, keep in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:—Pass. to be punished.

Kohawie, 180s, f, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and

meaning uncertain.)

κολάπεία, ή, (κολακεύω) flattery, favoring. κολάπευμα, τό, (κολακεύω) a piece of flattery. [ἄ] κολάπευτέος, α, ον, νατό. Adj. of κολακεύω, to be flattered.

κολάκουτικός, ή, ότ. (πολοκούω) flattering, femming. κολάκούω, f. σω, (κύλαξ) to flatter, fewm on:—Pass. to be flattered.

Kolān-świpos, & (zólaf, śropa) parasis-named, Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos,

KO'AAE, anos, &, a flatterer, faumer.

κολαπτήρ, ήροε, δ, a chiest, graver. From KOAA III a. f. yes, to bose, sut, chiest; of hirds

to peck.

ubliant, eas, \$\day\$, (uolafu) a pruning: a checking, punishing, correction, chaptening.

κόλασμα, τό, (κολάζω) ebastisement, punishment.

κολάστειρα, ή, fem. of μολαστήρ.

κολαστήριος, οτ, (κολαστήρ) fit for punishing. II.
25 Subst., κολαστήριον, τό, a prison. 2, a punishment, punishing.

κολαστήρ, ήροε, δ, –κολαστήε. κολαστής, οῦ, δ, (κολάζω) α εδαιάτει, μιαιεδικ.

κολάστρια, ή, fem. of κολαστήρ. κολάφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κόλαφου) so give one a

δοπ οπ the ear, buffet, suff.
κόλθφος, δ, (κολάπτω) α δοπ οπ the ear, suff.
κολόον Ιόπ. κουλούν, τό, – πολεύο, α sheath.

koleós, ó, or kólsov, ró, koulsóv, ró, (soiles) sessetb or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, f. ήσω, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. κόλλη, ηο, ή, giue, Lat. gluten.

νελλάβος, δ. - κόλλοψ. II. a kind of sebeaten cake, named from its shape.

weλλάω, f. ήσω, (κόλλω) to glue, cement. 2. to inlay: to weld. II. to join together, unite — Pass. to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to. woλλήσω, εσσα, αν, (κόλλω) glued together, close-

κόλλησιε, com, ή, (κολλόω) a gluing, comenting : κύλλησιε σιδήρου a welding of iron.

moλλητόs, ή, όν, (πολλάω) glued together, cemented, elosely joined, well-fattened.

κολλίκο-φάγος, ον. (κόλλιξ, φάγειν) roll-sating. ΚΟ'ΛΛΙΕ, Ικος, δ, a long roll of coarse bread.

KOΛΛΟΨ, oros, δ, the peg or seres of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened: metaph., κόλλονα δργήε δνείναι to unscrew your passion.

κολλύβιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κόλλυβος) α money-changer. ΚΟΛΛΤΒΟΖ, ὁ, α email eoin. 2. in plur, κόλλυβα, τό, small round cakes. [v] κολλύρα, ἡ, – κόλλιξ. [v]

κολλύριον, τό, Dim. of κολλύρα, eye-salve, Lat. collyrium, so called because it was made up in small

cases. [9]
woλeβόε, όν, (κόλοε) docked, eartal, Lat. eartus: of
animals, short-borned: also maimed, mutilated. Hence

κολοβόω, f. ώσω, to dock, surtail, shorten κολοι-άρχος, ου, δ. (κολοιός, άρχω) a leader of jackdaws, a jackdaw-general.

modordes, f. dow, (xodorde) to scream like a jackdaw.
modordes, d. a jackdaw, Lat. graculus: provetb.,
modorde nort modorde — birds of a feather flock together.'

modomaria, 4, or modomarov, 76, the colorasia or Egyptian bean, a plant resembling the water-lily, found

in the marshy parts of Egypt.

ω πολό-κύμα, τό, (κόλοε, κύμα) a large beaus wave before it breaks, the beaus swell before a storm.

κολοκίνθη οτ -κύντη, ηε, <sup>Δ</sup>, the round gourd or pumpkin, Lat. ευσωτόμα Hence

nolonivola, alon, h, food prepared from pumpkins.

nthou, ro, the colon or lower part of the bowels. From KO'AOZ, or, docked, curtailed, stunted, Lat. curtus; what dops a spear broken abort off: esp. of oxen, etc., bornless, abort-borned.

exologo 6. 8, a colossus, gigantic status; also simply a status. The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorostes.

κολοσυρτός, δ, a rabble or noisy crowd. n/roar.
κολούκη, f. σω: aor. I ἐκόλουσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκολούσην and -ούσθην: pf. κεκόλουμαι and ουσμαι:
(κόλου):—το doch, clip, curtail, cut abort, abridge:
metaph., έπου μεσσηγή κολούσι to cut abort a word
in the middle, Lat. praeciders, i.e. leave it unfinished;
βώρα κολούσιν to abridge, limit gifts. also
2. like
κολίζει, to check, restrain, put down.
2. λολοφών, ώγου, δ, α top, finishing, end,

κολπίας, ου, έ, (κύλπος) moelling in folds.

KO'AΠΟΣ, b, the bosom, lap. later also the mother's womb.

II. the lap or fold formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket.

III. anylap or bollow, θαλάσης κόλον ἐνοδύναι to go under the lap of ocean, i. e. the deep bollow between two waves.

2. a bay or creek of the son.—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. unus. Hence

nolution, i how, to form into a lap or fold: to make a sail belly or swell.

κολπ-ώδης, et, (εόλπος, eldes) embosomed, embayed. ΚΟΛΥΜΒΑΩ, f. ήσω, to dive: to evem. Hence κολυμβήθρα, ή, a place for diving, a swemmingbath: and

κολυμβητήρ, ήρος, δ, and κολυμβητής, οῦ, δ, (κολυμβόω) a diver, swimmer.

κολυμβίε, ίδου, ή, (κολυμβάω) ε sea-bird, α droer. κόλυμβου, δ, (κολυμβάω) α diver, εωίμπετ. Η -- κολύμβησιο.

Kόλχου, δ, α Colebian :—hence Adj Κολχικόυ, ψ, δν, Colebian : pocul. fem. Κολχίυ, ίδου.

κολφάω Ion. -έω, f. ήσω, (κολφό») to brawl, scold. κολωμονος, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of κολάζω. ΚΟΛΠΝΗ, ή, a bill, mound: esp. a sepulchral

mound, barrow, cairn, Lat. tumulus.

moλωνία, ή, the Lat. colonia, a colony moλωνός, ό, (πολόνη) a bill; πολωνός λίθων a beap of stones. II. Colonos, a demos of Attica lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneüs of Sophocles.

κολφός, οῦ, δ, (κολοιός) a brawling, wrangling. ΚΟΜΑΤΟΣ, δ, and ή, the strewberry-tree, arbitus. κομάρο-φάγος, ον, (κόμαρος, φάγειν) sating the

fruit of the arbitus.

κομάω Ion. - έω, Ep. part. κομέων: fut. ήσω: aor. I ἐκόμησα: (κόμη):—to let the bair grow long, wear long bair: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to plume oneself, to be proud, baughy, arrogant; οδτος ἐκόμησε ἐνὶ τυραντίδι be aimed at the monarchy. Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence κάρη κομόωντες 'Αχαιοί in Homer. At Sparts the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year. II. of horses, to be decked with manes. III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., to have leaves or foliage.

Kopierke, 3 sing. Ion unpf. of sopies.

KOME'A, f. how, to take care of, attend to, tend.

KO'MH, \$\overline{\psi}\$, the bate Lat. coma; relpardat repups fo have one's bair cut close in sign of mourning. Il. metaph. like coma, the foliage, leaves, of trees.

Κομητ-δμυνίας, ου υ, (κομήτης, Αμωνίας) Curcomb' Απγηιας.

κομήτης, ου, δ, (κομάω) long-baired; lès κομήτης δ fealbered arrow. 2 leafy, gra: sy. II. a comet. κομίδη, ή, (κομίζω) attendance, attention, care: also the management, care of a gardon. II. a bringing | τέχνην to boast one's art:—Pass. to be made a boast, or earrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. commedius frumenti, a gathering in of harvest:-also 2. (from Med. soul(ouss) a provisions, storm. earrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery. (from Pass. roul (opas) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

moutoff, dat. of rough used as Adv., with ears carefully, exactly: wholly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, comby her our very much so indeed, just so, ay and more than that.

nometimeda, Dor. for nomotimeda, I pl. contr. fut.

med, of soul(a.

Roulle: f. low Att. id: 201. I decimou Ep. decimou and róme ou: - Med., Att. fut. romov pau: Ep. 201. I depμισσάμην and κομισσάμην :-Pass., £ κομισθήσομαι: nor, I επομέσθην: pl. κακόμισμαι: (κομέω):—to take care of, provide for, supply :- Med. to receive bospi-3. of things, to take care of, take beed to, mind. The abrils toya some mind thine own II. to carry away, in order to save; rempter soulfers to carry away a corpse:-Med. to carry with one, resewe, save, cf. έρύομαι; κόμισαί με 2. to earry off or convey me away, rescue me. eway, bear off:-Med, to carry off as a prize: also 3. to bring to a place: to to get, gain, receipe. gather in com; to introduce, import. 4. to com-5. to fetch back, redeem :- Med. to duct, escorte get back, recover. III. Pass. so be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake onea to come back, return.

κομιοθμαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω. requierance, a sing, acr. I med. opt. of soulfa. nopura and nopurous, Ep. sor. I of nopila.

ROMOTIOS, a, or, verb. Adj. of roul(w, to be taken care of, to be gathered in.

κομιστήρ, ήρος, ό, - κομιστής.

κομιστής, οῦ, δ, (κομίζω) one sobo takes care of, a protector, guardian. II. a bringer, conductor. κόμιστρα, τά, (κομίζει) rewards or rayment for

mound, Att. contr. fut. of manifes.

κόμμα, τό, (κόπτω) that mbich is struck or cut, the wamp or impression of a soin: proverb., wornpoil no pparce of bad stamp. 2. generally, coin, a short clause in a sentence, Lat. comma. Hence

κομματικός, ή, όν, framed in short clauses. KO'MMI, 76, gum, Lat. gummi; indecl.

κομμός, οῦ, ὁ, (κόπτω) a striking: esp. like Lat. planetus, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge. II, in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the charus, mostly a mournful dirge.

коносотте, коносоттех, Ep. part. dual and pl. of co uda.

saving.

κομόωντι, Dor. for κομώσι, 3 pl. of κομάω.

κομπάζω, f. άσω, (κόμποε) to vaunt, boast, brag: e. acc., nound few do you to speak big words; nound few placetered, sobited sepulchies.

be renowned.

Kopmarets, b, Comic word, one of the barough Kópros, a Brageman.

κόμπασμα, τό, (κομπάζω) ε boast: in pl. boasts. vaunts, braggart words.

nounder, f. how, (no pros) to ring, clash, rattle. metaph, to utter high-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:-Pass, to be boasted of.

nouno-landes, f. free, (source, landes) to salk big, be an empty braggart. Hence

κομπολακύθης, ου, δ, braggart, boaster. [٧]

KOMIIOZ, o, a noise, din, clash, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, metal. vanni.

rourés, é, (rourie) a boaster.

KOLHO-GAKENOP-PILLER, OF, SCO. OFOR, (KOLHOR, GAreλos, βήμα) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

noun-adre, et, (alunos, eldas) boastful.

nouveda, 4, (no poleviu) elegance, refinement: afte-

nount-suptrumus, Adv. (no popos, Esperiège) with the prettiness ot affectation of Euripides.

rouverou, f. ou, (rojetoe) to make elegant, refine; no popere the difar refine on your suspicion, like Lat. argutari: - Med. to refine overmueb: - Pass. to play the exquisite.

KOMPO-EPERTS, és, (KOMPÓS, EPÉRE) dainty-com-

κομψός, ή, όν, (κομέω) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. comptus: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. bellus bomo. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

κομψώς, Adv. prettily, enquisitely: Comp., κομφοτέpor exer to be better in health.

κονάβίω, f. ήσω, (κόναβου) to resound, clash, ring: to re-ecbo. Hence

κονάβηδόν, Adv. with a elash, ringing. κονάβίζω, έ. ίσω, – κοναβέω.

KONABOZ, b, a clashing, ringing.

KONATAOZ, 6, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles. novem, f. 40m, (nivis) to raise dust, to basten.

rovia Ion, and Ep. rovin, h. (rives) dust, a rioud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; rodan indrepde north lovar' despondern from beneath their feet the dust stood rising: - freq. in plan. sovies, in collective sense, like Lat, arenae; sistem in soringes, to fall in 2. dust or sand. II. cinders or the dust. ashes, also in plur., like Lat. cineres.

ponent. [I" in Homer; in Att. mostly L.] κονζάπος, ή, όν, plastered, whitewashed. From novides, pf. pase. nenovidua: (novies):—to planter with lime, to plaster, Lat. dealbare; Tapos success.

powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being

oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the op-

tovija, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms informe, senioropa; see series.

umn-aprie, i, (ubre, berryu) dust stirred up, a cloud of dust: mostaprie Sign examplers a cloud of woodsches. II. metaph. a dirty follow.

mirros, a, er, (mirus) dusty.

KOMIZ, see Att. one, \$\frac{1}{2}\$: dat. short for short; = sopla, dust. II. the dust of ashes, ashes. III.
the possion with which servathers over sprinkled after
being offed, of. seein; metaph, of toil. [?]

profording [7], \$, (aders) dest, a cloud of dest.

words: int. low [7]: nor. I keleton:—Pass., pf.

make desty, cover, fill mith dest:—Pass., recoverable

all covered with dest, i.e. in the greatest haste: so
in Med., milious happine make beste and take.

2.

to aprinkle or cover as with dust, stress over.

III.

intr. to raise dest, make baste, speed.

movves, contr. move, - perves me.

KONNOΣ, δ, the beard. 2. Kórros, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; Κόνrου ψήφου, proverb. of something worthless.

worrbs, ov, å, a pole, csp. a punting-pole, Lat. contus. 2 the shaft of a pike.

movie-phopos, or, (morroe, phow) carrying a pole or pile: harling a pile.

KONTZA contr. wvifa, ne, n. feabane, pulicaria.
wowifa, f. dow: acr. 1 lubraca: (ubros):—to
grow tired or weary · generally, to abate, lull.

Ebution, to, (ebutu) an instrument for braying, a

peula: also 2. – comis, an ans.

monete, acr. 2 inf. of wirre: nowels, acr. 2 part. pass. monerés, é, (sberouse) a wailing, mourning. monete, lan, é, (sbero) a chies.

word, 4, (sbure) a striking: a cutting in pieces,

slaughter.

nombe, f. dow [d]: 201. I keerlana. pf. nenerlana: (norse):—to work bard, work till one is weary. II. to be tired, grow weary; nomâr brò dradûr to be enhanted by good things.

ubura, cen, d, (abura) a babbler, wrangler.

monts, Bos, 4, (sours) a chopper, cleaver, bill-book.

nature, ou, b, (nature) a striking, beating.

Hence mouths, twiffering, pain, wearmers. Hence mouths, f. from, to weary:—Pass.— nouther, sature, vb, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, substruct, vb, a letter of the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was \( \gamma\), cf. nouverias. In the alphabet Koppa stood between \( v\) and \( \rangle \), like the Lat \( q\), and was retained as a numeral—90, as were also ora\( \rangle \).

and σάμπ, qq. v. Hence
κοσπάτια, ον, δ, έππος, α borse branded with the
Batter Κορρα (Ψ) as a mark. Cf. σαμφόραs.

κοπράγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry dung. From κοπράγωγέω, όν, (κόπροε, έγω) carrying dung. πόπροεο, α, ων, (κόπροε) full of dung, filthy. ποπρέα, ή, (κόπροε) a dungbill.

uomplija, f. low Ep. loom, (nbapos) to dung, manure, uompo-λόγοε, or, (nbapos, λόγω) collecting dung or manure: hence a dirty fellow.

KO'IIPOZ, \(\dag\), dung: manure: filth, dirt. II. a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

nonpopopolu, f. hou, to earry dung: to cover with dung or dirt. From

κόπρο-φόροε, ον. (κόπροε, φίρω) carrying dung; κόφινοε κοπροφόροε a dung-basket.

κοπρώη, ώνοε, δ, (κόπροε) a place for dung, privy. κόπτεισα, Dor. for κόπτουσα, part. fem. of κόπτω. κοπτός, ή, όν, (κόπτω) beaten, bruised, pounded.

KOππα: κόψω; sor. I έκοψα; pf. κέκοφα, Ep. part. nenovás:-Pass., aor. 2 dnowny: pf. nénoupal: -to strike, smite, cut. 2. to knock down, fell, 3. to cut off, chop off; direct nonrew to set down, fell trees; hence absol., EUTTELY THE YMPOR to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees; to damage, burt; ppevor kekoppivos, deprived of 4. to bammer, forge: also to sense or reason. stamp, soin money, Lat. percutere nummos: - Med. 5. κύπτειν την θύραν εο to coin oneself money. knock or rap at the door, Lat. pulsare. small, ebop up. 7. of birds, to peck at, strike with the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, II. Med. sówropai, to beat or strike oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. plangere: also, róntesbal tiva to mourn for any one, Lat. plangere aliquem.

nopěkivos, č, (núpaž) a young raven.

KOPAH, anos, δ, a raven or erow: Proverb., λευκοί κόρακες, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual;
έρρε δε κόρακες, or δε κόρακας alone, like Lat. pasce
corvos, go and be hanged! βάλλ' δε κόρακα hang
him! hang it! II. anything booked like a raven's
beak, as, I. an engine for grappling ships. 2.
a booked bandle of a door, like κοράνη. 3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of κύρη, a little girl, damsel.

κόραυνα, ή, a barbarism for κόρη.

wopβûv, δ, indeel., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering.

2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. low, (κύρδαξ) to dence the κύρδαξ. κορδακισμός, δ, the dencing the κύρδαξ.

KOPAAR, axos, b, the cordan, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; xopoaxa thawau to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

KOPATAH [8], η, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling. II. a covering for the head, head-dress; lykekopδυλημένοε wrapt or rolled up.

Ropies, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of Ropievum.

κορέννθμι: f. κορέσω Ep. κορέω: 20τ. 1 ἐκόρεσα Ep. κόρεσα:— Med., 20τ. 1 ἐκορεσάμην Εp. ἐκορεσάμην and κορεσσάμην:— Pass., 20τ. 1 ἐκορέσθην: pf. κεκόρεσμαι fon. κεκόργμαι; 21so pf. act. part. with pass. sense, κεκορημα, ότου: (κόρου):— to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing.

bave one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φυλόπιδος κορέσα-

mopeoralaro, 3 pl. nor. I med. opt. of mopervum.

κορέσσατο, Ερ. 3 sing. sor. I med. of κορέννυμι. κόρευμα, τό, maidenbood. From

moperous, f. κορευθήσομαι: Pass.: (κόρη):—to be a maid, grow up to maidenbood.

KOPE Ω, f. haw. to sweep, be usb; κορείν την Έλλάδα to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people. κορέω, Ep. fut, of κορέννυμ.

κόρη Ion. κούρη Dor. κώρα, ή, fem. of κύρος, κοῦρος, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like
νύμρη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of
a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κοῦραι
Διός II. a pupper, doll, Lat. pupa. 2. the
pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it,
Lat. pupa, pupilla. III. a long sleeve reaching
over the hand.

Kόρη Ion. Κούρη, ή, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as τŷ Μητρί καὶ τŷ Κοόρη.

ogether, as τη μητρίκαι τη κουρη. κόρηθρον, τό, (κορέω) α besom, broom.

κόρημα, τό, (κορίω) sursepinge, refuse. 2. a besom, broom

πορθύνω, πορθύω [5]

κόρθύε, υσε ή, κορυε) a rising, beap.

approse or -ύνω, (κύρθυς) to lift up, raise, abou its erest:—Pam, κύμα κορθύεται the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

KOPľANNON, τό, coriander, the plant or seed. κορίδιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη = κοράσιον.

mopliouas, f. -loopas, (nopp, nopeow): Dep.:-to fondle, caress, coan,

Kopivotos, a, or, also Kopivotanos, f, br, and fem. Kopivotas, ados, f:—Corinthian. From

Kόρινθος, ή, Corinth, the city and country: anciently Έφύρη: Adv. Κορινθόθι, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl.

KOPIZ, toe Att. eas, d, a bug: pl. slopes, ol.

Roplostov, To, Dim. of Ropy.

κόρκορος οι κόρχορος, δ, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimparnel. (Donv. uncertain.)

κορκορύγη, η, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: any bollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound.)

κορμός, δ, (nelpo) the trunk of a tree with the boughs lopped off, a log.

KOPOZ, ou, ô, one's fill, satisty, surfeit, Lat. satistas; rópor exeur rurbs to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satisty, surfeit: hence it psolence, petulance; rpds rópor insolently.

nopos, ov, o, lon. nolpos Dor. nopos, (relpe) a boy, lad, youth, stripling.

2. with genit. of pr. names, a son. Cf. nopy.

uópos, ó, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρση, ή, later Att. κόρρη Dor. κόρρα, (κάρα) the side of the forehead; ένὶ κόρρης πατάσσειν to slap on the face. II. the bair on the temples.

Kopuβάντειος, a, or, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Kopθβavriám, f. άσω, (Κορύβas) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant. Κορθβas to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορθβαντ-ώδης, εε, (Κορθβας, elbos) Corybant-like, frantic.

rranne. - Κορύβūs, αντοε, δ, a Corybant priest of Cybelé in

Phrygia. [v]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίε, -αλλόε, - κόρυδοε.

nópv80s, δ, and nopv86s, ἡ, (κόρυε) the crested or tufted lark, Lat. alanda eristata. nópv8a, ηε, ἡ, (κόρρη, κόρυε) a sold in the bead, a

running at the nose, eatarrh, Lat. pitulta. IL metaph. drivelling, stapidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold.
Ropuda, κόρυθας, acc. sing. and pl. of κόρυς.

nopvo-att, ince, (nopve, alrow) belmet-shaking, with waving plume. [8]

κορύθ-αιόλος, ον, (κόρυς, alόλος) unit glancing belm. κόρυμβος, δ, pl. κορύμβα as well as κόρυμβοι: (κόρυς, κορυφή):—the top, peak, summit: κόρυμβα τήθων the high peops of the ships. II. the cluster of the ivy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers.

κορυνάω, f. ήσω, to put forth knobs or buds. From κορύνη, ή, (κόρυs) a slub, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace; also a shepherd's staff. [8]

fighting, a mase: also a shepherd's staff. [8] wordings, on, b, (soperdo) a club-bearer, one who fights with a club or mase.

κορύνη-φόροε, ον, (κορύνη, φέρω) club-bearing: κορυνηφόροι, ol, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of δορυφόροι,

κορυνιάω, - πορυνάω: in Ep. part., πορθειόωντα πέ-

τηλα sprouting leaves.

κορυπτίλος, δ, one that butts with the head. [7] From κορύπτω, f. ψω, to butt with the head. From κόρδε, έθος, ή, acc. κόρδα and κόρδο, (κάρα) a hel-

κόρδε, έθοε, ή, acc. κόρδθα and κόρδν, (κάρα) a belmet, belm, casque. II. the bead. Hence κορύσσω, fut. κορύξω:—Med., act. I έκορωσσάμων.

part. πορυσσάμενο: —Pass., pf. πεπόρυθμω: —to στακ with a belmet: generally; to arm, equip, array: — Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to dio battle, fights: also of things, δούρε πεπορυθμένα χαλεφ spears beaded with brass. 2. generally, to furnish, provide.

II. to make erested; πόρυσσε κύμα the river reared his wave to a crest: —Pass. to sometho a crest or bead, rear its bead, as a wave does. Hetcos πορυστής, ού, δ, a man armed with a belied, and

armed warrior.

soptificia, fi. (sopuff) the head-stall of a bridle.

soptificity, ro, the upper rim of a hunding-net.

strictly neut. from sq.

κορύφαίοs, a, ov, (πορυφή) at the bead:--

paios the foremost man, leader, chief; in the Att. Drama, the leader of the chorus.

κορύφη, ή, (κόρυε) the head, top, summit: the crown or top of the bead. 2. the top or peak of a moun-3. metaph. the highest point, acme, prime. κορθόδω, τ. ωσω, (κορυφή) to bring to a bead, make

reaked:-Pass., Rupa Ropupoural the wave rises to a II. like kepalacow, to bring to an end, tum up.

κορων-εκάβη, ή, (κορώνη, Εκάβη) an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba. [4]

ROPEWEES, W. A. of a raven-grav colour. From ecoporus, i, (koporus) a kind of sea-foul, sea-2. a crow or raws, Lat. cornsu. и. anvibing booked like a crow's bill, as, I. the vandle on a door 2. the np of a bow, on which the bowstring was hooked. 3. the tip or projection of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked. C rooat.

κορωνιάω, f. άσω, (κορώνη II, to bend, curve. of a horse, to arch the neck.

nopuvis, 180s, 4. (nopuvy n | ss Ad). erock-beaked: generally, erooked, eurved, bent, booked. kine, with crumpled borns II. as Subst. anything curved: I. a wreath or garland, Lat. co-2. a flourish with the pen at the end of a rose. book : generally, the end, completton.

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλείν) shooting crows: -as Subst., κορονοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for crow-shooting.

κορωνός, ή, όν, (πύραξ) curved, bent: of kine, with erumpled borns.

mooretvoode, Adv. (moorevor) as in a sieve.

mooralvo-parties, soe Att. cas, o, and of, (nooraror, parties a diviner by a neve.

KO'ZKI'NON, To, a sieve.

κοσκυλμάτια, αν. τά, (σκύλλω) parings or sbreds of leather: metuph, of the scraps of flattery of the tanner Cleon.

κοσμέω, f. ήσω, (κόσμοι) to order, arrange: esp. to set an army in array, marshal it; and in Med., nonμησάμενος τολιήτας baving mariballed his countrymen; dopror nos peir to arrange a repast. to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick OM/, embellish. 2. of persons, to bostour them, IV. in Pass. adorn, be an benour or ornament to. to be assigned to, be classed under.

κόσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κοσμέω.

goouny, Dor, inf. of goomes.

ποσμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (κοσμέω) an orderer, arranger. 3. An adorner.

κοσμητός, ή, όν, (κοσμέω) well-arranged, regular. κοσμήτωρ, opos, δ, (κοσμέω) a commander. κοσμικός, ή, ίν, (εύσμος) of the world, earthly,

zvorldly. κόσμιος, a, or, also os, or, (κόσμος) well-ordered,

moderate, regular: of persons, orderly, well-behaved, modest; τὸ κύσμιον order, decorum. Hence

κοσμιστης, ητος, ή, propriety, decorum, orderly bebaviour.

nouples, Adv, of nouples, regularly decently; Comp. 100 μώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμης συ, ό, (κοσμέω, κύμη) dressing the bair,

κοσμο-κράτωρ, opos, δ, (κύσμος, κρατέω) ruler of this world. [d]

κοσμο-κλόκος, ον, (κύσμος, πλέκω) framung or bolding together the world.

κόσμος, ου, δ, (κομέω) order: κατά κυσμον οι κύσper in order, duly; ovolve nique in no sort of s. good order, good behaviour, decency, 3. a set form or order; of states, government. mode or faibion of a thing. II. an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment: play, ornaments. an bonow, credit. III. the world or universe from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus. κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) world-destroy.

κόσος, η, ον, Iou. and Acol. for πύσος. κόσσάβος, δ, Ion, for κύτταβος. κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, δ, a blackbird. Kotalve, - Kotée, to bear batted against. Kore and Koré, Ion. for more and more.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for σύτερον, σύτερα, κοτέω, Ερ. aor. 1 κοτέσα: Ερ. pl. part. κεκοτηώε:-Med., Kotéoman: Ep. 3 pl. impf. Kotéorto, Ep. fut. κοτέσσομαι: Ερ. 201. Ι έκοτεσσάμην, κυτεσσάμην: (notos):-to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice againet, envy, Lat. invideo: proverb., repapete repaμεί κοτέει, εί, κεραμείε.

Kothas, essa, ev. (Rotéw) angry, wrathful, jea-

KOTTYN-66pos, or, (xitivos, ofpa) producing wild olive-trees

KOTINON, & or to the wild clive, Lat. ole-

KOTTVO-TPAYOS, OF, (KOTIVOS, TPAYEIV) eating the wild

πότορνος, δ. Ion. for κόθορνος.

KOTOZ, ov, o, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, anger, wrath: later, envy, jealousy.

κοττάβίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, (κύτταβοε) to play at the

κόττάβος Ion, and old Att. κόσσαβος, δ, the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinkingparties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game

was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.) KOTTA'NON, to, a small fig. Lat. cottanum. 2. a liquid KOTY AH, h, a small cup or versel. measure containing 6 suabos or a + feorms, nearly a pint. II. the cup or socket of the hip-bone.

Hence κοτύληδών, ένοε, ή, any cup-like bollow: in pl. the suckers on the feelers of the polypus, Ep. dat. κοτυληδονόφιν. II. the socket of a joint κοτύλ-hρύτος, αν. (κοτύλη, dρύω) that can be drawn in cups, i. c. flowing copiously.

κοτύλίς, ίδος, ή, -loucov, τό, and -louce, δ, Diminutives of κοτύλη, a small sup.

κότυλος, δ, = κοτύλη.

Rou, by crasis for rai od.

κοῦ and κου, Ion. for τοῦ and του. κοῦκέτι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκέτι.

mouheby, mouhebs, Ion. for moheby, mohebe.

κοθμι, Hebrew word, arise.

koupá, âs, ħ, (xelpa) a clipping or cropping of the lightly. hair or beard, as a sign of mourning. II. a lock KO'4 set off.

κουρείον, τό, (κουρά) a barber's abop.

koupevs, los, d, (kelps) a barber, bair-cutter, Lat. tonsor: hence a tatler, gossip.

κούρη, ή, Ion. for κόρη. II. also Ion. for κουρά. κουρήζος, η, ον, Ion. for κόρειος, youthful. κούρητες, ων, οί, (κόρος, κούρος) young men, young

warriors.

Koupilres, es, ol, the Curëtes, inhabitants of Pleuron in Actolia

κουρίας, ου, δ, (κουρά) one who wears his hair soort.
κουριάω, f. άσω, (κουρά) to wear untrimmed wir.

2. of the hair, to need clipping.

κουρίδιος, α, ον, (κούρος, κούρη) wedded, lawfully wedded; κουρίδιος πόσις her wedded husband; then, as Subst., (without πόσιε), κουρίδιος φίλος her dear busband. 2. more frequently of the wife, κουρίδιο δλοχος his lawful, wedded wife, as opp. to a concubine (παλλακίς); so, 3. κουρίδιος λέχος the bed of lawful marriage. 4. κυρίδιος λέχος the bridal robe.

youth. II. trans. to bring up to manhood.

κούριμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (κουρά) fit for cutting or shaving bair, transbant.

11. pass. shorn, cropped, clipped:—as Subst., κούριμος, ή, a mask with the bair cut shor..

Kouple, Adv. (Koupá) by the bair.

κουρο-βόρος, οτ, (κούρος, βιβρώσκω) devouring children; κουροβόρος πάχνη the blood of eaten children. κούρος, δ, lon. for κόρος, α boy, youth, son.

κουροσύνη, ή, (κοῦροε) youthful prime, youth: hence

nouportepos, a, or, Comp. of roupos, younger, more youthful.

κουρο-τόκος, ον, (κούρος, τεκείν) bearing boyechildren.

κουρ. πρόφος, ον, (κούρος, τρεφω) rearing boys: so Ithacs is called άγαθή κουροτρύφος a good nursing-mother of boys.

κουστωδία, ή, the Lat. eustodia, a watch, guara. κουφίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κοῦφοκ): I. intr. to light light up, raise: κουφίζειν αλμα to make a light leap.

2. metaph.

suckers on the feelers of the polypus, Ep. dat. κοτυλη- to lighten, assuage, relieve: of persons, to relieve them δονόφιν.

II. the socket of a joint from burthens. Hence

κούφίσιε, κων, ή, a relief, alleviation.

κούφισμα, ατοι, τό, (κουφίζω) that which is lifted up. 2. a lightening, relief.

κουφολογία, ή, light talking. From

κουφο-λόγος, ον, (κοῦφος, λέγω) lightly-talking. ΚΟΥ ΦΟΣ, η, ον, light, nimble: neut. pl. κοῦφα as

Adv., lightly. 2. metaph. easy, light: -empty, vain, idle. Hence

κούφως, Adv. lightly: Comp. εσυφοτερον, more lightly, with lighter heart: Sup. κουφότατα, most lightly.

KO'ATNOZ, &, a basket.

κοχλίας, ου, δ, (κόχλοε) a snail with a spiral shell, Lat. cochlea. II. anything swisted spirally, a screes: a spiral stair.

κοχλίον, τό, Dim. of κόχλος, a small snail.

KOXAOX, ov. 6, a shell-fish with a spiral shell: the shell itself: sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat concha.

κοχύδέω, Ion. impf. κοχύδεσκε:—to stream forth copiously. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην.)

KOKΩNH, ή, dual soxásed, the bams. κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. 201. I med. of κόπτω.

κόψτχος, δ, = κόσσυφος, a blackbird. Κόωνδε, Adv. (Κόων Ερ. for Κῶε) to Cos.

κράατος, κράατι, κράατα, lengthd. forms of *κράτος*, κράτι, κράτα, gen., dat., acc. of κράε = κάρα, a bead. κράββάτος, ό, a couch, Lat. grábūtus. (Maced. word.) κράγόν. Adv. (κράζω) with loud cries.

npalod...., (npalów) to swing, brandish, shake; —Pass... to vibrate, quiver.

KPA AA'Ω, to brandish, shake.

updon, h, (upadan) the light quivering spray at the end of a branch: generally, a branch, esp. of a figtree: hence a fig-tree. [a]

κράδια, ή, Dor. for κραδίη, καρδία. κραδίη, ή, Ion. and Ep. for καρδία.

KPAZΩ: fut. spdfss, but Att. in paullo-post form κεκράγομα: aor. I έκραγα: aor. 2 έκράγον: pf. with pres. sense κέκράγα, I pl. contr. κέκραγμεν. imperat. κέκραγα, part. κεκράγόκ, inf. κεκράγόκτε: :- to eroak, properly of the raven: generally, to ser-seam, sereseb, ery: hence c. acc. to call out or clamosur for a thing.

κράθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κεράννυμι.

RPAINΩ, fut. κρανθήσομαι, but also Ep. fut. inf. im passing boyschil
ring boys:

act. I imperat. κράνθην: Homer mostly uses the Ep. form κραιαίναι, 3 sing. impf. έκρανδην: 3 sing. pf. pass. κεκράανται, and plapf. κεκράαντα: 3 sing. pf. pass. κεκράανται, and plapf. κεκράαντα: 3 accomplish, bring to pass, fulfil, εκενιε:—Pass. 20 he accomplished, brought to pass; ού μοι δοκτέει του μρ, raise:

αρ γ όδῷ κρανέσοθαι it seems to me that it will not be accomplished by this journey; κέκρανται ψήφφου the vote bath been determined; also of worksmannship.

YPUT & ET XELDER RERPARTURE the edges are finished II. intr. to bave the ruling fower: hter c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, goaiver ornitos to sway the sceptre.

also to come to an end or result in a thing.

KPAINA'AH [a], , a debaueb and its convequences, nausea, sickness, and beadache, Lat. crapula; έκ κραιτάλη safter the debauch was over.

πραιπάλό-κωμος, ον, (κραιπάλη, κώμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

κραιπνός, ή, όν, (άρτ-άζω, like rapidus from rap-io) tearing, sweeping, rusbing : cf. καρπάλιμου. avist, rapid. 3. metaph., basty, bot, impetuoue.

κραιπνό-σύτος, ον. (κραιπνός, σεύομαι) εωίβι-τυεδ-

κραιπνο-φόρος, αν. (κρι νύε, φέρω) swift-bearing. RPARTIROS, h. iv, (rpa(a) elamorous.

KPA'MBH. h. cabbage, kail, Lat. crambé.

KPA MBOΣ, η, ov, dry, parched, shrivelled. metaph. elear, loud.

κραμβο-φάγος, ον, (κράμβη, φάγειν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

KPAVAn-medos, or, (KPAVADE, Tibor) with stony soil κράναι. Dor. pl. of κρήνη.

KPANAO Σ, ή, όν, bard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. herrbyeau; of Kparaoi the people of Attica. nodvierdas, Ep. fut, inf. med. (with pass. sense) of Kpairw.

κράνεια Ion. -είη, ή. (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat cornus: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

Kodveivos, n. or. (kodvov) made of cornel-wood, kpaveiror anbrior, cf. Virgil's spicula cornea.

κράνα, ή, Dor for κρήνη. [d]

Eparthyan, sor. I inf. pass. of epairo.

Kourias, Kouris, Dot, for Konride, Konrie.

κράνίου, τό, (κάρα) the upper part of the head, skull. KPA'NON, to, the cornel-tree, Lat. CORNUS. Epavorotio, f. how, to make belinets: to talk big

and warlike. From

κράνο-ποιός, όν, (κράνος, ποιέω) making belmets: as Subst., sparozoiós, ó, a belmet-maker.

κράνος, εος, τό, (κάρα) a belmet. [ἄ] κράντειρα, ή, fem. of κραντήρ.

κραντήρ, ήρος, δ. (κραίνω) one that accomplishes, a doer, performer.

κράντωρ, opos, δ, (κραίνω) a ruler, sovereign. KPAZ, &, collat. form of ropa, gen. rpates (which is sometimes fem.), dat kpāri, acc. kpara: plur., gen. πράτον, dat. κρασί Ερ κράτεσφι: in Hom. also a leangthd, gen and dat., spartos, spart, pi nom. spa-&ra:-the bead : metaph a top, peak, beight.

expacts, eas, ή, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compounding, blending. Il. the temperature of the air, climate, III. in Gramm., crasis, when the Lat. temperies consecutive voweh of two words melt into one, e. g. Toloropa for 10 bropa, drip for 5 drip.

KPA ΣΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, the edge, border, margin, bent of a thing. Hence RPAGTEROOM, f. wow, to surround with a border of

fringe.

upadow, or, Dor. for apedour, apelodor. κράτα, το, indecl. = κάρα: -- but also κράτα, τόν, acc of mpas.

κρūτα-βόλος, ον, (κραταιός, βάλλω) burled with violence

κράται-γύάλος, ον, (κραταιόε, γύαλον) with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched. of a cornet

κράταιίε, ή, - κράτος, only of the stone of Sisypnus, TUT drog traffague uparails abris then did migbry force turn it back again. Il. Kodraile, as pr. n. Crataeis, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla

κράταί-λως, ων. gen. ω, (κραταιός, λάς) stony, rocky, rugged. kpatanos, a, or, (kpatos) poet. for kpatepos, mighty, strong, resutless.

κράταιόω, f. ώσω, later form for κρατύνω.

ROTTAL TEBOS, OF, ( ROTTALOS, TEBOY ) with bard ground or .o.l. κράταί-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: also καρταίπους: (κραταιόε, πούε): stout-footed sure-footed.

κράταί-ρίνος, ον, (κραταιός, ρινός) strong-shelled κράτερ-αίχμης, ου, ύ, also καρτ-, (κρατερός, αίχμή) mighty with the spear, warlike. κράτερός poèt, καρτερός, ά, όν, (κρατύς, κρατέω)

strong, stout, mighty, valiant; but also hard-bearted, eruel, barsb, rough: so, ywpos kparepos bard, solid, ground, 2. also strong, violent.

κράτερό-φρων, ον, gen. ovos, (κρατερύε, φρήν' stoutbearted, dauntless. κράτερό-χειρ, γειροε, δ. ή, (κρατερύε, χείρ) stout of

band KPATEP-QVUE, BYOE, O, A. (KPATEPOS, OVUE) strong-

boofed, solid-boofed: of lions, with strong claws. KPATEPOS, Adv. of KPATEPOS, strongly, stoutly; sternly,

rougbly κράτεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of κράε. [ā]

KPATETTAI', wv, oi, the forked stand or frame

on which a spit turns. κράτέω. f. ήσω; (κράτοε):--to be strong and mighty:

to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοίσι κρατείν. 2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over; also to conquer, subdue: absol, to prevail, get the upper hand; of reports, to prevail, become current. II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, III. c. acc. rei, to bold fast, seize, excel IV. to order, command:-Pass. to secure. obey.

κράτηο Ιοα. κρητήρ, ήροι, δ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing versel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water, and from which the cups were filled; spnrnpa II. any bollow, a κεράσασθαι to mix a bowl. basis in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, crater.

σων. [ď]

πράτησι-μάνος, ον. (πρατέω, μάχη) victorious in the (

RPATHOL-ROUS, U, A, HOUP, TO, BED. HOBOS, (RPATIO), mous) victorious in the foot-race.

Koditho-Lawos, or, (Koatéw, Essos) victorious in the borse-race.

mpari, dat. sing. of mpds.

KPATIGTEÚM, f. OM, (KPATIGTOS) to be best, most excellent, supreme : to excel.

κράτιστος Ep. κάρτιστος, η, or, and as irreg. Sup. of dyadus, being formed from sparos, as scools toe from #lpdos :-strongest, mightiest, fiercest. best, most excellent. - The Comp. in use is coelo-

KPA TOΣ poet. κάρτος, εου, τό, strength, might, prowess: force, violence; πόλιν έλείν κατά κράτου to take a city by open force, by storm; also, mard mparos with all one's might; so also, drd spáros up to one's full power, with all one's might. II. generally, might, tomer, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power III. mastery, victory.

sparts, gen. of spas.

κράτύνω Ερ. καρτύνω: f. δνω: (κράτος): - to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself, έκαρτύναντο φάλαγγαε they strengthened their ranks: -Pass. to become strong, be strengthened. 2. to II. to rule, govern, c. gen. become master, get possession of: to conquer. [0] αράτύs, masc. Adj., only found in nom., (κράτοε)

strong, mighty. [8] κραυγάζω, fut. άσω, (κραυγή) to scream, striek.

Κραυνάσίδης, ου, δ, (κραυγή) Croaker, name of a frog.

κραυγή, ή, (κράζω) a crying, screaming, sbricking. κρε-άγρα, δ, (κρέαε, άγρέω) a flesb-book. κρε-αγρίε, ίδος, ή, - κρεάγρα.

upeablov, to, Dim. of uplas, a slice of flesh.

κρεάνομέω, f. ήσω, (κρεανόμος) to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:-Med. to divide among themselves. Hence

Rosavoula, h. a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.

κρεά-νόμος, ον, (κρέας, νέμω) distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst., spearouos, &, a carver, Lat. dispensator.

KPE'AΣ Dor. κρής, τό; gen. κρέως: plur. κρέα: gen. κρεών Ep. κρειών; dat. κρέἄσι Ep. κρέεσσι:-flesb, a piece of meat: meat. 2. a carcase: a body, person. kpen-bokos, or, and kpeto-bokos, or, apeas, be youai) containing flesh.

κρείον, τό, (κρέαε) a meat-tray, dresser.

upelousa, fem. of upelow, q. v.

KPELGGO-TEKVOS, OV, (KPELGGOW, TEKVOV) dearer than ebildren.

speloows, or, gen. oros, Att. spelotwo Ion. spegow Dot. Kappur: - stronger, mightier: better. braver: used with slui sum and part., as apsison γαρ ήσθα μηκέτ' αν ή fair τυφλύε thou wert better

not alive, than living blind. II. too great for, exceeding; υψος κρείσσον ξεπηδήματος a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσον άγχόrns too bad for hanging. III. superior to master of; πρείσσων χρημάτων superior to bribes. in moral sense, better, more excellent. (exclosion is used as irreg. Comp. of dyabos, sparos being the Root, whence also Sup. rpárioros.) **EDSTITUTE**. Att. form of foreg.

KPEI'ΩN, ovros, δ: fem. κρειουσα, ή:—a rule. lord, master: a general title of honour, 197 ára£.

κρειών, Ep. for κρεών, gen. pl. of κρέαι. κρεκάδια, ων, τά, (κρέκω) a kind of tapestry. κρεκτός, ή, όν, struck so as to sound, of stringed in-

struments; played, sung. From KPEKΩ, f. fw: not. I expeta:—to strike, beat: to

strike the web with the shuttle, to weave. to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instrument. 3. generally, to make any sharp sound, to rustle.

κρεμάθοα, ή, (κρεμάννυμι) a basket to bang things up in.

κρέμαμαι, shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρέμωμαι: opt. κρεμαίμην; inf. κρέμασθαι; impf. έκρεμάμην: fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.

κρεμάννθμι rarely -ύω: fut. κρεμάσω [d] Att. κρεμώ, αε, α, Ep. lengthd. κρεμόω: 201. Ι έκρέμἄσα Ep. κρέμασα:-- Med., 201. Ι έκρεμασάμην:-- Pass., κρεμάννδμαι: fut. κρεμασθήσομαι: 201. Ι έκρεμάσθην: -to bang, bang up, let bang down: to bang up by a thing, c. gen.; spepasae the double to bang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in Med., πηδάλιαν κρεμάσασθαι to bang up one's rudder, i.e. give up the II. Pass. to be bung up or suspended, to swing from, bang down from 2. metaph, to be in suspense.

κρεμάσας, 201. Ι part. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι. κρεμαστός, ή, όν, (κρεμάννυμι) bung up, bung. banging: c. gen. bung from or on a thing; spepsiστὸς αυχένος bung by the neck

κρεμάστρα, ή, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμάω, Root of κρεμάνι υμι, to bang, bang up. κρεμβάλτάζω, f. άσω, (κρέμβαλα) to keep time weil Hence castanets.

κρεμβάλζαστύε, ύοι, ή, a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.

KPE'MBA'AA, Tá, castanets.

κρεμήσομαι, fut. med. (in pass. sense) of κρέμερου. κρεμόω, Ep. for Att. κρεμώ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι. κρέξ, ή, gen. κρεκόε, Lat. cren, (κοέμω) a bird ma. a sbarp notebed bill, a rail.

κρεό-βοτος, ον, (κρέαε, βόσκω) fed on flesh. kpeo-Bairne, ou, b, (kpéas, Baiw) the carver a public meal.

KDOOKOWEG, Att. for KDOOKOWEGS.

κρεο-πώλης, ου, ό, (κρέας, πωλέω) α δεκέδα.

upenupyin, L. firm, (upenupyin) to ent up meat like up ijoan, Ep.
ubusher: to butcher, Henco
upenupyyibo, Adv. like a butcher: in jointh of retreat, report,

pieces: and uponyria, \$\dagger\$, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering, uponyria, \$\dagger\$, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering, uponyria, \$\dagger\$, a butcher on a carver.—uponyrials.

you has a day of feating.

upeo-payon, or, (upéas, payeur) eating fierd, earniserous.

uplarent, or, gen. oros, Ion for upelarent.
uplar, orros, - upelar.

upour, gen. pl. of spéas.

κρήγυσ, or, good, agreeable. Π. true, real. κρή-δαμνον Dox. κρά-δαμνον, τό, (κέρα, δέω) α sort of bead-dress, like a seril or manifella with lappets. II. metaph in plut. the battlements which crosses the walls. III. the lid of a vessel.

applyou, act. 1 inf. of aparabre, Ep. for apalres. applyove, 201. 1 imperat. of aparabres, Ep. for apalres. applyor, Adv. (apas) from the head, from above.

«ρημνά», part. of κρήμνημι.

αρημνέω and κρήμνημι, - κρεμάννυμι, to let down from a beight, cast down, bang down: - Pass. κρήμαιμι, to bang down, be suspended: to float or bower to air.

κρήμνη, for κρήμναθι, imperat. of κρήμνη μι.

upnylvo-harns [a], ou, d, (upnylvo, faires) baunter of the steeps.

up nuro-norbs, br, (upnurle, nortes) talking precipiess, using big rugged stords, of Acachylus.

wing oig rugged words, of Acschyllus.

Epapiwos, b, (epeparrupi) an overbanging steep, a
beetling erag: also the steep bank or edge of a river

or trench

upmu-bone, es, (upmurbs, elos) presipitous, etesp. upmurbs, act. I inf. of epalrus.

upyvolos, a, or, (spfry) of or from a spring or fountain; spryvolor bloop spring water.

KPH'NH Dor. πράνα, ή, a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water.

1. a course, fountain-bead. Hence πρήνηθεν, Adv. from a well or spring; and πρήνηθε, Adv. to a well or spring.

upyvide, áðos, f., pecul. fem. of spyraios, of or from a well or spring: Dor. Kpāriādes, Nymphs of a spring: so too Koārides.

κρηνία, έδος, ή, Dim. of ερήνη. [ί] κρήνον, acr. I imperat. of εραίνα.

KPHIII's, ides, \$\psi\$, a kind of man's boot: in Theocrity, approves post for booted man. II. generally, a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., \$\psi\$ expaires aperfix appris self-command is the foundation of virtue.

2. the ude of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepido; generally, an edge. [1]

εκρής, Dor. for ερίας. Κρής, δ, gen. Κρητός: pl. Κρήτες, gen. Κρητών:--

a Cretan: sem. Kossova. Hence Kossova, a, or, Cretan, up ήσαι. En for septom, nor, I int of septorum.
κρησφύγετου, τό, a place of refuge or security,
retreat, resort.

Κρήτη, ή, the island Crete, now Candla. Hence Κρήτηθον, Adv from Crete; and

Kphrnyde, Adv. to Crate.

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ : dat. pl. κρητήρσι. Κρητίζω, f. σω, (Κρήε) to de de a Cretan.

Κρητικός, ή, όν, (Κρήτη) Cretan, of the island of Crete.—Adv. -κών, in Cretan fashion. II. πρητικόν

(sub. luárior), rd. a garment of Cretan faction. III.
apprince (sub ross), d, a metrical foot, a g 'Apripár [—] called also amphimacer (duol sampes).

RPHTIONDE, OF, &, (Kpntl(w) lying.

κρί, τό. Ep. shorter form for πριθή, barley. κριβάνίτης [1], ου, ό, baked under a pot or pan:—

κριβανίτης (sub. dpros), δ. a loaf so baked. From κριβάνος, δ. Att. for κλίβανος, a covered earthen seasel, a pot, pas or pipkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it. [1] Hence

κριβάνωτός, ή, όν, - κριβανέτης. ΚΡΙΖΩ, f. fw: aor. 2 έκρικου: pf. κέκρεγα:-- to

creak, Lat. stridere: to seresch, squeak. (Formed from the sound.)

κρίηδον, Adv. (κριδο) like a ram.
κρίθαια, φ, (κριδή) a mess of barley postage.

uptodus, f. how, (uptoh) to be over-fed with barley, to be revive.

upideis, acr. 1 pass. part. of upires. upider, Acol. 3 pl. acr. 1 pass. of upires.

KPIOH, \$\dagger\$, and in plus. \*\*xpidal, al, barley; alos in \*\*xpidar\* (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i. c. a

kind of beer: also roasted barley. [1]

Kpiffyan, act. I inf. pass. of spires.

upt0laore, eas, h. (spi0h) a disease of borses, caused by feeding them suith barley. Lat bordeatio. upt0lu, f. so, (spi0h) is feed with barley.

κρίθινος, η, ον. (κριθή) made of barley.
κρίθο τράγος, ον. (κριθή, τράγειν) barley-eating.

RPIGO, acr. I subj. pass, of apires, upike, Ep. for espire, 3 sing. acr. 2 of apilie.

spinos, 6, - sipsos, a ring, circh: also an eyelesbole, a deadeys, in the comer of a sail.

kpipa, not kpipa, arce, 76, (kpire) a judgment, rentexes.

2. a matter for judgment: an accusa-

Aon, charge, Let. erimen.

κρίμνον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) coarse barley-meal.

κριμνον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) coarse barrey-meal.
κριμν-ώδης, es, (κρίμνον, elδos) like coarse meal;
κατανίφει κριμνώδη it snows thick as meal.

kplvas, aor. I part. of splves. KPINON, ro, a lily: irreg. pl. splves, dat. splvess,

RPINON, 76, a lily: irreg. pl. spirea, dat. spirea, as if from a nom. spiree, eee, 76.

KPINΩ [I]: fut. κρινώ: αστ. I έκρινα: pf. κέκρικα:—Med., fut. κρινούμαι: αστ. I έκρινάμην:—Pass.,
fut. κριθήσομαι: αστ. I έκριθην [I], older ἐκρινθην,
whence part. κρινθείε: pf. κέκριμαι, inf. κεκρίσθαι:—
the Lat. CERNO, to separate. diside, put apart:
hence to pick out, choose; and in Med. to pick out.

for oneself, choose, prefer :- Pass. to be edosen or dis-2. to decide a contest or dispute, e. g. singwished. for a prize; onoxide bequoras uplreur to judge crooked judgments. I.e. to judge unjustly:- Pass. and Med. molvoya, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, 3. to judge of, estimat: hence to exjuarrel. pound, explain : c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a thing is. III. to question, examine, bring to trial, because, arraign: - Pass. to be brought to trial, 2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn: tried. Pass, to be judged, condemned.

κριξός, δ, Dor. for κρισσός, κιρσός.

κατο-βάλος, ον. (καιός, βάλλω) ram-elaying.

Kolo-modorwwos, or, (Koids, modowsor) ram-faced. KPTOZ, 8, a ram, Lat. arise. 2. 2 batteringram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's bead.

Kotora, ne, f. Crisa or Crissa, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi :- Adj. Kotowios, a, or, Crimaean.

uplous [1], soe, \$, (uplow) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing. 2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence. 3. a trial. a dispute, quarrel. III. the event, issue, decision.

uplyhour, to, (aperts) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test. 2. a court of judgment,

tribunal.

uptring, où, ô, (uplru) a discerner, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests. aperife invarion, an interpreter, expounder of dreams. Hence

up vritebe, 4, by, able to discern and decide, critical. uptros. 4. Cr. verb. Adj. of uplru, picked out, chosen : eboice, encellent.

uponive, Ep. for spotes, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the boof.

upones, heterocl. acc. sing. of mount.

κροκάλη, ή, - κρόκη n: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [d]

upoucos, or, (upoucos) saffron-coloured.

κρόκες, al heterocl. nom. pl. of κρόκη.

κρόκη, ή, with heterocl. acc. κρόκα and nom. pl. modres, as if from a nom. spof: (spesso):—the swoof or west, Lat. subtemen, opp. to orthus the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool. II. a rounded stone or pebble.

προκήτος, η, ον, poet. for πρόπεσε, saffron-coloured. κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (κρόκος, βάπτω) saffron-dyed. κροκο-βάφης, έε, (κρίκος, Βαφήναι) crocus-dyed, of crocus-bue, i. e. purple, red, not yellow (see aponos). κροκόδοιλος, δ, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the erocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, & spondeellos & nordulos, called by the natives xápapa.

upon beve, erra, er, (nponos) saffron-coloured. as Subst., sponders (sub. vérlos) d, a robe of saffron. κροκό πεπλος, ον, (πρύκος, πέπλος) saffron-robed. KPOKOZ, ov, &, the purple crocus. which is made from its stamens).

κροκύς [τ], τόσε, ή, (κρύκη) the flock, nap, pile of cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool exponentiator, to, Dim. of exponentis, a short, saffrom robe. крокштов, ф, от, (крокош) saffron-dyed or co-

II. as Subst., monwros (sub. sestos), loured. b, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκωτοφορέω, έ. ήσω, to wear a saffron robe. From προκωτο-φόρος, ον, (προπωτός, φέρα) mearing a saffron robe.

κρομμό-οξό-ρεγμία, ή, (κρύμμυσν, δέρε, έρενγκός)

a beleb of onions and vinegar.

**ΚΡΟΜΥ ΟΝ** οτ κρόμμυου, τό, απ οπίσπ.

Kρονίδης, ου, δ, patronym. from Kρώνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, i. e. Zeus: cf. Kporian, Bpiros. M

Kpovikos, h, or, (Kpiros) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq.

Kobrios, a, or, (Kobros) of Cronos or Saturn; red Κρόνια (sub. lepá), τά, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hegatombacon; Kporlar ofer to smell of old times, to smack of antiquity.

Kpóv-vamos, č, (Kpóros, Isros) an old fool, old

dotard.

Kpoview, é, gen. iovos [1], but also Kpoviewes, patronym. from Kooros, son of Cronos or Saturn, Zens. Kpovos, d. Cronce, Lat. Saturaus, son of Uranos and Gaia, husband of Rhea, father of Zens: his time

IL a name given at Athens was the golden age. to a superannuated dotard.

KPOZZAI, dv., al., battlements on walk.

courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top. κροτάλίζω, f. ίσω, (πρύταλον) to rattle castanets:

generally, to make to rattle.

κρότολον, τό, (κροτέω) a rattle, castanet

metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow. κρόταφος, δ, (κροτέω) the side of the forebead: in pl. the temples, Lat. tempora; also the nides of the

2. metaph. the bross of a mountain.

προτέω, fut. ήσω: (κρότου):—to make to rattle at II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, so bammer or weld together, forge:-Pass. to be worked with the bammer, welded, forged; cittle to aparpe κροτείσθω, let the matter be struck at once, i. e. 'strike while the iron is hot.' 2. to strike together, class the hands, in token of applause; absol. so clas, so III, intr. in Act. to rattle, make a applaud. clatter. Hence

κροτησμός, δ, a striking, beating.

κροτητός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of κροτέω, striches, smitten, sounding with blows. 2. rattled or whiled 3. played with the plectrum. rattling along.

κρότος, ου, δ. (προύω) the sound of striking: mires xeipow a clapping of hands: generally, a loud restling or noise.

rpotáv, úros, o, a tick, Lat. ricinus.

II the

PL.

salms Christi or ricinus, which bears the castor-oil i

κρούμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) a beat, stroke. sound produced by striking a string, a note.

κρούνισμα, ατοε, τό, a gusbing or stream. KPOTNOZ, oû, ô, a spring, well-bead: in pl. streams: metaph. a torrent of words. Hence

κρουνο-χυτρο-λήραιος, δ, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λήρος)

a pourer forth of weak, washy twaddle. προυσι-δημέω, f. ήσω, (προύω, δήμοε) to play προπ the people, impose upon them.

upourus, can, 4, (upour) a striking: a playing on

a stringed instrument.

ROOUTTON, Verb. Adj. or Rooves, one must knock at. RPOUGTIROS, 4, by, fit for striking II. metaph. uriking, automisbing, foreible; to knovatikov uriking doquence. From

KPOΥΩ, f. σω: sor. I έκρουσα:-Pass., pf. κέspow par and -spar: -- to knock, strike, smite; spover reipas to clay the hands; spoteer wood, to strike the foot against the ground in dancing. 2. to strike with a pleetrum; generally, to play any instrument. 3. RPOVELY THE OUPER to knock at the 4. Med. κρούεσθαι - ύμναν 10 back stern door. foremost; cf. dranpovo.

πρύβδα, Adv. (πρύπτω) antibout the knowledge of, ερύβδα Διόε, Lat clam Jove

κρύβδην Dor. -δαν, Λάν. (κρύπτω) secretly, covertly:

-also, like πρύβδα, without the knowledge of κρύβηναι, sor. 2 inf. pass, of κρύπτω.

upbepos, a, or, (upoos) icy, chill, chilling.

EPULOS, 6, (EPÚOS) icy cold, chill, frost. κρυμ-ώδης, es, (κρυμός, eldos) icy-cold: frozen icy. xptocas, egga, er, - xpvepos, icy-cold, chilling.

KPYOZ, 76, icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. an inward ebill, shudder, borror.

κρυπτάδιος, α, αν, also ας, αν: (κρύπτω): secret, bidden, clandestine.

κρυπτάζω, f. άσω, colleteral form of κρύστα. κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. lon. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτεία, ή, (κρυπτεύω) a secret service or commusion; at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to sea-

son them against fatigue. EDVETION, verb. Adj. of Epústu, one must conceal. κρυπτεύω, f. σω, (κρύπτω) to conceal, bide. to bide oneself, lie concealed. III. Pass. KOUEτεύομαι, to bave enares laid for one.

κρύπτη, ή, a courted place, vault, crypt. From πρυπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, bidden, secret. ΚΡΥΠΤΩ: Ion. impf. κρύπτασκον: fut. κρύψω: ace. Ι έπρυψα: pf. κέκρυφα:.... Pass., fut. 2 κρυβήσοματε, paullo-p. fut. κεκρύψομαι: aor. Ι ἐκρύφθην: aor. 2 επρύβην [v]: ph κέκρυμμαι:—to bide, cover, concecil:-Pass. to bide oneself, lie bidden. metaph. to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψηε τοῦτο do not bide this from me.

πρυσταλλίζω, f. ίσω, (κρύσταλλου) to be like crystal.

κρυστάλλίνος, ψ, ον, (κρύσταλλος) of crystal. κρυσταλλό-πηκτος, ον, ος κρυσταλλο-πήξ. βγος. δ, ή, (κρύσταλλος, τήγνυμι) congreated to ice, frozen. κρύσταλλος, δ, (κρύος) clear ice, ice, Lat. pla-2. extreme cold, torpor. II. 8 and 4. crystal, rock-crystal.

kption, Adv. (spirres) secretly from without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [6]

κρύφαΐος, a, or, and or, or, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, covert. Adv.-eve.

κρύφη Dor -φα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, in secret. κρυφηδόν, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτα.

κρύφιος, a, or, also or, or, (κρύττω) secret, bidden, clandertine. 🚺

κρυφός, δ, (κρύπτω) consealment, obscurity. κρύφω, late form of κρύπτα.

κρύψαι, sof I inf. of κρύπτα.

KPV-LLETONEOS, OF, (KPUSTO, RETONEOF) biding the forebead.

κρυψί-voos, or, contr. -vous, our: (κρύπτα, νόοε): biding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.

κρύψι, εω, ή, (κρύπτω) a biding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.

KPOBY AOZ, b, a roll of pair gathered to a knot on the crossen of the head. II. the crest on a helmet. [8]

κρωγμός, ο, (κρώζω) the croaking or causing of a cross. KPΩ'ZΩ, f. κρώξω, to croak ot case like a cross, Lat. crocitare. II. of men, to eroak out. (Formed from the sound.)

κρώσσαι, lon. for κρόσσαι.

κρωσσίον, τό, Dim. of κρωσσός. KPΩΣΣΟΣ, οῦ, ὁ, a water-pail, pitcher, jar.

a cinerary urn. кта, for екта, Ep. 3 sing. sor. 2 of srebu: optat.

κταίην; inf. κτάναι; part. κτάε. KTOLVE, DOT. for KTELVE.

κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [d] κτάμεν sor. 2 part. med. (with pass, sense) of KT EĹYO.

RTave, Lp. 3 sing. aor. 2 of Errelyon. [4]

κτάνθεν, Acol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ετείνω. KTA'OMAI Ion. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullop. fut. κεκτήσομαι: sot. Ι έκτηφάμην: pf. κέκτημαι Ion. έκτημαι, subj. κέκτωμαι, opt. κεκτήμην οι - ψμην: plaps. εκεκτήμην: Dep.:—to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring: also to bring upon oneself, incur. II. in pf. kektymu or ekτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, to bave acquired or got, and so, to possess, to bave or bold; & REKTHμένος an owner, master: hence as Subst. c. gen., δ έμου κεκτημένου thy master; ή έμη κεκτημένη my III. aor. 1 ἐκτήθην is used in pass. sense, to be gotten, obtained, acquired.

κτάσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, πτᾶσθαι, inf. of πτάομαι.

κτέάνον, δ, (κταομαι) = κτημα: but mostly in pl.

possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. eredrecos, I flock. as if from ereap.

urearupa, h, sem. of urearup, she that true one in possession of. [d]

κτεάτηρ, ηροε, δ, (κτάομαι) ε possessor.

urearlo, f. low: Ep. 201. I ureariosa: (ureap):to get, gain, win: pf. pass, with med. sense, derearsqual to get for oneself. Hen

utedtiotos, f. br. gotten, won, acquired.

erelve: Ion. impf. erelves eov: f. ereve Ep. erevies or stavies: sor. I istera: sor. 2 istavor: pf. Inτονα: Pass., sor, I inτάνθην: pf. inτάμαι: -- the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 tard, tards (as if from artim); subj. artes, I pl. stéwper; inf. staper, staperal [d], for staral; part. πτάs: 2 med. (with pass, sense) ἐπτάμην [d], inf. nráova: part. nráperos: also Acol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. Entaber:--to kill, slay: of animals, to slaughter.

errelyout, Ep. pres. subj. for erelyo.

KTEI'Z, &, gen. ererée, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, barrow. the band, with the fingers spread open. Hence greven, Ion. fut. of stelres.

wrevige, f. low, to comb: to curry horses: -Med., erericerba souas to somb one's hait.

erevior, 76, Dim. of ereis, a small comb.

ureviσμός, δ, (ureviζω) a combing.

ertema, Ion. for eraoual.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτή μα.

κτέρεα, τά, (ετάομαι) properly - ετήματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral bonours, obsequies; see erepet(w, KT CPI (OL

Exception, f. Ifw, lengthd, for exception, to bury with due bonours :- with acc. of cognate sense, artipea erepeicen to pay funeral honours; see erepice

reple: fut. κτεριώ: aor. I έκτέρζου: (κτέρευ):to bury with due bonours: - with acc. of cognate sense, utépea uteplieur to pay funeral honours, Lat. justa facere, exequias facere.

erreproduct, 3 pl. fut. of errepica.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερί(ω) = κτερέα.

arten, artenuev, I sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 subj. of

κτηθήναι, aor. I inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense. πτήμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession: -in pl. kthuata, possessions, property, goods. II. a thing, like young.

κτηνηδόν, Adv. (κτήνοε) like beasts.

κτήνος, εος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτήμα, τ piece of property; chiefly used in pl. artivea, contr. arthry, property in berds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing, of a single bead of cattle, an on or sheep.

жтфочьте, 3 sing. sor. I opt. of втаона.

erfores, a, er, also oe, or, (erfore) of or from one's property; writerow Bords a sheep of one's own

IL belonging to one's own bouse, domestic, Lat. penetralis; urhosos beol bousebold gods. KThous, cos, \$, (ktdopai) an acquiring, getting. (from pf. pass. sestinual) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κτάομαι, that may be gotten or gained. II. acquired, beld as property, possessed.

KTTTWP, opos, &, (KTaoual) a possessor, owner.

urideos, a, or, (uris) - intideos, of a marien-cat. made of its skin.

KTI ZΩ, f. low: acc. I lettou Ep. lettoua, etiogu: -Pass., aot. I enticony: pf. entichal:-to people of occupy a country: of a city, to found, blant, build: of a festival, to institute, establish. duce, create. 2. generally, to make or render so and so. 3. to perpetrate a deed.

KTI'AOZ, or, gentle, tame. II. as Subst., ariλοε, δ, a ram. [?] Hence uτίλοω, f. ώσω: aor. I med. ἐκτιλωσάμην :-- to tame,

civilise: to win the affections of.

KTIMEVOS, 7, OV, Ep. part. sor. 2 pass. of sollow, built,

founded: only in compd. id-uniqueres. [1] urle, \$\dagger\$, = letie, a marten-cat, marten.

KTIOVS, com, n, (KTIGO) a founding, settling, founda-2. a making, creating: the creation of the II. the world or universe itself. a created thing, creature. [?]

urtopa, area, ré, (uri(w) a created thing, creature.

eriora, Ep. sor. I of erice.

urioras, ou, o, (urio) a founder, establisher.

ETIGTÚS, úce, f, Ion. for etique. κτίστωρ, οροε, ό, - ετίστηε.

KTITHS [1] ov, &, (KTIGO) a founder, colonist: generally, an inbabitant.

κτύπέω, f. ήσω: 20τ. Ι έκτύπησα poet, κτύπησα: 201. 2 ξετύπον Ερ. ετύπον: (ετύπος): L intr. to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. trans. to make to resound:—Pass to ring, resound.

κτύπημα, ατοι, τό, a sound, a crasbing: a clapping of the hands. [#]

KTÚROS, ov, o, (TÚSTE) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [8]

widles, b, (www) a sup for drawing wine out of the II. an Attie measure bolding κρατήρ or bowl. two κόγχαι, about 🔒 of a pint. III. a cupping-

κύσμευτός, ή, όν, (κυαμεύω) chosen by beans, i.e. by lot. midueve, f. ou, (mapos) to choose by beans or lat. kidualos, a, or, (riapos) of the size of a bean.

KT'A'MO∑, å, a bean. II. the lot by which public officers were elected at Athens; & and we have an officer chosen by lot, = κληρωτόε.

κύσμο-τρώξ, ώγος, δ, (κύσμος, τράγω) δεσω-cater. widuo-dayla, h, (wia nos, daylir) eating of beaus, a bean-diet.

utiev-cuyle, (800, \$, (uteros, clyle) with dern ... ogu-

wide of margin.

utav-auγhe, és, (ubaros, abγh) dark-gleaming, murky.

Kτάνοαι (sc. τήσοι ος πέτραι), al, the Dark Rocks, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, guáreau Συμπληγάδεε. [ἄ]

κυάν-έμβολος, ον, (κυάνεος, έμβολον) with dark

blue prow or peak.

κτώνους, α, ων, (κύανου) dark blue: generally, dark, dusky, murky. [v] κτύανο-βλέφαρους, ων, (κύανου, βλέφαρων) dark-eyed. κτύανο-αδής, ές, (κύανου, elbou) dark blue, deep

κύανό-θρέξ ριχος, δ, ή, (κύανος, θρίξ) darh-baired. κυδικό-πεζα, φ, (κύανος, πέζα) with feet of cyanus. κυδικό-πεπλος, οκ, (κύανος, πέπλος) dark-weiled. [πθ., metri grat.]

κυάνο-πρώρειος and κυάνδ-πρώρος, αν, (κύανος,

speepa) with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.

ntidvo-arepos, or, (nurse, arepor) with dark blue or black feathers, dark-winged.

KTANOZ, ov. 6, cyanos, a dark blue substance, used in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel.

II. the blue corn-flower.

κύἄνο-στόλοε, ον, (κύανοε, στολή) dark-rooed. κύἄνο-φόρυε, υ, gen. νοε, (κύανοε, δφρύε) dark-browed. κύἄνο-χαίτηε, ου, δ, (κύανοε, χαίτη) dark-baired; of a howe, dark-maned.

κυάνό-χροος, ον, -χρως, εντος, δ, ξ, (εύανος, χρόα, χρόω) dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion. κυάν-ώνης, ου, δ, (εύανος, δψ) dark-èyed: fcm. κυάν-ώνης, ιδος.

κύβδα, Adv. (κύντω) with the headforwards, stooping. κύβεία, ἡ, (κυβείω) dice-playing, dicing, gambling: hence sleight, trickery, deceil.

Κυβέλη, ἡ, Cybelé, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece, and later at Rome, under the name of the Idasan Mother.

KT BEPNA'O, fut. how, Lat. guberno, to steer: metaph. to bold the belm of the state, guide, govern. Hence

κυβέρνησιε Dor. -āσιε, εωε, ή, α steering, pilotage: metaph. a guiding, governing.

ETBepvira, voc. of Eußeprhing.

κύβερνήτειρα, ή, fem. of κυβερνητήρ.

εύβερνητήρ, ήροε, δ, rarer form for κυβερνήτηε. εύβερνήτης, ου, δ, (κυβερνάω) a steereman, belmsman,

Lat. gubernator: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence κτβερνητικόε, ή, όν, skilled in steering or governing. κτβεύει, f. σει, (κύβοε) to play at dice: to run a Bazard, take the chances. 2. trans. to set upon a throne.

withorthe, f. how, (norm) to throw oneself headforemost, tumble headlong: to plunge headlong into water, dive: to tumble, turn heels over head, turn a summerset, of mountehanks. Hence

κύβίστημα, ατοι, τό, a summereet.

κύβιστητήρ, ήρος, ό, (ευβιστάω) a jumber beadforsmost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

KTBOZ, ô, Lat. subus, a solid square, a cube. II. a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks threw three dice; rpls &f Baken to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; upleur ri èr uibous to decide a thing by the dice, i. e. by chances.

ktodie, no fut. in use, (ktodes), to revile, abuse :— Pass. to be mocked, insulted. (kvodie is used in bad, kvodie in good sense.)

κυδαίνω, f. άνω: acr. I ἐκύδανα Ερ. κύδηνα: (κύδου):

—to bonour, do bonour to, glorify, praise: also of
the outward appearance, to beautify, adorn: to gladden-by marks of bonour
II. seldom in bad sense,
to flatter. See κυδάζω.

κυδάλιμιος, ον, (κύδοι) glorious, renowned, famous;

κυδάλιμον κήρ noble heart.

noblive [d], - rudalve, to honour, hold in honour. II. intr. - rudide, to vaunt aloud, hoast. nudified, nor. I inf. of rudalve.

κύδηνεν, Ep. 3 sing. acr. I of κυδαίνα. κύδητες, εσσα, εν, (κύδοε) glorious, noble.

at 8-dvapa, \$, (at 80, dvr)) fem. Adj. like drridrespa, as if from a masc. in -drap, man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.

ntolida, Ep. part. sudidar, no fut. in use: (suddes):
--to vaunt on pride oneself, Lat. gloriari: hence so exult. rejoice.

κύδιμος, οτ, κυδάλιμος.

gubiówy, Ep. part, of gubiáw.

κόδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κυδρόε (formed from κύδος, as alσχιστοε from alσχοε), most glorious, most bonoured, noblest: the greatest.

Kublev [1], ov, gen. ovos, Comp. of subpos (see subbiores), more glorious, nobler: generally, better.

rubvos, h, or, - rubpos.

ntidoldonia, f. how, (nudolube) to make a bubbub of uproar.

ntiSocution, fut. have, (nudocution) to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm.

II. trans. to drive in confusion.

KTΛΟΙΜΟΣ, δ, uproar, confusion, tumult, bucoub.

KΥΛΟΣ, sos, τό, glory, fame, renown, esp. in war:

κύδου ἀρέσθαι to win glory; of a hero, μέγα κύδου

Αχαιών the great glory or pride of the Achaeans,
like Lat. decus.

subpos, á, ór, (súbos) glorious, illustrious, noble:

of a horse, proud, stately.

Kύδων or Küδωνία, ή, Cydonia, a city of Crete Küδωνιάω, to swell like a quince. From

Κύδώντος, α, ον, (Κύδων) Cydonian, i. e. Cretan; μήλον Κυδώντον the quince. II. metaph, swelling like a quince, round and plump.

κύδω, older form for κόω, impf. ἐκόουν: fut. κυήσω: aor. 1 ἐκύησα: I. trans. to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of. Lat. gestare, Hant, to conceive, κόθε, Ep. for έκύθε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of κεύθω.

Κυθέρου, ή, Cytherea, surname of Venus, from the city Κύθηρα in Crete, or from the island Κύθηρα.

Κύθηρα, ων, τά, Cythera, an island on the south of

Laconia, now Cerigo.

Κυθηρο-δίκης, ου, δ, (Κύθηρα, δίκη) a Spartan magistrate sent annually to govern the island of Cythera. Κύθηρόθεν, Adv. (Κύθηρα) from Cythera.

κύθρα, -θρινος, -θρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

witterwo, only used in pres. (www. wwew) to impregmate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.

ntindivies, collat. form of sunder, to confound.

KYKAR, f. frow, to min up, beat up and min. II.
like Lat. miscere, to stir up, min together: to throw into
confusion, confound:—Pass. to be confounded, panicstricken: also of the mind, to be disquieted, agitated.

κύκεων, ωνου, δ: scc. κυκεώνα, shortd. Ep. κυκεώ and κυκεω: (κυκάω):—a mizture, a mixed drink, refreshing draught, tankard, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheers and wine,

κύκήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κυκάω.

κύκηθρον, τό, (κυκάω) a ladle for stirring: metaph. a turbulent fellow, agitator. [υ]

KUKATI-TSAPOS, OF, (KUKÁW, TÉAPA) mixed up wilb

asbes.

κυκλάμτνος, ή, eyelamen, sow-bread, 2 bulbous plant,

with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κυπλάς, άδος, ή, (κύπλος) encircling: αι Κυπλάδες (sub. rησοι), the Cyclades, islands in the Aggrean sea, which encircle Delos.

II. of Time, circling, revolving.

κυκλέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλου) to move a thing round and round, wheel along; νόδα κυκλεῖν to wo'k round and round:—Pass. to surround, encircle.

II.

intr. to revolve, come round and round.

κυκλιάς, άδως, ή, (πύκλος) fem. Adj. rouna, circular.
κυκλικός, ή, όν, (πύκλος) circular.

Epic poets were called of Κυκλικόι, whose writings collectively formed a cycle or series of heroic legends down to the death of Ulysses.

κυκλιο-δίδασκαλος, δ. (κύκλιος, διδάσκω) a teacher

of the eyelic chorus, a dithyrambic poet.

κύκλιος, a, or, also os, or, (κύκλος) round, circular:
neut τδ κύκλιος, as Subst. a circle. II. κύκλιοι
χοροί, ol, circular or cyclic choruses, durcing in a
ring round the altar of the god; chiefly appropriated
to those of Bacchus, dithyrambic choruses; hence,
κύκλια μέλη dithyramba.

Κυκλοβορέω, f. ήσω, to roar like the torrent of

Cycloborus.

lead-pencil.

Κυκλο-βόρος, δ, (κύκλος, βιβρώσκω) a mountaintorrent in Attica.

κυκλο-δίωκτος, ον (κύκλος, διώκω) driven round in a circle. [1]

κυκλόσις, εσσα, er, (poöt, for κυκλικύε) circular, κυκλόθεν, Adv. (κύκλοε) in a circle all around. κυκλο-μόλιβδος, ό, (κύκλοε, μόλιβδοε) a round κυκλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλοι, ποιέω) to make into a circle, form like a circle.

KTKAOZ, ov, d, also with irreg. pl. zvala, a ring, round, circle: κύκλφ as Adv. in a circle, round about: also like a Prep., c. acc., κύκλου σήμα round about the monument; and c. gen., κύκλοι τοῦ στρατοπέδου. II. any circular body: as, wbeel. 2. a tlace of assembly; also like Lat. corona, a crowd of people standing round, a ring of circle of people 3. the vault of the sky: the moon's disk. 4. the circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of Athens. 5. a sbield. 6, in pl. tb: balls of the eye. III. any circular motion, orbit or revolution.

κυκλόσε, Adv. (κύκλοι) in or into a circle, around.
κυκλο-σοβέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλοι, σοβέω) to drive
round in a circle, whirl round.

κυκλο-τερής, ές, (κύκλος, τείρω) made round by rubbing or turning, circular; κυκλοτ-ολε τάξαν έτεινεν he bent the bow into a circle.

κυκλόω, f. ώσω, (κύκλοε) to encircle, surround; but in this sense mostly in Med. II. to drive round and round whirl round. III. to form into a circle:—Pass. to form a sirele, be bent round; also of a fleet wheeling into a crescent shape.

κύκλωμα, ατος, τό, (κύκλοω) anything made into a circle, as a wheel.

2. βυσσότονον κύκλωμα a circle with hide stretched over it, i. e. a drum.

Kunhómetos, a, or, (Κύπλοφ) Cyclopean, of or befitting the Cyclopes, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called Πελασγικό»).

Κυκλωπικός, ή, όν, of or like the Cyclops, Adv. -κώς. Κυκλώπιον, τό, Dim. of Κύκλοφ.

Kurλώπιος, α, ον, = Κυκλώπειος: - pecul. fem. Kurλωπίς, ίδος.

κύκλωσις, εως, ή, (κυκλόω) a surrounding, enclosing. κυκλωτός, ή, όν, (κυκλόω) rounded, round.

Κύπλωψ, απος, ό, (πύπλος, όψ) α Cyclops, 1.c. Round-eye; as Hesiod says. Κύπλωπες δ' όνομ' ήσω επώννμον, ούνεκ' άρα σφέων κυπλοτερής όφθαλμος έτις ένέκειτο μετώπφ:—in sing. of Polyphomus; but Hesiod mentions three Cyclopes, Brontes, Staropes, and Arges, who forged the thunderbolts for Zeus.

κύκνειος, α, ον, (κύκνος) of or like a swan. κυκνό-μορφος, ον, (κύκνος, μορφή) swan-shaped. ΚΥΚΝΟΣ, δ, a swan, Lat. cycnus. II, mo-

taph, from the swan's dying song, a poet. κύκν-οψις, cox, δ, ή, (κύκνος, δψις) like a swan. ΚΥΑΑ, ων, τά, the parts under the eyes.

κύλινδίω, f. ήσω, late form of κυλίνδω. Hence κύλινδήθρα, ή, = άλινδήθρα; and

κυλίνδησια, eas, h, a rolling, wallowing.

ercise, practice.

KT AINAΩ: fut. κυλίσω [I]: nor. I inition, inf. κυλίσω: 201. I pass. ἐκυλίσθην:—older form of πλινδέω, to roll, roll on or along.

II. Pass. Δενδύμαι, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, inc.

a ship at sea: to roll or spallow in the dirt. be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. jactari. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. versari.

KTAIE [v], twos, h, a cup, drinking-cup. κυλίσθη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I pass. of κυλίω.

miliona, aτος, τό, (πυλίνδω) a roll: also a place to vall in. [8]

κτλίχνη, ή, (κύλιξ) a small cup. uthlywov, to, a little cup or box.

mulie [1], late form for mulirow.

κύλλαστιε Ion. κύλληστιε, ιοε, δ, Egyptian bread made from δλύρα.

πυλλή, ή, see πυλλόε.

Κυλλήνη, ή, Cyllend, a mountain in Arcadia: whence Hermes was called Kullfyros, 6.

Kullo-ποδίων [1], avos, δ, (κυλλόε, πούε) maimed

of foot, balting, Ep. name of Vulcan.

κυλλός, ή, όν, erooked, crippled, balt. κυλλή xelp is the band with the fingers bent to make a bollow for alms; ξμβαλε κυλλή (sub. χειρί) put it into the bollow of the band.

util-orbida, (utila, oldáa) to bave a swelling below

the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights. κύμα, ατος, τό, (κύω) anything swoln, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, ών τὸ supa torparo when the maves abated. II. like κύημα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κθμαίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κύμα) to swell or rise in waves, marge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence

equárias, ου, δ, Ion. ins. (κύμα) surging, billowy. act, causing waves, stormy.

κυμάτο-αγής, έν, (κυμα, άγνυμι) breaking like waves. siormy.

RULATORS, COOR, CV., DOEL, for RULATIAS.

εκυμάτο-πλήξ, ήγος, δ, ή, (κύμα, πλήσσω) wavebeaten.

κυμάτοω, f. ωσω, (κύμα) to drive the waves over --

Yass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea. κθμάτ-ωγή, ή, (κθμα, άγνυμι) a place where toe

maves break, beach, strand.

κυμβάλίζω, f. ίσω, (κύμβαλον) to play the cymbals. κύμβάλον, τό, (κύμβοι) a cymbal, Lat. cymbalum. κύμβάχος, ον, (κύπτω) bead-foremost, Lat. pro-II. κύμβαχος, δ, as Subst. the crown or top of a belmet, in which the plume is placed.

KY MBH, &, a Bollow vessel: I. a drinking vessel, eup, bowl. II. a boat, Lat. symba. Hence κυμβίον, τό, Dim. a small cup.

κύμινδις, Ion. name of the bird χαλκίς, the nightδατυ!; χαλείδα ειελήσεουσι θεοί, ανδρεε δὲ εύμινδιν.

κύμινεύω, f. σω, (κύμινον) to strew with cummin. KYMINON, 76, cummin, Lat. cuminum.

κύμινο-πρίστης, ου, δ, (κύμινον, πρίω) α ευππιίκsplitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl

κύμινο-πριστο-καρδάμο-γλύφος, εν, (κυμινοπρίστης, καρδαμογλύφος) a cummin-splitting cressseraper, of 211 excessive miser. [v]

Kuro-Béylun, or, Beur oros, (Kura, Béxohai) tecsising or meeting the waves.

Kúva, Kúvas, acc. sing. and pl. of Kúsw.

κυνάγεσία, κυνάγετάς, Dor. for κυνηγ-. kuv-dyos, or, Dor. for kuvnyos, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύον, ἄγοι):—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a bunter, buntsman

κύν-άγχη, ή, (κύον, άγχομμι) cynanché, a bad kind of sore throat. II. a dog-collar.

EDV-dywybs, b, (row, byw) a dog leader, bunisman. μύν-ἄλώπηξ, εκοε, ή, (κύων, άλσπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fon: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κὕνά-μυια, ἡ, (κύων, μυῖα) dog-fly, sbameless fly. utvapiov, 76, Dim. of war, a little dog, whelp, puppy. [α]

ntvás, áðos, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. çaninus. as Subst., ruvás (sub. θρίξ), ή, dog's bair, of a bad fleece... uvvám, f. hom, (núm) to play the Cynic. κύνέη, Att. contr. κυνή, (properly fem. of κύνεος,

sub. dopá), h, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a belmet of any kind: a bonnet.

rives, Ep. for exires, 3 sing. impf. of rurew. KÚVCLOS, a. or, also es, or, (Kúar) of a dog.

riveos, a. or (river) of or like a dog: metaph. sbameless, unabasbed.

Kúves, nom. pi. of Kúar.

KΥNE'Ω: fut. κὔνήσομαι, but also κύσω [૪], poët. κύσσω: sot. I έκυσα Ep. κύσα, έκυσσα, κύσσα:--to kiss: of duves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κύνη, ή, Att. contr. for κυνέη.

 $kvv\eta\gamma e\sigma(a, \dot{\eta}, = kvv\eta\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\sigma(ov.$ 

κύνηγόσιον, τό, a bunting establishment, buntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the bunt, chase: a bunting-ground, III. that which is taken in bunting, the game. From

κύνηγετίω, f. ήσω, to bunt: to chase, pursue.

to persecute, barass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, ου, δ, Dor. κυνάγέτας, (κύων, ηγέομαι): a bunter, buntsman. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ή, όν, of or for bunting.

KUV-nyétus, idos, f, fem. of Kuvnyétus, a buntress. ktvnyla, h, a bunt, chase. From

κύνηγόε, τ. sub κυναγόε.

κύνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κύνηποδες, ol, (κύων VI, πούε) the fetlocks of a horse. Kúvθos, ô, Cynthus, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis; whence Apollo is called Kiv-Guos, Cynthian, and KuvBo-yevhs, Cynthos-born.

κύνίδιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog.

utvinos, h, or, (now) of or like a dog, Lat. caninus. κύνίσκη, ή, (κίων) a bitch-puppy.

uviskos, b. (uvov) a young dog, whelp, puppy: melaph. a little Cynic.

κύνο-δρομέω, f. ήσω, (κύων, δραμεῖν) to run down, chase with dogs : metaph. to bunt after.

κύνο-θαρσής οι -θρασής, έι, (κύων, θαρρέω) impudent as a dog.

κύνο-κόφάλος, αν, (κύων, κοφαλή) dog-beaded. as Subst., surosepados, ô, the dog-headed ape. KUVO-KAburos, ov. (KUN, KAÉRTE) dog-etealing.

nivo-nomin, f. how, (niver, norma) to beat like a dog. κυνόμικα, - κυνάμικα.

KTVO-EPOGWEOS, OF, (KÚON, EPOGWEOF) dog-faced. mivo-paraths, où, d, (miar, pala) a dog-tick.

kúvos, gen. of kúar.

Κυνόσαργες, εος, τό, Cynosarges, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κύνοσ-ουρα, ή, (κυνός, οὐρά) a dog's-tail: esp. the Cynosure, name of the constellation Ursa Minor.

κύνο-απάρακτος, ον, (κύων, σπάράσσω) torn by dogs. κυν-οθχος, δ, (κύων, έχω) a dog-bolder, dog-leasb, II. a dog-skin sack, used in hunting. alip. κύνο-φρων, ον, gen. oros, (κύων, φφήν) dog-minded,

sordid or shameless of soul.

:: ενόσ-βάτος, ή, (κύων, βάτος) dog-thorn, a kind of wild rose.

κύντορος, α, αν, Comp. Adj. formed from κύων, more dog-like, i. e. more shameless, more audacious:-Sup. KÚVTGTOS, 11, OV, most sbameless.

κυνώ, οῦς, ἡ, (κύον) a she-dog, bitch.

 $\mathbf{x}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{w}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{\eta}\mathbf{s}$ , ou,  $\delta$ ,  $(\mathbf{x}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{w}\mathbf{r}, \delta\mathbf{v}) = \mathbf{x}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{v}\delta\mathbf{s} \delta\mathbf{u}\mathbf{u}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{r}' \delta\mathbf{x}\mathbf{w}$ , the dog-eyed, i. e. shameless one: - fem. kiv-ware, soo; in the shameless woman; also fierce-eyed, terrible. KÚTELOS, Dor. for KÚTELOS.

κύπαρίσσίνος Att. -ττίνος, η, ον, (κυπάρισσος) made of cypress wood.

'KT HAPPEZOZ Att. - Tros, i, a sypress, Lat. cupressus.

KTHEIPON, 76, or KÚTELPOS, 6, a marsh-plant,

used to feed horses, galingal. κύπελλο-μάχος, οτ, (κύπελλον, μάχομαι) at woich they fight with cups, cf. Horace's scyphis pugnare.

κύπελλου, τό, (κύπη) a capacious drinking-versel, a beaker, goblet. [8]

EVERPOS, &, Ion. for EURELPOS.

κύπη, ή, = γύπη, a bole, bollow.

Kumpibios, a, ov, (Kúmpis) of ot like Cypris, lovely, tender, delicate. [18]

Κύπριοξ, a, or, (Κύπροε) of Cyprus, Cyprian.

Kumpus, 1800, f., acc. Kumpur and Kumpuda, Cypris, a name of Venus, from the island of Cyprus, where she was most worshipped. II. love.

Κυπρο-γενής, έε, (Κυπροε, \*γένω) Cyprus-born:

fem. Kumpo-yéveta Ep. -yevéa, n.

Kumpolev, Adv. from Cyprus: and Kúnpovôs, Adv. to Cyprus. From

Kúmpos, ou, h. Cyprus, a Greek island on the southern coast of Asia Minor. (Hence Lat. syprium, our copper.)

κυπτάζω, f. άσω: Frequentative from κύπτω, to keep stooping, to go poking or pottering about a thing,

bend forward, stoop: to bow down under a burden; πέρεα πεπυφότα ès τὸ έμπροσθεν horas growing bent bodies.

forward: often in acr. I tart, with another Verb. Sie nisfas runs with the bead down; nisfas lotte eats stooping, i. c. greedily.

Κύρβας, αντος, δ, shortd. form of Κορύβας

κύρβιε is used later of a pettifogging lawyer.

κυρβάσία, ή, a Persian bonnet or bat, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

KYPBEIZ or Kupfles, gen. Kipfless, dat. Kupflest, triangular tables, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides. II. later, any pillars or tablets with inscriptions. III. the sing.

KΥΡΕ'Ω and KΥΡΩ [v]: impf. ἐκύρουν [v] and έκθρον with Ep. 3 sing. κύρα: fut. κθρήσω and κθρσω: aor. I έκύρησα [v], inf. κυρήσαι, part. κυρήσαι; and Ep. έκυρσα, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσαε: by a case, I. dat. to bit, light upon, reach, attain: to meet with, fall in with; as λέων σώματι κύρ-2. dat. with ent or er, as, hear ent σώματι 3. gen. to reach to. κύρσας 🗕 λέων σώματι κύρσας. as far as: to arrive at, gain, win, obtain. to reach, obtain; also to find by chance. IL intrans. to bappen, come to pass, turn out. 2. absol. to be right, hit the exact truth; with part., 768 ar hiyen kuphsais you would be right in saying this. as auxil. Verb, like ruyxare with partic. to turn out. prove, bappen to be so and so; supel air be bappens to be.

κύρηβάζω, f. άσω, (akin to κυρίσσω) to butt with the borns: generally, to strike. Hence

κύοηβάσία, ή, a butting : fighting. KTPH'BIA, ew, rá, chaff, husks, bran.

Kupnvaios, a, ov, of Cyrené. From Kυρήνη, ή, Cyrené, the name of a Greek colony in

Africa, famous for its breed of horses. κυρία, ή, the mistress, lady.

κυριακός, ή, όν, (κύριος) of, belonging to a lard or master; esp. belonging to the LORD (CHRIST): hence of uvplant (sub. of mépa), the Lord's day, dies dominica: to auptanor, the Lord's bouse, whence our kyrk, church.

κυρίενω, f. σω, to be lord or master of. From κύριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κύρος): I. of men. baving power or authority over, lord or master of, c. gen.: κύριόε είμι c. inf., I bave the right or am extitled to do. II. of things, decisive, valid: cri-2. authorised, ratified. 3. of times, place, appointed, regular: at Athens, supla essagoia an ordinary assembly, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (one specially summoned.) 4. principal, ebig. III. as Subst. esp. of language, strict, literal. rúpios, o, a lord, master: an owner, possessor: δ Κύριοε = Hebr. JEHOVAH, THE LORD: in N.T. of CHRIST. Hence

κυριότης, ητοι, ή, power, rule, dominion. ntiploom Att. -rrm, fut. If w, (soppe) to best with the borns: also to strike or dash against, of footing

wholest, Adv. of subject, like a lord or master, an- in labour with a thought. 2. rightfully, fitly. thoritatively.

rupudvám, rare form for nunavám.

τύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

KYPOZ, ece, vo, supreme power, authority. validity, security. III. as pr. n. Kûpos, ô, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

χτιρόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ἐκύρωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκυρώθην: pf. κεκύρωμαι:—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify: - Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., exertparo συμβάλλειν it bad been decided to engage.

suporas, suporas, sor. I inf. and part. of supora gupore, fut. of mipu.

supreurie, où, ò, (supri) a fisherman.

KYPTH, h, a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa. EUPTOS,  $\delta_1 = E \ell p \tau \eta$ .

KTPTO Σ, ή, ών, curved, bent, arched; ώμω κυρτώ round, bumped shoulders:-convex, opp to concave.

rupton, (supton) to curve, bend, arch.  $KTP\Omega$ , = suples, of which it is the Radic. form. κύρωσις, εως, ή, (κυρόω) a ratification; hence exe-

eution, accomplishment. [9]

RÚGE, Ep. for laboa, aor. I of novice: inf. Rhous. murautyn, sor. I part. med. of wie.

min for, b, (min) any bollow.

moon, dat. pl. of moon.

Kúrera, Ep. for Extera, not. 1 of zuréa.

κύστιε, ewe and ios, ή, (κύω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

muore, fut, of muries.

KTTTEOE, o, cytisus, a shrubby kind of clover. scurplis, idee, to a kind of planter.

κύτο-γάστωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (κύτοε, γαστήρ) with ea-

pacious belly, enpacious.

κύτος, εος, τό, (κύω) a bollow: a bollow vessel, a wase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis, kutpa, kutpos, Ion. for yutp-.

KÚTTŘPOV, Té, – sq., a pine-cone.

κύττάρος, δ, (κύτοι) any bollow or eavity; κύτταροι voicaroù, the vault of heaven, Lat, cavum coeli; the cell of a boneycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone. κῦφ-ἄγωγός, δ, (κυφύε, άγω) with arching nock. Lidantes, a, ev, poet, for supple.

πυφός, ή, όν (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed

forwards, stooping. Hence

schow, woo, b, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent woke of the plough. II. a sort of tillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who bas been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

αθώναι, κύψαι, sor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω. κυψέλη, ή, (κύτη) any bollow vessel: a chest, box, Ben (whence Cypselus was called).

Kurtellau, oi, the descendants of Cypselus.

KYΩ, to bold, contain :—1 c. acc., like κυέω, to carry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be Big with young, be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be | thigh-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, bam.

II. Causal in aor. I act. Endou, of the male, to impregnate make to conceive: but in sor. I med. &#Dod unv, to conceive.

KY'ΩN, δ and ή, gen. κυνύε, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. svov:-plut. nom. svvce, gen. svvov, dat. svol Ep. κύνεσσι, 2cc. κίναε :-- a dog or bitch; κύνει τραwe ( nes house-dogs, that fed while their master was at table; sives superral bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian. a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelesnes of audacity. III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods; so the eagle is Aide armyde wiew; the griffins also are Znvie kúves. IV. a wa-dog. V. the dog-VI. the fellock-joint of a borse. star.

Kee, Ion. for ww.

κώσε, later contr. κώε, τό: arreg. pl. nom. and acc. návea, dat. náveou: (neipai):—a soft fleece, sbeepskin. κωδάριον, τό, Dim. of κώδιον. [ἄ]

midea, t, the head: the head of a poppy.

κώθιον, τό, Dim. of κώσε, a fleece, sheepskin.

KΩ'ΔΩN, area, δ Att. ή, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; row sectoros superexolivros as the bell went its rounds. alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow. II. the mouth of a trumpet; also the trumpet itself. Hence

kwowizw, f. low Att. ia, to try or prove by ringing. KWBWV6-KPOTOR, OF, (KWBW, KPOTOW) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κωδωνο-φάλαρό-πωλος, ον, (κωδων, φαλαρα, πώ-Ace) with bells on his horses' trappings.

κωδωνο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (κώδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. núdar):--so in Pass., ásarra κωδωνοφορείται everywhere the bell goes round, i.e. the sentinels are challenged.

núcea, núcea, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of swas.

KΩ'OΩN, eros, 8, a Laconian earthen drinkingvessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τώ Dim. of κώθων.

muthos, a, or, Aeol, for mothor.

Kálos, a, or, contr. Kásos, q. v.

κώκθμα, ατος, τό, (κωκύω) a sbrick, wail, lament. months, b, (months) a stricking, wailing. as pr. n., Kambroe, o, Cocytus, the river of spailing,

one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΥΩ, f. ύσω [θ] οτ ύσομαι : 201. Ι ἐκώκθσα Ερ. ' κώκυσα:—to sbriek, ery, wail, lament.

κωλ-αγρέτης or -ampéτης, ou, o, (so called èx του. dyelper rds κωλάε):—the collector of the fragments, at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneium, and the payment of the dicasts.

restance, 78, Dim. of mestor.

κωλή, ή, contr. from κωλεά or κωλέα, (κώλον), έδο

κώληψ, ητος, ή, (κόλον, ακλή) the bollow or bend unpos, οῦ, δ, (κόμη) a resel, carousal, merrynaking, of the knees.

Kωλιάs (sub. dapa), dbos, ή, Colias, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

KΩ AON, τό, a limb, member of a body. II. generally, a member or part of anything. I. of a building, the side or front. 2. one limb or half of the race-course. 3. a member or clause of a sentence.

κώλυμα, ατοε, τό, (κωλόω) a bindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum. II. a defence or precaution against a thing.

κωλύμη, ή, - κώλυμα, [0]

muλθσί-δρομος, η, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) checking the course.

κωλυτέον, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, one must binder. κωλυτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κωλύω) a binderer.

κώμα, ατος, τό, (κείμαι, κοιμάω) a deep, sound sleep,

Lat. sopor. 2. a letbargy, a trance.

κωμάζω: fut. άσω οτ άσομαι: aor. 1 ἐκώμασα: pf.
κεκώμακα: Dor. pres. κωμάσδω, f. άξομαι, aor. 1
ἐκώμαξα: (κώμοε):—to go about with a company of
revellers, revel, make merry.

2. to celebrate a
κώμοε οτ merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the
games, to join in these festivities: to honour or celebrate in or with the κώμοε.

2. generally, to visit
or break in upon in the manner of revellers: to burst
in, force a way in.

κωμ-άρχης, ου, δ. (κώμη, άρχω) the bead of a village. κωμάσδω, Dor, for κωμάζω,

κωμαστής, οῦ, δ, (κωμό ζω) a reveller, merrymaker:
—of Bacchus, the jolly god.

κωμάστωρ, opos, o, post, for κωμαστήs.

KΩMH, ή,—Lat. vicus, an unwalled village or country town, a Dor. word—the Att. δήμος; κατὰ κώμας οἰκεῖσθαι to dwell in villages, as opp. to walled stowns.

II. of a city, a quarter, ward, district. Hence

Kunnbov. Adv. in villages, Lat. vicatim.

κωριήτης, ου, δ, (κώμη) a villager, countryman. II. in a city, one of the same ward, Lat. vicinus: generally, an inhabitant.

scentifice, idos, fem. of seeuhrns.

κωμίκενομοι, Dep. to speak like a comic poet. From fit out with oars. κωμίκος, ή, όν, (κῶμοι) of or for comedy, comic. κώντη, ή, (from κωμό-ντολικ, εως, δ, (κῶμη, τόλιδ) a village-town, a fάνω) any bandle town built in a straggling way.

uchaos, oi, δ. (κόμη) a resel, carousal, marrymaking, Lat. comessatio, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned head, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κώμοι, festal processions, in honour of several gode, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games.

II. the band of revellers: metaph. any riotous band or company.

III. the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.

κοιμφδέω, f. ήσω, (κοιμφδόο) to represent in a come dy: to ridicule, earicature:—Paus to be so satirised. κοιμφδέω) a comedy: a mirithful spectacle or subibition. There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence κοιμφδικόε, ή, όν, οf or for comedy, comic.

κωμφδό-γελως, ωτος, ό, (κωμωδός γέλως) α comic actor.

κωμφδο-γράφος, δ. (κωμφδος, γράφω) a comic writer. κυμφδοδίδων κάλλια, ή, the rebearing a comedy with the actors: generally, the comic posts art. From κωμφδο-δίδάσκαλος, δ. (κωμφδός, διδάσκαλος) a comic post, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.

κωμφδο-λοιχέω, f. ήσω, (κωμφδόε, λειχω) to play the parasite and buffoom.

κωμφδο-ποιητής, οῦ, δ, and

κωμφδο-ποιός, δ. (κωμφδός, ποιέω) a maker of comedies, comic post.

κωμ-φδόε, ό, (κώμη, ἀοιδόε) a comedian : I. a comic actor. 2. a comic poet. κωμφδο-τράνφδία, ή, (κωμφδόε, τραγφδία, a tragr

comedy.

ΚΩ ΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, bemlock, Lat. cicuta. 2. ben

lock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.

Resylve, 76, Dim. of soroe, a small cone.

kuritys [1], ov, o, fem. —Eris, idos, extracted from

pins-cons.

ΚΩΝΟΣ, ου, δ, α pins-cons, fir-cons:—as fem. a

pine or fir tree. 2. the sone or peak of a helmet.

\*\*survo-\$\phi\$pos, or, \s\tilde{\text{sinvo}}, \phi \text{fips} cone-bearing, as pines,

etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the

point.

κωνωπείον, τό, – κωνωπεάν, Lat. conopium.

kwwwaew, aros, 8, (kweet) an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.

KΩNΩΨ, wros, δ, a gnat, Lat. sulen.

Kijos, a, or, of, from the island Cos, Coan. IL. δ Kijos, often written misos (sub. βόλοε), the highest throw with the dies, counting sin, opp. to Xios, which counted one: hence the proverb, Kijos προς Xios. καπτύς, έσε, δ, (κώπη) a piece of wood fit for an ear. a star for an ear.

Konsius, f. sw. (kirsy) to propel with ours. 2. 4

κόση, ή, (from κάστα, capio, 25 λαβή from λαρβάνω) any bandle, 25 the bandle of an dar: then, che oar itself.

2, the bandle or baft of a more.

bilt, Let. manubrium. 3. the bandle of a key. 4 the bandle on baft of a toreb. Hence wurtue, easa, er, bilted.

murphirtus, f. how. to row: to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards. From

κωπ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (κώπη, ελαύνω) α rower, Lat.

war-hope, es, (sáre, dopedr furnished with sars. II. bolding the oar. warlov, ró, Dim. of sáren, a small oar.

κώρα, Dor. for κούρη, κόρη.

miprov. Doe. for mouprov, moprov.

empos, mapos. Dor. for moipos, moipo:
KOPTKOZ, 6, a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting

et, like the quintain.

ubeedle, coax.

Káptkez, Š. Corycus, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi. Kôs Ep. Kóws, Å, gen. Kô, the island Cos, in the

Aegacan sea, opposite Caria.
sone, Ion. for wise: but enclit. mos, Ion. for wise.

merthholorus, Dor. part. pl. fem. of mertihhos. ΚΩΤΙ' ΔΑΩ, to prate, chatter, Lat. garrire: to

Hence

IL trans. to ebatter to, talk over.

worthoe, η, or, chattering, practling: of a swallow, twittering. II. coasing, wheedling. [τ] wooden, f. dow, (κωφόο) to make deaf or dumb. II.

noxero, by crasis for sai exero, impl. of olyopau,

softwor, by crasis for mal byon,

## ٨

 $\Lambda$ ,  $\lambda$ , λάμβδα or λάβδα,  $\tau \delta$ , indecl., eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\lambda' = 30$ , but  $\lambda = 30,000$ . The Lacedaemonians bore  $\Lambda$  upon their shields, as the Sicyonians X, the Messenians M.

Changes of λ:

1. Dor. into ν, as ηνθον φίντατος for ηλθον φίντατος: whereas the Λtt. prefers λ, as, λίτρον τλεύμων for νίτρον τνεύμων

11. δίρα., λ beginning a word is dropped, as είβω for λείβων, αλίγηρός for λαιψηρός.

111. Ερ. poets use λίτρο το λαιψηρός.

111. Ερ. poets use λίτρο το λαιθηρός.

111. Ερ. poets use λίτρο το λίλαθε for έλαβε; μια d in compds., where the latter part begins with λ, is in τρίλλιστος.

11. Ατι, λ β sometimes hanged into ρ, as ερίβανος ελίβανος, ναύκρηρος ναικληρος.

12. Ατι, λ β sometimes changed λάγιος ναύκληρος.

13. Ατι, λ β sometimes changed λάγιος 
to bleir, δδ-δοδίται. VI. in some words γ and λ are interchanged, as in μόγιε and μόλιε. VII. ν before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω γυλίλλογος λλείτω.

AA, insep. Prefix with intensive force (like Aa., \lambda-, \lambda-\lambda-, \lambda-\lam

aparos much accursed.

AA'AX, δ, gen. λάοε, dat. Χαι, acc. λάων: plur, gen. λάων, dat. λάεσι Ερ. λάεσσι:—in Att. also coutr. nom. λάε, acc. λάν:—a gen. λάον also occurs: Lat. LAPS α store.

Lat. LAPIS, a wone. II. a rock, crag.
λάβειν Ion. λαβέπν, 20τ. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.
λαβέν, Dor. for λαβείν, 20τ. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω: but

λάβεν, Ep. 3 sing. λάβεσκον, Ion. 201. 2 of λαμβάνω.

λάβή, ή, (λαβεῖν) the part to bold by, a bandle, baft, bill; λαβὴν δοῦναι to give one a grip or bold, metaph., to give one a bandle, something to lay bold of, Lat. ansam prashere.

11. the act of grasping, a taking, acceptance.

λαβήν, Dor. for λαβείν, εστ. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω, λάβησι, Ep. 3 sing. εστ. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω. λαβοίσα, Dor. εστ. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω. λαβρ-ἄγόρηκ, σν, δ, Att. —αγόρακ, (λάβροκ, ἀγο-

peúw) a bold, raib talker, braggart. λάβραξ, ακοε, δ, (λάβροε) a sea-wolf.

λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβροε) to talk boldly, brag, saunt.

vaint. λαβρο-πόδηε, ου, δ, (λάβροε, πούε) rapid of foot. impersous.

λαβροποτίω, f. ήσω, to drink hard. From λαβρο-πότης, ου, δ, (λάβρος, πίνω) a hard drinker. ΑΑ ΒΡΟΣ, ου, furious, boisterous, blustering, vehement. 2. of persons, boisterous, furious, turbulent:

al-o gluttonous, greedy. λαβροστομέω, (λαβρόστεμου) to talk boldly. Henco

λαβροστομία, ή, bold, rash talking. λαβρό-στομος, ον, (λάβρος, στόμα) talking rashly. λαβροσύνη ή, (λάβρος) boisterousness: also greedi-

ness. λαβρό-σύτος, ον. (λάβρος, σεύω) rusbing furiously.

λάβρους, Adv. of λάβρους, violently, greedily.
λάβνουθους, δ, a labyrinth, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete.

II. anything of spiral

or twisted shape. (Foreign word.) λάβθρινθ-ώδης, ες, (λαβύρινθος, είδος) like a laby-

rinth, intricate.
λάβω, λάβών, soc. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω.
λάγωρίζω, f. σω, (λαγαρό») to make slack or bollow:

---Med. to become bollow or gaunt from hunger.

λᾶγᾶρός, ά, ω, slack, bollow, sunken.

II. slack, pliant, flexible. (Akin to λαναρόε.) Hence

λάγαροω, - λαγαρίζω: Pass. to become slack or loose.

λάγδην, Adv. (λάζω, λαιτίζω) - λάξ, with the beel. λάγειος, or, slso a, or, (λαγόε, λαγόπ) at or from a bare.

λα-γότης, ου, Dor. λαγίτας, α, δ, (λαδε, ήγίομαι) | leader of the people.

AATHNOZ, 8, a flagon, Lat. sagena. Adoptivos, n. ov. (Layde) of or from a bare. λάγίον, τό, Dim. of λαγώε, a leveret. hayvela, lendness, lust, desire. From AATNOZ, or, leved, lustful.

λάγο-δαίτης, ου, δ, (λαγός, δαίω) bare-devourer. λάγο-θήρας, ου, δ, (λαγός, θηράω) a.bare-bunter. Hence

λάγοθηρέω, to bunt bares.

λάγοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to kill bares. From AATO'Z, oû, ô, collat. form of layée, a bare.

λάγθνος, δ, also ή, -λάγηνος. [Later also δ.] ΛΑΓΧΑ'ΝΩ: fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάξομαι: aor. 2 έλάχον Ερ. έλλάχον: pf. είληχα poēt. λέλογχά: — Pass., aor. I έληχθην: pf. είληγμαι:—to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, maker havely to bave a post assigned one by lot. 2. to have assigned to one, to have for one's share; esp. of the gods, Κήρ λάχε γεινόμενον Fate bad him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: laten, to obtain by inberitance, succeed to. 3. absol, to draw lots: to obtain an office by lot, to east lots for: c. inf., b haxer roleman the who had the lot to be polemarch: absol., of haxivres those on whom the lot fell. as Att. law-term, hayxaven blenv rivi to sue one at law: hence, λαγχάνεικ του κλήρου (sc. δίκην) to sue II. with partitive gen., to for one's inheritance. receive a share of, become possessed of a thing. Causal, in Ep. redupl. aor. 2 λέλαχον, to put in possession of; hehaxely rurd supos to grant one the right IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or of funeral fire. share: to be assigned by lot.

λάγω-βόλον, τό, (λαγών, βάλλω) a staff for flinging at bares, also used as a shepherd's crook, Lat. pedum: and

λάγωδάριον and λάγωδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγών, α

AATΩN, όνος, ή, also ό, poët, dat. pl. λαγόνεσσι, any bollow: esp. like nevelw, the bollow part below the ribe, the flank: in pl. harfoves, the flanks, loins.

λάγωο-βόλος, ον, (λαγωός, βαλείν) bitting bares. ΑΑΤΩΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, Ερ. for λαγών, λαγόν, a bare. \_λάγψοs, α, αν, contr. for λαγώνιον, (λαγών) of or from a bare:—rà hayqa (sub. spéa) bare-flesh, roast bare, and generally, dainties, delicacies,

ΆΑΤΩ'Σ, δ, gen. λαγώ, acc. λαγών and λαγώ: Ep. noru. Adymos, où, Ion. also Adyos:--Lat. LEPUS,

a bare.

 $\lambda \Delta \delta \Delta v \circ v$ ,  $\tau \delta_{\nu} = \lambda \delta \delta \Delta v \circ v$ . λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see. Alle, dual nome of Acas a stone. Aderou, Ep. dat. pl. of Adas a stone. λαζεθ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, with rasp, catch, bold; haceoval riva dryine to take on in the arms; metaph., without waker hatcooper to take back one's words, retract.

λάζτμαι, collet, form of λάζομαι.

λάθα, ή, Dor. for λήθη.

λαθ-άνομος, ον. (λήθη, άνεμος) Doc. for ληθάνεμα, escuping the soind.

λάθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνα. λάθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of λανθάναι

λάθέτθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. δf λανθάναι.

λάθι-κηδής, έε, (λαθείν, κήδοε) banisbing care. λαθί-πονος, ον, (λήθω, πίνος) forgetful of sorrow. grief; bloros douras Labinaros, a life forgetting, i.e. exempt from, pain.

λάθι-φθογιγος, αν, (λαθείν, φθογγή) robbing of some

striking dumb, epith. of death..

λαθοίατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. οξλανθάναι

λάθος, εος, τό, Dor. for λήθος, - λήθη.

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

dabpatos, a, or, also os, or, secret, bidden, stealth. covert. Adv. - ese, Sup. λαθραιότατα.

λάθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att, λάθρα: (λαθεώ): secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καδμείων λάθρα without the knowledge of the Oadmeans.

λάθρηδόν, Adv. = λάθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ον, poët. for λάθρισε. Adv. - es. [1] λάθριος, αν, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtise. λαθρο-βόλος, αν, (λάθρα, βαλεῦν) bitting secretly. λαθρο-δάκνης, ου, ό, (λάθρα, δάκνω) biting secretz. λαθρό-πουε, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδόε, (λάθρα,

ποθε) stealtby-paced, silent-footed. λάθω, λάθών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω. Aat-, insep. Prefix, with intens. force, like Ad- a

λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργού. λάΙγέ, Ιγγοε, ή, Dim. of λάσε, α pebble.

λαίθ-αργοε, ον, - λήθαργοε.

λαικάζω, f. άσομαι, (ληκω) to wench.

λαικαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λαικάζω) a svencher: fem. λαν **kás rotu**, a barlot.

ΔΑΤΛΑΨ, ἄποι, ή, a tempest, storm, burricane. λαίμα, τό, Comio word coined as a pun on λήμα, αίμα, and λαιμός.

λαί-μαργος, ον, (λαι-, μάργος) greedy, gluttonus.

II. talkative.

λαιμάσσω Att. –ττω, (λαιμόε) to smallow greedily. bolt, denour: intr. to be greedy.

λαιμη-τόμος, ον, ροβί: for λαιμοτόμος.

λαιμο-δάκηε, έε, (λαιμόε, δακείν) throat-biting.

λαιμοπέδη, ή, (λαιμόε, πέδη) a dog-coller. a springe for catching birds.

haupo-pitros, or, (haupos, plu) gueding from the

AAIMO'Z, oû, ê, the throat, gullet,

λαυμό-τμητος, ον, (λαιμός, τρητός) with the throm cut or severed.

λαιμο-τόμος, ον, (λαιμός, τεμείν) throat-cutting. II.

pass. Laulbrougs, or, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

**λάθνεος**, α, αν. – λάθνου. [?]

λάϊνος, η, ον. (λâas) of stone, stony; λάινον ξοσο yereises thou hadst put on coat of stone, i.e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

**λαΐον**, τό, Dor. for λήζον.

hause, a, or, left; hand: so mode hala repl; ent halor on the left.

have-rouse, f. how, (xalor, repely) to plough land. λαισήζον, τό, (λάσιοε) a shield or target lighter than the dowis, covered with raw hides.

AATTMA, To, the deep sea.

AAT TOE, to, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαυψηρό-δρομος, ον, (λαυνπρόε, δραμεῦν) εννήτ-νυκ-

λαυψηρός, ά, όν, (λαι-, ψαιρω) light-footed, swift. hanala, - hanea, hanna, to shout, bowl.

Aductive, h, fem. of Adress, Lat. Lacaena, Lacosian. 2. (sub. yuvi), a Laconian woman.

Assessively, Dor. gen. pl. of Assessor.

λάκάνη, late form for λεκάνη.

λū-καταπύγων, ον,(λα-, καταπύγων) very lustful. [8] λάκος, 3 sing. Ep. 20τ. 2 of λάσκω.

Adresalper, eves, to Lacedaemon, the capital of Laconia; also Laconia itself.

Admeiv, acr. 2 inf. of Adoms.

λακέρυζα, ή, (λακέω) one that cries; λακέρυζα κοpárn a cawing crow; hartousa rvár a yelping dog. Ancies, Dor. for Ancies.

Adichow, fut. of Adoles.

Karlin, f. low Att. w, to rend, tear.

λάκία, ίδος, ή, (λάσκω) a rent, tearing, rending; λακίδεν πέπλον ragged robes, tatters.

λάκισμα, ατοι, τό, (λακίζω) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

λάκαστός, ή, όν, (λακίζω) torn, rent; μόρος λακιστός death by rending.

λαικό-πρωκτος, ον, (λάκκος, πρωκτός) a send person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πύγος, αν, (λάκκος, πυγή) - λακκύπρωκτος. AA'KKOZ, ô, any bollow, a bole, pit: a cistern, tank: also a cellar, storebouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. vivarium.

**λάκου**, wrong form of λάκκου.

λακ-πάτητος, ον, (λάξ, πατέω) trampled under foot,

trodden down, [wa]

hantifu, f. low Att. w, (hat) to kick with the beel gre foot, stamp or trample on; λακτίζειν τον πεσύντα so trample on the fallen. 2. absol. to kick; har-There wode nevrou to kick against the pricks: also to

struggle convulsively, throb. Hence Naurioua, to, a kick: a trampling on.

λακτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λακτίζω) one who tramples; λακτιστής ληνού a treader of the wine-press.

Adrew, evos, o, a Laconian or Lacedaemonian; and 25 Adj. Laconian: fem. Advava. Hence

Aduevico, i. low, to imitate the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc.: hence to stack laconically, to be in the Lacedaemonian interest. Hence

Admirunde, h. le. Laconian; to Admiruhor the Laconian people :- h Aaroning, I. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), Laconia. 2. (sub. apprais), a kind of man's shoe.

Admovis, loos, fem. of Aanorunds, I. (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman. 2. (sub. 7f), the Laconian land. Δάκωνισμός, δ, (Λακωνίζω) the imitation of the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc. in the Lacedaemonian interest, Laconism.

Λάκωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (Λακωνίζω) οπο who imitates or takes part with the Lacedgemonians, a Laconizer.

Λάκωνο-μάνέω, (Λάκων, μανήναι) to be mad after the Lacedaemonians, to bave a Laconomania.

λαλαγεθντες, λαλαγεθντι, Dor. for λαλαγοθντες, λαλαγούσι, pres. part. and ind. of λαλαγέω.

λάλαγόω, .f. ήσω, (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, ατος, τό, (λαλαγίω) a prattling, babbling.

hahaic, to prattle, babble, of water. From λάλαξ, (λαλέω) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεθμες, Dor. pres. ind. of λαλέω.

AAAE'Q, f. how, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, τό, talk. II. a talker, prater.

λάλητίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of λαλέω, το be talked of. λάλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (λαλέφ) a'talker, prater.

λάλητικός, ή, όν, (λαλέω) given to talking. λάλητρίε, ίδοε, ή, fem. of λαλητήε, α gossip.

λάλιά, ή, (λαλέω) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

λάλιος, α, ον, poët. for λάλος.

λάλλοι, al. (λαλέω) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, ον, (λαλέω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp. λαλίστερος, Sup. λαλίστατος. λαμά, Heb. for wbat? wby?

Aquax-immov, to, (Aauaxoe, immov) name for Lamachus, little jockby Lamachus.

λά-μάχος, ον, (λά-, μάχη) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

λαμβάνω. fut. λήψομαι Ιοπ. λάμψομαι Doz. λαψοθμαι, –εῦμαι :--,2οτ. 2 έλάβον Ερ. έλλαβον Ιοπ. λάβεσκον, imperat. λάβέ, inf. λαβειν, part. λαβάν, οῦσσ, άν:—pf. είληφα`Ιοπ. λέλάβηκα: plqpf. είλήφεω:— Med., 201. 2 έλαβόμην, Ep. redupl. inf. λελαβέσθαι: Pass., fut. ληφθήσομαι: aor. Ι έλήφθην Ιου. ελάμφθην: pl. είλημμαι poët. λέλημμαι Ion. λέλαμμαι. To take, take bold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, The wreρυγοι λάβεν he caught her by the viling:-- incusph., φρενί καβείν to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend: — Med. to keep hold of. grasp tight: also to get hold of, make one's own: metaph., daß forau rur opur to take to the hills.

to catch, some upon, overtake: of things, to take away, 2. Att. to meet with, find, flud out, de-III. to take in, receive bospitably, entertect. tain. IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire. v. λαμβάνειν τως δρείοισι to bind one by outh. VL. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense. VII. to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to 2. of a woman, to conceive. wife. 3. 8km haßelt to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. cumere toenas: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas.

λάμβδα, τό, indecl., v. sab λ.

Δάμια, 4, (λάμοε) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπάδη-δρομία, ή, (λαμπάε, δρόμοε) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried fighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like bonour.

λαμπάδηφορία, ή, a carrying of torches, = λαμπάδηδρομία. From

λαμπάδη-φόρος, αν, (λαμπάς, φέρα) torch-bearing: es Subst., λαμπαδηφόρου, δ, a torch-bearer.

λαμπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάε, a small torch.

a bandage for wounds. λαμπάδ-οθχος, ον, (λαμπάς, έχω) torch-carrying,

bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάε, άδοε, ή, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp. 2. the torch-race, like haumady-II. as Adj., poet, fem. of λαμπρόε, gleamδρομία. ing with torches.

Maureone, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of Maure.

λαμπετάω, poët. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπετόαν.

Laundres, ov, o, sem. Laundres, idoe, (Laure) the lustrous one.

AAMIH, \$, the seum-or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, ώνος, ή, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λάμπος, δ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λάμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οδρά) bright-tailed: as a

dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ά, όν, (λάμτω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρον boop limpid water. 2. of the voice, clear, 2. of the wind, fresh, keen, distinct. 3. metaph. evident, clear, manifest. IL of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence II.

λαμπρότης, ητος, ή, brilliancy, splendour. metaph distinction, splendour; munificence.

haurpoduvia, t, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced. λαμπρύνω, f. ενώ: Med., 201. Ι έλαμπρενάμψη:-Pass., 3 sing. pf. λελάμπρυνται :—(λαμπρός):—50 make bright or brilliant. II. Med. to pride one-

self on a thing: to distinguish oneself in Pass, to become bright; happeveredus opperen to be-

come clear-sighted. 2. to be or become elear, evident. potorious.

λαμπρώς, Adv. of λαμπρίο, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

happerfor, or, Ioa. for hyprice, verbited, of hapβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ, ήροε, δ, (λάμπω) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch,

happergo-ouxia, f. (happerfo, lxu) a bolding of torches; hapstypovylas the beacon-watches.

Addutted the data of Adutted.

AAMIIO, f. po: sor. I Elappe: pf. lelapse:to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to sbine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious.

trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine. λάμορος, ά, όν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. voracious, gluttonous. III. metaph. bold, spenion: of women, coquettish; wayward, arch. Hence

λαμυρθε, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμυρότερον. λαμφθήναι, Iop. sor. I pass. inf. of λαμβάνα. λάμψομαι, Ion. for λήφομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

Associate or AH'OΩ, whence the tenses are formed: fut. λήσω Doc. λέσω: 201. 2 Ελάθον: pf. λέληθα: plaps. Exexpees: -to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed; c. acc. pers., haber Europa he escaped the notice of Hector. s. with part. \ \arθάνει κλέπτων be escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where harders is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part., as, μη διαφθαρεία λάθη lest he perish without bimself knowing it; also with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, Equ σαυτόν λάθμε δουρpayels until thou mayest not observe thyself baving burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself II. Causal, in pres. Antieves, sor. I aware of it. make to forget: hence, III. Med, and Pass. λανθάνομαι οτ λήθομαι: fut λήσομαι Dor. λάστο μαι paullo-post fut. λελήσομαι: sor. 2 med. έλθόμην: aor. I pass. ἐλήσθην: pf. λέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασμαι part. λελασμένου:--to forget, lose the memory of.

λανός, λανώ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνού.

AA'E, Adv. with the beel or foot; half survieles to be trodden ander foot.

Aufeuros, 4, or, bewn in stone. From λαξεύω, (λâs, ξέω) to tut stonet : to bew in stone.

**háfis**, (háfoµai) an allotment of land.

**halis, sos, 6, Dor. for Affes, essection.** Adequal lon, for Antomal, fut. of Acryrames.

λαο-δάμαε, αντοε, δ. (λαόε, δαμάω) man-subdisinghao-foos, ep, (haas, flee) stone-cutting: as Subst.

λαοξόσε, δ. α sculptor. λāo-milbija, če, (λαόε, muleir) suffered by the people. Allo-mopos, or, (Aude, mopos) conveying the peop AAOZ, où d, Ion. Aude Att. Aude :-- the people: -in the Il. the soldiery, bost, army; also a landarmy opp. to a fleet; also the common men opp. to II. in plur. Anol, the subjects of a their leaders.

prince.

haos, irreg. gen. of haas, a stone.

λίιο-σεβής, έε, (λαύε, σέβομαι) revered by the people. haco-obos, or, (hade, ories) rousing or stirring mations.

λαο-τίκτων, cros, δ, (λααε, τέκτων) a worker in

stone, mason.

hio-rivantes, or, (hâas, rivásse) stirred by a stone. λδο-τρόφος, ον, (λαίε, τρέφω) nourishing the people. Allo-rumos, ov. (Laas, Turro) cutting stones: as Subst., haoritros, d, a stone-culter, stone-mason.

λαο-φθόρος, ον, (λαύς, φθείρω) ruining the people.

λαο-φόνος, er, (λαόε, Φρένω) slaying the people. λαο-φόρος Απ. λεω-φόρος, er, (λαίε, φέρω) bearing people; Anopopoe obce a road, highway.

λάπάζω, f. fw, = άλαπάζω, to plunder, spoil, pillage:

also, to carry off.

λάπάρα Ion. -ρη, ή, the soft part of the body between the ribs and hips, the flank, loins, Lat. ilia.

Properly fem. of Aurapoe. λάπαρός, ά, άν, (λαπάζω) slack, loose, relaxed. AATIH, 1, pologm, Lat. pituita: metaph., dryxlog λάπα in sunless damp, cf. Virgil's loca senta situ. [d]

AGERIVEL, 201. 2 puss. inf. of Aderes.

Adwidou, of, the Lapithas, a Thessalian people in the beroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. M λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. Ι έλωψα: pf. λέλἄφα:—to lap

with the tongue, like Lat. lambo: generally, to drink, drain, suck. (Formed from the sound.)

λūρινός, ή, ών, (λαρός) fatted, fat.

λάρίε, ίδοε, ή, - λάροε, a gull.

Adotors Ion. Amp-, i, Larissa, name of many old dreek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence Aaptoralos, a, ov, Larissasan, of or from Larissa.

λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim. of λάρκος, [st]

AAPKOZ, &, a basket for charcoal, a soal-basket. AAPNAE, acce, \$\dagger\$, a coffer, box, cheet: a cinetary urn: an ark.

AAPOZ, &, a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant. [dl, except in one passage.]

AA POZ, a, br, dainty, sweet, pleasant:-irreg. Sup. λαράντατος: but the reg. Comp. λαρότερον ocurs as Adv.

λάρυγγιάω, (λάρυγξ) to scream, screech.

λάρυγγίζω, Att. fut. ιθ, (λάρυγξ) to basel, bel-IL to outdo in abouting.

AAPTTE, gen. vyyos, &, the larynx or upper part f the windpipe: also the gullet, throat.

λάε, λάοε, δ, α stone, Att. contr. for λάαε.

AAZANON, ro, always in pl. a trivet or stand for pot, a gridiron. II. Lat. lasanum, a night-100d: [XX]

λάσδοο, Dor. for λάζου, imperat. of λάζομαι. **λαστοθμαι,** Dor. for λήσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω: pl λασεύμεσθα, for λησόμεθα,

AA'ZOH, f., mockery, insult.

λασθήμεν, Dor. for λασθήναι, λησθήναι, act. I pass. inf. of λανθάνω.

λάσι-αύχην, eros, (λάσιοε, αθχήν) with shaggy neck. λάσιο-θριξ, τρίχου, δ, ή, (λάσιου, θρίξ) sbaggy-

hadros, a, ov. Att. os, ov. sbaggy with bair or wook II. shaggy with bushes, bushy. (Akin to bairy.

δασύε.) [ά] Hence λασιό-στερνος, αν, (λάσιος, στέρναν) with bairy chest. ΛΑΣΚΩ, (the tenses formed from obsol. \*λάκίω,

λάκω): fut. λἄκήσομαι: 201. Ι ἐλάκησα [ἄ]: 201. 2 έλάκον, inf. λάκειν: pf. λέλακα Ion. λέληκα, Ep. part. fem. λελάκυῖα:-- Med., sor. 2 ἐλἄκόμην, Ep. redupl. λελακύμην, whence 3 plur. λελάκοντο [d]:--to ring, elash, erash, erackie: of axles, to ereak: commonly II. of animals, to shriek, of things, but also scream: of dogs, to bowl, bay. IIL of men. to

speak loud, shout, shout forth: rarely to sing. λāσω, Dow for λήσω, fut, of λανθώνω.

AATAI, äyos, ή, a drop of wine.

Auto-yeving, is, (Auto, \*yivo) born of Latona. λάτομέω, f. ήσω, (λατόμος) to quarry stones. Hence

**λάτομία, ή, а моле-quarry**.

λα-τόμος, δ, (λαε, τέμνω) a stone-cutter, quarry-man. λατρεία, ή, (λατρεύω) bired labour, service, servi-

tude: esp. the service of the gods, worship. λάτρευμα, τό, bired service, servitude: esp. service paid to the gods, worship. II. a slave. From

λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτριε) to work for bire or 2. to serve, be bound or enslaved to, c. dat. pers.: but also c. acc. pers. to serve. the gods, c. dat.

harpios, a, or, of a servant or service. From λάτριε, ιοε, ὁ and ἡ, a bired servant, Lat. latro: generally, a servant, slave.

ΛΑ TPON, τό, pay, bire; λάτρον άτερθε without

rent ot quittance. λαυκάνίη, ή, = λαιμός, the throat. (Deriv. uncer-

tain.)

ΛΑΥΡΑ Ion. λαύρη, ή, an alley, lane, narrow passage between bouses: also a pass between rocks, ravine, defile. II. a sewer, drain.

λάφυγμός, δ. (λαφύσσα) greediness, gluttony.

ΛΑ'ΦΥΡΑ, τά, spoils taken in war, Lat. spolia. λαφθρ-αγωγέω, f. ήσω, to make booty of. From λάφθρ-αγωγός, όν, (λάφυρα, άγω) carrying off booty.

λάφθροπωλέω, f. ήσω, to sell booty. From

λάφθρο-πώλης, ου, δ, (λάφυρα, πωλέω) a retailer of boory, Lat. sector.

λάφύσσω Att. –ττω, fut. έω, (λάπτω) to swallow greedily, eat up, devour: of men, to eat gluttonously, gorge, Lat. belluari. Hence

λάφύστιος, a, or, gluttonous.

ΛΑΧΑΙΝΩ, f. avo: sor. I λλάχηνα:—to dig. λάχανεύω, f. σω, (λάχανον) to plant with potherbs: -Med. to gather berbs.

λάχανη-λόγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) gaibering beros.

λάχἄνιζομαι, Dop. (λάχανον) to gather barbs. Hence | acr. 2 έλεγην: Ep. acr. 2 pass. έλέγμην, 3 sing.

handrouse, b, a gashering of borbs.

λάχῶνον, τό, (λάχαίνω) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά, garden-berbe, opp. to wild plants totherbe, vegetables, greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. The harave the vegetable-market, the green-market.

λάχενο-πάλης, ου, ό, (λάχανον, πωλέω) α greengroser: fem. haxavo-muhtpua, and haxavo-muhia, coos, i, a woman who sells garden-stuff

have, Ep. for thave, 3 sing. sor. s of harywhere. Layera, either for thayera, fem. of thayer, small; or sem, of an Adj. haxee (from haxabre) well-tilled, fertile.

Adjuste, sor. 2 inf. of harriers.

Adxerve, gen. eas Ion. 101, \$, (Adxer) Lachecis, one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. lot, Jonney, fate.

han, t, handre) a digging.

harvatos, a, or, woolly, bairy, downy. From AA'XNH, \$, suft woolly bair, down: the soft stap or pile on cloth: sheep's-wool. Hence

λαχνήσε, εσσα, er, woolly, bairy.

λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυίον) with bairy limbs.

 $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \chi vos, \, \dot{\delta}, = \lambda \dot{\alpha} \chi v \eta, \, wool.$  Hence hazven, f. wee, to make bairy .- Pass, to grow

downy. λαχν-ώδης, es, (λάχνη, elbos) like down, downy. λάχοίην, Att. for λάχοιμι, sor. 2 opt. of λαγχάνω. AA'XOZ, 76, (Adxeir) one's lot, fate, destiny.

the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [d] λάχών, sor. 2 part. of λαγχάνω.

λαψεθμαι and λαψοθμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω. λάψων, fut. pa: . of λάπτω.

λαψή, Dor. s sing. sor. I med. subj. of λαμβάνω. AA'Ω, - βλέπω, to see, behold, look at; old Ep.

word used by Hom. in part, Adam and Ep. 3 sing. impf. Ada. [8]

 $\bullet \Lambda \Lambda' \Omega$ ,  $= \emptyset \delta \lambda \omega$ , to swith: see  $\lambda \omega$ .

hiarva, t, tem. of hier, a lioness.

Asalve, f. Leavê Ep. Leidrie: 201. I ilinus Ep. Meyra; (Leice):-to smooth, polish, work smooth; Leadrer releitor to smooth the way. rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to destroy. III. metanh. to smooth away, smooth or saften doum

λεάνταιρα, ή, fem. of λεαντήρ.

heaveto, toos, o, (healres) a polisher.

λίβης, 4τος, δ. (λείβω) a kettle, caldron. the basis in which the purifying water (xlovel) was handed round: but also, a sort of basis which was struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan III. a cinerary urn.

hayeler, aree, o, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion. Afrones, Myoves, Doc. for Afrones, Afrones, I and 3 pl of hira

AETO, f. λέξω: aor. ι έλεξα: pf. είλοχα:-- Med., fint. λέρομαι: ace. 1 έλεβάμην:—Pars., fut. λεχθήσοwa: paulo-post fut. dedefouce: nor. 1 pass. eddany, | Actorys, 1700, \$, (deios) smoothness.

λίστο: pl. είλεγμαι οι λέλεγμαι: LAY, to lay asleep, lull to sleep :- Pass. and Med. TO LIE, to lie down. II. to lay in order, arrange, and so to gather, pick up :- Med. to gather for oneself: hence to eboose, pick out rechan, count, tell or rechan up. IV. to recount. tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of oracles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any communication by word of month; λέγειν κατά τινος to accuse one; c. inf., herew rive voicer ti to tell, bid, command; herew Ti, to say something, i, c. to speak to the purpose; opp. to heyew odder, to say nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak of, mean, refer to, as, elow noul(on on, Kaododoar λέγω, go thou within, I mean Cassandra :- Pasa. λίyeraı, it is said, on dit; το λεγόμενον, absol. as the saying goes.

henhadia, it, a driving off booty, pillaging. From henhartes, f. how, to drive away booty, drive cattle, to make booty: bence to plunder, despoil. From λε-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (λεία, έλαύνω) one subc drives of booty, a plunderer, marauder. [ǎ]

**ΔΕΙ'A** Ion. λητη, ή, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle; hence what can be driven off as booty.

heralve, fut. heraves, Ion. and Ep. for headen. AEIBΩ, ψω: acc. I έλειψα:—to pour, pour forth: mostly like onerdes, to pour a libatio. let flow, shed:—Mod. to flow, run, trickle; λείβα. σθαι δακρύοιε to melt into tears; hence to melt σ pine away:-Puss. to be moistened, bedeneed.

hetlouge, Ion. and poet, for hatlouge. helyeav, Ep. 3 pl. sor. 1 of heralves.

λειήνας, Ep. aor. I part. of λεαίνει.

λειμαξ, ακοε, ή, - λειμών, α meadow: α garden. λείμμα, ατοε, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains

λαιμών, ῶνοι, δ, (λείβω) απη moist grassy place, a meadow, mead, Lat. pratum.

hayands, abor, post feed of herpanos; repop herμανιάς ε meadose-nymp**h.** 

λειμώνιος, α, αν, (λειμέν) of a meadow λειμωνίς, ίδος, poët. fem. of λειμώνιος.

λειμωνόθεν or -θε, Adv. (λειμών) from a meading λοιο-γένοιος, ον, (λείος, γένειον) smooth-chinaeci\_ λαιο-κύμων, ον, (λείοε, κύμα) with gentle wares...

λειό-μίτος, αν, (λείος, μίτος) smoothing the the code of the warp.

λειοντή, ή, pošt. for λεοντή, a lion's skin. λειοντο-μάχης, ου, ό, (λέων, μάχη) poët, for λ<del>-esca</del>

a lion-fighter. λειοντο-πάλης, ου, δ, (λέων, πάλη) poët. for λοσ wrestler with a lion.

AETOE, a, or, or os, or, Let. LAEPIS, of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, c. gen., helos verplan level and free from socie 3. metaph. with a smooth chin, beardless.

soft, gentle.

Adoust, post. for Adoust, dat. pl. of Adam. hauriov, verb. Adj. of helms, one must leave. AEITIΩ, f. λebbu: aor. 2 act. έλίτον, inf. λίνεῦν; (201. Ι έλευβα only in late writers): pf. λέλοιπα :--Med., fut. Ashbopas in pass. senso:—Pass., fut. Asioθήσομαι, paullo-post. fut. λελείψομαι: 201. Ι έλείφθην: 201. 2 ελίπην [Υ]: pf. λέλειμμαι: plqpf. ελελείμup :- Lat. LINQUO, to leave, leave remaining: of dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath :--- so in Med. to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memorial. 2. to desert in danger, abandon, forsake. II. Pasa to be left, left behind, left re-2. to be left bebind in a race : pf. part. maining. λελειμμένος, left bebind, lingering bebind, inferior to: absol. to stay bebind. 3. c. gen. to be left without: to come short of .. , be inferior, worse, weaker 4. to be wanting or lacking. than another. intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear : to be want-

ing, cease, Lat. deficere. Ampibene, essa, er, (Xelpior) of or like a lily, lily-

wbite, delicate.

ΛΕΙΡΙΟΝ, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. lilium.

λεϊστόε, see ληϊστύε. λέϊτος or λειτος, or, (λαόε, λεών) of the people, Ion.

for Att. δημόσιου.

λαιτουργέω, f. ήσω, (λειτουργόε) to perform public duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve public offices at one's own sout: cf. λειτουργία.

II.

to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence Autroupyia, \$\text{\eta}\$, a public service:—at Athens a liturgy, i. e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II. drains service, whence our word Liturgy.

λειτουργικός, ή, ών, performing public service, mini-

stering. From

λαιτ-ουργόε, όν, (λείτοι οι λείτοι, έργον) performing public duties, serving the state. II, a priest, minister of God.

AEIXH N, fires, b, a tree-moss, lichen. II. hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, seurry: of the ground, a blight, canker.

AEIXΩ, f. for: sor. I theifa:—Lat. LINGO, to lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf. part. λελειχμότες.

Actions, aor. I part. of helfor.

λευψάνη-λόγος, ον, (λεύμανον, λέγω) gathering remnants.

Actipărov, τό, (λείτω) a piece left, remnant, relie, soreck: in plut. remains, remnants, Lat. reliquiae. Απή-εδριον, τό, (λείτω, ίδωρ) an ill-watered dis-

rict near mount Parnes in Attica.

Asiav, δ, post. for λέαν, hence Ep. dat. λείουσι. Asκάνη, ἡ, (λέκοε) a disb, pot, pan. [δ] Hence Asκάνια, ἡ, λεκάνιον, τό, λεκάνίσκη, ἡ, Diminutives Ε λεκάνη:—a little disb or pan, platter.

λεκτθο-πύλης, ου, δ, fem. -πωλις, ιδος, (λέκιθος, -πωλίς) α pulse-porridge seller.

AEKI 601, i, pulse-porridge.

AEKOΣ, τος, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.

λεκτικός, ή, όν, (λέγω) good at speaking, fluent, eloquent.

II. suited for speaking.

λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.

λεκτός, ή, ω, (λέγω) gathered, ebosen, plekc? nut. II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken. λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a soueh, bed, Lat. lectus: λέκ-

λαλαβέσθα, Ep. redupl. sor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω, λαλάβηκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.

λελάθη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. sor. 2 subj. of λανθάνα. λελάθοντο, λελάθέσθα, λελάθέσθαι, 3 pl. indic., 3

Acadeovro, Acadeove, Acadeovea, 3 pl. indic., sing. imperat., and inf., aor. 2 med. of λανθάνω. λέλακα, pf. of λάσκω.

λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. sor. 2 med. of λάσκα.

λελάκυῖα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of λάσκα. λέλαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

λέλασμαι, Ion. and Ep. pf. pass. of λανθάναι. λέλαχον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω. λελάχω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαγχάναι

λέλει πτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of λείπα.

Acheicoau, pf. pass. inf. of helmo.

λελειχμότες, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of λείχω. λέλευσμαι, pf. pass. of λεύω.

Achexarau, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of heyes.

λέληθα, pf. of λανθάνω.

λέληκα, Ion. pf. of λάσκω: part. λεληκών. λέλημμαι, poët. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

λέλησμαι, Îon. př. pasa. of λανθάνω: but λέλησμαι, pf. pasa. of λητζομαι.

Aλίημαι, old Ep. pf. of λιλαίομαι, (and therefore properly λελίλημαι), to strive eagerly, long for, be zealous for: part. λελίημένος, zealous, basty, eager.

λελιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of λίπτω. λέλογα, pf. of λέγω.

λελογισμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of λογίζομαι, deliberately, advisedly.

λέλογχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

λελόγχη, poët. for έλελύγχει, 3 sing. piqpf. of λαγχάνω.

λέλοιπα, pf. of λείπω.

λελουμένος, pf. part. pass. of λούω.

λελύμασμαι, pf. pass. of λυμαίνομαι. [ð]

λέλυνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λύω:—λέλυντο, Ep. for ελέλυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

λελύτο, Ερ. for λελύοιτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of λύα. λελώβημαι, pf. in pass. sense of λωβάομαι.

AEMBOZ, 8, a small boat with a sharp prow. s.

λέμμα, ατος, τό, (λέπω) that which is peeled off, peel, busk, skin, scale.

λέντιον, τό, the Lat. linteum, a linen cloth, napkin.
λέξεο, Ερ. for λέξαι, aor. I imperat. med. of λέγο-

λέξεο, Εp. for λέξαι, aor. I imperat. med. of λεγομαι, to lie down. λίξιε, εωε, ἡ, (λέγω) a speaking, speech. 2. a way

of speaking, diction, style.
λέξο, Ερ. for λέζαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of λέγο-

Has, to lie down,

λεοντέη contr. λεοντή (sab. δορά), ή, α lion's skin, | λευτότης, ητος, ή, (λευτόε) thinness, fineness, aligisproperly fem. of heartess

λεόντειος, α, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

λουντό-διφρου, σκ. (λέων, δίφρου) in ebariot drawn by lions.

λουντο-κέφαλος, ον, (λέον, κοφαλή) lion-beaded. λεοντό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, (λέων, ποθε) lian-footed. λεοντο-φόνος, σε, (λέων, Φάνω) lion-killing.

λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing. λεοντο-φύής, ές, (λέων, φυή) of lion nature.

λουντό-χλαινος, ον, (λέων, χλαίνα) elad in llon's

AETIAANON. 16, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχαλιστήρ). heraios, a, ar. (hiras) of a seaur or erag: eraggy. her-appos, or, (heros, appos) with white skin or

feathers. htmas, ro, (htm) a bare rock, wayr, erag.

heras, abos, i, a limber, Lat. patella, from its cling-

ing to the rock (Aéras).

λεπαστή, ή, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup. λεπιδόομαι, Pass. (λεπίε) to be covered with scales.

λεπίδωτός, ή, όπ, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτὸς θώρης scale-armour. IL Subst, a fish with

large scales.

hewle, idoe, th. (heras) a scale, busk, shell. λέπρα Ion. λέπρη, ή, (λέπροε) the leprosy.

λεπράς, άδος, ή, poet, fem. of λεπρός, rough.

λεπρόε, ά, όν, (λέποε) scaly, rough: leprous, mangy. λεπτάκινός, ή, όν, poët, for λεπταλέος.

λεπτάλέος, α, ον, (λεπτόε) fine, elender, delicate. henrent-henros, or, thin upon thin, thin as can be. λεπτό-γειος, ον, Αtt. λεπτό-γεως, ον, (λέπτος, γαία,

γή) of a thin or poor soil λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle

in mind λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λέπτος, γραμμή) drawn fine.

λεπτό-γραφος, ον, (λέπτος, γράφω) written fine. λεπτό-δομος, ον, (λέπτος, δέμω) slightly built: alight.

λεπτολογίω, t. ήσω, to speak subtly, to chop logic, quibble: so too λεπτολογέομαι, as Dep. From

λεπτο-λόγος, or, (λεπτός, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtle, quibbling.

λεπτό-μίτος, or, (λέπτος, μίτος) of fine threads λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about

a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

λεπτός, ή, όν, (λέτω) peeled, cleaned of the busks: -hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sease, thin, lean, meagre. II. strait, nar-III. slight, small, insignificant; The hearth των προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sbeep and goats; herrd whola small craft: of sound, light, slight. metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

`ΕΤΟσύνη, ή, - λευτότης.

ness, lectureus. II. metaph. subtlety.

ληπτουργόω, f. ήσω, (λεπτουργόι) to do fine work. hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble. heur-oupytis, is, (heuros, loyer) finely worked. henr-oupyon, by, (henroe, toyor) producing fine

work. λεπτο-ϋφής, ές, (λεπτός, ὑφαίνω) finely woven. [v] λεπτο-ψάμαθος, αν. (λεπτώ, ψάμαθος) with fine cand. λευτύνω, f. www. (λευτός) to make this · to throub, beat out:-Pass. to grose lean.

Keurds, Adv. of heuros, slightly : subtly λεπόριον, τό, Dim. a unall busk, this risd. From λέπθρον, τό, (λέτοε) a shell, busk, rind. AEΠΩ, fut, for: sor. I thefa :- to strip of the

busks or rind, to peel or bark.

Aépva, \$, Lerna, a marsh in Argolia, the abode of the Hydra: -hence Aspvalos, a, or, Larnasan.

Aerflice, to imitate the Leibian women. From Λοσβιάς, άδος, ή, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman. Δεσβίζω, - λεσβιάζα.

Aίσβιος, a, or, (Λίσβοι) Lebian of Lebos. Asσβόθεν, Adv. from Lesbos. From

Aéσβos, ή, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

λεσχάζω, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip.

λίσχη, ή, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and bear the news, a lounge, place of public IL talking, gossip: resort: also a council-ball. in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; wpds έμην λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence λεσχηνεύω, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

househies, a, or, (akin to huypos) is sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευίτης, ου, δ, one of the tribe of Levi (Δευί), α Levite. [1] Hence

Λευϊτικός, ή, όν, Levitical.

heunalva, (heunós) to whiten, blanch, bleach. to make bright or light.

λευκάν, Dor. for λευκών, gen. pl. of λευκόε.

housevou, sor. I inf. of heuralean

λευκ-ανθής, έε, (λευκόε, άνθοε) white-blossomeng. white, blanched, pale; Levrardes rapa a white head hous-avolle, (house, droes) to bave white blossoms:

generally, to be white. λευκάs, άδοε, poët. fem. of λευκόε, white, chalky:

hence the promontory of Epigns was called Asserts heurds, Dor. gen. fem. of heuros.

λεύκ-αστιε, ίδοε, δ, ή, (λευκόε, donis) white-chielded. λεύκη, ή, (λευκόε) the white leprosy. white poplar, Lat, populus alba, used for chaplets. λευκ-ήρετμος, ον, (λευκός, έρος ός) seith solicite ce

oaming oars. λευκ-ήρης, es, (λευκός, άραρειη) white, blanched. Acunanibes, al, laughters of Leucippus, mymphs

worshipped at Sparta. heur-unnos, or, (heurbe, frees) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

heuritys [1], ou, o, - heuris.

Acuro-bia, h, (Leurh, bea) the white goddess; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitions sca-goddess.

λευκό-θριξ, τρέχρε, δ, ή, (λευκόε, θρίξ) white-baired. λευκο-θώραξ, ακοι, δ, ψ, (λευκόι, θώραξ) with white

cuirass.

heuro-lov, to, (heuros, lov) the stock or wall-flower. λευκο-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λευκός, κθμα) white with waves, surfy. [9]

λευκό-λίνον, τό, (λευκόν, λίνον) white flax for ropes

and rigging, used by the Phoeniclans.

heuro-hopas, ou, o, and heuro-hopos, or, (heuroe, λύφος) white-crested: - λευκόλοφον, τό, a white hill. heuro-ómupos, or, (heurós, òmupa) with white autumn fruits.

λευκο-πάρειος Ion. -πάρηος, ον. (λευκός, παρειά) fair-cheeked.

heund-memhos, or, (heunds, mémhos) white-robed. λευκό-πηχυς, ν, gcn. εων, (λευκόν, πηχυς) whitearmed.

λευκο-πληθής, έε, (λευκόε, πλήθοε) filled with white or with persons in white.

λευκό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τά, gen. ποδος, (λευκός, πούς) white-footed: barefooted.

Acuro-mpents, is, (heuros, spina) white-looking. Neuko-mrepos, or, (Neukos, mreply) white-winged. λευκό-πωλος, ον, (λευκός, πώλος) with white borses: riding a white borse.

AETKO'Σ, ή, όν, light, bright, brilliant, clear: of II. white, gray, beary: of the skin, water, bright. mbite, fair, but also, blanched, pale, wan. ade χρυσόε, pale (i. c. alloyed) gold, opp. to ἄπεφθοε or refined. 3. metaph. fair, bappy, joyful, gay of sound, elear, like haurpoe.

λευκο-στεφής, έν, (λευκόν, στέφω) white-wreathed. heuro-ornaros, or, (heuros, ori(a) speckled with

white, grizzled.

λευκό-σφύρος, ον, (λευκός, σφυρόν) white-ankled. λευκό-τροφος, σε, (λευκόε, τρέφω) white-growing. λευκο-φάής, έε, (λευκόε, φάοε) white-gleaming. λευκο-φόρος, ον, (λευκύε, φέρω) white-robed. λεύκ-οφρυε, υ, (λευκόε, δφρύε) white-browed. Acuro-xiror, aros, o, f, (heuros, xirar) white-

coated. λευκό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (λευκός, χρόα)

white-coloured: heterocl. acc. Leundypoa.

λευκό-χρως, ωτος, δ, ή, (λευκός, χρώκ) sc bite-chinned. havebee, f. wow, (havebe) to whiten: to paint white: - Med., λ ευκοῦσθαι δπλα to whiten their shields.

Acusous room to bare the foot. heux-chevos, or, (λευκόε, διλένη) white-armed. λεύκωμα, τό, (λευκόο, λευκόω) anything whitened:

a white tablet for public notices, Lat. album. heupos, a, or, (heios) smooth, level, even. smooth, polished.

\*AEY'Z, 6, - \alpha as, a stone: hence

λεύστμος, or, stoning; λεύσιμοι θάνατοι death by getful, letbargic.

stoning; Lever upor apal curses that will end in stoning; λεύσιμου δίκη the penalty of death by stoning.

λευσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (λεύς, λεύω) a stoning.

λεύσσω, fut. λεύσω (only in late authors), to look ot gaze upon, see, bebold. 2. absol. to look: & ut λεύσσων, he that sees not, i. e. one that is wead.

λευστήρ, ήροε, δ, (λεύε, λεύω) one who stones or deserves stoning:—as Adj., Levor.,p popos death by stoning.

λεύω, f. σω, aor. τ pass. ἐλεύσθην: (λεύε):---to stone. λεχε-ποίη, ή, (λέχοε, ποία) with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy.

λεχ-ήρης, es, (λέχος, δραρείν) bed-ridden.

λεχθείε, zor. I part. pass. of λέγω.

Nexos, eos, to, (heros i) a couch, bed. bier. II. the marriage-bed: a marriage. Hence hexorbe, Adv. to bed.

hexpros, a, or, slanting crosswise, oblique. From AEXPIZ, Adv. slanting, crosswise, athwart. λεχώ, όσε contr. σθε, ή, (λέχσε) a woman in child-bed. λεχώιοs, ον, (λεχώ) of, belonging to child-bed

Λοω-κόριον, τό, (Λεών, κόρα) the temple of the daughters of Leos.

AE'ΩN, orτos, δ, Ep. dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. LEO, a lion: metaph. of Artemis, Zeve se Akorra yuraifl

blue Zeus made thee a lion toward women, i.e. their destroyer.

λε-ωργός, όν, (Adv. λέως, έργον) all-daring, audacious: as Subst., Acapyós, o, a knave, villain.

λεώς, ώ, δ, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. λεφ, ρεοριε; deovere heef hear O people, the beginning of Athenian proclamations.

News, Adv., Ion. for Niar, entirely, wholly.

how-orderepos, or, (hews, operepost only in Hdt. 9. 33, λεωσφέτερον έποιήσαντο Τισαμένου they made him one of their own people.

λεω-φόρος, ov, (λεώς, φέρω) bearing people, frequented: λεωφόροε (sub. δδόε), ή, a thoroughfare. λή, 3 sing. of \*λάω, λῶ.

ληγέμεναι, ληγέμεν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.

AHTΩ, f. fw. to LAY, allay, abate, like wave: c. gen., λήγειν χείραι φόνοιο to stay one's hands from IL more freq. intr., to leave off, or cease from, λήγειν έριδου to cease from strife; c. part., λήyou trapt our I cease slaying :- also absolt to cease, make an end.

λήδανον, τό, (λήδον) gum ladanum, gum mastich. ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of λήδοε, a light dress. [d]

AH AON, 76, the mastich, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum Ahdavov is found.

λήδος, eos, τό, (λείοι) a thin cloth, light dress.

λήζομαι, Att. for ληίζομαι.

П.

λήθαιος or ληθαίος, α, or, (λήθη) of or for jorget-II. of or from Leibe, Letbean. fulness, oblivious. ληθάνω, Causal of λανθάνω: see λανθάνω IL

ληθαργικός, ή, έν, drowsy, slothful. From λήθαργος, or, (λήθη) forgetting, c. gen.: absol. for-

ληθοδάνδο, ή, όν, (ληθάνω) causing forgetfulness. ληθοδών, όνος, ή, pošt. for λήθη.

Aifeq Dor. Adea, th. (Aifeopus) a forgetting, forgetfulness, Lat. oblivio. II. Lathe, the river of oblivion in the lower world.

λήθος, τό, Dor. λάθου, - λήθη.

AH'ΘΩ, λήθομαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάνω, νανθάνω, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω. ληκάναρα, ή, (ληθε, ἀνήρ) making prey of men. ληκάς, άδος, poët fem. of ληθειος, captive. ληκ-βοτήρ, ήρος ό, fem. ληθ-βόταρα, (λήιον, βόταω) στορ-δενουτίας.

hyldros, a, or, (hyts) saken as booty, captive.

ληίζομαι Att. λήζομαι: fut. ληίσομαι Ερ. ληίσσομαι: aor. I ἐληισάμην Att. ἐλησάμην, Ερ. 3 sing. ληίσσαντο:—Pass., pf. λόλησμαι: Dep.: (ληθε):—to esize as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain by force. II. to plunder, ravage a country. III. pf. λελήσομαι occurs in pass. signf., to be spoiled, taken as booty.

Anin, Ion. for Acia.

hourshoes, or, (histor, vipus) dwelling among the corn-fields.

AHTON, 76, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field.

Ants, ibos, th, Ion. for hela, boory, speel.

2. a berd or flock, cattle.

ληίσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. acr. I of ληίζομαι.

λημοτήρ, ήρος, δ. (ληίζομαι) Ερ. for Att. ληστής. λημοτής, οῦ, δ, Ιοπ. for ληστής.

ληίστωρ, οροε, ό, - ληίστηρ.

λημοτός or λεϊστός, ή, br, (λητζομοι) carried off as booty, to be suon by force.

λημοτύε, ώσε, ή, (ληθίρμαι) plundering, spoiling. ληθτω, ιδοε, ή, (ληθ) she subo makes or dispenses booty, epith. of Athena.

λήντον [1], τό, Achaian name for the Athen. πρυτανείον, the town-ball. Properly, neut. of λήντου.

λήντος, η, ον, (λεάν, λαδε) of the people, public. 
AHΚΕ Ω Dot. λάκόω, to sound, — λάσκω. Hence ληκίνδα, Adv. sounding; ναίζειν λ. to beat time. 
ληκύδον, τό, Dim. of λήκνδος, a small oil-flask. 
AHΚΤΘΟΣ, ή, an oil-flask, oil-bottle: a cashet. [8] 
λήμα, τό, (\*λάω, λώ) with, will, purpose: in good 
sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance. 
λημάλέος, α, ον, (λήμη) bleared, purblind, of the 
cycs, Lst. lippus.

λημάτιαω, (λήμα) to be spirited or resolute.

λημάω, (λήμη) to be bleared: to be purblind.

AHMH, ή, Lat. gramia, a humour that gathers in the eye, rheum: al λήμαι, sore eyes.

λήμμα, τό, (είλημμαι) anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum.

Afguvos, a, os, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From Afguvos, h, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegaean sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

Aqualos, 4, 6r, (Afraia) belonging to the Afraia.
Aqualos, a, or, (Aquos) belonging to the winspress:

1. Aqualos, Lat. Lenaeus, epith, of Bacchus
Dians

as god of the wine-press. 2. Afraua (sub. lopé), ré, the Lenasa, an Athenian festival held in the month Aprauau in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets 3. Afrauou, v6, the Lenasum, or place at Athens where the Lenasa were held.

Aquatras, ou,  $\delta$ , — Aquatr $\delta$ e.

Aquation, aros, &, old name of the Att. month re
popular in which the Athenian Lenaca soere held, the
latter part of Jan, and former of Feb.: the seventh

month of the Attic year.

AHNO'N Dor. Navés, es, \$ or \$, a trough, Lat. alveus:

1. a wins-vat.

2. a trough for watering cattle.

3. a kneading-trough.

AH NOZ Dor. Mayor, ene, 76, Lat. LANA, sooi. Affeum, 201. I opt. of Afree.

lifes, eas, \$, (layer) a cossation, end.

λήξιε, eas, ή, (λήξομαι appointment by lot, allosment. II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. λήξιε τοῦ κλήρου an application for one's lawful inheritance.

λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνει ληόε, rare Ion. form for λαόε.

ληντίος, α, or, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken. II. neut. ληντίον, one must take bold: one must take or accept.

ληπτόε, ή, όν, verb. Λές. of λαμβάνω, to be taken or comprehended.

ληρέω, f. ήσω, (λήρου) to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly; ληρεί έχων he keeps on acting foolishly.

AH POΣ, δ, idle talk: frivolousness, nonsente. ληρός, οῦ, δ, a small trinket, Lat. leria.

λήs, 2 sing. of \*λάω, λ.

λησίμ-βρότοε, ον, (λήθω, βροτύε) taking men muawares, a cheat.

λησμοσύνη, ή, forgetfulness. From

λήσμων, or, gen. oros, (λήθω) for getting, unmindful.
λήσομαι, ful. med. of λανθάνω.

ληστεία, ή, (ληστεύω) a course of plundering, robbery, piracy, Lat. latrosinium.

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστήο) to be a robber or piratec. acc. to plunder, sack.

ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From

ληστής Ιοι. ληϊστής, οῦ, δ, (λήξομαι) a roller, plunderer: csp. a pirate.

ληστικόε, ή, όν, (ληστήε) inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικόν piracy. Adv. -κῶε, in the manner of pirates: Comp. ληστικόντερον more after the manner of pirates.

λήστιε, ή, (λήθω) a forgetting.

λήστο-κτόνος, σε, (λήστης, ετείνω) slaying robbers. ληστρικός, ή, όν, -- ληστικός, piratical; το ληστρικό a pirate-vessel.

ληστρίε, ίδοε, pecul. fem. of ληστρικός.

Afore, fut of harddres

Aητο-γενής, έε, Dor. Λάτ-, (Αητέ, αγένω) bern of Lalone, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λανογένεια, of Diana

Agrothy Dot. Altri, ou, 8, (Agré) son of Leto, of

Apollo. [7]

Αψτώ, δοε contr. οῦε, ἡ, Leio, Let. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Αψτοῦε, dat. Αψτοῖ, acc. Αψτώ, voc. Αψτοῖ.

Αφτώρος Dor. Αυτ-, α, αν, (Λητώ) of or born of

Latona: fem. also Ayrate, thee.

ληφθείε, nor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.

λήψια, ή, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, esizing.

2. an accepting, receiving.

λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

AI -, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf.  $\lambda a$ -,  $\lambda$ 

May Ion. May, Adv. (M.-) too much, over-much, like the later dyar, Lat. nimis.

II. very much, exceeding, right well. [t both long and short.]

λίδιρος, ά, όν, = χλιαρός, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

Austeis, aor. I part. pass. of Aid(opai.

λίασθεν, Ερ. 3 pl. 201. I of λιάζομαι.

λιβάζω, f. σω, (λιβάε) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle

λίβανος, δ, the frankincense-tree, producing λιβανωτόε. II. = λιβανοτόε, frankincense.

λίβάνο-φόρος, ον, - λιβανωτοφόρος.

λίβανοντός, οῦ, ὁ, (λίβανος) frankincense, the gum of the tree λίβανος.

II. a censer.

λίβανωτο-φόρος, ον, (λιβανωτός, φέρω) bearing frankineense.

3 -01 - 15

λίβάς, άδος, ή, (λείβω) anything that drops or crickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δαπρόων λιβάδες streams of tears.

λιβερτένος, δ, the Lat. libertinus, and λίβερτος, υ,

the Lat, libertus, a freedman.

λίβος, τό, - λιβάς, tears: but λιβος, gen. of λίψ. λιβοός, ά, όν, (λείβω) dripping, wet.

Aifon, \$, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

Alβus, νοε, δ, fem. Λίβυσσα, (Λιβνη) a Libyan: also as Adj. Libyan. Hence

Διβυστικός, ή, όν, of or for Libya, African.

AITA, Adv. of Lyde, as dwa of bute, loudly, clearly, thrillingly, shrilly. [1]

Myalva, (Acyts) to ery out with clear loud voice: to abriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing

λίγγω, (λιγόε) only found in Ep. 201. I, λίγξε βιόε the bowstring twanged.

λίγθην, Adv. (λίζω) scraping, grazing, Lat. strictim. λαγάθν, poët. for λιγειών, gen. pl. fem. of λιγέε. λίγώνε, Adv. of λιγέε, loudly, clearly, sbrilly.

AITN'E, vos, h, smoke mixed with flame, murky

λίγξε, 3 sing. Ερ. aor. 1 of λίγγω. λίγδηχής, έε, (λεγόε, ήχή) clear-sounding. Myu-poos, or, contr. - Spous, our, (Alye, Spoos) clear-singing.

λΥψ-μολασε, οτ, (λιγιε, μολαή) elear- ging. λΙγύ-μυθοε, οτ, (λιγίε, μύθοε) elear-speaking. λΙγυ-ανείων, αυτοε, (λιγίε, αυέω) abrill-blowing, wbisiling, rustling.

λίγύ πνοιος, ον, (λιγύς, πνο ή) - λιγυπνείαν.

λίγυ-πτέρθγος, ον, (λεγός, . τέρυξ) ebirging with the wings, of the cicada.

λίγυρίζω, f. σω, (λιγυρόε) to sing long or clear.

Atyopos, a, br. (Aryos) sbrill, aburp, piereing, of sound: also clear, succe clear-toned II. later, pliant, flexible.

Alybpas, Adv. loudly, electly.

AIT'Σ, λιγεία, λεγά, of sound, elear, sbarp, piercing, sbrill: also elear-cound, eweet: also of grief, elearorous: and of the nightingale, thrilling. [1] Λίγνε, νοε, δ, φ, α Ligurian, one who lived in Ligurian.

ria (north of Genoa).

λίγύ-φθογγοs, σν, (λιγυε, φθογγή) elear-voiced,

clear-toned.

λίγύ-φωνος, ον, (λιγύε, φωνή) clear-voiced, screaming.

AIZO, f. fw, (akin to helyw) to graze, scratch,

wound slightly: hence λίγδην and ἐπι-λίγδην.
λίην, Adv., Ion. for λίαν.

λίθάξω, f. σω, (λίθοs) to throw stones.

λίθαξ, ακος, δ, ή, (λίθοs) stony, rocky.

Π. as
Subst. λίθαξ, ή, a stone.

λίθας, άδος, δ, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

λίθεος, a, ov, (λίθος) made of stone, stony.
λίθη-λογής, ές, (λίθος, λέγω π) built of stones.

λίθιου, τό, Dim. of λίθου, a small stone, pebble. λίθινου, η, ον, (λίθου) made of stone, stony. Adv.—νου, like stone, with stony look.

λίθό-βλητος, or, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing,

pelting. II. set with stones.

λύθβολίω, f. ήσω, to pelt with stones, stone. Prom

λίθο-βόλος, ον, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, pelting with stones; of λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers.

λιθόβολος, ον, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

λίθο-γλύφος, ον, (λίθος, γλύφω) carving stone; as

Subst., λιθογλύφοε, δ, α sculptor. [δ] λίθο-δερκήε, έε, (λίθοε, δέρκομαι) with esony loo.,

looking one to stone. - λίθό-δμητος, ον. (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λίθο-δόμος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone:

as Subst., λιθοδόμος, δ, a mason. Αίθο-εργόε, όν, (λίθοε, \*έργω) turning to stone.

λίθο-κόλλητος, or, (λίθος, πολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone.

Albo-erroria, h, (Aibos, areira) death by stoning. Albo-heucros, ou, ô, (Aibos, heva) stoned with stones;

λιθόλευστος Apps death by stoning.

λιθολόγημα, ατος, τό, α stone building. From

λιθο-λόγος, ον. (λίθος, λέγω 11) picking out stones
and laying them together not shaped or hown; et.

Argunger p-es Bebet., Autolobyee, &, a mason, - Auto- a baven, retreat, refuge.

Atho-flow, or, (Albos, flo) polishing stone : as Subst., Ashifose, 8, a markle-mason.

Altho-words, or, (Althos, worker) transing to stone.

Albopoliva, or, (Albor, firle) with stony skin.
Alboz [1], on, b, a stone: of stupid people, Albar, blocks, stones: proverb., Albar Liver to boil a stone,

stance. II. λίθος, ή, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ή διαφανής λίθος a transparent erystal used for a burning-glass. III. at

as martie of the magnet; n olaparie Auroe a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass.

Athens, \(\lambda\)ifos was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Berma of the Payx.

IV. the piece on a draught-board.

Mo-sulling, is, (Alose, suam) rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock.

λυθυ-στρωτος, ον. (λίθος, στράντυμι) paved with stones, iniaid with stones; as Bubst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tesselated pavement.

Alboropla, f. a cutting or quarrying of stones: a stone-quarry. From

Albo-rous, or, (Albos, rigon) sutting stone.
Alboupyin, f. how, to work in stone: turn into stone.
Alboupyin, or, (Albos, Pipyin) working in stone: as
Subst., Alboupyin, d. a stone-mason, also a sculptor;
hence, albyin Alboupyin a stone-mason's tools.

λιθοφορέα, f. φεν; to carry stones. From λιθοφορέα, f. ψεν; to carry stones. From λιθο-φόρος, αν, (λίθος, φέρω) carrying stones. λιθο-άθης, ας, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, αίδοε) like stones stones.

stone, stony.

Lucyaloz, e. er, of or for winnowing. From Lucyalos, f. how, (Lisube) to winness corn.

Inetaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence.

hetaph. to scatter the coaff. Hence.

λικμητήρ, ήρος, δ, α minnower of com

λικμητός, δ, (λικμάω) α minnowing.

AIKMO Z, où, å, - Alevor.

Al'KNON, 76, a wicker fan or basher for throwing the com against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing fan.

II. a fan-shoped bashet, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. mystica wannus Iacebi.

III. a cradle of wicker-work.

λικνο-φόρου, σr. (Maror, φίρω) carrving the sacred

echnoming fan in procession.

Alupthis, Adv. erosswise, sideways, athwart. (From

λίκριφίε, Adv. erosswise, sideways, athwart. (Fron λέχρις, λέχριος.)

- Allactoum, (A.-, Ashinum) Dep. to long, crave; of a lance, Achanous propose arou longing to taste fiesh: a gen. to long or chiral for a thing.

λτμάνω, (λιμίο) to hunger, be started, famished. λιμόνεσσιν, Ερ. for λιμέσιν, Dat. pl. of λιμήν. λτμενίτης [1], ου, δ, fem. -δτίς, ιδος, (λιμήν) of the

Al MH'N, broe, d, a barbour, baven, s, metaph

a baven, retreat, refuge.

3. a gathering-place, re-

Alungoe, a, or, (Lipse) bengry, starved, famished.
Aluvai, al, (Lipse) a quarter of Athens near the
Acropolis, in which stood the Lenseum.
Lipse, a. or, (Lipse) marsh, of or from the

hipvaios, a, or, (kipry) marshy, of or from the mere, sprides hipvaioi water-sowl: stagnant.

λιμνάς, άδος, ή, poët. fem. of λιμναίος λιμνάτης [d], fem. -8τις. Dot. for λιμνήτης, -θτις. λίμνη, ή, (λείβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marsby lake. 2. in Homer, the sea. 3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

living or growing in marshes.
'λιμνο-φθής, έε, (λίμνη, φύω) marsh-born.
λιμν-ώθης, έε, (λίμνη, είδοε) like a marsh, marshy.
λιμο-βοής θτος δ. δ. (λιμός θυόσκα), dving of

λιμνήτης, ου, δ, fem. -fires Dor, -fire, ιδος, (λίμση)

λιμο-Φοής, ήτος, δ, ή, (λιμός, θτήσεω) dying of bunger.

ΛΙΜΟΣ, οῦ, δ, also ἡ, bunger, famine.

λιμο-Φορεύς, δ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of bunger.

λίμ-αδης, εε, (λιμός, ellos) like bunger, famished. λιμώσσω Αττ. --ττω, (λιμός) to be famished. λίνοου, α, ον. contr. -ούυ, β, ούν. (λίνον) of flax.

Miveos, a, or, contr. -00s, \$\hat{q}\$, our, (Abror) of flan, flanen, linen, Lat. lineus.
\*\*Rivevrije, o\hat{t}, \hat{\delta}, (Abror) a bunter with nets.

λίνο-δεσμος, οτ, (λίτοτ, δεσμός) = λινόδετος. λίνο-δετος, οτ, (λίτοτ, δέω) bound with flanen bonds or bands 2. tied by a thread.

λίνο-θήρας, ου, δ, (λίνον, θηράω) a bunter with nets. λίνο-θώρηξ, ηκος, δ, ή, Ιοα. for λινοθώρας, (λίνων, θώρας) wearing a lines suirass.

rupae) wearing a tinen entrain. λίνο-κλωστος, οτ, (λίνον, κλάθα) spinning flex. λίνο-κροκος, οτ, (λίνον, κρέκω) flex-woven.

AINON, 76, anything made of flax: a flaxem cord:
metaph, the thread span by the Fates. 2. a not,
flabing-net. 3. linen, linen cloth; in pl. sail-cloth;
linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp II the
plant that produces flan, lint, Lat. linum; throw swipps
lint-need. [7]

λίνο-πεπλος, ον, (λίκον, πέπλος) with times robe. λίνο-πόρος, ον, (λίκον, πορεύω) sail-toafting. λινοπτάσμαι, Dep. (λινόπτης) to watch the met.

λίνο-πτεροε, ον, (λίνον, πτερον) sail-wingred. λίν-όπτης, ου, δ, (λίνον, διρομαί) one sucho metros note to see whether anything is caught.

Mivop-pathin, is, (Mivor, parra) seved of flam; Sign Auroppaths a ship baving ber sails of linem.

Alvos, ov, & Linos, a minstrel, son of Apollo sea Urania. II. as appellat., Alvos, &, the song or lever of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vinue is going on. Cf. alleror.

λίνοστασία, ή, a laying of nets. From λινο-στατίω, h ήσω, (λίνος, ίστημι) so ley ma.

Alvoθa, ft. οῦν, contr. for Alvees.

λινοψόθορος, ον. (λίνον, φθείρω) lines exacting.

Μπα, νό, an old word used by Homer in the phase dhaifau and dhaifaσθαι λίπ' dhaip, probably and w

s. metaph. | an Adv. unctuously, riebly. (Cf. Alsoe.) [1]

Maraire, f. dre, (Maras, Miros) to oil, anount: metaph. to make fat, enrich :- Med. to anoint oneself. λίπαρ-άμπυξ, ϋκοε, ό, ή, (λιπαρόε, αμπυξ) with bright fillet or tiere.

λίπαρίω, f. ήσω, to persist, bota out, persevere; c. dat, to persist in a thing. II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously: c.inf., Aurapeils ruxeil thou art earnest to obtain. From

AlTIAPH'Z, is, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, im-

portunate.

λιπάρητίον, verb. Adj. οι λιπαρίω, one must be importunate, beg bard.

λιπάρία, ή, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity. λίπαρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled. λίπαρό-θρονος, αν, (λιπαρός, θρύνος) bright-throned. λίπαρο-κρήδεμνος, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright head-band or fillet.

λίπδοο-πλόκόμος, οτ, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with

sbining locks.

λίπαρός, ά, ω, (λίπας οι λίπος) σων, εσικική, anointed with oil: later fat, greasy. II, of the skin, sbining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus: me-III. of things, taph, eleck, comfortable, easy. bright, brilliant, costly: amble TV. of soil, fat, ricb.

λίπάρο-χροος, or, contr. -χρους, or., and -χρως, erroe, o, f. (Lurapoe, xpoa, xpos) with eleck, shining

body or skin.

λίπαρως, Adv. ot λίπαρος, eleckly, comfortably. λιπάρθε, Adv. of λιπάρη, earnestly, importunately. AITIA'E, ace, To, = Alvoe, fat, cil. [Y]

Alm-auris, is, (Ameir, abril) deserted by light, blind.

Mude, (Muas, Muos) to be fat and sleek.

hime, himey, Ep. 3 sing. sor. 2 of helmu.

Aurely, acr. 2 inf. of heire.

ALTERVITES, OU. S. SCILL -HTLS, 1800, (ALTER, plpm) without downy, destitute.

λίπό-γάμος, ον, (λιπείν, γάμος) ικανικη α wife or busband, adulterous: h himogapos the adulteress.

λίπο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονοι, (λιπεθε γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age : hence generally, of unknown age.

Almo-yulos, or, (little, yulor) wanting a limb. maimed.

λιποίσα, λιποίσαν, Dor. for λιπούσα, λιπούσαν, zor. 2 part. of heire.

 $\lambda \nabla x = \mu \eta \tau \omega \rho$ , oροε, δ,  $\frac{1}{2}$ , (λιπεῖν,  $\mu \eta \tau \eta \rho$ ) without  $a \mid$ mother, orphan.

λίπό-ναυς Dor. also λίπό-νας, δ, ή, (λιπείν, ναθε) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

Almo-vairing, ou, o, (Aireir, rairing) leaving the sailors.

λΙπό-vews, er, - λιεόνανε.

Almo-marpre, idoe, d, f, (Aireir, marple) causing to forget one's country.

λίπο-πάτωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (λιπείν, πατήρ) a deserter, corsaker of one's father.

λίπό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν. (λιπείν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

AITIOZ, 76, grease, whether animai, as fat, lara, tallow; or vegetable, as oil: metaph., Airos alparos a clot of blood.

λίπο-σαρκής, εε, (λεπείν, σέρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

λίπο-στέφάνος, αν, (λιπείν στέφανοε) falling from the wreath.

λίπο-στρ**άτία, ή, and λίπο-στράτιον, τό, (**λιπεῖν, στρατιά) desertion of the army.

Almo-rafia, h, and Almo-rafior, ro, (Aireir, rafis) a leaving one's post, desertion.

λίπο-τρίχής, ές, (λιπείν, θρίξ) scant of bair, bald. λίπο-ψυχέω, f. ήσω, (λισείν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. c. senseless, to faint, swoon: to die. spirit

λίπόων, Ερ. ραι.. οf λιπάω.

λίπτομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμμαι: (formed from prefix  $\lambda_i$ -):—to be eager: c. gen. to be eager for, long for: in pf. part., λελιμμένοι μάχης eager for battle.

λυπών, οῦσα, όν, αοτ. 2 part. of λείπω.

λîs, δ, acc. λîν, Ep. for λέων, a lion:-uater nom. and dat. plur. Ales, Alessi.

λίε, ή, Ep. apocopate form for λισσή, amouth: λιε τέτρη a bare, smooth rock.

Moral, sor. I imperat. of Morayau. [1]

Mon, 2 sing. fut. of Alocoper. [1] λίσπος, η, ον, (λισσός, λείος) smooth, polished.

λίσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι.

λισσάs, άδος, pecul. fem. of λισσός, smooth:—as Subst., Liosás, f., a smooth bare eliff; cf. Liosós. λισσέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι.

**ΛΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ: 201. 1 ἐλζσάμην Ερ. ἐλλζσάμην:** zor. 2 έλζτόμην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι: Dep.: -to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers.: c. inf., Nicrestan pn) spodoûvan to pray one not to betray.

λυσσός, ή, όν, (λείοε, λίσποε) smooth; λισσή πέτρη a smooth, bare eliff; cf. λισσά

λιστός, ή, όν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer. λιστρεύω, f. σω, to dig. boe; φυτύν λιστοεύ ν to dig round a plant. From

λίστρον, τό, (λισσόε) a tool for levelling or emooth-

ing, a shovel, spade, boe.

λίτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain elothes; v. sub λίε 11. λίταίνω, (λιτή) to pray, entreat: supplicate.

λιτανεύστομεν, Ep. for -ωμεν, 201. I subj. of λιτανεύω. λίτανεύω, f. σω:-the augm. tenses are used in Ep. with an metri grat., impf. Edditávevor, 201. I Eddiτάνευσα: (λιτή):—to pray. entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

λίτανος, η, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant: as subst., λίτανα, τά, - λιταί, prayers.

Altrapylles, f. ow, to basten, run, burry. From Mr-apyos, or, (At-, apyor) running quick.

**λίτέσθαι, 201.** 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

λίτη, ή, (λίσσομαι) a prayer, entreaty, supplica- learned, esp. learned in bistory: 25 Subst., λίγησε, & II. Actal, Prayers, personified as goddesses, In II. 9. 502, sq.

λίτοίμην, 201. 2 opt. of λίσσομαι.

Altonal [1], rarer pres. for Alogopai, to pray.

λίτός, ή, ω, (λείος) smooth, plain, Lat. simplex. λιτός, ή, έν, (λίσσομαι) praying, supplicatory.

λίτρα, as, ή, Lat. libra, a pound: as a weight, = 12 ounces. Hence

λιτραίος, a, or, worth a λίτρα.

λίτρον, τό, Αττ. έντ νίτρον.

Λιτυέρσης, ου, δ, Dor. -σας, Lityerses, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Aivoe, Mavépus,

λίτυον, τό, the Roman lituus or augur's rod.

λίχανός, ον. (Αείχω) licking: as Subst., λίχανος (sub. δάκτυλοε), δ, the fore-finger.

λιχήν, ήνοε, ό, v. sub λειχήν.

λιχμάζω, f. άσω, (λείχω) to lick.

λιχμάσμαι, Dep. (λείχω) to lick, to play with the tongue, esp. of snakes.

λιχνεία, ή, daintiness, greediness.

λιχνο-βόρος, ον. (λίχνος, βορά) nice in eating, dainty. λίχνος, η, ον, (λείχω) dainty, lickerish, greedy. metaph. eurious, eager.

λίψ, ô, gen. λιβύε, (λείβω) the SW. wind, Lat. Africus. λίψ, δ, gen. λίβύε, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.

λό', for λύε; see λούω. λοβόs, οῦ, ὁ, (λέπω) the lobe or lower part of the

ear :-the lobe of the liver. 2. a pool.

λογάδην, Adv. (λογάε) picking out, esp. of stones picked out for building, without being squared. [a] λογάs, άδοε, δ and ή, (λέγω) gathered: picked, chosen, esp. of soldiers.

λογάω, (λύγοε, λέγω) to be fond of talking.

λογοίον, τύ, (λύγοι) a speaking-place: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. pulpitum.

λογία, ή, (λέγω) a collection for the poor.

λογίδιον, τύ, Dim. of λόγος, a little fable. [Y] λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι: 201. I med. έλο-

γισάμην, pass. έλογίσθην: pf. λελύγισμαι: Dep. (λόγοs):—to count, reckon, calculate, compute; ἀπὸ xeipde hoyi (eroat to calculate off hand. take into account, consider: c. acc. to count or consider as so and so. 2. c. inf. to count or reckon mpon doing. 3. to calculate, reason: also, to conelude by reasoning, infer. III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. έλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass, sense, to be computed or calculated.

λογίκος, ή, όν, (λόγος) belonging to speech or speaking. II. belonging to the reason, rational. fit for reasoning: hence ή λογική (sub. τέχνη), Logic.

λόγιμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (λόγος) worth mention,

remarkable, considerable.

λόγιον, τό, a declaration, oracle: neut. of λίγιος. λόγιος, a, ov, (λύγος) skilled in words:

a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer, as opp, to ποιητής. II. eloquent.

λογισμός, δ, (λογίζομαι) reckoning, computa-II. consideration, reasoning, reflexion: a tion.

λογιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) a calculator. computer. II. in pl. auditors: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

λογιστικός, ή, ίν, (λογιστής) skilled in calculat-II. skilled in reasoning or arguing.

λογογράφία, ή, prose-writing, opp. to poetry. From λογο-γράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) writing prose: 25 Subst., λογογράφοε, δ, a chronicler, annalist. writing speeches, esp. for others to deliver.

λογο-λέσχης, ου, δ, (λόγος, λέσχω) a prater. λογομαχέω, (λογομάχοι) to strive about words. Hence

λογομάχία, ή, a war about words.

λογο-μάχος, ον, (λόγος, μάχη) warring about words. λογοποιέω, (λογοποιόε) to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports. Hence

λογοποιία, ή, invention of stories, tale-telling.

λογο-ποιός, όν, (λόγος, ποιέω) word-making:-as Subst., λογοποιόε, δ, a writer of prose, a chronicler. annalist, prose-writer. 2. a writer of fables. at Athens, one who wrote speeches for others to deli-2. an inventor of stories, tale-teller, newsmonger.

I. the word by which the inλόγος, δ, (λέγω) ward thought is expressed; also

thought or reason itself.

I. Lat. oratio, vox, that which is said or I. a word, in pl. words, language; ès spoken: elvely loye in a word:—in Att., talk, presence; τῷ λόγφ in pretence, opp. to έργφ in reality. saying, expression: an oracle, maxim, proverb. conversation, discussion; els λύγους έλθεις, to have a conference or interview. 4. a speaking or talking about a thing; Abyov after worth failing of, worth mention: - a report, rumour; έστί or έχει, so the story goes, Lat. fama fert. a tale, story, opp. both to mere fable (µ0000) and to regular history (loropia): a. fictitious story, fable, such as those of Aesop. b. a story, marraine. mostly in pl., bistory, chronicles: in sing. one part of 6. λόγοι, prose-writing, prose, the narrative. opp. to ποίησι**ε, a book.** b. at Athens, speeches: a speech; the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence. the right or privilege of speaking, Lat. copen dicend. Abyor tive didbrai to give one the right of speaking, 9. like βημα, the thing spokes of i. e. a hearing. the subject of the hoyos.

II. Lat. ratio, thought, reason; stard live agreeable to reason: reflexion, deliberation: Ligar έαυτο διδόναι to allow himself reflexion, i. e. to think I. over a thing. 2. account, consideration, estate.

regard; horse received riva to make one of account; horse rive knew to make account of a person; opp. to be obsert horse make account of a person; opp. to be obsert horse horse fur to regard in the light of a man.

3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: the account or reckoning: horse before to give an account.

4. relation, proportion, analogy.

5. a reasonable ground, a condition, sp. in the phrase the fighty or the roll horse specific stands to reason that, Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., 'O AOTOM, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason.

AOTXH, \$\daggeq\$, a spear-bead, javelin-bead, Lat. spieu-lum: in pl. the point with its barbs.

LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea.

III. a troop of spearmen.

λογχ- $\frac{1}{2}$ μης,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ς, (λόγχη, δραρείτ) armed with a spear. λογχίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγχη.

λόγχίμου, ον, (λόγχη) of or with a spear. λογχο-ποιόυ, όν, (λόγχη, ποιόω) making spears.

λογχο-φόρου, ον. (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing:as Sabet., λογχοφόρου, ο, a spearman, pikeman.

λογχωτός, ή, έν, (λόγχη) lance-beaded.

λόγως, Dor. acc. pl. of λόγος. λός, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of λούω.

λοέσσας, λοεσσάμενος, Ερ. for λούσας, λουσάμε-

σοε, sor. I part. act. and med. of λούω.

λοέσσομαι, Ερ. for λούσομαι, fut. med. of λούω.

λοετρόν, λοετρο-χόος, oldest form of λουτρ...

λοδω, Ep. form of λούω, λοιβή, ή, (λείβω) a pourir - a drink-offering livazion, Lat. libatio.

Activos, ior, (heryon) pertuent, deadly.

AOITO Z, οῦ, ὁ, ruia, mischief, dealb: plague.

AoiBopén, f. ήσω: sor. 1 ἐλοιδόρησα:—Med. and
Pass., f. -ήσομα: sor. 1 ἐλοιδόρησάμην and ἐλοιδορήσην: (λοίδορος):—to rail at, abuse, revile: against
the gods, to blaspheme:—Med. to rail at one another;
bust the med. and pass. forms are commonly used in
seamne sense as Act. Hence

Accesopyopos, où, ô, a railing at, abusing.

Accepta, h, (Accopta) railing, abuse, reproach.

Actopos, or, railing, abusive.

AOIMOZ, oû, ê, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis.
Acumba, f, le, (Asimu) remaining, surviving, Lat.
Elignesse; τοῦ λοιτοῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the Test of
the sime, benceforward; ol hosvoi all the rest, Lat.
Cost; τὸ λοικόν the remainder, Lat. quod superest;
A Local the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

λοισθήτος, αν. Ερ. for λοίσθιος, λοίσθος; λοισθητον

the prize for the last in the race.

Lector, or, (λοιπό») left behind, last: Sup. λοισθύ-

cocces (not λύκη), ή, a cloak.

16- 79) Locris, From

II. as Subst.

opp. Euboea; the Epicnemidian, on the Maliac Gulf; the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy

Aoflas, ov. d, epith. of Apollo, from Alyew, Loyos,

as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

λοξο-βάτης, ου, δ, (λοξόε, βαίνω) wasking sideways.

ΛΟΞΟΊ, ή, όν, slanting, erosswise, Lat. obliques:

λοξὰ οι λοξὰ βλέπειν τινί to look askance at one,

Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχόνα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang
down the head, Lat. stare capite obstipo.

λοξο-γοόνια, ιδος, [εm. Αd]. (λοξό, τοξνω) oblique-

λοξο-τρόχιε, ιδοε, fem. Adj. (λοξόε, τρέχω) obliquerunning.

λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λουω.

λοπάδ-αρπάγίδης, ου, δ, (λοπάς, άρπάζω) a disbsnatcher. λοπάδιου, τό, Dim. of λοπάς, a little disb, plat-

ter. [4]
AOHA'Z, 680e, \$, a flat dish, plate or peatter.

Louis, Bos, 1, - Lenis.

λοπόε, οῦ, οι λόποε, ου, ο, (λετω) a shell, bush, bark, peel.

**λουέω, Ε**ρ. for λ*ούω.* 

λούμαι, Att. for λούομαι, Pass. of λούω. λούσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. sor. I med. of λούω! λούσαν, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I of λούω. λούοσθει. contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

λουσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω. λουσω, Dor. fut. of λούω.

λουτιάω, Desiderat. of λούω, to wish to bathe. λούτριον, τό, (λούω) water that has been used in a bath.

λουτρο-δάζετος, ον, (λουτρόν, δαίζω) slain in the bath.

λουτρόν Εp. λοετρόν, τό, (λοέω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place. II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ while bathing. III. libations

λουτρο-φόρος, or, (λουτρόν, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, e.p. at a marriage; λουτροφόρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

λουτροχοίω, to pour water into the bath. From λουτρο-χόος, or, Hom. λουτρ-, (λουτρόν, λουτρόν, χέω) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

λουτρών, ώνοι, δ, (λουτρύν) a bathing-room, bath. ΛΟΥΩ: fut, λούσω Dor. λουσῶ: aor. I έλουσα Ep. λοῦσα:-- Med., f. λούσομαι: 20r. Ι έλουσάμην. Ep. 3 pl. λούσαντο: - Pass., 201. I ἐλούσθην: - pf. λέλουμαι.—From the uncontr. form λοέω come the Ep. impl. λόεον, 201. 1 inf. and part. λοέσσαι, λοέσσαι: Med., fut. λοέσσομαι: 3 sing. sor. I ind. and part. λοέσσατο, λοεσσάμενος. - Several forms also come from λόω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. λόε, λόον; Ion. and old Att., pl. impl. ἐλοῦμεν (contr. from ἐλόομεν), pres. med. λουμαι, λουνται; impf. έλουτο, To wash, esp. to έλοῦντο, inf. **λόεσθαι, λο**ῦσ**θαι.** wash the body: Med. and Pass, to wash oneself, bathe; c. gen., λελουμένος 'Ωκεανοίο (of a star just risen) II. to wash off or away. fresh bathed in Ocean.

λοφάω, f. ήσω, (λόφοι, to bave a crest. 2. to l sick, ill of a crest.

case, ol, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians | λοφοίον, τό, (λόφον) a crest-case: any case.

λοφίά Ion. -υή, ή, (λόφου) the mane of animals, esp. ] of horses, the bristly back of boars; dril hopen f hoden natexpa the mane served for a crest. the ridge of a bill, a bill.

λοφιήτης, ου, δ, (λόφος) a develler on the bills. hodvie, Bos, 4, (him) a torch of sine-bark.

λοφο-ποιόε, όν, (λοφόε, ποιέω) making crests: as

Subst., Lopowoiós, o, a crest-maker.

AO'40Z, ov, d, the back of the neck, the neck. esp. of draught-cattle: metaph., υπό ζυγφ λόφον έχειν to have the neek under the voke II. a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill. Ill. the creat of a helmet lat crists III. the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, com-2. a tof t of bair on the monly of horse-hair. crown: the crest or tuft on the head of birds, Lat. crista, a cock's comb.

λόφωσια, ή, (λόφοι) the wearing a erest: the crest

λοχ-αγέτης, ου, δ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, λοχαγόε, q. v.

λοχαγέω, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγόε) to lead a horos or company Hence

λοχαγία, ή, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, the rank or office of λοχαγύε.

λοχ-αγός, ου, δ. (λόχος, άγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγόε, the leader of a λόχοε, the eaptain of a company, Lat. conturio.

 $\lambda o \chi \dot{\alpha} \zeta \omega$ ,  $= \lambda o \chi \dot{\alpha} \omega$ .

λοχώω, f. -ήσω and -ήσομαι: aor. I έλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λογόωσι, part. pl. λογόωντει: (λόγοι):to waylay, he in wait, lay wait for, c. acc. pers. III. c. acc. loci, absol. to lie in wait or ambush to beset with an ambush.

II. a ebild. λοχεία, ή, (λοχεύω) child-birth. λοχείος, α, αν, (λόχοε) of or for sbild-birth. τά λογεία (sub. χωρία), a birth-place.

λοχεός, οῦ, ὁ, - λόχος, απ απόμεδ.

λόχευμα, τό, (λοχεύω) that which m born, a II. ebild-birth: metaph., κάλυκοι λοχεύpara the bursting of the bud.

λοχεύω, f. σω, (λόχος II) to bring forth, bear. п. to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth. Pass. to travail, bear children 2. to be brought 3. generally, to lie imbedded. forth, born

λοχηγέτης, -ηγός, Ιου. for λοχαγ-. λοχήσαι, sor. I inf. of λοχάω

Aoχία, ή, fem. of λύχιος, name of Diana, as the godden of child-birth.

λοχίζω, f. low, (λόχου) to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for. 2. to place in ambush. to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.

λόχιος, α, αν, - λοχείος, of or for child-birth. λοχίτης [1], ου, δ, fem. - true, ιδος, (λόχος' and of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade. hoxitalos, a. or, baunting the woods. From

λόχμη, ή, (λόχοε) a thicket, lair of wild beasts: generally, coper-wood, a coppice. Hence

Noxures, or, also a, or, dwelling in the soppies. as Subst., λόχμια, τά, a thicket, coppice. λοχμ-ώδης, εε, (λόχμη, είδοε) overgrown with copsewood, bushy.

hoxoves, Adv. to ambush, for ambuseads. From λόχος, δ,(λέγω ι, λέγομαι) a place for lying in wait.

ambush or ambuseads: the lair of wild beasts. the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush; λόχον είσαι to place an ambuseade; λό-Xords upireir dropas docorfias to pick out the best men for an ambuscade. z. any armed band, c company, commonly reckoned at 100 men :-- amon the Spartans a hoxoe was the fourth or fifth part of a mopa (q. v.): generally, any body or company II. a lying in : child-birth, like of people. λοχεία.

λοχόωντες, λοχόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind... of λοχάω. λόω, - λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att.

forms: v. λούοι

λύα, ή, (λύω) dissolution: faction, riot, sedition. Avalos, 8, (how) the looser or deliverer from care. epith. of Bacchus, Lyanus; cp. Lat. Liber. λύγδην, Adv. (λύζω) with sobs.

Auyblveos, a. or, and Auybivos, n. or, of white mar-2. white as marble, dazzling white. From ATTAOE, &, a dazzling white stone, white marble.

ATTH, 4, shadow, darkness, gloom. [9]

λυγίζω: f. ίσω Dor. λυγιέω: Pass., aor. τ pass. έλυγίχθην: pf. λελύγισμαι: (λύγος):—to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling. II. Pass. to bend or twist oneself, to writhe. 2. to be thrown a mastered.

λύγινος, η, ον, (λύγος) of willow or withy. Lat. vi*ētu*s.

Auguster, Dor. fut. inf. of Auguste.

λύγισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (λυγίζω) a bending, quisting: mataph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.

λύγκειος, α, ον, (λύγξ, δ) lynn-like.

ATTE, Auguste, S. a lynn.

λύγξ, λυγγός, ή, (λύζω) a biccough or biccup.

ATTOX, h, any bliant twig or rod, a willow twig. Il. a willow-like tree, a withy. with, Lat. vimen. Lat. viten agnus castus. [V]

λύγο-τευχής, έε, (λύγοε, τεύχω) made of mithe.

λύγόω, ώσω, - λυγίζαι

ATTPOZ, a, ov, mournful, sad, gloomy, assume: φάρμακα λυγρά baneful drugs; είματα λυγρά scory garments; and neut. pl. alone, Avypá, bane, miles II. of men, baneful, mischievous. ruin

sorry, weak, cowardly. Hence

λυγρώς, Adv. sadly, sorely. Aubla, h. Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia

Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy. Λυδίζω, f. low, (Λυδύε) to imitate the Lydianes.

Aublos, a, or, (Auble) Lydian; & Aubia Albae a stone used to test gold, like βάνανου.

Aubicri, Adv. (Aubos) in the Lydian tengue at fasbion,

Atho-wibis, is, (Audie, wabel) lumarious as a Bitt of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. lupi, lupata, from Ledian.

Aubos, ou, o, a Lydian.

ATZO, f. fw, to have the hiccough or hiccup to sob, Lat. singultire: to whine, whimper. λύθεν, Acol. and Ep. 3 pl. acr. I pass. of λύω.

λύθέν, aor. I part: neut. pass.

ADDIVEL, acr. I pass. inf. of him.

λύθρον, τό, οι λύθρος, δ, filth, defilement, esp. of blood: gore, impure blood. (Akin to λύμη.)

λυθρώδης, εε, (λύθρον, elbos) like gore, defiled with gore.

λοκά-βαε, arros, δ, (\*λύκη, βairw) the path of light, II. as Adj. making up the sun's course the year. the year, humbartides doas.

húmasva, 4. (húmos) a she-wolf. [V]

Attentov, 76, Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.

Abualos, a, ov, Lycaean, Areadian, epith. of Ju-II. as Subst., Auxaior, o, or Auxaiov, τό, a mountain in Arcadia. 2. Λύκαια (sub. leρά), τά; the festival of Lycaean Jupiter:—also the Roman

Lupercalia.

Autoviori, Adv. in the Lycaonian language. λοκ-συγής, έε, (\*λύκη, αὐγή) of or at the gray twi-

light: as Subst., Aucauyés, To, early dawn. Auraev, ovos, b, a Lycaonian, inbabitant of Lyca-

onia, in the South of Asia Minor λυκέη, Att. contr. λυκή (sub. δορα), ή, α wolf's-skin:

a belimet of it, cf. kwin.

Aύκαιον, τό, the Lyceum, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Λύκειου.

Aúscaos, a, or, (λύκοι) epith. of Apollo, of doubtful I. from Augos, wolf-slaying, like meaning, either, 2. from Auria, the Lycian god, like AUKOKTÓFOS; Λυκηγενής; οτ, 3. from \*Aurth (light), the god of day.

Abech, 4, Att. contr. for Aucen.

\*ATKH, light, an obsol. Root, whence come λυκά-Bas, λυκύφωι, λευκός, Lat. lucso, lux, etc.

Αὐκη-γενής, έε (Λυκία, γένοε) epith. ot Apollo, Lycian-born.

λτετηδόν, Adv. (λύκοε) svolf-like.

Aucia, h, Lycia, in the South of Asia Minor:-- Avcinder, Adv. from Lycia: Auxinobe, Adv. to Lycia.

Αυκιο-εργήε contr. -συργής, έε, (Δυκία, έργον) of ycian workmanship.

λύκο-εργής, έε, (λύκοε, έργον) wolf-destroying, Lat. 1-1 pos conficiens; πρόβολοι λυκοεργέες javelins for killing wolves.

λύκο-θαρσής, έε, (λύκοε, θάρσοε) bold as a wolf. A tico-errovos, ov, (Abros, erelyo) wolf-slaying: epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slaver.

λύκορ-palotine, ου, δ, (λύκοε, pale) a wolf-worrier. ATKOZ, 6, a wolf:—proverb., Aukor ldeir to see a soof, i.e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look; so in Vixel, Mos-

their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

λύκό-φως, ωτος, δ, (λύκη, φώς) twilight, both of II. morning and eyening, the gloaming, Lat. diluculum. λύκοω, f. ωσω, (λύκου) to tear like a wolf:-Pass. to

II. be torn by wolves.

λθμα, ματοι, τό, filth or dirt removed by washing: also the dirty water, washings, officourings. moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. an abandoned man: (From λούω, Lat. luo.)

λομαίνομαι, f. λυμάνοῦμαι: aor. I έλυμηνάμην: also aor. I pass. έλυμάνθην: pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing. λελύμανται: Dep.: (λύμη):—to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage:—to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy: also, to persecute. λυμαίνομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes

used in pass, sense, to be maltreated, destroyed. Hence λυμαντήρ, ήροε, δ, a spoiler, destroyer: and λθμαντήριος, a, or, injurious, destructive: c. gen.,

ruining another.

λ $\mathbf{U}$  $\mu$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\nu$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\mathbf{v}$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\mathbf{v}$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\mathbf{v}$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\mathbf{v}$  $\mathbf{v}$  $\mathbf{u}$  $\mathbf{v}$  
 $\lambda$ ύμασις,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $-\lambda$ ύμη. [0]

λυμοών, ώνος, δ, (λύμη) a destroyer, spoiler.

ATMH [v], h, outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace: generally, maltreatment, maining, mutilation, destruction; end hours for the sake of insult. λύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

λθμηνάμενος, aor. I part. of λυμαίνομαι.

λύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

λθπέω, f. ήσω, (λύπη) to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy: of light troops, to barass, annoy:—Pass.. with f. med. hunhoopas, to be sad, to be grieved.

ATTIH [0], \$, pain, either of body or mind, Lat. dolor: grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.

λύπημα, ατος, τό, (λθπέω) pain, distress. λυπήν, Dor. inf. of λυπέω.

λθπηρός, ά, όν, (λυπέω) painful, Lat. molestus.

λθιτητέον, verb. Adj. of λυπέομαι, one must feel pain. λθπρόε, ά, όν, (λυπέω, λυπηρόε) wretched, distressed. II. painful, distressing. poor, sorry.

ATPA [3], 1, Lat. lyra, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the κιθάρα and φόρμιγέ. λυρ-doubles, δ, (λύρα, double) one who sings to the

lvre. λύρίζω, f. ίσω, (λύρα) to play the lyre.

λύρικός, ή, όν, (λύρα) singing to the lyre: as Subst... λυρικόε, δ. a lyric poet.

λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

λύρο-γ**εθήs,** έs, (λύρα, γηθέω) delighting in the lyre. λύρο-θελ**γήs,** έs, (λύρα, θέλγω) charmed by the lyre. λύρο-κτύπία, ή, (λύρα, κτυπίω) a sounding the lyre. λύρο-ποιόε, όν, (λύρα, ποιέω) making lyres.

λύρ-ώξης, εε, (λύρα, είδοε) adapted to the lyre, lyrical.

λύρφδός, δ, contr. for λυρασιδός.

Abo-avias, ou, b, (how, aria) ending sadness, August 1 Pl. act. I opt. of Aug.

λθοί-γάμος, ον, (λύω, γάμος) dissolving marriage. λθοί-ζωνος, ον, οι η, ον, (λύω, ζώνη) locating the zone: epith. of Diana, who lightened the pange of travail.

λθσί-κάκος, or, (λύω, κακόν) ending evil.

λθοί-μάχος, ον, οτ η, ον, (λίω, μάχη) ending strife. λθοι-μελής, ές, (λίω, μέλος) limb-relaxing.

λθου-μέριμνος, ον, (λύοι, μέριμνα) driving care away. λύοτμος, ον, (λύοι») able to loose or relieve.

λθσί-ποθος, ον, (λύω, πύθος) delivering from love. λθσί-πονος, ον, (λύω, πόνος) freeing from toil.

λύσνε [v], gen. eas Ion. 10s, ή: (λύω): a loosing, setting free, esp. of a prisoner, release, ransoming: deliverance; λύσιε χρειῶν liquidation of debt.

means or power of releasing or loosing.

λθουτελέω, f. ήσω, = λύω τέλος (which is found in Sophocles) to pay dues or tribute to: to be useful or advantageous to: impers., λυσιτελεῖ, it profits, benefit : with a comp. force, τεθνάσαι λυσιτελεῖ ή ζῆν it is better to be dead than alive; οὐ λυσιτελεῖ μοι it profits me not; neut. part. τὸ λυσιτελοῦν, τὰ λυσιτελοῦντα profit, gain, advantage. From

λθου-τελήε, ε. (λόω, τέλοι) paying dues, indemnifying: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap. Comp. -έστεροι, Sup. -έστατοι.

Aboutehouves, Adv. pres. part. of Auditehio, usefully, profitably.

λύσι-φλαβία, έε, (λύω, φλέψ) opening the veins.
λθοί-φραν, ανοε, δ, ή, (λύω, φρήν) setting free the

mind. ATZZA Att. kúrrð, 1, rage, fury, esp. in war, martial rage: raging madness raying, frenzy. Hence

martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy. Hence huroulen, to be raging-mad, to rave. huroule, álos, h, (huroa) raging-mad, raving.

λυσσάν, αοσά, η, (λυσσά) raging-maa, rasing. λυσσάν Att. λυττάν, (λύσσα) to be raging, furious, esp. in battle. 2. to be raging-mad, to rave, λύσσημα, τό, (λυσσάν) a fit of madness: in pl.

ravings.

λυσσήν, Dor. inf. of λυσσάω.

λυσσητήρ, ήρος, and λυσσητής, οῦ, ὁ, (λυσσίω) one that is raging or raving-mad: a madman.

λυσσο-μάνήε, έε, (λύσσα, μανήναι) raging-mad. λυσσ-ώδηε, εε, (λύσσα, είδοε) like madness: ragingmad, raving.

Auticu, verb. Adj. of Avos, one must loose.

λύτης, ήροε, δ, (λύω) one who looses, a deliverer, releaser.

II, an arbitrator, settler.

Authoros, a, or, or os, or, (Now) loosing, releasing: c. gen. delivering or setting free from.

λύτο [σ], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass, of λύω; but λύτο, contr. for λύετο, Ep. impf. pass, of λύω.

λύτρον, τό, (λόω) the price paid:

price of redemption, mostly in pl.

2. an atomement.

Aurphu, f. wow, (Airpov) release on receipt of ransom, to bold to ransom. 2. Med. to release by payment of ransom, to ransom, redeem. . 3. Pass. to be ransomed.

λύτρωσιε, εων, ἡ, (λυτρόω) a ranzoming.
Redemption.

λυτρωτής, οῦ, δ, (λυτρόω) a ransomer, redeemer. λύττα, λυττάω, Att. for λύσσα, λυσσάω.

λύχνα, τά, irreg. pl. of λύχνος.

λυχνείον οτ λυχνίον, τό, (λόχνου) - λυχνία. λυχνέων, ώνου, ό, (λύχνου) a place to keep lampe in

λυχνία, ή, (λύχνου) a lamp-stand. λυχνίδιον, τό, Dim. of λύχνου, a small lamp.

λυχνο-κάια, ή, (λύχνος, καίω) a lighting of lamps, illumination, a festival at Sais in Egypt in honour of Minera, like the Chinese Frant of Lantener.

Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns. λυχνο-ποιόε, όν, (λύχνοε, ποιέω) making lamps or lanterns.

λυχνό-πολιε, ή, (λέχνοε, πάλιε) city af lampe. λυχνο-πάληε, ου, ό, (λέχνοε, παλέω) a dealer in lampe or lanterne.

AΥΧΝΟΣ, δ, pl. λύχνοι and λύχνα, a light, lamp; περὶ λύχνων άφάs about the time for lamp-lighting, i.e. at dusk.

λυχνοφορέω, f. ήσω, (λυχνοφόρου) to carry a lan-

tern: Lacon. part. λυχνοφορίοντες.

λυχνο-φόρος, ον, (λύχνος, φέρω) carrying a lamp. **ΛΥΩ**, fut. λύσω [v], 20r. 1 έλθσα: pf. λέλδως:— Pass., fut. λύθησομαι and paullo-post. fut. λελύσομαι [0]: aor. Ι ἐλύθην [0]: Ep. aor. 2 pass, λύμην [8], 3 sing. λύτο, 3 pl. λύντο: pf. λέλδμαι, plapf. έλελύμην [V], 3 sing. Ep. opt. Lehvro, for Lehvorro.—To loos: to loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken; hier bopter to unbend the brow; A. GTOMA to open the mouth; etc.:-Med, to loosen or undo for oneself. 2. of horses. 3. generally, to loose, reto unyoke, unbarness. lease, set free. 4. to release a captive on receipt of ransom, to bold to ransom, release: - Med. to release by payment, ransom, redeem. II. to looses. weaken, relan; Liver yvia, yourara to loose the limbs, knees, i. e. unnerve, enfeeble, and often in Homer, to slay, kill. III. to dissolve, break up. break down, lay low, demolisb. 3. generally, to undo, do away with: of disputes, to put down: of laws, to repeal, annul; ducir orcordas to break a 4. to dismiss, assuage, calm. treaty. undo, atone, make up for, Lat. luere, rependere; so IV. in Att., τέλη, μισθοδο λύκισ λύειν άμαρτίας. to pay rates or taxes: hence, λύων τέλη = λνσιτελείν, to profit, avail; οδ λύει τέλη it boots not; also λύειν, absol. without τέλη, to profit.

λῶ, contr. from λάω, I will, with or desire, a Dorich defect. Verb. only used in sing. λῶ, λῆε, λῆς, pl. λῶντι; subj. λῆε, λῆ; opt. λφη; inf. λῆν; also part. dat. τῷ λῶντι.

λωβάομαι Ion. - louar: f. - φσομαι Dor. λωβάσσωμαι: aor. I med. ἐλωβησάμην: (but aor. I ἐλωβήσφ and pf. λελώβημαι in pass. sense): Dep.: (λώβη):— to treat despitefully, to insult, malireat: to main. minimal tilate: to disbonour.

2. absol. to act outrageously or despitefully.

II. pf. part. λελωβημέσος, in pass. sense, mitilated.

λωβεύω, L σω, (λώβη) to mock, make a mock of. All'HH, 4, ill-usage by word or deed, despiteful treatment outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming. 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium. λωβηθήναι, aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι.

λωβήτειρα, fem. of λωβητήρ.

λωβητήρ, ήρος, δ. (λωβάομαι) one was treats despitefully, a foul clanderer: generally, a destroyer: mutilator, murderer. II. pass. a worthless wretch.

λωβητής, οῦ, ὁ, - λωβητήρ; λωβητής τέχνης α disgrace to his trade.

λωβητός, ή, όν, (λωβαομαι) ill-treated, outraged, II. act. insulting, abusive: baneful. disbonoured. λωβήτωρ, οροε, δ, - λωβητήρ.

λώνα, λωίτερδες τ. λωίων. huler, oros, o, f, havor, to: Att. contr. how, λφον: neut. pl. λωίσνα, syncop. λώια: (λω to wisb): -more desirable; better :- Sup. λέπστος, η, υν, contr. worros.—There is also a second Comp. hastropos, ov. AMMA, aros, to, the best or border of a robe. Hence

λωμάτιον, τό, Dim. a fringe, flounce.

λωντι, 3 pl. of Dor. verb λώ, to wish.

Morn, 4, (hire, horde) a covering, manile. a skin, busk, sbell.

harisa, f. low, (hinn) to cover, wrap up.

hamodition, f. how, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob plunder. From

hare-burne [v], ov, o, (haros, bua) one who slipe into another's elother or strips him of them, a clother-stealer: generally a thief, robber, footpad.

AGEOS, 6; - AGEN.

AGOTOS, v. ov. Att. contr. from Aérotos, Sup. of Auston, most desirable, hest.

Austrivia, Ion. acc. next. pl. of Aurosis.

Acortzo, f. tow, (Lartos) to pluck flowers :- Med. Larisopas, to cull flowers for onnelf, choose the best. hiritros, n. or, (horros) of lotus.

λώτισμα, τό, (λωτίζω) a flower: metaph. the flower, choicest, best.

herbas, easa, er, (herbs) overgrown unto losus; πεδία λωτεύντα, Ion. for Λωτόεντα, lotus-plains.

AATO'Z, ov, &, the lotus, name of several plants :-- I. the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which II. the Cyrenean locus or jujube, an horses fed. African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called Lotophagi: the fruit was boney-sweet, medendis: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date. III. the IV. there Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile. was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence harve is used post. for a flute.

λωτο-τρόφος, ον, (λωτός, τρέφω) growing larus.

Auto-payos, or, (Autos, payeir) sating lottes: as Subst., Auropayor, el, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.

America, America your for Asirpa

λωτώ, Dor. for λωτού, gen. of λωτόε. λωφάω Ion. - έω, f. ήσω, (λόφοι) to rest from toil. take rest: c. gen. to bave rest, abate from. abate, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. to lighten, relieve, release.

λωφήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of λωφάω.

λώφησιε, ή, (λωφάω) rest from :--remission, cer-

how, neut. how, Att. contr. for hadar, hance.

## M

M, p., p.0 Ion. p.6, rd, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral,  $\mu' = 40$ , but  $\mu = 40,000$ .

Changes of \$\mu\$, esp. in the dialects: L Acol and Lacon. into w, as perá into wedá. IL Acol a doubled, e. g. dupes uppes, for finels spell. ш. u becomes v, as, uir Dor. vir un, Lat. ne. is often added or left out, I. at the beginning of a word, as ία μία, δσχου μόσχου, δχλεύο μοχλεύε, 2. Appe Lat. Mars. 2. in the middle of a word, as σίμπλημι σίπλημι, πίμπρημι πίποημι, δμβροτος δβροτος, δμβριμος δβριμος, etc. V. μ sometimes has α or o prefixed, as, μέλγω αμέλγω, μέργω αμέργω, VI. σ is added or left out μόργνυμι δμόργνυμι. before μ, as, σμάραγδοε μάραγδοε, σμάω μάω, σμικρόε μικρόε, σμυγερόε μογερύε,

μ', apostr. for με. II. very rarely for  $\mu \alpha$ .

μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the con-I. in affirmation; ναί μα τόδε σκήπτρον yea by this sceptre. Π. in negation; ου μά γάρ 'Απόλhave nay by Apollo. III. Att. pd is used absol., IV. in common discourse, the µà ∆ía, by Zeus! name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, rak μά τόν, οὐ μά τόν (sub. Δία). V. μά is sometimes omitted after od; as, od rdr Ala, od rdr Gedr, no by Jove, etc.

μά, Acol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μά

 $\gamma \hat{a}$  for  $\mu \hat{\eta} \tau \epsilon \rho \ \gamma \hat{\eta}$ : cf.  $\beta \hat{a}$ ,  $\delta \hat{\omega}$ ,  $\lambda \hat{i}$ .

μαγάδιον, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [d] From μάγαδι, ή, gen. ιδου: kreg. dat. μαγάδι: acc. μά- · yadır :- the magadis, a harp with twenty strings.

μαγγάνευμα, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks; and

μαγγάνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, α juggler, mountebank. From μαγγάνεύω, f. σω, (μάγγανον) to cheat by sleight of band: to bewitch. 2. intr. to play tricks.

MATTA'NON, 76, any means for tricking ot bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus. – γάγγαμον, a bunting-net.

μάγεία, ή, (μαγεύω) the religion of the Magi. magie, art.

mayerpelov, to, (mayerpos) a place for cooling, a cook-sbop. II. Maced. a pot, kettle.

μάγειρικός, ή, έν, (μάγειρος) fit for a cook or cookery: ἡ μαγειρική (sub. τέχνη), sookery. Henco

μαγειρικών. Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically. μάγειρος. δ. a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the

chief business of the cook.)
μάγευμα, τό, (μάγεύω) α piece of magic art: in pl.

charms, spells.

μάγούω. f. σω, (Μάγοι) to be a Mague or a magician: μαγεύου μέλη to sing incantations.

IL trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

. Μάγνης, 4τος, ό, fem. Μάγνησσα, ε Magnesian, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also Μαγνήτης, fem. Μαγρήτιε.

ΙΙ. λίθος Μαγρήτιε, ή, the mag-

net, also called λίθου Ἡρακλεία.

MATOZ, ov. 8. a Mague, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: magician: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [4]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγου, φόνου) the slaughter of

the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτερου, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγου, more magical.
μάδαρου, ά, όν, (μαδών) of flesh, flaceid, loose: of

the head, bald.

under the head, bald.

under the head, (under to be moist or wet, to melt

away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. defluere: hence to be bald.
μάδδα, Dor. for μάζα.

\*MAAOZ, 4, 6v, the Root of maddes, etc., - madapos.

μάζα, ή, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cale, opp. to deroe, wheater bread; μάζαν μεμάχώε having baked him a cale, with a pun on μάχη. μαζίσκη, ή, Dim. of μάζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, δ, (μᾶζα, τέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or

ebarger, Lat. mazonomus.

MAZO'Z, οθ, δ, one of the breasts (στέρνον being the whole breast or elect), mostly of women, but also of men. μαστόε differs from μαζόε only in dialect. μάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of μανθώνα.

μάθεθμαι, Dot. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μανθάνα. μάθεμα, ατος, τό, (μάθεθ) lbat subich is learnt, a

patrupa, ατος, το, (μεθείν) ibat which is tearni, a lesson.

2. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθήματα mathematics. Hence

μαθημάτικος, ή, όν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: † μαθηματική (sub. ἐνιστήμη), mothematics: ὁ μαθηματικός a mathematician.

μόθησνε, ἡ, (μάθεῦν) the act of learning, acquiring information.
2. desire on power of bearning.

μάθησομαι, fut. of μανθάναι. μάθητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μανθάνα, to be learnt. II. neut. μαθητέον, one must learn.

μάθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar. II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From μάθητής, οθ, ό, (μαθείν) a learner, pupil, Lat. disputus: a disciple.

μάθητιδω, Desiderat. of μανθάνω, to wish to become a disciple.

II. to be a disciple or pupil.
μάθητος, ή, όν, (μαθείν) learnt, that may be learnt.
μάθητρια, ή, fem. of μαθήτης, a female pupil.
μάθοισι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μανθάνω.
μάθου [ά], Ep. aor. 2 of μανθάνω.

μάθος [d], το, poët, and Ion, for μάθησιε, μάθων, sor. 2 part, of μανθάνω.

MATA, \$\psi\$, good mother, dame. IL a nurse, foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Maia, †, *Maia*, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also Maids, ádos, †. Maiav800s, å, *Masander*, a river in Caria noted for

its windings.

passiopas, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαθε m) to serve as a

midwife: trans. to batch.

Mauμaκτηριών, ώνος, ή, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Mas-μάπτης held in it.

Mauμάκτης, ου, δ, (μαιμάσσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαιμάσσω, = μαιμάω, to burst fortb.

μαιμάω, Ep. 3 pl. μαιμάωσι, part. μαιμάωσ, -δωσσα: δ. άσω: Ep. 201. Ι μαίμησα: (redupl. of μάω, 22 παιφάσσω from φάω):—10 be very eager, 10 pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

paives, doos, 4, (palropai) mad, raving, frantic. 2. as Subst. a med woman: a Bacchanal, a Macnad. II. act. causing madness.

MAI'NH, \$, maena, a small sea-fish, like our herring.

μαινίε, ίδοε [Υ], ή, Dim. of μαίνη, α εττατ. μαινόληε, ου, ό, fem. μαινόλιε, ιδοε, (μαίνομπα) raving, frenzied.

μαινόλιος, α, ον, – μασόλης.

μαίνομαι, fut. μὰνήσομαι and μὰνοῦμαι: pf. with pres. sense μέμηνα, also (in pass, form) μεμάνημας: aor. I med. ἐμηνάμην, aor. 2 pass. ἐμάνην, part. μάνεις, inf. μὰνῆναι: (\*μάω):—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to raue with anger: to be mad soids wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μαινόμενες Διόνυσοι the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot —μαίνεσθαι ὑπό τοῦ θεοῦ to be αἰνὶνοι mad by the god:—Att. phrase, πλεῦ ἡ μπάνομαι, more than madness, i. e. utter distraction.

Causal in aor. I act. ἔμηνα, to make mad, mandelen.

MAI'OMAI, fut. uhoopat [8], Dep. to encleavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. en palogram.

μαιδομαι, f. -ώσομαι, Dep. - μαιεύομαι.

Malpa, h. (µap-µalpa) the Sparkler, i.e. the dog-star.
Maueriorit, Adv. is Masotie (i.e. Scythiam) fashion.
MAKAT [µā], apos, b: fern. µāsap or paāsansas:—
blessed, bappy, properly of the gods, opp. to morrei
men: absol. µásapes, the blessed ones, i.e. the
gods.

II. of men, supremely blest, fortunats:

but also, prosperous, wealthy. esp. called manages, the blessed, as being heyond the mobios an Ethiopian people south of Egypt, reach of pain: \_\_ puraper viscos the islands of the blest, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the ex- long duration. treme West).- Comp. and Sup., panaprepos, -raros. nanáperou, Ep. dat. pl. of µánap.

ιάκαρία, ή, (μάκαρ) bappiness, bliss.

abode of the blessed.

nandolles, fut. low Att. in, (pasap) to call or extern bappy: to bless.

μακάριος, a, or, or de, or, collat. form of μάκαρ, blessed, bappy, fortunate:-in Att. one of the upper classes: - Comp. and Sup. pasapierepoe, - raroe.

μακάρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or everming bappy, a blessing.

μάκαριστός, ή, όν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced bappy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. - Twe.

μάκαρίτης [1], ου, δ, like μάκαρ III, one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. µandpires, coo.

 $\mu$ akapros,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta v$ ,  $= \mu$ akap $\iota \sigma \tau \delta e$ .

μακεθνός, ή, όν, (μηκοε) tall, taper.

Makedovila, f. sw, (Makedur) to be on the Macedonian side: or, to speak Macedonian.

Marebovios, a, or, and -oviros, h, or, Macedonian. From

Mărebuv, óros, ô, a Macedonian.

μάκελλα, poët, also μακέλη, ή, (μία, κέλλω, as diredha from dis, widha) a pick-ane with one point. μάκελλον, τό, Lat. măcellum, a slaughter-bouse, sbambles, market.

μωκεστήρ, ήροε, δ, (μάκοε) used as Adj., μύθοε μα-

xecthe a long, tedious tale.

Mauchow, ovos, o, poet for Manedon.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μήκος) irreg. Sup. of  $\mu \alpha \kappa \rho \delta s$ , =  $\mu \epsilon \gamma \iota \sigma \tau \sigma s$ ,  $g \tau \epsilon a t \epsilon s t$ .

μακκοάω, f. άσω, [ā], to be stupid: pf. part. μεμακ-

module, dreaming, mooning.

μῶκος, τό, Dor. for μηκος, length: acc. μακος as Adv., = µaxpár, afar.

μακρά (sub. γραμμή), ή, the long line which the διeagris drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line ( $\beta \rho \alpha \chi \epsilon i \alpha$ ), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αίων, ωνοε, δ, ή, (μακρόε, alán) lasting long: of persons, long-lived; of parpalores the immortals. manpay Ion. manphy, acc. fem. of manpos, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέραν, farther, to a greater distance. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously; parpar elness to speak at great length: also long, panpar (no to live long.

μακρ-αύχην, ενος, ο, ή, (μακρός, αυχήν) longnecked.

μακρ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (μακρύε, άγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ή, long-windedness, prolizity, prosing.

manp-nuepla, f. (manple, fulpa) the season of long

III. the dead were | µanpó-Bios, or, (panpós, Blos) long-lived: of Maμακρο-βίστος, ον, (μακρός, βίστος) long-lived, of

> μακρό-γηρως, ων, gen. ω, (μακρός, γήρας) very old, in advanced age.

IL the

pakpo-Spopos, or, (pakpos, Spapeir) far-ruming. μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρόε) from afar. μακροθυμέω, f. ήσω, (μακρόθυμοε) to be long-suffering, patient; passpobupely ele tiva to le forbearing or long-suffering towards one. Hence

μακροθυμία, ή, long-suffering. μακρό-θύμος, ον, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering,

forbearing: patient. Adv. - uon, patiently. μακρολογέω, f. ήσω, (μακρολόγοε) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence μακρολογία, ή, a speaking at length.

μακρο-λόγος, ον, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length. μακρό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μακρός, πνέω)

long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long.

μακρός, ά, όν, (μᾶκος, μηκος) long, whether of Space or Time: I. of Space, long, far-stretching. 3. far, far distant : passal tall, lofty: also deep. ἐπιβοήθειαι succours from a distance: ἐπὶ μακρόν far, for a long way; boor in parporator as far as possible. 4. dat. μακρφ is often used, like πολύ, by far, much; μακρῷ πρῶτοε by far the first. of Time, long: long-lasting, enduring; did parpov (sc. xporov) after a long time; els panpor for a long 2. long, tedious; bid parpor at great time. length. III. regul. Comp. μακρότεροε; Sup. μα-

κρότατοι; Irreg. Comp. μάσσων, μᾶσσον; Sup. μήκιστο: Dor. μάκιστο:, formed from μῆκο:, 23 αἶσχιστο: from alogos. IV. the neut, pl. µaκρά is used as Adv., μακρά βιβάε taking long strides; μακρά μεμθκών loudly bellowing; μακρά προσεύχεσθαι to make long prayers:-so also neut. sing., paspor abreir to

μάκρος, εος, τό, = μάκος, μήκος, length. μακρο-τένων, οντοι, δ, ή, (μακρύε, τείνω) farstretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέραν, Comp. of μακράν, q. v. μακρό-τονος, ον, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένων.

μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγγοε, δ, ή, (μακρόε, φάρυγξ) εκίδ long throat or gullet.

μακρο-φλυαρήτης, ου, δ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) α todious prater.

μακρο-χρόνιος, αν, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring. μάκτρα, ή, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μακύνω, Dor. for μηκύνω.

shout aloud.

μάκων, old poot. acr. 2 part. of μηκάσμαι. ιάκων [ā], ανου, Dor. for μήκων, ανου.

MA'AA, Adv. very, very much, exceedingly, I. strengthening the word with which it stands; μάλα πολλά very many; μάλ' εδ right well; μάλ' αὐτίκα quite directly; μάλα διαμπερέε right through; ou make by no means, on no account.

strengthening a whole sentence; η μάλα δή ..., now in very truth . .; so, with a part., μάλα περ μεμαίνε though desiring never so much. II. Comp. μάλ-Nov. more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. po-2. too much, far too much. 3. µâxxov is sometimes joined to another Comp.; βηίτερου μαλ-4. μάλλον how more easier; έχθίων μάλλον; etc. # is often followed by ou (where ou seems redundant), 28, πόλιν δλην διαφθείρειν μάλλον ή οδ τούε altiove: in this case μάλλον ή οὐ is preceded by another 5. παντόε μάλλον more than anything, negat. i. e. by all means. III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; εν τοίε μάλιστα (sc. οδαι), Lat. imprimis, as much as any; to τά μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as έχθιστοε μάλιστα. numbers, paliora is often added to show that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πεντήκοντα μά-Aigra fifty at most, where the real number is fortynine: hence about, pretty near, le μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. mal maliora most certainly, Lat, vel maxime. μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τό, malobathrum, the gromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μάλακαί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός,

move) softly treading. μάλακία, ή, (μαλακόε) softness, tenderness: of men,

effeminacy, weakness. pālānās, (palana) to be soft or tender.

μάλακίζω, f. σω, (μαλακός) to make soft, ener-II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: nor. I med. ξμαχακισάμην, pass. ξμαhasiσθην:-to be soft or tender, weak or effemi-2. to be softened or appeared. nate.

μαλάκίων, envos, δ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κ] μάλακο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μαλακύς, γνώμη)

gentle of mood.

MA ΛΑ ΚΟ Σ, ή, όν, Lat. MOLLIS, soft; μαλακλε λείμων a soft, grassy meadow. II. soft, gentle, mild. 2 in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μάλακό-χειρ, χειροε, δ, ή, (μαλακύε, χείρ) sqftbanded, sootbing.

μάλδικύνω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:-Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλάκωε, Adv. of μαλακόε, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώντατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -17ω, fut. for, (μαλακόε) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., palásseur rivá to give one a dressing, curry him. II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ή, (μάλακόε) a mallow, Lat. malva. μάλερός, ά, όν, (μάλα) very strong, mighty, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vebement.

MA'AH, f, the arm-pit, Lat. ala: only in the rase bud makes or bud maker, under the arm.

MA'ΛΘΑ or μάλθη, ή, a minters of wan and pitch for calking ships. 2. the wan laid over writing-

μαλθάκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, = μαλακίζω, to soften:---Pass, to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθάκινος, η, ον, poët. for μαλθακός. μαλθάκιστέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι,

one must be remiss.

 $\mu$ ahodinos,  $\eta$ ,  $\ell r$ , =  $\mu$ ahanos (with  $\theta$  inserted), soft. II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθάκως, Adv. softly: gently, mildly.

μαλθάσσω, f. εω, - μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:-Pass., μαλθαχθήναι ύπνω to be unnerved by sleepμάλινος, α, ον, Dor. for μήλινος.

ιάλιον, τό, (μαλλόε) bair, a lock of bair. [ἄ] Maλis, iδos, ή, Dor. for Myλis, (μάλον, - μήλον) a

nymph who protects the flocks (μήλα). μάλιστα, Adv., Sup. of μάλα: ν. μάλα III. μάλλα, by crasis for μή άλλά, παν but. μαλλό-δετος, ον, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

ιᾶλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: ν. μάλα π. MAAAO'S, oû, b, a lock of wool, the wool of theep,

a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of bair. μαλόβαθρον, ν. μαλάβαθρον.

μάλον, Dor. for μήλον B. μαλο-πάρηος, ον, Dor. for μηλοπάρησε. μαλός, ή, δν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ... μάμμα and μάμμη, ή, a child's attempt to call to its

mother; like ánna, dupá, árra, wánna. μήτηρ, mother. III. later a grandmother. Manuarios, &, proverb. word for a blockbead.

papped aireir, to ery for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ή, (μάμμα) a mother.

Mannewas or Manavas, ov, b, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, - Greek Πλούτου: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μάν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μήν. MANAPA, 4, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. mandra: also 2. the setting of a seal, Lat. pala, funda. μανδράγόρας, ου, ὑ, mandrake, a narcotic plant, μάνείς, είσα, έν, 201. 2 part. of μαίνομαι.

Mavious, b, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Airos.

udives, Dor. for unives, pl. of uhr.

μάνηναι, sor. 2 inf. of μαίνομαι.

MANOANΩ: fut. μάθησομαι Dot. μάθεθμας: sar. 2 έμάθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθου, οτ with double μ. ξμμαθες, ξμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα: --- το learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in soc. to bave learnt, i. c. to understand, be acquainted with. attempt, to ask, inquire about. III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. teneo; parcares; do you understand? Answ., ware parbare, perfectly! -c. part., párbare ar, know that you are.

in Att., ri passar; comes to mean wherefore? properly, basing ascertained what? for what fresh reason? almost = Ti wasaw:

păria Ion. -in, 4, (palropai) madness, frenzy. II. generally, mad passion, rage, fury. III. enthu-

siasm, Bacchie fronzy.

udvide, ádos, (pabropai) fem. Adj. frantic, mad, frenzied: joined with a neut. pl. Subst., paridow hvoshpaor with mad fits of raving, like victricia arma. pavinos, h, or, (parla) inclined to madness mad;

Blivery marindr to look mad. Hence pavikūs, Adv. in mad fashion, madly.

paris, the Dor. for unives.

pavies, Dor. for provies.

μάνι-ώδης, es, (μανία, elbos) mad-like, mad : τὸ pariivões madness.

MANNA, h, a morsel, grain. 3. manna. MA'NNOZ or pavos, o, Lat. monile, a necklace, collar.

μαννο-φόροε, οτ, (μάννοε, φέρω) wearing a collar. MANO Σ, ζ, ότ, Lat. rarus, ibin, loose, slack, flac-II. of number, few, scanty. See µavws.

μαντεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, (μαντεύομαι) prophesying, power of divination: also the mode of divination, an oracle, prophesy.

partelor Ion. -tpor, 76, (partis) an oracle, I. an oracular response. II. the seat i. e., of an oracle.

partices, a, or, or oe, or, Ion. -fices, n, or, (nartis) oracular, prophetic.

μάντευμα, ατοε, τό, an oracle. From

μαντεύομαι, έ. -σομαι: 20τ. Ι ξμαντευσάμην: υξ. μεμάστευμαι: Dep.: (μάστιο):—to divine, prophesy, deliver an oracle. 2. to presage, forebode, surmise: of animals, to scent. 3. to seek divinations: to con-IL aor. I ἐμαντεύθη, impers. in sult an bracle. pass. sense, an oracle was given: and pf. part. 7d pemarrevulva, the oracles delivered. Hence

parteurior, verb. Adj. one must divine, prophesy. gravreuros, ή, ον, (μαντεύομαι) foretold or ordained

By an oracle.

graving, - theor, - theor, ion for partela, etc. BLANTI, VOC. OF BAPTIS.

gravrikos, f., br., of or for a soothsayer or diviner. per opherie: as Subst., partief (sub. réxry), \$, the art faculty of divination. Adv. - kws.

zzavriwokie, f. how, to prophesy. From

gravil-πόλος, αν, (μάντιε, πολέω) inspired, frenzied. ELANTIS, &, gen. con Ion. 108: (malvo pat): a diviner, sootbeayer, seer, prophet: also as fem., a prophetess. metaph, a foreboder. IL a kind of locust or grass-

bopper. provided by the art of divination, divining. [V] gacavrbouvos, η, ον, (μάντιε) oracular, prophetic. SECUTION, a, or, - partelos.

ενόω, μανυτής, μάνυσις, Dor. for μηνparties, Adv. of partie, rarely: comp. partirepor, ess often,

páopar, see paiopar.

udwiew, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of magazes.

μάραγνα, ή, - σμάραγνα, a lash, whip, scourge. [μά] ίραθον, τό, Dor. and Att. form of μάραθρον.

MAPAΘΡΟΝ, τό, fennel, Lat. maraibrum. [μά] Maρaθών. ωνος, ή, Marathon, a plain on the east coast of Attica, celebrated for the defeat of the Persians, so called from its being overgrown with fennel μάραθον).

Μάράθωνο-μάχηε, ου, δ, (Μαραθάν, μάχομαι) οπο who fought at Marathon: hence a brave veteran.

MA PAPNΩ, f. ărŵ: 201. I ἐμάρηνα Att. -āra ---Pass., aor. Ι εμάρανθην: pf. μεμάραμμαι οτ μεμάρασpar :- to put out, quench, extinguish :- Pass. to die II. metaph. to queneb: to away, burn low. weaken, make to waste or pine away:-Pass, to die away, waste away, languish.

papar aba, Syriac, the Lord cometh, sc. to judgment. μαργαίνω, only in pres., (μάργου) to rage furiously. μαργάρίτης [l], ov, δ, a pearl, Lat. margarita. μαργάω, only in part., (μάργοε) to rage furiously.

Maργίτης [i], ov, δ, (μάργος) Margites, hero of a mock-heroic poem ascribed to Homer.

MAPIOE, n, or, or oe, or, raging mad, Let. furi-2. greedy, gluttonous, 3. lustful, Hence μαργότης, ητος, ή, rage, madness. 2. greedi-3. lust. ness, gluttony.

MA'PH,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \chi \epsilon i \rho_1$ , a band. (Hence  $\epsilon b$ - $\mu a \rho \dot{\eta} \epsilon$ .) MATIAH, it the embers of charcoal. [1 μάριλο-πότης, ου, δ, (μαρίλη, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of wire) gulper of coal-dust.

MAPMAI'PΩ, only in pres. and impf., to flash, sparkle, glisten, gleam, mostly of metal; δμματα μαρμαίροντα sparkling eyes. Hence

μαρμάρεος, α, ον, (μαρμαίρω) flasbing, sparkling, glistening, of metals: also of the sea.

μαρμάρινος, η, ον, (μάρμαροι) of marble.

μαρμορόεις, εσσα, εν. - μαρμάρεος, bright, gleaming. μάρμαρον, τό, - μάρμαρος.

μάρμάροs, ου, δ, (μαρμαίρω) any stone or rock, with sparkling crystals in it: also as Adj., πέτρος μάρμαρος a sparkling stone. II. μάρμαροs, ή, Lat. marmor, marble: also a work in marble, a slab or tablet of marble.

μαρμάρτγή, ή, (μαρμαρύσσω) a flashing, sparkling: of any quick motion, pappapayal rodor the quick twinkling of the dancers' feet.

μαρμάρ-ωπός, έτ, (μάρμαρος, δή) with sparkling eye. MAPNA MAI, aoui, arai, imperat. µaprao, subj. μάρνωμαι, opt. μαρνοίμην, inf. μάρνασθαι, part. μαρνάμενος; impf. έμαρνάμην, αο, ατο, dual έμαρνάσθην: no other tenses in use: Dep. :- to fight, do battle, contend -of boxers, to contend, encounter. quarrel, wrangle. 3. metaph. to struggle, strive. μαρναμένοιτν, Ep. part. gen. dual of μάρναμαι. μάρνατο, μάρναντο, Ep. 3 sing, and pl. impf. of

μαρπτίε, δ. (μάρπτω) a seizer, ravisber.

MAPTT'P, spos, o and n, Acol. for paprus. μαρτυρέω, f. ήσω:--Pass., fut. 1 μαρτυρηθήσομαι, but also f. med. in pass. sense, μαρτυρήσομαι: aor. Ι έμαρτυρήθην: pf. μεμαρτύρη μαι:--to be a witnese: to bear witness: papropely revi to bear witness in favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a thing is :- Pass, to bave witness borne to one, later, to be or become a martyr. Hence μαρτύρημα, ατοι, τό, ειετίποκу. μαρτύρία, ή, (μαρτυρίω) a bearing witness. witness, testimony, evidence. μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: m pl., μαρτύρια, rá, evidence. [v] From μαρτύρομαι [9] : f. δροθμαι : sor. I έμαρτδράμην : Dep.: (μάρτνε):—to call to witness, invoke; absol. μαρτύρομαι, I call witnesses, I protes. μάρτυρος, δ, Ep. form of μάρτυς, a soitness. ΜΑΡΤΥΣ, δ or ή, gen. μάρτυρος, acc. μάρτυρα, as if from μάρτυρ, but also acc. μάρτϋν: pl. μάρτϋρεε, dat. μάρτυσι poët, μάρτυσσι :-- a witness. μαρυκάομαι, μαρύκημα, Dor. for μηρυκμαρύομαι, Dor. for μηρύομαι. maphon, sor, I inf. of mapere. părácpai, f. hropai, Dep., (pás, párcu) to cheu. μάσασθαι [a], 20r. I inf. of Root \*μάω, to touch. μάσδα, μασδός, Dor. for μάζα, μαζός.  $\mu \dot{\alpha} \sigma \theta \lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= l \mu \dot{\alpha} \sigma \theta \lambda \eta$ , a leathern thong. Hence μάσθλης, ητος, ό, a leathern thang. II. metaph. a supple, slippery knave. μασθός, δ, a Dor. form of μαστός, μαζός. μασί, Dor. for μησί, dat. pl. of μήν. μάσομαι [ἄ], fut. of \*μάω Π. Maggalla, 1, Lat. Massilia, Marseilles. Hence Magrahibrns, ov, b, a man of Marseilles. μασσάομαι, etc., - μασάομαι. μάσσω Att. μάττω: fut. μάξω: sor. I ξμαξα: pf. μέμαχα:--- Pass., aor. 1 ξμάχθην: pf. μέμαγμαι: (\* µáw) :--to touch, bandle ll, to work with the brade, to knead dough, Lat. pineo: - Pass., oîros peμαγμένοε dough ready kneaded másseu, é, f, neut. passor, gen. passores, irreg. Comp. of makeos for makeotepos, longer, larger

μάσταξ, äκοε, ή, (μασάομαι) that with which one

μασταρύζω or -ίζω, to mumble, of an old man.

macreva, L. ou, - pareva, to seek : to seek or en-

II. that which is

chews or eats, the jaws, mouth.

partupe, i, fem. of parthe

deavour to do: to seek or search after.

ebewed, a mouthful, morsel,

(Formed from the sound.)

MAPHTΩ, fut. μάρφω: 20τ. 1 ξμαρφα: Ep. re-

dupl. 20r. 2 μέμαρπον: and a shortd. 20r. 2 ξμάπον.

inf. parteur, whence 3 pl. opt. peparoter: pf. part.

μεμαρπόν: - to grasp, bold, catch: to lay bold of,

seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch

MAPZITIOZ, a bag, pouch, Lat. marsupium.

parthous, a, or, searching, magnityee, false form for magnityees. μαστίγίας, ου, δ. (μάστιξ) one who deserves which ping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. verbero. μαστίγο-φόρος, ον, (μάστιξ, φέρω) carrying a wbi): as Subst., μαστιγοφόρου, δ, a sort of constable. μαστίγόω, f. ώσω: pf. aor. Ι έμαστέγωσα:--- Pass... fut, med. in pass, sense μαστιγώσομαι: pf. μεμαστίγωμαι: (μάστιξ):—to wbip, flog, beat. Hence μαστιγώσιμος, or, that deserves whipping. μαστιγωτίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μαστιγόω, to b: wbipped, deserving a wbipping. μαστίζω, f. fw: aor. I έμάστιξα Ep. μάστιξα: (μάστιξ):—to wbip, flog. particion, opos, d, (partise) a scourger. μάστιξ, ίγοε, ή, (μάω, μάσσω) a whip, scourge; [z-II. metaph. a scourge, που μάστιξ a horse-wbip plague; μάστις Πειθούε the lash of eloquence. magricer, Ep. part, of magrice. μάστιε, los, ή, lon. for μάστιξ; dat. μάστι. μαστίσδω, Dor. for μαστίζω. μαστίχαω, (μάσταξ) to grash the teeth, only in En. part, dat, μαστιγόωντι, macries, collat. form of macrices, to white scourge. beat, lash:—Med., pastletae nheupde olpg [the lion] *lasbes* his sides with his tail. μαστό-δετον, τό, (μαστόε, βέω) a breast-band. μαστός, οῦ, ὁ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for Hom. pa(ós. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the neta, μαστροπεία, ή, a pandering. From растропечи, f. ош. (растропов) to be a pander. play the pander: c. acc. to seduce. μαστροπός, δ and ή, (μάω, μαστήρ) a pander, pimp, Lat. leno, lena. μασχάλη, ή, (μάλη) the armpit, Lat. ala, axilla. | χα| μασχάλίζω, f. ίσω, (μασχάλη) to put under the armpits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied. that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence μασχάλιστήρ, ήροε, δ, a broad strap passing behind the borse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the λέπαδνον: generally, a girdle, band. μάτάζω, (μάτην) to act unmeaningly or foolisher. μάταιάζω, (μάταιος) 🗕 ματάζω. μάταιολογία, ή, idle talking. From μάταιο-λόγος, ον, (μάταιος, λέγω) idly talking. μάταιος [d], a, or, or os, or, (μάτη) idle, foolish, zzmeaning, trifling II. thoughtless, rash, wanton profane. Hence μάταιότης, ητος, ή, folly, vanity. intales, Adv. of paraios, idly, without reason, MATA'Ω, f. ήσω, (μάτη) to be idle, to loiter, linger. lag; οὐ ματά τοῦργον the work lags not. be in vain, fruitless μάτεύω, f. σω: sor. I έμάτευσα: (~μάω) >--- σο seri. search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or securch after: μαστήρ, fipos, δ, (\*μάω) a seeker, searcher. Hence to search, explore.

```
payauplinov, 76, Dim. a short mord or dagger.
 paxauple, idos, t, Dim. of paxaupa, a small
knife.
         2. a small rasor.
 prevenence v. to, a sword or knife factory. From
 paxerpo-words, or, (paxerpa, words) a cutter.
 μάχαιρο-φόρος, ον, (μάχαιρα, φέρω) susaring a sabre.
  ιδχατάς, δ. Dor. for μαχητής.
 Maximu [a], oros, i, Machaon, son of Ameulapius.
 μάχαιόμανος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.
 ndy topas, Ion. for mayonas.
 μάχουύμονος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.
 μαχόσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.
  ιάχευ, Dor. for μάχου, pres. imperat. of μάχομαι.
 MAXH [a], $, a battle, fight, combat; properly an
engagement between armies, but also, a single combat;
μάχην νικών to win a battle; but μάχη νικών τινά to
conquer one is battle.
                              II. a quarrel, strife,
wrangling.
                   In. an amicable contest, as for a
prize in the games.
                        IV. a mode of fighting, way
               V. a field of battle. Hence
of battle.
 paxyuev, ev, gen. ovos, warlike.
 μάχητης, οῦ, ὁ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior; as Adj.
svarlike. Hence
 μάχητικός, ή, όν, ο ot jo. fighting, pugnacious.
 μάχζιος, η, ον, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike:
ol μάχιμοι οι το μάχιμον the soldiery, the effective
 μάχτιι-ώδης, es, (μάχιμος, eldos) warlike, conten-
  ιαχλάς, άδος, poët. fem. of μάχλως.
 MAXAOZ, ov, lend, lustful: wanton. Hence
 paxhoriva, h, lewdness, lust, wantonness.
 μανείωτο, Ion. for μάχοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of
```

mirries, rare form for pareses,

MATH, 4. = paria, a folly, a fault. [d] Hence

of mary, hence els marny at random. [a]

marne, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [4]

părle Ion. - (q, 1, (µáryv) a vaix attems.

of surfee, to tread on.

paris, Dor. for paris.

nd mattya. (Foreign word.)

párre, f. fo, Att, for pásse. maches, idea or ice, to, a knife.

become dark or obscurs.

mayaupa seissors. Hence-

the sword-sheath.

straight sword).

Lat. frustra.

ininties.

IL Acol. form μάχομαι Ion. μαχίο;ται [ά], Ερ. pert. μαχειόμε μ and μαχεούμενος: fut. μαχέσομαι Εp. μαχέσσομαι or μαχήσομαι Att. μαχούμαι: 20ε. Ι έμαχεσάμην, Ευ. paray Dor. paray [4], Adv. in rain, idly, foolishly, inf. μαχέσσασθαι σε μαχήσασθαι: pf. μεμάχημαι: 2. senselessly, at random, Lat. te-Dep.: (µaxy):—to fight, contend in battle; c. dat. pers. to fight with, i. c. against; but, our rive with more. 3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. Originally acc. the sanction of; ward option payers to fight by themselves: but, sall fra maxedus to fight one against one, in single combat. II. generally, so quarrel, wrangle, dispute: hence, to oppose, withματρ-αδελφίος, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρ-. III. to contend for the prize in the stand one. parrin, h, a rich, high-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea games: to measure oneself with. MAT, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlenely; pay dubous partuo-loughs. or, (partua, helyw) licking up to sweat lightly, unmeaningly. II. thoughtlessly, rashly, indecorously. pay-alpar, av, al, (pay, abpa) squalls, guets of wind. (Bios, or, (µdy) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence uafthus, Adv., - pay foolishly, thoughtlessly: withpaupóu, like dpaupóu, to darken: metaph. to make out reason: recklessly. powerless, to make obscure or forgotten:—Pass. to μαψι-λόγος, ον. (μάψ, λέγω) idly talking. máxaspa [µd], 4, a large knife, worn like a airk next payl-tems, or, (pay, renear) bringing forth in II, as a weapon, a short sword or dagger: a sabre or seimitar, opp. to floor (the μαψ-thánds, ου, δ, (μάψ, ὑλακτῶ) idly yelping, repeating again and again. [Ad] III. a kind of rasor; διπλή \*MA'D, a Root, only used m pf. act. and in Med.: I. μέμαα, pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl. μεpados, often in the syncopate forms, dual paperor, μέμάμεν, μέμάτε; 3 sing. imperat. μεμάτω [d]; 3 pl. plaps, usudoar; but most often in part. usudos, usμάνθα, μεμάῶτοε, μεμάῶτεε, but also μεμάότεε, μεμά-

ore:—to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly c. inf.: also absol., πρόσσω μεμανίαι pressing forward: μεμαότει lyxelpot pressing forward with 2. to wish or claim to be. their spears. Med., μάο μαι, μῶ μαι, part. μώμενος, inf. μῶσθαι, imperat. µéveo, to seek after, covet. mé, enclit. acc. of eyes.

μεγά-θύμος, ον, (μέγαι, θυμόι) bigb-minded, magi μεγαίρω, acr. Ι ἐμέγηρα, (μέγαε) to look on a thing as too great: hence, to grudge a thing to another as too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny, withbold from envy: to object, complain.

μεγά-θαρσής, έε, (μέγαε, θάρσοε) very bold.

peyd, neut. of peyas.

μέγάθου, Ion. for μέγεθου.

μεγά-κήτης, εε, (μέγαε, τήτοε) buge, unwieldy. μεγα-κλεής, έε, declined (as if from μεγακλήε) μεγακλέοε, –έϊ, –έα, –έεε, cf. εὐκλεήε: (μέγαε, κλέοε): --2. pr. n. of several of the family —very famous. of the Alemaeonidae at Athens. μεγά-κύδης, έε, (μέγαε, κύδοε) much renowned.

μεγάλα, neut. pl. of μέγαε. μεγάλ-άνορία, μεγάλ-άνωρ, Dor. for μεγαληνμεγάλ-αυχέω, f. ήσω, (μέγαs, αὐχέω) to boast bigbly. speak baughtily :- Med. to boast oneself. meyal-auxintos and meyal-auxos, or, (miyas, as xlee) very boastful, vaunting, arrogan!.

μεγάλειου, α, ον, (μέγαυ) magnificent, splendid: of men, baughty. Hence

μεγάλειότης, ητος, ή, grandeur, splendour, majesty. μεγαλείως, Adv. of μεγαλείος, magnificently.

μεγάληγορόω, f. ήσω, (μεναλήγορου) to talk big, boast. Hence

peythyopia, h, big talking.

ueyah. hyopos, or, (ueyas, dyopeow) talking big, vaunting, boastful.

μεγάληνορία, ή, manliness. courage. 2. in bad sense, baughtiness. From

μεγάλ-ήνωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (μεγαε, drip) beroie, bigbminded. 2. in bad sense, baughty.

μεγάλ-ήτωρ, opos δ. ή, (μέγαs, ήτορ) great-bearted: magnanimous.

μεγάλίζω, (μέγαι) to magnify:—Pass. to be enalted, to bear oneself baughtily.

μεγάλογνωμοσύνη, ή, leftiness of sentiment. From μεγάλο-γνώμων, ου, gen. oros, (μέγαs, γνώμη) of lefty sentiments, bigb-minded.

μεγάλο-δοξος, οτ, (μέγαι, δόξα) very glorious. μεγάλοδωρία, ή, munificence, liberality. From μεγάλο-δωρος, οτ, (μέγαι, δώρον) making rich pre-

sents: munificent. μεγάλ-οιτος, ον, (μεγαε, οἶτοε) very wretched. μεγάλο-κευθής, έε, (μέγαε, κεόθω) concealing much:

hence capacious.

μεγάλο-κράτης, ές, (μέγ.π, πράτος) far-ruling, μεγάλο-μητις, ι, (μένας, μήτις) of bigb design, ambitious.

μεγάλδ-μισθος, εν, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large pay.

paydho-nerpos, or, (plyas, nerpa) on the vast

μεγάλό-πολιε, ι, gen. ιου Att. του, (μέγαι, πόλιε) joined with the name of a place, as, 'Αθήναι μεγαλο-πόλιευ the great city of Athens.

μεγάλο-πράγμων, or, gen. eros, (μέγαε, πράγμα) sisposed to do great deeds, forming great designs. μεγάλοπρέπεια, ή, splendour, magnificence. From μεγάλο-πρεπής, έε, (μέγαε, πρέπω) befitting greatness: magnificent, splendid, sumptuous. Hence

μεγάλοπρεπθε lon. - έως, Adv. magnificently: Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. - έστατα.

μεγάλος, τ. μέγαι.

μεγάλο-σθενής, έε, (μεγαε, σθένοε) of great strength.
μεγάλο-σπλαγχνοε, ον. (μέγαε, σπλάγχνον) bigbspirited.

μεγώλοστονος, ον. (μέγας, στένω) very piteous. μεγάλοσύνη, ή, – μέγεθος.

μεγάλο-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ulvas, σχήμα) of large form, magnificent.

μεγάλδ-τολμος, στ, (μέγας, τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγάλοφρόνως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generously, proudly.

perillopportus, f. hom, (peralopper) to be bighninded: in bad sense, to be proud, baughty. Hence perthopporing, 4, greatness of mind. in bad sense, pride, baughtiness.

peyalo-opers, oros, o, i, (piyas, ophy) bigb-minded, noble, generous: in bad sense, proud, baughty.

μεγάλοφωνία, ή, big talking, saunting. From μεγάλοφωνος, α, (μέγαε, φωνή) loud-talking. μεγάλοψοχία, ή, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, arrogance. From

μεγάλό-ψύχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) begb-souled, greatbearted, magnanimous.

psythówu, (péyus) to make great or powerful:— Pass. to be exalted. II. to evtol, magnify. to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγάλ-ώνδμος, ον. (μέγας, bropa) groing a great name, conferring glory.

μεγάλωε, Adv. of μέγαε, greatly.

μεγάλωστί, Adv. of μέγαι, over a large space: greatly, bugely: also magnificently.

μεγάλωσύνη, ή, (μέγαι), greatuses.

μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγαε.

μεγ-άνωρ, οροε, ό, ή, (μέγαε, ἀνήρ) manly, beroie. [ā] Μέγαρα, ων, τά, Megara :—Μεγαρούε, έως, δ, α Μεκατίακ. Ιουςο

Meyapitu, f. low Att. w, to take part with the

Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Lamwico. Meyeputos, 4, óv. (Méyapa) Megarian.

Meyapla, ibos, fem. Adj. Megarian: - 28 Subst. (sub. γij), the Megarian territory, Megarid.

Meyapôbev, Adv. (Méyapa) from Megara: and Meyapot, Adv. at Megara.

ulvilov, ré, (ulvas) a large room or ebamber, toe ball
2. a woman's apartmen
3. a bed-chamber.
II. a bouse, massion, mostly like Lat. aedes, a bouse in plus.
III. the sacred chamber it the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, chrine: in this sense always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple.

Hence

μέγαρόνδε, Adv. bomewards, bome. ΜΕΤΑΣ, μεγάλη [ά], μέγά: gen. μεγωιου, τε, ου: dat. μεγάλφ, η, φ, acc. μέγαν, μεγάλην, μέγα: dual μεγάλω, α, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a regul. Adj. in oe: but the regul. form METAAON is never used in sing, nom, and acc, masc, and neut.: large, big, great: - hence, I. great, sast, tall. 2. spacious, wide. 3. long. degree, great, powerful, mighty: weighty, impor-2. strong, violent. 3. of sounds, loud. 4. in bad sense, over-great, excessive; pera spored to have too bigb, presumptuous thoughts. III. besides the Adv. peyakon and peyakont, the neut. sing, and pl. μέγα and μεγάλα are used as Adv., wer much, exceedingly. of Space, far. 2. With Adjs., far, μέγ' ἀμείνων, far better. IV. Comp. μείζον, neut. μείζον, gen. μείζονος; in Ion. prose μέζων, ον; Dor. μέσδων, Bocot. μέσσων: greater. larger: also too great, more than enough.—Suo, #-

μεγα-σθενήε, έε, (μέγαε, σθένοε) very mighty.
μεγ-ανχήε, έε, (μέγαε, αλχέω) vaunting, braggert.

γεστος, η, ον, greatest, largest.

μέγεθος Ion. μέγαθος, εσε, τό, (μέγας) greatness, beight: magnitude, bulk, size; μεγάθει σμικρός small in size; μεγάθει μέγας large in sizet—the acc. μεγάθος is used absol. as Adv., in size, or like μεγάλας, greatly, λάμποντες μέγαθος shining greatly: so too in pl., ποταμοί οδ κατά τον Νείλον έσντες μεγάθες rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size.

perfipas, sor. I part. of perculpas.

μεγ-ήρθητος, ον, (μέγιστοε) έρατδε) φαιείης lovely.
μεγιστάνες, οί, (μέγιστοε) the nobles, chief men.
μεγιστό-πολιφ, ι, gen. soe Att. ecc, (μέγιστοε, πόλιε) making cities greatest or most blest.

μέγιστος, η, ον, βυρ. οι μέγας.

μεγιστό-τίμος, ον, (μέγιστός, τιμή) greatest en bonour.

peblor, or roe, δ, = μίδον, one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods; "Ιδηθον μεδέον guardian of ids. 2. fem. μεδέονσα, = μέδονσα, always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding over. Properly the part. of an old Verb, μέδέω, to rule.

μεδήσομαι, fut. of μέδομαι.

ME AIMNOΣ, δ, Ion. also ή, the medimums or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 tereis, 48 χοίνετες, and 192 κοτόλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12 gallons.

ME AOMAI, fut. pedisoput: Dep.: to give beed to, attend to, think on; c. gen., rolépoo pédesdu, to be thinking of, preparing for battle.

II. to plan, sontrive or devise.

peloura, fem. of pelour, like peloura, a ruler:

hence as name of the Gorgon, Medusa.

peless, orroe, b, one who rules over: a guardian, lord. Properly part. of an old Verb peles, to rule.

peles, ev, 76, - peles, the genitals.

preferes, Ion. Adv. of picer.

profess, or, Ion. for mellar, Comp. of miras.

pad-cuple, not. 2 pedeixor Ion. pedixeonor:—to

p.eθ-άλλομα: Ep. syncop. aor. s part. pass. μετάλp.esroe:—to leap or rusb upon. II. to rusb after, opertake.

εισθ αμέριος, Dor. for μεθ-ημέριος.

past-applife, f. σω: 20π. I μεθήρμοσα:—to dispose lifer sully, to correct, reform:—Med., with pf. pass. acotheprospan, to alter one's way of life; μεθάρμοσα acor. I imperat.) νέουν τρόπουν αdορε new habits. gradients. Ep. for μεθήμα, 20π. I of μεθίημι.

μεθαίην, 201. 2 opt. οξ μεθίημι. μεθαίλον, 201. 2 οξ μεθαιρέω.

p. Detvau, μεθείε, 20r. 2 inf. and part. of μεθίημι. p. Color μεθία, μεθώ, 20r. 2 subj. of μεθίημι. μεθωκτέον, verb. Adj. of μετέχω, one must ebare in. μεθέλεσκε, 100. for μεθείλε, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of μεθαιρέω. μεθέμω, Ep. for μεθείλαι, 20r. 2 inf. of μεθίημι. μεθέμω, Dor. for εμθεν = έμοθ, gen. of έγω, 2006ξομαι, fut. of μετέχω.

μεθ-έπω, impf. μεθείνον Ερ. μέθενον: fat. μεθέψω:
poöt. 20 πε το πον inf. μετασνών, part. μετασνών;
acr. 2 med. μετεσπόμην:—to follow after, follow
elosely, bard upon, ebase, Lat. insequi.
2. to seek
or search after.
3. to visit.
4. metaph. to
manage, dispose; έχθος νέντω μεθέπων disposing a
burden on his back.
II. trans., Τυθείδην μέθεναν
έπουν be turned the horses in pursuit of Tydides.
μεθ-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to translate.

prototypes, it out to be the prototype.

μέθη, ή, (μέθυ) strong drink. Π. drunkenness, μεθήκα, nor. I of μεθίημι.

ped han, to have some in quest of.

ule-num, properly pf. of use-comm, to be seated among.

μεθ-ημερίνος, ή, όν, (μετά, ήμέρα) bappening by day, in open day-light, Lat. distribut.

μεθ-ημέριος, ον, - μεθημερινός.

μεθημοσύνη, ή, remiseness, carelessness. From μεθ ημων, or, gen. oros, (μεθημι) remiss, careless. μεθήρμοσμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of μεθαρμόζω.

μεθησέμεναι, μεθησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of μεθίημι. **μεθίεν**, Ep. for μεθίεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of μεθίημι. [Υ] ped-lique, inf. pediéras part. pediele: fut. pedios: aor. 1 μεθήκα Ερ. μεθέηκα: 20r. 2 inf, μεθείναι part. μεθείε:--Mod. μεθίεμαι: f. μεθήσομαι: 3 sing. 201. 2 μεθείτο, inf. μεθέσθαι.—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing. pres. pedicit, pedici (as if from pedico), Ep. inf. pedιέμεν, μεθιέμεναι: 2 and 3 sing. impf. μεθίειο, μεθίει (as if from petitio), 3 pl. petiter (for petiterar): nor. I μεθήκα and μεθέηκα: 20r. 2 subj. μεθείω for μεθώ, inf.  $\mu \epsilon \theta \epsilon \mu \epsilon r$  for  $\mu \epsilon \theta \epsilon \ell r \alpha \iota$  :— Herodotus has 3 sing. pres. peries (not perses), and also 3 sing. impf. pass. perleto or eperleto (for pebleto); fut. pass. pethσομαι; pf. pass. part. μεμετιμένου (for μεθειμέ-L trans. to set loose, let go, 701), pers. to let loose, release: to set or leave at li-2. c. acc. rei, to let go, let fall, throw; μεθίεναι χόλον to let go, give up one's wrath; μεθiérai danpua to let tears flow, i.e. shed them; medιέναι γλώσσαν Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian words. 3. to release or relieve from. 4. to give up, resign: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to give up to g. to neglect, regard lightly, ot for another. to forgive, excuse one a fault. II. Med. μεθίεσθαι, to loose oneself from, let go bold of, waidde ob μεθήσομα:; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, raida ού μεθήσω. III, intrans. in Act. to relax one's efforts: in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally, to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter. gen. rei, to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to abandon or neglect one. 3. c. part., κλαύσας καλ όδυράμενος μεθέηκε having wept and bewailed be left off. [I in Att.; I in Ep., except metri gratia.]

μεθ-ιστάνω, collat. form of μεθίστημ. μεθ-ίστημ, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut. μετα-στήσω: acr. I act. μετέστησα and med. – εστησάμην:—to place in another way: to substitute, change.

2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in 20.1 med. to remove from oneself.

II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθιστάμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; 20.1 μεταστάθην [Δ]; and in intr. tenses of Act., 201. 2 μεταστην, pf. μεθιστικα, plapf. μεθιστήκειν:—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατώ μεθίστηκε fortune bath changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδεία, ή, craft, artifice. From μεθοδεύω, f. σω, (μέθοδοε) to work by method: hence

to deal craftily with.

ull-obox, 1, (uerá, bbbs) a following after: a scientific inquiry on treatise: method, system.

μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to associate with, min with, μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, όροε) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

'μεθ-ορμέω, f. ήσω, (μετά, δρμέω) to urge in pursuit:—Pass., 201. I μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθορμήθείε following close.

wel-opulis, f. low Att. w, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with view omitted: metaph, to remove from one place to another:—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ME'OY, vos, vo, wine, Lat. merum.

pel-vopiás, ádos, ή, (perá, boup) of or from the

water, epith. of Nymphs.

Mc6-65prov, 76, (µcrá, 58ap) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interamnia.

μοθύ-πίδαξ, činos, δ, ή, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gusbing with wine.

μοθύ-πληξ, τίγοε, δ, ή, (μέθυ, πλήσσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδίομαι, Med. (μετά, ἐποδίομαι) to change

stors, put on another person's shors. μίθυσις, ή, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσκω, f. ύσω (ΰ), 201. I εμέθϋσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate:—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in 201. I εμεθύσθην, to be drunk.

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσος, κότταβος) drunk with playing of the κότταβος.

μίθυσος, η, ον, also os, αν, (μέθυ) drunken.

μεθ-ύστερος, α, ον, later, living after; οl μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later. μεθυ-σφάλής, έε, (μέθυ, σφαλήναι) reeling-drunk. μεθυστής, εψ, δ, (μεθύω) a drunkard.

μαθύω, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μαθύσεω: (μίθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking. II. metaph. to be drenabed, steeped in any liquid.

2. to be intonicated with passion: to be stuppfed with blows.

uedduer, I pl. act. 2 sub. of pedigm.

pa.-dywylio, f. ou, (pedig, dywylol 30 bring 100 litile; pengywyelr rhy rpayydlar 10. maigh ingedy by
seruples, weigh serupulously; 200 panck

MEIAA'A, f. how: nor. I lestinou Ep. petinou:
—to smile: for Lapidrior petinou, see Lapidrios
Hence

μείδημα and μειδίδμα, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling. μειδιάω, f. dow [d], collat, form of μειδίω, so smile: Ep. part. μειδιόου.

patover, Adv. of pelfer, in a greater degree.
patorapos, later form for pelfer.

μείζων, or, irreg. Comp. of μέγαε, greater. μείλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλαε.

pelina, lov, rd, (pelinote) anything that pacifies ex pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μαίλιγμα, αται, τό, (μειλίσσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλίγματα θυμοῦ seraps to appeaus hunger. 2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferias. 9. a fondling, darling, Lat. delicias. 4. a soothing song.

μαλικτήριος, ον. (μειλίσσω) able to sootbe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. lepá), τά, atonements.

μείλινος, η, ον, poët. for μέλινος, asben.
μελίσσω, f. εω: (μέλι):—to make mild, to soothe,
please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass.
to be soothed, grove calm:—Med. to use soothing
words: μηδέ τί μ' αιδόμενος μειλίσσεο μηδ' δλοπίρων
entenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μπλίχία Ion. -ίη, ή, (μείλιχου) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle.
μπλίχισε, α, ον, also ου, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle,
sootbing: in neut. pl., προσαυδάν μειλιχίοισι (sub.
ένέεσσι) to address with sootbing words: cf. παρτόμα.

II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μαλίχό-γηρυς, ν, (μείλιχος, γήρυς) soft-voiced.
μαλίχό-δωρος, ον, (μείλιχος, δώρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μείλίχος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, hind. μείναι, 20r. I inf. of μένω.

μείναν, μείνα, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένα. μείον, στος, τό, neut. of μείων, less, too small. II. μείον, τό. name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μείον, too light? see μειαγογέω.

μαιον-εκτίω, f. ήσω, (μεῖον, ξχω) to bave too little, κ be poor: c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence μαιονεξία, ή, disadvantage.

pubvore, Adv. of pelar, in a less degree; pubbres

penbes, f. brow, (pelow) to make smaller, lossess, diminish.

2. to lessen in bonour, degrade.

2. to lessen in bonour degrade.

3. to extenuate.

II. Pass. to become smaller, to de-

crease. 2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. a fall short of.

parpant-efanterys, ov. 8, (perfonor, if-anaria) s boy-cheater, [ii]

papameropas, Dep. (perpat) to be a boy: to be idle | or mischievous, Lat. adolescenturire. μαράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling. μαράκιδομαι, Dep. (μειραξ) to be a boy or lad. parationes, t. Dim. of perpat, a little girl. perpartores, o, Dim. of perpat, a lad, stripling. μειρακύλλιον, τό, Dim. of μείρας, a mere lad. METPAE, &, and \$, a boy or girl, lad or lass. MEIPOMAI: pf. έμμορα pass. είμαρμαι: Dep.

in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., huis peipeo tiphe take half the honour as thy II. in pf. έμμορα, to bave or obtain one's sbare of a thing; c. gen., ξμμορε τιμήε be bath gotten bis share of honour. III. the pf. pass. is used as impers. expaprae, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plaps, eimapro it was so decreed:-also in part. eim pμένοε, η, or, allotted, decreed; ή είμαρμένη (sub. μοίρα), that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπρωμένη from résperce.

usis, & Ion. and Acol. for uhv, a month.

μείωμα, ατοε, τό, (μειόω) a diminution: a fine. meler, neut. meior gen. meloros, used as Comp. of

suspos and extros.

meday-yenos, or, meday-yeros, or, and meday-yens, er, gen. ω, (μέλαε, γαῖα – γῆ) with black soil, loamy. μελάγ-κερως, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-borned. μελαγ-κόρυφος, δ, (μέλαι, κορυφή) with a black bead: as Subst., μελαγκύρυφος, δ, a bird, the blackcap. μελόγ-κροκος, ον, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, ου, δ, (μέλας, χαίτη) black-baired. mahayxama, er, τά, dark spots in snow. From μελάγχιμος, or, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination -ximos, as δυσ-ximos from δυσ-). μελαγ-χίτων, erros, ό, ή, (μέλαs, χίτων) with black raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλαινος, ον, (μέλας, χλαϊνα) black-cloaked: οί Μελάγχλαινοι a Scythian nation.

mehayyolde, (melayyoloe) to be jaundiced or melancboly.

justay-xolos, or, (uthas, xolf) with black bile, IL dipped in black bile. μελαγ-χροιής, ές, (μέλας, χροιά) - μελάγχροος.

εκελάγ-χροος, αν, contr. -χρους, ουν, (μέλας, χροά) black-ekinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swarthy: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχροει.

**, μελαγ-χρώε, ώ**τοε, δ, ή, (μέλαε, χρώε) – μελαγ-|

XPOOS.

μελαθρον, τό, (μέλαι) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the teiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice. II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat. tecta, a bouse.

μελαθρόφιν, pošt. gen. of μέλαθρον.

gachalve, f. ard: -Pass., aor. I έμελάνθην: pf. με- in use. eséλασμα: (μέλαε):—to blacken, make black:—Pres. (D) grose black or dark, turn black.

ετελαμ-βάθης, έε, (μέλαε, βάθοε) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βάφής, ές, (μέλας, βαφήναι) dark-dyed. μελάμ-βωλος, ον, (μέλας, βώλος) with black soil. μελαμ-πάγήε, έε, Dor. for μελαμπηγήε, (μέλαε. πήγνυμι) black-clotted: generally, black, discoloured. μελάμ-πεπλος, ον, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed. μελαμ-πέταλος, ον, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved. μελάμ-πτερος, ον, (μέλας, πτερύν) black-winged. μελαμ-φάήε, έε, (μέλαε, φάσε) with darkness for

μελάμ-φυλλος, ον, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved:

with dark foliage, dark-wooded. μέλαν, ανοε, τό, (neut. of μέλαε) black dye, ink.

μελάν-αιγίε, ίδοε, ό, ἡ, (μέλαε, αlγίε) with dark aegis. μελάν-αυγής, έε, (μέλας, αδγή) dark-gleaming. μελάν-δετος, ον, (μέλαε, δέω) bound or mounted with black: σάκοε μελάνδετον an iron-rimmed shield. μελαν-δόκος, ον, (μέλαν, δέχομαι) bolding ink:

κίστη μελανδύκου an ink-stand.

μελάν-δρυον, τό, (μέλαε, δρθε) beart of oak. μελάν-είμων, ον, (μέλαε, είμα) with black raiment. medaves or medaves, a 3 sing, without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from peláve = μελαίνω), ο. to grow dark (from μελανέω).

μελ-ανθής, ές, (μέλας, άνθος) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελάνία, ή, (μέλαε) a black cloud.

μελάνο-ζυξ, ύγοε, δ, ή, (μέλαε, ζεύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελάνο-κάρδιος, ον, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearted. μελάν-όμμε τος, ον, (μέλας, όμμα) black-eyed. μελάνο-νεκύο-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέλας, νέπυς, elµa) clad in black sbroud.

μελάνό-πτερος, ον, and μελάνο-πτέρυξ, τγοε, ό, ή, (μέλαε, πτερόν, πτέρυξ) black-winged.

μελάν-οσσος, ον, (μέλας, δσο:) black-eyed. μελάν-οστος, for μελανόστεος, αν, (μέλας, δστέον)

black-boned. μελάν-ουρος, ον, fem. μελάν-ουρίς, ίδος, (μέλας,

oùpá) black-tailed.

μελάνό-χροος, ον, - μελάγχροος. μελάνο-χρωε, οοε, δ, ή, 🗕 μελάγχρωε.

μελαν-τειχής, έε, (μελαε, τείχοε) with black walls.

μελάντερος, α, ον, Comp. of μέλας. μελαν-τράγης, ές, (μέλας, τραγείν) black when eaten.

μελάν-υδρός, οτ, (μέλας, ύδωρ) with black water. [d] ΜΕΆΑ Σ, Λeol. μέλαις, μέλαιτα, μέλατ: gen. μέλανοε, μελαίνηε, μέλανοε; etc.: cf. τάλαε:--black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky. II. Comp. μελάν τεροε, α, ον.

ME'AΔΩ, only used in pres. to melt, make liqued:

-Pass. μέλδομαι, to melt, grow liquid. μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, & μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: Ep. vocat., of which no other part semains

uehebalva, (ueha) to care for, be cumbered or ann-II. to tend, attend upon, c. ious about, c. gen.

acc. Hence

```
pedisonua, aros, tó, cars, anmety, concern.
the thing eared for. Hence
 prahabiprav, or, gen. oros, caring for, anxious
```

about. II. busy. μελεδών, ῶνοι, ή, - μελεδώνη.

μελεθωνεύε, ό, poët. for μελεδανόε.

μελεδώνη, ή, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) care, sorrow. palebuvos, o, and o, (neledalra) one who takes care of, a guardian, steward: a keeper on tender.

μέλα, impers., see μέλω

μελείστι, Adv. (μελείζω) limb from limb.

meden-mother (s. (uldeos, modeir) suffering misery. peleo-wover, or, (µéleos, wovee) labouring in misery. μέλους, α, ον, also or, ον, (μέλω) fruitless, vain, emply: neut. µileor as Adv. in vain. bappy, wretched.

μελεό-φρων, ονοε, δ, η, (μέλεσε, φρήν) wretched in mind.

maker - wrepos, or, (pexos, wrepor) singing with its franingus. wings.

μέλεται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.

μελετάω, f. ήσω:—to care for, c. gen. II. c. acc. to study, prosecute diligently, Lat. excolere: to court: to practice, exercise: pexerar godian to practise wisdom; also c. dat. rei, μελεταν τύξω to practise with the bow: absol. to practise, exercise oneself; de τω μή μελετώντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of practice: absol. to take beed, take thought. acc. pers. to exercise or train one. From

μελέτη, ή, (μέλομαι) care, attention 2. practice, II. care, anxiety.

μελέτημα, ατοε, τό, (μελετάω) a practice, study. μελετηρός, ά, όν, (μελετάω) practising diligently. μελετητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, one must practise.

μελέτωρ, opos, δ, (μέλω) one who cares for, a guardian, avenger.

μεληδών, όνοε, ή, - μελεδών, μελεδώνη.

μέλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλω) an object of care: a beloved object II, a charge, duty: care, anxiety. μελησέμεν, Εp. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω. μελησίμ-βροτος, ev, (μέλησιε, βροτόε) cared for by men.

Maxima [1], ov, o, proverbial name at ...nens for a blockbead, as if patronym. from Meanros.

ME'AI', l'ros, ro, Lat. MEL, boney.

media ion. -in, h, the ash, Lat. frazinus: from its toughness it was used for spears II. a spear μελί-βόσε, δ, (μέλι, βοή) with boney-tone. μελί-βρομος, ον. (μέλι, βρέμω) boney-toned. μελί-γδουπος, ον. (μέλι, δουπέω) sweet-sounding. μελί-γηρυς Dor. -γαρυς, νος, δ, ή, (μέλι. νήρυς)

boney-voiced, musical. μελί-γλωσσος, ον, (μέλι, γλώσσα) boney-tongued. μέλιγμα, aros, τό, (μελίζω) song: a pipe. μελίζω Dot. μελίσδω, (μέλοι) to modulate, warble, play: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. uellopar.

trans. to sing of, celebrate in song.

μελι-ηδήε, έε, (μέλι, ήδύε) δοπογ-smeet: metaph, sweet to the soul, pleasing, μελί-θρεπτος, ον, (μέλι, τρέφω) boney-fad. μελί-θροσε, or, contr. -θρουε, συν, (μέλε, θροέω) sweet-sounding. μελί-κηρον, τό, (μέλι, κηρός) α δοπενεομό. meri-kommos, or, (mer, kommen) sweet-sounding. μελί-κράτος Ion. -κρητος, ον, (μέλι, κεράννυμ) mixed with boney: μελί-κρητον Att. -κράτον, τό, α drink of boney and milk offered as a libation.

μελικτής, οῦ, Dor. μελικτάς, α, δ, (μελίζω) α singer, player, esp. a flute-player. μελί-λωτον, τό, είνο μελί-λωτος, ε, (μέλε, λωτός) melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained.

MEAINH, & millet, Lat panteum: in pl. milletfields. [Y] medicos Ep. medicos, q, or, (media) assen. Lat.

Meλίνο-φάγοι, ol, (μελίνη, φάγεδι) the Millet-eaters. name of a Thracian tribe.

pedi-wars, raidor, & and \$, (pedi, rais) with boner children, epith. of the bee-hive. meni-mode, or, contr. -mode, our, (mile, mries)

boney-breatbing, sweet-breatbing. μελίρ-poos, or, (μέλι, ρέω) flowing unto boney.

 $\mu$ e $\lambda$ lp-p $\bar{v}$ Tos, or,  $-\mu$ e $\lambda$ lppoos. μελίσδω, Dor. for μελίζω: μελίσδεν, Dor. inf. μέλισμα, ατος, τό, (μελίζω) a song, chant: a tune. μέλισσα Att. μέλιττα, ης, ή, (μέλι) a bee. Il. boney itself. a priestess of Delphi. μελίσσειος, not μελίσσιος, a, ov, (μέλισσα) of, be-

longing to been; mexicoentor unplor a boneycomb μελισσό-βοτος, ον. (μέλισσα, βόσκω) fed on by bees. μελισσο-νόμος, ον, (μέλισσα, νέμω) keeping bees. 1L (μέλισσα 1. 2) a priestess.

μελισσο-πόνος, ον, (μέλισσα, πονέω) tending bees. μελισσο-σόος, ον. (μέλισσα, σύος) guardian of bees. μελισσό-τοκος, ον, (μέλισσα, τεκείν) produced by bees, bonied.

μελισσο-τρόφος, ον, (μελισσα, τρέφω) feeding bees. μελισσών Att. μελιττών, ώνος, δ, (μέλισσα) æ δæbouse, apiary.

μελι-στάγής, ές (μελι, σταγήναι) dropping boney. μελί-στακτος, ον, = μελιστάγης. μελίταια, ή, (μέλι) a herb, baulm, Lat. apiaser um. μελί-τερπής, έε, (μέλι, τέρποι) δοπευ-εωσα

Μελιτίδης, false form for Μελητίδης. μελίτόσιε, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) bonied, exceet. п made of boney: 21 Subst., μελιτόεσσα Att. μελετούττο (sub. μαζα), ή, a boney-cake.

μελίτο-πώλης, ου, δ, (μέλι, πωλέω) a dealer in

boney. μελίτοθττα, ν. μελιτοειε. μελίτόω, f. ωσω, (μέλι) to sweeten with bossey. μέλιττα, ή, Att. for μέλισσα, a bee. μελίττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, a small bee. μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-

calutt-oupyles, -oupyles, ή, Att. for με- μελο-ποιδε, όν, (μέλοι, ποιδε) making lyris poems: λισσ-.

μελίτ-ώδης, εε, (μέλος, είδος) like boney. μελίτωμα, ατος, τό, (μελιτύω) a boney-cake. [?]

μελί-φθογγος, ον, (μέλι, φθογγή) boney-voiced, sweet-toned, bonied.

μελί-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, (μέλι, φρήν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

μελί-φυρτος, ον, (μέλι, φύρω) mixed with boney. μελί-χλωρος, ον, (μέλι, χλωρός) yellow or pale as boney, tawny.

μελί-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (μέλι, χρόα)

boney-coloured, tawny.

μελιχρ-ώδης, es. (μελίχρους, eloos) yellow as boney.  $\mu$ ehl- $\chi$ pos, oros, o,  $\eta$ , ( $\mu$ eht,  $\chi$ pos) =  $\mu$ ehl $\chi$ poos. μέλλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. delays.

μέλλησα, Ερ. for εμέλλησα, 20r. I of μέλλω. μέλλησιε, ή, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending or threatening to do; an intention. fulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλητίον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay. μελλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλό-γάμος, ον, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ή, όν, (μέλλω, δείπνον) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering;

with a pun upon the name of Nicias. μελλό-νυμφος, ον. (μέλλω, νύμφη) about to be

wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of mar-

riageable age.

ΜΕ ΛΛΩ, impf. έμελλον: fut, μελλήσω: aor. I ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm. is doubled, ήμελλον, ημέλλησα:—to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer: hence to intend, design, purpose. to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέεσθαι έμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must: μέλλω του ἀπέχθεσθαι Δι' πατρί it must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability; τὰ δὲ μέλλετ' ἀκουέμεν you are likely to have heard of it; δθι που μέλλουσιν άριστοι βουλάς βουλεύειν where the best are likely to be holding counsel, to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, besitate, scruple. often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted; τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺι πράπτετε, what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλαν is also used so, as δ μέλλων χρόνου the future time; 🚁 μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμιε his future power: esp. in zeut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

**μελλώ**, οῦς, ἡ, poöt. for μέλλησις. sectorpaple, h, song-writing. From πελο-γράφος, ον, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs. anahorrelo, f. ήσω, (μελοποιύε) to make lyric poems. πεκλοποίητής, οῦ, δ, - μελοποιός.

as Subst., μελοποιύε, δ, α lyric poet.

ME'AOΣ, cos, τό, a limb; κατά μέλ ea limb by II. a song, strain; plur. μέλη syrie poetry, choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τύπέω, f. ήσω, (μέλοε, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

μέλπηθρον, τό, (μέλπω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέλπηθρα κυνών a sport for dogs.

Maλπομένη, ή, Melpomené, the Songstress, the Muse of Tragedy. From

μέλπω, f. ψω: 201. Ι έμελψα: (μέλοε):-to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also mexπομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι πιθαρίζων to sing to the harp; μέλπεσθαι to dance in honour of Mars, i. e. to fight bravely. 2. C. acc. to sing. celebrate.

μελύδριον, τό, Dim. of μέλοε, a ditty.

ME'AΩ, fut, μελήσω:—to be an object of care or tbought; πᾶσι μέλω I am a care to all, 2. mostly in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. έμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and fut. inf. μέλειν and μελήσειν:--something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mibi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμου war is a care to me: so in inf., ool you rade pelacer it is right that these things should be a care to thee. 3. µéhet is osten impers.; μέλει μοι τουδε there is a care to me II. pres. and fut. Med. for this, I care for this, μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει, μελήσει; as έμολ δέ κε ταθτα μελήσεται but these 2. pf. act. μέμηλε with things shall be my care. pres. sense, for Att. μεμέληκε, and the plaps. μεμήλει, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλύτα έργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plapf. pass. μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, έμεμέλητο, also occur in pres. and impf. sense; η νύ τοι οὐκέτι μέμβλετ' 'Αχιλλεύε surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μέμβλετο οἱ τεῖχου the wall was a care to him. III, the Act. μέλω, Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτών to take care of mortals; so in pf. part., πτολέμοιο μεμηλών busied with war: also in aor. I pass. μεληθήναι, to care for, take care of.

μελφδέω, f. ήσω, (μελφδόε) to sing. Hence μελφδία, ή, a singing. μελ-φδόε, όν, (μίλοε, φόή) singing, musical.

μέμαα, pf. of \*μάω: 3 pl. μεμάδσι. μεμάθηκα [μά], pf. of μανθάνω.

μεμάκυια, Ep. pf. part. fem. of μηκάομαι.

μέμαμεν. Ep. for μεμάσμεν, 1 pl. pf. of \*μάω. μεμώνημαι [μά], pf. of μαίνομαι, formed as if from \* μαν έο μαι.

μεμαότες, pf. part. pl. of \*μάω. μεμάποιεν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. 201. 2 opt. of μάρετα. μεμαρπώς, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μέματε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of \*μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω

μεμάώς, μεμάνια, pf. part. of \*μάω: μεμαώτες, μεmadras, lengthd. for pepadres, pepadras, nom. and

μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, Ερ. for μεμέληται, έμεμέλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plopf. pass. of μέλω.

μέμβλωκα, pf. of. βλώσκω.

μεμβράνα, ή, Lat. membrāna, a parchment, skin. MEMBPA Z, 680e, h, a small kind of anchory. [d] mentily in pl. of meda.

membernes, pf. of meres.

memerunévos, Ion. for medeumbros, pf. pass. part. of medin m.

μεμηκώς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μέμηλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμήλει, plopf. with impf. sense.

printer of maironar.

μεμηχάνημένως, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by strutagem.

μεμίασμαι, pf. pass. of malre.

μέμιγμαι, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίχθαι. μεμναμένος, Dor. pf. part. of μιμνήσκω. μέμνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μιμνήσκω. μεμνέφτο, Ion. for μέμνψτο, 3 pl. pf. opt. pass. of μιμνήσκω.

μέμνημαι, pf. pass. of μιμνήσκω, inf. μεμνήσθαι. μεμνήμην, μεμνώμην, pf. opt. pass. of μιμνήσκω. μεμνηστευμένος, pf. part. pass. of μνηστεύω. μεμνώμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μερινήσκομαι.

Minwey, ovos, i, juire) Memnon, properly the Resolute. μερόλυγκα, -υσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω. μέμονα, poët. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without

any pres. in use: (\*µáw):-to wish, long, yearn, strive; dixed de moi spadin mémore my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμόρηται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μείρομαι. μεμορυγμένος, pf. part. pass, of μορύσσω. μεμούνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μονόω.

μεμπτός, ή, όν, (μέμφομαι) to be blamed, blameworthy, contemptible. II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

μέμθεια, pf. of μυκάομαι: also of μύω. ΜΕΜΦΟΜΑΙ, fut. μέμφομαι: aor. I med. έμεμψάμην, pass. εμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers., δ μάλιστα μέρφονται ημών which is the chief complaint they make against us. II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it: c. dat. pers. to find fault with.

μαμή horpos, or, (μέμφομαι, μοίρα) complaining of one's fate, repining, discontented.

μάνψιε, cos, ή, (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, reproof. 2. a complaint.

ME'N, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by & in the corresponding clause. Generally, per and de

may be expressed by on the one hand ... on the other: as well .. as, while; ply, like be, can never stand first in a clause:  $\mu i \nu$  is not always answered by  $\delta i$ , but by other Particles, as by άλλά, άτάρ, ξπειτα, αξτε. aides; also by μέντοι, είτα. Μέν is often found without be expressed, as, we may her herover as they say, (but as I do not believe). Mer was orig. the same as phy, and if per is retained in Ion. for if phy is a form of protestation. II. µév before other Particles: μὲν ἀρα, Ερ. μέν 'ρα, accordingly, and 2. Her ye or Her .. ye, yet at least, certainly, 3. µèr bý bowever. L Hèr oùr ot Lat. certe. uevoûr, Lat. imo vero, ay indeed: rather, nay rather: so too, μέν ούν γε οι μενούνγε, yea rather. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate. to recall what has gone before, now. an objection, or exception, yet, bowever, still, nevertheless.

μεναίχμης, ου, δ. (μένω, αίχμή) sustaining the fight.

resolute, unflinching.

presented, only used in present and impf., (peros) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., pereαίνειν μάχης to long for battle. II. to be angry, rage, be furious:-to be convulsed in death.

μεν-έγχης, εε, (μένω, έγχος) steadfast in fight. μενε-δήτος, ον, (μένω, δήτοι) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

μενεήναμεν, Ερ. Ι pl. 20τ. Ι οί μενεαίνω.

Meré-haos, Att. Meréhews Dor. Meréhas, o, pr n. (μένω, λαύε) Menelaus, i. c. withstanding men. μενε-πτόλεμος, ον, (μένω, πόλεμος) staunch in

battle, steadfast, resolute.

Mereovers, toe, Iop, fice, o, (péra) Menestheus, i. . the Abider.

mever for, verb. Adj. of pive, one must abide.

μενετός, ή, ων, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, longsuffering; ol naupol où pererei opportunities will not wait.

μενε-φύλοπιε, ιοε, ό, ή, (μένω, φύλοπιε) = μενεπτώλεμου. [δ]

here-Xophus, on, o' and here-Xophos, or, (merχάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

μενο-εικής, έε, (μένος, εἰκός from \*εἴκω) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable. pleasant, suiting one's taste.

μενοινάω, f. ήσω: Ep. impf. μενοίνεον: Ep. pres. μενοινώω, 3 sing. μενοινάα: Ep. sor. I μενοίστροα. 3 sing. opt. µeroirhoeie: (µeroirh):—to desire cagaris long for, to strive for, 2. to purpose intend.

μενοινή, ή, eager desire. μενοινώω, Εp. for μενοινάω,

ME'NOZ, cos, to, force, strength of body, prom-2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength; μέλαν μένοι a flow of black II. spirit, ardour : µivet, dat. wieb fury. 2. wish, bent, purpose. violently. 3. Reperally. temper, disposition. III. néros is also used in

periphr. like \$17, to; as leady prives 'Admirooco the | sacred Alcinous himself.

perouv, pértol, etc., v. sub pér II. 4, 5.

MENΩ: Ion. impf. μένεσκον; fut. μενώ, Lp. uncontr. perém: nor. I épeira: pf. pepérnea: - to stay, wait, Lat. MANEO: to abide, wand one's ground. 2. 3. to way bebind, linger. to stay at bome, tarry. 4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, stand. bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opin-II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly: - to await for; ukyov b' tal torrepor Expert they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

maplζω, f. low Att. ιω: Dor. μαρίσθω, f. fw: (μαρία): II. to divide, distribute: -to divide into parts.

-Med, to divide among themselves.

μέριμνα, ή, (μερίε, μερίζω) care, thought: anxious sare or thought, trouble, disquistude. II. the thought, mind. Hence

preprieta, f. how, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; would percurar to be cumbered

with many cares. Hence

μερίμνημα, ατοε, τό, anxious thought, care: and μεριμνητής, οῦ, ὁ, οπε wbo is careful about things. μεριμνο-τόκος, ον, (μέριμνα, τεκείν) giving birth

prepries portionie, of, o, (pipipia, oportis) as over-eareful thinker.

μερίς, ίδοε, ή, (μέροε) a part, portion, sbare. II. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. partes.

μερισμός, δ, (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

proproute, oil, b. (peplie) a divider or distributer. μερίτης, ου, δ, (μερίε) a partaker. [1]

μέρμεροs, or, (μέριμνα) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέρμερα, mischiefs, proubles. Hence

μέρμηρά, ή, poët, for μέριμνα, eare, trouble. Hence μερμηρίζω, f. ifa: Ep. sor. I μερμήριξα: - to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to besitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

MEPMIZ, 100e, \$, a cord, string, rope, line.

μεροπήζος, ον, (μέροψ) buman.

ME POΣ, coe, τύ, a part, share: a portion, beri-2. a sbare in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; en mépet in turn; so, and mépos CE RATA pépos in turn, successively; RATA TO EMOV MÉpoe as far as concerns me, Lat. pro rata; but τοθμὸν OF TO TOV pipos as to me, Lat, quod ad me at-3. Er péper rirde ribérai, to put in the class of ... consider as so and so, like er hoyer notesabat. Lat. in numero babere.

gr 4ρ-οψ, οπος, δ, (μείρομαι, by) dividing the voice, 1. c. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

sade, Dor. for ule.

μέσα-βον, τό, (μεσοε, βούε) a leathern strap. by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. subjugium.

μοσ-άγκτλον, τό, (μέσος, άγκύλη) α ξαυείπ ωίτ α thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολιός) poët. for μεσοπόλιοε, balf-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

peralraros, n, or, Ion. Sup. of peroe, the midst, middlemost: - Comp. perairepos, v. or, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακτος, ον. (μέσος, ἀκτή) midway between two sbores, in mid-sea.

μοσ-αμβρίη, ή, Ion. for μεσημβρία.

μεσ-αμβρινός, μεσ-αμέριος, Dor. for μεσημμεσάτιος, ον, μέσάτος, η, ον, poët. for μέσος: so

also Ep. μέσσατος and μεσσάτιος. μέσ-αυλος Ep. μέσσαυλος Att. μέταυλος, ον, inside the about or hall:—as Subst., mégroaulos, é, or ulocaulov, tó, the inner court. II, in Att. μέτανλοε (sc. θύρα), ή, the door between the court-yard and

inner part of the bouse, the inner door. utobar, or, Dor, for utow, utlaw.

μεσηγύ, and before a vowel -ύε, Ερ. μεσσηγύ, is. Adv. of Space: (µέσοε):—in the middle 2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwint. of Time, meanwbile, meantime. III. as Subst., μεσηγύ, τό, the part between, interval: τό μεσηγό притов midday, поот.

μεσήκιε, εσσα, έν, (μέσοε) middle, middling.

μοσ-ημβρία Ion. μοσ-αμβρίη, ή, (for μεσημερία, from peros, huepa) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ίσταται 'tis high II. the country towards the meridian, moon. the South. Hence

μεσ-ημβοτάζω and -dee, to fass the noon, Lat. me-

ridiari.

μεσημβρινοε, ή, όν, commoner form for μεσημεριόε, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noontide; θάλπη μεσημβρινή noonday heat. II. southern.

μεσημέριος, ον, - μεσημβριτος.

μεσ-ήρης poët. μεσσήρης, εε, (μεσος, άρδρεθ) κα in the middle, midmost: Zelocos Etc perhons Sirius is still in mid-beaven.

pertreve, f. ow, to be or act as a mediator. From

μεσίτης, ου, δ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor. Π meditus, idos, fem. of meditus.

μεσό-γαιος or -γειος, or, also α, or, also μεσό-γεως, ων, (μέσοε, γη, γαΐα) inland, in the heart of a country:

as Subst., ή μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior. μεσό-δμη, ή, (μέσος, δέμω, as if for μεσοδόμη) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κοίλη μεσύδμη the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for

the mast. μέσοι, poët. μέσσοι, Adv. (μεσοι) in the middle. μεσο-λάβής, ές, (μέσως, λαβείν) beld by the middle Virm-grasped.

μασό-λευκος, αν, (μένος, λευκος) middling white, half white.

μεσ-διμάτλος, σν. (μέσος, δμφαλύς) in mid-navel, central, midmost, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the

μέσον, τό, see μέσος Π.

mero-vierros, or, (péros, rif) of or at midnight: peut, μεσονύκτιον as Adv., at midnight.

μεσο-πάγης Ερ. μεσσοπ-, έι, (μέσοι, παγήραι) driven to the middle.

μοσο-πάλής, έε, Ερ. μοσσοπ-, (πέσος, παλήναι) swung or poised by the middle.

quero-mopos, or, (µέσος, πορεύομαι) in the midway, traversing the centre.

μεσο-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (μέσος, ποταμός) between rivers: as Subst., ή Μεσοποταμία (sub. χώρα), Μέσοpotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

400-πύλη, ή, – μέση πύλη, the middle gate. [δ] ME ZOE Ep. missos, n, or: L. middle, in the middle, Lat. medius; plow fipap mid-day: in Att. also c. gen. between, midway between :- proverb. from the wrestling ring, exercu pleas he is caught by the middl IL middle or mean between two extremes, middling, moderate, of middle rank. III. as Subst., place, to, the middle, the space between: also, common ground; ès mégor tibérou tiré ti to set a prize before all, in public, Lat. in medio ponere; 20, ès μέσον άμφυτέρους δικάζειν to judge fairly or impartially for both; έκ του μέσου καθέζεσθαι to remain neutral; bid please, between; and of Time, meanwhile, in the meantime. IV, neut, uégor. as Adv. in the middle, like ulowe, moderately, poët. Comp. μεσαίτερος, Sup. μεσαίτατος.

μισο-σχίδής, έε, (μέσοε, σχίζω) split in two. μεσότης, ητός, ή, (μέσος) à middle, a mean between two extremes, Lat. mediocritas.

μεσό-τοιχον, τό, (μέσος, τοίχος, a partition-wall. perorouse, to cut through the middle, bisect. From μεσό-τομος, ον, (μέσος, τεμείν) sut through the middle, out in twain.

μεσ-ουράνημα, ατοε, τό, (μέσοε, οὐρανόε) the meridian ot zenitb. the mid-beaven.

μεσόω, f. ωσω, (μέσοε) to be in the middle, be balf over, to reach the height, culminate; ημέρα μεσούσα midday, moon; thepos merous midsummer. gen, to be in the middle of, perous the drasarioe to

be in the middle of the ascent. MEZIIT AON, 76, the medlar-tree: a medlar. placetres, n, ov, - placetoi, poet. for place. prior-aulos, o, or prior-aulor, to, poet for priorentμεσσηγύ, μεσσηγύε, poët. for μεσηγ-.

pero ipne, es, post. for peripre.
Meroiae, ov, d, Heb. the Messiah, i.e., the Ancieted. parriober, Ep. for perioder, Adv. (uffree) from the middle.

perro-within, perro-wipes, post, for peromulercros, η, ον, poet. for μέσι

MEXTO'Z, 4, 60, full, filled, filled full :-c. ren. full of, filled with a thing: metaph. sated, disgusted with a thing: c. part., peorde for superperse he had bis fill of anger.

perrow, f. wow, (perroe) to fill full, glut, cram: -Pass. to be filled or full of.

μέσφα, poèt. Adv. for μέχρι, till, until, c. gen.; μέσφ' ήοῦε till morn :---μέσφ' ὅτε unt''

pierus, Adv. of pieros, middlingly, moderately. META', poët. peral, Dor. weed or wide: - when placed after its Subst., it is written pera:-Prep. with gen., dat., ec acc.

WITH CER. in the midst of, among, between. in common with, with the belt or favour of; per Abyvalus with the bely of Athens. III. with, by means of; as μετ' άρετης πρωτεύειν.

WITH DAT, only post, properly of persons, among, in company with: sometimes, besides, over and above; πύματου μετά οδε έταιροῖσιν last over and above his companions. 2. of things, in the mide of, with, as, μετά νηνοί, κύμασι, άστράσι; 20 also, μετά τνοιώς dripoto in company with the winds.

WITH ACCUS, of motion, coming into or among, as μετά φύλα θεών, μετά λαόν: generally, after, in quest or pursuit of, either in hostile or friendly sense: hence with a view to, looking to; πύλεμον μέτα θαρήσσοντο they armed for the battle. II. of Place, after, next after, behind: μετά κτίλον έσπετο μήλα the sheep followed after the bell-wether. 2. of Time, after, next to; μετά ταντα thereafter:—also, μεθ' ήμέpar in the course of the day, Lat. interdin. order of Rank, ment to, next after, after; κάλλιστος drip μέτ' δμύμονα Πηλείωνα the fairest man after the son of Pelens, III. after, according to : mera IV. among, odr mal ludr mip as you and I wish in, between, as with dat.; perd startes apported best of all, among all.

As ADV. among them, with them. II. and then. next afterwards. III. thereafter, afterwards; μετά γάρ και άλγεσι τέρπεται drip one feels pleasure even in troubles afterwards.

Méra is often used for péreore, q. v.

In course, perà implies community et participetion, as in pera-bibopu. II, interval of space or time, between, during, as in per-alx mov. ш. IV. toenocession of time, as in per-aurism ward, in pursuit, following, as in pera-dulum, perοίχομαι. V. letting go, as in ped-inpu. after, behind, as in pera-operor. VII. beckwards, back again, reversely, as in pera-refere, peraστρέφα. VIII, most freq. of change of place, condition, mind, etc. as in pera-flabre, pera-flabre. μετα-γιγνώσ*μ*ω, etc.

μετάβά, for μετάβηθί, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνα. pera-βalva, έ. -βήσομας 201, a periòqu: PE, pera-

sbare.

from one place to another. II. Causal in aor. I μετέβησα, inf. μεταβήσαι, to earry over οι αυαγ. μετα-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: 201. 2 μετέβαλον: pf. μεταβέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:--to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν γήν to turn, i.e. plough, the earth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ύδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν δίαιταν to change one's diet II. intr. to undergo a change, beor way of life. come changed, auter: to change one's purpose. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or pur-3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round. pera-Banto, f. do., to change by dyeing: to stain, dye: metaph, to change one's complexion.

μοταβάς, ασα, άν, sor. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω. μετάβασι, ή, (μεταβαίνω) a passing over, shifting,

changing. II. change, alteration.

μετα-βίθηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω. μετάβηθα, sor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

perableropa, fut. of perababa.

μετα-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ, Causal of mera Balre, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ή, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing: in plur. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as μεταβολή κακών: change to another party, μεταβολή ès τοὺε Ελληναι going over to the 2. μεταβολή της ήμέρης an eclipse.

geera-βουλεύω, or as Dep. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετά-βουλος, οτ, (μετά, βουλή) changing one's mind, changeful, fickle.

peraβφ, γε, γ, sor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

plet-ayyelos, ov, & and \$, a messenger between two

parties, a go-between, Lat. internuncius.

Mera-yervier, eros, o, (pera, yelrer) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Lacomian Kaprelos, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μεταγιγνώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: p., -γνωσομαι: 201. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after of II. to change one's mind: c. acc. to too late. alter, repeal a decree. 2. to repent : c. acc. to reperes of a thing.

' μετά-γνοιά, ή, — μετάνοια, repeniance, remorse. parayvoors, eas, h, (perayvovai) change of mind. peraγράφω, ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify 2. to translate:

Med. to get a letter translated. plet-ayu, f. -afu: 201. 2 perfyayor: -to convey Froms one place to another. II. seemingly intr. o change one's course.

presa-balviju, f. -baloopat Dev. to share the feast: CENCEALLY, to partake of.

grandesoyua, pf. pem. of peradonla.

to the differently : to untie.

pera-dipuos, or, (perá, dipos) in the midst of ot among the people: hence, native, at home. μετα-δίαντάω, f. ήσω, (μετά, δίαιτα) to change one's

way of life. μετα-δίδωμι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a

II. to give after. μετα-δίομαι, Dep., - μεταδιώκω.

perablentos, or, chased, overtaken. From pera-blime, f. -biefopai later -biefe, to give obase

to, pursue closely. II, intr. to follow close after. μετα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: sor. 1 -έδοξα: pf. page. -δέδογμαι:—to change one's opinion: impers, μεταδοκεί, perédofe, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένον μος μή στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to

μετα-δόρπιος, ον, (μετά, δόρπον) during supper, or

after supper.

march.

peradós, aor. 2 imperat. of peradidopu.

μετάδοσιε, ή, (μεταδίδωμι) the giving a share, imparting.

μεταδούναι, acr. 2 inf. of μεταδίδωμι,

μετά-δουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between,

μετα-δρομάδην, Λdv. (μετά, δρομοι) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ή, (μετά, δραμείν) α τυππιπα αγιετ, pursuit, chase.

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (μετα, δραμείν, running after, pursuing, bunting down, taking vengeance of. μέταζε, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to unyoke and put to anotber carriage.

μετάθεσις, ή, (μετατίθημι) transposition. coange II. the power or right of opinions, a going over. of changing.

mera-blue, f. - evoqual, to run after, chase.

meral, poët, for mera.

μετα-ίζω, poët. for μεθίζω, to take one a seat beside. perateus, sor. I part. of peratoon.

μετ-alpo, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταιpew to repeal a statute II. intr. (sub. &avróv) to go away, depart.

per-atoro, f. fa, to rush after, rush uton: to rush u pon, attack.

μετ-αιτέω, f. ησα, to demand one's share of a thing: 2. to beg of, ask alms of, Tiva.

μετ-αίτιος, ον, also os, ον, (μετά, αίτιος) being in

part the cause; peraltice povov an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder. μετ-αίχμιος, ον, Λεοί, πεδ-, (μετά, αίχμή) letpeen

two armies: μεταίχμιον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debateable 2. generally, midway between, in mid air. mera-galifonas, f. -edoûpas, Med. to change one's seat or place.

pera-karvije, i. ou, to model anew.

μετα-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to sall back, recall.

merti-state, only used in impf., to follow after: | μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From per' άλλα, in either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. to go to visit, c. acc. ΙΙΙ. πῶν πεδίον μετεκιαθον they were marching over the whole field.

meta-klves, f. how, to remove: to change, alter:-Med. to go from one place to another. Hence perantivatos, 4, or, transposed, changed: to be

changed or disturbed.

μετα-κλαίω, f. - κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail after-2. to weep fo. soards.

mera-khaw, to break and so change.

mera-ulliva, f. - kliva, to turn in a new direction: -Pass, to take another course, set the other way, mera-couling, f. on, to lull to sleep.

perá-kolvos, or, (perá, kolvós) ibarine in common.

pera-roulle, f. low, to transport, carry over. μετα-κύλινδέω, f. ήσω, to roll αισαν; μετακυλινδείν abrov to roll oneself over.

μετα-κύμιος, ον, (μετά, κθμα) between the waves: aras perantimor between two waves of woe, i.e. bring-

ing a short lull or pause from woe. [9]

μετα-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to get a sbare of. μετα-λαμβάνω, f. -ληψομαι: pf. -είληφα: pass. -είλημμαι:—to bave or get a share of, to partake in: -Med, μεταλαμβάνεσθαί τινου to claim a thing to II. to take instead, take in exoneself, assume. change, as πόλεμον αντ' είρηνης; μεταλαμβάχειν gaλτόν to take a fresh dart. 2. to interchange.

mer-adyles, f. how, to feel remorse, to repent. μετα-λήγω Ep. μεταλλήγω, fut. ξω, to leave off.

cease from.

μετάληψιε, ή, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, com-

munion in a thing.

μεταλλάγη, ή, (μεταλλασσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change; μεταλλάγη τὰς ημίρας απ

μεταλλακτός, ή, όν, verb Adi of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered.

μετάλλαξιε, ή, – μεταλλαγή, α change.

μετ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. fw: aor. 1 μετήλλαfa: to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to ebange to, take 3. to change from, leave, quit. in exchange. intr. to undergo a change, change.

μετ-άλλατος, Dor. for μετάλλητος.

μετ-αλλάω, f. ήσω, (μετ' άλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire curiously: to question: also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον.

μεταλλεύω, f. σω (μεταλλον) to produce by mining: to dig mines. II. - μεταλλάω, to explore.

μεταλ-λήγω, Ερ. for μεταλήγω.

μεταλλήσαι, 20r. I inf. of μεταλλάω.

μετάλλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out.

μεταλλικός, ή, όν, of or for mines. From

μέτ-αλλον, τό, α mine, quarry; άλδε μέταλλον ε salt-pit, salt-mine: mostly in pl., xpio ea nal apyipea | country

quest of other things; cf. μεταλλάω.) μεταλλό-χρύσος, ον, (μέταλλον, χρυσός) contain-

ing gold ore.

μετάλμενος, Ep. sor. 2 part. pass. of μεθάλλομαι.

μετα-μάζιος, ον, (μετά, μαζύς) between the breasts: μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest. μετα-μαίομαι, Dep. to search after, chase. μετα-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι: 201. 2 μετέμαθου:

to learn differently: to unlearn one thing and learn

another, Lat. dediscere.

μετ-διμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, dyator nanoù good for evil; also in Med. 2. to change, re-II. Med. to change one's condition, escape from; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns.

μετα-μέλα, fut. - μελήσα: 201. Ι μετεμέλησε: impers. it repents me, rues me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me facti: also, μεταμέλει μοι ούτων ἀπολογησαμένο I repent of having so defended myself: absol., μεταμέλει μοι it repents me; and in part., perapelor por, Lat. gurm 2. also with a nom., To Aplorers poeniteat me.

μετέμελε το είρημένον what had been said coused sorross to Ariston. Hence perapeleu, 4, change of purpose, regret, repent-

ance : and

μετα-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, acr. I pass. μετεμελήθην: Dep.: (μετά, μίλω):—to feel repentance, to rue, regret: absol. to change one's purpose. μετά-μελος, δ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret.

μετα-μέλπομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among μετα-μελητικός, ή, ών, full of repentance, repentant. μετα-μίγνυμι, f. - μίξω, to mix among, confound with

 $\mu$ eta- $\mu$ loyo, =  $\mu$  $\eta$  $\tau$  $\alpha$  $\mu$ ly $\nu$  $\nu$  $\mu$ .

μετα-μορφόσμαι, Pass. (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed: to be transfigured.

μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform: Med. to change one's own dress.

μετ-διμώνιος, ον, (μετά, άνεμος) borne by the seined: vain, idle, bootless; μεταμώνια βάζειν to talk idly. μετ-αναγιγνώσκα, to persuade one to change bis

purpose:-Pass. to be changed in purpose.

pera-valetam, to dwell with.

uera-valérijs, ov. 8, (perá, rales) a settier in a men place, a wanderer.

μετ-ανάστασιε, ή (μετανίσταμαι) migration. μετα-νάστης, ου, ο, (μετά, rale) one who has changed bis bome, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence

μετανάστιος, ον, like a wanderer, wandering. μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστης.

μετανεγνώσθην, act. I pass, of μεταγεγευστικά μετ-ανίστηκα, -ανίστην, pf. and acr. 2 of menανίστημι.

mera-victoroual, Dep. to go over, pass over to the otber side. Il. trans. to go after, pursue.

mer-aviornum, f. - orthow, to remove another from his II. in Pass, with intr. tenses of Act. DOT. 2 perariotyp, pl. perariotypa, to move off else- \ peraporton, f. wow, to raise aloft, lift up. where, to migrate.

persivoles, f. how, to perceive afterwards or too 2. to change one's mind or opinion. late. to repent. Hence

peravoia, h, after-thought: change of mind on reelection, repentance.

per-arthen, f. how, to draw from one vessel into

another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (μετά) Adv. of Place, betwize, between; To perafy the space between :- of Time, besween-whiles, afterwards. II. as Prep., with gen., between :-- of Time, during.

mera-warbeva, f. ou, to educate differently. mera-mayouai, Pass. to rest between times. Hence

pera-wavowith, t, rest between times.

mera-nello, f. on, to thange by persuasion, win over. mera-maphona, Dep. to try in a different way. meramenatios, a, or, to be sent for : and

merdineumros, or, sent for : verb. Adjectives from pera-neumo, f. to, to send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: the Mcd. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: 201. 2 -επτάμην: Dep. to fly away.

uera-undam, f. hoopai, to leap from one to another. μετα-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: 20r. 2 -έπεσον: pf. πέ-ETEMA:-to fall differently, undergo a change, change 2, of votes, to change sides. suddenly. conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

mera-whoom, f. -whice [a], to mould differently,

remodel.

uera-notio, f. how, to remodel, east anew, alter:-Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen. meta-molvios, or, (meta, mouth) punishing afterwards.

μ**ιτα-πορευομαι, fut.** med. -εύσομαι: 201. Ι pass. μετεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go after or in quest of: to II. to emigrate. fullcio up, punish.

μεταπρεπής, έs, distinguished among. From 1:era-πρέπω, only "sed in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, sor. 2 part. of μεταπέτομαι. μετα-πτοιέω, f. ήσω, (μετά, πτοιέω) intr. 10 cower

OF crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (μετά, πυργύε) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-αρίθμιος, ον, (μετά, άριθμίε) counted among. μεταρ-ρίπτω, ψω, to turn upside down.

μεταρ-ρυθμίζω, f. ίσω, to change the form or fashion cf a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

meraporo-leones, f. how, (peraporos, leones) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταροιολεσχία, ή, a talking on lofty subjects. μετάρσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. πεδάρσιος: (μεraised aloft, bigb in air : metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, amply. II. like partapos, out at sea. Hence

μετα-σεύομαι Ερ. μετασ-σεύομαι: Ερ. 201, 2 μετεσσύμην, 3 sing. μετέσσυτο: Pass.:-- to go along II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush nfon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, 201. 2 part. med. of μεθέπω. μετασπών, 201. 2 part. act. of μεθέπω.

peracoas, al, lambs coming midury between the To yoros and spous, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From μετά, 2s περισσώς from περί.)

μετασ-σεύομαι, Ερ. for μετασεύομαι. μετασταθώ, sor. 1 subj. pass. οf μεθίστημι. μεταστάς, ασα, άν, sor. 2 part. οf μεθίστημι.

μετάστασιε, εωε, ή, (μεθίσταμαι) a removal from one place to another; μετάστασιε ηλίου an eclipse. μετάστασιε βίου defarture from life: absol. deccase. II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

mera-ortelyw, to go bifter or in quest of, pursue. μετα-στέλλομαι, Lep. to send for, summon. meta-orteve, to bewail or lament afterwards: 20 also

in Med. peraorhous, peraorhow, sor. I part, and fut, of

μεθίστημι. μετα-στοιχεί or -ί, Adv. (μετά, στοίχοι) in a line

one after another. μετα-στονάχίζω, to sigh or wail afterwards.

μ τα-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -εύομαι, to shift one's canip.

μεταστραφήσομαι, fut. pass. of μεταστρέφω. μεταστρεφθείε, aor. I pass part. of μεταστρέφω. μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:-Pass... 201. 1 μετεστρέφθην, 201. 2 μετεστράφην [d],

to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in sor. I part. μεταστρεφθείε. round upon, retort. 3. to change, alter. intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for regard. 2. to turn round upon, to visit with venc. gen.

geance. μετασχείν, aor. 2 inf. of μετέχω.

μετάσχεσιε, εωε, ή, (μετέχω) a participation, sbaring in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (μετά, σχήμα) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently :- Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I μετίθηκα:-to place II. to place differently, change, alter: among. Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; μετατίθεσθαι την γνώμην to change to a new opinion.

pera-tiero, f. -tlfopai, to bring forth after. pera-rotum, f. yw, to turn round:-Med. to turn

2. to turn and look after. oneself round, turn back. to care for, regard, take eart of. рета-трехо, f. -Оребора: пок. з ретебрарог (from obsol. Spe us) :-- to run after. μετα-τροπάλίζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat. perarpowie i, (perarpera) a turning round or back: a visiting, vengeance for a thing.  $\mu$ erarpowia,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \mu$ erarpow $\dot{\eta}$ . LETATPOROS, OF (METATPÉRO) turning round of about: of an enemy, turning round upon; έργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance. шета-трожбю, f. фою, роёт. for ретатрежи. per-avyales Dor. web-, to look about for. uer-avode, f. how, to speak among, to address, c. II, later, to accost, address, c. acc. per-a00% Ion. -a011s, Adv. afterwards, thereupon. mer-autika, Adv. forthwith, thereupon. mera-bipo, f. merolow, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2. to change, alter: to pervert: -Pass, to change one's course. μετά-φημι, impf. or sor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among. μεταφορά, ή, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another. II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope. μετα-φορέω, - μεταφέρω. μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after. μετά-φρενον, τύ, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part bebind the midriff (pperes), the broad of the back. μετα-φωνίω, f. ήσω, to speak among, address. mera-xerollo, f. iou, or more often as Dep. meraχαιρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι: 20τ. Ι μετεχειρισάμην:--to bave in one's bands, bandle. 2. to take in band, manage, Lat. administrare; peraxeiρίζεσθαι πράγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to bave in band, pursue, practice, Lat. exercere. 4. to bandle, treat in a certain way. II. in Poets. μετα-χρόνιος, α, ον, -- μετάχρονος. μετάρσιος, aloft, on bigb. μετά-χρονος, ον, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done nsterwards. pera-xupéu, f. how, to go to another place, withdraw: to migrate, of birds of passage. pera-walpe, to brush against. merédon. Ep. for méreioi, 3 pl. of méreim. μετέβάλον, 201. 2 οf μεταβάλλω. μετέβαν, 201. 2 οξ μεταβαίνω μετ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφήσεται. μετέγνων, 201. 2 οί μεταγιγνώσκω. μετέδοξα, 201. Ι οί μεταδοκέω. μετέδωκα, sor. I of μεταδίδωμι. perferre, perferrov, Ion. and Ep. for pereire, etc. μετέησι, Ion. for μετβ, 3 sing. subj. of μέτειμι. μετέθηκα, sor. I of μετατίθημι. μετείληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμ-

sum):-To be among, live with, associate with. impers., µérecti tol twoe I bave a sbare of a thing; part. neut, absol., perfor there being a share or claim: -sometimes with a nom., person was to loor equality is shared by all. pér-equ, (perá, elps ibo) to go between II. to go after or behind, follow 2. to go after or for, fetcb. 3. to pursue, visit with 4. to go to, approach, draw near vengeance. IIL to pass over, go over to the other side. per-strov Ep. performor, used as acr. 2 of perfoφημι: (μετά, elror):—to speak among. tbereafter, afterwards. merels, Ion. for μεθείε, sor. 2 part. of μεθίημι. μετεισάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. med. of μέτειμι (είμι ibo). mereles, Ep. for merel, subj. of meren (elm same). mer-expaire, to step out of one thing into another. μετεκίαθον, impf. of μετακιάθω. μετέλάβον, 201. 2 οί μεταλαμβάνω, μετελάχον, 201. 2 οξ μεταλαγχάνα. μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι. μέτελθε, μετελθών, 201. 2 imperat. and part. of μετ-€ρχομαι. μετέμάθον, 201. 2 οf μεταμανθάνω. μετ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go on board amother μετ-εμβιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ, Causal of μετεμβαίνω, put on board another ship. perspectation, perspectation, imps. and acr. I of persμέλα. merémmevon. Ep. pres. int. of mérem (elul sum). μετ-έμφυτος, ον, (μετά, έμφύω) engrafted afresb. μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a per-II. Med., with acr. 2 per-erider, to put as other clothes. μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρα. μετενίσσετο, 3 sing. impl. of μετανίσσομαι. μετ-εννέπω, to speak among. per-starpiopar, Med. to take out and put elsewbere. mer-charlotanas. Pass to move from one place to μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετα, εξ, έτεροι) some σεδετι. person, lon. for peron, neut. part. of persuan (elpi per-tweeta, Adv. afterwards, thereafter. perénector, acr. 2 of perantito μετ-έρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with acr 2 act. - ηλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:-- to come among. to go between the ranks 3. to go in among, ettack. II. to go to another place, go away. c. acc. to go after, to go to suck, go in quest of : hence to seek for, aim at 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, vinit as an avenger: in legal sense, to prosecute. 4. to approach with prayers, supplicate. 5. to sourt or suco. perfore tro, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 of peragetomes. pet-equ., f. peresopai Ep. -losopai: (pera, elpi μετέσχηκα, ρί, οf μετέχαι

П.

per-eixques, f. -eufopas, wep. to change one's wish or prayer, to wish something else.

μετόφη, 3 sing. impf. or sor. 2 of μετάφημι.

per-exu, f. medifu, to partake of, bave a share of, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, meréxeur lour (ac. mépos) dyador run to enjoy an equal share of good with another.

mertie, Ion. and Ep. subj. of mercum (clul sum). peremplies, f. low, (perempos) to raise to a beight, raise, lift up: Pase, μετεωρισθείε έν τῷ πελάγει beeping out on the bigb sea. II. metaph. to buoy up or excite: to buoy up with false hopes.

perempo-nowies, f. how, (perlupos, nourse) to prate

about the beavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λέσχηε, ου, δ, = μετεωρο-λόγοε.

μετευρολογέω, f. ήσω, (μετευρολόγου) to talk of high things, or of the heavenly bodies. Hence

merempologia, i, a treatise on the beavenly bodies. mercupo-hoyos, or, (mercupos, heyw) talking or

treating of the beavenly bodies.

μετ-έωρος Ερ. μετ-ήορος, ον, (μετά, έώρα οτ αίωρα) suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sea, air. metaph, of the mind, excited, in suspense, Lat. spe erectus: hence wavering, fluctuating. III. rd mertaga, things in the air, the beavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena; generally, abstruse, lofty speculations.

perespo-coque the, &, a meteorological pollosopher. persupo-béval, axos, ô, a meteorological quack.

μοτήγαγον, 201. 2 οf μετάγαι

μετήλθον Ερ. μετήλυθον, 201. 2 ο μετέρχομαι. μετήλλαξα, 201. Ι οί μεταλλάσσω.

mer-nythus, or, (pera, drepos) swift as the wind. mer-hopes, older Ep. form for persupor. pergos, sor. I of peralpe.

merhoecola, Ion. for medhoecola, fut. inf. mod. of μεθίη μι.

permiser, as, a, impf. of peravides.

meries, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of \u00e4eblq\u00e4; also 3 sing. pres. mertero, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of μεθίημι. mer-lam, mer-lotthm, lon. for med-

met-loxes, - petexe.

perocepta, 4, = peroceia z 2. the Captivity of the Jews From

guerouses, f. how, (persusos) to change one's abode, remove to a place, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to settle absol. to be a pérousos or settler: Hence

merolagous, eas, \$, = perousia 1: and

merousia, &, change of abode, migration. a stilling as perouse, a settlement: society. the condition of a perousos or sojourner.

mer-punition, h low Att. in, to lead to another abode:

Pass. to be led to another country, to emigrate. merounkói, 4, ór, (péroixos) of or for a péroixos: To perounce the het of perous or aliens.

merciscist. 76, the tan of twelve drachmae paid by the persons at Athens. From

utr-ours, or, (perá, olros) changing one's abode: settling elsewbere. II. at Athens, uérouses & and h, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (merointor), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. inquilinus,

μετοικο-φύλαξ, ακοι, δ, ή, the guardian of the μέτ-

ocnor or aliens at Athens.

mer-olyonal, f. -oxyhoonal, Dep. to bave gone after. to be gone in pursuit. 2. to bave gone among or tbrough.

merolow, fut. of merapipa.

per-ondolo, f. ou, to keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush.

μετ-ονομάζω, f. σω, μο change the name, call by a new name:-Pass. to take a new name.

 $\mu e \tau - \delta \pi i v$ ,  $A d v = \mu e \tau \delta \pi i \sigma \theta e$ .

mer-brices, and before a vowel -eev, Adv. of Place from bebind, backwards:—of Time, after, after-II. as Prep. with gen. bebind.

μετοπωρίνος, ή, όν, of or like the end of autumn. verging on winter, autumnal. From

μετ-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, όπώρα) the season after δπώρα, late autumn; cp. φθινύπωρον.

μετ-ορμίζω, Ιοη. for μεθορμίζω.

μετ-όρχιον τό, (μετά, δρχος) the stace between rows of vines.

μετ-ουσία, ή, (μετούσα part. fem. of μέτειμι intensum) participation, communion: possession, enjoyment. μετοχή, ή, (μετέχω) a partaking of, communion.

μετ-οχλίζω, f. low, (μετά, ύχλοε) to remove by a lever, boist out of the way.

μετοχλίσσειε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I cpt. οί μετοχλίζοι μέτοχος, ον, (μετέχω) partaking of:—as Subst. a partaker, partner, accomplice.

μετρέω, f. ήσω, (μέτρον) to measure. L of Spave to measure, i c. pass over, Lat. mesiri, emetiri: - Med., perpelabat lyry to measure the footmarks with the CYCL. II. of Number, to count: to measure out. dole out. 2. of Size, Value, etc., to measure, estimate, compute. Hence.

μέτρημα, ατοε, τό, that which is measured out: a measured distance. 2. a measure, dole.

μέτρησιε, ή, (μετρέω) a measuring, measurement. μετρητής, οθ, δ, (μετρέω) = αμφορεύς, Lat. metrēla, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 13 χόεε, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held & of a merpyrha

μετρητός, ή, ων, (μετρίω) measured, measurable μετρίάζω f. σω, (μέτριοε) to be moderate: to be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled. IL trans to

moderate. μετριοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to be moder ite or merciful to-

wards. From perpro-waths, is, (pitpess, water, bearing moderately.

perpus morns, ou, of (uerpus, IIO- Root of some tenses of rive) a moderate drinker, moderate in potations: Sup. perployoristatoe.

. μέτριος, a, or, also ce, or, (μέτρον) within measure, they perish not moderate: of Size, of average or ordinary beight. H. of Number, few. Ill. of Degree, bolding to the mean, moderate: of middle condition or rank: τὸ μή dafpense, if is free, in non-moderate, temperate. also fair, reasonable.

2. tolerable. 4. suitable.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv.—μετρίου.

perplas, see perplos.

μετριότης, ητος, ή, (μέτριος) moderation.

μετρίως, Adv of μέτριος, moderately, in due limits or measure.

2. modestly, temperately: on fair terms.—Comp. μετριάντερον, Sup. –άντατα.

METPON, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. 2. the consents or thing measured, as well as the measure itself. 3. erry space measured or measurable; μέτρον δρμου the size of the harbour; μέτρον βηια the full measure or prime of youth. II. the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure: fitness.

11I. metre, opp. to μέλου (tune) and ρυθμού (time).

peromou, nor. I of peromice.

μετ-οντόμία, ή, (μέτα, δεομα) change of name: in Rhetoric, the use of one word for another, metonymy. μετ-ωπηδέν, λάν. (μέτωπον) with the forehead formast, fronting: of ships, in line; opp. to ἐπὶ κέρου, in column.

μετωπίδιος, ον, (μέτωπον) on or of the forehead.
μετ-ώπιον, τό, – μέτωπον, the forehead.

μέτωπον, τό, (μετά, δψ) the space between the eyes, the forehead, front. II. the front or fore part of anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ον, gen. ανος, (μέταπον, σώφραν) with ingenuous countenance.

μεθ, Ep. and Ion. gen. of έγώ.

ME'XPI', rarely µéxpis even before a vowel: Prep. with gen. until, unto, to a given point, I. of Place, μέχρι θαλάσση as far as the sea. 2. of Time, τέο μέχριε until. when? μέχριε οδ; μέχριε δσου; until when? how long? μέχρι τινόε for a space; μέχρι τοῦδε until now. II. in Ion., μέχρι ου is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρι οδ τικτώ πύργων, as far as eight towers, instead of MEYOUS OU BETON TUPYOU ELGIV. III. Conjunct. until, with indic., μέχρι έων εγένετο till morning came; with ar and subj., µέχρι αν τοῦτο ίδωμεν till we see this: also, µέχρι οδ in same sense.

MH', Adv. not, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while of denies absolutely: μh expresses, that one thinks a thing is not, of that it is not: hence μh always follows el, ἐάν, ἡν, ὅταν, ἐπειδάν, ἔων ἀν, because these speak of a thing not as a fact, but as a supposition: whereas ἐπεί, ἐπειδή are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a fact

2. μh also is used after the final Conjunctions είνα, ἀκ, ὅναν, ιώστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ἀκ μh .. δλωνται that

they perial not.

3. with infin., as, το μ) subfered μ' dλγόνεισε & the not-knowing would grieve me.

4. with the Participle, as, μ') dawyeleas = [μ] driveres, if he had not carried away.

II. μ') driveres, if he had not carried away.

II. μ') is freq. in INDEFENDENT clauses containing a constand, when, like Lat. no, it stands first in the sentence:

I. with the pres. imperat, μ') λέγε.

2. with the subjunctive soriet, μ') λέγε.

3. with the optat. sor. to express a seisb, μ') γλρ δγ' έλθα drips

O that he may not come!

B. μή, Conjunction, that not, lest, Lat. ne: with aor. subjunct, subjoined to a Verb in pres. of fut., as, φεύγω μή ληφθώ I flee lest I may be II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ξφυγον μή ληφθείην I fled lest I might III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, be caught. δέδοικα μή γένηται, Lat. versor ne fiat, I fear lest it happen, i.e. I fear it will happen .- For this subj., the Att. also use indic. fut. IV. ph is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations; love Zeve μή μέν χειρ' έπενείκαι Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand: so after negat, wishes, 800 po 'Οδυσσήα οίκαδ' ίκέσθαι. V. un is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as derecota, κωλύειν, είργειν, φεύγειν, 25, άρνείσθαι το μή ποιείν to deny the doing a thing; also after Nouns of like sense, as κώλυμα; or Adverbs, as έμποδών.

C. As Interrogat., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, \$\eta\$ \( \mu \) who so . As defer surely ye did not say?

2. \( \mu \) is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by substber, as, \$\ellow{\lambda}\) eldow \( \mu \) is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by substber, as, \$\ellow{\lambda}\) eldow \( \mu \) is also used with the indicative subjects another than the substantial too true, i. e. I fear she has spoken all too true.

μη γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial no certainly. Lat. nullo modo, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μη λεγέτω το δνομα, let him not say the name; Answ. μη γλι [λεγέτω], no, certainly.

μή γε, not at least, strengthd. for μη.

μησαμού, Adv. nowbither. From

μηδ-άμος, ή, όν, for page dide, not even one no any one, no one, none. Hence

μηδάμου, Adv. nowbere.

μηδάμως, Adv. of μηδαμός, is no way, not at all. μη-δέ, Adv. (μή, δέ) but not, and not, nor. Lat. no que, nec. 2. at the beginning of two following clauses, μηδέ... μηδέ..., neither... nor... Lat. no que... neque... II. strengthening the megatire which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, not even, Lat. no... guidens. μηδ-εμία, μηδ-έρ, gen. μηδοσός, μηδεμικά

poderie, etc.:—declined like els pla &r. (pydi, els) not even one, no one, none, Lat. nullus. 2. d ox h pydir (sc. év, open), one who is a mere nothing, a nobody:—rd pydir a nothing, a useless or worthless person. 3. neut. pydir often as Adv., not at all, by no means.

μηδί-ποτε, Adv. not or nor at any time, never.
μηδί-πω, Adv. nor as yet or not as yet.

unde-wowner, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.
und-fregor, a, or, (undé, Trepor) neither of the two.
und-erspeare, Adv. to neither side.

μή δή, nay do not.

Mydlin, i. ou, (Mydos) to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress: esp. to side with the

Medes, opp. to 'EXAnvila.

Myburbs, ft, br. (Mybos) Median: Td. Myburb (sc. wybrypara) the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war. II. Myburh wola, berba Medica, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Mydle, idoe, 4, fem. of Mydinée, a Median woman. Mydloyibs, 6, (Mydl(w) a leaning towards the

Medes, the being in their interest

Mηδο-κτόνος, ον. (Mήδος, κτείνω) Mede-slaying. μήδομαι, f. μήσομαι: 201. Ι έμησάμην: Dep.: (μήδοε):—to devise, resolve, counsel, advise. 2. to

plot, scheme, bring about, contrive. μηθ-οπότερος, α, ev, (μηδέ, δπότεροε) neither of the

EFC.

MH ΔΟΖ, eoe, τό, only used in plur. μήδεα, councels, plans, schemes: cunning, craft.

2. like μήττις, care, anxiety; σὰ μήδεα care for thee

II. in pl. also, like Lat. virilia, the genitals.

μηδοστισούν, neut. μηδοτιούν, for μηδέ δοτιε οίν, μηδέ δ τι οίν, πο one whatever, nothing whatever.

μηδοσύνη, ή, (μήδοε) counsel, prudence. Μηδοφόνος, ον, - Μηδοκτύνος.

mayo-φονος, or, — Μηδοκτύσος.
gambels, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδείς, μηθέν.
MHKA'OMAI, Dep., with aor. 2 part. μάκών: Ep.
pf. with pres. sense, μέμηκα, part, μεμηκών, shortd.
ferm. μεμάκυδα (so βέβρθχα, μέμδκα from βρυχάομαι,
μενκάομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμέμηκον:
—το bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream,
abbriek, cry.

panpede, άδοε, ή, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. bleating, epith. of she-goats: as Subst. a bleater, she-goat.

μηκ-έτι, Adv. (μή, έτι) no more, no longer, no further.
; τήμιστος, η, ον, Dor. and Att. μάκιστος, [ā], α, ον, (μήμου), Sup. of μακρύε, but formed from μήκου, as αίσχιστου from alσχου, the longest, tallest, or generally, greatest.

II. neut. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστος as Adv., for a very long time or in the highest degree:

pery far:—also at length, at last.

MHKOZ, eos, τό, length: also beight, sallness, statuere. 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. II. τὸ μῆσωσ οτ μῆροε, absol. as Adv., in length or greatness. 25.2 σοτ 4. Adv., Ion. for μήσοτε.

gamerive, f. - στα Ion. - στέω: Dor. μάκυνω: (μηκος): fines the breasts.

—to lengthen, prolong.

2. to protract: to delay, put off: μηκύνειν λόγον to speak at length; also without λόγον, to be lengthy or prolin.

3. μηκύνειν βοήν to raise a loud cry.

4. Med. δμάκύναντο κόλοσσον erected a tall statue.

MHKAN Dor. paners, eros, 4, the poppy. 2. the head of a poppy. 3. poppy-seed, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ή, (μήλον) an apple-tree, Lat. malus. μήλαιος, ον, also a, ον, (μήλον) of or belonging to a sheep.

Myliands, 4, or, of or for Melis or Malia.

Myliades or Mylidys, al. (1991 or a or a) symples of the flocks or of the fruit-trees. 2. symples of Melis or Malia in Trachis; cf. Mylicete.

Mηλιεύε, έως, δ, an inbabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis.

II. as Adj., Μηλιεύε πόλατοε the Maliae gulf.

μήλίνος, η, ον, Dor. μάλινος, α, ον, (μήλον 3) of an apple-tree.

Mthhor, a, or, of or from the island of Melox, Melian.

Mylis, idos, 4, with or without 74, Melis or Malia in Trachis.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ηροι, δ, and μηλο-βότης, ου, δ, Doc.
-τος, (μηλον, βόσκω) a shepherd.

μηλό-βοτος, ον, (μήλον, βόσκοι) grazed by absep.
μηλο-δόκος, ον, (μήλον, δέχομαι) absep-receiving.
μηλο-θύτης, [ΰ], ου, δ, (μήλον, θύω) a sacrificer of
absep, a priest: Βωμός μηλοθύτης a sacrificial altax.
μηλολόνθη, ή, a kind of bestle or sockebafer.

MH'ΛΟΝ, ου, τό, (A) a sheep or (sometimes) a goat: άρσενα μήλα rams, wethers: the pl. μήλα means flocks of sheep or goats, small eattle, opp. to βόει.

MH AON, ou, τό, (B) Dor, MA AON, Lat. MA-LUM, an apple; generally, any tree-fruit, as, μήλον Κυδώνιον the quince, μήλον Περσικόν the peach, μήλον Μηδικόν the orange or citron. II. metaph. in pl. of a woman's breasts; or of the cheeks, Lat. mālae. μηλο-νομεύε, έων, οτ μηλο-νόμης, ou, Dor. -μαε, a, δ, (μήλον Α, νέμω) a shepherd, goatherd, herdsman. μηλο-νόμος, ον, (μήλον Α, νέμω) feeding sheep or goats.

μηλο-πάρειοε, ον, Dor. μαλοπάρησε, (μήλον Ε, παρειά) apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked.

μηλό-σκοπος, ον, (μήλον Β, σκοπέρι) fit for watebing sheep from.

μηλό-σπορος, ον, (μήλον Β, σπείρω) planted with fruit-trees.

μηλοσ-σόος, ον, poët. for μηλοσύος, (μήλον A, σω- $\{\omega\}$  sheep-protecting.

μηλοσφάγεω, f. ήσω, to slay sheep; lepd μηλοσφαγείν to offer sheep in sacrifice. From

μηλο-σφάγος, ον, (μήλον Α, σφάζω) slaying sbeep, μηλο-τρόφος, ον, (μήλον Α, τρόφω) sbeep-feeding. μηλ-ούχος, δ, (μήλον Β. ΙΙ, έχω) a girdle that comfines the breasts.

μηλο-φόνος, ον, (μήλον Δ, \*φένω) sheep-slaying. makedopies, f. gow, to earry apples. From Ac-hopos, or, (phator B, helps) bearing apples. unho-duhat, decos, o, and o, (unhow A or B, duhat) one who watches sheep or apples. [8] penderth, \$, (psidor A) a sheep's skin. μήλ-ωψ, eree, δ, ή, (μήλον z, δψ) looking like an apple, yellow, golden me may verily.

i pulv, Ion. for mi play. μήν, Dor. and Ep. μάν, a Particle strengthening affirmation, yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth; & phy or i par, in very truth, yea verily, used at the beginming of an oath: see pshy, Lat. et vero, and yet, nay prore: dad priv yet truly, Lat. verum enimvero: ob puly assuredly not, so too puly puly; the puly; subat then? i. e. of courts IL - µέντοι, bowever.-- Mήν was orig. the same as per, but after the introduction of the long vowel q it became the more emphatic form:

Att. & pelos, pel pelos.

MH N, δ, gen. μηνόε: dat, pl. μησί, Acol. and Dor. pels:-Lat. MEN-SIS, A MON-TH: ward wife a month by month, monthly. In earlier times the month was divided into two parts, why loraneros, the month rising, and my options the month waning. The Attic division was into three, μην Ιστάμενος, μεσών, φθίνων: the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards, as payor retaining officeres the fourth day from the

end of the month; sometimes onwards, as Tŷ TplTy en classes on the three-and-twentieth day of the

month IL = unviouse IL unvas, abos, \$, - uhrn, the moon.

private, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I med. of palrepar. μήνεσι, corrupt form of μησί, dat. pl. of μήν, μηνόε. μήνη, φ, (μήν) the moon, Lat, lung. Hence partaios, a, or, monthly.

μηνιθμός, οθ, δ, (μηνίω) wrath.

μήντμα, ατοε, τό, (μηνίω) the cause of anger; μήνιμα Bear the cause of divine wrath. 2. guilt of blood, blood-guiltiness.

MH'NIX Dor. plane, soe \$, Att. gen. phylose, wath, anger: also, malice.

unviouse, d. Dim. of utry, a crescent, Lat. lumula. II. a crescent-shaped body, to protect the bead of statues

unvie Dor. mavue: f. myrlow [1]: aor. I imprioa: (uffers):-to cherish weath, be wroth against: also to 'declare one's surath against a person.

junvo-abhe, és, (phyn, elocs) crescent-shaped, Lat. lunature: of the sum and moon when partially eclipsed. μήνθμα, ατοι, τό, (μηνύω) as information.

μηνύτηρ, ήροε, δ, (μηνύω) an informer, guide. μηνθτής, οθ, δ, (μηνόω) masc. Adj. bringing to II. as Subst. an informer, Lat. delator.

sion, reward: almost always used in plur. μηνύτωρ, αροε, ό, - μηνυτήρ. [9] From

μένθτρον, τό, (μηνύω) the price paid for informa-

MHNY a Dor. pavios: f. popular [8]: sot. I inνθοα:--Pass., 201. Ι έμηνόθην [8]: pt. μεμήνθμα:-to disclose, reveal, make known; betray. Athens, to inform or lay public information against another: impera in Pass, provieras information is laid: but in Pass. also of persons, to be informed against.

μή δεως (an ellipse for μή δεολάβητε δεως...). followed by alla, do not suppose that ... but ..; not only not so ... but ...

μή δτι, - μη brow, followed by άλλα, not only not so ..., but ..; not to mention that , let alone, Lat.

ne dicam. pro od, are joined L with the subjunctive, after Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as débousa μή οδ γένηται I fear it will not be, opp. to δέδοικα μή γένηται I fear it will be. Here both negatives have their proper force: but IL with the Infinitive, after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as obsels out αντιλέγει το μή ου λέξειν no one disputes your right to speak (where m) of may be translated by Lat. quin, quominus), nemo te impediat quin dicas. generally, after all clauses in which a negat. is expressed or implied, as, after ob borapar, our fore etc.; as ob olices fore 'Abyvalous mi) ob booras blues it

is not reasonable that the Athenians should not ... Lat. non potest fieri quin . .; so also, with a negat. implied, as, derrir edones . m) ob hafteir it seemed III. with a Participle, &strange sor to take. σάλγητοι γάρ ήν, μη οδ κατοικτείρων for I were wefeeling, did I sot pity.—In n. and m. ph might stand without of un wollands, lest perchance, Lat. me forte.

 $\mu + \pi \sigma \tau \epsilon$ ,  $-\mu + \pi \sigma \tau \epsilon$ , I. with subj. that at ze time, lest ever, Lat. ne quando 2. with infin. area. un wou, lest anywhere: lest perchance.

μή-πω, - μή πω, ποι jet, Lat. nondum: μέρπω γε. nay, not yet.

LT TESTS, REVER YES. un-was, - un was, lest in any way, lest any bow, lat

perchance. IL in case of doubt, substiber or m. μηρά, τά, = μηρία, thigh-bones. unple, ra, never used in sing, (unpos) the thigh bones, which by old usage they cut out from the kg

(in μηρία τάμνον), and wrapped in two tolds of fat (μηρία κνίση ἐκάλυψαν, δίστυχα σοιήσαν» es); the were then laid on the altar and burnt. pol, the thighs. unplates, a, ar, (unpos) of or belonging to the thigh

Lat. femoralis: 🛊 μηριαία, the thigh. μήρινθος, ου, ή, (μηρύω) a cord, line, ctring; proverb., & phoweoe obbir lanase the line caught nothing. i. e. it was of no avail.

MHPO'E, où, à, the upper part of the thigh, the box. ипро-трафія, із, (ипріз, трафіроц) житалі із 🛎 thigh, epith. of Bacchus. unpo-rimps, is, (unpose, rumpras) striking the thes

unpludopar, Dep. to cheep the end, Lat. receivers

MHPY OMAI,  $\xi_i$  -ocouge  $[0]_1$ , 201,  $1 \in \mu \eta \rho \delta \sigma \omega \mu \eta \rho$ : -to draw up or furl sails: to draw up an an-2. in weaving, πρόπα έν στήμονι αηρύσαaffar to speare the woof into the warp. μηρύομαι is sometimes used as Pass., εισσδε μηρύεται zeel yelds ivy is twined around the edge.

μήσαο, μήσατο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. τ of μήδομαι. phreas, Ep. 2 sing. of phropas, fut. of phropas.

uffore, Ep. 3 sing. contr. aor. 2 of uhoouai. unatuo, wece, & (undo par) an adviser, counseller;

μήστων μάχης the adviser or leader of battle. minte, - Th TE, and not. II. repeated, white . . white, neither .. nor.

MHTHP Dor. MATHP, \$\dartheta\$, gen. \(\mu\gamma\text{repos}\), contr. μητρός: acc. μητέρα, pl. μητέρας:—Lat. MATER, MOTHER: of animals, a dam: metaph. of lands, μήτηρ μήλον mother of flocks; γη μήτην Mother Earth :--- Mnrho sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybelé.

μήτζ neut. of μή-τιε, μήτινοε.

unt, contr. for until, dat. of until, untiles. μητιάασθαι, μητιάασθε, Ep. for μητιάσθαι, μητιά-

σθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of μητιάω. μητίδω, f. μητιάσω: (μήτιε):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to de-

bate in one's own mind. II. to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητίτης Ερ. μητιετά, ου, δ. (μήτιε) counseller. untions, ecoa, er, (untie) wies in counsel: also, akilful, skilfully chosen.

μητίομαι, f. -ίσομαι [1]: αστ. Ι έμητισάμην: Dep.: (untis):-to invent, contrive, devise.

μητίδων, Ep. for μητιών, part. of μητιάω.

sunriduou, -ouvro, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act, and impf. med. οί μητιάω.

MHTIZ, 100, \$; Att. gen. 1800; Ep. dat. 11/11 for phτω; acc. μητιν: -counsel, wisdom, skill, cunning, II. a plan, enterprise. çraft.

μή-τζε, δ, ή, μήτζ, τό, gen. μήτζνοε: (μή, τλε):-lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing, Lat ne quis, ne quid. II. uhri is freq. as Adv. lest by any means, that by no means; also separately, un Ti: in an indirect question, whether perchance.

μή-τοι, stronger form of μή, in nowise, nay: μήτοι ye, nay upon no account.

μήτρα, ή. (μήτηρ) Lat. matrix, the womb,

MITTP- TYUPTHS, OU, O, (µήτηρ, dyúpths) a begging priest of Cybele, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-αδελφεόε οι μητρ-άδελφος, δ and ή, Dor. ματρ -, (μήτηρ, άδελφύε) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-άλοίας οι μητρ-αλφάς, ου, δ, (μήτηρ, άλοιdos) striking one's mother, a matricide,

μήτρη, ή, Ion. for μήτρα.

μητριάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of μήτριος.

μητρίδιος, a. ov, (μήτρα) fruitful, prolific. μητρό-δοκος Dot. ματρ-, ον, (μήτηρ, δέχομαι) νεceived by the mother.

μητρόθεν Dor. ματρόθεν, Adv. (μήτηρ) from the mother, by the mother's side,

μητρο-κασιγνήτη, ή, (μήτηρ, κασιγνήτη) a mother's

untportovies, f. how, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, or, (μήτηρ, ετείνω) killing one's motber, a matricide, II. MITTONTOVOS, OV. DASS. hilled by one's mother.

 $\mu\eta\tau\rho\sigma-\mu\eta\tau\omega\rho$  Dor.  $-\mu\dot{\alpha}\tau\omega\rho$  [d],  $c\rho\sigma\sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $=400\tau\rho\dot{\alpha}\sigma$ μήτηρ, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [ά], opos,  $\delta_1 = \mu \eta \tau \rho \delta \epsilon$  πατήρ, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολιε Dor. ματρ-, esse, ή, (μήτηρ, πόλιε) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. ', generally, a metropolis, a capital. one's mother-city, mother-country, bome.

μητρο-πόλος, ον, (μήτηρ, πολέομαι) tending mothers. μητρόρ-ριπτος, αν, (μήτηρ, βίπτω) rejected by one's

mother.

μητρο-φυορος, ου, (μητηρ, φθείρω) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ον, also η, ον, (μήτηρ, \*φένω) mother-

murdering, matricidal. μητρο-φόντης, ου, δ, (μήτηρ, \*φένω) a matricide. μητρυιά, α̂ε, Ιοπ. μητρυιή, η̂ε, η, (μήτηρ) α ειερmother. Lat. noverea: metaph. a rocky coast is called

μητρυία νεών. μητρώσε Ep. μητρώδος, a, or, (μήτηρ) of or belong-

ing to a mother, maternal.

μήτρως, δ; gen. μήτρωσε and ω; acc. μήτρωα and ων; (μήτηρ) a maternal uncle 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηγανάσσθαι, -άσσθε, Ep. for μη γανάσθαι - ασθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: sor. I έμηχανησαμην: pf. μεμηχάνημαι: Dep.: (μηχανή):-Lat. macbinari, to make by art, put together, con ruct, prepare. to contrive, devise, scheme. II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, - μηχανάομαι, found in act. voice in Ep. part, μηγανύωντας: but perf. μεμηγάνημαι is used in pass, sense.

μηχανοφμην, -όφο, -όφτο, Ερ. for μήχανφ μην, pres. opt. of μηγανάομαι.

μηχαγέομαι, Ion. for μηχανάομαι.

μηχανή, ή, (μήχοι) Lat. machina, an instrument or machine for lifting weights:- 2. an engine of II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; genetally, a way, means: - unxaval, arts, wiles: c. gen., µn xavn kakûr a contrivance against ills: μηδεμιή μηχανή by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance.

μηγάνημα, ατοε, τό, (μηγανάομαι) an engine.

a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of μηνανάομαι, one must contrive.

μηχανητικόε, ή, όν, (μηχανάομαι) = μηχανικόε.

pactionels, 4, br, (pacart) inventive, engenious, [f. 2 pithopen, f. 3 pepifopen: 201. I epicopen. 201. 2 II. as Subst., \$ μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), mechanies.

μηχανώτης, ου, δ, pošt. for μηχανητής.

μηχάνο-δίφης, ου, δ, (μηχανή, δίφαω) inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious.

waxavbas, essa, er, (unxarh) inventive, ingenious. μηχάνο-ποιός, όν, (μηχανή, ποιέω) making machines: as Subst., un xavoroide, d, an engineer, maker of war-

μηχάνορράφου, f. ήσω, to contrive craft, deal subtly, erafuly. From

μαχάνορ-ράφος, ον, (μηχανή, βάπτω) contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving.

 $\mu\eta\chi\bar{\alpha}\nu$ -oupybe, br, ( $\mu\eta\chi\alpha\nu\eta$ ,  $\ell\rho\gamma\sigma\nu$ ) =  $\mu\eta\chi\alpha\nu\sigma$ -II. pass. cunningly contrived.

μηχανόωνται, -- σωντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηγωνάομαι.

Αχαρ, τό, = μθχοε, a means, contrivance. MH XOZ, 76, a means, expedient, contrivance. till, †; gen. μιᾶε Ιου. μιῆε; dat. μιῆ, μιῆ; acc.

pitte :-- fem. of els, one.

MIAI'NΩ, f. μιἄνῶ: 201. Ι ἐμίηνα Att. ἐμίᾶνα: pf. μεμίσημα:--Pass., aor. 1 έμιανθην: pf. μεμίασμαι οτ -auum :- to paint over, etain, dye, colour, Lat. vio-3. metaph. to 2. to stain, defile, soil. taint, defile, pollute.

μιαιφονέω, f. ήσω, (μαιφόνοε):--- to be blood-stained,

bloody, murderous. Hence marporta, f, bloodgrilliness.

μίαι-φόνος, ον, (μιαίνω, φένω) blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty :-- Comp. - wrepos; Sup. - wrates.

μιάνθην, Ep. for εμιάνθην, aor. I pass. of μιαίνω. μίδρία, η, (μιαρόε) brutality. II. defilement. μιαρό-γλωσσος, ον, (μιαρός, γλώσσα) foul-morthed. ματρός, ά, όν, (μαίνω) defiled with blood. generally, polluted, abominable, foul. Lat. impurus:

brutal, coarse, disgusting. Adv. mapoe, brutally. placua, aros, ro, (maire) a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution.

μίασμός, οῦ, δ, (μαίνω) pollution.

μιάστωρ, opos, δ, (μιαίνω) a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution, Lat. bomo piacularis. IL, daáστωρ, an avenger of such guilt.

μίγα, Adv. (μίγνυμι) mixed or blended with. μίγάζομαι, Dep. poët. for μίγνυμαι. μέγάε, abos, δ, ή, (μίγα) mixed up, promiscuous. μίγδα and μίγδην, Adv. promiscuously. μιγείτην, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μίγνι μι.

suyels, aor. 2 part. pass. of migroum. μίγεν, for εμίγησαν, 3 pl. acr. 3 pass. of μιγνυαν μιγήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμ.

μίγηναι, sor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι. γμα, ατος, τό, (μίγνυμι) a mixture, compound.

MITNYMI and -ven, also MI XIA: f. µlfe: aor. I Iμιξα, inf. μίξαι:-Med. and Pass. μίγνυμαι and μίσγομαι: fut. med. μίξομαι, fut. I pass. μιχθήσομαι, | stades, = 1680 yards, i.e. 80 yards less than our mile.

έμέγην [1]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. έμιστο, μίστο: pf. μέμιγμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plapf. μέμιστο:-Lat. MIS-CEO, to min, min up, mingle, properly of liquids, generally, to join, bring e. g. olvov sal blap. together, bring in con.act with, 3. to make acquainted with, unite with: also, pital riva arees to cover one with flowers. II. Med. and Pass. to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach; existings payinas to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at: hence to meet, live, associate with: but also in hostile sense, to encounter: more rarely μίσγεσθαι ει 'Axαιούε, to go to join the Achao-2. to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to.

μιγνύο, 🗕 μίγνυμι.

judyn, 3 sing. sor. I subj. of makes.  $\mu$ in- $\phi$ ovos, ov,  $-\mu$ au $\phi$ ovos.

municos, a, ov. Dor. for mapos, little.

μίκρ-αθλαξ, άκοε, δ. 4. (μερόε, αδλαξ) with small furrows: hence small, scanty.

μίκρ-έμπορος, δ, (μικρός, ξμπορος) a pedlar. μικρολογέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep., (μικρολόγοε) to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness. Hence unpologia, h. minute discussion, frivolity.

μικρο-λόγος, αν, (μικρός, λέγω) reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean, cavilling about trifles, captious.

μίκρο-πολίτης [t], ου, δ, fem. -ντις, ιδος, ή, (μεπρός, πολίτηε) a citizen of a petty town or state.

MI KPO'Z, Ion. and old Att. opurpos Dor. purkos, a, ov, small, little: petty, mean, trivial, in ignificant: of Time, little, short. II. Adv. usages: gen. μιτρού (sub. δεί) it wants but little, almost .- dat. μικρφ by a little: acc. μικρύν a little. 2. with Preps., In purpos for a little, but a little; ward purpor little by little, or into small parts; perà perpor after a little; mapà pumpor within a little, almost.... Besides the regular Comp. and Sup. purporepos, puπρότατος, the irr. forms ελάσσων, ελάχιστος, μείων μείστος, μειότερος μειότατος are used.

μικροφίλοτιμία, ή, petty ambition. From μίκρο-φίλοτιμος, ον, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) απεδείείσεις of petty distinctions.

μικροψυχία, δ, littleness of soul, meanness of spirit.

μτκρό-ψυχος, ον, (μικρός, ψυχή) little-souled, marrow-minded, paltry.

µlкто, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of µгүрира. μικτός, ή, όν, (μίγνυμι) mixed, compound. μίλαξ, dece, ή, Att. for σμίλαξ, the year-tree. a convolvulus.

Mthhoros, a, ov, of or from Miletus. From Mίλητος, ή, Miletus, 2 famous Greek city in Carie. μιλιάριον, τό, a milestone, the Lat. milliarium. a copper vessel for boiling water in.

11

μίλιον, τό, a Roman mile, Lat. mille passes, = 8

μιλτώου, τό, a vessed for heeping μίλτοε in.

μιλτηλίφης, έε, (μίλτοε, άλιφηναι) painted red.

μιλτο-πάρησε, ου, (μίλτοε, παρειά)-red-cheeked: of
thips, with the bone painted red.

MIATOX, 4, red earth, red chalk on ochre, ruddle, Lat. rubrica. II. vermilion, Lat. minium.

μιλτο-φυρής, έε, (μίλτοε, φυρήντ ` smeared with ochre.

μλτόω, f. ώσω: pass. pf. μεμίλτομαι; (μίλτοs):—
to colour with oebre, paint red; σχοινίον μεμιλτωμίνον a rope smeared with red paint, with which
they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers
to the Pnyx.'

μιλτ-ώδης, εε, (μίλτος, είδος) of the nature or colour

ος μίλτου.

μίμαρκυς, ή, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.) Μίμας, αντος, δ, a rocky promontory of Ionia.

MI ME OMAI, f. - - | σομαι: αοτ. 1 εμιμησάμην: pf. μεμμημαι: Dep.: -- το imitate, mimie, copy: pf. part. μεμιμημένος, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of. II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλόε, ή, όν, imitative.

μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μιμέσμαι) an imitation, copy.

physore, t, (puplopar) imitation.

μιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μιμέομαι, to be imitated. II. μιμητέον, one must imitate. μτιμητής, οθ, ό, (μιμέομαι) an imitator, copyist. μτιμητικός, ή, όν, (μιμέομαι) imitative.

μιμητός, ή, ότ, (μιμέομαι) to be imitated or copied.
μιμητός, Frequent. of μίμνω, μένω, to keep staying,
to stay, remain.

II. trans. to expect, await.

μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσω: 201. Ι ξμνησα: (μνάω):to remind, put in mind. 2. to recall to the memory Π. Med. and Pass. μιμνήσκομαι, with the older form MNA'OMAI, µrŵµaı, whence the tenses are formed: fut. med. perhooper, f. I pass. μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μεμνήσομαι: 201. I med. έμνησάμην. pass. εμνήσθην:—the pf. μέμνημαι is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. memini, 2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μέμνησα; imperat. μέμνησο lon. μέμνεο; subjunct. μέμνωμαι; optat. μεμοτήμην, but also μεμούμην, φο, φτο, Ιοπ. μεμοέφτο: infin. μεμνήσθαι: Ion. 3 pl. plapf. εμεμνέατο: --- to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. άλκηε μνήσασθαι to betbink one of one's strength: also, c. part., μέμνημαι έλθών I remember baving come. 2, 10 mention, make mention of. 3. to give beed to, judge of.

pilprovers, Dor. for pilprovors, 3 pl. of pilpros.

dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.

paliero, for pt-paro, redupt form of paro, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μίμο-λόγος, or, (μίμος, λόγω) mocking one's mords. II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

ΜΙ ΜΟΣ, ου, δ, an imitator, copyist: an actor,

misse. II. a mime, a kind of drama.

plo [1], Ion, acc. sing of the Prop. of the 3rd pers.

through all genders, for abrow, abros always enclitic: Dor. and Att. rus: uhr abrow binself; but, abrow pur oneself, for daurów.

H. rarely as 3 pers.
Pron. daurów.

HIL = the reflex.

MINOOX, &, suman orders, dung. Hence

perboo, f. wow, to befoul with dung.

Mivous, ol, the Minyans, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Mivoscos, a, or, Ev. Mivoscos, of the Minyans.

MFNT ΘΩ [v], son. impf. μινίθεσκος, Lat. minuo, to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken.

II. intr. to decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted.

Hence

ulvuved, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a short time. Hence

μίνυνθάδιος, a, or, lasting a sbort time, sbort-lived. Comp. μενυνθαδιώντερος.

μινόρίζω, f. low, (μινυρόε) to moan, whine: also to hum, chant in a loss tone, Lat. minurire. Hence μινύρισμα, ατοε, τό, a warbling, humming.

ulvoperube, d, (unruplie) a moaning: warbling.
ulvoperum, Dep. — unruplie, of the nightingale, to
warble: generally, to hum a tune, chant in a low
tone. [9]

MINTPO'Z, a, br, complaining in a low tone, mouning, whining, whimpering.

utvi-copies and utvi-copes, or, (unview, lopa) abortived.

Mives, &, Minos, king or Crete: gen. Miveoe and Mive; dat. Mivei, Mive; acc. Mivea, also Mive and Mive:—hence Adj. Miveilos Att. Miveos, a, or, of Minos.

μίξαι, sor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγνυμ.

μίζιε, εως, ή, (μίζω fut, of μίγνυμ), a mining, mingling. II. intercourse or commerce with others. μιξο-βάρβἄρου, ον, (μίζω fut, of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρου) balf barbarian balf Greek.

μιξό-θηρ, δ, ή, (μίξω, θήρ) balf beast.

μιξό-θροσε, στ. (μίξω, θρόσε) with mingled cries. μιξό-λευκοε, στ. (μίξω, λευκόε) mixed with white. μίξομαι, fut. med. of μίγγυμι.

nicou-βροτος, or, for μιζό-βροτος, (μίζα, βρότος) ball mortal.

pufo-vouos, or, (plfw repa) feeding promiseu-

μέο-παρθένος, ον, (μίξω, παρθένος) baif a maiden, balf woman.

pie, fut. of plyrum.

utouyulla, h, batred of good. From

μίσ-άγαθος, η, ον, (μίσος, άγαθός) bating good. μίσ-άθηνοιος, ον, (μίσος, 'Δθηναίος) bating the Athenians.

μισ-αλάζων, or, gen. oros, (μίσος, αλάζων) bating boasters.

μίσ-δλέξανδρος, ον, (μίσος, 'Αλέξανδρος) bating Alexander.

μισ-άμπελος, ον, (μίσος, άμπελος) bating the sine.

santbropic.

γκοια, ή, (μίσγω, άγκοι) a place where several u glens (άγκη) meet, a meeting of glens. But, pres. inf. pass. of player.

σαι, Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μίσγαι. 'Ω, see μέγνυμι.

λην, ηνοε, δ, ή, (μέσοε, Έλλην) a bater of

f. how: pf. ueulonea: Pass., f. med. in so μισήσομαι: sor. Ι έμισήθην: pf. μεμίσηigos) :- to bate :- Pass. to be bated. νον, τό, (μισέω) a charm for producing batred, pixtpor (from pixtes), which caused love. 1, aree, to, (moles) an object of bate. ios, verb. Adj. of moto, to be bated. a, h, (moles) bateful levelness or greedi-

's, ή, όν, (μισέ 'ated, bateful, odious. 100, τό, - μίσης roborts, is payment of wages, recompense.

modérne, ou, é, (μισθός, ἀποδίδωμι) one who ges, a rewarder, recompenser. HOV, To, Dim. of MEBOO, a small fee. who, f. how, (missapros) to work or serve for eive pay. Hence wia, h, a receiving of wages, bired service. pros. δ. (μισθόε, άρνυμαι) a bired servant.

ρχίδης, ου, δ, (μισθός, άρχή) a Comic Patroon of a placeman. s. a. ov. also os. ov. (μισθόε) bired, salaried.

ioola, h, payment of wages. From οτέω, f. ήσω, to pay wages. From

βότης, ου, δ, (μισθός, δίδωμι) one subo pays I payme reter.

O'E, od, d, wages, pay, bire: puotos parós iges; en μισθο for bire; διδόναι τάλαντον  $\sigma\theta \delta r$  to give a talent as a month's  $\rho \alpha y$ . is the pay of the soldiery: also, mothe Bovthe pay of the council of 500, a drachma every day of sitting; μισθός δικαστικύς or tos the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one m the time of Cleon (bree) for every day he jury : μισθόε συνηγορικόε the pay of a public :, one drachma for every court-day, r, recompense, reward: in bad sense, punish-

ιορά, ή, (μισθοφόρου) receipt of swages: swages wages, pay, salary.

ιορέω, f. ήσω, (μισθοφέρου) to receive wages, for bire : c. acc. rei, to receive as pay.

ιορητίον, verb. Adj. one must keep in pay. ropla, ή, (μισθοφορέω) service for wages or d service.

φόρος, ον, (μισθύε, φέρω) receiving wages, for bire; ol purbopopou bireling soldiers, like.

θρωπος, ον. (μίσος, άνθροπος) hating man- | mercenaries; μισθοφέροι τριήρειε galleys manned with mercenaries.

> protion, f. dow: sor. I tulotoga: pf. peplotom: (μισθόε):-to let out for bire, farm out, Lat. loccre: c. inf., motour tor rade torneosies taxartes iferydoaodas to let out the building of the temple for 300 talents, Lat. locare aedem emiruendam. IL Med. f. μισθώσομαι: 201. Ι ἐμισθωσάμην: pf. (in mc'. sense) pepierbupa :-- to engage or bire at a price. Lat. conducere: to retain, as an advocate or physician; puotovotal tura radartou to engage bis cor vices at a talent; c. inf., μισθούσθαι rndr efcirc?:μήσαι to contract for the building of the temple, Lat. conducere aedem acdificandam. III. Pass., aor. 1 έμισθώθην: pf. (in pass. sense) μεμίσθωμαι:—to b: bired for pay. Hence

μίσθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is let for hire, a hire! bouse. II. the price agreed on, the contract-

price : rent.

μισθώσιμος, ον, (μισθόω) that can be bired. μίσθωσιε, εωε, ή, (μισθόω) a letting for bire. (μισθόομαι) a biring. III. - pietopa, rent. μισθωτής, οῦ, δ, (μισθόω) one who paye rent, u tenant.

μισθωτικός, ή, όν, (μισθόω) mercenary. μισθωτός, ή, όν, (μισθόω) bired or to be bired: 23 Subst. a bireling, mercenary, of soldiers.

μίσο-γάμος, ον, (μίσος, γάμος) marriage-bating. μίσο-γελως, ωτος, δ, ή, (μίσος, γέλως) laugher. bating.

μίσο γόης, ου, δ, (μίσος, γόης) bating imposture. uloodinula, h. batred of democracy. From μίσο-δημος, or, (μίσος, δήμος) bating the commons

bating democracy. μίσο-θεος, ον, (μίσος, θεός) bating the gode, godless.

μίσο θηρος, ον, (μίσος, θήρα) bating the chase. μίσο-καίσαρ, άροε, δ. (μίσοε, Καίσαρ) bating Caesar μίσο-λάκων, evos, δ, (μίσος, Λάκων) a Laconianbater. [č] µLoo-haµdxos, or, (µîoos, haµaxos) bating Lamo-

chus. [Aā]

μίσολογία, ή, batred of argument. From μίσο-λογος, ον, (μίσος, λόγος) bating argument. μίσο-νοθος, ον, (μίσος, νίθος) bating bastards. μίσο-παιε, παιδοε, ό, ή, (μίσοε, παίε) bating children μίσο-πέρσης, ου, δ, (μίσος, Πέρσης) a Persian bater. μίσο-πολιε, ιοε, ο, ή, (μίσοε, πόλιε) bating the state. μίσοπονηρίω, f. ήσω, to bate the bad. From μίσο-πόνηρος, ον, (μίσος, πονηρύς) bating the bai uloo-movia, f. (moos, soros) batred of work.

μίσο-πόρπαξ, άκοι, δ, ή, (μίσοι, πίρταξ) bating the shield-bandle, i. c. bating war : Sup. pie owoputi.

μίσό-πτωχος, ον, (μίσος, πτωχός) bating the poor. μισο-ρώμαιος, ον, (μίσος, Popaios) Roman-bating. MI ZOZ, vó, bate, batred: I. pass. bate borns

2. act. a bating, a grudge, strong dir-II. a bateful object, - pleypa.

μΙσο-σύλλαε, ου, δ, (μίσοε, Μόλλαε) bating Sylla.
μΙσο-τόραννου, συ, (μίσοε, τύραννοε) tyraus-baking.
μΙσο-φίλιπποε, συ, (μίσοε, Φίλιπποε) bating Philip.
μΙσό-χρηστοε, ου, (μίσοε, χρηστόε) bating the good.
μΙσο-ψιλήε, έε, (μίσοε, ψεύδοε) bating lies.
ΜΙΣΤΥ ΛΛΩ, έ. Νω, to est up meat before roasting.

μίτο-εργόε, όν, (μίτοε, θέργω) working the thread.
μίτο-ραφήε, έν, (μίτοε, βαφήναι) seum with thread,
baving meshes of thread.

MITOZ, ov, b, e thread of the warp, Lat. tele :generally, a thread: a web. [1] Hence

μέτοω, f. dow, to stratch the warp in the loom:— Med. to ply the loom; metaph., φθόγγον μιπάσασθαι to lat one's voice sound like a harp-string.

ultroa, Ep. and Iou. ultroa, 4, (ultros) a lines girdle or band, worn below the bispat: generally a girdle, zone. II. a beadband, a snood. s. a Persian eas. like swe8asia.

Μίτρα, η, ή, the Persian Aphrodité or Venus.

purpy-popos, or, (ultra, plow) wearing a ultra, whether girdle or bead-dress

μιτρό-δετος, ω, (μίτρα, δίω) bound with a μίτρα. μιτροφορίω, f. ήσω, to wear a μίτρα. From μιτρο-φορός, ω, — μιτρηφόρος.

MITT AOE or uprolos, 4, or, Lat. mutilus, sur-

tailed, esp. borniess. [1]

µX-484e, es, (µiros, elbos) like thread, of liness.

µX98901, 201. 1 inf. pass. of µiγννμ.

μέχθη, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. I pass. of μίγνυμε. μεχθημεναι, Ep. 20r. I pass. inf. of μίγνυμε.

### MNA Ion. pués, 4; gen. prûs; nom. pl. prûs; the Lat. MINA,

— 15 oz. 83‡ grs.

II. a sum of money, also—

100 drachmae, — 41. 1s. 3d. :—60 prûs made a talent.

produce, productor, productory, Dot. for μνημ...

MNA OMAI (A), contr. μνώμαι, used in the contr. forms 3 sing., I and 3 pl, μνώνται, μνώμεθα, μνώνται; imperat. 3 sing. μνάσθω; inf. μνώσθαι; part. μνάμμενος; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing. μνάα inf. μνάσκετο for εμνάτο, Ep. 3 pl. μνώντο, part. μνωύμενος:—το ποιο to wife, 2000, court.

II. generally, to court, sue for, solicit, gaments for, Lat. ambure.

MNA'OMAI (B), contr. propint, to remember, Ep.

and Ion. for puperhonounce.

perdortan, inf. of perdopen to

μνάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάσμαι to 2000. μνάσυμαι, Dor. for μνήσομαι, fut. mod. of μιμνήσκα. μναστήρ, δ, fem. μνάσταρα, Dot. for μνήστ...

μνάστιε, ή, Dor. for μνήστιε, q. v.

uvia, Ioa. for wd.

uvia, ij, (wio par B) remembrance, memory. II.

mention: welar vortival rure, Lat. mentionem

facere.
μνήμα Dor. μνάμα, ατος, τό, (μπάρμα: Β) Lat. monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a
person or thing: a memorial of one dead, a monument, IL-μνήμη, memory.

projector Ioa. --flor Dor. present, v6, (pripe)
Lat. monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record
of a person or thing: of one dead, a monument.

μνήμη, ξ. (μπόομα Β) remembrance, memory, recollection.

a, the faculty of memory; μπέμης ένα from memory.

3. a memorial, monument.

II.

mention or notice of a thing.

μνημήζον, τό, Ιου. έσε μνημείον.

proprovers, f. σω, (μνή μων) to remember, call to mind, recollect. 2. to eall to another's mind, mention, eay, Lat. memorare. II. Pass., with r. med. –εύσομαι and pass. –ευθήσομαι: 2 or. 1 ξμνη μονεύθην. —το be remembered, bad in memory, mentioned.

μνημονίκόε, ή, όν, (μνήμων) of or for remembrance or memory; τό μνημονικόν = μνήμη, memory. II.

of persons, of good or ready memory.

μνημονικώς, Adv. from or by memory, readily. μνημοσύνη, ή, (μοή μων) remembrance, memory, Lat.

memoria. IL as prop. n. Mnemosyns, the mother of the Muses; because before the invention of writing memory was the Poet's chief gift.

urnutative Der. urdu-, 76, (m/new) a remembrance, memorial, record of a thing: also a reminder, refresher.

2. bonourable mention, fame.

urinew, d, \$, heat. priper, (priopae 2) mindful, remembering: c. geo. mindful of. 2. ever mindful, unforgetting.

μνήσου, acr. I inf. and acr. I med. imperat. of μεμνήσεω.

μνησυίατο, Ion. for μνήσαιντο, 3 pl. sor. I med. opt. of μιμνήσκω.

μνήσασθαι, sor. 1 inf. med. of μιμνήσκω.

μνησάσκετο, Ion. for έμνήσατο, 3 sing. acr. I med. of μιμνήσκω.

μνησθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of μιμνήσεω.

μνήσθητι, 2 sing. sor. t imperat. pass. of μιριήσκα. μνηστ-δωρέω Dor. μνάσ-, f. ήσω, (μυήσιε, δώρον) to bring presents in token of gratitude: to be gratful. μνησταϊκέω, f. ήσω, to remember old injuries: to

bear III-will or malies; ob μνησικακεν to bear no malies, pass an act of emnesty.

II. also c. acc. rei, την ήλικίαν μνησικακεν to remind of the ills of age. From

uvyol-nakos, or, (uraoum n, manor) remembering old injuries, bearing malies.

μνησί-πημων, ον, gen. ονος, (μιμνήσκα, τήμα) reminding of misery.

urifore Dot. urdore, est, i, (urdo par 2) remembrance, memory.

urhorous, fut. med. of pupitions.

μνήστερα, ή, fem. of μνηστήρ, (μνάομαι Δ) & bride. II. fem. Adj. (μνάομαι Β) reminding of. μνήστευμα, ατοε, τό, (μνηστεύω) courtable, scooling:

in plur., espousals.

μνηστεύω, f. σω: acr. I ξινήστευσα: (μνάομαι h):

—Pass., acr. I ξινηστεύθην:—to woo, court, seek in
marriage; to espouse: Pass. to be courted.

It to promise in marriage, betroth: Pass. to be betrothed.

n

proportio Dot. practio, fice, é, (prácum A) a proces, seitor: lates, a bridegroom. Il. (prácper 3) calling to mind, mindful of, perfector, Ep. for perfect, dat. pl. of foreg.

priforte Dor. uvilorte, 100, f. (práopal B) a remembering, remembrance. II. reputation, fame.

prograte, of to, (protopie) wood, wedded.

mynories, doe, \$, Ion for proportion a secong, courting, seeking in marriage.

property, open o, (protopul) mindful of. perhow, fat. of puperhouse.

vikobe, á, ór, mossy; soft as moss. Prom

MNI'ON, To, moss, sea-eveed. proces contr. proces, b, fine down.

property of pragmen, to seen

perarrai, 3 pl. of perapes to woo. presources, Ep. part. of praopar, to remember.

persons, Ep. 3 pl. impl. of persons a and B. persons, labouring, distressed,

wretebed: of things, toilsome, grievous. From

μογέω, f, ήσω, (μόγου) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part. 400 year = ubyes, soith trouble, bardly; μογέων αποκινήσασκε with much toil he moved, bardly he moved. IL to labour at.

μογι-λάλος, or, (μόγιε, λάλοω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb.

μόγιε, Adv. (μόγοε, μογέω) with toil and trouble:

barely, scarcely; like the later µόλιε. Hence MOTOE, ov, b, toil, trouble: bardship, pain, sorrow.

μογοσ-τόκος, ον, (μόγος, τεκείν) belging women in bard travail.

modies, o, a dry measure, Lat. modies, -1 of a medimnus, - 2 gallons.

MO'802, 6, battle, the battle-din; pose lawar the

noise or trampling of horses. μόθων, αποε, δ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a Helot: such children being brought up as fosterbrothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence

3. a rude dance.

invoked as the god of impudence. μοί, enclit. dat. sing. of έγω.

μοίρα, gen. as Ion. ης, ή: (μείροραι):—a part. portion, diminion, as opp. to the whole: a division of an army. II. a part or party in a state, Lat. par-III. the part or portion which falls to one. esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, pa-2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny : esp. trimony. like mopos, one's fate, doom. 3. that which is one's due; generally, that which is meet and right; nard μοίραν έειπες thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοίραν viper red to give one bis due: hence 4. due reverence, consideration; εν μοίρη άγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect.

Moipa, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachests, Acrepos.

μοιράω, f, άσω [ā] Ion. ήσω: (μοίρα):—to sbare, distribute: Med. to share among themselves. perpy yerhs, ée, (moipa, yéros) fated from birth.

μοιρίδιος, a, or, also or; or, (μοφα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fetalis.

μοιρό-κραντος, ον, (μοιρα, κραίνω) ordained by fate. fated, destined.

Molou, f. Acol. for Molou: Molouv, Acol. for Mουσών, pl. gen.

Mouratos, a, or, Acol. for Modraces.

μοιχ-άγρια, τά, (μοιχόε, άγρα) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery.

workakle, idos, in irreg. fem. of porxos, an adulteress, Lat. moscha: as fem. Adj. adulterous.

μοιχάς, άδος, ή, fem. of μοιχός, an adultereus. μοιχάω, f. ήσω, (μοιχόε) trans. to commit adultery with; porxar the bakattar to bold dalliance with the II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moschari.

μοιχεύω, f. ew, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari. μοιχίδιος, a, or, (μοιχός) born in adultery.

μοίχιος, a, oy, adulterous. From

MOIXO'Z, où, ô, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moschus; κεκάρθαι μοιχόν μις μαχαίρο to have the head shaven with a rasor like an adulterer's: since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

MOAKI'N, 20r. 2 inf. of βλώσκω.

μολίβ-αχθής, έε, (μόλιβος, άχθος) loaded with lead. μόλιβος, ου, δ, poët. for μόλυβδρε, lead.

μόλιs, Adv., later form for μόγιε, bardly, scarcely, with difficulty; ob police not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly.

μολοβρός, οῦ, ὁ, a glutton, greedy beggar. μολοίσα, Dor. for μολούσα, fem. of μολάν.

Moλοσσός Att. -ττός, όν, Molossian; κόσν Μο-ADTTUES the Molossian dog, a kind of wolf-dog used ΙΙ. δ μολοασία (sub. ποῦε), in by shepherds. Prosody, the Molossus, a foot consisting of three long

syllables, c. g. πρυμυήτηε. μολοθμαι, fut. of βλώσκα.

μολπάζως (μολπή) to sing of Lat concre. Hence

μολπαστής, οθ, ό, a minstrel or dancer.

ιολπή, ή, (μέλπω) in Hom. dancing to music: enything done in time: generally, play, sport, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it. generally, singing, song, opp. to dancing. Hence

μολπηδόν, Adv. with singing.

μολπήτιε Dor. - arus, ιδοε, ή, (μολπή) α songatress. μολύβδαινα, ή, (μόλυβδοε) a piece of lead, esp. she lead to sink a fishing-line. 2. a plummet, a leader báll or bullet.

μολύβδίνος, η, ον, (μόλυβδον) leaden, of lead. μολυβδίε, ίδοε, ή, (μόλυβδοε) like μολύβδασα, the II. a leaden ball or bullet. leaden weight on a net.

MO'ATBAOX, ov, o, lead. black lead: hence a blacklead pencil.

μολυβδο-χοίω, f. ήσω, (μόλυβδοι, χίω) to fix mich melted lead.

μολύνο-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολύνη, πράγμα) -to be mixed up in a dirty quarrel,

HOATHO [6]: f. δνδ: pf. pass. μεμόλυσμα: to stain, sully, defile, corrupt: also to seduce a woman:—Pass. to be or become vile, spallose.

μολυσμός, δ, (μολύνω) defilement, pollution.

μολόν, ούσα, όν, αοτ. 2 part. of βλώσκω.

μομφή, ή, (μέμφομαι) blame, reproof, complaint:—
g cause of complaint.

move, Dor. for morn.

μονάζω, f. σω, (μόνου) to be alone, live in solitude.
μοναμπύκια, ή, for δ μονάμπυξ, a race-borse that
runs single.

μον-άμενξ, δεσε, δ, φ, (μόνοε, άμενξ 11) baving one frontlet; μονάμενετε εθλοι horses that run single, raesborest: also of a bull, baving no yokefellots.

μοναρχέω Ion. μουν-: f. ήσω: (μόναρχοι):—to be monared or sovereign; επὶ τούτου μουναρχέοντοε in this king's reign. Hence

μοναρχία Ion. μουν-, ή, absolute rule, covereign/y, monarchy.

μόν-αρχος Ισα. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, άρχω) ruling alone, sowereign.

μονάε Ion. μουνάε, άδοε, ή, (μόνοε) properly a fem. Adj., solitary, single: also masc. of a man, alone, by oneself.

II. as Subst., μονάε, ή, a unit.

movering. Adv. properly dat. fem. of movering in one way only: singly or alone.

μονάχδε, ή, δν. (μόνοε) solitary;—as Subst. μοναχόε, δ, a monk.

"μον-ορέτης Ion. μουν-, ου, δ, (μόνος, ερέτης) οπο subo rosos singly, a sculler.

μονή, ή, (μένω) a staying, abiding, tarrying.

a place to stay in, mansion.
μον-ημέριον, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) a bunt of one day.
μον-ήρης, ες, (μόνος, ἀράρεῦν) single; ναῦς μονήρης

a ship with one bank of oars.

µbound, or, or n, or, (µorh) staying, fixed: of persons, swadfast, constant.

2. of conditions, abiding, lasting, Lat. stabilis.

p.6v-1-wos, or, (ubros, levos) with one horse, a horseman, opp. to a charioteer.

μονο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαίνω) walking alone: of metre, consisting of one foot. [βā]

μονό-γάμος, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) marrying one wife. μονο-γένας Ion. μουνογ-, ή, pecul. fem. of εq. μονο-γενής Εp. and Ion. μουνογ-, ές, (μόνος, γένος)

emly-begotten: born from one and the same mother.
μονό-γληνου, ον, (μόνου, γλήνη) one-eyed.

μονο-δάπτάλος, ον, (μόνος, δάπτυλος) οπο-fingered. μονο-δέρκτης, ου, δ, (μόνος, δέρκομαι) οπο-cyed. μονό-δουπος, ον, (μόνος, δοῦπος) of unvaried sound,

monotonous.

µ.ov-68ous, -68ovros, 8, 9, (µóvos, 68ovs) one-toothed.

p.ov-68powos, ov. (µóvos, 8péres) plucked from one

sions: sut or carved from one block.

paro-note, ie, (μόνοε, eldos) of one kind, simple, paro-ξογήε, ie, and paroξυξ, όγοε, δ, ή, (μόνοε, ζυγώναι) deving one dorse yoked: generally, single, alone, paro-ipagos, or, (μόνοε, ήμέρα) lasting but one day.

μονο-πίλης Ion. μουνο-α-, ητος, δ, (μόνος, πέλης) α single borse.

µovó-nepez, av., gen. -nepez, acc. -nepez, (µóvos, népez) one-borned : as Subst. a unicorn.

μονό-κλαυτος, ον, (μόνος, κλαίω) with one mourner. μονό-κλίνον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνη) a bed for one only, a coffin.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ήσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) to sleep alone. μονο-κρήπτε, ίδος, δ, ή, (μόνος, κρηπίε) with but one sandal.

porb-uporos, or, (porps, uporte) with one bank of oars.

μανό-κειλος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, κώλον) with but one limb: of buildings, with but one room: περίοδος μονόκωλος a sentence consisting of one elause.

μονό-κωπος, ον, (μόνος, κωτή) with a single our: with a single ship.

μονό-λίθος Ion. μουν-, αν, (μόνος, λίθος) made out of one stone.

μονο-μάτωρ, opos, Dor. for μονομήτωρ. [ā] μονομάχοι Ion. μουν-, £. ήσω. (μονομάχοι) to fight in singls combat: of the Athenians at Marathon, μοῦνοι μουνομαχήσαντει τῷ Πέρογ baving fought single-banded with the Persian. Hence

μονομάχία Ion. μουνομαχίη, ή, single combat. μονομάχιον, τό, = μονομαχία.

μονο-μάχος, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) fighting in single combat: wielded in single combat.

μονο-μήτωρ, opos, ό, ή, (μόνοε, μήτηρ) left alone by one's mother, deprived of one's mother. μονο-νυχί Ιοα. μουν-, Adv. (μόνοε, νέξ) in a single

night.

μονο-τυχι του μονο-, καν. (μονοι, τυς) in a single
night.

μονό-ξύλος, ον. (μόνοι, ξύλον) made from a single

log. II. made of wood only.
μονό-παιε, -παιδοε, δ, ή, (μόνοε, παίε) act. baving
but one child. II. pass. - μόνοε παίε, an only child.
μονο-πάλης Ιοπ. μουν-, ου, δ, (μόνοε, πάλη) one

wbo conquers alone in wrestling. [δ]
μονό-πελμος, ον, (μόνοε, πέλμα) with but one sole.
μονό-πεπλος, ον, (μόνοε, πέπλοε) left without a robe,
clad in a tunic only: v. δπεπλοε.

 $\mu$ ovó- $\pi$ ouz,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $-\pi$ our,  $\tau$ ó, gen.  $-\pi$ oðos, ( $\mu$ óros,  $\pi$ oús) one-footed.

μονό-πωλος, ον. (μόνος, πῶλος) with one borse.
μον-ορύχης, ου, δ, (μόνος, δρυγήναι) digging with
one point. [8]

MÔNOΣ Ion. μοθνος, η, ον, Dor. μώνος, α, ον, alone, left alone, forsaken: c. gen., μόνοε σοῦ reft of, deprived of thee.

It. alone, only: often with gen. added, μοῦνοε πάττων ἀνθρώπων alone of all men.

III. like Lat. unus for unieus, standing alone, single in its kind, unique.

IV. Sup. μονότατος, the one only person, one above all others, cf. αὐτότατος.

V. neut. μόνον as Adv., alone, only, merely; μόνον οἱ, Lat. tantum non, all but, well nigh, μονο-σίδηρος, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) made of iron only, μονοσίτδες, f. ήσω, to eat but once in the day. From

port-otros, or, (novos, otros) eating but once a day.

HOVE-GREATPOS, OF, (HOVOS, GREATPON) wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.

μονο στίβής, έε, (μόνοε, στιβείν) walking alone, unaccompanied.

perborthes, or, (peros, orthes) consisting of one were.

μονό-στοχος, ον, (μόνος, στολή) going alone: generally, alone, single.

μονο-στόρθυγξ, νγγοε, δ, ή, (μόνοε, στόρθυγξ) carved out of a single block.

μονο-σύλλαβος, ον. (μόνοε, συλλαβή) of one syllable,

dealing with monocyllables.

μονό-τάνος, ον, (μόνος, τέκνον) with out one child.

μονό-τράποζος, ον, (μόνος, τράπεζα) at a solitary

board, eaten apart.

port-rpowes, or, (µbros, rpówes) solitary, unsocial.

por-ebutes, or, (µbros, obs) one-eared: with one
bandle.

μονο-φάγος, ον, (μόνος, φάγεῦν) sating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup. μονοφογίστατος.

μον-όφθαλμος lon. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, όφθαλμός) οπε-ενεά.

μονό-φρουρος, οκ. (μόνος, φρουρά) watching atone.
μονό-φρων, οψ. gen. ονος, (μόνος, φρήν) single in
one's opinion, standing alone, single.

μονο φύης Ιοα. μουν-, έε, (μόνοε, φυή) of simple nature: made of one piece.

μονό-χηλος Dor. -χαλος, ω, (μόνος, χηλή) solidboofed.

μονό ψηφος Dor. -ψαφος, ον, (μονος, ψήφος) voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.

μονόω Ion. μουν-: f. ώσω: aor. I εμόνωσα Ερ. μούνωσα:—Pass., aor. I εμονώθην, Ion. part. μουνωθείν: pf. μεμόνωμαι Ion. μεμούνωμαι: (μόνοω):—to make single or solitary; μουνοῦν γενεήν to give an only son in each generation:—Pass. to be left alone, to be foreaken: also to be taken apart, without wirnesses: c. gen., μεμουνωμένοι συμμάχων deserted by allies.

μονφδέω, f. ήσω, (μονωδίε) to sing alone, to sing a monody. Hence

μονφδία, ή, a song sung a.one, a monoay, solo, opp. to the song of the chorus.

μον-φδόε, όν, (μώνοε, φδή) singing alone.

povedels, aor. I pass. part. of povos

μόνως, Adv. of μόνος, only.

μον ώψ poët. μοθν -, ώποι, δ, ή, (μόνοι, ώψ) one-eyed.

μόρα, ή, (μείρομαι) - μοῦρα.

2. one of the six divisions of the Sparton infantry.

μορίαι (sc. ελαίαι), al, the sacred olives in the Academy, so called because they were supposed to be parted of propagated (μειρόμεναι, με μορημέναι) from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis. Hence Zebe Μόριος as the guardian of these sacred olives

II. μορία [i], — μερία, folly.

μόριμος, or, post. for μόροιμος.

μόριον, τό, Dim of μόρος, a small piece, generally, piece, portion.

μόριος, α, ον, poët. for μόρσιμος.—For Ζενε Μίριος, see μορίαι.

μορμολύπειον, το, ε ... ugbear, soogoous. From μορμολύττομα, Dep. (μορμώ) to fright, scare. μορμορ-ωπόε, δν. (μορμώ, εφ) bideous to behold. μορμόρω [8], formed from μύρω, εκ πορφέρω from

φύρω, of water, to roar, boil, Lat. murmuro.

MOPMΩ', gen. boe, contr. ove, t, a bideous abemonater, to frighten children with; a bugbear, bob-

goblin. II. in Aristophanes, a mere exclamation.
μορμώ τοῦ θράσουν a fig for his courage!
μορόσιε, εσσα, εν. skilfully or richly wrought: or

proposes, evan, er, skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining. (Deriv. unknown.)

MO'PON, 76, the black mulberry.

μόρος, δ, (μείρομαι) like μοίρα, ones appointed l'1, fate, doom, destiny; θεθρ μόρον beyond ones doom, against fate.

2. esp. an unbappy lot, ruin, death.
Lat. fatum, in Homet always a violent death.

μόρο μόρο, ου (μέρος) appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to die: hence μόροιμον ήμαρ the fated day, the day of doom: τὸ μόροιμον fate, doom, destiny.

MOPΥΈΣΩ, to soil, stain, defile, sutty: pt. pass. part. μεμορυγμένος, soiled, defiled.

μορφά, μορφάν, Dor. for μορφή, μορφην.

μορφάζω, (μορφή) to make gesticulations.

μορφάω, f. ησω, (μορφή) to shape, fashion, mould. Μορφάν, έως, δ. Morpheus, son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper. From

MOPPH, h, form, shape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma 2. generally, form, fashion, appearance 3. a form, hind, sort. Hence upophysis, evon, er formed, fashioned, shaped: well-shaped, comely, Lat. formosus.

μόρφνος, ον. (epith. of the eagle) of colour, dust.
dark, = δρφνός (from δρφνη), Lat. furvus

μορφόω. f. ώσω, (μορφή) to form, give soaps .o. Hence

μόρφωμα, ατοε, το, form, stäpe, figure: toe comme of a figure.

μόρφωστε, ή, (μορφόω) a staping: form, semosance. μορφωτήρ, ήρος, δ, (μορφόω) one subo stapes:—fem. μορφώτρια; συών μορφώτρια changing mem imo swine.

μόσσυν οι μόσυν, δνοε, δ, δ wooden house or tower. Μοσσύν-οικοι οι Μοσύν-οικοι, οἰ, (μόσσυν οι μώσσυν, οἰκέω) an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.

μόσχειος, α, ον, (μόσχοι) of a calf; μόσχειος αννούχοι α calf-skin leash; as Subst., μόσχειον, τό, α calf-skin.

μοσχεύω, f. σω, (μοσχοε) to peant a sucker, propagate.
μοσχίδιον, τό, Dim. of μόσχοε, a young sucker. [ε]
μόσχιοε, a, οτ, (μόσχοε) like μόσχειοε, of a calf.
μοσχο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (μόσχοε, ποιέω) to make a calf.
μόσχοε, δ, also ή, the young shoot of a plant, a sprose, sucker, seion.

II. metaph, of the young of ani-

mals, a calf: also a young bull: a beifer. boy: more often a girl, maid, L. - ivvenca. any young animal.

μουνάξ, Adv. (μοῦνοε) singly, alone.

μουναρχέω, Ιοπ. for μοναρχέω.

μοθνος, Ion. for μόνος. For all Ion. forms beginning with pour-, see under por-.

Mouviyla, h. Munyebia, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Pirzeus, II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Mourtylale, Adv. to Munychia: and

Mourtigiaou, Adv. at Munychia.

Mourbywov, aros, d. Munychion, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of Munychian Artemis, - the latter part of April and beginning of May.

μουνωθείς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of μονόω. μουν-ώψ, Ion. for μονώψ.

MOY ZA, 72, Acol. Moiors Dor. Maors Lacon. Maa, as, \$\delta\$, the Muse, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine Muses,-Clio, Euterpé, Thalia, Melpoměné, Terpsichöré, Erato, Polymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliopé. later music, song: also eloquence; and in pl. arts,

accomplishments. Mous-Eyergs, ou, &, Dor. for Mousny-, (Mousa, Tylopai), the leader of the Muses, i. e. Apollo.

Movoelov, to, the temple of the Muses, seat or baunt of the Muses: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., μουσεία θρηνήμασι ευνώδα balls resounding with lamentations; μουσεία χελιδόνων places where swallows twitter. Properly, nent, of Μούσ€ιοε.

Moύσειος Dor. Moισείος, a, or, also os, or, (μοῦσα) of or belonging to the Muses, sacred to the Muses.

μουσίζομαι, Dep. (μοῦσα) to sing or play. μουσικός, ή, όν, (μοῦσα) of the Muses or the fine arts, aevoted to the Muses. II. as Subst., movernie, b, a musician, pon, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to duovos. 2. μουσική (sc. τέχνη), ή, any art over which the Muses presided, esp. music of lyric poetry set and sung to music,—one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being γράμματα, γυμναστική:—generally, arts, letters, ac-III. Adv. - www, barmoniously, complishments. elegantly: Sup. -ewrara. provologo, Dor. for movolog.

provo 6- Bopos, or, (µoûaa, béµa) ouilt by song.

μουσομάνω, f. 4σω, to be Muse-mad, smitten by the Muses. From μουσο-μάνης, εε, (μοῦσα, μανήναι) smitten by the

prover behavior, ear, b, \$, (poura, partie) of pre-

fbetic song. μουσο-μήτωρ, opoe, ή, (μοθοά, μήτηρ) the mother of the Muses and arts.

, συστο-ποιδω, f. ήσω, to write postry acout. From | μυγμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μόζω) a moaning, muttering.

2. a | povoro-words, br, (povoa, world) making poetry: 3. | μουσοποιόε, ή, a poetess: also singing or playing. μουσο-πόλος, ον, (μοθσα, πολίω) serving the Muses: as Subst., μουσοπόλος, δ, a minetrel.

μουσο-πρόσωπον, ον, (μούσα, πρόσωπον) musicallooking.

μουσουργία, ή, a making poetry, unging. From μουσ-ουργόε, όν, contr. for μουσο-εργόε, (μοῦσα, lpyor) devoted to the service of the Muses, playing, singing:—as Subst., mouroupyos, h, a singinggirl. μουσο-φίλης, ov, δ, and μουσό-φίλος, ον, (μουσα,

φιλέω) loving the Muses.

μουσο-χάρης, έε, (μοῦσα, χαιρω) delighting in the Muses, delighting in music or poetry. μουσόω, f. ώσω, (μοῦσα) to devote to the Muses:-

Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant. μοχθεύντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of μοχθέω.

μοχθέω, f. ήσω, (μόχθος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly: c. acc. cognato, μοχθείν μόχθουε, πόνουε to undergo bardship, toils; μοχθείν μαθήματα to toil at learning. Hence

μόχθημα, ατος, το, toil, bardsbig.

μοχθηρία, ή, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

μοχθηρός, ά, όν, (μοχθέω) in sore discress. wretched 2. of things, toilsome, laborious: but also in sorry plight. II. in moral sense, knavish, villainous, rascally, Lat. pravus. Hence

μοχθηρώς, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably. μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of μοχθέω, one must labour.  $\mu \circ \chi \theta \downarrow \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ , =  $\mu \circ \chi \theta \nmid \omega$ , to toil, labour: also to

suffer greatly. μόχθος; δ, (μογέω) toil, bardsbip, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, bardsbips: — μύχθος differs from róvos, in that μόχθος always implies distress, bard-

sbip, Lat, aerumna, while wovos is merely work, labour, Lat. labor.

μοχλευτής, οῦ, ὁ, one who beaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης μοχλευτής be who makes the sea to beave; καινών έπων μοχλευτής one who beaves up new words.

μοχλευω, f. σω, (μοχλόε) to prise up, to beave up or wrench by a lever.

μοχλέω, f. ήσω, Ion. for μοχλεύω.

μοχλίον, τό, Dim. of μοχλόε.

MOXAOZ, oû, ô, a lever or bar for prising or beaving up, a crowbar, Lat. vectis. II. any bar or stake: -the bar or bolt of a door. Lat. oben.

MT' or MT', an imitation of the sound made by murmaring or muttering with closed lips.

imitate the sound of sobbing. μυ-άγρα, ή, (μθε, άγρα) a mouse-trap. μιθάω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μογάλη, (μως, γαλέη) the field-mouse, shrew-mouse, Lat. mus araneus.

μεδαλέος, α, ον, wet, dripping, souked. damp, mouldy. From

μοδάω, f. ήσω, (μύδοε) to be damp, wet, dripping. II. to be damp or clammy from decay. MΥΔΟΣ, δ, damp: clamminess, decay, Lat. situs. [v] μυδροκτύπέω, f. ήσω, to forge red-bot iron. From μυδρο-κτύπος, αν. (μύδρος, κτύπέω) forging or welding red-bot iron.

MY APOZ [v], b, any red-bot mass; uvopove alpew xepoir to lift masses of red-bot iron in the hands, as an ordeal: also any lump or mass of metal.

μυελίνος, η, ον, (μυελόε) - μυελόειε.

μυελόσιε, εσσα, εν. (μυελόε) full of marrow. ΜΥΕΛΟ Ζ, οῦ, ὁ, Lat. MEDULLA, marrow: metaph of strengthening food, as wine and barley, which are called uvex de dropow. 2. the marrow 3. generally, the inmost of the skull, the brein. part, core. [V in Hom., V in Att.]

μυώ, f. ήσω: 20τ. Ι έμύησα:-- Pass., 20τ. Ι έμυήθην: pf. μημύημαι: (μύω):—to initiate into the mysteries. - Pass. to be initiated; c. acc. cognato, uvelobal to Kaselpar boyes to be initiated in the mysteries of the Cabiri; μυείσθαι τὰ μεγάλα to be initiated in the great mysteries. 2. generally, to instruct.

μύζως f. μύζω, (μθ) to murmur with closed lips, II. to drink with closed lips, moan: to mutter. to' suck in.

μοθέομαι, Ep. 2 sing. μυθείαι, contr. for μυθέεαι, and omitting one e, uvola: 3 pl. Ion. impf. uvolσκοντο: f. μυθήσομαι: aor. I έμυθησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. μυθήσατο: Dep : (μῦθοι):-to say, speak, tell, II. to say over to oneself, like opá(opas, same. con over, consider.

μυθού, Dor. for μυθού, imperat. of μυθέσμαι. μυθεθμαι, Dor. for μυθέσμαι.

μυθεύω, - μυθέομαι:-Pass., to be the subject of a story, to be talked of.

μυθησαίμην, sor. I med. opt. of μυθέσμαι.

μυθιάζομαι, Dep. - μυθέσμαι. μοθίδιον, τό, Dim. of μύθος, a short tale or fable.

μυθίζω Dor. -ίσδω, later form for μυθέσμαι. μοθικός, ή, όν, (μύθοι) mythic, legendary.

μυθίσδω, Dor. for μυθίζω.

μοθο-λογεύω, (μύθος, λέγω) to tell word for word. μύθο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (μυθολόγοι) to tell mythic tales or legends: also to tell as a legend:-Pass, to be or 2. to tell tales, talk. Hence become mythical. μιθολογητίον, verb. Adj. one must tell legends. μυθολογία, ή, (μυθολογίω) a telling of mythic tales or legends, mythology. Hence

μυθολογικός, ή, δν, wersed in mythology.

μυθο-λόγος, ον, (μύθος, λέγω) dealing in mythic legends: as Subst., μυθόλογος, δ, a teller of legends. ιζθο-πλόκος, ον, (μύθος, πλέκω) weaving tales,

MTOON, &, anything delivered by word of mouth, word, speech: as opp. to lpyor, a mere word, without the deed: a speech. IL talk, conversation: also,

II. I the subject of conversation, the matter itself. advice, a command, order. IV. a pvrpose, design, V. a tale, story: afterwards, μῦθος was the plan. poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the bistorical 2. a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's fables.

μοθ-ώδης, es, (μύθος, elbos) like a fable, legendary, fabulous.

MYT'A Att. µúa, \$, a fly, Lat. musca. μυτο-σόβη, ή, (μυία, σοβέω) α βυ-βαρ.

ινιο-σόβος, ον, (μυία, σοβέω) flapping away flies. MYKA'OMAI, f. - hoopat: Ep. 201. 2 Episor: Ep. pf. μέμθεα (20 βέβρυχα, μέμηκα from βρυχάομαι, μημαομαι): Dep.:-Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, to belloss: also of other animals, as of asses, so brdy, of dogs, to growl, etc.: of things, to grate, jar, foer: also to group from exertion. (Formed from the sound of oxen, as βληνάομαι, μηνάομαι from that of sheep and goats, Bouxdouas from that of bulls, etc., βρωμάσμαι from that of asses.)

μύκε, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 2 of μυκάομαι. μύκηθμός, δ, (μυκάσμαι) a bellowing: and μύκημα, ατος, τό, a bellowing: the roar of thonder. [9]

Munyalos, or, of on from Mycenae. From Muntyn, t, and Muntyas, al, Mycene, Mycenes, an ancient Pelasgic city, superseded by the Doric Argos: -Adv. Μυκήνηθεν, from Mycenae.

Munyis, loos, h, pecul. fem. of Munyvaios.

MYKHZ, proc, o, also pickys, ov, o, a muchroom, Lat. fungus. II. any round body, shaped like a mushroom, as, 1. the cap at the end of a sword. scabbard. 2. the smuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concrescere funges. uthtivos, n, or, (uinns) made of muchrooms. μυκτήρ, ήροε, ό, (μύζω) the note, snout: in pl. the Hence

nostrils. more the rose of energy to the rose of energy, Lat. naso adunco suspendere.

μυκτηρόθεν, Adv. (μυκτήρ) out of the mose.

μυκτηρό-κομπος, ον, (μυκτήρ, κόμπος) sounding from the nostril.

μύλοιος, ον, (μύλη) working in a mill. μπλακρίς, ίδος, δ, (μύλη) of a mill; μυλακρίς λάσε a millstone.

μύλαξ, ακοε, δ, (μύλη) a millstone, any large round stone. μυλ-εργάτης, ου, ό, (μύλη, έργάτης) ουν κόο κονές

in a mill, a miller. [ă] μύλη [v], ή, a mill, Lat. möla, a band-pull.

the nether milktone. μύλή-φάτος, ον, (μύλη, πέφαμαι pl. pess. of \*φίσω) bruised ot crushed in a mill.

μτιλίδω, (μύλη) to grain or grind the teath. μάλικός, ή, όν, (μόλη) of or for a mill; λίθος μο-Linde a millstone:

μύλλω, (μύλη) to crush, sound, Lat. moldre. μολο-αδής, έε, (μύλος, είδος) lehe a milletone: μικου, δ, (μέλη) a millstone; Ep. δυμόε. [δ] μιλλωθρου, δ, (μίλη) a miller, a master miller. μελλών, ώνος, δ, a mill-bouse, mill, Lat. pistrīnum; βάλλειν els μιλώνα, Lat. detrudere in pistrīnum, to condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμάνω) an excuse, pretence, pretent. [v] μόνομοι. Dep. (μόνη) to make excuses : to put off. μύξα, ἡ, (μύζω, μύζω) the discharge from the nose,

mucus, pblegm.

μυξωτήρ, ήρος, δ, = μυκτήρ, α note, notiril. μιδο-κτόνος, ον. (μύς, κτείνω) mouse-killing. μύραινα, ή, (μύρος) Lat. muraena, a sea-est or lamprey: also a sea-est pent.

μετριάπιε, Adv. (μυρίοε) ten thousand times.
μετρι-άμφοροε, ον. (μυρίοε άμφοροε) holding ten

thousand measures (dupopeis).
μιθρι-άρχης, ου, δ, and μιθρί-αρχος, δ, (μυρίος, αο-

xw) a commander of 10,000 men.

μιθριάε, άδοε, ή, Att. gen. plur. μυριαδών, (μυρίοε) the number 10,000, a myriad:—when μυριάε, μυριάδεε are used alone of money, δραχμών must be supplied; when of sorn, μεδίμεων.

μυρι-eris, és, gen. éos, (μυρίος, êros) lastine cen

thousand years: of countless years.

usplie, f. low: pf. pass. μεμέρισμαι: (μύρον):—to

MY PIKH [1], h, Lat. myrica, the tamarish. Hence properties, a, or, of the tamarish; and properties, n, or, of the tamarish. [1]

petpro-βoros, ar, (μυρίου, βοθυ) with ten thousand

papa-6dous, édorres, é, ή, (puplos, édoés) passing immense testé.

utipub-unpros, or, (poplos, suprebs) bearing count-

µ.Dp.6-nptvos, or, (µuplos, nptvov) with numberless beads, many-beaded.

μθριό-λεκτος, or, (suplos, λέγω) said ten thousand

μιθριό-μορφος, ον. (μυρίος, μορφή) of countless shapes.
μιθριό-μοχθος, ος. (μυρίος, μόχθος) of endless toll.
μιθριό-ναυς, αος, δ, ή, (μυρίος, ναῦς) of numberless ships.

μάριόντ-αρχοε, ον, = μυρίαρχοε.

μετριο-πέλοι, Adv. (μυρίοε, πάλαι) time out of mind. μετριο-πλάσίων, ον, gen. ovos, (μυρίοε) ten thousand fold: infinitely more than.

μιθριο-πληθής, έε, (μυρίος, πλήθος) of infinite num-

ber, countless.

MTPI'OΣ, α, ον, numberless, countless, of Number mostly in pl., but often in sing., as μύριον αίμα, χαλπόε, etc. 2. of Size, buge, vast, immense, infinite;
δχου μυρίον επίξεπείε sorrow.
3. of Time, endless;
infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., μύριοι,
αι, α, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing, may be
used, as, δηνιου μυρίη 10,000 horse. [0]

μθριοστός, ή, όν, (μύριοι) the 10,000th. μθριοστύς, όοι, ή, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μθριο-τευχής, έε, (μόριοι, τεθχου) with sen thousand armed men.

utpro-popos, or, (super, pépu) of sen thousand talents burthen.

μύριο-φόρτος, αν. = μυριοφόρος

μυριό-φωνος, or, (μυρίος, φωτή) with countless voices.
μυρί-πνοος, or, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω)
breathing of unguents or essence.

μυρι-cerés, όν, (μυρίος, άψ) with countless eyes.
μυρμηπιά, α̂ε, ἡ, (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-bill.
μυρμηπίας, ον, ὁ, (μύρμηξ) got from ant-bills.
ΜΤΡΜΗΕ, η, το, διό ant, Lat. FORMICA. I.
heart of term in Sodie.

a beast of prey in India.

III. a sunken rock on the Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia.

Muppat8éves, ol. the Myrmidons, a warlike people of Thossaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles.

μύρο-βόστρύχου, αν, (μύραν, βόστρυχου) with perfumed looks.

μύροσιε, εσσα, εν, (μύρον) assointed, scented.

μύρομαι, v. sub μύραι [0]

MTPON [5], ró, sweet oil entracted from plants: generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, balsam. It the place where unguents were sold, the perfume-market III. metaph. anything sweet or charming.

pupo-evoos, or, contr. -evous, our, (popor, evou) breathing of unguent.

μύρο-πώληε, ου, δ, fem. -πωλιε, ιδοε, ή, (μύρον, πωλέω) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.

μύρορεραντος, ον. (μύρον, βαίνω) wet with unguent.
μύρο-φεγίγης, έε, (μύρον, φέγγοε) shining with unguent.

μύρο-χριστος, αν, (μύρον, χριστός) anounted with sweet oil.

μύροω, f. ωσω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint. MTPPA, ή, the juice of the Arabian myrile, Lat. myrrba, murrba.

μυρρίνη [t], ή, later Att. for μυρσ-, a myrtle twig or wreath.

II. μυρρίναι, al, the myrtle-market, μύρρθνος, η, αν, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. myrteue, μυρρθνών, δίνοε, δ, (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat. myrteum.

MTPZINH [1] later Att. µuppirn, \$, the myrtle. II. a myrtle-branch. [7]

μυροίνο-αδής, έε, (μυροίνη, είδοε) myrtle-like. μύρτον, ου, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτοε), the myrtle-berry, Lat. myrtum.

MYPTOZ, h, the myrtle, Lat. myrtus,

MTPΩ [0], only used in pres. and impf., to flow, run, trickle, stream. II. Med. μύρομαι, to melt into tears: to shed tears, weep. 2. trans. to weep for, bewail, lament.

μύρωμα, ατοε, τό, (μυρόω) plaster.

MTZ, ô, gen. µbo, acc. µûv, voc. µû, a mouse, Let. MUS: µûs apovpaûse, a field-mouse. II. a muscle of the body, Lat. musculus.

μύσαγμα, ατοε, τό, (μυσάττομαι) = μυσοε, μύσαν [ἔ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of μόω. utototo, é, ér, (utoto) foul, loathrome, abominable, Lat. impurus: rò utotopor an abomination.

μισάττομαι, f. μυσαχθήσομαι: acr. I έμυσάχθην: Dep.: (μυσοε):—to loathe, abominate.

μύσος [v], τό, (μύζω) anything that causes disgust: metaph. an abomination, defilement, Lat. piaculum. Μοσός, δ, a Mysian.

μυσ-πολέω, (μθε, πολέω) to run about like a

μυστηρίκου, ή, όν, for mysteries, mystical. From μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) a mystery, secret rite: mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τά, the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres.

2. any mystery or secret thing: a mystic history or dispensation.

μυστηρίε, ίδοε, pecul. fem. of μυστηρικόε. μυστηριώτης, ου, δ, fem. - ωτις, ιδοε, (μυστήριου) belonging to the mysteries.

μύστης, ου, δ, (μυέω) one initiated. Hence μυστικός, ή, όν, of or for the mysteries: secret,

mystical.

µuoriláepai, Dep. to sop bread in soup or gravy to
eat it with. From

MYZTI'AH [1], \$\psi\$, a crust of bread bollowed out as a spoos, to sup soup or gravy with.

a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with.

μυστί-πόλος, ον, (μύστης, πολέω) solemnising the

μυστο-δόκος, ον, (μύστης, δίχομαι) receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated.

mysteries, recoving toe initiated. μυστο-δότης, ου, ό, (μύστης, δίδωμι) initiating, in-

troducing into the mysteries.

µurilos [1], ô, (µûs) the fish muscle, Lat. mytilus.

murrarebus, f. σω, to make into mince-meat. From MTTTΩΤΟ Σ, δ, a mess of cheese, honey, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat.

μύχατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μυχός, as μέσατος from μέσος. [8]

μυχθίζω, ε σω, Dor. μυχθίσδω, (μύζω) to breathe bard through the nostrils, to enort or moan from passion. 2, to make mouths at, sneer. Hence

μυχθισμός, δ, a snorting: sneering. μύχιος, α, ον, (μυχός) inward, inmost, most retired,

Lat. intimus: irreg. Sup. μεχοίτατος. μυχμός, δ. (μύζω) mouning, groaning.

μιχόθεν, Adv. (μύχοε) from the inmost part of the house from the women's chambers.

μύχοιτατος, η, ον, (μυχός) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος; μυχοίτατος ζε he sat in the farthest corner.

μθχόνδε, Adv. (μυχόε) to the far corner.

μόχδε, οῦ, δ. (μόω) the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Let. sinus: the inmost part of a bouse, the women's apartments, Let. penetralia. 2. a bay or creek running far inland

MΥΩ, f. μύσω: aor. ξμόσα: pf. μέμθκα: I. intr. to be shut or closed, esp. of the lips and eyes; but also of wounds; σὸν δ' Ελκεα πάντα μέμυκαν all

his wounds bave closed.

2. of parsons, to abut be eyes, keep one's eyes abut: absol., pioas with one's eyes abut.

3. metaph. to be lulled to rest, to abate.

II. trans. to abut, close.

μίων, διτου, δ, (μύν) a knot of muscles, a museular part of the body.

μυών, gen. plur. of μύε.

μυωπάζω, (μυάψ) to be purblind, to see dimly. μυωπίζω, (μύοψ) to spur, prick with the spur, goad. II. Pass. to be teased by flies.

μυ-ωπόε, ότ, (μύω, όψ) — μυόψ 1.

μυ-ώψ, ώποε, ό, ή, (μύω, όψ) closing the eyes, short sighted.

II. as Subst., μύωμ, εντοε, ό, the borse, fy or gad-fly.

2. a goad, spur. [8]

Μώα, ή, Lacon. for Μούσα.

unalos, b, a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war: battle, war: a struggle, contest: generally, a quarrel, broil.

MNAT, vos. 70, moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulyases, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circé.

M $\Omega'\Lambda\Omega\Psi$ , erroe,  $\delta$ , the mark of a blow, a weal, bruise.

μωμάομαι, Ion. -έομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. έμωμησάμητ, Dor. pošt. 3 sing. μωμάσατο: Dep.: (μώμου):
—to find fault with, blame, chide, c. acc.:—aor. pass.
έμωμήθητ in pass. sense, to be blamed.

μωμεύω, f. σω, (μώμου) to blame, ebide, find fault with.

μωμητός, ή, ότ, (μωμάομαι) blamed, blamable, μάμος, ου, δ, (μέμφομαι) blame, censure, disgrace. II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.

μών, Adv., Dor. contr. for μή ούν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, it is not, is it? Lat. num? ε. μῶν ἐστι..; Answ. οὸ δήτα. Sometimes however it asks doubtingly, Lat. num forte? and may be answered in the affirmative.

μώνος, α, or, Dor. for μοῦνος, μόνος. μώ-νυξ, ἄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὅνυξ) with single, solid, uncloves boof, Lat. solipes, epith. of the horse.

maruxos, or - maruf.

jumpalves, f, drû: 201. I kulopdra: (souple) :--- to be silly, foolish, to play the fool: C. 200... respect parapairer to make a senseless attempt. IL so make foolish, convict of folly.

2. to make tasteless: Pass. to become so.

μωρανθείε, 201. I pass. part. of μωραίνω.
μωρία, ή, (μώροι) silliness, folly, absurdžey,
μωρολογία, ή, a speaking foolishly, idle &all. From
μωρολόγοε, ον, (μωρόε, λέγω) speaking foolishly.
ΜΩΡΟΣ, ά, όν, dull, beavy: generally, szupid,
silly, foolish. 2. tasteless, insipid.

μωρό-σοφος, ον, (μώρος, σοφός) foolishey mine, μώρως, Adv. of μωρός, foolishly.

Μώσα, ή, Dor. for Μοῦσα.

μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, τ. sub. \*μάω C.

## N

N. v. v9, 76, indeed, thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral, y = go, but y = go,000.

Changes of v: I. into y before the gutturals y, R, X, E, as Ey-yorde, Ey-walpoe, by-Xupide, by-II. into  $\mu$  before the labials  $\beta$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\mu$ ,  $\psi$ , as σόμ-βιος, συμ-πότης, συμ-φυής, έμ-ματής, έμ-ψυ-III. into λ. before λ. as έλ-λείπος. IV. III. into A, before A, as &A-Actrus. Y08. into p before p, as oup-pairres. V. into \u03c3 before VI. r is inserted in acr. I pass. 6. 25 000-01700. of some pure Verbs, as lipose on from lipose.

The vi idea worther or final v is found with dat. pl. in or, as dropáour for dropáou; 3 pers. pl. of verbs in or, as ellhopaour for ellhopaor; 3 pers. sing. in e and i, as keturer believesir, for keture believes: with the local termin. -or, as 'Athrpow' 'Ohverlaour; the Epic termin.  $\phi_i$ , as dorredour; with the numeral elector for elect; the Advs. rooper wererue, for vooqu weever; with the enclit. Parts. wer, vér, for se ré. It is used to avoid hiatus where a rowel follows.

vdes, vdes, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of rave.

veerip, ipos, o, and veeries, ou, o, (raid) as indebitant, dweller.

Nalapyvos and Nalusalos, & a Nazarene inha-

bitant of Nazaretb.

wal, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. sae: with an affirmative clause; but in answers the Att. use rai by itself, yea, yes, aye.

vet, Dor. and Att. post. dat. of raile. Nataubs, 4, br. (Natas) of or for a Natad.

Nalas, ados, f, mostly in pl. Nalades Ion Mulades, (vás) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

valerus, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of raise

varerauses, 3 sing. Ion. impl. of rateraus. vanerám: Ep. part. fem. raterámon, Ion. impf. rate-

τάεσκον: (raiw); I. of persons, to dwall, inhabit: generally, to live, be :- c. acc. loci, to dwell in inbabit. 2. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited.

valov, Ep. impf. rais B.

vales, a, or, Dor. for visce.

valoura, Dor. for valoura, pres. part. fem. of vales. Nate, thee, \$, Ion. Mais, (raw) = Maide. [1]

valyt, Adv. for rai, like obyl for ob.

 $NAI'\Omega (A)$ : I. intr. in pres. and impf., of persons, to dwell :-- c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inba-2. of places, to lie, be situated. Cansal, in Ep. 201. I brassus or rássus, for britsu, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; not ne of Apyel rάσσα πόλιν I would have given him a town in 2. to make a person dwell in Argos for his home. a place, to settle him :--in Ep. sor. I pass. and med., so settle, dwell; wurth bude Apyel rasty my father settled at Argos; resoure 67x Examines be settled mear Helicon.

value (B), = race, to flow, overflow. NAKH, 4. a goat-skin: a sbeep's fleece, Lat. vel-

vakos, ró, later form of ráky. [d]

νάμα, ατοε, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; v. rupée a stream of fire. Hence

vanatiolos, a, or, flowing, running.

valuepths, valuepters, Dor. for vy ---

vay, Dor. for rain, acc. of rain. NA NOZ, ô, a dwarf, Let. nānus.

vavo-duna, ie, (varoe, oun) of dwarfish stature.

Nátice, a, ov. (Nátos) from the isle of Nance: Nátioi, ol, the Nanians: Natia Albos or wirea a kind of whetstone, Lat. oos Nania.

Nati-oupyte, is, (Nation, lpyor) of Naxian work. Nagos, 4, Nauce, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

vão-módos Ion. vyo-módos, ar, (rade, modéa) devell-

ing or busied in a temple: as Subst., raoπόλοε, δ, the beeper of a temple, Lat. aeditwus. vade Ion. vnds Att. veds, d, (valu) the dwelling of

a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.). inner part of a temple, the soil, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

vaos, Dor. and Att. poet. gen. of rase.

varratos, a, or, (ram) of, in a wooded vale or dell. NATIH, \$\dagger\$, a swoody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [4]

varios, 76, later form of raise.

NATT, voe, vo, = siram, mustard. vapdo-lityly, ie, (rápdoe, linoe) ancinted with nard-oil.

vápbos, i, sard, spikenard, Let. sardus. IL nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, αν, (νάρθηξ, πληρόω) filling the

bollow of the rappy or reed. vaρθηκο-φόρος, αν. (νάρθηξ, φέρα) carrying a sing

of reed (raphyt), = deposphose: `a rod-bearer.

NA POHE, 1980e, d, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed. The stalks were used for seands, canes, rods: also, st eplinte.

vapuda, f. how: Ep. aor. I rápanou:--to grow stiff. numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid. From NAPKH, \$, stiffness, numbress, Lat. sorpor.

vapurous, b, the narcissus. (From rapuse, because, of its narcotic properties.)

vapor, a, or, (raw) flowing, liquid.

vile, \$, Dor. for rave.

νάσθη, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I pass. of sules; v. sules I vacueras, Dor. for processes.

vacube, o, (vou) a flowing current: a stream, spring. varie, Dor. for viscoe.

vioran, Ep. for tribus, nor. I of raise.

vaora, Dor. for vijooa, vijora, a dusk.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσατο, 3 sing. acr. I med. of rale: v. rale: IL 2. NA'XXA, f. ráfu: aor, I érafa; pf. pass. réraspec

or phrayum: -to press or squeeze close, stamb down, | railogue, 5; with irreg. pl. rashore. an anchorase. compress: to pile up.

vactor, i, by, (vacou) close-pressed, firm, wellkneaded. kneaded cake.

varre. Att. for rasses.

vaudyte lon. vauny : f. now: (vauayts):-to suffer shipureck, be shipurecked: to erash, smash, of chanots. Hence

vautyla Ion. vaunyly, f, sbipureck, sureck.

vaudytov Ida. vautytov, til, a piece of a wreck, wreek; raudyea lumina the wreck of a chariot. From vau-ayos lon. vaunyos, or, (rais, ayrum) shipwrecked, stranded, Lat. naufragus: generally, ruined,

vavapyéw, f. how, (vavapyos) to be admiral of a fleet. Hence

vavapxia, \$, the command of a fleet, office of admi-2. the period of his command.

vaν-apχos, δ, (rave, dpχω) the commander of a Acet, an admiral.

ναυάτης, ου, ό, poët. for ναύτηε. [ἄ]

veu-βάτης [ά], ου, ό, (raûs, βaire) one who embarks in a sbip, a seaman. Il. as Adj. nautical, of sailors.

vaú-δετον, τό, (ναθε, δέω) a ship's cable.

vaunyos, vaunyos, vaunyis, Ion. for raudy-.

νανκληρέω, f. ήσω, (ναύκληροε) to be a ship-owner, naster of a ship. II. metaph. to manage, govern.

vauchaple, the life and calling of a master of a 2. poët. a voyage: genesbip, a seafaring life. rally, an enterprise. 3. also a ship.

ναυκληρικός, ή, όν, (ναύκληρος) of or for the master

of a ship.

poët. a seaman.

ναύ-κληρος, & (ναθε, κλήροε) the owner or masser of a ship, who carried goods or passengers.

ναύ-κράρος, ό, the same with ναύκληρος. II. at Athens, the member of a division (vaukpapla) of the citizens: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 yaukoapoi belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

vaukpārim, f. how, to bave the mastery at sea, to command the sea: - Pass. to be mastered at sea.

vau-κράτης, εοε, ό, ή, (ναθε, κράτέω) baving the mastery at sea, commanding the sea.

ναν-κράτωρ, οροε, ό, ή, (ναθε, κρατέω) commanding the sea. II. as Subst. the master of a ship. [a] ναθλος, δ, or ναθλον, τδ, (ναθε) passage-money, fare, Lat, naulum. 2. also a freight.

ναυλοχέω, f. ήσω, (ναύλοχοι) to lie in a barbour or creek: to lie in wait, so as to sally out upon ships

passing! c. acc. to lie in wait for.

ναύ-λοχος, ον, (ναῦς, λόχος) affording safe anwage, baving a good roadstead.

Lat. statio navium.

ναυμάχέω, f. ήσω, (ναυμαχου) to fight in a ser,, to II. as Subst., ragree, 8. a well- fight by sea: generally, to fight or contend with. Hence

vavučxla, j, a sea-fight.

ναύ-μάχος, ον, (ναθε, μάχομαι) of, for or suited to a sea-fight; Evotà ravuaxa boarding pikes.

vaumyses, f. how, (vaumyses) to build ships:-Med., rave raveny leasan to build oneself ships:-Pass. of the ships, to be built.

vaunnyhoupos, or, (raunnyla) swited for shipbuilding.

vaumnyla, h. (vaumnyla) ship-building.

valuation, to, a place for ship-building, a dockyard. From

vau-πηγός, όν, (ναθε, πήγνυμι) building stipe: as Subst., vaumyos, b, a ship-builder, shipuright.

vau-mopos, or, (rave, ropos) traversed by ships, naval. II. parox. raunopos, or, propelling a ship! NATZ, 1, Lat. NAV-IS, a ship; rave panpa, a long ship, ship of war.—Att. declens., vans, reas, νηέ, ναθν; dual gen. νεοίν; pl. νήεε, νεών οτ νηών, ναυσί, ναθε:—Ιου., νηθε, νεόε, νηί, νέα, pl. νέεε, νεών, νηυσί, νέαε:-Ερ. νηθε, νηθε, νηί, νηα, pl. νήεε, νηών. νηυσί or νήεσσι, νῆα, (but also gen. and acc. νεόε, réa, pl. rées, rear, réessi, réas):-Dor. rave, rave, rāl, raūr, pl. rāce, ráwr, raugi or rácegu, rāce.

vaucellow, contr. for rangrolies, to carry by sea, Med. to take with one by sea: to hire a ship for oneself: - Pass., with fut. med. ravolkinopae, to eo by sea.

vauria Att. vauria, 4, (rave) sea-eiceness, qualmisbness, retebing, Lat. nausea. Hence

vaucida Att. vautida, (vaucia) to be quaimish, to retch, suffer from sea-sickness,

vauti-khartes, h, or, (rave, khertee) renounced for sbips, famous by sea.

VOUGL-KATTOS, OV. = POUGLEACITOS.

vavo (-πίδη, ή, (ναθε, πίδη) a ship-cable.

vauci-méparos lou vouciméporos, or, (rais, mepar) to be crossed by a ferry or traversed by ships, navigable. vauσι-πόμπος, or, (raθε, πέμπω) ship-wasting; rawσιπόμποε αύρα a fair breeze. 🕥

vauri-mopos, or, (rave, mopos) = raumopos, traversed by ships, of a river, navigable II. perox. veresπόρος, ον, act. going in ships, sea-faring.

pelling a ship, ship-speeding. vaudi-orovos, or, (vaûs, ortra) lamentable so the

sbip. vauot-copyros, or, (rais, copie) carried is a ship. going by sbip.

ναύ-σταθμον, τό, (ναθε, σταθμόε) a barbour, anchorage, roadstead, Lat. statio navium.

ναυστολέω, f. ήσω, (ναυστόλοι) trans. to carry σε convoy by sea: -- Pass., with fut. med. rawrehheepes. to go by sea. 2. to guide, govern. II. as Subst., like Pass., to go by sea, sail, "Hence

ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, α νογαχε. vaυστολία, ή, (raνστολέω) a going by ship, vau-στόλος, ον, (rave, στέλλω) sending by ship. voyaging, sailing.

ναύτης, ου, ό, (rave) Lat. nauta, a seaman, sailor. IL one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.

vauria, vaurides, Att. for paudia, paudides. vantuede, 4, dr. (rave, ravings) of or for a ship; resturde orparde a sea-force, opp. to welde: also, ravriebr, to, a flost; ravried, to, naval affairs, naval power. 3. of persons, skilled in seamanship, nautical.

vautale, \$, (reutate) sailing, esamanehip: in pl. poyages. Hence

vauralous, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to go by sea, make a voyage, sail.

vaurilos M, o, (vaurns) a seaman, sailor. Adj. of a ship, naval. II. the nautilus, a shellfish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for a sail.

vauro-loyin, f. how, (rairne, leye) to enlist seqmen, take on board: generally, to receive.

vau 40 opla, \$, shiptoreck, loss of ships. From van-bloos, ov. (rais, obelow) shiperrecked; ranobopos oroxy the garb of shipsorecked men. ναθφι, ναθφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναθε.

ναύ-φρακτος Att. ναύ-φαρκτος, ον, (ναθε, φράσσω) ship-fenced, ship-girt; rapppartor Bliver to look like a ship of war.

 $NA'\Omega$ , only found in pres. and impf. to flow yes, Ion. acc. sing. from yese. ve-dyyektos, or, (réce, dyyékka) nemiy told.

vell-yerhs, és, (réce, eyérw) nesely born. vehice, only found in pres. (vice), intr. to be young or new: to be the younger of two. 2. to act or 3. to grow young, grow young think like a youth.

again. ve-alperos, av. (vice, alpiu) nanty caught. ventrepos, irreg. Comp. of rice: ventreros and

véaros, irreg. Sup. ve-Embratos, or, (réce, decrées) newly-subetted, heen-

edged. veliking, in, (rios) freeh with youth: generally, fresh,

vigorous.

ve-alertos, av, (véce, alabras) nesoly caught. [a] ve-avθήs, έs, (νέοε, ἀνθέω) new-budding, blooming. velvine, ou, Ep. and Ion. venvine, ea, o, (vice) a young man, youth: often with another Subst., as, árdpes respias, zais respiss. II. as masc. Adj. youthful: fresh, vigorous, impetuous.

venviewopas, Dep. (reavias) to be a youth: to act like a youth, behave wilfully or impersously, to make youthful boasts.

vedvikos, 4, or, (rearies) youthful: fresh, impetuous, vigorous. 2. bigb-spirited, noble. 3. in bad sense, basty, wanton, insolent. 4. generally, great, enighty, strong.

velovishe, Adv. of regulity, signrously,

veduce Ion. vetives, gen. 1800, acc. redride and redriv. fem. of rearias, a young woman, girl, maiden, II. as Adj. youthful: new.

vedviouséopai, Dep. (rearionce) to be in one's youth, be a stripling.

vedvious Ion. vegvious, &, (rearies a youth, young man.

ve-double, by, (vece, double) singing youthfully. vedpos, a, br, (rece) young, youthful: fresh, were, recent, late.

velpo-pane, es, (reapée, paée) coming freib so ligh. new-uppearing.

veus, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of Se.

vidros Ion. veidros, a, or, areg. Sup. of rice, as péraros from péros, the last, uttermost, lowest, entreme; πόλιε reάτη Πύλου a city lyin - on the border of Pylos. II. of Time, latest, Lau novissimus, victor, o, the ploughing up of fallow land. From volue, f. áou, (véos) to plough up fallow land, to till

aners: rewμένη (sc. γῆ), ἡ, land ploughed aners. νεβρίδο-πεπλος, ον, (νεβρίε, πέπλοε) clad in a

fawn-skin. velloiles, f. ous to wear a favor-skin, to run about at

the feast of Bacchus. From veβple, idoe, ή, (reβpde) a fason-ekin, worn at the

feasts of Bacchus. NEBPO'Z, oû, ô, the young of the deer, a favon,

vées, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of rafe, vécoron, rarer Ep. dat. pl. of rave.

véησι, lon. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι. ven-yeving Att. and Dor. venyeving, is, (vios, vivos) new-born, just born.

ven-baking, is, (vice, bakely) fresh-ebooting, freshblown.

ve-niche Dor. vediche, ée, (réce, den) neutly whatted or sharpened.

ve-neoving, is, (vice, dubry) = venuing. ve-ήλάτος, αν, (νέος, έλαύνω) newly pounded, fresh ground; as Subst., rehlara, rá, cakes of fresh flour. vi-alus, võce, o, h, (véce, fluore) one newly come, a new-comer, Lat. advena.

venvins, venvus, Ion. for rearies, rearis.

ventorios, lon. for rearlance. veh-φάτος, αν, (νέος, φημί) fresb-uttered, newsounding.

vel, Boeot. for vh.

velas, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of véopas.

velaipă Ion. veialpu, i, irr. fem. Comp. of véos, as relator for reator in Sup., latter, lower; recalpy in yastrpl in the lower part of the belly.

velatos, y, ar, Ion. for réatos, Sup. of récs. verkeles, verkelgor, verkeleskov, v. reikier veικεστήρ, fipoe, δ, (veικίω) a surangler, disputer, brawler: c. gen. one who wrangles with.

vencetor, Acol. for reneous, 3 pl. of renees. verkém, Ion. and Ep. verkém, Ep. 3 sing. subj. resnelyon, Ion. impf. relation and rentelector: Ep. fut. reinison, Ep. 201. I reinessa: (reinos):--so quarrel,

pres. and impf. :-to go or come : commonly with a | ling, chicken. fut. sense, to go away or back: also to go to the war: of a stream, to flow back.

vec-unvia contr. voumnvia, h, (vice, who) the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month.

veo-πάθης, έε, (νέος, παθείν) suffering from a late ealamity.

vec-weveles, is, (vice, wirece) fresh-mourning. pass. lately mourned

veo-πηγής, έε, (νέοε, πήγνυμι) newly congealed or frozen.

veb-mhoures, or, (vecs, mhoures) newly enriched, vainglarious, ostentations; opp. to dexasónhouros.

veo-alitos, or, (réce, alire) newly washen Ved-words, ov. (véos, wénu) neuly shorn.

ved-wpicros, or, (veos, rpla) fresh-sawn.

Νεο-πτόλεμος, ον, (νέος, πτόλεμος) Νεω-το-εσατ, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Trov.

web-πτολιε, ή, (νέοε, πτόλιε) newly founded. veop-partos, or, (rece, palra) newly sprinkled: freshrecking.

veóρ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βίω) fresb-flowing.

veop-poros, ov. (véos, pou) just drawn.

vé-oρτos, or, (réos, δρνυμι) newly risen, generally, sew, late.

NEOZ, réa Ion. rén, réor, Att. also es, er : Ion. velos, n, or: --- of men, young, youthful: as Subst., réo., young men, youthe; ex veor from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2, suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, new, fresh, recent: but also, strange, unexpected. 4. of Time, in viou and in vias anew, afresh, Lat. denuo: hence véor Ion. reior, as Adv., newly, lately, anew: \$ > êa (sub. σελήνη) the new moon: for ένη καὶ νέα, sec III. the degrees of Comp. are vewrepos. ĺγη. reararce Ion. reiorarce, v. reice. Hence

veós (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , fresh land, fallow, Lat. novāle. veós, Ion. gen. of rave.

veo-σίγάλος, or, (réos, σιγαλόειε) new and sparkling, glossy.

veo-σκύλευτος, ον. (νέος, σεθλεύω) newly plundered. νεό-σμηκτος, ον, (νέος, σμήχω) newly cleaned. veo-σπάδης, έε, and veo-σπάς, άδοε, δ, ή, (νέοε,

order) newly plucked or gathered.

ved-ortopos, or, (réos, ortipa) neally soun.

veogration Att. veogration of votteins: f. on: (yeogσόε):- to batch; pf. part. pass. νενοσσευμένοε. veccoria lon. -in-Att. vectria, ή, (νεοσσύε) α

nest of young birds, a next: the brood of young birde.

veógracov Att. veógracov or vógracov, 76, Dim. of records, a young bird, nestling, chicken.

vectorie Att. vortie, idos, th, fem. of reodece, a

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ-, ον, (νεοσσός, κομεω) rearing young birds or chickens.

records Att. vectors, o, (vice) a young bird, new-

2. any young animal, as the young of a crocodile: a young child; in pl. a mearm of young been.

veccous, Dor. for recession.

veb-GTPOGOS, OF, (véos, GTPÉGA) secoly twisted. veo-σφάγής, έε, (νέοε, σφαγήναι) κουίς slaughtered.

νεότας, άτοε, ή, Dor. for νεότηε.

veó-τευκτος, ω, and veo-τευχής, έε, (réos, τεύχω) newly wrought or fashioned.

vebτης, ητος, ή, (νέοι) youth: also 2. youthful II. a body of youth, the youth, spirit, rasbness, Lat. juventus.

νεό-τμητος Dot. –τματος, αν. (νέοι, τέμνω) καικίν ευέ. VEG-TOKOS, OF, (VEOS, TERRIT) MAW-BOTH.

reotinos, or, act. baving just brought forth.

veo-topos, or, (réos, tepeir) fresh eut or ploughed; νεύτομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted.

fresb cut off, plucked. veo-rpedyle, is, (vios, spipe) newly reared, young. veotteum, veottia, veottor, veottor, Atl. for PEOGG-.

veotto-tpoфém, (veottós, tpépm) to rear young birds. veoupyles, f. how, to make new, renew. From ve-oupy be, br, (reos, \* lpyw) making nese, renewing. ve-outatos, or, (véos, obtán) lately wounded.

veb-bouros, or, (réos, poctám) sendy troddes. veb-dovos, or, (veos, \* deve) lately killed: fresb-shed. veó-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύω) nauly planted.

a new convert, neophyte. veo-xápaktos, er, (réce, xăpácce) newly impresses

os imprinted. veoxubs, by, (veos) new, fresh. 2. novel, unusual,

strange, revolutionary. Hence veoχμόω, f. ώσω, to make new, csp. to make political innovations.

veb-xvoos, or, (veos, xvoos) with the first down. velou, f. ŵow, (véos) to renew, renovate, change.

vénoses, av, ol, children; an old Epic word. véρθe and véρθev, Adv.,— ἔνερθε, a*nder, benegel*s: also from below II. c. gen. under, beneath.

veptépios, a, ov. (véptepos) under tound. Lat. in-

veprepo-δρόμος, σε, δ. (νέρτερος, δρύμος) the compier of the dead.

véprepos, a, ov, - éveprepos, lower, netber, Lat. izferior, a Comp. without any Posit, in use: but also as a Posit. - veprépios, netber, infernat, underground; ol reprepor the dwellers in the nether world, the gods below or the dead, Lat. inferi.

NETTOE, &, a bird of prey.

velua, arts, ró, (reva) a nod ot sign: a sommand veθμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for réoμε.

NETPA' Ion. veuph, \$, a siness, tendon. IL. string or sord of siness; I. a bow-tring. a musical string or chord.

veuperf. 1, post. for reupa. veupt, \$, Ion. for reupa.

veupfier, veupfier, Ep. gen. and dat. of respect

veupo lalos, or, (relipor, lalos) with sounding strings.

NET PON, 76, Lat. nervus, a siness, tendon: esp. in pl. respa, the tendons of the feet; respa respect to hamstring, disable.

2. metaph. strength, vigour, nerve.

II. a string, cord, lace made of siness: hence

2. a bossetring: also cord of a sling.

3.

a musical string or sbord.

vevpo-πλατής, ές (νεύρον, πλέκω) plaited with sinews.

vevpoppaφέω, f. ήσω, to stitch with sinews: to mend these. From

veupo-pacos, or, (respor, paste) stitching with sineur: as Subst. a cobbler.

veupo-omdôte, és, (reupor, ordu) draum on strained back with a sinew or string; reupocrache draumos the arrow draum back with the string, i. e. just ready to fty.

veupó-σπαστος, ον, (νεύρον, σπάω) draun by strings; dγάλματα νευρόσπαστα puppets moved by

strings.

veupo-τενής, (ε, (νεθρον, τείνω) stretched by sinews. veupo-χάρής, (ε, (νεθρον, χαρήναι) delighting in the bountring

reproper of rencollier, fut. of rea B.

vevoraçes, (reve) to nod, Lat. nuto; revoraçes sopole to nod with the crest, stride with nodding crest; revoraçes sepang to nod with the head, of one fainting; revoraçes δρφόσε to make signs with the eyebrows.

NETΩ, f. νεύσω, to nod, beckon, as a sign or command.

2. in token of assent, to nod, bow, promise, confirm by a nod.

3. generally, to nod, bend forward; νεύειν κάτω to stoop; νεύειν κεφαλάε to bow down, droop the head; νεύειν είε τι to incline towards a thing.

4. metaph, to decline, fall away.

weφέλη, ή, (νέφου) a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. nebula: metaph. the cloud of death; δχεου νεφέλη a cloud of sorrow.

II. a fine bird-net.

νεφελ-ηγερέτα, Ep. for -της, δ, only used in nom. and gen. νεφελεγερέταο, (νεφέλη, άγείρω) cloud-gatherer, cloud-compeller.

Nepeko-kévraupos, ô, (repéky, Kérraupos) a cloudcontaur.

Neφελο-κοκκυγία, ή, (νεφέλη, κόκκυξ) Cloud-cuckoosoun, built by the birds in Aristoph. Aves. Hence

Νεφελο-κοκκύγιεύς, δ, citizen of Cloud-cuckoo-town. νεφελόω, f. ώσω, (νεφέλη) to make cloudy. Hence νεφελωτός, ή, δε, made of clouds.

veφo-eιδήs, és, (νέφου, elδου) like a cloud.

NE ΦΟΣ, cos, τό, a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. mebula: metaph. the cloud of death, θανάτου μέλαν νέφος; so, νέφος δφρύων a cloud spon the brow.

2. metaph. also, a cloud or dense throng of men, birds, etc.

vechpîrie, ιδος, (νεφρόε) fem. Adj. of or in the kidneys; ή νεφρίτιε (ες. νόσος), a disease in the kidneys. ΝΕΦΡΟΈ, οῦ, ὁ, mostly in pl. the kidneys. ΝΕΩ (A), to go, ν. sub νέομαι.

NE'Ω (B), impf. freer Ep. foreer: fut. resosquat and revosüput: acr. I freyes:—to swim, Lat. nāre. 2. of shoes that are too large; rear to play βάσιν to swim or slip about in one's shoes.

NE'Ω (C), fut. rhow: Ep. 3 pl. sor. I med. rhowro:

aor. 1 pass. ἐνήθην:—to spin, Lat. nēre.

NE Ω (D), fut. νήσω: Ion. νήω, νηδω, νηνδω: pf. pass. νένημαι οτ νένησμαι :—to pile, heap, heap up. νωκορόω, f. ήσω, (νεωκόρου) to be a bedel, to have charge of a temple.

II. metaph. to keep elean and pure. Hence

vewcopla, h, the office of a bedel

vee-nopos, 8, (rews, noptes) properly one who sweeps a temple: hence one who has charge of a temple, a bedel, verger, Lat. aedituus. II. a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patrongod: hence Ephems was called reamtopos Aprépilos.

νέωε, gen. pl. of réos: but νεών, gen. pl. of raûs. νεών, ῶνοε, δ, (raûs) a dock or basis for ships,

veew, arros, ο, (rave) a acer or basin for theps, ve-arratos, or, (réos, dréoμαι) newly bought. ve-arras, és, (réos, ara) new, fresh, late.

ve-topiov, τύ, (γεωρύε) a place where ships are overbauled, a dock-yard, arsenal.

veise, is, δ, Att. for raise, a temple, like λείνε for λαίε. νείκε, Att. gen. of rais.

veώσ-ouros, δ, (veús gen. of raûs, ouros) literally a ship's house, a slip or doch in which a ship was built or repaired: a store-house, being a part of the veωριον. νεωστί, Adv. of véos, lately, just now, recently.

vierra, Adv. of vios, Acol. for vierre, vierre, next year, for next year; also, els rierra.

veώτατος, η, ον, Sup. of νές: Adv. νεώτατα, most recently.

vewreples, f. low Att. is, (restrepos) to make changes or alterations: to make innovations or revolutionary movements.

II. trans. to change entirely; restrely to revolutionise the state.

veertepicos, ή, όν, (νέου) natural to a youth, youthful. veertepicubs, οῦ, ὁ, (νεωτερίζω) innovation.

vectopowords, \$\psi\$, innovation, revolution. From vectopo-words, \$\psi\$, (restrepos, \psi sign) innovating, revolutionary.

vecorepos, a, or, Comp. of réce, jounger: newer, fresher: in bad sense, atrange, unu.ual; τα recorepa το αναστέρα το ενοιμείονων πονεments, Lat. res πουαε. Αdv. reortfoom, more resently.

νη-, insep. Prefix, being a strengthd form of draprivat., as in νη-πενθής; cf. Lat. no- in ne-fas, etc. NH', Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; νη Δία or νη των Δία, also νη

μὰ τὸν Δία, yea by Zeus!

νηα, νηας, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of ναθε. νηγάτεσε, η, ον, (for νεηγάτου by transposition of ε

and n, from veos, yeyaa,) new-mad.

vij-yperos, or, (vy-, èyelps) unu iking; vijyperos vivos a sleep ibat knows no waking, a sound deep sleep: later also of death: neut. 20 Adv., vijyperos without waking. νήθικα, est, τά, (τηδόε) the entrails, bowels, Lat. intestina.

νηδυιόφιν, for νηδυόφιν, Ep. gen. of νηδύε.

νήδυμος, or, Homeric epith. of υπνος: either like νήγρετος, sound, deep sleep; or from ήδύε, sweet, delightful, as if for ήδυμος.

NHAYE, voe, \(\psi\_t\) the stomach, or the belly, paunch:
the womb:—also the bowels, entrails; \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) entrails; \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) out take out the entrails, \(\delta\) disembowel.

visov, Ep. impf. of ryles.

vies, nom. pl. of rave.

νήσσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of raθe.

vyse, fut. vyse, Ion. and Ep. for view, to beap or pile up.

II. to pile, load.

vinear, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of vyla: \_vynearta, 3 sing. aor. I imper. med.

vhow, (view c) to spin.

vyl, Ion. dat. sing. of vails.

Ninas, ádos, f. Ion. for Naids.

vinos, η, ον, Dor. válos, α, ον, also os, ον, of, belonging to a ship; δόρυ vinor ship-timber.

Nyle, 1800, t, Ion. for Nate.

vius, ιδος, δ, ή, (νη-, lδείν) unknowing, unlearned: c. gen. unskilled in a thing.

νηίτης, ου, δ, (ναῦε) of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships. [1]

νη-κερθής, έε, (νη-, κέρδοε) without gain, unprofitable.

vή-κερως, ωτος, δ, ή, Ερ. νή-κερως, ων, (νη-, κέραε) not borned, without borns.

vη-κεστος, ον, (νη-, ἀκέομαι) incurable.

**νη-κουστέω**, (νη-, ἀκούω) to give no beed to, disobey: Ep. 201. Ινηκούστησα.

νη-λεής, έε, dat. and acc. νηλέι, νηλέα, as if from νηλής, (νη-, ξλεοε) without pity, pitiless, rutbless, remorseless; νηλεέε ήμαρ the rutbless day, i. e. the day of death. II. unpitied.

νηλειής, έε, Ερ. for νηλεήε. Adv. νηλειώς.

νηλεό-θυμος, ον, (νηλεής, θυμός) of rutbless spirit. νηλεό-ποινος, ον, (νηλεής, ποινή) punishing rutblessly.

νηλεωs, Adv. of νηλεήε, without pity.

νηλής, έε, see νηλεήε.

· νηλίπους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -πόδος, = dν-ηλίπους, musbod, barefooted: hence needy, abject. [1]

νη-λίττης, ές, (νη-, άλίτειν) guiltless, barmless, unoffending.

νήμα, ατος, τό, (νέω to spin) that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates.

νη-μερτής, έε, (νη-, δμαρτείν) unfailing, unerring, infallible; νημερτές ένισπείν, νημερτέα είπείν to speak infallible truths.

νηνεμία Ion. -ίη, ή, stillness in the air, a calm: —
γαλήνη έπλετο τηνεμίη there was a calm and perfect
stillness. From

virvence, or, (vy-, drepos) without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.

νηνέω, = νηέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, to beap. νήνιε, ιοε, ή, coutr. for νεῶνιε, a girl, maidm. νήξιε, εωε, ή, (νήχω) a swimming.

νήξομαι, fut. of νήχομαι.

νηο-βάτης, ου, δ, lon. for ναυ-βάτης. [d]

vηο-πόλος Att. vao-, ον, (νηύε - ναύε, τολίω) busying oneself in a temple: as Subst., νηοπύλος, ο, a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.

νηο-πορέω, f. ήσω, (ναθε, πίρου) to go in a ship νηός, οθ, δ. Ion. for rade, a temple.

vnos, Ion. gen. of rave.

vyó-coos poet. vyóc-coos, ev, (vaûs, cabe) protecting ships.

νηο-φόρος, αν. (ναθε, φέρω) bearing ships.
νη-όχος, ον. (ναθε, έχω) bolding ships.
νη-πενθής, έε, (νη-, πένθοε) free from sorrow. Π.

act, sootbing or assuaging sorrow.
vnmla Ep. vnmlaa and vnmlen, h. (vhmlos) child-

bood, infancy: in plur. childishness, folly.

νηπιάζω, f. ησω, = νηπιαχεύω.

vyntaxeve, to be childish, play like a child. From vyntaxes, est poet, for vyntaxes, childish.

vnaten, i, Ion. for vnaia.

vήπίος, a lon. η, ον, Att. also ee, ον, (νη-, έποε) properly, not speaking, Lat. infans; νήπια τέινα infant children: also νήπια alone, the young of an animal.

II. metaph. childish, senseless: without forethought, weak, helpless.

νηπιότης, ητος, ή, - νηπία.

νή-πλεκτος, ον, (νη-, πλέκω) not plaited: with unbraided bair.

νη-ποινεί or -i, Adv. of νήποινος, Lat. impune, with impunity.

νή-ποινος, ον, (νη-, ποινή) unpunithed, unavenged,

with impunity: but, overing refrances without above of, unblest with, fruitful trees.

veryworkevougu, Dep. to behave childishly. From

νη-πύτιος, α, ον. (νη-, δινίω) childish, infantine; and as Subst. a child, like νήπιος, Lat. infant:—motaph. childish, thoughtless, heedless.

Nupris Ion. Nupris, toos, h, a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl. Nupribes: they were fifty in number. Cf. Naids.

Nuprés, gen. éas Ion. sos, é, Nersus, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus (the sea), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence

Νηρή, poët, for Νηρηίε.

Nηρηίε, ίδοε, ή, Ion. for Nηρείε.

vή-piθμοs, ω, (νη-, dριθμόs) countless, number less. vή-piτos, ω, poët. form of νήριθμοs.

vifou, 201. I inf. both of view (C) to spin, and view (D) to pile up.

vησαίος, a lon. η, ον, (νήσοι) of ot for **an island**, insular.

νήσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of νέω (c) to spin. νησίδιον, τό, Dim. of νῆσοι, an islet.

νησίον, τό, Dim. of νήσοε, an islet.

vyole, idee, h, Dim. of vijose, an islat.

PROTING, 1800, A. [1]

**νησίωτης,** ου, δ, fcm. - Δτιε, ιδος, ή, (νήσος) ακ IL as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence

νηστωτικός, ή, όν, of or for an island or an islander;

τό νησιωτικόν insular situation.

νησο-μάχία, ή, (νήσοι, μάχη) an island-fight. NH ZOZ Dor. vooce, ov. n. an island, Lat. insula:

also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese vhora Att. vhrta, ή, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas. [fruits of victory. νησσάριον Att. νηττ -, τδ, Dim. of νήσσα, a duckling. νηστεία, ή, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast.

νηστεύω, f. σω, (νηστιε) to fast; νηστεύειν τινός

to fast from, abstain from a thing

who was too or fee, b, and \$: nom. pl. who tree or rhoτeis: (νη -, δοθίω): -not eating, fasting.

act. eauting bunger, starving.

νησύδριον, τό, Dim. of νησοι, an islet. whateres, or, (rn-, the unaverged, unpunished. vητός, ή, όν, (νέω to beap) beaped up, piled up varbs, 4, br. (vies to spin) spun, twisted. where, f. vyttapiov, to, Att. for vyosνηθε, ή, Ion. for ναθε.

vapori, Ion. dat. pl. of rave.

VAUGU-REPRITOR, OF, V. PAUGI-REPATOR.

vh υτμος, ον. (νη-, άυτμή) breatbless.

νηφάλιεύς, δ, - νηφάλιος.

νηφάλιος, α, αν, also oe, αν, (νήφαν) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine; σηφάλια μειλίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [a] νήφοσι, poēt. for νήφουσι, dat. pl. part.

NH ΦΩ, f. rhow, to drink no wine, to be sober, live

soberly.

νή-χύτος, ω, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, fullflowing.

νήχω Dor. νάχω, f. ξω, (νέω) to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, aor. 1 ένηξάμην.

vyav. Ion. gen. pl. of rave. vaces, Dor. for races, acc. pl. of race.

viylapos, 6, a small fife, pipe or whistle, used by the

ecelevering to give the time in rowing.

NIZΩ, f. rhfor: nor. 1 ένημα:—Med., f. rhfopae: 201. I ένιψάμην: pf. νένιμμαι:-- to wash, esp. the hands and feet; vhfaobai able to wash one's bands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, pu-11. to wash off.-vi(e is properly used of rify. washing part of the body, howopar of bathing, whive of washing elother.

warata. Dor. for richow, fut, of riches.

wasawely, Dor for rushwerr, fut. inf. of rushes. TEATHO, & Dor. for VIETTHO.

TECTOP, opes, 6, Dor. for viettan.

TECO, f. how, (vien) to conquer, prevail, get the pper band; ra xepelora vina the worse prevails; To as resars let the good prevail; visar tive to win in the judgment of another. s. of opinions, to

vacting, ou, δ, (rigose) of or for an island: fem. | prevail, carry the day; ή νικύσα γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority. 3. as law-term, lo win in a ruil, gam a eaure II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, oversome, overpower:-Pass., vinaobai to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to. III. c. acc. cognato, visip visco to gain a victory; vaupaxiav vaupaxeir to win a seafight.

vixacs, or, (rires) victorious.

NIKH [1], \$\dagger\$, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the

vien, Acol, and post, for evien, 3 sing, impf. of viene. vinhas Dor. vinders, evou, er, (rin) sictorious, conquering.

viendeis, sor. I part. pass. of riedes.

virgus, Acol. for risde. [7]

vieno eury, Ep. for vieno eir, fut, inf. of viena. WINTED, Yerb. Adj. of rieda, one must conquer.

νίκητήρ, ήροε, δ, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence virgingios, a, or, belonging to a conqueror or to victory. II. as Subet, rientholor (sub. ablor), to. the prize of victory 2. FIRTTHOIR (sub. lepd), Td, a festival in bonour of victory; vikythpior latiar to celebrate the feast of victory.

Then the ou, b, (rinder) a conqueror.

Viknrikos, 4, or, (vieder) likely to conquer, conducing to victory.

νικήτωρ, epoe, δ, post. for νικητήρ, a conqueror. viknoopie, f. how, (rumpipos) to carry off as prize, win. Hence

Viendopia, h, a conquering, victory.

νίκη-φόρος, ον, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. bearing off the prize, conquering, victoriou-

Vlkό-βουλος, ονι (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.

viko-uáxis, ov. ô, (rikáw, uáxy) conqueror in the

vikos, eos, to, later form for vikn, sectory.

νικώτν, Att. contr. for νικάσειν, 3 pl. opt of νικάσι. viv, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of ard pers. Pron., for αθτόν, αθτήν, αθτό, bim, ber, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing, and pl., but the pl. is much more rare: Hom., and Ion. writers use wir.

νιατήρ, ήρος, δ, (νίζω) a washing vessel, basin, laver. viπτρον, τό, (riζω) water for washing: mostly in plur.

viero, later form for vila.

vlocopai, f. vlochai [l] — véchai, to go, to go away. NITPON, 76, in Herodotus and Att. Altpov, carbonate of soda, soda.

vida, the, snow, irreg. acc. of ripds, as if from a nom. \*vb.

νζφάς, άδος, ή, (rίφω) a snow-flake: in pl. snowflakes, a storm of snow. 2. generally, a shower: metaph., ripds rolepov the storm or sleet of II. 25 Adj., fem. of vipóeis, snowy, snow-capt. vlφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίφω.

videros, οῦ, δ, (ripa) a shower of snow, a snow-storm. νίφο-βολος, (riφα, βάλλω) enou-beaten, wintry.

vissue, eva, ev. (riga) snow-covered, enow-capt. visso-cristin, is, (riga,  $\sigma r \iota \beta e \hat{\nu}$ ) thick with enow. NI  $\Phi \Omega$  [I], f. riga, intrans. to enow; is beds right, or right alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with enow. Pass. to be snowed on, covered with enow. Cf. is, is place.

viψαι, viψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of rifa. viψω, fut. of rifa, and also of riφω.

vospos, a, or, (voce, vous) intellectual.

voίω, f. reήσω: Ion. rώσω: aor. I ἐνίησα Ion. ένωσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα:-- Med., Ep, 3 sing. aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νωσάμενος:-- Pass., aor. I ένοήθην:-Pass., aor. I ένοήθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion. réνωμα: Ion. plapf. ererώμην: (νόοε):—to see so as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely seeing, as, Tov be low evoque when he saw him be perceived who he was : to notice, remark. think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, intend: c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. voice, discreet, though ful. 2. of words or expressions, to mean, imply, bave a certain sense. III. to think out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοξω) that which is thought, a thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III. generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, thoughtful, sensible: also in

ones right mind, opp. to mapapportor.

νόησιε, εωε, ή, (νοέω) thought, intelligence. νοητικόε, ή, όν, (νοέω) intelligent.

νοητός, ή, όν, (νοίω) perceptible, intelligible.

νοθα-γενής, έε, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νίθος, γενέ-

σθαι) base-born.
1.30-καλλοσύνη, ή, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious charms.
NO ΘΟΣ, η, σε, Att. also os, σε, illegitimate, born out of wedlock; νόθος wide a natural son, opp. to γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus.

Jounterfait, adulterated.

volbiov, τό, Dim. of νόσε, νοθε, a little thought, a gation.

νομαίοε, α, ον, (νομόε) roaming, roving, ranging.

διμαίοε, α, ον, (νόμοε) customary, conventional: τὰ

νόμαια, like νόμιμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.

νομ-άρχης, ου, δ, (νομός, άρχω) the chief of an Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians. νομάς, άδος, δ, ή, (νόμος) roaming, ranging, wandering from one place to another: Noμάδες, οἱ, pastoral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads; and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidae.

II. grazing, feeding.

νόμευμα, ατοε, τό, (νομεύω) that which is put to graze, a flock or herd.

νομεύε, έωε Ερ. η̂οε, δ, (νέμω, νομόε) a shepherd or herdsman. II. a dispenser, distributer. III. piur. νομέεε – έγκοίλια, are the ribs of a ship.

νομεθοι, dat. pl. of νομεύε.

νομεύσω, Dor. for νομεύσω, fut of νομεύω.

νομεύω, (νομεύε) to pasture, feed, drive afield; βουσί make laws for oneself.

roughe rometer to feed down the pastures with oxen, Lat. depasters. νομή, ή, (τέμω) a pasture, pasturage: fodder, food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, distribution; esp. of an inheritance.

vouries, Ep. for voucie, nom. pl. of roucie.

voules: fut. roules Ion. roules Att. roues: pf. νενόμικα:-Pass., aor. Ι ἐνομίσθην: pf. νανόμισμαι: (νόμοι):—to bold or own as a sustom or usage: said of things recognised by convention or prescriptive right; voul(ew rode beove to recognize the gods acknowledged by the state; but, ropicer beove to recognise the existence of the gods generally:-Pass. to be in esteem; voulgerou it is the custom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα or veropeophra, customs, usages, leun, Lat. instituta. 2. to adopt, practise a custom of usage; Έλληνει ἀπ' Αίγυπτίων ταῦτα νενομίκασι the Greeks bave adopted these customs from the Egyptians. to own, acknowledge, recognise as; rove saxode xpnστούε νομίζειν:-in Pan, του θεών νομίζεται; to which of the gods is it beld sacred? 4. absol. so be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old laws and customs. II. c. dat., like χρησθαι, to be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current coin. III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing

νομϊκόε, ή, όν, (νόμοε) of or for the lawe: resting on the authority of law.

II. learned in the law:

as Subst., vomeros, o, a lawyer.

will be.

vόμιμος, η, ον, (νόμος) conformable to mage or law: hence I. conventional, prescriptive. 2. lawful, legal.
3. in neut. pi. νόμμα, mages, emstoms: νόμμα ποιεῦν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary offices, Lat. justa facere.

II. of persons, observant of law.

νομίμως, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομιμώτερον.

volutos, a, or, also oe, or, (roμόε, roμή) belonging to shepherds, pastoral.

νόμίσιε, ή, (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, α

mode of esteeming.

voutarua, aros, ró, (roulfu) anything recognised by established usage, viz.,

1. the current coin of a state, Lat. nummus: cf. roulfu, fin.

2. an established weight or measure, legal measure.

3. any institution or custom.

νομο-γράφοε, ον, (νόμοε, γράφω) writing laws: 28. Subst., νομογράφοε, δ, a lawgiver.

voμο-δείκτηε, ου, δ, (νόμοε, δείκνυμι) an explainer
of the laws.

νομο-διδάσκαλοε, δ. (νόμοε, διδάσκαλοε) α teacher of the law: 50, νομο-διδάκτηε, ου, δ.

νομοθεσία, ή, law-giving, legislation. From

voμοθετέω, f. ήσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver, make law: :-Pass. to bave a code of law: :- Med. to make laws for oneself. Il. to ordain by law. Alonou νομοθέτημα, ματοε, τό, a law, ordinance. νομοθέτημα, ου, δ, (τόμος, τίθημι) a lawgiver.

voμόνδε, Adv. (νομόε) to the pasture.

wouhe, οῦ, ὁ, (νέμω) a pasture, place for cattle to graze; rouhe haye a woodland pasture.

2. pasturage, borbage: generally, food.

3. metaph, ἐπέων wohbe rouhe ample pasture, a wide range for words.

II. as abode allotted to one, a district, department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.

rópios, ov, δ, (νέμω) anything assigned or apportioned, vis., Lan usage, custom, convention: a positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum; νόμφ, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally:—at Athens νόμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called θεσμοί.

2. χειρῶν νόμοι the law of force or might, opp. to δίκης νόμοι; ly χειρῶν νόμο διαφθείρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; te χειρῶν νόμον ἀπικόθαι to come to blows.

II. a musical strain: a song, ode; νόμοι τολεμικοί war-songs.

νομο-φύλαξ, ἄποε, τό, (νόμοε, φύλαξ) a guardian

of the laws. [8]

νοό-πλημτος, er, (νόος, πλήσσω) striking the mind,

mind-distracting.

NO'OZ, v600, contr. vole, vol, 8; later also gen. vods, dat. vol, acc. v6a, nom. pl. v6es:—mind, Lat. mens; vlop or odv v6e mindfully, prudently; wdpes v600 without sense; dvepôwaw v600 the mood or temper of men; èx wavrde v600 with all his beart; ward v600 according to one's mind.

II. a thought, purpose, resolve.

III. the sense or meaning of a word or expression.

voσερός, ά, έν, (νόσος) sickly, ill.

whether in body or mind.

tressed, suffer, be afflicted.

νοσηλεία, ή, (νοσηλεύω) matter discharged from a

running sore.

νοσηλεύω, (νοσέω) to tend a sick person.

νόσημα, ατοε, τό, (νοσέω) a sickness, disease, plague, malady.

2. metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction.
νοσημάτ-άδης, εε, (νόσημα, είδοε) sickly.

vocapos, a, or, (vocio) unbealthy, unwholesome, of

places.

NOZOZ Ion. voloros, f, sickness, disease: a malady, ailment. II. metaph. distress, affliction, evil. 2. disease of mind, esp. madness. 3. generally, a plague, bane, mischief.

νοσο-φόρος Ioa. νουσ-, ον, (νόσος, φέρω) bringing

sickness or disease.

voσσεύω, contr. for νεοσσεύω, to batch.

vocala, 4, and vocalev, 76, Att. contr. for recorvocale, iloe, 4, Dim. of rosale, Att. contr. for records, a little bird: also a young girl.

νοσσο-τροφέω, contr. for νεοσσοτροφέω.

voorte, f. ήσω, (νόστοε) to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country.
2. to return safe after danger,
3. generally, to go, come, travel,

νοστήσειε, Acol. 3 sing. opt. 201. 1. of νοστέω. νοστήσειεν, Ερ. inf. fut. of νοστέω.

νόστιμος, ον. (νέστος) of or belonging to a return; νόστιμον ήμαρ the day of return.
2. returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. salvus.

vbortos, ou, δ, (νέομαι) a return home or homeward: c. gen. loci, return to a place. 2. generally, travel, journey; νόστος φορβής a journey to bring food home, i. e. in search, in quest of food.

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. νόσφιν: L. as Adv. of Place, afar, aloof, apart; hence aside, secretly, furtively: νόσφιν ἀπό, c. gen., like νόσφι n, aloof from.

II. as Prep. c. gen. far from, aloof or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from.

2. of mind or disposition, νόσφιν 'Αχαιῶν apart from the Achaean, i. e. differing from

hem. 3. besides, except.

νοσφίδιος, α, στ, (νίσφι) taken away, abstracted. νοσφίδιος, είσω Att. νοσφιῶ, (νόσφι) το put away, remove, part. II. Med. and Pass. νοσφίδιομαι, Ερ. part. νοσφισάμενος: aor. I pass. ἐνοσφισάμεν :— to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act. sense, to leave, forsake, abandon.

2. metaph. of the mind, to become extranged or alienated.

III. act. to abstract, steal: c. dupl. acc., to rob one of a thing:—Med. to appropriate.

2. to make away with, bill, despatch.

voσφισθείε, aor. I part. pass. of roσφίζω. νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of roσφίζω. νοσώδηε, εε, (rόσοε, elδοε) sickly, eiling: generally, diseased. II. act. unubolesome, unbealiby.

νοτερόε, ά, όν, (νότοε) wet, damp, moist; νοτερόε χειμών a storm of rain.

vorla, h, wet, damp, moisture, rain; vorlas elapeval spring rains.

vortee, f. iou, (νότιοε) to moisten:—Pass. to be west. νότιοε, α, ων, also ων, ων (νότοε) west, damp, rainy; istoù δ' ἐν νοτίω τήν γ' ὡρμισαν they moored her [the ship] far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach.

IL southern, southerly.

voτle, ίδοε, ή, (νύτοε) moisture, damp, wet.

NOTOE, ov, b, the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus.

11. the south or south-west quarter.

vorreum, vorrior, etc., contr. for veorr-.

νου-βυστικός, ή, όν, (νοῦε, βύω) chokefull of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever. Adv. -κῶε, cleverly. νουθεσία, ή, a warning, admonishing: reproof. From νου-θετέω, f. ήσω, (νοῦε, τίθημι) to bring to mind: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise. Hence νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, an admonishon, warning.

vouθετητέος, α, αν, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, so be warned, advised.

νουθετικός, ή, όν, (νουθετέω) admonitory.

vou-μηγία, ή, Att. contr. for νεομηνία, the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month vouv-kχης, έε, (νοῦε, έχω) baving understanding, smaible, discrest. Adv. -χῶν, discrestly, prudently.

vole, \$, contr. for roos, mind.
volumes, \$, Ion. for roose,
volume-\$\delta\cong \text{or}, \text{or}, \text{Ion. for roose}\delta\cong \text{or},

vouro-popos, or, lon. for rorogopos

שיני, בכם צינטי, צינטי.

νύγδην, Adv. (νόσσω) by pricking, Lat. punctim. vbyols, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.

TURTEPELOTOS, OF, - TURTEPHOLOS, Rightly.

vart sperge, ou, b, (vie, lpesow) one who rows by night.
vartspertuke, h, br, fit for watching by night, fit
for bunting by night. From

vuntepein, f. on, (vintepos) to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouae: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night.

VUETEP HOUSE, OF, (VUETEPOS) nightly.

νοκτερίνος, ή, όν, (νύξ) nightly, by night, Lat. noc-turnus.

νυκτερίε, ίδοε, ή, (νύξ, νύκτεροε) a night-bird, a bat, Lat. vespertilio.

νύκτερος, ον, (rúf) nightly.

νυκτερ-ωπός, όν, (νύκτερος, άψ) night-faced, dusky. νυκτ-ηγορέω or in Med. νυκτ-ηγορέομαι, (νύξ, άγορά) to assemble by night. Hence

νυκτηγορία, ή, a nightly assembly or discourse. νυκτ-ηρεφής, εε, (νύξ, έρέφω) shrouded by night,

gloomy.

vucti-Spopos, pr. (rif, Spipm) rearing by night,

vucti-Yāpos, or, (rif, Yapim) marrying by night or

clandestinely.

VURTI-KAÉSTIS, OU, O, - PURTORAÉSTIS.

wwxt-κόραξ, άπος, ό, (rύf, κόραξ) the night-jar, goatsuctor. slso the screech-out.

νυκτί-λαθραιο-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραίος, φάγείν) eating secretly by night.

vuert-hahos, or, (ruf, hahle) nightly-sounding, serenading.

τυκτι-λαμπής, έε, (νύξ, λάμπω) illumined by night alone, i e. gloomy, murky.

vúctios, a, or, (vút) nightly.

νυκτί-πάται-πλάγιος, ον, (νύς, πατέω, πλάγιος) roaming about by night. [a]

vonti-πλαγκτος, or, (ν<sup>i</sup>ξ, πλάξω) making to wander by night, disquisting, disturbing: also 2. pass. vontirλαγκτος elvή a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed.

vukti-πλάνής, έε, and vukti-πλάνος, ον, (νύξ, πλαrau) wandering, rambling about by night.

vurt-πόλος, or, (νύξ, πολίω) roaming by night,
νυ ττ-σεμνός, or, (νύξ, σεμνόε) colemnied by night.
νικτι-φανής, έε, (νύξ, φανήνω) chining or appearing by night.

vurt-φαντος, or, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) appearing by night: saiglely.

νυκτι-φρούρητος, or, (νύξ, φρουρέω) keeping night-

νυκτο-θήρας, ου, ό, (νύξ, θηράω) one who buns by night. νυκτο-μλίπτης, ου, ό, (νύξ, κλίπτω) a thief of the night. νυκτο-μάχέω, ί. ήσω, (νύξ, μάχη) to fight by night. Hence vvæτομάχία, ή, a night hattle, a baitle in the dark.
vvæτο-ποριπλάνητος, ον, (νύξ, περιπλάνδω) rambling about at night,

vucro-πόροs, ε. ήσω, to go or travel by night. From vucro-πόροs, ω, (νέξ, πέροε) travelling by night. vucro-φδίξε, έε, (νέξ, φέοε) giving light by night; thining by night.

vverootidation, f. how, to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch. From

vuero-φύλαξ, dece, δ, ή, (νύς, φύλας) one that keep. watch by night, a warder, Lat. encubitor.

νυκτῷον, τό, (Núf) a temple of Night.

vucr-wrós, όν, (νύξ, άψ) with the look of night, i.e., murky, obscure.

νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) by night, Lat. noctu. νύμφα, pošt. for νύμφη, in νος. νύμφα φίλη. νύμφα, Dor. for νύμφη.

νυμφ-ἄγωγός, ότ, (νύμφη, άγω) the leader of the bride; esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the friend of the bridegroom. νυμφαίου, τό, a temple of the Nymphs, Lat. Nymphaeum. From

νυμφαίος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or sacred to the Nymphs. νυμφάν, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφα,

νυμφείος, α, ω, (νύμφη) belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial.

II. as Subst., νυμφείον (sub. δώμα), τό, the bridechamber.

2. νυμφεία (sub. lepά), τό, nuptial rites, marriage;—but, also, the bride berself.

νύμφευμα, τό, (νυμφεύω) marriage, espousal.

II. the person marriad, a match.

νυμφευτήριος, α, ον, (νυμφεύω) bridal, nuprial.
νυμφευτής, οῦ, δ, (νυμφεύω) the friend of the bridegroom, – παρανύμφιοε. II. a bridegroom, bushand.
νυμφεύτρια, ἡ, (νυμφευτής) a bridesinaid. II.

νυμφεύτρια, ή, (νυμφευτή») a bridesmaid. II. the bride herself.
νυμφεύω, f. σω, (νύμφη) to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber. 2. to

marry, mostly of the woman, Lat. subsre: but also of the man, Lat. ducers.

II. Pass., with fut. med. vuμφεύσομαι, aor. I both med. and pass. ἐνυμφευσώμην, ἐνυμφεύθην:—to be given in marriage, suarry, of the woman.

III. Med., of the man, so sale

to wife. NYMOH, f, voc. also rouped: a bride, Lat. mupea: 3. any married hence, 2. a young wife. woman, like Lat. nympha. 4. a marriageable II. as prop. name, a Nymph, a godmaiden. dess of lower rank, called in Homer beal Number: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: springnymphs were Naiads, Nathes; sea-nymphs, Nypnides; mountain-nymphs, Νύμφαι δρεστιάδες οτ δρεάδες; tree-nymphs, from the oak their favourite tree, Apr άδες, Αμαδρυάδες, Αδρυάδες; rain-nymphs, Νύμφα ύάδες; meadow-nymphs, Νύμφαι λειμανιάδας; rocknymphs. Νύμφαι πετραίαι. 2. the Muses are often called Nymphs: hence all persons in a state of rapture were said to be caught by the Nymphs, φύληπτοι. Lat. lymphati.

pupa of moths.

vuμφίδιοs, a, av, (νέμφη) of or belonging to bridal, suptial.

νυμφικός, ή, όν, = νυμφιδιος.

νυμφίος, δ, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, busband. as Adj , viµquos, tor, newly-wedded : bridal. νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) deplored by

brides or wives. νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to dress oneself as a bride. 11.

to dress a / ride, lead bome as bride. From νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) dressing or taking

care of a bride: bridal. νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) possessed by Nymphs, i. e. rapt, entranced, Lat. lymphatus.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort the bride.

νυμφό-τίμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) bonouring (be bride; μέλοε νυμφότιμον the song in bonour of the bride. νυμφών, ώνοι, δ, (νύμφη) the bridechamber.

NT'N, enclit. vuv Ep. vu. Adv. now, at this very time, Lat. nune; ol viv avopouron men of the present day; & vûv xpóvos the time present. 2. with the Article, to rur or to rur, torur or torur, as to the present, i. e. at the present moment, a stronger form of II. viv also denotes the immediate following of one thing wpon another in point of Time, then, 2. also an Inference, then, therefore; μή νῦν μοι νεμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, be wroth with me. 3. in enclit. form FUF, used to strengthen a command, as, δεῦρό νυν quick then! φέρε νυν, άγε νυν come then.

voνί Att. v0v, strengthd. like οὐτοσί for οὐτος, που, at this moment.

vov bre, - forer bre, at times, sometimes.

NYE, vurtée, 4, NIGHT, Lat. NOX, whether the night-season or a night; runt is by night, Lat. noctu; viera during the night, the night long:-so also with preps., drd or did runta all night long; did **νυκτόε** in the course of the night; ἐκ νυκτόε just after might-fall; so also bud νύκτα; πόρρω τη ε νυκτίε far II. gloom, darkness, murkiinto the night. 2. the night of death, i. e. death itself. the nether world. III. Núf, as prop. n., the goddess of Night, daughter of Chaos. IV. pl. rueree, the bours or watches of the night: from Homer downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three watches; μέσαι νύκτει midnight. V. the quarter of night, the evening-quarter of heaven, i.e. the West, as opp. to the dayspring in the East.

vute, Ep. for évute, 3 sing, aor. 1 of vuocas.

NTOE, oû, h, a daughter-in-law: generally, any female connected by marriage, as γαμβρόε meant a man connected by marriage. IL generally, a bride, mistress.

· visco, 48, 4, (visco) a post or pillar on a racecourse, vis., I. the turning-post so placed at the end of the course, that the chariots driving up the inf. of roses.

III. the chrysalis or | right side turned round it and returned by the seft side; the same as maximum, Lat. meta: as the near horse was turned sharp round this post, dr room lyχριμφθήναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the turning-post. 2. the starting-post, pillar. generally, a particlon-wall.

NY ZZO Att. výrtu: f. rufu: aot. i érufa:--Pass., 201. 2 druyne, tal. ruyfira: --- to priek, spur, plerce, puncture. νυστάζω, fut. άσω and άξω: to mod, esp. in sleep, hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowey, Lat dormito: also to bang down the head. Hence

νυστακτής, οῦ, ὁ, as Adj. nodding, drowsy. νύττω, Att. for νύσσω.

νύχα, Adv. (νύξ) - νύκταρ, by night. [♥] vux-expection, in, (rue, excipan) the being conseed at night, rising by night. νύχευμα, ατοι, τό, α nightly watch, Lat. pervigilium.

[87] From

vixeum, f. om, (vif) to watch the night torough. νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ήμέρα) a day and night. νύχιος [v], a, or, also oe, or, (rúf): I. act. doing a thing by night; as if asleep. 2. dark as night,

vie, for roll, nom. and acc. dual of eye, we two. vw-86s, h, or, (vn-, bbous) tootbless, Lat. e-dentulus. vudtvla, h, ease or relief from pain. From νώδυνος, αν, (νη-, δδύνη) - ανώδυνος, without pain, pleasing, grateful. II. act. sootbing pain. vae, poüt. for vât.

NΩΘΗ'Σ, έs, gen. éos, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull. stupid. Comp. νωθέστερου.

νώθητι, Ion. contr. for νοήθητι, acr. I pass. imperat. of roéw.

νωθρόε, ά, όν, = νωθήε, sluggich, lazy, dull.

NOT, nom. and acc. dual of eyo, we two, we two, Att. vio: poët. vilo: gen. and dat. dual vilov, of we two, to us two; Att. rar. Hence

vultepos, a, or, of, from, or belonging to us two. [1] veoletes, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without intermission. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Waterton, Adv. - rox ente.

νώμα, τό, Ιου. for νόημα. voule, f. how, (veuw) to deal out, distribute, dis-IL to direct, guide, control: weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. . 2. 3. metaph. to revolve of the limbs, to ply nimbly. in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

vŵv, Att. for vŵīv; see vŵī.

viewusivos, or, Ep. collat. form of rannuos, like &δυμνος for δίδυμος, ἀπάλαμοςς for ἀπάλαμος.

νώνυμος, ον, (νη-, όνυμα Acol. for όνομα) without name, i. e. unknown, inglorioue. II. c. gen. without the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νῶροψ, οπος, δ, ή, only in dat. and acc., νώροπε χαλκώ, νώροπα χαλκύν flashing, gleaming brass. voordurvos, voornorbas, Son. sor. I med. part. and ver-dyerfee, f. ήσει, (νῶτον, ἀγειγύε) to carry on chestnut mares.
the back.

1. a st

wor-decen, oros, δ, ή, (rūτor, depar) with mailed by men Scamander.

vertalos, a, or, (rêστον) of or belonging to the back; revuela apera the joints of the back, the vertebras.

verifes, f. ices, (veror) to make to turn the back, put to flight. II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee. III. to cover the back of another:—n'error verifue to skim the sea.

verto-fluties, f. how, (vortor, flalve) to mount the back.

II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

NΩ TON, τό, τά, the back, Lat. tergum; the pl. νῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. terga, e. g. τὰ νῶτα δοῦναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. dare terga; κατὰ νῶτον from behind.

II. metaph. any wide surface; εὐρία νῶτα θαλάσσηε the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains.

2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόρος, ον, (νωτον, φέρω) carrying on the back. νωχελής, έε, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νωχελία Ep. -ίη, ή, laziness, sluggisbness.

三

A, ξ, ξ, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ, 60, but ξ, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ. In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see H, η); before this it was represented by χσ. If in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κοινόε ξυνόε; and Dor. fut. and aor. κλαξώ for κλήσω, παίξαι for παίσαι, etc. III. ξ also is often interchanged with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισσός τρισσός lon. διξός τριξός.—ξ was most, freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect. [Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

EAINΩ, f. făvæ: 201. I lfηνα:—Pass., 201. I lfάνθην: pf. lfaμμα: -to acratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning. 2. of cloth, to full, clean. II. metaph. to treat as in

fulling, to thresh, mangle, lacerate.

Eardin, Dor. for farths, fem. gen. of farths.

faveling, f. low Att. in, (faveling) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξάνθισμα, ατος τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

Earth-year, ar, (Earths, Afi) of yellow soil.

ξανθό-θριξ, τρέχοε, ό, ή, (ξανθύε, θρίξ) yellow-baired. ξανθο-κόμηε, ου, ό, (ξανθύε, κόμη) – ξανθύθριξ.

ξανθός, ή, όν, yellow of various shades, golden or mercenary, bired for föreign service; pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat. févos, a body or army of mercenaries.

"nus; ξανθοί τρίχει golden hair; ξανθὸι έππουι foreign, outlandish.

hesinut mares. II. Eduvos paroxyt., as prop.
1. 1. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods,
1. men Scamander. 2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθο-φύης, έε, (ξανθέε, φνή) yellow by nature.

ξανθο-χίτων, ωνοε, δ, ή, (ξανθέε, χίτων) with yellow

ξανθό-χροοε, or, (ξανθόε, χράε) with yellow thin. ξάντης, ου, ό, fem. ξάντρυδ, (ξαίνω) a wool-carder. ξεν-σπάτης, ου, ό, lon. for ξεναπάτης. ξείνη, ή, lon. for ξένη.

Envy-Bokos, or, poet. for furob-.

Envisor, 76, (feiros) lon. for fereior, a boat's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl.: also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

favile, lon. for ferile.
favin, favucis, lon. for ferfavior, 76, felvos, η, σε, lon. for ferfaviora, Ep. for ferida, aor. 1 inf. of ferile.
felviorev, Ep. for liferiorer, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ferile.
favo-Bonie, favo-Bônos, σε, lon. for ferodfavo-trovies, lon. for ferontrovies.
felvos n. σε lon for fires. Hence

ξείνος, η, ον, lon. for ξένος. Hence ξεινοσύνη, ή, lon. for ξενοσύνη. ξεινόω, lon. for ξενώ».

Eev-aγέτης, ου, δ, (ξενός, άγέτης) one subo takes charge of guests.

ξενῶγέω, f. ήσω, (ferayôe) to be a guide of strangers:

—Pass. to be conducted to see sights.

IL to levy or lead mercenary troops.

ξεν-άγθε, ών, (ξένοι, ἡγέομαι) conducting strangers or guests.

11. as Subst., ξεναγόι, δ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

Ecv-dπάτης ov, δ, poët. Ecv-, (ξίνος, dπατάω) one subo deceives guests or strangers. [d]

ξεν-αρκής, έε, (ξένοε, άρκεω) auling strangers. ξένη, ή, fem. of ξένοε: 1. (sub. γυνή), a female

guest: a foreign woman. Il. (sub. χώρα οτ γῆ), a foreign country. ξενηλάσια, ή, at Sparta, a measure for keeping

fernadata, h, at Sparta, a measure for heeping for eigners out of the country. From

ξεν-ηλάτ-ίω, (ξένος, ἐλαύνο) to basish foreigners.
ξενία Ερ. ξενίη lon. ξενίη, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or
privileges of a guest, bospitality: hospitable reception,
entertainment.
2. a friendly relation between two
princes or states.
II. the state or rights of a
foreigner, as opp. to a chizen: ξενίας φεύγεων (sc.
γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic
rights.

fevile Ion. feavile: fut. feriou Ep. feavioue: acr.

1 éfériou Ep. éférious et feirious: (féron):—to
receive a guest or irranger, to entertain bespitably.
Lat. bospitio excipere:—Pass. to be entertained as a
guest.

II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

Eventos, 1, or, also os, ir, Ioa. Eserutos: (féros):

of or for a stranger, foreign.

2. of soldiers,
mercenary, bired for föreign service; rè ferucór, — el
féros, a body or army of mercenaries.

11. strange,

fines, a, or, Att. also es, or, Ion. felvies (fires, treaty of bespitality with one. servee) :-belonging to a guest, bospitable, belonging to bospitality; feribe tire bound to one by ties of bos-II. féria (sub. dupa), rá, a guest's gifts: friendly gifts.

fivious, \$, (ferifu) the entertainment of a guest.

Emouos, où, ê, - fériois.

Esvireum, (Eéron), or Esvireumum as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service.

Levo-Scierns, of, o, (throe, dation) a murderer of a guest.

fevo-Baltys, or, b, (févoe, balos) a devourer of

guests of strangers. Eevo-Sometov and -xetov, to, a place for strangers

to lodge in, an inn: from fevodoxém Ion. fervodoném, (ferodóxes) to entertain,

lodge guests or strangers. Hence

Ecvodoxia, h, the entertainment of a guest or stranger. Ecro-Bóxos, or, Ion. Ecro-Bóxos, (féros, Béxapai) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., feivobonos, b, the bost, opp. to feiros, the guest.

ξevo-δώτης, συ, δ, (fivoe, δίδωμι) the Lost. Eevbers, easa, ev, (févos) full of strangers.

Ecvourovin Ion. Ecvour-, f. how, to slay guests of strangers. From

Ecvo-utovos, or, (féros, utelres) slaying guests or

strangers.

HENOZ Ion. Eclivos, &, a guest or bost, Lat. bospes: I. the friend, with whom one has a treaty of hospitality: in this sense both parties are févor, and the relation was hereditary. Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the bost. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospi-3. later, & féve, O stranger, was a common term of address. 4. from meaning a stranger feros came to signify a bireling, who entered into foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay. 5. simply for βάρβαρου a foreigner.

As Adj. févos, n, or, Att. os, or, Ion. feivos, n, or, foreign, strange. 2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing,

unacquainted with, ignorant of it.

Eard-στάσιε, ή, (Eéros, ίστημι) a lodging for guests | sword in band. or strangers.

Ecrosivy Ion. Eur-, 4, (féros, feiros) bospitality, the ties or rights of hospitality.

Eevo-tipos, or, (féros, tipáw) bonouring guests or

grangers.

ξενοτροφέω, f. ήσω, to entertain or maintain guests: esp. to maintain mercenary troops. From

ξενο-τρόφος, ον, (εένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests: esp. maintaining mercenaries.

Ecvopovies, f. how, to murder guests or strangers. From

Eevo-φόνος, or, (ξένος, \*φένω) murdering strangers. Eevow Ion. Eavow, f. wow, (feros) to make or treat II. Pass., with fut. as one's guest: to entertain. med. ferwoopa: 20i. I eferdop: to enter into a the sabre, uaxaipa. [1]

2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad: to go into banishment.

Ervier, aros, o, (fires) a great-chamber.

fevus, Adv. of fevoe, strangely: fevus freer to be strange.

Eivwors, f. (ferow) estrangement: innovation. EEPO'S, a, ov. Ion. for Enpose, dry: mort fepor to

dry land. ξέσμα, ατος, τό, (ξέω) that which is smoothed, polished: hence - fouror, a statue or image.

ξεσμάω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out. fere, Ep. for feere, 3 sing. aor. I of few.

Elorys, ov. o, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly - a pint English.

ξεστός, ή, όν, (fie) scraped, planed, smoothed, polisbed.

EE'Ω: f. fére Ep. férre: aor. I έfera Ep. férra: -to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing. to carve or work in wood or stone.

Efras, part. sor. I of faire.

Enpaire, f. dru: aor. I léhodra :- Pass., aor. I lenράνθην: pf. εξήρασμαι οτ εξήραμμαι: (ξηρόε):-to parch up, dry up :- Pass, to become or be dry, parched. 2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare,

ξηρ-αλοιφέω, f. ήσω, (ξηρόε, αλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term

used by wrestlers.

Enp-aumitives, n, or, (Enpos, dureles) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes nerampelinae.

Enpaydels, nor. I pass. part. of Enpaires. EHPO'E, a, by, dry, parebed, of the channel of a river, also of the air: of persons, withered, baggard. II. like Lat. siceus, fasting, sober, austere, III. generally, drained, exhausted. as Subst., ξηρά (sub. γη), η, dry land, opp. to bypá; so

also to Enpur. ξηρότης, ητος, ή, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of timber.

ξηρο-φάγδω, f. ήσω, (ξηρόε, φαγείν) to eat dry food. ξίφ-ήρης, es, (ξίφος, άραρείν) armed with a sword.

ξίφη-φόρος, οτι (έίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword: sword in band.

ξιφίδιον, τό, Dim. of fipos, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [Y]

ξίφο-δήλητος, ον, (floos, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

Eldo-Krovos, ov. (floos, stelves) slaving with the sword. II. proparox. ficontovos, ov, pass, slain

by the sword. ξίφο-μάχαιρα, ή, (ξίφοε, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, between a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [d]

ΕΙ ΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, εος, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, gipos was distinguished as the straight sword, from

ξίφ-ουλκός, όν, (fiφος, ξλαω) drawing a sword, ξίφ-ουργός, όν, (fiφος, έργον) making swords. ξόδινον, τό, (fiw) an image carved of wood: the statue of a god.

formores, the (flavor, rocke) a carving of images.

Eota, thos, t, (fin) a sculptor's chisel.

Ecube-arepos, or, (foutie, arepur) basing dusky

BOTOO'Z, ή, όν, akin to farθόs, a colour between farθόs and πυρρόs, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, sbrill, thrilling; πέπτιξ fould λαλών the cicada with its shrill note.

ξυγγ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-, Εύγκλησιε, κωε, ή, old Att. for σύγκλεισιε.

ξυγκλήω, f. ήσω, old Att. for συγκλείω. ξυήλη, ή, (ξύω) - κνήστιε, a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp.

II. a curved dagger,
used by the Spartans.

ξύληγίω, f. ήσω, to carry wood or timber. From ξύληγός, br, (ξύλον, άγω) carry ng wood.

ξύλίζομαι, Dep. (ξύλων) to sarry or gather wood,

Lat. lignari.

ξύλινος, η, ον, (ξύλον) of wood, wooden. [V] ξυλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-, ξυλο-κόπος, ον, (ξύλον, κόπτω) bewing, felling wood.

2. as Subst., ξυλοκόπος, δ, α wood-cutter.

ξύλον, τό, (ξόω) wood ready for use, firmood, timber, ctc.: in pl., ξόλα νήια ship-timber.

II. a stick or piece of wood: a stick, endgel.

2. a collar of wood, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him, δήσαι τινα ἐν ξύλφ: the παντεσύμεγγον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the arms and legs.

3. a bench, table, esp. a moneychanger's table.

4. πρῶτον ξύλον, the front bench of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the actors.

III. later, a tree; cp. elpsov.

ξύλο-τόμος, ον, (ξύλον, τεμεῖν) cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτόμος, δ, a wood-cutter.

ξύλουργέω, f. ήσω, (ξυλουργόε) to work wood. Hence

füh-oupyla, t, the working of wood.

ξύλ-ουργόε, όν, (ξύλον, έργον) working in wood:
as Subst., ξυλουργύε, ό, a joiner, carver of images.

füloxifopas Dor. fuloxiodopas, Dep. to gather wood. From

ξύλ-οχος, ή, (ξύλω, έχω) a thicket, copee: hence the lair of a wild beast.

ξύλόω, f. ώσω, (ξύλον) to make of wood. Hence ξύλωσιε, φ, the wood-work, framework of a house.

ξυμβαίη, 3 sing. acr. 2 opt. of ξυμβαίνω. ξυμβλήμεναι, Ep acr. 2 pass. inf. cf. συμβάλλω; ξύμβλητο, ξύμβληντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. acr. 2 pass. ind.

fugur., for all words so beginning, v. sub συμμ...

HTN, used in old Att. for the later and more common σώ; ξώ seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds, of ξω, v. sub σω...

furdyelpare, Ep. for surryelpare, 3 sing. acc. 1 med. of surayelpa.

förår, åros, ö, = foråær, forhær, q. v. föråær, oros, ö, Doc. for forhær. [ä]

Euriafa, sor. I of owdgroum.

Evr-ecknors, Ep. for furelesses, surelesses, (fur, element) twenty at a time, twenty together.

furfagea, Ep. for furfage, aor. I of furfage. furfakhgov, old Att. impl. of συγαλεία. fureλάσαι, aor. I inf. of fureλαίσαι. fúres, aor. 2 imperat. of furfage.

guvear, aree, & Ion. for guryar.

ξθνή, Adv., - κουνή, in common, properly dat. fem. of ξυνόε.

firther, 4, or, Ep. for firetos, (firts) public, common: as Subst., further, rd., public property.

Euripa, agr. 1 of ευτίημι. Ευτίρων, ονος, δ, Dor. Ευτάων [d], Ion. Ευτών Dor. Ευτάν: (ευτόε): a joint currer, part proprietor, par-

ner: āls furdam, the salt on the common table.

furla, pres. imperat. of furlym, as if from \*furries.

furlas, pres. imperat. of furlym, as if from \*furries.

furlov, Ep. for furleaux, 3 pl. impf. of furlym, [v]

furlov, h, or, (fur) = kourds, from which it only difers in dialect, common, public, general, belonging to all in common; furd heyeur to speak for the common good: dat. fem. furly as Adv. = koury, in common; so too neut. pl. furd. Hence

ξυνό-φρων, avos, δ, ή, (ξυνόε, φρήν) like-minded. ξυνο-χάρης, έε, (ξυνόε, χαρῆναι) rejaicing with all

forevia, 4, = novemu, partnership, fallownip.

flov, Ep. for iflor, impf. of five.

Etiphes or that i. how: (ξυρόν):—to zhave; provert, ξυρείν εν χρήν to shave to the quick.—Med., with pipass. ξέψημαι: to shave oneself or get oneself shaved: also c. acc., ξυρείσθαι κεφαλήν to shave one's head α get it shaved.

Etp-hung, es. (fupór, duh) keen as a rasar, mids s rasor's edge. II. close-abaven.

ξύρο-δόκη and ξύρο-δόχη, ή, (ξύρον, δέχομαι) a rasor-case.

ξύρον, τό, (ξύω) a rasor: proverb. of critical situations, έπι ξυροῦ ἴσταται ἀκμῆς.... ὅλεθρος ἡὲ βιῶναι ἀκαλο οι α rasor's edge; so, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ τῆς ἀκμῆς ἔχεται ἡμῶν τὰ πράγματα ους απαίτε των οι α rasor's edge.

ξύρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (ξυρόν, φέρω) δο carry α raso: ξυρρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-, ξύρω, -- ξυράω: aor. 1 med. ξευράμην.

Evoras, aor. 1 inf. of Evos.

guodels, aor. 1 pass. part. of files.

fύσμα, ματος, τό, and ξυσμή, ή, (fúw) that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings.

Eustip, noos, b, (fue) a graving sool, \_at. scarbrum.

Evorts, Bos, Att. Evorts, 1800, \$, (£50) a rade with a sweeping train.

burling the javelia

· Evertor, ro, (fie) the polithed shaft of a spear, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. like 8600, a spear, dart, javelin; generally, a pole, shaft. (Properly neut. of the Adj. guards.)

tξυστός, δ, (ξύω) a covered colonnade in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor. II. in Roman villas, a terrace with a colonnade, also systum. (Properly masc. of the Adj. ξυστόε, sub. δρόμοε.)

ξυστός, όν, (ξύω) seraped, polished, Let rasse. ξυστο-φόρος, ον, (ξυστόν, φέρω) εσιτγίης α ερεσι-

Eústpa, 4. - Eustpla

Everple, ibos, \$, (fie) a tool for seraping or rubbing off, the seraper or strigil used after bathing.

BY Ω: impl. if dow Ep. flow: f. flow: acr. I if Dow: -Pass., act. 1 εξύσθην: pf. εξυσμαι:- to scrape, plane, smooth or polish. 2. generally, to make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately. Everal dard Affects blocker to rub away, get rid of sad old age.

## 0

O, a, 8 jumpor, little, 1. e. abort a, (in opp. to 8 julya great, i.e. long and double o, a being for oo); fifteenth letter in the Greek alphabet; as numeral o', 70, but p, 70,000.

O came very near to diphth. ou, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Acol. βόλομαι for βούλομαι, and Ion. μούνοι νούσοι for μόνοι νόσοι.

Acol., e is often changed into \$, as terms physe Кон выгора рычи. Il. Dor. often for at, as dyrother TO LE TYOIR FOR RYPOLE TOLE TYOR. III. like a, o is often rejected or prefixed, as πέλλω δπέλλω, δύρομαι δδύρομαι. IV. in compds., esp. Adjectives, o, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat, into a long vowel, usu. z as beorethe beoducos Eupopupos, into benyerhe (Dor. θεάγενής) θεηδύκος ξιφηφύρος.

O. H. TO, h. A. demonstr. Pronoun: B. the definite Article; C. accentuated in masc, and fem. sing. and plur. 8, 9, 76, relative Pronoun for Se, 9, 5.

Gen. τοῦ, τῆ, τοῦ: dat. τῷ, τῆ, τῷ: acc. τόν, τήν, 76 :- dual nom. and acc. τω, τά, τω: gen. and dat. τοίν, ταίν, τοὰ:--plur. nom. ol, al, τά: gen. τῶν. dat. rois, rais, rois: acc. rois, rás, rá. Homer has also gen. sing, roto for rot, nom. pl. rol, ral, gen. pl. fern. τάων [ā], dat. pl. τοῖσι, τŷs and τῆσι, as demonstr. Pronouns.

A. 6, 4, 76, DEMONSTR. PRONOUN, for 68e, 78e, 768e, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways: I, joined with a Subst. mot as the Article, but like Lat. ille, & Tubelone the

ξυστο-βόλος, er, (gustler, βαλείν) spear-darting, \famous son of Tydens; Rieston by place Neston that II. without a Subst., be, abe, it, as, aged man. δ γαρ βλθε for be came. III. peculiar uses as 1. before relat. Pronouns Se, Soce, oloe, Pronoun: it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun. as, έφάμην σε περί φρέναι ξμμεναι άλλαν, τών, δοσοι Aukly raistaousir I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, namely those subo, etc. ulv... o be... from Homer downwards a very common phrase, cometimes in opposition (where & mer refers to the former, & be to the latter), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, the one. , the other..., Lat. bio..., ille...: in neut. 70 pdv... 70 84 ., in adverbial sense, partly.., partly..: also rd μέν..., τὰ δέ....'Ο δέ... often occurs without δ μέν... before. On the other hand of per. . is often answered by some similar word, as άλλά, or by έτερος δέ... Érici dé .., etc.

B. ô, \$, 76, THE DEPINITE ARTICLE, toe, the indefin. Pron. being ris, ri. The use of d, \$, 76, as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as row docorrow, bim that was bravest, came to mean simply the bravest; places were follow make friends, but τοὺε φίλους ποιείσθαι to make the friends one does make.

Peculiar usages of the Article. I. it may stand with prop. names, as & Xoxpárns; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as Zampárns δ φιλόσοφου. 2. before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as, 7d elve the being, 700 elvas, etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take an Adject, sense, as, to rûr the present; of tote droper wos the men of that time. The Subst. is often omitted, as, of tota (sc. dropowed), of appear (sc. opera) the morrow. 4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gend., as, 70 despossos the word or notion man; to here the word here, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, τὸ μηδένα είναι τῶν Column 50, Blow the fact or statement that no living man is happy.

g. absol. with Adverbs of time and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as the row now, τὸ πρίν formerly. 6. before the interrog. Pron., the or voice, mostly in neut. sing., to ti; to rolor; to make the question more precise. in elliptic expressions:

I. before gen. of a prop. name, & Aide the son of Jupiter, & Aprove the daughter of Latona, where viće or guydrne is to be supplied: but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as brother, suife, 2. before a neut. gen. it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as to the toxes that which belongs to the state, nearly the same as # wolls; so, rd raw Ellivow, to the Hepsalv the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians, etc.; rd rûr 'Abyralar oporeir to hold the sentiments of the Athenians, i. e. be on their side: so, with neut, of possess. Prop., 70 ends, 70 of

mbat regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put for eyes, ore, etc.

L 72 of Place, ABSOL, USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: there, that way, here, this way, Lat. bac. 2. with 3. of Manner, a notion of motion towards thither. 4. repeated τῆ μέν . . , Tîre in this way, thu Ti de ... of Place, bere . ; there ...: also on the one part ... on the other ... 5. relative, where, for \$, II. 79, dat. neut., therefore, on this account. 2. thus, so, in this wise, only Ep. Ш. 76, acc. neut. (like Att. 8 neut. from 60), subere-IV. rou, gen. neut. wherefore with Prepositions, of Time, is rou over since, TŶ wbilst.

C. δ, ξ, τό, accentuated through all rases, RELATIVE PRONOUN, for 50, \$, 5: very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat. row, re, are used for rivés, rivi, from the INDEPINITE PRONOUN ris ri. So Ion. 700, contr. 700: dat. 700: gen. and dat. pl. 7000, reous reouσι: but roθ; Ion. réo; reθ; for rivos; interrog., wherefore? dat. ree for rivi; pl. gen. reer; dat. réois, réoisi.

8, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for So; v. &, \$, 76 C. 5, neut. of relat. Pron. 50.

66, woe ! Lat. was ! [od]

"OAP, băpos, fi, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl., bapor: contr. nom. ep, with dat. pl. bpeace. Hence

odolle contr. eplle, f. ou, to converse familiarly, bold converse with. Hence

băpropubs, où, ò, familiar converse, fond discourse. δάριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δαρίζω) a companion, mate, bosom-

δάριστύς, έρε, ή. Ion. for δάρισμα, (δαρίζω) familiar converse, fond discourse. 2. generally, inter-

a band or company. course.

"OA"POZ, b, = bapes ube, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. talk, discourse.

"Oāova, \$, Oāsis, a name of the fertile spots in the

Libyan desert.

δβελίσκος, δ, Dim. of δβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a combass pointed pillar, obelisk.

όβελός Acol. and Dor. δδελός, οῦ, δ, α ερά: a...o any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obe-

lisk.  $(\partial \beta \in \lambda \delta s, -\beta \in \lambda \delta s$  with o prefixed.)

δβολόε, οθ, δ, collat. form of δβελίε, an obol, a com worth 8 yakeof, 4th of a spay up, rather more than three halfpence. IL also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

δβολοστατίω, f. ήσω, to practise patty usury. From δβολο-στάτης, ου, δ, (δβολός, ίστημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, paumbroker. [a]

\*OBPIA, rá, the young of animals.

**δβρίκαλα, τά, - δβρια.** [Υ]

δβρίμο-εργόε, όν, (δβριμοε. Eavor) doing deeds of violence or serona

έβριμό θίμος, ον, (δβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded. | bodies.

δβρίμο-πάτρη, ή, (δβρεμσε, πατήρ) deughter of a gbty father, epith. of Minery

"OBPI'MOX, or, also n, or, strong, mighty eγδοάs, άδοs, ή, (δετώ) the number eight. δηδόστος, η, αν, poët. for δηδοσε (like τρίτατοε for τρίτου), the eighth:—ή δηθοάτη (sub. ήμέρα), the eigbtb day.

δγδοήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (δετώ) sighty. Sydonkovia-eths, is, or sydonkovi-ouths, es, isyδοήκοντα, έτοε) eighty years old.

δηθοηκοστός, ή, ω, (δηθοήκοντα) the eightieth. 6γ800s, π, ov. (δετώ) the sighth, Lat. octaves. δηθάκοντα, ol, al, τά, indecl., contr. for δηδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. octoginta.

δγδωκοντά-στής, έε, contr. for δγδοημονταστής,

eigbty years old.

δ-γε, ή-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. δ, \$, τό, made more emphat. by the addition of ye, Lat. bicce, basece, bocce, be, sbe, it. 2. fem. dat. Tiye, used as Adv. of place, bere, on this spot 3. acc. neut. roye on this account, for this very reason.

"Oyud post. 'Oyudin, \$, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her

Oynaios or Oynaions.

δγκάσμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to bray. Hence

δγκηθμόε, δ, a braying.

byunpos, a, br, (byune) bulky, swollen. IL metaph, stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome. Lat. molectus.

byκητής, οῦ, ὁ, (byκάομαι) ε & τ, i.e. απ αεε. bystov, 76, (bysee) a case for barbed arrows, etc. "OFKOZ, 6, (A), (áyros) a bend, curve, hence a

book, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head. "OFKOZ, 8, (B), bulk, mass; bysos oppywas & beap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a busby knot or roll, to give the appearance of height to the person II. metaph. bulk, weight, importance, dignity: Jut also in bad sense, errogence, conceit. 2. trouble, difficulty.

όγκόω, .. ώσω: 20τ. Ι ώγκωσα:—Ρ252., 20τ. Γ ώγ uliby: pf. dryumpai: (byuos B):-to make bully, enlarge:-Pass. to be beaped up, swollen

metaph. to exalt, raise to bosour: but also, to suf up with pride:-Pass. to be puffed up, swal:, el ...ed. δγκύλλομαι, Ρεει. - δγκόομαι.

byn-wone, es, (bynos B, eldos) bulky, est rounded: turgid.

bywards, 4, bv, (bywow) beaped up.

byμεύω, f. -εύσω, to, trace a straight line. ploughers, respers, or mowers; of an army, so defile, άγμενον αυτφ they were marching in file before him: metaph., by meder orifor to trail one's weary way. of a lame man From

bypos, b, (dyw) anything traced in a straight line: a furrow in ploughing; a swa/he in reaping: a row or line; a path; esp. the path of the heavenly

"OFXNH, 1, a pear-tree. II. a pear. δδ-αγός, δ, Dor. for βδηγός.

blaics, a, or, (blos) belonging to a way or jour-II. ôdaia, rá, goods with which a merchant travels, merchandise.

884f, Adv. (8dave with e euphon.) with the testh,

by biting, Lat. mordious. Hence

όδάξω or as Dep. όδάξομαι: impf. ώδαξον: pf. pass. ώδαγμαι:—to feel a biting pain, feel irritation. in act. sense, to bite, nibble, sting.

886m, f. how, (886s) to export and sell, traffie in :-

Pass, to be carried away and sold,

8-8e, 4-8e, vo-8e, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit. -Se to the old demonstr. Pron. 0, 1, 76, and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc. and fem. τοισδεσσι, τοισδεσσιν, as well as τοισδε: Att. more emphat. bbi, hbi, robi, otc. [1] :--bde, fibe, robe is much the same as obvoe, this, but is more emphatic, this one here, Lat, hiere, haecee, hoece: as opposed to obros, bbe marks what is to follow, while obros refers to sobat has been before mentioned. seems to stand, like Lat. bic, as Adv. of Place, bere, there, but always agreeing with its noun, as, frxos mer rode neiral en xoords bere lies the lance upon the ground; Axilhede eyyde boe shoven bere is Achilles nigh at hand routing. 2. with a pers. Pron., 88' clui, 88' ind flavoor bere am I. 3. with ris, rie bee Navouraq everat; who is bere following 4. also with Verbs of motion, like Nausicaa? δεῦρο, bitber. III, to Advs. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, just, very; αὐτοῦ τῷδ' ἐνὶ öήμω bere amid this very people. ΙΥ. δδ' αὐτύε, stronger form for à abros, the very same, this very; γουδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντος this very year. Att. dialogue, the masc. and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, 88' Lvhp, or 884 alone, this man bere, the man before you, i. e. myself, emphatic for VI. ellipt. with gen., ἐε τόδε χρόνου to i vá. this point of time.

B. absol. usage of some cases: The of Place, bere, on the spot, Lat. bac. 2. of the Way or Manner, IL acc. neut. +68e, bitber, to this spot. therefore, on this account. III. acc. neut. pl. rábe, on this account. 2. Ibus, so. IV. dat. neut. pl. raiste, roisibe on this wise, after this fashion;

also, with these words.

όδελός, δ, Acol. and Dor. for δβελός and δβολός. Souths, où, b, a wayfarer, traveller. From δδεύω, f. σω, (δδίε) to go, journey, travel.

δοηγέω, f. ήσω, to lead one upon his way, to shew one the way, guide, act as guide. From

88-πγός Dor. δ8-αγός, δ, (δδύς, άγω) a guide. δδί, ήδί, τοδί, Att. for δδε, ήδε, τόδε, q. v. [1]

Soios, ar, (6864) belonging to a way or journey: auspicious for the journey.

δδισμα, ατος, τύ, (εδός) a means of passing, way. δδίτης, ου, δ, (δδόε) a wayfarer, traveller: Dot. эсс. ббітат. [1]

δδμή Ion. δσμή, ή, (δζω) α smell, went, α swecz odour: also a bad smell, steneb, stink,

δδοιπλάνδω, f. ήσω, to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way. From

δδοι-πλάνής, ές, (όδός, πλανάομαι) straying from

the road, wandering about, roaming.
δδοιπορέω: impf. ώδοιπόρουν: i. ήσω: pf. ώδοιπόρηκα: (δδοιπέρου):—to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk. Hence

όδοιπορία, ή, a journey, way: a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.

όδοιπορικός, ή, όν, of or for a journey. Adv. –κώς,

like a traveller. δδοιπόριον, τό, provision for a journey. From δδοι-πόρος, ον. (όδός, πύρος) travelling, journeying: as Subst., όδοιπόρος, ό, α wayfarer, foot-traveller; also, a fellow-traveller or guide.

όδόντα, όδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of όδούς.

όδοντο-φόρος, αν. (όδούε, φέρω) bearing testb; κόσuos 88, an ornament consisting of strings of teetb. όδοντο-φύής, έε, (όδούε, φύω) sprung from teeth.

δδοντόω, ε. ώσω, (δδούε) to furnish with teeth. Hence

δδοντωτός, ή, όν, furnished with teeth.

όδοποιέω: impf. ώδοποίουν: f. ώσω: pf. pass. άδοwolnμαι: (δδοποιόε):—to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself:- Pass., of roads, to be made fit for use. 2. to make practicable or pass-3. to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey:—Pass. to make one's way, advance, Lat. progredi.

oboxocta, \$, road-making, the duty of a pioneer.

From

όδο-ποιός, όν, (όδός, ποιέω) making roads: as Subst., 6801 2016s, 6, a road-maker, pioneer: a roadsurveyor.

686s, oû, 8, Att. for Ion. où86s, a threebold.

'ΌΔΟ'Σ Acol. ούδός, οῦ, ἡ, a way, path, road, high way: a track, palbway: an entrance, approach: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: mpd bood further on the way; war' boby by II. a travelling, journey, or voyage: also a march or expedition: claver bool the flight of birds; hoylar idde the way, i.e. meaning, of the III. metaph. the way, means, or manner of doing a thing. 2. a way or method: also, a way of thinking, mode of belief, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

66-00pos, or, (666s, obpos) watching or guarding the road: as fem. Subst., 6800pos, h, a conductress.

'ΌΔΟΥ'Σ, in Ion. Prose δδών, δ, gen δδύντος: dat. pl. δδούσι:—a tooth, Lat. dens; ξρκος δδύντων, see €oκos.

δδο-φάλαξ, άκοε, δ, (δδόε, φύλαξ) a wateber, patrol of the roads. [0]

δδόω, f. ώσω: act. I ωδωσα: (δδόε):—to lead into the right way: to put in the way: c. inf., ώδωσε βροrode oporeir be guided mortals to be wise; also se bring, send:—Pass. to be brought on the way, ad- bank-

Southorn, for blorg, 2 sing pres. pass. of blordes. blordes, f. how, to cause pain, to pain, distress:—Pass, to feel pain, suffer. From

'OΔT'NH, \$, Lat. dolor, pain of body, but also, of mind, grief, distress. [8]

οδύνηρός Dor. - após, a, ór, (δόίνη) painful. grievous: distressing. Adv. - ρωs.

δουνή-φάτος, ον, (δούνη, πέφαται, 3 sing. pt. of φένω) killing (i. c. stilling, assuaging) pain.

όδυρμα, οπος, τό, wailing, lamentation: and δδυρμός, δ, a wailing, lamenting. From

'OATPOMAI, Trag. also δύρομαι: Ion. 3 sing. impf. δδυράσκετο: fut. δδύροῦμαι: aor. I ἀδυράμην, part. δδυράμενοι — to bevail, mourn for, lament, c. acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of: c. dat. pass. to wail to or in answer to another: absolto wail, mourn. [9] Hence

δθυρτός, ή, ών, mourned for, lamentable: δδυστά,

as Adv., lamentably

δδύσαντο, Ευ. for ἀδύσαντο, 3 pl. 20r. 1 of δδυσσομαι.

"Obverola, h, the story of Ulysses, the Odyssev. From

'Oδυσσεύε, έως, δ, Lat. Ulysses or Ulines, king of Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the subject of the Odyssey: Ep. declens., 'Οδυσσεύε, -ήοε, -ήοε, -ήοε, -ήοε. nom also 'Οδυσεύε: Aeol. gen. 'Οδυσεύε.

«ΌΔΥΣΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in 201. I med. δοδύσάμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. δοδύσαο, δοδύσατο, Ep. 3 pl. δοδύσαντο, part. δοδυσσάμενος, and 3 sing. pf. pass. δοδύδυσται (redupl. for δοδυσται):—to be grieved or wroth at, c. dat.

δδωδα, pf. (with pres. sense) of δίω.

δδώδα, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of δίω. δδωδή, ή, (δίω) smell scent, adour also the sense of

οδάδυσται, 3 sing. pf. (with pres. sense) of δδίσσομαι.

δδών, όντος, δ, Ion. for δδούς, a tooth.

δδωτός, ή, όν, (δδύω) passable: practicable.

Secon, Ep. dat. plur. of dis, ols.

olation, a, or, (olos) branching.

of how, fut. of b(w.

"Oζόλοι, ol, the Ozolas, a tribe of the Locrians.
"OZOΣ, ou, δ, a bough, branch, twig, aboot. II.
metaph. an affiboot, scion; δίος "Approx scion of Mars:
tf. έρνος, θάλος.

δζό-στομος, ον, (δίω, στόμα) with bad breath.

"ΌΖΩ, fut. δ(ήσω: pf. with pres. sense δδωδα: plqpf. with impf. sense ωδώδειν, Ep. 3 sing. δδώδει:—to smell, to bave a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to smell of a thing, δ(ειν low to smell of violets: metaph. to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. sapere aliquid: Kporlaw δ(ειν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen., της καφαλής δ(ω μύρου I smell of ointment from the

bead. II. often used import, ble hid rise polar there is a sweet small from the skin; luarion bifure deficiency there will be an odour of wit from your clothes.

50er, Adv. (%) whence, from whence, Lat. unde: also of persons, from whom or which. 2. slso like of, as an Adv. of Place, = 50, 5rov, where, but only as relative to a word implying motion from. II. in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

881, relat. Adv., poët, for os, where, Lat. shi.

δύνειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (lives) strange, foreign.
"OΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to
basse a care or concern for, take beed, regard: c. part.,
ούπ δθετο βέζων be recked not that he was doing: c.
gen. pers., οὐδ' δδομαι κοτέοντοε I do not beed bim
when he is angry.

acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of: c. OGONH, \$\tilde{\eta}\$, mostly in plur., fine white linen: a dat. pass. to wail to or in answer to another: absol. fine linen weil, a linen garment: also, sail-eloth, a to wail, mourn. [9] Hence sail: also, a sheet, linen cloth. Hence

bootvos, n. ov. made of linen.

886viov, 76, Dim. of 866vn, a piece of fine linen, in pl. linen bandages for wounds, or line.

δθ-ούνεκα, for δτου, ένεκα, δέσαιμε: sometime also for δτι, that, Lat. quod.

6-θρίξ, gen. δτρέχου, poët. for δμό-θρίξ, δ ή, (δροώ, θρίξ) with like bair.

OI', exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, ob? ab! Lat. bes or was: sometimes c. nom., of type: mostly c. dat., ol wor.

ol, nom. pl. masc. of Art. d.

oi, nom. pl. masc. of relat. Pron. de.

ol, dat. sing. of third pers. Pron., masc. and ferm., for abrê qure, to bim, to ber: more rarely used in the reflexive sense bimself, as the Ep. sof is always used; often also of abrê, to bimself. The Norm is wanting, gen. of, acc. s.

el, relat. Adv., properly dat. of relat. Pron. Se, subither, how far, Lat. quo: often c. gen., el sousie to what a beight of miseries.

olanifu Ion. olyn., f. σω, (olat) to steer, memogre. olaniσμα, τό, (olanifu) the act of steering on governing. [4]

olano-voluon, or, (olaf, vepus) bolding the Bellin steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

olānoστροφίω, f. ήσω, to turn the helm, ster. Presolāno-στρόφος, ον, (olaf, στρέφω) guiding the helm.

Of AE, date, Ion. of \$\eta\_{i}\$, \$\eta\_{i}\$, \$\text{the tille}\$, \$\text{hemos}\$ is of the radder, the belm. . pl. of \$\eta\_{i}\$ is risegs at the yoke, through which pass the cords for gradient the oxen.

oida, I know, pf. with pres. sense of elles, w. elles oidáve [d] or oidaive, (oidée) to make an anni

swell, Lat. tumefacere: Pass. to be swell, swell, Lat. | fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: re el-II. intr. - oldéw. tumere.

oldes, 2 sing. of olds, for the Att. oldes.

elbin, f. jou: sor. I object: pf. object: (oldes):intr. so swell, swell up, become swoln, Lat. tumere, turgere; elècir rà mode to swell in the feet, i. e. to have swollen feet. II. metaph. to be inflamed or troubled; may para olbiorra, unsettled, disordered circumstances. Hence

oldnua, to, a swelling, tumour.

Olde-moding, ou, o, properly patronym. of Oldinous, son or descendant of Oedipus; but commonly post. for Oldinove, Oedipus bimself.

Oldi-move, rodos, o : acc. -roda and -row: voc. - wove, more rarely -wov: (oldies, wove): - Oedipus, i. e. the swoln-footed: poet. Oldinos, ov. b. [Y]

οίδμα, ατος, τό, (oldies) the swell of the sea, a wave, II. the swelling of the wind. billow.

OΓΔΟΣ, τό, a swelling, tumour.

oleon, a, or, (ois) of or from a sheep; & olen (suh. dopá) a sbeepskin.

oteors, Ep. dat. pl. of ote.

ol-étys, es, (ouos, étos) contr. for ouoétys, equal in years, of the same age: cf. object.

ôttos, or, - òi (voós.

ettopos Att. eitopos, a, or, (etto) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. αξυρώτερος, -ώτατος, for -ότερος, -ότατος.

οιζύε Att. οιζύε, ύος, ή, as dissyll.: contr. dat. δεζυί for of (vi : (ol):-woe, misery, distress, bardship. [v in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. v.] Hence

đểζύω Att. οίζύω (as trisyll.): f. ύσω [θ]: αοτ. Ι St (voa:-to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei. so suffer: absol. to be miserable, or to suffer.

ointhrus, sor. I inf. of olouge.

tήνον, τό, = οίηξ, οίαξ, a rudder, belm. [?]

oinxile, Ion. for olaxile.

oing, nece, Ion. for olaf, arce. ol ήσομαι, fut. of οίομαι.

ales, idos, i, poet. for de, a sbeep : acc. olida.

oleca, as, e, Ion. for foura.

olecabe Dor. olkabis, Adv. (olkos) = olkovae, to one's borese, bome, or country, bome, bomewards. LEOS, at bome.

eleccarat Ion. ior φκηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of οἰκέω. Leccios, a, ov, also os, or: Ion. οἰκήιος, η, ον, (οἶκοε): \_\_ belonging to a bouse or bousebold affairs, domestic: \_\_\_ olucia bousebold affairs, a bousebold; also, assebold goods, Lat. res familiaris. II. belongg so a family, akin, intimate, Lat. familiaris; ol Recede friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup., ol

TETRETATOL TIPOS One's most intimate friends: To relationship. III, belonging to one's

or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, es own, peculiar; ή olkela ή olkηlη (sub. γη), se's own land, one's country: hence of corn, bomeopp, to imported, IV. proper to a thing,

refor - To rathrow, what is suitable, befitting.

olembrys Ion. olembrys, yros, 4, relationship: in-

timacy, friendsbip: also marriage.

olkerów Ion. olkyrów: f. wow: (olkeroe):—te make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate. Med. to claim, reckon as one's own.

olkeles, Adv. of olkelos, in a friendly manner, familiarly; olkeloe Exer spie tira to be intimate with 2. as if it was one's own. 3. properly, naturally : dutifully.

oinele, poët. for ointe.

olkelwors, h, (olkerow) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

oluerela, f., the household, the servants, Lat. familia. From

olkerevw, f. ow, to inhabit. From

olkérns, ov. 6, (olkéw) an inmate of one's bouse: a bouse-slave, menial, domessic, Lat. verna:—in pl. olrétai, one's family, women and children.

oineris, 1800, h, fem, of olnerne, a female domestic II. the mistress of the bouse, housewife.

olkeuvres, Dor. for olkouvres, part. pl. of olkies. olkeus, las Ion. ĝos, ô, (olkla) an inmate of one's

II. a domestic servant. olklo, impf. φκεον contr. - οῦν Ιοπ. οἰκεον: fut. οἰκήσω: 201. Ι ψέκησα: pf. ψέκημα:— Med., f. ολεήσομαι in pass. sense:-Pass., aot. Ι φικήθην: pf. φικημαι Ion. οίκημαι: (οίκοε): I, trans. to inhabit: hence to possess, occupy:—ή ρίκουμένη (sub. γῆ), the civilised world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like olai(w. to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled; the pf. pass. ounput Ion. oluque is used as pres. to be settled; c. acc. to inbabit; of cities, to be placed or situated. 3. like διοικέω, to manage, govern. II. intr. to dwell, live, to bave as one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie:--also to be managed, governed, 4 mólus oluci rarus the state is ill managed.

oixfias, Ep. for olxeis, acc. pl. of olxeve.

olkhios, n, or, Ion. for olkeios.

οίκηιότης, ητος, ή, Ion. for οίκειότης. olkytów, Ion. for olketów.

olunua, ró, (olula) a dwelling-place, a awellingbouse, a chamber in a bouse, the story of a bouse. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane.

IL a

a prison. olkny, Dor. for olkely, pres. inf. of olkies.

olkήσιμος, ov, babitable. From olknows, h, (olkéw) the act of dwelling.

place for dwelling, a bouse, dwelling. οἰκητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρου, = οἰκητήυ.

οίκητήριον, τό, (οίκέω) a dwelling. olkyths, où, ô, (olkéw) an inhabitant, dweller. οικητός, ή, όν, (οικέω) inhabited : babitable. olution, opes, o, = olution, -the, an inbabitant

vicia Ion. -in, 4, (olnos) a bouse, diselling. a bousehold: also the inmates of the bouse, Lat. familia. III. a bouse or camily from which one is descended. Hence

viktakos, 4, br. of one's own bouse, domestie.

oinibior, to, Dim. of olnos, a small bouse. oluife, f. low Att. in: aor. I pierou Ion. oferou:-Med., fut. olesou par :- Pass., fut. olesobijoopar: nor. 1 φικίσθην: pf φικισμαι Ion. οξικισμαι: (οξικου):---to build a bouse: to found or establish a new settlement: to people 2 country, to colonise. IL to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant: -Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a stace: also c, acc. to inbabit."

olidov, ró, (Gros) always used in pl. olida, rá, like Lat. aedes, a boque, dwelling, abode : esp. a palace containing ranges of buildings. 2. e den, lair. etc., of animals : a nest.

olktore, f. (oldica) toe building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

olulowos, d, Dim. of oluce, a small pouse or room:

a cage, coop, pen. olstoral, Ion. for weister, 3 sing. pf. pass. of olsife. olmorto, spoe, poet, for olmorto.

olicionine, où, o, (olicio) a settler, colonist.

olno-yevin, is, (olnos, yevista) born in the house, bome-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

olusconorius, f. how, to be master of a bouse, to manage the bousehold. From

oleso-Best notings, ou, o, (olkos, Best notings) the master of a bouse or family: the good-man of the bouse.

oixoboutes, f. hous, (oixobouse) to build a bouse. generally, to build, construct :- Med., olrodo μείσθαι olinqua to build samelf a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon 4 metaph. to edify. Hence

olkobout, ή, = σίκοδομησιε, the act of building :- a 2. metaph. edification, improvebuilding; edifice. ment, instruction.

olkobounus, to, (olk. .ouse) a pouse built building. οίκοδόμησιε, ή, - οίκοδομία.

olecodopia, \$, (olecodopia) the building of a bouse; a way of building, structure, 2. a building, edifice.

olnodopunds, h, w, (olnocopos, saliful in outlding:

oleodoμική (sub. τέχνη) architecture. olno-δόμος, ον, (οίκος, δέμω) building a bouse:-

as Subst., olcobó pos, o, a builder, an architect. olkober, Adv. (olkos) from one's own bouse, from bome. - 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself; our elxor olnoter I had it not of my own.

oluoti; Adv. (oluos) at bome, Lat. domi.

olicos, Adv. (olicos) at Bome, Lat. domi: 74 olicos one's own affairs.

ginove, post. for olumbe, (eluos) bomeward, bome. eluovopiu, f. how, (oluovopoe) to be a bousebolder 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange.

bousehold or family: generally, administration, gevernment of a state.

olkovopukós, 4, 6r, conversant with the management of a bousehold or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: 1 olnovopunt (50b. τέχνη) v domestic economy; also τὰ οleoroμικά, domestic affairs. Adv. - wwe. From olno-vouos, or, (olube, repu) managing a boutebold

or family: as Subst. olsorouce, &, a bouse-keeper, manager, steward. olub-vedov, -to, (oluce, vedov) the site of a bouse,

Lat. area demus. . . . 11. the house itself. olko-words, de, (olkos, worder) making or constituting

olkópios, a, or, vor. for olkoópios.

OPROE, ov. b, a bonse, abode, dwelling: any place to live in; man' alkor or nan' alkove at bome. part of a bouse, a room, chamber: hence olsos m pl. often stands for a single bouse, like Lat. aedes. a temple. Il. bousehold affairs, bouse-soifery: bousebold property, bouse and goods. III. a

bousebold, family. IV. a bouse, race, family. olnos, Ion. for lource, part. neut. of lours. olno-otros, ov, (olnos, viros) feeding at bome, living

at one's own cost. II. living in a bouse. olko-τριβής, ές, (οίκος, τριβήναι\ ruining a bouse or family.

elkó-τρυψ, ϊβοε, ο, (οικοε, τρίβω) a slave born and bred in the bouse. Lat. verna.

olkg-rúpavvos, δ, (οἶκοε, τύραννοε) a domestic tyrant. olubrus, Ion. for countres, Adv. of counts (part. of łowa), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , v. sub oἰκέω.

oluouples, f. how, (oluouple) to watch or keep the bouse: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. Ù. m

keep within doors, stay at home. Hence

οίκούρημα, τό, the watch of a house: generally, watch and ward; olnowpypa firm watch kept by Il. one who keeps bouse, a stay-at-borne. olnoupla, f, (olnouple) a keeping at bome: inactivity.

olkoúpios, or, belonging to bousekeeping; hence re olkoúpia (sub. dŵpa), wages for bousekeeping. heeping within doors: traipat oluopiat Dor. for or roup-) female bouse-mates. From

olk-ouple, by, (olkos, olpos) watching or keeping the II. staying at bome, domestie: as Subst. olkoupós, f, the mistress of the bouse.

ολκοφθορόω, f. ήσω, (ολκοφθόρου) to rank a boune a family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

olnoplopia, h, ruin of a bouse or family.

olno-фворов, or, (olnos, фверы) ruining a boun: as Subst., οἰκοφθόρου, ὁ, a prodighi.

οίκο-φύλαξ, άκοι, ό, ή, (οίκοι, φύλαξ , α poems grand olumionua, ro, and ourrelonous, f. picy. From olerelpu: impl. parespor Ion. olerespor: fint, elerespo eluovopla, 4, (cleoropha) the management of a 201. I furespa, (cleros):-to pity, have sity at our penion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pera.; clar. ruá | turbs to pity one for or because of a thing ointifu, f. low Att. w: 201. I parion: (oletos) :to grieve for, pity, commiserate: - Med. to express grif, mourn: to bewail, lament.

olkripuos, ou, s, (olkreipu) pity-compassion. olktipper, or, gen. ovos, (olktelper) merciful.

olericua, aros, to, (olerica) lamentation. olerισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ολετίζω) lamentation.

olertoros, n, or, irreg. Sup. of olerpos (formed from oleros, cf. aloxpos, aloxioros; but the Comp. is olerporepoe):-mo-t pitiable, miserable, lamentable:

neut. pl. oleriora as Adv. most miserably OFKTOZ, ov, o, pity, compassion. 2. the ex-

pression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing olkrpó-flos, ov. (olkrpós, flos) leading a pitiable

olumbe d, or, (olumos) pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful. Comp. and Sup. olarpotrepos, olarpotraros, also streg. Sup. Districtor

olkrpo-xoles, (olkrpose, xles) to pour forth piteously, olemple. Adv of olempos, piteously: Sup. olemporana.

olicies, via, io, lon. for counts, part. of count. οίκ-ωφελής, έε, (οίκοε, ώφελέω) profitable to a bouse. σίκωφελία Ion. -ίη, ή, (ολκωφελήε) profit to a bouse:

hence thrift or carefulness in bousehold matters, of a bome-life, as opp. to the life of a warrior. οίμα, ατοι, τό, (\*οίω – φέρω) an impetuous attack,

the spring of a hon, swood of an eagle, Lat. impetus. oipa, Att contr. from oiopai.

oipae, i. how, (oipa) = oppae, to dart upon, to pounce or succep, of a bird of prey

OTMH, \$, - aluos, a way, path: metaph, the course

of a tale or poem; the tale or poem itself ofpos, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise,

200e's me l of μοι is used with a nom., as, οίμοι έγω ab me! wor's me! or with a gen., as, of por tow maker

alas for my misfortunes !

OFMOL, w, b, a way, road, course, path. 3. a wrip of land stripe, layer 4. metaph. the oling, almos doedigs the course or strain of song,

z song, lay. σίμωγή, ή, (οἰμώζω) properly a crying οἴμοι, weep-

ing and wailing, lamentation. οίμωγμα, ατοι. τό, a cry of lamentation, wail: and

oiperpuos, o, a lamenting. From

oincola, fist. ol pérfopar later ol pérfo: 201. I é parfa: (ol por):—to cry olpos, (as alafa to cry al, al), to wail, lament; olucie as a curse, go bowl i plague take you ! Lat. abi in malam rem! so, our oluwferai;

shall be not have to cry out? i. e. shall be not rue il 1 II. trans. to prty, bewail, c. acc.

σίμεσκτός, ή, όν, (οἰμάζω) to be pitied or bemailed. oissisters, 3 sing Ep sor. I opt. of olubicat.

oir-arθη, ή, (οίνη, άνθη) the first about or bud of the vene: then, like Lat. pampinus, the vine-stock, the 2. the down of the vine-leaf: metaph, the dosen on the cheek, Lat. lanugo.

olv-avols, 1800, \$ = olváron. olvápeov, tó, – obapor.

olro-βαρέω) = olroβαρήs. From

olvapilu, f. su, (olvapor) to strip off sine-leaves. olvapiov, 76, Dim. of alree, weak, poor wine.

olvapov, τό, (οίνη) a vine-leaf; Lat. pampinus.

OPNH, \$, the vine, Lat. vitis. 2. = 01700, wine. olympos, a, ov, (oivos) of wine, addicted to wine, Lat. II. containing wine. Windows. tries, *rieb in wine*.

oiv-hours, 4, (olros, debut) a vessel for drawing wine olvila, (oiros) to smell or wine II. Med. a procure wine by barter, buy wine. olvo-Băpelev, d, an Ion. participial form (as if from

olvo-βăpija, έε, (olvos, βαρύε) beavy or drunken with wine, Lat. vino gravis. olvo-βρεχής, ε, (olvos, βρέχω) soaked in wine, i. c.

drunken. olvo-bouce, or, (alree, becomes) receiving or bolding wine.

oivo-Bóτης, ου, Dor. -Bóτας, α, δ, (οίνος, δίδωμι) giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus. olvous, -ocosa, -oer, contr. olvous, -ousas Att.

-ourra, -our, (alree) made of or with wine. as Subst., oboûrra, n, a cake or porridge of pearlbarley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.

olvé-uedu, troe, ró, (olvos, pédi) boney mined with wine\_mead. olvo-midn. 4, and olvo-pedov, To, (olvos, midor) land

fit for growing wine, a vineyard. olvo-medos, or, (olvos, médor) fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in win-

olvo-wewavtos, or; (olvoe, wewalra) ripe for making wine. olvo-winns [!], ou, o, (alros, durateva) gaping after

wine, formed like the Homeric wapperowlans. olvo-πληθής, έε, (οίνοε, πλήθω) abounding in wine.

οίνο-πλήξ, ήγοε, δ, ή, (οίνοε, πλήσσω) wine-stricken. i. e. *drunk*.

olvomorálu and olvomorém, (olvomorne) to drient wine. olvo-ποτήρ, ήρος, δ, and olvo-ποτης, ου, δ, tem. olvo-moris, 1803, (olvos, IIO- Root of some tenses of

zíve) a wine-drinker, wine-bibber. OI'NOZ, ov, o, Lat. VINUM, wine; ev olivo, en

olve, wap' olve, over wine, Lat. inter pocula. the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., cider, parry: οίνου έκ κριθών barley-wine, a kind of beer : palmwine, lotus-wine, also occur as distinguished from grape-wine (οίνοε δμπέλινοε)

elvo-τρόφος, or, (elvos, τρέφω) producing wine. olvous, olvoura Att. -ourra, -our, contr. for olvous, eooa, er.

olvo-payla, h, (olvoe, payelr) a consuming of wine. οίνοφλυγία, ή, a love of drinking, drunkenness. From olvó-hλuf, σγος, δ, ή, (olros, φλύω) gives to drink ing, drunken.

elve-\$6000, ov, (olros, \$600) carrying, bolding wine, | pres. of the sometimes I in the middle of the as Subst., olropópos, ó, Lat. osnopborus, a wins-cask. elvo-yapie, ée, (olree, yapipat) rejoicing in wine. sive-yapuv, ortos, o, (olros, Xapar) the Wine-Charon, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

olvoyoein, Ep. form of olvoyin, to pour out muse. olvoxobe: 3 sing. impf. elvoxobe Ep. devoxobe; f. śσω: sor. I inf. οἰνοχοῆσαι: (οἰνοχόοι):--to be a sup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; véntap toroxbet the was pouring out nectat for wine.

olvo-xón, f, (olvon, xém) a cup or can for ladling wine from the boul (apartie) into the cups.

olvo-x600, or, (olvoe, x60) pouring out mine to drink: as Subst., obroxoce, o, a sup-bearer. olvo-xuros, or, (olvos, xim) poured of or with wine;

when oboxveror a draught of soine. elv-οψ, οποι, δ, = olvoψ, wine-coloured, wine-dark.

οίνδα, f. άσω:—Pass., 201. Ι φνάθην: pf. φνωμαι lon. obrespen: (obros) :-- to make drunk with soine :--Pass. to get drunk, be drunken.

olváv, en oc. 8, (olvos) a seize-cellar, seize-chop. olv-wards, \$, or, or os, or, and olv-dely, wards, o, \$, (olvoe, by) wine-coloured.

offers, sor. I part. of olympus.

olo. Ep. for oo, gen. of possess. Pron. de, bis, ber. oló-βäτos, αν, (olos, βαίνω) walking alons: lonesoms. olo-βουκόλος, ον. (olos, βουκόλος) berdeman of a single cow.

οίο-Βώτας, δ. (οίος, βόσκω) one who feeds alone; φρενόε oloβώταε feeding his mind apart, self-willed. olo-γάμος, ον, (olos, γαμέω) married only to one. olo-favos, or, (olos, farn) with one girdle, i.e. singlebanded, alone.

olober, Adv. (olos) from one side alone, nence generally, alone; olóver olos all alone.

OI OMAI Ep. otopas: impf. olopay, Ep. 3 sing. diero: fut. ολήσομαι: aor. I Ep. δίσθην part. δίσθείε, Att. φίήθην inf. οληθήναι part. οληθείε: Ep. aor. I med. ἀισάμην, 3 sing. δέσατο part. δέσάμενος. Act. old or old is also found: Dor. pres. old. Att. also use a contr. pres. σίμαι, impf. φμην.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut.; of good, to hope, anticipate; of evil, to fear: -- often used absol., aled often thou art ever suspecting; and so in the sense to deem, believe, expect; θυμός δέσατό μοι my heart foreboded it: it is also once found impersonal, δίεται μοι ἀνά θυμόν there comes a boding into my heart. minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing. 3. also \* used parenthetically in first person, ຂ້າ ສຸກພາດເດນ (ມີເພ) melorau among the first (methinks) will be be lying: so in Att., the contr. οίμαι impf. φίμην, I think, I suppose, I believe, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase, was ofer; www olease; how think you?

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the s is long in all tenses, bies, blouro, etc.: only the act, | ré êors and old ré êors, it is possible.

oloved, for olovel, as if: Dor. oloval. olo-vouce, or, (olos, reper) freeding alone: lonely. olo-vouce, or, (ols, vepus) feeding sheep: as Subst. a sbepberd.

olov-re, possible; obx olovre impossible: v. olos m. oló-nonce, or, (ole, néme) sborn from a sbesp. olowohim. f. how, to roam or baunt alone. From olo-πόλος. σ, (olos, πέλομαι) being alone: lanely, solitary. B. (ole, woken) tending sheep.

elop, Scyth. for drip. Hence

οίδρ-πατα, Scyth. word in Herodotus. - Δεδροκτόνοι. OPOZ, oly, olor, alone, by oneself, lone, lonely: it can often only be rendered by an Adv., alone, only: strongthd., els olos, pla oly one alone, one only: also in dual, 800 oles, and in pl., 860 olous. 2. C. gen., TWO clos left alone by them; clos belov alone of all the gods; clos 'Arperdor apart from the sons of Atreas. II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat. unious.

olos, ola lon. oly, olov, (is) such as, of such sort, manner or kind as ..., Lat. qualis; relat. Pronoun, answering to wolve interrog, and indef., and to demonstr. roice; bouce olde re, Lat. qualis quantumque: c. acc., olos deerhe what a man for virtue: often only to be rendered by an Adv., as, olos péreses weλεμόνδε boss he rushes into war.

Olos in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd, by & of & τον μύθον έκιναι what a word hast thou spoken! the neut. ofor is often used as an Adv., ofor 84 re beode sporol alticortae bow do men now find fault II. implying a Comparison, the with gods! anteced, roibs or roibs being often omitted; elec άστηρ είσι like as a star wanders; and so as an exclam., of dyonevers subat art thou saying ! old p' topyas subat hast thou done to me! 2. olor often introduces a reason for what has gone before, 54 being sometimes added to express certainty; olos 84. olov on, such as all know. 3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses olds re, in some such suay as, οίδε τε πελάριοε έρχεται "Αρηε some such one ex Ares; so, olds ris the sort of person. 4 when a Comparison involves Time, olos ore is used, like as 5. ofoe is used in many brief Att. expressions, as, obder ofor account acros ros ropes there's nothing like, i. e. so good as, hearing the law itself: —it adds force to the Superl., xepior ofor xuxerdraror, in full receiver olde terr resplay, ground the most difficult possible. III. ofce c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, clos Env realous Epper to Euros to bow able was he to make good both deed and word: οίοι έην βουλευέμεν ήδε μάχεσθαι bose able was he to counsel and to fight: in this sense olds re is more usual, olde re elul roceir I am such a man as to do it, i. e. I am able to do it: in neut. sing. and pl., older 2. absol

In month, other research it is possible; ody other re dorf it is im-possible. IV. olos is in Att. often repeated in the same clause, as, oi' toya opagoas ola Layxares mand having done what kind of actions, what kind of sufferings he receives! ofar dro' ofar ovμάτον χάρον sobat thanks, for subat offerings ! as Adv. in neut. sing. olor, also in pl. ola, bow; also with Adj. ofor exporters bow fresh. Comparisons, as, like as, just as: olor ore as 3. as, like, for instance. 4. about, bard upon, Lat. quasi, olor bina orablove about ten stades. olds, dids, gen. of ois ûis.

οίο-φρουν, oros, ό, ή, (οίοs, φρήν) single in one's opinion: generally, londy. olo-xlrav, eros, o, h, (olos, xirar) with nothing but

a tunic on, lightly clad.

olóm, (olom) to leave alone: Pass. olóouat, Ep. 201. I

olώθην, to be forsaken." "OIE, & and \$1, gen. & sec. &; plur., nom. & se gen. diar, dat. oies: Ep. diess: shortened bess: acc. oras; contr. som. and acc. pl. ors:-Att. nom. ors gen. olde, dat. oli acc. olr : pl. nom. oles gen. olor, dat. olol acc. olas; nom, and acc. pl. also ols. Lat.

QVIS, a sheep, whether ram or ewe; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, &s δωνειός οι άρσην a ram; δίε θηλυε a ewe.

όξσατο, δίσάμενος, Ep. 201. I med. of οίομαι. [1]

olore -tru, -ere, fut. imperat. of  $\phi \in \rho \omega$ .

olo fuev, olo fuevas, Ep. for olo eiv, fut. inf. of plow. cirelyses, Dor. for olsoper, I pl. fut. of peper. olarda, thou knowest, 2 sing. of olda.

olo Bels, aor. I pass. part. of olo ua.

olothoonal, fut. pass. of peper.

oloopas, fut. med., with pass. sense, of pepas.

OF ZIIH, \$1, the grease in unwashen wool, greasy evool.

οίο-πάτη, ή, (δίε, οίε, πάτοε) the dirt on the binder

part of a sbeep.

olo-téos, a, ov, verb. Adj. of pépe, to be borne. ment, olarior one must bear.

δίστευτήρ, ήρος, δ. and δίστευτής, οῦ, δ, (δίστεύω) 🗷 bowman, an arcber.

οιστεύω, f. σω, (διστός) to shoot arrows: not. I part. Moresons. IL trans, to shoot with an ATTOM.

όιστο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (όιστός, δέχομαι) bolding arrows.

ολοτός, ή, ω, (οισω) that must be borne, endurable. ότστός Att. olστός, οῦ, ὁ, (οίσω, fut. of φέρω) an

arrow, Lat. sagitta.

ολοτράω οι ολοτρέω: f. ήσω: aot. I act. ώστρησα inf. ολοτρήσαι:-Pass., aoc. I φοτρήθην inf. ολοτρη-Oipou: (οίστροε):—properly of a gadfly, to torment By stinging: generally, to sting of goad to madness: II. intr. to go mad, run Pass. to be driven mad. zoild, rage.

cloup-hadros, or, (clarpos, lacinus) driven by the gadfly, driven mad.

οίστρημα, ατος, τό, (οίστράω) the smart of a gadfly's sting: a fit of madness, raving. οίστρο-βολέω, f. ήσω, (σίστοος, βαλείν) to utrike

with a sting, esp. of love. olompo-bluntos, or, (oldtpos, divew) driven round

and round by the gadfly: driven wild. olompo-Bountos, or, and -Bovos, or, (olompos, Bovia) driven by the gadfly . driven wild.

οίστρο-πλήξ, ηγος, δ, ή, (οίστρος, πλήσσω) εκπη by a gadfly, driven mad.

OI'ETPOE, ov. 8, the gadfly, breeze, Lat. asiluz, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io. II. metaph. a sting, goad, anything that torments: the smart of pain, agony. any vehement passion: madness, frenzy.

οίστρο-φόρος, ω, (οίστρος, φέρω) maddening. OFEY'A, \$\dagger\$, a tree of the outer kind. Hence olovitvos, n. or, of osier, made of wicker-work.

olovan,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\rightarrow$  olown.

oloumneds, a, or, (olouros) greasy, dirty, esp. of unwashed wool, Lat. land succida.

οίσύπος,  $\delta$ , (οίε) = οίστη, οἰσύτη.

olow Dor. olow, fut. of pipu, from Root folo; whence is formed Ep. imperat. olde, inf. oldeuer, olo eur.

OPTOZ, ov, &, fate, lot, doom; in Homer ill fate, doom, ruin, death; κακὸν οίτον ἀπόλλυσθαι to die a sað deatb.

Oirógupos, o, the Scyth. name of Apollo. olχέομαι, = olχομαι, q. v

olyvew, Ion. impf. olyveorov, - olyopau, to go, come; of birds, to fly:--generally, to walk, live.

ΟΙ ΧΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: impf. είχθμην: fut. ολχήσομαι: pf. ψχημαι Ion. οίχημαι: also pf. med. ψχωκα Ion. olyanca: Ion. 3 sing. plapf. olyance. The pres. olχέομαι Ion. οἰχεῦμαι also occurs: L of persons, to be gone, to have gone, and so opp. to fixe to have come: c. part., οίχεται φεύγων he has fled and gone; olyeras θανών be is dead and gone: c. acc. cognato, όδον οίχεσθαι to be gone on a journey: c. acc. pers. to bave escaped from. 2. for Orhoko, to be gone bence, to bave departed, be deceased; Att. part. olyunevos the departed. 3. pf. ρίχονα, like ύλωλα, to be undone, ruined. II. of things, as of darts, etc., to rush, sweep along. 2. of strength, to be gone, lost, vanished οίω and ότω, used by Ep. Poets for οίομαι.

\*οίω, τεο φέρω.

olubay, aor. I pass. of olios.

olovilouai, Att. fut. 100 pai: Dep.: (olovie):-to take omens from the flight and screams of birds, Lat., augurium capere. II. to look upon as an omen,

forebode, Lat. augurarı. οιώνισμα, ατος, τό, (olariζομαι) divination by the flight or cries of birds, Lat. augurium.

οιωνιστήριον, τό, (olaviζομαι) a place for watebing the flight of birds, Lat. templum augurale.

the omen or augury itself.

oleviorthe, of, & (clarifopai) one who foretells from \ the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner. οίωνο-θέτης, ου, δ, (ολονός, τίθημι) an interpreter of

auguries, an augur.

olavo-Opoos, or, (claros, Opoos) of the cry of birds. clavo-artivos, or, (clarios, artiva) killing birds olero-partie, ear, o, and o, (olaros, partie) an interpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.

οίωνο-πόλος ον (oleros, πολέω) observing the flight and cries of birds: as Subst., olavozohos, o, an augur. clavos, où, ô, (clos) a solitary bird, esp. a bird of II. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle. omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, opribes. an omen, presage, Lat. auspicium or augurium; els clards άριστος, ψμύνεσθαι περί πάτρης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; claral dyaffol good omens.

olevoorconte, f. how, to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take augustes, practise augury. From

olavo-orthos, or, (olards, oronta) watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries: as Subst., ολονοσκόποι, δ, an augur, sootbiayer.

olos, Att. Adv. of olos, olos av olos exess being such a man in what a state art thou!

δκά poët. δκκά, Dor. for δτε, when. ΌΚΕ ΛΛΩ, 201. Ι ώπειλα, inf. δπείλαι, - πέλλα, I. trans. of the sailors, to run a nautical term, ship aground, run it on shore, strand it. II. intr. of the ship, to run aground.

own, Ion. for own.

beed poet, for bea.

δκ-κά or δκ κα, for ότε κεν, like κάκ κεφαλή» for mata medailis.

δκλάδίας (sub. δίφρος), ου, δ, (δκλάζω) a seat with

folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.

'OKAA'ZΩ, f. σω: aor. I ώκλασα:—to sink on one's knees, to crowth down, cower: generally, to hend, sink down: to sink from weariness, to sit down to 2. to leave off through weariness, to flag, II. c. acc. to let sink, to bend, slacken, abate. lower.

δκνάλίος, α, αν, (δκνος) poët. for δκνηρός.

orvein, poet. for davio.

δκνέω poët. δκνείω: impf. δκνειον: f. ήσω: (δκνοε): -to shrink from doing, scruple or besitate to do a

becompos, a, or, (orros) shrinking, besitating, un-II. of things, grievous, troublesom

"OKNOZ, &, a sbrinking, besitation, unreadiness: eowardice.

δκόθεν, δκοίος, δκόσος, δκότε, δκότερος, δκου, Ion. for brober, broise, etc.

δκρίζω, (δκριε) to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasterated.

baploeus, eoou, er, (bapes) rugged, jagged, of unhewn stone.

δικριόωντο, Ερ. for δεριώντο, 5 pl. impf. of δεριών. buple, soe, 4, like aspes, aspa, a jagged point, a II. as Adj. depis, idea, i. h, rugged, jagged. ouptions, ease, er, (species, with o euphon.) - ggoepie, cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful. borrible.

δετά-βλαμος, ον, (δετώ, βλαμός) consisting of eight mouthfule; διετάβλωμος έρτας a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.

όκτα-δάκτυλος, ον, (ἀκτώ, δάκτυλος) eight-fingered. όκτα-huspos, αν, (δετώ, ήμέρα) for eight days · or the eighth day.

outaus, Adv. (duré) eight times. [d] όκτακισ-μύριοι, αι, α, eighty thousand.

ontakuσ χίλιοι, αι, α, eight thousand: it is also used in sing., Ιπποε δεταεισχιλέη – δεταεισχίλιοι έππεῖι, ' 8000 horse.'

δατά-κνημος, ον, (δατώ, ανήμη) with eight spokes. oktánostot, at, a, (öntés) eight bundred.

όκτά-μηνος, ον, (όκτώ, μήν) eight months old, in the eighth month. [a]

derá-medos, ev. Dor. for derámous.

ortundacios, a, ev, and detundecter, ev, gen மை, (ப்ாம்) eightfold, Lat. octuplus.

δετά-πόδης, ου δ, (δετώ, πούε) eight feet long. δικτά-πουε, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδοε, (διετώ, πούε) eight-footed. Il. eight feet long.

outap-picos, or, (outa, pica) with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tynes.

bertap-popos, ov. (berti, buple) drawn by eight pairs. δικτά-τονος, ον, (δικτώ, τείνω) eight-etretched; Ελικευ berarovos the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prev.

'OKTΩ', el, el, ré, indecl. eight, Lat. OCTO.

oute-bantilos, er, with eight fing rs.

ôntw-nal-Sena, ol, al, rá, indecl. sighteen. дитокалдека-брахиов, от, (дитокайдека, брахия)

weigbing or worth eighteen drachmae. outweatbenatos, 4, or, the eighteenth: durwoulde-

κάτη (sub. ήμέρα), the eighteenth day. oktwarden-étys, ou, o, (oktoralisens, étes) sigisters years old :- fem. outwarden-ire, idea.

duxém, poët, form of dxém, to beer, convey, serry. δκχος, δ, poët. form of έχος, a chariot.

Skws, Ion. for Sawe.

δκωχα, old pf. of έχω, whence the compd. dual σγνοχωκότε.

όλβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: 20τ. Ι δέλβισα:— Pass., aor. Ι αλβίσθην: pl. άλβισμαι: (δλβου):—te mai: bappy: to deem or pronounce bappy, like pamagiçu and eòbai poríso.

όλβιο-δαίμων, eros, & and th, (δλβισε, δαίμων) ef blessed lot or fortune.

δλβιό-δωρος, ον. (δλβιος, δώρον) bestowing bliss, bounteous.

όλβιο-δώτης or -δότης, ου, δ, fem. -δώτες εδος (δλβιοε, δίδωμι) bestower of bliss.

όλβιο-εργόε, όν, (δλβιοε, έργον) making dappy. δλβιό-μοιρος, ον', (δλβιος, μοῖρα) of begay face. δλβιος, αν, or α, αν, (δλβαν) bappy, blest, esp. with worldly goods, prosperous, sociliby, rich, Lat. beatus: generally, bappy, blessed: Homer only uses neut. pl., as δλβια δούναι to bestow rich gifts; δώρα δλβια ποιεθ το make gifts blessed: so in Adv. δλβια ζώνιν to live bappily. Irreg. Sup. δλβιστος, η, αν, formed directly from δλβαν, as αίσχιστος, κέρδιστος from αίσχος, κέρδισ: the reg. Sup. δλβιστατοε also occurs. Adv. -lan.

ολβιό-φρων, σνοε, δ, ή, (δλβισε, φρήν) leaning to-

suards the rich.

δλβιστος, η, or, irreg. Sup. of δλβιος.

όλβίως, Adv. of δλβιος, bappily, blissfully.

δλβο-δοτήρ, ηρος, δ, and δλβο-δότης, ου, δ, fem. δλβο-δότειοα, (δλβος, δίδωμι) giver of bliss or prosperity.

OABOX, ov, &, bappiness, bliss, wealth.

δλβο-φόρος, ον, (άλβος, φέρω) bringing bliss. δλέεσθαι, Ion. for δλείσθαι, fut. med. inf. of δλλυμι.

δλέσκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of δλλυμ. δλέθριος, σε, also α, σε, (δλεθροε) destructive, deadly; δλέθριοε ήμαρ the day of destruction: c. gen., γόμοι δλέθριοε φίλων a marriage destructive to

one's friends. II. pass lost, undone.

δλεθρος, δ. (δλλυμ) ruin, destruction, undoing;

ούκ els όλεθρον (sc. έρρήσειε); wilt thou not go to perdition? i.e. ruin seize thee, answering to Comic phrase ούκ ès κόρακα»;

II. like Lat. pernicies, that which causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest.

δλει, δλείται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of άλλυμι.

δλέκρανον, τό, - ωλέκρανον.

"OAE'KΩ, only used in pres. and impf. δλεκον (without augm.), collat. form of δλλυμι:—to ruin, destroy, kill:—Pass, to perish, die.

όλέσαι, όλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of δλλυμι.

όλέσσι, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of δλλυμι.

δλεσ-ήνωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (δλλυμ, drhp) man-destroying. δλίσθαι, 201. 2 inf. med. of δλλυμι:

όλεσί-θηρ, ήρος, ό, ή, (όλλυμι, θήρ) destroying wild

beaus.
δλεσίμ-βροτος, ον. (διλυμι, βροτός) man-destroying.
δλεσι-τύραννος, ον. pošt. δλεσσιτ-, (διλυμι, τύparros) destroying tyrants.

όλ έσκω, collat. form of δλλυμι.

δλέσσαι, όλέσσας, Ep. for όλέσαι, όλέσαι.

δλεσσε, Ερ. for ώλεσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of δλλυμι. δλέσσει, Ερ. for δλέσει, 3 sing. fut. of δλλυμι.

δλέσω, fut. of δλλυμι. δλέτειρα, ή, fem. of δλετηρ, a murderess.

όλετήρ, ήροι, ή, (δλλυμι) a destroyer, murderer. άλετις, δοι, ή, = όλετειρα.

δλησι, δληται, 2 and 3 sing. 20r. 2 subj. med. of δλλυμ.

δλίγακις, Adv. (δλίγος) but few times, seldom. [ἄ] δλίγ-άμπελος, ον. (δλίγος, άμπελος) scant of vines. δλιγανδρέω, (δλίγανδρός) to be scant of men. Hence δλιγανδρία, ή, fewness of men.

δλίγ-avδροs, or, (όλιγρε, drhp) scant of men.

δλίγανθρωπία, ή, scantiness of people. From δλίγ-άνθρωπος, οτ, (δλίγος, άνθρωπος) scant of people. δλίγ-αρχίομαι, Pass. (δλίγος, άρχω) to be governed by a few, be subject to an aligarchy. Hence δλίγαρχία, ή, an oligarchy, σουετηπετις by a few families or persons. Hence

δλίγαρχικός, ή, όν, oligaresical: inclined to olfgareby.

δλίγ-αθλαξ, άνος, δ.-ή, (όλίγος, αδλαξ) baving few furrows, baving but little land for ploughing. δλίγ**αχ έθε**ν, Adv. (όλίγος) from few parts or piaces;

c. gen., όλιγαχόθεν της 'Asins from few parts of Asia.

δλίγηπελέων, εουσα, (participial form, as if from a
pres. όλιγηπελέω), baving little power, powerless,

δλίγη-πελής, ές (δλίγος, πέλομαι) powerless. Hence δλίγηπελία. Ion. -ίη, ή, foebleness.

ολίγηριος, ον, - ολίγος, small, little.

δλίγ-ηροσίη, ή, (δλίγοι, άροσιι) want of arable land. δλίγη-σίπτοι, ον', (δλίγοι, στπία) with a small cornbin: with little torn.

ολίγιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ολίγος, least.

όλιγογονία, ή, scantiness of produce, barrenness, From δλίγδ-γονος, σε, 'δλίγος, \*γένω') producing little,

αλίγο-γονος, ον, ολίγος, γενω) producing attis, unfruitful, barren.

δλίγοδρἄνέων, εουσα, participial form, as if from a

pres. δλιγοδρανέω, able to do little, feeble, powerless. From

όλιγο-δράνης, έε, (όλιγοε, δραίνω) of little strength, powerless. Hence

όλιγοδράνία, ή, feebleness.

δλίγο-έτης, es, (όλίγοs, έτοι) of few years. Hence δλίγοετία, η, fewness of years, youthfulness.

Althouses of (Alone storm) of little wood.

δλίγό-πιστος, ον, (δλίγος, πίστα) of little faith. 'OAITOX, η, or, of Number or Quantity, few, little, opp. to wolfs. - The governing body in Oligarchies was called of δλίγοι, the Few, opp. to τὸ πλήθος or ol πολλοί (the Many, the People). inf. too few to do a thing. II. of Size, small, little, opp. to peyas: the neut. oxlyor as Adv., little, a little, in a small degree: so also dit. bligg. special phrases: oxlyou des there wants but little, i.e. almost; c. inf., δλίγου έδέησε καταλαβείν it wanted but little to overtake, all but overtook: hence δλίγου alone (bei being omitted), within a little, all but, 2. δι' δλίγου, at a short distance; nearly, almost. or of Time, after a short space, shortly after:--but di balyar in few words. - 3. Er balya, in a small compass; and of Time, in short, briefly: also, like δλίγου, almost. 4. Is things, - map bhings. maτ δλίγον by little and little: but the Adj. is onen put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, ouror κατ' δλίγους γιγνόμενοι έμάχοντο these fought form-6. παρ' δλίγον, ing themselves into small parties. IV. Degrees of within a little, all but, almost. Comparison :- µelaw, or, gen. oroz, as also ¿λάσσων,

is used for the Comp 2. Sup. δλίγιστος, η, ον: | δλιγίστου, genit. used Adv. (see δλίγοι m) very nearly. όλιγοστίχια, ή, the consisting of few lines. From δλίγο-στίχος, ον, (δλίγος, στίχος) consisting of few lines or verses.

δλίγοστός, ή, όν, (δλίγος) one out of a few, opp. to

πολλοστός.

δλιγότης, ητος, ή, (δλίγος) fewness, smallness. όλιγοτροφέω, to give little nourishment. From όλιγο-τρόφος, ον. (όλίγος, τρέφω) giving little

nourishment. όλιγο-φιλία, ή, (δλιγος, φίλος) fereness of friends. όλιγο-χρόνιος, σν, also a, ον, (όλίγος, χρόνος) last-

ing but little time, of short duration. όλιγοψυχέω (όλιγόψυχος), to be faint-bearted. Hence

όλιγοψυχία, ή, faint-beartedness.

δλίγο-ψύχος, ον, (δλίγος, ψυχή) faint-bearted.

 $\delta\lambda i\gamma$ - $\Delta\lambda \alpha \xi$ ,  $\delta\kappa os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $=\delta\lambda i\gamma \alpha \hat{v}\lambda \alpha \xi$ .

ολίγωρέω, f. ήσω, (δλίγωρος) to regard lightly,

make small account of, c. gen. Hence

δλίγωρία, ή, a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt. ολίγ-ωρος, ον, (όλίγος, ώρα) little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despisings contemptuous. Hence όλιγώρως, Adv. carelessly; όλιγώρως έχειν οι διαreiσθαι to be carcless, beedless. M

όλίγως, Adv. of όλίγος, a little.

όλισθάνω and later -alva: fut. δλισθήσω: aor. I διλίσθησα: pf. διλίσθηκα: 20τ. 2 διλισθον, part. δλισθών, inf. δλισθείν: (δλισθος):—to slip, slide, fall suddenly; νηδε όλισθών baving slipped from the ship.

όλισθε, Ep. for ώλισθε, 3 sing, 201, 2 of όλισθάνω.

όλισθείν, aor. 2 inf. of όλισθάνω.

 $\delta \lambda \iota \sigma \theta \eta \epsilon \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma a$ ,  $\epsilon v$ ,  $= \delta \lambda \iota \sigma \theta \eta \rho \delta s$ .

όλίσθημα, ματοι, τό, (όλισθείν) a slip, fall.

δλισθηρός, ά, όν, (δλισθείν) slippery, sliding. δλισθο-γνωμονέω (δλισθείν, γνώμη), to make a slip ot error in judgment.

"OAIXOOX, d, slipperiness: a slip.

δλκάς, άδος, ή, (έλκω, όλκή) a ship which is towed, a ship of burthen, merchantman, trading vessel,

δλκή, ή, (έλκω) a drawing, trailing, dragging. a being drawn towards a thing, attraction.

δλκός, ή, όν, (έλκω) attractive.

δλκός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔλκω) as an Instrument, that which draws or bauls; based machines for bauling ships on 2. a strap or trace for drawing. a track made by drawing, a furrow, track, Lat. suleus: the trail of a serpent. III. periphr. CArol δάφνη: drawings of laurel, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.

"ΟΛΛΥ"MI and δλλύω: impf. άλλυν: f. δλέσω Ep. δλέσσω Ion. όλέω Att. όλω: 20r. Ι ώλεσα Εp. ώλεσσα, δλεσσα: pf. ελώλεκα: — Med. δλλύμαι, Ion. fut. δλέομαι Att. δλούμαι: 201. 2 διλόμην: pf. 2 όλωλα: plqpf. ωλώλειν: --οὐλύμενος, properly 201. 2 part. med. for δλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub Voce. I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to bammered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast.

2. to lose.—The Act. corresponds in its two II, Med. to perish, come senses to Lat. perdere. to an end, dir: δλοιο, δλοιτο, δλοισθε, etc., may st thou, may be, may ye perish!—to be undone, 2. so pf. 2 δλωλα, I am undone, ruined; ruined. ol δλωλότει the dead.

δλλύε, ῦσα, ών, pres. part. of δλλυμι.

δλμος, δ, (είλω, Lat. volvo) a round smooth stone. 3. a kneading-trough. a roller. 2. a mortar.

δλόσιε, εσσα, εν. – όλούε, destructive. <mark>δλοθρευτής, οῦ</mark>, δ, (δλοθρεύω) a destroyer.

δλοθρεύω, f. εύσω, (δλεθροι) to destroy.

όλοίτος, ον, poët. for sq., like δμοίτου for ομοιου. όλοιός, όν, poët, for όλοός, destructive.

δλοί-τροχος or δλοί-τροχος, δ, Ερ. δλοοί-τροχος, (prob. from elle volvo, rolyes) a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular.

' δλοκαυτέω, f. ήσω, to bring a burnt-offering. From δλό-καυτος, ον, (όλος, καίω) burn! whole: as Subst., δλόκαυτον, τό, a burnt-offering. Hence

δλοκαυτόω, f. ώσω, to burn whole: to make a burntoffering. Hence δλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, a wbole burnt-offering.

δλοκληρία, ή, soundness in all parts. From δλό-κληρος, ον, (δλος, κλήρος) complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer.

όλολυγή, ή, (ωλολύζω) any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a erv of joy; but also of lamentation.

δλόλυγμα, ατοε, τό, (όλολύζω) a loud cry, usually of joy.

όλολυγμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀλολύζω) a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy. όλολῦγών, όνοι, ή, an animal, named from its note,

the tree-frog. From

όλολύζω, f. - ύξομαι: 201, άλύλυξα:-- to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare. to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy. (Formed from the sound.)

δλόμην, όλοντο, Ep. for ώλ-, 20r. 2 med. of δλλυμι. δλοοί-τροχος, δ, poët. form of δλοίτροχος.

όλοός poet. όλοιός, όλοιιός, η, ον, (όλλυμι) destructive, destroying, burtful, deadly; à log opoweir to design ill: - Comp. and Sup. alcorrepos, alcorre-II. pass. destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. ser-TO8. ditus.

όλοό-φρων, ονος, δ and ή, (δλοός, φρήν) meaning mischief, baleful. II. crafty, sagacious.

δλόπτω, f. ψω, to pull, pluck out: to stres of. Akin to λοπόε, λέπω.)

'ΟΛΟΣ Ep. ούλος, η, or, whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidus; tà bha one's all. 2. entire. utter; όλον άμάρτημα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., όλον and τὸ όλον altogether. i. e. safe and sound, Lat. integer.

όλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρατος, ον. (δλος, σφώρα)

δλο-σχορής, έε, (δλοε, σχορόε) whole, entire, sound, complete, Lat. integer. 2. relating to the whole, important, considerable. II. Adv. -ρῶε, completely, entirely.

sho-relige, ie, (bloe, relos) quite complete, perfect.

δλοθμαι, fut. med. of δλλυμι.

δλο-φυγδών, ένας, ή, (δλος, φοω) a large pimple, pustule.

δλοφυδνός, ή, όν, (δλοφύρομαι) lamenting, wailing:

-neut. pl. ολοφυδρά, as Adv., miserably.

δλοφυρμός, οῦ, ὁ, a lamenting, lamentation. From ΌΛΟΦΥΡΟΜΑΙ [9], Dep.: f. δλοφόρουμαι: aor. 1 ελοφυράμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. δλοφύραο, δλοφύρατο: aor. I part. pass. ολοφυρθείε, in same sense. 2. to lament or intr. to lament, wail, moan, weep. mourn for others, to feel pity: c. gen. to have fity 3. to best with tears and lamentations. c. acc. to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn. so pity. Hence

δλόφυρσιε, ή, lamentation.

Shopenes, or, lengthd, for shoots, chance, destructive, deadly; blopina elbie versed in pernicious arts

"OAIIH, \$, a leathern oil-flask, used in the palaestra.

"ΟΛΙΙΙΣ, 100 and 1800, η, = δλεη.

Olympia, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held: properly fem. of 'Ολύμπιος (sub. γη οτ χώρα).

'Ολύμπια, τά, the Olympic games, established by Hercules and renewed by lphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of Olympian Zeus by the Greeks assembled at Olympia in Elis; 'Ολύμπια νικάν to conquet at the Olympic games: also, 'Ολύμτια dre-Adobas or draspositions to have carried off the prize at the Olympic games.

Όλυμπιάζε, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, η) to Olympia.

'Όλυμπίωθεν, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) from Olympia. "Ολυμπιάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of 'Ολύμπιος, Olympian, epith. of the Muses: generally, a dweller on Olympus, a goddess. 2. 'Oxpureds thata the olivecrown of the Olympic games. IL as Subst. the Olympic games. 2. a victory at Clympia (sub. νίκη); 'Ολυμειάδα άναιρείσθαι, νικών το gain a victory in the Olympic games. 3. an Olympiad, i. e. ahe space of four years between the celebrations of the Olympic games: the first Olympiad begins 776 B. C.

'Όλυμπίδου, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) at Olympia: cf.

Ocolou.

'Ολυμπιασι [ά], dat. pl. of 'Ολυμπιάε.

Oλυμπισίον or Oλυμπίσιον, τύ, ('Ολύμπισε) the temple of Olympian Zeus.

Όλυμπικός, ή, όν, (Όλυμπος) Οίγπρίο; δ 'Όλυμmuche draw the Olympic games.

"Ολυμπίο-νίκης, ου, δ. ('Ολύμπια, νικάω) α σοπ-

meror in the Olympie games. [vl] Όλυμπο-νίκος, ον, ('Ολύμπα, νικάω) conquering in the Olympic games.

Olympian, ov. (Olympian, dwelling on Olympus, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who | huapthorney, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 1 opt. of huapther.

is called also simply 'Oxpures; 'Oxpure sequere the mansions of Olympus.

"Oxuperove Ep. Olx-, Adv. to or towards Olympus. "Oxumos Ep. and Ion. Obxumos, 6, Olympus, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly. It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.

'OATNOOZ, b, a fig which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: an untimely fig. Lat. grossus.

"OATPA", \$, mostly in pl., a kind of grain, spelt, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (mpl); used in Egypt for making bread.

chains, collat. form of choice, choice.

δλαλα, pf. med. of δλλυμι.

δλάλακα, pf. of δλλυμι.

Shop, Adv. of Shop, wholly, altogether, on the whole: in short, Let. denique: obx bhan not at all, Let. ommino non.

bull, Adv. Dor. for bull.

δμαδέω, f. ήσω, (δμαδυε) to make a noise or din. δμάδος, δ, (δμόε) a noise, din, made by many voices II. a tumultwous eroud, brong,

the din of battle, the battle-throng.

Spalmos, or, related by blood, kinarea. From δμ-σιμος, or, (δμός, αίμα) of the same blood, related by blood, akin, Lat. consanguineus: as Subst., Spaines, δ, ή, a brother or sister. Hence

δμαιμοσύνη, ή, relationship by blood.

δηι-αίμων, αν, gen. ονος, - δμαιμος:--Comp. δμαιμονέστερος, more nearly akin.

δμαιχμία, ή, a fighting together: a aefensive alliance, league. From

όμ-σιχμός, ον, (όμός, σιχμή) fighting together: as Subst., δμοιχμος, δ, an ally.

δμάλής, έξ (δμαλίο) even, sevel: τὰ υμαλή level ground.

δμάλίζω, .. σω, (δμαλόε) to make even or level, to level : to equalise.

δμάλός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $(\dot{v}$ ) even, level; τ $\dot{v}$  ομαλόν level 2. of equal, like degree; δμαλόε γάμος marriage with one of like degree. 3. metaph.

middling, average, ordinary. Hence δμαλότης, ητος, ή, evenness, equality.

δμαλώς (δμαλόε), Adv. evenly; δμαλώε βαίνευ to march in even line.

δμ-αρτέω: impf. ώμαρτουν Ion. -ευν: f. δμαρτέσω: 20τ. Ι Φμάρτησα: (δμοθ, άρτάω):—to meet; in hostile sense, to meet in fight:-Med. to attack in 2. to walk together, esp. in part., Bhow buaprhourres they walked in company: to keep pace, equal in speed: c. dat. to walk beside, accompany to pursue.

δμαρτή οτ δμαρτη. Adv. together, jointly, another

form of apapth, apapth.

δμάρτη, Dor. for δμάρτει, 3 sing. impf. of δμαρτέω. δμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for δμ., 3 pl. aor. I med. of δμαρτία.

διμαρτήτην, Ep. for δμ., 3 dual impf. of δμαρτία. διμαστικ, ιδοε, δ, δ, (όμοῦ, dowis) allied in arms: 21 Subst., δμαστικ, δ, a comrade, fellow-coldier.

δμ-αθλαξ, čnos, δ, ή, (δμοθ, αθλαξ) with adjoining

furrows or lands.

δμαυλία, ή, a dwelling together, union. From δμ-αυλος, ον, (όμοθ, αθλή) living together: hence, neighbouring.

δμ-aulos, or, (όμου, aulos) playing together on the

Aute, barmonious, blending, in unison.

δυβρέω, f. ήσω, (δμβρου) to rain. II. traps. to rain or shower down upon: to bedew, wet.

δμβρηρός, ά, ών, (δμβρος) rainy, watery.

δμβρίμος, ον,  $= \delta \beta \rho \iota \mu o s$ .

δμβριος, or, also a, or, (δμβρος) rainy: of or belonging to rain, Lat. pluvialis; ύδωρ δμβριον rainwater.

δμβρο-δόκος, ον, (δμβρος, δέχομαι) bolding or re-

ceiving rain.

δμβρο-κτύπος, ον, (δμβρος, ατϋπίω) striking with rain.

"OMBPOZ, ô, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. II. metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

δμβρο-φόρος, ον, (δμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

ομείται, 3 sing. fut. of δμνυμι.

δμ-έστιος, ον, (όμοῦ, ἐστία) sbaring the same hearth. δμ-ευνέτης, ον, ό, fem. δμαυνέτις, ιδος, = δμευνος. δμ-ευνος, ον, (όμοῦ, εὐνή) ilesping together: as Subst., δμευνος, ό, ή, a bedfellow, consort.

δμ-έψιος, δ, ή, (δμοῦ, έψία) a playmate.

όμη or όμη, Adv. (δμόε) poet. for δμού.

δμηγερής, έε, (όμόε, ἀγείρω) assembled together. δμηγυρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to assemble, call together. From

δμ-ήγύρις Dor. δμάγ-, τος, ή, (δμός, άγυρις) απ ας-

sembly, meeting: a throng, company.

όμ-ηλιξ, ἴκοε, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἢλιξ) of the same age, esp. of young persons: as Subst. an equal in age, comrade,

playmate, II. of like stature.

δμηρεία, ή, (δμηρεύο) a giving bostages or securities: a security, pledge.

"Ομήρους, α, ον, ("Ομηροι) of Homer, Homeric. δμηρεθσου, Ion. for δμηρούσαι, part. fem. pl. of δμηρέω.

δμηρεύω, f. σω, (δμηροε) to be a bostage, serve as a pladge or bostage.

II. trans. to give as a bostage,

pledge or security.

δμηρέω, f. ήσω, (δμηροι) to meet. 2. metaph. to

accord, agree.

'Oμηρίδης, ov, δ, mostly in plur. 'Oμηρίδαι, oi, the Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his poems: generally, the admirers of Homer.

by-προε, ον. (όμοῦ, ἀραφεῶν) joined together, united, wedded.

II. as Subst., όμηροε, ό, a pledge to preserve peace, a surety, security, bostage.

δμιλάδον, Adv. (δμιλοε) in groups, bands, Lat. tur-

matim : in crowds.

όμιλία, f. ήσω: 20r. I άμιλησα: (δριλοε):-- to be together or in company with; per 'Axacois bulker to associate with the Achaeans; by morroiour outhelv to be in company among the foremost; repl respor δμιλεύν to throng about the corpse. to come or live together. II. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter: absol. to meet one an-III. of social intercourse, to bold converse: to live familiarly with, associate with: to bave dealings with. 2. absol. to be friends. pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be at band. V. of a place, to come into, be in: to baunt, frequent a spot.

όμιληδόν, Adv. - όμιλαδόν.

oμιλήσουν, fut. inf. of δμιλέω.

όμιλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁμιλίω) a scholar, bearer.

δμίλητός, ή, όν, (όμιλ (ω) to be conversed with; οδχ δμίλητός unapproachable, savage.

δμίλια, ή, (όμιλοε) a being or living together, intercourse, converse, dealings with another; ή έμη όμιλία converse with me; όμιλια χθονόε intercourse with a country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, assembly; rade όμιλια ship-mates.

δμ-Ιλος, δ, (δμοῦ, ίλη) an assembled crowd, a throng of people, mob, multitude.

II. the throng of battle,

tumult.

δμιχ δω, f. <math>δσω, = δμίχω.

'OMI'XAH Ion. ὁμίχλη Dor. ὁμίχλα, ἡ, misty air, a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence ὁμιχλήσις Ion. ὁμιχλ-, σσσι, εν, misty.

OMI'XΩ, to make water, Lat. MINGO. [1]

όμμα, ατος, τό, (έμμαι, pf. pass. of δράω) the eye; δμματι λόξω ίδεω to look with eye askance at; opp. to δρθοίε δμμασιν δράν οι έξ δρθών δμμάτων. Lat. rectis oculis videre, to look straight at; mar' bupa face to face, in full sight; we da' dupares to judge by the eye, Lat. ex obtutu; iv δμμασι, Lat. in oculis, before one's eyes; so also παρ' δμμα, πρό δμμάτων; II. that which one sess, ef δμμάτων out of sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. a sigbt. δμμα νυκτόε, i. e. the moon; so δμμα alθέροε, of the sun; generally, light; δμμα φήμης the light of happy IV. metaph. anything dear or pretidings. V. periphr. of the person, buyer welches cious. for πελεία, δμμα νύμφαι for νύμφα; cf. wise. Hence

δμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of δμμα, κ little eye.

ομμάτο-στερήε, 4ε, (διμα, στερίω) deprived of eyes. II. act. depriving of eyes: blighting, combaing, esp. the buds of plants.

ομμάτου, f. ώσω: pf. pass. δυμάτωμα: (δμμα):to give eyes to:--Pass., φρήν δυματωμένη a mind

quick of sight.

II. metaph. to make distinct;

explain.

\*OHNTMI οι όμενος, imperat. δμουθι οι δμου, 3
pl. δμούντων: impf. διμευν οι διμευου: fut. διμοῦμαι, εξ. είται, inf. διμείσθαι, later fut. διμόσω: acc. I διμοσα
Ερ. διμοσα, διμοσσα: pf. διμόμοκα: plqpf. διμωμόκειν:
—Pass., acr. I διμόσθην οι διμόθην: pf. διμόμοσ μαι, 3
pers. διμόμοσται οι διμόμοται: -το swear: δρκου διμόσια to swear an oath: to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath: foll. by inf. to swear that one will...:

β μήν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, εἰπεῖν διμόσαι to say with en oath.

II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, swear by.

όμο-βάμιος, ον, (όμοῦ, βωμός) baving one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

όμο-γάλαξ, απτοε, δ, ή, (δμόε, γάλα) suckled with the same milk: a classman.

όμό-γάμος, οτ, (όμοῦ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a husband or wife.

δμο-γάστρος, ον. (δμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, δοιπ of the same mother; κασίγνητος δμόγαστρος an attering brother.

δμο-γενότωρ, opos, δ, born of the same parents a brother. From

δμο-γενής, έε, (δμοῦ, «γένω) of the same family: generally, hindred, akin. II. act. engendering with. δμο-γέρων, οντοε, δ, (δμοῦ, γέρων) a contemporary in old age.

όμογλωσσίω Att. -γλωττίω, to speak the same tongue. From

δμό-γλωσσος Att. -γλωττος, ον, (δμός, γλώσσα) speaking the same tongue or language with.

ομό-γνιοε, or, contr. for δμογένιοε, (δμοῦ, γένοε) of the same race.

II. presiding over kindred; δμό-γνιοι θεοί gods woo protect a race or family, Lat. Dii gentilitii.

όμογνωμονέω, τ. ήσω, to be of one mind, to league together: to agree with, assent to. From

δμο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δμοῦ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. - μόνως.

δμό-γονος, οτ, (όμοῦ, γοτή) of the same family. δμό-γραμμος, οτ, (όμοῦ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

δμό-δαμος, Dor. for δμόδημος.

δμο-δέμνιος, ον, (όμοῦ, δέμνιον) sharing one's bed, διμό-δημος Dor. -δαμος, ον, (όμος, δήμος) of the same people or race.

δμοδοξέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From δμό-δοξος, ον, (όμοῦ, δόξα) of the same opinion. δμό-δουλος, ον, (όμοῦ, δοῦλος) a fellow-slave. δμο-δρομία, ή, (όμοῦ, δρόμος) a running together

or meeting. δε, (δμοῦ, ἐθνοε) of the same nation. δεμο-ἐθνής, ἐε, (δμοῦ, ἐθνοε) of the same nation. δεμο-ἐψνος, ον, (δμοῦ, ἐνγήναι) yoked together: as Subst. a yoke-fellow.

II. yoked in wedlock, married.

စုံးစ-ရှစ်ရှာ, έε, (δμοῦ, δροε) of the same character.

ομο-Αλιξ, Έτοε, δ, ή, (δροθ, ἢλίξ) of the same age, Lat. aequalis.

δμόθεν, Adv. (όμόε) from the same place, of the same origin: δ δμόθεν a brother. II. from near at band, band to band: close upon.

δμό-θρονος, or, (δμοῦ, θρόνος) abaring toe same throne, pariner of one's throne.

διμοθυμάδον, Adv. with one accord. From διμό-θυμος, ον, (όμου, θυμό») of one mind, unanismous.

δμοίδο, f. σω, (δμοιου) to be like, resemble.

δμοίδου, Ep. for δμοιου. [I Ep.]

buoto-κατάληκτος, ον, (δμοιος, παταλήγω) ending alike, of verses.

δμοτοπάθεω, f. ήσω, to be in like case, to be similarly

affected, sympathise. From.
δμοιο-πάθης, έε, (δμοιοε, πάθοε) being in like case,

baving like affections, sympathising.

δμοιο-πρεπής, έε, (δμοιοε, πρέπω) of like appearance
with

with. Suotos, a, or, Ion. and old Att. Suotos, 7, or, Att. also oe, or; Ep. δμοίτος, or: (δμόε):—like, resembling, Lat. similis: Proverbs, de alet ror suctor dyes bede de ror omosor birds of a feather flock togethet;' τὸ ὁμοῖον ἀνταποδιδόναι, Lat. par pari re-ferre, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. 2. sbared 3. equal in force, a match alike, common, mutual. for one, Lat. par. 4. in unison with, agres-. A Suola (sub. Sinn or Yapes), The Spolar διδύναι, άποδιδόναι to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; The duolar personal to have a like return made one; en lon mal ouolo on fair and egyal terms. 6. er suole voiciobal ti to hold a thing II. of the same rank or station; in like esteem. ol buocos, all citizens with equal privileges : peers .-The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat., but also like Lat. similis in genit. --also followed by a Relat., δμοιος ώσπερ ..., like as ..; δμοιοε καί ..., Lat. aeque ac ..., like as ...; cf. δμοίως. δμοιότης, ητος, ή, (δμοιος) likeness, similitude.

δμοιό-τροπος, ον, (δμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners, and life. Adv. -ποκ, in like manner with.

δμοίδω, f. ωσω: aor. I ώμοίωσα:—Pass. and Med., δμοίωσομαι and -ωθήσομαι (in same sense): aor. I ώμοιώθην: (δμοίου):—to make like, assimilate: esp. to liken, compare:—Pass. to be made like, become like, δμοιωθήμεναι άντην to be made like before one. II. Med. to make a like return. Hence

δμοιωθήμεναι, Ερ. for δμοιωθήναι, 201. I inf. pass. of δμοιόω.

δμοίωμα, ατος, τό, that which is made like, a liteness, image.

δμοίως, Adv. of δμοιος, in like manner, like, alike: the nesters δμοιον and δμοια, Ion, δμοίον, δμοία, were also common as Adv.:—δμοίως ώς..., like as ::; so, δμοίως καί..., Lat, aèque ac... perinde ac..; δμοιον ώστε.., like as; δμαια τοῦς μάλιστα οὰ α gar with the best.

anologia, ή, (δμοιδώ) a making like, likening. Δ.

a becoming like. 2. a likeness, image.

δμό-κλαρος, Dor. for δμόκληρος. δμο-κλάω, 3 sing. impf. δμόκλα, - δμοκλέο.

δμουλόω, f. ήσω: 20τ. Ι δμόκλησα, ion. 3 sing. δμοκλήσωσεα:—60 call out, shout to, either to encourage, show on, or to upbraid, chide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to de. From

δμο-κλή, ή, (δμοῦ, καλίω) a calling out together, abouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.

δμό-κληρος, οτ, (όμοῦ, κλῆρος) baving an equal lot, sbare or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., δμόκληρος, δ, α cobeir, Lat. consors.

δμοκλήσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. sor. t of δμοκλέω.

δμουλτιτήρ, ήροε, δ, (δμουλέω) one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.

δμό-κλίνος, ον, (όμοῦ, κλίνη) reclining on the same south at table.

δμό-λεκτρος, ον, (δμοῦ, λέκτρον) sharing the same

δμολογόω, f. ήσω: 201. Ι όμολόγησα: pf. ώμολόγησα:—Pass., 201. Ι όμολογήθην: pf. ώμολόγημαι: (δμόλογοε):—to speak together, to speak one language.

2. to hold the same language, to agreewith: of things, to be in accordance with.

make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; def τισι on certain terms. to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confest; δμολογώ σοι I grant you. 5. to agree, promise to do. 6. to be connected with, bear affixity to. II. Med. to agree, assent to; much like the Act. III. Pass. to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὸ ὁμολογούματα and pf. part. ὑμολογημένα, things granted, achuouledged principles. Hence

δμολόγημα, ματοι, τό, a thing agreed on, a postu-

late; and

δμολογία, ή, agreement. 2. an agreement made, compact: in wat, terms of surrender. 3. an assent, admission, confession.

δμό-λογος, ον, (όμοῦ, λέγω) assenting, agreeing, admitting.
2. of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv.—γων, confessedly, avousedly.

δμολογουμένως, Adv. pres. para pass of δμολογίω, agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.

ομο-μαστιγίας, ου, δ, (δμοῦ, μάστιξ) one flogged with another, a follow-clave.

δμο-μήτριος, α, ον. (όμοῦ, μήτηρ) born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.

δμό-νεκρος, οχ. (όμοῦ, νεκρύε) companion in death. δμονοδω, Ε. ήσω, (όμόνοοε) to be of one mind, agree logelber, have sentiments in common. Hence

buovonsukos, fi, ov, conducing to agreement.

opovoia, h, sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia. From

sub voos, or, contr. -vovs, ovr, (6400, vice) of one

I mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors.
 Adv., ὁμονίως, unanimously.
 ὁμο-καθής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, τάθοι) baving the same passions.

όμο-πάτριος, ον. (όμοῦ, πατήρ) by the same father. όμο-πλεκής, έε, (όμοῦ, πλέπω) inter-laced.

δμό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους ουν, (δμοθ, πλόος) sailing together or in company.

δμό-πολις poët. δμόπτολις, εως, δ, ή, (δμοθ, πόλιο) from the same city ot state.

δμό-πτεροδ, ον, (όμοῦ, πτέρον) with the tame plumage? of like feather, akin, alike: generally, οἱ ὁμόπτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; νῶες ὁμόπτεροι consort-ships, i. c. that sail in company.

δμό-πτολιε, poët, for δμόπολιε.

όμοργάζω, = δμόργνυμι, to wipe off. όμοργνυ, Ep. for ωμόργνυ, 3 sing. impf. of

\*OMO PINT MI, fut. δμίρξω: — Med., aot. I διμορξάμην: — to wipe, to wipe off, dry up: — Med. to dry for oneself; δάκρυα δμόρξασθαι to dry one's tears.

όμορξάμενος, aor. I part. med. of δμόργεθμι.

δμορέω Ion. εμουρέω, to bave the same boundaries with, to border on. From

δμ-opos Ion. δμουρος, ον. (όμοθ, δρος) saming the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst., δμορος, ό, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ δμορος neighbourbood.

δμορροθίω, f. ήσω, to row together: generally, to

agree with, agree together. And

δμορρόθιος, or, rowing or swimming together. From δμόρ-ροθος, or, (δμοῦ, βοθέω) rowing together: generally, acting together.

'OMO'Ξ, ή, όν, one and the same: belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat. communis. (Akin to dμα: hence δμοιοε, δμίνε, δμοσε, δμοῦ, δμή, δμόθεν, δμόσε.)

όμόσαι, δμόσαι, 201. I inf. and part. of δμουμε. όμόσα, Adv. (δμόε) to one and the seme place, so the

same apot: δμόσε lέναι, in hostile sense, to come so close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; δμόσε λέναι τοῦς έχθροῦς to go to most the enemy.

όμο-σθενής, ές, (όμοῦ, σθένοε) of equal might. όμοσττέω, f. ήσω, to eat or live together with. Prom

δμό-στος, ον, (όμοῦ, στος) sating together.

δμό-σκευος, ον, (όμοῦ, σκευή) arrayed in the same
way.

όμοσκηνία, ή, a living in the same tent. From δμό-σκηνος, ον, (όμοῦ, σκηνή) living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.

δμο-στηνόω, f. ώσω, to live in the same tent with. δμό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (δμοῦ, σπλάγχνα) from the same womb, of the same mother.

δμό-σπονδος, ον, (όμοῦ, σπονδή) sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treasy, δμό-σπορος, ον, (όμοῦ, σπείρω) sour tograther: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.

δμόσσαι, δμόσσας, Ep. for δμόσα, δμόσας.

δμο-στιχάω, (όμοῦ, στείχω) to walk together with. ἐμό-στολος, ον, (όμοῦ, στέλλω) sent together with. is company with. of the same kind.

όμο-τάφος, στ, (δροθ, τάφος) buried together. δμό-τεχνος, σν, (δμού, τέχνη) practising the same

eraft: as Subst. δμότεχνος, δ, a fellow-workman.

δμό-τίμος, ον. (δμοῦ, τιμή) equally bonoured, beld ės equal bocour : οἱ ὁμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the pears of the realm.

δμό-τοιχου, αν, (δμού, τοίχου) baving one common wall, separated by a party wall: metaph. bardly

different from.

δμο-τράπεζος, ον. (δμοθ, τράπεζα) sitting or sating

at the same table with

δμό-τροπος, ω, (δμοθ, τρόπος) of the same habits: δμότροτα files like habits :- as Subst., δμότροπος, δ. a comparison.

δμό-τροφος, αν, (δμοθ, τρέφα) brought up or bred together with; δμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία beasts

brought up with men.

δμοθ, Ady. (properly neut. gen. of δμόε), together, of Place: - also together, at once; yaiar ouoù sal wortor earth and sea together 2. together with, along with; c. dat., buod verberou with or among 3. near, bard by: nearly, almost. the dead. δμοῦ καί, in like manner as just like as, Lat. aeque as. oμοθμαι, fut, of δμεν μι.

δμουρόω, δμουρος, Ιοπ. for δμορέω, δμορος.

όμο-φοντος, αν, (δμοθ, φοιτάω) going together with: as Subst., δμόφοιτος, δ, α companion.

δριοφρονίω, f. ήσω, (δμόφρων) to be of one mind with; πόλεμοι δμοφρονέων a war resolved on unanimously. δμοφροσύνη, ή, a being of the same mind, waity. From διιό-φρων, ανοε, δ, ή, (δμοθ, φρήν) of one mind,

agreeing in sentiments, united.

όμο-φνής, έν, (όμοῦ, φνή) of the same age or nature. δμό-φύλος, οτ, (δμού, φύλον) of the same race or people: as Subst., δμόφυλοι, ol, men of the same race: το δρύφυλον sameness of race.

ouoperies, f. how, to speak the same language

2. to chime in with. From

διιδ-φωνος, ον, (δμοθ, φονή) speaking the same lan-2. agreeing in tone, in unison with. guage with. δμο-χροία, ή, (δμοῦ, χρόα) sameness of colour. amouthness of surface: the surface, skin.

Sucreover, f. bow, to keep time with. From δμόχρονος, ον, (δμοῦ, χρόνος) of the same time with. διιό-χροος, σν, contr. -χρους, ουν, (όμου, χροιά) of Lebe same colour.

🕽 ὁμό-ψηφος, er, (ο μοθ, ψηφοι) voting with. baving an equal right to vote with.

όμόω, f. ώσω, (δμόε) to join together, unite:-Pass., AOT. I epiony, to be united.

"OMINH, \$, corn, food.

όμπνιακός, ή, ών, - όμπνιος.

δμανιος, a, or, (όμπνη) of or from corn, nourisbing, shriving, large: -'Ourria [a], \$, a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.

Π. (δμοῦ, στολή) clad alike: [ δμφακίας, ου, δ. (δμφαξ) wine made from unrise II. metaph. as masc. Adj. barsb, awaters, bitter, erabbed.

όμφακο-ράξ, άγοε, δ, ή, (δμφαξ, βάξ) with sour or

unripe grapes.

όμφάλιος, ον, (δμφαλός) belonging to the navel: as Subst., δμφάλιον, τό, -- δμφαλος. 2. baving a boss, like a boss.

δμφάλόσιε, εσσα, er, (δρφαλόε) bewing a navel oc boss; dowle butan become a shield with a central boss.

OMPA AOZ, oû, ê, the navel, Lat. umbilteus. Il. anything like a navel: the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield. Lat. umbo. on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. the centre: so Calypso's island Ogygia is called onφαλόι θαλάσσης, the navel or centre of the sea: and Delphi was called butather as the navel or centre of Earth.

OMPAI, dece, i, an unripe grape.

a young girl.

δμφή, ή, α divine voice, opp. to αθθή: α propbecy, oracle, warning voice: any token conveying divine intimation: later, tuneful voice, melody. report; ση δμφή the report about thee.

δμωθήναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of δμόσι όμ-ωλαξ, απος, ό, φ, - δμαθλαξ.

δμώμοκα, pf. of δμουμι.

δμώμοσμαι, 3 sing. δμώμοται, pf. pass. of δμουμι. όμ-ωνύμιος, α, ον, and όμ-ώντιος, αν, (δμός, δ. ομα) baving the same name:-es Subst., oporupos, o, q, a II. ambiguous, equivocal. namesake.

όμ-ωρόφιος, ον, and όμ-ώροφος, ον, (όμοθ, όροφή)

living under the same roof with.

buns, Adv. of bule, equally, alike, in equal parts, 2. like ouoù, togetber, at once, Lat. pariter. II. c. dat. like as, equally with, Lat. pariter ae; έχθρὸς όμῶς 'Afδao τύλησι hated like-the gates of Hell.

δμως, Conj. (δμόε) nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. tamen; buck who or perror but still, for all that: -- buon is in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. quamvis, κλύθί μου νοσών δμου hear me although thou art diseased.

όμ-ωχέτης, ου, ό, (όμός, έχω) bolding or dwelling together; beol bunxérat gods worshipped in the same

ον-αγός, δ, Dor. and Att. for δεηγός.

ov-appos, o, (bros, appros) the wild ass.

ovalμην, δναιο, δναιτο, 201. 2 med. opt. of δνίνημι. ONAP, to, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to a waking vision (brap): only used in nom. and acc. (breipos and breipor being used in the other cases):proverb. of anything fleeting or unreal, oxias brap the IL in Att., ovap was mostly dream of a shadow. used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep; oide frap not even in a dream: often opp. to brap, brap & brap (no to live in a dream or awake.

ovaprov, ro, Dim. of oros, a young ass.

dwarel, Dor. for driven, 3 sing. fut. of driven. ovaσtal, 201. 2 med. inf. δείνημι.

braces, Dor. for bryous.

δνειαρ, τό, gen. δνείδτος, (δνίνημι) anything that profits or is beloful, advantage, succour: a refreshment, refection : plur. ovelara, food, victuals.

evelones, or, (oreidos) reproachful: disgraceful. overbile, f. low Att. in: nor. I aveidion: pf. aveiδικα:-Pass., with fut. med. δνειδιούμαι: (ὄνειδοε): -to throw a reproach upon, east in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. objicere. reproach, upbraid.

ένείδισμα, τό, (δνειδίζω) a reproach.

overδισμός, δ, (òreiδίζω) a reproaching: reproach. evenburtho, fipos, o, (evenblow) a reproacher, wp-

braider: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

"ONEIAOZ, 76, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. fama: but commonly, reproach, blame. 2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace. overos, or, (ovos) of an ass; overor yaka ass's milk. evelogra, ra, used as pl. of brewer.

evelperos, a, or, (brespos) dreamy, of dreams; br ανειρείησι πύλησι at the gates of dreams.

overpo-upitys, ou, o, (breipos, upiths) an interpreter

of dreams. overpo-partie, ear, o, f, (breipos, partie) an inter-

preter of dreams.

byenpoy, 76, collat. form of byenpos, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is ovelpara, -arev, -as: and from these a sing. gen. and dat., overparos, -are were formed, as if from a nom. overpap.

overpoπολίω, f. ήσω, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, immove of horses.

cheat by dreams. From

overpo-πόλος, or, (breipos, πολίω) versed in dreams: as Subst., δνειροπόλοε, δ, an interpreter of dreams.

"ONEIPOE, o, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf. ovap, overpov. 2. as prop. n., "Overpos, god of dreams.

bverpo-dubmos, or, (breipos, oronéw) an interpreter

of dreams.

όνειρό-φαντος, σν, (όνειρος, φαίνομαι) appearing in dreams, baunting one's dreams.

overpo-φρων, ovos, δ, ή, (δνειρος, φρήν) understanding dreams.

όνειρώσσω Att. -ττω, (όνειροι) to dream.

oveύω, (όνος 11) to draw up with a windlass, to

ov-nyos Dor. ov-ayos, o, (ovos, nyéouai) an ass-

driver.

ον-ηλάτης [a], ου, ο, (bros, έλαύνω) an ass-driver. δνήμενος, 201. 2 part. med. of δνίνημι; δνησα, Ερ. for wonda, 201. 1; ovhora, 3 sing. fut.

orhothos, or, (bryote) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

brησιε, εωε, ή, (δνίνημι) profit, advantage, service : enjoyment, delight.

ONOOZ, &, dirt, dung.

ovia, 4, Acol. for dria.

bylbiov, to, Dim, of over, a little ass, donkey.

ονικός, ή, όν, (όνος) of or for an ass; δνικός μώλος a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones

of the common hand-mills. όνίνημι, δείνης, δείνησι, inf. δεϊνάναι [ἄ], part. δείras: fut. orhow: 201. I wryoa: 25 if from obsol. ·'ONE'Ω:—Med. and Pass. ονίναμαι, impf. ώνινάμαν: fut, δνήσομαι : 201. 2 δνήμην, -ησο, -ητο, οι δνάμην ; imperat. όνησο, opt. όναίμην, inf. όνασθαι, part. όνήμενοε: 201. Ι ἀνήθην. I. Act. to profit, benefit. belp, support; and, like Lat. juvo, to gratify, de-II. Med. to have profit or advantage, to enjoy bely; esp. to bave delight or enjoyment; c. gen. to enjoy, bave enjoyment or pleasure of a thing. freq. in aor. 2 opt. dvaluny, alo, alto, to express good wishes, ούτων δναίμην so may I thrive ! δυαιο. Lat, sis felix! mayest thou he happy! also with xaper. braio του γενναίου χάριν bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase έσθλός μοι δοκεί είναι, δοήμενος (sub. είη οι έστω), he seems brave, may be be fortunate !: -also ironical, oraco pértar el tis emuléreif of you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

bvis, ibos, n, (bros) ass's dung.

δνοιτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of δνομαι.

"ONOMA, atos, to, Ion. obvope Acol. overe:--Lat. NOMEN, a name; bropa beiral ture to give one a name; ovopa фереова: to bear a name; ovopa rakeir tira to call one by a name. II. name. fame, report, whether good or bad. III. name, as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to Epyor, like Abyos. a false name, pretence, pretext; ex' oropare under tbe pretence. IV. orouga is also used with the names of persons, for the person, like κάρα, as 🟜 🐠🗛τατον όνομα Πολυνείκουε. V. a word, expres-VI. in Grammar, a nouse, Lat. sion: a saying. nomen, opp. to βημα, Lat. verbum, a verb.

ονομάζω Ion. οὐνομάζω: fut. ονομάσω Acol. ονμάξω: 201. Ι ἀνύμασα: pf. ἀνύμακα:—Pass., 201. Ι ώνομάσθην: pf. ώνύμασμαι: (δνομα):— to παπε speak of, call or address by name. 2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as broma opp. to 🚓 3. to call one by a name, δνομάζειν τινά τε: also σοφιστήν δνομάζουσιν τον άνδρα είναι they call the man a sophist by name: oropa (cir and or ex resea to name or call from or after another; so also exi TIPOS OF TIPE: - Med. to bave one called by a name. name: ... Pass. to be called by a name.

"ONOMAI, 2 sing. ovocat, 3 pl. ovovcat; imperat. ύνοσο, 3 sing. opt. όνοιτο: fut. όνόσομαι Ερ. δο doσομαι: 201. 1 άνοσάμην, opt. δνοσαίμην, αιο, αιτα, Ερ. inf. ὀνόσσασθαι; also aor. I pass. ἀνόσθην: Η camer has also Ep. 2 pl. pres. οῦνεσθε, 3 sing. aor. I ώνανο : Dep.:—to blams, reject, find fault, be discontended with, scorn: c. gen., où d' és se éodra dréssesse. κακότητος not even thus do I fancy that ther weak be

discontented with thy ill fortune,

iropaire: fut. iropări Ion. oiroparie: 201. I iróμηνα Ερ. δνόμηνα: (ύνομα):—poët. for. δνομάζω, to name, call by name, Lat. nomino: also, to give a name to call by a name. 2. to promise to do.

4. to pronounce, utter. to name, appoint. όνομα-κλήδην, Adv. (όνομα, καλέω) calling by name,

by name, Lat. nominatim.

όνομα-κλύτός, όν, (δνομα, κλυτύε) of famous name, II. act. celebrating.

δυομαστί, Adv. (ἐνομάζω) by name, Lat. nominatim. ονομαστός Ion. οὐν-, ή, ύν, (ονομάζω) named: to be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note, famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

όνοματο-λόγος, ό, (ύνομα, λέγω) one wbo tells people's names, Lat. nomenclator.

evounce, Ep. nor. I of evougive.

"ONOZ, è and i, an ass, Lat. asinus, asina: Proverbs: repl oron orias for an ass's shadow, like Lat. de lana caprina, i. e. for a mere trifle : ovov woman ass's wool, like δρείθων γάλα, of something not ex-II. from the ass being a beast of burden, the name was applied to, 1. a windlass, crane, III. a beaker. pulley. 2. the upper millstone. spine-cup, prob. from its shape.

όνοσσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of ὅνομαι. όνόσσεσθαι, Ερ. for όνόσεσθαι, fut. inf. of όνομαι. δυοστός, ή, όν, (όνομαι) to be blamed or scorned. evoreζω, like oνομαι, to blame, rail at. όνοτός, ή, όν, ίοι όνοστός.

όνο-φορβός, όν, (όνος, φέρβω) an ass-keeper.

όντα, τά, pl. part. neut. of εlμί, the things which actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future: -also reality, truth. II. that which one has, property, fortune.

όντως, Adv. part, of elμί sum, really, actually. όνυμα, τό, Aeol. for όνομα. Hence

ortμάζω, evuμαίνω, Acol, for evoμ-

δνυξ, υχοι, ό, dat. pl. όνυξι Εp. όνύχεσσι: pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts of prey, a claw; of human beings, a nail, Lat. unguis; of cattle, a boof; δυυχαι επ' άκρουι στήναι to stand on tiploe, Lat. summis digitis. 2. if dradar orvixor, Horace's de tenero ungui, from a tender age. a gem streaked with veins, an onyx: also any vessel made of u.

ονύχοσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of aruf.

öf-άλμη, ή, (δέοι, άλμη) a sauce made of vinegar and brine.

ofice. Ion. for ofeia, fem. of ofie: - ofice, dat. pl. ôξ cos. Adv. of of its, sharply.

1776.

**δξηρόs**, ά, όν, (δίου) of or for vinegar; κίραμου Enpús a jar for unegar.

offings [1], ov, &, (bfoe) sour, of wine. 2. metaph. our-tempered, crabbed.

¿Els, idos, f. (bfos) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. acetabu-

II. a sort of sbrimp. u 976. SEOS, coe, to, (ofie) sour wine; vinegar, Lat. ace-

ONY A or of in, i, a kind of beech. II. a spearshaft made from its wood: generally, a spear. δέυ-βάφων, τό, (δέύε, βάπτω) a vinegar-saucer, Lat.

acetabulum: a shallow dish or saucer.

όξυ-βελής, έε, (όξύε, βέλοε) sbarp-pointed: genetally, pointed, rough.

όξυ-βόαs and όξυ-βόηs, ou, & (áfús, βοάω) sbrillscreaming: sbarp-buzzing.

όξύ-γοος, ον, (όξύς, γύος) sbrill-wailing.

όξυ-δερκής, ές, (ὀξύς, δέρκομαι) sbarp-sighted, quicksigbted: Sup. ἀξυδερκέστατος.

ôξύ-δουπος, ον, (δξύε, δοῦπος) sbarp-sounding, sbrillsounding.

όξυ-έθειρος, αν, (ὐξύε, έθειρα) with sharp, pointed bair : irreg. plur. ofvellupes.

όξυ-θηκτος, ον, (όξυς, θήγω) sharp-edged, sharppointed: metaph. sbarply goaded.

όξύθυμέω, f. ήσω, (δεύθυμος) to be quick to anger, quick-tempered: - also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence όξυθυμία, ή, quickness to anger, choler.

όξύ-θυμος, ον, (δένε, θυμός) quick to anger, quick-

tempered, passionate, choleric.

όξυ-κάρδιος, ον, (όξύε, καρδία) quick-tempered. όξυ-κίνητος, ον. (όξύε, κινέω) moved quickly. [Ι] όξύ-κομος, ον, (όξύε, κόμη) with pointed bair: of plants, with prickly leaves.

όξυ-κώκυτος, ον, (όξύε, κωκύω) londly wailed. όξυλαβέω, (όξυλαβήs) to seize quickly: to seize the

opportunity. όξυ-λαβής, és, (όξύε, λαβείν) seizing quickly. ὀξύ-λάλος, ον, (ὀξύε, λἄλέω) glib-tongued.

όξυ-μελής, έε, (όξύε, μέλοε) clear-singing. όξυ-μέριμνος, ον, (όξύε, μέριμνα) keenly laboured or studied.

όξυ-μήνττος, ον, (όξύε, μηνίω) quickly roused to wrath; φύνος δευμήνιτος murder in bot blood.

δξύ-μολπος; ον. (δξύε, μολπή) clear-singing. δξύ-μωρος, ον, (ἀξύε, μωροε) pointedly foolish:—as Subst., δξύμωρον, τό, a remark that seems to contradict itself, a paradox, such as, insaniens apientia or concordia discors.

ôξυνθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ôξύνω. έξυντήρ, ήροε, δ, a sbarpener. From

δξύνω, t. υνω, (δξύε) to make sharp or pointed, to 2. metaph. to spur on, stimulate, sharpen: sbarben. also to provoke: - Pass. to be provoked.

devoeus, eara, ev, poot, for of ve, sbarp-pointed; or from déva with beechen shaft.

όξυ-όστρακος, ον, (όξις, δστρακον) with a sharp. jagged shell.

όξυ-παγής, ές, (όξύς, παγήναι) sbarp-pointed.

όξυ-πευκής, έε, (ὐξύε, πεύκη) sbarp-pointed. όξύ-πουε, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδοε, (όξύε, πούε)

swift-footed. όξύ-προφος, οτ. (δεύε, πρώρα) baving a sbarp prow:

generally, with a charp front or point. όξυ-ρεπής, έε, post. for υξυρρεπής, = οξυρροπος.

δξύρ-ροπος, ον, (ὀξύς, ρίπω) quick-turning, nicely

poised, of a delicate balance; easily swayed: metaph.

easily roused or led on, Lat. propensus.

OTTZ, bleia lon. bfea, blv, sbarp, keen, pointed: λίθρο δέψε a sharpened stone for a knife; do δέψ dwryperor brought to a point; to of it the sharp point, or verten of a triangle. II. of impressions on the senses, sharp, keen, piercing; of the sun, like rapidus sol in Virgil, dazzling. 2. of sight, keen, piercing; δεύτατον δέρκεσθαι to be most keen of sight; δέδ exover to be quick of hearing. of sound, sbarp, sbrill, opp. to Bapis. 4. of taste, sbarp, pun-5. of pain or grief, sharp, piercing. III. quick, sbarp, keen, basty, esp. quick to anger. of motion, quick, swift.—Besides Adv. of low, the neut. dfu, and pl. dfea, are often used as Adv. sbarply, etc. δξύ-στομος, ον, (δξύε, στόμα) sbarp-toothed; of the gad-fly, sharp-stinging; of a sword, keen-edged.

**όξυ τενής**, έε, (δέύε, τείνω) - δεύτονοε. öfirns, ητος, ή, (δεύε) sbarpness, pointedness. of sound, bigbness of pitch or tone. 2. of taste, puπ-III. metaph. sbarpness, cleverness.

of action, quickness, baste.

όξυ-τόμος, ον, (δεύε, τεμείν) sbarp-cutting, keen. -ξύ-τονος, ον, (δέψε, τόνος) stretched to a point: sbarp, piercing: violent. II. baving the acute accent, i. e. accent on the last syllable, oxytone.

ôξυ-τόρος, or, (ôξύς, τείρω) piercing, pointed, prickly. δξύ-φθογγος, ον, (δέύε, φθόγγος) = δεύφωνος. όξύ-φρων, σνοε, ό, ή, (όξύε, φρήν) sbarp-witted. όξύ-φωνος, ον, (όξύς, φωνή) with clear, shrill voice.

όξύ-χειρ, χειροε, ό, ή, (όξύε, χείρ) quick of band. of uxelp kturos a sound of quick-beating with the bands.

of v-xolos, or, (of ve, xolos) quick to anger. όξυ-ωπής, έε, (όξύε, ώψ) sbarp-sighted,

δου, Ep. for oδ, gen. of δs or δ.

ora, Dor. for orn.

όπαδέω, όπαδός, Dor. for δπηδίω: όπηδός, an attendant.

ΌΠΑΖΩ, f. δπάσω Ερ. δπάσσω: 201. Ι ώπάσα Ερ. όπασσα:-- Med., Ep. fut. ὁπάσσυμαι, Ep. 201. I ὁπασσάμην:—to make to follow, give as a companion or follower; modit dade oracles test to give him much people to follow, i. e. make him leader over many :-Med. to make another follow one, take as a companion or follower. II. of things, kudos duáceir Tive to give him glory to follow: - to add, attach, annes to :- generally, to give, grant, bestow; Epyor spot dould duafeir to put a work of art on the III. to follow, pursue, press bard: absol. to force one's way:-Pass., χειμάρρουε δπαζόμενου Διδε δμβρφ a torrent forced on (i. e. swoln with) the rain.

omaios, a, or, (δπή) with a hole or opening: as Subst., oraior, to, a bole in the roof.

dravina, Dor. for dryvina.

οπάσαμμι, aor. I opt. of δπάζω.

δπασσε, δπάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. sor. I act. and med. A braca.

orderen, Ep. for order, 2 sing. fut. med. of

6-warpos, or, for sab-starpos, (Subs, surfe) by the same fatber.

όπάων [ā], σύσε, Ion. όπέων, -έωνος, ό, (δπάζω) like brybbs, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant,

'OHEA'Z, aros, ró, an anol, Let. subula: Acol. breas, which is the usual form.

Surep, Ep. for Sourep.

onier, eros, o, Ion. for order.

'OHH', fig. h, ar ovening, bole: a bole in the roof. for a chimney.

Sun Ep. Suun Dor. Suu Ion. Sun, Adv. of Place, by which way, Lat. qua, and so where, like brow, Lat. ubi: also like övor, whither, Lat. quo. dun yas, Lat. quo terrarum? to which part of the land? also like Lat, ubi terrarum? subere? of Manner, in what way? bow?

όπηθέω, Dor. δπαδέω, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From

δπηδός, όν, Dor. δπαδός, (δπάζω) αετοπρακγίκε. attending: and as Subst. orndos, o, an attendant. δπηνίκα, Adv. when, at what time.

Lat. quoniam. bulas, ov, b, (bubs) cheese made from milk curdled

with fig-juice (dwos): in full rupde dwiae. δπίζομαι, f. -lσομαι: Dep.: (bus):—to bave re-

spect for, care for, regard: to stand in aue of, dread, fear: also to reverence, bonour, obey.

όπιθε and δπίθεν, Adv., poet. for δπισθε, δπισθεν. ὀπίθόμ-βροτος, ον, poēt. for ὀπισθόμβροτος, (ὅπιθε. βροτόε) coming after a mortal; δπιθόμβροτων αθχημα the glory that lives after men.

Omusol, of the Opicans, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. 'Owurds, h, or, ancient, barbarous, Gothic.

òπιπτεύω, ί. σω, (Φόπτομαι) to look around after, gaze curiously at : generally, to observe, watch.

δαϊε, ίδοε, ή, acc. δαϊν οι δαίδα, (δψ) regard paid to a person or thing; I. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment; but bear the vengeance of the gods. in good sense, reward, favour, regard. neration, respect, Lat. reverentia.

ómosa, Adv., Acol. and Dor. for briosa.

briote, and before a vowel briotev, Ep. britte. δπίθεν: (όπιε): Lat. pone: I, of Place, after, behind, opp, to proofe in front; of brighe those left bebind; of δπισθε λόγοι the remaining books; τὸ οτ τά δπισθεν the binder parts, rear, back; els τούπover back, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen., be-bind: also inferior, second to. II. of Time, after. in future, bereafter.

oniobios, a, or, also os, or, (onobe) binder, Lat.

posticus: on onexea the hind-legs.

όπισθο-βάμων, αν, gen. ονος, (δπισθε, βαίνω) malling backwards. [ā]

δπισθό-γράφος, ον, (δεισθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover-

έπισθό-Bereg, ων, (Επισθε, δέω) bound behind or a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or backwards.

όπισθά-δομος, δ, (δπισθε, δόμοε) the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury.

brusto-vouce, or, (bruste, vipu) grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting

forwards.

banoto-voyin, in, (banote, profipal) pricking from bebind.

i δπισθό-πουε, δ, ή, ποιν, το, gen. ποδοε, (δπισθε, rose) walking behind, following, attendant.

δπισθοφύλακίω, f. ήσω, (δπισθοφύλαξ) to guard the rear, form the rear-guard. . II. to command the rear-guard. Hence

omotopidacia, i, the command of the rear.

όπισθο-φύλαξ, άκος, δ, ή, (δπισθε, φύλαξ) one who watches behind: of brieffopolances the rear-guard of an army.

owiere, Adv., Ep. for onlow.

duigrance, n. or. (burge) bindmost, Lat. postremus!

duiou Ep. duiouu, Adv. (buts) of Place, behind, backwards: To brige, contr. Tourige, also els Touπίσω, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen. after, be-II. of Time, afterwards, bereafter. over again, again. [Y]

omhde, Dor. for οπλήε, gen. of οπλή.

οπλέω, (δελον) poët. for ὑελίζω, to make ready. δπλή, ή, (δπλον) a boof, properly the solid boof of a horse: but also the cloven boof of horned cattle. όπλήσιε, εσσα, εν, (δπλον) armed.

'Oπλητες, oi, = όπλεται, name of one of the four

old tribes at Athens.

όπλίζω, ί. ίσω Att. ω: 20τ. ωπλισα Ερ. ωπλισσα: -Med., Ep. aor. Ι ἀπλισσάμην:--Pass., aor. Ι ἀπλίσθην, Ep. 3 pl. δπλισθαν: pf. ένπλισμαι:--to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δόρπον δπλίζεσθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get ready, barness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, barness: also, to train, exercise. 2. to arm as δπλίται. Pass. to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle. Hence

Swaltons, h, a preparing for war, equipment, accou-

trement, arming.

δπλισμα, ατοι, τό, (δπλίζω) equipment, armour an army, armament.

 $\delta \pi \lambda \iota \sigma \mu \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \pi \lambda i \langle \omega \rangle = \sigma \pi \lambda \iota \sigma \iota s$ .

δπλιστέον, verb. Adj. of ὁπλίζω, one must arn **δπλιστής**, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁπλίζω) of a warrior.

δπλίτ-άγωγός, όν, (όπλίτης, άγω) commanding the beavy-armed.

δπλίτεύω, f. σω, to be an δπλίτης, serve as a beauty-

armed soldier. From

δελίτης [1], ου, δ. (δπλον IL 2) beavy-armed, armed in full armour; δπλίτης στρατός an armed host. 25 Subst., onlying, ou, o, a beauty-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δύρυ), and a large shield (δπλον),

γυμνήτες, γυμνήται. Hence

δπλιτικός, ή, όν, of or for a beavy-armed soldier; τὸ όπλιτικών, - οἱ όπλῖται.

δπλομαι, Med. (δπλον) poet for δπλίζομαι, to get ready for oneself. δπλομάνίω, ε. ήσω, to be maasy fond of arms, bave

a mania for war. From

δπλο-μάνής, ές, (δπλύν, μακήναι) gradly fond of

arms. δπλομάχία, ή, the art of using beaut arms: gene-

rally, the art of war, tactics. From δπλο-μάχος, ον, (δπλα, μάχομαι) fightick in beavy

II. one who drills soldiers.

"OIIAON, To, any tool or implement: ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords; onha χαλεήια a blacksmith's tools; ἀρούρης δειλον a sickle; δελον γεροντικόν a staff. II. mostly in plur. implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, barness, armour: rarely in sing, a secapon: by SERois péreur to remain under arms. . 2. in sing. mostly the heavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name δελίται. 3. τὰ δελα, - δελίται, beavy-armed soldiers. 4. Ta otha also, the camp, quarters.

δπλότερος, α, ov. and δπλότατος, η, ov.. Comp. and Sup. without any Posit. in use: poët. for rearrepas, reditation: (δπλα):—those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp. to the old men and children:—then, generally, of age, δπλότεροε γενεή younger by birth, Lat. minor natu:

-also, ανδρεε όπλότεροι men of later days.

δπλοφορίω, f. ήσω, to bear beaug arms, be a beaugarmed soldier:-Pass. to bave a body-guard. From δπλο-φόρος, ον. (δπλα, φέρω) bearing arms, armed: as Subst., δπλοφόρου, δ, an armed man, a II. one of the body-guard. warriot.

δποδάπός, ή, όν, (ποδαπός) relat. Adj. subat sort of a person, esp. of what country, Lat. sujas.

δπόθεν Ep. δππόθεν Ion. δκόθεν, relat. Adv. subsuce, from what place.

δπόθι Ερ. δππόθι, relat. Adv. (πόθι) wbers.

Swot Ion. Skot, relat. Adv. of Place, whither, touther where; but note whithershever; pexal but up to wbat place, how far. 2. c. gen., δποι γηε whither in the world, Lat. quo terrarum. II. of Manner. for brue, bow, bow far.

onolos, a, er, Ep. onnolos, η, or, Ion. onolos, η, or: (noice) relat. Adj. of what sort, kind, or quality, Lat. II. the correlat. of owolos is roles; roles .. oroide such as; orroide n'eiryoun éron, roide n' inanovous such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt III. ásrolós res refers to a special thou hear again. subject: onoids ris n what manner of man was IV. broice our of what kind soever, Lat. qualiscunque V. Adv. onolog: also in neut.

pl onoia, like as, Lat. qualiter. 'OHO'Z, où, ô, juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milby junce, rain, or gum: the acid judge of the fig-tree metaph... onds fibne the juicy freebness of youth

deros, gen. of by.

δποσάκι, Adv. (δτόσοι) as many times as .. as often as ... [8]

δποσάχη, Adv. (δτύσοι) at as many places as ... woose Ep. oundoe, Adv., post. for one, whither.

δπόσος, η, ον, Ερ. όππόσος, όπόσσος, όππόσσος Ion. δκόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number. as many, as many as ... Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as ... Let. quantus.

οπότ-αν Ερ. οππότ-αν, for όπότ' αν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whentoever, Lat. quando-

cunque.

δπότε Ευ. δππότε Ion. δκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since. **δπότερος**, α, αν, Ερ. δππότερος, η, αν: (πότερος): -which of two, whither of the twain, Lat. uter: also subich of us two, which of you two. 2. **680**T € poσούν and δπότερου δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. ntervis, uterlibet, utercunque. neut. δπότερον and δπότερα as Adv., for δποτέρως, in subichever of two ways: also for worepow, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of two, Lat. alternter. Hence

δποτέρωθε, -ωθεν Ερ. δπποτ-, relat. Adv. from which of the two, from whether of the twain

ororipus, relat. Adv. in whichever of two way... oworepeore, relat. Adv. (onorepos) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

Swou Ion. Skou, relat. Adv. where, Lat. whi. also c. gen., brov yas where in the world, Lat. ubi ter-3. lot brov there are places, where . . , i. c. in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi ..., for ali-4. STOV OF OF STOUTED OF, wherever:όπουούν, όπουδή, όπουδήποτε, wheresoever, Lat. whicunque. II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time when. III. of Manner, bow. IV. Caŭsal, because, unce, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really gen. of an old Pron. \*ovos.

bura, Adv. poet. for ora, Dor. for ory.

δππατα, Dor. for δμματα.

Sunn, Adv., Ep for Sun.

bundler, bundli, Ep. for budder, budde.

δπποίος, δππόσε, Ep. for δποίος, δπόσε.

onword, Dor. for dutte

δππόσος, η, ον, Ερ. for δπόσος.

dunbrav, dunbr' du Ep. for dubras, dubr' de. δππότε, Ep. for δπότε.

δππότερος, δπποτέρωθεν, Ep. «ος όποτ-..

SHWWS, Ep. for SPOR.

οπτάλίος, α, αν, (δπτάω) roasted: also baked.

οπτάνιον, τό, (δετάω) a kitchen.

οπτάσία, ή, (δψομαι) ε sight, a vision.

"OΠΤΑ'Ω, impf. ώντων: f. δυτήσω:--Pass., aor. I δυπτήθην: pf. δυπτημαι:—to roast or broil meat; opp. to life, to boil. 2. to bake bread; also of loor alohor oour the Trojans shuddered when they 3. to bake, barden by saw. pottery, to bake or burn.

exposure to the sun. . metaph. of love, to scorch, burn.

our eviperos, Dor. for our éperos, pres. pass. part. de δετάω.

bureva, - opáa, to see.

όπτηρ, ήρος, δ, (δψομαι) απο ειδο looks after a thing. a spy, Lat. speculator.

οπτήριος, a. or, (δήρμαι) of or belonging to sight; τὰ δπτήρια (sub. δώρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the wil: generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

δπτίλος [1], δ, (δψομαι) the eye; Dor. also δετίλλος. "όπτομαι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of δράω

are formed: see opdes.

όπτός, ή, ω, (δπτάω) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked; look and burd boiled meats and roast: also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

ΌΠΥΙ'Ω Αττ. όπύω, ε. όσω [5]: the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, bave to soife: devicence married men, opp. to the unmarried (fiθεοι). II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, become a wife.

όπωπα, Ion. pf. med. of δράω: Dor. 2 sing. δπώπη. drawnh, \$, (drawn) poet, for byes, a sight, view, w-

II. sight, power of seeing.

οπωπητήρ, ήρος, δ, (δπωπα) α spy, looker out. 'OΠΩ'PA Ion. ὁπώρη, ή, properly the part of the year between the rising of Sirius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormey sea-II. from being the fruit-time, drupa also means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manhood.

ommored vies, Ion, for omaprovivies, part. Att. fint of

δταρίζα.

οπωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ὀπώρα) to gather fruits.

to gather fruits off a tree.

όπωρινός, ή, όν, (δπώρα) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal; dorip braspires the summer stat, dog-star, also Zelpcos, whose rising marked the beginning of orapa. [a is long Ep., when last syll. is long.]

οπωροφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear fruit. From όπωρο-φόρος, αν, (δπώρα II, φέρω) bearing fruit. δπως Ep. δππως Ion. δκως:—relat. Conj. of Manper, bow, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. sometimes put for olos, as, rolos me Edynes, bres εθέλει, for olor εθέλει, he has made me such as be 3. Saw Exw as I am, i.e. immediately wills. on the spot. 4. c. gen., σοῦσθε δπων ποδών (szb. exere), run as you are off for feet, i.e. as quick as you can. 5. δεωσδή, δεωσούν, δεωσδηκοτούν. browttour, bowsnever, in what manner soever; so, oud' brouttour, not in any way whatever, not in the 6. σύκ έσθ' δκωι it is not (i. e. cannot be) that ...; but, our food draw od, Lat. non fieri joust quin..., it cannot but be that... II. like Lat. w.

of Time, when, as, so soon as; Towes topingar, is

III. like de and ore, Lat. quam, with &

quant celerrime; Exws aplaza, as well as possible.

B. True as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, that, in order that, so that, Lat. quel, ut, fol-L by the Subjunct. when the anteced. Verb is of pres. time, as, opa orus yarnras he is looking that he may be ; welpa, onwe ker innat keep trying that thou mayest come :- also elliptically (sub. opa, opare, etc.) to express a caution, usually with μή, as, δτων τουτό γε μή ποιήσης, [see] thou do it not; to also with indicat. fut., bress dropes forede see that ye be men! II. by the Optat., if the anteced. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, theyor (elror) brus yevoro I kept speaking (spoke) that it might be done. III, by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλγει δημε Ίθακής ἐπιλήσεται she beguiles him with the view that he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, dei o' brow dei-IV. in Att. occurs the phrase of y brows, 4λλά or άλλα καί . . not only not so, but ... οὐχ δπων χάριν αυτοίε έχειε, άλλα και κατά τουτωνί πολιτεύει you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them; -in full, of Aéyw δεωε I do not say that, etc.; so, οὐχ δεωε, άλλ' οὐδέ not only not so, but not at all. V. δπονε  $\mu\eta_1 =$ the Conjunction un: generally used only with acr. 2 subj., or with indicat. fut.

opáss, Ep. for opậs, 2 sing. of opáss.

Spana, 76, (boden) that which is seen, a view, sight.

δραμνος, δ, later form of δρόδαμους.

opacre, eas, h, (opac) seeing, the sense of sight. δράτος, ή, όν, (δράω) to be seen, visible; τὰ δρατά

visible objects.

'OPA'Ω, impl. Att. έώρων: Ion, δρέω impl. ώρεον: Ep. also opow: pf. eopāna later eupāna, pass. eopāna tater capauar. Other tenses are supplied from the Root \*OHT-OMAI, fut. byopai, with a rare sor. I ώψάμην: Pass., fut. δφθήσομαι: aor. I ώφθην inf. όφθηναι: pf. διμμαι, διβαι, διπται, inf. δφθαι: there is also in Ep. a perf. med. δπωπα, plopf. δπώπειν from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root "IAO are formed also aor. 2 act. elbor inf. lbeir: aor. 2 med. eldo perpe, inf. ldioba: pf. with pres, sense olda, olgoa. I know, etc., inf. elbirai (see olda).

To see, to look; nat' autous ally opa (3 Ep. impf.) be kept looking continually at them 2. to bave sight, like βλέπω, opp. to μη δρών to se blind; δσ' άν λέγοιμι, πάνθ δρώντα λέξομαι my words shall bave eyes, i. e. shall have meaning; έν σκότφ ὀψοίατο may they have sight in darkness, i. e. may they be blind. 3. to see, look to, take beed, beware, mostly in Imperat. Spa el... 4. c. acc. cognato, δράν

diam's to look prowess, 100% like a warrior. trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; **δράν φάου "Hελίοιο (Hom.), and φών δρών (Att.) to see** 

the light, i. e. to be alive. II. Past. to be seen,

of Adv. Stree raxiorn as quickly as possible. Lat. | seen to be wretched: rd opdusera things visible. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

όργάζω, f. άσω: 201. Ι άργασα: p., pass. άργασμαι ξ (opydes) :- to soften, knead, mould, Lat. subig.

oργαίνω, f. ανώ: 201. Ι μργανα: (οργή):-so make angry, enrage. II. intr. to grow or be angry. opyavior, to, Dim. of opyaror, a small tool or in-

strument.

δργάνον, το, (εργον) an instrument, simplement, tool, engine; halved Auplovos Spyava, the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes. cal instrument. III. the material of a work, the work, product itself.

δργάνος, η, ον, (\*lpyw) working, fashioning.

δργάε (sub. γη), άδοε, η, (άργαω) a well-svaterea,

fertile tract of land, a meadow.

όργάω, (όργή) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf., δργά αμασθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting. II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at beat: to be excited, passionate. 2.

c. gen. to yearn or long for.

δργέων, ανοε, Ep. δργείων, ονοε, δ. (δργεα) a priest. δργή, ή, (δρέγω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., opyal doruvous social II. any violent emotion or passion, dispositions. anger, wrath; δργή χρασθαι to indulge one's anger; opyjy dapos prone to anger, passionate; opyj as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so. also & opyfie, kar' δργήν, μετ' δργήε, πρόε δργήν. 2. Harde öpyai panic passions, terrors.

δργία, ίων, τά, (έργον) only used in pt., secret rites, secret worship, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis; also the rites II. any rites, worship, sacriof Bacchus, orgies 2. any mysteries, without reference to reli-

Hence

II. to soboylatu. f. agu. to celebrate orgies. lemnise of celebrate any sacred rites.

οργίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: 201. Ι ώργισα: (οργή):-to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate.

Pass., with fut. med. δργιοθμαι, but also pass. δργισθήσομαι: 201. Ι ἀργίσθην: pl. ἄργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wroth.

οργίλος [t], η, ον, (δργή) prone to anger, ras..onate. δργιο-φάντης, ου, δ, (δργιά, φαίνω) one subo int-

tiates others into orgies.

δργιιά or δργιιά, ή, (formed from δρέγω, as άγυιά from ayo) the length of the outstretched arms. as a measure of length, - 4 whxers or 6 feet I inch. about our fathom: 100 opyvial make one stadium. Hence

opyvialos, a, or, a fathom long or large.

δρεγμα, ατοε, τό, (ὀρέγω) a stretching out: a holding out, offering.

δρέγνυμι, = δρέγω, whence δρεγνός (part. pres.) 'OPETΩ, fut. ορέξω: aor. I ώρεξα:—to reach, ilso so appear; c. part., δήθημεν brres dθλιοι we were \ stretch out, extend, Lat. porrigo: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty. 2. to reach out, band, offer, II. Med. oplyoppu, with sor. I med. opefaμην, and pass. ερέχθην: pf. pass. δράφεγμαι:--to stretch oneself out, reach out; xepal epifaabat to reach with the hands; opefarbat lyxel to lunge, thrust out with the spear; rooth deaperata (pf.) woheulfer of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (i. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; opefar' law be atretebed bimself as he went, i. e. went at full stride. 2. c. gen. to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph. to reach after, grasp at, desire. 3. c. acc. to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, tround: to band to oneself, reach for oneself.

ορα-άρχης, ου, δ, (δρφε, άρχω) lord of the mountains. δραιάς, άδος, ή. (δροε) pecul. fem. of δρειοε, of or belonging to mountains.

II. sub. Νύμφη, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

δραβάτδα, to roam the mountains. From δραβάτδα, ov, δ, (δροε, βαίνω) mountain-ranging. δραδρομία, ή, a running wild over the bills. From δρα-δρόμος, ον, (δροε, δραμεῦ) running on the bills. δρα-νόμος, ον, (δροε, νέμω) feeding on the mountain-ranging.

δρεινόε, ή, όν, (έροε) mountainous, billy. II. on or of a mountain: as Sabst., δρεινόε, δ, a mountainser.

όρειο-νόμος, σε, - δρεινόμος.

spence, a, or, also or, or, Ion. ospence, (spor) mountaines, hilly: also, living on the mountaine.

οραιο-γαρής, ές, (όρος, χαρήναι) delighting in the bills.

opel-shayeros, see optalayeros.

δρειτύποι, or, (έροι, τύπτω) working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying wone.

δρει-φοίτης, ου, (όρος, φοιτάω) mountain-ranging. δρεί-χαλκος, δ, (όρος, χαλκός) Lat. orichaleum, fine copper are and the brass made from it: also, fine brass. δρειάτης, ου, δ, (όρος) a mountaineer.

δρακτός, ή, όν, (δρέγω) atretched out, presented: also, to be presented.

opefauevos, opifos, sor. I part med and act of opiyon

δρεξιε, εω, ξ, (δρέγω) a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.

όρεό-κομος, or, incorrect form of δρεωκόμος. δρέοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of δρευμι.

ορεοπολόω, to baunt the mountains. From ορεο-πόλος, ον, (όρος, πολέω) mountain-baunting. ορεοί-προφος, ον, (όρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.

δρίσκίος, σ, (δρος σκιά) thadowed by mountains. δρίσκους Ερ. δρεσκώος, σ, (δρος κείμαι) lying on mountains, mountain bred, wild.

δρέσσ-ευλος, ον, (δρος, αδλή) dwelling in the mountains.

δρεσσι, Ερ. for δρεσι, dat. pl. of δροε. δρεσσι-βάτης. ου, δ. = δρειβάτης. [ἄ] operat-yerfe, is, and operat-yerce, er, (spee, yeres, yore) mountain-born.

όροσσ'ενόμος, σε, (έρος, εέμω) Ep. for δροιεόμος, feeding on the mountains, mountain-baunting.

Operation, h, the tale of Orates, the general name for the Agamemnon, Chosphoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogy.

Spicorepos, a, or, (Spos) post for Specros, moun-

tainous, dwelling in the mountains. Specreds, ádos, 4, (Spos) — Opeids; Képpas Specred

άδες, the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads. δρεσφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat, sing. and pl. δροκ. δρεύε Ion. οὐρεύε, έως, δ, (δροκ a mountain) a mule.

δρευε, Dor. for δρεοε, gen. of δροε. δρεχθέω, f. ήσω, - ½-γ-γομαι, to stretch anexelf; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; βόευ δρέχθεον σφαζόμενοι the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slain: θάλασσαν ξα ποτί χέρσον δρεχθήν (Dor. inf. for δρεχθεύ) let the sea stretch itself (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

όρθω pl. δρέομεν, Ion. for όράω, όράομεν. δρημι or όρηθα, poèt. 2 sing. pres. med. of **όράω.** δρημι, Acol. for όράω, inf. όρην, part. <del>όρείο</del>. όρητός, ή, όν, Ion. for όρατός.

δρθοι, inf. of ώρμην, Ep. 201, 2 pass. of δρνυμ. δρθεύω, f. σω, (δρθόε) – δρθόω, to set upright: set straight.

\*Oρθία, ή, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia. δρθια, neut. pl. of δρθιου: used also as Adv. aloud. δρθιόδε, Adv. (δρθιου) straight up, upwards.

δρθιάζω, f. άσω (δρθιόε) to speak in a high tome of voice or in a high key, speak loud. II, to est upright.

ορθίασμα, ατος, τό, (δρθιάζω) a bigh pitch of the voice, a loud shout or ery.

όρθιος, a, ov, Att. also os, ov, (δρθόε) straight up. rising upwards, steep; bootor ropedecoas or made tothe country bill; rd botta the country from the coast upwards. 2. upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing. 3. straight, right. of the voice, bigb-pitebed, loud, sbrill, clear; rouse δρθιος, a stirring, thrilling air: in neut. pl. as Adv\_ pola hvor she cried aloud. III. Spoice Doron Livy's resti ordines, as a military term, battalions is column or file, whereas in pakeryf the men stood is line; optious rode hoxous dyear to bring the companies up in column. IV. generally, like defec. straight, opp, to crooked.

δρθο-βάπδα, (δρθόε, βabru) to go straight on et upright.

όρθό-βουλου, ον. (όρθόε, βουλή) right-counselling. όρθο-δάήε, έε, (όρθόε, δαθναι) knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.

opto-dianos, or, (speed, dianos) righteomit

opto-blues, Dor. for optobluye, ov, i, (optos, Simila)
a righteous judge. [[]

optobpopen, to run straight forward. From

**δρθο-δρόμος, ον,** (δρθός, δραμεῖν) running straight | to set straight:—Pass. to be aimed straight. forward.

δρθο-έπαα, ή, (δρθόε, έποε) correct language.

ορθό-θριξ, τρίχοι, ο, ή, (ορθόι, θρίξ) with bair upstanding, or making the bair stand on end.

δρθό-κραιρος, α, ον, (δρθός, κραίρα) with straight or upright borns, epith, of homed cattle; with upright beaks, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem. optomangaer.

όρθό-κράνος, ev, (δρθός, κράνον) baving a bigb bead or erown: with a lofty mound.

optoparrela, f. true prophecy. From

όρθο-μαντικ, εων Ιου του, δ, ή, (δρθόν, μάντιν) α

true prophet.

όρθο-πάλη, ή, (δρθόε, πάλη) wrestling upright. [d] όρθό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (δρθός, πλέω) sailing straight before the wind: generally, suc-

δρθοποδίω, (δρθόπουε) to walk straight of uprightly. δρθό-πολιε, cos, δ, ή, (δρθου, πόλιε) upholding cities. ορθό-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (δρθός, πούς) with straight feet: standing upright.

OPOOZ, 4, or, straight, Lat. rectus: in height, upright, standing erect. II. in line, straight, straight forward, in a straight line; δρθδε ἀντ' ἡε-Nioso Terpaumiros turned straight to front the sun; opedr wood reverse to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to sampeons when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion; βλέπειν ορθά to see straight or well. III. metaph. right, safe, prosperous. 2. right, true, exact; op6' akover to be rightly called: δρθφ λόγφ in strict terms, in very truth: so Adv., δρθώε λέγειν to speak true. true, genuine, real. 4. upright, righteous, just, Lat. rectus; ward to optor bina(eir to judge right-- 5. on tipioe, in eager expectation, Lat. cously. IV. ή δρθή (sub. στῶσιε) the arectus animo. mominative, Lat. casus rectus, as opp. to the oblique

**δρθο-στάδην**, Adv. (δρθόε, στήναι) standing upright,

in a standing posture.

δρθο-στάτης, ου, ό, (δρεδε, στήναι) one who stands II. an upright shaft, pillar: as Adj., EX pares doloctatal upright ladders. III. a sort of cake used in funeral oblations. [d]

ορθότατα, Adv. Sup. of δρθών.

δρθότης, ητος, ή, (δρθός) straightness, upright pos-II. metaph. rightness, fitness: the right. ture.

δρθο-τομέω, (δρθόε, τέμνω) to cut straight; bandle eright.

**δρθόω,** f. ώσω: 201. Ι δρθωσα:—Ρεπ., 201. Ι δρθώ-One: - (opole): - to set straight: I. in height, to set woright, set up: of buildings, to raise, restore, repair: hence, dopowels raised up, set on one's legs reals :- Pass. to stand or sit upright. 2. in a line, oneself, set up, dedicate.

IL. metaph. to raise up, restore to bealth, safety, etc. 2. to exalt, bonour, extol. 3. δρθώσαι υμνον to raise the lofty song. 4. to guide aright. III. Pass. of actions, to succeed; prosper; το δρθούμενον success: of persons and places, to flourish, prosper. to be right, be true. 3. to be upright, deal justly or uprightly.

δρθρεύοισα, Dor. for -εύουσα, part. fem. of δρθρεύω, f. σω, (δρθρου) to rise or wake early. δρθρίδιος, α, ον, poët. for δρθριος. [1]

δρθρίζω, f. σω, (δρθροε) to rise, wake early.

ορθρινός [ ], ή, ών, (δρθροε) later form for δρθριοε. δρθρίος, a, or, also os, or, (δρθρος) at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early: irreg. Comp. and Sup. δρθριαίτερου, -αίτατου:---Neut. τὸ δρθριον οι δρθριον, as Adv. in the morning, early.

δρθρο-βόας, ου, δ. (όρθρος, βοάω) the early caller.

Chanticleer, i. e. the cock.

όρθρο-γόη, ή, (δρθροε, γοάω) early-wailing, of the swallow.

όρθρο-λάλος, ον, (δρθρος, λαλέω) sarly-twittering. "OPOPOS, &, the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn; τον δρθρον, absol., in the morning; so, δρθρου γενομένου at dawn; and άμα δρθρφ, έν δρθρον, κατ' δρθρον, περὶ δρθρον; but πρόε δρθρον towards dawn: ύρθρος βαθύς early morn.

όρθρο-φοιτο-σϋκοφαντο-δίκο-τάλαίπωρος, ον. (δρθρος, φοιτάω, συκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαίπωρος) όρθ. τρόποι early-prowling base-informing sad-litigious plaguy ways.

όρθωθείε, 201. I pass. part. of δρθόω.

όρθ-ώντμος, ον, (όρθός, όνομα) rigbtly-named. δρθώε, Adv. of δρθόε, rightly: uprightly, justly: truly, really.

'Ορθωσία, ή, = Ορθία.

όρθωτήρ, ήροι, ό, (όρθόω) one who sets upright, a restorer.

δρί-βάντης, ου, δ, dub. for δρειβατής.

OPITA'NON, 76, and opiyavos, 7, an acrid herb, marjoram: δρίγανον βλέπειν to look origanum, i.e. to look sour or erabbed. [1]

δριγνάομαι, Med., with fut. - ήσομαι, 201. I pass. διριγνήθην: (δρέγομαι):—to stretch oneself out. c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at, grasp at.

όρίζω: fut, όρίσω Att, όριῶ: aor. Ι ώρισα Ion. ούρισα: pf. ώρικα:-- Med., fut. ὑριοῦμαι: 201. Ι ἀρισάμην:--Pass., fut. ὑρισθήσομαι: 201. Ι ἀρίσθην: pf. ώρισμαι (sometimes used in med. sense): (δροε): to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary; ποτεμός οὐρίζει την τε Σκυθικήν καί την Neuploa γην a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuris: - Pass., of a country, to be bounded. δρίζειν τινά άπο γηε to part, banish one from the Il. to mark out by boundaries, lay down, mark out: to limit, define: - Med. to mark out for

III. generally, to deter-

2. to define a word. mine, appoint : to setter. so assign, ipi(er thippor to give a vote. IV. intr. to border upon.

option, h, ov, (opens) of or for a mule.

όρινθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of ¿ρίνω.

oplve: aor, I opiva Ep. opiva:-Pass. 3 sing. impf. ώρινετο: 20τ. Ι άρινθην Ερ. δρίνθην: (όρνυμι):--to stir, raise, Lat. agitare: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind :- Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.

δριον, τό, - δρος, a bound, goal: δρια, τά, bound-

aries, borders, frontier.

Spios, ov, (Spos) of or presiding over boundaries. δρισμα Ion. ούρ-, τό, (ὁρίζω) a boundary: in plus. the borders, frontier.

δριστής, οῦ, ὑ, (ὑρίζω) one who marks voundaries: one who determines.

δρί-τροφος, ον, (δροε, τρέφω) mountain-ored.

ορκάνη, ή, = έρκάνη, έρκος, from έργω, είργω, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall. [a]

δρκ-ἄπάτης, ου, ό, (δρκος, ἀπατάω) an Jain-breaker.

δρκίζω, f. ίσω, (όρκου) to make one swear, adjure. opκιον, τό, (opros) an vath: also a pledge, surety. II. mostly in plur., beara, ta, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; upria riota tauciv to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. foedus ferire, icisse foedus: of two parties, in Med., δρκια τάμνεσθαι to make a treaty between them; δρκια δηλήσασθαι, ύπερ δρκια δηλήσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, δρκια συγχεύαι, δρκια ψεύσασθαι, opp. to δρκια φυλάσσειν οτ 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like lepá.

bonces, or, more rarely a, or, (bonce) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; Sprior beol the gods invoked at an oath; cloos operor a sword which is

sworn by

"OPKOZ, ov, &, an oath; konor duboau to swear an oath; δρκου θεών an oath by the gods; δρκον λαμβάyear to accept an oath from another; drodidiral to take it oneself. 2. the witness of the oath, the vower or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods. "Opros, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (Spros was orig. equiv. to Epros, as oproupos to Eproupos.)

δοκ-ούρος, ό, - έρκούρος.

όρκόω, f. ώσω, (όρκοι) to make one swear, aind by eath:-Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

δρκωμα, τό, (όρκόω) απ οαιδ.

όρκωμοσία, ή, (δρκωμοτέω) a swearing, an oath. δρκωμόσιον, τό, the place of an oath. pl. asseverations on oath. From

δρκωμοτίω, f. ήσω, to take an oato, swear · δοκωμοτείν θεούε to swear by the gods. From

ορισ-ωμότης, ου, δ, (όρκος, δμυυμι) = ύρκωτής. δρκωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (δρκύω) one who administers an oatb.

δρμάθειν, an acr. 2 form of δρμάω, to rush, whence subj. ὑρμάθω: but δρμάθη is Dor. for ὑρμηθη, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. pass. of δρμάω.

δρμάθος, οῦ, ὁ, (ὅρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string of things hanging one from the other.

δρμαίνω: impf. ώρμαινον: 20τ. Ι ώρμηνα: (ὑρμάω): to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider. 2. to long for, desire. later, I. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, :--

Aame. 2. intr. to basten, burry, be impatient.

**δρμάω, f. ήσω: 2**οτ. Ι **δ**ιρμησα: pf. διρμηκα: I. trans. to set in motion, wrge on. (ὀρμή): rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to burry or rusb on : c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush beadlong, esp. III. Pass, with fut. med. Joursat one, c. gen. σομαι; nor. I med. δρμήσασθαι and pass. δρμηθήναι; pf. pass. δομημαι:—in same sense as intr. act.: . I. to burry, basten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀτ' έλασσώσων lpμώμενοs setting out from or beginning with smaller 3. absol. to rush on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; δ λόγοι διρμηται the report flies abroad.

όρμέατο, lon. for ώρμηντο, 3 pl. plopf, pass. of ερμάν. δρμπά, <math>η, = υρμιά.

δρμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δρνυμι,

δρμέω, f. ήσω, (δρμοε):—to be moored, lie at ancbor, of a ship: proverbial, int ovoir dyaupair someir to ride two anchors, as we say 'to have two strings to your bow:' metaph. to anchor one's bodes upon, depend upon.

δρμεώμενος, Ion. part. pass. of δρμάω.

δρμή, ή, (δρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. impetus; mostly of things, as, έγχεοε ύρμή the force of a spear; πυρθε ύρμή το rage of fire; κύματος όρμή the shock of a wave. beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passes. impulse; μία δρμή with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

δρμηθείς, είσα, έν, 20τ. I pass. part. of δρμάσι, δρμημα τό, (δρμάω) any violent impulse, passionar desire.

ορμήσεια, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of υρμαω.

δρμητήριον, τό, (δρμάω) any means of exciting, s stimulant, incentive. II. a starting-place, station. Bead-quarters.

δρμιά, ή, (δρμοε) a fishing-sine of borse-bair Let linea. [l"]

δρμίζω: fut. -low Ep. -loow Att. - ... aor. 1 🛶 μσα: (δρμοs);—to bring to anchorage, being into barbour, to moor, anchor. 2. generally, to mais fast ot sure, II. Med., with fut. med. depresips. act. I med. δρμισάμην and pass. δρμίσθην: pf. pass. ερμισμαι:—to come to anchor, anchor; δρμίζεσθαι Toos widow to come to a place and anchor there. metaph, to be in baven, to reach the barbour, i.e. to be at rest; ὑρμίζεσθαι έκ τινου to be dependent on a thing. δρυίη-βόλος, ον. (ὑρμιά, βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

δρμο-δοτήρ, ήρος, δ. (δρμος, δίδωμι) a bringer into

barbour, a pilot.

δρμος, δ, (είρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων δρμοз a string of crowns. 2. a kind of II, a roadstead, dance performed in a ring. anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a barbour, as opp. to λιμήν. 2. generally, a baven, place of shelter or refuge.

opvaneruov, to, Bocot. for opvecy.

όρνεον, τό, = όρνιε. II. τὰ ζρνεα, the bird-market. δρνεό-φοιτος, ον, (δρνεον, φοιτάω) baunted by birds. ορνίθ-αρχος, ο, (δρνιε, dρχόε) king of birds. [i] opvibuos, a, or, also os, or, (opris) of or belonging to a bird; upia opvidera birds' flesh.

όρντθευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a bird-cateber, fowler. From δρνίθεύω, f. σω, (δρειε) to catch, net, snare birds. opvillas, ov. (opvis) masc. Adj., a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of passage; xelpan opviblas a storm of birds.

ορνίθικός, ή, όν, (όρνιε) of or for birds.

opviliov, τό, Dim. of δρνιε, a little bird: a nestling,

δρντθό-γονος, ον, (δρνιε, "γένω) sprung from a bird. δρντθο-θήρας, ου, δ, (όρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

δρντθο-λόχος Dot. δρντχ-, δ, (ύρνις, λογάω) a bird-

catcher, fowler.

opvilloudvies, f. how, to be mad for birds. From ορνίθο-μάνης, ές, (όρνις, μανήναι) mad after birds. δρντθο-πέδη, ή, (έρνιε, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds. δρνιθος, gen. of δρνιε: Ep. dat. pl. ζρνίθεσσι.

opvillo-ononos, or, (iprus, ononéa) observing the flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspen; Oakos δρνιθοσπόποε an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

δρντθο-τροφία, ή, (έρνιε, τρέφω) bird-keeping. pvlos, or, also os, or, poet, for δρνίθειος.

"OPNIX, δ, but also ή: gen. ὅρνῖθος, etc.: acc. sing. δρνίθα and δρνιν: pl. δρνίθεε, etc.: Att. pl. δρνειε, gen. opvew, acc. opveis: Dor. forms, gen. opvixos, pl. oprixes, etc., as if from a Nom. oprif: - a bird: often added to the names of birds, as cover dydow, όρνια πέρδιξ, the nightingale, the partridge.

2 so like olarde, a tird of omen, love nande a bird of evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of birds: in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage. III. in Att., opris, o, a cock; opris, n, a ben. IV. in

rd. sometimes the bird-market, cf. opreor. poet. Movour opvides, the birds of the Muses, i. c. VL proverb., ερνίθων γάλα 'pigeon's milk,' i. c. any marvellous good-fortune,

δρνίχος, -χα, Dor. gen. and acc. of δρνιε: poét. dat. pl. opvixeooi.

δρνύθι, ύτω, pres. imperat. of δρνυμε.

δρνύμεν, δρνύμεναι, Ep. for δρνύναι, pres. inf. of δρνυμι.

όρνύμενος, η, αν, pres. med. part. of δρνυμι.

ορνύμι or ορνύω [v], lengthd. form of Root \*OPΩ: imperat. ὄρνῦθι, ὑτω, etc.: impf. ὧρνυον: fut. ίρσω: aor. I ωρσα, part. δρσας, Ion. 3 sing. έρσασκε: 3 sing. redupl. 2 οτ. 2 δρωρε:-- Med. δρνύμαι, imperat. δρνυσο, ύσθω, υσθε, part. δρνύμενος: impf. ώρνύμην, 3 sing. and pl. ωρνύτο, ωρνυντο: fut. δρσομαι, also δροθμαι, 3 sing. δρεέται : 20τ. 2 διρύμην, 3 sing. δίρετο contr. doro, 3 pl. without augm. oporro also opéorro; 3 sing. subj. δρηται; imperat. δρσο or έρσεο Ion. contr. δρσευ; inf. δρθαι, contr. for δρέσθαι; part. δρμενος, η, or, for δρόμενος: - pf. δρωρα, in intr. sense 3 sing. subj. δρώρη: 3 sing. plapf. δρώρει, also διρώρει Act., to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:-Med., with pf. opopa, to move, stir oneself; elvore μοι φίλα γούνατ' δρώρη while my limbs bave power 2. Act. to make to arise, call forth: of animals, to rouse, put up, start, chace:-Med. to start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about. Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, ebeer on :- Pass. and Med, to be roused, sitrred in mind, excited, in-4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause, flamed. excite, Lat. ciere: - Med. to come on, to arise, Lat. oriri.

δρνύτο, δρνυντο, Ep. for ώρνυτο, ώρνυντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of opvupu.

"OPOBOX, ô, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

δρόγιια, ή, poët. for δργνιά.

όρυδαμνίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of δρύδαμνος, a sprig.

δρόδαμνος, δ, a bough, branch.

δρο-θεσία, ή, (δρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries, boundaries.

δροθύνω : Ep. impf, δρίθθνον : also acr. I imperat. δρύθυνον: -like δρνυμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on. oροί-τυπος, ον, - δρείτυπος.

Spougs, Dep. (ovpos a guard) to watch, keep watch and ward, be on guard.

όρο-μαλίδες, al. (όρος, μήλον) Dor. for όρομηλίδες,

a kind of wild apples.

OPO'S or oppos, o, whey, the watery or serous part of milk, Lat. serum. 2. the watery parts of the blood. OPOXIon. oupos, cos, tú, a mountain, bill: a range or chain of hills.

"OPO∑ Ion, ovocs, ov. b, a boundary, limit, frontier, border: esp. a land-mark. 2. olpos, plur., are marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions, tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evidence of the debt. II. a rule, standard, limit, III. the definition of a word. measure

Opociayyas, ol, Persian word for the Benefactors of the King, - evepyétau.

όρούω, fut. σω: 20r. 1 δρουσα: (υρνυμι):--intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to basten, dart or start ] forward.

οροφή, ή, (ερέφω) the roof or ceiling of a room: the

roof of a bouse.

οροφη-φάγος, or, (δροφή, φαγείν) roof-devouring. δροφη-φόρος, ον, (δροφή, φέρω) bearing a roof.

opodias, ov, o, living under a roof; une opodias the domestie mouse, opp. to une deoupaios (the field mouse); époplas opis a tame snake.

boodos, 6, (lpides) the reeds used for thatching bouses II. a roof: in pl. a bouse, temple.

δρόω, Ep. for δράω: part. δρόων for δρών. δρόωντι, Dor. for δρώσι, 3 pl. of δράω,

"ΟΡΠΗΞ Att. δρπηξ, ηκου, Dor. δρπαξ, άκου, δ: -a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a II. metaph. a scion, descendant.

oppavés, & Acol. for esparés.

ορρο-πύγιον, τό, (δρροε, πυγή) the tail or tail-feathers 2. the tail-fin of fish. 3. the tail or rump of any animal. [9]

"OPPOE, b, the end of the oe sacrum: the tail, rump.

'OPPO'Z, & = epós, wbey, serum.

όρρωδίω Ion. άρρωδ-: f. ήσω:--to shudder at, sbrink from, dread, Lat. borreo, c. acc.: c. gen. rei, to fear for or because of a thing. Hence

oppuble, h, a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright

όρσας, aor. I part. of όρνυμι.

δρσασκε, Ion. for ώρσε, 3 sing. act. 1 of δρνυμι. δρσεο, δρσευ, Ep. for ύρσαι, aor. I med, imperat. οί δρνυμι.

δρσί-κτύπος, ον, (δρνυμι, κτύπος) noise-arousing; Zeve opservers the rouser of thunder.

δρσί-νεφής, ές, (δρευμι, νέφος) cloud-raising. όρσί-πους, -ποδος, δ, ή, (δρευμι, πούε) raising the

foot, light-footed.

δρσο, Ep. for δρσας aor. I med. imperat. of δρνυμι,

bestir thee ! up! arouse thee! όρσο-θύρη, ἡ, (δρευμι, θύρα) a raised door approached

by steps. [b] δρσολοπεύω and -έω, to provoke, attack :--Pass., θυμόε δρσολοπείται my heart is troubled. From

oρσόλοπος, or, provoking etrife, turbulent. (Deriv. uncertain.)

operos, Lacon. for oppose.

όρσο-τρίαίνης Der. -τριαίνας, α, δ; a poët. nom. -τρίαινα: (δρισμι, τρίαινα):-wielder of the trident. δροω, fut. of δρουμι.

δρτάζω, Ion. for ἐορτάζω.

optakle, ibos, ή, (δρούμι) the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken. Hence

δρτάλιχούς and δρτάλιχος, δ, a bird, fowl: a domestie fowl, ebicken.

δρτή, ή, Ion. for δορτή.

'Oρτυγία, ή, (δρτυξ) properly Quail-island, the aucient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also Nagos or the Island.

ορτύγο-κόπος, ον, (δρτυξ, κόπτω) playing at knocking down quails,

όρτϋγο-μήτρα, ή, (όρτυξ, μήτηρ) a bird sobieb migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. 'Oprvyla.

"OPTTE, byoe, b, the quail, Lat. coturnin, -icis.

δρύγθναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δρύσσω.

pυγμα, τό, (δρύσσω) a place dug out, a pit, ditch, bole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens -βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown. II.  $= \delta \rho v f u s$ .

δρυγμάδός, δ, late form for δρυμαγδός.

opuntos, h, ov, (opoσσω) dug, formed by digging. II. dug out, quarried, mined.

ορύμαγδός, ό, a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, an tumultwous sound, not of the human voice.

δρυξ, ύγος, δ, (δρύσσω) a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Lybia, so called from its pointed borns.

Spúfas, sor. I inf. of δρύσσω.

δρυξιε, eue, ή, (δρύσσα) a digging.

pus, vos, é, an unknown wild animal in Lybia. 'OPΥ ΣΣΩ Att. -- ττω: fut. δρύξω: nor. I δρυξα

Ep. δρυξα: pf. δρώρθχα: plqpf. διραφύχειν:--Pass. 201. Ι ἀφύχθην: pf. ὀρώρυγμαι: plqpf. ἀρωρύγμην: -to dig, Lat. fodio. 2. to dig up : Med., λίθουν δρόξασθαι to bave stones dug or quarried: Pass., δ δρυσσόμενος χούς the soil that was dug up. dig tbrough, make a passage tbrough, burroes. to bury.

δρφάνευμα, τό, orthan state. Erom

ορφάνεύω, f. σω, (δρφανύε) to take care of orphans, tend, rear them :- Pass. with fut. med. -everyou, to be an orphan, be in an orphan state.

δρφάνία, ή, (δρφανόε) orphanhood: generally, bereavement, destitution.

δρφάνίζω, f. σω, (δρφανόε) to make orphan: to bereave, deprive:-Pass. to be lest an orphan.

δρφάνικός, ή, όν, (δρφανύε) orpban, fatherless; 🖥 μαρ departable the day which makes one an orphan.

δρφάνιος, ον. - δρφανικύς.

ορφάνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀρφανίζω) one subo takes care of orpbans, a guardian.

'OPPA'NO'Z, h, w, Att. de, de, Lat. ORBUS, Left orpban, without father or mother, fatherless. c. gen. reft or berest of a thing; oppored yereds reft of offspring, childless,

όρφανο-φύλαξ, ακοε, δ, (δρφανόε, φύλαξ) the great

dian of an orphan. [5]

δρφάνόω, f. ώσω, (δρφανόε) to make orpban:—Pass to be bereft of a thing.

"Oppease, a, or, of Orpheus. From

Oppeus, eas, o, Orpheus, a famous Thracian bard. ορφυαίος, α, ον, (ορφνη) dark, dusky, murky. nightly, by night.

"OPANH Dor. Spova, f., darkness, night: glocen. Hence

δρφνίνος, η, ον, dark, dusky; δρφνινον χρώμα a colour mixed of black, red and white, between supple pece and posticiros,

δρφνίτης, ου, δ, (δρφνη) dusky. [Υ]
"OPΦΟΣ Att. δρφώς, δ, a kind of sea-pereb.

**δρχέφος,** δ, (δρχοε) the first of a rose, a file-leader, f**urle-man** : the Corvebaeus on leader of the chorus.

fuglo-man: the Corphanus or leader of the chorus. opposition, d. = bpyce, a row of trees. II. a piece of land enclosed and planted, Milton's orchat, an orchard, garden. (From Spyce, like phoarce from phose.)

δρχίσμαι, f. ήσομαι: nor. I δρχησάμην: Dep.: (δρχου):—to dance: c. nor. to represent by dancing or genturge; δρχεῖεθαι Κύπλωνα, Lat. Cyclopa moveri, to dance the Cyclops. 2. to lasp.

όρχηδόν, Adv. (όρχοι) one after another, all in a row, man by man, Lat. wiritim.

δρχηθμός Ioa. δρχησμός, δ, (δρχέομαι) a dancing,

δρχημα, τό, (δρχέομαι) a dance, dancing.

δρχησιε, ή, (δρχέομαι) dancing, the dance: pantomimic dancing.

δρχησμός, δ, Att. for δρχηθμός.

δρχηστήρ, θρος, δ, and δρχηστής, οθ, δ, (δρχέαμαι) & dancer. Hence

δρχηστικός, ή, όν, of, fit for dancing.

δρχηστο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (δρχέομαι, διδάσκαλος) a dancing-master.

δρχηστο-μάνδω, f. ήσω, (δρχέομαι, μανήναι) to be dancing-mad.

όρχήστρα, ή, (ὀρχέομαι) an orebestra, in the Attic theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus danced. II. generally, a place for dancing.

δρχηστρίε, ίδου, ή, fem. of δρχηστής, a dancing girl. δρχηστός, όοι, ή, Ion. for δρχησιε, (δρχέομαι) the

dance, dancing; contr. dat. δρχηστνί.

'OPXI'ΛΟΣ, δ, a bird, prob. the wren. [1] δρχίπεδάω, f. ήσω, (δρχίπεδον) to seize the testicles. δρχί-πέδη, ή, (δρχιε, πέδη) impotence.

δρχί-πεδον, τό, in pl. δρχίπεδα, τά, (δρχιε, πέδον)

the testicies, Lat. testiculi.

"OPXIZ, toe and ecos, b, pl. Spxtus or Spxts Ion. Spxtes, a testicle, the testicles.

"Όρχομενόε, ή, the name of several Greek citles, the most famous of which was 'Ορχόμενοε Μανύειοε in Bocotia.

"OPXOZ, b, a row of trees; cf. becaroe.

Speeps, pf. of Sprupu.

ορώρα, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of δρευμι.

δρώρεται, Ερ. 3 sing. pres. pass. of δρυνμι, equiv. to δρωρε: subj. δρώρηται.

δρωρέχωται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of δρέγω. δρωρέχωτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δρέγω. δρώρυπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of δρόσσω. δρώρυχα, pf. of δρύσσω.

"OZ, \$\overline{\psi}, \delta; gen. o\overline{\psi}, \delta, \delta, \delta; \delta, \delta; \delta, 
A. RELAT. PROSCOUN, who, which or that, Lat. qui: service of God, ries, the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced. perform the due ries.

by attraction, as, της γενεής, ης Σεδε δώνε, for ην Σεδε δώνε: the neut. δ is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, δ δὲ πάνταν μέγιστον, δ δὲ πάνταν δευότατον, etc., but what is greatest of all, what is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for ωα, as in Lat. qui ως ως το αγγείλειε γυναικί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. nuncium miserunt, qui nunciurst.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I. gen. sing., of Time, if of (sub. xporou) from the time when, since: also of alone, when; forir of, sometimes, at times. 2. of Place, of which place, i. e. where; force of in some places. II. dat. sing. fem. y, of Place, Lat. qua, at which place, where :later, of motion to a place, whither:—in full  $\tau \hat{y}$ ,  $\hat{y}$  ... tbere, wbere . . , tbitber, wbitber . . . 2. of the Way or Manner, like δπαν, as Lat. quomodo ; 🖥 θέμις ἐστίν as is right: so far as, Lat. qua, quatenus. Sup. Adv., 🖥 μάλιστα, 🧗 άριστον, etc., like 🟜 μάλιστα, etc., Lat. quam maxime, etc. III. aoc. sing. neut. 8, for d' 8, that, because, Lat. gwod. 2. wherefore, Lat. quapropter.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it:

I. So ye, Lat. qui quidem or quippe qui, gives the Relat. a limiting force, who at least, since it was be who ...

II. So se or ser Art. to say, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. quisunque,

wbosoever, wbo if any ...

B. Os is also used as a DEMONSTR. PRON., for obvos or 58e, this, that; chiefly in nom. masc. 5e or of, sometimes in fem. § and neut. 5: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, § δ δε said be. II. in opposition, of ..., of ... these ..., thous ..., the ons party, the other: Att. δε μέν ..., δε δέ ... the ons ..., the other: λ μέν ..., λ δέ ... partly ..., partly ... III. δε καὶ δε such and such a person, so and so.

C. There is also a Possessive Pren., δε, η, δε, mostly of the third person, for έδε, bis, ber: Ep. gen. οδο.

II. of the second person, for σόε, tby, tbine.

III. of the first person, for έμδε, my, mine.

boun Ep. booun, Adv. (500s) as many times as, as often as, Lat. quoties.

δοάτιος, α, αν, ໂομ. δοσάτιος, poët. for δους. [ἄ] δοάχοθ, Adv. (δους) in as many places as.

6σδος, Acol. for δζος. 6σβω, Dor. for δζω.

bo-nulpan, Adv., for boat hulpan, as many days as are, i. e. daily, day by day, like Lat. quotidis for quot diss.

δοία Ion. -ίη, ή, properly fem. of δόιοε, divine law, the law of nature, answering to Lat. fas: hence ούχ δοίη Att. ούχ δοία, c. inf., it is against the law of nature to do; πολλήν δοίαν τοῦ πράγματοε νομίσαι to hold the full lawfulness of a thing.

II. the service of God, rites, offering; δοίης ἐπιβήναι to perform the due rites.

III. proverb., δοίαε ἐνεκα

notesetal re to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake of the propriety of the thing, Lat. dicis caussa. [1]

bolos, a. w. sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to dismos (established by human law); ra bous nal bleaus things of divine and human ordi-2. as opp. to lepls (sacred, reserved to the gods), soils means what is not so reserved, i. c. appropriated or permitted to man's use; lepà kal bosa the property of gods and men, Lat. sacra et profana; bottor xaplor a place not set apart to the gods, lauful for man to enter, and so - βέβηλοε, Lat. profanus. II. more rarely of persons, pious, devout, serupulous, religious; c. gen., lepar πατρφαν δσιοε scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers; bound xeipes pure, clean hands.

δστότης, ητος, ή, (δσιος) observance of divine law,

religiousness, piety, boliness.

δσίδω, f. ώσω, (δσιοε) to make boly, to ballow, purify, make atonement for Lat. expiare: - Med., στόμα δσιουσθαι to keep one's tongue from evil.

dorius, Adv. of doios, religiously, piously: Comp.

δσιώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

όσμάομαι, Dep., like εδμάομαι, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

δογιή, ή, (δίω) like όδμή, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

borov-av, Ion. for bow our, bowever little, Lat. quan-

tulumcunque.

"ΟΣΟΣ, δση, δσον, Ερ. δσσος, δσση, δσσον, Lat. quantus: - of Size, as great as, bow great: of Quantity, as much as, how much: of Space, as far as, how far: of Time, as long as, bow long: of Number, as many as, bow many: of Sound, as loud as, bow loud: -its Antecedent is roose, after which boos must be simply rendered as; δσα πλείστα οτ πλείστα δσα as much as possible. In plur. all that, as many as, often after πάντες. 2. of Time, δσοι μήνες, δσαι ήμέραι every month, day, monthly, daily, Lat. quot menses, quot dies; cf δσημέραι. 3, δσος δή and δσοσδήnore, bow great soever be be, Lat. quantuscunque; δσοε dr bow great soever. II. neut. όσον as Adv. as greatly as, as loudly, as, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion., Soor τε about as far as; the Noun is often added, δσον τ' δργυιαν about a fathom; δσον τ' έπὶ ήμισυ to about half 3. Soor mover, Lat. tantum non, all but; so also, boor of; but Att. boor and boor moror only so 4. 600 ov far as, only just; door door only just. ἐπί and δσσον τ' ἐπί as far as, Att. ἔφ' δσον. with Comp. and Sup., δσον βασιλεύτερός έστι so far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6. δσον τάχου as quick as possible: more usu, δσον τάχιστα. δσον αθτίκα, also, δσον ουκ ήδη all but now, instant-8. oby door not only not. Lat. ne dicam. δσφ inasmuch as, with Comp. δσφ πλέον, δσφ μάλλον the more since, especially since. 2. bow with Comp. followed by another Comp. with τοσούτφ, the more . . , so much the more ..., like Lat. quo or quanto melior, 60 . . . etc. 3. Sowwer by bow much, in so far as,

δσοσ-περ, δση-περ, δσον-περ, bowever great or πικευ. as great or as much as. бо-жер, Я-жер, б-кер, (Ер, also биер masc., as б те

masc. for bore), who, which, indeed the very man who ot thing which, Lat. quí quidem.

OXIIPTON, 76, pulse, beans : vegetables. "ΟΣΣΑ", ή, a rumour, Lat. fama : a divine voice on II. generally, a voice. III. a sound, tone, of the harp: the din of battle. IV. an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding; cf.

Soora, Ion. neut. plur. of Soos. όσσάκι, Adv., Ion. for δσάκι. [ἄ]

δσσάτιος, Ιοη. for δσάτιος. [ἄ]

"ΟΣΣΕ, τώ, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pi Adj., as, δσσε φαεινά, δσσε αίματύεντα: the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of and decl., boson, boson, δσσοισι.

δσστχος, η, ον, Dim. of δσος, δσσος, as little, box little, Lat. quantulus.

OXXOMAI, (6000) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.) :-- to see. IL to see in one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

Source, n. or. Ep. and Ion. for Soce. δστάριον, τό, Dim. of δστέον, a little bone. δσ-τε, ή-τε, δ-τε, (Ep. also δ τε for masc., as δπερ

masc. for δσπερ) who, which.

όστεῖνος, η, ον, (ὀστέον) made of bone, bony. 'OΣΤΕ'ON Att. contr. όστοθν, τό, pl. όστία Att. contr. dorâ:-a bone, Lat. OS, OSSIS.

δστεόφιν, Ep. gen. pl. of δστέον.

δοτινος, η, ον, (δοτέον) — δοτέϊνος, bany, of bans : neut. pl. δστινα, τά, as Subst... Lat. tibias, bone

ठेक-राड, ई-राड, ठे रा: वर ठे, रा:; gen. व्येरामव्य, क्वेररामव्य:; dat. orivi, frivi, etc.: pl. oirives, alrives, ariva, etc.; (Ep. also 5-res for masc., as duep for dower, & re for δστε); neut. δ ττι. Π. also declined, gen. δτον, dat. 879: Ep. gen. 877eo contr. 877ev and 87ev, dat. ότεφ: acc. ότινα:—plur., nom. neut. ότινα; gen. δτεων Att. δτων; dat. ότεοισιν, also fem. ότεφσιν; neut. acc. Ep. and Ion. acca Att. arra. ever, which to ever, any one who, anything which, differing from de, as Lat. quisquis, quicunque, from qui; διτιε κ' έπίορκον δμόσση suboso forswears himself; ovidels bores of there is none who does not, i.e. every one; obder & re obse everything. 2. in Att. Poets sometimes used simply for 8s, qui. II. neut. 8 m or 5, 71 absol. as Adv. wherefore, for what reason.

δστο-λογίω, f. ήσω, (δστέον, λέγω) to gether this bones after the burning of the body.

δστοῦν, τό, Att. contr. for δστέον.

δστο-φύής, έε, (δστέον, φυή) of bony nature. δστράκεύς, έως, ΰ, (δστρακον) a potter

όστρακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (δστρακον) to banish by

potsberds, ostracise; see δστρακισμύε. вотрыкічва, Adv. (ботракоч) played with potsberds,

of a game in which potsherds black on one side and

or tails.

δστράκτνος, η, ον, (δστρακον) like earthenware:

earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

δστμάκισμός, δ, (δστρακίζω) banishment by potsherds, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be

δστράκό-δερμος, ον. (δστρακον, δέρμα) with a skin

ex shell like a potsberd,

dorpandeus, ecoa, er, poet. for dorpanires.

'OΣΤΡΑΚΟΝ, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsberd, Lat. testa : the earthen tablet used in 2. a sort of castanet made of earthen-II. the bard shell of testacea, as snails, tortoises.

**δστράκό-χροος, ον. contr. -χρους, ουν, (δστρακον,** 

xpóa) with a bard skin, shell or rind.

δστρειο-γραφής, ές, (δστρειον, πράφω) πετλεpainted.

borrpeov or -evov, 76, (borfor) an oyster, Lat. os-II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum. trea. οστώδης, εε, (δστέον, είδοε) like bone, bony.

δσφραίνομαι, fut. δσφρήσομαι: 201. 2 δισφρόμην, part. δσφρόμενος: Dep.: (δζω): to emell, scent, track by scent, c. gen.: c. acc. cognato, δσφραίνεσθαι δδμήν. Hence

δσφραντήριος, a, or, smelling, that can be smelt. 11.

act. able to smell, sharp-smelling. δσφράσθαι, nor. 2 inf. of δσφραίνομαι.

δσφρησια, εωα, ή, (δσφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of emelling.

δσφρόμενος, nor. 2 part. med. of δσφραίνομαι.

δσφροντο, 3 pl. sor. I med. of δσφραίνομαι. 'OXPY'Z, vos, acc. dopin and dopia, h, the bip,

Lat. coxa OZXOZ, ov. 8, - ployoe 1, a sucker, aboot: a vine-

Tru. Acol. for bre, like more for more.

δτάν, for ότ' άν, equivalent to Ep. ότε κεν. (δτε. dv) :- Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quandocunque,

foll. by subj.

бте, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando:-the proper Antec, is the, sometimes even, or any Adv. of 2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing 3. See uh is used for el that, Lat. quandoquidem. pch, unless, except, save when; out t teo onevocone seem, ore un del warpl nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, sawe to father Jove. III. TOLY The ere the time when, before that. 2. els bre mer against the time when. IV. 100' 676 OF forcy bre, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, V. See is also used without any conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, 5re per ... , 576 86 ... , now ... , now ... ; sometimes ... , sometimes . . ; at one time . . , at another time . . ; but

white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads | in II. often answered by dalore, as, fre utr mands, άλλοτε δ' έσθλός.

> STE, neut. of Sore, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of Sore. oriouru, Ep. for oloriou, dat. pl. of ooris.

STEW, Ion. for obtivos, gen. of Soris. δτω. Ep. for δτινι, dat. of δστιε.

δτεων, Ep. for ἀντινων, gen. pl. of δστιε.

ort Ep. orrt, Conjunction, that, being originally neut, of δστιε, as Lat. quod, that, of qui. δτι is used like our that in quoting another's words: and especially in the N.T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in III. are in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in old by (sub. outwo Exel) I know that it is so; so οἶσθ΄ ότι, ἔσθ΄ ότι: so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for δηλον ότι ούτων έχει. бть µh, unless, encept, encept that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like el μή. V. μή δτι ... άλλά ..., like μή brees and my wa, not that so and so is the case ... but ..; not only so, but .., Lat. non modo non .., VI. μη δτι alone, without an sed ne quidem ...

not to say that ... B. Sru, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. 2. in Ep. sometimes for rouvera, therefore. II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep. orre raxiora as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerrime. Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, δτι πλείστον χρόνον as long a time as possible; ότι πλείστοι, Lat. quam plurimi, as many as possible. 3. with a Subst. only in phrase δτι τάνος for δτι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

answering alla, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that ...

δ τι, neut. of δστιε, anything which; often written δ, τι, to distinguish it from δτι, that.

οτίη, Conjunct., (δτι) because.

Stive, Ep. for Sytive and Stive, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl. of boris.

STIVES, Ep. for obstives, astrives, acc. pl. of botis.

δ-τιε, Ep. and Ion. for δστιε. ότλεύω, f. -εύσω, οι ότλέω, f. ήσω, to suffer, endure.

From

δ-τλος, δ, suffering, distress. (ότλος is formed from τλημι, with o euphon.)

δτοβέω, f. ήσω, to sound loud, sound untary. From 6τοβος, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle: the rattling of chariots: also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

ότοτοι, an exclamation of pain and grief, ab! woe!

also lengthd. δτοτοτοί, δτοτοτοτοί.

οτοτύζω, (from οτοτοί, as alágo from alai) to ery οτοτοί, to wail, lament:-Pass. to be bewailed. Hence Ororufico, of, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

δτου, δτφ, gen. and dat. sing., δτων, δτοιε, gen. and

dat. pl. of Sorte.

δτράλέως, Adv. of an obsol. Adi. δτραλέος = δτρηρός, nimbly, actively, zealously.

ότρηρός, ά, ίν, (ότρύνω) quick, nimble, busy, zealous. ότριχες, nom. pl. of δθριξ.

ότρθναι, aor. I inf. of ότρόναι. ότρόναια, Ep. aor. I opt. of ότρόναι. ότρόνεσκον, Ep. pres. inf. of ότρόναι. ότρόνεσκον, Ep. impf. of ότρόναι. ότρονόαι, Ep. and Ion. fut. of ότρόναι.

οτρυντύε, του, ή, Ion. for οτρυνσιε, α stirring up,

rousing, encouragement. From

OTFINA [8]: impf. drplwov Ion. brplweskov: fat. swa Ep. and Ion. swee: act. I drplwa:—to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse from sleep, wake up:—Pass. to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to basten.

2. of animals, to spur, goad, ebser on.

3. of things, to urge forward, quicken, speed.

бтта, ф, Att. for бога.

orres contr. orrev, Ep. for corures, gen. of corus.

STT, Ep. for STI, that.
STT, Ep. for STI, neut. of SSTIS.

όττοβία, όττοβοε, wrong forms for ότοβία, ότοβοε. όττομα, Att. for όσσομαι.

δτφ, Att. for δτινι, dat. of δστιε.

OT, before a vowel with smooth breathing our, before one with rough breathing oux: in Att. also ouxi [Y] Ep. ouxi [Y]: negat. Adv., not, Lat. non, used in independent clauses, whereas ph is used in dependent; our dyador tors it is not good; ob dones it scems sot. II. of may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative &s, after the Conjunctions ore because, twee, tweeth since, and others which introduce a positive fact. 2. où is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by though or since with a verb, but un is used when the Participle is expressed by if or unless, as, ob Ai- $\gamma \alpha \nu = \delta \tau_i \ o \dot{i} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \alpha \dot{i} \ but \ \mu \dot{i} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \alpha \nu = \epsilon i \ \mu \dot{i} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \alpha \dot{i}$ où is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, ob warv not by any means, obx finioros not the least, i.e. the III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by any, even, anywhere, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e. g. obs evolute τούτο ούδαμού ούδείε πο one ever did it. IV. où is foll, by acc. in solemn asseverations for οθ μά, as, οὐ τὸν "Ολυμπον so, by Olympus,

Où in questions expresses a question to which an affirm, answer is expected, as, of rv mai άλλοι ξασι; are there not others too? implying that there are. II. the fut. with où is used interrog, instead of the imperat., as, où δράσειε; wilt thou not do it? i. e. do it.

Of takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ην καλδε μέν, μέγαε δ' οδ.

II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοῦς τέθνηκεν οδτος, οδ κείνοισιν, οδ he is dead to the gods, not to them, no.

III. when οδ is a simple negat. answer, no.

Prosody:—if the vowel  $\eta$  precede où, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in  $\hat{\eta}$  où,  $\mu\hat{\eta}$  où: so also  $\ell\gamma\hat{\omega}$  où.

ou, gen. of relat. Pron. Se. q. v.

ου, Lat. sud, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for abrov, abrije, and abrov, abrije.
ουά, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. vab!

oud, exciam of astonialment of abnorrence, Lat. sus! oud, exclam of pain and anger, Lat. sus, ab! sus! odds, area, τό, poët. for ou, the sur. Hence outstraus, erou, σ, mith surs, long-sured. 2.

oldstone, ecou, er, with ears, long-eared. 2. with ears or bandles.

οὖ γάρ, for not. II. in answers, to express a strong negative; οὖ γάρ, no—wby should you?

où γὰρ ἄλλά, an ellipt, phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μη σκώντε μ' οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶς, which in full would be μη σκώντε με οὐ γὰρ σκωντικῶς, ἀλλά κακῶε ἔχω do not jest at me, for I απι ποι in a jesting mood, but badly off.

où ydo oëv, a negat. answer, mby no, certainly not.

OU YES STOTE, for MOUT.

ού γάρ που, for in πο manner. ουγά, Att. crasis for δ έγώ.

ordana na ordana, Adv. of oddanie, nowbere, in no place; to no place, no way. II. in no way, in no wise.

ούδαμόθεν, Adv. (ούδαμόε) from no place, from no

stat.

ούδαμόθι, Adv. (ούδαμόε) poët. and Ion. for ούδαμοθ, nowbers, in no place: c. gen., ούδαμόθι τῆς Εδρώτης in no part of Europe.

out-timbe, to, for out dube, not even one, i.e.

none.
obbaucore, Adv. (obbauco) to no place, no may.

ούδαμοθ, Adv. of ούδαμός, nowbers: c. gen., ούδαμοθ γής in no part of the earth; ούδαμοθ λέγευν, οι ούδαμοθ ποιείσθαί τυτα to esteem as nought, Lat. nullo loco babers.

II. of manner, in no moy, not at all.

ούδαμως, Adv. (οδδαμός) in no wise.

OT AAZ, 76, gen. obdess, dat. obdes, obdes:—the surface of the earth, ground; obdes bode Elect to bite the dust; obdesde to the ground, to earth.

2. the floor or passement in houses.—Proverb., &r' obdes eablier rará to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has.

ob-84. Adv. (ob, 84) but not, and not, nor, connecting two unbole clauses.

2. doubled obb4... obb4...
nor yet..; as, and μην obb ή έπιτείχιστε obb2 το ναυτικόν άξιον φοβηθήναι and so not swen their building forts, nor yet their navy, is worth fearing:——οbb4 often follows the simple negat. ob..., as, obsert μένου έμπεδον obb4 τίε άλκη.

II. strengthening the negat., not even; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Advs., as obb ήβαιόν, obb4 τυνθόν, obb8 μένωνθε, etc. not even a little, not even for a thort space.

oth-ela, othe-pid, oth-iv, gen. othersis, othersis, othersis, etc. declined like els, pia, iv: (other els):—and not one, i. e. no one, none, no, as Lat. multus for ne ullus: the neut. other is used as Adv., in medium.

by no means, in no wise.

2. in flux. obdéres, gen. obdéres, dat. obdéres, for obdauol, none.

3. d and h obdér (sub. ár, obra), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc. obdele, a nobody, one who goes for nothing.

4. obdèr 8 71 ob. Lat. nihil non, every, all; so in masc. obdele 8 orts ob. Lat. nemo non, every one.

oubé-more, Ion. for oubémore.

ouderbo-upos, or, (oudels, spa) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

oude my, Adv. in no wise, by no means.

oubl-note Ion. oubl-kote, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never

ousi-no, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.

ous-we store, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

ous-trapos, a, or, (obst, trapos) neither of the two,
Lat. neuter II. το obstrapor (sub. γένοε), Lat.

genus neutrum, the neuter gender.

ounderspace, Adv. of obstropes, in neither of two ways.

sides, nowbither.

out fre, Adv. and no more, no longer.

ob 34, Adv. certainly not, Lat. non sane.

eð 8ή wev or eð 8ήmou, no I surely imagine not. eð86, ô, lon. for öðós (ô), the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., ἐπὶ γήραος eððij on the threshold or verge of old age.

σύδός, ή, Acol. for δδός (ή), α svay.

OΥΘΑΡ, dros, τό, properly of animals, the UD-DER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph. fruitfulness, milkiness, esuberance; οθθαρ ἀρούρηε the most farille land, Lat, when arvi.

offara, neut. pl. of offap.

oitarios, a, or, (oitap) of the udder.

oid-eis, oid-év, later form for obdels, obdér.

ου θην, surely not, certainly not.

our, for ob before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for obχ) before a rough breathing.

σնκ. crasis of δ δπ.

win apa, so not, not then: surely not.

our-tr., Adv. no more, no longer, no further.

outd, Ion. Adv. for  $ov_{\chi}i$ , = ove. [i]

oun-ove, Adv. not therefore, so not, Lat. non ergo.

2. in interrog., not therefore? not then? and so not? like Lat. nonne ergo? is it not?

when the word has this accent, the negat sense vanishes, and the force of our only remains.

ou-see or ob see, Ion. for obres, not yet.

obe-ev, obe-ev, Ion. for obeour, obeour.

ού-κως οτ ού κως, Ion. for ούπως, by no means.

ούλαί Att. όλαί, ai, bruised or coarsely-ground
barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the
Romans. (Commonly derived from ούλος, όλος, as
if ούλαί οτ όλαί were the whole, unground barleycorns.)

ભારત કરે છે. જે, (લેપ્રેલ્સ) & band or throng of warriors. |

OTAH', å, a wound bealed or searred over a .car, Lat. cicatrin.

ούλιος, α, ον, (ούλος, δλείν) baneful, deadly

οὐλό-θριξ, - τρίχοι, ό, ή, (οὖλοι, θρίξ) with curly bair.
οὐλο-κάρηνοι, ον, (οδλοι, κάρηνον) with thick, surling bair.

ούλόμενος, η, ων, properly an Ep. form of δλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of δλλνμ; but commonly used as Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

ΟΥ ΛΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. οδλα, the gums.

ούλοδε, ή, όν, Ep. for δλοόε.

OT AOZ, η, er, Ep. and Ion. form of δλοε, whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer; othos depros a whole loaf 2. of full force, able, substantial. 3. of sound, continuous, incessant; othor nearly-prores screaming incessantly.

4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleety; othan would a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked.

II. Ep. Adj. of δλλυμ, = othor peros, othobs, othor, othobs (for δλόμενοε, δλοόε), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

oùλό-χύται, al, (ούλαί, χέω) bruised or coarselyground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; ούλοχόται κατάρχεσθαι to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley.

Ούλυμπος, δ, Ιου. for "Ολυμπος: Ούλυμπίνδε 101

Όλυμπόνδε, to Olympus.

ούλω, (ούλοε 1) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well: imperst. ούλε, as a satutation, like χαίρε, health to thee, hail, Lat. salvé.

ού μάν, Dor. for où μήν, in truth not, assuredly not. où μέν, no truly, nay verily; old form for où μήν.

où pèv bh, in truth not, nay verily.

ού-μεν-ούν, for ού μέν ούν, then not.
ού μέν πως, like ούπων, by no means, in nowise.

ού μέν-τοι, not however.

où μή, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat, fut, also with aor. 2 subj.: I when used with fut, indic., the clause must be interrog. II. with aor. subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν έστι or the like, as, οὐ μὴ ληφθῶ I shall ποι be taken, i. e. οὐ δεινόν έστι, μὴ ληφθῶ there is no danger lest I be taken.

or uty, indeed not, surely not.

ού μήν άλλά, also οὐ μήν άλλά καί, nevertbeless, notwithstanding, yet still.

où uhv ye, after a negat, no nor even yet, wat.

ού μήν ούδέ, καν και ενέκ.

ουμός, by Att. crasis for δ έμδε.

OT'N ion. &w, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech.

2. when a speech has been interrupted, of serves to resume.

3. in repetitions our implies the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as, at & form, workey our fort, beas if he is, as he servely

is, a god: dan' our introduces an objection, certainly, but ..., but still ... 4. attached to a relat. Pron. or Adv., our makes it less definite, as, borus subosuer, borusour subosueur; brane bow, brancour bourseser.

of weeks, before a vowel of weeks, Adv., for of frees, on which account, wherefore.

2. the anteced. rof-verse being omitted, therefore since, for that, bevause.

3. after certain Verbs, so far as, how or so that.

4. that, like bri.

II. of weeks (in this sense never of verse), Prep. with gen., equiv. to breeks, on account of, mostly following its case.

ouverte, Ion. for breate, 2 pl. pres. of bropat.

ούνομα, ούνομάζω, ούνομαίνω, ούνομαστός, Ion. for δυομα, δυομάζω, etc.

out, contr. for & &.

oblide, by crasis for & lfule, part. of lfulu exibo.

of wep or of-wep, Adv. by no means.

of un, Adv. nowbere, in no wise.

of woll, Adv. nowbere.

OG-WOTE DOT. OG-WOKE, Adv. not ever, never.

ourow, by crasis for & frow.

ou-ww, Adv. not yet, Lat. nondum.

ού πώ ποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

ob-mos, Adv. no bow, in nowise, by no means.

OTPA' Ion. oboh, h, the tail, Lat. cauda. II. generally, the hinder parts, the after part of anything of a ship, the stern.

2. of a sarny, the rear-guard, rear: the rear-rank; sar' obpa' in rear, behind; bear' obpa' the rear-rank-man; tal or sar' obpa' to the rear, backwards.

ούρα, τά, for ούροι, δροι, boundaries: see οδρον. ούρ-αγός, όν, (ούρά, ήγέσμαι) leading the rear of an army: as Subst., ούραγό, ό, leader of the rear-guard. ούραιος, ον, (ούρά) in or of the tail; τρίχει ούραια the hairs of the tail.

2. generally, bindward, bindmost, ούραιοι πόδει the bind feet; τὰ ούραια the binder parts.

Oupavia, \$\opens\$, (observe) Urania, i.e. the beavenly one, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy.

II. epith. of Aphrodité or Venus, the

beavenly.

Oupaviline, ov. 8, (obpavés) son of Uranus: generally, a dweller in beaven, Lat. coelicola, like Oipaviav. oupávioz, a. ev. Att. also os. ov. (obpavés) beavenly, of or in beaven, dwelling in beaven; deol obpávios, or obpávios alone, like Obpaviaves; Obpavilia, Lat. coelites, coelicidas, the dwellers in beaven, beavenly beings. II. coming from beaven, of rain. III. reaching to beaven, bigh as beaven. 2. metaph. enormous, auful, stupendous; obpávior oco, like coupávior oco, like coupávior oco, like coupávior oco, like coupávio, as Adv., vebemently, tremendously.

Obpavior ares, 6, (obparés) like Obpaviòne, the beavenly one: in plur. Obpaviores deci or Obpaviores, the gode, Lat. coeffies: fem. Obpaviora.

ούρἄνο-γνώμων, ω, (οδρανόε, γνώναι) skilled in the beavens.

ουράνο-δαικτος, αν. (ούρανος, δείκνυμι) shewn from beaven, shewing itself in beaven.

oùpăvôθev, Ādv. of obpavôs, from beaven, down from beaven: properly an old gen. of obpavôs, and therefore used with Preps., ἀν' οὐρανόθεν, ἰξ οὐραν όθεν.

ούρἄνδθί, Adv. of oδρανόε, in beaven, in the beavens: but οδρανόθε πρό is for πρό οδρανοῦ, where οδρανόθε is gen. for οδρανοῦ, as δρεσφε for δρεσε.

obpavo-uners, es, (obpavos, utimos) as high as becoven, reaching to becoven.

2. enormous, supendoss.

OTPANOZ Dor. depavos, vuedos conquering becaven.

OTPANOZ Dor. depavos Acol. opavos, o, becoven, Lat. coolums: in Homer the vault or firmament of becoven, the sky represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; obpavoid dovepous the starry firmament.

2. because, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; what obpavoid Homes lifted or put down.

II. as mase, prop. n. Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia.

obpăv-oθχος, er, (obparée, έχω) bolding beaven. obpea, τά, nom. and acc. pl. of obpee, Ion. for όρος, τό, a mountain.

oupel-Opentos, v. l. for oupi-Opentos, q. v.

ούρειος, η, ον, Ιοη. for δρέτος, (δρος, τό) of the mountain; Νύμφη οὐρείη α mountain-nymph.

ούρεδ-φοιτος, ον. (οδρος, τό, φοιτάω) mauntainroaming:—fem. ούρεο-φοιτάς, άδος.

ούρεσι βώτης, ου, δ, (ούρος, τό, βόσεω) poët, for δρεσιβώτης, feeding on the mountains.

obpect-outes, or, (obpec, 76, olnées) mountain-dwelling.

ούρεσι-φοίτης, ου, δ, and --φοίτος, ον, = οὐρέοφοιτοι. ούρεύς, ῆσε, δ, Ισα. for δρεύε, α mule.

ούρδω, impf. δούρουν: f. ούρησω οτ -ήσομαι: 201. Ι

ἐούρησα: (ούρον):—to make water.

ούρησα, Εp. acc. pl. of ούρεψε: ούρημεν, gen. pl.

οίρησα Decident δι ούρεψε το αναμέ το make met

ούρησείω, Desiderat. of ούρέω, to spant to make mater.
ούρητιάω, - ούρησείω,
ούρίδχος, δ, (ούρά) the bindmost part, lossest part;

ουρίδχος, δ, (ούρά) the bindmost part, lossest part έγχεσε σύρίαχοε the butt-end of a spear.

oup-Barus, ou, o, post for opersarye, mountain-

ovolla, Ion. for opila, to bound, limit.

ouplies, f. low Att. ιῶ, (οδρου) to seaft with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosperously. II. intr. to blow fairly, give a fair passage outp-θpenros, η, ον, (ούρου, τό, τρέφω) pošt. ἐκ δρείθρευτου, mountain-brad.

ouplos, a, or, also os, or, (obpos) with a fair wind Lat. vento secundo, esp. of a ship.

2. of a voyage prosperous, fair: generally, prosperous, successful:—neut. plur. as Adv., obpus θεῦν to run before the wind but if obplaw δραμεῦν (sub. wrevμάτων), to run κιν a fair breeze.

II. prospering, favouring, propirous.

2. obpla (sub. πνοή), ή, — οδροε, a fair wind

ούριο-στάτης, ου, δ, (ounces, ῖστημι) standing prosperous or secure. [ἄ]

ούριοω, (ούριοε) to give to the winds. let flow. ούρισμα, ατοε. τό, lon. for δρισμα, α boundary line.

oupris, by crasis for & opris.

OTPON. τό, Lat. URINA, wrine.

ουρον, τό, post. for ουρος, όρος, ό, a boundary; found in three places of Homer; (1) δσα δίσκου ουρα πέλονται si far as the boundaries of the quoit reach, i.e. the distance of a quoit's throw: (2) δσσον τ' ἐν νειρ οἰρον πέλει ἡμιώνοιν τόσσον ὑπεκπροθέων.

ἐκετο; and (3) δσσον τ' ἐπὶ οῦρα πέλονται ἡμιώνων; in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed by οῦρον ἡμιώνουν and το distance meant is that by sobich mules would beat owen in plough ng a furrow of given length in a given time.

ounds, οῦ, ὁ, (εἰρω) a trench or channel for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again.

OΥΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a fair wind, right astem; πέμπειν κατ' οῦρον to send down (i. e. with) the wind, to speed on its way: metaph, οῦρος [ἐστι], like καιρός [ἐστι],

At is a fair time.

OTTPOE, ov, ô, a watcher, warder, guard.

odpoe, ov, ô, Ion. for opos, a boundary.

ούρος, εοε, τό, Ion. for όρος, a mountain. ΟΥ ΡΟΣ, ό, a wild bull, L2t. URUS.

OT Σ, τό, gen. ἀτόε, dat. ἀτί: pl. nom. ἀτα, gen. ἄταν, dat. ἀτίν: Ion. and Ep. οὐας, οὐατοε: Dor. ἄς, ἀτόε:—Lat. AURIS, the ear; els οὖε, els ἀτα in or into one's ear, i. e. secretly. II. an ear or bandle, of pitchers, urns, etc.

oboia, ή, (οδσα, part. fem. of elul sum) that which is ome's own, one's property, substance: state, condition; τλε άπαιδας ès τὸ λοιπὸν οὐσίας her childless state for the future. It. the being, substance, essence of a thing. oῦτα, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2, but οὐτα, 3 sing. impf., of oὐτάο.

σύτας, imperat. of οὐτάω.

ούτάζω, f. οὐτάσω; 20τ. Ι ούτάσα: pf. pass. ούτασμα: 3—like οὐτάω, to wound; ούταζον σάκου they bit, shattered the shield; c. acc. cognato, έλκου, δ με βροτός ούτασεν ἀτήρ the wound which a man struck me withal.

ούτάμεν, οὐτάμεναι, Ep. 20r. 2 inf. of οὐτάω.

ούτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὐτάζω.

ούτάω, imperat. ούταε: Ion. impf. ούτασκον: fut. ούτήσω: aor. I ούτησα Ion. οὐτήσωκον: aor. I ρεστικών imperat. οὐτήσωκον: aor. I ούτησα Ion. οὐτήσωκον: aor. I στιμί, inf. οὐτάμεναι and οὐτάμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὐτάμενοs [Δ]:—to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike with a missile):—Pass., οὐταμένη ἀτειλή the wound inflicted.

of re, Adv., and not. II. repeated of re.., of re.., neither.., nor.., Lat. neque..., neque... but re is often used in the second clause answering to of re in the first, both not... and...

ούττρος, Ion. for δ έτερος: neut. τούτερος, υύτηθείς, 20τ. 1 pass, part. of ούτάω ούτήστασικ, Ion. 3 sing. 20τ. 1 of ούτάω, ούτήστερα, ή, fem. of ούτητήρ. ούτητηρ, ήρος. (ούτάω) οπο who wounds. ού-τι, neut. of ούτιε. ούτίδανός, ή, όν, Att. also ός, ον, (ούτιε) wasless,

worthless, good for naught.

out-rums. Adv. for ou ri me, like out me not at all yet,
out-rue, gen. out-rue, no one, nobody, Lat. ne ullus,
nullus; neut. out-ru, nothing, Lat. nibil:—neut. also
as Adv. by no means, not at all: hence II. with
changed accent, Ouris, d, acc. Ouris, Noman, Nobody, a name assumed by Ulysses to dec-ive Poly-

phemus. ou-ton Adv. (ob, tol) indeed not, Lat. non same. ούτος, αύτη, τούτο, gen. τούτου, ταύτης, τούτου, etc., demonstr. Prop., this, as opp. to excives, the nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote, like Lat. bie opp. to ille. II, when opp. to ode, od-Too generally refers to what has gone before, 50e to what is to follow. III. ouros, aurn are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. beus! you there! bollo you! also outoe σύ, beus tu l but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, & οὖτοε, οὖτοε Οἰδίπουε! ΙΥ. τοῦτο μέν... τοῦτο δέ... οι ταῦτα μέν... ταῦτα δέ... stronger than µév.., dé.., on the one hand.., on the other..; partly...partly... V. sal raira, to add something with emphasis, and that too, and more than that, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταῦτα τηλικοῦτος and that too being such an one; τί γαρ δεινύτερον disactoù sal taûta yéportos; for what is more to be feared than a judge, and that too an old one? nal raura per on raura, like eler, so much for this, Lat. baso bactenus. VII. neut, pl. ragra as

raûra (snb. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ', δ δεσκότα yes, master.

VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταὐτη was also used as Adv.,

I. of Place (sub. χώρα), in this spot, here.

2. of Manner, in this way, so.

3. in this respect, so far, for the matter of that.

IX. οὐτου is often strengthd, in Att. by the demonstr. I, οὐτουί, αὐτηί, τουτί, gen. τουτ τουί, nom. pl. οὐτουί, neut. ταυτί, etc., this man here, Lat. biece:—before a vowel ι becomes tr, as οὐτουίν: neut. τουτογί, ταυταγί.

Adv. for this reason, like &id raira, rair' dpa, rair' our for this reason then, accordingly. 2.

ούτως, before a conson. ούτω, Aav. of oύτος, in this tody or manner, so thus, Lat. sic IL with a qualifying power, so, only so, simply, no more than. III. in uniabes, with optat, el γdρ έγδω ούτω γε Διος παιδ είην would I were the son of Jove so [truly] as... 2. in protestations, as, έγωγ' ούται δναίμην τῶν τέκκων, μισῶ τὸν ἀνδρα I, so help me my children, hate the man. IV. ούτω μέν... ούτω δέ..., parily..., parily..., on toe one band..., on the other..: cf. ούτοε IV. V. in beginning a

story, offer nor' for his soil yaif so there were once | osulis, before the syss; if oppakation out of sight upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

obragi, obragiv, - ovras. [1]

ouxi, Adv. for ou, not. [1]

ouxives, by crasis for & exives.

δφαλέτης, ev, δ, fem. δφαλέτις, ιδος, ή, (δφείλω) a debtor.

όφαλή, ή, (δφείλω) a debt: one's due.

belλημα, τό, (δφείλω) that which is owed, a debt. 'ΌΦΕΙ'ΔΩ, impf. ωφειλον: fut. δφειλήσω: 201. Ι ώφείλησα: aor. 2 ώφελον Ιου. δφελλον Ερ. ώφελλον, δφελλον: pf. ωφείληκα:--to owe, be indebted for, have to pay: absol. to be in debt:-Pass. to be owed, to be due: part. opercopueros, bounden, due, 2. (nular doelfitting; το δφειλύμενον one's due. New to be liable to, be in danger of a penalty, etc. : of retribution, βλάβην δφείλειν τινί to owe one an ill turn. II, to be under an obligation, to be bound to do a thing. 2. 201. 2 ώφελον, Ι ought..., of what one has not done; where down droids everσθαι he ought to have prayed to the gods; hence this aor, comes to express the wish that a thing had happened which has not, as, The boek' ev where waraκτάμεν 'Αρτεμιε would that Diana had slain her! Lat. utinam eam interfedisset! properly, Diana ought to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction elec-Ep. ales, as, ale openes ayovos emeras O that thou badet been unborn! είθ' ώφελ' 'Αργούε μή διαπτάσθαι σκάφου would that the Argo had not sped through; also with ite, ite δφελον or εφελλον O that I bad .! also with negat., μη δφελει would thou badet not..! III. of anything binding upon us, esp. in Pass.: made huir rout' obeixeral madeir this is a debt due for us all to pay; so, πασιν ήμῶν κατbareir opeixerae, Horace's debemur morti, we must all pay the debt of nature.

'ΟΦΕ'ΑΛΩ, Ερ. for δφείλει, impf. εφελλον or δφελλαν, to owe: Pass., χρείδε μοι δφέλλεται a debt is due to me. II. to be obliged, bound.

ΌΦΕ ΛΛΩ, f. όφελω: aor. I ώφειλα, Acol. 3 sing. opt. both Asier: - poet. word, to increase, enlarge, augment, strengthen; μύθον δφέλλειν to multiply words; δφέλλειν των τιμή to raise one in honour, Lat. bonore augere: generally, to belp, make to thrive :- Pass. to wax, grow, thrive, increase.

δφελον, Ep. aor. 2 of δφείλα.

δφελος, τό, (ὀφέλλω) advantage, belp, profit, usance; c. gen., rûr boekos obber whose use was nothing, i. e. who were of no use; so, δ τι δφελοι στρατεύματοι what was really serviceable of the army.

**δφθαλμία**, ή, (δφθαλμόε) a disease of the eyes accompanied by the discharge of humours, ophthalmia. δφθαλμιάω, (δφθαλμία) to bave the ophthalmia, to bave sore eyes.

φθαλμίδιον, τό, Dim. of δφθαλμός. [Υ]

φθαλμο-Bouλεία, ή, (δφθαλμός, δουλεία) eye-cervice. δφθαλμός, οῦ, δ, (δφθήναι) the eye; ἐε δφθαλμούς varos before one's eyes or face; ἐν ὀφθαλμοῦι Lat. in | ὀφρύε, like Lat. supercilium, gravity, dignity: assern.

κατ' όφθαλμούε to one's face. II. like δμμα and areos, the dearest, choicest, best of anything, as the eye is the most precious part of the body; ὀφθαλμὸς στρατιᾶs the flower of the army, as we say, the apple III. in Persia, οφθαλμοί Βασιλέρη the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through whom he beheld his subjects.

όφθαλμό-τεγκτος, ον, (όφθαλμός, τέγγω) secting tbe eyes.

όφθαλμ-ώρθχος, σν. (όφθαλμός, δρύσσω) tearing out the eyes.

**ὀφθαλμώς**, Dor. for ὀφθαλ*μού*ς. book, nor. I pass part of option 640fivat, 20r. I pass. inf. of open.

δφθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δράω.

believer, Ep. for beier, dat. pl. of beie. δφίο-βόλος, ον, (δφιε, βαλείν) serpent-elaying. δφίό-πους, ποδος, (όφις, πούς) with snakes for legs. "OTIZ, gen. ewe lon. 100, å, a serpent, snake. όφι-ώδης, εε, (όφιε, είδος) of serpent shape, snaky.

δφλείν, 20r. 2 act. inf. of δφλ*ισκ*άνω. δφλημα, ατοε, τό, (δφλεθ) a debt or a fine incurred

in a lawsuit, damages.

δάλήσω, fut. of δάλ*ισμ*άνω,

δάλισκάνω, fut. δφλήσω: pf. άφλημα: 20r. 2 ώφλον, inf. δφλαίν, part. δφλάν:—to once, incur a debt, but mostly used in the technical phrase δίκην ὀφλεῦν or ophionarie, to be east in a suit, lose one's cause; as, δφλών dozayήs τε καί κλοσήs δίκην being cast in a suit of robbery and theft; also, fararov dieny de-Austainers to be found guilty of a capital crime: often without δίκην, δφλισμάνειν dorparelas (sub. δίκην) to be found guilty of not serving: absol. to be cast, be found guilty, consicted: also, ζημίαν δφλείν to in-II. generally, of anything one cur's penalty. brings on oneself; γέλωτα οι αlσχύνην δφλείν to bring laughter or shame on oneself, incur them: so also, deixlar ophis waren to incur the charge of covardice; μωρίαν ύφλισμάνειν τινί to bring on county the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

όφλών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of δφλισκάνω.

"OPPA", Conjunction, marking end or intention, that, in order that, to the end that, Lat. set. Adv. of Time, like Lat. donec, so long an, mbile: until.

όφρύη, ή, lon, for όφρύε, the bross or edge of a bill. [8]

όφρύδαιε, εσσα, εν, (υφρύε) οπ the brow or edge of a rock, beetling. 2. metaph. towering, pompous.

'OΦPY'Z, νοε, ή; acc. δφρύν later δφρύα; acc. pl. όφρυάε, όφρθε:-the eyebrow, Lat. supercilizan, need in many phrases to denote grief, rage, access or pride; as, rds ôcope draguar to draw up the spebrows in token of grief; rds oppus overlyeer to kait, contract the brows, frown; opp. to hear and penirai tae oppue to emoothe or unknit the brown.

pride, II. metaph. the brow of a bill, the edge of a cliff, a beetling or overbanging crag.

όφρθε, contr. for όφρύαε, acc. pl. of όφρύε.

δχά, (έχω) Ep. Adv. by far. eminently, always with Sup. άριστος: later έξοχα.

όχάνη, ή, and δχάνον, το, (όχέω, έχω) the bandle of a thield, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the barer passed his arm.

externov, Ion. impf. of dyta

όχέωσου, Ερ. for όχεσι, dat. pl. of όχου. όχεια, ή, (όχεύω) a covering, of the horse.

δχεσφι, -ιν, Ερ. for δχεσι, dat. pl. of τὸ δχου. οχετεύω, f. σω, (όχετόε) to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct:—Pass.,

ύδωρ όχετευόμενον water carried off by a canal.

όχετ-ηγόε, όν, (όχετόε, άγω) drawing off water by

a conduit or canal.

δχετός, οῦ, ὁ, (δχέω) a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a river.

2. metaph, a channel or means of escape. δχεός, gen. έων lon. η ος, δ, (έχω) any fastening:

1. the band or strap for fastening the belmet under the chin.

2. in pl. the clasps of the belt.

3. a bolt which fastened the door within.

όχευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀχεύω) a stallion: a leud person. ὀχεύω, f. σω, (ὀχέω) to ride: of male animals, to

cover.

δχέω, f. ήσω, (όχος, δ) collat. form of έχω, as φορέω of φέρω, to bear, endure, support, bold; φρουρὰν δχεῖν to keep watch.

2. to let ride, mount

II. in Pass., with fut. med. δχήσομαι, to be borne or carried; κύμασιν, νηυσὶν, ἐκποισιν δχεῖσθαι to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc.: hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. webi, to drive, ride, sail; ἐκ' ἀγκύρας δχεῖσθαι to ride at anchor.

οχήα, Ep. acc. of δχεύε: δχήες, nom. pl.

δχημα, τό, (δχέω) that which bears or supports, a support, stay.

II. a carriage, a chariot, Lat. rehiculum: also a vessel, ship.

δχθίω, f. ήσω, to be beary laden: metaph. to be beary or oppressed in mind, to be vened at beart; εχθησων they were beary at beart. (From έχθομα,

as oxio from ixo.)

"ΟΧΘΗ, η, older form of σχθοε, any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam: in pl. ebe banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.: also, crags by a river. Hence

òχθηρός, ά, ίν, raised, billy.

όχθος, ό, later form of ὅχθη, rising ground, a bill. δχλέω, = μοχλεύω, to beave or move by a lever: —

Pass. to be rolled, roll along; ψηφίδεε ἄπασαι δχλεῦνται (Acol. for ὁχλοῦνται) all the pebbles are 
rolled or swept away by the water.

exact; generally, to trouble or importune, c. acc.: ab-

sol. to be troublesome.

**δχληρός, ά,** έν, (δχλέω) troublesome, importunate.

δχλίζω, f. low, - δχλίω, δχλεύω, to move or beave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll is away by dint of strength.

δχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of δχλίζω.

δχλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (δχλοε, ποιέω) to make à riot : δχλοποιείν την πόλιν to set the city in an uprear.

"OXAOΣ, b, a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob, Lat. turba, opp. to δημοε (the people in a constitutional sense). It. noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult, Lat. turba:—generally, disturbance, trouble, annovance, importunity.

όχλ-ώδης, έε, contr. for δχλο-ειδής, (δχλος, cίδος) like a mob, turbulent, riotous; τὸ όχλῶδες trouble-

someness, turbulence.

δχμα, ατος, τό, (ίχω) a bold, fastening. Hence δχμάζω, f. άσω, to grip, bold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit.

δχνη, ή, a wild pear, late form of δγχνη.

δχος, εσε, τό, (ξχω) a chariot, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. δχεσφι, δχεσφιγ, for δχεσι.

δχθε poèt. δκχοε, ου, ό, (έχω) that which holds; νηῶν δγοι places to hold ships, i.e. harbours, roadsteads. 11. that which bears, a carriage, charior car; but, δχοι ἀπήνης bearers of the chariot, i.e. the wheels.

οχύρος, ά, όν, (έχω) like έχυρος, firm, lasting, stout strong: esp. of places, firm, escure: strong, tenable of a fortress or the like.

δχυρόω,/f. ωσω, (δχυρύε) to make fast, fortily

Hence δχύρωμα, ατοε, τό, a strongbold, fortress. δχύρως, Adv. of δχυρόε, firmly, strongly.

δχωκα, by metath. for δκωχα, perf. of έχω.

δψ, ή, gen. ὑπύο, dat. ὑπί, acc. ὅπα (εἰπεῖν, σποο)

α spice II a discourse, word.

a voice. II. a discourse, word.
δψ-αμάτης [μα], ου, ό, τος. όψαματα, (ὑψέ, ἀμέω)

one who mows till late at even; cf. ίψορύτης.
διμάνον, τό, (ίψομαι) – όψις, α sight, vision.

δψάριον, τό, Dini. of όψον, esp. fish: a small fish. δψ-αρότης, ου, δ, (όψέ, αρόω) one who ploughs late;

cf. Ϥβαμάτη**ε**.

"OΨΕ', Adv. apter a long time, at length, late, Lat. sero; δψέ μανθάνειν to learn too late. 2. late in the day, at even, opp. to \*poi: late in the season, δψέ ην it was late: c. gen., δψέ τῆν τρομκῶν long after the Trojan war.—Att. irreg. Comp. ἀψιαίτερων later; Sup. ὑψιαίτατα, latest

όψείω, Desiderat. of δράω, formed from fut. δψομαι,

to wish to see.

δψεσθαι, fut. inf. of δράω.

Our. Acol. for by 4.

διμία (sub. διρα), ή, properly fem. of διμίος, the latter part of the day, evening, often joined with δείλη. Opp. to δρθρος: see δείλη.

όψιαίτερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of όψισε

see if é.

öψί-γονος, ον, (όψό, γενέσθαι) late-born, after-born, born in a later age. 2. of a son, late-born, born in one's old age. 3. later-born, i. e. younger. [1] όψίστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of bytos.

δψίζω, f. iσω, (δψέ) to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing: Pass. to be belated, benighted.

öψί-κοιτος, ον, (όψέ, κοίτη) going late to bed, late

watching or wakeful.

οψυμάθεω, f. ήσω, to learn sate or too late. From δη-μάθης, ές, (δήε, μαθείν) late in learning, late to learn, Lat. serus studiorum: too late or too old to learn, C. gen.

οψίμος, αν, (οψέ) poet. for οψιος, late, close, tardy:

Tipas by nor a prognostic late of fulfilment.

δψί-νοος, ον, (bψέ, νόος) late of thought, inobservant. δψιος, α, ον, (bψέ) late, Lat. serve, opp. to πρέπος. —Att. Comp. δψιαίτερος, α, ον, Sup. δψιαίτατος, η, ον: Neut. δψιαίτερον, —τατα, Adv. as Comp. and Sup. of δψέ. The forms δψιέστερος and δψιέστατος also occur.

όψιε, gen. con Ion. 10s, ή, (αγομαι) a sight, appearance; a vision, apparition:—όψιε οἰκοδομημάτων a show of buildings.

2. outward appearance, look: the face, visage.

II. the power of sight or seeing, view, sight, Lat. conspectus; ἀπικέσθαι ès όψιν τινί to come into one's sight or presence.

οψί-τέλεστος, or. (οψέ, τελέω) late of fulfilment, to be late fulfilled.

δψομαι, fut. of opas, formed from \*δετομαι.

δψον, τό, (εψω) properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesb.

II. anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called byor work, a zest or relish to drink.

III. generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph, of hunger or toil, of whose byor τοῦs dγαθοῖε labour is a sauce to good things

IV. any dainty food, rieb fare: in pl. dainties.

V. at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians.

2. the market-place, esp. the fish-market. byorneise, Dep. (byornois) to dress meat delicately:

Med. to eat meat or fish with bread. Hence

όψοποιία, ή, the art of cookery: and

δψοποιικός, ή, όν, of or for delicate cookery.

όψο-ποιόε, όν, (όψον, ποιέω) cooking food skilfully: as Subst., όψοποιόε, ό, α cook.

όψο-πόνος, ον, (όφον, πονέω) dressing food elaborately.

δψοφάγεω, f. ήσω, (δψοφάγου) to eat or live upon dainties alone to fare delicately. Hence

dainties alone, to fare delicately. Hence δψοφάγία, ή, dainty living: eating delicacies.

οψο-φάγος, ον, (εψον, φάγεῖν) eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., διόφαγος, δ, απ epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. διοφαγίστερος, διοφαγίστατος.

δψ-ωνέω, f. ήσω, (δψον, ἀνέομαι) to our or turney fish: generally, to buy victuals. Hence

όψωνιον, τό, properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.

## П

II, w, w, indeel.: sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral w = 80, but w= 80,000.

Changes of w: it is often interchanged with  $\beta$ , as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in Ion, for φ, as aπικέσθαι for dφικ-, dany έεσθαι for dφηγ-; and so before an aspirate, w was retained by the Ion., e.g., dw' ήμων, ὑπ' ήμων τοι ἀφ' ήμων, ὑφ' ὑμων. Ion. Prose, # becomes # in relatives and interrogatives, e. g. kŵs bkwe koios bkoios kóros bkóros for xwe δπωε ποίοε όποίοε δσοε όπόσοε. III. in Acol # is used for  $\mu$ , as bura for bupa, redá for perá. in Acol, and Dor. w is for t, as we were for were. V. w is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρός λαγαρόε. VI. # is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat, esp. in Acol. e. g. δυπη, δυνων, δυνοίος, onnocos for buy, etc. VII. Poët, τ is sometimes inserted after w, esp. in wródes, wródesoe for woλιε, πόλεμοε with their derivatives,

πd, πd, Dor. for πη, πη. πda, Lacon. for πάσα.

παγά, Dor. for πηγή. παγγενέτειρα, ή, mother of all. From

παγ-γενότηε, ου, ό, (πῶς, γενέσθαι) falber of all. παγ-γλύκερός, ό, όν, (πῶς, γλυκερός) sveetest of all. παγ-γλωσσία, ή, (πῶς, γλώσσα) wordiness. πάγεις, είσα, όν, εοτ. 2 pass. part. of πήγνυμε.

πάγον [d], Acol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. acr. 2

pass. of πήγνυμι.

कवेंपुरगर्छंड, ό, (πάγοε, frost, ice. कवेंपुरग-कंठेपुड, es. (παγετόε, eloos) frosty, αy-cold.

πάγη [a], 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of τηγνομε.
πάγη [a], η, (παγήναι) anything that fixes or bosas
fast: a snare, 2000es, trap: the toils used in fourling:
a fourling-net.
2. metaph. a snare, stratagem.

wdγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πηγυμι.

πάγιδεύω, f. σω, (παγίε) to lay a snare for, entrap. πάγιος, a, or, (πάγῆναι) fixed, firm, solid, steadfast Adv. -los, firmly, steadily.

πάγις, ibos, ή, (παγήναι) like πάγη, a snare, trap, gin:—άγκυρα παγίε νεῶν the anchor which bolds ships

like a trap.

παγ-καίνιστος, οτ, (πας, καινός) all nite or freed.
πάγ-κάκος, οτ, (πας, καικός) quite or utterly bad:
most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly
bad or depraved: Suo. παγκάκιστος. Adv. παγκάκιστος.

πάγ-κάλοε, οτ. (παε, καλόε) all-beautiful, all-good. παγκαρπία, ή, an offering of all kinds of frui

rom

mάγ-κα, .... ον, (πᾶε, καρπόε) of σε consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.

παγ-κάτάρατος, ον. (τας, καταράομαι) all-eccursed. παγ-κευθής, ές. (τας, κεύθω) all soncealed. IL act. all-concealing. may κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, αν, (παε, κλαίω) alllamented, most woeful. II. act. all-tearful.

παγκληρία, ή, a sole inheritance, full possession.

τάγ-κληρος, ον, (πᾶε, κλήροε) beld in full possession. πάγ-κοινος, ον, (πᾶε, κοινόε) common to all.

παγκοινος, ω, (τας, πουτος) constant to ass.
παγκοιτης, ου, ό, (πας, ποίτη) giving rest to all;
βάλαμος παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must

rest, i. e. the grave.

παγ-κόνττος, ον, (πῶς, κονίω) coverea all over with

dust; διεθλα παγκόνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of

contests.

'παγ-κράτης, ές, (πῶς, κράτος) all-powerful, allinighty, all-ruling: all-conquering.

παγκροτιάζω, f. σω, to perform the enercises of the pancratium.

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτη») a complete contest, i. e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium.

way nobrus, Adv. (was, nobros) sounding au a once, of rowers who keep good time.

πάγος, δ, (πάγήναι) a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky bill: δ "Aperos πάγος the Areopagus at Athens. [δ]

πάγος, δ, (πάγηναι) anywing stiffened or bardened:

frozen water, ice, frost. [a]

πάγ-ουροε, δ, (πάγηναι, οὐρά) a kind of crab.
παγ-χάλεποε, ον, (πᾶε, χαλεπόε) very difficult and
dangerous. Adv. -πουε.

παγ-χάλκεος and πάγ-χαλκος, αν, (κας, χαλκός)

all-brasen, all of brass.

πάγ-χρηστος, ον, (πᾶς, χρηστός) good for all work.
πάγ-χριστος, ον, (πᾶς, χριστός) all-anointed; πάγχριστον πειθούς the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.

παγ-χρύσεος, ω, and πάγ-χρύσος, ω, (παε, χρυ-

σόε) all gold, of solid gold. [v

πάγχο, Adv. (πâs, πâr) Ion. for πάνυ, quite, wholly, entirely, altogether.

πάγω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of πήγνυμι.

wasaw, Dor. for undaw.

πάθε [1], Ep. for έπαθε, 3 sing. sor. 2 of πάσχω. παθείν Ep. πάθείν, 20τ. 2 inf. of πάσχω. Hence πάθη [2], η, anything that befals one: suffering, misfortune.

πάθημα, ατος, το, = πάθος, a suffering, misfortune; πὰ παθήματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to

Searn by.

πάθησθα, Ep. 2 sing. 2 or. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω, πάθητός, ή, όν, (παθεῦν) baving suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer

πάθος, εος, τό, (πάθείν) anything that befals one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity. 2. a passive condition: a passion, affection. 3. an incident.

πάθω [ά], αοτ. 2 subj. οf πάσχω. πάθών, οῦσα, όν, αοτ. 2 part. οf πάσχω παί, Ερ. πάϊ, νοcat. οf παίε,

Hardy, aros, d, Ep. and Ion. Harfur, orce, later Hatar, aros, Pason or Pasan, the physician of the gods: Παιήσνοε γενέθλη the race of Pason, i. e. phy-2. later the name was transferred to sicians. Apollo, who was invoked by the cry the Hardy; also to his son Aesculapius. 3. a physician : and more generally, a saviour, deliverer. II. as appellat. maidy Ion. maihov, a pasan, i.e. a choral song, a bymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Ilai-2. a song of triumph after victory, properly to Apollo: also a triumpbant song before battle, a 3. any solemn song or chant. pl., sathoves pasan-singers. Hence

maiavile, f. sw, to chant the paean, sing a song of triumph.

Haraw, over, &, Dor. for Harhav. [a]

ποίγμα, ατοε, τό, (παίζω) play, sport; λωτοθ π. flute-playing.

παιγνία, ή, (παίζω) play, sport, a game, pastime. II. a feast, festival.

παιγνια-γράφος, αν, (παιγνιά, γράφω) swriting sport-

ive poetry.

\*\*Tuyvvhuwv, or, gen. ovos, (\*\*auyvu) fond of a joke.

\*\*Tulyvov, 76, (\*\*al(w) a plaything, toy: impl. of a
person, like Lat. deliciae, a darling.

II. in

Theocritus, the Egyptians are called mand malyria, roguish cheats.

III. a sportive poem: merry noise.

maiyvios, or, (maiyrid) sportive, droll, done in play.

maryvi-ábne, es, (maryviá, eldos) playful, sportive, merry; ró maryviúdes playfulness.

παιδ-άγωγεῖον, τό, (\*auδαγωγόs) a school-room. παιδάγωγέω, f. ήσω, (\*auδαγωγόs) to attend boys : to lead like a shild, to train, educate. Hence

παιδάγωγία, ή, an attending boys, education :—attendance.

maid-dγωγόs, όν, (raîs, άγω)-attending or training boys: as Subst., raida-γωγόs, ό, the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again: hence generally, a twor, teacher, instructor.

παιδάριον, τό, Dim. of παΐε, a young child, a little

boy or girl. IL a young slave.

walbbo, maibbody, Lacon. for walfer, walfer.

maidela, ή, (παιδεύω) the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction. II. youth, childhood. III. bandiwork.

malberos, or, (mais) childish, concerning of suited to children; burne malberor hymns sung by the boys.

παιδεραστέω, f. ήσω, to love boys. From παιδεραστής, οῦ, δ, (παῖς, ἐράω) a lover of boys.

maidepaorta, ή, (maidepaortew) love of boys. maideorou, Ep. for maioι, dat. pl. of mais.

παίδευμα, ατος, τό, (παιδεύω) that which is reared or educated, a nursling, scholar, pupil.

II. that which is taught, lesson.

παίδευσιε, ή, (παιδεύω) a rearing, training, education. II. a place of teaching, school; ή ήμετίρα Tale Blados valdenses our city is the school of | valdentiffen, to teach boys wrestling : generally, to Greece.

maideurios, a, or, verb. Adj. of maideves, to be edueated: neut. raidevréer, one must educate.

maideuris, oû, ô, an educator, instructor.

a corrector, ebastiser. From

maideva, f. ou : 201. I ivaldevou : pf. veraldevou : -Pass., aor. Ι έναιδεύθην: pf. νεπαίδευμαι: (παίε): -to rear or bring up a child : usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct; & reraidevuleros a man of education, opp. to draidevros: - Med. to bave any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom of inure to a thing. 4. to correct, charten.

maidines, n. or, Ion. for maldeios.

muibia, as, ή, (val(w) child's play, sport, pastime:

marbia, f. worse form for sardela.

waiduca, ων, τά, a darling, love, relating to a single person, Lat. deliciae. II. παιδικά (sub. μέλη), songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

maidinos, h, br, (rais) of or fit for a boy, childish, boyish, Lat. puerilis. 2. playful, sportive. belonging to a beloved youth.

warbibler, Adv from childhood from a child. From marbiov. 76. Dim. of sais, a young child.

a young slave.

παιδισκάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl. maslown, ή, Dim. of rais (ή), a young girl, maiden, Il. a young female slave : a courtesan. maillower, b. Dim. of b rais, a young son, boy, lad. maidvos, ή, όν, also όε, όν, (παίζω) childish, silly, playful II. as Subst. wateros, é, - é wais, a boy, lad: waiden, n, a girl.

maido-βόροs, ον, (maîs, βερά) child-eating. maido-γόνος, or, (mais, \*γένω) begetting chil-II. making fruitful or prolifie,

margo-kopie, (mais, kopie) to take care of a child. waiδο-κόραξ, āκου, δ, (wais, κόραξ) a boy-raven. παιδοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to murder children. From maibo-κτόνος, ον, (παιε, κτείνω) child-murdering. maid-odertio, fipos, o, and maid-oderup, opos, o, (παιε, δλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδολί-

Telpa and warboheris, idos, a child-murderess. παιδο-λύμας, ου, δ, ή, (παιε, λύμη) destroying chil-

dren. [9] παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παις, νεμω) controlling boys: as

the education of youths, at Sparta.

wardoworke, f. how, (wardoworls) of men, to beget | children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med., with pf. pass. weraidowoln µai. Hence

maidomoita, f, a begetting or bearing of children. waldo-words, by, (wals, works) begetting or bearing children: generative.

maido-mopos, or, (mais, meipu) through which a child

vandoorvopies, f. how, to beget ebildren. From weedo-craopos, or, begetting children.

train, exercise, practise. From

warbo-rp(fins, ov, 6, (wais, rpifffpat) a trainingmaster for boys, a master of exercises: is raidorplice in the house or echool of the transer: generally, a teacher, master. [7] Hence

mandorpiflunds, \$1, or, of or fit for a training-master or bis art. Adv. - sue, like a gymnaute master mails-roup, Bos, s, (rais, rolphiva) a clave that attends upon the children. παιδοτροφέω, f. ήσω, (παιδοτρόφου) to rear childre::

Hence maiborpoola, \$, the rearing of children.

mails-rpodos, or, (rais, rpides) feeding or realise children: as Sabst., wasdorpopes, f. a mother.

maido-toutos, or, (mais, titodom) wounded by children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

maid-oupyées, f. how, (mais, épyor) - maidomaices.

maiboupyla, n, a begetting children: also of the wife berself.

wardoothie, f. how, to be fond of boys. From warbo-ping, ou, o, (wais, penia) fond of boys. maido-povos, or, (rais, \*peru) killing children: συμφορά ταιδοφόνου the calamity of baving killed a son; raidoplivor alua the blood of clain children.

wasto-copies, (rais, copies) to wast away a boy. wallo: f. salfopai or saifoupai, rarely salfo: acr. I évalou and évalfa: pf. vévalou:—Pass., 201. I play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be 2. to dance : also, to sing. merry: to trifle. to play at a game; opalpy or opalpar raiseur to play 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. fo make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing. transit. to treat jocosely.

Hainovios, a, or, also fem. Hainovis, Bos, (Harfes bealing.

washow, fut. of rale to strike.

Hainer, oros, o, Ion, for Haide, Haide, Pasce, the physician of the gods. II. wouhow as appellat. for vaidr, a festal song; cf. Haidr.

Παιήων, ονοε, δ, ή, as Adj. - Παιηόνιοε. maintys, ou, o, (maile) a dancer or player. malfonar or marfornar. Att. fut. of maile.

παιπάλη, ή, (redupl. from πάλη or παλή) the finest Subst., Haidoropos, ol, magistrates sobo superintended flour or meal, Lat. pollen : any fine dust : metaph. a subtle rogue. [d] Hence

> παιπάλημα, ατοι, τό, a subtle fellow. mavndλόειs, εσσα, er, an old Ep. word, steep, eraggy.

rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

HAI'Z, wasdie, o and h; gen. pl. wasdow Dor. warbon; dat. pl. waiol, waideout: the Ep. preferred the dissyll. nom. záře, vocat. zář: L of Descent & child, a son or a daughter; vals valbée a child's 2. periphr., Audur weiden soms cbild, grandcbild. of the Lydians, i.e. the Lydians themselves. of Age, a child: wale, b, a boy, youth, lad; wale, 🛼 s from childhood. III. also like Lat. puer, & or \$, a ilave, servant.

wale, J. Ep. for walk.

walcare, 2 pl. sor. I imperat. of walfer.

wairba, Dor. for saida, acc. of sais.

raioba, Dor. for raida.

παιφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦΑ-, the Root of φαίνω) .o look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, palpitate.

HAI'Ω, fut. salow and sauhow; 201. I frauoa; pf. révaira:--Pass., sor. Ι ἐπαίσθην: pf. πέπαισμαι:-to strike or smite a person: - Med., ἐπαίσατο τὸν unpor be smote bis thigh. 2. to strike a weapon 3. to drive away. against a person. A. to bit bard in speaking. II. intr. to strike against, to dash against or upon, Lat. illido.

Haver, eros, o, like Harar, Pason, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, a physician, beal-II. like watar, a solemn song or chant. in Prosody, a pason, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll., with four variations, ----, ---- and ----

Hatevias, abos, fem. of Hatevice, medicinal, bealing. waterize, f. ou, - raiarize, to raise the Pasan.

Havevior, a, or, (Haidw) belonging to Pason or medicine, medicinal, bealing. II. as Subst., Hawria, \$, Hatarias, ados, \$, and Hataris, idos, \$, with and without rexrn, the healing art, medicine: rd Maidria a festival of Pason

παιωνισμός, δ, - παιανισμός, a chanting of the pasan. wakta, waktis, waktos, Dor. for whath, etc.

wantow, i. wow, (nantos) to fasten, make fast or close; dupa wantour to make fast the house. to stop, to stop up, eaulk. 3. to bind fast.

ΠΑ ΛΑ ΘΗ, ή, a sort of cake made of preserved

fruit, mostly of figs melted together. [Ad]

IIA'AAI, Adv. long ago, in olden time, of old. formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp. to the present: also to make.

πάλαι-γενής, έε, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) born long ago. aged, full of years.

πάλαί-γονος, ον, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής. πάλαιμονέω, f. ήσω, - παλαίω, to wrestle, fight.

παλαιο-γενής, έε, = παλαιγενήε.

malaid-yoves, or, - malalyoves.

πάλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ, οροε, δ, (παλαιόε, μή-THE) ancient mother.

πάλαιδ-πλουτος, ον, (παλαιός, πλούτος) - άρχαιό-#λουτος, rich of old, rich in bereditary wealth, opp. to reductor.

πάλαιορ-ρίζος, ον, (παλαιδε, ρίζα) with aged roots. πάλαιός, ά, όν, (πάλα) old, aged. 2. ancient. nf olden time; of valued the ancients; valueds xporos time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: in waxauou from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-bonoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date.

maiden, girl:--lg saubée, la salben from a child, | regul. Comp. and Sup. salaiérepoe, salaiérares; more often sukalrepos, sukalruros, formed from the Adv. πάλαι; έκ παλαιτέρου from the older time. Hence

> πάλαιότης, ητος, ή, age, length of time, entiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

> πάλαιδ-φρων, avos, δ, ή, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

πάλαιόω, f. ώσω, (παλαιόι) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. antiquare:-Pass. to become obsolete.

πάλοισμα, ατος, τρ, (ταλοίω) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle. ot artifice, a subterfuge.

πάλαισμοσύνη, ή, (rakain) post. for rákq, serest-

ling, the wrestler's art.

πάλοιστή, ή, = παλάμη, the palm of the band. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches).

πάλαιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ταλαίω) ε wrester: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, eandidate, metaph, a trickster, cunning fellow.

mālaistialos, a, er, (malaistā) a palm iong ot

παλαιστικός, ή, όν, (ταλαιστής) of or for wrestling. πάλαίστρα, ή, (ταλαίω) a palaestra, wrestlingschool: generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [1], ου, δ, presiding over the palaesira. πάλαίτερος and πάλαίτατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of παλαιόε, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

πάλαί-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith, of ancient oracles. II. spoken of long ago, III. primitive, ancient, olden. legendary.

πάλαί-χθων, ονος, δ, ή, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land: as Subst., rahalxow, b, an old inbabitant, Lat. indigena.

πάλαίω, f. αίσω: 201. Ι ἐπάλαισα: (πάλη) :—το wrestle, Lat. lucture. II. metaph. to wrestle with, struggle against :- Pass. to be wrestled with. absol, to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat, laborare,

πάλαμάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (παλάμη):—to ma-IL to devise skilfully, nage, work, bring about, contrive cunningly; τόλμημα ταλαμήσασθαι to plan a daring deed.

ΠΑ ΛΑΜΗ, ή, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμμφι, παλάupper:- the Lat. PALMA, the palm of the band, the band: metaph. force of band, violence, murder, metaph. a device, skilful plan or method, means, com 2. a thing made by art, an instrument. trivance.

πάλαμναίος, δ, (ταλάμη) a murderer, one defiled by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suppliant not yet II. the avenger of blood.

watafener, Ep. for watafeer, fut, inf. of watarou.

πάλάσιον, τό, – παλάθη. πάλάσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. πεπάλαγμαι: (πάλλω):

to besprinkle:—Pan. to be besprinkled, emeared. defiled; but also, δγκέφαλος σεσάλακτο (3 plaps) the IL to shake the lots II. brain was scattered about.

in a sement; and so, to draw lots: hence pl. pass., shippy werehanges (2 pl. perf. imperat.) be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.

πάλαστή, ή, and παλαστιαίος, α, ον, more correct

forms for malaisty, malaistiales.

IA ARYΩ, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds.

παλόω, Ion. 20τ. 1 πάλησα, to be disabled. πάλη, ή, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. lusta; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ή, (πάλλω) the finest meal of flour, Lat. pollen: honon παιπάλη.

wathfree, sor. 2 inf. pass. of weather

waxness, 3 sing. Acol. sor. I opt. of waxles.

wall, shortd. post. form of walar. [d]

πάλιγ-γενεσία, ή, (πάλιν, γένεσιε) a being born again, new birth, regeneration.

πάλίγ-γλωσσος, ον. (πάλαν, γλώσσα) double-tongued, contradictory, false.

II. of strange or foreign tongu

πάλιγκάπηλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail.

From

πάλιγ-κάπηλος, δ, (πάλιν, καπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petry dealer, buckster. πάλιγκοτος, ων, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, break-

ing out afresh, Lat. recrudescens. II. metaph. malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλίγκοτος τύχη ad-

verse fortune; ol maxiquoros adversaries.

πάλλη-κραιπνος, οτ, (πάλιν, κραιπνός) very swift. πάλιλλογέω, f. ήσω, to say again, reiterate. From πάλιλ-λόγος, οτ, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

πάλίμ-βάμος, ον, (πάλιν, βαίνω) going backwards. πάλιμ-βλαστής, ές, (πάλιν, βλαστεῖν) shooting up again.

πάλυβολία, ή, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

πάλιμ-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) throwing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

πάλιμ-μήκης, εε, (πάλιν, μήκοε) as long again:

generally, very long.

πάλίμ-παιε, -παιδοε, δ, ή, (πάλιν, παίε) one who is e child again, in one's second childhood.

πάλιμ-πετής, ές, (πάλιν, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίστω) falling back: neut, παλιμπετές as Adv. back, back again.

सर्वेशीमस्रोकप्रसारक, ov, tost to and fro, wandering back again. From

πάλιμ-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) 201. I part. παλιμπλαγχθείs: to wander back

#άλιμ-πλάνής, έε, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

πάλιμ-πλύτος, ον, (ταλιν, πλυνω) washed again, wamped up.

II. act. vamping up old wares
πάλιμ-ποινος, η, ον, (τάλιν, ποινή) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλιμποινον requital, retribution.

πάλίμ-πουε, ποδοε, δ, ή, (πάλιν, πούε) going back, returning.

πάλιμ πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) stern foremost.

πάλίμ-φημος Doc. -φάμος, ον, (πάλον, φήμι) dissonant, discordant.

πάλιμ-φύής, έε, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing agam.

ΠΑΛΙΝ, Λdv. δαελ, backvards; πάλιν δούναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν αξε θυγατέρου η se she went back from her daughter.

2. πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν δρείν to say to the contrary, i. e. gainsay; πάλιν ποίησε γέροντα the made him reversely an old man, i. e. transformed him into an old man.

II. of Time, again, once more, angel.

#άλιν-άγρετος, ον. (πάλιν, άγρεω) taken back to be taken back or recalled · έπος οὐ παλινάγρετον an irrevocable word

πάλιν-αυτήτε, έε, (πάλιν, αυτω) growing again.
πάλιν-αυτόμολου, or, deserting back again: 25

Subst. a double deserter.
within-Stratos, or, (within, Birles) whirling to and

fro, eddying. [ἄ] πάλινδρομέω, f. ησω, (παλισδρόμοε) so rum back

again. Hence πάλινδρομία, ή, a running back, going backwards. παλιν-δρόμος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμείν) running back

again, recurring. παλι-νηνεμία, ή, (πάλιν, νήνεμοε) a returning calm. πάλιν-όρμενος, η, ον, rusbing back: cf. sq.

πάλίν-ορσος Att. -ορρος, σε, (πάλιε, δρευμαι)
bastening or darting back.

II. recurring, inveterate.

 $\pi d\lambda (v-\sigma \kappa los, or, = \pi a\lambda i \sigma \kappa los.$ 

wάλίν-σοος, ον, safe again, recovered.

πάλιν-στομέω, f. ήσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again. πάλίν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω), required, repaid:

avenged, punisbed.

maλίν-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τείνω) stretched back: epith. of the bow, παλίντονα τόξα, I. of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force.

2. of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

πάλιν-τράπελος, οτ, (πάλιν, τρέπω) - παλίντροπος. πάλιν-τρίβής, ές, (πάλιν, τριβήναι) rubbed again and again: bardened, obdurate, villainous.

wάλίν-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. retortus. II. turning back. III. turned the contrary way, reverse

πάλιν-τύχής, έε, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse of fortune.

πάλιν-φδέω, f. ήσω, (πάλιν, φίθή) to recant what but been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence πάλινφδία, ή, a recantation, palinode.

HA AI'OTPOZ, \$, a kind of thorny shrub, rhameus caliurus.

πάλτουρο-φόρου, αν, (παλίουρου, φίρα) mich a bandle of paliurus-wood.

πάλιρ-ρόθιος, α, ον, (πάλιν, βόθος) back-flowing; κύμα παλιρρόθιον a wave dashing to and fro, obbeing and flowing.

millip-polos, or, (πάλιν, βίθου) obting and flowing.
malippous, \$, (malippoos) the reflux of water, backwater, obt.

malippoos, n, or, Ep. for malippoos.

millo-poos, or, contr. mallopous, our, (walue, flow) flowing backwards, refluent: ebbing and flowing. Il. metaph, returning on one's head, retributive.

metapa. γεταντικής οικ one's soud, γετνομινώ.
πάλλο-ροποε, ον, (πάλιν, ρέποι) sliding back, sinking.
πάλλο-σκίοε, ον, (πάλιν, σκιά) sbadosoed over,
glosmy, dusky.

- πάλίσ-σύνος, ον, (πάλιν, σεύω) rusbing burriedly back; δρόμημα παλίσσυνον α backward course.

πάλ-ίωξιε, ή, (πάλιν, lowή) a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally.

πάλλαγμα, ατοι, τό, (πάλλαξ) concubinage.

Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλαs) the status of Pallas. Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλαs) of or sacred to Pallas. παλλάκεύομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) to keep as a concu-

bins. wallach, h, (wallas) a consubins.

waλλάκίε, ίδοε, ή, = πάλλαξ, α concepine.

ΠΑ'ΛΛΑΕ, ἄκος, ή, a concubine, Lat. pellen, opp. to

the lawful wife (dxorrus, dλοχοs).

Παλλάς, άδου [ά], ἡ, (πάλλω) Pallas, name of Miserva, in Homer always Παλλάς 'Αθήνη or Παλλάς 'Αθηναίη, but later used alone, = 'Αθήνη.

Πάλλας, αντος, δ, Pallas, masc. prop. n. πάλ-λευκος, αν. (πῶν, λευκός) all white.

TIA ΛΛΩ: sor. I έπηλα Ερ. πῆλα: Ερ. sor. 2 part. TETÄLÁW (in compd. dyrestaláw):—Pass., pf. πέταλμα: Ερ. 3 sing. sor. 2 pass. πάλτο:—to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself.

2. πλήρουν πάλλειν to shake the lots together tifl, one leapt forth: hence πάλλειν, absol, to cast lots:—in Med. πάλλεσθαι to draw lots.

II. πάλλεσ, intr. like πάλλομαι, to leap, bound: to quiver, yuake.

παλμός, δ, (τάλλω) intr. a quivering: the beating

of the heart or pulse.

πάλος, δ, (πάλλω) the lot east from an belmet, gemerally, a lot; dox do πάλφ άρχευ to hold public offices by lot.

πάλτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of πάλλα. παλτόν, τό, anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jerreed: properly neut. from παλτόε. παλτόε, ή, όν, (πάλλω) brandished, burled.

παλύνας, 20τ. I part. of παλύνα. παλύνα, f. örw: 20τ. I ἐπάλῦνα: (πάλλα):—10 merew or scatter upon. II. to bestrew, besprinkle.

- ap-ββελτρόε, ά, όν, (πᾶε, βδελυρόε) all-loatboome abominable.

- ap-βlas, ου, δ, (τâs, βla) all-subduing. - ap-βοτοι, ον, (τâs, βόσκω) all-noupithing. way-βûτιε, ιδος, ή, fem. Ad). (wûs, βώτης) all-feeding, all-nourisbing.

ταμ-μάταιος, οτ, (τᾶι, μάταιος) all-sain, all-useless. πόμ-μάχος, οτ, (τᾶι, μάχη) all-sonquering, triumphant. II. – ταγκρατιαστής

παμ-μέγας, -μεγάλη, -μεγα, (τᾶς, μέγας) very great. παμ-μεγέθης, ές, (τᾶς, μέγεθος) of enormous size παμ-μάλας, αινα, ἀν, (τᾶς, μέλας) all black.

παμ-μήκης, ee, (τᾶε, μῆκοε) very long, prolonged. πάμ-μηνος, οr, (τᾶε, μήν) through every month, through the live-long year.

σομ-μήτοιρα, ή, - παμμήτωρ.

જવાμામિτε, ιδος, δ, ἡ, (σᾶς, μῆτις) all-knowing, allplanning.

παμ-μήτωρ, οροε, ή, (παε, μήτηρ) mother of all. II. altogether a mother, a very mother.

τομ-μίδρος, ον, (τᾶς, μαρός) all-abominable. τομ-μίγής, ές, (τᾶς, μιγήναι) all-blended, all-confounded, promiscuous.

πάμ-μικροε, ον, (τᾶε, μικρόε) very small. πάμ-μικτοε, ον, - ταμμιγήε.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (τᾶς, μόρος) all-bapless.

παμ-μυσάρόε, ά, όν, (πάε, μύσοε) παμμίαροε. πάμπαν, Αdv. (πάε) like πάνν, quite, wbolly, alto-

gether; ob πάμπαν not at all, by no means. παμ-πειθής, έε, (παε, πείθω) all-persuasive.

παμπήδην, Adv. (τῶε) like πάμπαν, entirely, totally.
παμπησία, ή, (τῶε, τέπαμαι) entire possession.
παμπληθεί, Adv. with the subole multitude. From

παμ-πληθής, έε, (τῶε, πλήθοε) of or with the whole multitude. Il. very numerous. III. neut. παμπληθέε as Adv. entirely.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον. (πᾶε, πλήσσω) in subich all kinds of blows are inflicted.

maμ-ποίκίλος, or, also η, or, (πάs, ποικίλος) allvariegated, of rieb and varied work.

πάμ-πολιε, eae, δ, ή, (παε, πόλιε) prevailing in all cities, universal.

πάμ-πολυε, -σύλλη, -σολη (πᾶε, πολύε) very much, very great, and in pl. very many: - neut. πάμπολυ as Adv. very much.

way-novypos, or, (was, wormpos) all-depraved, utterly base or bad.

παμ-πόρφορος, ον, (πᾶς, πορφόρα) all-purple.
παμ-πότνια, ή, (πᾶς, πότνια) all-venerable.
πάμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πᾶς, πρέπω) all-conspicuous,

splendid, refulgent.

παμπρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam. πάμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πᾶε, πρῶτος) the very first, first of all: πάμποωτον and πάμποωτα as Adv., first of all.

of all: πάμπρωτον and πάμπρωτα as Adv., first of all. παμ-φάἡε, έε, (τάε, φάοε) all-beaming, all-blazing; also transparent, translucent. Adv. - θε.

παμφαίνω, redupl. form of φαίνω, to abine or beam brigbtly: Ep. 3 sing, pres παμφαίνησι, as if from παμφαίνημ; πρώτον παμφαίνων, of a star first rising. παμφάνων, fem. - όωσα, gen. - όωντοε, Ep. part. of παμφάνων (as if from παμφάνω) all-sbining, bright-beaming, glistening.

S 2

ταμ-φάρμάκος, αν, (ται, φάρμακον) shilled in all | ebarms or simples.

wen-berrie, is, (sie, peryos) all-chining, resplen-

πάμ-φθαρτος, αν, (παι, φθείρω) all-destroying. πάμ-φλαιτος, er, (παι, φλέγω) all-burnt, all-blazing. πάμ-φορβος, αν, also η, αν, (ταε, φορβή) all-feeding. παμ-φόρος, αν, (ταε, φέρω) all-bearing, all-produc-IL bearing all things with it.

πάμ-φυλος, or, (πῶς, φυλή) of all tribes or sorts. way-peros, or, (was, part) with all tones, full-

soned: generally, expressive.

way-triped, Adv. (sue, tripes) with all the votes. πάμψθχος, or, (παι, ψυχή) in all life, in full possession of life.

way, neut, of sale.

Háv, gen. Hárós, 8, Pan, an Arcadian rurel god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon :-- plur. Harys, -- Lat. Fauni.

wav-aβρos, or, (was, aβρόε) quite or very soft. wav-dyfa, se, (was, dyos) all-ballowed, Lat. sacro-

wav-apperoa, ev, (was, dypies) all-catching. war-appeus, éan, d, (was, dypéw) one sobo catches everything.

wav-appea, er, (was, dypa) catering all.

mar-appunvos, or, (mas, appunros) quite elerpless, waheful, watchful.

wav-ayupus, Dor. for warryupus.

Πάν-αθήναια (sab. lepá), τά, (παε, 'Αθήνη) the Panathenaea, two festivals of the Athenians, τα μεγάλα and rd µuspá, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence Havabavalues, 4, be, of or for the Panathenasa, Panathenaie.

TEV-allios, a, ev, (Tae, allico) all-coreched. πάν-αιγλήσε, εσσα, er, (παε, αίγλη) all-shining. wav-cubos, q, av, (was, albu) all-blazing.

wer-aiolos, or, (was, alolos) all-variegated, glitter-II. metaph. manifold. ing, glaneing.

may-augypos, or, (ras, aloxpos) utterly ugly or sbameful: Sup. wavaloxiores.

war-aires, or, (was, alria) the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp. to peraitios.

wav-ánesa, 🖟 (wâs, ános) a panacia, universal remedy: also wavaky, \$.

πάν-δλάστωρ, οροε, δ, (παε, δλάστωρ) απ allevenging genius.

παν-αληθής, έε, (παε, άληθήε) quite true: all too true. Adv. - 000e, all truly.

war-alkhe, is, (was, alkh) all-powerful.

wav-aluros, or, (was, alertes) all-catching, all-encompassing. [&]

may-appear - appears, Dor. for may-harros -nutplos.

may dunopos, or, (mas, dunopos) without any share II. all-luckless. 竑

mar-apopos, or, (vas, apopos) all-blameless.

wav-dolbunes, or, (was, dolbunes) sung by all. wav-dwillos, er, (rûs, dwalde) all-tender or deli-

mur-amereie, ie, (sae, a privat., sertee) mooily without grief, sorrossless.

man-dufferen, or, gen. oros, (sûs, dufper) all-barmless, all free from burt.

wav-άποτμος, ον, (πῶς, ἀποτμος) all-bapless. man-apyupos, or, (mas, apyupos) all of silver. mav-aperos, or, (mas, apert) all-virtuous.

mär-apioros, or, (mas, apioros) best of all. wär-apkéras, gen. sem. of wardpueros, all-eufficing, all-powerful.

man-applonos, a, or, (rae, deporta) embracing all modes or tones, of full compass. 2. barmonising with all, all-barmonious.

wav-apyos, or, (sas, doye) all-powerful, ruling all. wav-arpenia, és, (was, arpenie) all-exact, infallible. πάν-ἄφηλιξ, ἴκοε, δ, ή, (πᾶε, ἀπό, ήλιξ) all asses from the friends of one's youth.

mur-aptitos, ar, (mas, aptitos) all-imperisbable. тäv-åфиктов, от, (тав, åфиктов) all-inevitable.

πάν-άφυλλος, ον, (πᾶε, άφυλλος) all-leafless. Har-axanol, ol, - warres 'Axanol, all the Achaians. wav-axpartos, or, (was, axpartos) all-unstained. mut-displos, or, (sas, dispos) all-untimely, doomed

to an all-untimely fate.

wav-Baroia, 4, (vae, Bale) a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails. wav-banpuros, or, (vas, banpún) all in tears, all-

II. all-bewept, most lamentable. παν-δάμάτωρ, opos, δ, (πᾶε, δαμάω) all-subduer Γχ

may-band, Dor. for maron mel. may-bayos, or, (mas, beiros) all-dreadful, frightful. marbehérmos, a, or, (Harbéheros) knavisb like Pen-

deletus. way-beoretrue, ov. masc. Adj. and waybeories, it. (wâs, bipropai) all-seeing, observing all.

wav-onjust and -onjul, Adv. of warby use, with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse.

wardynia, h, the whole people: in dat. wardynig as Adv., altogether. From

way-biguos, or, (was, biguos) of all the people, hence publie, general, common.

wav-bance, or, (was, bance) of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all: werδημος πόλιε the whole body of the city.

Háv-Bia (sub. lepá), rá, (wão, Ale gen. Aloe)-a fer tival of Jupiter in Athens.

wav-bluos, or, (sue, bluy) all-righteous. Adv. sur-

blane, all-justly. Havolovia, idos, f., sem. patronym., daughter of IL (sub. out), one Pandion, i. e. the swallow. of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.

wav-dokedov, to, a bouse for the reception of streegers, an inn. From

wav-Boneve, éce, é, - warbonce, a boet : honce fem.

war-Bokevitpia, \$, a bostess.

tertain as a bost, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκίω, - πανδοκεύω.

záv-bokos, or, (zás, bixopai) all-receiving: common to all: esp. receiving guests, bospitable: - as Subst., zárbokos, b, an innkeeper, bost

mavdoğla, h, unblemished fame, perfect glorv. From mav-Botos, or, (ras, bofa) all-glorious.

may-boukes, or, (mas, doukes) all a slave, an utter slave.

zavboyelov, zavboyeus, etc., v. zavboz-.

may-dupres, or, poet. for mareductos, (mas. edupres) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

wav-buria, h. (was, buw) the total setting of a star. παν-δώρα, ή, (παι, δώρον) giver of all, epith. of the Il, as fem. prop. n., Pandora, a beautiful woman made by V-1can, who received presents from all the gods.

adv-δωρος, ον, ( ras, δωρον) all-giving, all-bounteous. παν-ελεύθερος, ον, (παι, ελεύθεροι) entirely free.

Πάν-έλληνες, ol, - πάντες Έλληνες, all the Hellenes or Greeks

παν-επήρατος, ον, (rae, έπήρατος) all-lovely.

mav-entonous, or, (mas, trionoute) all-surveying. πάν-επ-όρφνιος, (πα̂ε, ἐπί, ὄρφνη) all night long. παν-εργέτης, ου, ό, (παε, έργατηε) all-effecting.

παν-έρημος, ον, (παs, έρημος) all-desolate. mav-tomesos, or, (mas. tomtpa) lasting the whole evening.

may-torus, or, (tas, toria) with the whole household. παν-έτης, ες, (πας, έτος) lusting the whole year! neut. wareres, as Adv., the whole year long.

#av-eurovo or (Tas, eurovos) much-strained, very active.

πάν-εφθος, ον, (πα̂s, έφθός) quite boiled · of metals quite refined or unalloyed.

παν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανήγυριε) to keep or attend a public festival; warnyupicar is woker to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

παν-ηγύρικός, ή, όν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive: & rarnyupikos (with or without horos), a festival, oration, a panegyrie, eulogy. Adv. - mor, pompourly. From

πάν-ήγυριε Dor. πανάγυριε, εων, ή; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανήγυρε: (παε, άγυριε Aeol. for άγορά):an assembly of a subole nation, esp. for a public festival, a bigh festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγύριε πανηγυρίζειν to hold such festivals.

παν-ημορ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day. marquepeve, f. ou, (marquepoe) to spend the whole

day in a thing.

mav-ημέριος, a, or, (παι, ήμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day; vyus warnusply a ship which sails all day; warn µ lpios xporos all the day long: nent. rapping as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

**πάν-ήμερος**, ον, (πâs, ήμερα) doing all the day | πάν-οπλίτης, ου, ό, a man in full armour. [1]

πανδοκεύω. f. σω, (πάνδοκοι) to receive all, to en- | long; πανήμεροι μολείν to be a whole day in coming: neut. warn μερόν as Adv., all day long or every day. παν-θελκτήρ, ήσοε, δ, fem. -κτειρα, ή, (παε, θέλγω) cbarmer of all.

wav-byling, is, (was, ribyla) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑ'ΝΘΗΡ, ηρου, δ, a paniber, Lat. panibera. παν-θυμάδόν, Adv. (ταε, θυμόε) in bigh wrath. πάν-θύτος, ον, (πα̂ε, θύω) celebrated with all kinds

of sacrifices. Πανικός, ή, όν, (Παν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δείμα), τό, panie fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan.

may-luepos, or, (ras, luepos) all-lovely, all-desired. [l]

mavioboum, Dor. for myricoum.

Hav-lievov, 76, - Tar lievior, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycalé, their common temple. II. tà Hariária (sub. lepá), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-λώβητος, οr, (παι, λωβάομαι) all-disfigured, bideous.

manyigiles, f. sw. (manyugls) to celebrate a festival by night. II. to watch or do anything the livelong night; marruxi(eir the runta to spend the livelong night.

mayruxukos, h, br, (marruxle) of or for a vigil. may-νύχιος, α, οr, Att. also os, or, (πας, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole might; παννυχίη νηθε πείρε πέλευθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νθχίε, ίδοε, ή, (πᾶε, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, II. a watching, keeping awake Lat. pervigilium. all night.

máy vůxos, ov, = savrůxios: neut. pl., sávruxa as Adv., the livelong night.

παν-όδυρτος, ον, (παε, δδύρομαι) all-bewailed, alllamentable.

παν-οιζύς, υ, gen. ύου, (παι, οίζύν) all unbappy, most melancboly.

may-outel and -outl, Adv., - mayoutiq.

wdv-oikia Ion. -in (was, olkos) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. warotkia in use, with all the bouse, bousebold and all.

mav-olμoι, Interj. (πα̂s, οίμοι) ob utter wos! πάν-όλβιος, ον, (πᾶς, δλβιος) truly bappy, with unalloyed bappiness.

πάγ-ομίλεί, Adv. (παε, δμιλοε) in whole troops. wav-όμματος, ον, (wâs; δμμα) all eyes.

mav-óporos Ed. -opolios [i], or, (mas, buoios) exactly like.

παν-ομφαίος, δ. (παε, δμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-orgenlar.

πάνοπλία, ή, (πάνοπλοε) the full armour of a beavy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; wavoπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pic. Hence

wav-oulos, or, (was, bulor) in full armour, 'with all his harness on.'

πάν-όπτης, ου, δ, (πᾶς, δψομαι) the all-coing.
πάν-ορμος, ου, (πᾶς, δρμος) always fit for landing.
πάνδε, δ, λεοί. for φανός, (φαίνω) a torch, beacon.
πάνουργέω, f. ήσω, (πανοῦργου) to play the knawe
or villain, act like a rogue; δσια πανουργείν to do a
holy deed in an unboly way. Hence

πάνουργημα, ατος, τό, α knavish, roguish act. πάνουργία, ή, (πανουργέω) villany, knavery, trickery:

in plus. knavieb tricks.
πάνουργ-ππαρχίδας, ου, δ, (πανούργος, [ππαρχου)
α captain of rascals: οι — πανούργος '[ππαρχίδης,
knave Hipparchides.

τάν-ούργος, or, (τάν, έργον) ready to do anything: mostly in bad sense, ready for all crimes, unscruptions, knavish, villanous, treacherous: as Subst., ταυ-ούργος, ό, ή, a knave, villain, rogue; τανούργος, πο-πανουργία.—Sup. πανουργότατος, ποα ταιεαίίχ.—Adv. πανούργως, villainously; Sup. -ότατα.

πάν-όψιος, ω, (παι, όψιε) seen by all, epith. of a spear.

παν-σάγία, ή, (πῶ, σάγη) - πανοπλία: dat. as Adv. πανσαγία, like πανοπλία, in full armour.

παν-σίληνος, ον, (πûs, σελήνη) of the moon, at the full; διρα πανσέληνος the time of full moon: ή πανσέληνος (sub. νύξ), the time of full moon, the full moon; ή αύριον πανσέληνος to-morrow's full moon.

πάν-σεμνος, ος, (πᾶε, σεμνόε) very stately. πάν-σκοπος, ος, (πᾶε, σκοπέω) all-surveying.

πάν-σοφος, ον, (τῶς, σοφός) all-wise, very wise.
πάν-στερμος, ον, (τῶς, στέρμα) composed of all

war or parties occurs), with the whole army.

without any nom. war outle in use, with all speed.

mav-oupros, or, (ras, ovpa) swept together from every side, accumulated.

παντά, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

πάντακή, Adv., Ion. for πανταχή.

man-τάλα, aira, &r. (τῶι, τάλα) all-wretched.
marrandar, before a vowel -σιν, Adv. (τῶι) entirely,
wholly, disgether: in replying it affirms strongly, by
all means, undoubtedly.

παντάρβη, ή, name of a precious stone.

wavr-apuns, is, (was, apula) all-prevailing.

παντ-άρχας, Dor. for παντάρχης, ου,  $\delta$ , (πας, άρχή) ruler of all.

πάντ-αρχος, ω, (τᾶε, ἄρχω) all-ruling, absolute. παντάχη, Ion. παντακή, Adv. (τᾶε) of Place, ενετywhere: in every direction, ενετχ ωαχ. II. of Mannet, by all means, absolutely: in all respects.

παντάχόθον, Adv. (πῶ) from all places or sides. παντάχοι, Adv. (πῶ) in all directions, every way, ταντάχόσε, Adv. (πῶ) to all places, every way. παντάχοι, Adv. (πῶ) ευστρύδονε. wavrāgūs, Adv. (vās) in all weys.

wavrahīg, is, (vās, vihos) all-complete, all-perfect:

muire, absolute. 2. fully accomplished. 3. comprising all, the vabole, Lat. universus. II. act.

all-accomplishing. Hence
wavrelus Ion. - two, Adv., also wavrelds, completely, entirely, absolutely: outright.

πάντεσσι, Ep. for πασι, dat. pl. of παε.

man-rengla, \$, (mas, rengos) - man-ondia, complete armour; fin or in manrengla in full armour.

πάν-τοχνος, ον. (πῶε, τέχνη) assisting all the arts. πάντη Dor. παντά, Adv. (πῶε) ευετγυύμεν, οπ ενετγείde, ενετγ way. by all means; où πάντη not quite.

πάν-τίμος, αν, (παε, τίμη) all-bonourable.

παντό-γηρως, ων, gen. ω, (τūs, γῆρας) making all old, enfesbling all.

mavro-bāṇs, és, (mâs, \*báw) all-knowing. mavrobāmós, ἡ, ớr, (mâs) of every kind, of all sorts,

manifold. Adv. - must in all kinds of ways.

mavroley, Adv. (mus) from all quarters, from every

side, Lat. undique. πάντοθί, Adv. (πᾶε) everywbere.

παντοίοs, a, or, (παs) of all sorts or kinds, meanifold; παντοίοs γενέσθαι to take all shapes, i. e. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοίως, Adv. in every kind of way. παντο-κράτωρ, οροι, δ, (πᾶι, ερᾶτέω) all-mighty. παντ-ολίγοχρόνιος, ω, (πᾶι, δλιγοχρόνιοι) utterly

ebert-lived.
πάν-τολμος, ον, (πᾶς, τόλμα) all-daring, ebameless.
παντο-μίσης, ές, (πᾶς, μῦσος) all-bateful.
παντο-πάθης, ές, (πᾶς, παθείν) all-suffering.
παντο-πόρος, ον, (πᾶς, πόρος) all-inventing.

παντ-όπτας, Dot. for παντόπτης, ου, ό, (πᾶς, δψομας) all-tesing. πάντοσε, Adv. (πᾶι) in all ways, ευαγ way.

παντό-σεμνος, αν. (πᾶε, σεμνύε) all-reverend, αυχυκ.
πάντοτε, Αdv. at all times, always.
παντό-τολμος, ον. (πᾶε, τόλμα) all-daring.
παντ-ουργόε, όν. (πᾶε, Γργον) – πανοῦργοε.
παντο-φάγος, ον. (πᾶε, φαγεῦ) all-devouring.
παντό-φυρτος, ον. (πᾶε, φόρα) all-confused, com-

mingled.
This transfer of the state of the s

πάν-τροπος, or, (πας, τρεπω) utterly routes.
παν-τρόφος, or, (πας, τρέφω) all-nourisbing,
πάντως, Adv. (πας) ubolly, altogether: ob πάντως
in nousies, by no means, not at all, Lat. omnino
non.

II. in strong affirmation, at all sweets, et
any rate, at least: in answers, yes, by all means.
πάνθ, Adv. (πας) altogether: at all, in all, Lat.
omnino.
2. very, very much measulingly.
3.

omnino. 2. very, very much, enceedingly. 3. 8 whre with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough; of whre the orpariently the thorough soldiers, i.e. the veterans; 8 whre Hepithije the famous Pericles. II. in answers, yet by all means, our

tainly. [d]

was-unespoxos, or, (sas, unespoxos) eminent above is used like into, Lat. a or ab, by, with pass. Verbs to all\_

πάν-δπέρτατος, η, ον, (παε, epraros) uppermost; bigbest of all.

may-votátios, or, and may-iotátos, 7, or, (mas, Coraros) last of all.

mavehelpia, n, utter destruction, utter ruin. From πάν-άλεθρος, ον, (παε, όλεθρος, όλλυμι) utterly ruined, destroyed, undone. 2. in moral sense, ut-

II. act. all-destructive, all-

terly abandoned. ruinous.

πάν-ώλης, ee, (πάε, δλλυμι) utterly ruined, de-2. in moral sense, utterly abandoned. act. all-destructive.

mar writers, cooa, er, (râs, by) visible to all.

may-upos, ar, (mas, upa) in every season.

mak, Lat. pax! busb! still!

πάξαι, πάξαιμι, Dor. for πήξαι, πήξαιμι, 201. I inf.

and opt. of whyrups.

ΙΙΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ā]; 201. I ἐπασάμην: pf. wenāμαι, inf. wewâσθαι : Dep. :--to get, acquire, Lat. potior:—the pf. is also used as a pres., to possess, to bave in possession.

सर्वेजवा, Interj. of suffering, Lat. vas! ob! alas!

of surprise, ab!

manual, lengthd. for warai.

Hasalos, 6, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

wawawaka, an exclam. of surprise.

warmaζω, (πάππαε) to call papa, as a child: to coan or wheedle by calling papa.

HATHIAZ, ov, o, papa, childish pronunciation of πατήρ, as μάμμα, mamma, of μήτηρ.

wawwalas, ov, o, Dim. of wawwas, dear uttle papa. warmiblov, ró, = narrías. [1]

જ્યાના દિલ્લ - જવજાવં (લ.

IIA/IIIIOZ, ô, a grandfather.

TOWNES, a, or, (Tantos) of or for one's grandfather, appointed by bim.

πάπραξ, ance, δ, a fish found in the Thracian lake Prasia. (Foreign word.)

mantalvoica, Dor. for -vouca, part. fem. of

ΠΑΠΤΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἀνῶ; 20τ. Ι ἐπάπτηνα:—to look eautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly. II. c. acc. to look round for, look earnestly after.

manthree, sor. I part, of mantaire.

wantpos, d and h, the papyrus, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλοε) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

wap, poet. abbrev. for mapa. II. it is also used for mapa in sense of mapeoni.

HAPA' Ep. πάρ, παραί, Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.: Radical sense, beside:

I. WITH GENTY. from beside, from alongside of. whether of Place or Person: metaph. issuing, derived, proceeding from; παρ' ξαυτοῦ διδόναι to give from oneself, from one's own means. In Att. Prose, mapa

denote the agent, as, supá rures rupofiras to be struck by any one.

II. WITH DAT, by the side of, beside, alongside of, by, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons, Lat. apud and coram; wap' e pol, Lat. me judice, before me; wapd Aspeier specif before Darius as judge; map' lours at one's bome, Lat. apud so,

III. WITH ACCUS. I. of Place, running along, 2. of Motion to, to, towards, mostly of beside 3. going by, leaving on one side; wood persons. Ti)r Βαβυλώνα παριέναι to go past Babylon: metaph. going by, beyond or beside the mark; ward dirauw beyond one's strength: contrary to, against; wasd μούραν contrary to destiny; παρά δόξαν contrary to 4. beside, beyond, except; our tore mapa ταῦτ' άλλα besides this, there is nothing else; so, rupd έν πάλαισμα έδραμε νικάν 'Ολυμπιάδα he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize; ward mκρόν, παρ' δλίγον within little, i. e. well-nigh, almost; παρά πολύ by much; παρά τοσούτον by so much; παρ' όσον by how much, Lat. quatenus;—so, παρά μικρον ήλθεν άποθανεῖν he came within a little of dying; παρά τοσούτον κινδύνου έλθειν to come within so great a nearness of danger, i. e. to escape danger by so little. 5. in comparison with; author map' cautor himself compared with himself; rap' obdér égre it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing; παρ' οὐδὲν ἡγεῖσθαι to consider as nothing: -also, wap' hutpar day as compared with day, day by day; παρά τὰ άλλα ζώα ώστερ θεοί οἱ άνθρωποι βιοτεύουσι men as compared with all other animals live like gods; παρά του αλhove movely to labour in comparison of all the rest, II. of Time, during; i. e. more than the rest. παρά τὸν πόλεμον in the course of the war.

Ilapa may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written waos: so also when it stands for whoειμι οτ πάρεστι.

Hapá absol., As ADV., near, together, at once.

In Compos., wapá retains its chief usages as I. alongside of, beside, as in wapa-kerpas, Ртер., II. from one to another, as in mapaтар-ЕСоран. δίδωμι, παρ-έχω. III. passing by, as in wap-toxoμαι, παρ-οίχομαι. 2. metaph. swerving aside, i.e. amiss, wrong, as in παρα-βαίνω, παρ-ακούω: also. contrary to, against, as in wap-alouse.

alteration or change, as in παρά-φημι, παρα-πείθω. παραβάθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παραβαίνω,

παρα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα, part. -βεβών Ερ. παρβεβαών: 20τ. 2 παρέβην:-to go by or by the side of: to stand beside, c. dat. pass beside or beyond, i.e. to overstep, transgress; & παραβάε the transgressor:—Pass., with aor. I πάρεβάθην [ἄ], pf. παρα-βέβασμαι, to be transgressed ot offended against, III. to pass over, omit: to let pass, let slip: οθ με παρέβα it escaped me not. IV. in Comedy, παραβαίνειν έε or πρόε το θέατρον to step forward to address the spectators.

παρά-βακτροε, ον, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff. as

of a staff.

παρά-Βακχου, ον, (παρά, Βάκχου) like a Bacchanal. παρα-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: 2 οτ. 2 παρέβάλον: pf. -βέβληκα:—Pass., aor. I -εβλήθην: pf. -βέβλημαι: to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, Lat. objicere, projecere: to bold out as a bait: also to object or east in one's teeth, Lat. objicere. to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, bazard, stake: - Med. to expose oneself to danger; εμήν ψυχήν παραβαλλόμενος πολεμίζειν setting my life upon a cast in war; so, παραβάλλεσθαι τα τέκνα to stake one's own children. side by side, so as to compare one with another:-Med., παραβαλλόμενοι wying with one another: Pass., άπάτα δ' ἀπάταιε παραβαλλομένα one piece of treachery set against another. III. so bring to the side of : esp. in Med., ταραβάλλεσθαι την δικατον to bring the boat alonguide; and absol. in sor. 2 imperat. παραβαλού, put to land. IV. to throw ος turn sidenoays; δμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye askance: παραβάλλειν τὸ ὀφθαλμὸ to cast both eyes V. to deposit with one, sideways, i. e. to squint. entrust to him. VL to deceive, betray. VII. intr. in Act. to come near, approach. 2. to pass over by sea, like Lat. trajicio.

παραβάs, âσα, år, sor. 2 pert. of παραβαίνω. παράβασιε Ερ. παραίβασιε, εων, ή, (παραβαίνω) an overstepping, transgression. II. the barabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.

παραβάτης [ἄ], ου, ό, (ταραβαινω) one woo stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside II. a transgressor, in poet, form the charioteer. παρβάτη».

παραβάτός poët. παρβατος, η, ον, (παραβαίνω) transgressed. II. to be gone beyond, sur-

παραβίβάσμαι, pt. pass. of παραβαίνω.

wapaBiBaota, pf. inf. pass. of wapaBabres. wapaBijvas, 201. 2 inf. of wapaBalvas.

παρα-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep.:--to do a thing by force contrary to law. 2. to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.

παρα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look aside or askance, take a side look; παραβλέπειν θατέρφ to wink with one

eye. 2. to see wrong.

παραβλήδην, Adv. (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παραβλήδην άγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, I.e. maliciously, invidiously.

παράβλημα, ατος, τό, (παραβάλλω) something bung beside, a curtain or skreen used to cover the sides of ships.

παρα-βλώσκω: f. -μολούμαι: 201. 2 παρεμολον: γ. παραμέμβλωκα Εp. παρμέμβλωκα;—to go beside. T the purpose of aiding or protecting.

παραβλητίος, α, ον, and παραβλητός, ή, όν, rerb. Adj. of παραβάλλω, comparable.

παραβλώψ, ώποι, δ, ή, (παραβλέπω) looking sideways or askance, squinting.

παρα-βοάω, f. –βοήσομαι, to call or cry out to. wapa-βοηθέω, f. ήσω, to come to belp anothe;: absol. come to the rescue.

παραβολεύομαι, Dep. (παράβολοι), to expose σεself to danger, run bazard.

παραβολή, ή, (παραβάλλω II) a placing beside, co...parison: illustration, parable.

παράβολος, ον. (παραβάλλομαι) staking, risking: bazarding: of persons, venturesome, reckless of things, bazardous, perilous.

παρα-βουλεύομαι, Dep. to shew astregard. παράβυστος, ον, (παραβύω) stuffed in. mapa-βύω, f. σω, to stuff in, insert. [9] παραγαγείν, εστ. 2 inf. of παράγω.

mapayyehla, h, a command issued to soldiers: the word of command. 2. the summoning one's parti-3. instruction, doctrine. From

**Φαρ-αγγέλλω,** f. -αγγελώ: sor. I παρηγγειλα: p.. παρήγγελικα: pass. παρήγγελμαι:—to pass an announcement from one to another. IL as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, Lat. imperium per manus tradere:also to give the word of command, give orders:-2. generally, to recommend, charge, exhort. 3. c. acc. rei, to order; παραγγέλλειν σιτία to order provisions, like Lat. imperare frumentum: rd wapayγελλόμεν orders given. Ill. also to encourage, cheer on IV. to summon to one's belp, to summon one's partisans of clients. Hence

παράγγελμα, ατος, τό, απ announcement passed from one to another. II. an order, word of com-

III. instruction.

παράγγελουε, ή, (παραγγέλω, απ αππουπείπς. in war, a giving orders, giving the word of command. παρα-γεύω, f. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:-Med. to taste slightly of a thing.

παρα-γηράω, f. άσομαι, to be the worse for our age. mapa-ylyvopa later -ylvopa [1]: fut. -yerhoμαι: 20τ. 2 παρεγενόμην:—to be at band, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support, things, to be at band, to come, bappen, belong to. to come to, arrive at: absol. to arrive at one's desti-2. to come to maturity.

παρα-γιγνώσκω later -γίνώσκω: fut. -γνωσομα: 201. 2 sapéyvos :- to decide beside the right, i.e. to

decide unfairly, err in one's judgment.

παρ-αγκάλισμα, ατοε, τό, (παρά, άγραλη) that which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace. παρ-αγκωνίζομαι, Dep. (παρά, άγκών) to push aside with the elbows, elbow.

mapayvous, mapayvolval, sor. 2 pest and inc. of παραγιγεώσκω.

παράγραμμα, ατοι, τό, (ποραγραφω; that milital one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.

wapayphish, 4, (suparada's) any thing written beside, a marginal note.

II. an enception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφή).

wag α-γράφω, f. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin, annen a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf. pass. waper/έγραμμαι, to bave a thing written by the side: to bave a person registered 2. παραγράφων μερφήν to take an enception to an indictment (γραφή); absol., παραγράφειδαι to demur: cf. παραγραφή.

Tipa-yuuvbe, f. bow, to lay bare at the side: metanh.

to lay open, disclose.

wap-aya, f. fee: acc. 2 shyayov:—to lead occas, to lead by or past.

2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into time.

II. to lead exide from the way, lead away: absol. to mislead, decrive: generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense

2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert.

III. to bring beside or in front, to bring in stealthily.

V. intrans. to pass by, pass on one's way: pass away.

Hence

mapdywyth, the a leading by or past, carrying arross.
2. of soldiers, a subseling from column into line.
3. a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash (nirvhos) in coming out of the water.
11. a leading aside or away, misleading: a fallasy, quibble.

111. an alteration, change, variety.

- παρα-δακρόω, f. όσω [8], to weep beside or along with. - παρα-δαρθάνω, f. - δαρθήσομαι: 201. 2 παρέδαρθον Ερ. παρέδράθον, inf. παραδραθέων :-- to sleep beside ot

by.

maphbayua, rb, (mapabeluruju) a pattern, model,
plan, Lat. ememplar: a copy, representation.
2. a
precedent, enample; but mapabelyjuaros by way of
enample; also en enample, leson, warning.
2. an illustration, proof from enample. Hence

παρα-δειγμάτίζω, f. σω, to make an example of,

make a show of, put to sham

παραδαγμάτιοδης, es, (παράδαγμα, eldos) like an

enample.

mapa-Belavija and -bu: f. -belfu: --to abou by the side of: to subthit, bring forward.

2. to represent as so and so, to represent, positivay.

3. to band over or assign mone.

mapa-Berrriouas, Dep. (mapa, Beliror) to go withmut one's dinner.

mapédeuros, 8, a park or pleasure-grounds; an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

- σερα-δέχομαι Ion, -δέκομαι: f. -δέρομαι: pf. - δέδογμαι: Dep.: -- to take or receive from another, so have by right of succession, as hereditary. s. c. safe. to take upon oneself or engage to do. 3. to admit, let in: hence to admit, allow.

Tapa-Baldus, f. bous, to disclose by a side ben. Tapa-Bidnovius f. hou, to attend and serve. Tapa-Biarpiffs, f. uncless disputation. waps. 818 ups. f. - 36 ow, to give or band over, Lat. tradere: to commit, consign. 2. to give into another's bands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender: to band over to justice: also to betray. 3. to band down, transmit to posterity. II. to grant, bestow, offer: c. inf. to grant, allow, consede.

παραδοθή, βε, β, 201. I pass. subj. of παραδίδωμε. παραδοξο-λογία, ή, (παράδοξοε, λόγοε) a strange

story, marvel.

mapá-Bofos, or, (mapá, Bófa) contrary to opinion, unempected, strange, marvellous. Adv. -fam.

maphboors, \$\psi\$, (mapables\mu) a banding down, bequeathing, transmission 2. a giving up, surrender.

2. the transmission or banding down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition:—also that which is banded down, a tradition.

mapaborios, a, or, or mapabories, ή, ir, verb. Adj of mapabibaμ, to be banded down, etc.:—neut, mapaborior or -δοτία (plur.) one must give up.

wapadovs, aor. 2 part. of wapadidous,

mapabox4, 4, (mapabéxopai) the act of receiving from another.

2. that which has been so received, a custome.

παραδράθείν Ερ. - έειν, 201. 2 inf. of παραδαρθάνω. παραδράμείν, 201. 2 inf. of παρατρέχω.

mapa-8pám Ep. mapa-8pám: fut. -8pásm:—to bi near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ή, (παραδραμεῖν) a running beside or by; he way, Lat. obiting απράδρομος, ον, (παραδραμεῖν) running beside. It that may be run through; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρα-δρώω, Ep. for παραδράω.

παραδύμεναι, Ep. for παραδύναι, sor. 2 inf. of παραδύν.

rapa-Bivacrebu, f. cm, (rapá, birácres, to govern or reign with one.

wapaboore, o, a slinking in beside. From

παρα-δόομαι, Med., with sor. 2 set. παρέδον, inf παραδύναι Ep. παραδόμεναι :—to creep or slink past 2. to creep in underband, slink or steal in, παραδωσεία, Desiderat, of παραδίδωμε to be dis

posed or ready to deliver up.

map-delbu, f. sw, to sing beside or to one. map-delpu coutr. mapalpu (mapá, delpu coutr. aspu)

to lift up and set beside: — Pass, to bang on one side Ep. 201, 1 pass, παρηέρθην Att, παρδέρθην.

wapa-feiryrum and -um, f. -feifen, to yoke beside couple: to set beside: - Pass, to be joined side by side... coupled together.

wape-lahou, f. wou, to provoke to jeacousy.

wape-lawrum and -bu, f. -law, to gird to the side, bang to the girdle.

παρα-θάλασσίδιος Att. --ττίδιος, ον, - ταραθαλάσσιος.

παρα-θέλλαστος Att. -ττιος, α, οτ, απο σε, στ (παρά, θέλαστα) beside the sea, lying on the seaude.

3 6

mapa bahmu, f. pa, to cherish, comfort.
mapa baporina luict -bappina, to embolden. cheer
on, inspire with confidence.

wapalster, 3 pl. 20r. 2 opt. of wapariθημι. wapalste, wapalses, 20r. 2 part. and imperat. of su-

mapabele, mapábes, not. s part. and imperat. ot su paribημ. mapa-biλγm, f. fee, to enfim, assuage, sooibe.

παρα-θερμαίνω, to beat or inflame to encess.
παράθεσια, εωα, ή, (παρατίθημι) a putting beside,
juntaposition, comparison. II. suggestion, advice:
παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run beside II. to
run to one side of, deviate from. III. to run

παρα-θήγω, f., f.ω, to what or charpen upon : metaph.
 to encourage.
 παραθήκη, ή, (παρατίθημι) anything ledged with

one, a deposit: of persons, a bostage.

mapathoopias, fut. med. of mapatithus.

πάραί, poèt. for παρά. παραιβάσίη, ή, poèt. for παραβασία, transgrassion. παραιβάτδα, παραιβάτης, poèt. for παραβ...

παραίβολος, or, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the sway, ensuring, malicious: soo παραβλήθην.

wap-authorse, f. fm, so stir up, kindle. II. intr. of words, so fall from one by chance.

mapalveous, 1, (mapairles) advice, counsel.

Tag-arthu, f. -low or -loopar: nor. I raphreva: pf. raphreva: Pass., nor. I raphreva: pf. raphreva: - to advise, recommend, counsel.

παραιστεθθησιν, παραιστευθούσα, Ερ. for σαραπίθη, σαραστεθούσα, 3 sing. sor. 2 subj., and part. fem. sor. 2 of σαραστέθου.

rapolyeave, \$, a taking away from beside, a withdrawing of, eartailing. From

rap-asples, f. how: a or. 2 rapellor: pf. raphpyra: Pass, a or. 1 raphpylen: pf. raphpy μα: —to take away from beside. 2. to draw aside on one, to divert to; rapasple dodr els railes to draw aside the curse on thy son. II. Med. to draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach. 2. generally, to take away from: also to lessen, damp. Hence

rapalphua, aros, to, that which is taken off from the side, the selvage of cloth: generally, a hand, utrip. rap-alpu, contr. for post rap-aslow.

συρ-κισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to bear of by the way.

rap-aloros, or, (raph, aloros) of ill omen, aminous, partentous.

wap-alores, t. for: Ep. sor. I waphifa:—to dart past.

wap-auteopas, f. -ήσομα: pf. ταρήτημα: Dep. —
10 beg of or from another: . . c. acc. rel, to obtain
14 prayer or entreaty. 2. C. acc. pers. to move by
15 entreaty obtain leave from: also to intercede with, beg

earnestly. 3. to entreat one to do. II. like
Let. depresari, to avert by entreaty, beg off.

Hence
mapolityre, \$\, \text{an obtaining by prayer: earnest}\$

supplication. II. a depresating. III. an
interesting for begging off.

wap airror. or, also a. or, (rapa, airia' being an part the cause ' accessory to.

παραι-φάμενος, η, or, Ep. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παράφημι, emborring, encouraging. παραί-φάσιε, ή, post. for παράφασιε, (παράφημι) encouragement, persuation: also, a beguiling.

wapau-φρονέω, post. for rapaφρονέω. wap-auspie, f. ήσω, to bang up boilds:—Pass. #

be bung or bang beside.
παρακάββαλε, Ερ. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing. sor.

2 ος παρακαταβάλλοι. παρακαθεζέσθαι, 201. 2 int. med. of παρακαθίζοι. παρα-κάθημαι, inf. –καθήσθαι, Dep. to sit beside on

near,
maga-nable, f. -mabilitum Att. -mabib, to set beside or near.
II. Med., fut. -mabeboüpau: non.
2 -emabelõupu: slio nor. I kaabistupu :--to sit domm

veside. Tapa-kabingu, f. —kabhow, to let down by the vide:

so also in Med. rapa-scollepas.

rapa-scollorram, f. -scarcorram, to put, place, est down beside or sear.

II. in Med. and int. tenses of Act., act. 2 -scarlorram, pf. -scallorram, to stand beside or near.

mapa-nalpros and mapá-narpos, or, (mapá, narpros) untimely, ill-timed, unreastinable.

rapa-cale, f. –navou, to light, hindle, burn beside

or near mapa-nakko, f. -nako inter-naktow: pf. -ninyma, pass. -ninyma: -to-call to one, i. e., I. to call to aid, send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: to call as witness, to invoke the gods: to invite.

II. to call to, cheer on, encourage, exhort: to excite.

to demand, require.
παρακάλυμμα, τό, α covering: metaph. a cloak,

veil. From wapa-ndliverus, f. va, to cover by banging some-

thing beside, to veil, cloak, disguise.

παρα-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλω: Ep. aot. 2 παρακάββαλον for παρακατίβαλον:—to throw or put down beside; παραβάλλων ζώνην τυτ to put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one. M. as law-term, to make a deposit, pay a sum into court. Hence

mapakarafoldh, h, money deposited in suits sor recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of filling. Let accompany

failure, Let. sacramentum.
παρακαταθήκη, ή, (παρακατατίθημι) απγίλιης

lodged in one's bands, esp. a deposit, truss:παρα-καταθνήσκω, f. -καταθανούμαι: sot. 2 -κατίθανον Εp. -κάτθανον:---to die beside oc near.

στορο-κοντάκτομοι, inf. - πανακείσθαι, Pass. to lie beside or near, csp. to sit by at meals, Lat. junta accumbers. στορο-καντακλίνω, f. δνώ, to lay down beside.

wapa-startaλέγομαι, f. foμαι, Pass. to lis down be j one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocarus. side, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. 201. 2 supertilento. mapa-warahelmu, f. you, to leave behind in one's bands.

Tapa-Ratatifyvulu, f. - natatifies, to fix or drive in alongvide.

rapa-mararibym, f. -marabhow, to deposit or lodge is a person's bands: -- Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust entrust to his keeping. TEPA-Kartye, f. - mable w, to keep back, restrain. Tapa-katoukile, f. ou, to make to dwell beside:-Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρα-καττύω, Att. for παρα-κασσύω, to will on or to: -metaph, in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-καμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. sapemiomero: Pasa. :-- to lie bezide, near or before: generally, to be ready, lie close at band: metaph, to be presented or proposed to one; the napased pera things before one of present.

παρακέλευμα, ματοι, τό, - παρακέλευσμα.

rapa-redevoya, Med. to embart, advise, recom-II. to embort, encourage, cheer mend, prescribe. on by shouting: 3 sing. plaps. παρακεκέλευστο is used . in pass, sense, orders bad been given. Hence

mapanehevors, h, a calling out to, cheering on. παρακέλουσμα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) απ επbortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, δ, - παρακέλευσιο.

πάρακελευστός, ή, όν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, mmm med.

mapa-kehntile, f. ou, to ride by or past.

mapamyovevous, h, a desperate venture. From mapa-nuvouveju, f. ou, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or bazard a thing; c, inf. to bave the bardibood to do; absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the bazard: in Pass., Éxos rapanentedovenuéros a bardy, venturous phrase. rapa-unite, f. how, trans. to move aside: to excite. disturb violently, Lat, commovere. II. intr. to shift 2. to be impassioned: to be one's ground, alter. distraught, mad. 3. to raise troubles or commotions.

mapa-ide, to pass by.

**παρα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσούμαι:--**to meet beside or at.

wapa-khelo Ion. -khyw, to bar or shut out. wapa-khirre, f. ya, to etcal from the side or in passing, fileh under band.

mapakanthrough, fut. pass. of mapakaales.

wapa-khyle, Ion. for wapakheles.

παράκλησιε, ή, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, summons to assist. 2. a calling upon, imploring. embortation, encouragement.

TROCKATTOR, a. OF . - TROCKATTOR: DEUL. TROCKAT-Técr, one must call on.

παρακλητικός, ή, όν, (παρακαλεω) of or for exborting, bortatory. παρακλητος, or, yeth Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to παρακρεμάστιε, 201. I part. of παρακρεμάντυμ.

as Subst., wapakhnros, b, an advocate. 2. generally, a belper; hence in N. T., δ Παράκλητου the Helper, Comforter.

παρακλίδον, Adv. (παρακλίνω) bending sideways, turning aside, averting.

παρακλίντωρ, ορος, δ, - παρακλίτης From mapa-khive [1], f. -khivû, to turn or bend aside; παρακλίνειν την θύραν to set the gate ajar. metaph. to make to everve, distort; άλλη παρακλίrovos dimas they turn righteous judgments aside. Pass. and Med., act. 2 wapen\longraphe [i]: pf. wapandκλίμαι: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals, Lat, junta accumbere. III. intr. in Act., to turn avide, slip away, escape. Hence

παρακλίτης, ου, δ, one subo lies beside at meals. [1] wapa-κλύω, to bear beside or amiss: to bear wrong. map-akuale, f. dow, to be past the prime: to be

faded, withered

wapa-kode, lon. for rapa-roles.

παράκοή, ή, (παρακούω) bearing amiss: unwillingness to bear, disobedience.

παρα-κοινάομαι, Med. (παρά, κοινόε) to take sounsel with another, Lat. communicare.

mapa-koltys, ov, b, (mapa, akoltys) one who eleeps beside, a bedfellose, busband.

map-anouris, tos, g', acc. ir: Ep. dat. mapanoiri: (παρά, δκοιτιε) a wife, consort.

map-anohoroles, f. how, to follow close or bard upon one: to attend studiously: of rules, to bold good II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, tbrougbout. to understand.

παρακομίδή, ή, (παρακομίζω) a carrying across, transporting, conveying II. (from Pass.) a going or sailing aeross.

παρα-κομίζω, f. low Att. ιω: to carry beside or along with, escort: earry across: generally to carry or convey: - Med. to bave a thing brought one:-Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρ-ακονάω, f. ήσω, to sbarten or whet besides. παρ-ακοντίζω, f. low, to throw the dart with others. παρακοπή, ή, (παρακόπτω) a striking falsely, a coining falsely: metaph, mudness, frenzy

παράκοπος, ον, (παρακόπτω) struck falsely, counterfeit: metaph. deranged, mad.

пара-копти, f. ψω, to strike amiss, esp. of money, to forge, counterfeit; ανδράρια παρακεκομμένα (pl. pass. part.) men of a false stamp. IL Med. to cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen.: absol. to cheat: -Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad, derange, distract.

παρ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι, (παρά, ἀκούω) to bear beside or by the way, to bear talk of. or learn underband. III. to bear wrong, misunderstand.

παρα-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω Att. -κρεμώ:--to let bang on the side.

wapa-κρίνω [1], f. -κρίνω: sor. I wapiκρίνα: pf. wapaκiκρίκα: Pass., sor. I wapeκρίθην [1]: pf. wapaκiκρίμα:—to separate and place beside:—Pass, to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

drawn up along, extend over a space.

mapa-kportus, f. hou, to pat, touch on the side.

#πράπρουσνε, ή, (παραπρούω) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error.

II. a ebeating, fraud

mapa-npous, f. ew: pf. mapaninpousa: Pass., 201. I mapaninpous pr. pf. mapaninpous pas:—to strike beside, cap. to strike a wrong note in music.

II. to lead aside, mislead, decrive.

παρα-κτάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παρακέκτημαι, to have over and above. παρ-ακτίδιος, or, and παρ-άκτιος, a, or, (παρά, ἀκτή) on the seaside, on the shore.

wapa-winter, f. \(\psi\): 201. I saplevifa:—60 stoop aside, put one's bead on one side affectedly.
2. generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at.
3. to leas forward and peep out of a door, window, etc.: also to peep in.

παρακωχή, see παροκωχή.

woo-λαμβάνω: f. -λήγομαι Ion: -λάμφομαι: aor.
2 -ίλαβον, inf. -λαβεῦν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι:
-to receive from another, to succeed to an office or
to property.
2. to take possession of, to take in
pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly.
3. to
take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness.
II. to receive or entertain as
a friend, to invite.
III. to receive by bearray or
tradition, to learn, bear, Lat. aecipere.
IV. to
wait for, intercept, Lat. escipere.

wapa-λέγω, f. fω, to put, lay beside or near:—Med., f. -λέγομα: 201. I παρελεξάμην: 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 παρελεπτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside.

II. παραλέγεσθαι γῆν to sail by or along the land, to coast along.

παραλεπτέου, verb. Adv. one must omit. From παρα-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave remaining.

2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, pass by, Lat. praetermittere.

3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

rap-aleide, 1. yes, to smear with ointment.

παραλίλυμαι, pf. pass. of παραλύω.

παρα-λεύσσω, – ταροράω.

παραληπτίον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

' παραληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.

wapa-hypia, I. how, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare.

παραληφθήσομαι, παραλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παράληψιε, eus, ή, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession.

wapëlia (mb.  $\chi$ dpa),  $\phi$ , the sea-scart, scartland. From

map-alice, or, also a, or, (maps, the) by the sea, on the sea abore.

wapaλλăγh, ἡ, (wasaλλάσσω) a passing from band to band, transfer.

II. alternation: change, variation.

παράλλαγμα, ματοε, τό, (σαραλλάσσω) an exchange, παραλλάξ, Adv. (σαραλλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

wap-aλλάσσω Att. -ττω: t. fw: 20τ. I σαρηλλαfa:

Pass., 20τ. I -ηλλάχθην: 20τ. 2 -ηλλάγην [ĕ]: pf.
-ήλλαγμαι:—to make things alternate. 2. to ebangs
or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. 3.
of Place, to pass by or beyond. It. intr. to pass
by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the
path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.
wap-άλληλος, ον, (παρά, άλληλοι) beside one am-

other, side by side, parallel.

wapa-koyllopan, I loopan, Dep. to recton wrong,
misrechon, miscalculate.

2. to reason falsely.

It cheat by false reasoning.

Hence

παραλογισμός, δ, false reckoning: a fallacy.

wapá-λογου, ev. (wapá, λόγου) beyond ealeulation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρά-λογος, δ, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculatio.

wap-lλoz, or, (rapá, åλε) by or near the sea, newel, maritime.

II. el Πάραλοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παραλία); opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers.

2. the error of the ship Paralos.

III. † Πάραλοε (sub. ruñe or τριήρηε), the Paralos, one of the Athenian stategalleys, reserved for religious missions, embassics, etc.; the other was called Σαλαμνία

παρα-λύπέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, λυπέω) to greeve away with something class of παραλυπούντες, the refractory. παραλύτικος, ή, όν, (παραλύω) affected with paley, paralytic.

wapa-λύω, f. -λύωω [V]: acr. I παρέλδσα: pf. -λίλδμα: Pass., acr. I παρελύθην [V]: pf. -λάλδμα: --το loose from the side, loose and take of, detach from. 2. to separate, part from: --Pass. so be parted from. 3, to release or set free from: --Pass. to be enempt from a thing.

4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. 5 to undo, put an end to. II. to relan at the mide: --Pass. disabled on one side, to be palsied; pf. part. παραλελυμένοs, like παραλυνικόs, palsied, paralysis: generally, to be enfeebled or enhanced, to flag.

wap-dμε(βω, f. ψω: act. I waph people: (waph, desibe):—to change or alter a little.

2. to leave on one side, pass by: hence to enseed, ensed.

U. Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrum.

2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of.

3. of Time, m pass, go by.

4. to change for oneself.

3. to lead aside from the road.

ταρ-άμελίω, pl. -ημέληπα: Ioo. 3 sing, plaps. τορημελήπες: (ταρά, άμελίω);—so pan by and disrogard, pay no bood to. mapanthromas, pt. of mapantiprhonomas.

rapo-ulves, f. - perû: act. 1 rapépeira: - to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand one's ground, stand fast 2. to stay at a place, stay behind 3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.

παρ-άμερος, ον, Dor. for παρήμερος. [d]

wapa-perpies, f. how, to measure one thing by another, to compare.

II. to measure out.

παρ-duevo. Dot. = παραμείβω: — Med., παραμεύεσθαί τινου μορφή το surpass one in beauty.

παρα-μπρίδιος, or, (παρά, μηρύε) at the side of or elong the thighs: τὰ παραμηρίδια armour for the thighs, cuisses.

παρα-μίγνυμι and -be Ion. -μίσγε: f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμιγμα: -- to mingle, intermin with, τυί

TI. 2. to min in, add by mining.

παρ-άμιλλος, or, (παρά, ἄμιλλα) vying or racing with. παρα-μιμνήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι: pf. -μέμνημαι: Dep.: -to mention besides or by the way, to make nuention of one thing along with another.

παρα-μίμνω, poët, for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay.

παρα-μνάομαι, lon. for παραμιμοτήσκομαι.

παραμολείν, 201. 2 inf. of παραβλώσκω.

wapaubvupos, or, also n, or, (rapautre) abiding by, lasting, usadfast, faithful. Neut. rapulrupor, as Adv., steadfastly.

wapá-povos poët. máppovos, or, (rapapéro) lasting. mapá-povos, or, (rapá, Moûva) averse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence barsh, borrid.

παρ-αμπόχω οτ -αμπίσχω: f. παραμφέξω: 201. 2 παρήμπισχον: (παρά, άμπέχω):—to cover with a cloak of robe; hence to cloak or disguise.

παρα-μύθθομαι, f. - ήσομαι: not. I - εμύθησάμην:
Dep.: — to address with socibing or eberring words:

concourage, exbort, advise.

2. to console, appease.

Hence

παραμύθια, ή, encouragement: also persuanon.
παραμύθιον, τό, (ταραμυθίομαι) an address, encouragement.
παραμύθιον 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement.
παραμύθιος 1. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or

macer.

παρ-αναγιγνώσκω later -αναγίνώσκω: f. -αναγνώνσομαι: (ταρά, drαγιγνώσκω):--to read beside or mear: to read side by side, compare, collate.

mapa-vaverace, to dwell beside or near.

Tap waλίσκω, f -araλωσω, to spend beside or arress, to waste, lavisb.

# ap-avariλλω, to arise beside or near.

- apa-viu, f. - νεύσομαι and - νευσοῦμαι, (ταρά, νίω ο szorm) to swim beside or by.

The article of the state of th

Jacos the shore.

mapa-vinden, f. how, to corrupt by conquest. mapa-viorouas, Dep. - masariouss, to tass beside

map-avlorge, to raise up beside or in answer. II. intr. to stand forth beside.

mapa-volus, f. how, to think amiss or wrongly. II. to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence

παράνοιδ, ή, derangement, madness, folly. παρ-ανοίγνυμι and -ανοίγω: f. -ανοίξω, (παρά,

άνοίγω) to open at the side or a little.

παρα-νομέω: impf. παρενόμουν: 201. Ι παρανόμησα:

pf. σαραν ενόμηκα: Pass., αοτ. σαρενομήθην: pf. σαρανενόμημα: (σαράνομοε):—to transgress the law, ast illegally. 2. to commit an outrage: c. scc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one; so in Pass., to be illused, maltreated. Hence

παρανόμημα, ατοε, τό, an illegal act, transgression.
παρανομία, ἡ, (παρανομέω) transgression of law,
babitual law-breaking.

παρά-νομος, ον, (ταρά, νομος) contrary to tau and custom, unlauful, illegal: generally, laudess, unjust, violent.

Il. as Att. law-terms, παράνομα γράφειν to propose unconstitutional measures; but, παρανέμων γράφεσθαί τινα to indict one for proposing unconstitutional measures.

mapá-voos, or, contr. mapá-vous, our, (mapá, róos) distraught, frenzied.

πάρ-αντά, Adv. (παρά, drilos) sideways, sidewards.
παρ-αντίλλω, poët, for παρανατίλλω.

παρά-νυμφος, ή, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bridegroom.

mapa-vérre Att. -- re, f. fa, to prick beside: metaph. to prick on or stimulate to do a thing.

mapa-fevor, or, with a false claim to friendship or bospitality: generally, false, spurious.

mapa-flo, f. low, to scrape beside: to graze in passing.

παρ-αξόνιος, ον, (παρά, άξων) beside or near the anles παραξόνια, τά, 2s Subst. rapid whirlings.

παρα-ξύω, f.-foau[0], to shave at the side: metaph. to graze, keep close beside.

mapa-malo, f. -mathon, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from, Lat. encidere; mapamaleur provide to wander from one's sensen, lose one's wits.

παρα-πάλλω, to burl beside: - Med. to vault or bound aside.

স্বাকৃত্ৰ-স্বায়্য. Adv., for supd স্বাহ্ন, on the subole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ইন্য তান্তৰ্ভাৱ্য কৰি স্বাকৃত্ৰ-স্বায়্য up to two hundred altogether, on the average. স্বায়্য-উন্সাধীক, f. ήσω, to mislead, eajole.

παρα-πείθω, f. -πείσω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. in 3 sing. παραιπετίθησι; part. παρπετιθών, παραιπετίθουα, παραιπετίθοντε,

wasa-wasasuas, f. agopas [a], Dep. to make trial of. παρα-πέμπω, f. ψω: sor. I παρέπεμψα:- to send by or beyond, make to pass through: of sound, to send or echo back. 2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along. 3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships. Il. to send besides or III. metaph, to let pass take no beed in addition. of, Lat. praetermitter

mapawerwy, 201. 2 part. of mapawinter.

wapa-witapan, - wapawitopan.

wapa-nerávvoju and -ow, f. -nerásw: pf. -neréras pat :- to stretch a curtain before. Hence

before, a curtain, veil.

**чара-петона:** f. -жетроона, syncop. -жтроона: Dep.: - to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παρα-πήγνθμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix or plant beside or near :- Pass., with pf. med. - remya, to be And or planted beside.

παρα-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c. acc. to overleap, transgress.

wapa-wukpaive, to embitter, provoke. Hence **παραπικρασμός**, δ, provocation: contumacy.

παρα-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to kindle, burn beside

or near:-Pass. to be inflamed.

παρα-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 - έπεσον: pf. -πέ-TTUKA:—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way. fall in with: -of things, to befal, bappen, offer u-III. to fall aside: hence to mistake, err.

wapawλάγξας, sor. I part. of παραπλάζω.

παρα-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω: 20τ. Ι παρέπλαγξα: Pass... aor. I παρεπλάγχθην:—to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course; -Pass to wander, go astray, wander oway from.

metaph. to mislead: - Pass, to be misled, err, be wrong. mapa-mheupibia, rá, (mapá, mheupá) covers for the

sides of war-borses.

- παρα-πλίω Ion. -πλίω: f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσούμαι: 3 sing. Ep. 20τ. 2 παρέπλω (as if from a Verb in -m):-to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail along a coast: to sail past.

παραπλήγας, acu. pl. of σαραπλήξ.

παράπληκτος, ον, (παραπλήσσω) stricken aside:

metaph. fronzy-atricken.

παραπλήξ, ήγοι, δ, ή, (παραπλήσσω) atruck sideways; ήιόνεε παραπλήγεε a shelving beach, on which the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff). metaph. = παράπληκτος, mad.

παρα-πλήσιος, ον, also α, σν, (παρά, πλησίοε) coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal :- Sup. - wrates .- Neut. wapaπλήσιον, παραπλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv. mapandyolom, mearly, almost; mapandyolom dyoni-(coon to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παρα-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. fw, to strike on the side: -Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, deranged, frenzied.

παραπλόμενος, η, ον, coming to a place, Ευ. syncop. part. from an obsol. pres. παραπέλομαι.

παράπλοος contr. -πλους, δ, (παραπλέω) a sailing 2. a passage over the sea, Lat. trajectus.

παρα-πλώω, ion. for παραπλέω.

παρέπλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, as if from a Verb in -pu. napanveúsas, nor. I part. of napanvée. παρα-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blose beside or by the

side, to escape by the side.

παρα-πόδιος, ροδί, παρπόδιος, ον, (παρά, πούε) αί the feet, close by, present.

παρα-ποιέω, f. how, to make falsely : - Med. to make Tapanéraoua, aros, tó, that which is spread out falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely

> παρ-απόλλυμι, f. - απολέσω Att. - απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside:-Pass., with fut. med. -arolovpac, pf., -απόλωλα, plaps. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near. παραπομπή, ή, (παραπέμπω) α convoying, frosur-II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions. mapa-movines, or, (mapa, mirros) by the sea.

пара-поречоная, Pass. to go beside or past.

παρα-ποτάμιος, α, ον. (παρά, ποταμίε) beside ce near a river, situated or dwelling on a river; of waparotamos people who live on a river.

пара-прассы Att. -пратты Ion. -приссы, f. fa. to do beside or beyond the main purp se. IL & do with another, join or belp in doing.

παραπρεσβεία, ή, a false or disbonest embassage. From

παρα-πρεσβεύω, Act. and Med. to execute an embassy faitblessly or disbonestly.

παράπρισμα, ατος, τό, that which falls of in saming, saw-dust. From

παρα-πρίω, f. -πριούμαι, to saw beside or gently. [] man-auto, f. to, to fasten beside, near or alongside -Pass., napantouéra xepol naira the our grasped by the hands : - Med. to touch beside or at the side. Tapatetoua, atos, tó, (Tapatittu) a fall beside:

metaph, a transgression. παρα-πύθια, τά, (ταρά, Πύθια) α sichness which prevented one from being victor at the Pythian game.

παρα-ραθύμέω, παρα-ραίνω, etc., ν. παραρρ... πάρ-άρος lon. πάρηρος, ον, like παρήορος, (παρά, deipo) deranged in mind.

manages, ov. Dor. and poet. for mappapes, distrangle. παρ-αρπάζω, fut. άσω, later άζω, to take group from the side, filch.

парар-рапты, фы, to we beside or along:-Pan. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παραρ-ρέω, Γ. -ρεύσομαι: pl. παρερρύηκα: sor. 2 h pass. form mapeppiny: (mapa, pies) .-- to flow beside. 2. C. dat., Tapappell Ture to with by or past, c. acc. II. to slip away, to slip from one's meoff it. III. to slip in unawares. mory.

mapap-phyruu, f. -phfo: sor. I maplepopta: (word, bhγνυμι):—to break at the side, esp. to break a line of battle :- Pass. of the line, to be broken. with pf. med. rapipparya, to break or burst our beside be from; supipporter woode which a vein bas burst out from his foot.

mapap-pητόε, ή, άν, (παρά, ρητοε) οι persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive.

παραρ-ρίγόω, (παρά, ρίγόω) to freeze beside or near. παραρ-ρίπτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing.

II. to throw aside or away, reject.

mapappusiny, sor. 2 opt. of mapappies.

παράρ-ρυθμός poët. παράρυθμός, σε (πασά, βυθμός) out of time or tune: discordant.

παράρρθμα, ατοε, τό, anything wrawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

wapap-pύσιντι Dep. (σαρά, ρύσμαι) so draw along the side.

παρ-αρτάω 101. - ω: f. ήσω: pf. pass. παρήρτημα: - to bang or attach alongside or upon. II. Ion. παραρτέομαι, 1. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, hold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρ-άρτημα, τό, anything banging at the side.
παρασάγγης, ου, δ, a parasang, the Persian farsang,
a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

wapa-varre, f. fw, to stuff or cram in beside.

παρά-σειρος, σε, (παρά, σειρά) fastened beside with a thong or cord; παράσειρος limbo a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (σειραφόρος), opp. to ζύγιος:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

mapa-relu, f. ou, to swing beside one.

mapa-orqualves, i. ava, to seal by the side:—Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

of a ship: properly neut. of παράσημος.

παρά-σημος, ου, (παρά, σήμα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. II. marked in any way, conspicuous.

mapastriu, f. hou, (mapastroe) to eat at another's sable, to be a parasite.

Il. to have a seat at the public table.

wapa-στικός, ή, όν, of or for a parasite or flateerer: ή παρασιτική (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a parazite. From

maph-otros, ov. (maph, ofros) eating at the table of amother: as Subst., maphorros, d, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

mapa-σuevale, f. σω: aor. 1 παρεσκεύασα: Pass., pf. παρεσκεύασμα: Ion. 3 pl. plapf. παρασκευάδατο:
—πο get ready, prepare: to bold ready; also to provide, furnish.
2. to make or render so and so. II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for coneself: absol. to make preparations.
2. to procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc. 2 to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring cover to one's party.

III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepared.
2. of things, to be got ready, prepared.

ie rapesneisoro when preparations had been made; rapesneuisaro role Budysi preparations had been made by the Greeks. Hence

mapastrevaspa, aros, to, anything got ready or

prepared.

wapao-κενή, ή, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: and or le παρασκενής, of set purpose, Lat. ex instituto; δι δλίγης παρασ-ενής with short practice, i. e. at short notice. 2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. II. that winch is prepared, furniture, garniture, ... at. apparatus: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παρα-σκηνέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's

tent beside or near.

mapa-σκήνια, τά, (παρά, σκητή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρα-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (παρά. σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to light or fall beside or near. παρα-σκορτώω, f. ήσω, to leap beside or near. παρα-σκοπέω, f. –σείψομαι, to look aside from, miss

the sense of.

παρα-σπάπτω, f. ψω, to jeer, jest beside on incirectly.

παρα-σπάπω, f. άσω [d], to wrest aside, distort:—

Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach

from a party.
παρ-ασπίζω, f. ίσω, (παρά, dσπίs) to bear a shield

beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence managements, oû, b, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

o seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

mapaomovõim, î. hom, to act contrarv to engagemuph-orquev, 76, a mark of distinction; the ensign ments: to break a treaty. From

maph-o-movdos, or. (maph, omorby) contrary to a compact or trents.

2. of persons, faitbless, for-sworn.

παραστάβόν, Adv. (παρίσταμαι) stepping beside going up to. II. standing beside or at the side. παραστάτη, παραστάτ, ασα, άν, αστ. 2 opt. and part. of παρίστημ.

παραστάε, άδοε, ή, (παρίσταμαι) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. παραστάδεε, al, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. vestibulum. See the shortened form παστάε.

παράστασι, εω, ή, (παρίστημι) a putting aside, banishing.

II. (παρίσταμαι) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παραστάτεω, f. ήσω, to stand by or near. From παραστάτηε, ov. δ. (παρίσταμαι) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flakk, as προστάτηε is one's front-rank-man, έπιστάτηε one's rear-rank-man: generally a comrade in battle. Hence

παρα-στάτζε, iδos, ή, a belper, assistant, ally.
παρα-στάτζε, 2 αρέστίχου, to go by, past or
beyond, pass by: pass into.

wapa-orthus, -orthoga, act. 2 and I inf. of suplornyu. \ fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, supжара-оторечици, f. -отореом Att. -оторы:--to stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside.

to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγράφόω, Γ. ήσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to break contract with.

παρα-συλλόγομαι, Pass. without Act, in use, to assemble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω [0], f. -συρώ, to drag or sweep away, burry along, as a flood. 2. sapariper ince to drag, force a word in.

παρα-σφάλλω, fut. -σφάλω: 201. Ι παρέσφηλα:-to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside. mapaoxe, -tru, sor. 2 imperat. of mapexes.

mapaoxebely, poet, sor, 2 inf. of mapexw.

παρασχείν Εp. παρασχέμεν, 201. 2 inf. of παρέχει. wapa-oxile. f. -oxiou, to rip up lengthwise. wapaoxóv, sor a part. neut. of wapixo, used absol,

see παρέχω IV. maparaties, to an arranging soldiers in order of

battle: an army in array; in maparafews in battlearray. From

mapa-rácrow Att. - Tru: f. fw: sor. I mapérafa: Pass., pf. waparéray μαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. wapaτετάχατο:-to post beside others, esp. in order of battle:-Med. to draw up one's men in order of battle:-Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in battle.

mapa-relyu, fut. -revu: sor. I mapereira: pf. mapaτέτακα: Pass., 201. Ι παρετάθην; pf. παρατέταμαι:-to stretch out along, beside or near: to stretch out in a line; raparely en rappor to draw a long trench. of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay. to stretch on the rack, torture: - Pass. of a corpse, to be laid along, lie dead; wollopula waparelyesbal to bold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch out, extend along, run along.

wapa-relyioua, aros, to, (sapa, reigl(w) a wall or fort built beside: a side or eross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, 201. Ι παρετεκτηνάμην: Med.: -to work into another form: generally, to fashion anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth, falsify.

mapa-τέμνω, f. -τεμώ poët. -τἄμῶ:-to cut off at the side, cut off.

παρατετάχατο, lon. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of παρατάσσω.

mapa-rapies, f. how, to watch closely or narrowly: to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησιε, ή, an observing closely, observation. παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. παρατιθεί, and 2 and 3 sing. impf. παρετίθειε, -ει (as if from παρατιθέω): fut. -θήσω: 201. Ι παρέθηκα: Med., 201. 2 παρεθέμην: Pass., pf. παρατέθειμαι:—to place beside or be- one of a thing, talk over to a thing.

2. to lay before one, represent, declare : to ply. 3. to place side by side, compare. allege. Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp. to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands, to commit to bis ebarge. 3. to venture, stale. bazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. -τίλω, to pluck toe pair off:--Med. to pluck bairs from one's own person:-Pass., of, part. παρατετιλμένοε with one's bair plucked out.

maparovos, or, (maparelyw) stretched out beside or along, banging down by the side.

παρατράγειν, 20τ. 2 inf. of παρατράγω.

wapa-rokwa, f. -rokha, to turn aside, to turn from the right way, mislead; worapdy waparperecy to divert a river from its channel, Lat, derivare; metaph. to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. 2. to turn one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass, to let oneself be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:— Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, Ε. -θρέξομαι οτ -δράμουμαι: 201. 2 rapeopation:—to run, rush by or past: c. sec. to 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. escape. II. to run up to, run to run through or over. quickly to.

Tapa-roku, i. rokgw, to start, swerve aside from fear. παρα-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beside; παρατρίβειν χρυσον απήρατον άλλφ χρυσφ (sc. els βάσανον) to rub pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Lydius and see the difference of the marks they leave; Pass, to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested. [i] mapa-rponto, - naparpino, to turn aside, turn from the right way, mislead.

παρατροπή, ή, (παρατρέπω) a turning off or away. averting, means of averting.

maparpowos, or, (maparpinu) turned acide, turned from the right way II. act. turning away or averting a thing.

wapa-rpoxále, poět, for raparpixe.

παρα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: 201. 2 παρέτράγω: – to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of. c. gen.

rapa-rounds, poët, for raparofrs, to turn eway, divert.

wapa-τυγχάνω, f. -τευξομαι: 201. 2 wapeτύγον:-to bappen to be by or at band, come to: to be present at, Lat. interesse: of a thing, to offer or present itself. Let. praesto esse. 2. ò raparvyór mboever chanced to be by, any chance person; το παρατύγχανον ος τύ rapatuylu, wbatever bappens. 3. Tapatuyér, absol. like rapór, raparxór, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, ον. (πορά, τύπτω) marked with a false stamp, base, counterfeit,

maparty by, ovoa, by, sor, 2 part. of maparty years. παρ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak to, address. make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade wap-andles, or in Med. wapandifopes, to dwell or lie near.

map-auλos, or, (παρά, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside; generally, neighbouring, near.

πάρ-auλos, or, (παρά, αὐλόε) out of tune.

πάρ-αυτά, Adv. for παρ' αυτά (εc. τὰ πράγματα), like παραχρήμα, immediately, on the spot.

in like manner, Lat. perinde.

wap-aurina, Adv. (wapá, abrina) immediately, on the instant: with the Art., al wapaurina flooral present, momentary pleasures.

map-auximos, or, also a, or, (mapá, abx/pr) beside or on the neck.

TEPEGEYER, SOT. 2 Int. O. Taperbie.

mapa-halves poët. maph -: f. -φάνθ: to shew or make appear beside: to produce, present; mapapalvew τοθ σώματοε to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. II. Pass. to shew oneself or appear beside.

παράφδους poet. παραίφαστε and πάρφαστε, η, (παράφημι) a speaking to, an address, consolation,

assuagement. 2. allurement, persuasion

wapa-φέρω, f. wap-olow:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve wp: Pass, to be set on sable.

2. generally, to bring forward, produce: to allege, mention; wapaφέρεων νόμων to propose a law.

3. to turn aside or away: to avert.

4. to carry away: Pass, to be carried away.

II.

to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err.

Ill. intrans. in Act., like Pass. to go past.

pass, of Time. 2. to be beyond, be over and above.

wapa-φείγω, t. -φεύζομαι and ouμαι, to flee c.ose by, past, beyond.

mapá-þnyu, f. – þnøm, to speak to: also to talk over, exbort, persuade. Il. to speak deceitfully

παραφθαίην, 201. 2 opt. of παραφθάνω.

#apaφθάμενος, 20r. 2 med. part. of παραφθάνω. #apaφθάνω [d], f.—φθάσω [d] and φθήσομαι: 20r. 2 #apaφθήν part. #apaφθάs:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforeband with, surpass.

mapa-φθέγγομαι, £ -φθέγξομαι, to say beside or by the way.

mapa-46/figor, Ep. for mapaphy, 201. 2 subj. of ma-

παραφορά, ή, (παραφέρομαι) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παραφορίω, -- παραφέρω, to bring forward, produce,

παράφορος, ον, (παραφέρω) carried aside ot out of

the way; reeling, staggering.
παράφραγμα, ατοι, τό, (παραφρασοω) a fence,
breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

mape-phicou Att. -- Tu, f. fu, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence. mape-phoviu, f. how, to be beside oneself, to be dis-

traught. Hence

παραφρόνησιε, εω, ή, παραφρονία, ή, and παραφρονίνη, ή, (παράφρων) derangement of mind.

παρα-φρόνιμος, ον, - παράφραν.

παρα-φρυκτωρεύομει, Dep. (παρά, φρυκτωρόε) to make signals to the enemy underband.
παρά-φρων, or, gen. oros, δ, ή, (παρά, φρήν) beside

one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παρα-φύλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. fw, to watch or keep

guard beside, to watch narrowly. Tapa-\$00km, f. ήσω, to puff up.

wapa-φύω, f. -φύσω [0], to make grow beside. II. Med., with act. pf. πέφθεα, acr. 2 παρέφθη, intr. to grow beside or at the side.

wapa-χαλάω, f. άσω [d], to slacken: of a ship, to

let in water, to leak.

wapa-χαμάζω, f. άσω, to winter at a piace. Hence wapa-χαμάσία, ή, a wintering in a place.

mapa-xim, f. –xew: 20t. 1 mapixea: pf. –nixima: —to pour in beside, pour in: to beap up beside.

mapa-xopbile, f. ou, (mapá, xopbh) to strike beside

the right string, to strike a wrong note.

wapa-χράομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to use amiss, abuse, misuse: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: absol. in lon. part. wapaχρεώμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperately.

παρα-χρήμα, Adv. for παρά το χρήμα, on the spot, forthwith, straightway: η παραχρήμα dvάγκη the immediate necessity; εκ τοῦ παραχρήμα off-band, on the spur of the moment.

mapά-χροος, or contr. -χρους, ow, (παρά, χρόα) changing its colour, colourless, faded.

wapa-χώννθμι, f. -χώσω, to throw up a mound near or beside.

wapa-xuptus, f. how, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place.
Hence

παραχωρητίου, verb. Adj. one must give way. παραψύχη, ή, a cooling, refreshment, comfort. From παρα-ψύχω, to cool, refresh, comfort. [0]

παρ-βάτης, ου, δ, post. for παραβάτης. [βά] παρβεβάτος, post. for παραβεβατος, pf. part. of πα-

ραβαίνω. ΠΑ ΡΔΑΚΟΣ [Δ], or, wet, damp.

παρδάλέη Att. contr. παρδαλή (sub. δορά), ή, α leopard-skin. From

πάρδάλιε, εω Ion. ιοε, η, = πάρδοε, Lat. pardalis α pard, leopard or panther.

παρδάλεστός, ή, ότ, (πάρδαλιε) spotted like the para. παρδείν, παρδήσομαι, 201. 2 inf. and fut. of πέρδω. ΠΡΑΟΣ, δ, like πάρδαλιε, πάνθηρ, a pard, leopard of pantler.

πάρδω, aor. 2 subj. of περδω.

παρέδοι, Ερ. for παρείσι, 3 pl. of πάρειμι (είμί ευπ). παρεβάθην [d], aor. 1 pass. of παραβαίνω. παρίβάλον, aor. 2 of παραβάλλω.

παρέβην, 201. 2 of παραβαίνω.

παρ-εγγράφω [ŭ], f. ψω, to add at the side, interpo-

late: to enroll illegalty among the citizens; superyphydele, 201. 2 pass. part. iilegally registered.

παρ-εγγυάω, f. ήσω, to band on to one's neighbour; παρεγγυάν τὸ ξύνθημα to pass on the watchword or word of command.
2. to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage.
3. to pledge one's word to another.
II. to band over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ-εγγυή, ή, and παρ-εγγύησυς, ή, α passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθην, 20τ. I pass. of παραδίδωμι.

παρέδραθεν, 3 sing. sor. 2 of παραδαρθάνω.

παρέδράμον, 201. 2 οί παρατρέχω

παροδρείω, f. σω, (πάρεδρου) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assiders. II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρου) to one.

map-e8pla, h, (\*\*apr8pos) a sitting beside. If the office or dignity of assessor.

πάρ-εδρος, ον. (παρά, έδρα) sitting beside: generally, beside, neut to, near II. as Subst. πάρεδρος, b. an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρέδωκα, παρέδων, 201. I and 2 of παραδίδωμι. παρ-ίζομαι, f. -εδούμαι, Dep. to sit beside: but παρέζεο, παρεζόμενος are 201. 2 med. imperat. 2nd part.

of rapife.

Tapelival, acr. I pass. inf. of rapinus

παρίθηκα, 20r. I of παρατίθημι.

πάρειά, ή, (πορά) the cheek, used by nomer always in plur; in sing he uses lon. form παρήιον.

II. the cheek-piece of a helmet.

mapelas, ov. d, - sapaas.

wap-sidov, acr. 2 with no pres. in use, rap-opdor being used instead, (raph, cidor) to observe by the way, to remark, notice.

Il. to overlook, disregard.

wapsidny, acr. I pass. of raphym.

παρ-είκω, f. fw: poöt. sor. 2 παρείκαθον, inf. -αθείν:

-to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow.

II. impers, παρείκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; δτη παρείκοι wherever it was practicable; κατά τό del παρείκον as it was practicable from time to time.

map-endlorum, poet, for mapedlorum.

mapeina, pf. pass. of mapinu.

πάρ-τιμι inf. παρείναι: impl. παρήν: f. παρέσομαι: (παρά, elμί sum):—to be by, to be present. be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or 3. to be present to belp, to stand by, like Lat. at. adesse. 4. to bave arrived at a place. pers., rapearl poe it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. zapúv Ion. rapeor, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit. 6. td maporta present circumstances, the present state of condition; also to mapor. πάρ-ειμι inf. παριέναι: impf. παρήειν: (παρά, είμι ibo):—to go by, beside or near, to pass: to go alonguide. 2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards,

to go to or near, enter: absol to approach. Ill generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself. mapeivas, inf. of rapesus (elul sum).

παρ-είπον, (παρά, είπου) sor. 2 with no pres. in use. παρά-φημι being used instead: c. acc. pers. 10 11! over, persuade: hence 10 overreach. [In Hom., part. παρειπών, παρειπώνα, metri grat.]

παρ-αρύω, Ion. for παρερίω. παρ-αίρω, (παρά, είρω) to fasten or attach beside, intert; νύμουν παρείρων seems to mean adding observ-

ance of the laws.

πάρειε, 2 sing. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum). πάρειε, είσα, έν, εοτ. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ-ασάγω, f. fw. to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit.

Hence

II. to introduce secretly.

mapelorauros, or, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

wap-noδέχομαι, f. foμαι, Dep. to take in vesides or along with.

παρ-εισδύομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. acr. 2
-έδυν pf. -δέδυκα, and plapf. -δεδύκειν, intr.:—to get
in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. with act. 20r. 2 -ηλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: - to come in secretly or wrongfully.

wap-ασφέρω, to bring in beside; παρεισφέρειν νομον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

mapeiras, 3 sing. pf. pass. of mapings.

πάρ-έπ, before a vowel πάρ-έξ, (παρά, ἐπ) as Prep., I. c. gen. outside, before:—beside:, except, exclusive of.

2. c. acc. out along, beyond, along-side of; παρὰκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also, παρὰξ 'Αχιλῆα without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away.

2. metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly.

3. beside, except, παρὰκ ἡ δσον..., except so long as ...

wap-acβalva, f.-εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absolt to deviate, to make a digression. Hence

- παρέκβδισιε, ή, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip ou. by .o. .ae, steas αισεγ παρεκέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of παράπειμαι.

παρ-εκκλίνω, to turm a little eside: to deviate. παρ-εκλίγω, f. fω, to collect covertly, to embezzle.

παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to fiee out away from before, to c'ude; προεκπροφύγησι, Ep. for -φύγη, 3 sing. acr. 2 subj.

אים - פונדמיטש, ז. שלש, - אים פונדנוש.

map-extelve, f. revê, to stretch out along, to deploy. map-extelve, f. éco. to accomplish against a wish, map-extéov, verb. Adj. of mapéxes, one must furnish. map-extés, Adv. (mapá, êstés) out of, milhout, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπφιξιφω, to turn aside, devert, rom the way. παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out past.

παρέλάβον, 201. 2 of παραλαμβάνα.

παρ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ά], Ερ. -ελάσσω Att. -ελώ: | 201. Ι παρήλάσα Ep. παρέλασσα:-- to drive by or past. II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ίππουα, etc.) to drive past: then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελαύνειν έφ' άρματος, έφ' Error to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. to row or sail by, past (sub. raw): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:-to ride to, advance towards:to ride on one's way.

wapeλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of wapaλέγω. παρελεθντα, Dor. for παρελώντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελαύνα.

παρελεύσομαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι; πάρειμι

(elus ibo) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλκω: Ε παρέλξω οτ παρελκόσω [δ]: 201. Ι παρείλευσα: pf. pass. παρείλευσμαι: (παρά, Ελεω): -to draw aside or to the side :- Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, rapidness in the to tou from the 3. to distort, twist. IL to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-πιβάλλω, f. -εμβάλω, to put in beside or between, intervalue: hence to throw in by the way, insinu-It to draw up troops in battle order, to ate.

encamp.

map-eußherw, z. www, to look askance.

παραμβολή, ή, (παρεμβαλείν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation. II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a eastle, camp.

map-quβύω, f. ύσω [v], to push or stuff in. mapeumeras, Ep. inf. of mapeum (elul sum).

σορ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of. map-quature, f. -εμπεσούμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

map-qurodam, f. hom, to traffic underband in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

mapquatopeupa, aros, vo, an article of small value. From

παρ-αμπορούομαι, Dep. (παρά, ξμποροε) to traffic in II. metaph. to yield or afford besides. besidet. wao-endvouat, Pass. to grow in beside, bang upon. mapeveryeelv, sor. 2 inf. of mapapipes.

map-eversov, inf. -edeir, acr. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

mapertyreov, impf. of maparyres (see maparter) σταρενθείν, παρένθω, Dor. for παρελθείν, παρέλθω,

AOF. 2 inf. and subj. of sapepyopau. σαρενθήκη, ή, (παρεντίθημι) something put in beside,

an appendix; παρενθήκη λόγου a digression. - evoy him, f. how, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρηνώχλημαι, to be troubled besides.

-αρ-ενσάλεύω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro. TOPE OF TOP-E, V. TOPER.

was staye, f. Ew, to lead out beside or past: hence so mislead

wap-staulte, f. how, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. mapefouloukevor worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρεξίβην, 20τ. 2 οί παρεκβαίνω,

wao-lieum, inf. wapefilvai, (wapa, ifeim) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, trans-

wap-et-especia, f. (wapa, l.e. elpecia) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the

bosos or the stern.

παρ-εξελαύνω, f. -efeλάσω Att. -efeλω: --seemingly intr. (sub. lewor, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub. raw) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by. παρεξελθών, οῦσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι. mapefeury, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of mapefingu.

παρ-εξέρχομαι, f.-εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act. acr. 2 mapeffilou pf. mapefelhluba:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress. παρ-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out by comparison.

map-efeuplones, f. -efeuphose, to find out besides. map-eflym, f. -effou, to let out beside: - of Time,

to let pass.

mapekluev [7], Ep. inf. of mapekenu (elu ibo).

wap-eξίστημι, f. -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change: -Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., to undergo a change. mapeolous, Dor. fem. part. of mapeine (elul sum).

παρέπεισα, 201. Ι οί παραπείθω. παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for παρεφάλλομαι.

mup-embelicyuju, f. – emidelfes, to point out beside. Med, to embibit out of season, make a display.

map-entoques, or, sojourning at a strange biase. as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

man-emorrowies, f. - emorripopar, to inspect beside. παρεπιστροφή, ή, (παρεπιστρέφα) a turning round in passing.

παρεπλάγχθην, 20τ. I pass. of παραπλάζω. παρέπλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a

Verb in 🗝.

map-émopas, f. Vopas, Dep. to follow by the side. follow close: to follow as an escort.

παρεργάτης, ου, δ, (πάρεργον) a doer of trifles, a

trifler. [a]

πάρ-εργος, ον, (παρά, ξργον) beside the main subject, II. as Subst., πάρερsubordinate, incidentally. γον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; ἐν παρέργφ as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; έκ παρέργου ποιείσθαι to do by the way: hence a useless addition, appendage.

wapépyus, Adv. of wapepyos, intidentally.

παρέρπω, f. παρερπύσω [θ]: 201. Ι πορείρυθσα :---II. to to creep in at the side; to creep up to. pass by.

παρ-ερύω Ion. παρειρύω, τ. ύσω, (παρα, ερύω) to draw along the side. [v]

παρ-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. 18 πήρειμι (είμι ibo): Dep., with nor. 2 -ηλθον Ep. -ήλυθον pf. -ελήλυθα:--to go by, beside or past,

pass by, pass away. 2. of Time, to pass; & wapexpair ypóros time past; to supexoor and in to mapelori in time past, of old. II. to pass by, outstrip, surpass: metaph. to outsoit, overreach, cir-III. to pass by without beeding, pass cumvent. over, slight: also of things, to escape one's notice, be passed over 2. also to transgress. IV. pass on and to come to a place, arrive at: esp. to pass V. to come forward, esp. to speak into a house. in public.

maperav, Ep. 3 pl. impt. of mapeipe (elul sum). παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: 20τ. 2 -έφαγον, inf. -φαγείν: -to eat besides. IL to eat a piece of, gnaw or

nibble at, c. gen.

mapeous, h, (maphym) a letting pass, a letting go: also remission, forgiveness.

парескечавати, парескечавато, Ion. 3 pl. epf. and pippi. pass. of wapan nevá(m.

παρεστάμεν, παρεστάμεναι, Ep. of. inf. of παρ-

ίστημι.

παρέστηκα, pl. of παρίστημι: part. παρεστηκώς, contr. rapestás :- neut. supestrusos used absol., see rapiornu, at end.

mapeorthy, 201. 2 of mapletnyu.

παρ-έστιος, ον, (παρά, έστία) by or at the hearth. παρέσχον, 201. 2 οί παρέχω.

maperipouv, impl of maparnoise.

maperos, or, verb. Adj. of παρίημι, relaxed, palsied. παρέτρεσσαν, Ep. 3 pl. sor. I of παρατρέω.

map-evborintes, f. how, to surpass in reputation. map-eutive, to guide one from the right way, to constrain. [v]

παρ-ευκηλέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, εθκηλοι) to calm, sootbe.

map-euvalous, fut. -doopar, Med. to lie or sleep

map-euros, or, (mapa, eury) lying beside or suito. map-suplance, f. -euphan: sor. 2 -eupor:-to find out or discover besides; to invent.

map-eurpenize, f. iou, to put in order, arrange. to arrange amiss, neglect.

mapexov, part. neut. of mapexos used absol, see TODEYO IV.

mapexover, Dor. for mapexouse, 3 pl. of map-II. pres. part. dat. of mapeyou.

παο-έχω: f. παρέξω οτ παρασχήσω: pf. παρέσχημα: BOT. 2 maperyor post. maperyelor: -to bold beside. bold in readiness: to furnish, supply. II. of things, to afford, grant, cause, render. III. to offer or present for a purpose; also to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal: also to make or render so and so: to put forward, represent, produce, esp. as parties to an agreement. IV. to allow, grant. V. impers., rapéyet tirl it is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 mapexor and παρασχόν (used absol. like παρόν, εξόν, etc.), it being or baving been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or also called napaseipos or supapopos, opp. to Curiores

VI. absot, in imperat., wisery' describer liceret. get yourself out of the way.

B. Med. παρέχομαι, f. παρέξομαι οτ παρασχήσομαι: pf, maple xy man: to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means: so produce or display on one's own part; sapixeobal rwa pápropa to bring forward as a II. generally, to base as one's own, produce as one's own; napixerbal riva dexivra to acknowledge as one's general; of an ambassador, παρέχεσθαι πόλιν μεγίστην to represent the greatest III. to make or render so and so.

of Numbers, to make up, amount to, give the sum of. map-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.

πάρ-ηβος, ον, (παρά, ξβη) past one's prime.

παρήγγαλα, 201. Ι οί παραγγάλλα.

παρήγον, impl. of παράγω.

παρηγορέω, impf. παρηγύρουν, rarely ἐπαρηγόρους: f. ήσω: aor. Ι παρηγόρησα: (παρήγορος):—to address, exbort, encourage: to advise, exbort. to console, comfort, soothe.—The Med. mappyopcome is also used like the Act. Hence

maphyopia, h, an addressing, exbortation, persua-2. a consolation.

παρ-ήγορος, ον, (παρά, άγορεύω) addressing. 🚌 couraging, cheering. 2. consoling. παρηέρθην, 201. 1 pass. οί παραείρω.

παρήμον, τό, used in Homer as sing. for παρειά (which he only uses in plur.), the cheek: the jam of a II. the cheek-ornament of a bridle wild beast, πάρηίε, -ηίδοε, contr. Att. παρίβε, -βδοε, ή, = sae-

hiov, the cheek.

παρήκα, 2ος. Ι οί παρίημι.

wap-haw, f. fw. to bave come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along. 2. to reach or extend to or towards. II. to come forth, appear. III. of Time, to be gone by, past.

παρήλάσα, sor. I of παρελαύνα, παρήλθον, 2οτ. 2 of παρέρχομαι.

wap-hλuf, ikos, δ, ή, like wapηβos, past one's prime. πάρ-ημαι, inf. -ησθαι: properly the pf. pass. of rapiso, to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.: to mit by one: to dwell with one: to be present at or near.

παρ-ήμερος Dor. παράμερος, ον, (παρά, δρεέρε) coming day by day, daily,

maphyouv, impf. of mapairies.

Traphicu, sor. I of Trapatores.

πάρηξιε, ή, (ταρήκω) arrival alongside, coming m sbore.

map-novirus, ou, d, fem, -brus, edos, d, (supel, side) lying on the shore. [I]

παρηορία, ή, (παρήοροε) the reins by subich the contside borse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the voke.

map-hopos Dor. map-dopos, or, (mapa, delpu) banging beside: waphopoe (sub, large) a borse which draws by the side of the regular pair (Europie) an outrigger. οι ζέγισε. -also beside oneself, distraught, silly.

παρήπάφε, 3 sing. sor. 2 of παραπαφίσκο. s, –ĝδne, ή, Att. contr. for παρηίε, –ηίδοε. παρήσθα. Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum). παρήσθευ, Dor. 2 sing. sor. 2 of παραισθάνομαι. παρητημαι, pf. pass. of παραιτέω.

μενος, poët. 201. 2 med. part. of παρατίθημι. mapherola and ta, h, (mapherolu) maidenbood. virgin estate or condition.

machinas, Tá. - saptina, Tá.

maphirmos Ion. - hos, or, (naphiros) maidenly, maiden, virgin.

saptiversia, aros, ro, (sapteress) virgin estate or condition: in plus, the pursuits of a virgin.

mapleveius, f. ou, (maplevoe) to bring up a virgin? -Pass. racteretopas, to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.

mapleria, 1, - rapteria.

mapθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing :-- properly neut. from wap-

παρθενική (sub. κόρη), ή, poöt. for παρθένος, a virgin, maid: strictly fem. from sq.

mapbericks, h, br, (raphbros) of or for a maiden, maidenly.

maplieros, a, ar, also oe, or, (naplieros) of a maiden oc virgin, maiden. παρθένιος, ό, as Subst., The son of an unmarried woman II. metaph. virgin, pure, chaste, unsullied.

παρθεν-οπίπης [ί], ου, (παρθένος, δειετεύω) οπο sobo looks after maidens, a seducer.

HAPOENOZ, the a maid, maiden, virgin, Let. sirgo: - sometimes masc., an unmarried youth. Haptiros, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva at Athens; of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. as Adj. maiden, virgin, pure, chaste.

παρθενό-σφάγος, ον, (παρθένος, σφαγηναι) from the

sacrifice of a maiden.

maplevo-xpus, erros, o, n, (maplifres, xpus) of maidenly, delicate colour.

rapterier, error, o, (rapteror) the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. semple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, she Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

mapter water, or, (maptives, by) of virgin aspect. maρθεσαν, poët. for maρέθεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of

жаратівущ.

mapherin, h, (maparibym) a deposit, pledge, map-lave, (mapá, lave) to sleep beside or with. -map (Belv, inf. of mapelbor.

map-Boun, f. ou, to set up beside:—so also in Med. wap-Lo, to place or make to sit beside. seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, 201. 2 παρεζόμην, inf. - rape(éotai.

wap-lique, fut. rachow: nor. I mapfice: pf. mapelica: Med., sor. 2 rapelure: Pass., sor. I rapelbyr, inf.

II. lying along, sprawling, belpless: | rageofirat: pf. rapeluat, part. rapetulvos:-to let drop beside or at the side, let fall. IL to let by. past, through. 2. metaph, to let pass, disregard, neglect, Lat. praetermittere. 3. of Time, to let pass. III. to unloose, relax, Lat. remittere. c. gea., roû woods wapiérai to let go one's bold of, slack away the sheet: metaph. to yield, give way :-Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres. part. παριέμενος, aor. 2 παρέμενος, pf. παρειμένος. embausted, Lat. remissus. 2. to remit, Lat. condonare: hence to forgive, pardon, IV. to yield, give up, Lat. concedere: to allow, permit: hence to V. Med. wapiesbut, to win a peradmit, let in. son over: to bee off a thing, beg to be excused: to ask pardon,

map-law, old. poet. form of maphess. [7] was wareve, f. eu, to ride alongside.

along ot over. wap-toros, or, (sapá, love) almost equal, just like, wap-loo, L. wow, to make just like:-Pass., 201. 1

ταρισώθην, to measure oneself with, vie with.

wapiorago, pres. med. imperat. of

πάρ-ίστημι, ε. παραστήσει: I. trans. in pres., impf., fut. and sor. I, make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one. set before the mind, present, offer, suggest:—to prove, 3. the Med., esp. fut. - orrhoopen, and aor. I -εστησάμην, have peculiar usages, to set by one's side, produce:—to bring to one's side, to bring over by force, overcome, subdue: also to win over, persuade: hence also to dispose for one's own views. intrans, in Pass. -- foragen, with act. 201. 2 -- formy, pf. Liornea, plapf. -eiorheeir, to stand by, beside, or near: hence to stand by, to belp or defend. events, to be near, be close at band: To supersuption present circumstances: so too, to mapertus or mapεστόε, contr. pf. part. for παρεστηκόε. to the side of another: metaph. to come over to his opinion: absol. to come to terms, surrender, sub-4. to come into one's head, suggest itself to 5. of events, to take place, occur, bappen: so too in fut. med. - orthoopen. 6. to be in one's power, hence absol., pf. part. παρεστηκός, = παρόν, εξόν, il being in one's power to do, Lat. quum liceat. map-vortidios, a, ov. (mapá, lorós) by or at the loom.

παρ-ίσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to bave by, bold in readiness: to present, offer.

παρ-Υτητέον and -έα, verb. Adj. of πάρειμι (είμι ibo), one must approach or go.

тарим блекто, Ep. 201. 2 pass. of таракаталеры, as if from παρακατελέγμην.

mapheluevos, Ep. part: of mapareipai.

παρ-κλίνω, Ερ. for παρακλίνω.

жар-кожто, Ер. for жаракожто: Dor. part. fem. παρεύπτοισα, ίοι παρακύπτουσα.

σαρμέμβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of παραβλάνκα, map-uive, Ep. for mapauive.

map-ubvinos, poët, for mapapioripos.

πάρ-μονος, ον, poet. for παράμονος.

Παρνάσιος [d], a, or, Ion. Παρνάσιος, η, σν, also oe, er, of or from Parnassus: Ion. fem. Hapvnorde, abos, and Hapvyols, igos. From

Hapvaros Ion. Hapvaros, & Parnassus, a mountain of Phocis: later Hapvassoe (with double  $\sigma$ ).

Hapvifices, a, or, of or from Parnes. From

Háρνης, ηθος, ή or δ, Parnes, a mountain of Attica. Παρνησός, δ, lon. for Παρνασός.

HAPNOT, orce, d, a kind of locust.

map-obeve, f. ou, to journey by.

mapoblings [1], ov, b, voc. -ira: fem. mapobline, idos: (wapodos):—a passer by, traveller, wayfarer. map-edos, h. (mapa, bbbe) a way past, passage. a going by or past, passing; by mapodop in pass-

II. a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or III. a coming forward to speak beapproace. 2. the first entrance of a chorus fore the assembly. into the orchestra, which was made from the side.

wap-olyvum and wap-olyw: f. -olfw: sor. I -tofa: -to open at the side or a little, set ajar: c. gen., rapoleas the oupas baving opened a little of the door.

manosse and before a vowel -sev, (mapos) Prep. with gen. before, in the presence of, Lat. ante, coram. II. Adv. of Place, before, in of Time, before. 2. of Time, before this, erst, formerly, heretofore; mapose welv, Lat. privequam.

wap-outles, f. hous, to dwell by, beside, or near.

to sojourn. Hence

rapournola and rapolenous, h, a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood.

παροικία, ή, (πάροικοε) α dwelling in a place as Tápolnos, sojourning.

mapounifes, f. low, (mapounos) to place or settle near another :- Pass. to settle or live near.

map-outodopses, f. how, to build beside or near, build a wall along or across. II. to keep off by a wall or bank.

πάρ-οικος, ον, (παρά, ολκίω) dwelling beside or near, II. as Subst., maporece, ô, a neighneighbouring. bour:-also an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner, Lat. inquilinus.

παροιμία, ή, (πάροιμοι) a by-word, proverb, adage. 2. a parable, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παροιμιακός, ή, όν, proverbial:—as metrical term, παροιμιακόε (sub. στίχοε), δ, a paroemiac, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

πάρ-οιμος, ον, (παρά, οίμος) by the way-side.

παρ-οινέω; impl. ἐπαρώνουν and aor. Ι ἐπαρώνησα, with dupl. augm.: pf. werapownea, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. I ἐπαρφνήθην: pf. πεπαρφνημαι: (πάροινου):---to behave ill in one's cups, play II. trans. to maltreat one in drunken tricks. drunkenness: generally, to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man.

παροινία, ή, (πάροισου) drunken violence: a drunken rolic.

mapowneds, h. or, disposed to drunkenness. From map-olytos, or, and map-olyos, or, (mapa, olyos) drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups. πάροιτατος, η, ω, Sup. of πάροιθε, πάροε, of Place,

the foremost.

mapoirepos, a, or, Comp. of maposte, mapos, the one before or in front.

παρ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι: pf. παροίχηκα Ion. σαροίχουα, and in late writers pass. σαρφχημαι: Dep.: to have past by, pass on. 2. of Time, to be gene by, spent; h raporxoutry ruf the bygone night; aropes maporxoperor men of bygone times. be gone, be dead, like of xopai. III. c. gen. so sbrink from. 2. to wander, depart from; been poles wapolym how art thou fallen from thy high estate.

παροκωχή, ή, (παρέγω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή, a furnisbing.

map-oluobava, later-alva: fut.-oluobhou:--to and in secretly. map-opoidle, f. dow, to be like, to resemble.

παρ-όμοιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, δμοιος) πεανίτ like, much alike: nearly equal.

wapóv, όντος, τό, pres. part. neut. of πάραιμι (εἰμὶ sum), used absol., see maper pr. 5.

wapofurtube, h, by, fit for inciting, provoking. From map-ofive, f. trû: 20t. I mapúfira:—to make keen II. for a thing; metaph. to targe, prick, or spur on: to provoke, irritate, excite. Hence

παροξυσμός, δ, irritation: a provoking, inciting. παρόρασιε, ή, (παροράω) an overlooking: careless-Mess.

παρ-οράω, f. παρόψομαι: 20τ. 2 παρείδον (γ. 500 δράω):—to look at by the way, notice, remark. to look past, overlook: to slight, make light of. TIT to look sideways.

wap-opyile, f. low, to provoke to anger:--Pass. to be or be made angry at. Hence

mapopyrouós, ó, provocation to anger.

rap-optie, f. low, to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour. Hence

mapopurtis, où, à, an encroacher.

map-opulae, f. how, to put in motion, urge on :-Pass., with fut. med. - hoopen, to pass rapidly, rush at. map-opplies, fut. low Att. -ie, to bring to enchor side by side.

πάρ-opvis, ίθος, δ, ή, ill-omened, with evil austices. παρ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω; f. fo: 201. Ι ναράφωξα:-to dig beside or along. II. to dig one against another, as was done in training for the Olympic games.

map-opylopas, f. -hooper, Dep. to dance amiss, dance the wrong dance

IIA POΣ, Adv., I. of Time, before, erst, formerly: also with the Att., To mapoe or Tomapoe, formerly. 2. with inf., like sply, Lat, trisspanse. racce de yaiar interau before he should reach his

3. supos, followed by spir ye as relat., own land. Lat. priss ... quam, rather ..., than. 4. too IL of Place, before, SOOR. L. rather, econer.

in front.

Place.

B. Prep., poet. for mpo, before, both of Time and II. before, rather than: also for, inwood of.

Hapron, a, or, of the island of Parce, Parian;

Πάρισε λίθοε Parian marble. From

Hapos, 1, Parce, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

παρ-οτρύνω, f. brω, to urge or excite to mischief. rap-ovola, h, (rapar, rapovou) a being present, presence; dropour mapouria - dropes of maportes; racovolar (xer - raceiva. 2. arrival.

like tà sapórta, present circumstances.

map-overeve, f. ou, to turn off into a side channes: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, δχέω) to carry by or beside:-Med. to sit beside in a chariot.

mapoχή, ή, (mapiχω) a supplying, furnishing.

wap-oxxile, f. low, to move aside with a lever. remove.

πάρ-σχος, δ, (παρά, δχος) one who rides beside in a

irap-orte, Bos, A, (rapá, byor) a dainty side-disb. παρόψομαι, fut, of παροράω, formed from obsol. παρύπτομαι,

map-owwhen, f. how, to buy a dainty dish to set be-

fore one. Hence

macobbrrus, area, to, an additional dainty set before one: metaph., rapolary ua the alighe a fresh relish to the pleasure.

mapmenthis, redupl. aor. 2 part. of mapameibes. παρ-ρησία, ή, (παε, βησιε) freedom of speech: in

bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

was-provide out, f. -asoual, Dep. to speak freely. maporivos, Lacon, for maptivos.

maporalny, maporaoa, Ep. for mapaoralny, mapaστάσα, sor. 2 opt. and part. fem. of παρίστημι.

παρστήστον, Ep. for παραστήτον, 2 dual aor. 2 subj. of radomu.

maprapely, post for maparamely, sor. 2 of mapa-. وحمر 14

mapteuve, poet. for mapateuve.

waptibel, post for sapatibel, - sapatibnow.

wap-bhalve, f. drû: pf. pass. παρύφασμαι:—to speare beside or along, attach to the side or bem: metaph., δελα εαρυφασμένα armed men bemming in a crowd.

maphaire, post. pres. Imperat. of mapahabre.

παρφάμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. sor. 2 med. part. of ταράφημι.

wao davia, f, post. for rapaparia. rap-paous, f, post. for rapapaous.

παρ-φέρομαι, poët, for παραφέρομαι.

erap-htyleur, poet. for repapsyely, sor. 2 inf. of sapapatyu.

maphweros, or, post. for mapadouros, verb. Adj. of παραφεύγω, to be avoided.

Thouse, ov. 6. (Tapade) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

mapubla, i, a burlesque, parody. From

map-woos, or, (with) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song. IL intimating obscurely.

map-witten, fut. -wow and -withow:-- to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:—Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renownes.

παρών, οῦσα, όν, part. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-ώντιμος, ον, (πάρα, δυυμα Acol. for δυομα) formed by a slight change from a word.

mileubs, by, reddish brown or bay, of horses. παρ-ωρείτης, ου, ό, (παρά, δρος) one sobo dwells a mountain-side.

πάρ-ωρυε, ον, (παρά, δρα) out of season, untimely: neut, pl. wapapa as Adv., unseasonably.

map-upodis, idos, i, (mapa, dpooph) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

wapolyero, 3 sing. impf. of wapolyouar. παρφχημαι, pf. of παροίχομαι; part. παρφχημένου. ΠΑΣ, πάσα, πάν: gen. παντόε, πάσηε, παντόε: gen. pl. masc. and neut. warrer, fem. whow Ion. wholer, Ep. also vāsáav: dat. pl. masc. and neut. vās; poēt. warreson, fem. wasaus: -all, Lat. omnis: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, στης; in plur. all: ή πᾶσα βλάβη she who is all mischlef; ee war nanoù to the uttermost of evil: -Sec, not of properly follows warres as relat., warres, book..., Lat. omnes quicunque..., all whosoever! was res every one taken one by one, every single one: παντόε μάλλον more than anything, above every-II. with Numerals it marks an exact number: Ta warta déma ten in all. III. in dat. pl. masc. wase, in the judgment of all; & wase nheards the renowned in the judgment of all. 2. Tâsı as neut., in all things, altogether. IV. the neut. is used in various senses:—πάντα γίγνεσθαι, like παντοίος γίγνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, warra elval rive to be everything to 2. To war the whole, and as an Adv. ..... rether; οδ το παν, not at all; so also els το παν, to every ...tremity of evil; week warros woreloval riva to establic one above all. 3. warra as Adv. for warran, cittirely, utterly, wbolly: but, rd warra in every way. by all means. 4. Bid wartos continually, always. πασᾶν, Dor. for πασῶν, gen. pl. fem. of πᾶε. mararba [a], sor, I inf. of wareough.

πάσασθαι [d], sor. I inf. of πάομαι.

πζοί-μέλουσα, ή, (πᾶε, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

maroual [d], fut. of martomas. πάσοψαι [ā], fut. of πάομαι.

πασπαλη [d], ή,=παιπάλη, the finest most: α

morsel, scrat · bures odd was walky not even a swink | of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies : of of sleep.

was wake to the first down. From Tarraleiu, f. ou (Tárraleiu, f. ou (Tárralei) to pin to 2. to drive in like a bolt.

πάσσάλος Att. πάτταλος, δ, (πήγνυμι) α peg, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόφε; elpeir dud νασσαλόφι to take down from a peg; κρεμάσαι έκ τασσαλόφι to hang upon a peg · the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat. II. a gag.

πασσάλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat. of πάσσαλου. πασσάμενος, πάσσασθαι, Ερ. for πάσάμενος, πάσασθαι, aor. I part. and inf. med. of πατέομαι.

πάσσαξ, droe, δ, rarer collat. form of πάσσαλοε. warre, Ep. for exarre, 3 sing. impf. of warre. war-robos, or, for marropos.

mao-otbel, mao-otbly, Adv. for navovbel, etc. ΠΑΊΣΩ Att. πάττω: f. πάσω [ἄ]: 201. Ι έπάσα: Pass., aor. 1 endoby: pl. véraquou:-to sprinkle upon: -metaph. to sprinkle in or upon, interweave, work in embroidery. II. to besprinkle with a thing. macrown, or, gen. ovos, irr. Comp. of maxis, for παχύτερος and παχίων, like γλύσσων from γλυκύς: thicker, broader, stouter.

παστάς, άδος, ή, shortened from παραστάς (q. v.) a porch in front of the house, a colonnade, Lat. por-II. an inner chamber: a bridal chamber. παστέος, α, or, verb. Adj. of πάσσα, to be besprinkled.

**παστός, δ. = παστάς, a bridal chamber** or bridal bed: a sbrine.

Háo ya, ro, inaeci. the Passover, paschal lamb: also the time or\_fedst of the Passover. (Hebrew word.)

ΠΑ ΣΧΩ, fut, πείσομαι: nor. 2 έπάθον: pf. πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε: fem. part. pf. venabuia, Ep. for venovovia:-to suffer or be offected by anything whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; el Ti watoum or for Ti watou if aught were to bappen to me, Lat. si quid mibi acciderit, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to become of me? so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχειε; what is the matter with me or you? so in part. The waster; implying something amiss, τί παθόντε λελάσμεθα θούριδος άλκης; what ails us that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess? II. πάσχειν with other words; rande radyer to be ill off, in evil plight; namue was xeer but two to be ill used, evilly entreated by any one; opp. to εν πάσχειν to be well off, in good rase; en magyeur und tivos to be well user well treated by ..., receive kindness from a person. sadyer is also used of states or conditions: Ira un ταὐτὸ πάθητε τῷ ίπτψ that ye be not in the same case with the horse: so, of Things, to be liable to certain affections; πάσχειν ταθτόν όπερ άλλοι to be liable to the same as others; so, πάσχει τύθτο καλ κάρδαμα this is just the way with cress.

ward, Scythian word, - Kreiver.

warayte, f. how, (πάτωγος) to elatter, elash, crash, chief of a family, a patriarch.

the waves, etc., to dash, plash: hence to chatter, scream, as *birds*.

HATATOE, &, a clattering, clashing, any sourp noise made by the collision of two bodies: márayos δδόντων a chattering of the teeth; πάταγου κυμάτων the plash of waves. (Formed from the sound.)

Harakot or Harakol, ol, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads of Phoenician ships.

waráfau, waráfas, sor, 1 inf. and part. o

πάτάσσω, f. ξω: 201. Ι ἐπάταξα:—intr. to beat, knock, throb; "Εκτορι θυμός ένὶ στήθεσσι πάτασσέν his heart was beating, throbbing in his breast. to clap the hands. U. trans. to strike, wound, beat, smite.

ΠΑΤΕΌΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ἄ]: aor. 1 ἐπάσάμην, Ep. part. nassaueros: pf. nénasua: -- to feed on. eat.

wareovre, Dor. for wareover, 3 pl. of wareout also part. sing. dat.

πάπερίζω, f. ίσω, (παπήρ) to say, call father πάτέω, f. ήσω, (πάτοε) to tread, walk, step. trans. to tread on, tread; woppipas wareiv to walk on purple carpets. 2. to tread constantly, frequent, traverse a place: metaph., like Lat. terere, to thumb with using, as, warely Alaemor to be always thembing 3. to tread under foot, trample on.

HATHP, d, gen. warépos contr. warpos, dat. waτέρι contr. πατρί, acc. πατέρα: in dual and pl. ε is retained, except that in gen. pl. warpow is used as well as πατέρον, and dat. pl. is always πατράσι [&]:—J father; warpde warhp a grandfather. the gods Jove is emphat, called warthe. IIL suτήρ is used like άπφα, άττα, as a mode of address to IV. in plur., forefathers, exan older person. cestors.

marnocks, Dor. for warhoess, 2 sing. fut. of surfee. πάτησμός, ό, (πατέω) a treading on.

πάτνη, ή, Dor. for φάτνη. IIATOΣ, δ, a trodden or beaten way, path. [d] πάτρα, as Ion. πάτρη, ης, ή: (πατήρ) one's faiberland, native land, country, like warpie. body of persons claiming the same race or descent, s bouse, clan, Lat. gens.

πατρ-άδελφούς, δ, poët. for πατρ-άδελφος. πατρ-άδελφος, δ. = πατρόε άδελφόε, α father's bro-

ther, uncle by the father's side. πάτραθε, Adv., Dor. for πάτρηθε.

татр-dholas, gen. a and ov, voc. -ahola, d, (waris, άλοιάω) one who strikes or slays Ms father, a parricide. πάτρη, ή, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence

πάτρηθε and -θεν Dor. πάτραθε, Adv., = ἐκ πάτρας from one's native land. II. from a race or lineage. πατριά, âs lon. πατριή, ης, + (πατήρ) žineage, descent. II. a bouse, clan.

πατρι-άρχης, ου, ό, (πατριά, αρχη) the father α

weighter, τό, coaxing Dim. of warfip, daddy, papa.
warpinde, ή, όν, (warfip) from one's fathers or ancutors, patriarehal, hereditary.

II. of or from
one's father; ή warpinή (sc. obola) one's patrimony;
so τὰ warpinά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, a, or, also os, or, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus.

Π. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ansestors,

Lat. instituta majorum.

warple, thos, post. fem. of warples, of one's fathers; warple yaia, one's father-land, sountry; warple while ene's sative city:—also as Bubet., warple, \$, like warple.

marpierns, ou, d, (warpios) one of the same country,

a fellow-countryman.

Tarpièrie, idoe, sem. of tarpièrie; tarpièrie offi, tarpis, one's native land; tarpièrie otolif, a dross of
the country.

watpo-déparos, or, (warte, deple) given by a father.

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; draypaφήναι πατρόθεν èν στήλη to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κασίγνητος, ό, - πατρός κασίγνητος, a fa-

ther's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, δ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλήσε, acc. Πατροκλήσ, νοc. Πατροκλείε αccur in Hom.; but there is no nom. Πατροκλεύε.

πατροκτονόω, f. ήσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνος, ον, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-νομία, ή, (πατήρ, νόμος) a father's authority. πατρο-παράδοτος, ον, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) banded down ox inherited from one's fathers.

down or interiora from one ε fatters.
παπρο-πάπωρ, οροε, δ, - παπρύε παπήρ, a fatter's fatter, grandfatter.

πατρο-στερής, le, (πατήρ, στερίω) reft of one's father, fatherless.

warp-00χος, ον, (πατήρ, έχω) baving ber father's property: as Subst., πατρούχος (sub. παρθένος), ή, a sole-beiress, opp. to a cobsiress.

marpo-poveve, las Ep. hos, &, (surhp, pareis) the mearderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνοι, or, (πατήρ, φόνω) murdering one's father, particidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ου, δ, (πατήρ, \*φένω) murderer of one's father, a particide.

marpeios, y Dor. a, or, poët. form of rarpeos.

marp-winus, or, (sarth, brupa Acol. for brupa) seamed after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρώσε, α, or, also oe, or, post. πατρώσε, η Dor.
α, or: (τατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; έχθρα πατροία hereditary seud.

by the father's side, Lat. pairwas; opp. to phrowe, one by the mother's side.

marrakeim, marrakos, Att. for mass.

waveσκον, Ion. impf. of wave :— παυέσκοτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

malka, \$\dagger\$, (value) a resting-point, pause, rest; valka sasker rest from ills.

II. a bringing to an end: means of stopping.

waypakus or -u [d], Adv. (salipos) like bligdets, few times, seldom.

maupibios, a, or, post. for raspos, little, very abort ? neut. raupibior, as Adv., a very little.

waupo-enfe, és, (vaûpos, évos) of few words.
waupos, a, or, little, small: of Time, short,

brief. 2. mostly in pl. raûpos, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., raûpos dade few people — Comp. rauporepos, fewer.

3. neut. pl. raûpa as Adv. seldom.

παυσ-άνεμος, ον, (παίω, dreμος) calming the wind. παύσειεν, 3 sing. Acol. sor. 1 opt. of παίω.

warn-κάπη [ā], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their eating any of the corn.

mavor-λύπος, ή, (παίω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

Tavol-vocos, or, (rave, ricos) checking sickness.
Tavol-Tovos, or, (rave, Tiros) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb. Adj. of παύω, one must stop or put an end to.

II. of παύομαι, one must cease.

mavorthp, fipos, b, (ratio) one who stays or ealms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυσ-τήριος, or, fit for allaying or relieving.
παυσωλή, ή, like παῦλα, rest.

HATΩ: f. παύσω: 201. I έπαυσα: pf. πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass., fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. πεπαύσομαι: 201. I med. έπαυσμαι: το make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, put down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2. of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay.

Il. Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from.

Il. intr. in Act., like παύσμαι or λήγω, but only in imperat., παῦς, stop ! bave done!

Παφλάγών, ίνου, δ, a Papblagonian.

παφλάζω, f. dow: (redupl. from φλάζω, like πωπνών from πνω): — to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster. II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, chafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατοε, τό, a frolling, foaming, of the sea, etc. II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Hados, or, i, Paphos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker, πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) poët, for πάχος, thickness,

σήγνυμι.

πάχιστος, η, αν, irreg. Sup. of παχύε.

maxim, gen. oros, irreg. Comp. of saxis.

πάχνη, ή, (σήγνυμι) boar-frost, rime, Lat. pru-2. metaph. elotted blood. Hence

maxvoe, f. wow, to cover with boar frost or rime:-Pass. to be so covered II. metaph. to strike chill, to freeze; ἐπάχνωσεν φίλον ήτορ he made his heart's blood run cold: - Pass. to be struck with chill, to be frozen.

máxos, eoe, to, (vaxús) thickness: acc. váxos is used absol., in thickness, as unkoe in length, edpos in breadth, etc. [a]

πάχυ-κνημος, ον, (παχύε, κνήμη) with stout

#άχύνω [8], f. δνω: aor. I επάχυνα: pf. pass. πεπάχυσμαι:—to thicken, to fatten: also to make dull or gross of understanding :- Pass. to become thick : to grow fat, to be swollen: also to look large, of objects seen in a mist: metaph., δλβοε άγαν παχυνθείε wealth \*when it has waxed fat."

maxus, Dor. for myxus.

ΠΑΧΥΣ, eîa, ύ, thick, large, stout: ταχύε λάαε a large beauty stone: of linen, etc., thick, coarse. of the consistence of a mass, thick, curdled, clot-3. later, stout, fat, Lat. pinguis. 4. gene-Il. of raxees, rally, great, large, considerable. opp. to bi uos, the men of substance, the wealthy. III. thick-witted, dense, stupid, Lat. pinguis. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also πάχίων, ον, gen. ονοι:-Sup. πάχιστο: later the regul. πάχύτερο: (Ep. πάχετο:) and **Ε**ἄγύτατος.

πάχύτης, ητος, ή, (παχύς) thickness, of the skin, etc.: the sediment or less of liquor. [v]

méδă, Acol. for μετά.

meδάφ, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of meδάω,

webáaokov, Ion. impf. of rebáw.

ποδ-αίρω, Acol. for μεταίρω. web-alymos, or, Acol. for peralymos.

πεδ-Δμείβω, Acol. for μεταμείβω.

πεδ-άορος, ον, Acol. for μετήορος. [a]

πεδ-άρσιος, ον, Acol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάζω, Acol. for μεταυγάζω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Acol. for μετάφρον, (μετά, φρήν) wise too late.

πεδάω, f ήσω: Ep sor. I πέδησα: (πέδη):—to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast; generally, to sbackle, trammel, convrain

web-epyonar, Acol. for merepyonar.

me8-έχω, Acol. for μετέχω. πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, ή, (πέζα) a fetter, Lat. peaua, compes; ζεύγου wedow a pair of feiters. II. a mode of breaking

in a borse. πεδητής, οῦ, ὁ, (τεδάω) one woo jetters: a binderer. medias, ádos, fem. Adj. (medior) flat, even, level; # πεδιάε (sub. γη), the plain country. II. on a

παχθή, Dor. for πηχθή, 3 sing. 201. I rass. subj. of | plain or level country: λόγχη ποδιέα the spear (i. e. battle) on a fair field.

medicus, ice, b, (wedlor) a man of the plain.

webi-hone, ee, (weblov, doapelv) abounding in plains. wέδτλον, τό, (πέδη) mostly in plur. sandals, a pair II. any covering for the feet, abon, of sandals. slippers; also boots, brogues. III. a tie for com at milking time. IV. metaph., Δαρίον πεδίλον

pardr érappofae to suit one's voice to the Dorian march, i. e. to write in Doric rhythm. IL ø. medivás, h, ár, (medior) flat, level, even.

from the plain, living in or on the plain. meblov, to, (mébor) a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field, Let. campus; redia rivrow the fields of the sea, Lat. Neptunia area. Hence mediovde, Adv. to the plain.

meblo-voluos, or, ( meblov, v è po par) baunting the finds. πεδο-βάμων [ā], ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for πεδοβήμων, (πέδον, βαίνω) walking upon earth, of the earth.

πεδόθεν, Adv. (πέδον) from the ground: metaph. from the ground or bottom of the beart.

médoi, Adv. (médor) on the ground, on earth.

willoukos, or, Acol. for miroukos.

webo-koltys, ov. 6, (webor, kolty) making one s bed ot lair on the ground.

ΠΕ'ΔΟΝ, ov, τό, the ground, earth: generall- land, soil, Hence

milovos, Adv. to the ground, earthwards.

medore, Adv. - médorde. πεδο-στιβής, έε, (πέδον, στείβω) treading, pacing

tbe eartb. 2. on foot, opp. to lumηλάτης. πεδό-τρυψ, ζβοε, ὁ and ἡ, (πέδη, τρίβω) wearing out

fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves,

πεδ ώρύχος, ον, (πέδον, υρύσσω) digging the sail. πέζα, η, ή, (νέδον) the font: metaph, the bottom of anything: ἐπὶ ῥυμῷ πέζη ἐπι πρώτη on the pole at the very end: the hem or horder of a garment πέζ-αρχος, ον, (τεζύε, άρχω) leading infantry o.

land-army: as Subst., wellapxos, &, a leader of foot. mel-étaipoi, oi, (melis, étaipos) the foot-guards in the Macedonian army.

melevo, f. ou. (relie) to go or travel on foot, wach, opp. to riding or driving. 2. to go or travel by land, opp. to going by sea: Pass, to be traversed by travellers.

weζŷ, v. sub weζús.

πεζικός, ή, όν, (πεζύς) on foot or by land, we fine λεών foot-soldiers, infantry as opp. to horse, or es army as opp. to a flect.

πεζο-βόας, α, ό, Dor. for -βόης, (reζίε, βοή) con wbo sbouts on fool, a foot soldier, a soldier.

weζομάχέω, f. ήσω, to fight by land. From

πεζο-μάχης, ου, δ, (πεζός, μέχομαι) fightage on foot. as opp. to cavalry. 2. firbung on land, as opp. to sea. Hence

πεζομαχία, ή, a batde by land, opp. to σαυμαχεία. Telo-vouse, or, (relos, repu) commending by land. πεζοπορέω, to go on foot. 2. to go by land. From relo-mbpos, or, (relie, ropedw) going on foot, walk- | μεναι ; fut. πεινήσω, later πεινάσω [ā] : (πείνα) : 201.

going by land.

wells, h, br, (rela) on foot, walking; weloi foot-soldiers, opp. to inveis; so, refds στρατός is sometimes foot-soldiery, opp. to cavalry; but also a land-army, opp. to a sea-force; & wecos, and to wecor are also so used. II. on land, going or travelling by land; Dat. fem. we(j) as Adv. (sub. 686), on foot or by land; re(g) knewbar to follow by land.

wel, Dor. for wil, wou.

πειθ-άνωρ Ion. πειθήνωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (πείθομαι, ἀνήρ) obeying men, obedient.

werbapy to, f. how, also Med. -topar, (welbapyos) to obey one in authority, he obedient. Hence

mendapxia, f, obedience.

πείθ-αρχου, or, (πείθομαι, άρχή) obeying one in authority, obedient.

wellyn, Acol. for wellow.

 $\pi \epsilon \iota \theta \delta \gamma$ ,  $\dot{\gamma}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega) = \pi \iota \theta \alpha \nu \delta \epsilon$ , persuasive.

ILEI'ΘΩ, fut. welgw: 201, I ένεισα: 201, 2 ένθον Ep. redupl. πέπτθον, I pl. subj. πεπίθωμεν, opt. πεπί-Couper, inf. verideir, part. vertour : pf. vereina :--Med. and Pass. πείθομαι: fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 έπτθόμην Ερ. πιθόμην, imperat. πίθου, Ερ. redupl. opt. periborro, inf. xivésbai: pf. med. révoiba; plapf. memoldea, contr. I pl. enemibuer: pf. pass. nemelopal. Homer has also a fut. wiθήσω and aor. I part. wiθήoas, intr. as if from willer: but the redupl, acr. I subj. #επίθήσω is transit.: I. Act. to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat, 2. to prevail on by entreaty, to appeare, propitiate; wellew wird xphuase to bribe 3. to impel, stir up. 4. c. dupl. acc., rei-Ger Tora Ti to persuade one of a thing. 5. c. acc. rei only, to argue a point. II. Med, and Pass. so be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply. zeiθεσθαί τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with; 3. πείθεσθαί Theal relected to yield to old age. Tere to believe or trust in a thing; also c. neut. acc., ταῦτ' ἐγώ σοι οὐ πείθομαι I do not take this on your word; c. acc. et inf. to believe that ... med. révoida, inf. revoidérai, to trust, rely, bave confidence in. IV. pf. pass. wewerough to be fully persuaded, believe, trust: of things, to be believed. Hence

Habis, bos contr. ovs, 1, Persuasion personifica as a goddess, Lat. Suada, Suadēla. IL the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness. 2. a persuasion in the mind. 3. a means of persuasion, inducement; dat. weither by fair means, opp. to Bla by force. 4. obedience.

HEINA or πelvη, η, bunger, famine, Lat. fames. 2. metaph. bunger or longing for a thing. Hence

weivakees, a, ov, bungry, empty. [d]

wereques, Acol, for reirouer, I pl. of reirau. weivavri, Dor. for weivavri, dat. pres. part. of wei-

páω: also for πεινώσι 3 pl. pres.

I erebryoa, later -āσa : pf. πεπείνηκα :--to be bungry, suffer bunger, be famished. II. c. gen. to bunger after: metaph. to bunger after or for, crave after. wervies, Ion. for wervies.

melvy, - meiva.

πανήν, inf. of πεινάω; Ερ. παινημεναι.

HET PA, ή, a trial, attempt, essay, experiment: hence experience; neipar exer to have experience, to make proof of; ent welpa by way of test or trial. an attempt, plot or design against one. III. generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise.

weipa, Ep. for tweepa, nor. I of weipen.

weepa, ή, (πείρω) a point, edge.

παράζω, f. άσω: Pass., aor. I ἐπειράσθην: pf. πεπείρασμαι:—like πειράω, to make proof or trial of one :- to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce. to attempt a thing,

Herpareus or Herparus, 8, Peirarus, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: gen. Hespaséau or -asau; dat. -aieî: acc. -aiâ.

Haparol, Adv. at or in Peiraeus.

melpalvo, f. ανώ: 201. Ι ἐπείρηνα: (πείραρ):—to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot;  $\sigma \epsilon \iota \rho \gamma \nu \in \alpha \nu$ του πειρήναντε tying a tope from ot to it. lengthd. for wepaire, to end, complete, finish; in Pass., πάντα πεπείρανται (3 sing. pf.) all bas been completed.

meiρav, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of πείρω.

HEI PAP, atos, to, post. for vépas, an end; in plur., πείρατα γαίη**ε the end**s of the earth: the ends of IL the end or issue of a ropes, knotted ropes. thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object. III. act. that which finishes; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης, the finishers of art.

melpacus, ή, (πειράω) a trying: an attempt. πειρασμός, δ, (τειράζω) a tempting, temptation. πειράτεον, or in plur. -έα, verb. Adj. of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt.

πειρατήρ, ήροε, ό, collat. form of πειρατήε. πειρατήριον Ion. πειρητ-, τό, (πειράω) a means of trying or proving, ordeal; φύνια πειρατήρια the mut-II. a pirate's nest. derous ordeal, i. e. torture. πειράτης, οθ, δ, (πειράω) one wbo attempts: α

pirate, Lat. pirata.

πειρūτικός, ή, όν, piratical.

πειράω, f. άσω Ion. ήσω: more freq. as Dep. πειράομαι, with fut. med. πειράσομαι, Dor. 2 pl. πειρασείσθε: aor. I med. ἐπειρασάμην Ion. ἐπειρησάμην; pass, ἐπειράθην [ā] lon. ἐπειρήθην : pf. pass, πεπείραμαι Ion. πεπείρημαι: (πείρα):-to attempt, undertake, 2. c. gen. pers. to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack: also c. acc. to make an attempt on. II, the Dep. to try one's skill or luck in a thing. wervies contr. πεινό, βε, β; inf. πεινήν Ερ. πεινή- | πειράομαι is mostly used with gen. pers., to make trial, of one, put him to the proof; hence to enamine, question: also to try oneself against another, to match oneself with him

2. c. gen. rei, to make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of.

3. absol. to try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words; werelppuse upboos I have tried myself, i. e. I am versed or stilled, in words.

mapybely, mespyblyes, sor. I opt. and inf. pass. of

πειράου, πειράομαι.

weepythouv, To, Ion. for weepathouv.

resportly, f. low, — respine, to attempt, try, prove. II. c. gen. pers. to make trial of, put to the proof: also to try another in battle: c. acc. to attempt, attack, assail.

welpive, 1900s, \$\psi\$: acc. welpirea:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a eart upon the duafa

or carriage

HEIPΛ, fut. περῶ: aor. I ἐπειρα Ερ. πεῖρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐπόρην [ά] pf. πέπαρμα: (πέραι):—to pierce quite through, to ren through, pierce, of meat, to spit; πρέα ἀμφ' δβελοῖου ἔπειραυ they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part., βλοιου πεπαρμένον stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., δδώνησι πεπαρμένον pierced with pain.

1l. metaph., πύματα πείρευ το cleave the waves; πεῖρε πέλευθον clave her way (through the waves).

meiora, η, ἡ, (πείθω) Doöt. for πειθώ, persuasion or obedience, subjection.

weigere, 3 sing. Acol. aor. I opt. of weißer.

weer-βροτοε, or, (πείθω, βροτόε) persuading on controlling mortals.

werdeney, Ep. for weider, fut. inf. of weider.

πείσμα, ατος, τό, (πείδω) the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a eable, rope.

II. that on which one may trust.

πεισμονή, ή, (πείθω) earnest persuasion, solicitation.

melσομαι, fut. med. of πείθω.

πείσομαι, irreg. fut. of πάσχω.

metoriov, verb. Adj. of relow, one must persuade. I (from Pass.) one must obey: cf. dontion.

Transferior, a, or. (relba) fit for persuading, persuasive, winning.

meιστικός, ή, όν, (πείθω) persuasive.

welow, fut. of wellow.

πέκος, τό, (πέκω) wool, a fleece.

wention, f. ήσω, (πίκω) to shear, elip.

ME'KΩ Ep. weikes: f. rife: act. I med. &refdμην, part refdμενοs; act. I pass. ἐπίχθην: το comb or card wool, Lat. peciere: med., χαίται πεξαμένη baring combed ber hair 2. to abear, clip.

πελάγιζω, f. low, (πέλαγοε) to form a sea or lake:
of a river, to overflow: of places, to be flooded,
swamped.

Il. to be out at sea.

weakington, a, or, also on, or, (neikangon) of, on or by the sea: living in the sea, Lat. marinus: out at sea, on the open sea.

well-yerge [1], ov, b, fem. -true, idos, (wilayos) of or on the sea.

HE'ΛΑΤΌΣ, εσε, τό: Bp. dat. pl. weldyerer: :the sea, the high sea, open sea, the main, Lat. pelagus:
any large expanse of scater is so called: metaph, of
anything huge or excessive, as, πέλαγοε κακών α
'sea of troubles.'

πελάζω: f. πελάσω Att. πελώ: aor. Ι ἐπέλἄσα Ερ. πέλασα, ἐπέλασσα and πέλασσα: aor. 1 med. ἐπελασάμην: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπελάσθην poet. ἐπλάθην [d]: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλῆτο, πλήντο and έπληντο: pl. pasa. πέπλημαι part, πεπλημένος: - πελάω, πελάθω, πλάθω are collat. forms: I. intrans. to approach, draw near to any (πέλαι): point: absol, to come near, draw near or nigh. trans, to bring near ot to, make to approach of draw nigh; πελάζειν νευρήν μαζώ to draw the bowstring to one's breast:—metaph., πελάζειν τινά δδύνησι to bring him near to anguish; so, tros total, dodnari πελάσσαs I will speak a word, baving made it firm as adamant; φυγά μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελάτε (κ. υμέν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave : c. gen. pro dat., πάρα πελάσαι φάσε vews thou may'st bring light near the ships. in Pass, like the intr. Act, to be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach; leel τὰ πρώτα πέλασθεν when they first drew near: so in Ep. 201. 2, doubts έπληντ' αλλήλησι the shields were brought close to each other; πλήτο χθονί be came near, i. e. sank to earth; so also, πελασθήναι έπὶ τὸν θεών to draw nigh to the god. 2. to approach or wed a woman.

πελάθω [a], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr.
πέλάνος, δ, any balf-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, bosey, foam, clotted blood. II. of a mixture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out.
(Deriv. uncertain.)

πελαργίδεύε, δ, (πελαργόε) a young stork. πελαργικόε, ή, όν, of or for a stork. From

πελ-αργόε, δ, (πελόε, άργόε) the stork.

ΠΕ'ΛΑ'Σ, Adv. near, bard by, close, nigh to, mostly c. gen., but sloo c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. prope ab alique loco, c. dat to Lat. prope ad aliquem locum.

II. absol. near, nigh at band! of πέλαs one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankint: rare in sing., δ πέλαs one's neighbour.

melavalaro, Ep. for melávaurro, 3 pl. sor. 1 opt.

med. of πελάθω.

Πελασγικός, ή, ω, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ Πελασγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From

Πελασγόε, δ, a Pelasgian; Πελασγοί, οί, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

melátης [d], ου, ό, fom. -áτις, ιδος, (πελάζω) om upo approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat decida: also as involves, introder.

11. a code:

πελάω, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., 1. to bring near. 2. to come or draw near. whetes or owinetes, b, (while) orders, dung. πιλεθρον. τό, lengthd. post. form for πλέθρον. πίλοια, ή, (πελύ») the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat,

II. πέλειαι, al, name of from its dark colour. the prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic doves of Dodona.

πελαάε, άδος, ή, - πέλεια.

Helados, al, - Haciabes, the Pleiads: also in sing. Πελειάς, άδος, ή, α Pleiad.

πελαιο θρέμμων, αν, (πέλεια, τρέφω) pigeon-feeding.

medandy, aros, or medands, arros, Dor. medands, a, b, (wederdow) the woodpecker, the joiner-bird. the pelican.

πελακάω, f. ήσω, (πέλεκυε) to bem or shape with an

ane, rough-hew, Lat. dolare.

medenties, f. low, (wedence) to strike with an axe, to bebead, Lat. securi percutere.

wednestros, d, - wedends II, a water-bird of the peliean kind.

medéscencre, for êmedéschore, Ep. 3 sing. 201. I of TEX ENGLA

Tilaccov, 76, (Tilecve) an axe-bandle.

wedenes, sae Ion. coe, o : dat. pl. wedenes: Ep. wehineson:-a double-edged ane, an ane; ob bopasi μάχεσθαι, άλλα και πελέκεσι to fight not with spears only, but also with exes, i. e. not soldiers only, but every man.

waλquife, fut. fe: Ep. sor. I weλέμεξα: sor. I pass. ἐπελεμίχθην: (πάλλω):--to swing, shake, to make to shake, quiver or tremble: - Pass. to be shaken, to tremble, quake: to be driven away, flee trembling.

πελεμίχθην, Ep. for ἐπελεμίχθην, aor. I pass. of

weλέσκεο, Ion. and Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πέλομαι. weλeu, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι.

melyeds, doos, f. Ion. for meleids.

meλιδνόε or meλιτυόε, ή, όν, (πελιόε) livid.

medice, a, or, (medde) of the body, discoloured by a bruise, livid.

ΠΕ΄ ΛΛΑ Ion. πίλλη, ηε, ή, a wooden bowl, milkpail, Lat. muletra. II. a drinking-cup.

ITEAAO'Z or wealos, 4, 6v, Lat. PULLUS, darkcoloured, blackish, dusky,

πέλομες, Dor. for πέλομεν, I pl. of πέλω.

Πελοποννήσιοι, ol, the Peloponnesians.

Hedorovonouri, Adv. in the Peloponnesian (i. c. Dorian) dialect. From

Πελοπόν-νησος, ή, - Πέλοπος νήσος, the Peloponmessus, now the Morea.

πελός, ή, όν, γ. πελλόε.

Πέλοψ, οποε, δ, (πελόε, δφ) Pelope, i. e. dark-face, son of Tantalus, said to have migrated from Lydia, and to have given his name to the Peloponnesus.

πελτάζω, f. σω, (πέλτη) to serve as a targeteer. **πελταστής**, οῦ, ὁ, (πελτάζω) one who bears a target or light shield (πέλτη) instead of the large shield (δπλον), a targeteer, Lat. cetratus: they held a place | pf. πέπομφα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐπέμφθην: pf. πέπομμαι.

between the ordirar or heavy-armed infantry, and the ψιλοί or light-armed troops. Hence

TEXTOTUCOS, h. ov, skilled in the use of the target: τό πελταστικόν, = ol πελτασταί, the body of targeteers.

HE'ATH, \$\dagger\$, a small light shield without a rim (Irvs), orig. used by the Thracians. s. a body of targeteers (meditartal), as donie for donieron, budar 🖺 a sbaft, pole III. a borse's for δπλίται. ornament.

πελτο-φόρος, ον, (πέλτη, φέρω) bearing a target.

ΠΕ'ΑΩ, more common as Dep. πέλομαι, only used in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop. forms, as 3 sing, impf., act. Ender for Eneder; 2 sing. impf. med. takeo, takev, for tathou; 3 sing. takero for exelero: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and 3 sing. welloweo, wellowero: imperat. wellow: the pres. part. is syncop. in the compds. erenholueros, περιπλόμενος, for έπιπελόμενος, περιπελόμενος, but does not occur in the simple form :- orig, to be in motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγή πέλει ουρανόθι πρό the cry goes up to heaven; γήρας και θάνατος ἐπ' ἀνθρώποισι πέλονται old age and death come upon men, II. to be, implying continuance, to be used or want to be: to become.

ΠΕ'ΛΩΡ, τό, undeclined, a monster, of anything

huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

πελώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, = πελώρος, monstrous, buge, immense; ta moby melapia the mighty ones of

πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, a monster; πέλωρα θεών ροςtents sent by the gods; strictly neut, of

πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) monstrous, prodigious, buge, portentous; and so, terrible: neut. pl. as Adv., weλωρα, bugely, portentously,

πόμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμμα.) any kind of dressed

food: esp. in plur, cakes, sweetmeats.

πεμμάτ-ουργόε, δ, (πέμμα, έργον) a pastry-cook. πεμπάδ-αρχος, ό, (πεμπάς, άρχω) a commander of a body of five.

πεμπάζω, i. άσω, to count on the five fingers, count

by fives: generally, to count. From

πεμπάε, άδοε, ή, Acol. for πεντάε, the number five: a body of five.

weμπαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πεμπάζω) one who counts by fives: generally, one who counts, pupia repractife reviewing by tens of thousands.

πάμπε, Acol. for πέντε, five.

πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep. for πέμπειν.

meumralos, a, or, (néumros) in five days, on the fifib day.

πεμπτ-άμερος, ον, (πέμπτος, ήμέρα) Dor. for πενθήμεροε, of five days.

πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, one must send. weihutos, η, ον, (repre) the fifth; ή πέμπτη (sub. ἡμέρα) the fifth day.

πεμιπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, sent.

ΠΕΜΠΩ fut. πέμφω: 201. Ι ένεμφα Ερ. νέμφα:

3 sing. wowepurou:-to send, despatch. send off or away, dismiss, send bome; xph feivor παρεόντα φιλείν, εθέλοντα δε πέμπειν \* welcome the coming, speed the parting guest." 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, dis-III. to convoy, attend, escort, conduct; δ πέμπων the conductor, of Mercury; πομπήν πέμπειν 2. to send with one, esp. to conduct a procession to take on a journey. IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., Téuresbal Tiva, to 2. to send one's own or in one's own und for one. service.

πεμπ-ώβολον, τό, (πέμπε, δβολόε) α five-pronged fork.

πέμψειας, 2 sing. Acol. 201. I opt. of πέμπω. πεμψέμεναι, Ep. for πέμφειν, fut. inf. of πέμπω. πέμψες, εως, ή, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission. πεμψώ, πεμψεί, Dor. for πέμφω, πέμφει.

πενέστερος, πενέστατος, Comp. and Sup. of τένης. πενέστης, ου, δ, a servant, labourer; the πενέσται were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the Ελωτες in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war.

II. generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man.

wivηs, ητος, δ, (πένομαι) one sobo earns bis daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II. as Adj. poor : c. gen., like Lat. egens, πένης χρημάτων poor in money.—Comp. πενέστερος, Sup. πενέστατος.

wevητο-κόμος, or, (πένης, κομέω) tending the boor.
wevθαλέος, α, ον, (πένθες) sad, mourning.

πένθεια, ή, collat. form of πένθοι.

merbeierov, Ep. for πενθείτον, 3 dual of πενθέω. πενθερά, ή, fem. of πενθερόε, a mother-in-law, Lat. zocrus.

HENOEPO'Z, ô, a father-in-law, Lat. socer; also knople. II. generally, a connemion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθέω, f. how: Ep. 3 dual πενθείσταν for πενθέeron, πενθείτου: pres. inf. πενθήμεναι for πενθείν: (πένθοε):—to bewail, lament, mourn for - Pam. to be mourned for. 2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (τενθέω) lamentation, mourning. πενθήμεναι, Ερ. inf. pres. of πενθέω.

πενθ-ημερου, ον, (πέντε, ημέρα) of, lasting five days: πενθημερον, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ημζιμορής, έε, (πέντε, ήμιμερήε) consisting of five balves, i. e. of two and a balf; hence in Prosody, τομή πενθημιμερήε the caesura after two feet and a balf, as in lamb. Trim., opp. to τομή έφθημιμερήε

bair, as in lamb. Trim., opp. to τομή έφθημιμερής the caesura after three feet and a bair.

πενθ-ημίποδιοίος, α, ον, (πέντε, ήμιπόδιον) consist-

ing of five balf feet, i. c. of 2½ feet.

merbiques, or gen. oros, (nerble) mournful, sorrouful, sad.

ανθήρης, ει, (πένθος, δράρεῦν) lamenting, mourning, πενθητήρ, ῆροε, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθέω) a mourner, wailer. πενθητήριος, α, ον, (πενθέω) in sign of mourning. wavθήτρια, ή, fem. of wavθητήρ.
wavθίκος, ή, όν, (πένθου) of or for grief, mourning,
sorrouful. Adv., πανθικώς έχειν τινός to be in
mourning for a person.

wivefuos, or, in token of grief, mourning sorrowul. II. mournful, wretched. From

HE'NOOX, cos. ro, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead.

II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. -ίη, ή, (πένομαι) poverty, need. πενιχράλίου, α, ον, collat. form of πενιχρόε, poor.

TISVINGOS, d, ov., like vérns, poor, needy.

IIENOMAI, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—
to be toor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, bave need of.

II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ή, five drachms. From πεντά-δραχμός, or, (πίντε δραχμή) of the weight or value of five drachms.

πεντ-αίθλιον, τό, poët. for πεντάθλιον. πεντ-άεθλον, τό, poët. for πένταθλον πεντ-άεθλος, ό, poët. for πένταθλου.

mevrderaple, loos, h, five years, a space of five years.

II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

meuril-érapos, or, poët, for meuraethe, five years old.
meuril-erap, és or meura-érap, se, (sérre, éros) five
years old.
Il. of Time, lasting five years: hence
meuraéeres, as Adv. for five years.

wer-ablier, to, collat. form of wertabler.

πόντ-αθλον Ion. πεντ-άεθλον, τό, (πόντε, άθλω) the contest of the five exercises; πεντάεθλον ἀσκεῦ το practise the five exercises. These were άλμα, δίσπος, δρόμος, πάλη, πυγμή: but for the last the ἀπώττειε οτ άκων και substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—άλμα, ποδάκειαν, δίσπον, άκωντα, πάλην.

mivr-allos Ion. nevr-áellos, d, (vérre, állor) one who practises the nevrallor or five enercises, the conqueror in them.

II. metaph, one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

ment-aixhos, or, (mente, alxhi) five-pointed.

wevraus, Adv. (verte) five times.

πεντάκισ-μύριοι, αι, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000 πεντάκισ-χίλιοι, αι, α, five times 1000 = 5000. πεντάκοσιοι Ερ. πεντηκόσιοι, αι, α, (πέντε) five

bundred: also in sing. with a collective noun, πεντεκοσία έννοε five bundred horse. II. at Atheas, of πεντακόσιοι, — ή βουλή, the council of 500, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (of dwd ενάμου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

mentacoro-ulbunos, or, (nertueórios, plèspes, possessing land that produced 500 medimus yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the nertransorsoulbunos formed the first class \*he other three being the length, ferrylras, Offres.

πεντάκοσιοστός, ή, όν, (ναντακόσιοι) too five busdredtb.

werte-kuma, p, (were, whee) the fifth were, sup-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. Tpiev. id. Benarvula.

πεντά πάλαστος, ον, (πέντε, παλαστή) five bandbreadthe wide.

meura-angue, v. gen. eoe, (révre, afixus) five cubits long or broad.

merraπλάσιος [d], a, or, (πέντε) fivefold.

πεγταπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πενταπλάσιος.

πεντά-πολιε, ή, (πέντε, πόλιε) a state of five towns, as Tolmolus was a state of three, Assawolus of ten.

πεντάρ-ράγος, ον, (πέντε, βάξ) with five berries. merra-σπίθαμος, ον. (πέντε, σπιθαμή) five spans long or broad. [1]

merria-criticos, or, (nerre, criticos) of five lines or

merra-ortopos, or, (merre, ordua) with five mouths

or openings, of the Nile and Danube.

merra-reuxos, or, (rerre, reuxos) consisting of five books in one volume: as Subst., werrateuxos (sc. βίβλοε), ή, the five books of Moses, Pentateuch.

merra-dute, is, (where, out) five in nature or number.

πένταχα, Adv. (πέντε) fivefold, five-ways, in five divisions.

merraxol, Adv. (nerre) in five places.

HENTE Acol. where, ol, al, ra, indecl. five. Lat. quinque. In Compos. it takes the form werra- as well as rerre-.

wevre-kal-Besta, ol, al, 7á, indecl. fifteen.

mevrenaidenti-vata, j, (merrenaldena, rave) a squadron of fifteen ships.

wevrenaidena-takartos, or, (revrenaidena, takar-TOV) of fifteen talents worth or weight.

шечте-каз-векатов, η, ov, fifteentb.

merrences ben-home, es, with fifteen banks of oars. mevre-quiplyyos, or, (mérre, ouply) with five pipes or boles; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine furnished with five boles, through which the head, arms,

and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory. movie-takartos, or, (merte, takartor) worth five talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit. were empls, lose, h, a term or space of five years;

Bid werretypibos at intervals of five years, every five II. a festival celebrated every five years, such as the Panathenaea at Athens. From

weve true, es, (wever, eros) of five years, lasting five years.

werte-tplage, to conquer five times.

werthcorra, oi, al, rd, indeed, (rere) fifty.

wevτηκοντά-erus, ιδοε, ή, fem. of

mentakonta-erije, és or -érije, es, contr. -outije, ( werthcorra, \$100) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years. πεντηκοντά κάρηνος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον) fifty-beaded.

πεντηκοντά-κέφαλος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) = πεντηκοντακάρηνος.

wertquorta-wave, -wardoe, d, th, consisting of fifty abildren.

SEVERNOVE-GOYOS, &, (SEVERNOVE, APXW) the com-IL one who commands a mander of fifty men. very morropoe, the captain of a penteconter.

πεντηκόντερος, ή, - πεντηκόντορος.

mevry courte, hoos, o, (merth courts) the commander of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army. πεντηκοντό-γύος, ου, (πεντήκοντα, γύα) of fifty

acres of corn-land. παντηκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (παντήκοντα, δργυια) χίζιν fatboms deep, bigb, etc.

πεντηκόντορος, ή, with and without ναῦς, (πεντήkorta) a ship of burden with fifty oars.

TEVTYKOVT-OUTHS, es, contr. for Tevtykovtaétys. πεντηκόσιοι, αι, α. Ερ. (οι πεντάκύσιοι.

πεντηκοστεύω, f. σω, (πεντηκοστή) to collect the tax печтпковти от two per cent:—Piss. to pay the tan. πεντηκοστή, ή, sec πεντηκοστόε.

MENTHEOGTHP, POOR, O, - TEVTHEOVTHE.

πεντηκοστο-λόγος, ον, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) collecting the tax πεντηκοστή: as Subst., πεντηκοστολόγος. δ, the collector of the πεντηκοστή.

πεντηκοστό-παιε, -παιδοε, ό, ή, (πεντήκοντα, παιε)

with fifty children.

πεντηκοστός, ή, όν, (πεντήκοντα) fiftieth. as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ή, I. (sub. μερίs), the fiftieth part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent., imposed on all exports and imports. ήμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of Pentecost. Hence

πεντηκοστύε, ύοε, ή, the number fifty, a number of fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.

mevr-homs, es, (werte, epecou) with five banks of oars: as Subst., πεντήρηε (sub. ναθε), ή, a quinquereme.

mevr-olos, or, (nerre, blos) baving five branches of points: Hes. calls the hand werro (ov. the five-pointed. mevr-opyrios, or, (serve, opyria) of five falboms. mevr-ώβολος, ον, (πέντε, δβολύε) of or worth five obols: as Subst., πεντώβολον, τό, a five-obol biece: πεντώβολον ήλιάσασθαι to sit in the court Heliaea at five obols a day.

wekautyn, aor. I med, part, fem. of wiew. weed. Dor. for ween, fut. of ween.

ΠΕΌΣ, cos, τό. membrum virile, Lat. penis.

wemaθυία, Ep. for wewardvia, pf. part. fem. of πάσχα. nenalva, f. deû: 201. I ênénava: Pass., fut. nenarθήσομαι: 20τ. Ι ἐπεπάνθην: pf. inf. πεπάνθαι: (πέwar):-to ripen, make ripe or mellow: of pain, etc., to soothe, assuage, soften:—Pass, to become ripe, soft, mellow: to be softened. II. intr. to become ripe. mellow.

менаітеров, менаітатов, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of

πεπάλαγμένος, πεπάλάχθαι, pf. pass. part. and inf. οί παλάσσα.

πεπάλακτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of παλάσσα. πεπάλοισμοι, pf. pass. of παλαίω. mémakuan, pf. pass, of makken.

would we. Ep. redupl. sor. 2 part. of walker.

winovia, pf. 2 of ragyan

<del>πέπορθα,</del> pf. med. of πέρθα.

πέποσθε, Ερ. for πεπόνθατε, 2 pl. pl. of πάσχω.

женарах, рб. об жаорац. méntivos, or, collat. form of méner, ripe, mellow. werdpely, an old sor. 2 inf. to display, manifest. wemappear, pl. pass. of welpo: inf. wewappear, memunutivos, pl. pass. part. of meious. wenderbas, pf. inf. of wartopas. mentiobat, pf. inf. of maopat, to possess. πέπασμαι, πεπάσμην, pf. and plapf. of πατέσμαι. πεπάχυσμαι, pf. pass. of παχύνω. mencibaras, Ioa. 3 pl. pf. pass. of wellow. mémenta, pf. of meilles. ninespos, or, also fem. nénespă, - nêner, ripe, meilow, Lat. maturus: metaph. mild, softened. whenout, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of weller. werecomment, pf. pass. of wellow. werepaopai, pf. pass. of repaires. wereprouevos, Ep. pf. part. pass. of wepass. πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγουμι. menterpar, pf. pass. of miesa. wentbéorbas, redupl. sor. 2 med. inf. of weillos. mentilifore, Ep. fut. of melles. minthov, Ep. redupl. sor. 2 of melow; wenibuner I pl. subj.; wewifocur I and 3 pl. opt.: inf. veniveix, fem. part, venidodoa. πεπλάνημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of πλανάω, roaming, wandering. πέπλασμαι, pf. pass. of πλάσσαι. wendevoper, pf. pass. of sheer. wenληγέμεν, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of πλήσσα. πέπληγον, πεπληγόμην, Ep. redupl. acr. 2 act. and med. of πλήσσω. πεπληγώε, pf. part. of πλήσσω. πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πελάζω. ΠΕΠΛΟΣ, δ, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα, rd, Lat peplum, any woven cloth used for a covering, II. a large full robe a sheet, banging, curtain. or shawl worn by women: esp. the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic festival III. also a man's cloak or robe, of the long Eestern dress. πέπλυμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλύσθαι. πέπλωμα, ατοι, τό, (πέπλοι) a flowing robe, garmémviluas, poët. pf. pass. of mréw, used as pres., to bave breath or soul; metaph, to be wise, discreet, prudent, sage; 2 sing. πέπνθσαι; inf. πεπνθσθαι; 2 sing. plopf. πέπνυσο:--part. πεπνυμένοε used as Adj. sage, wise, prudent. wenventivos, part. of wenvence. memoria, perf. med. of wellow, to trust, rely on. Hence πεποίθεα. Ep. for ἐπεποίθειν, plapf. med. of πείθω. menologous, f, trust, reliance, boldness. πεποιθοίην, opt. of πέποιθα. πεποίθομεν, Ep, for πεποίθωμεν, I pi. subj. of πέποιθα. mencion, subj. of wereida. πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing plopf. pass. of πολίζα. wirougu, pf. pass. of wiro. memorato, Ep. 2 sing. plaps. pass. of mores.

memortharau, Ep. for memorrarau, 3 pl. pl. of morte ough: wewerfordan, inf. of same. <del>πέπρ</del>αγα, pf. 2 of πράσσοι женрауна, pf. pass. of правон. πέπρακα, πέπραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πεπράσκα. mempiorman, pf. pass. of mpior. иемретов, иемрето, 3 sing. pf. and plaps. pass. of an obsol. Verb \*woom (from which also comes aor. 2 Exopor):—it bas, bad been fated; part. neupopeleos, fated: ή πεπρωμένη (sub. μοίρα), that which is fated, fate, destiny, like είμαρμένη. жентощом, pf. pass. of жетогори: part. жентомегов. mentiones, for mintarray, 3 pl. pf. pass of merapopul. werrailta, for werraita, pf. part. nom. and acc. neut. of <del>sizro</del>. πεπτηώε, Ep. for πεπτηκώε, pf. part. of πτήσσω, frightened, timid, shy. mentures, pf. of minros. <del>пенто́в,</del> Att. pf. part. of ніято. minte, see misses. теновогто [8], 3 sing. Ep. redupl acr. 2 opt. of surθάνομαι. mentionspievos, pf. pass. part. of succession. πέπυσμου, pf. of πυνθάνομαι: inf. πεκύσθαι. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of πωθάνομαι. mémorca, pl. of miros. HEΠΩN, ov, gen. ovos; Comp. and Sup. wescalτεροε, -τατοε:--of fruit, ripe, mellow, Lat. micis. II. metaph. soft, tender, gentle: also maturus. softened, assuaged: often used in addressing a person, & mémor, as Subst., ob my friend: so, med wemor my pet ram: in bad sense, d wéwoves ye weaklings, ye dastards. HE'P, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: *much*, very, often with an Adj. and the part of eigh, evel p' étenés ye pururbadior wep forta since you have given birth to me all shortlived as I am: also with an Adj. only, sporepos we strong as be is; or with an Adv., phrored men, for a very little time; dalyor see little as it is. call attention to something objected to, albeit, though, bowever; so, leybe mep tar dropgithe bowever loadtongued a talker he be. 3. also to strengthen a negation, où de wep, no, not even, not at all, where, as in Lat. ne .. quidem, obbé is divided by one or more words from wep. II, to call attention to one of more things, bowever, at any rate, yet, as, allows reρ ελέαιρε pity others at any rate. IIL we is often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as deπερ, ήπερ, διόπερ, ώσπερ, etc. mlpū, Adv. beyond, across or over, further, Lat. witra;

μέγρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' ού as far as the middle, but

metaph, beyond measure, encessively; c. gen., what

πέρα μεσούση**ε ημέραε beyond midday.** 

no f*urtber*.

IL of Time, beyond, longer: c. gen.,

State beyond all justice.

IV. absol. expressing something greater; driora and ripa addow hearing things incredible, and more than that.

wepdav, Ep. for wepar, pres. inf. of wepass.

wepáaσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of wepáω.

wipader Ion. wipyder, Adv. (wipa) from beyond,

from the far side.

mepalve: acr. I ἐπέρᾶνα: Pass., acr. I ἐπεράνθην: pf. πεπέρασμαι, inf. πεπέρανθαι: (πέραε):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to fulfilled, accomplished.

2. περαίνειν λόγον to end a discourse: hence abool. to conclude, come to an end.

II. intr. to entend, reach, or penetrate.

wepsilos, a, or, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river.

Π. ή περαίη (ταλ. γή οτ χάρα) as Sabst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite.

Hence

repaibes, f. brow: nor. I ετεραίωσα: Pass., f. repaisebhroun: nor. I ετεραίωθην: pf. rerepaibuna:—to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, earry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross. II. intr. in Act. to cross, pass over.

mepalrepos, a, or, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further; δδοί περαίτεραι toads leading further: Adv. περαιτέρω: also neut. περαίτερον, further, beyond.

πέρθν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, aeross, Lat. trans., c. gen. 3. absol. over, to or on the opposite side; πέραν els τὴν 'Aσίαν διαβῆναι to cross over into Asia.

II. over against, c. gen., as, Χαλείδοε πέραν.

III. sometimes = πέρα, out beyond.

терачтиков, ή, о́г, (repairm) conclusive.

mep-dwree, Acol, for mepidarree.

whole, it os, to, (tiga) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last.

2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta.

II. metaph. accomplishment, the power of accompushing.

mephorupos, or, (mepho) that may be crossed or tra-

versed, passable. [d]

πέρασιε, ή, (περάφ) a going beyond, passing; βlov

wipagus passage from life (to death).

wiphros,  $\eta$ , or, (wipa) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior. II. it wepary (sub.  $\gamma \bar{\eta}$  or  $\chi \phi pa$ ) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the heavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περάτός Ion. περητός, ή, ον, (περάω) like περάσι-

gioe, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περάν Ερ. περάαν: Ion. impf. περάασκον: fut. περάσω [a] Ion. περήσω, Ερ. inf. περησέμεναι: aot. I ἐνέρδασ I m. ἐνέρησα: pf. πενέρδασ
(πέρα): I. trans. to drive right across or
through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass
over, cross, traverse: πάρρου ἀργαλέη περάαν a ditch
hard to pass; metaph. κίνδυνον περάν to pass through
a danger; περάν όρεων to go through or resite the
terms of an oa-h. 2. to let go through. II.
intr. to penetrate or pieres right through: to entend,

reach. 2 to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B): fut. περάσω [d] Ep. περάσσω Att. περώ: sor. I ἐπέρδσα Ep. ἐπέρδσα: pf. pass. πεπέρημαι: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; περῶν τινὰ Δῆμνον to sell one to Lemnos.

Περγαμία, ή, - Πέργαμι

Πέργαμος, ή, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμα, τά. II. πέργαμα, τά, as appellat., like ἀπρόπολιε, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕΡΔΙΞ, Isos or Isos, δ and \$, the partriage, Lat.

perdin, -šeis. HE'PAOMAI, Dep., with act. acr, 2 grapdor, pf.

πέπορδα:—to break wind. πεοεμμένον, Acol. for πεσεειμένον, pf. pass. part. of περιέννυμι.

winder, Adv., Ion. for wipader.

crepty, Adv., Ion. for wepar.

rephosiueval, Ep. for vephosir, fut. int. of veplas.

περητός, ή, όν, Ion. for περατός.

wipou, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of wipow.

ΠΕ ΡΘΩ, fut. πέρσω: pf. πέπορθα: 20τ. 1 ξπερσα: 2 ξπράθου, inf. πράθευ Ερ. πράθευ:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρσωμα: Ερ. 20τ. 2 inf. πέρθωι, Kic δάχθωι from δέχομω:—το waste, rawage, 20ck, rase. 2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay. 3. of things, to destroy.

II. to get by plunder.

IEPI', Prep., with gen., dat., et acc.: Radic. sense,

all around, about.

WITE GENITIVE: I, of Place, aroused, about, II. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; wepl near. νόστου δικουσα I have heard of his return; λέγειν weel tires to speak of a subject. 2. about, for, on account of; Boulever week porou to lay plans for the 3. of contending for an object; wepl θανόντος or the dead; θείν περί ψυχής to run for one's life; μάχεσθαι περί πτόλιος to fight for the 4. of the motive; week Epibos maprasbar to city. fight for very enmity's sake. 5. with a Subst., as to, in reference to, with regard to, about; ἀριθμοῦ wépe as to number. Ill. like Lat. prae, before, above, beyond; περί πάντων έμμεναι άλλων to bo above or before all the rest; in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen. IV, the following phrases are of common occurrence: wepl wokkoo έστιν ήμεν, it is of much consequence to us; περί πολλού ποιείσθαι οτ ήγείσθαί τι, to reckon a thing worth much; week whelevor, week dhiyov, week oddered ποιείσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

WITH DATIVE of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about: L of Place, around, round about; wept xpot close round the skin; xelp wept Eyxel the hand round, granting the spear; downless wept 800pl to quiver round or on the spear.

2. bard by, near, always of several, as ex-

1

compassing round about one. II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι περὶ οἶσι απαίτεσει to fight for one's own possessions. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, for, about, on account of.

3. by reason of, like Lat. prae: περὶ φόβφ for fear; περὶ χάρματι for joy.

Wirm Accus, of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: L of Place, about, around, near, by; & weel Kridor ranuaxia the sea-fight off Caidos; repl rd Exea olklovos they dwell all about the marshes; whever week tra many round about one, II. of persons who are about one, as many to one. attendants, comrades, like of dupl riva; rd wepi ri all that belongs to a thing. III. of the object with sobich one is occupied, esp. of the place; wepl Copya wovelavas to be busy about supper: metaph. ή φιλοσοφία περί αλήθειαν έστι philosophy is occupled about or with truth. 2. in relation or reference to, with regard to; The mepl tor Kupor outon eyevere the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned IV. of Time, about, Lat. circa; week τούτουε χρόνουε: also of numbers, περί τρισχιλίουε about 3000.

In Position, wep. may follow its Subst. in all cases,

and then it becomes paroxyt. week.

As ADV., περί, around, about, also near, by. II. also πέρι, with accent thrown back, before, above, enceedingly, above measure: so in phrases, πέρι πηρι, πέρι θυμῷ beyond measure in heart or soul; where πέρι must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.

Heps sometimes stands for mepicors.

In Compos. all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in περι-βάλλω, περι-έχω, περι-βαίνω. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in περι-γίγγομαι, περι-φγάζομαι. III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in περι-καλλήε, περι-δείδω, like Lat. per— in per-multus, per-gratus.

QUANTITY. Though a in week is short, yet it is not

properly elided before a vowel.

mept-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελώ, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or earry a message round.

'I. c. dat, et inf. to send round orders for people to do something; π. παρασκευάζεσθαι to send orders round to make ready; π. raûs to order ships.

wept-ayfie, , wepl, laya) broken in pieces. II

Dot. for meonyhe.

περι-άγνθμι and -όω, r. -áfω, to oreak all round, break in pieces:--Pass., δύ περιάγνυται the voice is schood all round.

mept-άγω, f. - áfω, to leas round, drive round; c. acc. loci, περιάγουσε τὴν λίμνην κύκλφ they drive round the lake in a circle.

2. to lead about with one: so also in Med.

3. to turn round: also to twitt or wrench round.

II. intr. to go round; περιάγειν τὰε πόλειε to go round the cities. [Δ] Hence

repetion ties, too, o, a machine for twisting round,

a tournirust,

mepraywyh, h, (περιόγω) a turning round, revolution. mepra-perós, h, όν, able to be taken off. Prom mepra-perós, h, όν, able to be taken off. Prom mepra-perós. L περισιρίσω: aor. 3 περισιλων, inf. περισιρέω: L περισιρίσω: as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one.

II. Med. to take off from oneself; περισιρείσθαι πυνέην to take off one's helmet; βιβλίον περισιρείσθαι πυνέην to take off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act.

Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one' also to bave a thing taken away from one.

πεοι-αλνίκα f. δταυ. to be greatly distressed.

περι-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to be greatly distressed.
περι-αλείφω, f. ψω, to anoint or smear all over.
περι-άλλοε, or, (περί, άλλοε) beyond or before others.
— neut. pl. περίαλλα as Adv., before all: exceedingly.
περι-άλουργόε, όν, (περί, άλουργόε) dyed wib purple all round: metaph., κακοῦς περιαλουργός double-dyed in villany.

περίομμα, ατοε, το, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

περι-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: 201. 2 περιήμπεσχων:—
to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put
on.
II. to cover all round.

περι-αμπίσχω, impl. - ήμπισχον, = περιαμπέχω. περίαπτος, ον, bung about or upon: —as Subst., περίαπτον, τό, = περίαμμα. From περι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten about, attach to:—Med.

to put round oneself, to gain for oneself

περι-αρμόζω Att. - όττω, t. όσω, to fasten on fit on all round: - Pass. to bave fastened round or fitted on. περι-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten or flash all round. περι-ασχολέω, f. ήσω, to be busy about a thing. περι-αυχένιος, ον, (ερί, αὐχήν) worn toward the neck; as Subst., περιαυχένιον, τό, a necklace. περίδχον, Ep. for περιίαχον, impf. of περιάχω.

περι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: 20τ. 2 περιέβην: pf. περιβέβληκα:--to go round about or to bestride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., περιβώναι άδελφειοθ κταμένοιο to stand outr his slain brother:

of sound, to float around.

περι-βάλλω, f. -βάλω; aor, 2 περιέβάλον; pf. περιβέβληκα:—to throw round, about, or over, put on oc over, invest with; περιβάλλειν τινά χαλκεύματι to fix him round a sword, i. e. to stab him. with pf. pass. περιβέβλημαι, to throw round or ever oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc., τείχου περιβάλλεσθα τόλιν, to build a wall round a city. II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. attribute or ascribe to a person. 3. to merrouse. encompass, enclose with a thing: metaph, to involve or implicate in evils, etc. 4. C. acc only, to embrace, encompais, enrround; περιβάλλει με σπότες darkness *encompasse*s me. 5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double. 6. to frequent, be found of III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. affectare: pl. pass. to be is

III.

possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel. mepi-βāpides, al, (mepl, βâpis) a sort of women's

mepl-βάρυε, v. gen. cos, exceeding beavy.

περιβάs, ασα, αν, 201. 2 part. οί περιβαίνω.

περιβέβλημαι, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω

περίβη, Εp. for περιέβη, 3 sing. 201. 2 of περιβαίνω. περιβήναι, 201. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.

περίβλεπτος, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περι-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze II. trans. to look at on all sides, look around. much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:-Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περίβλητος, ον, (περιβάλλω) put round or on.

περιβόητος, ον. (περιβοάω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: I. act, with loud cries. or exclaimed against. περιβόλοιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is but round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ή, (περιβάλλω) anything torown or put round; περιβολή ξίφεου the sheath of a sword: walls II. a space enclosed, comthrown round a town. III. a circumperence, circuit. IV. me-

taph, a compassing, aiming at.

περίβολος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling. II. as Subst., περίβολος, δ, = περιβολή, anything torown round; of περίβολοι walls thrown round a town. 2. an enclosure, circuit, comtass.

meps-Boubles, f. 400, to bum round.

mepi-Bouves, or, surrounded by bills.

περι-βράχζόνιον, τύ, (περί, βραχίων) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm,

περι-βρύχισε, α, ον, (περί, βρύχισε) surging all round. | b)

mepl-βωτος, or, Ion, for περιβύητος,

mept-ylyvour, Ion. and later form -ylvour [1]: fut. - yerhoopas; sor. 2 -eyerophy: -to be over or I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. IL to live over; to survive, get over, escape gen. from. 2. of things, to remain over and above. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. wepieine (eini sum).

τιερι-γλάγής, έε, (περί, γλάγοι) full of milk.

περι-γληνάομαι, Dep. (περί, γλήνη):—to turn round ins eyeballs, glare around.

mepl-yhusos, or, (mepl, yhusoa) eloquent.

περι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, feich a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περίγραμμα ατος, το, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περεγραπτις ών, (περιγράφω) marked round, jenecd in excrosely

περιγράφή, ή, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περι-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe; περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round. 2. to define, determine. draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare.

to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περίδδεισα. Ερ. for περιέδεισα, 201. Ι of περιδείδω. περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

mept-beigs, is, (mepi, bios) very timid or fearful: Adv. –ŵe, in great fear.

mepibelbia, Ep. pf. of mepibelba.

mepi-Belde, f. -Beloopai: 201. I mepilbeioa Ep. mepilбегоа, part. жеревбейоав: pf. жеребевогия Ер. жереdeidia:-to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περί-δειπνον, τό, (περί, δείπνον) a funeral feast. rept-biftos, or, like appedifics, using both bands II. generally, very dexalike, Lat. ambi-dexter. terous, versatile, or expert.

mepi-8épkopai, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about. IL trans. to look earnestly at. mepi-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind, tie round or on :-- Med.

to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ον, (περί, δηρίω) fought for, disputed. rept-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. -διδοίε, -διδοί: f. - bwow:-to give round. II. Med. περιδίδομαι. fut. - δώσομαι: 201. 2 - εδόμην: - to stake or wager. C. gen, rei; τρίποδος περιδώμεθον let us make a wager of a tripod; ἐμέθεν περιδώσομαι αὐτῆs I will wager for myself, i. e. pledge myself; περιδίδομαι περί της πεφαλής I stake my head; absol., περίδου νύν έμοί come now, lay a wager with me.

meor-blvém, f. how, to whirl or wheel round:-Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top; περιδινηθήτην, Ep. 3 dual acr. I.

mepl-blvhs, is, (mepibiria) whirled round. περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδείδω: to be much

afraid about one.

περίδου, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι. -

περίδραμον, Ερ. for περιέδραμον, 201. 2 of περιτρέχω. mept-Spacocount, Dep. to grasp round with the band. περι-δρομάς, άδος, fem. of περίδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ή, (περίδρομοι) a running round and round, a circuit. 2. a revolution, orbit.

meplopous, or, (meplopauelr) running round, sur-2. going about, roamrounding: circular. 3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached.

II. as Subst., repidpopos, o, like repiδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as the string that runs round a net for closing it. a gallery running round a building. of a shield.

π-ρι-δρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:-Pass.. Fp. 3 sing. 20r. I περιδρύφθη, be bad the skin torn of all round.

nepι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off

weριδώμεθον, f dual sor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι. weρι-εδέδοτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of περιδέω.

περι-εδέδετο, 3 sing. plaps. pass. of περιδέω. περι-έξωσμαι, pf. pass. of περιζέννυμι.

mapicilas, ados, 4, (septellas) wound round, encircling.

mepi-silioow, Ion. for mepielloow.

mepuellov, sor. 2 of mepuaiples.

mept-ellow or -enlies, to fold or wrap round:— Pass, to be wrapped round. 2, to wrap up.

mepl-equ., (πepl, elul sum) to be around; τὰ περιίντα circumvances. II. to be better than or superior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number, outnumber. III. over-live, outlive: absol. to survive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be over and above, to remain in band. IV. to remain as a result or consequence, come about, ensue: of περιγήγουμα.

περί-ειμι, (περί, είμι ibo) to go round or about, fetch a compass. s. c. acc. to go round, compass; περιώναι φυλακάs to go the rounds of the guards. II. to come round to in turn. III. of Time, χρίνου περιώντος as time came round.

mept-elpes, to insert or fix round.

περιέκρυβεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of περικρύπτω.

περιέλδους, εως, ή, a driving or riding round: a

place for driving round. From

περι-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω: 20τ. 1 - ήλάσα: pf. -ελήλάκα: --to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to drive about, baraes, distress. II. (sub. ἄρμα, ἐππον, etc.) to drive or ride round.

περιελείν, 201. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.

repressions Att. - The Ion, - asland: - f. fw:-to roll or wind round .- Med. to roll round ensielf.

wept-lame, f. -earting [v], to drag round or about.
wept-levelus, to put round:—Med. to draw round one.
weptenutifum, 3 sing. plopf. of περιπατέω.

περιέπεσον, 201. 2 of περιπίπτω.

περι-έπω: impf. περιεύτον: fut. περιέψω: 201. 2 περιέσπον, inf. περιεφθήναι:—to be busy about, tend cilligently, take eare of: of persons, to treat with attention; εδ περιέφειν τινά to treat a man well; but, τρηχέωε περιέπειν to bandle roughly:—so in Pass., τρηχέωε περιέπειν to bandle roughly:—so in Pass., τρηχέωε περιέφειν ένδ τιναι to be roughly bandled by one; καλῶν περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also, περιέπειν τινά de or άτε πολέμιον to treat one as an enemy.

σεριεργάζομαι, f. -σομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:to suaste ane's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious; The bulance seques, A. obas (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their sack' (i. e. need not have used the word).

2. to meddle, interfere, he officious.

mepi-epyos, or, (περί, έργου) over-careful, taking needless trouble: và περίεργα curious arts. 2. meddling, interfering, officious II. pass. over-wrought, elaborate, expensive. 2. superfluous. περι-έργω Αξτ. -είργω, ί. ξω, to enclose all round, encompass.

περι-ερρύην, 20τ. 2 pass. of περιρρεω. περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρχόμην: f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 - ήλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go round, gd about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire: c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of Time, to come round. II. to go round and turn to a spot, to come round to; ή τίσιε περιήλθε τὸν Πανιώνιον vengeance came at last upon him. III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire, to come round, overreach, cheat.

περι-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about. περιέσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω. περιεσπάτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περισπάω.

mepl-eσσι, Ep. for περί-ει, 2 sing. of περίειμ (εἰμί sam). περιεστώς, pf. part. of περιέστημι. περιέσχον, aor. 2 of περιέχω

περι-ίσχάτος, η, or, about the last.

περι-έφθος, στ. (περί, έφθός) boroughly bailed. περι-έχω: f. περιέξω and περισχήσω: 201. 2 περιέ-

σχον, inf. περισχείν: 20τ. 2 med. περιεσχόρεψν. inf. περισχέσθαι:—to bold around, encompass, embrace, surround: of a city, to beleaguer or blockade. IL like περίειμι (ε|μί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass, overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank. III. Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, so protect. 2. to bold fast on by, to cling to, cleanse to.

to be pressing, urgent with.
 περι-ζάμενως, Adv. (περί, ζαμετής) very powerfully

or violently.

mept-file post. -felse, f. -fesse, to boil round about mept-file post. -felse, f. -fesse, to boil round about mept-file, byos, d, th. (weef, fryor) over and above a pair, more than a pair; so, of horses' harness, replyrya are spare straps.

περίζωμα, ατοι, τό, απ αρτοπ. From

men-lavvous or -in: f. -lava: to gird round:Med, to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or agree.
Hence

περιζωσάμενος, 20τ. I med. part. περι-ζώστρα, ή, (περί, ζώστρον) a girdle, apros.

show the way round. Hence

mepinythe, is, (replayer) drawn round, lying in a circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιήγησιε, εωε, ή, like περεγραφή, α abetch, outline: generally, a form, figure.

meριήδη, Att. plaps. of meptolia: see meptoliar. mept-fixes, s. fee, so have some round so one, so have

errived at last: c. acc., The of repsheore that which has come round to thee, fallon upon thee.

περιήλθον, 20τ. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

republicus, \$, (repterxoual) a coming round, re-

meps-numerées, f. how, to be greatly aggressed or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat.: c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrissed at or with him. (The deriv. of huesties is uncertain.)

· wegetyeurs, Ion. sor, I of weptdeper.

mepa-quess, f. ήσω, to echo or ring all round.
mepa-θαλωής, έι, (περί, θάλποι) very warm or bot.
mepaθείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

meplocare, ess, \$\tau\$, (\pi eperion\mu) a placing or putting round, putting on.

repuberts, \$\dagger\$, or, and repuberts, or, (receilenge) put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.

wege-bie, f. - Octoppa, to run round.

περι-θεωρέω, f. έσω, to go round and observe. περί-θυμος, ον. (περί, θυμόε) very urrathful. Adv., περιθύμων έχειν to be very angry.

wept-theren; f. to, to wound all round.

wept-taxes [4], to ring around, re-scho: Ep. 3 sing. impf. weptaxe [4] for weptaxe.

mapubely, inf. of nor. 2 mepicioor.

mepulouevas, Ep. for mepiecoéras, inf. of meplocoa.

wep-Gouce, Dep. to sit round about.

wept-torngus, f. περιστήσω: aot. I -ίστησα;—to place or set round a person or thing: metaph. to bring round to a certain state. 2. aot. I med. περιεστησέμην is also trans., to place round onself. II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -ίστην: pf. -ίστηκα: plapf. -εστήκων:—to stand round about: to encircle, surround, encompass. 2. to come round to, devolve upon: of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, esp. for the worse. 3. to go round so as to avoid, to shun.

περι-ίσχω, - περιέχω.

magnier, οῦσα, ότ, aor. 2 part. of περίειμε (εἶμε) παρι κάθαρμα, ατοι, τό, an offsecuring, defilement: hence a polluted wretch.

repr-kabilopar, Dep. to all down round about, esp.

so invest, beleaguer a town.

meps-κάθημα: Ion. -κάτημα, inf. -ήσθα: (properly pf. pass. of περικαθίζομα!):—to be seated round, to sit round; περικαθήσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town: of ships, to blockade: c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.

meps-male, fut. -- savou, to set on fire, burn round about:--Pass. to be scorched all round: metaph. to be

in flamed.

mept-καλλής, έε, (περί, κάλλοε) very beautiful.

throw as a well over.

II. to cover all round, cover completely.

περι-κατάγνυμι, f. áfe, to break all round.

round. 2. to overtake. 3. to constrain, compel. to, c. dat. Hence

mep-narapphe, f. -persopa, to fall down all round, go to ruin.

περι-καταρρήγνθμι, f. -ρήξω, to tear down round about, rend off:--Med. to rend one's own garment. περι-κάτημαι, Ion, for περικάθημαι.

went-kan. Att. for septuales. [a]

mepl-kenuas, inf. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτιθημι, with f. med. -κείσομαι:—to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace: absol, τείχου περίκειται a wall is round about. 2. mctaph. to be over and above, profit; of τε μοι περίκειται there is no advantage for me. II. to have round one, to have on one; περικείμενου ύβριν clad in arrogance. περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, to shear or clip all round:—

Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχαυ to clip one's hair. περικεικλημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω. περι-κεφαλαία., ή, (περί, κεφαλή) a belmet. περι-κήδομαι, Dep. to be very anxious or concerned

about one.

mepl-mηλος, σν, (περί, κήλον) exceeding dry, well-dried.

wept-κίδναμαι, Pass. to spread round about, wept-κλάω, ε. -κλάσω, to break around. wept-κλεής, έε, (wept, κλέοε) far-famed.

mspl-uλατος, or, famous all round, far-famed. mept-uλείω Ion. -πληίω old Att. -πληίω: f. -πλείσω or -πλησω: (περί, κλείω) :--to sbut in all round, en-

close, environ: to surround, of ships.

περι-κλύζω, f. -όσω, to wash all round:—Pass. to
be washed all round, of an island. Hence

meplehuorree, η, ον, Att. also os, ον, washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.

mept-shirtes, 4, or, beard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclytus: of things, excellent, noble, glorious.

wept-willion, To, a stalk or sprig.

wep.-κνίζω, f. -low, to scratch all round:--Med., post. not. I περιεκνιζάμην, to gnow all round. περι-κοκκύζω, f. σω, to cry cuckoo all round.

wept- nould be now to carry round :- Pass. to be

conveyed round, hence to go round.

περίκομμα, ατοε, τό, (περικόπτω) that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings; περικόμματα èκ σοῦ σκενάσω I will make minced meat of you. 

περικομμάτων, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα.

mepl-κομψος, or, very elegant, enquisite.

περι-κονδύλο-πωρο-φίλα, ή, (περί, κόνδυλος, πώρος, φιλέω) fem. Adj., epith. of the gout, exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.

mepicoπh, h, a cutting all round, mutilation. From mapicadarto, t. ψω, to cut all round, clip, mutilate. 2. to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, blunder.

περι-κράτης, ές, (περί, κράτος) basing full command of.

περι-κρεμάννθμι: f. - πρεμάσω [ἄ], Att. - πρεμώ: - to bang up all round: - Pass. to be bung about, cling to, c. dat. Hence

weet-mosting, is, bung round with a thing. wapt-upsie, f. ou, to strike or knock all round. wept-κρύβω [V], late form of περιπρόπτω. mept-upvuru, f. wu, to sover all round, conceal: to

bide onmelf.

mept-erioves, brow, ol, Ep. dat. pl. mepteriovessi, (repl. welfer) like dupt-perforce, the dwellers around,

THE THE ME OF , OI, - TEPLETIONES. περι-κυκλέσμαι, f. -ήσομαι: Dep. to eneircle, en-

compass, melow were-workboo, f. bow, to ensirele, encompass. Hence meourinhous, i. an encircling.

reputiturbin: f. -evison [1]:—to roll round: Pass, to be rolled about.

zepr-köper, or, gen. eres, (repl, köpa) surrounasd by the maves.

representate, f. does, to go about with a party of revellers (20 pos) : to earouse around.

represente, f. how, (repl, serves) to smear all over with pitch; represent to tubable to black shoes.

repi-λάλδω, f. ήσω, to ebatter on all sides or beyond measure.

περι-λαμβάνω, ε. -λήψομαι: 201. 2 περιέλάβον:--to wize ground, embrace. 3. lo encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure:-II, to comprehend, take in. Pass. to be eaught. III. to constrain, compel.

repr-haure, f. ve, to shine or beam round about. meps-λelβoμαι, Pass. to be shed all over.

ween-halme, f. 4et, to leave remaining:-Pass. to be left remaining, survive.

mp. helye, f. for, to liek all round: liek clean, περίλεξιε, ή, (περιλέγω) oircumlocation. mep. λέπω, f. ψω, to strip off all round.

reproductive utos, or, (repl. decompresse) talked about on all sides, much discussed,

περι-λιμνάζω, f. άσω, (περί, λίμση) to surfound with water, insulate.

περι-λιχμάομαι, Dep. - περιλείχαι.

mepl-kouros, or, left remaining. mep. Love, f. ou, to wash all round, wash carefully. mepl-λύπος, ον. (περί, λύπη) exceeding corrotoful. περι-μαιμάω, to gaze eagerly round: Ep. part. fem.

περι μαι μώνυσα. mept-malvoman, Dep. to rage round about

wept-manis, és, Dor, for wept un mis. repr-maprama, Dep. to fight round about: also to fight for a thing.

wept-place Att. - Tru: f. for :-- to wife all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts.

reputation, or, fought about, fought for; and so, to be desired. From

περιμάχομαι [ă], Dep. to fight around. Teps-usives, to wait for one, await, expect, intr. so wait, abide.

mepi-perroe, or, full all round, very full. Tepl-perpor, to, (repl, perpor) the circumference.

repi-perpos, ev, (repl, perpov) above measure, very Zarge, immense. II. measuring round: as Subst., περίμετρου (sub. γραμμή), ή, α circumference. ment-unkeros, or, post. for menuchane.

wept-utiling, es, (repl, utilicos) very sall. bighte long. wept-μηχάνάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: Ep. 2 pl. impf. -μηxarbarro: Dep. :-- to contrive cunningly, whene craftily for.

терь-илуфорац Dep. to bellow around. wept-vateram, to dwell round about or near. in pass, sense to be inbabited,

mepivalitys, ov. 6, a neighbour. From wept-value and Med. -valopar, to distil round. περι-νέφελος, ον, (πέρί, νεφέλη) operclouded. περινέω, f. ήσω: sor. I inf. περινήσαι Ep. - γρασα: (repl, vie):—to pile round.

repl-veus, d. gen. -rea, nom. pl. replres: (arpl. rede gen. of rave): a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp. to a rower (spoorwros). reperhous Ep. -vyhous, sor. I part. of resortes.

mept-vices exat, Dep. to go round: of Time, to recer. mept-volu f. how, to consider on all sides: to contrise cunningly. meplyoud, f, intelligence. II. over-wiseness. From

TEPL-VOOS, OF, (TEPL, POOS) EXCEEDING WISE. mept-vogries, f. how, to go round or about. went, strengthd, for went. I. Prep. round about, all round; c. gen., but mostly c. acc.

Adv. round about. mepu-fearos, fi, or, polished all rosand. . maps-fie, f. -fice, to police all round. mept-fopde Ion. - in, f. how, to show all round.

mepl-edos, 4, a going round, the making a circus round. II. a way round: a circuit, compan: The meplodor absol., in circumference.

book of travels, account of countries travelled cour: also a map or chart. IV. a going round in a circle, a cycle of years, a period of time. course at dinner; περίοδος λόγον table-talk.

3.

4. a fit that recurs

at intervals. V. a well-rounded sentence, parced. mepleade, pf. of repeldor: see repeldor m.

the orbit of a beavenly body.

mept-outies, f. how, to dwell round about : c. aca a dwell round a person or alave.

reprouds, ides, th, fem. of replaces, dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring. IL as Sebst. reprovede (sub. 74 or xwpa), 4, the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts.

meρι-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. - φικοδόρημα lon, -ockobi μη μαι:-to build round about. to enclose by building round :- Pass. to be built up. walled in.

mepl-outes, or, (mepl, olato) dwelling round about II. of repionent were, or near, neighbouring. in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country towns. the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helota.

περιοίσει, fut. of περιφέρει. περι-ολισθάνει, f. -ολισθήσει, to slip about. περιόντα, part. neut. pl. of περίειμε (είμε sim). περι-οπτέσει, α, or, verb. Adj. of περιορώει (see πεμέφομει), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded. Il. neut. περι-οπτέσε, one must overlook or suffer.

meplomos, or, (mepidyopai) seen from all sides:

samired, admirable.

The open implies the separation of the problem in the probl

περι-οργής, έε, (περί, δργή) very angry, wrathful:

Adv. - you, very wrathfully.

mepl-opθpov, τδ, (περί, δρθροε) daybreak, dawn.
περι-oplies, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries.
Hence

mepiopiopios, οῦ, δ, a marking out by boundaries. round:—Pass. to mepi-opiios, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round frozen on the feet. so as to blockade.

mept-opulle, f. low, to bring round a ship to ancier:
-Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

mept-opύσσω Att. -ττω, f. fω, to dig round.
meptovoia, ή, (περίειμι) that which is over and
and above: a surviving.

2. that which remains over
and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty.
3. superiority, advantage. Hence

meplovoros, or, more than enough, avundant.

peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περιέχω) the full meaning or contents.

IL a section of a book.

περιόψομαι, used as fut. of περιοράω, formed from 
\*περιόπτομαι.

Tep-Tattalve, to look timidly round.

wept-watten, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to swalk, live. Hence

wepewdτητικόε, ή, όν, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetics.

strolling, Lat. ambulatio.

II. a place for walking, a covered walk.

III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

**περι-πείρω**, to put round a spit, to pierce through. **περι-πελομα**λ, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενοε: (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or about. 2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur. **περίπεμπτο**ε, or, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπτω, sent **round**.

wep-wiμπω: f. ψω: 20τ. I pass. περιεπέμφθην:—
so send round, de-patch in different directions.

теринентары, pf. разы об переперанны.

ment-micros Att. --ττω: f. --πίψω: act. I pass. --πέψθην:---to bake all round: metaph. to erust or gloss over: to cajole, act. I pass. part. περιπεφθείs cajoled.

mepumerely, mepumerely, sor. 2 inf. and part. of

περιπίπτα.

περι-πετάννόμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ἄ]: pf. pass.
-πέπτάμαι or -πέπτασμαι:--to spread on stretch
around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστόε, ή, όν, spread round, outstread.
περιπέτεια, ή, (περιπετήε) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Triagedy turns.
περιπετήε, έε, (περιπίπτυ) falling round, with arms clasped round.

2. enfolded, encompassed; but, έγχος περιπετές the sword on which be had fallen.;

11. falling in with.

11. changing suddenly, reversed; περιπετή πρήγρατα a sudden reverse of circumstances.

жерь-wéropen: f. -werhoopet syncop. -wrhoopen: Dep.:—to fly around.

wept-weinths, is, (wepl, weinth) very abort or been. wept-white or -im: i. -white: -to fin round, to put as a fence round.

IL to make to congeal round: -Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be frozen on the feet.

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about. περι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:---Past:

to be quite filled.

mepi-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3 sing. and pl. περι-επίμπρα, -επίμπρασαν.

περι-πίπτες, f. -πεσούμαι: 20π. 2 -έπεσεν: pf.
-πέπτεκε: -to fall around, so as to embrace 2.
to fall round or upon a sword. Il, to fall in with,
esp. of ship,; also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked
against. 2. metaph. to fall into, be betrayed into;
davrφ περιπίπτειν to be eaught in one's own snare.
II. of a thing, to befall one.

mept-mirve, = meptalare, to come over or upon.

men-nhāvām, to make to wander about: —Pass, to wander or roam about: metaph, to flutter or bover round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence menunhāvos, or, wandering, rosing about.

me~ιπλίγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace. From

From

περι-πλέκε», f. ξω, to twine round about.

8. to intertwine, interweave:—Pass., aor. 1 - επλέχθην, pf. -πέπλεγμα: to fold oneself round, eling to, clasp, c.' dat.; lorώ περιπλεχθείε folded round the mast.

dat.; to the wepter λεχθείε folded round the mast.

περί-πλευροs, ον, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side.

περιπλέχθη, Ep. 3 sing. act. I pass. of περιπλέπω.

πορι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσούμαι: aot. I -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:--to sail or swim round, to circumnavigate, c. acc.

mepl-nhees, ar, nom. pl. -nhee, -nhea: lon. mepl-nhees, or:-quiv full, over-full.

περι-πληθής, ές (περί, πλήθος) very full: very populous: also very large.

περιπλοκάδην, Adv. (περίπλοκοε) twened round.

wepraλosch, ή, (περιπλίκω) a twining round.
entanglement, intricacy.

περίπλοκου, or, (περιπλέκω) enfolded: entangled. περιπλόμενος, Ερ. syncop. pres. part. of περιπέλο-

pat.

mepl-nhoos, ev, contr. -πλους, συν, (περιπλέω) act.
sailing round. II. pass, that may be sailed round.
mepl-πλους, δ, contr. -πλους, gen. -πλου; nom.
pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a
circumnavigating.

2. the account of a coasting
source.

mepi-milion [0], to wash all round, wash clean.

Tep-This, Ion. for Tepithia.

TED-Tree, f. - Tree opal, to breathe round.

mept-mbonros, or, (repl, notice) desired on all sides, much beloved.

above, to preserve, keep safe, protect.

2. to lay up in store, procure.

Let for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain poe-

session of. Hence mepunolings, ess, \$, a beeping safe: an acquiring,

gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ευ, οτ -αρχος, ου, δ, (περίπολος, άρχψ) a superistendant of guards or patrols.

range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.

mepi-molitor, to, a station for espiroloi, a guard-

bouse. ,From

weel-wolor, et. (weel, wolfer) going round, going the rounds. If it Subst. I. weel woo, ol, the paral: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service; to guard the frontier, Lat. publici custodes.

5. an attendant, follower.

mep-movepos, or, very villainous.

wep-wophtoon, or, (wepl, wophipm) edged with purple, Lat. practentatus.

περι-ποτάομαι, poët. for περιπέτομαι, to bover about.

mept-mp6, Adv., = περί πρό, very, especially.

περι-προχέω, f. -χεω: aor. I -έχεα: pf. -πέχδκα:to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., έροι
θυμόν περιπροχθόελε έδάμασσε love guiding forth
over his soul overcame it.

αερίπτισμα, ατοε, τό, α busk, skin. From

wept-sections, so strip off the bush or skin: pf. pass.
part. περιεπτισμένου from chaff, clean winnowed.

Teoletvypa, eree, to, (reperiose) anything folded round, a covering.

mapherifus, son, ar, sor. I part, of περεπτύσσω, mapheritusσω, f. fe: 20r. I περεέττυξα:—to enfold, enterap, entbroad: to clasp, embrace: as military term, to outlank. Il. to fold round: Pass, to be folded round, soll round. Honce

περιπτύχή, ή, something enfolding, a cloak, fence: τειχέων νεριτυχαί the fence or circuit of walls; Άχαιδεν ναύλοχοι περιπτυχαί the naval fence or bedwark of the Achaeans.

2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτύχής, έε, (περιπτύσσω) folded round; φασγάνου περιπτυχήν fallen round (i. e. upon) his

mept-miliorus, to fear very much.

round about.

mepop-paire, f. drû, to besprinkle or seet round about. Hence

mepopolytivas, act. 2 pass. Inf. of mepophyroum.
mapopowrhosov, ro, a vessel for sprinkling water

at sacrifices: a ve-sel for lustral swater.

wep.p-ples, f. -peiσομαι: pf. -eppines: 201. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -eppine:—to flow round, c. acc.:— Pass. to be surrounded by water. II. to slip from off a thing: ft dowls weperpine els την διλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea. 2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

ween-phyvous and -bes, f. -phfe: act. I -lepopta: Pass., act. I -lepopta : -to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off: -Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken opered all round; mard το bib τοῦ Δίλτα σεριφού-γρονται ο Νείλος at the apet of the Delsa the Mile is broken round it, i. e. breaks into several branches.

emploped in, is, (περιορίω) falling round or upon. περιορό i, i, (περιορίω) a flowing round about. περίορους, or, contr. \_pρουέ, ουρ. (περιορέω) like

reploputor, surrounded with water.

meplopivos, or, also η, or, (πεμερείω) surroundid with water, sed-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.

reproclim Ep. repro-valve, to wagethe tail round,

Джин вфон.

rept-relu poët. reptorelu, f. eu, to thake all round;—Pass. to be thaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

erept-orderes, or, also n, or, very soleme.

mepl-serros, or, also η, or, (repl, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly bonoured.

περί-σημος, ον. (περί, σημα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. insignis.

meprovents, f. how, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong above measure. From

wept-overly, is, (repl, overly exceeding strong or powerful.

powerful. wept-onehips, és, (repl., onéhhas) dried on bardened all round, rigid. 2. metaph, obstinate, stubbern.

unbending. mept-oxekle, idos, §, (wepl, oxekses) a bund for the

leg, a garter or anklet.

mepl-orientes, er, (repl; subtrapm) as be assu an all sides, far-eem, complements; admirad westeridenes, fut, of reporteries.

mepi-omialia, f. ou, to overshadow.

mept-outpries, f. how, to leap round or about.

πουσκοπέω: f. -σκέψομαι: αστ. Ι -εσκεψάμην: of. -torreupar, formed from \* mepronterropar:--to look 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look ut from all points: to watch and see: to look about

one, be circumspect. reor-outhautouts, oil, 8, (repl, outhat) a sacrifice in which a tut by was sacrificed and carried round.

περι-σμάραγίω, f. ήσω, to rattle all round. mon-onlyw, to consume by a smouldering fire. [D] ment-robies, f. how, to chase or tush about.

att. to run round about, c. acc.

meor-goodlouas, Dep. to overreach, trick.

περι-σπάω, f. άσω [ă], to draw off from around, strip off: - Med. to strip oneself of a thing. III. Pass. to be drawn different to sobeel round. ways, distracted.

mepiormeiv, aor. 2 inf. of mepierw.

περισπερχέω, - περισπερχήε είμι, to be very indignant. From

περι-σπερχής, es, (περί, σπέρχω) very basty of butried; mepiomepyes málos an over-basty death.

περί-σπλαγχνος, ον, (περί, σπλάγχνον) greatbearted.

meper-raise, Ep. for meperaises.

περισσεία, ή, (περισσεύω) superfluity, abun-II. superiority, preeminence.

mepto-oreles, poet, for meptoreles.

meρίσσευμα, τό, superabundance, wat which is left or is over, a remnant. From

reploveve later Att. - Treve: impf, exeplovever: (περισσύε): - to be over and above, outnumber, be too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough; TA WEDITTEVOYTA what remains over, the surplus; τοσούτον το Περικλεί ξπερίσσενε such an abundance of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be overmuch or superfluous. III, to bave more than IV. later in causal enough of a thing, c. gen. seuse, to make to abound.

mepuro-hoyla, h, (mepigole, hoyos) useless talking,

wordiness, verbiage. σερισσός later Att. σεριστός, ή, έν, (περί) above

measure, more than the average, above the common: uncommon: c. gen. beyond, greater than; weptoods άλλαν πρύε τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange, unusual: in bad sense, monstrous; in good, extraor-II. more than sufficient; to weperσόν 🗷 surplus, residue; περισσαλ σκηναί spare lents. III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive; repeard δράν to be over-busy; περισσά φρονείν to be

2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined over *ver-*wise. IV. of numbers, odd, uneven. nuch: artificial. at. impar, opp. to dories.

**περισσότης** later Att. περιστότης, ητος, η, ιπερισrón) su perfluity, excess.

**παρισσό-φρων**, ~~~,δ,η, (περισσόε, φρήν) over-wise.

meptorus, Adv. of meptorus, exceedingly: Comp. περισσότερον more abundantly. 2. ODOLT TENEGO repor. Lat. nibil aliud, nothing else: so, obdir wengσότερον ή el .. no otherwise than if.

mept-orthor, Adv. (repilornju) standing round about.

mepi-ortile, f. fee, to drop or trickle round about. περιστάθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περιίστημι. [d] meotoralny, 201. 2 opt. of mepdornu.

περιστάς, -στάσα, -στάν, 20τ. 2 part. of περιίστημι. mapl-orditos, or, (mapliotypi) surrounded, admired

by the erowd. mept-orthopou, t. wow, to fence about with a palisade, fortify or fence round :- Med. to fortify oneself with a palisade.

περιστείλας, 201. Ι part, of περιστέλλος.

περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.

meριστείωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. acr. 2 subj. of περιίστημι,

περι-στέλλω, f. -στελώ: 201. I -έστειλα:--10 dress, clothe, to wrap round . to lay out a cospse, Lat. componers; hence to bury. II. to wrap up, cover, cloak, III. to take care of, protect, maintain; περιστέλλειν doidan to uphold minstrely; περιστέλher ipya to attend to agriculture.

mept-onevaxion, f. low, to sigh, gream about or over, bemoan: -- Mcd. to echo around.

mept-greve, to cram full all round: Pass, to be II. to gruan around. crammed full.

meplotentos, or, (neplot équ) crowned, wrealbed.

HEPIETEPA', \$, a dove, pigeon. περιστερεών, ώνος ό, a dove-cote. From

περι-στεφάνόω, f. ώσω, (περί, στέφανοε) to encircle, surround as with a crown.

meplonedis, is, wreathed, crowned; arbiar meaετεφής with a erown of flowers. II. act. twining. encircling. From

περι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, en-

neplothous, Ep. for neplestheur, 3 pl. sot. 2 of περιίστημι.

περιστήσαντο, Ep. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl. 201. I med. οί περιίστημι.

περιστήωσι, Ep. fo. περιστώσι, 3 pl. 20r. 2 subj. of περιίστημι.

περι-στίζω, f. ξω: 201. I -έστιξα:- to dot at equal intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. c. dat. to stick round with things.

περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about. περι-στίχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στίχοι) to put all round. mepi-otolxile, f. ou, (mepl, otolxos) to surround with toils or nets: -- Med. to bedge in.

περί-στοιχος, ον, (περί, στοίχοι) set round in

περι-στονάχιζω, to groan all round.

περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι: 201. Ι -εστρατοπεδευσάμην: Dep.:—to encamp about, invest, besiege, beleaguer.

mept-orpides, f. #w., to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

weptoτροφή, ή, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στρωφάω, f. ήσω, to turn round often:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστροφώμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περί-στύλος, ον, (περί, στύλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περίστυλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

περι-σφάλής, ές, (περί, σφαλήναι) very slippery. περι-σφύριος, σν. (περί, σφυρόν) round the ankle: -- as Subst., περισφύριον, πά, an anklet.

περί-σφύρος, ον, = περισφύριος.

περισχέμεν, Ερ. for περισχείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέχω. περίσχεο, Ερ. for περίσχου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of περιέχω.

rept-oxllw, f. low, to slit all round, cut off. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

mept-σχοινίζω, f. low, (περί, σχοίνου) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

wept-ocke, f. ow, to save alive, save from death :—
Pass, to escape with one's life.

TEPL-TALLYW, Ion. for Tepere urw.

wept-raφρεύω, f. σω, (περί, τάφρου) to dig a trench round/surround with a trench.

wept-relve, f. -τενώ, (wepl, τείνω) to stretch all round or over.

mep-rexxis, f. low, to wall all round, fortify. 2.
to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade:—
Pass. to be built round. Hence

meperelylous, \$, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτείχισμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

περιτειχισμός, δ, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

mept-relien, f. eow, to finish completely.

rept-rellouat, Pass. (scol, rella) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve.

meparequeit, inf. fut. of mepare uno.

περι-τέμνω Ion. and Ep. περιτάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 - ετεμῶν: — to eut round, elip round about: — Med., περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ alδοίι to practive circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίοναε to make incisions all round one's arms. II. to cut off the extremitics: Pass., περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut abort of certain land. III. to cut off, intercept; Med. to intercept for onneeft: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted. περι-τέρμων, ον, (περί, τέρμα) bounded all round. περι-τέχνησιε, ἡ, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or curaing.

mon-ribnus, f. -bhow: 201. 1 -lbnma: 201. 2 -lbnm, imperet. -bes:—to place round about, put round or an :—Med. to put round oneself, put on.

II. to

beston or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round. περι-τίμήσιε, εσσα, εν. (περί, τιμή) much bonoured.

περιτομή, ή, (περιτέμι ω) circumcition. περι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to oversboot, outsboot.

περι-τραχήλιον, τύ, (περί, τράχηλοε) a necklace. περι-τράπω, f. -τρέψω: sox. I -έτρεψα:—to ture round about, to turn up-ide down, to overturn. Il intt. to turn or go round, revolve.

mepliperav, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 of mepitoles.

περι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: 201. 1 -έθρεψα:-to malito congeal around:-Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περι-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: other tenses formed from \*περι-δρίμω, ... f. -δριμούμαι: not. 2 - έδράμων: pf. -δέδρομα: —to run round, spin or whirl round. Il. c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: run round in quest of. 2. metaph. to come round, overreach.

περι-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble round about. περιτριβής, έε, (περιτριβήναι) worn all round. From

wept-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. I -έτριψα:—Pass, aor. 2
-eτρίβην [τ]: pf. -τέτριμμα:—to wear down all round. Hence

meplτριμμα, ατοε, τό, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

πέρι-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass, σάρκει περιτρομέοντο μέλεσσεν all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

meρι-τροπέω, Ep. collat. form of περιτρέπω, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve. 3. c. 200. to drive about, barass.

περιτροπή, ή, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, resolution; εν περιτροπή ot la περιτροπή» by turns.

περι-τρόχαλος, οτ, = περίτροχου; neut. pl. as Adv. περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair elips round about.

mept-rooxam, collet. form of meptipexm, to rear

περίτροχος, ον, (περιτρέχω) running round, round περι-τρώγω, f -rρώξομα: 20t. 2 -éτράγου:—k gnaw round about, nibble, earp at: to milile ef. purloin.

περιστεύω, περιστός, etc., later Att. for περισσείαι περισσύε, etc.

περι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτδχαν: pf. -τετύχηκα: -to bappen to be about, at at mear: te light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to bappen to one, befall.

περι-τύμβιος, ον, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave.

t cunπερι-υβρίζω, f. low, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Paus. to be vantonly ill-treated.
περι-φαίνομα, Pass. to be visible all round; b
περιφαίνομίτω (sc. χώρω) on a spot assen for
11. to

weριφάναι, ή, a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety. [a] From

· περι-φάνής, έε, (περιφαίνομαι) teen all round: manifest: Comp. and Sup., representations, -toratos. περίφαντος, ον, (περιφαίνομαι) teen all round, manifest: also 2. famous, renowned, Lat. illustris,

mepidavas, Adv. of repidavhs, manifestly. reprobellouar, Dep. to spare so that be survives, c. gen.

weριφέραα, ή, α circumference: α round figure. From

wepthephe, έν, (περιφέρω) carried round about : revolving, rolling: surrounding 2, surrounded by. περι-φέρω, f. περιοίσω: 201. I περιήνεγκα:-to carry round or about : to earry about with one. move a thing round in a circle: to band round. II. ού με σεριφέρει σύδλν είδέναι τούτων [εc. ή μνήμη] my memory does not earry me back to know any of III. to endure, bold out. these things. Pass. to move round, revolve, esp. of time. 2. lo wander or range about.

περι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξούμαι :-- to flee from, avoid, elude, c. 200, 2. to escape from ill-

ness, get over an attack.

περι-φλεύω, pl. pass. περιπέφλευσμαι:-- to scoreb or burn all round.

περί-φλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοιος) with bark all round. περι-φλύω [8], - περιφλείω.

wept-doBéoual Pass. to fear greatly.

mepl-φοβοε, or, (περί, φόβοε) in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.

περί-φοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) wandering about. περιφορά, ή. (περιφέρω) a carrying or banding round: also the meats handed round. Pass.) a going ot turning round, circuit, revolution. περι-φορέω, - περιφέρω. Hence

περιφορητός, by, carried about. II. going or ranging about. III. notorious, infamous.

περιφράδής, is, very thoughtful, very eareful, con- ful siderate. Adv. -bews, carefully. From

mepr-ppdfopar, Med. to think over, consider on all sides.

mapippartos, or, fenced round :- as Subst., replpoartos, to, an enclosure. From

περιφράσσω Att. -ττω, f. fw, to fence round. - epv-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to compass in thought, speculate about. II. to have thoughts above or beyond, to contemn, despise.

meρι-φρουρέω, f. ήσω, to guard on all sides, blockade. **περί-φρων**, ονος, δ, ή, νος. πέριφρον, (περί, φρήν) very thoughtful, very careful. II. like ἐπέρ-φρον, baughty, overweening: c. gen. despising a thing.

περιφύγη, ή, (περιφυγείν) a place of refuge. περιφύε, υσα, ύν, 20r. 2 part, of περιφύω,

σεριφύσητρε, ον, (περί, φυσάω) blown upon from all sides.

- rep.-φύω, fut. -φύσω [0] : aor. I -έφθσα :- trans. so make to grove round or upon, make to cling to ot | sale, to export, sell ; - Pass, to be offered for sale.

II. intr. in Med. περιφύομα : fat. -φΦ adbere. σομαι [ਹ]: with pf. act. περιπέφθεα; aor. 2 περιέφθη, inf. περιφύναι, part. περιφύε [8]:-to grow round about or upon, c. dat.: to eling to, clasp, c. dat. meor-xapanow, f. wow, (mepl. yapaf) to surround

with a palisade: generally, to fortify. mepi-xăpáoou Att. -rru, fut. fu, to scratch or cut all round.

περιχάρεια, ή, exceeding great joy. From mepi-xaphs, is, (mepl, xaphrai) exceeding glad or joyous : το περιχαρές – περιχάρεια.

περι-χειλόω, f. ώσω, (περί, χείλου) to surround with a rim or border.

περι-χέω, f. -χεω: nor. I περιέχεα: Ep. pres. περιyeúm, sor. Ι περιγεύα: Pass., sor. Ι -εχύθην [δ]: pf. -κέχυμαι:-to pour round about, over or upon; mepexéeir xpuodr népaoi to put gold round the horns: -Pass, to be poured or spread all about; of persons, to pour or erowd round.

mept-x 0 wv. dros, d, f, round about the earth. mept-xopeve, f. ow, to dance round or about. περι-χρθσόω, f. ώσω, to gild all over.

περι-χώομαι, f. -χώσομαι: Ερ. 20τ, Ι περιχωσάμην; -to be exceeding angry of wroth.

mepi-xwpew, f. how, to go round about. II. to come round to, come to in succession.

mepl-xwpos, or, (repl. xwpos) round about a place: as Subst., περίχωρος (sub. γή), ή, the country round about.

περι-ψάω, inf. -ψήν: fut. -ψήσω:--to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes. Hence

meplymus, to, anything wiped off, officouring. περι-ψίλοω, f. ώσω, (περί, ψιλόε) to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass., supeψιλωθήναι τα σάρκας to bave the flesh all stripped off.

περι-φδέω, f. ήσω, (περί, φδή) to subdue by spells. περιωδύνία, ή, excessive pain. From

περι-ώδυνος, ον, (περί, όδύνη) exceeding pain-Il. suffering great pain.

repl-wθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to push or thrust about :- Pass. with pf. werelow une, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.

περι-wπή, ή, (περί, ώψ) a place commanding a wide vieus: en replantes by a bird's-eye vieus. cumspection, eaution.

wept-worter, or, Ion, for weptovotos, immense, wast, as Adv. nepitiotion, exceeding, beyond measure: also as Comp., repubsion allow far beyond the rest.

περκάζω, f. σω, (περκύε) to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

πέρκη, ή, the perch, Lat. perca.

HEPKNO'Σ, ή, όν, dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle. πέρκος, η, ον, - περκνύε.

wepva, i, a bam, Lat. perna.

πέρνημι, 3 pl. περνάσι, part. περνάσ: 3 sing. Ion. impl. πέρνασκε: (περάω):—to carry beyond seas for

wie-obos, \$, Acol. for weplodos. περόναμα, -arple, Dor. for περόνημα, -ητρίε. περονάω, f. ήσω, (περόνη) to pierce, pin: Med., xxairar reportantanta to pin or buckle one's cloak. περόνη, ή, (πείρω, περάω) anything pointed for piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle, brooch, Lat. fibula. II. the small bone of the arm or leg, Lat. radius, fibula.

περόνημα Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = περονητρίε.

περονητρίε Dor. - ατρίε, ίδος, ή, (περονάω) a robe fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

 $\pi$ epovie, loos,  $\eta$ ,  $= \pi$ epó $\nu\eta$ .

mepmeperious, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a braggart. From

IIE PIIEPO∑, or, vainglorious, braggart.

πέρρ-οχος, ον, Acol. for περίοχου. mépora, Ep. for exepora, sor. I of mépou.

περσέ-πολιε poēt. περσέπτολιε, εων, δ, ή, (πέρθω, πόλιε) destroyer of cities. ΙΙ. (Πέρσαι, πόλιε) Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

Hepereus, for Ep. nos later Ion. fos, o, Perseus, son of Jove and Danaë, one of the most famous Grecian

beroes.

Περσεφόνη, ή, poët, Περσεφόνεια also Περσέφασco:-Persephoné, Proserpine, Lat. Proserpina, daughter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, ου, δ, αcc. Πέρσην οτ Πέρσεα, νοc. Πέρσα or Hepon, a Persian, native of Persis. (The Greeks derived the name of the people from Perseus.)

Hepotles, f. ou, (Hepons) to side with or imitate the

2. to speak Persian.

Περσικός, ή, όν, (Πέρσης) Persian: hence al Repound a sort of thin shoes or slippers. Hepounds Spris the common cock. 3. τὸ Περσικόν

4. δ Περσικός οι τὸ Περσικόν a Persian dance.

(sub. μηλον), the peach.

Heperis, idos, poet. fem. of Heperisos, Persian. 1. (sub. γη), Persis, Persia. 2. (sub. γυνή), a Persian woman. 3. (sub. χλαϊνα), α Persian cloak.

Περσιστί, Adv. (Περσίζω) in Persian fashion, in

the Persian tongue.

Περσο-διώκτης, ου, δ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of the Persians.

Περσο-νομέσμαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian laws or by Persians. From

Περσο-νόμος, ον, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians. weρύσι or -ιν, Adv. (πέρας) a year ago, last year; ή πέρυσι κωμφιδία the comic play of last year. Hence

mepurivos, f., by, of last year, last year's. Πέρφερες, ol, the name of the five officers who escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

merba, Adv., Dor. for me(i).

were, Ep. for evere, 3 sing. nor. 2 of winter. werely Ep. wereely, acr. 2 inf. of sister.

wirnus, ares, to, (requir) a fall: a falling or fallen body.

wioos, to. - wionus, wtous, a fall, slaughter. meroupar, fut. med. of sirre.

meorela Att. merr-, \$, the game of draughts. From mercreve Att. merr-, (necros) to play at draughts. πεσσο-νομέω, f. ήσω, (πεσσόε, νέμω) to set the πεσσοί in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

ΠΕΣΣΟΈ Att. werros, δ, pl. weσσοί and weσσά, an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our 2. in pl. also the board draughts, mostly in plut. on which the game was played: it was divided by five lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the middle line was called lepd ypa up. 3. જલ્દવર્ભ, ભં, also, the place in which the game was played: the game itself.

ΠΕΊΣΣΩ Att. πέττω, later also πέπτω: fut. πέψω: aor. Ι έπεψα:---Pass., aor. Ι ἐπέφθην: pf. πέπεμμαι, inf. πεπέφθαι:—to soften, make soft: of the suu, to ripen. IL to boil: generally, to cook, dress: also to bake; Med., πέσσεσθαι πέμματα to bake ones*elf* cakes. III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat. 2. metaph. to stomach or coquere, concoquere. digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so yepa πεσσέμεν (Ep. for πέσσειν) to brood over or dwell on one's honours; βέλος πέσσειν to nurse or bave to beal the wound of a dart.

πεσών, οῦσα, όν, 20τ. 2 part. of πίπτω.

πετάλισμός, δ, petalism, a mode of banishing citizens practised in Syracuse, like the corpanismose of Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citizen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherds. From

πέταλον Ion. πέτηλον, τό, a leaf: hence used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. vôpoe. (Properly ueut. from πέταλος.)

πέταλος Ion. πέτηλος, η, ον, (πετάννυμι) spread out, unfolded, broad, flat. II. metaph. full-grows.

πέταμαι, - πέτομαι, q. ٧.

ΠΕΤΑ'NNY MI or - νω ; f. πετάσω [ĕ] Att. πετώ: sor. I exérdos Ep. vérdos and vérsoss: Pass., soc έπετάσθην Ερ. πετάσθην ; pf. πεπέτασμαι Ερ. πέπταμαι: Ep. plaps. ἐπεπτάμην, πεπτάμην:—to spread. stretch out, unfold, unfurl, expand: metaph... Ourie πετάσαι to open one's heart :—pf. pass, πέπταμαι, to be spread on all sittes, to be widely extended; part. weσταμένος, η, ον, spread wide, opened wide, of folding doors.

mérace, Ep. 3 sing. 201. I of verdovoju. πέτασμα, ατοε, τύ, (πετάννυμι) anything apread out: in plur. bangings, curtains, carpets.

werdords, Ep. aor. I part. of werdownu.

met-aupov or met-supov, to, (médaupos Acol. for meréapos) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on,

mereuvos, h, ov. Ep. mereeuvos, Ion. mermuos and πετεηνός, able to fly, soinged, flying: werged, we τεηνά winged creatures, fowls of the air. young birds, Aedged.

πέτευρον, το, — πέταυρον. πέτηλον, τό, Ιου, ίος πέτσλεν.

vereleus, Dor. for veroveus, acr. 2 part. nom. pl. | verener orapos, a boat of fir-wood. of vierw.

ΠΕΤΟΜΑΙ: impf, ἐσετόμην Ερ. σετόμην: f. σετήσομαι, shortd. πτησομαι: sync. 20r. 2 ἐπτόμην, inf. στέσθαι, part. στόμενος; also ἐστάμην, Ep. 3 sing. mbj. stýtal for státal, inf. stábbal, part. stápevos: Dep.:—but there is also an act. gor. 2 (2777), inf. υτήναι, part, υτάε, as if from Ιστημι :-there is also a present rérapai : vordopai, vordopai are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any guick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., ve-II. metaph. to be on rou fly l i. e. make baste. the wing, flutter, Lat. volitare; bores werd perce a 2. to fly abroad, be bruited bird ever on the wing.

abroad. merévreson, Acol, and poët, for mesous, aor, a part.

dat. pl. of siste.

METPA Ion. werpy, 4, a rock, erag, Lat. rupes, ecopulus; setroos being a etone, Lat. saxum: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), heloe werpday free from rocks:-pl. vérpai, masses of rock: dicropos vérpa a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence

merpaios, a, ov, rocky, of or belonging to a rock,

living among the rocks. πετρη-γενής, έν, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born. merpines, essa, ev, (mérpa) rocky.

πετρ-προφής, έε, (πέτρα, έρέφω) over-arched with rock.

werphone, ee, (werpa) of rock, rocky. werpiblov, to, Dim. of verpa. [1] metpivos, q, ov, (metpa) of rock, rocky. πετροβολία, ή, a stoning. From ποτρο-βόλος, ον, (εέτρα, βαλείν) throwing stones. πετρό-κοιτος, or, (πέτρα, κοίτη) Assping on rock. πετρορ-ρίφης, έε, (πέτρα, μφήναι) burled from a rock.

**ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, δ, a piece of rock, a stone;** cp. πέτρα. merpo-topos, or, (retpa, repeir) cutting of bewing stones: as Subst., resporópos, d, a stone-cutter.

werpow, f. ώσω, (πέτρου) to stone :- Pass. to be stoned. werp-wong, es, (werpa or verpos, aloos) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πέτρωμα, ατοι, τό, (πετρόω) a piece of stone or II. a stoning; λευσίμο πετρώματι θανείν to die by stoning.

merrela, merrevo, merros, Att. for mess-.

TETTO. Att. for Ticou.

ΠΕΥΘΟΜΑΙ, poët. for the prose συνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπενθύμην, Hence

merbe, ove, \$, tidings, news. wereders, Dor. for werehers.

workahues [4], n, or, lengthd. Ep. form of sumires (cf. λευγάλεου, λυγρύυ), wise, prudent.

wermedavos, h, iv, (reven) been, piercing.

TIEY KH, \$, the fir, Lat. picea. II. anything made from the wood or rain of the fir, a torch of firwood. Hence

werechers Dor. werkdas, eaga, er, of or made of fir, forth.

II. metaph. sbarp, keen, piercing.

wevelves, n, or, (weinn) of or made of fir-wood; revuera daupua tears of the fir, i.e. the gum or resin that exudes from it

πεύσομαι Dor. πευσούμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι menorthous, a, or, of or for enquiry: h nevernplat (sub. ovola) a merifice for learning the will of the gods.

medávbal, pf. pasa inf. of dalve.

wideres, 3 sing. pf. pass. of delive. pf. pass. of . divo.

πέφαργμαι, Att. for πέφραγμαι, pf. pem. of φράσσω. πέφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί: part. repaspéros, n, or, brought to light, made mani-

redevices, pf. part. of devices. πέφηνα, pf. of φαίνω. πεφήσομαι, post, paullo-p. tut. of φαίναι πεφήσομαι, poët. paullo-p. fut. of «φένω. meφιδέσθαι, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 inf. of φείδομαι. medichoonas, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of peicopas. πεφίδοίμην, Ep. sor. 2 opt. of φείδο μαι.

πεφιλάμενος, Dor. for πεφιλημένος, pf. pass. part. ος φιλέα. πεφίμωσο, pf. pass. imperat. of φζμόω,

πέφνε, ποφνέμεν, πέφνων, etc., τ. ειb \*φένω. πεφοβήατο, Ep. 3 pl. plaps. of φοβέομαι πεφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv.

πεφοβημένως, timorously. medopriouslyon, pf. pass. part. of doprica.

πέφραγμαι, pf. pass. of φράσσω. πίφράδον, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf. πεφράδέειν and πεφράδέμεν.

πέφρικα, pf. of φρίσσω: poët, part, πεφρίκοντει. πεφύδου, Ep. for πεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of φύω. πεφυγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φεύγω.

medulores. Ep. for reperyures, nom. pl. pf. part. from pres. \*φύζω, -- φεύγω.

midus, pi, of die.

πεφύκω, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πέφθεα: Ep. impf. πέφθεον.

πεφύλαγμένος, η, ον, pl. pass. part. of φυλάσσω: -Adv. πεφυλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πεφυνία, Ep. for πεφυκυία, pf. part. fem. of φύω. πεφυώτες. Ep. for πεφυκύτες, pf. part. pl. of φύω. my Ion. my Dor. wa, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somebow: olde ny in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about. 2. of Space. by some way, to some place. 3. m) µèv ... and de., now one way, now another; partly ... \* II. πη; Ion. κη; Dor. πα; interrog. partly ...

1. of Manner, bow? also wby? in Att. Particle: bow? 4. 2. of Space, which way? Lat. qua? also wbere t

anyolo, f. dow, (enyth) to spring, well, or gueb II. trans. to make to gusb forth.

spring.
IIHTA'NON, 76, rue, Lat. ruta: proverb., où?

ἐν σελίνω οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνω, not even at the parsley nor the rue, i. c. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγάε, άδοε, ή, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or bardened: boar-frost, rime.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim. of Πήγασος. [ά]

Πηγάσίε, iδοε, fem. Adj. of Pegasus; Πηγασίε

κρήνη - Ίππου κρήνη: see Πηγασοε.

Πήγάσος, ό, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs (myyal) of Ocean, near which she was killed. he was supposed to be the winged horse which Bellerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain Hippocrene (ίππου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγεσί-μαλλος, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) thick-fleeced. ΠΗΓΗ' Dor. παγά, ή, a spring, well, Lat. fons; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, snyal ποταμών river waters: metaph. of anything liquid, πηγαί δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i. e. the eyes; also, anyi acovoura the fount of hearing, i.e. the eat; πηγαί γάλακτοι streams of milk; πηγή πυρόι the source of fire; also, πηγή αργύρου a well (i.e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πήγμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened toge-

ther: metaph. a bond, obligation.

HHTNY MI or -vw: fut. whfw: 201. I tryfa Ep. #ήξα: Pass., pres. πηγνύμαι: fut. πάγήσομαι: aor. I ἐπήχθην, 201. 2 ἐπάγην [ἄ]: pf. πέπηγμαι, but the pf. med. πέπηγα is mostly used in this sense:—to stick of fix in, make firm of fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηνήν πήγνυναι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med., ounvels wheaven to fix their tents :- Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon. fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., δμαξαν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon, to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:-Pass. to be or become stiff, be frozen. IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. pangere; opnos wayels a sure and steadfast oath.

πηγόε, ή, όν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong. πηγύλίς, ίδος, ή, (πήγνυμι) covered with boar-frost,

frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδύν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεῦγλαι or ζευerfipica): the upper part with the tiller being called 2. metaph. of a horse's rains or bridle. [a]

IIHAA'Ω, Ion. inf. πηδέειν: fut. ήσω or -ήσομαι: aot. I lufiδησα;—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πήδημα πηδάν to

ατηγαίως, α or, also or, or, (πηγή) from a well or | take a leap; hence πηδάν μείζονα (sub. πηδήματα) to take a greater leap: but wella wydar to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

> Thomps, area, to, (thouas) a leaping, bounding: a beating or throbbing of the heart.

> IIHΔO'Σ, δ, or IIH ΔON, τδ, the flat or blade of an oar:—an oar.

wantle, ίδος, ή, (πήγρυμι) an ancient sort of barp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called payabis. 2. a sbepberd's pipe.

πηκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τηγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put toge-2. \$ mart a sort of cage to catch tber, compact. 3. τα πηκτά (Dor. πακτά) τῶν δωμάτων the barriers of the house, the door. IIL solid. tbick, congealed, curdled: ή πημτή Dot. πακτά, eream-cheese.

πήλαι, πήλας, sor. I inf. and part. of πάλλαι. πήλε, Ep. for έπηλε, 3 sing. aor. I of πάλλω.

Πηλείδης, ov Ep. εω and αο, δ, patronymic of Πηλεύε, son of Peleus, Acbilles. Πηλείων, ωνος, ό, the same as Πηλείδης: Adv. Πη-

helaváðe, to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεύε, έωε Ερ. ησε, δ, Peleus, son of Acacus. husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly. Πηληιάδης, εω, ό, Ερ. for Πηλείδης.

Πηλήμος, η, αν, Ερ. Adj (Πηλήσε, Ερ. gen. of Πηλεύε) of or belonging to Peleus.

πήληξ, ηκου, ή, (πηλαι) a belmet, casque.

Πηλιακός, ή, όν, of Mount Pelion. Πηλιάς, άδος, ή, (Πήλιον) of or from intount Pelion. Thicos [1], n. or, interrog. of thicos, thicos, bow great? bow much? bow old? Lat. quantus?

πήλίνος, η, ον, (πηλόε) of clay, earthen, Lat. Intent. Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence Πηλιώτης, ου, ό, fem. - ώτις, ιδος, of or from Pelion. πηλο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (πηλός, βαίνω) mud-soaller.

name of a frog. πηλοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build of clay. From πηλό-δομος, ον, (πηλός, δέμω) clay-built.

πηλο-πλάθος [ἄ], ον, (πηλός, πλάσσω) seculating clay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθου, δ, a potter.

HHΛO'Σ, δ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. lutum: also mud, Lat. coenum.

πηλ-ουργός, όν, (πηλός, έργον) working in clay: as Subst., πηλουργύε, δ, a worker in clay. πηλοφορίω, f. ήσω, to carry clay. From

πηλο-φόρος, ον, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay, πηλό-χύτος, ον, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen. πηλ-ώδης, εε, (πηλός, elbos) like clay, clayer, of the

consistency of clay.

πήμα, ατοι, τό, (πήσομαι, fut. of πάσχω) suffering misery, woe: also of a person, shud twe a base or sorrow to ... Hence

mysalve: f. dre lon. drie: sor. I imperor: Med. fut, πημάνουμαι (in pass, sense): Pass, aoc. 1 erμάνθην Ep. τη μάνθην:—to make suffer, bring into [ misery: also to grieve, distress: to barm, injure: absol, to do mischief. Hence

unparréos, a, or, possible to be injure...

πημήνειαν, 3 pl. Acol. sor. I opt. of πημαίνω. πημονή, ή, poët. for πημα, suffering.

Πηνελόπη Εp. Πηνελόπεια, ή, Penelope, daughter of Icarius, wife of Ulysses: (called from her weaving the web, whyn,.

mηνέλοψ, οποι, δ, a kind of duck.

ΠΗ'NH, ή, like πηνος, the thread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur. the web.

myrifonat Dor. marisbonat; Dep.: (myrior):--to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

HHNI'KA [1], Adv. at what point of time? at what bour? unvin' tori the hutpas; what bour of day is it? πηνίον, τό, Dim. of πηνος or πήνη, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound. πήνισμα, ατος, τό, (πηνίζω) the thread wound on a spindle, the thread of the woof.

πήξαι, sor. I inf. of πηγνυμι.

wife, Ep. for tenge, 3 sing. aor. I of whyrups. whos Dor. waos, où, ô, (waopai) a kinsman by mat-

riage, a connexion, Lat. affinis.

IIII PA lon. whom, h, a leathern pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. pera.

πηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πήρα, a little wallet. πηρό-δετος, ω, (πήρα, δέω) tying a wallet.

HHPO'Z, a, or, disabled in a limb, mained, Lat. mancus.

πηρόω, f. ώσω, (πήροε) to maim, disable: metaph. to incapacitate.

πήσομαι, lon. fut. of πάσχω.

wyxuaios, a, or, a cubit long.

πηχύνομαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

ΠΗ ΧΥΣ, εωε, δ: gen. pl. πήχεων:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. ulna: generally the II. the centre-piece, which joined the two arm. borns of the bow. III. in pl., whyees are the borns or sides of the lyre, opp. to (vyor the bridge. as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. cubitus, a eubil, orig. containing 24 δάκτυλοι, or about 18 inches: the πηχυε βασιλήιος was longer by three δάκτυλοι. being = 27 darrulos or about 20 inches. cubit-rule.

midle, f. dow and dee: sor. I part. midfas: Dor. form of mico, to press: to lay bold of, apprehend, πίαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: 20r. Ι ἐπίᾶνα, pass. ἐπιάσθην: pf. pass, verlaqua: (viar):-to make fat, fatten; of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph, to increase, en-2. metaph. to make wanton :- Pass. to become fat, wax wanton.

magas, Dor. sor. I part. of midio.

wiap. τό, indecl. (τίων) fat, tallow, suet: also oil, cream: hence fatness: metaph. the fat of the land, the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

πιαρός, ά, όν, (πιαρ) fat, ricb. wlacha, to, (wlaire) that which makes fat or rich. an enrieber, fattener, of a river.

middelitie, idos, h, (midal) of the spring or fountain. middiciers, cooa, ev, (midat) gusbing.

πίδακ-ώδης, es, (πίδαξ, είδος) like a fountain, gusbing with spring-water. III AAE, dros, h, a spring, fountain. Hence

atδήεις, εσσα, ev, rich in springs. wibio, to gust out.

wie, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of wire: but also Ep. for face, 3 sing. indic.

mileur, Ep. for micir, aor. 2 inf. of wires.

musses, = rescu: and hence Ep. imps. rescent and Ion, part, pass, πιεζεύμενου.

III E'ZΩ, f. wieσω: aor. I evieσα: Pass., aor. I ξπιέσθην οι ξπιέχθην: pf. πεπίεσμαι οι πεπίεγμαι: —to press, squeeze, crusb, press bard upon. to lay bold of.

musty, acr. 2 inf, of sixe.

wierpa [1], 1, pecul. fem. of vlow, fat, vieb: of cities, prosperous, wealthy: dals elempa a plentiful meal: of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πίέμεν, Ep. for πιείν, 2or. 2 inf. of πίνω.

Htepides, al, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly.

Πτερίηθεν, Adv. from Pieria in Thessaly. mitous, for mits, 2 sing. fut. of mires. meσθείς, είσα, έν, 201. I pass, part. of πιέζω, winers, egga, ev, poët. for wiew, fat, rich. πίησθα, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of πίνω.

πτθάκνη Att. φίβάκνη, ή, (πίθοι) α wine-cask, wine-

misanos, Dor, for misnes, an ape. πίθανολογέω, f. ήσω, (πιθανολόγοι) to use probable

arguments. Hence

πίθανολογία, ή, the use of probable arguments. πίθανο-λόγος, ον, (πιθανός, λέγω) speaking persua-

sively, using probable arguments.

πίθανός, ή, όν, (πείθω) act. calculated to per-I. of persons, persuasive. suade : 2. of manners, winning. 3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, pro-II. pass, easy to perducing illusion, natural. 2. obedient. suade, credulous.

πτθανώς, Adv. of πιθανός, persuasively: Comp. πθανώτερον, more persuasively.

πίθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of σείθαι. mileών, ωνοι, δ, (πίθοι) a place for casks, a cellar. midηκίζω, f. low, (πίθηκοι) to play the ape. Hence πίθηκισμός, δ, a playing the ape, aping.

wiθηκος Dor. πίθακος, δ, (πείθω) an ape, Lat. simius: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jackanapes. πίθηκο-φάγέω, (πίθηκος, φαγείν) to eat ape's flesb. πίθηκο-φόρος, οτ, (πίθηκος, φέρω) carrying apes. midiforus, nor. I part. of welder, as if from miden.

with, irreg. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of wires. πίθ-οιγία, ή, (πίθος, οίγνυμι) an opening of easies. festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.

πιθόμην, Ερ. for ἐπιθόμην, 201. 2 med. of πείθω. willow, b, a wine-jar made of earthenware. [1]  $\pi(\theta\omega v, \delta, -\pi(\theta\eta\kappa os, a\pi ape. [t])$ πίθων, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of πείθω.

muxpalve, f. ave, (muxpós) to make sbarp or bitter: metaph. to embitter, anger :- Pass. to grow angry. wikela. ή, (πικρύε) bitterness: of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, spleen.

πίκρο-γάμος, ον, (πικρός, γαμέω) embittered in mar-

riage, unbappily wedded

πικρό-γλωσσος, ον, (πικρός, γλώσσα) of sbarp or bitter tongue.

TERPO-KAPTOS, OF, (TERPOS, RAPTOS) bearing better fruit.

HIKPO'Z, a, by, also be, by, sharp, keen, piercing: of taste, sharp, pungent, bitter: of sound, sharp, piercing, sbrill. 2. of persons, words, acts, etc., bitter, cruel, barsh, stern, morose, severe: also bateful, II. Comp. and Sup. πικρότερος, -ότατος, never πικρώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

wikporns, ητος, ή, bitterness: barsbness, cruelty. πίκρό-χολος, ον, (πικρίε, χολή) with bitter gall: splenetic.

TERPOR, Adv. of TERPOR, sharply, barshly, bitterly, cruelly.

πίλέω, - πιλόω:-Pass. to be close pressed. πελίδιον, τό, Dim. of πίλος, a little felt-bat, Lat. pileolus. [Al]

πι-λίπης, έε, (πι, λιπείν) wanting the letter πί. πιλνάω, = πελάζω, to bring near to: - Pass. πίλνα-

μαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat. ΠΓΛΟΣ, δ, wool or bair wrought into felt, felt, felt-elotb. II. a felt-cap, bat; πίλος χαλκούς 2

brasen bat, i. e. helmet: also a felt cuirass. πιλοφορικός, ή, όν, used to wear a felt-bat. From πίλο-φόρος, ον, (πίλος, φέρω) wearing a felt-bat. πίλοω, f. ώσω, (πίλου) to press wool so as to make

it into felt, to felt wool: hence to press close, squeeze tigbt. πίμελή, ή, (πίον, πίαρ) fat, Lat. adeps. Hence

wiμελής, έε, fat, Lat. pinguis.

πίμπλαντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πίμπλημι. πιμπλάνω, poët. for πίμπλημι, hence pres. med. πιμπλάνεται for πίμπλαται.

πιμπλέω, = πίμπλημι: Ion. part. pl. fem. πιμπλεῦ-

ΠΙΜΠΛΗΜΙ, inf. πιμτλάναι [α]: 3 pl. impf. ἐπίμπλασαν: (tenses formed from πλήθω): fut. πλήσω: 20τ, Ι έπλησα, med. ἐπλησάμην: Pass., 20τ. Ι έπλήσθην: pf. πέπλησμαι: - also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο, πλήντο, imperat. πλήσο, opt. πλήμην or πλείμην:—to fill, fill up, fill full of a thing, c. acc. pers. et gen. rei; or to fill with a thing, c. dat. rei. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to fill full, 3. to fulfil, discharge an office. satisfy, glut. II. Med. to fill for oneself, or what is one's own.

witholyes, to, (widoe, olyrupi) the cash-opening, a Pass to become or be full of: to be filled, satisfied, bave enough of a thing.

> III'MIIPHMI, inf. πιμπράναι [d]: (tenses formed from πρήθω); fut. πρήσω: 20c. I έπρησα: Pass., 20c. έπρησθην: pl. πέπρησμαι:—to kindle, burn, set ou fire:—Pass. ziuzpauau, to be burnt, set on fire, comsumed.

wiv, poët. inf. of Emov, aor. 2 of wires. πἴνἄκηδόν, Adv. (είναξ) like planks.

atvaktov, 76, Dim. of sivat, a little tablet, esp. that on which the judges (discarral) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty. Lat. tabella.

mirakiones, d, - mranor.

πίνακο-πώλης, φυ, δ, (πίναξ, πωλέω) one mbo sells small birds ranged upon a board.

III'NAE, akos, ò, a board, plank: a writing-tablet: 2. a wooden trencher, dish, plate, a votive tablet. or platter. 3. a board for painting on, a picture, Lat. tabula. 4. a plate engraved or written upon: a chart or map. 5. a board for public notices: a register, list.

mivapos, a, ov, (nivos) dirty, squalid. wivam, (ziron) to be dirty.

πινέμεν, πινέμεναι, Ep. inf. of sires. wiveckey [1], Ion. impf. of wive. πίνηρός, ή, όν, lon. for πιναρύε.

III'NNA and miven, h, a kind of muscle, the pinne. πυνο-τήρης, ου, ό, (πίννα, τηρέω) a small crab that lives in the pinna's shell: metaph. a little parasits.

 $\pi$ lvócis, eσσα, er =  $\pi$ ivapós. IIINOZ, o, dirt, filth, Lat. squalor. [1] πίνύσκα: 201. Ι έπίνυσσα; pass. ἐπάνδοθην: (πέardual, pf. pass. of area): - to make wise or prudent. admonish, instruct, inform. Hence

πίνθτή, ή, understanding, wisdom. πίνυτής, ήτος Dor. άτος, ή, = πινυτή.

ntvorbs, h, bv, (rivboow) wise, understanding.

πίνυτό-φρων, ονοι, ό, ή, (πινυτύι, φρήν) of mise or understanding mind.

III'NΩ [1]: fut, πίομαι: 201, 2 έπισν, imperat. was also will, inf. weelv: from Root IIO- come pf. we want, aor. I pass, έπόθην: pf. pass. inf. πεπίσθαι:—so driet, Lat. bibo; c. gen. to drink of a thing: metaph. so drink up, absorb: pf. nésowa, to bave drumk, so be drunken.

ntv-wone, es, (wivoe, elous) dirty, squalid.

Trioun, 201. 2 opt. of The.

mlongs, fut. of now: but also used as pres. med. mlov, Ep. 201. 2 of sire.

wios, a, or, poet, for wier.

miorys, nros, n, (nice, nice) famess, richessa. minione, f. niow [1]: aor. 1 evica: Causal of when to give to drink, c. dupl acc.; whose ope Alexan the I will give them the water of Dires to drink.

πίπλω, poët, for πίμπλημι, impf. έπιτλου, so fil TUTTEL (Formed the young birds. (Formed from the sound.)

mimpaone Ion, murphous, redupl, form of seeds:

pl. wevelen: Pass., fut. I woudhoopen, paullo-p. fut. πεπράσομαι [ā]; aor, I pass. ἐπράθην [ā]; pf. πέπράμαι Ion. -ημαι: (περάω):—to sell beyond seas, like περάω: generally, to sell:-Pass, to be sold: metaph, to be

bought and sold, i. e. betrayed.

winter, for mi-were, redupl. from Root HET -: ap. impf. πίστον: fut. πεσούμαι Ion. πεσέσμαι: 201. 2 έπεσον, inf. πεσείν: pf. πέπτοκα, Ep. part. πεπτχώς and werrede, -coros Att. werrde, -oros, syncop. from werrousde :\_ to fall, fall down; c. acc. cognato, wis-TEN STUPATA, WEST PATA: absol. in pl. westween, to be fallen, lie low. II. Special usages: sister in Tive to fall upon a thing violently, to attack. whereo in two to fall out of or lose a thing, Lat. decidere de . . ; le oupoù uluten tot to fall out of or loss one's favour. 3. व्याचनकार महत्त्वे चठवरी ywaises to fall between the feet of a woman, i. e. to be born. 4. to fall in fight. 5. to fall, sink, leave off; drepos wive the wind fell. 6. wister but tires to fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, overcome; & στρατός αύτύς ύπ' έωντου έπεσε the army failed of itself. Lat. mole sua corruit. 7. 10 fall short, fail: of a play, to fail, Lat. cader. of the dice, to fall in a certain position; The Beowerûr ed recorse through I shall count my master's throws lucky: generally, εν or καλώς πίπτειν, to be lucky:so also, to fall, turn out, bappen.

πίρωμιε, an Egypt. word - καλδε κάγαθύε, noble. wiotivos, 7, or, (wioce) made of peas, trece viouror

pea-soup

III'ZOZ, a kind of pulse, the pea, Lat. pisum. [t] wiros, 76, (stow fut. of minione) only in nom. and BCC. pl. wloca, moist lands, meadows.

III'ΣΣΑ Att. πίττα, ή, pitch, Lat. pin: proverb., μελάντερον ήδτε πίσσα blacker than pitch.

woo ipηs, es, (vloσa) of or like pitch, pitchy. wiscivos Att. wirtivos, n. or, (wisse) pitched over,

eoated with pitch.

muss on Att. murr-, f. wow, to pitch, cover with pitch. πίστευμα, τό, (πιστεύω) a pledge of good faitb.

morevruebs, h, be, disposed to trust, confiding. From mareve, f. ou, (niores) to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing: absol., ya-Lendr nioteveir hard to believe; niotiveir els tiva so believe on a person:-Pass. to be believed or 2. to believe, comply, obey. grusted. inf. to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is: also c. dat. et inf. to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so. III. to entrust or confide someshing to another.

morutos, 4, or, (who) drinkable, liquid.

🚡 🕳 ιστικός, ή, όν, (πίστις) trusty, faithful.

gagiti. 3. pure, genuine.

wioris, ene, ή, (πείθω, πείθομαι) trus. in otners, jaith, Belief; Lat. fides, fiducia; níores bewer faith in the gods: persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance. good fai'b, faithfulnes, bonesty, Lat. fides. 3. credit, grast; els viorer didovat to give in trust. II. tbat

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant; whotev ral opera worelotal to exchange assurances and oaths. 2. a means of persuasion, an argument, proof.

πιστός, ή, όν, (stru) drinkable, liquid; τὰ πιστά

liquid medicines, draughts. πιστός, ή, όν, (πείθω) of persons, fastajus, trans. true: in Persia ol miorol or ra miora were confidential officers about the court, privy-councillors; mord πιστών, like έσχατ' έσχάτων, - πιστότατοι, most 2. believed, trusted. II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief: credible. τό πιστόν, as Subst., a pledge, security. warrant; πιστόν οι πιστά δούναι και λαβείν to give and receive pledges: also τὸ πιστύν = πίστιε, good III. act. believing, relving on. obedient. Hence

πιστότης, ητος, ή, good faith, bonour, faithfuiness. πιστόω, f. ώσω, (πιστόε) to make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement. to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant; δρκφ πισταθήναι to pledge oneself by oath. feel trust, to be persuaded; wiorwdele, truiting, confiding. III. Med. to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth. 2. πιστοῦσθαί τινα ὑφ' oprew to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths.

πίστρα, ή, (πίνω) a drinking trough of cup.

πίστρον, τό, (πίνω) – πίστρα.

πίστωμα, ατοε, τό, (πιστόω) απ assurunce, guarantee, pledge. 3. γηραλέα ειστώματα = ειστοί γέροντεε, as πιστά Περσών is used for πιστοί Περσών. πιστώς, Adv. of πιστός, faithfully: persuasively. πιστώσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of πιστόω. wiotivos, η, ον, (πείθω) trusting on, relying or de-

pending on, confiding in, c. dat. mistipes, oi, al, misupa, rá, Acol. for réasapes, rég-

σσρα.

πίσω [I], fut. of πιπισκω.

πίτνα, Ep. for ἐπίτνα, 3 sing. impf. of πίτνημι. πίτνα**ε**, ασα, αν, part. of *πίτνημ*ι.

mirrynu, collat. form of miravvous, to spread out, extend, expand.

πίτνω, = zετάννυμι, to spread out: impl. επιτνον. πίτνω [1], poet. form of πίστω, used metri grat. when the penult, is required to be short, as pipper is used for  $\mu i \nu \omega$ , when the penult, is to be long.

πίττα, ή, Att. for πίσσα.

mirrivos, n. ov. Att. for misservos.

πιττόω, Αιτ. for πισσόω.

 $\pi i \tau \dot{\nu}$ - $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \mu \pi \tau \eta s$ ,  $\sigma v$ ,  $\dot{\sigma}$ ,  $= \pi i \tau v \sigma$ - $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \mu \pi \tau \eta s$ .

πίτυλεύω, f. σω, (πίτυλοε) to ply the plashing our. IIITΥΛΟΣ [1], b. the measured place of oars; in πιτύλου with one stroke. II. the plash of falling drops; πίτυλος σκύφου the plash of wine poured into 2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as, the beating of the breast, clapping of the bands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear. metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

with the pine !. It will be sine ! bender, epith. of the robber Sinis, woo killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυο-τρόφος, ον, (πίτυς, τρέφω) growing pines. wirthpov, to, (written) bran, the busk of corn: gene-

rally, refuse, Lat. furfur, furfura; mostly used in pl. IIITTZ, voe, 1, poet. dat. pl. wirveren: the pinetree, Lat. pinus: proverb., πίτυσε δίκην ἐκτρίβεσθαι to be destroyed like a pine-tree, i. e. utterly, because the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

πίτύ-στεπτος, ω, (πίτυς, στέφω) pine-crowned. πιφαύσκω, (redupl. form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκω, as didagree to dales), only used in pres. and impf. to let be seen, shew, reveal by a token: mostly, to shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal. πιφαύσκομαι as Dep. to make manifest, make known, declare.

wie, sor. 2 subj. of sire.

III'ΩN [?], δ, ή, neut. wiov, gen. wiovos:—Lat. PIN-GUIS, fat, plump, sleek, of animals: oily, rich. of soil, fat, rich, fertile: also wealthy. III. Comp. and Sup. wiotepos, wiotutos (as if from wios),

πίων, οῦσα, όν, 20τ. 2 part. of πίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πληγή.

πλάγιόζω, f. άσω, (πλάγιος) to turn sideways or slanting, turn aside: to tack to and fro.

πλάγι-αυλος, δ, (πλάγιος, αὐλός) the cross flute,

German flute. Thayeos, a, or, also os, or, placed sideways, slanting, athwart; els πλάγιον sideways; τὰ πλάγια the

sides, in military sense, the flanks of an army; ele tà πλάγια right and left; κατά πλάγια in flank; έκ πλαγίου on the flank; πλαγίους λαβείν τούς πολεplove to take the enemy in flank. II. metaph. sideways, askance, treacherous.

πλάγιοω, (πλάγιου) to turn or move sideways.

πλαγίωε, Adv. of πλάγιοε, aslant.

πλαγκτήρ, ήροε, δ, (πλάζω) act. be that seads astray, a misleader. 2. pass. a wanderer, rover.

πλαγκτός, ή, όν, also ύς, όν, (πλάζω) wandering, roaming. II. metaph. wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled. Hence

πλαγκτοσύνη, ή, a wandering, roaming.

πλάγξομαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πλαγχθήναι, -θείε, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of ελάζω.

whattoos, a, ov, wet, moist. From

ΠΛΑ'ΔΟΣ, δ, moisture.

ΠΛΑΖΩ: Ερ. impl. πλάζον: f. πλάγξω: aor. I Exhayea:-to make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away: metaph. to lead astray: generally, to mislead, seduce. II. Pass., with fut. med. πλάγξομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλάγχθην Ερ. πλάγxθην, to svander, go astray: to glance or slide off.

πλάθίνη, ή, (πλάσσω) a platter or mould to bake in. πλάθανον, τό, πλάθανος, ό, = πλαθάνη.

whate, collat. form of wehate, intr. to approach, draw near, come nigb. [ā]

IIAAI'ZION, to, an oblong figure or body; lobndeupon ndaloson a square: of an army, in ndasolo τετάχθαι to be drawn up in square, Lat. agmine quadrato, as opp. to marching order, agmine longo. Thanels, eive, ev, aor. 2 pass. part. of Them.

πλάκερός, ά, όν, (πλάξ) = πλατύε, broad.

πλάκἴνος, η, ον, (πλάξ) made of a board or plank svooden. [d]

πλάκοθε, ούντοε, δ, contr. from πλακόειε, (πλάξ) ε flat cake.

πλάκτωρ, οροε, δ, Dor. for πλήκτωρ.

πλάν, Dor. for πλήν.

πλάνώω Ion. –ίω, f. ήσω, (πλάνη) to lead extray, lead wandering about: of ships, to drive from their course: generally, to mislead, lead unto error. Pass. πλανάσμαι, with fut. med. πλανήσομαι, soc. I pass. ἐπλανήθην, pf. πεπλάνημαι:—to wander, roam about, stray: c. acc., πλανᾶσθαι χθόνα to wander over a land, Lat. oberrare: πλανασθαι έν λόγω to be at a loss in one's story: to wander in mind, be at a loss. IIAA'NH, h, a wandering or roaming about, stray-

ing: erring, error. [d] Thanna, aros, to, (Thanaw) a wandering, going

astray.

πλάνης, ητος, δ,(πλάνη) a wanderer, roamer, roper, Lat. erro; wharmes dortepes wandering stars, planets. πλάνησιε, εωε, ή, (πλανάω) a leading astray: a dis-

persing. [d]

πλανητέον, verb. Adj. of πλανάομαι, one s wander.

πλάνήτηs, ου, δ, fem. -ητω, εδοε, (πλαναω) = πλανηε, a wanderer. 2. a planet.

πλάνιος, α, ον, poët. for πλάνος.

whav-obla, i, (wharos, oble) a wrong way, by way. ≢λā- metri grat.]

ΠΛΑ ΝΟΣ [α], η, ον, also or, ov, act. leading astray, deceiving: as Subst., whaves, b, a deceiver. pass. wandering, roaming

ΠΛΑΊΝΟΣ, δ, = πλάνη, a wanuering about, roaming, straying; φροντίδος πλάνοι wanderings of thought. πλάνο-στίβής, έε, (πλάνοε, στείβω) trodden by wanderers.

πλάνύττω, = πλαναομαι, to wander about.

ΠΛΑΈ, ή, gen. πλάκόε, anything flat and broad. flat land, a plain; worrow what the oc-an plain; the flat top of a bill, table-land:—also a flat stone, tombstone.

πλάξεν, Dor. for ἐπληξεν, 3 sing. sor. I of πλήσσα. πλάξ-υππος, ον, Dor. for πλήξιππος.

πλάσμα, ατος, τό, (πλάσσω) anything modified or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure; white pare πηλού vessels of clay. II. that which is invitated a forgery.

ΠΛΑ ΣΣΩ Att. - Tru: L. Thage [a]: 201. I &λάσα Ερ. έπλασσα, πλάσσα: pf. πέπλάκα: Proπλάθηναι, -θείε, 201. I pass. inf. and part. of πελάζαι 201. Ι ἐπλάσθην: pf. πέπλασμαι:-- to form mould. shape, fashion, Lat. fingere, of the statuary who works in clay or wax.—Pass. to be moulded, made, fashioned.

II. generally, to mould, shape, of the mind and body:—Med., πλασάμενος τη δίγει baving formed himself in face, i. e. having composed his countenance

III. metaph. to make up, fabricate, forge: absol., δόξω πλάσας λέγειν I shall seem to speak from invention; κόμπος οθ πετλασμένος no false boast. Hence

πλαστής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. πλάστειρα, one who moulds

or models, a modeller.

πλάστιγξ Ion. πλήστιγξ, ενγοε, ή, (πλήσσω) the tongue or scale of a balance. II. a pair of scales, balance: also a yoke for borses. III. a whip.

πλαστός, ή, όν, doubtful form of τελαστός. πλαστός, ή, όν, (πλάσσω) formed, moulded, molelled. II. metaph. made up, forged, counterfeit,

unreal; πλαστός πατρί a suppositions son.
πλάταγίω, f. ήσω, to elap the bands loudly: to clash, crack.

II. to beat, so as to make a loud

noise. From

πλόπάγη, ή, (πλατάσσο) a rattle.

πλάταγημα, ατος, τό, (πλαταγίω) a clapping.

πλάπαγών, ώνο ὁ (πλαταγίω) anything that rattles or eracles.

πλάπαγώνιον, το, Dim. of πλαταγών, the broad petal of the poppy, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; it was a good omen if it burst with a load crack.

Πλάταια, ή, mostly in plur. Πλαταιαί, ῶν, al, Plataca, a city in Bosotia: adverbial dat., Πλαταιάσι at Plataca. Hence

Marais Ion. -ies Att. -fis, oi, the Plataeans.

πλάταμων, ωνοε, δ, (πλατύε) any broad flat body: a flat stone, a flat beach.

πλάτάνιστος, ή, πλατανος. Hence

πλάτανιστοθε, ούντοε, δ, contr. for πλατανιστόειε,

a plane-tree grove.

πλάτἄνος, ή, (πλάτύε) the oriental plane, the planetree, Lat. platanus, so called from its broad, flat leaf. πλάτεια, ή, see πλατύε.

whatesile Dot. -6000: f. 600: (That's):-to speak of pronounce broadly, esp. with a Dorie accent.

Thaties, Adv. of Thatis, broadly.

mháτη Dor. πλάτα, ή, (πλάτυ») the flat or broad part of anything, the blade of an oar, Lat. palmula remt: the whole oar. 2. a sheet of paper.

mλūτίον, Adv., Dor. for πλησίον.

Thate, thos, ή, (πελα(ω) post. for πελάτιε, a wife.

πλάτοε, εοε, το, (πλάτιε) breadth width: absol. in

πεc., τὸ πλατοε οι πλάτοε in breadth

πλάτός, ή, όν (πελάζω) πλαστος, πελαστός.

πλάτοω, f. ώσω, (πλάτη) to form the flat of oars πλάτυγιζω, f. σω, (πλατύς) to beat the water with who blade of an oar to splash about: metaph to

prake a splash, stlutter, swagger

πλάτυ-λέσχηε, ου, ό, (πλατύε, λέσχη) a babbler.

πλατυντίον, verb. Adj. of πλατύνω, one must widen.

πλατύνω, f. ϋνῶ, (πλατύε) to make broad, widen, estend:—Med., πλατύεσθαι τὴν γῆν to widen one's territory.

2. to open wide: q sing. pf. pass. πεπλατυνται bas been opened.

πλάτύ-νωτος, ον, (πλατύς, νώτος) broad-backed. πλάτύρ-ροος, ον, contt. -ρους, ουν, (πλατύς, ρέω)

broad-flowing.

HAĀTTŽ, εία, ε΄, Ion. fem. πλατέα:—flat, wide, broad:—metaph., πλατθο κατάγελου flat mockery 2. as Subst., η πλατεία (sub. δδόε), α street: also (sub. χείρ), the flat of the band.

J. salt, brackish, because πλατθ ύδαρ was originally used of the sea.

III. Comp. and Sup., πλατύτερου, πλατύτατου.

πλάτύτης, ητος, ή, (πλατίς) breadth, width: gene-

rally, size, bulk. [V]

whéce, acc. of shees, q. v.

πλέγδην, Adv. (πλέκω) in plaits or braids.
πλέγμα, ατοε, τό, (πλέκω) anything twined or

plaited, a net: in pl. wreaths, chaplets.

white, ol, acc. white, Ep. for wheloves, Comp. of wohis, more: Dor. contr. where.

πλεθρίαιος, α, ον, of the size of a πλίθρον.

IIAE OPON Ep. whelpov. 76, as measure of length, a pleibron, being 100 Greek or 101 English feet, the sixth part of a stade.

2. a race-course or race of this length.

II. as a square measure, 10,000 square feet, about 37 perches.

Hiteas, ádos, n. in plur. Hiteades Ion. Hiteades, al, the Pleiads, seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione,

who were placed among the stars.

πλείμην, είο, είτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of τίμπλημ.
πλείν, Att. for πλέον, like δείν for δέον more.
inf. of πλέο to sail.

πλείος, η, ονη Ion, and Ep. for πλέος, full.
πλειότερος, η, ον, Comp. of πλείος, fuller.

πλειστάκις, Adv. (πλέιστος) most times, mostly, very

often.

πλειστηρηε, es, (πλείστου) manifold; άπαι πλειστήρης χρόσου the whole extent of time. Hence πλειστηρίζομαι, Dep. to assign as the chief agent

of a thing, to accuse of being the author of a thing.

πλειστο-βόλος, ον. (πλείστοε, βαλείν) throwing the

most, throwing the highest.

πλειστόμ-βροτος, ον, (πλείστος, βροτός) thronged

with people, crowded.

πλείστος, η, ον, Sup. or πολίε, most, Lat. plurimus: very much; also, very great:—ol πλείστοι the greatest mumber; το πλείστον the greatest part; εν also sgreoing with its Noun, δ πλείστος τοῦ βίου the most part of life:—ἡ πλείστη γσώμη ῆν his opinion was mortly; πλείστο εἰμι τῆ γνώμη l am mostly of opinion; δου πλείστοι the most possible; ἐν τοῦς πλείστοι about the most, like ἐν τοῦς πρώτοι:—neut. π) είστον as Adv. most: τὸ πλείστον for the most part:—with Preps., διὰ πλείστον to the greatest distance; ἐνὶ πλείστον to the greatest extent; περὶ πλείστον of the greatest extent; περὶ πλείστον of the greatest importance or value.

made, Ep. pres. for made, to sail.

whelev or whier, b, \$, neut. shelor or shior, gen. eros; Ep. nom. and acc. pl. white white, Dor. while: where, whereo, wheres etc., are Ion. and Dor. for white, whiteout, etc.: when Att. for white, like being the Stor: Ep dat. pl. shedress: Comp. of solds:more: also greater, larger, of size as well as number: -ol makeres Ion. and Dor. of maceres, the greater number, and so, like of wokkol, the many, the people, opp. to the chief men; to whellow the greater part; so also agreeing with its Noun, whice rof the greater II. the neut. show has various sart of night usages, more of a thing. Lat. plus; 70 Theor, Ion. and Dor. To Theur, as Adv. mostly; of To Theor not so much; where \$ . more than ..; but the \$ may be omitted, πλείω έβδομήκοντα more than seventy:πλέον έφερε οἱ ή γνώμη his opinion rather tended; where Exer to have the best of it, opp. to Exerror Eyer to be beaten :- with Preps., ist maior as Adv. more, further; ès aléan mare; sept aleianos at more importance, of bigber value.

Theren, wros, o, (\$\frac{1}{2}\eios, \takenson \delta full space of time,

a year.

whitee, eos, to, (white) anything turned or plaited,

soickerwork.

mherravae, f. how, to twist into wreathe, coil. From πλαετάνη, ή, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, a evil. wreath; wherearn manyoù a wreath of smoke. [a] πλακτή, ή, fem of πλεκτός, a coil, wreath. a twisted rope, cord, string

Thertuche, 4, by, (There) of or for plaiting.

πλακτός, ή, όν, (πλέκω) plaited, twisted, twined; πλεκταί στέγαι wicker coverings, i.e. cars; τὰ πλεκτά

any plaited instruments, ropes.

ΠΛΕ'ΚΩ, f. for: acc. 1 έπλεξα: pf. πέπλεχα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλέχθην, and aor. 2 ἐπλάκην [α]: pf. πέπλεγpas :- to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold, Lat. plico, plecto: also to knit; Med., nhéfasbat meispa to twist oneself a rope 2. metaph. to plan, devise, con-II. Pass. to be plaited or woven. trive. twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace.

wheov, neut. of wheor, more: also neut. of wheoe, full. πλεονάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλέονάκα: (πλέον):--to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much: to presume on, c. dat. IL. to enaggerate, overstate.

when the contract of the contr

too often. [d]

masov-enten, f. how or hoopen, - mater type to bove or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share; to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping: to goin some advantage. 2. c. gen. to bave or gain the advantage oper another:-Pass, to be overreached, defrauded. 3. c. gen. rei, to base a greater share of a thing; wheoverrein phyone to bear more cold. Hence

nheovéntrqua, aros, ró, an advantage, gain: in pl. gains, successes.

Theor-bergs, ou, &, = & Their from, one who has of claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish: also as Adj., λόγος πλεονέκτης a grasping. overbearing speech. And

πλεονεκτικός, ή, όν, disposed to take more than one's

sbare. From

nhovefia lon. -in, h, a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share. vantage, superiority; wheovefia rivós advantage over another; est akcovefia for one's advantage or gain. whetever, Adv. of which, too much.

ΠΛΕΌΣ, α, αν, Ion. πλοίος, η, αν, Att. πλέως, έα, έων; pl. πλέφ, πλέφ (for πλέω), πλέδ:—full, filled, c. gen.: hence satisfied, cloyed: of Time, full, com-

plete. Comp. πλειότερου.

where, post. for enhero, 3 sing. impf. of wehoper. whelv, Iop. and Dor. for wheer: so whelves, whelves, for shioves, shioves, etc.

nhebves, Adv. Ion. for nhebves, too much. HAETPA', âs, \$, a rib, Lat. costa: in pl. the ribs,

the side or sides. II. later, the page of a book. wheeperus, idea, \$, (wheeps) pain in the side, pleurisy. nheupóvev, Adv. (nheupá) from the side. πλευρο-κοπίω, f. ήσω, (πλευρά, κόπτω) so amite

tbe ribe. HAETPO'N, 76, a rib, an older post, form of

wherea: in pl. the ribe, the side. Theupo-Tente, is, (Theupou, Tonto) striking the sides.

πλεύρωμα, ατοι, τό, like πλευρόν, the side. πλεύσομαι or πλευσοθμαι, fut, med of πλέα,

Theories, verb. Adj. of This, one must sail. πλευστικός, ή, όν, (πλέω) fit for sailing, fair.

ΠΑΕ'Ω Ερ. πλοίω: fut. πλεύσομαι οτ πλευσρύμαι: aor. I énheusa: pf. nénheusa; Pass., aor. I énheiσθην: pf. πέπλευσμαι: cp. the Ion. form πλώω:to sail, go by sea; c. acc. cognato, lypd mixesta where to sail the watery ways:—to swim, float; metaph., whele war optiv to go on prosperously.

πλόω, Att. nom. and acc. neut. pl. of πλέου, more.

ndéwy, neut. ndécy, for skélos, q. v.

whice, which whice, pl. ship, ship (for shim), πλέα, full, Att. for πλέοε.

πληγείε, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλησσω.

πληγή, ή, (πλήσσω) a blow, stroke, stripe:—also s wound, Lat. plaga: also a beating or fighting with clubs: metaph. a blow, stroke, shock.

 $\pi\lambda\eta\gamma\mu\alpha$ , area,  $\tau\delta$ , =  $\pi\lambda\eta\gamma\eta$ .

πλήθος, εοε, τό, (πίμπλημι) α great π**επόε**τ, α <del>μαν</del>. throng, crowd: the greater part, the man, main body; hence the people, the commons: also the government IL number or quenof the people, democracy, tity: also magnitude, size, bulk. III. sometimes length, duration of Time.

πληθύνω [υ], f. ἔνω, (πληθύε) to make full: to excrease, multiply: Pass. to increase (intr.), to be complaced; of persons, to be fully resolved. II, int.

= Thylin,

whyθύε, έοε, ή, Ep., dat. whyθύε. Ion. for πλήθοε, a | gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to

throng, eroud.

πληθύω, (πληθύε) to be or become full; διγορή επληθυιύσηε when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; δ πληθύον λόγοι the current story.

πλήθω, pf. πέπληθα; (πλέοε):-- to be or become full; alifoura selfun the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to comblete a

space of time.

πληθώρη, ή, (πλήθω) fulness: sat ety.

πλήκτης, ου, ό, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, συανrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. п. to beat one's breast for grief. Lat. blangers. ш. to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, δ, (τληκτίζομαι) dalliance.

πλήκτρον, τό, (πλήσσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plec-2. a spear-point. 3. a cock's spur, Lat. trum. 4. a punting-pole or paddle. salear.

πλήκτωρ, οροε, δ, (τλήσσω) a striker, brawler. πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλου, ή, (πλημμελή») a mistake in music. false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελόω, f. ήσω, (πλημμελή») to make a false note in music: to err, offend:-Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-trated or insulted. Hence

 $\pi \lambda \eta \mu \mu \dot{\epsilon} \cdot \eta \mu a$ , area,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon}$ ,  $= \tau \lambda \dot{\eta} \mu \mu \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \epsilon i a$ .

πλημ-μελής, έε, (πλήν, μέλοε) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, unpleasant, barsb. Adv. - Adv.

 $\pi\lambda$  τμμη,  $\phi$ , -  $\pi\lambda$  $\eta\sigma\mu\eta$ . πλήμμυρα, ή, = πλημμωριε, flood-tide: a flood. Hence

πλημμυρώω, f. ήσω, to overflow.

πλημμυρία, ίδος, ή, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρία έκ πίντοιο the flood setting in towards land : generally, a flood, deluge. [# Ep., ■ Att.]

whitever, \$, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.

TANY, (properly contr. from Theor, more than), be-I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. Adv. besides, unless, save, except; πλήν δσον exso far as: it is often followed by some conjunct.; The bray save when; while but except that; while or lar, Lat. sui si, only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οίδα πλήν (sc. ciba) I know not, only one thing (I know).

-πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of τίμτλημι. pl Ep 201. 2 pass. of τελάζω.

-πλήξα, Ep. for ξπληξα, aor. I ot πλήσσω. -πλήξ-ιπτος, ον, (πλήσσω, έπτος) striking or driving Boria.

-πληρούντος, -εύμοναι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of TT Apple

- xλήρης, es, gen. soe contr. ove. (πλέοε) full of, c. | strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλ-

the br' . 1. generally, full, complete, sufficient. 3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

πληρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (πλήρης, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil:-Pass. to be fully assured: of

things, to be fully believed. Hence

Thypodopla, h, full conviction, certainty. πληρόω, f. ώσω: pf. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass. sense : fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι: (πλήρηε):—to fill, make full: πληρούν ναθν to man a ship: πληρούτε θωρακεία man the walls, to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy. 3. πληρούν The xpelar to supply the need. II. of numbers, to make full, complete, make up. III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task. intr. to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full megsure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, ber crew: of number, the sum.

a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσιε, ή, (πληρόω) a filling up, juting: the completing a number: the manning a ship.

πλησαίατο, Ep. for πλήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. ος τίμπλημι.

πλήσαε, aor. I part. of πιμπλημι.

πλήσθεν, Ep. for έπλησθεν, 3 pl. acr. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησθήσομαι, fut, pass. of πιμπλημι.

πληστάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλησίακα: (πλησίοε):--to bring near :- Pass. to be brought near, approach. Il. intr. to be near: to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

manotalrepos, -alraros, Att. Comp. and Sup. of πλησίοι: Adv. Comp. πλησζαιτέρω, nearer.

πλησιίστερος, -ίστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πλη-

πλησιος, α, οτ, (τέλας, πελάζω) near, pard by, close to. II. as Subst, πλήσιος, δ, α neigh-III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, bard by; bour. ό πλησίον (sub. ών) one's neighbour: so Dor. ό πλα-IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος,

also πλησιαίτερυε, -αίτατοε, πearer, πearest. πληστό-χωρος, ον, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one who

lives near, a neighbour πλησ-ίστιος, ον, (πίμπλημι, lστίον) filling or swell

ing the sails.

πλήσμη, ή, (τίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a

πλησμονή, ή, (πιμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satisty: generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΛΗ ΣΣΩ Att. - ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 ξπληξα Εp. πλήξα: pf. πέπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήξομαι: 20τ. 2 έπλήγην, in compds. έπλάγην [d]: pf. πέπληγμαι: - Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγον, inf. πεπληγέμεν, mod. πεπληγόμην:--- 10 II.

II.

Asse (to strike with a missile): of Jove, to strike with lightning: to strike back, drive, dway:—Med., ηλή-βασθαι to smite or best oneself in sign of grief:—Passito be struck, stricken, smitten: also to be bearen: to be stricken by misfortune: but, πλήσσεσθαι δάροισι to be touched by bribes.

II. metaph, of violent emotions, to strike, amaze, confound, stun; πληγείε δρωτι smitten with love.

πληστιγέ, ή, lon. for πλάστεγέ.

πλήτο, 3 sing. Ep 201. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 of πελάζω, be came near. πλινθεώα, ί. σω, (πλίνθου) to make into bricks.

absol. to make bricks. II. to build of brick.

alvented by Adv. (πλίνθος) in the shape of a brick.

mliverves, η, ον, (πλίνθος) made or built of brick.

whirelov, τύ, Dim. of whirels, a small brick.
whirels, ides, th. Dim. of whirels: a whetstone.
whirels ποιέω, f. ήσω, (πλίνεις, ποιέω) to make bricks:
whirels; the above the later: whirels in the determines; whireles:
whirels: whirelowe the una or elevant Lat. ducere lateres, to make bricks: δύμοι πλίνειου layers of brick.

2.

anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of metal. 3. the flinth of a column.

πλινθουργέω, ε. ήσω, to make bricks. From πλινθουργόε, όν, (πλίνθοε, \*έργω) making bricks: as Subst., πλινθουργόε, δ, a briek-maker.

πλινθοφ ρέω, f. ήσω, to carry bricks. From πλινθο φόρος, αν, (πλίνθος, φέρω) carrying bricks. πλινθόω, t. έσω, (πλίνθοε) to make of brick: Med. to build for oneself.

πλινθ-υφής, ές, (πλίνθος, υφαίνω) brick-built.

IIAI ΣΙΟΜΑΙ, f. πλίτομαι: pf. πέπλιγμαι: Dep.:

—to cross one's legs in walking: to walk briskly, trot.

πλοη-τόκος, ον, (πλύος, τεκεῦν) producing navigation.

πλοιάριον, τό, Dim. of πλοίον, a skiff, boat.

wholov, τό, (πλέω) a floating vessel, a ship of any kind; πλοία λεπτά small craft; πλοία Ιππαγωγά transport-vessels; πλοία μακρά ships of war, Lat. longue naves; πλοία στρογγύλα ships of burthen, Lat. naves onerariae:—as distinguished from ναῦν (a ship of war), πλοίον was a merchant-ship or transport.

who walls, ides, \$, (who wanted) a braid, lock, or curl of bair: also curly bair. [[]]

who καμος, δ, (white) a braid, lock or curl of bair: in pl. the locks, the bair. II. a twisted rope.

whom, \$, (πλίκω) anything plaited or woven, a web: metaph. a web of deceit.

πλόκος, δ, (πλέκω) a lock or curl of bair.

a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμανος, Ep. syncopy pres. part. of πέλομαι.

Thought in the state of the sta

Thouse, a, or, (Thourse) rich, wealthy: c. gen. inspiration.

rei, rich in a thing Lat. dives opum. II. ample, abundant. III. Adv. ice, like a rich man.

Πλουτεύο, έων, ή, poët for Πλούτων.

πλουτίω, f.-ήσω, (πλούτου) to be rich, wealthy: C. gen. to be rich, abound in a thing. Hence πλουτηρόε, ά, ών, enriching.

πλουτίζω, f. low, (πλούτου) to enrich, make wealthy. πλουτο-γαθής, fs, Dor. for πλουτογηθής, (πλούτος, γηθέω) delighting by or in riches

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ήρος, ό, and πλουτο-δότης, ου, ό, (πλούτος, δίδωμι) giver of rich. πλουτο-κράτία, ή, (πλούτος, κρατέω) da oligareby

of wealth.

IIAOT TOE, b, wealth, riches.

II. as mass.

prop. n. Plutus, god of riches, represented as blind.
πλουτό-χθων, ονοε, δ, ή, (πλοῦτοε, χθών) rich is
the treasures of the land.

Ilλούτων, ανοε, δ, Pluto, god of the nether world: a name of "Λιδης, derived from \*λοῦτος, because com, the wealth of early times, was sent from beneath the earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οῦ, ὁ, (πλέκω) mostly in pt. locas, bair. πλύναν, Ερ. for έπλυναν, 3 pl. acr. 1 of πλάνας.

πλύνεσκον [θ], Ion. impf. of πλύνει.
πλύνόε, δ, (πλύνει) a trough or pit to wash clothes
in: a washing trough or tub;

πλυντήριος, ον, (πλύνω) of or for washing: τὰ Πλυντήρια (sub. lepá) a festival at Athens, in which the robes of the status of Minerva were washed.

HAΥΝΩ [0]: fut. πλυνώ lbn. πλυνέω: nor. I ἐπλύνα Ερ. πλύνα; Pass., nor. I ἐπλύναψε: pf. πέπλυμα:—to wash clean, esp. linen, opp. to λούορα. (to bathe), or νίζω (to wash the bands or feet). 2. to wash off dirt. II. metaph., πλύνειν ποτά to give him a dressing, to beat or cadged. Hence

white the table of the state of

πλωάς, άδος, (πλέω) fem. Adj. floating. πλωίζω, f. σω, (πλέω) to sail on the sea, see ship.

TAMUM, 1. σω, (Τλόμω) to sait on the sea, was says, practise navigation.

πλώιμος, ον, (πλώω) fit for sailing: of a ship, β

for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable.

2. Of the sea, to be sailed over, navigable: in neut., when were per yellow or torser as circumstances became or were more favourable to navigation.

πλώσιμος, ου, = πλώιμος, to be sailed over. πλωτήρ, ήρος, δ, (πλώω) a seaman, sailor. a swimmer.

whorte, h, br, (whim) sailing, floating, eming.

II. that can be sailed on, navigable.

mag. i. the way are. I ferrow to the the factor of the fa

πλάε, gen. πλώντοε. πνείω, Ep. pres. for πνέω, to breathe.

πνεθμα, ατοε, το, (πνέω) wind, air. II. brands πνεθμα βίου the breath of life; πνεθμα δφείνως το gire up the ghost:—spend one's spirit, life. 2. spirit, inspiration. III. a Spirit, spiritual Being: Hence

www.trakes. 4. br, belonging to wind or breath. II. of the spirit, spiritual: Adv. - sove, spiritually.

wevparou, f. ώσω, (weθμα) to turn into wind or air: to inflate. 2. to agitate with wind.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ονοε, δ, (πνέω, sveθμα) used both in sing, and pl. the organs of breathing, the lungs.

everous, fut. of avea.

IINEΩ Ep. wvelw; f. wveiσομαι and wvevσουμαι. later eveuou: aor. I enveuou: Pass., aor. I enveuobyv: pf. πέπνυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι) :-to blow, breathe, of the wind. Il to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale: c. gen. rei, to smell of a thing, be redolent of; rarely c. dat. rei, to smell with III. of animals, to breathe bard, pant, IV. to draw breath, breathe: to live. metaph., c. acc. cognato, pivea weiovres breathing spirit; "Apea σνείν, Lat. Martem spirare; μέγα σνείν VI to breathe favourably to be of a high spirit. or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare alicui.

πντγεύε, έωε, δ, (πνίγω) απ ουεπ: οτ 2. a cover or damper put on coals to smother the flame.

πνίγηρός, ά, έν, (πνίγω) choking, stifling, of throttling or beat.

שעניונש, - שיניש.

aviγμα, ατοι, τό, (πνίγω) a choking.

wviyubs, b, (wiyo) a choking, stifling heat. mviyous, cooa, ev, choking, stifling. From wives, to, (wiyo) a choking, stifling, of heat.

IINITΩ [1]: fut. write or med. write pat: aor. 1 invifa, inf. writai: Pass., fut. wrightopai: 201. 2 Explyype [t]: -to stifle, choke: to seize by the throat, throttle :- Pass. to be stifled or choked : also to be II. to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, drouned. stew.

avtyádas, es, (aviyos, eldos) stifling. mvieros, h, iv, (nvivo) stifled, strangled.

πνοή, η̂ε, ή, Ep. and Ion. πνοίη Dor. πνοά, πνοιά: (πνέω):—a wind, blast, air; άμα πνοιζε άνέμοιο along with (i. e. swift as) blasts of wind; wupo's wroat blasts of fire: metaph., sroal "Apros blasts of II. a bard-drawn breath, breath. a breathing odour, fragrance: a vapour, exhala-IV. the breath of a wind-instrument.

TINT'E, gen. wurves (not wvures), \$\eta\$, the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the execupation or meetings of the people were held: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre.

IIO'A, \$, Ion. won and woin Dor. wois: -grass: rola Myduth, Lat. berba Medica, sainfoin or lu-II. a grassy place, meadow.

grass-time, summer.

mod-appos, ir, (note, apple) soft of foot. ποδ-αγός, (ν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγία, guiding the oot : as Subst., vodayie, b, a guide, an attendant.

Treija and Truev Tivelija the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost. | wol-drypa, f., (wole, drypa) a trap or mare for the II. gout in the feet, opp. to xespáypa (gout in the hands). Hence

modaypáw, to bave gout in the feet.

ποδαγρικός, ή, ών, (ποδάγρα) liable to gout, gouty. roδαγρόε, ών, (πιδάγρα) gosty.

ποδά-νιπτήρ, ήροε, ύ, (πούε, νίζω) & vessel for washing the feet in, foot-pan.

ποδά-νιπτρον, τό, (ποίε, νίζω) water for washing the feet in.

ποδάπός, ή, όν, interrog. Adj. - ποῦ (or πόθεν) ἄπο; from what country? Lat. enjas?

πόδ-αργος, ον, (ποίε, άργύε) swift- or white-footed. ποδ-άρκης, es, (πούε, άρκίω) able of foot, swiftfooted.

ποδ-ένδύτος, ον, (rove, ένδίω) drawn upon the 2. as Subst., wodérduror, to, a robe or gar-

ment reaching to the feet.

ποδεών, ώνος, ό, (πούε) in plur. the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals; δέρμα λέοντου άφημμένον άκρον έκ ποδεάνον a lion's skin hung round one's neck by the ends. neck or mouth of a wine-tkin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up. any similar extremity; ποδεών στεινώς a narrow strip of land. 2. the lower end or corner of a sail, the sbeet.

ποδ-ηγός, έν, see ποδιάγές,

mod-nvente, és, (mois, \*éréque) reaching down to the feet.

mod-hyenos, or, (note, drepos) swift as the wind. ποδ-ήρης, εε, (πούε, άρδρείν) reaching down to the feet; weakos woohpre a robe that falls over the feet: hence, ποδήρης στύλος a tall straight pillar; ποδήγης donie the large shield which quite covered the body :τὰ ποδήρη, the feet.

mobialos, a, or, (nove) of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or bigb.

ποδίζω, f. low, (rove) to bind the feet, tether :- Pass., of horses to bave the feet tied, be tethered.

ποδί-κροτος, ον, (πούε, κροτίω) f.xed on or to the feet. ποδιστήρ, ήρ s, δ, (ποδί<u>(ω)</u> reaching over the feet: πέπλου ποδιστήρ a long garment that entangles the feet in it.

ποδίστρα, ή, (ποδίζω) a strap or snaw for the feet.

modouv, Fp. gen and dat. dual for modoir. ποδο-κτύπη, ή, (ποίε, κτύπίω) a dancing-girl. ποδορ-ράγής, έε, (πούε, [αγήναι) bursting forth at

a stamp of the foot. .ποδο-στράβη, ή, (πούε, στράβη) a snare or trap to

catch the feet. ποδό-ψηστρον, τό, (πούε ψάω) a cloth to rub the

feet on, a foot-cloth, mat. ποδώκαι, ή, swiftness of foot, fleetness. From

ποδ-ώκης, es. (πούε, ἀκύε) swift-footed, fleet of foot: generally swift, quick. πόη, ή, Ion. for πία, grass.

ποθέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθέει.

modery 6s. h. dr. also 6s. br. (mode a) longed for, desired, missed, regretted: hence mourned for.

πόθεν Ion. κόθεν, interrog. Adv. whence ? from woat place? Lat. unde? ris, wiver els despon; who, whence art thou of men? πίθεν της Φρυγίης; from what part II. in Att. to express surprise, whence can it be? how possibly? III. for mov: sabere ?

woller, enclit. Adv. from some place or other. ποθ-έρπω, Dor. fog προσέρπω.

mod-écraspos, or, Dor. for apocécrepos.

wobedyres, Dor. and Acol. part. pl. of wobles.

modelves, Dor. 3 pl. of modeo.

ποθέω, fut. ποθήσω οτ ποθέσομαι: 201. I 2ct. έπόθησα οτ ἐπύθεσα Ερ. πόθεσα: pf. πεπόθηκα, pass. πεπύθημαι: (ποθή οτ πόθου):—to desire what is absent or lost, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for; and so to miss, regret, Lat. desiderare: 70 soθούν = πύθοε, one's desiring, one's desire. 2. c. inf. to long or be anxious to do. II. as Dep., wedovpirn pphr the longing soul.

ποθή, ή, Ep. - πίθοε, fond desire of, regret for; σή woth a longing after thee.

ποθήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ποθέω (as if from πό-

θημι). ποθητός, ή, όν, (ποθέω) desired, conged for, regretted.

moot, interrog. Adv., poet for mou, where? for woil whither?

ποθί, enclit. Adv., poēt. for που, anywhere, somewhere: also anybow, perbape. II, of Time, some time : at length.

ποθό-βλητος, ον. (πόθος, βάλλω) love-stricken. πόθ-οδος, ή, Dor. for πρίσ-οδοι.

ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω.

ποθορεύσα, for προσορώσα, part. fem. of προσουράω. ΠΟΘΟΣ, & desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for, Lat.

desiderium; ode abbos a yearning after thee: love. woi, interrog. Adv. whither? Lat. quo? c. gen, woi your is: to what spot of earth? 2. for wou ; Lat. II. to what end? Lat. quorsum? whit where?

wos, enclitic Adv. somewbither.

mola, ή, Dor. for πόα, grass.

ποιεύμενος, Ep. pres. med. part. of ποιέω.

mousulmy, Ep. impl. med. of mores.

moleuvra, Dor. for molouvra, pres. part. acc. of ΠΟΙΕ'Ω, t ήσω: I. to make, produce, execute, esp of works of art:-Med. to make for oneself, of bees, elnia voihouobai to make themselves houses: also to bave a thing made. 2. to bring to pass, bring about, cause, effect; voicir ipa, Lat. sacra facere, to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice; voicir Louma to celebrate the Isthingan games to make, shape, create: to beget : Then, etc., to produce, grow, raise . also to make or render so and so:-Pass. to be made so and so, to become:-Med. to make so and so for oneself, voiciobal tira traipor to make him one's friend: roccioval rura viór to make

a person one's son, i. e. to adopt him as son; dewret ποι ciσθαί τι to make a thing one's cum: generally to bold, reckon, esteem a thing as . . , συμφοράν ποιείσθαί Ti to take, reckon a thing for a visitation; devot ποιείσθαί τι to esteem it a grievous thing; περί πολλού ποιείσθαι, Lat. magni facere, to esteem a thing of great moment." 4. in compose, swite, esp. in verse, to make: also to invent: - also to make, represent in poetry (whence wointh's a poet): periphr. in Med., δργήν ποιείσθαι for δργίζεσθαι, θαθμα ποιείσθαι for θαυμάζει»: also ποιείσθαι δι άγγέλου, for άγγέλ-II. to do; Inaprinting notices to get like a Spartan: c. acc. dupl. to do something to another, mand or dyable voice tive to do one good or III. intr. to be doing, to do; 2. to put. noiser & naticer to do or have done to one. there is also a pecul. usage, of etroia sup's word evoluer rode Aanedacharious, good-will made greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short, wor-.]

woln, t, Ion. for wla, grass. movies, eooa, er, (noin) grassy, rich in grass. molypu, aree, Ti, (world) anything made or done: a work, piece of workman bip. 2. a poetical work, 3. an act, deed. porm.

ποιημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ποιημα, a little poem.

wormpos, a, iv, (woin) grassy.

worhoman, 3 pl. Acol. sor. 1 opt. of worker moingue, coe, h. (voile) a making: a forning, cre-

II. the art of poerry. 2. a poem. mountées, a, cr, verb. Adj. of motion, to be made oc II. neut. rointlor one must make or do.

ποιητής, οῦ, ὁ. (ποιέω) one who makes, a maker. a maker, i. e. a poet.

mountukos, h, uv. (morio) catable of making, productive: poetical: - h wointuch (sub. Texen) the art of poetry, poetry. Adv. - www.

ποιητός, ή, ων. (ποιέω) made fabricated, worked. II made by oneself, invented.

ποιη-φάγέω, (rob, φαγεῦr) to eat grass.

WOLKIN-dylos, or, Dor. for weight-fries, (weights, i,rla) with broidered reins.

TOLKIN-CHAIV. OF, ECT. OFOS, (FOLEIXOS, CEPE) ELIS party-coloured robe, us b spangled garb.

moικίλla, ή, (τοικίλου an embroidering, embroidery.

a piece of em'roidery: metaph, cumung, work (λλω, f. tλω : δ·oletλα. Pass, pf. wewoinλ.

μαι: (ποικίλου); — 10 broider, work in embraid-II. to embroider: to diversify, wary: metaph. to trick out with fair words, embellish. Hence wolkidua, aros to, anything wrought in paragra 2. broidered work, broidery.

ποικιλό-βουλος, ον, (ποικίλος, μουλή) of changeful or subile counsel.

mountho-yapus Dor. -yapus vos, d, d, countre YAPUS Of varied voice, many-toned. workeyo. or, (routhou, being) with variet and

neck.

mounito-bipper, or, gen. eros, (nounitos, bippe) with spotted or dappled skin.

ποικίλο-εργόε, ων, (τοικίλοε, έργον) of varied work.
ποικίλό-θριξ, -τρίχοε, ύ, ή, (ποικίλοε, θρίξ) with
spotted bair, spotted, \(\begin{align\*}
\text{:dled.}
\end{align\*}

ποικίλο-μήτης, ου, ὑ, and ποικίλό-μητις, εδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, μήτις) full of various wiles.

ποικίλο-μήχἄνος, αν, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) full of various devices.
ποικίλό-μορφος, αν, (ποικίλος, μορφή) of variegated

form, variegated.

mouthb-pibos, or, (mouthos, pibos) of various dis-

CONTRE.

TOURING-VESTOR, OF, (TOURING, PATOS) with back of

waried bues.

TOURING-TEEPOS, OF, (TOURINGS, TTEPOF) will wing of

ebangeful bue.

IIOIKI'AOZ, η, ov, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled.

II worked in various colours, of varying colour; revyca routha xalas arms inurought

with brass. III. generally changeful, various: hence of various art, elabora's, inlaid, variegated. 2. changeful, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous; hence ar'ful, cunning.

ποικίλο-σάνδαλας Acol. -σάμβαλος, ον, (ποικίλος,

σάνδαλον) with broidered sandals.

ποικίλό-στολος, ον, (ποικίλος, στολή) with varie-

gated robe: of a ship, wi'b painted prow.
working-reparis. és (ποικίλος, τέρπω) with varied

delights: delighted by variety.
ποικίλό-τευκτος, ον, (ποικίλος, τεύχω) curiously

wrought.

TOURING IN VARIOUS OF, (TOURING TOUNNESS) twittering or singing in various notes.

ποικίλο-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, δ, η, (ποικίλος, φόρμιγξ)
ασσοπραπίε by the various notes of the barp.

ποικίλό-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, (ποικίλοε, φρήν) with manifold counsel, wily-minded.

ποικιλτής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. ποικίλτρια, ἡ, (ποικίλλω) one

TOLECH-4865, ότι (τοικίλος, φότη) of riddling song.
Τοικίλως, Adv. of ποικίλος, variously; ποικίλως
Εχειν 10 be different.

moustaire, f. avû, (ποιμήν) to feed, tend, Lat. passere : absol. to kesp flocks, be a shepherd. 2. metaph. to tend, cherish foster:—to guide, leaa, govern:—also to soothe, lull, beguile, like Lat. passers: hence to deceive. II. Pass. to grase, Lat. pass: to range over in grasing, to stray; was revoluparau rosso every place has been ranged over, traversed.

στοιμάν, δ, Dor. for σοιμήν. στοιμάνδριον, τό, (σοιμάνωρ) a berd: metaph. an growy under its leader.

Tourse, fut. of Toursies.

TOLLAWOP [a], opos, d. (Tolunivo) - Toluhr, a berdscan, zbepberd: a shepherd of the people, prince, chief. Tollawor, dros, d. (Tola) a herdsman, a shepherd; Tolhadr a shepherd of the people, i. z. a prince, chief.

ποίμνη, ή, (ποιμην) a berd of catile, a flock of these, ποιμνήνος, η, ον, (ποίμνη) of or for a flock or berd. ποίμνιον, τύ, Dim. of ποίμνη, a little flock.

wowalos, a, or, (ποινή) puni bing, avenging. wowatwo, opos, δ, ή, an avenger, punisber. [ā]

mouvae, f. dow [d] Ion. how, to avenge, punish:—
Med. to avenge oneself on o.ic. From

worth, ή, a ransom paid for the shedding of blood; generally, a price paid, redemption, requital: also the price exacted, vengeance, penalty, Lat. poena; drektora worth the the tribust of take vengeance for his life: worth tivat Hofty ton angular dook sulven to give Xernes satisfaction for the death of his heralds: often in phrase, words δούναι, like δίκην δούναι, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas; words λαμβάνεν to inflict it, Lat. sumere poenas.

2. it good sense, reveard.

II. personified, Ποίνη, ή,

the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.
wowfirms, ou, d, fem. -fires, idos, one that punishes

or avenges, an avenger.

molvinos, ov. (noirh) avenging, punishing.

woιολογέω, f. ήσω, to gather herbs: also to put up corn in sheaves. From

ποιο-λόγος, ον, (ποία, λέγω) garbering berbs. ποιο-νόμος, ον, (ποία, νέμω) feeding 4n grass οτ berbs. II. ποιό-νομος, ον, (ποία, νομή) with grassy

pastures.

HOFOZ a, or Ion. kolos, η, or, interrog. Adj. of what nature? of what sort? Lat. qualis? in Homer expressing surprise and anger; rolor τὸν μῦθον ἔειπεε! what manner of speech hast thou spi ken!

11. in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, δ
ποίοε;

III. fem. dat. ποία Ion. κοίη (sub. δδῷ);
as Adv. = πῶε; Lat. quomodo? bow? in what

makner?
woods, d, de, indef. Adj. of a certain nature, kind
or quality.

ποιότης, ητος, ή, (τοίος) quality.

ποιπνύω, f. ύσω [v], (redupl. from πνέω), to be out of breath; hence generally, to basten, burry, bustle: also to work bard, be bury.

ποίφυγμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From ποιφύσσω, f. f.ω, (redupl. from φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort.

II. to blow out, puff up.

ποι-ώδης, es, (ποία, elbos) like grass, grassy. πόκα οτ ποκά, Dor. for πύτε οτ ποτέ.

ποκάς, άδος, ή, (πύκης) wool, bair.

monilw, f. iow Dor. ifw, (wince) to shear wool:—
Med, to shear or clip for oneself.

Med, to spear or etip for onesets.
πόκος, δ, (πέκω) wood uncombed, a ficece: also a

flock or tuft of wool. II. a sheep-thearing. III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb els ἀνου πόκαι, to an ass-shearing, i. e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence ποκόω, f. άσω, to cover with wool: Pass, to be

covered or clothed in wool.
πόκως, Dor. for πύκους, acc. pl. of πύκου.

πολίες, έων, έωσοι, έας, Ερ. plur. of πολίε.

πολομάδόκος, Doc. for πολεμηδόκοι.

moleuapyelov, ro, the Polemarch's residence: and molepapy in, f. fou, to be Polemarch. From

πολήμ-αρχος, δ, (τύλεμος, άρχω) one who begins or ! leads the war, a leader, chieftain. IL at Athens the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally commanded in battle; he was present at the battle of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which the causes of the perouson were tried. 2. in Sparta the commander of a division or pipa. 3. at Thebes it was the name of two officers of chief rank after the Boeotarchs.

πολομέω, f. ήσω: Pass., αοτ. Ι ἐπολεμήθην: (πύλεuse):-to be at war, wage war with: also to fight, give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with II. c. acc. to make war upon, treat as an enemy, attack:-Pass. to have war made upon one; so fut. med. woke photo pas in pass, sense. Pass. also of war, to be waged or carried on; bod. έπολεμήθη whatever bostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δόκος Dor. πολεμα-δόκος, ον, (πόλεμος. Bexopai) undertaking war: warlike.

πολομέμος, er, Ion. form of πολέμειος, (πύλεμος) warlike. II. bostile.

πολεμησείω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war. πολαμητίον, verb. Adj. of πολεμέω, one must go to war.

πολομίζω pošt. πτολ-: fut. ίσω Dor. ίξω: (πίλεμοε):--poet. for πολεμέω, to wage war, fight with or against one; perà tire in conjunction with another? later to quarrel, wrangle, dispute. II. trans to make war upon, fight with,

πολεμικός, ή, έν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike! [fellow-citizen, countryman. Tà TONE MEA, warlike exercises, warlike wrages, the art of war: so, ή πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of war, war. 2. To Tolepikov the signal for bat-II. bostile: also causing bostility. Hence ile. πολημικώς, Adv. in bostile fashion: πολεμικών έχειν to be bouile.

πολέμιος, α, ον, also es, ev, (πόλεμος) of or belonging to war; ta won func the business of war. rarely like woke musis, warlike. II. bostile :--- as Subst., wolfpiot, ol, the enemy. 2. π πολεμία (sub. 3. τὸ πολέμιον, γĝ, χώρα), the enemy's country.

bostility. πολεμιστά, δ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior. modeput theres, a, ov, also on, ov, of or belonging to a warrior; πολεμιστήρια δρματα war-chariots. τα πολεμιστήρια the business of war. From

πολεμιστής Ερ πτολ-, οῦ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) α ενανrior, combatant; lurou rodemoral war-horses.

πολεμό-κλονος, ον, (πύλεμος, κλύνος) raising the din of war.

πολομό-κραντος, ον, (είλεμος, κραίνω) finishing war. πολεμο-λάμ-ἄχαϊκός, ή, όν, compd. of πόλεμος, Aduance and 'Analkoe, like a Greek Lamachus in war. πόλεμόνδε Ερ. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war, into the fight.

πολαμο-ποιέω, Ε ήσω, (πόλεμος, ποιέω) to stir + war. ΠΟ ΛΕΜΟΣ Εp. πτόλομος, δ, a battle, fight: ge-

nerally, war; πόλεμον αίρεσθαί τινι to levy mor against one. IL personified, War, Battle. πολεμο-φθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by

πολεμόω, f. ώσω, (πύλεμου) to make bostile, make an enemy of:-Pass. to be made an enemy of. moheiu, (mihos) intr. to go or range about, Lat.

II. trans. to turn up, till, plough. versari. πολίω, (τύλοε) to go about, range, baunt. trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to

plough. πόλεων, gen. pl. of πόλιε: but πολέων. Ion. or πολλών, gen. pl. of πολύε.

monnes, ar, as, lon. for moners, moners, plur. of so λεσ: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πύλησε, πύληε.

modialvoual, Pass. (volues) to grow gray or sobite. πολιά-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολιήσχος, πολιούχος, q.τ. woll-apxos, δ, (wike, apxw) prince of a city or sean. Πολιάs, άδος, ή, (πύλις) guardian of the city, epith. of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple ou the Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from Afgra Παρθένος and 'Αθηνά Πρόμαχος.

modies, modiferery, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of sidis πολίζω, f. ίσω, 20r. 1 ἐπύλισα Fp πύλισσα: Pass. pf. πεπύλισμαι: (πύλιε):—to build or found a ci7: generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. to colonise by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιάοχος -- πολιούχος, πολιήτης, εω, δ, Ion. fc r πολίτης, α citizen: abo s

πολιήτις, ιδος, fem. of πολιήτης.

πόλινδε, Adv. of πύλιε, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρόταφος, ον, (πολιύς, κρίταφος) εκίδι ετεί bair on the temples, growing gray

πολι-ορκέω, f. ήσω: αοτ. 1 έπολιύρκησα: Pass, .d. πολιορκηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορκήσομαι: 201. 1 ἐπολιορκήθην: (πύλιε, είργος ΟΙ έρκος):--- το bes in a city, blockade, beleaguer besiege: meuph. z besiege, importune. Hence

modi-operatios, a, or, verb. Aug. was must or can w taken by siege.

moliopkia, f., (moliopala) a beleaguering on besice

ing a city, a siege. ΠΟΛΙΟΈ, ά, όν, also is, iv:—gray, sobite; of

hair, gray or boary; al wolial (sub. volxes), gray or white hair; aua rais noliais nariouaus as the grabairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and temples to the beard): wokiés absol, a gray-besiel тап. II. metaph, bright, serene. Ш

metaph. boary, venerable. modu-ouxos, or, (midus, exu) protecting a city. πολιό-χρως, ωτος, ό, ή, (τολιύς, χρώς) κατά καλίλ skin : wbite.

moli-mophys, ou, (mulis, mepho) sacher of cities. ΠΟ ΔΙΣ Ep. πτόλις, των, ή; Ion. gen. πίλισε ΔΣ poët, also modece Ep. mudnos, mudeus: dat. modes Ep. πόλης: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόληα also occurs:---Plus, nom. modess Att. modess Ion. modies: gen. moλίων: dat. πόλισι Ερ. πολίεσσι Dor. πολίεσι: acc. πόλιας, πόλειε Ion. πόλιε:- α city: πόλιε άπρη,= depόπολιε, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called wokes, while the rest of the city was called dorv. II. a whole country,

III. when wous and down are joined, wo-Ass is the body of citizens, down their dwellings: hence while the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 3. the right of citizenship.

πόλισμα, ατος, τό, (πολίζω) a sollection of build-

ings, a city, town. πολισσο-νόμος, ον, (πόλιε, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

woλισ-σόος, οτ, (πόλιε, σώζω) guarding a city.

πολισσ-οθχος, σν, poët. for πολιοθχος.

woλit-άρχης, ου, ό, (πολίτης, άρχω) a ruler of citi-

zens ot a state, a chief magistrate.

modified Ion. - nin, n, (modified w) the relation of a citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizensbip, Lat. civitas. 2. the life of a citi-II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. III. civil polity, the condition of a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth:

a republie. πολίτευμα, ατος, τό, (πολίτεύω) a measure of government, political act. II. a state, community. woλlτεύω, f. σω, (πολίτηε) to be a citizen or freeman, live in a free state. 2. to bave a certain form of government, have public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: 201. I med. ξπολιτευσάμην and pass. ἐπολιτείθην: pf. pass. πε-

roλίτευμαι:--to be a free citizen, bave the qualifieations of a free citizen: generally, to live in a 2. to take part in the government. Ш. tate. TADS. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the

rover nment. TOATTHIN, th. Ion. for modition

TOLLTER [1], ov. Ion. WOLVETTE, ev. o. (TOLIS) the nomber of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. 2. 2lso a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: vis. he rased with another Subst., seed rodinal gods our Zloso-citizens, gods of the city.

<del>πολυτίκός</del>, ή, όν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, beecing a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat.

wiles: To roditutor the body of citizens, the comunity. II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: Sabst., voltruebe, o, a statesman. nging to the state or its administration, concerning Tody politie: To Toditie the commonwealth: it 🕉 πολετική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; SOLETINA, Male-affairs. IV. generally, public.

opp. to private. rollvends, Adv. of rollvens, in a manner befitting

<del>cicizess, constitutionally,</del> Lat, civiliter,

πολίχνη, φ, (πόλιε) a small town.

modizvior, To, Dim. of modizvy, a very small town. rolláms pošt. rollám [d], Adr. (rolis) many times, often, oft. II. in Att. el wollans perbaps; perchance, Lat. si forte; μη πολλάκιε Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, εν, also os, ον, (πολύε) many times as many, many times more, many times larger; followed by \$\eta\_., \$\eta \text{rep..., or by a gen.: neut. pl. σολλαπλάσια as Adv.

πολλαπλάσίων, ον, gen ονος = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. –tóros.

πολλαπλήσιος, η, ον, Ιου. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλάχη, Adv. (πολύε, πολλή) many ways, many II. in various manners. times, often.

πολλάχόθεν, Adv. (πολύε, πολλή) from many places ot sides: for many reasons.

πολλάχόθι, Adv. (πολύε, πολλή) in many places. πολλάχόσε, Adv. (πολύε, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

πολλάχοθ, Adv. = πολλαχή, meny times, often. П.

in many places.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \lambda \circ \delta = \pi \circ \lambda \circ \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \in \pi \circ \lambda \circ \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \in \pi \circ \lambda \circ \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \in \pi \circ \lambda \circ \epsilon$ many tens of times. [d]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολύς, woke, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases: Υ. πολύε.

πολλοστός, ή, όν, (πολλός, πολύς) one out of many. Lat. multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. of Time, πολλοστώ έτει in the last of many years, i. e. after many years; πολλοστῷ χρόνῳ after a very long time. Adv. - twe, in a very small degree.

πόλος, ο, (τέλω, πολέω) a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of beaven, the sky ot firmament, Lat. polus. II. land turned up with the plough. III. a basin-sbaped sun-

WONV-aypos, or, (wonde, aypa) catching much game. πολύ-αθλός, ίν, (πολύε, άθλον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αιγος, ον, (πολύε, alf) abounding in goats. πολύ-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αίμα) very bloody. TONG-alveros, or, and Tong-alvos, or, (Tongs airos)

mucb-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

woλu-áuξ, tros [i], (πολύε, átσσω) with many shocks. impetuous; κάματος πολύαξε weariness caused by impetuous onsets.

πολθανδρέω, to be full of men, to be populous.

πολύ-ανδρος, ον, (πολύς, άνηρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons,

πολύ-άνθεμος, όν, (πολύε, άνθεμον) rich in flowers. πολύ-ανθής, ές, (πολύς, ἀνθέω) much-blossoming. moddardpunta, h, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολύ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνθρωπος) full of people populous: crowded.

wold-drup [d], oper, δ, ξ, (wolde, drip) = wolderδρο: much frequented. II. of many husbands. wold-drygoes, or, (wolde, dry oper) rich in silver. wold-drygoes Att. - drdtos, οτ, (wolds, drdoma) much brayed for, much desired.

waλύ-aρκήa, έι, (πολύι, άρκέω) much-sufficing, supplying many, abundant.

πολυ-άρματος, ον, (πολύς, άρμα) with many chariots.
πολύ-αρμόνιος, ον, (πολύς, άρμονία) many-toned.
πολύ-αρνος, ον, irreg. dat. πολύαρει: (πολύς, άρνόε):
with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.

πολύορχία, ή, (πολύε, άρχω) the government of many. πολύ-αστράγάλου, ω, (πολύε, άστράγαλου) with many joints.

woλύ-αστρος, ον, (wòλύε, διστρον) with many stars, starry.

πολύ-άσχολος, ον, (πολύς, άσχολος) much-busied. πολύ-αθλαξ, άκος, ό, ή, (πολύς, αδλαξ) with many furrows: with broad acres, spacious.

πολύ-αύχενος, ον, (πολύε, αθχήν) with many necks. πολύ-βάφης, έε, (πολύε, βαφήναι) deep-plunged, drowned.

πολύ-βενθής, έε, (πολύε, βένθοε) very deep.

τολύ βοσκος, οτ, (πολύς, βόσκω) much nourishing. τολύ βόταρα Ερ. τουλυβόταρα, ή, (πολύς, βόσκω) (cm. Adj. nourishing many, much-nourishing.

πολύ βοτος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourisbing. πολύ βοτρικ, υος, δ, ή, (πολύς, βότρυς) with many clusters, abounding in grapes.

πολύ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling,

exceeding wise.

πολύ-βούτης, ου, δ, (πολός, βοθε) rich in oxen. πολύ-βροχος, ου, (πολύε, βροχόε) with many nooses. πολύ-γαθής, έε, Dor. for πολυγηθής.

πολύ-γηθής, Dor. -γαθής, ές, (πολύς, γηθέω) much-

cheering, delightful, gladsome.

πολυ-γήρως, ων, (πολύς, γήρας) exceeding old. πολύ γλουκος, ων, (πολύς, γλεθεος) abounding in must or new wine.

πελύ-γληνος, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-syed.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. --τος, αν, (πολύς, γλώσσα)
many-tongued: barmonious.

πολύ-γναμπτος, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπτω) with many windings, curling.

πολύ-γνωτος, ον, (πολύε, γιγνώσκω) well-known.
πολύ-γομφος, ον, (πολύε, γύμφος) fastened with
many nails, well-bolted.

πολόγονέομαι, Dep. (πολύγονοε) to multiply. πολύ-γονος, οτ, (πολύε, γύνοε) producing many,

prolific.

'acht-balbahos, or, (nohus, baibahos) much or highly wrought, richly dight.

II. act. working with great art, very utilful.

πολύ-δάκρθος, ω, and πολύ-δακρθε, gen. θος, ό, ή, (πολός, δάκρυ) of or with many tours: hence muchwest, tourful.

II. act. much-weeping.

walt-Bakpuros, or, (πολύε, δακρύω) much wept, way lamentable, tearful. II. act. much temping. πολύ-δάπάνος, ον. (τολύς, δαπάνη) coming great expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant. πολύ-δειρέα, άδος, δ, ή, (τολύς, δειρή) mith many

ridges or necks of land.

modi-devidence and modi-devidence, or, (modie, disdeer) with many trees, full of rees.

πολυδένδρεσσι, poët. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρος. πολθ-δερκής, έε, (πολύε, δέρκομωι) much-seeing. πολύ-δεσμος, ογ. (πάλύε, δεσμόε) with many bands, strong-bound.

woλt-δευκής, έε, (πολύε, δεύκου - γλεύκου) very sweet. II. Πολυδεύκης, εως, δ, Polysleuces, Lat. Pollus, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

watered, afflicted with drought.

πολύ-δονοε, ον, (πολύε, δονίω) much-driven. πολύ-δοξοε, ον, (πολύε, δέξα) very famous. πολύ-δρομοε, ον, (πολύε, δραμείν) much-running, much-wandering.

πολύ-δροσος, σε, (πολύς, δρύσος) very desay. πολύδωρία, ή, liberalify, munificence. From πολύ-δωρος, σε, (πολές, δώοων) with rich gifts, welldowered.

rodu-abhe, és, (rodue, eldoe) of many sinds, <del>diverse</del> various.

wold-Raise, or, (walve, thator) yielding much oil, abounding in oil.

πολύ-ίλικτος, αν, (τολές, έλισσω) many-folded, maxy, complicated.

πολύ-επείνετος, ον, (πολύς, έπαινέω) much-praised.
πολύ-επής, ές, (πολύς, έπος) of many words, wordy.
πολύ-έραστος, ον, (πολύς, έράω) much-loved.
πολύ-εργής, ές, and πολύ-εργος, ον, (πολές, έργω)

much-working, bard-working.

wold-erip, is, (rolis, iros) of many years, full of years. wold-euros, and wold-edgeros, or, (wolfs, edge-

μαι) much withed for, much desired.

πολύ-ζηλος, ον, (πολύε, (ῆλοε) much empired, much desired.

II. full of ency.

anirea.
11. jul 9 may.
40λυ-ξήλωτος, ον, (πολύο, ζηλόω) much empired or

desired. πολύ-ζύγος, ου, (πολύς, ζυγόν) παπγ-δοπεδοά.

moλυ-ήγορος, στ, (πολύε, άγορείω) speaking much words.

wohn-hours, or, (rohie, lpda) much-loved, we lovely.

πολυ-ηχής, έε, (πολύε, ήχοε) many-toned: much resounding.

πολυ-ήχητος .Dor. πολυάχ-, ον, (πολύε, ήχω) loud- or far-counding.

πολυ-θαρσής, έε, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident, over-conrageous, bold.

πολύ-θεος, στ. (πολύε, θεόε) of many gode, dedicated to many gode; consisting of many gode.

πολύ θηρος, ον, (πολύε, θέρ) with much grams, full of wild beauts.

κολυ-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, θρέμμα) οξ | πολύ-κλητος, ον, (πολύς, καλέω) called from many the Nile, much-fertilising or abounding in monsters. πολύ-θρεπτος, ον, (πολύε, τρέφω) much nourishing. πολυ-θρήνητος, ον, (πολύε, θρηνίω) much-bewailed. πολύ-θρηνος, ον, (πολύς, θρήνος) much-wailing πολύ-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (πολύε, θρίξ) with much bair modu-spoos, or, contr. -spous, our, (modus, spoos) pith much noise, clamorous

πολυ-θρύλητος, ον, (πολύε, θρίλ έω) much talked of, notorious.

πολύ-θύρος, ον, (πολύε, θύρα) with many doors or 2. metaph. with many leaves. *Bpertures* 

πολύ-θύτος, ον, (πολύε, θύω) celebrated with with sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices.

πολυ-ίδμων, ον, gen. ονος, - πολύτδρις.

πολυίδρεια, ή, (πολύίδριε) much knowledge, sagacity, cunning.

πολύ-ίδριε, Ion. gen. ισε Att. κων, δ, ή, (πολύε, Topis) of much knowledge, very wise or learned.

πολύ-εππος, ον, (πολύς, επιος) baving many borses, rieb in borses.

πολυ-ίστωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (πολύε, ίσημι) = πολύίδριε. woλt-txθtos, or, (πολύε, lxθύε) abounding in fish. woλύ-καγκής, ές, (πολύς, \*κάγκω = καίω) very dry or parched: also much-parching.

woλt-καής, έε, (πολύε, καίω) much-burning.

πολύ-κάμμορος, ον, (πολύε, κάμμοροε) very ill-fated OT miserable.

woλύ-καμπής, ίε, (πολύε, κάμπτω) with many twists and turns.

πολύ-κάνής, ές, (πολύς, καίνω) much-slaughtering. πολύ-καπνος, ον, (πολύς, καπνός) much-tmoked: spith smoky rafters.

πολυ-κάρηνος, ον, (πολύς, κάρηνον) many-beaded. woldkapula, h, abundance of fruit. From πολύ-καρπος, ον. (πολύς, καρπός) with much fruit,

rich in fruit, fruitful,

πολύ-κέλάδος, ον, (πολύε, κέλαδος) much-sounding. πολύκερδεια, ή great craft or cunning. From woλύ-κερδής, έε, (πολύε, κέρδος) very cunning or erasty.

₩ολύ-κερως, ωτος, δ, ή, (πολύς, κέρας) many-borned; . poros the slaughter of much borned cattle.

πολύ-κεστος, ον, (τολύε, κεστόε) much-wrought with the needle, well-stitched.

πολύ-κηδής, έε, (πολύε, κήδος) full of care, grievous. πολυ-κήριος, ον, (πολύε, κήρ) very deadly.

πολύ-κήτης, εε, (πολύε, κήτοε) full of monsters. σολύ-κλαυστος or -κλαυτος, ov, also η, ων, (πολύς, fought for. [a]

Acies) much deplored or lamented. TO A U-KA etgs, és, (TO A ÚS, KA ÉOS) far-famed.

- chú-κλατος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κλειτύς) far-

famed, of great renown.

πολυ-κλήσις, εσσα, εν, (τολύε, κλέοε) = τολύκλειτος. πολυ-κλήμε, εδος [ι], ή, (πολύς, κλείς) with many besches of rowers, with many banks of oars.

πολύ-κληρος, ον, (πολύς, κλήρος) with a large lot E partion, rich in land.

a-land.

πολύ-κλυστος, ον, (πολύς, κλύζω) much dashing or swelling. II. pass. washed by many a wave. πολύ-κμητος, ον, (πολύς, πάμνω) παεδ-ευτομεδί,

2. later, laborior πολύ-κνημος, οτ, (πολύε, κνημόε) with many shoulders, of mountains: mountainous.

πολύ-κοινος, ον. (πολύε, κοινόε) common to many. maddicorpavia Ion. - in, i, the rule of many. From πολύ-κοιράνος, ον. (πολές, κοίρανος) wide-ruling. πολυ-κόλυμβος, ον, (πολύε, κολυμβάω) oft-diving. πολύ-κράνος, ον, (πολύε, κράνον) many-beaded.

πολυ-κράτής, έει (πολύε, κράτοε) very mighty. πολύ-κροτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύε, κροτέω) ring-

ing loud or clearly.

πολύ-κρουνος, ον, (πολύε, προυνόε) with many springs.

πολυ-κτέἄνος, ον, (πολύε, κτέανον) - πολυκτήμων. πολυ-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, κτήμα) with many or great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύ-κτητος, ον, (τολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτημως. πολυ-κτόνος, ον, (πολύς, κτείνω) much-slaying, murderous.

πολύ-κύδιστος, ογ, also η, ον, (πολύς, κύδιστος) beld in bigbest bonour, most glorious.

πολύ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, κύμα) swelling with many waves

πολύ-κώκυτος, ον. (πολύε, κωκίω) much-lamenting, very plaintive.

πολύ-κωμος, ον, (πολύε, κώμοε) much-revelling. πολύ-κωπος, ον. (πολύς, Κωπή) of many oars. πολύ-κώτιλος, ον. (πολύε, κωτίλος) much-chatter-

ing, much-warbling. πολύ-λήμος, ον, (Ψαλίε, λήιον) with many cornfields.

πολύλ-λ**ίθος, α**ρ, (παλυς, λίθος) very stony.

πολύλ-λιστος, ον, (πολύε, λίσσομαι) much implored or entreated; γηδε πολύλλιστος a temple where many prayers are offered.

πολύλ-λίτος, ον, (πολύε, λιτομαι) – πολύλλιστος. πολύλογία, ή, much speaking, much talk. From πολύ-λογος, ον, (πολύε, λύγος) much-talking, ta' 2. much talked of.

πολύ-μάθης, ές, (πολύς, μαθείν) baving learnt much, knowing much. Adv. -000s, in a very learned way. πολυ-μανής, έε, (πολύε, μανήναι) very furious.

πολύ-μάχητος, ον, (πολιε, μάχομαι) musb or often

πολύ-μεθής, ές, (πολύς, μέθη) very drunk.

πολύ-μελής, έε, (πολίε, μέλοε) wib many limbs or members. II. many-toned, musical.

πολύ-μερής, ές, (πολύς, μέρος) consisting of many parts. Adv. - piùs, in many ways.

πολύ-μετρος, ον, (τολύς, μέτρον) bolding many measures: generally, abundant, πολύ-μηκάς, άδος, δ, (πολύς, μηκάομαι) πικεδ-

bleating.

many absep : rich in flocks.

πολύ μηνις, ως, δ, ή, (πολές, μήνις) very wrathful.
πολύ-μητις, ως, δ, ή, (πολύς, μήτις) of many counsels or empedients, ever-ready.

woλθμηχάνία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, fertility of resources, inventioness, readiness. From

πολυ-μήχανος, ον, (πολύς, μηχανή) fartile in resources, inventive, ever-ready.

πολθ-μλγής, is, (πολόε, μιγήναι) mined of many parts, motley.

πολύ-μισής, es, (πολύε, μίσος) much-bated.

πολύ-μισθος, ον. (πολύς, μισθός) receiving much pay, bired at a high rate.

πολύ-μέτος, σε, (πολύε, μίτοε) consisting of many threads; πέπλοι πολύμιτοι pictured or brocaded tobes.

πολυ-μνήστη, ή, (πολύε, μνάομαι) as fem. adi. much courted, woord by many.

πολύ-μνηστοε, ον, (πολύε, μνάο μαι) much-remembering, mindful, grateful. II. pass. much-remembered, never to be forgotten.

πολυ-μνήστωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (πολύε, μνόομαι) remembering much, mindful.

Πολ-ύμνια, ή, contr. from Πολυ-ύμνια, (πολύε, δμνοs) Polymnia, i. e. the Muse of many hymns, one of the nine Musex, goddess of lyric poetry.

πολύ-μουσος, ον, (πολύς, Μοῦσα) with many arts

or accomplishments.
πολύ-μοχθος, ον, (πολυς, μοχθος) much-labouring,
much-enduring.

Il. pass. won by much toil.

much-enduring.

11. pass. won by much tou.

πολύν, μύθος, or, πολύς, μῦθος) of many words,
wordy, talkative.

II. pass. much-talked-of,
famous in story, storied.

πολύ-νδος, ον, (πολύς, νεος) with many temples.
πολύ-ναύτης, ου, δ, (πολύς, ναύτης) with many tailors.

**πολύ-νείκηε, ου, e, (πολυε, νείλοε)** much-wrangling: often as a prop. n. Polynices.

πολυ-νέφελος, ον, (πολύε, νεφέλη) overcast with clouds, very cloudy: there is also a Dot. form πολυ-νεφέλας, gen. α.

Told-viene, ov, 8, (Tolve, view) a frequent conqueror.

πολύ-νίφής, έε, (πολύε, νίφω) deep with snow. πολύ-ξαινος, ον, Ion. for sq.

πολύ-fevos Ion. -fevos, or, also η, or, (roλύε, feiros, feiros):--of persons, entertaining many guest

wery bospitable. II. visited by many guests, moλύ-feores, or, (πολίε, féw) much-polished. moλύοιντω, to be rich, abound in wine. From moλό-oινος, or, (πολύο, οἶνοε) abounding in wine. moλύ-ολβοε, or, (πολίε, δλβοε) very wealthy: rich in blessings: abundant.

πολύ-ομβρος, ον, (πολύε, δμβρος) very rainy. πολύ-όμμᾶτος, ον, (πολύε, δμμα) many-eyed. πολύ-όρντθυς, ον, (πολύε, δρνω) abounding in

TONÓ-OHOE, OF, (TONÓE, BYOF) abounding in daintim: luxurious.

πολυ-πάθής, έε, (πολύε, παθείν) much-enfiring.
πολύποιδία, ή, (πολύπαιε) abundance of children.
πολύ-ποίπάλος, ον, (πολύε, παιπάλη) exceeding
crafts.

Toki-Tale, -Taidoe, o, h, (Tokbe, Tale) with many children.

πολύ-πάμ-φάοε, ον, (πολέε, πάε, φάοε) σεσ bright.

πολύ-πάμων, ον, gen. ονοε, (πολόε, πέπαμαι) with great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύπαιρία, ή, long experience. 2. frequent or daring enterprise. From

πολύ-πειρος, ον, (πολύε, πειρα) much-experienced.
πολύ-πειρουν, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύε, πειρας) with
many boundaries: ο of or from many countries.

πολύ-πενθής, έε, (πολύε, πένθοε) much-mourning, very mournful. II. pass. much-mourned. πολύ-πένθιμος, ον. = πολυπενθήε.

Πολυπημονίδης, ου, δ, son of Polypemon, in advision to the meaning of the word; ν. τολυτήμων. σολυ-πήμων, ον, gen. ανος, (πολύς, πήμα) causing manifold was, baneful.

πολύ-πηνος, ον. (πολύε, πήνη) close-ενουεπ. πολύ-πίδαξ, άκος, δ, ή, (πολύε, πίδαξ) ενίζε πεση

springs or fountains.

wolv-wikpos, ov. (wolve, wikpis) very keen or bu-

πολυ-πικρος, ον. (πολυς, πικριε) νετχ εεσε σε ουler; neut. pl. πολύπικρα as Adv. νετχ bitterly. πολύ-πίνης, έε, (πολύς, πίνος) very dirty.

πολύ-πλαγικτος, ον. (πολύς, πλάζομαι) much-way-dering, roaming far a-field: much-string. IL act. (πολύς, πλάζου) leading far autray: metaob beruiling, delusive.

πολυ-πλάνής, έε, (τολύς, πλάνδομαι) roaming for or long; πολυπλανής mosses the wandering ivy. 2. much-erring.

moλυ-πλάνητος, ον, (πολύε, πλάνάομαι) far- οκ ofwandering: of blows, abovered from all sides.

πολύ-πλάνος, ον, = τολυπλανής. πολυ-πλάσιος, α, ον, = τολλαπλάσιος.

πολύ-πλεθρος, ον, (πολύε, πλέθρον) παπη πλέθμε

in size: generally far-extending.

πολύ-πλεκτος, ον. (πολύε, πλέεω) closely-ruined. πολυ-πλόκαμος, ον. (πολύε, πλόεαμος) soich many locks: of the polypus, with many feelers.

πολυπλοκία, ή, intricacy, cunning, craft. Γ rom πολύ-πλοκοι, ον, (πολύε, πλέκω) much-tangled, thick-ureathed. 2. metaph. tangled, intrican. complex. II. act. entangling intriguing.

πολύ-πόδης, ου, ό, pošt. πουλύτόδες, = πολύτους. πολύ-ποικίλος, ου, (τολύς, ποικίλου) παιεδ-σετά-

πολύ-πονος, οτ, (πολύς, πίνος) much-lacouring, much-suffering; also can ing much pain, painful. πολύπος, ου, δ, see πολύπους.

Take ποτέμος, er, (πολύε, ποταμόε) with many or | this word was often repeated. large rivers

πολύ-πότνια, ή, (τολύε, πότνια) very venerable.

πολύπους [ε], -ποδοε, δ, ή, acc. πολύπουν, (πολύε, rove) many-footed II. as Subst. wohitwovs or more commonly (even in Att.) πουλύ-πους, ου. δ. the many-footed one, the sea-polypus; gen. πουλύποδος: acc. πουλύπουν οτ τολύποδα: plur. nom. πολύmodes, etc.: post. nom. mountmos, ov: Dor. muntwos: Lat. polypus

πολυπραγμονέω Ιοπ. -πρηγμονέω, ε ήσω, (πολυrpayum) to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddlesome or officious: to meddle in

public affairs, intrigue.

πολυπραγμοσύνη, ή (πολυπράγμων) officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character.

From

πολυ-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονοι, (πολύι, πράσσω) busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent. πολύ-πράος, ον, (πολύε, πράοι) very mild.

πολυ-πρηγμονέω, Ιοπ. for πολυπραγμονέω.

πολυ-πρόβατος, ον. (πολύε, πρόβατον) rich in sheep οτ cattle: Sup. πολυπροβατώτατος.

πολυ-πρώτιστος, η, ον, - πολύ πρώτιστος.

πολυ-πτόπτος Ion. -πτοίητος, ον, (πολύε, πτοίω) much-scared, timorous.

πολύ-ατύχος, ον, (πολύε, ατυχή) of ot with many . folds: with many glens or valleys.

woλύ-πυργος, ον, (πολίε, πίργοε) with many towers. πολύ-πύρος, er, (πολύε, πυρόε\ rich in corn.

πολύρ-ραπτος, ον, - πολύρραφου.

πολύρ-ράφος, ον. (πολίε, ράπτω) much-worked,

bigbly-wrought.

\*  $\pi \circ \lambda \circ \rho - \rho \pi v$ ,  $\pi v \circ e$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \circ \lambda \circ e$ ,  $* \beta \acute{\eta} v = d \mu v \circ e$ ) ricbin abeep or flocks: only found in nom. pl. τολύρρηνες, never in uom. sing.

σολύρ-ρηνος, αν, - \*πολύρρην.

wahup-pilos, or, (rohus, pila) with many roots. σολύρ-ροδος, ον, (πολύε, ρύδον) abounding in roses.

πολύρ-ροθος, ον. (τολύς, βόθος) much-dashing, Loud-roaring: very clamorous.

πολυρ-ροίβδητος, ον, (πολίε, βοιβδίω) πεκεδwbizz ng.

- chúp-poos, or, contr. -pous, our, and πολύρperce, or, (rolin, fie) much-flowing; of blood, shed in wreams.

TEOAY Z, wolly, wold; gen wollow, fie, ow; dat. σολλή, ή, ή; acc. τολίν, τολλήν, τολύ:—Ion. nom. σολλός, τολλή, τολλόν, acc. τολλόν, τολλήν, τολλύν: lon, declenation is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing., masc. and neut. The following are Ep. forms: sing. gen. wolfes, pl. TROSED. TOLES contr. Toleis; gen. Tolear; dat. Toleos, Toldou, Toliego: acc. Tolias contr. Tolis; also gon. plur. fem. rollier and rollier [d]:-noul's, BOUE. TOUNÉ, are also Eo. forms.

I. Of Number, many, opp. to oblyos few: also of Ling olicu repeated; wollow for rours to true

2. also of Size or Degree, as, rolde viperus a beauty storm of mow; would burne deep sleep; of a person, meyas wal won-Nos great and large; πολλή κίκλημαι i have been much extolled; πολλόε λίγος a far-spread report; πολλή drάγκη strong necessity. 3. of the Value of a thing; πολλού άξιος worth much; πολλού τοιείσθαί τι, Lat. magni facere, to reckon of much con-4. c. gen., as wollol Towar for wondel sequence. Τρώει: πολλύν σαρκίε for πολλή σάρξ. is often joined to another Adj., volice re mi ighloi many men and good. 6. in Att. with the article, ol πολλοί the many, a majority; so also, τè πολύ; ώς ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ for the most part 7. wokie is often joined with a Partic. and εἰμίς as, τολλόε 🗗 λισσόmeros he was urgent in his entreaties. Space, large, far, wide; τολλή όδός a long way. III. of Time, long.

As Adv. in neut. sing. and pl., wold Ion. wollow, πολλά, much, very: also many times, oft-times, often, often strengthd. by pala: of Space, a great way: of Time, long: of Degree, far, very much is joined with a Comp. Adj. to increase its force; would or wollier aucivar much better: with Comp. Adv., would makk much more: with Sup., as woll πρώτος much the first. 3. TOXXá many times, often: τὰ πολλά mostly, usually. 4. with Preps.; ἐπὶ πολύ for long; ἐπὶ πολλύν far.

Comp. wheter Att. where: Sup. wheteres. πολύ-σαθρος, ον, (πολύε, σαθρόε) very rotten. πολύ-σαρκία, ή, (πολύε, σάρξ) flesbiness, plumpness. πολύ-σέβαστος, ον, (πολύς, σεβαστίς) most august. πολύ-σεμνος, ον, (πολύς, σεμνύς) very venerable. πολύ-σημάντωρ, ορος, ό, (πολύς, σημαίνω) α τιξίες over many.

πολύ-σινής, ής, (πολύς, σίνομαι) very buriful, bane-

ful, mischievous.

πολυσιτία, ή, abundance of corn or food. From πολύ-σττος, ον, (εολύς, σίτος) abounding in corr II. bigb-fed, full of meat.

πολύ-σκαλμος, ον, (πολύε, σκαλμόε) many-cared. πολύ σκαρθμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαίρω) far-springing, swift! bounding.

πολύ-σκηπτρος, ον, (πολιε, σκηπτρον) wide-ruling. TONU-ORLOS, OF, (TONUS, ORIG) very shady.

πολυ-σκόπελος, ον, (πολύε, σκόπελος) μεγν τος κγ. πολυ-σπαθής, έε, (πολύε, σπάθη) thick-woven

πολυ-σπερής, έε, (τολίε, σπείρω) wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous.

πολύ-σπλαγχνου, ον, (πολύε, σπλάγχνον) of great mercy or compassion. πολύ-σπορος, ον, (πολύε, σπείρω) πιμεδ-εσωπ,

fruitful.

πολυ-στάφυλος, ον. (πολύε, σταφυλή) rich us grapes.

πολύ-στάχνε, ν, gen. υσε, (πολυε, στάχνε) rich se ears of corn yielding rich crops.

πολυ-στέλεχος, or, with many stems.

Talu-ordinantes, or, (Talie, orera(w) despesign | Talu-ordinant, -Todos, d, f, (Talie, trison) with ing, miserable.

TOAU-GTEGAVOS, OF, with many wreaths.

τελυ-στεφής, έε, (πολύε, στέφω) crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης thick-crowned with

TO NO TIMETOS, OF, (TONGS, GT/(a) MUCh-spotted,

dappled.

modurrixia, \$, a number of lines. From πολύ-στιχος, στ, (τολύε, στίχοε) of or in many lines. πολύ-στοιχος ον. (πολύε, στοίχοι) with many rows. тодиоторов, по вреай тись. Ггот

πολύ-στομος, ον, (πολύε, στόμα) many-mouthed. πολύ-στονος, ον, (πολύε, στένω) much sighing,

mournful, melancholy.

πολυ-στροφία, ή, a turning oneself to and fro. From πολύ-στροφος, ον, (πολύε, στρέφω) much-twisted: pliant, versatile.

πολύ-σύλλάβος, ον, (πολύς, συλλαβή) ο παπη

syllables.

πολυ-σφόνδδλος, σε, many-jointed.

πολύ-σχιστος, ον, (πολύε, σχίζω) split into many

parts, branching.

πολύ-σχοινος, ον, (τολύε, σχοίνοι) many-corded. πολύ-σωρος, ον, (πολύε, σωρόε) yielding large beaps

πολύ-τάλαντος, ον, (πολές, τάλαντον) weighing or

worth many talents.

πολυ-ταρβής, έε, (πολύε, τάρβοε) much-frightened. πολύ-τεκνος, ον, (τολύε, τέκνον) bearing many ebildren.

πολύτέλαια, ή, (πολυτελή») great expense, costli-

ness, expensiveness,

Taku-teking, és, (mokés, tékos) very expensive, costly:—of persons, sumptuous, extravagant:—Comp. and Sup. πολυτελέστερος, -έστατος.

wohntehes, Adv. of wohntehhs, expensively: - Sup.

wodvredecrara, in the costlict manner.

πολύ-τερπής, έε, (τολύε, τέρτω) much-delighting. πολύ-τέχνης, ου, ό, οι πολύ-τεχνος, ου, (πολύς, τέχνη) one skilled in many arts.

πολύ-τίμητος, ον, also ψ, ον, (πολύς, τιμάω) bigbly bonoured or revered. II. of bigb value, costly. πολύ-τίμος, ον. (πολύε, τιμή) much revered.

of bigb value, costl

πολύ-τυτος, οτ. (πολυε, τίω) beld in bigh bonour: also worthy of high bonour. [I metri grat.]

πολύ-τλας, artos, δ, ( πολύε, τληναι ) much-enduring. πολυ-τλήμων, ονοε, δ, ή, (πολύε, τλήμων) πυεδenduring, very patient.

πολύ-τλητος, ον, (πολύς, τλήναι) baving bad much to endure, hence unfortunate.

πολύ-τμητος, ον, (πολι., τέμου) επικέ-και, επικέlacerated.

πολυ-τρήρων, ενοε, δ, ή, (πολύε, τρήρων) abounding in dover.

πολύ-τρητος, αν, (πολύε, τρητόε) much-piereed, performed, full of boles, porous

many tripods. πολυτροπία Ion. - ίη, ή, variety of resources,

versatility, craft. From

TONU-TOOTOS, OF, (TONUS, TPERM) much-turned, i.e. much-travelled, wandering., II. terning many ways, versatile, ingenious: changeful. 2. manifold. Hence

WOLVEDOWER, Adv. in divers manners.

πολυ-τρόχαλος, ον, (πολύς, τρέχω) running about much, bustling,

πολύ-ύμνητος, ον. (πολύς, δμοίω) much-famed in song, much-renouned.

πολύ-υμνος, or, (πολύε, θμνος) much sung of, famous: bonoured with many hymns.

πολύ-φάρμακος, εν, (πολύς, φάρμακον) λπουείπς many drugs ot charms.

πολύ-φάτος, ον, (πολίε, φημί) much spoken of, wery famous: also in a bigb strain.

πολύ-φημος Dor. -φαμος, εν. (πολύε, φήμη) soith many tales or legends: also with loud cries. wordy, full of the din of voices: i rodioppics, as Subst., - dyopá, the many-voiced, the assembly; is πολύφημον εκφέρειν to bring before the assembly.

πολυ-φθόρος, ον, (πολύε, φθείρω) destroying many. baneful, per nicious. II. pass., wolderdopes, er,

utterly destroyed or ruined.

πολύ-φίλος, ου, (πολύς, φιλέω) baving many friends, much-beloved.

πολύ-φιλτρος, ον, (πολύε, φίλτρον) suffering from many love-charms: deeply enamoured, love-sick. πολύ-φλοισβος, αν, (πολύε, φλοίσβοε) loud-roaring,

epith, of the sea. TOAU povos, or, (TOAIs, tokre) killing many, sour-

πολύ-φορβος, ον, also, η, ον, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) feeding many, bountiful.

πολυφορία, ή, productiveneus. From

πολύ-φόρος, στ, (πολύς, φέρω) bearing much; πολεφόροε civos wine which will bear much water: φύρου δαίμων a fortune that wants tempering.

πολυ-φράδης, ές, (πολύς, φράζω) καν είσημεκε, και, sagacious.

πολύ-φροντιε, ιδοε, ό, ή, (πολύε, φροντίε) fiell of ears. TOAU-Aportiotos, or, (TOAUS, Aporti(w) much thinking, thoughtful.

πολυφροσύνη, ή, fullness of understanding, great wiedom or understanding. From

πολύ-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, (πολύε, φρήν) πευοδ-εδουχές ful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive,

πολύ-χαλκος, ον, (πολύς, χαλκός) abounding in copper ot brass: bence rich in copper pessels a II. wrought of solid bran, all-brases. money. πολυ-χανδής, έε, (πολύε, χανδάνα) wide-yawaing. πολύ-χαρμος, ον, (πολύς, χάρμη) very marlike.

Tohu-xap, -xeipos, o, f, (Tohus, xelp) many bended, with many bands: also with many bands or mer.

Hence

πολύ-χαρία, ή, a multitude of bands or work- | πομπικός, ή, όν, (πομπά) of or for a science pro-Men.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύε, χορδή) many-stringed:

hence many-toned,

πολυχρημάτια, ή, possession of great wealth. From πολυ-χρήματος, ον, (πολύς, χρημα) very wealthy. πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύε, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the olden time, ancient,

πολύ-χρύσος, or, (πολύε, χρυσύε) rich in gold,

adorned with gold.

πολύ-χωστος, ον, (πολύς, χώννυμι) bigo-beaped. πολυ-ψάμάθος, ον, (πολύε, ψάμαθοε), and

πολύ-ψαμμος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμμος) very sandy. woλυψηφία, ή, number or diversity of votes. And πολυ-ψήφία, ίδος, δ, ή, with many pebbles, pebbly,

of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφες, ον, (πολύε, ψήφοε) with many or various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ογ. (πολύε, ψοφίω) loud-sounding πολύ-ώδύνος, ον, (πολύε, όδύνη) very painful. pass. suffering great pain.

πολύ-ώντιος, ον, (πολύε, όνυμα Acol. for ύνομα) of many names, worshipped under many names of great name, famous, renouned.

wohverns, is, and wehvernos, ir, (πολύε, ώπη) with many boles or cells, close-meshed.

πολύ-ωρώ, (πολύς, ώρα) to pay much regard or attention to, to esteem bigbly.

πολύ-ωφελής, έε, (πολύε, όφελοε) very, bigbly useful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυωφελέστατος. Adv. - Aws, in a very serviceable manner.

πολύ-ώψ, ώπος, ό, ή, - πολυωπός.

πόμα, ατοι, τό, (πίνω, πέπομαι) a drink, draughi. πομπαίος, a, ov, also os, ov, (πομπή) conducting, attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes, conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world. στομπάν, πομπάς, Dor. for σομπήν, πομπής.

πομπεία, ή, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession: any solemn or religious procession. II. jeering, ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus and Ceres.

πομπείου, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in II. at Athens, the place solemn processions. sobere they were kept.

workweig, less Ion. Hoe, δ, (πομπύε) one subo attends 2. one who goes in or escorts, a guide, conductor. procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύεσκον: f. σω: (πομmf):—to attend, escort, gwide, conduct. lead a procession; to swagger or strut; to abuse with ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see

TOMTEla). πομπή, ή, (πεμπω) a sending, despatching, escort-2. a sending ing: guidance, conduct, escort. away, a sending bome to one's country. II. a solemn procession, Lat. pompa. III. an in:er-

vention, suggestion, guidance.

πομπήσε, fas, nom. and acc. pl. of πομπεύε.

cession: showy, stately.

πόμπίμος, ον, also η, ον, (πομεή) conducting, escorting, guiding: bomeward. II. pass, sent. brought.

moμπόε, δ, (x-μπω) one who attends or escorts, an escort, guide: plaz. rourol attendants, guards. a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading; who wounder the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στόλοε) to conduct a fleet

πομφολύγο-παφλασμα, τό, (πομφύλυξ, παφλάζω) the noise made by bubbles rising.

πομφολύζω, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to oubble or boil up: to gush forth.

πομφόλυξ, ύγος, ή, (πομφός) a bubble.

ΠΟΜΦΟ'Σ, οῦ, δ, a bubble, blister.

wovefuevos, Acol. for wovofperos, part. bass. or med. of #ovéw.

πονέω, (πόνοε) used by Hom. mostly as Dep. woνέομαι, with fut. med. –ήσομαι; 201. I med. έπονησάμην and pass. ἐπονήθην; pf. pass. πεπόνημαι; absol. to toil, work bard; workestal ward bomby to toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exbausted. metaph, to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of mine II. c. acc. to work at, work bard at, to perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. woven is more freq., r. -wovήσω: aot. I ἐπύνησα: pf. πεπόνηκα:--Pass., aot. I έπονήθην: pass. πεπόνημαι I. c. acc. pers. to cause toil or pain to another. 2. C. acc. rei, to gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be won by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain or bardsbip: c. acc. cognato, πονείν πόνον, μόχθους to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατος, τό, that which is wrought out, work.

πονήρευμα, ατος, τό, a nnavish tries. From πονηρεύομαι, Dep. (πονηρόε) to be evil or wicked,

to deal wickedly. πονηρία, ή, (πονηρόε) badness, ill condition, wickednese, knavery, Lat. pravitas : also cowardice

movapos, a, or, (nortes) causing pair or bardship: hence, I. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state or sondition; πονηρά πράγματα a bad state of 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villainous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρώς, Adv. ill, miserably; πονηρώς έχειν to be ill off, be in a sorry plight.

πονήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. οι σον εω.

móvos, ô, (mévo, méropai) task-work, bard work, toil, drudgery, Lat. labor; uáxne zúros the toil of battle: hence πόνοε, = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug II. pain of body or mind, of war. a. a task. suffering, grief: in plus. pains, distress. fruit or result of labour, a work.

wortids, abos, post. fem. of mortios.

wertifu, f. low, (vorce) to plunge or sink in the | wopevortuos, or, also q, or, (vopelu) that may be sea, Lat. mergo :- Pass. to be drowned.

movembe, ή, όν, (πόντοε) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the morroe Elifeiros or Black Sea: cf. morros. from Pontus, Pontie; Horriede déropeou the tree from Pontus, the bazel.

where a, or, also or, or, (storror) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

mornous, eros, to, (nortise) that which is east into the sea.

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πόντου) from or out of the sea. movre thoug, ou, o, (novros, enpose) one subo fishes in the sea.

ποντο-μέδων, οντοε, δ, (πόντοε, μέδω) ford of the sea. movrovbe, Adv. (movros) into the sea.

Ποντοπόροια, ή, (ποντοπόροι) a Nereid, the Seapasser.

movromopelus and -moplus, to pass over the sea.

TOTO-Thoos, or, (Totoe, Topos) passing over the wa, wafaring.

Ποντο-ποσειδών, ώνοι, δ, (πίντοι, Ποσειδών) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

HONTOE, où, ô, the sea, esp. the open sea, the II. Dorros the Black Sea; in full, bigb sea. Dirtos Esteros. 2. the country Postus at the east end of the Black Sea.

TOVTO-Tivaktos, or, (zórtos, turácou) sea-shaken. wovroouv, Ep. gen, of morroe.

ποπάνευμα, ατοι, τό, - πόπάνον.

πόπανον, τό, (πέπτω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

wowaf, an exclamation of surprise, akin to woros. monds, dans, \$, - sosuror.

wowol, the cry of the hoopes.

wowel, exclam, of sufprise; anger, or pain, ob! fie! sbame | akin to ward !-also & worof.

wowowó, cry of the boopee.

ποππύζω Dor. ποππύσθω: fut. ποππύσω: acr. I ἐπύπυσα: Pass., aor. ἐποππύσθην:--to subistle with the lips compressed: to ery bush! also to make a bissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence ποππύλιάζω Dor. -άσδω, = ποππύζω.

παππύσθω, Dor. for ποππύζω.

TOTEVOUS, aree, to, and Totevouse, ou, o, (TOTwυ(ω) a subistling, esp. in applause.

πορδάλιε, ό, ή, older form of πάρδαλιε.

πορδή, ή, (πέρδω) crepitus ventris.

πόρε, Ep. for έπορε; see \*πόρω.

πορεία, ή, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. incessus. II. a going, a journey, passage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

wopendels, wopendiven, nor. I part. and inf. of woρεύομαί.

πόρευμα, ατος, τδ, (πορεύομαι) α passage, way; πόρευμα βροτών a place where men resort. 2. a means f going, carriage, conveyance.

erossed or traversed, passable.

moneyties, a, or, verb. Adj. of moneyopas, to be traversed or travelled over. II. neut. mopeuréon. one must go.

Topeuros, h, ór, also ós, ór, (Topesopai) travelling, journeying.

moρεύω, f. -εύσω: (πόροε):--to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. Pass, and Med. represents, fut. med. -everpus, sec. 1 pass, ἐπορεύθην: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημα: :--collat. form of tripbu, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to besiege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:-Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματοε, τό, (πορθέω) ravage, plunder. mophyous, eas, h, (mophies) the sack of a town. πορθητής, οθ, δ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer. πορθήτωρ, opes, δ, poët. for πορθητής, a rawager. πορθμείον Ion. - hov, τό, (πορθμείω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passageboat, ferry-boat. III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. naulum.

πόρθμανμα, ατοε, τό, (πορθμαίω) α crossing coar, passage.

πορθμεύς, έωε Ιοα. ήσε, δ, (πορθμεύω) a farryman, boatman, Lat. portitor: a seaman.

πορθμεύω,  $f_*$  σω, (πορθμόε) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc.: to carry over, carry, convey:--Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from II. intr. in Act., like Lat. orsplace to place. jicere, to pass over, cross over.

11.

IL.

πορθμήκον, τό, Ισα. for πορθμείον.

πορθμίε, ίδοε, ή, (πορθμόε) a ferry; a strait. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

πορθμός, δ, (πείρω) a ferry: a strait, frith. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: aor. I ἐπόρισα: Med., f. ποριούμαι: Pass., f. πορισθήσομαι: 20τ. 1 ἐ**πορίσθυ**ν: pl. πεπόρισμαι: (πόροε):...to bring, conduct, fetch, II. to furnish, provide, supply: so bring about, contrive, devise: -Med. to furnish for eneself, provide, procure, get :-Paus nopi(erat, impera it is

in one's power to do ... πόριμος, ον, (πόρου) able to provide σε supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, impentive: c. acc., πόριμου άπορα fertile of resource in difficul-III. of things, practicable.

πόριε, ισε, ή, poët. form of πύρτιε.

πορισμός, δ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a mean of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πορίζω) a provider, perseyer: at Athens, the woptoral were a financial board & raise ways and means. 3. purveyors, conveyences, as pirates called themselves. Hence

πορωτικόε, ή, δν., fit for purveying: able to procure.

IOPKHZ, ον, δ, α ring or boop, which ran round
the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened fish, Lat. muren.
it, purple.

it, purple.

roprila, 4, (roprebu) farmication: prostitution.

ropreise, f. sw. (ropros) to prostitute:—Pass., of a woman, to be or become a barlot.

πόρνη, ή, (τερνάω) a barlot.

πορνίδίον. τό, Dim. of πύρνη. [ν]

πορνικός, ή, όν, (πόρνη) of or for barlats.

πορνοβοσκέω, f. ήσω, (πορνοβοσκέ») to keep a brathil. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ή, brotbel-keeping.

πορνο βοσιός, δ. (πύνρη, βόσκω) a brothel-keeper. πόρνος, δ. (πόρνη) a fornicator.

πόρος, δ. (περόω) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, fritb.

2. πόρος άλδε the pails of the sea.

3. a way through or over, thorough fare, passage: a way, track.

II. c. gen. rci, a way or means of achieving; πόρος όδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πόρος χρημάτων a way of raising money.

2. absol. a contrivance, resource.

3. in plur. 'sways and means,' resources, resumme.

mopration, f. low, (reprat) to grasp by the handle, to hold a shield by the handle.

πόρπαμα, ατοε, τό, (πορπάω) a garment fastened

with a buckle or broceb.

πόρπαξ, dxos, δ, (πόρτη) the handle of a shield. πορπάω: f. άσω [d] Ion. ήσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

πόρπη, ή, (πείρω) like περόνη, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πόρπαμα.

στόρρες, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρόσω, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω. Hence

πόρρωθαν, Adv. from afar; and πόρρωθι, Adv. far.

πορρώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.

πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

moporalies, - wopowes, to offer, give: hence to at-

moportov, moportora, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of

zópow or spósu, further, furthest.

Toporive [v]: Ep. fut. ropovirle contr. -vivû: (\*mopov):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., selvov ropovirlovod hixos to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide: —Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust. III. of persons, to read with eare, to cherish, tend: also to exterm.

πόροω, Adv., - πόρρω, πρόσω: see πόρσιον, πόρ-

moprat, acos, i, - mopres, a calf.

Bopt's, toe, \$, a young beifer, calf: any young anizal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juwnca. πορτι-τρόφος, ον, (πορτιε, τρεφω) breeding calves. πορφύρα ion. -ώρη [υ], η, (πορφύρα) the purplefith, Lat. muren. il. the purple dye obtained from it, purple. III. in plur. purple elothes or robes. πορφύρασε, η, ον, Att. contr. πορφυρούς, α, οῦν: (πορφύρα):— Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of

the sea: ropopupin reoting a dark cloud. 2. dyed with muren or purple-fish, purple, red. 2. rosy,

bright, beauteous, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρεύε, έως, δ. (πορφύρα) a fisher for purplefish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφύρευτικός, ή, όν, ο ο οτ for a purple-dyer. πορφύρις, ίδος, ή, (περφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II, a red-coloured bird.

πορφύρίων, exos, δ, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured waterbird.

πορφύρο-πδής, έε, (τορφύρα, είδοε) purpled, dark. πορφύρο-πώλης, ου, ό, tem. -πώλις, ιδοε, (τορφύρα, πωλέω) a dealer in purple, seller of purple. πορφύρό-στρωτος, ου, (πορφύρα, στρώννυμι) εtrcad

with purple cloth.

πορφύροθε, â, οῦν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεσε.

πορφύρω [θ], a redupl form of φύρω, (as μορμίρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; διε ότε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κωφόρ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολιή δλε): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οί πραδίη πόρφυρε much was his heart troubled.

II. to grow purple.

\*ΠΟΥΡΩ, obsol. pres. of the aor. 2 έπορον, and pf.
πέτρωμα: I. aor. 2 έπορον Ερ. πύρον, part.
ποράν:—to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer,
bestow, grant; εθχοε πορεθ to fulfil a wish. II.
pf. pass. πέτρουμα, to be given or assigned as one's
portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. πέτροτται,
and 3 sing. plapf. πέτρουτο, it bas, bad been fated,
and part. πετρωμένος, η, ον, allotted or fated to one:
hence, ή πετρωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny;
so also τὸ πετρωμένον.

\*ΠΟ'Σ, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat. δε, whence τοῦ, τοῖ, πῆ, τῶ, also, πύθεν, πίθε, πόσε, πότε, and the Adj. πότεροε.

wording Ep. woordin [d], Adv. (woos) bow many times? bow often? Lat. quotien?

more, Adv. (\*#6s) whither? Lat. quo?

Hornidav and Hornidav, aros, d, Dor. for Hornidav.
Hornidavios and -advice, a, or, Dor. for Hornidavice.

Ποσείδειον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσείδειος, α, οτ, = Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδεών, ôνοs, Poseideon, ô, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Horeibav, aros, b: acc. Horeiba: voc. Horeibor: Homeric form Horeibav [d], arros, acc. arras, voc. Horeibav: Dor. Horeibav or Hortbav, aros: Ion. Horeibav, aros:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptunus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sca.

Hogradures, a, or, secred to Neptune: rd Hoses- | wordopen, post. for weromen, to fly: ...t. med nodania (sub. lepá), the festival of Neptune. UO'ZOH, 1, membrum virile.

mbatur, wee, i, (vooty) a little boy.

mooil dat. pl. of move : but moon, vocat. of moons.

Hootshov, re, Ion. for Hoosedewer. Howthipes, n. or, lon. for Howelbeiot. eacred to Possidon or Neptune.

ΠΟΣΓΖ, δ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσα Ερ. πόσα, νοс. woote or soot: pl., nom. wootes, Ep. acc. wootes:busband, spouse, mate: when opp. to drip, roots was a lawful busband, drhe a paramour.

whom's, soe Att. ese, \$, (wire) a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout; ward the woow, Lat.

inter pocula, over their cups.

moros Ion, nores, w, or, interrog. Adj. of relat. όσος and demonstr. τόσος:-boss great? boss much? of what value? Let. quantus? Il. woods, \$, &, indel. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. aliquantus: it words to a certain degree.

ποσσ-Αμαρ, Adv. (πόσοι, Εμαρ) in bose many days? within bou many days?

-wood or -lv, Ep. for wool, dat. pl. of work. TOTT -KPOTOS, OF, (TONS, KPOT Les) beaten by the foot

in dancing. morre, ese, é, poet. sor mores, a busband.

TOUTULOS, a, or, (TOSTOS) in boss many days? on which day?

πόστος, η, ev, (πόσοι) which of a number? Lat. quotus? mostor de lette lette ote . .; bou many years II. bow small? Let. quantulus is it since . .? wor, shortd. Dor, for worl, woos, only before the Article, as mor rei, mor row, mor ro, etc.

mora, Acol. for more.

πόταγε, Dor. for πρόσαγε, imperat. of προσάγει. wor-actropas, Dor. fut. of sposacion.

mor-alvies, a, or, also or, er, (mort - mpos, alvos) like wposparos, newly sold of, freeh, new, Lat. recens: inetaph. unwonted, unbeard-of.

ποτάμειος, α, ον, = ποταμίος. [ἄ]

flying, furnished with wings.

morduelware, Dor. and post. for spoon perhare, 2 sing. 20r. I med. of προσαμείβω.

mordulationed. Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of προσαμέλγω.

ποτάμηδόν, Adv. (ποταμός) like a river.

wordinges, n. or. Ion, and poet. for rorapeios. ποτάμηίε, ίδοε, poet. fem. of ποτάμειοε.

ποτάμ-ήρύτος, ογ. (ποτεμύς, ζρύτω) draws from a uream or in streams.

morauce, a, or, also oe, or, (rorauds) of or from a river, on a river.

ποταμόνδε, Adv. into, to, towards a river. From ποτάμός, οθ, δ, (ΠΟ-, Root of sire) a river, stream. II. personified, Horands, b, a river-god. ποτάμο-φάρητος, ον, (ποταμός, φορέω) carried away by a river. wordvos, a, be, (vordopai) Dor. for vorneds, winged,

ποτι-βλίπω, Doc. for προσβλίπω.

τήσομαι: act. I paus. ἐποτήθην Dor. Ξάθην: pf. rerozquae Dor. -auae (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. weworhdra: 3 sing. plaps. wewdryro:-to be upon the wing, bover, flit about. mordede, f. br. - rodards. Adv. - rus.

ποτ-auλiu, Dor. for προσαυλίω. wor-agos, a, or, Dor. for spoongos.

more Ion. nore, (a soe) interrog. Particle, mben? a wbat time? IL word, enclit. Particle, at some time, at any time, once, eret. In answering clauses, ποτε μέν..., ποτεδέ..., at one time..., at another..: sometimes . . sometimes ; Lat. modo . . modo . . : - in questions it strengthens the interrogation, of wore; Ep. tlate; bow ever t bow possibly t

Ποταδάν, âros, Dor. for Ποσειδών.

woτεμάξατο, Dor. f-z σροσεμάζατο, 3 sing acc. I med of προσμάσσα.

mortegial, Ep. for mordo par, to fly.

TOTEOS, a, or, verb. Adj. of sive, to be drunk, drink-II. worker, neut. one must drink.

ποτ-ερίζω, Dor. for προσερίζω. morepos, a, or ion. norepos, 7, or, (\*100, Erepos) whether or which of the two 1 Lat uter ? a. the neut. vorepor or vorepa is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog, sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον . . . . . like Lat. utrum..., an..? whether..., or..? II, without interrog., like drovepos, either of the two, Lat. alteruter. ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι.

ποτίρωθι, Adv. (πότεροι) on whether of the two sides . . 1 on which of two sides ? at which of two places ?

mortipus, Adv. of abrepos, in which of two mays? Lat. uiro modo i

mortipuore, Adv. (núrceos) to mbether of two sides? to which of two places?

ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω. ποτή, ή, (ποτάομαι) flight.

wor-filler, Dor. for woodered, inf. of spooses. πότημα, ατοι, τό, (ποτάσμαι) flight.

ποτήμενα, Dor. for ποτώμενα, part. of ποτάσμας.

ποτηνόε, ή, όν, τ. ποτάνόε. ποτήρ, ήροι, δ. (ΠΟ- Root of rive) a drieling

cup, wine-cup. ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of sire) a drinking-cut.

wino-cup,

ποτής, ήτος, ή, (ΠΟ- Root of zire) drink. morns, ou, o, fem. mores, ides, (IIO- Root of size a drinker, tippler: with another Subst., wurne higher a tippling lamp:—Comic Sup. fem., sorestáry e bard drinker.

ποτατός, ή, έν, (ποτάομαι) flying, winged; ποτητέ, τά, fowls, birds.

ποτί, Dor. for πρόε.

ποτ-ϊάπτω, ποτϊ-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προ βάλλω.

ποτιδέγμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 οί προσδέχομαι.

ποτ-τδείν, Dor, for προσιδείν.

ποτί-δέρκομαι, -δεύομαι -δόρπιος, Dor. for προσδ-. ποτί-αλόω, Dor. for προσειλέω.

world, f. low Att. in, (sores) to give to drink: to water.

ποτίθει, Dor. for πρόσθες, 201. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι. ποτικίκλιται, Dor. for προσπέπλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσπλένω.

ποτιλίξατο, Dor. for προσελέξατο, 3 sing. acr. 1 and, of προσλέγω.

wormen, or, (IIO-Root of viru) of water, fit to drink, fresk: opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

ποτι-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-.

ποτίπεπτημία, Ep. pf. part. fem. 1. of προσπτήσσω. 2. of προσπίπτω.

TOTI-TIOTO, DOT. for TOTATION

ποτίσδω, Dor. for ποτίζω. ποτι-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.

ποτίστατος, Comic Sup. of πότης. ποτίτερπω, Dor. for προστέρεω,

ποτι-τρόπαιος, ον. Dor. for προστρύπαιος.

ποτι-φωνήσιε, εσσα, εν. Dor. for προσφανήσιε.
πότιμος, δ. (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lo'.

destiny: one's evil destiny; death.

πότνα, ή, Ep. for πύτνια.

πότνια, ή, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρών queen of wild beasts:—as Adj. revered, august, august:—only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πότνιαν, except that nom. pl. πότνιαι is used of Ceres and Proscipine.

ποτνάδες, al, (πύτνα) the abouting, screaming ones, epith. of the Bacchanals.

2. also as pl. to πύτνια,

auful, used of the Erinyes.

ποτνιάομαι, Dep. to eall out πύτνια, πύτνια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, shriek.

ποτ-688ω, Lacon. for προσόζω.

ποτόν, τό. (ΠΟ-Root of slow) that which one drinks, α drink, draught; στα καλ ποτά meat and drink. 2. α spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water. ποτ-οπτάζω, Dor. for προσ-οπτάζω.

ποτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. from Root ΠΟ- (ν. πίνω)

for drinking, drunk.

πότος, δ, (ΠΟ- Root of είνω) a drinking, a drinking-bout, carousal.

ποτ-6σδω, Dor. for προσίζω.

ποστό, ποττόν, ποττῶ, ποττώς, ποττάν, etc., Dor. ←ως πρὸε τό, πρὸε τόν, πρὸε τοῦ, πρὸε τούε, πρὸε τήν, etc. ποπ-φέκει, Dor. for προσ-εφέκει.

ποθ; Ion. κοθ; intercog. Adv.: (\*πίο) where? Lat.
ποθ; Co. gen., ποῦ γῆο; ποῦ χθονόο; where, in what
part of the world? Lat. whinam terrarum? 2. how?
II. ποῦ as enclit., anywhere,

omewbere.
πουλυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.

πουλύ-πους, πουλύπος, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύπος.

πουλύε, neut. πουλύ, Ep. for πολύε, πολύ. πουλυ-βότειρα, φ, Ion. for πολυβότειρα, πουλυ-πάθης, έε, Ion. for πολυπαθήε. πουλυ-πλάνητος, ον, Ion. for πολυπλάνητο

πουλυ-πλάνητος, οτ. Ion. for πολυπλάνητος. HOYZ, &, gen. wodós: dat. pl. wool Ep. wood, τύδεσσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδοûν:-Lat. PES, a foot: in plur. also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polypus:--ξύλινος πούε a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, wit . . 1,82 wo-Secous in boxing and in the foot-race; wools epicer to race on foot: but, ès πόδας èκ κεφαλής from head 2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν πόδου or to foot. ποδών, προπάροιθε ποδών just before one's feet, i.e. before one:-so also, èr mori, mapà modie, mpò modie, mapà modi, close before or beside one; mapà modós straightway, at once: hence, the work and the mod wodow what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp. euroden, erroden. 3. in various phrases: lai abba backwards, with one's face forwards; lai πόδα draxapeur to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure: - kard woods with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ή κατά πόδας ήμέρα the very nent, following day: - we wood text as he is off for feet, i. e. as quick as he can :- Efe Tirde wood Exer to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it :-- if ένδε ποδόε, i. e. alone, singly; έξ ήσύχου ποδύς quietly. II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. ship, wides are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; rapilital tou robos to slack the sbeet; so χαλάν πόδα, opp. to τείνειν πόδα to haul it III. a foot, as a measure of length. tight. a foot in Prosody.

πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα, ατοι, τό: (πράσσω):-that which has been done, a deed :- generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: wpfiqua έστί μοι, c. inf. it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., obder wpayma it is no matter, of no conse-2. an object of consequence or consideralion: of a person, ην μέγιστον πρηγμα Δημοκήδη» raph Bariles Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king. 3. of a battle, an ac-4. of something disgraceful, the thing. tion, affair. the business, job. II. in plur. Tpaypara affairs. 2. state-affairs, public business, the circumstances. power of a state; The spaymata the Exchron the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political tower; of έν τοίε πράγμασι men in office, ministers. private affairs; άγαθά πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; upáyματα έχειν to bave trouble about a thing: πράγματα rapeyer tire to cause one trouble.

πραγμάτεία, ή, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing.

II. an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a law-suit: in plur. troubles.

πραγμάτε όφια Lon. πρηγμ -: Dep. with fut. med.
-εύσομα, 20 c. 1 med. ἐτραγματευσάμη», pass. ἐτρηγματεύθη»: pf. pass. πετραγμάτευμα: (πράγμα):—
to be busy, take trouble: c. 20 c. rei, to make a thing
one's business, take in band, treat of, labour to bring
it about; esp. to earry on a business. Lat, πεχοιίαν:
to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγματεδεσθαι την πίπτα to
spend the night in business.

Π. pf. πεπραγμάτον
ματ also in pass. sense, to be laboured at, worked our
πραγμάτιον, τό, Dim. of πράγμα, a petty lawsuit.
πραγμάτον, τό, Dim. of πράγμα, a petty lawsuit.
πραγμάτον, τό, Dim. of πράγμα, a petty lawsuit.
πραγμάτο δίφης, ου, δ (πράγματα, διφάω) one who

bunts up lausuits, a petifogger.
πράγου, του, τό, poët. for πράγμα: also – πρόγματα,

state-affaire.

wpales, Adv. of spats, mildly, gently.

πράθεαν, Ep. for πράθειν, aor. 2 inf. of πέρθαπράθειε, aor. I pass. part. of πιπράσκα.

πραθήναι, 201. I pass. inf. of πιπράσκοι. πραιτώριου, τό, the Lat. praescrium, the tent of ball of the praescr: a judgment-ball: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πραιτέου, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πράσω, to be done. II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do.

πρακτήρ Ion. πρηκτήρ, ήροι, δ, (πράσσω) one that does, a does: a trades, merchant. Hence πρακτήριος, ου, executing, accomplishing.

mpanerube, 4, be, (update) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective energetic.

πρακτός, ή, όσ, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, don., to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ποιητά.

mpdictup, apos, 8, post, for spentify, one who aces or executes, a worker. It, one who exacts payment, a tan-gather st. 2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj., av dopt and yept spantops with avenging hand.

Πράμνετος or Πράμντος olvos, δ, Pramnian wine, 10 called from Mount Pramné in the island of Icaria. πράν, Dorio Adv., — πρίν, before: formerly, one time, lately; πράν ποκα a short time ago. [a]

mpavis, is, Dor. and Att. for appropria.

πράξιε, ewe Ion. πρήξιε, εσε, η, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατά πρήξιν on business, for purposes of traffic.

2. the progress or result of a business; of τιε πρήξιε πέλεται γόσιο no good comes of weeping; πρήξιε χρησμών the issue of the oracles.

II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθοε, suffering.

III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition.

IV. the exaction of money or of punishment: revenge.

mphoves, Adv. of space, formed from obsol. space, temperately.

ΠΡΑΌΣ, neut. πρῶσν: the fem. in use is πραέλα, from πραύε (Ion. πρηέs), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both space and spaces in nom., spaces and spaces in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is space, rarely space.—mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft.

2. sootbing, taming.—Comp. spacespace on spacespos Ion. spacespos. Hence

mpdoτης, ητος, ή, mildness, meekness, gentleness. ΠΡΑΠΓΣ, thee, ή, mostly used in pl. sparthes, al. - φρένες, the midriff, diaphragm: — then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding. 2. like φρένες, the understanding mind: 2 the heart. [7]

mpdoul, f, (mpdow) a bed in a garden, garden-plot:

πράστιος, ον, (πράσιε) for sale, to be sold, Lat. venalis.

mpdore, εωε lon. πρήσιε, εοε, ή, (ετπράσκω) α selfing, sale.

ΠΡΑΊΟΝ, τό, α lesk, Lat. porrum. [Δ] πράσο-κουρον, τό, (πράσον, κε'ρω) α lesk-slice. Πρασσοφάγοι, δ, Ερ. for Πράσο-φάγοι, (πράσον, φάγειν) Lesk-eater, name of a frog.

Πρασσαίος, δ, poët. for πρασαίος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πράσσομες, Dot. for πράσσομεν.

ΠΡΑ ΣΣΩ Ιου. πρήσου Att. πράττω: fut. πράξω Ion. spifa: sor. I espata Ion. espita: pf. sespaya Ion. πέπρηχα, and in intr. sense pf. 2 πέπράγα:-Pass., fut. πραχθήσομαι, paullo-post f. πεπράξομας: aor. I έπράχθην: pf. πέπραγμαι:--properly, to pass through, like weeden; αλα πρήσσειν to pass through the sea; blow uphoseer to pass through, finish a journey:-hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work; woaver extens to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing. to practise a business, trade, way of life; weatter to tota to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to spar-TELY TA ROLPA, TA THE WOLCOW to manage state-affairs: also absol., howds sport eur competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; wearτειν Οηβαίοιε τὰ πράγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans. III. to do, practise, Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the door or agent. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: esp. ed or manue rearrest to do or fare well or ill: esp. in pf. 2 séspäya. 2. Ed and makin spatters mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill to-V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, prérrent rot VI. c. dupl. acc. in n to de something to one. another sense, weatrew rive degreeor to exact money from one: metaph., pover sparred to exact permissment for a murder: and so to avenge:-Pass. serear pieros ror popor baving the tribute executed:-Med., wpafasbas to exact or entort for oneself. VIL c. acc. pers., sparreur rura to make an end of him Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. wewpayuiros mudone utterly ruined, Lat. confectus. mpásou, fut. of mispásou. [d]

πράτηρ Ion. πρητήρ, ήρου, δ, (πέ-πράμαι) a seller, dealer.

πράτηριον Ion. πρητήριον, τό, (πέ-πράμει) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πράτιστος, Dor. for πρώτιστος. [δ]

πράτος, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πιπράσεω, to be sold. πράτος, α. ον, Dor. for πρώτος.

πράττω, Att. for πράσσω.

πρωύ-γελως Ion. πρηθη-, αιτος, δ, ή, (τραδε, γέλως) <oftly-imiling.

πράθ-μητιε, ιοε, δ, ή, (πραίε, μήτιε) of gentle counsel.

πράθνους, εως, ή, a softening, appearings From πραθνω lon. πρηθνω [v]: fut. πρασνώ: 201. I επράθνα: Pass., 201. Ι επραθνθην: pf. πεπράθσμαι: ( mpais):-to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame: -Pass. to become gentle, calm down: of passion, to abate. πρ Ευ-πάθεια, ή, (πραθε, πάθος) gentleness.

στραθε, πραεία, πρατ, Ion. πρηθε, - πράου. Hence πραθτης, ητος, ή, mildness, gentleness.

mpaws, Adv. of upaos, mildly, gently. πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch,

utterly. From TIPE MNON, to, the lowest part of the trunk of a

tree, the stump, Lat. cauden: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv. part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, beseemingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ή, όν, (πρέτω) distinguished, eminent. ΠΡΕΠΩ: fut. πρέψω: 201. I έπρεψα: no pf. is found;-to be clearly seen or beard, be conspicuous: to be distinguished in or by a thing; generally, to be plain or manifest. II. to be like, resemble. 20 become, beseem, suit; c. dat. pers., bratà Oratoloi poé set mortal things beseem mortal men. pers. wperen, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it beseems, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, as, τίσασθαι ούτα, ών έκείνους [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge ourselves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them: rarely c. gen. pers., πρέπον ήν δαίμονος τοῦ μοῦ τύδς this were well worthy of my evil genius. neut. To spisor, Tou spisortos, that which is seemly, filmess, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, εs, (πρίτω, cibos) fitting, becoming, suit-

able, proper.

πρέσβά, η, ή, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβν, the august, bonoured.

πρεσβεία, ή, (πρεσβεύω) age, seniority; κατά πρεσ-Beiar by the right of the elder. II. rank, dig-III. as ambassadors were usually old men, uit.

eszibassy, embassage, the body of ambassadors. πρεσβείον, Ion. and Ep. -ήιον, τό, (πρεσβεύω) α of bonour, such as was offered to an elder; mostly

n pl. privileges, prerogatives. πρεσβείος, a, or Ion. - ήκος, η, ον, (πρέσβυς) vene-

able.

πρέσβειρα, ή, = πρέσβα, fem. of πρέσβνε, the august, venerated.

πρέσβευμα, ατος, τό, (τρεσβείω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

πρέσβευσιε, ή, (πρεσβιύω) a serving on an embassy,

embassage. πρεσβέντης, οδ, ό, (πρεσβεύω) an ambassador. πρεσβεύω, f. εύσω: pf. πεπρέσβευκα: (πρέσβυα): wintr. to be older or eldest. 2. to take place of others, properly, by right of seniority, to sake precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: ab-II. trans. to place as oldest, first, sol, to be best. to put first in rank: hence to pay bonour or worship to:-Pass. to be first or foremost, bold the first place. also to bave the advantage, have the best of it, I.al. antiquior esse. III. to be an ambassador, treat or negotiate as one: - Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador :- Pass., pf. part. Tà #6-

πρισβευμένα the acts of an ambassador. πρέσβη, ή, Ιοπ. for πρέσβα.

πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβείον. πρεσβήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρεσβείοε.

πρεσβηίε, ίδοε, ή. - πρέσβα; πρεσβηίε τιμή tbs bigbest or most valued honour.

πρέσβιε, ή, poët, for πρισβεία, age.

πρέσβιστος, η, ον, poet. Sup. of *πρέσβυ*ς. πρέσβος, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβυγένεια, ή, seniority of birth. From πρεσβύ-γενής, έε, (πρέσβυε, γινέσθαι) eldest-born.

MPE'XBYX, vos and ews, o, an old man, poët. for πρεσβύτης:—hence, as from an Adj., come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, II. an elder: then, since the elders were preferred to power and dignity, splaBeis, ol, dat. πρέσβεσιν, elders, chiefs, princes. 1. an ambassador.

πρεσβύτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, reverend, bonoured.

πρεσβύτέριον, τύ, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι). From

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πρέσβυε, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, bigber, more important; τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιεῖσθαι η τα των ανδρών to reckon their duty to the gods superior to then duty to men. II. as Subst., πρεσβύτερος, δ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβύτης [v], ου, ό, (vρίσβυε) an old man, Lat. senex: fem. πρεσβύτιε, ιδοε, an old woman. Hence πρεσβυτικός, ή, όν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβύτο-δόκος, ον, (πρεσβύτης, δέχομαι) receiving the aged.

πρευμένεια, ή, kindliness, graciousness. From πρευ-μενής, έε, (πρη έε, μένοε) gentle of mood, kindly, gracious. II. propitiating. πρεών, όνος, ό, – πρών.

πρήγμα, Ion, for πράγμα.

πρηγμάτεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματεύομαι.

πρηγοροών οι πρηγορών, ῶνοε, δ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) the | πρίν ποτε once on a time; πολύ πρίν long ago. erop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.

πρηθήναι, Ion. for πράθηναι, sor. I pass. inf. of

πιτράσκω.

ΠΡΗΘΩ f. ήσω: aor. I έτρησα: no perf. in use: (see slurpnum): -to blow up, swell out by blowing; Express of dremos mesor lection the wind swelled out the middle of the sail, 2. to blow out, jorce or drive out by blowing.

πρηκτήρ, ήροε, δ, Ion. fot πρακτήρ. πρημαίνω, (γρήθω) to blow, blow bard.

ΠΡΗΝΗ Σ Dor. πρανής, ές, gen. έος contr. οθς, Lat. pronus, bent forward, bead-foremost, opp. to 2. down-bill, downwards, opp. to ύρθιος ¥ ₽7108. (up-hill). Hence

πρηνίζω, f. σω: 20τ. Ι pass. ἐπρηνίχθην:---to torow

beadlong: -Pass. to fall beadlong.

πρήξαι, Ion. for πράξαι, sor. I inf. of πράσσω. mpfigue, cos, f, Ep. and Ion. for mpages.

πρήσεν, Ep. for έπρησεν, 3 sing. acr. I of πρήθω.

wpfore, cos, f, Ion. for spaces, sale.

πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πράσσω. πρηστήρ, ήροε, ό, (πρήθω, πρήσω) a flash of lign:-

ning, a thunderbolt. II. a burricane.

πρήστις, εως, ή, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω to blcw. 2. fut. of #1 #spypu to burn.

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πράτηριον, a market.

πρηύ-νομος, ον, Ion. for πραθνομος, (πρηθε, νόμος) of gentle manners, gentle, meek. [v]

wρηθνω, Ion. for τραθνω: [v] From wonds, ela, t. Ion. for spats. [v]

πρηθ-τένων, οντοι, δ, (πρηθι, τένων) with tamed neck. [b]

πρηών, ώνοι Ep. ονοι, δ, = πρών, a jutting rock, foreland, beadland, promontory.

πριάμενος, 201. 2 part. οί ἀνέομαι.

πριαίμην, 20r. 2 opt. of ἀνέσμαι.

Πριάμικός, ή, όν, also fem. Πριάμις, 100s, of or for Priam.

Πρίσμος, δ, Priam, king of Troy: properly the Chief, Leader (from week or welv).

Πρίωπίζω Ion. Πριηπίζω, f. ισω, to be time Priapus. From

Πρίαπος Ion. Πρίηπος, δ, Priāpus, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

mplacta, sor. 2 inf. of arloyar.

mplatore, imperat. 201. 2 of aviouse.

wplato, Ep. 3 sing. of ετριάμην, sot. 2 of έντεσμαι. πρίζω, f. πρίσω, - πρίω, to saw.

' Πρίηπος, δ, Ion. for Πρίατος. [?]

ΠΡΙ'N Dor. πράν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, before, formerly, erst, Lat. prius : also with the Art., To whis or Townis, formerly. before that, first, sooner; πρίν δέ κεν ούτι δεχοίμην beforetime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,

in Att. it is often inserted between the Art, and its Subst., à pplv Alyeve (sc. à pplv én), ancient Acgens; ή πρίν ήμέρα (sc. ή πρίν ούσα), the day before. woir is often followed by fi, so that woir fi is exactly like the Lat. priusquam, before that ..., followed sometimes by the Infin., sometimes by Subj., etc.: -instead of \$1, \pi\varpsiv is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, \tause κεν άνηρ πρίν τλαίη, πρίν λύσασθ' έτάρου: -- πάροι and spoose are often also put in the anteced. clause instead of the first poir:—but poir is also very often used alone for mply fi, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like *priusquam*.

πρίνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πρίνου.

πρίντνος, η, ων, (πρίνοι) made from the bolm co evergreen oak, Lat, ilignus; metaph, oaken, tough, sturdy: aropes spiriroi bearts of oak.

MPINOS, &, the bolm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. II. the scarlet oak.

mplv-wons, es, (spiros, eidos) like poim-oak, tough as oak.

πριον-ώθης, es, (πρίων, elbos) like a saw, jagged. πρισθείς, είσα, έν, zor. I part. pass. of κρίω. πρίσιε, εωε, ή, (πρίω) a sawing.

πριστήρ, ήροε, δ. (πρίω) α sawyer : α saw : πριστήper douvres the incisors of front teeth.

πρίστις, εως, ή, a kind of whale: but the true name is πρήστιε, cas, ή, the blower (from πρήθω`. πριστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of splw, cut with a sam,

sawn: that may be sawn. πρίω, - πρίδσο, imperat. 201. 2 of ων εσμαι.

πρίωμαι, zor. 2 subj of ἀνέομαι.

ΠΡΙ'Ω, imperat. πρίε: 201. Ι έπρίσα: pt. πέπρίπι Pass., aor. I επρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμαι:--/o sau, sau asunder: to sever, cut in treain. II. to grind or gnash the teeth, Lat, stridere or frendere dentibut; esp. with rage: generally, to bite. III. to sai as with the teeth, grip, hold fast, Lat. stringere. [i]

πρίων, ονος, ό, (πρίω) α εαω. [ῖ]

πρίων, ewos, ό, (πρίω) a sawyer. [ῖ] IIPO', before, Lat. PRO, PRAE, PREP. WITS I. of Place, before, in front of: "po GENIT. οίκου, πρό δόμων, in front of the house, hence em-2. of persons, going before another. in front of, so as to defend; στήναι πρό Τρώπ 🕨 stand in front of, i.e. in defence of the Troises: hence in favour of, for. 3. Tpd obou further w the road, i. e. forwards. II. of Time, before opp. to perá c. acc. (after): often in phrase wed reτου and πρό του, before this, ere this: but πρό 🕯 του.

for 8 mp3 row, the one before the other. Choice, before, sooner or rather than; alpeistai 🙃 wpo rivos to choose one thing before another. of Exchanging, for, in lieu of, instead of; by spe TOXAGO one thing in lieu of many. V. of Care

Lat. pras, for, because of; upd pobose for fear; 7. Tarde therefore.

Position: some words may be put between :

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -01, as, Thible wpo, oupavoor wpo. erpé, absol, as Adv., I. of Place, before: in II. of Time, before, beforeband, front, forth. JOORET.

IN COMPOS., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in woo-bairm, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθημι: also defence, as in προ-κιν-II. of Time, before, beforeband, earlier, III. of Preference, rather, as in spo-arrella. sooner, as in wpo-acpio par. IV. strengthening, 25 in mpi-was, mpi-walat, mpi-wakos.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελώ, to announce beforeband. προ-άγγελος, ον, (πρύ, άγγελος) announcing beforeband: 28 Subst., spoágyelos, d, a berald, bar-

binger.

προάγγελσις, ή, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarming, early intimation.

προ-άγορευω, f. σω: 201. Ι -ηγόρευσα pf. -ηγύρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are wpoepa, wpoclwor, # ροείρηκα:-to tell beforeband: c. inf. to tell beforeband that ... to forewarn. 2, to foretell, pro-II. to tell before others or publicly: to 1 rey. publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice. προ-άγω, f. άξω: 2οr. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήχα; Pass., 201. I προήχθην: pf. πρόηγμαι:—to lead forzward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct onward. 2. δάπρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a 3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade. 4. to promote, advance :- Pass. to advance, increase. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

mpodywysia, t, a leading on. II. a pandering, procuring. From

προάγωγεύω, f. σω, (προαγωγόε) to lead on to pro-

stitution, of a procurer.

προ-άγωγός, δ, (προάγω) a pander, pimp, procurer. προ-άγων, ωνοε, δ, (πρό, άγων) a preliminary contest. mpo-ayavilouas, f. loopas, Dep. to fight before. to fight for or in defence of.

TOC-ABIREW, f. how, to wrong another first: to com-

mis the first wrong.

mpo-dou, to sing before, make a prelude.

mpo-aideouas, Dep. with fut. med. - evopas, sor. I mass. προηδέσθην, pf. pass. προήδημαι, Ion. 3 προ-Béato for -npro:-to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αιρέομαι, V. sub προαιρέω.

TOOGLOSTIS, swe, if, (Tooglosouge) a choosing one abing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; in mpocupé ocos, Lat. en instituto, of set purpose, advisedly; gard wpoalperry, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσια βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσιο πολιτείαο a mode of government, a policy.

mpo-aspertor, verb. Adj. of spoaspioual, one must

cboose of prefer.

προαιρετικός, ή, όν, (προαίρεομαι) disposed " weger.

mposuperbs, h, lv, chosen before, preferred. From προ-αιρέω, f. ήσω: 20r. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρημα:.... to take away before or first. 2. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly. II. Med. spouplomu: f. τήσομαι: 201. 2 προειλόμην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) wpogpy was: -to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another. sol. to eboose deliberately, prefer. 3. to purpose

dertake. προ-αισθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αισθήσομαι, aor. 2 - ησθόμην, pf. pass. προήσθημαι:—to perceive, learn or observe beforeband. 2. to learn before.

or intend a thing: to determine previously; to un-

προ-αιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to accuse beforeband.

wpoarnkoa, pf. of spoaroid.

wpo-axovrile, f. low, to throw a javelia beforeband:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:--to bear beforeband.

προ-αλής, έε, (πρό, άλλομαι) springing forward: overbanging, abrupt.

προ-αλίσκομαι, Pass., with fut, med. (in pass. sense) -αλώσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf. act. -εάλών, -εάλωκα:—to be taken or convicted beforeband.

жро-ацарта́ve, t. -а нартубона: pf. - п нартука:-to fail or sin before.

προ-αμύνομαι, f. -αμθνοθμαι, Med. to ward off or repeal beforeband: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-avaβalvo, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ανάγω, f. fw, to lead up before; προανάγειν ravr to put out into the high sea before:-Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-avaipée, f. ήσω, to remove defore.

προ-άναιστμόω, f. ώσω, to use up, spend before:-Pass., (Ion. part. pf. spoaratot multires for spoargotpeoplevos), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

mpo-avaxīvim, f. hom, to stir up before. προ-ανάλίσκω, fut. -ανάλώσω: 201. Ι -ανάλωσα: -to use up, spend, consume before: -- Pass. to throse away one's life before.

προ-αναρπάζω, f. -άσομαι, to arrest beforeband. προ-αναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησιε, ή, a former departure.

Arpo-avixw, f. fw, to bold up before. 2. intr. 10\_ jut out beyond.

προ-ἄνύτω [v] and -ανύω: f. -ανύσω [v]:--to ac- = complish or complete first.

προ-απάγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforeband. προ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. fw, to remove beforeband:-Pass, to depart or die before.

προ-απαντάω, f. ήσω, to go forth to meet, meet bes foreband, be beforeband with.

προ-άπειμι, to go away first.

mpo-ameimov, sor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. mpoayopeies): pf. mpoaweignes: Med., sor. I woodweiwayne: —to renounce first.

προαπελθείν, sor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: 201. 2 act. - ελθον: Dep. :- to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι. f. -απεχθήσομαι: Pass. :-- to be

bated beforeband.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

TOO-atturvious. Ion. for Tpoapervious.

mpo-amodelkvous, f. -delfw, to prove or shew first. προ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανούμαι, to die Lefore of first: of a coward, to die beforeband.

προ-αποθρηνέω, f. ήσω, to bewail beforeband. προ-αποκληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign away beforebana. TOO-GROKTELVE, f. -KTEVE, to kill beforeband.

προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforeband. mpo-amodelmo, f. Vos, to abandon beforeband.

intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμι, to destroy first:-- Pass., with fut. med. -ολούμαι, pf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish first. προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or dis-

band first.

προ-αποστάληναι, 201. 2 inf. pass. of ἀποστέλλω. προ-αποστέλλω, f. -αποστελώ, to send away or despatch in advance:-Pass. to be sent in advance. mpo-amoci dala, f. fa, to slay or butcher before.

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforeband:-Med, to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing. προ-αποχωρόω, f. ήσω, to go away before.

mpo-apmale, f. afer and acoust, to match up first. προ-άστειον Ion. -- ήκον, τό, (πρό, άστυ) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. pomoerium.

 $\pi \rho o$ - $\dot{a}\sigma \tau \iota o v$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ ,  $= \pi \rho o \dot{a}\sigma \tau \epsilon \iota o v$ .

προ-αυδάω, inf. πρωυδάν, contr. for προαυδάν, f. ήσω, to declare before or first.

προ-αύλιον, τό, (πρό, αθλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch. II. (πρύ, αὐλύε) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέσμαι Ion. προαπηγ-: ι. -πσομαι: Dep.: -to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. -ifoμαι: Dep.:-to arrive or come to first.

mpo-adio ramas, Pass., fut. med. -anorthropas, 201. 2 and pf. act. -απέστην, -αφέστηκα: - to revolt beforeband. II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for πρόβηθι, 20r. 2 imperat, of προβαίνω. προβάδην [α], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along:

going on, straight forward.

**TPO-Balve.** fut.  $-\beta \eta \sigma o \mu a \iota$ : pf.  $-\beta \ell \beta \eta \kappa a$ : act. 2 TPOέβην contr. προύβην, inf. προβήναι, part. προβάε: Ep. pres. part. προβιβάs, ασα, άν (as if from προβί- $\beta\eta\mu$ ), and  $\pi\rho\sigma\beta(\beta\omega)$  -  $\omega\nu\tau\sigma\sigma$  (as if from  $\pi\rho\sigma\beta(\beta\omega)$ : to step forward, go on, advance, make progress; άστρα προβέκηκε the stars are far gone; προβήναι πόρρω μοχθηρίαs to be far gone in knavery: of Time, to go on, wear away, of ros sposaires the night is dealer.

wearing fast; but also, to be gone by, past. go before, hence to be before, be superior to an- Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. I - έβησα, to move or put forward, advance, promote. the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κώλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχήμος, δ, Ion. for προβάκχειος, (πρό, βάκ-

xeios) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ion. 201. 2 of προβάλλα.

προ-βάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: 2οτ. 2 προύβάλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw or east before, tbrow to; to put forth beyond. IL to tbrow forward, III. to expose or give up to a thing; tbrow awa\_ προβάλλειν ξαυτόν to give oneself up for lost. to put forward, put in the foreground: to propose: -also bazard, venture, stake, pledge. 2. to put forward an argument: also to allege, plead an excuse.

Med. to throw before one, throw away. throw beyond, beat in throwing; hence, to surpass, III. to set before oneself, propose to oneezcel. self. IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. designare: also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side: to quote as an example: to use as an excuse or pretent. V. to bold before oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence: absol. in Pass. to stand on guard: hence also, προβάλλεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of au alliance: so in pf. pass. part., προβεβλημένος τινός put before another as a cover or shield; προβεβλημένοε, η, ον, defensive. VI. to denounce or accuse

of a thing: - Pass. to be publicly impeached. προβάλοψι [ἄ], 20r. 2 opt. of προβάλλα. προβάς, ασα, αν, sor. 2 part. of προβαίνω. προ-βάσανίζω, f. low, to try or torture before. πρόβάσιε, ή, (προβαίνω) a stepping forward.

a Collective noun, things that walk, eattle. προβάτεία, ή, (προβατεύω) sbeep-keeping, a sbep-

berd's life.

προβάτευτικός, ή. όν, suited to the breeding of cattle: ή -κή (sub. τέχνη), the art of breeding or keeping cattle, esp. ebeep, Lat. pecuaria. From προβάτεύω, f. σω, (πρόβατον) to keep abeep, be a Ebepbord.

προβάτικός, ή, όν, (πρόβατον) of or for abees: à

προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβάτιον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, α little about: προβατίου βίος the life of a poor sheep, i.e. a lazy. slothful life.

προβάτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονω, (πρόβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of eattle: metaph. a good judge of ebaracter.

πρόβάτον, τό, (προβαίνω) anything that goes forward: mostly used in plur. πρύβατα, animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock: mostly of small cattle, esp. sbeep.

προβάτο-πάλης, ου, ό, (πρόβατον, ποιλίω) α κόσες

προβάβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω. προβάβληκα, pf. of προβάλλω. προβέβουλα, pf. 2 of προβούλομαι. πρόβημα, ατος, τύ, (προβαίνω) a step forward. προβήσομαι, fut, of προβαίνω. προ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:-- to outain by force, force through before. προ-βιβάζω: f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ:--Causai of spoβaire, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce. προβιβάς, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω. προβιβών, ώντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω. προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one. πρόβλημα, ατος, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντου a beadland that juts into the sea. II. anything beld before one, a guard, a barrier, fence. armour: c. gen., wpóβλημα πετρών a defence against, a shelter from, III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak, IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem. προβλής, ήτος, δ, ή, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, juitting, projecting: - προβλήτες absol. as Subst., forelands, beadlands. πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, east out, Lat. projectus. προ-βλώσκω: 201. 2 προυμολον, inf. προμολείν: pf. προμέμβλωκα:--to go or come forth, to go out of the προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to shout before, ery ou.. προβόλαιος, ου, δ, (προβάλλω) a spear beld out before one. 2. as Adj. outstretched, couched. προβολή, ή, (προβάλλω) a putting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δύρατα els προβολήν καθιέval to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the fist. II. anything beld out before one, a guard, defence: c. gcn. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. Att. law-term, προβολαί, αί, α vote of the Ecclesia znetborising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachnenl. προβόλιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon beld out or attack or defence, a boar-spear. πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon seld out for defence, a bunting-spear. 2. a defence, relwark: of a person, a protector, guardian. περό-βοσκος, δ, (πρό, βύσκω) one who drives the erd to pasture, a berdsman. προβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary Lecres or order of the Senate. προβουλευμάτιον, τύ, Dim. of προβούλευμα. - po-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert

to act as πρόβουλου.

be chief voice in passing decrees.

rst.

Lecres.

Leasures before or first: Med. to debate or consider 2. of the Senate (βουλή) at Athens, to frame ΙΙΙ. προβουλεύειν wis to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ή, (τρό, βουλή) foretbought: maliee prepense. προ-βούλομαι, p. 2 προβεβοιλα in pres. sense: Dep.: -to wish rather, to prefer one before another. προβουλό-παις, -πάιδος, ή (πρύβουλος, παίς):--προ-Boulurais Arns, = πρόβουλος παίε Arns, the crafts cbild of Até. πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforeband or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, οί, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:-also, deputies or representatives elected by the people προ-βύω, f. ύσω [v], to push forwards; πρ. λύχνον to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it, προ-βωθέω, Ion. for προβοηθέω προ-βώμισε, ον, (πρό, βωμόν) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar. προ-γαστρίδιον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as upocreprior for the breast. προ-γάστωρ, ορος, δ, (πρό, γαστήρ) baving a pauneb in front, pot-bellied. προ-γένειος, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin. προ-γενήs, (τρό, γένοs) of old time, ancient:— Comp. προγενέστερος, a. or, earlier in birth, elder, older: - Sup. προγενέστατος, η, ον, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest. προ-γεννήτωρ, opos, δ, a forefather, ancestor. προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later -γίνομαι [1]: f. -γενήσομαι: 201, 2 προύγενόμην: pl. 2 act, προγέγονα and pass. προγεγένημαι: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, bappen, come to pass before or earlier; of apoyeyovotes men of former times; ta spoyevevyuéva things that occurred of old. προ-γιγνώσκω, ion. and later προγίν -: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωσμαι:—to know, perceive, learn or understand beforeband: to fore-II. to judge or decide beforeband. πρόγνωσις, ή, (τρογιγνώσκω) a perceiving before band, foreknow!edge. πρό-γονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older:—as Subst., pobyovos, b, an ancestor; of spo-ΙΙ, πρόγονοι ατε yovos forefathers, ancestors. early lambs, cp. μέτασσαι. πρό-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (τρογραφω) a public proclamation of notice, programme. προγράφή, ή, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertise-2. also used for the Lat. proscriptio. προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. to write in public, give public notice of :- also to appoint by public notice. 2. also used for the Lat. proscribo προ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise beforeband. προδακίε, aor. 2 pass part. from Root προδάω: see тродайни. προδαήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προύδαην with act. signf., from the root \*baw, to know beforeband.

mpoblowes, pf. of wpoblowu.

mpo-Belbu, f. ou, to fear or dread beforehand.

mpo-Belekos, or, (mpo, belekos) bappening or doing

#po-δείκνθμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δίξω: --to shew beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to foreshew. IL to point before one; σκήπτρω προδεικνίναι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one. III. χεροὶ προδεικνίναι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. oraeludere: also in war, to make a demonstration.

mpo-bennaive, to fear or dread beforeband.

προ-δέκτωρ, οροί, δ, Ion. for προδείκτωρ, (προδείκτωμ) one who foresheurs: a foresheuer.

тро-беркоµаг, f. —foµar, Dep. to see beforeband.

προ-δερκομας, ι. - τομαι, Dep. to see og or evana.
πρό-δηλος, ον. (πρό, δήλος) clear beforeband; έκ
προδήλου manifestly. Hence.

προδηλόω, f. ώσω, to make clear beforeband.
προδιαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:--to go

across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to raise prejudices against beforeband.

mpo-bia-yryvéorus, f. --yrbisopai, to understand or know thoroughly beforehand. II. to resolve or decree beforehand.

προ-διαιτάω, f. ήσω, to prepare by diet. Hence

προδιαίτησιε, ή, preparation by diet.
προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med. with acr. I pass.

-διελέχθην:—speak or converse beforeband.
προ-διασύρω, to jeer or ridicule beforeband. [9]

προ-οιασυρω, to jeer or riactus og oreoana. [v] προ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερω: aor. I -έφθειρα: pf. act. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμα: —to ruin or destroy beforeband: to corrupt or seduce beforeband.

προ-δίδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach beforehand: to teach

thoroughly: -Pass. to learn beforehand.

#po-δίδωμι, f.-δώσω: pf. act.-δίδωκα, pass. -δέδομα:

—to give beforeband, pay in advane

mp to the enemy, betray, Lat. prodo

2. to forsake,
nbandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ἡ χάριε προδοῦσ' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving
traitor.

3. of things, to betray, fail one:—intr. to
fail, give up, like ἐτδιδόναι, Lat. deficere.

4. to
give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διεξέρχομαι, f. -διεξελεύσομαι, Dep. to go out

through before, pass through first.

mpo-bispervale, f. how, to discover by searching beforehand. Hence

| προδιερευνητής, οῦ, ὁ, one sent out to march offoreband.

προ-διέρχομαι, 1. -εξελεύσομαι, 2. - ηλθον: Dep.: ---to go through, detail, narrate bifore,

προ-δυηγίομαι, f. -hσομαι, Dep. to relate orgone-band, premise. Hence

προδιήγησιε, ή, a detailing beforeband.

mpb-blicos, b, (mpb, blim) an advocate, defender; an swenger.

2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.

mpo-Broukin, f. how, to regulate, order, manage be foreband.

προ-δίδεκα, f. fa, to pursue further or to a distance. προδοθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι. προ-δοκέω: pf. pass. προδέδογμα, 3 sing. plopf. προύδέδοκτο:—to think beforeband:—only used in Pass., προύδέδοκτο ταθτά μοι this was my former ορίπίση: τὰ προδεδογμάνα previous resolutions.

προ-δοκή, ή, (πρό, δέχομαι) a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης έν προδοκήσιν in the

lurking boles of the rock.

wpó-Bouos, d, the fore-house, i. e. the room entered from the court (abhi), the ball, vestibule.

mpó-bours, or, being before the bouse.

mpo-δοξάζω, f. άσω, to form an opinion beforeband. mpoδοσία Ioa. -ίη, ή, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.

πρόδοσιε, ή, (προδίδωμι) payment beforeband. II.

a giving up, betrayal

mpoδότης, ου, δ, (προδίδυμι) a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ίδος, a traitress. Hence

προδοτικόε, ή, όν, disposed to betray, traitoross. πρόδοτοε, ον, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned. πρό-δουλοε, ον, serving for a slave.

προδούναι, προδούε, sor. 2 inf. and part. of προδίδωμι.

προδράμειν, προδράμών, acr. 2 inf. and part. of προτρέχω, formed from obsol. \*δρέμω.

προδρομή, ή, (προδραμείν) a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.

πρόδρομος, or, (προδραμείν) running before, speeding forward.

II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, oi, men sent on before to reconneitre, scouts.

προ-δυστύχεω, f. ήσω, to be unbappy beforeband.
προεδράμον, act. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμείν.
προεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόεδροι) to be president; προεδρεύεν την βουλήν to be president of the council.

mposspla. Ion. -ln, h, (spoespever) the seat or dignity of president (mposspos), the first seat, presidency. 2. the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athen a public honour. 3. the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the mposspos in the Ecclesia

πρό-εδρος, or, (πρό, έδρα) sitting in front or in the first place. Π. as Subst., πρόεδρος, ό, a president: in the assembly (ἐκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτώτειε in office were so called; -zen πρόταστε.

mpo-elpyw, Ep. for mpoelpyw, to stop by standing before, to obstruct.

προέηκα, Ep. for προήκα, aor. I of προέημε.

mpo-eθifω, f. low, to accustom or inure beforehand.
mpo-eίδον, acr. 2 with no pres. in use, mpospher
being used interest, part. προϊδών, inf. προϊδών?——es
look forward, keep a look out ahead? 20 see from
afar: to foresse.

II. to bave a care for, provide
against.

mposthouny, aor, 2 med. of spostples.

πρό-esps, (σρό, είμι ibo) serving in Att. as fut. of

beton too xporou as time went on: to go first, go front:—Pass, to go out first. [a] in advance. 2. to go fortb. 3. Tpolévai els Ti 4. also of to pass on to, proceed to another thing.

a thing, to go on well, succeed. προ-είπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορεύω being used instead), inf. wpoeiweir, part. wpoeiwir :to foretell, say before: to premise. II. to order or bid beforeband, proclaim. III. to proclaim publicly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προείρηκα, see προερέω. προ-ασάγω Ion. προ-εσαγω: f. ξω:-to bring in, introduce before: -- Med. to bring in for one's own

use before, import before.

mposto everkely, 201. 2 inf. of mpoeto pepo. mpo-enripyopan, Dep. to come or go in before. προεισοίσω, fut. of προεισφέρω.

προ-εισπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before. προ-εισφέρω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence προεισφορά, ή, money advanced to pay the property-

tax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκθέω, ε. -θεύσομαι, to run out before, rusb bastily on.

προ-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforeband. προτεκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξείλεγμαι:--to collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προεξειλεγμένα taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforeband. προ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforeband. προ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω, to terrify beforeband. προ-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to work out or finish before. προ-εκφοβέω, f. ήσω, to terrify before. Hence

προεκφόβησιε, ή, α previous panic.

προελάσιε, ή, a going or riding forward. From προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -ελήλακα, pass. -ελήλαμαι:-to drive before or forward:-intrans. (sub. (##ov), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride before one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ω πρόσω τησ νυκτός προελήλατο (3 sing. plaps.) when the aight was far advanced.

προελθείν, προελθών, 20r. 2 inf. and part. of προρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. low, to bope before.

προελών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of προαιρέω. προ-εμβάλλω, to project to as to strike in: of ships, make the charge (εμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι, 201. 2 inf. of προίημι.

προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προίημι. προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -ξομαι, Dep. to begin before προενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρω.

τρο-εννέπω, contr. προύννέπω, to announce before publicly.

rpo-evocate, f. how, to awell in before. Hence rpoevolknous, h, a dwelling before in a place. τρο-Εαγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to announce beforeband. po skáro, f. fo, to brine out beforeband or first:

spo-lexeput, to go forward, go on, advance; wor- to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in

mpo-efatoow Att.-doow, f. fa,-to dart out before. προ-εξάμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. 201. 2 -ανέστην. pf. -areotyka, plapf. -areotykeir:-to rise and go out before; προεξανίστασθαι ἐε τοὶs βαρβάρουs to rise before others and march against the barbarians: in a race, to start before the signal is given, start too soom.

προ-εξέδρα Ion. -η, ή, a raised seat, chair of state. mpo-éfecul, (mpó, éf, ein ibo) to go out before, to

sally forth before.

προ-εξεπίσταμαι contr. προύξ-: fut. med. -emστήσομαι, aor. I pass. προύξεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to know exactly, thoroughly understand beforehand.

TOO-EESpeuvam contr. Toough, to investigate of search out before. Hence

προεξερεύνητής contr. προύξ-, οῦ, an explorer sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι: 201. 2 act. -εξηλθον: pf. -εξελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-

προ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine or search out before. προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προύξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-

band.

προ-εξορμάω, f. ήσω, to set out or start beforeband. προ-επαγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to announce before :-- Mod. to promise before.

mpo-encuvée, f. éce, to praise beforeband, or in the presence of others

mpo-emavacreiw, f. gw, to raise the hand arainst before: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προεπεποίητο, 3 sing. plaps. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, 10 plot against beforeband. προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass. (πρό, ἐπιξενίω) to be received as a guest before, abide in one's house first

προ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, 20τ. I pass. προύπιστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand beforeband.

mpo-emixeipée, f. now, to unaertake or attack before. προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προείργασμαι: Dep.: -to do or work at beforeband: esp. of the ground, to fill, work first: - the pf. is also used in pass. sense, τά προειργασμένα former performances; ή προειργασμένη δόξα glory achieved before

προ-ερέσσω, f. έσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search out before:—Med., of spoepervouseror inveils the horse reconnoitring in advance.

προ-ερέω att. contr. προερώ, serving as fut. to προείπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from the same root come pf. προ-είρηκα, pass. -είρημαι; nor. I pass. προερρήθην contr. προύρρηθην:—to fore-II. to order beforeband or publicly, give public notice: pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, foreordained, appointed.

προέρυσσα, Ep. 201. I from

#po-spie, f. ύσω [δ], to draw on or forward; #po- to bave advanced.

ερύσαι νηα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι (cp. πρόειμι): 201. 2 -ηλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:--to come or go forward, 10 go on, advance; τὰ Περσέων πρηγματα ές τοῦτο προελθόντα the power of the Persians baving advanced to this height; προεληλυθών ήλικία, Lat. provectus astate, advanced in age. 2. to go before

πρόες, προέτω, sor. 2 imperat. of προίημι.

mpoistau, sor. 2 med. inf. of spotnue.

moost ridge or mooistate, Ion. for moost heare, 2 pl. pf. of προέστημι.

προεστώς, contr. from προεστηκώς, pf. part. of zpotornu.

προέσχον, aor. 2 of προέχω.

modertov, verb. Adj. of mooning, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικός, ή, ύν, (προίημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάζω, f. άσω, to get ready before: -- Med. to prepare for one's own use.

moo-evayyeallouan, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforeband, esp. to preach the gospel beforeband.

προ-ευλάβέσμαι, fut. med. ήσομαι, 201. I pass. προευλάβήθην: Dep.:—to take beed, be cautious before-

προέφθασα, 201. Ι οί προφθάνα.

προ-έχω contr. προύχω: f. προέξω:--to bold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:-Med. προέχομαι contr. προύγομαι, impf. προύχόμην, to bold before oneself: metaph, to put forward or bold out as a 2. to bold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to 4. to bave before bave before or in preference to. or first: hence to know beforeband. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, bave the start; ήμέρης όδο προέχειν τινός to keep 1 day's march abead of him 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; of spouxorres the chief men. 4. impers., of TI TPOEXEL it is to surpass, exceed. not at all better, it naught avails.

προεώρακα, ρί. οί προοράω.

προ-ηγεμών, bros, o, one who goes before as a guide.

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγητήρ, ήροε, and προηγητής, οῦ, ὁ, οπε wbo goes before to shew the way.

προηγορέω, f ήσω, (προήγοροι) to speak for others. προ-ηγορος, δ, (πρό, αγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγουμένως, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέσμαι, antecedently.

mpofice, sor. I of wpotnue.

προ-ήκης, es, (πρό, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-fines, f. fee, to have gone before, to be the first : | προθύραια the space before a door.

IL to jut forward, reach bevond.

προήχα, pf. of προάγα. προ-θάλης, ές, (πρό, θαλείν) growing, flourisbing

before the time, precocious. προθείε, είσα, έν, part. 2 or προτίθημι.

προ-θέλυμνος, αν, (πρό, θέλυμνον) by the roots: προθέλυμνουε έλκετο χαίτας he tore his hair out by the roots; προθέλυμνα χαμαί βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκου σάκει προθελύμου φράξαντεs fencing shield upon shield close-compact; θέλυμνα being the several layers of coats of the sbields; and so προθέλυμνος means, with layer upon

πρόθεσιε, ή, (προτίθημι) a placing before, setting forth; aprox the mpoderease the bread of the setting forth, i. c. the thew-bread. II. a purpose, resolve,

design.

προ-θέσμιος, α, ον, (πρό, θεσμύε) laid down before. appointed, fixed: ή προθισμία (sub. ήμέρα), α day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίζω, f. ίσω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέεσκον: pf. -θεύσομαι:-to run before. 2. to run forward or fortb. IL. c. acc. to outrum, outstrip.

προθίω, old form of προτίθημι, to put forward. permit; τούν εκά οί προθέουσιν δνείδια μυθήσασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θνήσκω, f. -θάνοῦμαι, to die before. IL, to die for one.

προθορών, aor. 2 part. οί προθρώσκω.

προθρυλέω, f. ήσω, to bruit abroad beforeband. προ-θρώσκω, f. -θορούμαι: 201. 2 προύθορον, inf. προθορείν, part. προθορών:—to spring before tox forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ή, a storm the harbinger of another. πρόθυμα, ατοι, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory or pre-

liminary sacrifice.

προθυμέσμαι: Att. impf. προύθυμούμην: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμηθήσομαι: 20π. 1 προύθυμήθην: Dep.: (πρίθυμου):—to be ready, soilling, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest. zealous, sbew zeal. Hence

προθυμητέον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly. προθυμία Ion. – ίη, ή, (πρόθυμος) readiness, willing ness, zeal, earnestness; πάση προθυμία with al

II. good will, ready kindness. zeal. πρό-θυμος, ον, (πρό, θυμός) ready, willing, eager. zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for.

bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed. III. Adv. wpobupos, readily, actively: Comp. - otepov, more readily: Sup. -orate, seest

προθύραιος [v], or, (πρύ, θέρα) before the door: τά

mp6-θύρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. wace before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.

προ-θύω, to sacrifice before or first.

fice in behalf of.

προθώμαι, sor. 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι. προί, Adv. (πρό) - πρωέ.

wpo-laλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. to send before.

προ-lάπτω, f. ψω: sor. I molada :-to send forward, send before the time.

προίδων, ούσα, ον, 201. 2 part. of προείδον.

mpotery, ets, et, Ion. and Att. impf. of wpotnut.

mpoteis, eisa, ev, pres. part. of spotyu.

mpotles, to set or place before: - Med. to sit offere, take the first seat.

wpo-typu, 3 sing. wpotes and opt. wpotos (as if from προ-ίω): Att. impf. προίειν, ειε, ει: fut. προήσω: 201. I wpońka Ep. wpośnka: 201. 2, 3 pl. wpócoav, imper. wpies, wpoerw, inf. wpoeuer, Ep. for wpoeiral: -Med., 2 στ. 2 προηκάμην: 2 or. 2 opt. προείμην οτ προοίμην: - Pass., pf. προείμαι: plqpf. προείμην: -to send before, send on or forward; generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. fall, let elip; Evos vpoenke be let drop a word: an inf. is often added, aleτώ προέηκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; spoenner obpor affrai he sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, burl, dis-4. to give up, deliver over : also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II. Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely; in bad sense, to throw away, squander. lavish; λύγους προέσθαι to throw words away · also 3. to give over to one. to let go, let slip. so drive forward, force on. 5. to allow or suffer a person to do a thing. III. Pass. to be thrown azvay, be neglected.

mpoints, Dor. for spoings.

mpoura, Adv. freely, gratis: properly acc. of spole. expoterns, ou, b, (spot) one who asks for a free gift,

a beggar.

TOOK Att. TOOK, \$, gen. TPOING, dat. TPOING, acc. προίκα:—a gift, present; προικόε γεύεσθαι to enjuy a free gift :- hence gen. wpockée is used as Adv. freely, without return. Lat. gratis: also with impunity; so also acc. spoika. Il. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From

TIPOPZIOMAI: f. wpotfopas Att. wposfopas:

Dep. :- to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ίστημι, f. προστήσω: aor. I προύστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσαι: aor. 2 προύστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάε: aor. I pass. προεστάθην, προδοτάθην, part. προστάθειε, είσα, έν: pf. προέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προεστέατε, part, προεστηκών Ion. I. Causal in pres., **προ€στεώε** οι προεστώε. impf., fut. and aor. I, to set before or in front.

2. the put before one, put in front. 3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put II. to sacri- forward, put out: to put forward as an encuse or Il. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plaps. act.:—to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach. 3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the head of. be the chief; spoothval povou to be the author of slaughter: of spoedrore Ion. -eores, the leading men, chiefs:-hence to manage, regulate, govern. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, gulard.

 $\pi po-t\sigma \chi \omega$ , =  $\pi po \epsilon \chi \omega$ , to bold before, bold out. Med. spotoxopai, to bold out before oneself, stretch fortb. 2. to put forward, propose, offer. put forward, allege, plead.

mpot v oura, by, aor. 2 part. of mpour (elu

προ-luges, ή, (πρό, lώκω - διώκω) a driving before or onwards, opp. to maliefis.

πρόκα οι πρόκατε, Ion. Adv. (ποδ) fortbuith. straightway, suddenly.

προ-καθεύδω, f. –καθευδήσω, to sleep before or II. to sleep in front of.

προ-κάθημαι Ion. προ-κάτημαι, properly perf. of προκαθέζομαι:-- to sit before or in front of; τοσούτο τρό της άλλης Έλλάδος προκάτησθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.

wpo-καθίζω Ion. wpo-κατίζω, f. ίσω; also Med. mponabliopat:—to sit down before or in front. to sit in public, sit in state.

про-кавіпуш, f. – кавірою, to let down beforeband: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

προ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II, in Pass, and intr. tenses of Act., acr. 2 -κατέστην; pf. -καθέστηκα; plopf. -eortheur:—to be set or posted before.

тро-кавора́ю f. —катарораі, 10 view от ежатіне

beforeband. προ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before.

προ-κάκοπάθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer ills before.

TPO-KOKOS, OV, very bad, exceeding bad.

προ-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call forth, call on :-- Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challer -- defy, Lat. provoco. 2. to invite beforeband. c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. III. to call up or forth. rouse.

προ-καλίζομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impi... - προκαλέσμαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.

προ-κάλινδέω, to make roll forward or in front:—

Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκάλυμμα, ατος, τό, anything hung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph, a screen or blind.

προ-κάλύπτω, f. ψω, to bang before as a covering: -Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen so also in Med. προίσταμαι, 201. Ι τροεστησάμην, 10 | oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένα [τι] παρηthe putting no veil over her face.

ουσ, υσίλ. προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμοῦμαι: sor. 2 προύκαμον: pf.

-risumma: —to work or tail before. II. to work for another. III. to grow weary, faint too

eoon. IV. to have a previous illness: to be distressed beforehand.

προκηνών, οῦσα, όν, 20τ. 2 part. of προκάμνω. προ καρηνος, ον, (πρό, κάρηνον) bead-foremost.

προκάς, άδος, ή, = πρόξ, the ros-deer.
προ-καταγγάλλω, to announce or declar e beforeband.
προ-καταγγάνες, ιδος, ή, Ion. form, (πρώ, καθηγόομαι)
α woman who goes before, a female leader.

TPO-καταγιγνώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομα: pf. -ίγνωκα: -το vote against beforeband, condemn by a prejudgement: πρ. φίνον τινόε to give a verdict of murder against: also c. inf. to prejudge against one that...

προ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to bring to land before. προ-καταθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run down beforeband. προ-κατακαίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before: of a country, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforeband.
προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforeband:—
Med. to adjust or compose beforeband: προκαταλύεσθαι
την έχθηνε to end their mutual camity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first: but mostly in technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforeband.
προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge before; προκαταφεύγειν δε τόπον to escape before to a

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. to use up beforeband.
προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, to eat up beforeband.
προ-κατέχω, act. 2 -κατέσχον: — to gain possession of or occupy beforeband, preoccupy: — Med. to bold before for oneself.

προ-κατηγορέω, to accuse beforeband. Hence προκατηγορία, ή, previous accusation. προ-κάτημαι, lon. for προκαθήμαι. προ-κατίζω, lon. for προκαθίζω.

προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοράω.
πρό-καμαι, impl. προύκείμην, lon. inf. προκέεσθαι:
fut. -κείσομαι: --used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set
before, lie before on in front of: to stretch forward,
jut out.

Il. to be set before one: metaph. to be
proposed or laid before one, mooted; πρώκειται περί
συτπρίαs the question is concerning safety; άεθλοε
προκείμενοε a task proposed; τό προκείμενου πρήγpa the matter in debate.

III. to lie before
ane, lie exposed; to lie dead, δ προκείμενος the
corpse.

IV. to be beld out, set forth.

προ-κέλευθος, ον, (πρύ, κέλευθος) forerunning.

προ-κελευσματικός, δ, (πρό, πέλευσμα) a procedersmatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g. πατέβαλε.

προ-κενδω, f. ώσω, to empty beforeband. προ-κήθομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for. προ-κηρόνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one. προ-κηρόκεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Med. to bave proclaimed by berald, to give public notice.

mpo-empirores Att -- Tes, f. fw, to proclaim by berald, proclaim publicly.

mpo-kiv60vevo, f. so, to run the first risk, bear the brunt of battle.

προ-κΙνέω, f. ήσω, to move forward: to wrge on:—
Pass. with fut. med. -κυήσοραι, to come on, advance.
προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσοραι, to weep
beforeband or openly.

II. trans. to bewall beforeband.

προκληθεία, 201. I pass. part. of προκαλίω.
πρόκλησια, gen. εων Ιοπ. 102, ή. (προκαλέω) a calling forth:—a challenging to combat; ἐκ προκλήσιου in pursuance of a challenge.

III. as law-term, a formal challenge offered by either party for the purpose of bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλίνω, to lean forward.
πρόκλύτος, or, beard formerly: legendary. From προ-κλίω, to bear or learn beforeband.

προ-κόλπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλποι) a robe falling oper the breast.

προ κομίζω, f. low, to bring forward. II. to carry on before:—Pass, to be carried away.
προ-κόμιον, τό, (πρό, πόμη) the front bair: the

forelock of a horse.

\*\*mpokowin, 1, progress on a journey.

II. metaph.

progress, advancement, improvement.

From

тро-конты, impl. пробионтот: f. фы, to cut away before one, or clear the way in front: hence to farward or promote a work:—Pass. to advance, thrive, prosper.

II. intr. in Act. to make one's way forward, to make progress: of time, to be far gone, far advanced.

πρόκρίμα, ατος, τό, preference, partiality. From προ-κρίνω [i], f. -κρίνω: to choose before others, pick out, prefer before:—Pass. to be preferred before. or be superior to others. II. to judge beforehand, decide.

πρόκρίτος, ον, (προκρίνω) preferred.

πρό-κροσσος, η, ον or os, ον, (πρό, κροσσαί) mid projecting battlements: ranged like battlements or in rows: so of ships, νέεε πρόκροσσαι έε πίντον έπ δκτό, ranged in rows turned sca-wards eight deepalso of a cup, πέριξ αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλαί πρίκροσσα ησαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distance round it.

προ-κύλινδέω, f. -κυλίσω [i]:—to roll forth, se rolling forward:—Pass., προκυλιεδείσθαί των π grovel or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and perp and.

mo-ripow, f. wow, to confirm or ratify before. mpo-kine, -kurós, o, the star that rises before the II. one who snarts like a Dog-star, Procyon. dog, a snarling critic.

προ-κώμιος, ον, (πρό, κώμος) before the festal revel: το προκώμιον υμνου the prelude of a hymn.

mpo-numos, or, (wpo, norm) grasping the bilt, sword-II. pass. grasped by the bilt. προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforeband.

προ-λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive beforeband.

mpo-lale. f. how, to prate before. προ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: 201. 2 προύλάβον: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι:- to take beforeband: to receive as an earnest or deposit. 2. to take before or sooner than another: to take away before. to obtain first, procure. II. to outstrip, get the start of; προλαμβάνειν της όδου to get a start on the 2. to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim or take before the time: hence to prejudge. to repeat from the beginning.

προ-λέγω, f. ξω:--pf. pass. προλέλεγμαι:--to pick out or choose before others, prefer. beforeband: to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. to tell publicly, proclaim: to warn: to profess, de-

clars: to order.

προ-λείπω, f. ψω: pf. προλέλοιπα: — to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake; μητίε σε προλέλοιπε prudence for sook thee: also to quit beforeband; χώραν προλείπειν to abandon one's post. to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail beforeband: absol. to faint, fall into a swoon.

προ-λεκτικός, ή, όν, (προλέγω) foretelling, propbetic.

προλέλουπα, pf. of προλείπω.

προ-λεσχηνεύομαι, pf. pass. προλελεσχήνευμαι: Dep.:-to converse with one before, arrange by word of month before.

πρό-λεσχος, ον, (πρό, λέσχη) prating, chattering. wpo-heurow, to see before or in front.

Trolinely, aor. 2 inf. of Trolina.

προλιπών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of προλείπω.

πρόλογος, δ, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech: in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece ebat came before the first chorus: after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action, opp. to exiloyes.

**προ-λοχίζω,** f. ίσω: pf. pass. προλελόχισμαι:--to Lay an ambush before:-Pass., al προλελοχισμέναι ¿réopas the ambush that had before been laid.

to beset with an ambuscade.

προμάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.

προ-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, t. ξω, to soften beforeband. προ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθήσω: 201. 2 προύμάθον:---to a-certain or find out beforeband.

προ-μαντεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, the right of consulting the

Gracle first. From

προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy. στρο-μαντηίη, ή, Ion, for προμαντεία.

mpó-pavris, gen. eus Ion. 100, ô, n, a prophet or prophetess: ή πρόμαντιε was the title of the Pythia or Delphic briestess. II. as Adj. prophetic, presaging.

προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [8] προ-μάτωρ, οροε, ή, Dor. for προμήτωρ.

 $\pi po-\mu d\chi \ell \omega$ ,  $=\pi po \mu a\chi \ell \zeta \omega$ .

προμάχεων, ώνοι, ό, (πρυμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. propugnaculum.

προμάχίζω, f. σω, (πρόμαχου) to fight before or in front of: also to fight with another as champion.

προ-μάχομαι: f. –μαχήσομαι Att. –μαχούμαι: Dep. :- to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in II. to fight before or in defence of. the van.

πρό-μάχος, ον, (τρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fighting in front: as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost II. fighting for, Tube. fighters, champions. προ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to practise beforeband.

Προμένεια, ή, name of a prophetess of Dodona. προ-μεριμνάω, f. ήσω, to take earnest thought be-

foreband.

προ-μετωπίδιος, ev, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being on the forebead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, the skin of the forebead. 2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.

προμήθεια Dor. προμάθεια [ā], ή, (προμηθής) foresight, forethought: consideration.

Προμήθεια, τά, (Προμηθεύε) the festival of Prometbeus.

Προμήθειος, a, ov, of or from Prometheus.

προμηθέομαι, fut. med. -μηθήσομαι: 201. I pass. προύμηθήθην: Dep.: (προμηθήs):—to take can ebeforeband, to provide for: to shew forethought for, Lat. cavere: c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.

Προμηθεύs, gen. έων Ιοη. η̂οι, δ, (προμηθήι) Prometheus, Forethought, son of the Titan lapetes, brother of Epimetheus or Afterthought: inventor of many arts, esp. of working in metal and clay, whence he is sail to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the Evrexvor Tup, stolen from Olympus. II. as appellat. forethought, caution.

προ-μηθής Dor. προμάθης, ές, (πρό, μήτις) forethinking, cautious, wary: caring about a thing.

προμηθία Ισα. – ίη, ή, = προμήθεια.

προμηθικός, ή, όν, (προμηθής) inclined to foretbought, wary, Adv. - kws, warily.

προ-μηνύω, f. ύσω [v], to inform of or denounce beforeband.

προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, ορος, ή, (πού, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.

προμίγηναι, 2 or. 2 pass. inf. of προμίγνυμι.

προ-μίγνυμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband:-Pass, aor. 2 inf. προμίγηναι, to bave intercourse with beforeband.

προ-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to bire beforeband.

προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another: generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit: to plead with, c. dat. to forebode, presage.

mpo-uvinguition, as, w. one by one, one after the other. | walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. (Deriv. uncertain.)

TOOLVITOTOLS and TOOLVITOTOLS, 1800, \$, (TOOLVIOpai) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker.

πρό-μοιρος, ον ε(πρό, μοίρα) before the destined term,

unsimely.

προμολείν, 201. 2 inf. of προβλωσιω ▲ence προμολή, ή, απ approach, vestibule. II. in plur. the jutting foot of a mountain; the mouth of a river. προμολών, 201. 2 part. of προβλώσεω.

πρόμος, δ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like wpόμαχος:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

προ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to work beforeband.

mpó-vuos or mpo-vaios, a, or Ion. mpo-visos, n. or, (spó, rade) before or in front of a temple: as Subst., I. sportior, to, the court before a temple II. Προναία Ion. Προνηίη, ή, a name of Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo. wphrace, b, the ball or vertibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.

mpo-vauuaxio, f. how, to fight at sea for or in defence of, Turbe.

προ-νέμω, f. -νεμώ, to assign beforeband: 10 bold forth, present. II. Med. spové μο μαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground,

spread.

mpo-veios, f. ou, to not or stoop forwards. προ-νήκος, η, ον, Ιοα. for πρόναιος.

προ-νηστεύω, f. σω, to fast beforeband.

mpo-vikám, f. how, to gain a victory beforeband. προ-νοίω, f. ήσω; also Med. προ-νοίομαι, f. ήσομαι, with acr. I med. and pass. προύνοησάμην, προύvofility: -to perceive or observe beforeband. to plan or devise beforeband: to provide. en, to woulde for, take thought for. 3. absol to be provident, act warily. Hence

mpovontion, verb. Adj. one must take care.

mpovontikos, fi, ov. (mpovoća) duposed to fractise foresight, provident, cartious, wary. things, showing forethought or design. Adv. - wwo. with forethought.

mpovoia Ion. -voly, h. (mpovoos) a percelving or I. foreight, forethought, knowing beforeband. forecast; in spovolas with forethought, advisedly, Lat. ex con-ulto, and of crimes, with malice prepense.

a the providence of the gods. προνομαία, ή, (προνέμομαι) α proboscis.

mpovopela, h. a foraging, plundering. From προ-νομεύω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage. προνομή, η, (προνέμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid. πρόνομος, ον, ιπρονέμομαι) going forward to feed, grazing forward.

πρό-voos, cr contr. πρό-vous, our, (πρυ, νίοε) think. ing beforeband, wary : - Comp. \*povolatepos

προ-νωπής, έε, (πρό, άψ) bent or bending forwards: drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

as Subst., provertion, to, a ball or court. IIPO'E, gen. wpouóe, j, a kind of deer : the gazelle

or perh. the ros: also monds.

mpo-fervos, d, Ion. for mpoferos.

mpofevée, impl. mpoblévour: f. how: sor. I moifernoa: (mpoferoe): -to be any one's mpoferoe, to be one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate. manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnisb, present, grant. 2. c. dat. et inf. to contrave for one that ..: also to advise, give directions. to introduce one person to another.

προξενία, ή, a treaty or compact of friendibis between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, Lat. bospitismi. II. the rights and privilege of a spokeroe or public friend, esp. of an ambassador

From

mpó-fevos Ion. mpó-fervos, o, (spó, févos) a public fivee, i.e. a public guest or bost: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual of another state, that fives did between two indraiduals of different states: the spoferos possessed great privileges in the state to which he was affied; the relation usually passed on from father to soe. II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of III. generally, a patron, asconsul or agent. sistant, defender, guardiun. 2. as Adj. assisting relieving.

upo-Eŭpám, 1. hom, to shave beforehand. προ-ογκάομαι, Dep. to bray beforeband.

mpo-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ήσω, to prepare the way before, jave the way Il. metaph. to prepare beforeband.

προ-οδοιπορεω. f. ήσω, to travel before.

mpo-coos, or, (mpo, book) going before or in accounter. as Subst., apoobos, of, a party of soldiers in advance. πρό-οδος, ή. (πρό, όδόε) a going on, advance.

mpó-orda, inf. spocidévai, part, spocidés: plapí. sponibers: fut. spocksopat: (with no pres. in use):-

to know beforeband. Cf. spoetbor.

προ-οιμιάζομαι Att. contr. φροιμιάζομαι, £. --άσομαι: Dep. :--to make a preamble or prelude:---the pf. repposularies is used in pass, sense, to be stated by way of preamble. From

προ-σίμιον Att. contr. φροίμιον, τό, (πρό, οἶπει) an opening or introduction to a thing: in Music, a prolude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordism of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning.

apo-olyopan fut. -orygopan Dep. :-- to pass gent on before.

mos-burdun and -ve, to swear before or beforeband: to testify on cath before

προοπτέον, verb. Adj. of προοράοι, one must look beforeband, take care of: cf. eq.

πρόοπτος Att. contr. προύπτος, ον. verb. Acj. of προ-νώπιος, ον, (τρύ, ενώπια) before or without the προοράοι (as if from \*προύπτομαι), foreseen: manifest.

speeplinks, if, der, verb. Adj. of speeples, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προ-πρώπ, f. προδήσμαι: act. 2 προείδον: pt. προεδράπε:—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident. 2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar. 3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing. II. also in Med. προοράσμαι, so foresee. 2. to look before one. 3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

epo-oplia, f. ou, to mark out beforeband, to predetermine.

προ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to drive forward or onward:—
Pass. to rush or start on.

II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προ-ορμίζω, f. ισω, to moor before or in front.
προ-οφείλω Att. contr. προύφείλω; f. -οφειλήσω; --to ove beforeband :--Pass. to be due beforeband or before, to remain as a debt.

πρό-οψιε, εωε, ή, (πρό, δψιε) a foreseeing. II.

a teeing before one.

προ-όψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from \*πνούπτομαι).

προ-πάγθε, έε, (πρό, πάγηναι) fixes in front, prominent.

προπαθειν, aor. 2 mf. of προπάσχω.

προ-παιδεύω, £ σω, to teach beforehand.

mpo-makas, Adv. very long ago.

πρό-πάρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before. Adv. before, sooner.

προ-παραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforetand.

- #po-#apaonevåle, f. áow, to prepare beforeband :— Pass. to be prepared beforeband.

προ-παρέχω, to supply beforebana: to offer before.
 προ-πάροιθε and before a τοwel -θαν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of; προπάροιθε ποδών before one's feet, close at hand; προπάροιθε θυράων before he door.
 Π. Adv., I. of Place, in front, or ward, before.
 2. of Time, before, formerly.

क्rpó-कवड, -कवज, -कवंग, (कρό, कवेश) strengthd. for त्वंड, कृठंक्वम मृंधक all day long; मोत्रड कृठकंठवड all he ships together: neut. कृठंक्वम as Adv. utterly. क्रकुठ-कर्वजयूक, t. -कर्बाठकृथा, to suffer before or before-

and: to be ill-treated before.

**2 ρ0-1. άτωρ**, opos, δ, (πρό, πάτηρ) the first founder ca family, forefather: in plux. προπάτορεs, ol, ancetors, forefathers.

rpo-wello, f. ow, to persuade beforenand.

τρό-πειρα, ή, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειν ποιείσθου, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a cal.

τρο-πειράω, to attempt beforevand: also as Dep.
τρο-πειράομαι, with 20τ. 1 and vs. pass. προεπειράμ [ā], προπετείρāμαι.

po-πέμπω, f. ψώ: not. I προύπεριμα:—to send fore or beforeband: to send away, dismiss: to send:

to nend forth; προ-πέμπειν lovs to shoot forth
ows: also to afford, furnish.

II. to conduct,

accompany; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpec to the grave, Lat. efferre. "Il. to pursue.

προπεσών, ούσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of προπίπτω. προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πέτάσω [ά], to spread out before. προπέτεια, ή, rasbuess, reckless baste. From

uponeries, és, (sponieres) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. procideus, proclivis: drooping, at the point of death. II. metaph. being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing. 2. presipitate, sudden, rash, basty, reckless. Hence

mpomer@s, Adv. forwards. II, in beadlong base.

προπέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προφαίνω.

προπεφραδμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of προφράζω. προ-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to string out before: to spring forward from.

προ-πηλακίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, (πρό, πηλόε):—to cover with mud: to treat with indignity, to abuse foully:—also to throw in one's testh, reproach one with. Hence

προπηλάκισις, εως, η, and προπηλακισμός, δ, contumelious treatment.

προ-πίνω [1], impf. προύπινον: f. προτίσμαι: act. 2 προύπιον: pf. act. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι:—to drink before or to one, to drink to another's bealth, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged.

as the cup was often given as a present, προπινειν came to signify to give away, make a present of, to compliment away: προπίνειν τὴν ἐλευθερίαν Φιλίπτφ, to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέποται τὰ τῆς πύλεων πράγματα the interests of the state bave been complimented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: 201. 2 προυπεσον, inf. προπεσείν: pf. προπέπτωκα: --to fall or throw oneself forward: to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πιστεύω, f. σω, to trust or believe beforeband.
προ-πίτνω, poët. for προπίπτω (ν. πίτνω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of supplients.

προ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence πρό-πλοος, or contr. -πλους, our, sailing before, in front or at the bead.

προ-πλώω, Ιου. for προπλέω.

mpo-modnyos, or, going before to shew the way, guiding.

apo-nolico, i. low, (apb, note) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

apo-works, f. hos, to do beforebana, take the first step:—Pass, to be made or prepared beforeband.

προ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to fight before or in front of.
προπόλευμα, ατοε, τό, service rendered. From
προπολεύω, f. σω, (πρίπολου) to serve as a priest.
πρό-πολου, δ, ή, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes
before one: an attendant, minister: a rower.
one who serves a god, a priest or priestes: a templeservant.

II. as Adi, ministering to a thing,

devoted or dedicated to it.

προπομπή, ή, (προπίμπω) a sending on before. II. an attending, escorting, conducting.

προ-πομπία, ή, (πρό, πομπή) the first place in a procession, like προεδρία

προπομπόε, όν, (προπίμπω) escerting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπόε χοάε carrying drink-offerlags in γνοςεικίου.

II. as Subst. a conductor, escort.

The Maria, f. force, to work or take pains beforeband. II. to labour for or instead of another. III. c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i. e. to obtain it. IV. c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. plkt., rd προπεπονημίνα things formerly pursued with zeal. V. Med. προπονέομαι, το grow weary or tire too soon.

mpo-moves, or, very toilsome, exceeding toilsome.

Hor-worfe, ilos, \$, (spó, storos) the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.

**προ-πορεύω,** f. σω, to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. –πορεύσυμαι, and pass. –πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.

mpo-mopiles, f. low, to provide beforeband:-Pass.

to be provided beforeband.

πρόποσια, εωπ, ή, (προπίνω) a drinking before or to one: a pledging. II a drink.

προπότης, δ, (προπίνω) one who drinks healths.
πρό-πους, -ποδος, δ, the projecting foot of a mountain.
προ-πρόσσω Att. -ττω, f. (ω to do before. 11.

to exact beforehand.

\*\*\*mpo-spelor, &roe, & inclining forward: metaph.

forward, ready, willing.

spo-spyrie, es, inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. 2002ppp le ss. Adv., forward.

προ-πρό, strengthened form of πρό, right before.
προπρο-κύλινδομαι, Pass, strengthd. for προκυλίνδομα, to roll on and on, to keep rolling ourself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.

πρό-πρυμνα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμνα) stern-foremost, properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, atterly cast away.

moo-mrales, f. ow, to stumble before

προ-πύλαιος [8], ον. (πρό, πύλη) before the gate. II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τα, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaca, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.

πρό-πύλον, τό, (πρό, πόλη) a portico, vestibule.
προ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: αστ. 2 προϋπύθύ μην:
Dep.: ---to learn by inquiry before, bear or ascertain beforeband.

πρό-πυργος, or, before or for towers; Overlas πρίπυργοι offerings made for the city.

upo-plu, f. -peboopa, to flow forward, flow amain, Let. profluere.

πρόρ-ρησιε, ή, (πρό, βήσιε) a foretelling. 2. previous instructions of orders. II. a proclamation public notice.

proclaimed, commanded.

Toop-picos, or, (Too, Alfa) by the roots, root and branch: neut. Toops for or Toops as Adv., up by

πρόρ-ρητος, αν, (πρύ, βητός) forestall.

the roots, Lat. radicitus.

implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. wport and wort [...], contrd. wet.

I. of Place, from forth: hence With Gents. from or on the side or quarter of; spde Noros on the side of the South, i. e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαί πρόε Αίθιόπων garrisons on the side of, i. e. against, the Ethiopians; "Αβδηρα ίδρυται πρόε του Έλλησπίντου, μάλλον ή του Στρόμονος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hell point rather than of the Strymon, i.e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., spòr marpos on the father's side: also on the part of, at the band of, Exer timbr spos Zaros to have honour at the hand of Jove: so, spèc Diés eles feiroi re strayof re strangers and the poor are sent by Jove. 3. in presence of, before, whence its use in oath: and protestations: μάρτυροι πρόε δεών, πρόε δεθρώπων witnesses before gods and men : in which case the Att. insert of between the prep. and acc., woos or Oean alta I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per # II. with a passive Verb - ono, as, &deos oro. δάσκεσθαι πρόε τινος to be taught by one; ατιμάζε σθαι πρύε τινοε to be dishonoured by one. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; od spot tod decertoe debote not befitting every man; updo diage agreeable to imtice; wode yuvantos torn it is like a woman.

With Dat, generally, bard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτί γαίμ to dash προπ carth; πρὸς άλλήλμαν έχευθαι to cling close to cach other. Il. in addition to, besides; πρὸς τούτοιε in addition to this; πρὸς τοῦς άλλοις καισοῦ in addition to all other evils.

III. of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῷ σκοπεῦν to be employed προς co-

sidering.

Wire Accus, it expresses motion, Place, lowerds, to, upon; upds ha towards the East; κλαίειν πρόε οδρανόν to cry to heaven. 3. in box tile sense, against: in the titles of speeches, spoe ros in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat, adverses; not in accusation of, which is properly mará with gen., 3. Without hostile sense, elwell most rec to address oneself towards or to one. Time, revards, near, bard upon. III. generally, of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation m: spie rating in regard to this, therefore; rd spie is πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ πρός τοὺς θεώς our relations to the gods. 2. according to, saitable to, at, upon; spùe the oppur at the news; 🖼 spot tl; to what end? 3. in proportion to, is II. a proclam- comparison of; upde the matter Ki por in core; with This father Cyrus; spote warras rove Whose in som

parison of all the rest, implying superiorit, ... at prae aliis omnibus. IV. in Att., πρόε with acc. is often put for Adv.. as, πρόε βίαν, πρόε ἀνάγκην δυ force, forcibly; πρόε καιρόν in season; πρόε χάρω τυί to please one; πρόε τὸ βίαιον — βιαίωε.

ABSOL. AS ADV., besides, over and above.

In coatros, it implie I. motion towards, as in προσάγω.

II. addition, besides, as in προσπατόριαι.

III. a being by or besides: a remaining beside, as in πρόσ-ειμι (ε|μ| ευμπ).

προ-σάββατος, ον. (πρό, σάββατα) before the Sabbaib: as Subst., προσάββατον. τό, the eve of the Sab-

basb.

προσ-αγγύλλω, f. ελώ, to announce: to denounce. προσαγόρουστα, eas, ή, an addressing. From προσαγορουτίος, α, οτ, verb. Adj. to be called or

named. From προσ-δγορεύω, f. σω: 20τ. --ηγύρευσα: pf. --ηγορεύκα: but the Att. fut., 20τ. 2nd pf. 2re προσερώ, προσείτων, προσείρηκα:---to address, accost. II.

to name, call by name.

mpoσάγω, f. ξω: aot. 2 προσήγάγον, tarely aot 1. προσήξα. fut. med. in pass. sense προσάξομα: —to bring to or προπ: to supply, furnis! 2. to put to, add. 3. to bring to, move towards, apply, employ. 4. to bring in, introduce. 5. to lead on, induce. II. intr. to draw near, approach; πρώσαγε, come on! III. Med. to attach to oneself, bring over to one's side. 2. to embrace, salute. 3. to induce to do a thing. 4. to get for oneself, procure, import: hence in Pass., τὰ προσαχθέντα imports. Henc

προσάγωγεύε, έων, δ, one who brings to an intro-

INCEP.

προσάγωγή, ή. (ποσαγω) a oringing to or lowaras: acquisition. II. (from the intr. sense of προσάγω) approach or access to, the privilege of entrance. προσαγωγός, όν, (προσάγω) bringing to, attractive, persuasive

προσ-φθω, ωστ. f. ποτ-αείσομαι:—to sing to; rif ποταείσομαι, Dor. for σοί προσφσομαι, to thee will I sing. 2. προσφθειν τραγφθίαν to sing the songs in 2 Tragedy to music. II. to harmonise or

chime in with, Lat. concinere.

mporation, sor. I part. of mporatores.

Apor-asployed, Med. to choose to oneself, attach to oneself. IL so choose or elect in addition to.
Apor-alform Att. -doom, f. fm, to spring or rush

to: to come quickly upon or over.

apor out is, f. how, to ask besides. . . a semand in addition II. to continue asking, to beg of oue:

about to beg bard. Hence

προσ-αποντίζω, f. σω, to aboot like a javelin.
προσ-απτέον, vcrb.Adj. of προσάγω, one must bring to.
προσαίτης, ου, δ, a beggar.

προσ-άπούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear vesides. προσ-άλειφω, f. ψω, to rub or smear upon.

TOO Aloropas, Pass. to be taken besides, to be cast

προσ-άλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: act. I -ηλάμην; Dep.:-to jump up, at or upon one.

προσ-αμείβομαι, Dor. pošt. 201. 1 ποταμειψάμην, to answer.

προσ-ἄμελγω, f. fee, to milk besides: Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) ποταμέλ feru will yield milk besides. προσ-αμπέχομαι, (πρόε, ἀμπέχω), Pass to be beld fast in a thing.

προσ-ἄμύνω [8], f. δνώ. to come to aid one προσ-αμφιέννομι, Att. fut. -αμφιώ, to put on over. προσ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to climb up to: cl tiders, to mount besides. Hence

mpoσaváβāσus poët. mpoσάμβ-, η, a going up to, approach, ελίμακος mpoσaμβάσεις approach and ascent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

προσανάβηθι, 201. 2 Imperat. of προσαναβαίνω. προσ-αναγιγνώσκω, to read besides.

προσ-διαγκόζω, f. άσω, to force on constrain besides.

2. to bring under command, discipline.
II. to force one to do a thing.

mpog-avayopeva, to announce beside.

mpog-avaγpάφω, f. ψω, to write or note down besides.

mpog-avauptw, f. ήσω, to lift up besides: Med. to take upon oneself or undertake besides.

II. of an oracle, to give an answer besides.

προσ-άναισζηδω, f. ώσω, to spend or consume oceases. προσανάκλημα, τό, that on which one leans. From προσ-ανακλίνομαι, Pass. to lean on. [I] Hence προσανάκλοτε, ή, a leaning or lying on.

mpoσ-avaλaμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι to take up or receive besides.

2. metaph. to recruit or refresh besides.

προσ-ἄνἄλισκω, f. -ανᾶλώσω, to spend or consume besides :-- aor. I part. προσωπλώσα

mpoo-avamhnpow, f. wow, to fill up by to ming into fill up the measure of.

προσ-αναρτάω, f. ήσω, to hung up besides or upon προσ-αναστέλλω, to bold in check besides.

προσ-ανατίδημι, f. -θήσω:—to offer or dedicate besides:—Med. to take something udditional on onceself: to contribute besides: also

Il to conferor consult with.

προσ-ανδράποδίζω, t. low Att. ιω, to enslave hesides. προσ-άναμι (ἀνά, εἶμι ibo), to go up to

προσ-ανείπον, 2 or. 2 without pres. in use (προσrαγορεύω being used instead) to announce, publish or order besides.

προσ-ανής, έε, Dor. for προσηνη...

mpon-avrns, es, gen. eos, (spôs, durny) rising up against or so as to meet one, up-bill, Lat. arduus, II. metaph. steep, arduous: irksome, displeasing fainful.

III. of persons, adverse, bostile

προσ-απαγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to report besides. προσ-απαγορεύω, to forbid besides. προσ-απαιτέω, f. how, to demand besides.

προσ-απειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten besides. προσ-απείπον, apr. 2 without pres. in use (προσawayopever being used instead), to forbid, renounce | -Pass., with nor. 2 act. -awforms, pf. -apforms, to besides.

προσ-αποβάλλω, f. -βαλώ, to throw away or loss besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides. mpoor-amobelityuju, f. -belfw, to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides. TPOG-anokolvonas, Med. to answer besides.

mpog-amourelyes, f. - errevel, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολαύ», f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απόλλυμι and -ύω: f. -ολέσω:--to destroy, despatch, kill besides: to lose besides: - Med., with pf. 2 act. προσαπόλωλα, to perish besides or with others. mpoor-amomenum, f. you, to send away or off besides. προσ-αποστέλλω, f. -στελώ, to send off besia.s.

προσ-αποστερέω, f. ήσω, to defraud besides προσ-αποτιμάω, f. ήσω, to value or estimate besides.

προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίσω, to carry off besides : to return or report in besides.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon: in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with. 2. to apply to: to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. Med. wpoodutopat, to touch, lay bold on, meddle with. προσ-αραρίσκω, f. -άρσω: 2012 - ήρδρον:---to join, fil, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 #poo-/ napa Ion. - άρηρα: 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. προσαρήρε-Tax: - to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash against.

προσ-άρηρα, Ion. pf. of προσαραρίσκω.

προσάρηρεται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσαραρίσκω. πρ.σ-αρκίω, f. έσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, belp, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present, c. acc. rei.

προσ-αρμόζω later Att. -αρμόττω: f. όσω: pf. pass. - hopogram: -- to fit to, put or attach closely to: metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.

προσ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to fasten or attach to:-Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to: to be devoted to. προσ-dσσω, Att. for προσ-αίσσω.

προσ-άτιμόω, f. ώσω, to disbonour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-avalvo μαι, Pass. (πρόε, αδαίνω) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδάω, f. ήσω: impf. προσηύδων, 3 sing. -ηύδα, 3 dual -ηυδήτην:-to speak to, address. accost. προσ-αύλοιος, ον, (πρός, αυλή) near a farm-yard, Fratic.

mpoor-audies, f. how, to accompany on the flute. moor-autave. f. -authow, to increase besides:-Pass. to grow or wax larger.

mpoor-ave, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω. Ε ήσω, to take away besides: - Med. to take away for oneself besides:-Pass. to bave a thing taken away besides.

moog-aduxylouat, f. -aplfouat, Dep. to arrive at. προσ-αφίστημι, f. - στήσω, to cause to revolt besides:

revolt besides.

προσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βίβημα: acr. 2 -έβην, 201. I med. - βησάμην;--to go towards, step up on: to mount or ascend. 2. to come near : to come upon, attack.

προσ-βάλλω, fut. -βαλώ: 201. 2 -έβαλον: pl.  $-eta \epsilon eta \lambda \eta$  was, pass.  $-eta \epsilon eta \lambda \eta \mu a \iota$ :—to throw to or whom, to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to: of the Sun, δρούρας προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays: to strike or reach the senses. metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to beart, attend to it: - Med. to throw oneself upon, at-II. intr., to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage: also to attack, assail: to approach, come to. 2. to but in with a ship, come to land or port.

προσβάς, ασα, άν, sor. 2 part. of προσβαίνα. πρόσβάσιε, ή, (ποοσβαίνω) a means of approach,

προσβάτός, ή, ύν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βίάζομαι, f. –άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel, constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass. wpogβιασθήναι, to be forced or bard pressed.

προσ-βιβάζω: f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:---Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to: metaph. to bring over, persuade.

προσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

προσ-βλώσκω, f. -μολούμαι: εος. 2 -έμολον:--- το come or go to, to reach, arrive at: to approach.

προσ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call to: - Med., Ion. 201. Ι προσεβωσάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοηθέω Ion. –βωθέω, f. ήσω, to come to aid. come up with succour: to bring succour or support to. προσβολή, ή, (προσβάλλω) a putting to or upon: applying. II. a falling upon, an attack, assault; προσβολή 'Axails an attack of the Achaeans generally, a going towards, a means of approaching: an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at. barbour.

 $\pi p \delta \sigma$ -γelos,  $\sigma v$ , ( $\pi p \delta s$ ,  $\gamma \delta a = \gamma \hat{\eta}$ )  $\pi \epsilon a r$  the earth: near land.

πρόσ-βορρος, ον, (πρόε, βορέαε) exposed to the north wind.

προσ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [č], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [i]: fat. -γενήσομαι: pf. -γεγένημαι: Dep.:--to come or go to, attach 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat. oneself to. accedere. 3. to arrive: of things, to come to. ba<del>ppen to.</del>

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω: pf. -γέγράφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι:—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil: τὰ spoorerpaupira conditions added to a treats.

mpooryupvalue, f. aou, to exercise at or with.

mpoor-bavelles, f. ou, to lend in addition to: -- Med. with pf. pass. spoodeddresout, to bave lent one, borrow in addition.

mood-bandvaw, f. how, to spend besides. πρόσδεγμα, ατοι, τό. (προσδέχομαι) reception.

apod dei, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen.

there is still need of.

προσφέκομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.

προσ-δέομαι Dor. poët. ποτι-δεύομαι: f. -δεήσω: aor. I pass. -εδεήθην: Dep.:-to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want.

beg or ask of another; to beg one to do. προσ-δέρκομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρκομαι: fut. med. -δέρξομαι: sor. I pass. -εδέρχθην; and in same sense 201. 2 act. - lopanor, pf. - bloopma; Dep.:- to look at, bebold.

πρόσθετος, ον. (προσδέω) tied to a thing.

προσ-δεύομαι. poët. for προσδέομαι, Dor. ποτίδ-. προσ-δέχομαι Ion. προσ-δέκομαι: fut. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Ep. 20r. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor. part. worthly meyon: -- to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. to wait for or expect a thing; absol. to wait patiently, abide.

προσ-δέω (A), f. -δήσω: pf. pass. προσδέδεμαι:-

to tie, bind, or fasten to or on.

mpoor-bie (B), f. -behow, to need besides. προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides.

προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. II. to

insinuate besides.

mpoor-biologist, Dep. to distinguish further. προσ-διαλέγομαι, 201. I pass. -διελέχθην, Dep. to converse besides with.

προσ-διαμαρτύρου, f. ήσω, to testify in addition. προσ-διανέμω, to distribute: - Med. to divide among themselves.

προσ-διαπασσάλεύω, to fasten to with nails. mpoor-biamphoone, f. fw, to achieve or accomplish

besides: - Med to achieve for oneself besides. трос-вифверю, f. -фверо: ph. ефварка, pass. έφθαρμαι: 201. 2 pass. -εφθάρην [d]:-to destroy bessdes: -Pass. to perish besides.

#poσ-8ίδωμι, f. δώσω, to give besides of in addition. προσ-δυηγέομαι, f ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate be-

uder. moor-blacke. f. dow, to award as a sudge to a per-100 :- Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit

προσ-διορθόω, f. ώσω. to ordain bendes:—Med. to correct oneself besides.

mpoor-Bropiles, f. ow. to define or specify besides. mpor-Blows, f. fw, to pursue besides.

προσ-δοκάω Ion. -ίω: fut. ήσω: sor. I -εδύκησα: -so expect, look for: to await.

TOOT-Boxles, f. -boles: sor. I -lbole: -to seem or e thought besides.

προσθόκητος, ον, (προσδοκάω) expected.

προσθοκία, ή, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectaion, anticipation, whether of good or bad; upor spoordontar according to expectation.

por Course, or, (specionder) expected, looked for, on.

or to be expected; in Mingrov spoodomuos expected to come against Miletus.

προσ-δόρπιοε Dor. ποτιδόρπιοε, ον, (πρόε, δύρπον) belonging to ot serving for supper.

προσ-δράκειν, aor. 2 inf. of προσδέρκομαι.

προσδράμειν, acr. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμών, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.

mpoor-edus, f. dow [a], to suffer to go further. προσάβην, 201. 2 οί προσβαίνω.

προσεβήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. τ med. of. προσβαίνω.

προσ-εγγίζω, f. σω, to bring near. IL intr. to: attroach, draw near.

προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp. to add a limiting clause.

προσ-εγγυάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.

mpoor-eyyplus, f. low [1] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.

προσ-εδάφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.

mpooreopela or -la, h, a serting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat. assi-

duitas:-esp. a sitting by a sick-hed. From προσεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόσεδρος) to sit beside ot near, 2. to attend constantly. be near to, Lat. assidere.

 $\pi \rho \circ \sigma \in \partial \rho \circ a$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $= \pi \rho \circ \sigma \in \partial \rho \in a$ . πρόσ-εδρος, ον, (πρόε, έδρα) sitting or abiding near;

πρίσεδρος λιγνύς the surrounding smoke. προσέειπε, Ep. for προσείπε: see προσείπον.

προσέθηκα, 201. Ι οί προστίθημι.

προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing: -Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing. προσ-ειδέναι, -δώs, inf. and part. of πρόσοιδα.

προσ-είδον, inf. προσίδειν part. προσίδών: 201. 2 without any pres. in use, \*pocopác being used instead: inf. med. προσιδέσθαι:—to look at or upon. II. Pass. sporsido pai, to appear beside or near to, to be like.

mpocretica, Att. for mpocretica, q. v.

προσ-εικάζω, f. σω: 201. Ι -ήκάσα:--to make like to, liken to, make to resemble:-Pass, to be like, re-II. metaph. to compare.

προσ-είκελος, η, or, also os, or, somewhat like. προσ-ειλέω Dor. προτι-ειλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.

προσείληφα, -είλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of specλαμβάνω.

προσειλόμην, 201. 2 med. of προσαιρέω.

πρόσ-ειλος, ον, (πρός, είλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light.

mpoo-eim, inf. spoorevar: impf. spoo-few Ion. -hio. Att. - ĝa: 20τ. 2 part. προσιών: (πρό2, εἶμι ibo):--to go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostil: sense, to go or come against, attack. forward to speak. II. of Time, to come III. to come in; ta mposiórta xphuata oc rd spositora alone, il jublic income, revenue, Lat. reditus.

πρόσ-αμι, inf. προσείναι: impf. προσην: (προε, ειμί sim):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II. to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absolto be there, be offered.

#poσ-etwov, inf. προσειπεῶ: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσειγορτών being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute.

2. to call so and so: to name

προσ-εισπράσσω, f. fe, to exact payment of besides. προ-σείω, f. σω, to hold out and shake; προσείειν χείρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to hold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to east out or expel besides.

προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.
προσ-εκπύρδω, f. ώσω, to kindle, set on fire besides.
προσ-εκπέον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apbly: absol. one must attend.

προσεκτικός, ή, όν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσ-εκτάλλω, to pluck out besides.

προσέκυρσα, 201. Ι οί προσκυρέω.

προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσ-ελαίνω, t. -ελάσω [d], Att. -ελώ: 201. I - ήλăσa:--to drive towarde II. intr., I. (sub. israv or άρμα), to ride towards, ride up to, Lat. adequitare. 2. (sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσύλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω. προσώλω, false form for προυσώλω.

προσελθείν, προσελθέν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-λικω, f. -έλξω οι -ελιύσω [i]: 201. I -ειλιώσα: --to draw to oι towards, draw on: -- Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

mpoor-exhelme, f. you, to be still wanting.

προσ euβalves, f. - εμβήσομα: 2 20τ. 2 - ενέβην: -- to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. insultare.

προσ-αμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

mpoo-en mucoalvonau, Pass., with fut. med. -aroupau, to be angry with besides or further.

προσ-εμφερής, έε, resembling.

προσ-έναχε, Dor. for προσ-ένηχε, 3 sing. impf. of προσνήχω.

mpoor-evolution, f. -eroelfw, to declare besides:-

mpoor-everyopalu, f. ow, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμόσμα: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.: - to think on at take into consideration besides.

sommand to do, c. inf. 3. to call by name.

προσ-εννοίω, l. ήσω, to think on or observe bestaes. προσ-εντείνω, l. -τενώ, to inflict besides.

repos-evrlikkopan, Dep. to enjoin or command besides.

mpoor-captopar, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

- προσ-εξόμαρτένω, f. - εμαρτήσομαι, to fail still store.

προσ-ξανδράποδίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοθμαι: Dep. -to enslave utterly besides.

wpoo-efavioτημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides: - Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:-- to swork out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξείργασμαι is used in the dopon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to bave been achieved or effected besides: cf. λργάζομαι. προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides. προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

mpoσ-fouca, pf. with pres. sense, Att. mpoσ-shoa, in mpoσ-sizera: there is also a pass form of pf., mpoσ-fi-γ μα: —to be like or resemble in a thing. II. is seem fit. III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise besides. προσ-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [δ]:--to accuse be

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσυμαι, - προσυμβαίνω.
προσ-επεξαυρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or desist for any purpose besides.

mporémorov, acr. 2 of sporsistes.

προσ-επβάλλω, f. -βάλῶ, to throw upon besides, r add over and above

προσ-επιγράφω [d], f. ψω, to write upon besides. προσ-επίκαμαι, Pass. to press or bear bard upon προσ-επικτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

wpoσ-emλαμβάνομαι, Med. to belp to take bold of a thing: to belp or succour, esp. in war

προσ-επιορικόω, f. ήσω, to swear a false oath beside: προσ-επιπνόω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still. προσ-επιπονόω, f. ήσω, to trouble oneself still more. προσ-επισικώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επίστομαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, sor. I pass. -ηπιστήθην: Dep.:—to understand or last besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f. –στελώ: to notify, encu. charge besides; esp. by letter.

mpoσ-emorphayiloum, Att. tut. -ιούμαι:--med:
--to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or
ratify besides

троо-епитертории, Pam. to enjoy oneself needes a still more.

wpoo-empowelus, t. ous, to act as guardian to at further:—Pass. to be subject to an guardian, be in ward of another.

προσ-επιφωνίω, f. ήσω, to say by way of addition προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gracify is sides.

προσεπτάμην [ά], 201. 2 οξ προστετομα. προσ-εργάζομαι, ε. -άσομαι: ps. -εί~ασμαι: Dep.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -cl ~ ασμαι: Dep. -to work or effect besides. πρόσ-εργοε, ον, (πρόε, ξργον) industrious.

apor eperyonas, Dep. to somit forth against: Extaph., what a sporeproperty at the waves been forming against the rocks.

wpoweple Att. contr. wpowepl, ful. to wpowelsor: | --to speak to, to address.

προσ-colles, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against. προσ-έρομαι, f. -ερήσομαι; 20τ. -ηρόμην, inf. -ερέσθυ: Dep.:-- to ask besides.

προσ-έρτε Dot. ποθέρπω: f. ψω: 20π. I προσείρπύσα:—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; δ προσέρπων χρόνου the coming time; το πρόσερπον the coming event, the future.

- προσέρρηξα, son I of προσρήγνυμι.

προσ-ερυγγάνω, - προσερεύγομαι.

mpog-ipχομαι, impt. -ηρχόμην, f. -ελεύσομαι (but the Att. impf. and fut. are προσήειν, πρόσειμι): Dep. with act. aor. 2 - ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: --το εοme or go to: to eome forward: absol. to approach, drawnigh; also to be nigh at band. 2. to visit, associate with. 2. in hostile sense, to go or march against.

II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redire.

spoo-epertie, f. how, to ask or question besides.
spoo-to-stops Dor. not-to-stops, or, verging tozoards evening: neut. pl. 7d sofforepa as Adv.,

towards evening.

spos-eraspliqua, Med. to take to oneself as a friend, choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence sposeraspiorbs, be, joined with as a comrade, attached to a party.

προσ-έτι, Adv. over and above, besides. πρόσευξαι, 201. I imperat. of προσεύχομαι. προσ-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to procure or supply besides:

be provided with.

=pos-explores, f. -exphyse, to find besides.

srpow-evxh, η, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From srpow-evxouat, f. -ξαμαί, Dep. to offer prayers or some: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a hing.

προσέφην, ηε, η, 20τ. 2 οί πρίσφημι.

προσεχής, ές, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bor-

-προσ-έχω, f. fw: 20r. 2 προσέσχον: pf, προσoxyma:-to bave besides or in addition. old to, bring to or near; upowexer valv to bring a pip to port or to land; and without raw, to put in r touch at a place; προσέχειν τη γη, τη νήσφ to meb at: to land: sometimes also raugh moorcw. III. sposexely toy vour, to turn one's ind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum Evertere: also without rdv vouv, to altend; spooes faur fo give beed to oneself. eself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV. ed. To attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it: to devote oheself to the service of any one. s. to be beld fast by a thing: to be implicated in. ှေဝဝ-မေ့်ဝန, ဝr, (အpos, lebs) towards dawn or morn-

- σο ζεύγνθμι, f.-ζεόξω, to yoke or fasten to:-

ο όσ-ηβος, ον, (πρύε, ήβη) near manbood.

\*\* προσηγορόω, f. ήσω, (προσήγορου) to address kindly: to console. Hence

προσηγόρημα, ατοε, τό, the object of an address. προσηγορία, ή, (προσηγορέω) an addressing kindly, friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσήγοροι, ον, (πρόι, ἀγορεύω) addressing, accosting; al προσήγοροι δρύει the speaking cakes: c. gen., εὐγματων Παλλάδοι προσήγοροι addressing prayers to Pallas: generally, affable.

II. pass. addressed, accosted:—as Subst. προσύγορου A. σε αστομένου σε δε προσύγορου Α. σε σε σε προσύγορου Α. σε προσύγορου Α. σε δε προσύγορου Α. σε δε προσύγορου Α. σε προσύγορου Α. σε προσύγορου Α. σε δε προσύγορου Α. σε δε προσύγορου Α. σε προσύγορου Α. σε δε προσύγ

accosted:—as Subst. προσήγοροε, δ, an acquaintance. προσηδόφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδάφίζω.

προσημέαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προσέοικα. προσηκάμην, 20τ. I med. of προσίημι.

προσηκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of προσήκω, suitably, filly, becomingly.

mpoorhuov, part. neut. of mpoorhuo used absol., it being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or conveniret.

mpor-hum, to have come to, to have arrived at a place: to be near, be at band. 2. metaph. to be-II. impers., προσήκει πρόε τινα it conlong to. cerns, bas reference to one; c. dat., spoothed uot it is 2. it belongs to, beceems, befits: see my *business*. προσήκου. III, the Partic. spoothern, ovaa, or is very common, belonging to, befitting, beseeming: and of persons, related, akin: of upostheories (in fall ol spootheorres yever), one's kinsmen, relatives: ru spootikov or ta spootheover that which belongs to ones all that is proper to oneself; The Tpoon Kougue σωτηρίαν έκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own salety; tà pootheorta what is fit at seemly, one's duties.

προσ-ήλιος, or, (πρόε, ήλιοε) lowards the sun, ε:posed to the sun, sunny,

προσ-ηλόω, f. ωσω, to nail, pin, or affin to. II. to nail up, sbut close up.

προσήλύθον, 201. 2 of προσέρχομαι.

mpoσ-ήλύτος, ον. (προσήλυθον) come to, arrived at:
—as Subst., προσήλύτος, ό, a new comer, stranger,
Lat. advěna: hence, one who has come over to Judaism, a convert, proselyte.

πρόσ-ημαι, properly pf. of προσέζομα: Pass.:—lo sit upon or close to: to remain close to.

mpo-crypalves, f. arû: nor. I mpoechupra:—to give previous or public intimation: to foretell, announge.

II. to proclaim, publish.

προσήνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.

mpoo-twenos, or, (note, are not) towards the wind, windward.

προσηνέχθην, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω. προσ-ηνής Dor. προσ-ανής, έε, (πρός, ετε) soft, gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, suitable to. `Adv. προσηνώε.

προσήρτημα, pf. pass. of προσαρτάω.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσανδάω.

mpoor noon, or, (mpos, not) Ion. for mpooredor, to-wards more: neut. se Adv. in Dor. form to not acreafor, towards morning.

moor-banke, f. how, to sit beside, near or upon. mpoore, Ion. and poet. for moorew. moorbelyon, moorbels, sor. 2 inf. and part. of

TPOOTIONE.

πρόσθεν Ion. and post. πρόσθε: (πρό).

As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in front II. of Time, before. of, in defence of.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., els to spooter forward, fur-II. of Time, before, formerly, ther, to the front. of old: also c. Art., if uplater imper the day before: III. also also to uposter as Adv., formerly. before, in sense of sooner, Lat. poline; spooder discfarely f .. to die sooner than ..

mpostiouro, Ion. for mposterro, acr. 2 med. opt. of

προστίθημι.

πρόσθες, acr. 2 imperat, of προστίθημι.

πρόσθεσιε, ή, (προστίθημι) a putting to, applica-

ion. II. an adding, an addition apportunity, the mast add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, or, or η, or, verb. Adj. of προστίθημι, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hait.

mpoor-bies, f. -Octoopes, to run towards or to. προσθήκη, ή, (προστίθη μι) an addition, appendage, rupplement. 2. something added, a mere accidest. II. aid, belp, assistance.

πρόσθημα, ατος, τό, (προστίθημι) an addition. προσ-θιγγάνω, f. -θίξω: act. a προσίθτγον, inf. προσθιγείν:—to touch.

πρόσθιος, a, or, (πρός θεν) the foremost; of πρόσθιος wides the fore feet.

mpool6-80mos, 6, (mpoode, bouce) the chief of a boune. wpoσθοθ, zor, z mes. imperat. of wpoστίθημι

προσ-θροίω, f. ήσω, to call to, address προσθύμιος, οτ, (πρός, θθμές) according to one's

mud, agreeable, welcome. προσιδείν, προσίδων, sor. 2 inf. and part. of TPOCEBOY.

mpoo-ilave, to sit by or near. IL to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare

mpoo-law, f. - chow, to sit by or near

προσ-ίημι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: aor. I spoones, med. -ηκάμην: - to send to or towards, let come to: to apply. II. Med. προσίεμαι, to let come to re near one, suffer to approach, admit. to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve. 3. 4. c. inf. to unto accept, submit to, put up with. dertake to do, venture: c. acc. pers. to please one; to ob spooleral me one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ικνέομαι, f. -lfoμαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. to come to as a suppliant. Henco

προσίκτωρ, opos. ό, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant. II. pass. be to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

mpoor-vameles, f. out to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ίστημι, ε - στήσω: to place near, bring

II. Pass. spootorapes, with untr. tenses of Act., 20r. 2 -lorify, pf. -lorifua:--to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. metaph., spoolovaral of not something occurs to 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend give offence to.

mpoor-toropies, f. how, to narrate besides. mpoor-logue, - spoorlyee, to bold towards or against: intr. to put to land, put into port :- Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσυτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of πρέσειμι (εξμι εδοι. approachable.

προστών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 3 part. of πρόσειμι (εἶμι ibo) προσ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι; 201. 3 -καθεζόμην Dep. :- to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit dosen before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, properly pf. of sposnatifopas: Pass,:—to sit by or near, to sit beside IL to ait down before a town. one, to live with. beziege it, Lat. obsidere.

mpoor-kallines, sor. I -maleixedou, to band down bevides.

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c acc. cognato. Baror moograficer, to sit on a sent mpso-madiotypu, f. orhow, to appoint besides.

προσ-καθοπλίζω, f. σω, to arm or equip besides. mplor-kaupos, or, lasting but for a time, transitory npov-kalu, f. –kavov pai, to set on fire besides:-Pass., pf. spooninavau, to be burnt through; oneig προσκεκαυμένα potsburnt tbrough: also to be implamed with love, to be in love with.

mpoor-maken, f. low, to call to, call on, summon:-Mcd. to sall to oneself, call to one's aid. of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuralay on indictment against; in full, blum dochios spoorakely spoe row Basike to bring an action for impiety against ... but commonly without bless spookaheir tira draroplas (sub. blayr) to bring as action for cowardice against :- Pass., & spoorthate the tarty summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor. ποτι-κ -, αν, (πρός, καρδια) es σ at the beart.

проσ-картерещ f. how, to persevere in a thing. to adbere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτέρησιε, ή, perseverance.

mpoor-karafalves, f. - fino par, to go down to beside προσ-καταβάλλω, ε. -βαλώ, εο ρεγιεο 🙉 εο 🖦 up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, ατοι, τό, that which is paid is addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the

прос-катаугууйски, f. --үүйсөриг, to condem 🛏 II. to adjudge or award to. sides,

προσ-καταισχύνω, f. brw, to disgrace still further προσ-καταλέγω, ε. έω, to enroll in addition to. mpoor-karahelmu, f. thu, to leave believel, bequest

besides: also to leave, lose besides. mpoor-caravipe, f. -vepil, to allot or swige being

προσ-καταριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count besides. προσ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish or prepare besides:-Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides. προσ-κατασύρω [0], to pull down besides.

προσ-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to pay down besides, pay as a further deposit.

προσ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to lay to one's charge besides :- Pass. as logical term, to be predicated be-

προσ-κάτημαι, Ion. for προσκάθημαι.

πρόσ-κειμαι Ion. προσ-κέομαι, f. -κείσομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τη θύρα προσκείσθαι to keep close to the door. 2. to lie with. III. to be attached be joined with, involved in. or devoted to; προσκείσθαι τῷ λεγομένο to put faitb in, subscribe to a story: to devote oneself to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to. IV. to press upon, solicit: to press close or bard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.

προσκέκλημαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω. προσ-κερδαίνω, f. δήσω, to gain besides.

προσ-κεφάλαιον, τό, a cusbion for the head, pillow:

also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion. προσ-κηδής, ές, (πρός, κήδος) attached to, affec-II. akin to, allied with.

προσ-κηρίκεύομαι, Dep. to send a berald to one. προσ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. fw, to summon by berald.

προσ-κιγκλίζω, (πρόε, κίγκλοε) to move to and fro, wag the tail at :- Pass., εδ ποτεκιγκλίσδευ (2 sing. Dor. impf. for wpowering NA((ov) nimbly didst 'bou twist or writhe about.

προσ-κλάω, f. άσω [d], to shatter or shiver against. προσ-κληρόω, f. ώσω. to assign by lot :- Pass. to be associated with.

πρόσκλησις, ή, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons. προσ-κλίνω, f. -κλίνω: pf. pass. προσκέκλζμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται :—to make to lean against, to put to or against:-Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence

πρόσκλίσις, εως, η, inclination, bias, partiality. προσ-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash with waves: to dash

against, of the waves.

mpoor-kvam, i. - kvhow, to rub against: - Med. to rub oneself against.

mpoo-korpilopan, Pass. to go to sleep beside.

προσ-κοινόω, f. ώσω, tr communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.

προσ-πολλάω, f. ήσω, to glue on or to:-Pass. to be lastened to, to cleave to.

προσ-κομίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to earry or convey to a place:-Med. to bring with one, bring home: to mport.

πρόσκομμα, ατος, τύ, (προσκόπτω) a stumble: an occasion of strimbling, cause of offence or sin.

προ-σκοπία: fut. προσκέψομαι and sor. Ι προύσκεψά-

μην (as if from προ-σπέπτομαι, which does not occur): pf. spourkempat :—to see beforeband, look out for : to provide against: -Med. to watch, take care of. to spy or reconnoitre beforeband. Hence

προ-σκοπή, ή, a spying or reconnoitring beforeband. προσ-κοπή, ή, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.

πρό-σκοπος, or, seeing beforeband foreseeing. es Subst., πρόσκοποι, οί, outposts, scouts.

προσ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πp. tor wour to strike one's foot, i. c. to stumble, against. Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. to take öffence, be angry at.

προσ-κορής, έε, (πρόε, κορέννυμι) causing satisty, palling, disgusting.

πρόσ-κράνος, ον, (πρός, κράνον) on or for the bead: -as Subst., πρόσκράνον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cusbian for the bead, pillow.

προσ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike againet: to bave a collision with, quarrel with.

προσ-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. -κέκτημαι: Dep.: -to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part. also in pass. sense, the spootseκτημένα things acquired besides.

προσ-κτλίω, f. -κυλίσω [i]: 20τ. I -εκύλίσα:-- to

roll to ot against.

προσ-κύνέω, £ ήσω: 201. Ι προσεκύνησα το t. #ροσέκδσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them *by worship*. Hence

προσκύνητής, οῦ, ὁ, α worshipper.

προσ-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκῦφα:---to stoop to or over one, to stoop and whisper to him.

προσ-κύρίω, f. ήσω; with three irreg. tenses, mipf. προσέκθρον, f. προσκύρσω, 201. Ι προσέκυρσα: 10 reach, arrive at, c. dat.: to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.

προσκύσαι, πρόσκύσον, aor. I inf. and iniper. of προσκυνίω.

πρόσ-κωπος, or. (πρός, κάπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρύσκωπος, δ, a rower.

προσλάβειν, 201. 2 inf. of προσλαμβάνω.

προσλάβών, προ τλαβόμενος, 20r. 2 part. 2ct. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λαγχάνω, f. λήξομαι: sor. 2 - λάχον: pf. -είληχα:-to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνεις δίκην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.

προσ-λάζυμαι, Dep. - προσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to talk to or with.

προσ-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι: 201. 2 - έλαβον. pl. -clappa: -to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:-so also in Mcd. 2. to take another to belp one, take II. to take bold of: to take part in:with one. to take bold of a thing besides: -so also in Med. c. gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to belp, assist.

προσ-λέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:-Pass. to lie

near or oy; 3 sing. Ep. 201. 5 pass. spoolhearts. II. so epenh to, address, accous:—Med. to meditate.

mpoor-haborou, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψης, ή, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming buides: an assumption.

mpos-Almupiu, f. hou, to persiet or persenere in. II. to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπάρησιε, ή, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. loopat Att. ιοθμαι, Dep. to rechos or count in addition to. II. to impute to. Hence

mpostoyerstor or plur. -ta, verb. Adj. one must count besides, rection in.

προσμάθητόον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides.

προσ-μανθένω, f. -μάθρσομαι, to learn besides. προσ-μαρτύρδω, f. ήσω, to bear witness besides, bear additional witness: to confirm by additional

evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. fw: aor. I -έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I προσ-μάσσω, f. fw: aor. I -έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I προσεμάχθην: pf. -μέμαγμαι:—to knead or plaster against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσων τον Πειραίδ τἢ πόλει to knead or stick on Peirmeus to the city:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραίσι προσμαχθέν stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass. sense, ποτιμαξάμενοε, stuck or sticking close to (the head)

προσ-μάχομαι [d]: f. -μαχέσομαι Att. -μαχοθμαι: Dep.:--to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμείναι, προσμείναε, acr. I inf. and part. of προσ-μένω, f. -μενώ, to abide or wait still longer; προσμένευ τινί to remain or wait for some one. II. trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπόμπομαι, Med. to send for besides. προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Med. to contrive besides for oneself.

II. Pass. to be cunningly fastened to.

mpor-ulyvous and -in: fut, -ulgo: -to mingle or join with, unile to, bring to. II. intr. to come into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land, arrive at. 2. of persons, to bold intercourse with, meet with: -in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in battle, engage with.

πρόσιμξιε, ή, (προσμίγνυμ) a mixing or mingling with. II. a coming to, approaching. 2. an attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσγω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι. προσ-μίστω, f. ήσω, to bate besides.

wpoor-mobbs, f. was, to let out for bire or interest besides:—Med. to take into one's bire, bire.

προσ-μολείν, 20τ. 2 inf. of προσβλώσκω, πρόσ-μορος, or, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μοθέρμαι, f. ήσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:-το address, accost.

mpos-µiboloyle, f. how, to chatter in.
wpos-µipopan, Dep. to flow to or with.

προσ-νανιτηγέω, f. φσω; so build abije in addition.
 προσ-νέχω [d], Dor. for προσνέχω.
 προσ-νέμω, f. -νεμώ: acr. I -ένειμα: -το allot,

andrin, devote or dedicate to: to add:—Pass. to be assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to devote, dedicate.
2. spoorepeer solutes to drive flocks to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νεθσομαι, to swim to or towards. προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim towards. II. of water, to dash upon.

mpos-vistoropas Dor. morev-, Dep. to come or go to. II. to come against.

mpos-volu, f. how, to perceive besides. mpos-vupda, f. how, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξω-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-

προσ-όδιοε, ον, (πρόε, όδιοε) belonging to a solemn procession, processional: το προσύδιον (sub. μέλοε) a solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

mp60-080e, h, a going or coming to, an approach, advance: in pl. mp60000, onsets, attacks. 2. a solemn procession to a temple.

solemn procession to a temple.

sourd to speak, leave to speak.

esp. the public revenue; mostly in plux. remenues, returns, profits, Lat. reditus, proventus.

πρόσ-οιδα, pf. without any pres. in use, (πρόε, οίδα) to know besides.
2. προσειδέναι χάρεν to osse thanks beside.

mpoσ-oundon, f. dow, to assign to a person as his onempoσ-ounder, f. dow, to dwell by or near; of towns, to lie near or nent. II. trans. to dwell in or near a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. from to build in addition or near πρόσ-οικου, or, (πρόε, olsels) dwelling near to, bordering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοεωσε, δ, a neighbour.

προσοιστέος, α, or, verb. Adj. of προσφέρει, to be added to. 2. neut. προσοιστέον one must add.

προσ-οίσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω. προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, 201. Ι - άκειλα, to run aubore. προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrous to.

TPOG-OULDIE. f. how, to go along with.

mpor-outhées, f. how, to bold intercourse or comers with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, so remain at or cling to a place. III. to busy oneself with, be engaged with a thing.

· mpoo-ouvum, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-όμοιος, or, nearly like, resembling. Hence προσομοιόω, f. ώσω, to make like to.

mpoσ-ομολογίω, f. how, to concede or grant besides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to promise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to terms. Hence

προσ-όμουρος, or, adjoining, adjacent.
προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσωσμίζων θεούε to give them the name θεοί.
προσ-οπτάζω Doft ποτ-, poöt, for προσωμία.

- apor opdu, f. - όψομαι: acr. 2 - είδον: -- to look at: - so also in Med. προσοράσμαι.

wpoo-ophyonas, Med. to reach out after: c. dat. to be urgent or pressing with.

πρόσ-ορθρόπ, or, (πρός, όρθρου) towards morning: next, as Adv. in Dot. form τό ποτόρθρον, at dawn. προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides:—Med. to mark out for onesself besides; προσορίζεσθαι olekar to bave a house marked in proc of a mortgage.

#poo-epulle, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near a place:—Pass. and Med., f. -ορμούμαι, 20τ. I -ορμούμην and -exculoθην, to come to anchor near a place. Hence

spoodopulars, h, a coming to anchor or to land.
spoodostly, f. ou, (spis, obtas) to dash to earth.
spoodospiu, f. hou, to make water upon.

πρόσ-ουρος, or, Ion. for πρόσορος, (πρός, δρος) adjoining, bordering on, adjacent; τό πρόσορα the adjacent parts; is abrde ην πρόσορος where he was his own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

προσ-οφέθω, f. ήσω, to owe yet more, be in debt besides:—Pass. to be still owing, be still due.

προσ-οφλιστιάνω, f. -οφλήσω: 201. 2 -ῶφλον, inf. -οφλεῦ: -- to owe besides, to incur as a further debt: generally, to incur or deserve besides: 25 kw-term, to lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

mpoσ-exeller. Low, to be wroth with: to be offended at.
mpoσ-ours, η, appearance, aspect, look; ση πρόσours thy presence, i. c. thine own self, thou.

II. a
seeing, beholding, sight.

apor-valle, f. -valfopa: 200. I -fraire:--to play, sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, moch. apor-valor, or, (upos, valo) striking upon: sudden, new, fresh, recent: & vporvalov as Adv., suddenly,

new, fresh, recent: ex spoosation as Aux., suddenty, newly nepoor-adhalm, f. om, to wrestle or struggle with onc.

προσ-παραγράφω, to write beside or in addition. προσ-παρακαλίω, f. έσω, to call in besides, invite. προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσ-παρασκενάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides. προσπαρδείν, 20r. 2 inf. of προσπέρδω.

προσπαροιν, 20τ. 2 int. 01 προσπερου.
προσπαρέχω, f. ξω, to furnish or provide besides.
προσπασσάλευω Att. παστάλευω, f. σω, to nail
last on or to.
II. to nail up or hang upon a peg.
προσπάσχω, f. πείσομαι, to be affected be-

ides. II. to be passionately in love with.

\*\*\*poor-weakile, f. doe, to bring near to, drive
gainst. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come
ighto.

προσ-πέμπω, f. yw, to send to: conauct or convoy to.
προσ-πέρδομα, with zor. 2 act. -έπαρδον. oppedere.
προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides:
-Med. to put round oneself:---Pass. to be put or
razon round.

II. Med. to compass, seek to
stain.

προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above.

προσ-περιποιέω, to tay by or preserve besides. προσ-περονέω, f. ήσω, to fasten with a pin to or on, προσπεσών, οῦσα, όν, 20τ. 2 part. of προσπίπτω. προσ-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: 20τ. 2 -επτάμην [ἄ],

προσ-πεύθομαι, post. for προσπυνθανομαι.

mpoor-whyvous and wise, f. -white, to fix to or on: affix to the cross.

προσ-πίζω, f. ίσω, to press οι oppress besides. προσ-πίλναμαι, Dep. to approach quickly

mpoo-mlurus, f. — meoovua: 2 - luccoor: to fall upon or against: strike against. 2. to full upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall rpon 2 person, to embrace ito join im. 4. to run or rusb up to: to embrace ito join 5. to fall in with, light upon, encounter. II. of events, to fall upon, tefall one: to bappen, occur. 2. to come suddenly to one's knowledge. III. to fall down to or before, to prostrate oneself. c. acc. to fall down to, supplicate.

προσ-πίτνω, poët. for προσπίπτω, to fall npon: to embrace. II. to fall down to or before, supplicate. προσ-πλάξω, shortd. for προσπελάζω, intr. to come

near, draw nigh, approach. προσ-πλάσσω Λιτ. –ττω :-z. –πλάσω [d]: pt. pass. –τέπλασμα: :--to form ox mould upon.

πρόσπλάτος, ον, (προσπλάζω) approachable.

προσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. pres. προσπλέω: -- to sail towards or against.

προσ-πληρόω, f. 6σω, to fill up or complete a number: to man ships besides, man more ships; and in Med. to get them manned.

προσπλωτός, ή, όν, to or on which one may sail, navigable. From

προσ-πλώω, Ion. for προσπλέω.

προσ-πνέω Ep. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: -to bloss or breaths upon, inspire: impers. with gen., προσπνεί μοι πρεών there is a smell of meat.

προσ-ποιλω, f. ήσω, to make over to, attach or add to. II. Med. spectrolopeu, to add or attach to oneself: of person to bring over to one's own side, win or gain over 2. of things, to take to oneself, pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. 3. generally, to pretend, feign, affect; c. inf. to pretend to do: also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce: δεί μη προσποιεύτθαι one must make as if it were not, fretend it is not so. Lat. dissimulare. Hence

mpoornolnous, h, a gaining for oneself, an acquisition.

2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to a thing.

προσποιητόε, όν (προσποιίω) taken to oneself, assumed, adopted.

tipoo-nolentes, f. now, to carry on war against, be at war with: also to attack or barass in war.

mpoormoleubo, f. wow, to make bostile besides: -

προσ-πολέω, f. ήσω, to attend or wait upon :- Pass. | to be attended, ministered to. From

πρόσ-πολος, οτ, (πρός, πολίω) serving: -as Subst.," πρόσπολοε, δ and η, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess; πρύσπολος φόνου minister of death.

προσ-πορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Dep. to go to, approach. προσ-πορίζω, f. low Att. ιω, to procure besides. προσ-πορπάτος, ή, έν, (πρός, πορπάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.

προσ-πράσσομαι, έ. - πράξομαι: 201. Ι - επραξάμην: Med.: (πρόε, πράσσω):--to exact or demand berides.

πρόσπταισμα, ατστ, τό, a stumble. From προσ-πτοίω, f. σω, to strike against: esp. to strike one's foot against, and absol. to atumble, to limp, balt. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat. mpogurfives, inf. of spogestry, sor. 2 act. of spog-TÉTOPOL.

προσ-πτήσσω, f. fo, to erouch or cower towards; intal limites totitesthuial (Ep. and Dor. for thoseπεπτηχυίαι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in.

πρόσπτυγμα, ατοε, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From

mpoor-mrúorow, f. fw, rot. I -{ntufa:--to em-II. as Dep., προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτιor moon-miosopal: f.-mifopal: pf.-emtrypal:of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate.

προσ-πτύω, f. -πτύσω [ປ]:--to spit upon: nor. I part. spoostooas, spitting in sign of contempt.

προσ-πυνθάνομαι, ε. -πεύσομαι: 20ε. 2 - επύθόμην: -to enquire or learn besides.

mpoor-palve, to sprinkle besides of about.

προσραπτέον, verb. Adj. one must seus on. From mpoor-parter, f. yes. to see on.

προσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: sor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -epping: - to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.

προσ-ρήγνθμι, f. -ρήξω: 201. I -έρρηξα:—to aasb or beat against.

πρόσ-ρημα, ατος, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.

πρόσ-ρησια, ή, an addressing, accosting: a name. προσ-ρήσσω, - προσρήγνυμι.

mpoo-piares, f. se, to throw to.

wpoor-oralives, to faun upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arrideo. mpoσ-σίβω, to warship or bonour besides.

πρόσσοθεν, post. for πρόσωθεν, forwards, onwards. προσσοτέρω, Adv., poët. for σροσωτέρω.

προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.

mpoor-oracle Dor. more, to drop on, seed over. προσ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to draw a stockade along

or in front of a place, c. acc.

TPOG-GTENNO, f. - GTEND, to compress in small comtass: pf. pass. part. προσεσταλμένος, tight-drawn, tucked up. Lat. adstrictus. IL to fit to: Mea. to keep elose to.

προσ-σθκοφαντίω, f. ήσω, to slander besides. προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.

poor-ovvlorgu, f. -ovorgow, to recommend fur-

mpoor-ovvocation, f. from to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with. πρόσσω, Adv., poët. for πρόσω.

mpoor-owpeius, to beap up besides.

mpoordkels, mpoordkfiver, apr. 2 pass. part, and inf. οί προστήκω.

προστάθείε, aor. I pass. part. of προϊστημε.

προσ-σφάζω οι -σφάττω, f. fw, to slay at οι near. πρόσταγμα, ατοε, τό, (προστάσσω) an order, command; επ προστάγματος by command.

mpoor-tobels, not. I pass. part. of spoorelyes. προστακτέον, verb. Adj. of προστάσσω, one must order.

προσ-τάλαικωρέω, f. ήσω, to persist or personer ctill furtber.

πρόσταξιε, ή. (προστασσω) an ordaining, ordinance: πρόσταξιν ποιείσθαι to make an assessment.

προ-στάσία, ή, (προίστημι) a being at the bead q. presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-ship. 2. partisansbip, party, factio II. a place before a building, a court, area

προσ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: 201. I -έταξα: Pass., 201. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:--to place or post at a place. 2. to escribe, assign, award to 2 class or party; plopf. pass., Irool sponererd yare the Indians bad been assigned to ... 3. to appoint as II. to enjoin or give orders, to commander. order to do; τα προσταχθέντα orders given.

προστάτεία, ή, (προστάτης) — προστασία, μετε dency, authority: patronage, protection.

προ-στάτεύω, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol to exercise authority: up. brow..., to provide or take care tbat . . .

προ-στάτίω, f. ησω, (προστατηε) to stand before or at the head of, he ruler over, he president og leader of; b spootatur be that acts as chief:-Pass to be II. to stand before, proruled or led by one. tect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian. III. & spootatus xplrog time that is close at bana. Hence

mpoortarhous, a, or, standing offers, protecting. II. standing before or close to, bossing guarding. or flitting before one,

προστάτης [ά], ου, ό, (προέσταμαι) απε κώς κακά II. a chief, relar. in front, a front-rank man. IIL and sele leader: the leader of a party. stands before and protects, a protector, patron, gotton dian :- at Athens, a citizen, whom a personne chose προσ-στείχω, 201. 2 -ίστίχον:---to go to or towards. | as his patron, standing to him in much the same relation as the Roman eliens to his patronus; γράφασαι προστάτου to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράφομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron.

IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτιε, ιδοε, fem. of προστάτηε, a protestress. προ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to draw a stockade along. προσ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of προστίθημι.

προσ-ταχίζω, £ σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

TOO-OTELXO, to advance, go before.

προσ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device. προσ-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay or spend besides.

· προ-στέλλω, f. -στελώ, to guard or cover in front, belier:—Med., προστέλλεσθαί τωα to send one forth equipped:—Pass.. 20τ. 2 προύστάλην [ἄ], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start.

προ-στενάζω, f. ξω, and προ-στένω, to sigb or grieve

beforeband.

προ-στερνίδιος, οτ, (πρό, στίρνον) before the breast:
as Subst., προστερνίδιον, τύ, a covering or ornament
for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνοι ον, (πρό, στίρνον) before οι on the breast. προσ-τίρπω Dot. ποτι-τίρπω, to delight beside. προστεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of προστάσσω. προ σ-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to devise besides.

προσ-τήκες, f. ξω, to melt into besides. II. intrans. in pf. act. προστέτηκα, 20τ. 2 pass. προσετάκην [ά], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προ-στήσας, aor. I part. of προίστημι.

προσ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω: 20τ. 1 -lθηκα: 20τ. 2 -lθην:—to put to, apply, fit. 2. to put to, add. 3. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. 5. to band over, to deliver over, consign to. II. Med. προστίθεμα: 20τ. 2 -εθέμην, imperat. -θοῦ, subj. -θῶμα:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to

subj. -θωμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. (2. to take to oneself besides or to take as one's friend or ally; προστίθεσθαι πολέμισν to make one's enemy besides; προστίθεσθαι δάμαρτα to take to wise. 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare. προσ-τίλω, f. how, to befoul with dung.

προσ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to award a further penalty:— Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence

προστίμημα, aros, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty.
προστόμιον, τό, a mouth of ε river.

προσ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—so also in Med. to Qurn oneself towards, supplicate.

προσ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up in.

προσ-τρέχω, f. -δράμοθμαι: 20τ. 2 -έδράμον: -to zun to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2.

1. hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden 
zutack. προσ-τρίβω [1]: f. ψω: Fasa., aor. 2 - cτρίβην [1]: pf. - τέτριμμα: :- to rub on or against: -- Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attach the rebutation of a thing to him: -- Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to base inflicted with. Hence

πρόστριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on cτ inflicted upon one: a brand, disgrace, affliction.

Expos-rpówacos Dor. woru-rp-, or, (προστροπή):

L. act. turning oneself towards or to a gcd to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant:
as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λιταί suppliant prayers.
also of one who has not yet been purified, a pollutal

also of one who has not yet been rurified, a polluted person, Lat. bomo piacularis: as Adj., \*\*poorporator alua, polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass. be to whom one turns; bede repoorporator the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ή, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself tewards in prayer or supplication: in plut. prayers, conjurings; πόλεων προστροπήν έχευν to address a petition to the city. 2. προστροπή γυναικών α

suppliant band of women.

mpoorponos, or, (spoorperw) turning towards:

hence, like προστρύπαιος, a suppliant.

προσ-τυγχάνω, f. -τείξομα: 2 - 4τάχον: -- 10 bit or light upon, meet or fall in with, obtain, c. gen 2. of events, to befall one. 3. δ προστυγχάνων, δ προστυχάν the first person one meets, anybody: τὰ προστυχόντα ξένια the gifts that come to one's share. προσ-υβρίζω, f. low, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

#ρο-συγγίγνομαι Att. προ-ξυγγ-, Dep. to be with beforeband, converse with beforeband.

προ-συμμίσγω, to intermix first.

προ-συνοικέω, f. how, to live together before.
προσ-υπάρχω, f. ξω, to exist or happen besides.

προσ-υπέχω, f. -υφέξω, to be accountable also, stand surely for.

προσ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise besides προσ-φάγιον, τό, (πρόε, φάγεῦν) anything eaten

with other food: something to eat.
πρό-σφαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is sacrificed to or
before, a vietim.
2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From
προ-σφάζω later --τω, to sacrifice beforehand. IL.

to eacrifice for or in behalf of.

προσ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides. προσ-φάσθαι, inf. med. of πρόσφημι.

πρόσ-φάτος, ον, (πρόε, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of \*φένω) lately slain, fresh-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat. recens:—neut. πρόσφατον as Adv., lately: also regul. Adv. προσφάτων, lately.

προσφερής, έε, (προσφέρω) brought to ot near, approaching.
2. like, resembling.

II. = πρόσφορος, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. προσοίσω: 20τ. I pass. προσ-ενέγχθην Ion. Σενείχθην:—to bring to, near or upon: to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

present, offer: also to set before one, offer meat or drink: and in Med. to take meat or drink to oneself. 3. to give besides, to add. 4. to bring forward, produce as authority. g. to contribute to, to bring II. Pass., with fut. med. sposolsopar. in, yield. to be borne-or carried towards: of ships, to put in. 2. to rush against or upon, attack, make an onset:-3. to approach, converse with, to have to rusb. dealings with. 4. absol. to behave or bear oneself. g. to some near, be like. resemble: ср. пробферфе, 6. to be put or imposed upon one. mpoo-herry, f. -perfouch, to flee for refuge to.

mpospheruntier, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in

an arrion besides: cf. φείγω IV. mplor-days, to speak to, address: impl. or not. 2

προσέφην, η, η ; inf. med. προσφάσθαι. προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι: f. -φθεγfoura: Dep.:-to sall to, address, accost, salute.

II. to vall by name, sall. Hence

moor-boloonas, Pass, to be ruined besides: to go to ruin, meet in an evil bour, esp. in nor. 2 part. προσφθάρεία.

mpografeyurbs, br. addressed, saluted.

act, saluting.

πρόσφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) απ address, salutation; in plut. words, accents.

πρόσφθογγοι. ον, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing, saluting.

mpoo-40oven, f. hom, to oppose through envy. προσφίλαια, ή, (προσφίλήε) kindness, good will. προσφιλέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσ-

φιλών. προσ-φίλής, ές, (πρίε, φιλέω) dear, beloved friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus.

of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful. προσ-φίλοσοφέω, f. ήσω, to study pollosophy besides,

to speculate further upon.

προσφίλώς, Adv. of προσφιλής, kindly; προσφιλώς Exer to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see dorran.

προσφορά, ή, (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: II. that which is brought a presenting, offering. to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, benefit.

TOOT-GOD to, - TOOT OF POS to put up, apply. present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, aros, τό, that which is taken to one, food, vietuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ον, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:-τά πρύσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τά πρόσpopa as Adv., fitly.

προσφύδως, Ion. Adv. of προσφυής: εε προσφυώς. προσφύης, έε, (προσφύω) growing upon, banging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable.

προσφύε, sor 2 part, of προσφύα. πρόσφυσιε, ή, (προσφύομαι) ε growing to or mion,

a clinging to. προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφθσα:--to make

to grow to or upon, to bang upon, fasten to. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 sporter, part. spoodus, ûsa, ús ; pf. spoosédusa:—to gross to or upon: to bang upon, cling to, be attached to

προσφυώς Ion. - iws, Adv. of προσφυής, with natural fitness, suitably, ably. spoo-buviu, f. how, to call or speak to, accres

2. to call by name, to name, speak of. aecost. 3. to address or dedicate a taing to another.

προσφωνήκιε Dor. ποτιφ-, εσσα, εν. (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

mpostownyka, aros tó, (mpostowes) that weith is addressed to another, an address.

προσφώνηνε, core, ή, (προσφωνία) an addressing. 2. a dedication. προσ-χάσκω, f. -χάνοθμαι: 201. 2 προσέχάνον: pf. (in pres. sense) wposkexyva:--to gape or stars

open-mouthed at one, Lat. inbiare. προ-σχεθείν, poët. for προσχείν, acr. 2 inf. of

προέχω:-- Med., προεσχεθόμην, I warded of from myself.

mpoor-xee, t. xee, to pour to or on.

wpoorxyma, aros, to, (spoexw) that worch is held before, hence, I. a skreen, cloak, pretence, pretext; πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου the ostensible cause for II. outward show, ornament; so the war. Miletus is called spooryqua rije Laving the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χόω, old form of προσχωννυμ, to dam up. προσ-χρήζω, f. ήσω: Ion. προσχρηίζω, f. ηίσω: to require or desire besides; upographice butter suθεσθαι I desire you also to obey.

πρόσχύσιε, ή, (προσχέω) α pouring upom.

προσ-χώννυμι and -ύω: f. -χώσω (from προσχώω): nor. I spoofexwoo :-- to beap up besides: of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; spoogravrival gapéa to form new lands by deposition. 2. to choke up with med, silt up. II. to throw earth against: Pass. to bave earth thrown against.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ήσω οτ ήσομαι, to go to, approach, c. dat. II. to come or go over to, join another: to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. approach, be near to, agree with, be like. put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ον, (προς, χώρα) lying near, adjoining. adjacent:—as Subst., aporxupos, o, a neighbour. πρόσχωσις, ή, (προσχώννυμι) a beaping up besides: deposition of mud, etc. II. a bank or

mound raised against a place. προσ-ψαύω Dor. ποτιψαύω, to touch upan, sauch προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes.

προσ-ψίθυρίζω, f. σω, to subisper, chirp or sedistle to

wpoon post. wpoon Dor. and Att. wopon later moppe, like Lat. porro, Adv.: (spó, spós): as Adv., 1. of Space, forwards, onward, further on; opp. to byyon, far off, afar: also with the Art., τὸ πρόσω forward. 2. of Time, forward, before. II. c. gen. far towards or to; wpose rol worayol far into the river; apopalizer adopte the morpholas to be far gone in wickedness: far from, ob wpbow EXAPORISTON DOL far from the Hellespont. Time, wpoor rije recros far into the night.—Comp. and Sup. spoowréps, -áres.

mpoo-quia, 4, (mpoe, qidh) a song sung to or accompanied by music, IL the tone or accent of a

syllable.

mpoor-whos, or, (mpos, side) singing or sounding to, in barmony with. πρόσωθεν Adv. Att. πόρρωθεν Ερ. πόρροθεν (πρόow) from afar. II. from long ago.

mpoor-envious, f. -hooper, Dep. to buy besides,

προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of πρόσωπον. προσωπείον, τό, (πρόσωπον) ε mask.

προσωποληπτέω, to be a respecter of persons. From προσωπο-λήπτης, ου, δ, (πρόσωπου, λέληπται 3 sing. pf. past. of λαμβάνω) a respecter of persons.

mpoorwarehydia, th, (mpoorwarehyartes) respect of per-

πρόσ-ωπον, τό: pl. πρόσωπα Ερ. προσώπατα, Ερ. dat. προσώπασι: (πρόε, ωψ):-a face, visage, countenance; mard uposouror in front, face to face. also one's look, countenance, Lat. vultus; rd odr πρόσωπον, periphr. for σύ. III. — προσωπείον, a mask, Lat. persona :--hence like πρόσχημα, show, outward appearance. IV. later, a person.

wpo-owpedu, f. ou, to pile or beap up before. mposterares, n, or, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. spoores, furthest:—hence Adv. spoorerares, or neut.

plur. sposérara as Adv., furthest.

mposterepos, a, or, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, further off: hence Adv., προσωτέρω οι τὸ spoorer toe, further.

mpoor-whealer, f. how, to belp or assist besides, conpribute one's belp to: absol. to be of use or assistance.

Hence

προσωφίλημα, ατοε, τό, assistance in a thing: and mpooruellyous, to belying, aiding, advantage. προσωφίλητίον, verb. Adj. of προσωφελέω, one must assist.

mportantion, verb. Adj. of sportages, one se place or post in front, 2. one must prefer.

mpo-rățueve, (spó, raplas) to lay in beforeband. προ-τάμνω, Ιοπ. for προτέμνω. προτάμοίμην, acr. 2 med. opt. of προτέμου.

TOOTHURN, BOT, 2 PART, OF TOOT ENDER. προ-ταρβέω, f. ήσω, to fear beforeband. so fear or be annious for one.

TOO-THOLYEUM, I. ou, to sait or pickle beforeband: generally, to preserve or prepare for keeping.

mportions, ή, (προτέτασαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of relow) (the Sup. being πρώτου), answering to Lat. prior; of

a stretching forward. II. that which is put forward: in Logic, a proposition assumed, a premiss. 2. in Gramm., the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the daroborus.

про-тавом Att. -ттю: f. fw: sor. I -érafa: pf. -τέταχα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:--to place or post in front: Med., spoetáfato the od-Anyyon robs implies be posted his horse in front of the phalanx :-Pass. to be etationed first, take the lead; τὸ προταχθέν οι οι προτεταγμένοι, the front ranks, II. generally, to determine or arrange beforeband.

mpo-relve, f. -revo : act. I -éreva : pf. -rérdea : Pass., aor. I -erábyr [d]: pf. -rérducu:-to streteb out, put forward: to expose to danger. 2. metaph. to bold out, put forward as a pretext or excuse. IL to stretch forwards or forth, hold out, as a sup-2. to offer, tender, proffer: also to bold pliant. out, show at a distance, Lat. ostentare. Med., justòr sporeirestai to claim or demand as a reward. IV. intr. to stretch or project forward. mpo-rangiles, f. ow, to protect by a wall. Hence προτείχισμα, τό, an advanced work, outwork.

προ-τέλαιος, ον, (πρό, τέλος) before a solemnity of religious rite. ΙΙ. προτέλεια (sc. lepá), τά, eacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity; aport-Assa values the sacrifice before the marriage-rite; θύειν τὰ προτέλεια to perform an initiatory sacrifice in bebalf of. 2. προτέλεια, generally, a beginning, outset.

προ-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforeband.

προ-τελίζω, f. ίσω, (πρό, τέλου) to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage.

mpo-replevious, aros, to, (mpo, temeros) the procinets or entrance of a reperor or sacred place.

προ-τόμνω, f. -τεμώ : 201. 2 προύτάμον :-- to eut up II, to cut off in front, cut short, beforeband. Lat. praecidere. III. to eut forward or in front of one: hence, in acr. 2 med. opt., el didna dequenta sporapolymy if I were to est a long furrow in front of me.

reporterbelow, f. ow, to pick out the dainty bits beforeband, to bely oneself first to anything. From.

mpo-revens, ou, J, one who picks out dainty bits beforeband, a gourmand, epicure. (Deriv. uncertain.) mporepaios, a, or, (mpórepos) on the day before, like devrepaide, recraide, etc.: # sporepaia (sab fuipa), the day before; Tij sporepala, Lat. pridie, on the day before; c. gen., th spotepala the natastásice on the day before the audience.

mporepairepos, a, or, Comp. of mporepaire, for rporepoe, very long before, much earlier.

πρότερέω, f. ήσω, (πρότερου) to be before, in front, at the bead; morepelly the book to be forward on the 2. of Time, to be beforeband, get the start. mporepos, n, or, Comp. without any Posit. in use Place, before, in front, forward; wides upbrepor the fore-feet. II. of Time, before, econer, earlier, older; in full, upbrepor yweig elder in age; upbrepor waides children by a former marriage; up upbrepor (sc. hubpq), on the day before, like upor-epaig. 2. as Comp. c. gen., hubo upbrepor somer, earlier than I. 3. the neut. upbrepor was used as Adv., before, somer, earlier; upbrepor of of thep, Lat. prinsquam: also with Artic., to upbrepor is often pubetween Art. and Bubst., e. g. o upbrepor Basileis the former king.

III. of Rank or Precedence, superior.

mportipe, Adv. of sporepos, further towards, fur-

ther, forward.

sportipuose, Adv. (sportipu) towards the front, forward.

προ-τεύχω, f. fd., to make or do beforeband: pf. pass. inf. προτετύχθαι, to base been done beforeband, to be past.

mpoτι, old Ep. form for spós. [?] mpoτι-άπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

αροτι-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι. προτιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. of

προσδέχομαι.

προτικλείν, Dor. of προσειλέα.

sportelson, Dor. for sposelson, opt. of sposelson.
sportler, Ep. for spoeribeson, 3 pl. impl. of sport-

про-тівпри, f. -вором: пог. І провения Att. провθηκα : 201. 2 προέθην contr. προύθην, inf. προθείναι :to place or set before, set out : to band to, present to :-Med, to have meat set before one. 2. to put forth or empose a child: to empose to danger. 3. to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set es a penalty: generally, to set, fix. II. Med. put forth on one's own part, to display: also to propose to one's mind, entertain. III. to set forth, put out publicly; upobeiral respor to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, ex-.IV. to put forward: to bold pose for view. forth, offer, tender, 2. to bold out as a pretext. V. to put before or over. VL to put before, to prefer one to another.

προτι-μάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

wpo-riuses, f. ήσω, to bonour before on above another, to prefer to another.

2. to prefer in bonour: to bold in exteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in bonour; προτιμάσθαι δε τὰ κουτά to be preferred to public honours.

3. c. gen. to take best of, care for.

4. c. inf. to swish rather, prefer: also to swish greatly, soith much. Hence

προτίμησιε, ή, a preferring in bonour, preference. προτιμάσε, α, ον, verh. Adj. of προτιμάσε, to be preferred.

προ-τίμιον, τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, surnest-money.

mpo-rupos, or, (spó, righ) bosoured before, worth more than.

προτι-μυθέομαι, Dor. for προσ-μυθέομαι. προ-τίμωρέω, f. ήσω. to belp beforeband or first:— Med. to revenge oneself before.

mport-ourse, ev, Dor. for mpos-ourse.

export-borouss. Ep. Dep., only used in pres. and impf.; (προτί Dor. for πρ.ε, δυσομαι):—to look at or sepon, behold.

II. of the mind, to foresee, forbode, presage.

mpo-rie, f. -rion [1], to bonour before another, prefer; uporter riva rapov to deem one more worthy

of the bonour of burial than the other.

**πρότμησιε, ή, (προτέμιω) the waist:** the lains. **προ-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to venture before or more** :— Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

mportous, h, (mporture) the upper part of any

thing: a half-length figure, a bust.

προτονίζω, f. σω, to haul up with ropes. From πρότονος, δ (προτείνω) a rope from the mast-head to the how of a ship, the forestay of the mast. 2. a halyard.

mpo-rod, for mpd rod, — mpd rovrou, farmarly, before now, eret.

προ-τράπέσθαι, acr. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπει. προτρεπτικόε, ή, όν, fitted for arging on, persuasive. Adv. –κώε, persuasively. From

wpo-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, enbort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, enbort to: also c. dupl. act., τd surtà τὰν Τέλλον προετρέψατο δ Σόλον τὰν Κροΐσων Solon

prompted Croccus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus. III. Pass., with aor. 2 med. wpodrporoups in pass. sense, to term forwards, turn in beadlong flight: metaph., dxel wporpawledus to give ourself over to grief.

προ-τρέχω, f. -δράμοθμαι: aor. 2 προδβράμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run forward or forth.

II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

wpb-rpVra, Adv. (spb, rplros) three days before at for three successive days.

προ-τροπόδην, Adv. (προτρέπω) turned forwards bead-foremost, beadlong, suith headlong speed. [d] προ-τυγχάνω, f. —τεόριαι: son. 2 —ττόχοω:—to happen before on beforehand: also to meet swith first; τό προτύχου the first thing that came to hand.

wpo-rówre, f. see, int. so strike forwards, bresk forth, burst out; Tpikes spoörvelur the Trojans berst forward. II. trans. to drive, force oue; 201. 2 pass. part. sportweis, drives, surged ou.

προτύχων, ούσα, έν, εστ. ε part. οί προτυγχένω. προύβάλον, προέβην, έστ προέβ-, εστ. 2 οί προβάλλοι, προβαίνοι.

προύγράφον, for προέγραφον, impf. of προγράφω. προύδιδάξατο, προέδωκα, προέδετο, for προέδωκα, προέδηκα, for προέδηκα, δια προέδηκα, for προέδηκα, δια προέδηκα, προέδηκα, προέδηκα, impf. of προέρμεδομας, προέδημούμισην, impf. of προέρμεδομας.

προθεάμον, for προέκαμον, acr. 2 of προκάμενα. προθλάβον, for προέλ—, acr. 2 of προλαμβάνα.

mpolicato, mpolicivelevent, for mpoesπρούμαθον, for προεμ», 201. 2 οί προμανθάνω. προύμηθήθην, for προεμ-, 20r. Ι of προμηθέομαι. προύμολον, for προέμολον, 201. 2 οί προβλώσκω. modivenorality, for more -, acr. of more to have προύννέπω, v. sub προενν-. mpougevyore, for mpoeg-, acr. I of mpogered. mpout-emicrapal, mpout-epeuvam, for mpoet-. mpoù coevvau, for mpoetepeuvau. προύξεφίεμαι, for προεξεφίεμαι. προ-ϋπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually: -Med. to reduce first under one's power. προ-υπάρχω, f. fe: pf. pass. προύπηργμαι: (πρό, υπάρχω):-to be beforeband in a thing, begin with: II. intr. to c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. exist before; wpouraptarra things that bappened before, past events; Ta mpobungyuéva a man's antecedents. προύπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, acr. I of προπέμπω. προ-υπεξ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to go out secretly before. mpounerov, for mpoin-, act. 2 of mponintue. προ-υπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προθπάρχαι. προύπινον, προύπιον, for προεπ., impf. and acr. 2 of months. προύπιστήθην, for προεπ-, 201. I of προεπίσταμαι. mpo-vintagyvéopat, Dep. to promise before. προ-υποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation. προ-ϋπόκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to exist before. προ-υπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to assume beforeband. mpountos, or, contr. for mpountos. προύπθόμην, for προεπ-, 201. 2 οί προπυνθάνομαι. προύργιαίτερος, α, ον, see προύργου. προύργου, contr. for πρό έργου, for a work or object: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for anything; προύργου τι δράν to do something of use: also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.--Comp. spoupyealtepos, a, or, more serviceable, useful, important; προυργιαίτερον ποιείσθαι to deem of more consequence: - Sup. \*poupyuaitatos, n, or, most service*able*, etc. προύρρήθην, aor. I pass. of προερέω. προυσελέω, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.) προύστάλην, for προεστ-, 201. 2 pass. of προστέλλω. προύστησα, προύστην, for προέστ-, 20r. I and 2 of **zpoto**rnµ. mpourible, moutrule, for spoet-. προύφαινι, for προέφαινε. mpo-vousies, f. how, to withdraw from one before. προύφείλω, for προσφείλω. προύχω, προύχουσι, προύχοντο, for προέχ-. προ-φαίνω, f. -φανω: aor. I -έφηνα: -to bring forth o light, shew forth, manifest, display. 2. to shew coreb by word, to declare:—Pass., act. 2 προυφάνην Al, part. spopaveis, eisa, év, to be shewn forth, come orth and appear, come into sight, come to light;

προυφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly beard.

sberg itself or appear before, be revealed before. ш intr. to shine forth: bold a light before. mpodavijval, sor. 2 pass. inf. of mpodalvas. προφάνης, έε, (προφανήναι) shewing itself from afar; quite plain or clear; ἀπό οτ ἐκ τοῦ προφανοῦς openly. πρόφαντος, οκ. (προφαίνω) εbewn or seen from afar, II. foresbewn, disclosed beforeband. far-famed. προφασίζομαι, impf. προύφασιζόμην: f. ίσομαι Att. ιουμά: 201. Ι προύφασισάμην: Dep.: (πρόφασιε): —to set up as a pretent, allege by way of encuse, c. acc.: absol. to make excuses: the act. I pass. #podaσισθήναι takes a pass, sense, to be pretended, be made a pretence. πρόφάσιε, gen. εωε Ion. ισε, ή, (προφαίνω) απ αρραrent cause, reason, motive, pretent: mostly in bad sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion: absol. in acc. πρόφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly: also in dat. moodase, absol, for appearance, for a sbow or presence; έπὶ προφάσεως and έπὶ προφάσει by way of excuse; πρόφασιν προτείνειν οτ παρέχειν to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι πρύφασιν [make] me no excuse: προφάσιος έχεσθαι to lay hold of a pretext. πρόφάτος, ον, (προφαίνομαι) shown forth, renowned. προ-φάτεύω, προ-φάτης [ā], Dor, for προφητ-. mpodephs, is, placed before or in front, preferred. excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέστερος, a, ov, προφερέστατος, η, ον, more, most excellent: the Sup. also signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρτερος, προφέρτατος. προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρω. προ-φέρω, f. προρίσω: 201. Ι προήνεγκα: 201. 🤊 προήνεγκον: - to bring before one, bring to, pre-2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring forward, object to one, Lat. objicere, exprobrare: also 😁 simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward, 3. of an oracle, to propose, comquote, produce. II. to bring forward, display; πόκεμον προφέρευν to declare war. III, to bear on or away, IV. metaph. to put forto carry or sweep away. ward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; upoφέρειν τινά όδοῦ to further one on the road. intr. to surpass, excel. προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: 201. 2 προύφυγον:--to flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee from, sbun, avoid. πρό-φημι, to say beforeband, foretell. προφητεία, ή, (προφητεύω) the gift of interpreting the will of the gods. 2. the gift of expounding of scripture, public instruction, preaching. προφητεύω Dor. προφάτ-: f. σω: 201. Ι ἐπροφήτευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the gods, interpret or expound their word. pound publicly, preach. προφήτης, ου, δ. Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημι): οπε shew beforeband, foreshew: metaph. to bold out a who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will perceptect beforeband, promise:—Pass, and Med. to of a god, Διδε προφήτης έστι Δοξίας πατρός Loxias

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are called Movow spooffran, interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher. III. a foreteller, prophet.

προφητικόε, ή, όν, (προφήτης) oracular.

προ-φήτια, iδου, fam. of προφήτης, a prophetese. προ-φθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: 20τ. 2 προδφθην: -- to outrun, anticipate, be beforeband with

προφθάε, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω. προ-φθίμενοε, η, or, dead or killed before. [1]

wpo-φοβίω, f. 4σω, to frighten beforeband:—Pass. with fut. med. - ησομαι, to fear beforeband

προφορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέσμαι to pass the west to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro. προφράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. —πέφραδμαι: to foretell. πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. sem. of πρόφρασ, baving forethoughs, shoughful.

προφρόνως Ερ. -ίως, graciously, willingly, readily, gladly: Adv. of πρόφουν.

πρό-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, (πρό, φρήν) with forward mind, i. e. earnest, bearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a thing.

προφύγειν, acr. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,

προφύγοισθα, Ερ, for προφύγοιε, 2 sing. 201. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφύλδική, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: al προφυλακαί outposts, picquets: διά προφυλακής on guard.

προφυλάκιε, ίδοε, ή, fem. Adj. of sq.; ναθε προφυ-

Aaris a look-out ship.

προ-φήλαξ, άκοε, δ, an advanced guard. [8] προ-φάλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. fw:—to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσων έπί τυι to keep guard over a person or place: absolt to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch:—Med. to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavers, c. acc.

προφύλαχθε, irreg. 2 plur. imperst. of προφυλάσσω. προφυράω, f. άσω [d]: pf. pass. προπεφυράμαι: to knead beforeband. II. metaph. to concoct,

προ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

#po-ψύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with 20r. 2 act. προέφων, pf. προπέφθεα, to be born before another.

apo-puviu, f. how, to utter or declare beforeband. II. to command publicly.

\*\*προ-χαίρω, to rejoice beforeband: 3 sing. imperat. προχαιρέτω, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαίρε, χαιρέτω, sub χαίρω.

mpo-xalueiu, f. ou, to forge beforeband.

προ-χαιρίζω, î. low Att. μῶ, το put into the band, deliver up:—Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθείε, and pf. προκεχειρισμένοε, το be taken in band, undertaken: also to be arranged, made ready beforeband.

II. as Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιεθ-

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are | mai, to take this one's hand, to make ready, make me called Movour spooffra, interpreters of the Muses: | of. 2. to choose, select, appoint.

πρό-χειροε, ον, (πρό, χείρ) at band, close to, convenient: bandy, ready 2. easy, common, 3, of persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χαιροτονόω, f. ήσω, to elect before.

προχείρως, Adv. of πρόχειρος, offband, readily: Comp. - στέρως.

πρόχνθ, Adv. (πρό, γόνν) knoeling, on one's know, πρόχνν δλέσθα, to perish in a knoeling state, i.e. is surstabed plight.

mpoxon, i, (spoxies) a pouring out on forth: in plur. spoxoal, the mouth of a river.

προχόη, ή, (προχέω) = πρόχοου.

wpo-χοίε, thos, ή, Dim. of πρόχοσε, α ραί.

«πρόχοσ» Att. contr. -χούε, ή: irreg. dat. pl. πρόχουσι: (προχόω): —a vessel for pouring out, a jug, pitcher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flash from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups.

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύεσ κώμον to lead a band of revellers.

wpó-χουε, Att. for πρόχουε: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl. προ-χρίω, f. ίσω [1], to emear or anoint before, πρό-χρουοι, or, previous, prior.

πρόχύσιε, ή (προχέω), a pouring or spreading eu; πρόχυσιν ποιείσθαι ούλλο πριθών—προχέειν αλλά πριθών, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύτολ (sub. apiθal), al, properly fem. pl. of spoχυτόs, the barley cakes thrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (προχέω) — πρόχοος,  $\alpha$  jug  $\alpha$  pitcher: an urn, vase. [ $\delta$ ]

προχύτος, ή, ω, (προχέω) poured forth.

upo-xudos, or, very lame or balt.

wpo-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go or come forward, advance, go on. II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρεῦν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succesof; to προχωρεῦν to go on well: imperampoχωρεῦ it goes on well; δε ol δόλερ οδ προεχώρες when it did not go on well for him by craft, i.e. when he did not succeed by craft.

III. δο some forward to speak.

wpo-whis, f. -ashow and -wow: nor. I wpoleson: to push forward, push or wrge on; wpossbar abrir to wrge oneself on, rush on. II. to peed off or every, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, es, (πρό, δλλυμι) redned beforebend.

Trompion, sor. I of Troopica.

πρό-προς, ον. (πρό, δρα) before the time, mainth, προ-προκραλόμην, impt. pass. of προοφαλία, προλίτες, ων. οί, soldiers, combatents on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from charlots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

mount lon, and post, wponyn, s, properly fem. of | upvjarie (sub. raile), the bindmost part of a ship, the stern, 2009, Lat. pupple: but upopum dranpoverbat (see drampoon); dremos treives mand apopurar the wind impels us right astern: ships were generally fistened to land by the stern, hence wpoporas Aboai mean to loose the cable. II. metaph., πρόμνα roles the Aeropolis; upópora "Orvae the foot of Mount Ossa.

mpupratos, a, or, (apópra) of a sbip's stern.

πρύμνη, ή, lon. and poët. for πρύμνα. upupunder, Adv. of upopun, from the ship's stern: generally, from bebind.

apopurhouse, a, or, (apopurn) of or from a ship's stern:--as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, sterncables, Lat. retinacula.

πρυμνήτης, ου, δ, (πρύμνη) the steersman, belmsman: metaph. the pilot of the state. II. as masc. Adj. attached or fastened to a ship's stern.

πρυμνόθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) from the stern. from the lowest part, Lat. funditus: utterly, root and branch.

mpuner, to, the lower part, end: properly neut. of πρυμικός,

upopoles, 4, de, the bindmost, undermost, endmost: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end next the body, as, wpuperds Braxion the end of the arm (where it joins the shoulder): hence, wpv pri)v ύλην εκτάμενευ to cut off the wood at the root,— Sup. upvjeroraroe, at the lowest end.

πρυμν-οθχος, αν, (πρόμυα, έχω) bolding the ship's IL detaining the fleet.

mpuper-apara, if, (apoparde, opoe) the bottom or foot of a mountain.

πρυτάνοια Ion. –ηίη, ή, (πρυτανούω) the prytancia or presidency, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the prytanes of each φυλή in turn presided in the Bould or Council of 500, and in the &sκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατά πρυτανείαν by presidencies, i. e. every 35 or 36 days. II. any public office beld by rotation for given periods: wpv-Tarela The hulppe the chief command for the day.

mperavelor Ion. -hov, to, (sporare) the presidents' ball, town-ball, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to Vesta, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the Prytaneion of the mother-city: the Prytance for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a eat at this public table. II. a law-court at III. pl. sporavela, a sum of money de-Lthens. osited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began, et. sacramentum; ribbrai spuravelli rivi to make a five years of debauchery. epocis against one, i. e. bring an action against him. mp Graveou, i. ou, (aporarie) to be aporarie or pre- back. tail.

II. at Athens, to bold office sident, bold sway. as Prytanis, to put to the vote as Prytanis, propose or lay before the assembly: the out of tribe, where 50 Boulevral were spurares for the time being was called pulit spurarevousa, (see spúraris, spurarela): o apuravevocae be who put a question to the vote. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

mpuravala, -huov, Ioa. for mouravela. -elov. mouraire, case, b, pl. spuraireis, as if from spuraireis: (πρό, πρότεροε): a prince, ruler, lord. IL a Prytanis or President: at Athens the spuraress were it. committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming to part of the βουλή or Council of 500; out of these fifty sportores one was chosen by lot as chief-president (emorarys); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμμαreve) not of their own body, formed the Presidency (upuravela). The pult which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called *source* etc: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; 'Ακαμαντίε [φυλή] έπρυτάνευε, Φαίνιπποε έγραμμάτευε, Νικιάδηε έπεστάτει, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνειε, Phaenippus was secretary, Niciades was chief-president." 8ec притансіа, притансіон.

mps or mps, Adv., Att. for most.

πρώην Dor. πρώαν, (πρωί) lately, just now, not long ago, Lat. nuper. II. the day before yesterday; proverb., plan of spany to nat xole till yesterday or the day before, i. c. till very lately.

πρωθ-ήβης, ου, ό, (πρώτος, ήβη) a youth in his first bloom.

πρώθ-ηβος, ev, also η, ev, (πρώτος, ήβη) in the bloom or flower of youth.

wpwi [?], Att. shortd. wpw: Adv.: (wpo):-early. early in the day, at morn, Lat. mane: c. gen., upod έτι της ημέρης still early in the day; ημέρας το προκ the early part of the day; and spoi at early morn; dad apol from morn. 2. generally, betimes, early, in good time, Lat. mature, tempestive. rponairepor, earlier, Sup. rponairara, earliest, formed from wpance.

mpula (sub. Spa), f. fem. of mpaxos, morning. [Y] mpenairepov, mpenairara, Comp. and Sup. of mpost. wportos, or, = πρόποε, early, timely, in good time: Adv. wpórća, like wpómy, the day before yesterday: but also too early, before the time.

rpéupos, or, (\poi) early.

where  $\phi_{s}$ ,  $\phi_{s}$ ,  $\phi_{s}$  = where  $\phi_{s}$ where Att. where a can be a carried in day, at morn; delay spoda the early part of the afternoon, opp. to beldy bylia, the latter part; upakas, absol. as Adv., early, II. early in the season; πρβα τών καρνίμων early fruits. TOWETO-TEVTETHOLS, LOOS, \$1, (TOWETOS, TEVTETHOLS)

πρωκτόε, δ, (προάγω) the anus, the hinder parts,

mpde, sparce, å, contr. from spyde, spyderes; nom. pl. spaceres, as if from spacer :- enything that juts forward, a foreland, beadland, Let. promontorium; The tow descripes noures also the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both

mpiles, a, or, Att. for wpixes.

pa, as Ion. ης, ή, (πρό) the fore-part of a ship, a ship's bead, pross, bosses, Lat prora: also (as if from an Adj. spopos) rque spopo the prose of a ship, like vyve spupry; svevpa robs spepas a bead-wind. opp. to gredua nard groupy, a stern-wind. generally, any front: hence a bead, face.

προράθον, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (προρά)

from the ship's head, from the front.

προράτεύω, f. σω, to be a look-out man, look out abead. From

προράτης [ā], ου, δ, (πρώρα) a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

where f is f, f is f is f in f is f in f

puller, Adv., Ion. for upolpather.

mphorus, mphorus, mphorov, contr. for mpo-hous, etc., acr. I inf., part., and imperat. of moodies.

wpera, neut. pl. of speroe, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

when alog of the state of the s vance; of sportagol, the vanguard.

when dypia, rd, (sporter, dypa) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-άγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πρώτος, άγωνιστής) οπε subo plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarum partium actor; the other two actors being called respectively deutepayamisthe, thirayamisthe: generally, the chief personage.

πρώτ-αρχου, αν, (πρώτου, άρχω) first-beginning, primal, originating.

mpercion, to, (sportebe) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl., rd sported the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f. σω, (πρώτοι) to be the first, to excee, be proëminent. 2. to be the first among, be superior 10, c. gen.

πρωτ-πρότης, ου, υ, (πρώτος, αρότης) one subo ploughe earliest or first.

πρώτιστος, η, αν, also oe, αν, poët. Sup. of ερώτος, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. spin-TIGTOF and -Ta as Adv., first of all.

πρωτό-βολος, ον, (πρώτος, βαλείν) first thrown at II. paroz. mpuro-Bólos, or, act. or struck. striking first.

πρωτο-γλύφής, έε, (πρώτος, γλύπτω) newly-carved. πρωτό-γονός, ον, (πρώτος, γενέσθαι) firstborn. of rank, bigb-born, illustrious. 3. first-ordained.

TOWTO-LUE, TYOS, (TOWTOS, (TYTHOU) needly married. mpure-spoves, or, filling the first seat t irreg. pl. wportoboves (as if from wportobow).

Tours madespla, i, (Tourse, madispa) the first seat, obig place.

moure-unitede, of, (mourie, union) the first place of seat at table.

TOUTO-KTOVOS, OF, (TOUTOS, STEEPE) MAYING first, committing the first murder.

mperto-Kúmy, e, (sparos, Kúm) the first dog, i. e. the ebief of the Cynics.

πρωτό-λοια, τά, (πρώτος, λεία) the first spoils in was, the firstfruits:—as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ή, the right of speaking first. From πρωτο-λόγος, αν, (πρώτος, λέγω) speaking first. mperto-martie, ease, o, (sportee, martie) the first prophot or sour.

трито-иоров, от, (трогов, моров) dying от deas

mpuro-mäyhs, is, (spairos, sayhvai) first put togrther, i.e. seroly made.

specto-styles, eros, d, tj. (spectos, stipe) besting first: the first cause of ill.

mpure-whoos, or, Att. contr. --whous, our, ( wpera, Those) making the first voyage, going to sea for the II. sailing first or foremost. firet time.

mourtop-picos, or, (spieros, pica) being the first root

or origin.

workers, n. ov. Sup. of spo. as if court, from sporarce, spoarce, Dor. spokros (the Comp. being sporepos):-first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. primus; evi upderoses, perà sparrotot among the first fighters, i.e. is front. 4. neut. pl. τα πρώτα (sub. αθλα) the first prize; rd spirra pépesbal to curry off the first prize; to rd spora to the highest degree: of persons, the rd sports the Eperpieus being the first or foressest man among the Eretrians; rd spora rije lecci porteplan the chief of the rescality there. 3. The spir-THE, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with ever, The splerge eleat, like ende eleat, at first. sing, and plur. sporor, spora as Adv., ferst, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all. after a Relative, wporor means once, once for all, as, betwee sporter labour della whom storms may catch for the first time, i.e. once for all. spárrois, Lat. in primis, among the first, chiefly, expecially; by role spector, as if shortd, for by role spec-TOIR SPOTOI, first among the first. IL spêre is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, some than: also spirror \$... = spir \$... Lat. prinsquam. mpert-onocos, or, (sporoe, onelpes) first some er begotten.

mperto-orterns, ou, o, (sporte, fortapes) one mis stands first, the first man on the right of a line. but also, of sportborarae the front-rank men. chief, leader. [d]

mourorcele, f. a cearing ber firstborn: and sperorous, ev, rd. the privilege of the first bars. birthright. From

MPWTO-TOROS, OF, (Sporos, Textis) bearing ber graborn. II. properox. sperforosce, es, pess. drabors.

mpero-rouse, or. (πρώτος, τεμείν) first cut or cut off. | like κόμη. πρωτό-φυτος, αν. (πρώτος, φύω) firstborn. πρωτό-χνοος, ον contr. -χνους, σουν, with the first

πρωτό-χύτος, ον, (πρώτος, χέω) first-flowing. mpublic, contr., for mpo-audar, inf. of mpoaudau mount, oros, o. Ep. lengthd. form for wpar. mraiotora, Dor. pres. part. fem. of wraiw.

ΠΤΑΙ'ΡΩ, f. πτάρω: sor. 1 έπτάρα: sor. 2 έπτάρω: -to meeze; µéy érrape be meezed aloud, which was taken for a good omen :- metaph, of a lamp, to

graioμα, τό, (graio) a stumble, false step: metaph. a mistake, blunder. II. a failure, misfortune.

HTAI'Ω, f. wraiσω: aor. I ένταισα: Pass., aor. I έπταίσθην: pf. ξπταισμαι:—to make to stumble, Lat. II. intrans. (sub. wood), to strike the foot, stumble; grains upos tive to stumble against; also, περί τενε, as, μη περί Μαρδονίφ πταίση ή Έλλάs lest Hellas should get a fall over him. 2. metaph.

to make a false step or mistake, to fail. πτάμενος, η, εν, 201. 2 part. of πέταμαι. [α]

ETUVOS. DOT. for ETHVOS. wτάξ, gen. wτάκοι, δ, η, (πτήσσω) the covering

enimal, i. c. the bare. πταρμός, δ, (πταίρω) a sneezing, sneeze.

πτάρνθμαι, Dep. - πταίρω, to sneeze. write, part. of twrny, 20r. 2 act. of reround. Traolas, 201. 2 inf. of metapas.

πτάτο, Ep. for έπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

IITEAE'A Ion. - fn, h, the elm, Lat. ulmus. πτέρινος, η, ον, also es, ον, (πτερύν) made of feathers; Tripiros munhos a fan of feathers. featbered, winged.

wrépts, tôce, \$, (respir) a kind of fern, so called from its leaves being like feathers.

 $\Pi_{\cdot} = \pi \ell \rho \nu \alpha_{\cdot}$ HTEPNA Ion. -vn. 4, the beel. a bam.

Πτερνο-γλύφος, δ. (πτέρνα, γλύφω) Ηαπ-ισταρετ. name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-τρώκτης, ου, δ, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) Ηαπ-πίδbler, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia. Πτερνο-φάγος, δ, (πτέρνα, φάγειν) Ham-sater, name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

πτερο-δόνητος, ον, (πτερόν, δονέω) moved with flapping wings: metaph. bigb-soaring, bigb-flown.

mrepous, essu, es, contr. fem. mrepoussa, gen. πτερούντο: (πτερύν):-feathered, winged: also light as a feather: used by Homer mostly in phrase trea TTEPÚETTA, winged words.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) a feather, mostly in plur. feathers. 2. wings; bud urepole elvas to be under their mother's wings. II. a unnged crea-2. for oleroe, an augury, omen.

anything like wings or feathers, such as oars, sperua, The Tepa vyuol telestal which are the wings of 2. die law stropi the prize which wafts the Poet as it were to heaver

4. in Architecture, the roses of columns along the sides of Greek temples, whence the terms άπτερου, δίπτερου, περίπτερου.

πτερο-ποίκιλος, ον, (πτερών, ποικίλος) mother-fed-

thered, of pied plumage.

Trepb-Tous, -Todos, (Trepby, Tous) wing-footen. итерор-pola and -pola, f. hou: (ттеры, bla):to shed the feathers, lose feather, movie metaph, to be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned.

πτερο-φόρος, ον, (πτερύν, φέρω) featnered, wingea;

πτεροφόρα φύλα the feathered tribes.

TTEPO-Queu, (TTEPOF, Que) to grow featuers or wings. πτερόω, f. ωσω, (πτερόν) to furnish with feathers or wings, to feather; πτερούν βιβλίον to tie a letter to a feathered arrow and shoot it off:—Pass. to be featbered. 2. of ships, to furnish with oars.

wrepuyerou, Ep. dat. pl. of wrepuf.

TTEP bylo, f. iσω, (TTEPUE) to flutter or flap the wings. πτερύγιον [0], τό, Dim. of πτέρυξ, a little wing. IL. anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement; or, a pointed roof, a pinnacle.

πτερύγ-ωκής, έε, (πτέρυξ, ἀκύε) swift of wing. πτερίγωτός, ή, όν, (πτερυγόω) fledged, winged,

wing-sbaped. πτέρυξ, ύγοε, ή, (πτερύν) a wing. IL anything like a wing, 28 I. a rudder. 2. in plur. the skirts of a coat of mail. 2. the wing of a build-

III. anything that covers or protects like ing. wings, a fold, flap or cape. IV. metaph., #76puyes your the wings, i. o. the flight or flow, of grief. πτερύσσομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. - πτερυγίζαι

πτέρωμα, ατος, τό, (πτερύω) that which is feathered, a feathered arrow.

πτέρωσιε, ή, (γτερόω) a feathering, glumage. πτερωτός, ή, ών, also ός, ών, (πτεροελή feathered:

winged. write ou, sor. 2 inf. of wito pas.

writvas, inf. of erryr, 201. 2 act. of veropus.

πτην-ολέτις, ιδος, ή, (πτηνός, δλλυμι) bird-killing. menvos, h, lu Dor. meavos, a, ou, (menu) feathered, winged: urnvá, rá, fowls, birds. III. metaph., πτηνοί μῦθοι, young birds, fledged. liko kwea urepóerra, winged, passing words; urqual

έλπίδεε fleeting hopes.

TTHESS, sor. I inf. of TTHESS.

कार्नेज्य, नं, (बार्निश्वा) a flying, flight. πτήσομαι, fut. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗ ΣΣΩ, fut. πτήξω: 20τ. Ι έπτηξα Ερ. πτήξα: zor. 2 ferdeor, only found in compd. suraerasia: pf. έπτηχα, Ep. part. πεπτηών, ωτος: to frighten, IL intr. to scare, alarm, terrify, Lat. terrere. crouch down at cower for fear; πτήσσειν βωμών to flee cowering to the altar. 2. c. acc. to crouch for III. of fear of a thing.

> withrou, Ion. for wratae, 3 sing. 20r. 2 subj. of πέτομαι.

HTI'AON [1], to, a feather: plumage: esp. of the 3. the leafage of trees, under feathers, down. II. a wing.

TTILE VETOS, OF, (STILOV, PETOV) with feathered back. πτίσάνη [ŭ], ἡ, (ττίσσω) peeled barley. II. a drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel.

HTI'ΣΣΩ, fut. στίσω: aor. 1 έστίσα: Pass., aor. I entlyony: pf. Ently had: - to bush, peel or winnow grain: also to grind coarsely, to pound.

πτόα Ion. πτοίη, ή, (πτοίω) fear, terror.

IITOE'Ω: f. ήσω: aor. I έπτόησα poët. ἐπτοίησα: -Pam., acr. I έπτοήθην post. ἐπτοίηθην: pf. ἐπτίηmay post. Errolyman: -to frighten, scare away: -Pass. to be scared or dismayed. IL metaph. to flutter, excite, agitate:-Pass. to be in a flutter, be agitated: to be wild, distracted: To atombly distraction. Hence Trongue or Trolngue, con, h, terror: any pedement passion, encitement.

ATOLEM, ATOLITOLE, ATOLITOS, V. Sab STORE. wrohalle, wrohaustie, etc., Ep. for wohen-. πτόλομος, δ, Ep. for πόλεμου, war.

πτολί-αρχος, ον, Εp. for πολίαρχος.

πτολίεθρον, τό, Dim. of πτόλιε, but used like πόλιε,

TTONI-TOPIOS and TTONI-TOPIOS, OF, (TTONIS, wiptu) sacking or wasting cities: also wrohi-woptus, ov. S.

πτόλιε, Ep. for πόλιε.

πτόλισμα, Εp. for πόλισμα.

uroplos, o, a young branch, shoot, sucher, eat-II. a sprouting, shooting, budding.

πτέγμα, ατοι, τό, (πτύσσω) anything folded, a fold. πτυκτός, ή, όν, (πτύσσω) folded; πτυκτός πίναξ, folding tablets, consisting of two thin plates of wood,

one folding upon the other.  $\pi \tau \dot{\psi}_{h}^{c}$ ,  $\pi \tau \dot{\psi} \chi \dot{\phi}_{0}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , later  $\pi \tau \dot{\psi} \chi \dot{\eta}_{0}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}_{0}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}_{0}$ , ( $\pi \tau \dot{\psi} \sigma \sigma \omega$ ) : anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, πτύχει σάκεσε plates forming a shield. II. of the elefts or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look like folds; a cleft, dell, coomb: so also of the sky, folds or clouds. III. in form wrvxh, a folding IV. in Comedy, wrinkle tablet.

πτύον, τό, Ep. gen. ετθόφιν, (ετύω) α ευκκουνίκαshovel or fan, Lat. wannus.

HTT PΩ [8], f. wrbp@:—to frighten, scare, terryy: -Pass. πτύρομαι, 201. 2 ἐπτύρην [v]: to be frightened. πτύσμα, ατοι, τό, (πτόω) spittle

HTT ΣΣΩ, f. fee: aor. I ferrefa: Pass., aor. I ἐπτύχθην: pf. πέπτυγμαι:--to fold or double up, II. Pass. to be folded or fold and lay by. doubled up: of spear-points, to be folded or bent 2. to fold or cling round or to. back. Med. to fold round oneself. Hence

πτύχή, ή, see πτύξ.

HTΥΩ, f. πτύσω [v]: aor. I έπτύσα: pf. pass. επτυσμαι:—to spit out: to spit, Lat. spuo. II. to disgorge, east out, throw up, womit forth. III. metaph., ervous baving spat, with an expression of disgust; wroten spooting with loathing in his face, Trunda, ádos, ή, (Truf, Trusow) são, timorous, fearful.

TTOPA, atos, tó, (tistu, téstant) e fall : a mifortune, calamity, disaster, Lat. cause. II. sbar which has fallen, a corper, carcase TTAE, 6, 4, gen. stucke, (studen) the comering animal, i. e. the bare.

urtiorpos, or, (stare, néarese) fallen, elain.

TTOOUS, case, \$, (virru, virruma) a falling, fell. Truckile, post. for Trucke, to crouch for fear. IITΩ ΣΣΩ, like wrhow, intr. to crouch or come

from fear: also to go cowaring about, like a beggar, to visit like a beggar. 2. to flee affrighted : c. acc. to flee from. Truxela Ion. - nin, n, (Truxelu) oegging, beggary.

Truxelu, Ion. impf. Truxelegnor: f. ou: (Truxós):--to be a beggar, beg. H. trans., c. acc. rei, to get by begging. 3. C. SCC. PERS. SO beg ot ask an alms of.

πτωχηίη, Ioa. for πτωχεία.

πτυχικός, ή, όν, (πτυχός) of or for a begger, beggarly.

πτωχίστερος, irreg. Comp. of πτωχός. TTUXO-TOLOS, OF, (TTUXOS, TOLOW) drawing beggarly

characters, of a poet. errox 6s, \$, 60, also 6e, 60, (errosou) cons subs crouches or cringes; as Subst., avercée, é, a beggar: also srexde drip a beggarman. II. as Adj. beggarly, mean, sorry:-later also poor.-Comp. and Sup. wrwxórepoe, - óruroe; irreg. Comp. wrwxí-**СТЕРОВ.** 

Mědvéhra (sab. lepá), rá, (záaroc, blu) the Presepsia, an Athenian festival in the month susseption, in honour of Apollo: said to be so called from a dish of beans then eaten. Hence

Πυανεψίων, ώνος, έ, the fourth month of the Attic year, so named from the festival Humbia: corresponding to the latter part of October and former of November.

HYANOZ, 8, a bean.

volvaios, a, or, (ruyh) of or on the rump: To soraior depos the tip of the rump

πύγ-αργος, αν, (πυγή, άργός) subite-frame, name of a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-eagle.

III TH', qu, t, the rump, buttoche. Hence τυγίδιον, τό, Dim. a thin, narrow rump. [?]

Trypicios, a, or, (Tryph II) about a foot long or II. Πυγμαίοι, ol, the Pigmies, a fais race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been attacked and destroyed by Cranes.

Trypelixies, f. how, to practice boxing, be a boser. And

TVYMEXIA, \$, boxing, Lat. pugilatus. From πυγ-μάχος, αν, (ενγμή, μάχομαι) fighting with the fist: as Subst., wbypaxoe, &, a boner, Lat. pag

πυγμή, ή, (πύξ) a fist, Lit. pugnus: also a battle with fists, boxing-match; swypile render to be conqueror in the contest of boxing. II. a moure of length, the distance from the albors to the handles. = 18 Járrakos, about I ft. 11 inches.

zvyμÿ, dat. used as Adv., either - rósa, often, frequently; or up to the elbour.

πυγο-στόλος, ον, (πνγή, στολή) soith sweeping

train, with trailing robe.

alyoutros, a, or, about 15 inches long. From ΠΥΤΩ'N, όνος, \$, the elbow. II, as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 bantulos of 5 sulattal, about 15,inches.

zibaoila, f. lea, to bop, jump, dance.

IITEAOZ, &, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding ammals; a bathing-tub; a vat, boiler, copper.

Πυθαγόρας, ov Dor. a, o, the philosopher Pythagoras. Hence

πυθάγορίζω, f. low, to be a disciple of Pythagoras. Hibayopurthe, ov. Dor. -urtae, a, b, (subayopl(w)

a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras. Tilegou, gor. 2 inf. of Turbaroual.

withou, Dor. for #5000, 20r. 2 med. imperat. of #19θάνο μαι.

Πυθία (sub. lépeia), ή, tem. of Πίθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Hista (sub. lepá), ra, neut. pl. of Histor, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see Hubb) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Ποθιάς, άδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo. II. (sub. replodos), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like 'Ολυμπιάε. 2. the celebration

of the Pythian games. Ποθικός, ή, ίν, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian,

Del phic. Histor, 76, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi.

Πτοιο-νίκης, ου, δ. (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in (be Pythian games.

Habib-vinos, or, (Húbia, rindae) of or belonging to a victory in the Pythian games.

Πίθιος, a, or, (Πίθω) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytbo, Delpbian. II. Πύθιοι, ol, at Sparta, four

persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic *or acle* on affairs of state.

πυθμέην, ένοι, δ, (βυθόι) the bollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμήν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea; metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph.

the original stock or stem of a family. III 0001, Adv., properly dat. of IIvou, at Pytho or

Delphi.

πτοθοίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. a opt. of πυνθάνομαι. II τθοίδε, Adv., - Πυθώδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

**ΙΙτθό-κραντος**, ον, (Πυθώ, πραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθύκραντα the Pythian orales.

III 506-μαντιε, εωε, δ, ή, (Πυθώ, μάντιε) a Pythian poplet. II. used as Adj, of the Pythian prophet; Essemble for the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

Ποθοχρήστης, ου, Dor. -τας, α, δ, (Π. λ. χράω) a consulter of the Pythian god.

Πύθό-χρηστος, ον, (Πύθω, χράω) delivered by the Pythian god.

II. consulting the Pythian god.

IIΥΘΩ [9]: fut. εύσω: aor. I ένθσα Ερ. εύσα:—

to make rot, to rot. corrode:—Pass, to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder

11006, gen. ove, dat. oi, \$, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi; also the oldest name of Delphi

itself. Hence III0668e, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and Hobabev, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθών, ώνος, ή, older form for Πυθώ.

Ποθωνόθεν, Adv., - Πυθώθεν, from Pytho.

HYKA, poët. Adv. from same Root as werer's, zvavće, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently. ποκάζω old Dor. -άσδω: f. άσω: aor. I ἐπύκασα Ep. πύκασα: Pass., 201. Ι ἐπυκάσθην: pf. πεπύκασμαι: (πύκα):—to make thick or close, cover up closely, enurap; sundseir steparois to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to frotect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. I and pf. pass. part. www.gocls and nenumanulivos, thickly covered, well clothed. metaph, to overcloud, east a shadow over: - Med. to prepare fit, make ready for one, II. to close fast, sbut up.

πυκάσδω, Dor. for πυκάζω.

wikt-undige, is, (wourds, undos) of close or cautious mind, discreet.

wikivos, ή, ω, poet. lengthd. form for were's: neut. Tukiror and Tukird as Adv. closely, thickly: shrewdly. wickivo-φρων, σνος, (πυκινός, φρήν) wite munded.

TUKIVOS, Adv. of TUKIVOS; see TUKVOS V.

wukvá, neut. pl. used as Adv. of wukvós; see wukvós v. wurvirus, ov, o, = wurirus, (Ilruf) assembling in the Pnya. [l]

wurvov, neut. used as Adv. of wurvos: see wurvos v. TUKYÓ-TTEPOS, OF, (TUKYÚS, TTEPÓY) thick-feathered.  $\pi \nu \kappa \nu \delta \rho - \rho \alpha \xi_1 - \rho \alpha \gamma \sigma \sigma_1$  ( $\pi \nu \kappa \nu \delta \sigma_2$ ) or  $\pi \nu \kappa \nu \delta - \rho \omega \xi_1$ -eryos, b, f, (words, forf) thick with berries.

mucivos Ep. lengthd. mucivos, ή, όν, (πύξ):-close, compact: of substance, close, solid: thick, closepacked, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, freclose. quens; wurird Bedea a thick shower of darts. well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded IV. metaph. of the mind, close guarded, cautious; hence sbrewd, discreet, wise. besides the regular Adverbs wvavos and wvavos, Homer also uses neuters wurver and wurve, wurter and wurivá as Adv., 1. closely, firmly, fast. 3. wisely, shroudly. much, often, excessively. TURVOS, gen. of mruf.

TUKYO-GTUKTOS, OF, (TUKYOS, GTÍCO) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

MUKYÓTIJE, 1700, fl. (MUKYĆE) closenese, thickiess.

nerseness. II. frequency. wisdom, shrewdness, discretion.

quency. III. metaph.

to pack close, roll into small compans, condense:—
Pass, to be filled out with a thing. Hence

Through, area, to, a close covering, veil,

TURTUR, Dor. for Therms, a boner.

warrein, L. on, to be a boner, practice boning, bon, spar: to strike with the fist. From

πίκοτης, ου, δ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a bosser, Lat. pugil. πυκτικός, ή, ότ, (πόκτης) skilled in bossing. πυκτίς, ίδος, ή, (πτόσσω) a switing tablet.

TWETE, 180e, 4, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-Εγόρας οι Πυλ-έγορος, ου, δ, (Πύλαι, dystpu) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylas, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic buncil. Hence

πύλὰγορίω, f. ήσω, to be a Πυλαγόραs, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictronic Council.

Πτλ-άγόρος, see Πυλαγόρας.

Πύλαι, αί, εσε πύλη 11. 2.

Histola (sub. edvodos), \$\overline{\pi}\$, fem. of welatios, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylas; generally, the Amphictyonic Council: also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαι-μάχου, οτ, (πόλου οτ πόλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, οτ fighting at Pylou.

Tuλatos, a, or, (τόλη) at or before the gate (Πόλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [δ]

πύλ-άρτης, ου, ό, (πύλη, άραρίσκω) be that teeps the gate of bell: Acol. gen. πυλάρταο.

wild-upbs, δ, (wiln, dpa) Ep. for wilder, heeping the gate: as Subst., wilderpos, δ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ITTAH, η, a gate: in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a bouse-door): but also = θύρα, the door of a bouse. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πόλαι, e.g. Πόλαι, al, the shorter name for Θερμοπόλαι, Pylas, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [8]

Πάλ-ηγόρης, ου, ό, Ιου. for Πυλαγόρας.

wtλη-δόκος, δ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate.
πτλίε, ίδος, ή, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern.
Παλόθαν, Adv. (Πύλου) from Pylos.

Milos-yerhe, is, (Ilinos, yerlottai) born or sprung from Pylos.

Πάλόνδε, Adv. (Πάλοε) to or towards Pylos. πύλος, δ. – πύλη, α gate.

Histor, b or \$, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled: there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia.

wiλ-oupós, δ, (πίλη, οδροε) a gate-keeper.
wiλόω, f. ώσω, (πίλη) to furnish or suclose with gates:—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατου, τό, a gate, gateway.
πύλων, ώνου, ό, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-bouse: also
a poreb or vestibule.

wuhaplas, to be a gate-keeper. From

αύλ-ωρός, δ, (πύλη, άρα) a gate-keeper, warder. αύμάτος, η, ον, (πυθμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last: πύματον and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the

last time.

πύνθαξ, αιοε, δ, (πυθμήν) the bottom of a vessel.

πύνθάνομμα, lengthd. from πεύθομα: f. πεύσομα.

Dor. πευσούμα: aor. 2 ἐπθθόμην, imperat. πυθα.

Dor. πύθευ, inf. πύθεσθαι, Ep. 3 sing, opt. πεπύθοιτο:
pf. πέπυσμαι, 2 sing. πέπυστο Ep. πέπυσσαι: plapf.

ἐπεπύσμην, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύσθην:

—to ask, inquire, hence to learn, assortain by asking or inquiry: to bear, learn, understand: c. gen. to bear of, bear ness of: also c. acc. to inquire about:

c. inf. to bear or learn that..

IIT's, Adv. with elenched firs; wif dyarbo good as the firs, i. e. as boxing

mufivees, a, ar, and mufives,  $\eta$ , ar, (mifes) made of bar-wood.

HYBOZ, \$, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree: also in swood.

INO'N or whos, b, the first milk after the birth, Lat colostrum.

wowner, an exclamation of surprise, breso !

ITTP, πθρόε, τό, fire; πῦρ Διόε the fire of Jore, i.e. lightning. II. metaph. fover-best, also feverith bope III. to express things terrible; apelaeue dμαιμακέτου πυρόε stronger than invincible fire; δω πυρόε lέναι to go through fire and water. Hence πυρό, δω, τό, wateb-fire, only in pl.

wiph, de, Ion. wiph, he, h, the place where fire is kindled: a funeral-pyre: also a burial-place. 2. an altar for burnt-eacrifice: also the fire burning upon the altar.

πύρ-άγρα, ή, (τύρ, άγρόω) a pair of fire-tongs πύρ-αγρότης, ου, ό, - πυράγρο

wip-albu, (supå, albu) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

wθρ-āκτέω, f. ήσω, (νθρ, έγω) to turn in the fire, w barden in the fire, char.

alpáμlvos, η, ον, (πυρόε) = αυρονοε, of mbsα.

wopaμle, ibos, ή, a pyramid:—an Egyptian word.
wopaμους, ούντος, ό, contr. for πυραμόσιε, (πυρέπ) s
cals of roasted ubeat and boney; given as a prize
to him who kept awake best during a night-watch.
generally, the meed or prize of victory.

πύρ-αυγής, ές, (πῦρ, αὐγή) fiery bright, πυργηθόν, Adv. (πίργος) like a tosser.

πυργηδόν, Adv. (πίργου) like a towar. Π. of soldiers, in masses or columns, in close wrenty.

way τργηρέω, f. ήσω, to abut up in a tower .—Pau. be beleaguered, besieged. From:

πυργ-ήρης, εε, (πύργοε, ἀράρεῖν) εδιά ωρ in a tower,
 beleaguered: besieged.
 πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργοε, a turret.
 πύργίνος, η, ον, (πύργοε) strong as a tower.

πυργίου, τό, Dim. of πύργου, a turret.

suppositions, or,  $(\pi i \rho \gamma \cos, \delta a t \zeta \omega)$  destroying owns. [d]

πυργο-μάχέω, (πύργου, μάχομαι) to assault or batter

HTTPOΣ, δ, a tower: in plus. walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, eastle: also a moveable tower for storming towns.

2. metaph. a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark; πύργου θανάνων a bulwark against death.

3. the highest part of any building.

III. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργηδών.

πυργο-φόρος, οτ, (πύργος, φέρα) tower-bearing. πυργο-φύλαξ, άπος, δ, (πύργος, φύλαξ) α tower-

guard, warder. [v]

πυργόω, f. ώσω, (πόργοε) to gird or fence with towers:—Pass. to be furnished with a tower.

II. to raise up to a towering beight: metaph., πυργώσαι βήματα σεμπά 'to build the lofty rhyme:' hence to snalt, entol, enaggerate:—Pass. to snalt oneself, be overbearing, baughty.

πυρη-ώδης, es, (πύργος, eldos) like a tower. πύργωμα, ατος, τό, (πυργόω) a place furnished with towers, a fenced city: in plux, towers and walls.

πυργώτιε, ιδοε, fem. Adj. (πυργόω) towering. πυρ-δάἡε, έε, (πῦρ, δαίω) burning with fire, incendiary. πυρείον Ion. πυρήμον, τό, (πῦρ) plur. πυρήκα, pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire.

πυρέσου Att. --το: fut. πυρέξω: act. 1 ἐπύρεξα: (πυρετόε):--to be feveriub, be sick of a fever.

πύρετός, οῦ, ὁ, (πῦρ) burning beat, fiery beat. II. esp. feverish beat, a fever; πυρετός τριταίος, τεταρταίος a tertian, quartan fever.

πύρτύς, έως, δ, (πύρ) a fire-proof vessel. πύρη, ής, ή, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά.

TENTONIA STATE AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF T

TIT PH'N, ήνοε, δ, the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.

πύρ-ήνεμος, αν. (πύρ, dreμos) fanning fire.
πύρη-τόκος, αν. (πυρόε, τεκείν) wheat-producing.
πύρη-φάτος, αν. (πυρόε, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass.
of \*φένω) wheat-slaying, epith. of a millstone.

πυρη-φόρος, σε, post. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) gubeat-bearing.

wip(a, \$\dagger\$, (\pi\tilde{u}) a vapour-bath, consisting of an airright covering, within which fragrant substances were hrown on hot embers to produce steam.

wipidτη [d], ή, (woo) a pudding made with best-Ergs, i. e. the first milk after calving.

«τυριατήριον, τό, α vapour-bath. From «τυριάω, (τυριά) to put into a vapour-bath. «χυρί-βλητος, αν. (τθρ. βάλλω) atriking with fire. πύρι-γενέτης, ου, δ, = πυριγενής.
πύρι-γενής, ές, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) born of fire: wrought of forged by fire.
πύρι-γόνος, ον, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) fire-producing, πύρι-δαπτος, ον, (πύρ, δάπτω) devoured by fire.
πύρι-βκης, τό, Dim. of πυρός.
πύρι-βκης, ες, (πύρ, ἀκή) pointed in the fire, Lat.

praeustus. Wipi-nafis, és, — Tupinaugros.

πυρι-καιμ, εε, - πυρικαυστοε.
 πύρι-καιστοε, ον, (πύρ, καίω) burnt in the fire.
 πύρι-καιστοε, ον, (πύρ, καίν) wherein fire lies calcep.
 πύρι-λαμπής, έε, (πύρ, λάμπω) bright with fire.
 πύρινος [ν], η, ον, (πύρ) of fire, fiery: sparkling.
 πύρινος [ν], η, ον, (πύρό») of wheat, wheaten.
 πύρι-πνέων, ουσα, ον, (πύρ, πνέων) fire-breathing.
 πύρι-πνοος, ον coult. - πνους, ουν, (πύρ, πνέω) fire-breathing: glowing, fiery.

mupl-smapros, or, (wup, swelpe) sowing fire, in-

flaming.

wipe-ovelpyros, or, (wip, overples) swalted in fire.
wipe-overros, or, (wip, ovel(s) streaming with fire.
wiperval [1], or, d, fem. wipervs, idea, (wip) of or
conversant with fire.

πύρι-τρόφος, ον, (πῦρ, τρέφω) cherishing fire. πύρι-φάτος, ον, (πῦρ, πέφαται) slain by fire.

Πύρι-φλεγίθων, οντος, δ. (πῦρ, φλέγω) one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing.

πυρι-φλεγής, ie, and πύρι-φλέγων, συτος, δ, (πῦρ, φλέγω) blazing with fire, flaming.

πύρι-φλεκτος, ον, (πῦρ, φλέγω) burns or blazing with fire: fiery.
πυρίχη, ή, poët. for πυρρίχη.

Tup-Karis, toe, b, (Tup, Kale) a fire-kindler.

weywald Ion. -vh, h, (wip, sales) any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre. 2. a fire, conflagration. 3. metaph. the flame on fire of love. II. an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive.

πυρναίος, a, or, (πόρου) fit to eat, ripe.
 πόρου, τό, shortd. for πόριου (sub. eirtor), neut.
 ο πόριοο (πυρόο), wheaten bread.
 2. anything fit to eat, food generally.

πυρο-γενής, έε, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) made from wheat. πυρότιε, εσσα, εν, (πυρ) fiery. II. δ πυρότιε the planet Mars, from his fiery colour.

πύροκλοπία, ή, the fire-theft. From πύρο-κλόπος, οτ, (πύρ, κλέπτω) fire-stealing. πύρο-λόγος, οτ, (πυρόε, λέγω) reaping wheat. πύροπωλέω, f. ήσω, to deal in wheat. From πύρο-πώλης, ου, ό, (πυρόε, πωλέω) a wheat-merchant. commerchant.

wυρορ-ράγης, ές, (πῦρ, βαγήναι) bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. wuρορραγές, cracked. πυρός, ό, sobeat: in plut. grains of wheat. (From πῦρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?)

πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing. πῦρο-φόρος, ον, (πῦρόε, φέρω) subeat-bearing. πῦρόω, έ. ώσω, (πῦρ) to set on fire, to burn: to burn as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. to fumigate.

πυρ-πάλαμάω, f. ήσω, (πύρ, παλαμάσμαι) to bandle fire: to play tricks with fire, play misebievous pranks. mup-makaus, q, or, (who, makaun) wrought of fire. TUP-TYOOS, OF, (TUP, TYOU) Are-breathing.

suprolies, f. how, (suproles) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; supsidely II. to waste robe despayee to stir up or fan the fire. with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence mupushamus, aros, ro, a wateb-fire, beacon.

TUP-TOLOS, OF, (TOP, TOLIO) busied with fire: wast-

ing with fire, scorobing.

ruppaga, f. ou, (rupple) to be flery-red.

supplies, ou, o, (suppos) name of a slave, used of the red-baired slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sab. δρχησιε), ή, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'tô look daggers.' (Called from Hoppexoe, the inventor.) [7]

πυρρίχιδικός, ή, όν, (πυρρίχιος) in the Pyrrbic metre. wepplχίζω, f. low, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic

πυρρίχιος, δ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrbie dance; πυρρίχιον δρχημα the Pyrrbic II. wode supplyios a pyrrbic, i. c. a foot consisting of two short syll., as µerá, which was much need in the Pyrrhic song: also called suplausoe.

tupp (χιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πυρριχίζω) a dancer of the

Pyrrbie dance.

πύρρίχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red. suppo-yévelos, or, (suppos, yérelor) red-bearded. πυρρό-θριξ, τρίχοι, δ, ή, (πυρρύι, θρίξ) red-baired. πυρρ-οπίπης [l], ou, δ, (πυρρός, δπιπτεύω) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to sup-orlans ogling sobeat, i. e. dinner in the Prytaneum.

suppose, a, or, Ion. 2, or, old Att, superos, 2, or, (wip) flame-coloured, red, Lat. refus, darker than

farbos: generally, reddish, red, taumy,

 $\pi \nu \rho \rho \delta - \tau \rho \ell \chi o s$ ,  $\sigma v_{i} = \pi \nu \rho \rho \ell \theta \rho \ell \delta e$ .

Tuporalius, (Tupore) to make red, tinge with red. Tuporeius, (Tupose) to set an fire, light up with beacon-fires. II. to kindle torches (suprol), make signale by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλείν) fire-shooting. πυρσό-κομος, ον, (πυρσύε, κόμη) red-baired. πυρσό-νωτος, ον, (πυρσός, νῶτος) red-backed. πυρσός, οῦ, ὁ: irreg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ): a fire-

brand, torch. Il. a beacon or signal-fire. πυρσόε, ή, ώ, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρόε.

HUPOTO-TOKOS, OF, (HUPOTOS, TEREID) fire-producing. πυρσ-είδης, es, (πυρσός, elbos) like a firebrand, bright-burning.

TUPO-apos, 6, (rupobe, upa) a watehman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορόω, f. ήσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. Prom

πυρ-φόρος, αν, (πθρ. φόρω) fire-bearing, ebarged

with fire: & Hupphopoe the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; suppopos oleroi arrows with combustibles tied to them. συρφόροε the fire-bearing god, i.e. who produces III. suppopose, in the Laceplague or fever. daemonian army, was a priest subo kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, som mybe suppoper septyerestes it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

πύρ-ωπός, οῦ, (πῦρ, ἀψ) flery-eyed. Tipesous, eas, \$, (Topos) a setting on fire, burning. Tione, eas, 4, (Turbaropae) an enting, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. IL what is learne by asking, now, tidings.

wire, fut. of wife.

TOTILE, LIGH, (TTIE) to spart out water from one's mouth.

mortvaios, a, or, plaited with willows. From ITTTINH, \$, a flash covered with plaited willow twigs. [1]

Túriopia, aros, ró, (svríζω) ibai wbich one spite out. we Ion. we, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, bitberto, mostly with negat. II. vo: Sicilian for woo; as interrog. where?

ΠΩΤΩΝ, eros, δ, the beard; whyer reple a beard or tail of fire. Hence

muyuwlae, ou, ô, bearded; dorige muyewlae a bearded star, i. e. a comet.

mayavov, to, Dim. of sayer, a little beard. TWYWVO-φόρος, αν, (πάγραν, φέρα) mearing a beard. when, ra, pl. nom. of will.

muhda, f. (resheve) a breeding of foals.

washing Ion, washelper, whence part. was commen impf. ruleduny; also lon. 3 sing. impf. suchessere: fut. sulfgoua: Dep. :- Frequent. of solder to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place: c. gen., dyyekins reskeletat to go on a message. to pursue a walk or line of life.

σωλεύμην, Ερ. for ἐπωλούμην, impl. of σωλέομα. wakevore, f. (waketa) barse-breaking.

πωλεύω, (πῶλοε) to break in a young borse.

wakin, Ion. impf. rukéconov; f. how; (\*zokán, which occurs in eu-roldonal):—to sell, opp, to desiσθαι τουλείν τρύε τυνα to deal with one :—παλείν τέλη, to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:-Pass. to 😕 sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; of πιπράσκω.

πώλης, ου, δ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer,

πώλησιε, ή, (πωλέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warebouse, shop. II. the place where the taxes.were let to the highest bidder: see weakerte.

πωλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (πωλίω) a seller, dealer. at Athens the mulyral were ten officers, solo seed to let out (triskour, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

waluebe, 4, by, (walce) of foals or fillies: generally,

of or for borses; design walketh a chariot drawn by borses. II. poët, virgin, maidenly.

πυλίον, τό, Dim. of πῶλοε, a pony. · πυλοδαμνέω, f. ήσω, to break young borses.

metaph. to train up, rear. From

πωλο-δάμνης, ου, ὁ, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a borse-oreaker. πωλο-μάχος, ον. (πῶλος, μάχομαι) fighting on borseback or in a chariot. [ἄ]

ΠΩ ΛΟΣ, δ and \$, a foal, whether cole or filly: generally, a young animal. II. poöt, as iem. a young girl, maiden, like μόσχοε, πόρτιε, Lat. juvenca: more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.

πώλύ-πος, δ, Acol. and Dor. for πολύπουε.

πώμα, ατοε, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.) πώμα, ατοε, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a drink, a draught, potion.

πό-μάλα, Adv. for των μάλα; bose in the world? bence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμών, not be least, by no means.

πώ-ποτε, (πω, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat. πώρινος, η, ον, (πώρου) made of tufa or tuff-stone. πώρος, δ. tuff-stone, Lat. tophus, Ital. tufa, friable and porces.

mupón, f. érou, (mûpoe) to petrify, turn into stone.

II. generally, to barden, make callous.

III. metaph in Pass to become bardened or callous, of the heart.

πώρωστε, εω, ή, (τωρόω) a turning into stone: metaph. from Pass. πωρόομαι, bardness of bear!, callousness.

πωε Ion. κώε, interrog. Adv. bow? in what way or manner? Lat. quomodo? in Att. sometimes c. genit., πώε άγώνοε ήκομω; bow are we come off in the contest? II. at the beginning of a speech, How now? πώε γάρ.:; as if something had gone before, How should that be, for it cannot be that ..? so also πώε δή; πώε γάρ δή, III. πώε δυ with the opt. expresses a wish, O bow might I..? would that I could! πώε δυ δλοίμην; would that I could perish! V. κωὶ πώε; introducing an objection, yet bow can that be? but bow? V. πώε οδ; Lat. quidni? suby not? certainly. VI. πώε δοκεῖε; bow think you? i. e. you cannot think bow.

True Ion. Rue, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, oy any means, Let, aliquo modo.

(Strictly speaking, was is Adv. of \*wes; quis?

whence πού, πω, ποί, etc.) - πωτάομαι, f. - φσομαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι,

o fly. Hence

πώτημα, ατος, το, fligo. IIΩ'T', ecc, τό, pl. πώτα, τά, a flock of theep, with τ without older, opp. to βοθε δγέλαι.

P

, ρ, ρΔ, το, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek lphabet: as numeral ρ'=100, but ρ=100,000.

Dialectic changes of  $\rho$ : I. Aeol. at the end of words σ passed into ρ, as, ούτορ μάρτυρ for ούτος μάρτυε: so in Lat. arbor arbos, bonor bonos in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. po passed into pp. as άρρην θάρροε, ίος άρσην θάρσοε. III. Att., p IV. in Poets, for **κλίβαν**οε ναύκληροε σιγηλόε. e is transposed, as κάρτου Ep. for κράτου, θάρσου for V. p is doubled after a Prep. or a privat, and commonly after the augment, as drop-plates, doρωστόε, ξρορίε. VI. ρ at the beginning of a word sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg. word long by position, as, ψυχρή ἐπο βιπής, σπεύδειν άπο βυτήρου. VII. p was called by the ancients littera canina,—irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plurima dicat, Lucil.

pá, enclit. Particle, Ep. for dpa, q. v. [d] PA or pā, Adv. easily: see péa, peia.

paββl, b, indecl., Hebrew word, Rabb-i, 1. e. my master:—so also paββovl or paββovl, b, Rabb-oni, my master, a term of higher honour than Rabb-i.

paβδίζω, f. σω, (βάβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out com.

βαβδίον, τό, Dim. of βάβδος, a small wana, βαβδονομέω, f. ήσω, to sit as umpire. From

paβ80-νόμος, ον. (βάβδος, νέμω) bolding a rod or wand: as Subst., βαβδονόμος, δ. – βαβδούχος, the Roman Lictor.

PABAOΣ, ή, a rod, wand, stick, switeb. 2. a magic wand, as that of Circé or Hermes. 3. a fishing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand or staff of office: a sceptre. 6. in pl. βάβδοι are the fasces of the Roman lictors

φαβθουχέω, f. ήσω, (βαβδοῦχοε) to carry a rod ot wand of office.

2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor:

Pass to be attended by lictor.

-Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence paβδουχία, ή, the office of lictor.

βαβδ-ούχος, ω, (βάβδος, έχω) carrying a rod: es Subst., βαβδούχος, δ, one who hears a staff of office, a judge, umpire.
2. a magistrate's attendant, a sort of constable or headle:—at Rome, a lietor.

βαβδο-φόροε, ου, = βαβδοῦχ βαβδωτόε, ή, όν, (βάβδοε) striped, streaked, Lat.

virgatus.

ράγας, άδος, ή, (βαγήναι) a rent, chink, ράγηναι, not. 2 pass. inf. of βήγνυμι.

paybaios, a, or, (pássw) tearing, furious,

βάγίζω, f. ίσω, (βάξ) to gather grapes.
βάγο-λόγος, ον, (βάξ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

pabwaκη, ή, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

PATATNOZ, h, lv, Acol. Bpastvos, a, ov, slender:

taper, slim, delica:e, tender.
ράδιος, α, ω, Att. also oe, ον, Ion. βηίδιος, η, ω [?],

or pificos, η, or (pā, pia, peia), easy, easy to make or do; cipos philin an easy road: c. inf., τάφρος philin περήσαι a trench easy to cross:—also light,

simple, little-beeded. II. of persons, easy, ready, willing to oblige, complainant, affable, Lat. facilis, commodus. 2. in bad sense, beedless, reckless .-The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root pq: - Comp. paar, neut. paar lon. phiam. phiom Ep. phirepos contr. parepos: - Sup. paστος, η, ον lon. βήιστος Dot. βάιστος Ερ. βηίτατος.

φαθιουργέω, f. ήσω, (βαθιουργό») to do with II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, recklessly: to musbebave. a. to lead an easy, lazy life. hience.

βαδιούργημα, . 6, a thoughtless, reckless action: and ραδιουργία. ή, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility. II. in bad sense, recklossnoss. 2. indolence, laziness.

ραδι-συργός, όν, (ράδιος, έργον) doing things easily, ready. il. in bad sense, acting lightly or carelessly, thoughtless, reckles

palies Ep. and Ion. prolices, Adv. of palices, easily, lightly, readily: padies depeur to bear lightly, make

light of a thing.

ραθάμιγξ, ιγγου, η, (para) a drop. IL of solids, a grain, bit. pala style, (passe, sugh) to elap one on the

βαθυμέω, f. ήσω, (βάθυμου) to be easy-tempered, II. to slacken work, be idle. thoughtless, careless.

βαθθμία, ή, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, care-II. a taking things easily, indifference, III. relaxation, amusesluggisbness, laziness. ment, pastime.

βά-θύμος, ον, (βάδιος, θυμός) easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. sluggish, lazy, slothful. Hence φαθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly; βαθύμως

peper to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing. ραιβό-κράνος, ον. (ραιβός, κράνιον) crook-beaded. PAIBO'E, h, ov, crooked, bent, bandy.

βαιβο-σκελής, έε, (ραιβόε, σπέλοε) crook-legged.

pates Ion. pales, f. tow, (padios) to grow easy: to

find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

'PAINΩ, fut. ράνω: 201. 1 έρρανα, Ep. 2 pl. 1mperat. βάσσατε (as if from \*βά(ω)); pf. pass. ξροασμαι (also from \*ρά(ω), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plopf. lppάδαται, -aro: -to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph, to bedew, besprinkle, bes patter.

paroémena. Ep. 101 paroeir, fut. inf. of paine.

palon, 3 sing. sor. I subj. of palw.

βαιστήρ, ήροε, δ, (βαίω) a breaker, crusber: a bammer.

'PAI'Ω, f. σω: nor. I έρραισα:—to break, smash, shiver, shatter: - Pass. to be shivered, shattered, erusbed. II. to crush, destroy:-Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

band, b, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.) banov, 76, Dim. of panos, a rag, shred, patch: in olur., rags. [a]

pamo-ouppartabus, ou, é, (pamor, ouppartu) e rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

banb-buτos, ov. (banos, δύω) clad in rags: ragged. þäkóns, egga, er, ragged, tattered. *kled*. From

PAKOZ [a], eos, tó, a ragged, taiterea garment: in plur. pánea, pány, rage, tattere: generally, a strip or sbred of clotb. 2. in plur. wrinkles. metaph., σώματος ράκος a sbred of life, of an old man.

δακόω, f. ώσω, (βάκου) to tear in stripe. Hence ράκωμα, ατος, τό, - βάκος, a rag: in pl. rags. [a] PA'MNOZ, \u00e1, a thorn of prickly shrub. Hence

Pauvous, ourtee, o, Rhammis, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from papricus, essa, er thorny. Hence

Paprovotos, a, or, of Rhamnels: if Paprovola, the Rhamnusian goddess, name of Nemesus from her

temple at Rhamnûs.

PAMOS, eoe, to, toe crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey; a beak, bill

pavis, idos, ή, (jairu) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

partiplos, a, or, (faire) sprinkles: recking. partile, f. ou, (paire) to sprinkle, moisten: hence

to cleanse by sprinkling. particula, i, (partica) a sprinkling, purification βάξ, gen. βάγύε, ή, a grape; cp. Lat. racemus. polov, neut, of polov, often used as comp. Adv.

more easily. paoves, Adv. of paer, more easily.

ραπίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. ρεράπισμας: (βαπίο):—to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel. IL to slap in the face, bon on the ear, cuff.

þāπis, iδοs, ή, (βάβδοs) a rod, stick.

βάπισμα, ατος, τό, (βάπίζω) a bloss with the palm of the band, a slap on the face, cuff.

βαπτός, ή, όν, (βάπτω) seum, stitched, patched: generally, strung together. II. worked with the needle, embroidered; jauri gopaipa a ball patched of divers colours.

PAΠΤΩ, f. ράψω: aor. I έρραψα Ερ. ράψα: Pass... 201. 2 ἐρράφην [d]: pf. ἔρραμμαι:—to sew σε stist) together: -- Med. to stitch, sew, patch for one-self. II. later, to work with the needle, embroider. III. metaph, to devise, contrive, concert, plot:---proverb.. τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα **ἔρραψαν μέν σύ**,

υπεδήσατο δε 'Αρισταγόρης this shoe you indeed'

stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i. .. you planeed

the plot, but he executed it. IV. to link or string togetber. Pápios, a, ov. from Raros, Rarian: "Pápiar (sub. πέδιον), τό, the Rarian plain neat Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called

Papiás. From Papos, ov. o. Raros, father of Triptolemus.

pagrane, Ep. agr. I imperat. of jewe (as if from \* /d (w),

PAZZΩ, f. f. e.: 201. I ξρραξα:—like ἀράσσω, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to lon. ρήσσω, ρήγγυμ... βάστα, neut. pl. of βάστα, as Adv., most easily.

paros, y, or, irreg. Sup. of palices, contr. of palerce,

most easy.

φαστωνεύω, — ραθυμέω, to be idle, listless. From paστώνη Ion. pηστώνη, ή, (ραστος) easiness of doing anything, facility.

II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. facilitas; & ρηστώνης τῆς Δημοκήδεος from kindness to Democedes.

III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing: absol. rest, leisure, ease: indolence.

ράτοροε, α, or, irreg. Comp. of βάδιοε, more easy. ράφανίδου, (βαφανίε) to punish as an adulterer. ράφανίε, ίδοε, ή, the radish, Lat. raphanus. From

PA'ANOZ, j, cabbage. [pă]

papers, tan, b, (parra) a stitcher, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner.

ράφή, ή, (βάπτω) a seam; βαφή κρανίου the suture of the skull.

ράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δάπτω.

papers, ear, h, - papers.

paφis Dar. βamis, iδοε, η, (βάπτω) a needle, pin. βaχia Ion. βηχίη, η, (βάσσω) like βηγμίν, the breaking of the sea on the above, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to durante the ebb: generally, a high tide, flood.

II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break.

2. a mountain-ridge.

paxila, f. low, (faxus) to cut through the spine: to

cleave in twain, bew in pieces.

βάχνε [d], gen. tos Att. εως, ή, the back of men or animals/the chine: also the backbone, Lat. spina dorsi; δπό βάχνε ταγήναι to be impaled.

II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

paxos Ion. βηχόs, οῦ, ἡ, a thorn-bush, briar.
a thorn-bedge.
3. a thorn-tick, a twig.

páwa, aor. I inf. of páwra.

paries but, f. ησω: (μαρφδίο):—to recite poems:—
Pass. of the poems, to be recited.

2. to repeat by beart or rote, declaim: to retierate, keep saying that

Π. c. acc, pers., to sing of one. Hence paries has no person, to sing of one paries foot, η, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

pay obe, 6, (parre, ob) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodist; sometimes of the hard who recited his sum poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called rhapsodies, i. e. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called hardone when riddle,

Aciav, or, irreg. Comp. of padios, more easy.

နှင့်နေ, Ep. Adv. for နှင့် (whence နှင့်စီးos), easily, lightly.

Péa, 4, Ep. and Ion. Pein or Pén, Rhen, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos.

**PETKΩ**, f. βίγξω, to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

PETOΣ, eoe, τό, - βηγοε, a rug, coverlet.

 $\dot{p}\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\chi\omega$ , =  $\dot{p}\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\kappa\omega$ , q.  $\forall$ .

ρέδη, ή, a wagon, from the Lat. rbeda. ρέεθρον, τό, Ion. and poët. for ρείθρον, a stream.

PEZO, ion. impl. péleonor: fut. pêle: aor. I épela and éppela: of Pass. only aor. I pexônou is used:—like épòo, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit., to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. acc. to do something to one: also c. Adv., nancos péleur rivá to mattreat one.

Il lepà péleur des to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. sacra facere: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. operari, facere.

PE'802, eoe, 76, a limb. II. the face, countenance.

haa, another Ep. form of hea, Adv. of hadios, easily, lightly, carelessly.

Pein, ή, Ep. and Ion. for Pla.

petopov, v6, Att. contr. from Ion. fleopov, (fleo) a river, stream.

2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

pertupe, h, fem. of pertup.

φατήρ, ήροε, ό, (βέζω) a doer, agent.
βέμβομαι, Dev. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

pégas, pégas, aor. I inf. and part. of pégas.

phos. 76, (blw) a stream.

PEIIO, t, two, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. vergere, inclinare: hence simply to fall or turn downwards.

2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh.

3. of persons, to incline towards a thing.

4. of duties, to fall or devolve upon one.

5. of events, to incline, fall, bappen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards...

II. trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: hence in Pass., lowe phereodu to be equally balanced or poised.

βερθπωμένος, pf. pass. part. of βυπόω.

peθμα, ατος, τό, (μέω) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood on tide of men. 2. a flood.

ρεύσομαι, fut. of ρέω, to flow. ρεχθείε, sor. I pass. part. of βέζω.

\*PE'Ω, to say, root of some tenses given under

èρέω, εἶπον.

PEΩ, f. βείσομαι: Att. fut. βυήσομαι and aor.

2 ἐρρύην, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. ἐρρύηκα:—to flow, run, stream, gusb; βέεν αξματι
γαία the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognato, βείνω χώρα γάλα, μέλι let the land flow with milk, honey; βέειν ἀπὸ χιόνου to flow from melted snow.

2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glüby.

3. to fall, drop off.

4. to flow or melt away.

II. trans. to let flow, make stream, pour.

βήγμα, ατος, τό, (βήγνυμι) a fracture, breakage, erasb, downfall.

byyulv or -ule, gen. iros, d, (phyrupu) the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf.

taph, the verge or edge of a thing.

PHTNY MI or -we : 3 sing. impf. phyrogee, Ion. for laphyru: fut. phia: 201. I laphia: pl. 2 laporya (in the sense of the Pass.):-Med., f. phfopai: Ep. aor. I βηξάμην:-Pass.: fut. 2 βάγησομαι: aor. I έρρηχθην, more usu. aor. 2 έρράγην [d]: pf. έρρηγμαι:-to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign 2. as a term of war, to break a line of battle; to place phifus to break through the centre: -also in Med, phfaobai orixas to break oneself a seay through the ranks:—also absol, both in Act. and Med., bifat, bifatbat, to break or force one's way tbrough. 3. to let break loose, to unchain, let loose; fifat powhy to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's rumpere vocem: so, βήξαι βροντήν to let loose the thunder; phia darpua to burst into tears. 4. in form βήσσω, g. of boxers, absol, to beat the ground, to dance. to fell, knock down. II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yourn, as the earth 2. to burst forth, like lightin an earthquake. 3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. intr. chiefly in pf. toporya, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks :- metaph, to burst or gusb fortb.

ρήγνυσκε, lon. for ερρήγνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ρήγνυμι. PH ΓΟΣ, eos, τύ, a rug or blanket, used as a cover-

let for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment. pilios, n. or, Ion. contr. from philios, easy.

θείε, aor. I part. pass. of έρέω, έρῶ: βηθήναι inf. ρηίδιος, η, αν, Ion. for ράδιος, easy.

ρήμοτος, η, ον, lon. for βάστος, Sup. of βάδιος.

phirares, 7, or, Ep. Sup. of paices.

phirepos, n, or, Ep. Comp. of passes.

prictos, ή, ω, (βήγνυμι) broken, rent: to be broken

or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff.

βήμα, ατοι, τό, (\*ρίω - ἐρῶ) that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase. II. in Gramm. a the thing spoken of, a thing. Verb, opp. to broug (a noun).

ρημάτιον, τό, Dim. of βημα, a little word, a pet pbrase.

'PH'N, ή, gen. βηνόε, acc. βήνα, a sheep, lamb. ρηνο-φορεύε, δ, (phr, φέρω) wearing sheepskin. pheau, pheas, aor. I inf. and part. of βηγνυμι. δηξηνορία, ή, might to break through ranks of warriors. From

ϸηξ-ήνωρ, opos, o, (ρηγνυμι, drap) breaking through ranks of warriors.

φηξί-κέλευθος, ον, (βήγνυμι, κέλευθος) forcing a path, clearing the way.

pattivoos, av. (payrum, voce) breaking the spirit. ξιε, εωε, ή, (ρήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a real. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entrails of victims.

bfjore, gen. eas lon. 100, \$, (\*þéa - ipa) a saying, speaking; a word, speecb; καταπλέξαι την βήσιν to bring one's speech to an end. II. a tale, le-III. an expression or passage in an

author, a speech in a play.

βήσσω, rater collat. form of βήγνυμι: βησσειν τυμwara to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth is dancing, to dance, Lat. tripudiare,

φηστώνη, ή, Ιοπ. for *βαστώνη.* 

ρητίον, verb. Adj. of \* ρίω, one must say.

δητήρ, ήρος, δ, (\*βέω = έρω) like βήταρ, α speaker. ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ρήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public: - Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

βητορικός, ή, ον, (βήτωρ) fit for a public speaser or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical: - h paroput

(sub. regry), rhetoric, the art of speaking.

ρητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of \*ρέω - έρω, said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. ratus; ent pyrois yepage with specified prerogatives; end paroles on set 2. spoken of, known, famous. terms.

δήτρα Ion. δήτρη, ή, (\*ρίω = ἐρῶ) a word, saying, 2. 6.3 unwritten law, whence the laws of maxim. Lycurgus were called pirpau. 3. a verbal agree-

ment, covenant.

ρήτωρ, opos, δ, (\* plo = spû) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. orator II. a rbetorician, Lat. rbetor.

φητώς, Adv. of βητία, in empress terms.

βηχίη, ή, Ion. for βαχία.

δηχός, ή, Ion. for βάχος.

plyebavos, h, ov, or os, ov, making one ebudder. chilling; peyedany Extern Helon at whose name one sbudders. From

plyto, f. how: act. I toplynou Ep. flynou: pf. toρίγα, Dor. 3 pl. ερρίγαντι (for -āσι), Ep. 3 sing subj. έρριγησι, Ep. dat. part. έρριγοντι, in prea sense: (figor):-to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or fear to do a thing. 2. to grow cold, cool, elacies II. trans. c. acc. to shudder at anything. in zeal Hence

βτγηλόε, ον, maxing one soiver, chilling.

plytov, Comp. Adv. formed from pryce, more cbilly. II. metaph. more borribly.

plytoros, η, or, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. # year) from Figor, most shilly. Il. metaph. most borrible.

ρτγο-μάχης, ου, δ, (βίγος, μάχομαι) fighting mid frost or cold. [all

PITOZ, cos, To, Lat. FRIGUS, frost, sold. shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. borro

plyou, f. wow, (piyos) like pryou to be cold, where from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes contracts into w instead of ov (as if it were βεγάω), as, part. βεγάν, βεγάνσα, dat. βεγάντε; also opt.

PIZA. a root: in plut. the roots: metaph. the roots of the eye; the roots or foundations of the earth, of a mountain, etc.

II. that from which anything springs; metaph. a root, stem, stock of a family, lat. strips: a race, family.

2. the root or origin of anything.

billion, To, Dim. of bila, a little root.

pisoler, Adv. (pisa) from the root or roots.

piso-roubs, br, (pisa, repeir) cutting roots, esp. for

purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

picos, f. wow: pi. pass. ippl(weat: (fl(a):—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fin firmly: reparts ippl(weity a firmly rooted tyramy:—Pass., of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast.

II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with bress.

plupa, aros, ro, (Allow) a root: II. metaph.

a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

pil-hptyce, or, (μίζα, bpboσω) digging for rocts.

purves, ή, ω, (μγο») stiff or stark with cold:
withered, strivelled.

ρικν-άδης, es, (μικός, eldos) sbrivelled-looki..g. βίμφα, hdv. (μπτω) lightly, swiftly, fleetly. διμφ-άρματος, αν. (μιφα, δρμα) of a swift chariot; μιφάρματοι διμιλοι swift tacing of chariots.

plv, s, later form for ple.

birden, f how, to file down or off: Pass to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From

PINH, \$, a file, rasp. [1]

ptvn/livie, f. how, to track by the nose, follow by scent, bunt down. From

βΣν-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (βίε, ἐλαύνω) one who tracks by the mose or scent.

βινό-βολοε, or, (ble, βάλλω) forced through the

mostril, morting.

ptvov, ró, a bide, akin.

2. an on-bide, a abield.
PINOZ, oê, ô and ô, the skin of a man.

11. the

bide of a beast, esp. an on-bide: a wolf's shin.

En onbide shield.

Strontopos, or, (prote, roples) piercing shields. Pron, ró, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end

of a promontory, a beadland, foreland.
Simeous, Ep. pl. dat. of pip.

Duty, \$, (Marw) the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, swing, Lat. irreportus; first supple the rush or blast of fire.

2 reading sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the hearzing of a guat; also the quivering notes of a lyre:
of time, a twinkling of the eye.

3. any quivering protocom, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:

2 Ino the quick glancing of feet.

ptalles, f. low, (peris) to blow up or fan the flame,

Lat. conflare.

State, ibos, \$, (hut) a fan for raising the fire, used for bellows. 2. a lady's fan.

planequa, ares, ré, (Aulia) the air or wind of a fan, pinos, (hh) a mat or wicker burdle.

partile, f. dow, Frequentative of parts, to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. jactare:—Pass. to toss oneself about.

pluractor, Ion. impf. of plure.

purties, a form of pure, used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

partie, 4, or, verb. Adj. of parte, thrown, cast. burled; partie upper death by being thrown down a precipice.

**ΤΙΠΤΩ f. βέρω: sor. I έρρυβα Ep. βάβα: pf. έρ**ρίφα: Pass., fut. Ι βιφθήσομαι, fut. 2 δίφήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. ερρίψομαι: aor. I ερρίφθην, and aor. 2 έρρίφην [l]: pf. έρριμμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plopf. έρέριντο: -to throw, east, burl; herew xoori to throw on the ground: to east a net, έρριπται δ βόλος the cast bas, been made. 2. to cast out. 3. to east away: to tbrow away, waste. 4. to throw about. throw forth, let drop, utter, of words; planet ti TOTOS to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down; 7. planew kirdurer to make a venture š. lavróv. or bazard, run a risk. II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

PIZ, ή, gen. βινόε, acc. βίνα: plur. βίνεε, Ion. gen. βινέων:—the nose:—in pl. the nostrils, Lat. nares. pubbels, βίφεls, acc. I and 2 pass. part, of βίπτω. PIY, ή, gen. βινόε, mat-work of osiers or rushes,

FIY, η, gen. groe, mal-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work: a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. crate. βίψα, Ep. for έρρα/α, αοτ. Ι ος βίπτω.

ply-aowie, idos, d, h, (firm, doris) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

pulse, eas, h, (plure) a throwing: a casting. II. a being thrown, falling.

pupo-nivδūvos, or, (βιστω, πίνδυνοι) running needless risk, foolbardy; see βιστω 7.

phy-onlos, or, (flare, balor) throwing away one's arms, panic-struck.

poa, j, see pola.

poblavy, f, the thread epun, woof, weft. From poblavbs, f, br, (spablas) waving, quivering. pobla contr. pobly, f, (bloov) a rose-bush, rose-tree. poblaco, a, or, (bloov) of roses, Lat. roseus. pobly, f, contr. for bobla.

bostvos, n, or, (bosor) made or twined of roses.

Posos, a, or, (Posos) Rhodian, of or from Rhodes, poso-sauruhos, or, (posor, dauruhos) rosy-fingered. boso-asta, is, (posor, elsor) rosy-like, rosy.

βοδόσιε, εσσα, εν, (βίδοε) of roses. βοδό-κισσος, δ. (βίδον, κισσίε) rose-ivy.

pode μηλον Dor. -μαλον, τό, (βόδον, μήλον) a ross-apple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

PO'ΔON, τό, the rose, Lat. rosa.

post-πηχυς Dor. -παχυς, υ, gen. vos, (βίδον, πήχυο) rosy-armed.

hubb-nvoos, or contr. -nvous, our, (filter, nrise) breathing of roses.

Posos, ov, \$\dagger\$, the island of Rhodes. Lat. Rhodes.

of rose complexion.

bobavia, h. (bibor) a rose-bed, garden of roses, rosary, Lat. rosarium.

bon Dor. boa, h, (pia) a river, stream, current, flow; άμπέλου βοή the juice of the grape; - metaph., βοαί streams of events, the tide of affairs.

ροθέω, f. ήσω, (ρύθου) to dash, plash, esp. of the stroke 2. to murmur, sound boarse or loud, policie, f. άσω, (ρόθιος) to dash with the oar.

of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

βοθιάε, άδοε, ή, poët. fem. of βόθιοε, roaring, dashing. poblov, to, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

bólics, or, also a, or, (bilos) rushing, roaring, dashing.

PO'OOZ, b, a rushing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars; if ivde pollow with one stroke, all in time. 2. a boarse or tumultuous noise, II. a rushing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

porá or poa 100. poly, h, a pomegranate-tree.

the fruit, a pomegranate.

bouβδέω, f. ήτω, (poiβδσω) to swallow greedily down: also to make rustle.

porβδήσσεν, 3 sing. Acol. acr. I opt. or βοιβδέω, βοίβδησιε, ή, (βοιβδέω) a whistling, piping.

poiβbos, b, any rushing noise or motion, the whirring or flapping of wings, the rushing of the wind.

pollarue, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of porlie.

porfee, f. how, (poisos) to make a whistling or rushing sound, whistle, burtle, whiz, Lat. stridere. Hence portybov. Adv. with a rushing noise or motion.

βοίζημα, ατοε, τό, (βοιζέω) a rusbing noise or motion,

the flapping of wings.

TOTZOZ, &, Ion. \$\overline{\pi}\$, any whistling or rushing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

POIKO'E, h, br, crooked.

φομβητός, ή, όν, (βομβέω) spun rouna cine a top, wbirled about.

βόμβοs, δ, (βέμβω) anything that may be spure or wbirled round: a top, Lat. turbo. 2. a magic wheel, II. a spinning, whirling motion; Lat. rhombi rota. ρόμβος aleroυ the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a rbombus, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

boubon, f. wow, to make into the shape of a rhombus. βομβωτός, ή, όν, (βομβόω) panelled in lozenge.

poupala, h, a large sword or scymitar, used by the Thracians: generally, a sword. (Foreign word.) poos Att. contr. pous, ou, o, (peu) a stream, current; kard boor, Ep. kdp boor, down stream, with

stream; dvd boov up stream, against stream. ponditor, 76, (peru) a club, a stick or sudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of II. a knocker on a door.

po86-xpee, erros, δ, 4, (βόδου, γρώε) rose-coloured, | βοπή, ή, (βέποι) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale. 2. metaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ent ponie mas eon it is just on the turning-point; form blov the turning-point, verge of II, the weight which makes the scale turn; σμικρά παλαιά σώματ' εὐνάζει ροπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest βοπτρόν, τό, (βέμβω) a club, mace, sudges.

the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse. the knocker on a bouse-door. A. a kettle-drum or tambourine.

bous, & Att. contr. for boos.

ροφίω, f. ήσομαι, (ρόφοε), to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down.

PO'ΦOΣ, δ, a swallowing or gulping down. that which is gulped down.

ροχθέω, f. ήσω, to roar, of the waves. From POXOD, b, a roaring, esp. of the sea. po-wons, es, (poos, elbos) fluid, liquid: also surging. billowy, rough.

δύαξ, čicos, δ, (ρέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swoln by rains; a stream of lava.

ρύἄτο, 3 pl. Ep. 20τ. 2 of βύομαι.

ρυγχ-ελέφαε, αντοε, ό, (ρύγχοε, ελέφαε) soith as elepbant's trunk.

buγχίον, τό, Dim. or buγχος, a snout, muzzue. ρύγχος, εω, τό, (ρύζω) a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb.

pubye and bubov, Adv. (bew) flowingly, abundantly, copiously.

buels, 20r. 2 pass. part. of bea.

purpoopus, Att. fut. of ples.
'PΥΖΩ, to growl, snarl. (Formed from the sound.) βύη, Ep. for έρρύη, 3 sing. 201. 2 pass. of βέσε.

ρυθμίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. ἐρρύθμισμαι: (ρυθμός): -to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time. II. generally, to order, arrange, control, train; δδ ερρύθμισμαι thus bave I been controlled. publics Iou. puσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ρέω) measured motios, time, Lat. numerus, rby!bm, in Prose as well as Verse; ly βυθμώ in time, Lat. in numerum; ρυθμόν δυάγων to keep time; θάττονα ρυθμόν έπάγειν to introduce IL troparties of a quicker time (in playing). symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. III. geoc rally, proportion, arrangement, order, metbod.

disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing. PYKANH, h. a plane, Lat, runcina. [d] buus aros, τό, (\* ρύω = ἐρύω) that which is dresses. a drawing; τόξου βθμα the drawing of the bow, i.e.

the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper,

men that draw the bow (the Persians), epp. to horges low's the might of the spear (the Greeks); in Total δύματος within bow-sbot. II. (buopae) daine ance, protection.

bungos, ou, o, Att. for pompos.

ρύμη [v], ή, (\* ρύω = έρύω) the force, sweng, read of a

body in motion, Lat. empetus; vrepvyov poun the rush of wings: absol. an onset, charge, attack: dat. poun with a swing, with a run.

II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. vicus; also a lane, alley.

βύμμα, ατος, τό, (βύπτω) anything used for wash-

ing, soap.

ρυμός, οῦ, δ, (\* ρύω – ἐρύω) the pole of a ear.

PTOMAI: f. puro pau [0]: aut. I epporámy Ep. jurámy: aut. 2, 3 sing. eppuro Ep. epuro, 3 pl. epuro Ep. baro; inf. purau: Dep.:—to draw to oneself, draw out of barm's way: hence to rescue, sawe: c. inf., puesou trus daven to reseue one from death:—absol. to cure, beal.

III. to free, redeem, delive III. to sheld, guard, protect, defend: of armour, to sheld, cover: also to conceal. IV. to draw back, bold back, ebech. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ρύπα, τά, irreg. plut. of ρύποε.
ρύπαίνω, f. ανῶ: 20τ. Ι ἐρρύπανα: (ρύποε):—to
cover with dirt:—Pass. to be or become dirty.

pradpla, h, dirt, filth. From

ρυπάρου, ά, όν, (ρύπου) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. -ρῶυ.

ptindo Ep. ptindo: impf. loginor: (finos):- to be foul or dirty.

όθπόσιε, εσσα, εν, (ρύποι) fout, dirty.

PΥΠΟΣ, δ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. βύπα, τά, but also regul. βύποι, οί.

II. Att. sealing-wan. [δ] Hence

punbe, f. ωσω, pf. pass. ρερύπωμαι:—to make dirty:
—Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

-1 25. 10 00 01/19 01 /11

purou, Ep. for purau.

purrawal a cry of the Athenian rowers, yobo?

pure, f. ψω, (puros) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash:—Pass to wash oneself.

puralvopas, Pass. (puros) to or wrinkled.

ρυσθαι, Ep. 20r. 2 pass. inf. of ρύομαι.

poστάζω, f. άσω, (μύσιον) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property; hence to drag away, carry off by force.

φυσί-βωμος, ον, (ρύομαι, βωμός) defending altars. φυσί-διφρος, ον, (ρύομαι, δίφρος) preserving the chariot.

ρύστον [0], τό, (\*ρύω – ἐρύω) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of attle II. that which is seized as a pledge or enrety, a pledge, security; phota, τά, pledges entrusted so a god, i. e. suppliante. III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. ρύσια, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat, res repetundae. 3, in plut., ρύσια, τά, deliverance.

ρύστος, ον. (ρύομαι) delivering, rescuing. [0] ρυσί-πολιε, εωε, δ, η, (ρύομαι, πόλιε) saving the wity.

pvσl-moves, ον, (δύομαι, πόνοε) setting free from .cul
mend trouble.

proces, 4, (blw) a flowing: a river, stream. [v]

φύσκομοι, collat form of φύσμοι, Dep. to save, rescue: hence φύσκεν, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

βυσμός, δ, rarer form for βυθμύς.

\$500 be, 4, 6v, (\*piw = lovw) drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, shrivelled.

puorates, f. dow, Frequentat. of \*pew-epies, to drag along violently, drag to and fro; πολλά μυστάξεσκε (3 sing. Ion. impf.) περὶ σῆμα be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence 
puorακτύε, ύοε, ἡ, a dragging violently: generally, 
violent treatment or behaviour.

ρύσ-ώδης, εε, (ρυσός, είδος) wrinkled-looking. ρύτ-άγωγεύς, έως, δ, (\*ρύω, άγωγεύς) the rope of

a borse's balter.

φυτήρ, τρος, δ, (\* ρύω = ερυω) one who draws or stretches. 2. a rope to draw with, a trace:—the thong by which one holds a horse, a rain; από μυτήρος with loose rein, at full speed.

II. (ρύομαι) a saver, defender, rescuer.

porto-photos, or, (puris, photos) with sprivelled rind.

φυτίε, ίδοε,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ("ρύω = ἐρύω) a wrinkle, Lat. ruga. ρυτόε,  $\dot{\eta}$ , όν, ("ρύω = ἐρύω) dragged along. II. as neut. Subst., ρυτά, τά, poët. for ρυτήρ, a rein. ρυτόε,  $\dot{\eta}$ , όν, also όε. όν, (ρίω) flowing, running,

fluid, liquid. | φύτωρ [v̄], opos, ô, (\*βύω=lovω) οπευδο draws; βυτωρ τόξου a bowman, arcber. II. (βύομαι) a saver,

deliverer, defender. δύψιε, ἡ, (βύπτω) a cleansing, purifying.

PΥΩ, - ερύω, to draw, not used in Act.; see

ρωγάλίος, α, σε, (βάξ) broken, rent, torn, ragged, ρωγάς, άδος, δ, ή, (βάξ) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; ρωγάς πέτρα a cloven tock.

"Pωμαϊκός, ή, όν and Pωμαΐος, α, ον. ("Ρώμη) Roman: as Subst., α Roman. Adv. -κῶς, is Roman fasbion. Hence

'Pωμαϊστί, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language.

ρωμαϊλέος, a, or, (βώμη) strong of body: generally,
powerful, mighty, strong.

¯ βωμη, ἡ, (βωομαι) bodily strength, mugnt: generauy, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. III.

'Pωμη, ή, Roma, Rome.

ρώνν Όμι οτ -ύω, f. βώσω: aor. I έρρωσα: (βώομαι):—
to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. II.
Pass. βώνν θμαι, but the pf. έρρωμαι is generally
used as pres., and the plopf. ἐρρωμην as impf.: aor. I
ἐρρώσθην:—to be strong or wigorous: pf. imperat.
ἔρρωσο, fare-well, Lat. vale, the usual way of ending
a letter; also, φράζω τινὶ ἐρρῶσθαι, like Lat. jubeo
valers:—see ἔρρωμένοε.

ρώξ, ή, gen. ρωγόε, (ρήγνυμι) a cleft, narrow passage; ρώγεε μεγάροιο ibe narrow entrance of a room.

PΩ'CMAI, 3 pl. impf. ερρώσντο Εp. ρώσντο: 3 pl. aor. 1 ερρώσωντο: Dep.:—to move violently, to dart or rusb on; ρώσσθαι περί πυρήν to move rapidly tound the pyre; c. acc. cognato, χορόν ερρώσωντο

they plied the lusty dance; of hair, applicate merd

Troife drépoie it streamed on the win-

position 76, (box) Ep. and Ion. for porecior (which is not used), a thicket, coppies: in plus. tushes, brush-wood, underwood.

purantes, 4, 60, (sures) of or like small wares:

hence cheap, worthless.

PΩ ΠΟΣ, δ, any small wares, frippery, trumpery. besobele, elva, έν, 20τ. I pass. part. of βάννυμ. βωχμή, ή, – βοιχμίο.

ρωχμός, οῦ, ὁ, (βώξ) like μηγμα, a eleft; μοχμός γαίης a gutter or channel worked out in the earth.

'PΩ'Y, 4, gen. persós, a low sbrub, busb; in plur. underwood, brusbwood.

## Σ

Σ, σ, σίγμα, τό, indeel., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral σ' = 200, but σ = 200,000.

The final  $\sigma$  was written s. This s must not be confounded with  $\sigma$ , stan, which was in fact the digamma, f,  $\sigma$ , and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet; hence s'=6. There was another form, san or sanpi,  $\delta$ , which was retained as a numeral,

Changes of or in the dialects: I. Acol., Dor. and Ion. into 8, as dout to mer for dout louer. Dor. into 0, as σιύε άγασός πονσένος for θεύς άγαθόε παρθένου. III. Aeol. and Dor. into 7, as in τύ τέ φατί for σύ σέ φησί. 2. also in later Att., ας μέτ-αυλοε τήμερον τύκον for μέσ-αυλοε σήμερον σύκον:--- σσ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττύο for θάλασσα δισobe, IV. Aeol. and Ep.,  $\sigma$  was often doubled, as δσσοε μέσσοε for δσοε μέσοε, and in the Ep. fut. and aor, forms άσω έσω ίσω, as δαμάσσω όλέσσω κομίσσω for δαμάσω δλέσω κομίσω; so δπίσσω for ò riom. V.  $\sigma\sigma$  and  $\pi\tau$  were sometimes interchanged, as, πέσσω πέπτω, ένίσσω ένίπτω. VI. Dor. o becomes & in fut. and acr. I of Verbs, as decrife for decrico: so, difée trifée for diccée tric-₹66. 2. in old Att., the Prep. our was written VII. o took the place of the aspirate, esp. £úr. in Acol, with which the Lat. agrees, vs, σνε sus, άλε sil, Ef sen, enta septem, epno serpo. added to words beginning with a conson., esp. µ and τ, as μάραγδοε σμάραγδοε, μύραυνα σμύραυνα, μυκρόε σμικρός, τέγος στέγα Lat. tego. 3. o was inserted by Poets in the I pers. pl. pass. and med., as, TUNTGμεσθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat, : so too in the Adv. in -Ber, as, brioder for brider. VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, as, άρρην χερρόε θάρ-IX. σ is added ρος ίσε άρσην χερσός θάρσος. to ούτω άχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for τί μην:

Σάβάζιος, δ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of Basebus himself,

συβάκτης, ου, δ, (σαβάζω) α εδαθετοτ, destrope, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots. συβαχθα-νί, Chaldacan form, thou-hast-forsakes me,

or bast-thou-forsaben me?

σαβαώθ, Hebrew plur. noun, bosts, armies.

Σάββάσι, irreg. dat. pl. of Σάββατον.

Σαββάτίζω, f. low, (Χάββατον) to keep the Sabbath. Σαββατικόε, ή, όν, (Χάββατον) of or for the Sabbath.
2. for a Jew.

Zaββāτισμός, δ, (Zaββaτίζω) a keeping of the Sabbath: rest on the Sabbath.

Σάββάτον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i.e. Rest: hence the seventh day or day of Rest:—also in plus, τὰ σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. σάββασι, as if from a nom. σάββαs. 2. α week.

σάγαριες τος, ή: pl. σαγάρειε, Ion. -le:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a single-edged axe or bill.

σάγη or σαγή, ή, (σάττω) the housings, harness, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, furniture, equipment: csp. armour, harness.

σάγηνοίος, α, ον, (σαγήνη) belonging to a drag-net. σάγηνεύς, έως, δ, – σαγηνευτήρ.

σάγηνευτήρ, ήρος, ό, one subo fishes with a dragnet: hence a comb is called τριχών σαγηνευτήρ. σάγηνεύω, f. σω, (σαγήνη) to enclose fish in a dragnet: metaph. of men, to suver as with a drag-net.

ZATHNH, ή, a large drag-net for taking fish, a teina.
συγηνο-βόλος, ον, (συγήνη, βαλοῦν) throwing the

drag-net: as Subst. a fisherman.
σύγηνό-δετου, ον. (συγήνη, δέω) attached to a net.
σύγμα, ατου, τό. (σάττω) the bousings of a borse, a

saddle, packsaddle. Il. of persons, a covering, clothing, a large cloak. III. the covering or case of a shield. IV. a heap or pile.

Zabbouraios, ov, b, a Sadduces, one of the Sadduces, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

cracked. II. metaph, unsound, decayed, rotten, perisbable.

EAINΩ, f. σὰνῶ: sor. I ξσηνα Dor. ξεθνα:—α wag the tail, fawn.

II. metaph. to fame spo. caress, wheedle; onlyear phopor to deprecate, which from death.

2. absol. to be gentle, kind: of summer sea, to smile.

III. to cheer, please.

ZAIPΩ, f. σάρῶ: pf. (with pres. sense) σέσης.
part. σεσηρώ Dor. σεσάρώς, νῶς όε, Ερ. fem. σεσέρως:—to abeu the teeth, grin like a dog, Lat. rɨng:
esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, simile.

II. to sweep elean: to sweep amay.
σὰνδο-πάλος, στ, (σάκος, πάλλω) mielding or bran

disbing a shield.

σάκεσ-φόροε, οτ, (σάκοε, φέρω) shield-bearing.
σάκιον. – σακκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σηκίτης, ου. σακκίω, (σύκκου) to strain, filter. a small base.

GERRO-VEVELO-TPOGOS, OV. (GERROS, VEVELOV, TPIGO)

eberishing a large beard.

ZAKKOZ or crimes, b, a source cloth of bair, esp. of goats' hair. Lat. eilieium: sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth I. a sack, bag. III. a shaggy beard. a vieve, etrainer. ourse. S. v. sub ourses.

ofines. 8. Dor. for onkes.

crános [d], gen. cáncos Ion. caneve, to, (cáttu) a abield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides; it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid,

σάκτα**ς. ου, ό, (σάττω)** α saek.

σώκτωρ, opos. δ, (σάττω\ one subo crams ot fills up; Asson saurup one who crowds the nether world, i.e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-υφάντης, ου, δ, (σάκκος, υφαίνω) a weaver of

saskeloth or canvas, a sailmaker. σάλάκων [ἄ], ωνος, δ, (σαλάσσω) one mbo walks in

a maggering fashion, a maggerer, roysterer.

σάλάκωνούω, f. σω, (σαλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to magger.

σάλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of hirard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σάλαμιν-αφότης, ου, δ. (Χαλαμίς, άφίημι) betrayer of Salamus.

Σάλδμίνιος [μί], α, ον, also os, ον, (Salaminian, of or from Salamis. ή Σαλαμνία (sub. ναθε οτ τριήρηε), the Salaminja, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. sapaλοσ. From

Σάλαμίε, gen. δ'00, ή, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer

of Salamia.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

\_ στίλασσω Att. −ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαι:

(σάλοε):—to cram full, stuff.

σάλεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐσάλευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσαλεύθην: pf. σεσάλευμαι: (σάλοε):—to sbake mucb: to make to totter: - Pass. to be shaken, to totter, reel. II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea: metaph, to toss, be in sore distress.

σάλος, δ, (άλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge: hence the open, emposed sea. II. of ships, a rolling a roadstead, anchorage. about, tossing on the sea: hence sea-sickness: metaph.

restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπιγγο-λογχ-ύπηνασαι, οί, (σάλπιγέ, λόγχη, υπήνη) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπιγκτής, οῦ, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγέ, ιγγος, ή, a war-trumpet, trump: the σαλπίγε was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική: ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος, by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trum pet-call. From

ZΑΛΠΙΖΩ, fut. -ίγξφ, sor. I ἐσάλπιγξα: later fut. σαλπίσω, 20r. I ἐσάλπισα:—to sound the trumpe!, | σα, pass. ἐσαάθην: fut. med. σαάσομαι.

standov Att standov, 76, Dim. of stance or stance, | give signal by trumpet: to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder: -impers., evel evaluatings (sc. 6 sal-TIYETHS) When the trumpet sounded :- C. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

> συλπικτής, οθ, δ, = σελπιγετής, σάλπιξ, iyos, å, poët. for σάλπιγέλ σαλαιστής, οῦ, δ, = σαλαιγκτής, σάμα, τό, Dor. for σήμα.

σαμαίνω, Dor. for σημαίνω.

Zaμαρείτης, ου, δ, a Samaritan, inbabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galileo formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the lews. Fem. Zapapertis, lõos, †, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβάλον, τό, Acol. for σάνδαλον, σάμερον, Doc. for σήμερον, to-day.

Σάμη, ή, Same, the older name of Κεφαλληγία. σαμήον, τό, Dor. for σημείον.

Zápros, a, or, (Zápos 3) of Samos, Samian. **Σάμο-θράκη Ιο**α. **-θρηίκη, φ, -- Ζάμοε Θρακία**, Se-

motbrace, an island near Thrace. Zăpo-Opdicios, a, or Ion. -Ophicios y, or Samotbracian.

Zăub-Opaf Ion. -Ophef, woo, b. a Samo-thracian Zápos [a], h. Samos, the name of several Greek I. an old name for Κεφαλληνία also calislands : led Záµm. 2. Ζάμοι Θρηικίη, - Ζαμοθράκη the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπί, an old letter, see Z, σ, σίγμα. σαμ-φόραs, ου, δ, (σάν, φέρω) a borse branded with the latter σάν (ν. σίγμα): cf. κουπατίας

σάν, Dor. for σεγμα, q. v. σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, α small tandal

σανδαλίσκος, δ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, - σαι 3/λιον. σάνδάλον Acol. σάμβαλον, τό, a wooden sole. bound on by straps round the instep and ankle a sandal.

σανδάράκη, ή, a bright-red nuneral hence κarlet,

Lat. sandaraea. [pd] Hence

σανδάρακίνος, η, ον, of or like σανδαρά εη, bright-rol. σάνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σανίε, a panel: a trencher. odvis, idos, h, a board, plank: anything made of board or plank: a door, in plut. folding doors. a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor: a

4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing sbip's deck. on, tablets covered with gypeum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

eraol, 3 sing. of eader.

ZA'OZ, as posit., found only in contr. form owe, safe: Comp. σἄώτερος.

σάο-φρονέω, σάο-φροσύνη, σάό-φρων poët. τοι σωφρανέω, σωφροσύνη, σώφρων.

σαόω Ep. σώω, - σώζω, to save :- 3 sing. pres. σαοι, 3 pl. σαοθσι: 3 sing. impf. ἐσάω Ep. σάω: 2 ring. imperat, σάου or σάω: fut. σαώσω: aor I act. έσανounday, acr. 2 pass. opt. of ohno.

σαπήη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω

σαπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.

σάπρός, ά, όν, (σαπήναι) rotten, outrus diseased, Lat. tabidus: decayed unsound. II. generally, worthless, useless. III. old, obsolete, musty. σάπφαρος, ή, the satobire or the labis lazuli, a

precious stone.

Σαπφά, οῦε, νοκετ. Ζαπφοί, ἡ, Sappho. Hence

Σαπφώσε, α, σν, of Sappho, Sapphie. σάπων, 201. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, ή, like ταργάνη, wienerworn, a basnet: a

plait, band. [d]

σαρδάνιος, α, σν, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc. γέλωτα] γελάν, το laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitterly, from anger or secret triumph; μείδησε δε θυμφ σαρδάνιον μάλα τοίον but he laughed in his soul a very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, α, σν, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Χαρδώ), which was said to distort the face, of the eater.

Σάρδεις, ear, Ion. Σάρδιες, lar, al, Sardis, the capital of Lydia:—hence Adj., Σαρδιάνόε Ion.—ίηνος, and Σαρδιάνικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to Sardis; βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i e scarlet, dye,

hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη [i], η, οι σαρδίνος, δ, the sardine. σάρδιον, τό, (Σάρδειε) the Sardian stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ, ϋχοε, δ. (σάρδιον, δνυξ) the saraonyx, a kind of onyx, so called when the different colours

were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Zapbie, gen. bos contr. ous, h, Sardinia: hence
Adj., Zapbieos, a, ov, Zapbieouchs, h, bv, Zapbieosa
and Zapbieos, a, ov, of or belonging to Sardinia,
Sardinian.

ZAPAΩN, évos, ή, the upper sage of a nunting-not. σάρισσα or rather σάρισα, ή, the sarissa, a long

pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flest like dogs. σαρκασμο-πίτθο-κάμπτης, ου, δ. (σαρκάζω, πίτυς, κάμπτω) sneering-pinebender.

capullu, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh, σαραιζειν το δέρμα to draw off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικός, ή, όν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, of the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός.

σάρκίνος, η, ον, (σάρξ) of flesb. II. flesby, fat. σαρκο-λίπης, ές, (σάρξ, λιπείν) forsaken by flesb, lean. σαρκο-πάγης, ές, (σάρξ, παγήναι) with compact flesh. σαρκοφάγεις, έ, ήσω, to eat flesh: devoise. From σαρκο-φάγος, ον, (σάρξ, φάγειν) eating flesb. II. λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφάγος, ό, a sarcophagus, coffin.

σαρκόω, f. ώσω, (σάρξ' to make flesby, make into flesb.

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, άδοε) like flesh, fleshy; θεολ Erasμοι καλ σαρκώδετε gods of flesh and blood, NAPE, \$\psi\$, gen. sapenes, fleeb: in pair all the fleeb or muscles in the body: hence the fleeb, body.

2. fleeb, buman nature, buman kind.

σάρον, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σάροω, f. ώσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, clehme. Σαραηδών, όνος, also όντος, όντι, ό; νος. Σαραηδόν:—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σαρώ, fat. of σαίρω.

Editavas, a and Editav, b, indeel. Saton; a Hebr. word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατίνη, η, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car. σάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and balf. σατράπεία Ion. -ηίη, η, a satrapy, the office or \*σονίπειο of a satrap. From

oaтpanebu, f. sw, intr. so be a satrap.

trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From

σατράπης, ου, δ, a satrap, Lat. satrāpa, title of a Persian vicerov or governor of a province. (Persian word.)

ΣΑΤΤΩ, fut. cáfe: aor. I foefa: Pass., aor. I foefa: Pass., for. I foefapp: pf. σίστημα: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. foefaxoro:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour, barness: Pass. to be armed or barnessed.

Load, furnish, equip, fit out.

II. to load beavily: in pf. pass., πρώτων σεσαγμένου laden with woes; σεσαγμένου πλούτου overloaded with riches.

III. to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σάτυρικός, ή, όν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr. Σάτυρος, δ, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

XATT POX [5], 5, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus, represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail: later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed from Pan or the Faun in having no horus 2. a leved, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, which the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyrie drama.

oundsound, Pass. (railor) to be affected or effemi-

nate in one's gait.

συνλο-πρωκτιώα, (σαῦλοι προκτόι) to walk in a swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΥΛΟΣ, η, or, conceited, offected, effectiones. ΣΑΥΡΑ Ion. συύρη, ή, a lizard, Lat. lacerta. ΣΑΥΡΟΣ, ό, — συύρα, a lizard, Lat. lacertas. συγρωτήρ, ήρος, ό, a spike at the buttened of a speer, by which it was stock into the ground for

spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, see butt-end.

σαυτοθ, σαυτής contr. for σεαυτοϋ, σεαυτῷς.

σάφὰ, poët. Adv. of σαφής, clearly, plainly, assuredly;

σάφα eldús knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα

elveir to tell plainly, speak truth. [out]
outours, és, Dor, for supprese.

обфетеров, -атов, Comp. and Sup. of сарые.

σάφέως, Ιοη. for σαφώς. σαφ-ηγορίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, αγορεύω) speed-

ing truth.
σάφήνεια, ή, (συφηνήε) clearness, plainmen: do

truth.

subjective, Ion. for subjective.

wildrucks Doz. wildrucks, is, (vaple) elear, plain, or fear, to feel chame, be ashamed, be afraid. open, manifest: true: To suparie the whole truth. σάφηνίζω, f. εω, (σαφηνή») to make clear or plain, to explain, clear up.

σαφηνώς, Adv. of σαφηνής, clearly, plainly.

ZA PH'Z, ie, gen. ios contr. ove, clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain; to vapés the truth: of sects, sure, unerring. Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, -έστα-

σαφως Ion. σαφίως, like σάφα, clearly, plainly, surely: Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.

σαχθείε, aor. I part. pass. of σάττω. ΣΑ'Ω, Root. of σήθω, to sift, bolt: 3 pl. σωσι. odes, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of outes. σαωθείε, -θήναι, 20r. I pass. part. and inf. of σαόα. crawciner, Ep. for caucear, fut, inf. of cace. στάώσω, fut, of σαδω.

σά στερος, Comp. of σάοε.

σάωτηρ, ήροε, δ, poët. for σωτήρ, a saviour, deliverer. σδώτης, ου, δ, (σαύω) poët. for σωτήρ, α saviour. σβείην and σβείε, acr. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμ. σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. σβέσω: aor. I έσβεσα Ep. σβέσα, Ep. inf. σβέσσαι:—to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere. 2. generally, to quench, quell, put out, put down. II. Pasa. σβέννυμαι: 20τ. Ι ἐσβέσθην: pf. ἐσβεομαι: with intrans. tenses of Act., aor. 2 έσβην Dor. έσβαν, opt. σβείην, inf. σβήναι: pf. lσβηκα:—to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extingui : to die. 2. of liquids, to become dry, be exbaused. 3. generally, to become still, lull, cease. **σβέσσαι,** Ep. for σβέσαι, aor. I inf. of σβέννυμι. σβεστήριος, a, or, (σβέννυμι) serving to quench or

σβήθι, 20r. 2 imperat, of σβέννυμι,

-cre, adverbial termin., denoting motion towards, as,

The some other place, etc.

σεαυτού Ion. σεωυτού, -της, -τού, reflexive Pron. of 2nd pers., of thyself, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, υμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.: so also in sing. in Homer, who uses σολ αὐτώ, σ' σὐτόν.

στεβάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: 201. Ι έσεβασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. σεβάσσατο: also sor, I pass. ἐσεβάσθην: Dep.:

(σέβαs):-to feel awe of, to dread.

σέβας, τό, (σέβομαι) reverential awe, a feeling of case; generally reverence, worship, bonour, respect, II. the object of reverential awe, majesty. 2. an object of wonder, a wonder. III. an bonour conferred on one.

σέβασμα, ατος, τό, (σεβάζομαι) an object of awe or

zvorsbip.

but out.

Σεβαστιάς, άδος, ή, special fem. of Σεβαστός, ΔΗ-

gracia, title of the Roman Empresses.

σεβαστός, ή, ον, (σεβάζομαι) reverenced, auful. augud. II. the Lat. Augustus, as a title applied the Roman Emperors, was rendered by XeBagros. σεβίζω, f. low: nor. I łokβισα:—to worship, bonour. **ΣΕΒΟΜΑΙ:** aor. I ἐσέφθην; Dep. :-- to feel σwe to worship, pay high regard or respect to

**ΣΕΒ**Ω, f. σέψω, = the earlier form σέβομαι, to worship, bonour: absol. to worship, be religious:-hence σέβομαι also as Pass., to be reverenced.

σέθεν, old poët, form of σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

Zeranyos, d. Silenus, a companion of Bacchus, the most famous of the Satura.

σειο, Ep. for σου, gen. of σψ.

reios, rela, reior, Lacon. for beios, a, or.

σειρά Ion. σειρή, ή, (είρω) a cord, rope, string, thong: also a chain. II. a cord with a noose, a lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag away their enemies.

crespaios, a, or, (crespa) joined by a cord or band: of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger?

see σειραφόρο**ι**.

σειρα-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) bgving a rope attached, led by a rope: & σειραφόρου (sub. Irros), the horse which draws by the trace only, an outrigger, whereas the Curioi drew by the yoke or collar: -metaph. a partner, coadjutor. A quadriga (τέθριπποε) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Zerpfy, fivos, f, a Siren: in pl. Zerpfives, al, the Sirens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them. II. metaph. a Sires.

deceitful woman.

GELPLO-KELVTOS, OF, (GELPLOS, Male) scorched by the

beat of the dog-star.

σείριοs, a, or, (σειρόε) bot, scorebing: epith. of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σείριος dortip the sun: but, ὁ Σείριοε (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius, also called Kúar σείριος οι Κύαν.

**XEIPO'X**, a, by, bot, scorebing, of summer-heat. σειρο-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) = σειραφόρος.

σείσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of σείω.

σασ-άχθαα, ή, (σείω, άχθοε) a sbaking off of burdens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. novae tabulae.

σεισί-χθων, ονοε, δ, (σείω, χθών) earth-shaker. στισμός δ, (σείω) a shaking, shock: the shock of

an eartbquake, an eartbquake.

σαστός, ή, όν, (σείω) shaken.

-o-elo, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, Desideratives, like Lat. -urio. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δράω, δράσω, δρασείω: γελάω, γελάσω, γελασείω.

ΣΕΙ'Ω, f. σείσω: nor. I ίσεισα: Pass., nor. I έσείσθην: pf. σέσεισμαι:—to sbake, move to and fro, .. absol., velet there is an earthquake (see brandisb. 3. Pass, and Med. σεισμός), like bet it rains, etc to be shaken, shake, beave; generally, to move, sway to and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earth-II. in Att. to barass, annoy with accusations, so as to extort money.

σέλα, for σέλαϊ, dat. of σέλας.

συλάγδω, f. ήσω, (σίλαι) to enlighten:—Pass. to | συμνότης, ητος, ή, (συμνός) solemnity dignity, mabeam brightly, blaze, flash. II. in Act. to shine, to beam.

σελάη-γενέτης, ου, δ, (σέλας, \*γίνω) father of light. σελάνα, σελάναία, Dor. for σελήνη, σεληναία.

ΣΕ' ΛΑΣ, ασε, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαι contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

σελασ-φόρος, ον. (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing. σελάχος, τό, a sbark.

Zedyvaly, 4, Ion. and Ep. 101 Sedyon Att. Zednvala:—the Моол.

σεληναίος, a, or, lighted by the moon; σεληναία

ruf a moonlight night. From

σελήνη, ή, (σέλαι) the moon; σελήνη πλήθουσα the full-moon; upds the aethrop by the light of the II. a moon, month; δεκάτη σελήνη in MOON. the tenth moon.

σεληνιάζομαι, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-etruck or

lunatie.

σελίδη-φά-σε ον (σελίε, φάγειν) devouring leaves of books.

ΣΕ'ΛΓΝΟΝ, τό, parsley, Lat. apium: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

ΣΕΛΙΈ, ίδοε, ή, the space between two rowingbenches (σέλματα). II. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Zehhol, ol, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

σέλμα, ατος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the 2. pl. σέλματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. 3. generally, a seat, throne. transtra. timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

crepiledhis, soe and ease, h, the finest when flour,

Lat. simila, similago.

σεμνό-θεσμος, ον, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

σεμνολογέω, f. ήσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:--Dep. σεμνολογέσμαι, to talk in solemn speech. From σεμνο-λόγος, ον, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly. σεμνό-μαντικ, εων, δ, (σεμνόν, μάντικ) a reverend seer. σεμνομυθέω, f. ήσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

σεμνό-μυθος, ον, (σεμνός, μυθέομαι) talking solemnty. στινοπροσωπίω, f. ήσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, ον, \σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave

στινότ, ή, ω, (σέβομαι) august, boly, solemn, αυful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called geneal feat or Zenral. grave, solemn, stately, majestie: in bad sense, baughty, pompous, grand; σεμνον βλένειν to look grave and solemn. IIL of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, ον, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

jesty: in bad sense, pomposity.

σεμνό-τίμος, ον. (σεμνόε, τιμή) reverenced with

συμνόω, f. ώσω, (σεμνόε) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify, σεμνύνω [V], f. vol., (σεμνόε) to make pompous of majestie, to dignify, magnify:—Med. expertropes, not. I tempovaluly, to be compoun or baughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt enesalf or be

proud of a thing. σεμνώς, Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.

σίο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

σεπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φέβρμαι, august, boly. ZEPIZ, ease or ides, the endive or succery. σίρφος, δ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant. véraques, pl. pass. of sáttes.

oeodpenievos, pl. pass. part. of ouples.

overapie, via, is, Dor. for overpie, pl. part. of σαίρω:—σεσάρυια, Ep. fem.

σέσεισμαι, pf. pass. of σείω. σίσηπα, pl. of σήπω.

σοσηρώε, pf. part. of σαίρα.

συσοφισμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζαι, εκαningly, cloverly.

σεσύλημαι, pf. past. of σελέαι

σέσυρκα, σέσυρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of σίρα. σέσωσμαι, pf. pass. of σώζω.

σοσωφρονισμένως, Adv. of pass. part. of σωφρανί-(as, temperately, soberly.

overe, Lacon. for three, 3 sing. acr. 2 imp. of ridge. orell enclit. orev, Ion. and Dor. gen. of of. wella, Ep. for loweva, acr. I of welle: part. welcas.

σεθμαι, contr. for σεύομαι, pres. pass. of σεύω: 3. sing. σεθται.

σεθτλου, τό, Ιοπ. for τεῦτλου.

ΣΕΥΩ, with σσ in augm. tenses, impf. έσσευσ, pass, and med. logevoupy: aor, I logeva, med. leσευάμην ; also Ep. without augm. σεθα, σεθε, σεθανο: pf. pass. έσσυμαι, part. έσσυμενος: plqpf. (in acr. sense) ἐσσύμην [V], 2 sing. ἔσσῦο for ἔσσυσο, 3 sing. έσσύτο Ep. σύτο; part. σύμενος: aor. I pass. έσσυone [v]. There is also 3 sing. severa from a contr. pres. σεθμαι: also σοθμαι, 3 pl. σοθνται: imperat. σοθ, 3 sing. σούσθω, 2 pl. σούσθε: inf. σούσθα. Το put in quick motion, drive, bunt, chase. 3. to drive or chase away. on, let loose at. of things, to throw, burl: also to bring forth, came to spring; alua laaeva I made blood spout forth :--Med., alua outo blood spouted forth. Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; overle baving started, gone. inf. to basten, speed; bre revaire beween when be basted to pursue. 3. metaph. to be eager, years after, long for.

σοφθείε, nor. I pass. part. or σεβα.

order, Dor. for the, to run.

overvoo, fem. securife, Ion. for securific

equilie, f. -dow, (synde) to drive into a pen, coop up, abut up.

σήκασθεν, Ερ. 3 pl. 20τ. 1 pass. of σηκάζω. σηκίε, ίδοε, ή, (σηκύε) a bousekeeper, porteress.

enultie, ov, & Dor. oak-, (onko) a stall-fed animal: saultar apra a bouse-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόρος, ον, (σηκός, κορέω) cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόρος, δ, a berdsman.

ZHKO'Z Dor. oranoa, ô, a pen of fold, for sheep and goats. 2. any dwelling. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, shrine: also a sepulchre sacred to the dead. III. the trunk of an alimetree. Hence.

σηκόω, f. ώσω, to weigh, balance. Hence

σήκωμα Dor. σάκωμα, ατοε, τό, a weight in the balance, a counterpoise.

II. like σηκόε, a chapel, sacred enclosure, shrine.

EHMA Dor. σειμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forchead.

2. a sign from beaven, an omen, portent: also,
3. a battle-sign, signal.
4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb.
5. in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρά of Bellerophon in the lliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices.

6. the device or bearing on a rableld: also the device on a seal, a seal.
7. a constellation: in plur. the beavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from

σημαίνω: fot. - ἀνῶ lon. - ἀνίω: aor. I ἐσήμηνα οτ ἐσήμῶνα, inf. σημῆνα: Pass., aor. I ἐσημῶνθην: pf. σεσήμωσμα, but 3 sing. σεσήμωσται, inf. σεσημῶνθαι: (σῆμα): — to show by a sign or token, point out: absolt to give a sign or token. Il. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol, σημαίνων α commander. 2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει τοῦς Ἑλλησι ἐω ἐσήμηνε when the signal was given; τοῦς Ἑλλησι ἐω ἐσήμηνε when the signal was given

nounce, intimate: with a part, to signify that a thing is. IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημασμένα, things sealed, opp. to dofµαντα. V. Med. σημαίνομα, to infer or conclude for onself from signs. 2. to mark for oneself, note down.

III. to signify, an-

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set whom a thing.

σημαντρίε, ίδοε, ή, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing; σημαντρίε γή clay used for sealing.

σήμαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal.

for the Greeks to attack.

σήμαντωρ, οροε, δ, (σημαίνω) one subo gives a sign ox signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a berdsman.

σημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σήμα. [d] σημάτδειε, εσσα, εν, (σήμα) full of tombe. σημάτουργόε, όν, (σήμα, \*έργω) making devices for shields.

σημειο-γράφος, or, (σημείον, γράφω) writing in eipher. [a] σημείον Ιοπ. - ήτον, τό, (σήμα) a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace, track.

2. a sign from the gods, an omen.

3. a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle.

4. a flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign.

5. a device whon a shield: also on a seal: a seal itself.

II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημαίου, f. ώσω, (σημείου) to mark:—Med. to
mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ήμερα with σ prefixed) to-day: so also ή σήμερον (sub. ήμερα), and τὸ τήμερον.

σημήνον, τό, Ion. for σημείον.

σήμηνα, Ep. for εσήμηνα, sor. I of σημαίνω.

σημι-κίνθιον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctium, an apron. σημό-θετος, ον. (σημα, τίθημι) made for ruling lines. σηποθών, όνος, φ, (σήπω) decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.

EHIII'A, \$\hat{\eta}\$, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

**ΣΗΠΩ**, f. σήψω: not. 1 έσηψα:—to make rotten of putrid: to make fester or mortify.

II. Pass. σήπομα: 2 οτ. 2 έσάπην [α], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σαπής, for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσηπα:—to be or become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.

Xήρ, Χηρός, δ, mostly in pl. Χήρες, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: hence,

II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, δ, Lacon. for θήρ.

σήραγξ, αγγοε, ή, (σαίρω, σίσηρα) a bollow rock, a cleft, cave bollowed out by the sea.

σηρίκος, ή, ον, (Σήρ) Seric: silken.

στρο-κτόνος, ον. Lacon. for θηροκτ... ΣΗ'Σ, δ, gen. σεός, nom. pl. σεες, gen. σεόν : later also gen. σητός:—a moth, Lat. tinea: a book-worm. στις, lon. for σαις, dat. pl. fem. of σες, ση, σων.

σησάμαίος, a, ov, made of sesamé. From

σησόμη, ή, sesamé, an eastern leguminous plant. [ἄ] σησόμη, ή, a misture of sesamé-seeds roasted and pounded with honey, a sesamé-cake.

σησάμινος, η, ον, (σησάμη) made of sesamé; σησά-

μινον έλαιον sesamé-oil. [ά] σησάμδειε, εσσα, εν. (σησάμη) of sesamé; ὁ σησα-

μοῦε (sub. άρτοε) a zesamé-cake. σήσθμον, τό, (σησάμη) the zeed or fruit of the zesamé-tree (σησάμη)

σησάμο τυρον, τό, (σησάμη, τυρόε) sesamé-cheese.

σησάμοθε, οθντοε, contr. from σησαμότιε. Σηστόε, ή, also ό, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σήτες Att. τήτες, (έτοε) this year: see σήμερον.
σητό-βρωτος, ον, (σήε, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths,
moth-sales.

σητό-κοπος, er, (σήε, κοπίριαι) fretted by mothe.

σθεναρός, & όν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

DOE NOZ, cos, to, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river;  $\sigma\theta \leftarrow$ you dealow the atrength of the sun; others by force; mort office with all one's might. 2. might, fower, III. periphr., force. II. a force of men. like βίη, is, μένος with a gen., as, σθένος Εκτορος Hector bimself.

σθενόω, f. ώσω, (σθένοε) to strengthen, make strong. σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένοι):--to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένειν χειρί, ποσί to be strong in hand, in foot; of κάτω σθένοντει they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or tower to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΓΑΤΩΝ Ion. στηγών, όνος, ή, the jaw-bone, jaw. ΣΙ'A AON Ion. σίελον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙΆΛΟΣ, δ, a fat bog: also with another Subst., σθε σίαλοε, like σθε κάπριοε, etc. II. fat, grease. Σίβυλλα, ή, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.) [1] Hence Σιβύλλειος, α, ον, Sibylline.

Σιβυλλιάω, (Σίβυλλα) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλιστής, οῦ, ὁ, α believer in the Sibyl, diviner. XIBINH, h, or Burns, ou, d, a bunting-spear. [8] σιγά, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stilly, noiselessly: as an exclam., of ya bush! be still!

olyd, imperat, of oryaw, bush! be still! σίγα, Ep. for ἐσίγα, 3 sing. impf. of σιγάω. στγά, 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat. of σιγή. στγάζω, f. aσω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or

constrain to silence. στγάλέος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

στγάλόσιε, εσσα, εν. (σίαλοε) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rich. splendid, sumptuous.

στγαλός, Dor. for σιγηλός.

στγάς, άδος, ή, (σιγή) silent.

στγάω .f. -ήσομαι, later -ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass., aot. I έσιγήθην: pl. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):- to be silent or still, to keep silente:—imper. ofya, bush! be still! -Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σίγειν, Lacon, for θεγείν.

στγι, Dor. σιγά, ή, (σίζω) silence, a being silent; σιγήν έχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σι-The motiodal to make silence. II. dat. σιγή as Adv., in silence, silently: also like oiya, as an exclam., oryg rur silence now! σιγή τοιείσθαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. secretly: also as a Prep., σιγή τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like zpópa rwós, unknown to him.

στγηθείε, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of σιγάω. στγηλός, ή, όν Dor. στγαλός, ών, (σιγή) silent, still, paute bushed:—rà σιγηλά silence.

σγηρός, ά, ω, = σιγηλω.

στγητέον, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent. olykos or olekos, & the Hebrew sbekel - 2 drachmae: a Persian σίγλοε is mentioned by Xenophon as worth 71 or 8 oboli, about I shilling English.

σίγμα, (σίζω) the letter sigma, see Σ, σ. σιγύνης, ου, ο, Cyprian word for δέρυ, α spear. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for sawn-III. the Ziyuwai were a people on the Da-

nube, see Herodotus 5. q. σιγώντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σεγάω: also dat. sing. pres. part.

σίδαρος, δ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρειος and other Dor. forms, v. sub oublo-

ΣΙ'ΔΗ, ή, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [1] σίδηρεία, ή, (σιδηρεύω) a working in iron.

σίδηρεος, α Ion. η, ον, Att. contr. σιδηρούς, α, ούν, Ep. σιδήροιος, η, ον, Dor. σιδάρους [ā], α, σ: (vibnos):—made of iron or steel, iron; vibnocos oupavos the iron sky: metaph., outhpeos supple, a mind of iron; σιδήρειον ήτορ an iron heart. gibápeoi, ol, a Byzantine iron coin.

σίδηρεύς, έως, δ, (σίδηρος) a worker in tron, a smith στίδηριον, τό, (σίδηροε) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

σίδηρίτης [i], ev, δ, fem. -brus, sõos, Dor. σιδαρί-Tas, a, b, (oldnpos) of iron.

σίδηρο-βρίθης, ές, (σίδηρος, βρίθω) iron-loaded. σίδηρο-βρώς, ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, βιβρώσκω) ίτουsating, epith. of a whetstone

σίδηρο-δάκτίλος, ον, (σίδηρος, δάκτυλος) ένοκ fingered.

σίδηρό-δετος, ον, (σίδηρος, δέω) iron-bound, εδοά with iron.

σιδηρο-κμής, ήτος, δ, ή, (σίδηρος, κάμνω) slain ty iron, slain by the sword.

στόπρο-μήτωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (σίδηροε, μήτηρ) πο..... of iron, epith. of the earth.

στοηρο-νόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, νέμω) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

στοπρό-νωτος, ον, (στοπρος, νώτον) iron-backed. σίδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for -πληκτος, ον, (οίδηρε. πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σίδηρό-πλαστος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλάσσ») περελίω!

ZI'AHPOZ Dor. o'Bapos, o, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were give. as prizes: It mostly came from the north and east of II. like Lat. ferrum, anything the Euxine. made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, axe: also a knife, sickle. III. a place for selling iron, a cutler's sbop.

σίδηρό-σπαρτος, ον, (σίδηρος, σπείρω) source ce produced by iron.

σίδηρο-τέκτων, ονοε, δ, (σίδηροε, τέκτων) α worker in iron.

σίδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεκείν) iron producing. видороторы, f. how, to cleave with iron. From

σωτρο-τόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεμείν) cutting with

o'Copodopies, f. how, to wear won arms, wear arms: so also as Dep. - sours. From

σίδηρο-φόρος, ον. (σίδηρος, φέρω) sucaring iron, bearing arms.

orthod-down, or, gen eros, (vidapos, defin) of iron beart.

σιδηρό-χαλκος, or, (σίδηρος, χαλκίε) of iron and

σίδηρο-χάρμης, ου, δ, (σίδηρος, χάρμη) fighting in iros, epith. of mailed war-horses.

στοπρόω, f. ώσω, (σίδηρου) to make of iron, overlay with iron: -impers. in plaps. pass. &cesishpers ent μέγε και τοῦ άλλου ξύλου iron bad been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood.

σίδιον, τό, (σίδη) pomegranate-peel. [σί]

Zibovinder, Adv. from Sidon. From Didov, aros, i, Sidon, one of the oldest cities of

Phoenicia. Adj. Ztoovies or Ztoovies, a, or, of or belonging to Sidon; fem. also Zaburada, ádos.

Zibuv, bros, b, a man of Sidon.

ZΓZΩ, impl. for cor Ep. σίζον; no fut. in use:—to biss, of hot iron plunged into water; σίζ δφθαλμός ἐλαϊνέφ περὶ μοχλφ the eye of the Cyclops bissed when the burnt stake was thrust into it. set a dog on.

Etheria, th. Sithonia, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: Adj. Zulivices and Zulivices, a, or, Thracian: \$1060, bros, b, a Sithonian; and \$1-Povis, igos, 4, a Sitbonian woman.

Ministria, in Sicania, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily. Zucavos, oû, ô, a Sicanian (see Zusaria): Adj. Zu-

markós, 4, ór, Sicania. σικάριος, δ, the Lat. sicārius, assassin. [δ] Muchia, 4, (Nechos) Sicily: Adj. Directures, 4, 60,

Sicilian. Hence

Micelian, f. low, to do or speak like the Sicilians to favour the Sicilians.

Nucluubs, 4, 6r, (Aurelos) of or like a Sicilian. Σίκελιώτης, ου, δ, a Sicilian Greek, a Greek settler in Sicily, as distinguished from the Zurehol or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. Trakierns.

Σικαλός, ή, όν, Sicilian, of or from Sicily, Lat. Sieu-Iss: the Euchol originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Lurehierau were the later Greek settlers.

σίκερα [1], τό, gen. σίκερος, a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink. (Hebs. shakar, to be intonicated.) Giravels or Girling, 1800, th, the Sicinnia, a dance of

Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

 $\sigma(\kappa\lambda oe, \delta, = \sigma(\gamma\lambda oe.$ 

criticis Ion. sucing \$, a finit like the sucumber or ground, but eaten ripe. II. a supping glass, from

gs shape, Lat. cucurbita, [8] criscos, b, the common goard or encumue.

Exercise, area, h, Sieyon, a town and district on the

north of the Peloponnesus: Adj. Microbrios, a, or. Sicyonian: Adv. **Xuvivol**e, of ox from Sicyon.

ourgalve, to loathe. From

ZIKXOZ, 6, a squeamish, fastidious person.

Σιληνός, ό, sec Ξειληνός.

σίλι, τό, the palma Christi, causa 2100 σιλλικυπριον. σιλλαίνω, (σίλλοε) to insult, mock, jeer. σιλλικύπριον, τό, = σίλι. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΣΓΛΛΟΣ, δ. one who looks askanse: a satirist.

 $\Pi$ . a satire, satirical poem. ZFAOTPOZ, 6, a river-fish, prob, the shad, Lat.

dlūrus.

ΣΓΑΦΗ, ή, a kind of grub or beetle, Lat. blatta. a book-worm.

ΣΓΑΦΙΟΝ, τό, Lat. laserpitium, a pleut, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific according to Bentley, the asa-fostida. Henc

σιλφιωτός, ή, όν, prepared with ellphium. στιμβλεύω, f. σω, (σίμβλοι) to form or grow in the bive, of honey.

ZIMBAOZ, &, a bee-bive; metaph. any store or board.

συμι-κίνθιον, less correct form of σημι-κίνθιον.

Σίμόσε, –όστος contr. Σίμοθε, –οθντος, δ, the Simols, a river near Troy: -Adj. Zaposvrice contr. Zaposvrios, a, or, of, near the Simols: fem. also Zupoarrie, íðos.

ZIMOZ, 1, ov, snub-nosed, flat-nosed: -generally, I. of other things, steep, up-bill, Lat. acclivis; whose to arrive distincts to pursue up bill. bent in, bollow, concave,

στμότης, ητος, ή, (σιμός, ... ε. αρε of a seub-nose; flatness.

Muods. -overos, &, contr. form of Lipbers.

Tubes, f. bow, (ouple) to turn up the nose, bend utwards. Hence

σίμωμα, ατος, τό, anything best comards. From olvanapie, f. how, to damage wantonly: generally, to bandle roughly. From

στνά-μωρος [ά], er, (σίνοε, μώρος) mischievous, bursful: c. gen. rei, the lautob strapages raining his own affairs: suanton, loud.

oivem, eas, and oivem, tos, 76, (ress) mustard, Lat. sinapi : the better Att. form was rasv.

σινδά, οῦε, ἡ, Att. for σινδών.

ourblev, bros, f, sindon, a fine Indian cloth, mus-IL a garment or naphin made of this cloth.

στνέομαι, Ion, for σίνομαι. olvery, see, and olvery, see, re. Ion. for observe

obert. [of] ovráče, f. ou, (ovrlor) to sift, fan, winnow.

ZINI'ON, To, a sieve

oine, idoe, b, ecc. obrir, (obropai) a destroyer, revager, robber: as Adj. destroying, ravening. as prop. n., Mrie, &, Sinnie, the Destroyer, a famous robber of early Greece. [U U]

MINOMAI [1] Ion. otvious: Ion. impf. obreaco-

lage: to barry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear II. in more general sense, to dain pieces, devour. mage, distress. a. also to burt, wound. Hence

elvos [1], coe, ro, burt, barm, mischief, damage.

anything burtful, a mischief, plague.

olving, ou, o, (olvopas) tearing, ravenous, devouring. σίντις, soe, δ, - σύντης, only as plur. in prop. n., Mirries, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos, who were pirates.

σίντωρ, opas,  $δ_1 = σίντηε$ .

Σίνωπη, ή, Sinopé, a town of Paphlagonia, on the Black Sea: - Zivertyne, ov. b. an inbabitant of Sinope: Adj. Nowwerkos, h, or, of or belonging to Sinops.

ΣΓΟΝ, τό, a march or meadow plant.

σιόε, Lacon. for θεόε.

σύπύη, ή, a flour-bin, meal-sar.

ZIPAION, 76, new wine boiled down. Lat. defritum.

oto 6s, 6, a pit or bole sunk in the ground, for keeping corn in: also a pitfall.

σζούμβριον, τό, - σίσυμβρον.

XI'XYMBPON, ro, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or thyme.

σζούρα [8] or σίσυρνα, ή, a shaggy goatskin worn as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ον, (σίσυρνα, φερω) evearing a σίovera or cloak of goatskin,

Morios, a, or, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem. also Zuridie, idos. From

Σί-στόφος [1], ov, δ, an ancient king of Corinth, punished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl. from coopse, the Wise or Cunning.)

σῦτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σῖτος.

σιτάγωγέω, ί. ήσω, (σιταγωγόε) to transport corn to a place. Hence

σττάγωγία, ή, conveyance of corn to a place. σττ-Εγωγός, δν, (σίτος, άγω) Transporting corn to a place; σιταγοιγά τλοία vessels engaged in conveying corn, corn-ships.

συτάθην, Dor. for ἐσιτήθην, 201. I pass, of σίτέω, σττεύσιμος, η, αν, (σιτεύω) socil-fed, fatted. στουτός, ή, όν, fatted, stalled, Lat. altlis. From σττεύω, f. σω: Ion. impf. σιτεύεσκον: (σίτοι);--to feed, fatten :- Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σττέω, f. ήσω, (σίτου) to feed :- Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion. 3 pl. impf. σιτέσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. I pass. Eolithony:-to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed on, sat a thing, c. acc.

στηγίω, f. ήσω, (σιτηγόε) to convey or transport corn: to import corn. Hence

συτηγία, ή, the conveyance or importation of corn. στηγόε, ω, (σετοε, άγω) conveying corn. σύτηρέσιον, τό, (σίτηρόε) provisions, vietuals: forego-money, of soldiers.

otrapos, a, or, (siros) of or belonging to corn. σίτησιε, eas, \$, (σιτίω) an eating, feeding : also ling; of the eyes, blind. Hence

μην: 20τ. 1 kotrάμην: Dep. :—to plunder, spoil, pil- lfood, provisions; σίτησιε δυ Πρυτανεία public maintenance in the Prytaneum.

> σίτίζω, f. ίσω, (σέτου) to feed, fatten:—Pam. to feed wpon, eat.

ottion, ro, (viros) mostly in plur. ourla, food made of corn, bread; generally, food, victuals, provisions, diet; σιτία τριών ήμερών three days' provision; τά ly Houravely outly public maintenance in the Prytanëum, like olrnou.

στιστός, ή, ω, verb. Adj. of σιτίζα, like σιτεντώ, fed, fatted; as Subst. a faciling.

otro-Bela Ion. -Byly, 4, (stros, beopen) want et scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

otro-boxos, or, (ofroe, beyong) bolding food, σττοδοτίω, f. ήσω, to furnish with corn, victual:-Pass to be provisioned or victualled. From

στο-δότης, ου, δ, (σίτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn. σίτο-μέτριον, (σίτοε, μετρέω) a measured allowance of corn.

otro-vouce, or, (otroe, repu) dealing out corn or food; our or hose that's the hope of getting food.

ottoworks, f. how, (outoroils) to prepare corn or food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victuals: - Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take food. Hence

otronoula, 4, bread-making, preparation of food. Hence

otrowounds, h, by, of or for bread-making. otro-reibs, by, (ofroe, roibs) preparing corn for food: as Subst., σιτοποιύε (sub. γυνή), ή, α momas that ground the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a maker of bread, baker. 2. GITOROIDE drayer the task of grinding corn.

σίτο-πομπία, ή, (σίτος, πέμπω) τος conveyance of corn: also provision for its safe convoy, an escort, a convoy.

σττο-πώλης, ου, δ, (σίτος, παλέω) α corn-merchant, corn-factor.

ΣΓΤΟΣ, δ, irreg. pl. σίτα, τά, subsat, corn, grain: also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, sirtuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp, to meat: but also of anything eaten as opp, to drink; σετος ήδε ποτής meat and drink.

otro-φάγος, ον, (σίτος, φάγείν) sating corn or break σίτο-φόρος, ον, (σίτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

στο-φύλάκες, οί, (σίτος, φύλαξ) corn-watcher, corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three is number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in Peirzeus, who superintended the importation and sale of com.

oitte and oitte, a cry of drovers to their socks. at! when dwo follows, to drive them off; when spot follows, to call them os.

ott-evos, ou, o, (ofros, delopas) a buyer of cors. otravia, h, (outhous) a buying of corn, surches of corn.

ΣΙΦΛΟΊ, ή, ω, cripped, maimed: also Lame, limb

outlies, l. woes, to maim, cripple: to burt, confound, rain: σφλάσσας, 3 sing. Acol. acr. 1 opt.
Σίφησε, α, ω, of or from Siphnus, Siphnian. Prom

Zievos, ή, Siphnus, one of the Cyclades.

olow, aros, b, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a

sucher, as of a pump. Hence
orthorolles, f. ou, to tap a cask with a siphon, to

draw off vine.

στωτών, fut. -ήσομαι: 2 or. 1 ξσιώντησα: pf. σεσιώντηκα: -to be silent or still, to keep silence; σιοντών των to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώντα busb! be still!

II. transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. tacere: —Pass. to be kept silent or secret, Lat. taceri. From

ΣΙΩΠΗ', ή, silence, a being silent: dat. σιοντŷ, in

silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm. στωπηλόε, ή, όν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

στωπηρός, ά, έν, collat. form of σιωπηλύε.

συστήσειαν, 3 pl. Acol. aor. 1 opt. of σιωτάω. συστήτίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωτάω, to be passed over in silence.

II. συστητίον, one must pass

over in silence.

ΣΚΑΖΩ, f. άσω, to limp, balt. II. σκάζων, also χωλίαμβος (sub. πούς), δ, the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

XKAIO'Σ, ά, όν, Lat. scaevus, left, on the left band or side, like άριστερόs:—ή σκαιά (sub. χείρ), the left band.

II. western, westward, for the Greek auspex turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left; Xκαιαλ πύλαι the West-gate (of Troy).

2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek auspex, or in the West; birds of good omen on the right, or in the East; (cf. δεξιόs).

III. metaph. like French gauche, left-banded, awkward, elumsy, uncouth. Hence

σκαιοσύνη, ή, = σκαιότηε.

σκαιότης, ητος, ή, (σεαιός) leftbandedness, awksoardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαι-συργέω, f. how, (σκαιός, έργον) to be leftbanded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

**ΣΚΑΙ'PΩ**, to skip, dance, bound.

σπαιως, Adv. of σκαιόε, in a left-banded manner, auditorally.

σκαλάθυρμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subtle ques-

tion: generally, trifling, nonsense.
σκαλάθυρματιον, το, Dim. of σκαλάθυρμα, α tri-

fling subtlety, petty quibble.
σκαλαθύρω, – σκάλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore
over-subtly or cunningly. [5]

στετάλεψε, έαπ, δ, (σπάλλω) one who boss: a bosr or a bos.

creditares, mi ha, to sir, bos; analever, drapa-

orce Anyobs, 4, br, v. bs. br, (outifu) limping, balt-

ing. II. uneven; δριθμόε σκαληνόε σα odd number; τρίγονον σκαληνόν a trangle with unequal sides.

ΣΚΑ'ΛΛΩ, to stir up, bos, barrow.

σκαλμός, δ. (σκάλλω) the pin or thole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the τροπωτήρ, Lat. scalmus, panillus.

σκάλοψ, οπος, δ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole. Εκύμανδρος, δ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, δν Εάνθον καλέσους θεοί άνδρες δὶ Σκάμανδρον:—Adj. Εκάμάνδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector called his son Σκαμάνδριοε.

σκανά, Dor. for σκηνή.

securidal photo, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the bait is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκαν-δάληθρ' lords έπῶν setting word-traps, i.e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

orav&&Alle. f. ow, to make to etemble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way. From

ακάνδάλον. τό, – σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδίκο-πώλης, ου, δ, (σκάνδιξ, πωλίω) a dealer in chervil.

ΣΚΑ΄ΝΔΙΕ, Ικοε, ή, chervil, Let. scandix. σκάπάνη, ή, (σκάπτω) a spade or boe. [πά] σκάπετος,  $\delta$ , (σκάπτω) – κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, ή, fem. of σκαπτήρ, a woman that digs. σκαπτήρ, ήρος, δ, (σκάπτω) a digger, delver. σκάπτον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

σκαπτόε, ή, όν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπτή ύλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked. σκάπτρον, τό, Doc. for σκήπτρον.

ΣΚΑΊΤΤΩ, fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφην [d]: pf. ἐσκαμμαι:—to dig; σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδά-μύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω): -to blink, wink.

σκάριφισμός, ό, a scratching or scraping up: σκαριφισμοί λήρον a raking up of trifles. From

σκάρτφος, δ, = κάρφος: also a stile for drawing outlines: an outline, sketch.

σκάτός, genit. of σκώρ.

σκάτο-φάγος, ον, (σκάτος, φαγείν) dung-eating. σκάφεύς, έως, (σκαφήναι) a digger, delver, ditcher σκάφη, ή, (σκάφήναι) anything dug or scooped out, a bollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl.

2. a light boat, skiff, Lat. scápha.

σκαφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bowl: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion of bair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythians), in which the bair was cut off all round the head, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like a bowl. 2. the crown of the head.

suitaie, ibre, 4, like suidear, Dim. of suiday or enhave, a small tub, bowl, pail. s. a small boat. II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock.

στεάφου, eoe, τό, (σκαφήναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. that which is dug or secoped out, any bollow vessel, a tub? esp. the buil of a ship, Lat. always, and generally a ship, boat.

a digging-tool, spade. [a]

σκεδάννθμι and -ύω, lengthd. from obsol. \*σκεδάω: fat. onevaou [a] Att. oneda, as, a: nor. I louidaou Ep. σπέδασα: Pass., 20τ. Ι έσκεδασθην: pf. λσκέδασμαι:-- to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to shiver, break a thing. Pass, to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be abed abroad: of a report, to be apread about, bruited abroad.

oneBasa, Ep. 201. 1 of suedárrope.

σκέδασιε, ή, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing. oresta, Att. fut. of orestarrum.

σκεθρός, ά, όν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκεθρώς, thoroughly, exactly. (From oxebeir, poet. sor. 2 of

(xw.)

Licelpay, 2003, 8, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Exciperos deral, i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Exceptibles wi-That; Exception with olding the sea off this coast.

σκαλία, iδος, ή, - Att. σχαλία.

orehlores, ov, o, Dim. of orehos, a small leg.

ΣΚΕ ΑΛΩ: fut. σκελώ Ion. σκελέω: aor. I έσκηλa:-to dry, dry up, pareb, wither. σκέλλομα: fut. σκελούμα: with, intr. tenses of Act., acr. 2 δσκλην, inf. σκλήναι (as if from \*σκλήμι): pl. loudqua with pres. signs.:-to be parched, lean, withered.

. EKE'AOZ, cos, to, the leg; end onebos drayer to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire lei-II. The original the legs, i. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peirzeus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (έσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of σκέπτοpai) a subject of reflexion, a question.

gration, Acol. for Etros.

greend, poët, nom. and acc. pl. of orderes.

onenaja, f. áou, (onévas) like onenau, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence

σκέπάνου, τό, (σπέπαε) a covering,

creendvos, ή, όν, (σ:: έπαε) covered, sheltered.

ZKE HAPNON, 76, or orientapros, 6, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ZKETIAZ, ace, to, a covering, abelier; ent oximas in or under shelter; one was drepose shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκεπάξω) = σκέπας. messées Ep. encendes, to cover, skelter.

EKETIH, f. like guénas, a covering, shelter: metaph., er ones rod rolepov under shelter from wat; èr σκέκη τοθ φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκενόωσι, Ep. for σκεπώσι, 3 pl. pres. from σκενώω. greattion, one must look or consider : verb. Adj. of

ordaropas, fut. ordbops: sor. I dosepape: pf. έσκεμμα: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέστομα. έσκεντόμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπώ α σκοπούμαι being used instead: L intr. to looabout, look carefully at, look after, watch. the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider,

σπερβολέω and σπερβόλλω, (σπέρβολου) to scold, abuse, revile. From

ΣΚΕ ΠΩ, rare radic, form of σκευάζω.

σπέρβολος, like μέρτομος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

onevayuylu, f. hou, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σκευ-άγωγός, όν, (σκεύος, άγω) conseying of meaing one's goods and chattels: --es Subst., orevayorges, b, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggagemaster.

σκευάζω, f. άσω; sor. I έσκεύασα; Pass., έσκεύασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἐσκενάδαται; Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐσκενάδατο: (σκεύοε, σκευή):—to prefire, make ready: esp. to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide: -Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, de-II. of persons, to furnish or urpply with a vi 84. thing. 2. to dress up, disguiss: pf. pass. part. Łσκευασμένος, dressed up.

σκευάριον, τό, Dim. of σκεύος or σκουή, a trifling

part of one's dress or equipment. [d]

σκευαστίον, verb. Adj. of σκευάζω, one must prepare. σκευαστός, ή, όν, (σκευάζω) trepared, artificial. σκευή, ή, (σκεθοι) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. ap paratus: the properties of dress of an actor, etc. a fasbion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like oxevos: the tackling of a ship.

σκευο-θήκη, ή, (σκεύοι, θήκη) a storebouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal. σκευοποιέω, ε. ήσω, (σκευοποιόε) to make arms or

implements, to manufacture. Hence

σκευοποίημα, ματοι, τό, the dress of an actor. TREVO-HOLDS, W, (TREVOS, HOLES) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

EKET OZ, eoe, to, a vessel or implement of any 2. in plur. σκεύη, τά, implements, eools: the baggage of an army, Lat. impedimenta. the trappings of horses; the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors. IL the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul.

σκευοφορέω, f. ήσω, (σκευοφόροι) to carry bagggage.

-Pass. to bave one's baggage carried.

σπευοφορικός, ή, όν, of or for the carrying of beggage; Bapos survopopular the load of a beast of burthen. From

σκευο-φόρος, αν, (σκεθοι, φέρα) carrying baggage: ol onevopopor the sutters, camp-followers: onevop κάμηλοι the baggage-camels; τὰ σκενοφόρα the beans of burden.

onevobulantes, f. how, to watch the baggage, From σκευο-φύλαξ, ακοι, ό, (σκεύοι, φύλαξ) α storeheeps. overup fouce, Dep. with fut med. - fooper, pf. pas. ξσκευώρημαι; (σκευωρύε):—to watch or look after 2. to examine thoroughly. IÍ, to the baggage. contrive cunningly: -intr. to act knavisbly. Hence σκευώρημα, ατοι, τό, a cunning trick.

creeveples, h, (reeverplouse) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II, cunning,

knavery.

σκευ-ωρός, όν, (σκεθος, ώρα) looking after baggage. σκεψάμενος, 20τ. I part. of σκέπτομαι οτ σκοπέω. σκέψιε, εω, ή, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the II. examining: consideration, reflexion. σκήλοι, 20r. 1 inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλειε, 3 sing. opt. σκηνάομαι, Dep., with pf. pass. εσκήνημαι, to dwell, II. also as Med. to build for oneself.

σκηνέω, f. ήσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally,

to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

**EKHNH'**, \$\dagger\$, a tent, booth: a tabernacle: in plur. a camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, bouse : II. a wooden stage or scaffold for a temple. actors to perform on :- hence the stage, the part on subich the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang). III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage; also a bed-tester. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό, (σκην ϵω) = σκην η, α dwelling-

place, nest, abode.

σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [vl] σκηνίε, ίδοε, η, = σκηνη.

σκηνίτης, ου, δ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνίπηγοι) to put up a tent or booth. Hence

σκηνοπηγία, ή, a pitching of tents. II. the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγια, τά.

σκηνό-πηγος, ον, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent. σκηνο-ποιός, όν, (σκηνή, ποιέω) making tents: as

Subst., σκηνοποιύς, δ, a tent-maker.

σκηνορ-ράφος, ον, (σκηνή, βάφηναι) stitching tents: as Subst., σκηνορράφου, δ, a tent-maker.

σκήνος Dor. σκάνος, εος, τό, like σκηνή. body.

σκηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκοε, δ, ή, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard Or spatcher in a tent.

σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (σκήνοι) to pitch tents, encamp. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up ene's abode.

σκηνύδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνη.

σκήνωμα, ατοε, τό, (σκηνόω) a tent, tabernacie: a habitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάνιον, τό, = σκήπτρον, a sceptre, staff. σκηπτο-βάμων  $[\bar{a}]$ , ον, gen. ονος,  $(\sigma \kappa \hat{\eta} \pi \tau \sigma v = \sigma \kappa \hat{\eta}$ -

πτρον, βaire) sitting, perched on the sceptre. σκήπτον, τό, = σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκά-

TTOV, and a few compds. σκηπτός, δ, (σκήπτω) a gust or equall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt. taph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτουχία, η, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτ-οθχος, ον, (σκήπτον, έχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. Subst., σκηπτούχος, δ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

 $\sigma \kappa \eta \pi \tau o - \phi \dot{o} \rho o s$ , o v,  $= \sigma \kappa \eta \pi \tau \rho o - \phi \dot{o} \rho o s$ .

σκήπτρον Dot. σκάπτον, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick. II. a staff or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the scepire, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτροφορίω, f. ήσω, to bear rule over. From σκηπτρο-φόρος, ον, (σκήπτρον, φέρω) bearing a

sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗ ΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. 1 ξσκηψα: to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, burl, shoot: also in Med. 2. intr. to fall or dart down, II. Pass. and Med., to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend ot rely uton. 2. GRHATEGOU C. acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of encuse: c. inf. to pretend to be. 3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself; σκήπτεσθαι πρόε τινα, to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, ωνος, δ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκί-

row, a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:-Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψιε, εωε, ή, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ', as Ion. σκιή, η̂ε, η, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre.

shade of trees; werpain onth the shade of a rock; ev

σκιĝ indoors.

κιφ indoors. 3.,a sbady place. σκιαγράφω, f. ήσω, (σκιαγράφοι) to paint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare. σκιαγράφία, ή, (σκιαγραφέω) painting in light and sbade, rough painting.

σκιά-γράφος, ον, (σκιά, γράφω) painting in light

and shade (without colours). [ypa]

σκαδικον, τό, (σκιά) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιάδίσκη, ή, = σκιάδειον, an umbrella, parasol. σπάζω, f. σκιάσω Att. σκιῶ: 201. Ι ἐσκίασα: (σκιά):—to sbade, oversbadow, darken: to tbrow a sbadow on. II. to cover, veil.

σκιά-μάχου, f. ήσω, (σκιά, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i.e. in the school, not in real battle), to II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight spar. in vain.

Σκιά-ποδες [ā], οἰ, (σκιά, πούε) the Shadose-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σπιδρό-κορος, ον, (ἀκιορύς, κύμη) shady with leaves.

σταθρός, ά, όν, Dor. for smeple.
σταθε, άδος, ή, (σπά) any shady covering, a canopy,
pavilion.

σπάσμα, ματος τό, (σπάζω) a shadow.

oned-spools Ion. onessys. f. how: (oned, splow):

to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass.
to keep in the shade, thun heat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

omán Ep. omán, = omáfn: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκίδναμαι, like κίδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης λημήτερος ή συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in. e. at seed-time or at harvest; δμα ήλλφ σκιδναμένφ as the sun þegins to scatter bis beams, spread bis light.

σπιερός Dor. σπιαρός, ά, όν, (σπά) ibady, ibaded. σπιή, ή, Ion. for σκιά.

**ΣΚΙ'ΛΛΑ**, ηε, ή, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla. σταμάλιζω, f. low Att. ω, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown.)

σκίμπους, -ποδος, δ, (σείμπτω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabbātus.

σκίμπτω, ε. ψω, = σκήπτω.

σκινδάλαμος, δ, contr. σκινδαλμός Att. σχινδάλαμος contr. σχινδαλμός: (σχίζω): a piece of cleft spood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λόνων δικριβών σχινδάλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σπινδάλάμο-φράστης, ου, δ, (σκινδάλαμος, φράζω)

a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, δ, contr. for σκινδάλαμος.

σκιο-αθής, έε, (σκιά, είδοε) like a shadow, feeting like a shadow, shadowy.

orubese, even, ev, (oruh) shady, shadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκιδωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιάω.

σπίπων, ανοε, δ, (σκίμπτω) a staff, Lat scipio. [1] Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκίράε, άδος, ή, epith. of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια. σκίράφειον, τό, a gambling-bouse. From

σκιράφειον, τό, a gambling-bouse. From σκιράφος [1], δ, a dice-box. 2, metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Extpirus, ol, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the

Arcadian district Empires.

ZKIPON [t], τό, like σπάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena Ζαϊράs, thence called τὰ Ζαίρα οτ τὰ Χαϊροφόρια, giving name to the month Σαϊροφοριών.

σκίρον, τό, the bard rind of cheese, cheese parings. ΣΚΓΡΟΣ, δ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκιράς, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριάν. Σκίρο-φοριάν, ένος, δ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of lune and former part of July.

ZKIPTA'Ω, f. ήσω, to spring, leap, bound.
σκίρτημα, ατος, τό, a bound, keap.
σκιρτητής, οῦ, δ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.
σκιρτο-πόθης, ου, δ, (σκιρτάω, ποῦς) spring-footed,
with bounding foot.

σπιρτώεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σπιρτώω. Σπιτάλου, oi, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

ontiolis, Dor. for fipila.

σκίφος, τό, Dor. for flose, a sword. [ε] σκι-άδης, εε, – σκιοείδης, ελάσις: gloomy. σκλήνει, inf. 20τ. 2 of σκίλλει.

σκληρ-άγωγέω, (σκληρόε, άγωγή) to oring up bare .
σκληρο-καρδία, ή, (σκληρόε, καρδία) bardness .
beart.

onkupos, ά, όν, (σκλήναι) dry, bard, Lat. durus. 2.
of sound, boarse, barsb, rougb. 3. of taste and
smell, barsb, rougb. 4. stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus:
stordy, tougb.
bard, austere.
also stubborn.
2. of persons, bard, barsb, stern,
also stubborn.

σκληρότης, πτος, ή, (σκληρός) bardness, barsbness, roughness.

σιληρο-πράχηλος, ου, (σκληρός, τράχηλος) stiffnacked. [ἄ]

σκληρόνω [θ], f. trû: 2 oct. I ἐσκλήρυνα: pf. pass. ἐσκλήρυμμα: (σκληρόε):—to barden, esp. to barden the beart: to make thick, gross, ztupid.

σκληρώε, Adv. of σκληρόε, in bard or rough fashion.
σκνηπάδος, α, ον, (κνέφα) of or in the twilight,
σκολιό-θριξ, --τρίχος, δ, ἡ, (σκολιόε, θρίξ) mids
curled, twining bair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιόε (sub. μέλοε), ε song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρρίτη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ZKOAIO'Z, 4, ov, crooked, bent: twisting, minding.

II. metaph. erooked, tortwous, unjust.

σκολιωs, Adv. erookedly.

σκολόπεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ. σκολοπίζω, f. σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ZKO'ΛΟΨ, οποε, δ. a pale, stake: in plur. σπόλοπεε, οι, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σπολοπίζε, άνασκολοπίζει. II. a tree.

ZKO'ATMOZ, &, an eatable kind of thistle: en articloke

ΣΚΟ MBPOΣ, δ, a kind or fish, of which the δώros and πηλαμός were varieties.

σκοπ-άρχης, ου, δ, (σκοπός, άρχω) leader of the spin or of a party of videttes.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, δ, (σκόπελος, δραμείν) γωκικίας over rocks.

orderidos, δ, (σκονέω) a look-out place, α crag α beadland, Lat. εκορείω; generally, a bigh rock, pack. σκονέω, = σκονέω.

gloomy.

greenie, also orcontones as Dep.: only used in pres. and impf., the other tehses, fut. suchouse, sor, I έσκαψάμην, pt. έσκεμμαι, being supplied by σκέπτοmu: (GROWOS):--to look at or after a thing: to bebold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to: orestely to lautof to look to one's own affairs III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

enout, t, a look-out place, wateb-tower. σκοπιά Ion. -- τή, ή, (σκοπόε) a look-out place, 2. 6 watch-tower. Lat. specumountain-peak. II. a tooking out, keeping watch; ERORITY Eyer to keep watch. Hence

onomicles, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore. II. transit. to stv out,

search out, discover.

σκοπιάω, later poet. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπιήτης, ου, δ, (σκοπιάω) α spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ερέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep : (σκοπιά, άρα):---

to spy or observe from a look-out place

σκοπός, δ and ή, (σκέν-τομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for an-2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary 3. a look-out man or wateber in god of a place. war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger. I. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; dud GROWOU AWAY from the mark

σκορδίναομαι Ion, - έομαι: f. ήσομαι: Dep.;-- to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδ-άλμη, ή, (σκόροδον, άλμη) a sauce or pickle

composed of brine and garlie.

σκοροδίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. ἐσκορόδισμαι: (σκύρο-Bor):-to feed with garlie: to train game-cocks on garlie for fighting; toxopodioutres primed with garlic.

σκορόδιον, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or

stalks of garlie.

ΣΚΟ ΡΌΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlic, Lat. allium; often mentioned with the onion (κρόμνον), and leek (\*páow). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτρι-αρτόπωλιε, ιδοε, ή, (σκό-

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΖΩ, f. low, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavisb: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

**∑KOPIII'O∑**, ⅓, a scorpion.

σκοταίος, a, ov, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτανός, ή, όν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, II. metaph. dark, obscure :- Adv. -v@s.

σκοτία, ή, (σκότοι) darkness, gloom, dusk. σκοτίζω, f. low, (σκότοι) to make dark:-Pass. to

be dark, darkened. σκότιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δάσυ-πυκνό-θριξ, -τρίχου, δ, ή, (σπύτου, δάove, weerbe, opif) with dark rough thick bair. σκοτο-δίνοω, (σκότοι, δίνοι) to grow blind and dizzy,

to bave a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδίνία, ή, dizziness, vertigo.

GROTOĞÎVLÁW. — GROTOĞIYÉM.

σκοτο-μιδής, ές, (σκότος, είδος) dark-looking. σκοτόσιε, εσσα, εν, ροθε, for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark,

σκοτό-μαιν s, ή, Att. for σκοτομήνη. σκοτο-μήνη, ή, (σκότοι, μήνη) a moonless night σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

**ΣΚΟ ΤΟΣ, ov, o, darkness, gloom:** in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, the de subtos δσσε κάλυψεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph., σκότφ κρόwreer to hide in darkness.—The neut. form entree, eos, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence σκοτόω, f. ώσω, to make dark darken, to blind. σκοτώδης, ει, — σκοτοειδής.

σκύβάλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be de-

rived from is wivas Bakeir.)

σκυδμαίνω, = σκύζομαι, to be angry with one. EKT ZOMAI, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one.

Σκύθαθά, ή, fem. of Σκύθης. [v]

Σκύθης, ου, δ : voc. Σκύθα :—a Scytbian : proverb... Σκυθών έρημία a Scytbian wilderness.

II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which Scytbian. was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [8] Hence ZKUBLE, f. low, to be or behave like a Seythian: to side with the Seythians. 2. to drink like a Sey-3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, tbian.

hence to shave the bead. Σκύθιστί, Adv. (Σκυθίζω) in the Scythian fashion,

in the Scythian tongue. Σκύθο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (Χκύθος, τοξότης) a Scytbian

bowman.

σκυθράζω, f. άσω, (σκυθρόε) to be angry or sullen. ΣΚΥΘΡΟΊ, ά, όν, angry, sullen, gloomy. σκυθρωπάζω, f. άσω, (σκυθρωπόε) to look angry ot

sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ωπός, όν, also ή, όν, (σκυθρός, ώψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. oxubpowho exer to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκτωνα, ή, fem. of σκύλαξ, a she-whelp. σκυλάκουμα, ατοε, τό, α whelp, cub. From σκύλακεύω, f. σω, (σκύλαξ) to pair dogs for breed-

ing: generally, to breed dogs.

σκύλακ-ώδης, εε, (σκύλαξ, είδος) like a young dog: neut. To orularudes as Subst., the nature of puppies. σκύλαξ, čece, δ and ή, like σεύμοσε, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a whelp, puppy.

σκύλευμα, ατοε, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From σκύλεύω, f. σω, (σκύλον) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoliare: c. acc. pers. et rei, Kunvor revyea da' dipor onulevourtes baving stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκύλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόρος.

Brille or Brille, \$, Seylla, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who rended her prey in pieces: (hence called Exilla from gallies.)

EKT AAA, sor. I forDia:—properly to flay: gonerally, to rend, mangle, tear: metaph. to trouble, annoy, Lat. venare. Hence

σκύλμα, ατοι, τό, a piece plucked out.

σκυλμός, 670, 70, a proce pearing and ing: metaph.

στελοδοφέω, f. ήσω, to tan bides. From σπέλο-δέψης or -δέψος, ου, δ, (σπύλον, δέψω fut. of δέφω) a tanner of bides.

σκίλον, τό, (σκόλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, the arms stript of a slain enemy, spoils, Lat. spoils; σκύλα γράφων to write one's name on arms gained as spoils; rarely in sing. booty, spoil, prey.

σκύλος [8], eos, τό, (σκύλλω) the skin of an animal, a Hon's bide.

σκύλο-φάρου, αν, (σκύλον, φέρα) receiving the spoil.
σκύλο-χάρης, έε, (σκύλον, χαρήναι) delighting in spoils or booty.

ZKTMNOZ, d, like σκύλαξ, any young animal; but properly a lion's subelo. as σκύλαξ was a dog's whelp, puppy. Hence

σκυμνου, Dor. for σκύμνου, acc. pl. of σκυμνου. Σκύρου, ή, the isle of Seyros, one of the Sporades,

not far from Euboea: Entpoolev, Adv. from Scyros.

oretraly [a], h, (akin to fishor) a stick, staff, cudgei:
at Sparta, a staff, used by way of a cipher for writing
despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round
it, on which the despatches were written, so that when
unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had
a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers,
and so were able to read the despatches. Hence
overthy meant a Spartan despatch, and metaph. a

πειεαχε.
σεὐτάλιον, τό, Dim. οf σεὐτάλον, α cane. [d]
σεὐτάλία, ίδοε, ή, Dim. οf σευτάλη.
σεὐτάλον, τό, — σευτάλη, α cudgel, club. [d]
σεὐτεία, έως, ό, (σεὐτοι) α εδοςπαλετ, cobbler.
σεῦτεία, f. σω, (σευτεύ») to be a εδοσπαλετ.
ΣΕΥΤΗ Dor. σεῦτά, ή, εδε neck

σκύτινος, η, ον, (σκύτος) leathern, made of leather; το σκύτινον α leathern ornament οτ appendage.

orefree, 76, (2070e, whence Lat. eutis) a skin, bide, esp. a dressed or tanned bide, leather.

II. anything made of leather, a whip, thong.

σκυτοτομείου, τό, a shormaker's shop. From σκυτοτομέω, f. ήσω, (σκυτοτόμοι) to ent leather for shoes, to be a shormaker.

σκύτοτομικός, ή, όν, of or for a shoemaker. From σκύτο-τόμος ον, (σκύτον, τεμείν) cutting leather: as Subst., σκυτοτόμος, ό, a worker in leather, shoemaker.

σκύτο-τράγέω, (σκύτον, τραγείν) to consume leather. σκύφος, ου, ό, and σκύφος, έος, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a cup, beaker, can, flagon.

σκαληκό-βρωτος, ον, (σκάληξ, βιβράσκω) cases of worms, worm-eaten.

ΣΚΩ'ΛΗΗ, ηπος, δ, a worm, Lat. lumbricus. ΣΚΩ'ΛΟΖ, δ, a pointed state: a thorn, prickle. σπώμμα, ατος, τδ, (σπώπτω) a jest, joke, gibe, scoji. σπωμμάτιον, τδ, Dim. of σπώμμα, a pety joke. σπωπτόλης, ου, δ, (σπώπτω) a mocker, jester.

ΣΚΩ ΠΤΩ, fat. σπόψομα: act. 1 έσκωψα: act. τ pass. ἐσκώψθην:—to mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at: absol. to jest, joke, be in fun.

ΣΚΩ P, τό, gen. σεάτός, dung.

σκώψ, δ, gen. σκωτός, nom. pl. σκωτες: (from σκέττομαι, as κλώψ from κλέττω) ε kind of owl.

σμάνος, Dor. for σμήρος; dat. pl. σμάνεσσι. σμάράγδινος, η, ον, of emerald. From

ΣΜΑ ΡΑΓΔΟΣ or μάραγδος, δ and ή, Lat. smaragdue, a precious stone of green colour: prob. not the emerald,

**ΣΜΑΡΑΤΕ'**Ω, f. ήσω, to crash: of the sea, to roar: of birds, to seream, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμάρδησε, δ, (σμαραγέω) a brawling goblin.
σμάω, f. σμήσω Dot. σμάσω: 20τ. I έσμησα:
in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμώ, σμξε, σμξ, inf.
σμβρ: (μάω):—to smear, rub: to anoint: Med.,
σμβασαι την κεφαλην to anoint one's head.
2. to
rub, wipe, wash off, cleanse. Cp. σμηχω.

σμερδάλδος, δα ion. έη, έον, terrible, fearful, auf ul:
—neut. σμερδαλέον as Adv. terribly.

σμερδνός, ή, όν, – σμερδάλες.

σμέω, Ion for σμάω.

σμηνο-δόκος, ον, (σμήνος, δέχομαι) bolding a swarm of bees.

σμήνοε, eoe, τό, (from έσμόε) a bes-bive. II. a swarm of bees: generally, a swarm, crosed, throng. σμήχω, f. for: 2 or. I pass. έσμήχθην:—collat. form of σμάω, to rub, wipe off or away. 2. to wipe clean. See σμώω.

σμίκρο-, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-.
σμίκροs, ά, όν, Ion. and old Attic for μικρόs. [1]
σμίκρότης, σμίκρόνω, ν. sub μικρ-.

σμικρώς, Adv. of σμικρός, but little.

σμίλαξ, čicos, ό, – Att. μίλαξ, the yess, Lat. εαπικ. σμίλευμα, ατος, τό, (σμίλεύω) carved work: metaph., σμιλεύματα έργων finely carved works.

σμίλευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σμιλεύω, carned. σμίλεύω, f. σω, to cut out, carne finely. From

MITAH [1], 4, a knife for cutting or carving, Lat scalprum: a graving tool, chied: generally, a knife. \*\*Emurde's, 600, 6, epith. of Apollo, from \*\*Zuiren a town in the Troad, the Sminthian.

σμίνύη, ή, a two-pronged bos or mattock, Lat &

σμύγερδε, Adv. -ρῶε, poöt. for μογερόε, --ρῶε. σμύξου, sor. 1 inf. of σμύχου.

σμύρνα Ion. -νη, η, (μύρρα) myrrb, the resinous gum of an Asabian tree, used for embalming the dead. Hence

ourpraios, a, or, of myrrb. II. Zurpraios, a, or, of Smyrna, an inbabitant of Smyrna.

σμυρνίζω, f. low, (σμύρνα) to flavour with myrrb. ΣΜΥΧΩ [9], f. f.w. 201. I έσμυξα: Pass., 201. I ἐσμύχθην: pf. ἔσμυγμα: —to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away.

MΩAIE, σμόδιγγοε, ή, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. vibes.

σμάχω, f. fω, – σμήχω, to rub to rub to pieces, grind down.

σοβάρεύομαι, Dep. (σοβαρόε) to stalk about in a baughty way, to strut pompously.

σοβάρο-βλέφάρος, σε, (σοβαρός, βλέφαροε) with

baughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.
σοβάρδε, ά, όν, (σοβέω) scaring people away: hence

bustling, swaggering, pompous, baughty, insolent. 2. of things, stirring, bustling, violent.

σοβέω, f. ήσω, to make the noise σοῦ, σοῦ (shoo! shoo!), to seare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off.

in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.

σοί, dat. of σύ. σοίο, lon. gen. masc. and neut. of σόε.

σολοικία, ή, - σολοικισμός.

σολοικίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, (σόλοικου) to speak or surite incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνή Σκυθική σολοικίζευ to speak bad Scythian. Hence

σολοικισμός, δ, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism. σολοικιστής, οῦ, δ, (σολοικίζω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.

or solecisms:—hence barbarous. II. metaph.
auchivard, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Zóhos in Cilicia.)

**ΞΟΛΟΣ**, b, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round δίσκος.

σόοs, η, ον, Ep. form of σώοs, safe and sound in

body, whole, unburt, Lat. integer.
σορο-πηγόε, δ, (σορόε, πήγρυμι) α coffin-maker.

DOPO'Z, \$\eta\$, a vessel or urn to bold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.

σόε, ή, όν, possessive Adj. of the 2na pers. pron. σύ, 2by, thine, of thee, Lat. heas, tua, tuum: also objective, σ'ès πόθος regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor form πεόν, τεή (Dor. τεά), τεόν.

σσθ, gen. of σθ; also of σδε.

**200**, σο0, aboo! aboo! a cry to scare away birds. **Properly** imperat. of σοῦμαι: see σοβέω.

erovodopov, 76, the Lat. sudarium, a naplin or cloth

στοθμαι, contr. for σύομαι, - σεύα, σεύομαι.

σούντα, by crais for σού ένεκα, on thy account.
Σουν-άρθτος, ον, (Χούνιον, άρδομαι) invoked or
congradithed at Sunium.

II. Zuppraios, a, Zouviás, ábos, 4, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.

Σουν-έρδικος, δ. (Σούνιον, lépat) bawk of Sunium. Σούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attics.

σοθοθαι, inf. of σοθμαι: σοθοθε, σοδοθε, imperat. Σουσί-γενής, έε, (Ζοθσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa. σοθοσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σοθσα, τό, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σούσιος, ό, a man of Susa: fem. Σοθσις, ιδος (sub. γυνή) a suoman of Susa; or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana. σούστε, by crasis for σοι έστε.

oropia ion. -in, h, (soppis) eleverness or skill in art. 2. eleverness, skill, saidom in common things, prudence: also cunning, abrevidness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, saisdom, philosophy.

στοφίζω, f. lσω, (σοφόε) to make σοφόε, to instruct, make wise or learned.

II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing.

2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly.

3. acr. 1 inf. σοφισθήσω in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived.

II. σοφίζομαι, f. lσομα, pf. σεσόφισμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, sbrewdly.

2. to deceive, beguile. Hence

σόφισμα, ατος τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stagetrick.
2. a captious argument, a quibble: so A person is called σόφισμ δλον, a trick all over.

roopierrous, to act as a sophist, give lectures. From coopierries, οῦ, ὁ, (σορίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians.

2. generally, one who is clever or shrewd in matters of life, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφωσιαί: hence a wise man, philosopher.

II. at Athens, one who professed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence,

2. a sophist, quibbler, cheat.

σοφιστικός, ή, δν. (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist:
τὸ σοφιστικόν the body of the rophists.

Σοφοκλέης contr. -κλής; gen. -κλέον and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος): Sopbocles, the tragic Poet. σοφό-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, (σοφός, νόος, νοῦς) clever, vise of mind.

XOΦO'Z, η, lor, clover or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf., σοφὸυ λέγειν clover in speaking, etc. 2. clover in common matters, prudent, shrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, clovely devised, prudent, wise. Hence

σοφωε, Adv. eleverly, wisely: Comp. - έντερον Sub.

-brara. Hence σοφ-συργόε, όν. (σοφόε, \*έργω, working skilfully. σόω, Ερ. for σώζω.

σπαδίζω, f. ίξω, (σπάω) to draw off.

σπάδιξ [ā], îκοε, ή, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn ! off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. spadix.

σπάδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπαδόνισμα, ατοι, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπάδων [α], error and orror, δ, (σπάω) απ ευπυεδ,

Lat. spado.

σπάθάω, f. ήσω, (σπάθη) to strike down the woof with the σπάθη (q.v); λίαν σπαθάν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, money. Lat. texere: see parre, upaire.

ZIIA'OH [a], h, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. tbe stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword.

σπάθιον, τό, Dim. of σπάθη, a little spatula. [d]  $\Sigma \Pi \Lambda \Gamma P \Omega_{i} = d\sigma \pi \alpha i \rho \omega$ .

σπάκα. Persian for κύνα.

ornabels, Acol. for orabels, acr. 2 pass. part. of στέλλου.

omavile, f. low, (ordere) of things, to be rare, 2. of persons, to lack or be scarce, few or scanty. in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. ἐσπάνισμαι.

cravios, a, or, like cravés, rare, few, scarce, scanty: -dat. fem. owaria, as Adv. = owarios. persons, lacking, needy, in want.-Comp. and Sup. σπανιώτερος, - ώτατος. Hence

σπάνιότης, ητος, ή, want, lack, need.

σπάνιε, eou, ή, (σπάνόε) of things, scarceness, rareness; où omavie [lori], c. inf., 'tis not bard to do a II. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen. σπάνιστός, ή, όν, (σπανίζω) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. - wrata.

ΣΠΑΝΟΣ, ή, όν, of things, scarce, rare.

of persons, in want of, lacking. [a]

σπάνο-σττία, ή, (σπανόε, σίτοε) lack of corn or food. σπάραγμα, ατοι, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a sbred. II. a rending, tearing. σπάραγμός, δ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing, IL a convulsion, spasm. mangling:

σπάράσσω Att. -ττω: f. fω: 201. 1 έσπάραξα; (orace):-to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. lacerare; Med., σπαράσσεσθαι κόμας to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργάνίζω, f. ίσω, (σπάργανον) to swatbe, wrap up. σπαργάνιστης, ου, δ, a child in swaddling-clothes.

σπάργάνον, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swatbing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's entraction is discovered, Lat. monumenta, erepundia. Hence

σπαργάνοω, f. ώσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓΑ'Ω, f. ήσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. turgëre.

ΣΠΑ'PΓΩ, f. ξω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes. omdosis, omdofivou, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of σπείρω.

orapobs, h, be, post. for orapbe, orapios.

σπάρτη, ή, a rope made from the shrub σπάρτου. Σπάρτη, ή, Sparta in Laconia:-- Advs., Σπάρτηθεν,

from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence Σπαρτιάτης [ā], ου, ό, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτιε, ιδοε, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan wontan; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαστιαrıkbs, 4, óv, Spartan.

σπαρτίου, τό, Dim. of σπάρτου, a small cord or

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάρτος.

σπαρτός, ή, όν, (σπείρω) sown, scattered: metaph. II. at Thebes, Emaprol, ol, the Summmen, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Europroi generally =

INA PTOE, & and h, spartum, a kind of broom. growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes. σπασθείς, είσα, έν, 20r. I pass. part. of σπάω

σπασσάμενος, Ep. for σπασ-, aor. I med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, δ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. IL. tension.

σπάταλάω, f. ήσω, to live riotously. From σπάτάλη, ή, (σπαθάω) wantonness, riot. σπάτάλημα, ατοε, τό, (σπαταλάω) = σπατάλη. σπάτάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet.

σπάτάλος, όν, (σπατάλη) manton, riotous. σπάτίλη [l], ή, excrement, dung. (From σκατός, gen. of σκώρ, and τιλάω.)

ΣΠΑ'Ω, έ. σπάσω [ά]: 201. Ι έσπάσα Ερ. σπάσα: pf. έσπάκα: Med., 20τ. Ι έσπασάμην Ερ. σπασάμην, Ep. part. σπασσάμενος: Pass., aor. I έσπάσθην: pf. έσπασμα:—to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, II. to pluck off or out. etc. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, such IV. to draw tight, pull the in: to drain, quaff. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proreins. verb., our formage ranty ye be took nothing by his V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, motion.' of a bone.

σπείν, 201, 2 inf. of έπω.

σπειο, Ep. for σπέο, 201. 2 imperat. of ξπομαι. onelos, 76, Ep. for onelos.

ZHETPA, h, Lat. spira, anything wound or was and round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coals of a serpent (which Milton calls soires). also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. Greipen Bien thongs or straps of ox-bide to strengthen the blow of II. a body of soldiers, the the fist, the caestus. Roman manipulus, - two centuries: but also a cobort. σπείρθμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρημα. σπείρεστου, Ion. impf. of σπείρω. σπείρηθον, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires. σπείρημα, Dor. and Att. - σμα, στος, τό, (σπείρα)

a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.
oramples, to, a light, thin garment: Dim. of

σπειριον, το, a light, toin garment: Dim. of σπείρον, τό, (σπείρα) a cloth for wrapping about, a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas. σπειρ-ούχος, δ, (σπείρα, ἔχω) containing a spiral figure or a circle, circular.

EHEIPΩ, f. σπερώ: sor. 1 έσπειρα: Pass., sor. 2 ἐσπάρην [d]: pf. ἐσπαρμα: —to sow: I. to sow seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπειρομένη Αίγυπτου the arable part of Egypt; πόντου σπείρειν το sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like Lat. serere arenam.

Π. metaph. to engender

or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be born. III. to scatter like seed, fling, throw about: to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed. orestors, orestors, acr. I inf. and part. of orestos.

owelous, Ion. 3 sing. sor. 1 of oreivou.

στικουλάτωρ, opos, δ, the Lat. specificator, a guard. ΣΠΕΝΑΩ, f. στείσω: aor. I έστεισα Ερ. στείσα: aaso Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I στένδεσκε, στείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. στένδεσκε, στείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. στένδεσκε, στείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. στένδεσκε, στείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. στένδεσκε, so pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before drinking wine, Lat. libare, mostly with dat. of the god to whom the libation was made, στένδειν θεοίδ. Δεί, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to sprinkle.

II. Med., f. στείσομα: pf. έστεισμαι (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations one with another, and since this was the custom in making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also

up the dead.

ΣΠΕ'ΟΣ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπεῖοε, gen. στείουε, dat. στής, gen. pl. στείων, dat. στίσοι and στήεσσι:—Lat. SPECUS, a cave, cavern, grot.

absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., oveloaobai elphryr

to conclude a formal peace; σπείσασθαι αναίρεσιν

TOP PERPOP to make a truce so as to allow of taking

σπέρμα, ατος τό, (σπέρω) that which is soum, shed, the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2. also of animals, seed, Lat. semen. II. metaph. ceed. offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family. σπερμ-σιγοραιο-λευτθο-λάχινο-πάλια, ιδος, ή, (σπέρμα, άγοραίος, λέκιθος, λάχανον, παλέομαι) a green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαίνω, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget. σπερμολογέω, f. ήσω, (σπερμολόγου) to pick up seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, η, babbling, gossip.

σπερμο-λόγος, ον. (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, δ, a crow that picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμο-φόροε, ον, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed. Σπερχείοε, δ, the Spercheins or Spercheus, a river of Theusaly, the Rapid (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ή, όν, (σπέρχω) basty, rapid: generally,

basty, bot, violent.

XΠΕ ΤΧΩ, f.fo: aot. I pass. δυπέρχθην:—to drive, basten, burry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or bastly, to baste; σπέρχεσθαι δρετμοῦς to ply rapidly with oats:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj., basty, rapid; of the mind, eager, vebement:—of temper, to be basty, bot; σπέρχεσθαί τυν to be augry with one.

II. intr. in Act. = Pass., to rush or be driven rapidly.

σπέσθαι, 2 or. 2 inf. of ξπομαι, 25 σχέσθαι of ξχομαι.

σπέσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέσε.

ΣΠΕΤ'ΑΠ, f. σπεύσω: aor. I ξσπευσα, Ep. subj.

1 pl. σπεύσομεν (for -ωμεν): pf. pnss. ξσπευσμαι: I.

trans. to urge on, press on, basten, quicken: also to

seek eagerly, strive after: to promote or further zea
lously, to advance or forward a thing. II. intr.

to press on, basten: to exert oneself, strive eagerly:

to be eager or anxious to do a thing: also in Med. to

baste, burry.

σπεύδωμες, Dor. I plur. pres. subj. of σπεύδω. σπευστέον, verb. Adj. of σπεύδω, one must basten. σπήεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέοε.

owfit, Ep. dat. sing. of oweoe.

σπίλαιον, τό, (σπέοε) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. spelaeum.

σπήλυγξ, υγγοε, ή, (σπέοε) = σπήλαιον, Lat. spelunca.

ZIII ΔH'Z, is gen. ios, only in 11. 11. 754, διά σπιδίου πεδίοιο through the far-stretched, broad plain. ZIII ZΩ, to pipe, ebirp, of the shrill note of small birds, Lat. pipio.

ZIII OAMH, \$\, the space one can span between the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat, dodrans:—

as a measure, about 7½ inches.

ZIII AAZ, ábos, f, a rock or crag against which the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a bollow rock, cave.

ZIII AOZ, ô, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, ble-misb. Hence

σπίλοω, f. ωσω: pf. pass. ἐσπίλωμαι:—to stain, spot, contaminate.

σπινθάριγξ, εγγοε, ή, and σπινθάριε, ίδοε, ή, = σπινθήρ, a spark.

ZIIINOH'P, sipos, o, a spark, Lat. scintilla.

ornivoz [i], ô, (orniço) a small bird, so called from its shrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a kind of fineh.

σπλαγχνείω, f. σω, (σπλάγχνα) to eat the inwards or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: act. I δσπλαγχνίσθην: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity, bave pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, δ, a feeding the inwards of a victim, Dat. visceratio. II. compassion.

σπλάγχνοι τό:—mostly in plur. σπλάγχνα, τά, Lat. wiscera, the insward parts, inswards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for eating. 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. wisceratio. 3. any of the insward parts, the bowels, also the womb. 4. metaph. the beart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., δυδρόε σπλάγχνον ἐκμαθεῦν το learn a man's insward nature.

ΣΠΛΗΝ, δ, gen. σπληνόε, the milt, spleen. σπογγιά, η, – σπόγγοε, α sponge, Lat. spongia.

σπογγίζω, f. low, (σπόγγοε) to wipe with a sponge. σπογγίον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγοε, a small piece of sponge.

ZΠΟΤΓΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, δ, a sponge. σποδά, ή, Lacon. for σπουδή.

σποδ-ανής, έε, (σποδόε, εὐνή) sleeping on asbes.
σποδέω, f. ήσω, (σποδόε) to beat off a or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., ποδοθμενοε νιφάδι pelted by the strom; σποδούμενοε πόρε πέτραε dasbed against the rocks; absol., στρατόε κακώε σποδούμενοε an army bandled roughly.

II. to eat greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. - τη, ή, (σποδόε) a beap of asbes: asbes. σποδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (σποδόε) to roast or bake in

the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

XIIO'ΔΟΖ, ή, asbes: wood-asbes, embers; the asbes of the dead. II. dust. III. metaph., σποδόε ενλίων a soaker of cups, i. e. a drunkard. Hence σποδόω, f. ώσω, to burn to asbes:—Med. to strew with asbes.

σπολάε, άδος, η, a leathern garment, buff jerkin.
(For στολάε, from στίλλω.)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ξπομαι

σπονδ-αρχία, ή, – σπονδήε άρχή, the beginning of the drink-offering or libation, the right of begin-

σπονδείος, α, ον, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drinkoffering or libation. II. σπονδείοε (sub. πούε),
δ, in metre, a spondes, a toot consisting of two long
syllables, as τιμή, so called because at σπονδαί slow
solemn melodies were used.

σπονδή, ή, (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. libatio: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc.

2. in plur. σπονδαί, a, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; σπονδαί δικρητοι a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; σπονδαί τέμνειν (like δρκια τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

σπονδο-φόρος, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drinkofferings: as Subst., σπονδοφόρος, ο, one who brings
proposals for a truce or treaty of peace.

II. a
berald or officer who published the sacred truce of the

Olympic and other games.

σπονδύλη, ή, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [v] σπορά, ή, (σπείρω) a soving: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. II. the seed sown. 2. that which is born, seeg. off-

spring, issue: in plur. young ones; onlie owood the female race.

σποράδην, Adv. (σποράε, σπείρω) spread οτ scattered about, Lat. passim. [ä]

σποράε, άδοε, ή, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: al Σποράδεε (sub. rήσοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεύε, έωε, δ, (σπορά) α souver.

craopyros, δ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a crop.

2. a sowing.—See αμητόε.

σπόριμος, ον. (σπέρω) εσιση, fit for soming: τὰ σπόριμα the corn-fields: μέτρον σπόριμον a measure of seed-corn.

ombpos, b, (onelpe) a sowing. 2. seed-time. IL. seed, produce, a crop.

owoo, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουβάζω, f. - άσομαι: 201. Ι έσπούδασα: pf. έσπούδασμα: Pass., 201. I έσπουδάσθην: pf. έσπούδασμα: (σπουδή):

L. intr. to make basts, to be busy, zealous or earnest: abol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest.

II. trans. to do bastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:—Pass. to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδαιολογίω, f. ήσω, to speak zeriously, talk on serious subjects :--Pass. to be treated on discussed se-

riously. From

σπουδαιο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαίοε λέγω) steaking seriously.

σπουδαίοε, a, or, (σπουδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. II. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; σπουδαίοε els δήνε goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότεροε, -όπατοε:—also irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιόστεροε, -ίστατοε. Hence

σπουδαίως, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:—Comp. σπουδαιότερου, Sup. σπουδαιότατα.

σπουδ-άρχης, ου, δ, (σπουδή, άρχή) one who came case eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence σπουδ-αρχίδης, ου, δ, a comic Patronymic of σπουδ-

άρχης, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n. σπούδασμα, ατος, τό, (σπουδάζω) a thing engern

pursued, a study.

omoubaction, a, or, verb. Adj. of omoubacte, so is

sought for zealously. II. smoodaaries, one must be anxious, be in earner.

σπουδαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σπουδάζω) a zealous supparter. σπουδή, ἡ, (σπεύδω) baste, speed, eagurness; σπουδή in baste, bastily; so also, διά σπουδής, mard στουδήν.

II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδής έξων worth pains: dat, σπουδή as Adv. with great trouble, i. c. scarcely, bardly.

2. σπουδαί in plux. beart-burnings, rivalries.

III. earnestness, seriousness; dad σπουδής, μετά σπουδής, οι σπουδή, in earnest, seriously.

IV. zeal, regard for a person; surd σπουδάε through regard of persons, through part influence.

2. that which is born, seca, off- σπυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of σπυρίε, a hand-bashet. [1]

erripis, lose, f., (errespa) a round plaited basket: a fisb-basket.

σταγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) α drop, α liquid; στάγμα της ανθεμουργού, periphr. for honey.

στάγών, όνος, ή, (στάζω) a drop.

στάδαλος, a, ον, (στάδην) standing erect or upright; ίγχη σταδαία spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ίστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [X]

στάδιοδραμοθμαι, irreg. fut. of

στάδιοδρομίω, to run in the stadium, run a race. From

στάδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμείν) running in

the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [ά], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, οί, οι στάδια, τά;a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 boyusal, i.e. 600 Greek or 6062 English feet, about 1 of a Roman mile; emardy σταδίοισιν άριστος, 'a hundred miles best;' so, πλείν ή σταδίφ λαλίστερου more talkative by a mile and more. II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long: hence, ελγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικών to win a race: ξύλινον στάδιον, a kind of chess-board. στάδιος [ἄ], α, ον, (Ιστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδίη ὑσμίνη a close fight, a battle fought band to band, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑ ΖΩ, fut. στάξω: 201. I έσταξα Ep. στάξα: trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil. intrans, to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χείρας alpare to bave one's hands dripping or recking with blood; στάζειν κάρα ίδρωτι to bave one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e. g. of ripe fruit. στάθεν, Acol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of

Ιστημ: -but σταθέν, 201. I pass. part. neut. [d] στάθερός, ά Ion. ή, όν, (ἴστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea: σταθερά μεσημβρία bigb noon, when the sun Becms to stand still in the meridian:—ή σταθερά (sub.

 $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), the solid earth. σταθευτός, ή, όν, scorched, barnt, fried. From σταθεύω, f. σω, (σταθερόε) to scorch, burn, roast, fry.

σταθήσομαι, fut, pass, of ίστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στήθι, 201. 2 imperat. of lστημι. σταθμάω, f. ήσω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule: Pass., with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured. ΙΙ. σταθμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι; aor. a έσταθμησάμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measare, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ή, (ίστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:proverb., rapd στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amussim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, surrougly: -κατά στάθμην νοείν to guess aright. The paunt, the line which bounds the race-course, III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma.

-radubve, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall:

bornewards. From

σταθμός, δ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, ol: (ίσταμαι):—a standing-place, of farmyard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat, stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. ters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers. Lat. statio:in P-rsia, σταθμόί were stations or stages on the royal roa, where the king rested in travelling. nerally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles. II. an upright standingpost, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also the door-posts. III. a balance, pair of scales: also, weight by the balance; σταθμόν έχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμόν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμόω, f. ώσω, (σταθμόε) to bring to the scale. Med., esp. in sor. I έσταθμωσάμην, to conjecture, con-

clude or infer by or from a thing. σταίην, ηε, η, αοτ. 2 opt. of ίστημι.

σταίμεν, σταίτε, σταίεν, Att. for σταίημεν, σταίητε, σταίησαν, 201. 2 opt. plur. of ίστημι.

ZTATE or orals, to, gen. oractos, wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίτινος, η, ον, of wheaten flour or dough.

στακτόε, ή, όν, (στάζω) cozing out in drops, trickling. dropping.

στάλα, ή, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [oral]

στάλαγμός, δ, (σταλάζω) a dropping, dripping:

also = στάλαγμα, a drop. στάλάσσω, f.ξω, and στάλάω, to fall in drops, drop, II. trans, to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall,

στάληναι, 20r. 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω. στάλίε, ίδοε, ή, Dor. στάλιξ, (ίστημι) anything set

up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened. σταλ-ουργόε, όν, Dor. for στηλ-, (στήλη, έργον)

marked, furnished with a gravestone.

\*σταμίν or σταμίε, ίνοε, ή, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσσι: (ίστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; Inpia apapar bapéoi orapireooi having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμνίον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup. στάμνος, δ, also ή, (ίστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

στάν, Acol. for έσταν, έστησαν, 3 pl. 20r. 2 of 2. sor. 2 part. neut. of lornu.

σταξεθμες. Dor. for στάξομεν, fut. of στάζω. στάξιε, εωε, ή, (στάζω) a dropping. στάς, στᾶσα, στάν, 2οτ. 2 part. of ίστημι.

ordorale, f. doe, (ordors) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, rivi against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάζειν μετάτινου to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

στάσι-αρχος, δ, (στάσιε, άρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a seditious party.

στάσιασμός, δ, (στασιάζω) a raising of sedition. στάσιασ. ukos, ή, όν, (στασιάζω) seditious.

στάσιμος, ον, (στάσιε) standing, stationary, stable, 2. στάσιμον, τό, in Tragedy, a consteady, fixed. tinuous song of the Charus.

στάσις [ἄ], εως, ἡ, (Ισταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing. 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, στάσιε του νότου, της μεσημ-3. the state or condition in which a person Boins. is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party. sedition, faction.

στάσι-ώδης, εε, (στάσιε, elbos) seditious.

στάσι-ωρον, τό, = στάσιε èr δρει, a mountain-foid; but better στασί-ωρος, δ, (στάσιε, ώρα) watcher of the station or fold.

στάσιώτης, ου, δ, (στάσις II) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur, the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence στάσιωτικός, ή, όν, inclined to faction, seditious.

στάσκε, Ion. for έστη, 3 sing. 20τ. 2 of Ιστημι. στασώ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of Ιστημι. στάτηρ, ήροε, δ. (ίστημι) any weight. coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also rerpádpax μου, worth about 3s. 3d. later; a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him Daries, στατήρει Δαρεικοι, worth about 1l. Is. 10d.

II. intr. also in Act., to stand. στάτικός, ή, όν, (ἴστημι) causing to stand. skilled in weighing: h oratich (sub. rexpn), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στάτίζω, poët. for Ιστημι, to place: Pass. Ισταμαι,

στάτος, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of lστημι, placed, standing; στατοε inwos a stalled or stall-fed horse; στατον ύδωρ standing water.

σταθ, see Σ, σ.

σταυρός, δ, (ίστημ) an upright pale, stake or pole; II. the Cross. in plur. a palisade.

σταυρο-φάνής, ές, (σταυρός, φανήναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. --

σταυρο-φόρος, ον, (σταυρύε, φέρω) bearing the cross. σταυρόω, f. Δονα, (σταυρόε) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. rarucify. Hence

σταύρωμα, ατος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταύρωσιε, ή (σταυρόω) a palisading. 11. crucifixion.

στάφίε, ίδοε, ή, a dried grape, raisis, also dσταφίε. (Akin to σταφυλή.)

ΣΤΑ ΦΥ ΛΗ', η, a bunch of grapes. II. parox, σταφύλη, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; Ιπποι σταφύλη έπὶ νώτον είσαι horses matched in height by the level.

στάφτλία, έδοε, η, = σταφυλή, α bunch of grapes. ετάφυλο-κλοπίδης, ου, ό, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) α grape-stealer,

στάχνη-τόμος, ον. (στάχυς, τεμείν) cutting ears ο corn, reaping.

στάχυη-τρόφος ον, (σταχνε, τρίφω) πourisbing ears of corn.

στάχνη-φόρος, αν, (στάχνε, φέρα) bearing ears ο

στάχυ-μήτωρ, οροε, ή, (στάχυε, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn. στάχυό-θριξ, -τρίχος, δ, ή, (στάχως, θρίξ) mith

leaves like ears of corn.

στάχνο-στέφάνος, ον, (στάχνε, στέφανοε) ενομπεδ with ears of corn. ZTAXTZ, vos, 6: pl. nom. and acc. 674 yess, -ax,

contr. στάχθε:—an ear of corn. Lat. spica. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [0-1 στέδρ, τό, gen. στέδτου [as trochee], contr. στήρ, στητό: (Ιστημ): - bard fat, tallow, suct, Lat. sever. sebum; opp. to πιμελή soft fat, Lat. adeps. στεγάζω, f. άσω, - στέγω, to cover, protect; - Pass.

II. a to be covered; of a ship, to be decked. στεγάνη, ή, (στεγανόε) a covering. [Δ] στεγάνος, ή, όν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed

2. close-covered or close-covering, waterover. II. covering: confining, enclosing. proaf. Hence

GTTTYWER, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. στεγανώτερον, more closely. στέγ-αοχος, δ, (στέγη, άρχω) master of the ponsi

στέγασμα, ατος, τό, (στεγάζω) ακιχέδικε ποκα covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

στεγαστίον, verb. Adj. of στεγάζω, one neust cour. στεγαστρίε, ίδοε, ή, (στενάζω) fem Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στέγαστρον, τό, (στεγάζω) α coust. ευταβρων.

στέγη, ή, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in plut... like Lat. tecta, a bouse, dwelling, abode; ward ortyws at bome.

στεγνός, ή, όν contr. from στεγανός, covered, closes, water-tight.

στεγνο-φυής, έε, (στεγρός, φυή) of a touck nature. στέγος, εοε, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a bouse.

urn for the dead. ΣΤΕΤΩ, f. fw, to cover closely, so as to keep count wet: absol., rifes oubly orthousen ships not seemen 2. generally, to keep off, fend off: Med.

στέγεσθαι δμβρουε to keep off rain from oneself ıL to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, bold. 3. m bide, to keep secret :- Pass. to be kept secret. ш IV.

to bold water; to un orthor a leaky seemed. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

TETBΩ, fut. στεbbu: 200, 2 έστιβον:—to trans tread on, tread under foot; evelfor to fillence eluate they trod on the clothes in pits, to wash areiBer to tread a measure, dance : to tread, walk on a road, etc. :- Med. to go upon any one's track, to trace or bunt out.

στείλα, Ep. for έστειλα, 201. I of στέλλα. σταλαά Ion. -αή, ή, (στέλλω) the bole for the bandle of an axe. Hence

Greekenov, 76, the bandle or belve of an axe fitted into the oreixeds.

GTELV-GUYNY, EVOL. 8. 1. (GTEGY 68 IOG. FOR GTEY 68. adychy) narrow-necked.

στανό-πορος, ον, Ιοα. for στανό-ποροε. στανός, ή, όν, Ιου. for στενός, narrow.

· GTELVOS, COE, TÓ, (GTELVO) & MATTOW, close OF COMfined space, a strait: oreives blod a narrow part of the way, a pass. II. metaph. press, straits, distress, Lat. angustras.

Graves, (orepos) Ion, for overles, - oreless.

evelve, (overbe) to make strait, narrow or close; to straiten: - Pass. to become regit, to be narrowed: to be straitened for room. 2. to be full, be thronged. 3. metaph. to be straitened, bard pressed, distressed.

GTEV-WEGS. Ion. for GTEVENGE.

στείομεν, Ep. for στώμεν, I pl. 20r. 2 subj. of ίστημ. στείρα Ion. -ρη, ή, (στείροι) the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.

στείρα, ή, pecul. fem. of στείρος, barren.

Greipos, a, or, also os, or, (στερρός, στερεδε) barren, Lat. sterilis.

**ΣΤΕΙ ΧΩ, f. στείξω: 201. Ι έστειξα: 201. 2 έστιγον:** ---to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march. 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato. στείχειν όδον to go a journey; also, ανήρ δπλίτηδ κλίμακου προσαμβάσειν στείχει an armed man adwances scaling-ladders.

στεία, Ep. for στῶ, aor. 2 subj. of lστημ. στελεά Ion.  $e\eta_0$ ,  $\eta_1 = στειλειή$ .

στελεόν, τό, - στειλειόν, a banase. Hence

GTEAcou, f. wow, to fit with a bandle or baft. στελεχη-τόμος, ον, (στέλεχος, τεμείν) cutting stems or trunks.

ΣΤΕ ΛΕΧΟΣ, τό, the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. coden: generally, a trunk, log, Lat. fustis. Hence

orehexbes, f. wow, to form a stem, to shoot out with.

στελίδιον, τό, Dim. of στελεόν.

**στέλλω:** fut. στελώ Ερ. στελέω: 201. Ι έστειλα; pf. έσταλκα: Pass., 20τ. 2 έστάλην [d]: pf. έσταλμοι: plops. εστάλμην:—to set in order, arrange, array: to furnish, equip, get ready: of a ship, to rig or fit out; στόλον στείλαι to fit out an armament :-Med., oreixacou to equip preself, to put on clothes: -Pass. to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare: also to be dressed, decked. IL to despatch on an expedition, to despatch, send: Pass. to get ready for an empedition, start, set off: hence to go, depart, 2. intr. in Act. to start, set forth.

2. c. sec. cognato, to tread, walk; xopòv | to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place: - so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαί τωα to send for IV. as a nautical term, lorie στέλλευ to take in sail, aborten sail: generally, to contract, draw ist, withbold: Med. to avoid.

> orehuevia, al. (rehapár) broad belts or girthe, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.

> στέμμα, ατος, τό, (στέφω) anything to eroson with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself: in plur. orepματα, τά, a sbrine decked with chaplets.

σταμμάτδω, f. ώσω, (στέμμα) to furnish, adorn with

a wreath of chaplet.

στέμφυλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω = στείβω) olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.

στέναγμα, ατοι, τό, (στενάζω) a groan, moaning. στεναγμόε, δ, (στενάζω) a groaning, moaning. στενάζω, f. άξω, Frequentat. of στένω, to sigh muco or deeply, to groan, moan. II, trans, to bemoan, bewail. Hence

στενακτέον, verb. Adj. one must groan.

στενακτός, ή, όν, (στενάζω) to be sighed for, to be mourneti: mournful.

στεν-αύχην, ενοε, δ, ή, (στενόε, αύχήν) καντουnecked.

στενάχίζω, f. ίσω, = στονάχω, to sigh, groan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament. στενάχω [d], lengthd. form for στένω, to sigh, groan. moan: metaph. of a torren, to, to roar; of horses galloping, to breathe loudly; στοά στενάχουσα the magazine groaning from fulness.

bemoan, bewail, lament. στενολεσχέω, to talk subtly, raise nice points. From στενο-λέσχης, ου, δ, (στενός, λέσχη) a quibbler. στενό-πορθμος, αν, (στενός, πορθ μός) at οι οκακειταίι. στενό-πορος Ion. στειν-, ον, (στενόε, πόροε) with a narrow pass or outlet:—rd arevoropa narrow passes, defiles; or in the sea, straits, narrows.

TENO'Z Ion. ortevos, h. ov. narrow, strait, Lat. angustus: er overe in a narrow compass: vo overe the strait (i. e. the Hellespont); rd overá the straits, narrows: overh, h, a narrow strip of land. metaph. close, cribbed, confined, scanty.—Comp. and Sup. στενότεροε, -ότατοε, Ιοα. στεινότεροε, -ότατος: but the regular forms στενώτερος, -άτατος, also occur.

στένος Ion. στείνος, εσε, τό, α strait, difficulty trouble.

GTEVOTEDOS. Comp. of GTEVOS. 11. LV.

στενότης Ion. στειν-, ητος, ή, (στενός) καιτουκεις, straitness.

στενο-χωρέω, f. ήσω, (στενόε, χωρέω) to crowd, II. intr. to be stratened or straites for room. pressed for room. Hence

στενοχωρία, ή, narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room. II. metaph, straits, difficulty, distress.

11.

Trivrup, opes, d, Stentor, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, a Stentor.

errouppes, 4, de, Ion. for overbe, neurose.
ortives, only used in pres. and impf., (overbe) to sigh,

groan, moan. 2. transit. to bemoan, bewall, lament, deplore.

Green water lon. Green water, by (griver, by) made

errevents ton orneverts, or, (orthos, by) made narrow, straitened, strait, confined, Lat. arctus. 2. as Bubet., orenwide, h, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. anaisortus.

στευτός, ή, όν, (στέφω) crowned. στέργηθρον, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.

love, affection, regard.

στέργημα, ετοι, τό, (στεργω) a love-charm.

στέργουσα, Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of ΣΤΕ ΡΤΩ, f. fe: aor. I δστερςα: pf. 2 δστοργα: Pass., aor. I δστερχθην: pf. δστεργμα: —to love, or the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people.

III. to be fond of, like, be pleased with.

III. to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c. acc., στέργειν τὰ παρόντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν τὴν τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοῦν παρούσι, etc. IV. to pray, bog, entreat that ., c. acc. et inf.

STEPEO'Z, d. br., siff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. rigidus. 2. metaph. stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, eruel. II. of bodies and quantities, solid, cubic; creplos destubs a cubic number. Hence

Grepebrije, 1700, 1, stiffness, firmness.

στερεδ-φρεών, ονοε, δ, ή, (στερεδε, φρήν) bard or firm of soul, stubborn-bearted.

orrepelse, L bow, (orrepels) to make firm or strong: to confirm.

Greptous, sor. I inf. of Greptos.

ETHPE Ω, fut. στερήσω Att. στερώ: 201. 1 ἐστέρησα, Ep. inf. στερέσαι:—Pass. στερόομαι, στερούμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομα: 201. 1 and pf. pass. ἐστερήθην, ἐστέρημαι:—το deprive, bereaue, or rob a person of anything:—Pass. to be deprived, bereaued, or robbed of anything.

II. to take away a thing: Pass. to bave a thing taken away.

στερέωμα, ατοε, τό, (στερεόω) a solid body. 2.
a foundation, basis; metaph. steadfastness. 3. the

firmament of heaven.

στερεως, Adv. of στερεόε, firmly, strongly, fast. στέρημα, ατοε, τό, (στερέω) that which is taken sway, plunder, booty.

| στέρησιε, ή, (στερέω) privation, loss.

στερήσομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω. στερέσκω, Att. collat. form of στερέω.

στέρλφου, η, ου, — στερεόυ, στερρόυ, firm, bard, solid.
11. suffruitful: of women, barren,

orepartie, to be loved, lowly.

ETEPNON, ro, the breast, chest.

as the seas of the affections, the heart.

στερνο-τύπής, εε, (στέρνον, τυνήναι) of a beaten breast, eaused by beating the breast. Hence

στερνοτύπια, ή, a beating of the breast for gilef, Lat. planetus.

στερν-οθχος, ων, (στέρνων, έχω) with broad bosom broad-swelling, of the plain at Athens.

ZTE POMAI, Para, aor. 2 ἐστέρην: — collat. form of στερέομαι, to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want, Lat. carere.

errepout, t, ... dorrepout, dorreust, a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dozzling light, glare.

στεροπ-ηγερέτα, δ, (στεροπή, άγείρω) Acol. for στεροπηγερέτηε, collector of lightning. Στερόπηε, ου, δ, (στεροπή) Lightner, name of one

of the three Cyclopes.
στέροψ, οποε, δ, ψ, (στεροπή) lightning, flashing,

στέροψ, οτοε, δ, ἡ, (στεροτή) lightning, flashing, dazzling.

στερρό-γικος, αν, (στερρός, γυθων) etrong-limbed.
στερρός, ά, ών, also όε, όν, — στερεός, είξ, firm,
solid: also etrong, stout: of water, frozen.
Π.
of countries, bard, stony, barren, Lat. sterilis.
III.
stif with age.
IV. metaph. stif, stubborn, obsinate, cruel. Hence

TTEPOZ, 76, a bide, skin.

ΣΤΕ ΤΩ, του στέρομαι.

στερρώς, Adv. stiffly, obstinately.

oreθμαι, Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres. and impf. στεθται, στεθται, στεθται in 3 pl. pres. στεθεται: (lστημι):—to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.

στεφανεύνται, Ion, for στεφανούνται.

orredays [a], \$\dagger\$, (orthow) anything that encircles, the head: the brim of the belinet, a belinet. II. part of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, a bead-dress. III. the brim or border of anything, bross of a bill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.

στεφάνηπλοκέω, ε. ήσω, (στεφανηπλόκου) 20 262

wreaths or chaplets.

σροφανηπλόκιου, τό, the wreath-market. From στοφάνη-πλόκιου, ου, (στοφάνη, πλέκω) plaiting wreaths or chaptets.

στεφάνηφορέω, f. ήσω, (στεφανηφόρου) to mean a sursath or chaptat. Hence

στεφάνηφορία, ή, the wearing a wreath of victory. II. the right of wearing a crosss.

στεφάνη-φόρος, οτ, (στεφάνη, φέρω) wearing a croim or wreath, crowned, wreathed; άγων φτεφανηφόροι a contest in which the prize was a crossm. II. στεφανηφόροι, ol, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.

στοφάνίζω, f. σω: Dor. aor τ.ξητεφήσεζα: (στοφανου) ---το στουπ.

στοφάνιον, τό, Dim. of στόφανου.

orrepliations, d, Dim. of orthogone.
orrepliatings [1], ou, d, frm, -fre, 1800, (orthogon) of

or consisting of a crown or wreath; greeparitys turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta: dyes a contest in which the prize was a crown or

στέφανος, ο, (στέφω) that which encircles: στέφαroe Tolkpoio the circling crowd of war. crosses, sereath: the conqueror's wreath at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma. These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (soraros) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφεη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσοι) at the Isthmian. III. a crown as a badge of office, public bonours; hence a crossn conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη.

στεφάνοω, f. ώσω: pf. act. έστεφάνωκα, pass. έστεφάνωμαι: (στέφανοε):—to put round as a crown: Pass. to be so put round; περί νήσον πόντος έστεφάνωται the sea lies round about the island. II. to sureath with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφανούν εύαγγέλια to crown one for good tidings :- Pass, to be crowned or rewarded with a crown: - Med. to crown oneself. win a crown. 2. to crown, bonour. Pass. also to swear a crown, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates in office.

στεφάν-ώδης, εε, (στεφανος, είδος) like a crown or

wreath, wreathing, twisted.

στεφάνωμα, ατος, τό, (στεφανόω) that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, bonour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

στέφος, εοε, τό, (στέφω) poët. for στέφανος, α crown, wreath.

TEΦΩ, ψω: aor. I έστεψα: Pass., aor. I έστέ-Φθην: pf. έστεμμαι:--to put round as a crown. to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath: -Med. to crown oneself:-Pass. to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded. 2. generally, to crown, to

στίωμεν, Ion. 10r στῶμεν, I plur. 20r. · 2 subj. of

bonour.

στη, Ion. for έστη, 3 sing. sor. 2 of ίστημι.

στήμε, στήμ, Ep. for στ<sup>2</sup> στή, 2 and 3 sing. 20r. 2 subj. of ιστημι.

στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθοε.

στήθι, 20r. 2 imperat. of ίστημι.

στηθο-μελής, έε, (στήθοε, μέλοε) singing with or from the breast.

TH'OOZ, eos, vo, the breast, chest, Lat. pec-II. metaph. the breast, the heart, i. c. the feelings, affections: cf. or tovov.

στήκω, formed from έστηκα, pf. of ίστημι, used only

in pres., to stand. ΣΤΗ'ΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ή, an upright stone, a post:

a block or post, Lat. cippus. II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. 2. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.; hence, kard rhv orthynv acsording to treaty. III. a boundary-post; the -Στήλαι 'Hoanλήιαι the pillars of Hercules.

στηλίδιον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument. [?] στηλίτεύω, f. σω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στηλίτης [I], ou, o, fam. - erus, εδου, (στήλη) of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar.

placarded as infamous.

στήμεναι, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of Γστημι.

στημορ-ράγδω, f. ήτω, (στήμων, βαγήναι) to tear ot undo the threads of a searp. IL intr. to be torn to sbreds.

στημων, ονος, δ, (Ιστημι) the sparp in the upright loom: the woof was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun,

στήναι, sor. 2 inf. of lστημι. στήρ, τό, gen. στητόε, contr. for στέαρ, στέατοε, as κήρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στήριγμα, ατοε, τό, (στηρίζω) α ευρροτι, ρτορ, 2. = Lat. furca.

στηριγμός, δ, (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, supporting. II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: steadfastness.

στήριγξ, ιγγοε, ή, (στηρίζω) a support, prop. stay. ZTHPIZO, f. low: sor. 1 torhoufa Ep. orhoufa: Pass., 201. Ι έστηρίχθην: pf. έστήριγμαι: 3 sing. plaps. Earthpurto: to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish. II. Pass. to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, bave a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger. III. the Act. also is intrans, to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.

στήσα, Ep. for έστησα, sor. I of ίστημι. στήσομαι, fut. med. of lστημι.

στήτη or στήτα, ή, Dor. for γυνή.

στήωσι, Ep. for στῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἴστημι. στιβάρος, ά, όν, (στείβω) close pressed, compact: thick, stout, sturdy : Comp. στιβαρώτεροε. Adv. -ρώε, closely.

στίβάε, αδοε, ή, (στείβω) a bed of straw, rushes oc leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στίβείν, aor. 2 inf. of στείβω.

στιβέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. ἐστίβημαι: (στείβω):-to tread, walk upon; πων έστίβηται πέδον all the plain bas been traversed, searched.

στίβη [i], ή, (στείβω) frozen dew, rime, boar-frost. στίβος [l], δ, (στείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a II. a track, footstep; kard track, foot-patb. στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στίγεύς, έως, δ, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, ατοε, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγμάτηφορέω, to bear brand-marks. From στιγματη-φόρος, αν, (στίγμα, φίρω) bearing brand-

στιγμάτίας, ου, δ. (στίγμα) one subo bas been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμή, ή, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a mar

thematical point, Lat. punctum. II. metap

jot, tittle: of time, a moment.

ETFECL, f. ortice: 201. I fortia: pf. pass. fortypas, inf. fortigo: 201 to prick, puncture, Lat. pungere: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark; ortypara orticer ruth to brand one with a mark.

2. to make spotted; pastypara orticer to beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted.

3. to mark with a full stop, Lat. interpungere.

στικτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of στίζω, pricked, branded:

hence marked, spotted, dappled.

ortunté-ypoos, ov, contr. -ypous, ou, (stuttée,

χρόοε) with spotted akin.

ΣΤΙ ΛΒΩ, f. ψω, to abine, glitter, glitten; στίλβευ dorparás to flash lightning.
2. metaph. to abine, to be bright or brilliant.

ZTI'AH [1], 4, a drop, Let. stilla: metaph. a

moment.

στιλανόε, ή, όν, (στίλβω) glittering, gustening.
\*στίξ, ή, only used in gen. sing. στιχόε, and in nom.

and acc. plur. στίχεε, στίχαε: see στίχοε.
στυπτόε οι στευπτόε, ή, όν, (στείβω) trodden
down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. stipatus:

hence wurdy, tough, stout.

στίφος, τος, τό, (στείβω) a ciose, compact body: a body of men in close array; νεών στίφος the close array of the ships; στίφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close column.

στιφρός, ά, όν, (στείβω) close-pressed: close, com-

pact, solid, tough, stout.

στίχ-αοιδός, δ, (στίχος, delbw) a verse-maker, poet.

στίχας, acc. pl. of \*στίξ.

στιχόω, (στίχοε) to set, range, place in ranks:— Med. στιχάομαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἐστιχύωντο, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχει, al, pl. nom. of \*στίξ.

στίχο-γράφοε, ον, (στίχοε, γράφω) writing verses. στίχοε [t], δ, there is also a gen. sing. στιχόε, and a nom. and acc. pl. στίχεε, στίχαε, as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στείχω):—a row, line, rank: a line of coldiers, a row of trees.

If a line of writing, a parse.

στίχός, της, gen. from \*στίξ.

ΣΤΑΕΙΤΙΣ, ίδος, η, a sort of εcraper, Lat. strigil, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath. στοά οι στοιά, αε, η, (ίστημ) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. porticus. II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storebouse, magazine, warebouse, for corn. 2. η βασίλειοε στοά the court where the άρχων βασιλεύς sat. 3. the Poscilé, or painted Stoa:—since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called el ἐκ τῆς στοᾶς οι Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ή, see στοά.

στοιβάξω, f. άσω, (στοιβή) to pile or beat up. στοιβάς, άδος ή, (στείβω) anything trodden or pressed

II. metaph. a down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughe or branches exressed on the ground.

στοιβή, ή, (στείβω) a stuffing, filling up.

11.

metaph. anything stuffed in, an explaine.

ZTOLKOS, 1, 6v, - ZTOLKOS.

στοιχείον, τό, Pim. of στο χοε, a small spright post: the gnomos of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it. II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language.

2. τὰ στοιχεῖι the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, elements.

2. the elements of houstedge, rudiments. στοιχέω, f. ήσω, (στοίχου) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order. II. to walk straight, στοιχ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (στοίχου, ἀγορεύω) to stall in

regular order.

ortoxyllm, f. low. (ortoxyon) to set a rose of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχου, δ, (στείχω) a row, line, rank; thi στοίχου or κατά στοίχου all in a row: of soldiers, a file. II. a line of poles with hunting-ness into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ου, δ, (στολος, άρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάε, άδοε, ή, (στέλλω) going in a body. I as Subst., στολάε, ή, α borseman's cloak.

στολή, ή, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. II. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. stole. στολίδω, f. ώσω, (στολίε) to draw on, but on .— Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολίδωμα, ατος, τό, (στολιδόω) a fold of a robe. στολίδωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of στολιδόω, folded, banging in folds.

στολίζω, f. low, (στολίε) to make ready, trim, equip, deck:—Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty gar-

στολίε, ίδοε, ή, (στολή) a garment, robe; νεβρών στολίδες garments of fawn-skip.

στόλισμα, ατον, τό, (στολίζω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, ό, (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: m plu. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, ό, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike parposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, sogage; liky στόλφ in a journey privately undertakes; opp. to κοινῷ στόλφ in a journey on behalf of the state.

2. the purpose or cause of a journey.

that which is sent on an expedition, an army, sheet, hand, troop, company; spówan στόλου all the

people. II. a ship's beak.

στόμα Aeol. στόμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. α, 
στίς; also the whole face; sometimes used in pl. ετόματα, like Lat. στα, of one person: ἐπὰ στόμα α

σπο's face; κατὰ στόμα face to face: metaph., στόμα

πτολέμοιο the very jauss of battle.

2. the mouth.

tongue: speech, words, language: and evenues elsely to speak by word of mouth, i. e. by memore.

ded orbins or de orbinari Exem to have always in one's mouth; did orbina educ to be in people's mouthe; it brie orbinaros, with one voice, all at once. IL the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ontia, fances: also a chasm or eleft in the earth: any outlet or entrance.

III. the foremost part, front; of weather the point: the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acies: also the front ranks of the battle, the front; ol dad orbinaros the front ranks; dance orbina uboyen the

στόμ-αργοε Att. στόμαλγοε, ον, (στόμα, άλγέω) igrievous with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, bab-

bling, wearisome.

utmost verge of the towers.

στομάτ-ουργόε, όν, (στόμα, \*έργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, δ, (στόμα) the throat, gullet.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a small mouth. II.
the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault:
the socket of a bolt.

III. a bridle-bit, bit.

στομόω, f. ώσω, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. to furnish with a mouth or opening. III. to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaph. to steel, barden.

στομφάζω, f. άσω, (στόμφου) to rant, mouth: me-

taph. to falk big, waunt.

στόμφαξ, čikos, δ, ή, (στόμφος) one who uses hombastic turgid words. στόμφος, δ, (στόμα) lofty phrases, hombast, rant.

στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομόω) a mouth, inlet. στόμωσις, ως, ή, (στομόω) a giving an edge to a thing, a bardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολήν στόμωσιν έχον a mouth that has much mouthing or sharpness of tongue.

moan. II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for,

lament.

στονάχ<sup>4</sup>, ή, (στετάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plut. groans, sight.

Grovbers, cooa, er, (orbros) causing groans or

sigbs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στόνοε, δ, (στένω) a groaning, sighing, wailing.

στόνυξ, δχοε, δ, like δυεξ, a sharp point: a sharp

ŝnstrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ή, (στέργω) love, affection, the natural af-

fection of parents and children.

ZTOPENNT MI shortd. στόρνυμ, by metath. στρώνυμι and στρωννύω: fut. στορέσω Att. στορώ, also στρώνω: soc. I ἐστόρεσα, also ἔστρωσα: pf. pass. ἔστρωμα:—to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew; λέχος στορέσαι. Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make asp a bed; to strew with a thing, δδὸν μυροίνησι στορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs.

2. to spread smooth, level; δὸὸν στορέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to level, calm, assuage.

στορέσαι, acr. I inf. of στορέννυμι.

στοροσούντι, Dor. for στορέσουσι, 3 pl. fut. or

στορεστής, οθ, δ, (στορέννυμί) cut subo laye low, a calmer.

στόρνομι, a later form of στορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: acr. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pas. ἐστόχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχοι):—to aim or aboot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seak after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmiss, conjecture.

στόχασμα, ατοε, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed

at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικόε, ή, όν, (στοχάζομαι) able to bit: able
to guess, sbrewd, sagacious. Ad). -αθε.

ΣΙΟΧΟΣ, δ, an aim, shot. 2. a guess, conjecture. στραγγεύω, f. σω, (στράγγω) to twist, wind:—Med. στραγγεύομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter. στραγγ-ουρία, ή, (στράγξ, obpiω) retention of the

urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουριάω, to suffer from strangury or relen-

tion of the urine.

ΣΤΡΑΤΓΩ, fut. στράγξω, Lat. stringo, to draw tight, hind tight, squeeze, compress. στράγξ, ή, gen. στραγγόε, (στράγγω) that which

oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for ἀστράπτω, to lighten.

στράτ-άρχης, ου, δ, (στρατός, άρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος, δ, = στρατάρχης.

στρατάω, (στρατόε) to encamp:—Past, to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἐστρατόωντο,

στράτεία Ion. -ηίη, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; è al στρατείαι είναι to be on foreign service; olson and est στρατείαι, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στράτεια, ή, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva. στράτευμα, ατοε, τό, (στρατεύω) an expedition. II.

an armament, army: a company.
orphirevoupos, or, (orparevo) belonging to or fit

for military service, serviceable.' - στράτευσις, ή, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj. one must march. From στράτεδω, f. σω, (στρατόε) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march.

Π. Dep. στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστράτευμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένοε, babing been a soldier.

στράτηγείον, το, incorrect form of στρατήγιον. στράτηγείον, t. ήσω, (στρατηγού) to be a general: c. gen. to be general of an army, command.
C. acc. rel, to do a thing as general. Hence

στράτήγημα, ατοε, τό, the act of a general, esp. a

stratagem, piece of generalship.

orpdropts. Ion. -in, h, (orparpyte) the office, dignity, post of a general, command.

2. the qualifications of a general, generalship.

3. the time of a

general's command.

στράτηγιώω, Dexiderat. of στρατηγίω, 10 wish to be general.

στράτηγικός, ή, όν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ή στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), οι τὰ στρατηγικά, generalsbip, Lat. scientia rei militaris.

II. fitted for command, versed in generalsbip, skilled in military matters. Adv.—κῶς, like a general.

στράτήγιον, τό, (στρατηγόε) the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings.

II. = στρατόπεδον, a camp.

στράτηγίε, ίδοε, fem. Adj. (στρατηγόε) of a general; πόλαι στρατηγίδεε the door of the general's sent; ναῦς στρατηγίε the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ή στρατηγίε alone.

II. as Subst. a female commander or general.

στράτ-ηγόε, δ, (στρατόε, άγω) the leader of commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral.

II. at Athens, ol στρατηγοί were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department.

III. στρατηγόε δπατοε the Roman Consul; στρατηγόε alone, the Praetor.

στρατηίη, ή, Ion. for στρατεία.

στράτηλάσία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From

orphiralation, f. how, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

στράτ-ηλάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (στρατός, ἐλαύνω) a leaaer of an army, a general, commander.

στράτιά Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (στρατόε) an army, armament: generally, a company, band. Il. στρατεία, an empedition. Hence

στράτί-αρχος, δ, = στρατάρχης, a general.

στράτιος, ον, (στρατόε) of, belonging to an army or empedition, warlike: στράτιον as Adv., valiantly.

στράτιωτης, ου, δ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military

service: a soldier. Hence

στράπιωτικός, ή, όν, of or for soldiers: τδ στρετιωτικόν (sab. άργόριον), the pay of the forces; τδ στρατιωτικόν (sab. πλήθοι) the soldiery; τὰ στρατιωτικά (sab. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or military service. Hence

στρατιωτικώς, Adv. in military style, like soldlers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted out more like transport-ships.

στράτωτίε, ίδοε, fem. of στρατιώτηε, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιωτίε (sub. raθe), ή, a troop-sbip, transport.

στράτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to lesy an army, salist soldiers.

στράτδ-μαντίε, εωε, δ, (στρατόε, μώντιε) a prophet to the army.

στράτοπεδ-άρχης, ου, δ, (στρατόπεδον, άρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

στράτο ποδεία,  $\bar{\eta}$ , and

orparo-nisevous, h, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

στράτοπεδεύω, also as Dep. στρατοπεδεύομαι, (στρατόπεδον) to encamp, take up a position.

στράτο-πεδον, το, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τά, as pr. n. a part of Egypt held on a military tenure.

2. generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army.

3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

ZTPATOZ, b, a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, bost, armament. Il. the soldiers as opp. to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

στρατόφι, Ep. gen. of στρατόε.

Στράτ-ωνίδης, ου, δ, Comic patronymic as if from Στρατ-ώνης (στρατός, ἀνέομαι) a dealer in armies. στράφείς, στράφηναι, αυτ. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφο.

στραφθείε, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

στρέβλη, ή, (στρεβλόε) an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press. II, an instrument of torture, rack.

στρεβλός, ή, όν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted στρεβλόω, f. ωσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make tai I. to wrench dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass, to be racked, wrenched, tortured. στρέψω, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted

or dislocated: a sprain. στρέπτ-αιγλος, η, ον, (στρέφω, αίγλη) sobirling-

bright.

orpewrip, fipos, &, (orpeo) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket,

στρέπτδε, ή, όν, also όε, όν, verb. Adj. of στρέφεε. easily bent or twisted, pliant; στρεπτόε χιτών a flexible coat, i.e. a shirt of chain-armour or mail: pliant. supple.

2. as Subst., στρεπτόε (sub. κύκλοε), ό, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. torques: στρεπτό, τά, necklaces.

Il. metaph. to be best or turned, to be wroupdt u\_...; στρεπτή γλώσσα a glib, pliant tongue.

III. best, curved.

στρεπτο-φόρος, ον, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a

collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.

στρεύγομαι, Pass. (στράγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

στρεφε-δινέω, f. ήσω, (στρέφω, δινέω) to spin α whirl a thing round:—Pass to be whirled, so spin

round and round.

στρεφθείε, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕ'ΦΩ, f. ψω: 201. Ι έστρεψα Ερ. στρέφα: pt. έστροφα:—Pass., 201. ι έστρέφθην Dot. έστράφθη: 201. 2 έστράφην [d]: pf. έστραμμαι.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; lersone expéquer 19 turn or guide horses: to ubbel soldiers round. III. to turist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. de direct from the right course, embezzle, intercepe. VI. intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or when ebook.

B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro; absol. to turn back; m

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, to revolve, circle.

2. metaph., στροφάε στρέφεσθαι to twist about, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, to shuffle, evade; πάσαιε στροφάε στρέφεσθαι to twist every way, practise every kind of evasion.

3. c. gen., στρέφεσθαί τινοε to turn oneself to, attend to.

II. to attach oneself, stick close, adhere

III. of limbs, to be twisted, dislo-

cated. IV. to roam about: of things, to be rife.

orpehacreev, 3 pl. Ion. 201. I of στρέφω.

στράμε, εω, ή, (στρέφω) a turning, twisting. στράμε-δίκω, f. ήσω, (στρέφω, δίκη) to twist or pervert justice.

στραφοδίκο-πάνουργία, ή, (στραφοδικέω, πανουργία) cunning villany in the perversion of justice.

ETPHNH'Z, is, rough, barsh, grating.

στρηνιάω, f. άσω [ā], (στρήνου) to riot, to wan wanton.

στρήνος, eos, τό, (στρηνήε) excess of strength: insolence, wantonness.

στριβλικίγξ, Comic word, the very least fraction or perticle.

ΣΤΡΙΖΩ, collat. form of τρίζω, to try in a sbriti

tone, to scream.

στροβέω, f. ήσω, (στρύβου):—to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy:—Pass., with fut. tned. στροβήσομαι, to spin round and round. Hence

στροβητός, ή, όν, whirled round or about.
στροβιλίζω, f. ίσω, (στρόβιλος) to twist about.

στρόβίλος, δ, (στροβέω) anything which whirls round or spins: a top: hence, from likeness of shape, a fir-cone, pino-cone.

2. a whirlwind.

3. a whirling dance, piroueth

στροβιλός, ή, όν, (στροβέω) spinning, whirling. στροβιλώθης, εε, (στρόβιλος, είδοε) like a pine-

cons.
στρόβος, δ, (στρέφω) a whirling round.

στρογγύλλω, (στρογγύλου) to round off: to twirl. στρογγύλου [ν], η, ον, (στρόγγου) round, rounded; στρογγύλη rais a merchant ship, from its round abape, opp to the long ship of war (μακρλ ναίν), Lat. mais longa.

II. metaph. well-rounded, meal, terse.

στρομβέα, f. ήσω, (στρόμβοε) – στροβέω, to whirl. στρομβηδόν, Adτ. (στρομβέω) spinning like a ball. στρόμβοε, δ, (στρέφω) anything whirled round, a top. 2. a spiral shell.

στρούθαιος, α, or, (στρουθός) of or for small birds:

στρούθειον μήλον α quince

TPONOLO, τό, Dim. of στρουθόε, a young sparrow.

ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟΣ, δ, also ή, any small bird, esp. a parrow.

II. any bird, as an eagle:— ο μέγαε στρουθόε the large bird, the ostrich, called στρουθόε carάγαιοε from its running along the ground: also irraply στρουθόε (ή).

στροφαίος, α, ον, (στροφή) cunning, versatile; also from στροφεύε) standing at the door-post:—name of

Mercury, in both senses.

στροφάλιγξ, ιγγοε, ή, (στροφάλίζε) α wbirl.

στροφάλίζω, a lengthd. form of στρέφω, to turn quickly; ηλάκατα στροφαλίζειν to whirl the spindle. στροφάλ, άδου, δ, ή, (στρέφω) whirling, circling; θρωτου στροφάδει κέλευθού the Bear's circling paths.

στροφείον, τό, (στρέφω) a twisted noose, cord. 2. a wooden windlass.

στροφεύε, έως, δ, (στρέφω) one of the vertebras. II. the socket in which the pivot of a door moves; cf. στρόφιγέ.

στροφέω, - στρέφω: esp. to bave the colic.

orpoφή, ή, (στράφω) a turning: a turning round, circling, rolling. 9. a twist, a slippery triek 3. in Music, a twist or turn. II. the dancing of the Chorus towards one side of the δρχήστρα: hence also the song sung during this evolution, the strophic to which the δυτιστροφή answers.

στρόφιγξ, ιγγοι, δ, (στρέφω) the pivot or axis on which a body turns

2. στρόφιγγει were pivots sunk in sockets, which served as hinges; cf. στροφεύε.

3. στρόφιγξ γλώττηι, of a well-bung tongue.

στρόφιον, τό, Dim. of στρόφος, a band or girdle work by women round the head or round the breast.
στρόφιε, ιοε, ή, (στρέφω) a swisting, slippery fellow.

a wiffler.

στροφίε, ibos, ή, - στρόφιον, a band, girdle. στροφο-δινέομαι, Pass. (στρόφου, δινέομαι) to subseleddying round, of birds.

στρόφος, δ, (στρέφω) a twisted band, a belt: a cord, rope. 2. a swaddling-band. II. a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. tormina.

Exposured in ... - lys, b, a wind blowing from the

Thracian river Strymon, i. e. a NNE. wind. Zrovubvios, a, or, of the Strymon. From

Στρυμών, όνος, δ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace. στρυφνόε, όν, (στρύφω) sour, barsh, rough to the

taste. II. metaph. sour, barsh, austers, morose. στρωμα, efres, τό, (στρώντυμ) anything spread out for lying or sitting upon: in pl. the bed and bed-clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. vestis stragula.

στρωμάτο-δεσμον, τό, (στρώμα, δεσμόε) a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes

στρωματο-φύλαξ, ακοι, ό, (στρῶμα, φύλαξ) one was bas the care of the bedding.

στρωμνή, ή, a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding. From

στρώννθμι and στρωννύω, f. στρώσω, formed by metath. from στόρνυμ, στορέννυμ: v. στορέννυμ.

στρώσον, 20τ. I imperat. of στρώννυμι. στρωτός, ή, όν, (στρώννυμι) spread, laid, covered.

Lat. stratus, of bed-furniture.
στρωφάω, Ion. Frequent. of στρέφω, as τρωσάω for

Tpinu:—to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding:
—Pass. to turn oneself about, like Lat. versari, to stay
or dwell in a place.

στύγ-άνωρ [ā], opos, δ, ή, (στυγέω, ανηρ) bating the man or men in general.

στυγωρός, a, or, (στυγω) bated, abominated, bateful, | rudely, shake, smite: of the wind, to scatter the loatbsome: c. dat. bearing malice or batred towards a man.

στύγερ-ωπης, εε, and στύγερ-ωπός, όν, (στυγερός, in with bateful look: bateful.

GTUYEDOS, Adv. of GTUYEDOS, to one's sorrow, miserably.

στύγθω, f. ησω: aor. I ἐστύγησα: also (as if from στύγω), 20τ. Ι έστυξα, opt. στύξαιμι: 20τ. 2 έστυγον: fut. 2 pass. στυγήσομαι: (στύγος):—to bate. abominate, abbor, loathe: stronger than motor, to express abborrence. II. to make bateful or borrid. Hence

στύγημα, aros, τό, a bated object, abomination. [8] στύγητός, όν, (στυγέω) bated, abominated, loathed: bateful.

Στύγιος, a, or, also os, or, (Στύξ) of the Styre or the nether world, Stygian. II. =  $\sigma \tau \nu \gamma \eta \tau \delta e$ . [8] στυγνάζω, f. άσω, (στύγνοε) to be sad or gloomy, to he of sad countenance.

στυγνός, ή, όν, (στυγέω) bated, abborred, beterus, II. sad, gloomy, Lat. tristis :- nent.,

στυγνόν as Adv., gloomily.

στυγνόω, f. ώσω, (στυγνόε) to make sad or gloomy: -Pass. to be or becone gloomy

στύγό-δεμνος, ον, (στυγέω, δέμνιον) bating the marriage-bed.

στύγος, εοε, το, (στυγέω) batred, abborrence: gloom, borror. II. an object of batred, an abonunation. [V]

ΣΤΥΛΟΣ, δ, a pillar: also, 2. a post, pale, a

beam or mast of a ship.

στύλοω, f. ώσω, (στύλοι) to support with pillars.

στύμα [v], άτος, τό, Acol. for στόμα.

ΣΤΥ Z, ή, gen. Στυγόε, the Styz, i. e. the Hateful, Horrible, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths. that which is bated, an abomination.

στύξαιμι, 20τ. 1 opt. of στυγέω.

στθπείον οι στυππείον, τό, like στύπη, tote, coarse flax or bemp: a rope or balter made of it.

στύπαιο πώλης οι στυππ-, ου, δ, (στυπείον, πω-

λέω) a bemp or rope-seller.

TTTIH, i, tow, the course part of flaw or bemp. [0]

στύπος, cos, τό, (στύφω) a stem. stump, Let. stipes: alto a stick. [v]

στυπτηρία lon. -ίη (sub. γη), η, an astringent salt, alum: strictly fem. of

στυπτήριος, a, or, (στύφω) binding, astringent. στυράκιον, τό, Dim. of στύραξ. [ā]

ETTPAE, dros, o, the spike at the butt end or a pear-shaft. [8]

ETTPAE, anoe, h, the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storas. [v]

στύφελιγμός, ό, a striking, beating, pushing about; generally, ill-usage. From

στυφελίζω, f. fw, (στυφελόε) to thrust or push

clouds: generally, to treat roughly, maltreat.

στύφελός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (στύφω) close, solia, tough: of flavour, sour, acid. 2. metaph. barab, crabbed, cruel.

στυφλός, όν, also η, ον, snortd, from στυφελώς, bard, rugged. 2. roug!

στύφο-κόπος, αν, (στύπος, κόπτω) striking with a stick.

στύφω, t. ψω, to contract, draw together: of an astringent taste, in Pass., xeldea oruphele baving one's lips drawn in. [0] στωά, ή, Dor. for στοά.

στωικός, ή, όν, (στοά) of or like a colomnade or II. Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics portico. or their system: Στοκκός, δ, a Stoic.

στωμύλίω, - στωμύλλω. Hence

στωμύλία, ή, wordiness, chattering, gossip.

στωμύλιο-συλλεκτάδης, ου, δ. (στωμυλία, συλλέγω) a gossip-monger.

στωμύλλω or as Dep. στωμύλλομαι, (στωμώλοι) to be talkative, to chatter, trate; in good sense. to talk, converse.

στώμυλμα, ατοι, τό, = στωμυλία, chattering: ot persons, a gossip, chatterer.

στωμύλος, ον, (στόμα) mouthy, wordy, talkatize, gossiping: also fluent. [8]

IT Dor. TT, Lat. TU, 1 HOU; subst. Prop. of and pers.: Ep. nom. τύνη:—gen. σοῦ, dat. σοί, ata. σέ, enclit. σου, σω, σε. There are also Ep. forms ci gen. σεῦ, σέο, σεῖο, σέθεν, enclit. σευ, σεο : Dor. τεῦ, rarely τέο, lengthd, τεοῦ and τεοῖο: Acol, and Dor. τεύε, τεούε.—Îon. and Ep. dat. τοί; Dor. τείν and τίν.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τυ.—Dual σφολ, σφώ: gen. and dat. σφων, σφων: pl. δμείς, δρών, δρέν σε ύμῶν, ὑμᾶs, Ep. ὅμεαs.

συ-αγρεσία, ή, (σθε, άγρα) a boar-bunt.

σύ-αγρος, δ, (σῦι, άγρα) one who hunts wild boars. Συβάριζω, f. low, to live like a Sybarite, i.e. lunuriously, effeminately. From

Σύβάριε [v], gen. εων, Ion. ιου, ή, Sybaris, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name noted for luxury.

Σύβαρίτης [τ], ου, δ, (Σύβαρι») a Sybarite: a lumrious liver, voluptuary.

Σύβαριτικός, ή, όν, (Σύβαρις) of or like to Syberis. Συβαρίτιε, ιδοε, fem. of Συβαρίτηε, α securar of

Sybaris. συβήνη, ή, a flute-case. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σύ-βόσιον, or rather σύ-βοσείον, τό, (σθε βάσκα) a berd of swine. II. a pigsty.

Σύ-βοτα [υ], τά, (σῷε, βόσκω) the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite; originally, swine-pastures.

συ-βότης and συ-βώτης, ου, δ, (σθε, βόσευ) α swineberd.

σύγ-γάμος, ον, (σύν, γαμεαι) υπιέες εκ εκαιτίες. married, wedded: as Subst., σύγγαμος, δ, 🛊, a 🖛 band or wife. plur, of rival soives

συγ-γείτων, ανοε, δ, ή, (σύν, γείτων) bordering on. συγ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελάω) to laugh with or together.

συγγένεια, ή, (συγγενήε) connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin. 2. kinsfolk, kin, family.

συγγενέσθαι, 201. 2 inf. of συγγίγνομαι. συγγενέτειρα, ή, a common mother: fem. of συγ-γενέτης, ου. δ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) a common father.

συγ-γενής, έε. (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with congenital. natural, inborn. II. of the same stock, descent Or family, akin: of guyyevels kinefolk, kinemen; to συγγενές - συγγένεια, kin, relationship.

taph of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural. συγγενικός, ή, όν, (συγγενής) becoming or like kine-

men. Adv. -wwe, like kinsfolk.

συγ-γέρων, αντοε, δ. (σύν, γέρων) a fellow in old age. συγγεωργέω, f. how, to be a fellow-labourer. From συγγεωργόε, δ, (σόν γεωργόε) a fellow-labourer in sbe fields.

συγ-γηθέω, £ ήσω, to rejoice with.

συγ-γηράσκω, f -deopeu [d], to grow old together

σύγ-γηροε, αν, (σύν, γήραι) growing old together. συγ-γίγνομαι leter -γίνομαι [1]: fut. -γενήσοpaces:—to be with, bold communication or associate with, live with, bold intercourse with, converse with. 2. to some to assist. 3. absol to come

togethe , meet.

συγ-γιγνώσκω leter -γενώσκω: f. συγγνώσομαι: sor. 2 surfaces: pf. surfacents:—to think with, agree with, bold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree. II. to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess also in Med. to grant, allose. III. συγγνώναι ξαυτώ, to be conscious. to bave a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon :-- Pass. to obtain

pardon ot forgiven**es.** σύγγνοια, <math>η = συγγνωμ

συγγνέμη, ή, (συγγνώναι) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, encuse.

συγγνωμονικός, ή, όν, (συγγνώμων) inclined to II. of things, parwake allowance, indulgent

jonable. συγγνωμοσύνη, ή, fellow feeling, for giveness. From συγγνώμων, ον, gen. ovos, (συγγνώναι) disposed o pardon or forgive: indulgent. II. pass. par-

Loned, forgiven, deserving pardon, autowable. συγγνώναι, sor. 2 inf. of συγγιγνώσκω.

συγγνωστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of συγγιηνώσεω, to pardoned, pardonable, allowable.

σύγ-γονος, ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, songeisal, natural, inborn. 2. connected by blood, akin. 22. cognatus: as Sibit, ouryoves, & h. a brither, ster.

2. sharing the marriage-bed; in ] σύγγραμμα, ατος, τό, (συγγράφω) that which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose soork.

> συγγράφεύς. έωε, δ, (συγγράφω) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author. peils. of commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.

> ο υγγράφη, ή, (συγγράφα) a soriting or noting down. II. that which is written, a book, a history. 2. a written contract, a covenant, engage-

> III. work done by contract. ment. συγγραφικόε, ή, όν, given to suriting bistory. From συγ-γράφω, f. ψω. to write or note down, Lat. conscribere :---to describe. II. to compose or compile a work, Lat. componers: c. acc., πόλεμον ευγ-

> primer to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or surile in prose-IIL to draw a written contract: Med, to settle by uriflen con-2. to draw up a resolution, paint by contract.

συγ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise with.

συγ-καθαιρέω Ion. -καταιρέω, f. ήσω: 201. 2 συγκαθείλον:—to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.

συγ-καθαρμόζω, f. σω, to join in arranging or burying.

ovy-katelouar, fut. - kateloguar: Med :- to at with or together.

our-kaleipyw Ion. our-kareipyw, to shut up or encloss with others.

συγ-καθέλκω, f. -ελεύσω [v]: 201. I -είλευσα: fut. pass. -ελκυσθήσομαι: (see Ελκω):—to drag down, destroy with.

συγ-καθεύδω, f. ήσω, to sleep with.

συγ-κάθημα, properly pf. of συγκαθέζομαι, to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.

συγ-καθίζω, f. ήσω, to make to sit or place together: -Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation.

intr. also in Act. to sit with.

συγ-καθίημι, f.-καθήσω, to let down with or together: -Pass to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.

συγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing. συγ-καίω Att. -κάω [ā]: fut. -καύσω:--to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo. συγ-κάκοπάθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer with or toge-

II. to feel with or for any one in suffering. συγ-κάκουχέομαι, Pass. (σύν, κακουχέω) to endure trouble or suffering with.

συγ-κάλόω, f. έσω: pf. -κέκληκα pass. -κέκλημαι: —to call or summon together, call to council:—Med. to call to oneself 2. to call together, invite to a feast. συγκάλυπτέος, α, ον, to be covered or veiled: and συγκάλυπτός, ή, ύν, covered, ensurapt. From

erry-maliverse, f. we, to cover or seil completely, abrowd:—Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face. συγ-κάμνως f. -πάμου μαι: 20x. 2 -læμου :—to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγκαμπή, ή, (συγκάμπτω) α joint.

συγ-κάμ πτω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knice:
-Pass. to bend oneself.

συγ-κάσιγνήτη, ή one's own sister'.

ory-edors, ice, b, and h, (our, maste) one's own bro-

συγ-καταβαίνω, f. -πεταβήσομα: αοτ. 2 -κατέβην: pf. -καταβέβηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with.

2. to tondescend.

συγ-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλω: 201.2 -κατέβάλον: --to pay down together.

συγκατάβάσιε, ή, (συγκαταβαίνω) a going down with. 2. condescension, submission, accommodation. συγ-καταξηράσκω, f. -γηράσομα: [ā]:—to grow

old with or together.

ovy-caraya, f. fat, to lead down with; to join in

bringing back.

συγ-καταδαρθάνω, 20τ. 2 -κατέδαρθον, to eleep with.
συγ-καταδιώκω, f. fm, to pursue with or in company.
συγ-καταδουλόω, f. ώσω, to join in enslaving.
συγ-καταδύνω and -δύω: 20τ. 2 -κατέδυν:—to sink

or set together with.

συγ-καταζεύγνυμ. f. -ζεύξω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph., συγκαταζεύξαί συνα άτη to make him a yoke-fellou with misery.

σύγ-καταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with.
συγκατάθεσιε, ή, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, ap-

proval, assent. II. submission.

ony-curatiles, to make an invoad with another.

συγ-καταθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγ-καταίθω, to burn all together.

ory-narows, f. sow or how, to agree with, favour, assent to

συγ-κάταινος, σε, agreeing, approung, assenting to. συγ-καταιρέω, Ισα. for συγκαθαιρέω.

ovy-marketens, Pass to lie down with, lie with, ovy-marakheles Ion. - maybe, to abut in or enclose with or together.

our-narantive, to make lie down with .- Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγ-κατακόπτω, to cut up together.
συγ-κατακτάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to get or gain

with, to join in acquiring.

OUYKATAKTÁS, AGA, AF, AGT. 2 part. of

συγ-κατακτείνω, f. -κτενώ, to slay with or together.
συγ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήφομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.
συγ-καταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting
down: to help to depose.

συγ-καταμίγνυμι and -6ω, f. -μίζω, fo min in wife, mingle with: metaph. so absorb in a thing.

συγ-καταμύω, f. σω, to be abut close.

συγ-καταναυμάχδα, f. frou, to assist in conquering.
συγ-κατανόμω, to allot jointly: — Med. to share
among themselves.

συγ-κατακίμπλημι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγ-καταπλίκω, f. fw, to intertwine with. συγ-καταπράσσω, f. fw, to join in effecting.

συγ-καταρρίττω, f. ψω, to throw down together.
συγ-κατασιάτετω, f. ψω, to demolish with another'
or utterly.

ovy-uaraouedavvous, f. -ovedaou [it], to pour over at the same time: -Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγ-κανασκευάζω, f. σω, to belp in making or secang

συγ-κατασκηνόω, f. ωσω, to bring toto one tent with. συγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together. συγ-κατασκήω, f. –στάσω [έ], to pull down to-

gether. II. to gulp down together.

ovy-warautploom, f. ha, to bring to an end together:—to make subject together or at the same time.

ovy-warathoom Att.—rw, f. fa, to arrange or

draw up with or together.

συγκατατεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of

συγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay down or deposit at the same time.

II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγ-κατατέθειμαι, to agree with, assent to

συγ-κατατρώγω, 201. 2 - έτράγον, to eat up together. συγ-καταφαγείν, 201. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθία.

συγ-καταψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

ovy-karathyhllopas, f. loopas, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass to be reclosed alorwith.

συγ-κάταμι, (σύν, κατά, εξμι ίδο) to go doten mit. συγ-κατείργω, Ιοπ. for συγκαθείργω.

συγ-κατεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. -elpγασμα: Dep.:

-to help or join in accomplishing a work: to cooperate with

Π. to help in subdaing.

III. to

kill with or together, belp in slaying

συγ-κατέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: act. 2 act. - ξλθυ, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep. to some or go back together. συγ-κατεσθίω, f. -έδομαι: act. 2 -έφανον -- so set

up with or together.

Guy-karetxopas, f. -etfopas, Dep. to pray for with

or togelber.

συγ-κατηγορία, f. ήσω, to accuse together.

συγ-κάτημαι, Ion. for συγκάθημαι. συγ-κατοικώ, f. ήσω, to thosil with or together.

ovy-narouelles, f. low, to colonies jointly with an other, join or assist in colonising. II. to settle in a place along with. III. to establish at the same time.

συγ-κατοικτίζω, f. low, to pity with or together:—
Med. to bewail with or together.

συγ-κατορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to bury with. συν-καττύω, to patch up, cobble, furbish up. ovynias, aor. I part. of ovynales.

σύγ-καιμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. have been put together, to be composed or compounded III. to be agreed on; & ovykelueroe xpéroe, or to ovyreineror xeeplor, the time or place agreed upon; mard rd ovymeluera according to the terms of the agreement. 2. impers. σύγμειται, it is agreed on: so absol. in neut. gen., συγκειμένου σφι since it bad been agreed to by them.

συγκακαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύετα. συγκάκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of συγκλείω: Ion. συγ-

συγκακομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκόμτω.

συγκέκραμαι, pf. pass. of συγκεράννυμι.

συγκεκράμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκεράνropu, in a tempered manner.

συγ-κακροτημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκρο-Ties, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely. συγκακύρηκα, pl. of συγκύρίω.

συγκάκυφα, pf. of συγκύετω.

συγκελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding.

συγ-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to pierce or stab together. συγ-κεράννθμι οτ -ύω: f. -κεράσω [d]: pf. -κέκράκα pass. – πέκράμαι: aor. I pass. – εκράθην [d] Ion. -exphθην:-to mix together, mingle: to blend together, temper by mixing: -Med., συγκεράσασθαι φι-Now to form a close friendship. U. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.

συγ-κεραυνόω, f. ωσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:-Pass. to be thunder-stricken, as-

tounded.

συγ-κεφάλαιδω, f. ώσω, to bring under one bead or summary, to sum up, reckon up.

συγκίχυμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-κέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of συγχάννυμι.

συγ-πινδυνεύω, f. σω, to incur danger along with others: to be partners in danger.

συγ-κίνω, f. ήσω, to move or put in commotion with. συγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ā]: f.-κλαύσομαι:--to weep or tament with.

συγ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [d]: pf. pass. -κεκλασμαι:to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.

σύγκλεισιε Att. σύγκλησιε, εων, ή, a shutting up, elosing up. From

closely united.

συγ-κλείω, f. ελείσω, Ion. συγκληίω, f. ηίσω, old Att. Euyekija, f. ijou: Pass., aor. I συνεκλείσθην old Att. ξυνεκλήσθην: pf. -κέκλεισμαι or -ημαι Ion. -wendspeam or -hipai:-to abut up, to bem in, encloss. 2. to sbut, close. 3. to close up; ovyexches rde doribas to lock their shields. Ĥ. Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded to be

συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.

συγ-κληίω, Ion. for συγκλείω. συγ-κληρονόμος, or, a joint-bett.

why-khypes, or, baving one's lot together, baving a neighbouring lot, neighbouring. IL assigned by the tame lot. Hence

συγ-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to embrace in one lot. IL.

to assign by the same lot.

σύγ κλησιε, Att. for σύγκλεισιε.

σύγκλητος, ον, (συγκαλέω) salled together, con-II. σύγκλητοε (sub. ἐκκλησία), ή, α specially convened assembly; a senate.

συγκλήω, Att. for συγκλείω.

συγκλινία, ή, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From συγ-κλίνω [1], f. trû, to lay together: - Pass. to lie with.

συγ-κλονόω, f. ήσω, to shake up together, confound. σύγ-κλύς, τδος, ό, ή, (σύν, κλύζω) washed together by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.

συγ-κοιμάσμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμησομαι, pf. pass. - necospania: - to sleet with another, lie with. Hence

συγκοίμημα, ατος, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consurt: and

συγκοίμησιε, ή, a eleeping together.

συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.

συγ-κοινόομαι, Dep. to make common with, impart, give a sbare of.

συγκοινωνίω, f. ησω, to bave a joint share of a thing, c. gen. rei. II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From

συγ-κοινωνός, ή, όν, partaking jointly of a thing. σύγ-κοιτος, ον, (σύν, κοίτη) sharing one's bed. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.

συγ-κολλάω, f. ήσω, to glue or stick together.

συγκολλητής, οῦ, δ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter

σύγ-κολλος, ον, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely

joined:—Adv. συγκόλλως, in accordance with συγκοριδή, ή, a bringing together: esp. of harves a gathering in, housing. From

συγ-κομίζω, f. -ίσω Att. -ιῶ, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, house it; in Pass., δργά συγκομίζεσθαι it is ripe for carrying:— Med to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; συγκομίζεσθαι πρόε έαυ-TOV to claim as one's own. 2. in Pass. also to be II. to belp in burying. gained together.

συγκοπή, ή, a cutting into small pieces. a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncopé, i. e a striking out one or more letters in a word. III. a fainting fit, swoon. From

συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in pieces, cut up. II. to thrash soundly, maltreat.

ovy-nounte, f. how, to set in order together, arrange. II. to confer bonour on.

συγ-κουφίζω, f. low, to belp to lighten.

σύγκρασιε, εωε, ή, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing together, blending, tempering.

cύγκρατος, οτ, (συγκεράντυμι) mixed together, blended: closely united.

συγ-κρίνω [1], f. -κρίνω, to compound, put togeber. II. to compare: to estimate. Hence σεννευίστα, h. a putting together, compounding. II.

σύγκρζους, ή, a putting together, compounding. 
a comparing, comparison.

συγ-κροτέκ, f. ήσω: pf. pass. -κεκρότημα: - to strike together; συγ-κροτειν τω χείρε to clap the hands: absol. to clim avoland.

II. to beat, ham-

mer, or weld together. 2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—Pass. to be well trained, in good discipline.

3. metaph. also, to concoct.

σύγκρουσιε, εω, ή, a collision. II. a quarrel.

συγ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike together; συγκρούειν τω χείρε to clap the hands. II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision. 2. to confound, Throw into confusion.

συγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to cover us completely, envelose: to conceal utterly, to bide.

our-undopen, f. -unfoopen Dep. to gain along with, bely to acquire.

συγ-κτίζω, ε. ισω, to join in colonising. Hence συγκτίστης, ου, δ, a joint founder or coloniser. συγκύβευτής, οῦ, δ, a person with whom one plays

at dice, a fellow-gamester. From ovy-gibevo, to play at dice with.

συγ-κύκοω, f. ήσω, to throw into an utter ferment.

ovy-stillsvolopus, Pass. to roll about or wallow together.

συγ-εθνηγός Dor. and Att. συγκθυδιγός, δ, ή, a fellow-bunter, fellow-bunters.

συγ-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκθφα:—to bend farwards so as to meet, to stoop and lay beads together, to conspire; τοῦτο δ' ἐε ἔν ἐστι συγκεκυφό: this comes all to one point.

II. to be bowed down, bent double.

to one point.

11. to be ocured actum, our double.

συγ-κύρδω, f. -κυρήσω οτ -κύρσω: 20.1 - εκύρησα

or -ξκυρσα: pf. -κεκύρηκα: — to come together or
encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II.

of events, to happen at the same time: also to come

to pais: impers., συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to

pass that ... Hence

συγκύρια, ή, a coincidence.

συγκύρσαιαν, 3 pl. aof. I opt. of συγκυρέω.

σύη-κωλος, ον, (σύν, κώλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

συγ-κωμάζω, f. άσω Dot. άξω, to march together in a κώμου ot hand of revellers, to revel with.

σύγ-κωμος, ον, (σύν, κώμος) a partner in a κώμος, a fellow-reveller.

συγ-κωμφδέω. f. ησω, (σύν, κομφδέω) to play with in a comedy.

συγ-χαίρω, t. med. -χάρησομαι: act. 2 pass. -εχάρην [4]: --to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II. to wish one joy, congratulate.

συγχάρἢτε, 2 pl. sor. 2 pass. subj. of συγχαίρω. συγχέω, aor. 1 part. of συγχέω.

συγ-χαιμάζω, f. άσω, to winter with or at the same time:—Pass- to weather the same storm.

συγ-χειρουργέω, f. ήσω, to bear a band at the same time, to perform together.

συγχεθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of

συγ-χίω, f. - χεω: aor. I συνίχεα Ερ. συνίχευα, inf. συγικύαι: pf. - πέχύπα: Pass., aor. I - εχύθην [δ], and 3 sing. Ερ. aor. 2 pass. σύγχύτο: pf. - πέχύμαι: to pour together, mix by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: esp. of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, wiolate συγχρορευτής, οῦ, δ, α partner in α dance. From

συγ-χορούω, f. σω, to dance with.
συγχορηγέω, f. ήσω, to assist in supplying. From
συγ-χορηγέε, όν, acting as charges with one: gene-

rally, belping to defray expenses.
σύγ-χορτος, ον, (σύν, χόρτος) properly soith the grass joining; bordering upon, adjacent to.

συγχόω, Ion. for συγχώνυμι. συγχράομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, Dep. to join with in using: hence to have dealings with.

σύγ-χροος, ου contr. --χρους, ουν, (σύν, χρία) ef like colour, of one colour.

συγ-χύνω [0], late form of συγχέω.

σύγχθσε, eas, ή, (συγχέω) a mining together, blending: confounding: abreaking through, violating. σύγχθτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt together, to melt doma.
συγ-χώννυμι and -ύω: Ion. pres. συγχώω, inf.
συγχών: f. συγχώσω: aor. I συνέχωσα: pf. pass.
συγκέχωσμα: --το beap all together, to being up with
earth, bank up.

II. to make into rainous being ou
dismostle demolish.

III. to heap one thing ou

dismantle, demolish. III. to beap one thing on another, confound.

συγ-χωρέω, f. ήσω and ήσομα: —to come together, unite. Il. to give place, give way: metaph. to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at. a. c. acc. re, to concede, give up, yield. 3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: c. inf. to agree to do: absol to agree, acquiesce. 4. impers. συγχωρεί, it is agreel, it is possible. Hence

συγχωρητέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. cms ==== agres to, con-eds.

σύδην [τ], Adv. (σείω) with runbing motion, in riedly.

σύεισε, α, σν, (σθε) of swine, Lat. suilles; χρίεμα σύεισν bog's-lard.

συ-ζάω, inf. συζήν: f. -ζήσω;—to live with limitogether.

συ-ξεύγνυμι and -las: f. -ζεύξω Pasa, nor. 2 σστζύγγι [θ]:--to yole together, couple, unite, en in marriage:--Pass. to be voked or coupled units:-- Medto yoke for oneself.

ou-lyrks, f. how, to seek or enamine together with to join in seeking out. Hence

συζήτησιε, ή, joint inquiry: ε disputation; and

συξητητής, οῦ, δ, a fellow-inquirer: a disputer. συ-ζοφόομαι, Pass. (σύν, ζύφου) to grow dark together. συζυγία, ή, (συζεύγνυμι) union: a joint.

yoke or pair of animals.

συζύγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συζεύγνυμι. συζύγιος [ ĕ], a, ar, poët. for σύζυγοι, yoked logether,

joined, united.

σύζθγος, αν, (συζυγήναι) yoked together, paired, united, esp. wedded :- as Subst., σύζυγος, ή, a wife : but also, σύζυγος, δ, a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.

σύζυξ, θγοε, δ, ή, - σύζυγοε. σύζωμα, ατος, τό, a girding together.

II. a girdle. From

συ-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to gird together, gird up:-Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.

ou-swomorke, f. how, to quicken at the same time. στθείε, aor. I pass. part. of σεύω.

σύθεν, Acol. for ἐσύθησαν, 3 pl. acr. I pass. of σεύω.

συκάζω, f. άσω (συκή) to gather ripe figs. συκάμινον, τό, the fruit of the συκάμινος, a mulberry, Lat. morum.

σθεάμινος, ή, the mulberry-tree, Lat. morre. στικέα, έαε, lon. and Ep. στικέη, έηε contr. στική,

na, n; Ion. gen. pl. συκέων: (σῦκον):—the fig-tree, Lat. ficus.

συκίδιον, τό, Dim. of σύκον, a small fig. συκίζω, f. ίσω, (σύκον) to fatten with figs.

σύκίνος, η, ον, (σῦκον) of or belonging to the fig-tree or figs; σύκινον ξύλον the wood of the fig-tree. metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, overror aropes weak, good-for-nothing fellows: also with allusion to συκοφάντηε, false, treacherous.

στικίε, ίδοε, ή, (συκέη) a slip or cutting from a figtree, a young fig-tree.

συκολογίω, f. ήσω, to gather figs. From συκο-λόγος, ον, (σύκον, λέγω) gathering figs.

στικό-μορος, ή, (σύκον, μόρον) the fig-mulberry, an Egyptian kind, called also συκάμινος ή Αίγυπτία.

ΣΥΚΟΝ, τό, a fig, Lat. ficus.

συκο-πέδιλος, δ, (σύκον, πέδιλον) with sandals of fig, a parody on Homer's χρυσοπέδιλου.

στικο-τράγέω, f. ήσω, (σῦκον, τραγείν) to eat figs. Hence

συκοτράγθης, ου, δ, a fig-nibbler.

στικοφαντέω, f. ήσω, (συκοφάντηε) to be an informer: c. acc, pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slander. 2. c. acc. rei, to lay information against a thing: but, συκοφαντείν τριάκοντα μνάε to extort 30 minae by laying informations; συκοφαντείν τί τινοι to extort money from another by false informations.

στικοφάντημα, ατοε, τό, false accusation, slander, misrepresentation.

σ οις οις δ, (σύκον, φαίνω) properly a figshower, i. e. one subo brings flgs to light by shaking the tree; or a fig-informer, i.e. one who informed against persons exporting figs from Attica: but used thing: absol. to assist: so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser.

συκοφαντία, ή, (συκοφαντία) the behaviour of a sycopbant, false accusation;-siander. Hence συκοφαντίαs, ou, b, the Sycophant-wind.

συκοφαντικός, ή, όν, (συκοφάντης) like a sycopbent. slanderous. Adv. - zŵs.

συκοφάντρια, ή, fem. of συκοφάντης, a female informer.

συκόφασιε, και, ή, poët. for συκοφαντία. συκοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry figs. From συκο-φόρος, ον, (σῦκον, φέρω) carrying figs. συκόω, f. ώσω, to feed with figs.

σύλα, Ep. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω. συλ-άγωγέω, f. ήσω, (σύλον, άγω) to carry off as

booty or plunder, II. to rob, despoil.

σύλασκε, Ion. for εσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σύλαω. **ΣΥΛΑ'Ω**, f. ήσω: 20τ. Ι ἐσύλησα: Pass., 20τ. ι έσυλήθην: pf. σεσύλημαι:—to strip off the arms of a slain enemy: c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms from a person, or to strip him of his arms: so also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei :- Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed or deprived of a thing. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to strip, despoil, pillage, plunder. 3. c. acc. rei only, to wrip off: hence to take away, carry off:-Pass. to be taken away or carried off as spoil: generally, to be taken away.

συλεύμενος, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part. of oux for.

σύλούω and σύλόω, collat. forms of συλάω, to de-2. to rob secretly, defraud: to trick, cheat. σύλη, ή, οτ σύλον, τό, only used in plur. σύλαι, αί, οι σύλα, τά, (συλάω) the right of seizing the ship or cargo of a foreign merchant: the right of seizure, right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to modern letters of marque.

σύληθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of συλάω. συλητήρ, ήροε, and συλήτωρ, οροε, δ, (συλάω) α robber :-- fem. συλήτειρα,

συλλάβειν, 20r. 2 inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλάβέσθαι, 20r. 2 med. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλάβή, ή, (συλλαβέιν) that which holds togstber. II. (from pass.) that which is held together, esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable; lv γραμμάτων ένλλαβαίε in written words.

συλλαβίζω, f. σω, (συλλαμβάνω) to read in syllables. συλ-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to talk or converse with.

συλ-λαμβάνω, f. –λήψομαι: 201. 2 συνέλαβον, inf. συλλαβείν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι: cf. λαμβάνω:--to bring together or collect into a body, to II. to put together, close the rally troops. mouth and eyes (of a corpse). III. to take toge-Ĭ۷. ther, lay bold of, seize, apprehend, arrest. to comprehend, comprise: of the mind, to comprehend, V. to receive all together, to enunderstand.

VI. of a woman, to conceive. joy. dat. pers. to take part with another, to assist one in 2 ropen, to belp to take bold of a thing, and so to belp, | stand with the feet together.

συλ-λόγω, f. go: sor. I συνίλεξα: pf. συνείλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομαι: 201. Ι συνελέχθην, 201. 2 overlygy: pf. overleyptu and outlikeypa: to gather, collect, bring together: of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army, Lat. conscribere:-Pass. to come together, assemble things, to gather, collect :- Pass., of things, to become customary.

σύλ-λεκτρος, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sharing one's bed: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, o, o, the partner of one's bed, busband or wife.

συλλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in abou

συλ-λήγω, f. fw, to sease or some to an end together. συλληπτίον, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, one must lay bold of together.

συλλήπτρια, ή, fem. of συλλήπτωρ.

συλλήπτωρ, opos, δ, (συλλαμβάνω) one that takes bold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor. συλληφθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of συλλαμβάναι

σύλληψιε, con, ή, (συλλαμβάνω) a taking or putting II. a seizing, laying bold of, appre-III. a grasping with the mind, combending. prebension. IV. conception in the womb. συλλήψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάναι

συλλογή, ή, (συλλέγω) a gathering, sollecting.

a raising, laying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio. an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συλ-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up. II. to sollect or conclude from premises: to infer by way of syllogism. συλλογιμαίος, α, ον, (συλλέγω) collected from dif-

ferent places

συλλογισμός, δ, (συλλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, rechoning up. I. a collecting from premises, reasoning:—a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, δ, (συλλέγω) d gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons; σύλλογον ποιήσασbut to convene an assembly. II. metaph. posoer of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

συλ-λούομαι, Pass. to bathe together

συλ-λοχίτης [Ι], ου, δ, (σύν, λόχοι) a soldier of the same hoxoe or company.

συλ-λθπίω, f. ήσω, to burt together:-Pass. with fut. -λυπηθήσομαι and med. -λυπήσομαι, to sympathise or condole with.

out-hypordough. Pass, to be mad in company with. συλ-λύω, f. όσω [v], to belp in loosing or setting free. σολον, τό, εσε σύλη.

συλ-όνυξ, σχοε, δ, ή, (συλάω, δευξ) paring the nails. συμβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of συμβαίνω.

συμ-Balves, f. -βήσομαι: sor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβήναι: pf. -βέβηκα, syncop. 3 pl. -βεβάσι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβώε: Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβάθη: pf. inf. ξυμβεβάσθαι: (cf. -βαίνω):—to ment, convention, treaty.

IL to stand with III. to come together, or beside, hence to assist. meet: hence, like trupplayes, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat.; suppairer marois to fall in with 2. to agree with, Lat. convenire; to come to an agreement, make an agreement; generally, to be or make friends with: in verf. inf. συμβεβάναι, cf the terms, to be agreed on. 3. to suit, fit, be like: to coincide or correspond with: to be fitting to fall to one's lot. V. of events, to some to pass, fall out, bappen, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη it bappens or bappened that ..; so, συμβαίσα elvas οι γίγνεσθαι:—τδ συμβεβηκόν, a chance event, contingency; ward supplepance by chance. 2. 10 turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill: absol. to turn out well, encesed, to fumble is neither if the attempt succeed. 3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue: of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchan

or Bacchie revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, δ, ή, joining in Baschie revelry. συμβάλλω: f. -βάλω: 201. 2 συνέβάλον, inf. συμ βάλεῶν: pf. –βέβληκα: Med., fut. –βλήσομαι: Pass. aor. I συνεβλήθην:—Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass συνεβλήμην in forms ξύμβλητο, -βλήτην, -βληντο subj. σύμβληται, inf. –βλήμεναι, part. –β\ήμενοs:– to tbrow or dash together: to bring together, esp. o rivers, to unite their streams: to throw together, col lect:—συμβάλλειν ἀσπίδας, to lock, join closely thei shields; συμβάλλειν βλέφορα to close the eyes generally, to join, unite: of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on band: - Med. to contribute of our own property, to pay a share: generally, to contribute bear a part in ; ξυμβάλλεται πολλά τούδε δείματο many things contribute [their share] of this fear, i.e. join in causing it; συμβάλλεσθαι feriar to contrac friendly relations; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους, or absel συμβάλλεσθαι, to bold a conference with, comperse, con fer: generally, to do one's part, be useful. IL # bring men together, to set them together, meatch the to fight, Lal. committo; so also, συμβάλλειν μάχη to engage in, join battle; Exopar, four gruebander ! 2. Med. to fall in with one contract enmity, etc. meet him by chance. III. to put together, to and pare, reckon, compute: Pass. to correspond: To B βυλώνιον τάλαντον συμβαλλεόμενον πρός το Εὐβοι now the Babylonian talent being reduced to the E-2. to conclude from a comparison of facboïc. to conclude, infer: c. acc. to guess or make out i conjecture, to interpret, understand. IV. Ma to agree upon. V. intr. to come together: meet, join. . to engage, encounter, συμβάε, ασα, άν, 201. 2 part. of συμβαινα. συμ-βάσείω, Desiderat. of συμβαίνω, to mish to mai

συμ-βάσιλεύω, f. σω, to rule conjointly with.

σύμβάσιε, εωε, ή, (ουμβαίνω) απ agreement, arrang

a league or covenant with.

συμβάττροιος, or, and συμβάττικός, ή, όν, (συμβαίνω) | σύμβολος, ον, (συμβάλλω) coming together: acc:tending to agreement, conciliatory.

συμβεβάναι [a], Ion. for συμβεβηκέναι, perf. inf. of

συμβαβάσθαι, pl. lat. pass. of συμβαίσα.

συμβάβηκα, pf. of συμβαίσα.

συμβήναι, 201. 2 inf. of συμβαίνω.

cross-Blake, f. dow, to extort by force at the same time. συμ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω, Att. -βιβώ:--Causal of συμβαίνω, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile :- Pass, to come to terms with IL to compare, contrast. another. prove.

IV. to teach, instruct.

συμ-βίδω, f. -βιώσομαι: 201. 2 συνεβίων, inf. συμ-

Biêrai: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—to live with.

συμβιώτης, ου, ό, one who lives with, a companion. συμβλήμενος, Ep. 20r. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλει. συμβλήσται, Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω. συμβλητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, com-

συμ-βοάω, £ -βοήσομαι, to cry aloud or shout together with, rul: c. acc. pers. to shout to, call on at

ance.

employeds, 4, joint aid or assistance. From cry-Bondie, f. how, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.

συμβόλουον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a mark or sign to sonclude from, a token: a symptom. II. plur. συμβύλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond: acknowledgment for money lent. 2. intercourse.

συμβόλαιος, α, ον, (σύμβολον) of or referring to

bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.

συμβολίω, f. ήσω, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with. συμβολή, ή, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together.

П. (from Pass.) a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, end. 2. a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering. pribution, subscription: - plus, συμβολαί, al, contributions to provide a common meal; δειπνείν ἀπὸ συμ-Βολών. Lat, de symbolis esse; also the meal or entertainment itself. Hence

συμβολικός, ή, όν, of or for a contribution or com-

mon meal.

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδοε a beacon-fire, signal. 2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, sallies, Lat. tesserae bospitalitatis. 3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. tessera, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence. σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty besween two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιείσθαι πρόε πόλιν to make a commercial erecty with a state.

II. σύμβολοε (sub, cleards), δ, an augury, dental. omen.

συμβούλευμα, ατοε, τό, (συμβουλεύω) advice given. συμβουλευτέος, α, ον, (συμβουλ ών) to be delibe-2. to be advised. rated upon.

συμβουλευτικός, ή, όν, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative. συμ-Βουλεύω, f. σω, to advise, counsel, c. dat, pers. as in Lat. consulers alieut; c. inf. to advise one to do: c, acc. rei, to recommend a thing. II. Med. to take counsel with a person, Lat. consulers aliquem: absol. to consult together, deliberate.

συμβουλή, ή, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel II. a taking counsel, consultation. given.

συμβουλία, ή, - συμβουλή Ι.

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) advice, counsel. a council.

συμ-βούλομαι, fut, -βουλήσομαι, Dep. to will or wish together with: to agree with. σύμ-βουλος, δ, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor.

συμβύω, f. όσω [9], to cram together.

συμμάθελν, sor. 2 mf. of συμμανθάνω.

συμμάθητής, οῦ, δ, (συμμανθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, Lat. condiscipulus.

συμ-μαίνομαι: pf. 2 συμμέμηνα: 201. 2 pass. συν εparm [a]:-to rave or be mad along with or together. συμ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι: sor. 2 συνέμαθον:to learn along with one:—δ συμμαθών one who has learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.

συμ-μάρπτω, f. ψω, to grasp together.

συμμαρτύρίω, f. ήσω, to bear witness with or in accordance with, to testify to a thing with another. And συμμαρτύρομαι [v], Dep. = συμμαρτύρέω. From συμμάρτυς, υρος, δ, ή, a fellow-witness.

συμμάχω, f. ήσω, (σύμμαχοε) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to belp, aid. Hence συμμάχία Ion. -ίη, ή, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whereas emuayla is a defensive alliance) :-- generally, aid, succour, belp. σύμμαχοι, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force. Hence

συμμάχικός, ή, όν, of or for alliance; Seol ξυμμαχικοί the gods invoked at the making of an al- τὸ συμμαχικόν, = οἱ σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces. 2, a treaty of alliance. συμ-μάχίε, ίδοε, pecul. fem. of σύμμαχοε, allied: ή ξυμμαχίε (sub. πόλιε), an allied state. body of allies.

συμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχούμαι, Dep. to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.

σύμ-μάχος, ον, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary: - as Subst., σύμμαχος, δ, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, belper, supporter. συμμέμιγμαι, pf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμ-μεθέπω, to sway jointly with.

συμ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to practise with or together. συμ-μένω, f. -μενώ, to stay together, keep together. 3. to bold together, abide, continue.

συμ-μερίζω, f. σω, (σόν, μέρου) to give a share of 2 thing with others :- Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly solth others, c. dat.

συμ-μεταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμ-μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to join in changing :--Pass. to change sides and take part with

συμ-μεταχειρίζομαι, f. -σομαι: Dep.: also Act. συμμεταχαρίζω: — to manage or take charge of along with.

συμ-μετέχω, f. -μεθέξω, (σύν. μετέχω) to take fart in or partake of along with.

 $\sigma_{V|L}$ - $\mu$ eri $\sigma_{X}\omega_{r} = \sigma_{V}\mu$ eri $\sigma_{X}\omega_{r}$ 

συμμέτοχος, or, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly. συμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:-Med. to compute, ascertain: to make an estimate of a thing:-Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; huap ouppeβούμενον χρόνφ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησιε, ής a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, flue proportion. From σύμ-μετρος, ον, (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with. II. in due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet. sembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure IL Adv., συμμέτρου έχουν to be in proportion: Comp. - orepor, in a manner better fitted.

συμ-μητιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμ-μηγάνδομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to belp to bring about.

σύμμιγα, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμιγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμιγής, έε, (συμμιγήναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμ-μίγνυμι or -νω: fut. συμμίζω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμόγω:-to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexi with, unite: to communicate a thing to a per-II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμίζομαι, to be commangled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or III. intrans. in Act., to bave dealcollision with. ings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also 2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence П.

συμμικτός, έν, commingled, promiscuous.

mingled, confounded.

συμ-μιμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμιμητής, οῦ, δ, a joint or fellow imitator. συμμιμητήσκομαι, pl. -μέμνημαι, Dep. (σύν, μιμ-

vhown) to remember, bear in mind along with. συμμίξαι, ser. I inf. of συμμίγνυμι.

σύμμετε, εωε, ή, (συμμίγνυμι) a mixing together, comminture. II. intercourse.

our-ploye, Ep. and Ion, for ounglyrous. Cil-μολπος, ον, (σύν, μολπή) in barmony or uniton

with, barmonious, συμ-μορία, ή, (σύν, μέροε) a joint division: et Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμορίαι or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμ-μορος, ον, (σύν, μόρος) contributing or rated along with: of full popor the confederate states of

Bosotia.

συμ-μορφίζα, - συμμορφία. From

σύμ-μορφος, αν, (σύν, μορφή) like-ebaped, ετπformed to. Hence

συμμορφόω, f. ώσω, to form or faibion alike:-Pass. to be conformed to.

συμ-μοχθέω, f. how, to share in tail with.

συμ-μύω, f. ύσω [θ]: intrans. to be abut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips. trans. to sbut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συμπάθήε) fellow feeling, sympathy. συμπάθέω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympothise with a person, sympathise is a thing. From συμ-πάθης, ές, (σύν, παθείν) of like feelings, sym-

pathetic: sympathising with. συμπάθία, ή, poët. for συμπάθεια,

συμπάθως, Adv. of συμπαθής, sympathetically. oup-raidvile, f. low, to raise the pasan with another: to shout out together.

συμ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together :- Pass, to be educated with others.

orni-mallo, f. -martopar, to play or sport wirk: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, granulles ξορτήν μετά τινος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμπαίκτης, ου, ό, - συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαίκτρα.

συμ-παίκτωρ, οροε, δ. - συμπαιστήε. συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίζειν.

συμ-παιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συμπαίζω) α playmate, playfellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ф.

 $\sigma_{VL}$ -mail  $\sigma_{VC}$   $\sigma_{CC}$ ,  $\sigma_{CC}$   $\sigma_{CC}$ 

συμπαίω, f. -παιήσω: aor. I -traiσα:--to beat. strike, dash one thing against another. IL intrans. to darb or beat against.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύμπας, q. v.

συμ-παραβύω, f. ύσω [v], to cram in along with συμ-παραγίγνομαι, Dep. to come in or come to basi at the same time. II. to come in to assist.

συμ-παραθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with συμ-παραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to joiz i recommending or approving.

συμ-παρακαθίζω, f. low, to set beside with anoth: Med. to set beside or with.

συμ-παρακάλέω, f. έσω, to call upon or exbort ! gether: to invite at the same time. II. to est at the same time.

συμ-παρακελεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting. συμ-παρακολουθέω, f. how, to follow elong r. follow close, stick to-

our-reseasefulles, f. ou, to conduct alongside together; of ships, to convoy along shore.

συμ-παρακύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with. συμ-παραλαμβάνω, f. -λήγομαι, to take along with. oun-wepaniere, to stay along with or among, c. dat. συμ-παραμίγνομι οι - be, f. - μίξα, to min in togetber.

crou-magaveiou. L. cu. to nod assent, incline both

sonys, of ambiguous oracles.

our-maparty ones, f. -rafopas, Dep. to seeins beside sogether.

TVIL-WUDGERGERW, f. per, to excert along with others. συμ-παραπόλλθμι, f. -ολίσω, to destroy along with:-Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 - όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.

over-reparteredie, f. ou, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or pro-

συμ-παραστάτω, f. ήσω, to stand by one so as to belp or support. From

συμπαραστάτης, ου, δ, (συμπαρίσταμαι) one who stands by to aid, a joint belper or assistant.

συμ-παρατάσσομαι Att. -- rrough, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with.

togetber.

συμ-παραπρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or marture along wilb.

συμ-παραφέρω, f. -παροίσω, to earry forth along with:—Pass to rush forth or along with.

συμ-παρεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with. συμ-πάραιμι, inf. παρείναι, (elμί sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time. συμ-πάραμι, inf. παριέναι, (είμι ibo) to go along at the same time: to go on together.

συμ-παρεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρελεύσομαι: 207. 2 act. -παρήλθον, pf. -παοελήλυθα: Dep.:--to go or slip

into along with.

συμ-παρέπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany. συμ-παρέχω, f. fw, to offer or present along with. συμ-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.

συμ-παρίστημι, to place together by the side of: -Pass. and Med., with sor. 2 act. -rapeorny, pf. -wapéornus, to stand beside so as to assist.

συμ-παρομαρτίω, f. how, to follow together with, to accompany dossly.

συμ-παροξύνω, f. δινώ, to provoke together with.

σύμ-was Ep. and Att. ξύμ-was, -wāσα, -wiv: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the mbole together. II. To object the whole together, the sum of the matter:—τὸ σύμπαν also as Adv., alcogether, on the whole, in general.

συμ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathics with.

συμ-πάπασσω, f. fee, to strike along with σε together. συμ-πάτω, f. ήσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing. 2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, δ, a follow-countryman. THE TELEM, f. how, to bind together, bind band and foot; metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.

oun malbu, f. ou, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:-Pass. to be persuaded at the same time.

σύμ-πειρος, ον, (στν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing. or up-whome, f. to, to send or despatch-along with or 2. to belp in conducting. togetber.

oun-nevolu, f. how, trans. to mourn for or bewail II. intr. to mourn together with along with others. σύμ-παντε, (σύν, πάντε) five together, by fives.

crup-wepalves, f. dra, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:-in Logic, our epaireral it is concluded the conclusion is so and so. II. Med. ovureoabrougu. to join fully in a thing with.

συμ-πάρθω, f. σω, to destroy with, selp to destroy. συμ-περιάγω, εξω, to lead about along with or together :- Med. to lead about with oneself.

συμ-περίαμι, inf. -itrai, (elμ ibo) to go about along with.

συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήγομαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with

συμ-παρατηρίω, f. ήσω, to match alongside of or συμ-περινοστίω, f. ήσω, to go to and fro, travel about with.

συμ-περιφέρω, to carry about with. συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.

συμ-πίσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:--to belp in cooking: to digest entirely.

συμπέφρασμαι, pf. of συμφράζομαι.

συμπέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρω.

συμ-πηγνθμι and - vo: fut. - wife: -to put together, 2. to make solid, congeal. frame, construct. Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence

σύμ-πηκτος, or, joined together, framed, constructed. συμ-πτέζω, f. έσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, equeeze bard;—Pass, to be equeezed up. συμ-πίνω [1], f. -πίομαι: 20τ. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμmicir:—to drink with or together, join in a drinkingbout with.

συμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτωκα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrers: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to 2. generally, to full in with, meet with. blows. of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to. alsol, to bappen or fall out at the same time, concur. 5. impers. ovrémare, ovrémace it bappened, fell out, came to pass. II, to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere; object συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by stelmess.

συμ-πίτνω, poët. for συμπίπτω, to fall together, dath togetber. II. to agree.

συμπλάκηναι, 20r. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέκου σύμ-πλάκου, ον. (σύν, πλάνου) wandering or roaming about together.

συμπλάσσε [d], sor. I part. of συμπλάσσε.
συμ-πλάσσε, f. -πλάσε [d]: sor. I συνίπλάσε:
--to mould or fashion together, γαίης out of clay. II.

metaph. to fabricate together.

συμ-πλάταγέω, f. ήσω, to clap together.
σύμπλωντου, σ., twined together, interlaced. From
συμ-πλάκω, f. fer: acr. 1 συνέπλεξα: Pass., acr. 2
συνεπλάκων [Δ]: pf. συμπέπληγμα:—to tesine or
platt together: also to twist, force together.

Π.
Pass. to be twined together, platted: of persons wrest-

ling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close estruggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her opponent: metaph. to be entangled in; Ixen συμπεπλεγμένα a maze of sootsteps.

συμ-πλέω, f. ~πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along mits or together.

συμ-πληγάε, άδοε, sem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking or dashing together II. Συμπληγάδεε (sc. πότρω), al, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Kudress vifors, subich were supposed to close on all who sailed between them: also συνδρομάδεε.

συμπλήγδην, Adv. (συμπλήσσω) by beating or dailing together

συμπληθόνω [ū], to multiply together.
συμπληθόω, to help to fill, swell, increase.
συμπληρόω, f. ώσω, to help to fill, fill completely:

of ships, to man with a full complement.

oruganost, he, h, (ouranism) an intertwining II.

a close struggle.
σύμπλουος, ον, (συμπλέκω) entwined, interwoven.
σύμπλουος, ον contr. –πλους, ουν: (συμπλέω):—
sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., ξύμπλους,
δ, a shipmate: metaph. a pariner or comrade in a thing.

συμ-πλώω, Ep. and Ion. for συμπλέω.
συμ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow or breathe together.

II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare;
συμπνών έμπαίοιε τύχαιε to blow with, L. a. be carried

along with, sudden blasts.

συμπνόγω [η, f. -πνιξοθμαι, to throttle: to choke up.

συμ-ποδίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to tie the feet together,

bind band and foot: metaph, to entangle, involve.

συμ-ποιέω, f. ήσω; to bely in doing.
συμ-ποιμαίνομαι, Pass. (σών, ποιμαίνω) to feed together: to herd together.

συμ-πολομέω, f. ήσω, to take part in a war with. συμ-πολιοραίω, f. ήσω, to join in besicging, besiege jointly.

συμπολίτεδω, f. σω, to be a fellow-citizen, be a member of the same state: so also in Med, συμπολιτεύομαι; ol συμπολιτευόμενοι one's fellow-citizens. From

συμ-πολίτης [1], ου, δ, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concession. συμ-πομπεύω, f. σω, to accompany in a procession. συμ-πονίω, f. ήσω, to work with or together, to help, or relieve in work.

συμ-σονηρεύομαι, Dep. to join in villany, play the innove together.

συμ-πορίζω. f. ίσω, to belp in procuring or providing, συμποσία, ή, (συμπύω) a drinking together. συμποσία ρχος, ό, (συμπόσιον, όρχω) the president

of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bibendl.

outstood, 76, (outsive) a drinking-party, enter

tainment, Lat. comminium.

The transfer, ou, b, (superior) a fellow-drinker, book

companion. Hence συμποτικόε, ή, όν, of or suited for a συμπόσιαν or drinking-party, convivial :—as Subst., συμποτικόε, έ,

a jolly fellow.
συμ-πράκτωρ Ιου. -πρήκτωρ, οροε, δ, α belper, αειειακι; συμπράκτωρ όδοῦ α fellow-wayfarer. From
συμ-πράσσω Att. -ττω Ιου. συμπρήσσω: fut. ξω:
201. Ι συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to belp in
doing: to act with, assist.
2. to be in the interest
of another, side with another.

II. Mod. συμπρώσσομαι, to belp in exacting a dobt.

συμ-πρεπής, έε, (σύν, πρέπω) besceming, bestiting.
συμπρεσβευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. Prom
συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be associated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending
an embassy.

σύμ-προσβυε, eus, δ, a joint-ambassador. συμ-προσβύτερος, δ, a fellow-presbyter ox elder. ετυμ-πρήκτωρ, οροε, δ, lon. fcr συμπράκτωρ.

συμ-πρήσσω, lon. for συμπράσσω. συμ-πρίασθαι, 201. 2 inf. of συνων έσμαι (no pres. συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy togather, buy up.

σ-μ-προθυμέσμαι: f. med. -ήσομα: aor. I past. -προθυμήθην: Dep. :—to join zadously in promoting, to bave equal zeal for a thing: absol. so abore ord's aggrass.

συμ-προξενίω, f. ησω, to bely in furnishing with

συμ-προπεμπω, f. ψω, to escort together, join in escorting.

σύμπτυκτος, or, folded together, fitted sogether. From

lay by.

συμπτωθέν, acr. I past. part. neut. of συμπέπτω, σύμπτωμα, ατος, τό, (συμπέπτω) anything that ba befalles one, a chance, mischance, calamity.

σύμ-πυκνοε, αν. (σύν, πυανόε) compressed. συμ-πυνθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with. συμ-πύρου, έ, ώσω, to burn πρ οτ consume along

with or together.
συμ-μάγειν, εοτ. 2 inf. of συν-εσθία.
σύμφερον, τό, 100 συμμέρα Σ. 3. Hence
συμφορύντως, Αίν. ρυηθικός, 100 καροδίαισο-

συμφορτός, ἡ, όν, (συμφέρω) brought together, panying. united, handed.

συμφέρω, f. συνοίσω: 201. Ι συνήνεγκα Ion. -fiveleg: 201. 2 gurfveyeov: pf. gurerfroxa: (cf. olpes):-to bring together, gather, collect: to contri-2. to match together. 3. to bear along with or jointly, belp to bear; ouppepeur wand to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's ad-2. impers. συμφέρει, it is of use, profitvantage. 3. part. συμφέρου, ουσα, ον, useable extedient. ful, expedient: neut. συμφέρων, οντος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to. of events, to bappen, take place, turn out. III. Pass. συμφέρομαι, fut. med. συνοίσομαι: nor. I pass. συνηνέχθην Ion. συνηνείχθην: pf. συνήνεγμαι:--to come together, meet in hostile sense, to meet in battle, 2. to agree together, agree engage, Lat. congredi. with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, 4. of events, to bappen, to be acquainted, versed in. turn out: also impers., it bappens, falls out; οίδεν σφι

χρηστον συνεφέρετο no good came of it to them.
συμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee along with: to be

banished or be in exile along with.
orbu-draw, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to

agree with, rivi: c. inf. to agree that ...

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -foμαι, Dep. to accord with συμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίνω [1], to perish along with: so in sor. 2 pass. συνέφθίτο.

σύμ-φθογγος, or, sounding together.

συμ-φίλω, f. ήσω, to love mutually, join in loving. συμ-φίλονεικώ, f. ήσω, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φλόγω, f. fw, to set on fire together, hurs to ashes.
συμ-φιλοσοφίω, f. ήσω, to join in philosophic study.
συμ-φιλοτιμόρμα, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

συμ-φοβίω, f. how, to frighten along with:—Pass.

to be afraid at the same time.

συμ-φωτάω Ion. - έω: fut. ήσω: — to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence συμφοίτησυs, ή, a going to school together. And συμφοίτητης, οῦ, ὁ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σω, to kill along with or together.
συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ή, (συμφέρω) a bringing together.

II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in
good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a mishap,

mischance, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορεύε, δ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer,

a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ήσω, to bring together, gather, heap up. συμφόρησυς, εως, ή, (συμφορέω) a bringing together. συμφορήω brought together, bromiscuous.

σύμφορος, or, (συμφέρω) bappening with, accom-

panying. II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφόρως, Adv. profitably: συμφόρως έχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

συμφράδμων, oros, δ, ή, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: 201. Ι συνεφράσάμην, Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσσατο: pf. pass. συμπέφρασμαι: Dep.:—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, con-

συμ-φράσσω Att. -- rru: f. fu: sor. I συνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together. II. to force into

an enclosed space.

trive together.

συμ-φροντίζω, f. low, to base a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουροε, ον, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together; μέλαθρον ξύμφρουρον kuol the champer that keeps watch with me, i.e. in which I lie without elseping. σύμ-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φύγάς, άδοε, δ, ή, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile.
συμφυείς, 201. 2 pass. part. of συμφύω.

συμ-φυής, έε, (συμ-φύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenital.

συμ-φύλαξ, dxos, δ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [v]

συμ-φύλασσω, f. fw, to keep guard along with or together.

2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φυλέτης, ου, δ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contribulis: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φθλοε, ον, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe or race: of σύμφυλοι his congeners.

σύμφυρτος, or, kneaded or mixed together: metaph, confounded, confused. From

συμ-φύρω [5]: pf. pass. συμπέφυρμα:—to knead or min together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound,

conflare. Il metaph to agree exactly, barmonise. or up-direction, f. ow, to plant in together: metaph, to contrive or concert with.

σύμφυτος, ον, (συμφύω) planted together with, congenital, innate, inhorn; σύμφυτος aler one's natural age; λε τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-φίω, f. όσω: aor. I συνέφθσα:—to make to grow together. II. Pass., with act. pf. συμνέφθκα, aor. 2 συνέφθη, aor. 2 pass. part. συμφυείε:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to agree in sound, be in barmony or unison.

II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with. Hence

συμφώνησιε, ή, an agreeing in sound, agreement. συμφωνία, ή, (σύμφωνοι) an agreeing in sound, barmony.

II. symphony or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σύμ-φωνοε, αν, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, barmonious: as Subst. a musician.

II. metaph. in unison or concert with, friendly.

συμ-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch one another.

our-was, inf. -thr: f. -thow: soc. I ourly nou: -to | serape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent. συμ-ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to reckon together, count II. Med. to vote with. MP, compute.

σύμ-ψηφος, or, voting with another.

σύμ-ψθχος, ον, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous. EYN old Att. Eur, Prep. with dat., Lat. eum:along with, in company with, together with. with collat. notion of help, our des with God's belp, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); our run elvas to be with another, on his 3. furnished with, endued with; o'w balous with arms. 4. in connexion, conjunction with; ow το σφ αγαθώ with advantage to you; συν τωι νόpose in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σύν νεφέεσσι κάλυψεν yaiar sal morror he covered earth and sea soith clouds.

our as Adv., together, at once, jointly. 2. be--ldes, moreover, furthermore, too.

ove- in Compos., with, along with, together, at the same time. With a transit. Verb it may mean two things, e. g. our in our-erelreur may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in 2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, our due two and two together, by II. συν -, before β, μ, τ, φ, ψ, changes into  $\sigma \nu \mu$ -; before  $\gamma$ ,  $\kappa$ ,  $\xi$ ,  $\chi$ , into  $\sigma \nu \gamma$ -; before  $\lambda$ , into συλ -; before σ into συσ-

σύν, acc. of σῦε.

συνάγάγειν, aor. 2 act. int. of συνάγαι

συνάγάγον. Dor. for συνήγαγον, nor. 2 of συνάγει.

συν-άγγελος, δ, a fellow-messenger.

συν-άγειρα: f. αγερώ: sor. I συνήγειρα Ερ. ξυναγειρα: Pass., aor. Ι συνηγέρθην, Ερ. 3 pl. συνάγερθεν: to gather persons together, assemble or collect them:

Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; ownpoperos, Ep. sor. 2 pass part, those assembled. to collect things: and in Med. to collect for onewif. III. συναγείρειν ξαυτόν to collect oneself: Pass. to recover one's strength, rally.

συν-αγίνεω. f. ήσω, to bring together, to collect. συν-αγκεία, ή, (σύν, άγκοε) - μισγαγκεία.

συν-άγνομι, f. -áfa: sor. I συνέαξα:—to break to-

gether, break in pieces, shiver.

συν-άγορεύω, f. σω, to speak with another. join in adviung or recommending: to agree to, concur in. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advosate his cause.

our-appeire, (our, appa) to join in the chace.

συναγρόμενος, Εp. 201. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω. συν-άγω, f. - áfor aor. I σύνητα: μοτ. 2 συνήγάγον: Att. pl. συνήχα, later συναγήσχα: pl. pass. σύνηγμαι: -to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; ourdyear Appa, wikeyor to join battle: also accomplice, revie in a thing.

to set to fight, match one against the other: also intr. to engage. II. to bring together, units, combine; συνάγειν γάμουε to contract a matriage. III. to draw taph. to bring together, reconcile. together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνάγωγεύε, έωε, δ, one mbo brings together, a uniter. συνάγωγή, ή, (συνάγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; guvayory role woo a levying war. 2. a place of meeting or assembling: among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue. drawing together, contracting.

συν-άγωνίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοθμαι: Dep. :-to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest: to belp in a contest. Hence

συνάγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one subő contends along suith, a fellow-combatant: generally, an assistant.

συν-άδελφος, or, one that has a brother or sister. συν-ἄδικίω, f. ήσω, to join in doing wrong or injury. our-obe Ion. our-acide: f. - fooper: -- to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. IL c. sec. to sing of or celebrate together.

our-acipe, sor. I -heipa, poet. form of ouraipes. to yoke together: Med, to yoke together for oneself. συν-αέξω, poët. for συναύξω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ήσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a contest.

συν-δθροίζω, f. σω, to gather together, assemble. συν-αίγδην, Adv. (σύν, diσσω) pressing violently togetber.

σύν-αιμος, αν, (συν, αἰμα) of common blood, hindred; veikos fóvaspov strife between kinsmen; Zede furatuos Jove the protector of kin:—as Subst. givasμος, δ, ή, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister. συναίμων, oros, δ, ή, - σύναι μος.

συν-αινέω, f. έσω, to join in praising or approxing: to agree or come to terms with a person. IL 10 agree to a thing, grant it at once.

our-alvinas, defect. Dep. to take bold of together, to gather up: Ep. 3 sing. impf. συναίντο.

συν-συρέω, fut. ήσω: fut. 2 συνελώ: sor. 2 συνείλων Ep. σύνελον, part. συνελών: (cf. alpha):—to grasp ot seize together, seize at-once 2. to bring into small compass, comprise, comprehend; bence, further λέγω I say briefly. II. to belp to conquer or subdue: metaph. to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

ouv-alow poët. ouvaelow (q. v.), to raise, lift, oc take up together; συναίρειν λόγον to cast up ac-II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. counts. rei: to belp bear or support, undertake jointly. Pasa. to be joined, knitted together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, £ -αισθήσομαι, to-perceive or seel together.

our-alties, or, also a, or, (oir, aitia) being the joint cause of a thing, belping towards: sharing in the guilt, accessory to :- as Subst., overaltics, &, &, συν-αχμάζω, f. άσω, to fight along with.
συν-αχμάλωτος, ον, a fellow-prisoner.
συν-αμαρίομαι, Pass. to be beld in suspense with.
συν-αμαρίομαι, του, to blossom or or flourish together.
συν-ακολασταίνω, to live dissolutely together.
συν-ακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with or
closely: to follow an argument, understand.

oversites, f. low, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.

ove-discove, f. - απούσομαι, to bear along with or at the same time. 2. to bear one another. συνακτέον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring

sogether.

Guyantunde, 4, by, (Guyana) able to bring together:
To Guyantunder power of accumulation in oratory.

συν-άλάλάζω, f. άσω, to ery aloud with.

ove-alyles, f. how, to share in suffering at grieving for.

II. to feel with, sympathies in: absol. to above in sorrow.

συν αλγηθών, ένος, ή, joint pain or grief:—in plus.
—al συναλγούσαι, partners in grief.

orn-ahaida, f. des, to smear together, daub over : to help to anoint.

συν-αλιάζω, f. ξω, (σύν, άλία) = συναλίζω. συν-αλίζω, f. ίσω : 201. 1 Ιοπ. συνάλισα : to gather

together, collect, assemble:—Pass. to come together, meet.

συναλλάγη, ή, (συναλλάσσω) an interchange; λόγων

frequitaryal interchange of words: absol. a making ap of strife, reconciliation; pl. frequitaryal, a treaty of peace.

2. commerce, intercourse.

II. intersention, interference, interposition; νόσου ξυναλλαγή by the intervention of disease.

2. a contingency, result.

συνάλλαγμα, ατοι, τό, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual

agreement, covenant, contract.

συν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. fw: 201. 1 συνήλλαfa: —Pass., 201. 1 συνηλλάχθην: pf. συνήλλαγμα: —to interchange with: to eschange.

2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with.

II. to bring into association or union with: to reconcile:—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms: make a league or alliance with: make peace.

συν-άλοδω poët. - άλοιδω: f. ήσω: act. I συνηλοίησα: ---to thresh with or together: to dash to pieces,

smasb.

συν-άμα, Adv. for σύν άμα, together.

στυν-αμιλλάομαι, f. med. ήσομαι : 20x. I pass. -ημιλ-Αήθην: Dep.:—to race ox contend together.

συν-αμπέχω: fut. -αμφέζω: 201. 2 -ήμπεσχον, inf. -αμπισχείν:—to cover up entirely, wrap closely: metaph. to sbroud.

συν-αμπίσχα, = συναμπέχα.

συν-αμφότερος, α, αν, both together: used both in sing. and plur.

συν-αναβαίνω: f. -αναβήσομαι: 201. 2 -ανίβην: so go up along with or together, esp. of going up into central Asia from the coast.

συν-αναβοδια, f. -βοή τομαι, to ery out together. συν-άναγκάζα, f. άσα, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf.:—Pass. to be compelled at the same time.

II. to entert by force.
συν-ανάγιο, f. ξω, to carry up along with :—Pass. to

go to me together. Tov-avablemus, to give up along with or together.

ave-avauphs, f. how, to take away or destroy along with or together.

II. to give the same answer.

ave-avauchus. Pass. to recline together at table.

over-avanchua, Pass. to recline together at table.
over-avanchivous, Pass. to lie down along with to
recline along with at table. [7]

συν-δυάλίστα, f. - ανάλώσα, to spend or maste along with. II. to bilp by furnishing money. συν-αναμίγυζαι, f. - αναμίξα, to min up with at the

same time:—Med, and Pass, to associate with.

payment.

συν-αναρριπτέω, f. έσω, to throw up together. συν-ανάσσω, to rule as king with another. συν-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn back together:—Pass.

to live along with or among.

συν-ανατήκω, f. f.w., to melt with or together.

συν-ανατήθημη, f. -θηίτω, to run up along with.

συν-ανατήθημη f. -θησω, to set up along with.

συν-αναφθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.

συν-αναφύρω [φθ], to kneed or min up together:—

Pass. and Med. to home construct intercourse with to

Pass, and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.

GW-avaxpfusToual, Dep. to cough up together.

ove-artornus, to make to stand up or rise together. II. Pass., with act. sor. 2 -artorny, pt. -artornus, to rise at once or together. 2. to help is setting up again or restoring.

orn-arraw Ioa. -w: f. how: acr. I -hrryon: -to meet face to face: generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to

bappen to one. Hence συν-άντησυε, ἡ, a meeting.

συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντάν. συν-αντιάζω, f. άσω, = συναντάω, to encounter.

συναντιλάβηται [d], 3 sing. sor. 2 sibj. of συν-αντιλαμβάνομοι, Dep. to lay bold of along with: to take part with, belp.

συν-αντλίω, f. ήσω, to drain along with or together; συναντλέω πόνουν τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exhaurire labores.

συν-άντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impl.; συναυτάω, to some to meet, fall in with: also to engage in battle.

συν-ἄνύτω [τ], to come to an end together with.
συν-αξιόω, f. ωσω, to join in thinking fit: generally,
to approve, allow.

our-double, is, - surplie.

our-dopos, or, Dor. for ourhopos.

over analyse, f. fee, to lead away with :- Pass. to be led energy together with or besides.

ownante, don, dr, like ounnes, all together, the whole together.

ove-troup, inf. -anifra, (if m ibo) to go away to-gether.

συν-απεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to belp in finishing. συν-απίσταμαι, Ion. for συναφίσταμαι.

συν-αποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go away along with or together: to disembark along with.

our-anobiophomus, f. -dphooppus [d]: 201. 2 -and-dpar:--to run away or escape along with.

our anotomitable, f. ou, to join in reprobating of disapproving.

συναποθένειν, 20π. 2 inf. of συναποθτήσκω. συν-αποθνήσκω, f. –αποθάνοῦ μαι: 2 – απέθδνον:—to die together with.

συν-απολογίομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to join or belp in

defending.

TW-amountpalves, to make to wither away together:

—Pass, to fade away or wither together.

Grave-amovelue, f. ou, to sweet away from a blow together.

συν-αποπήμπω, f. ψω, to send away together.
συν-απορρήγουμι, f. --phfω, to break off together.
συν-αποστερίω, f. ήσω, to belp to strip or cheat, join in robbing.

συν-αποφαίνομαι, Med. to declare together. συν-αποφέρω, to carry off along with or together. συναπτός, ή, ω, also όε, ω, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied: continuous. From

συν-άπτω, f. -άψω: aor. I συνήψα: Pass., pf. συνήμpai :- to tie or join together, unite; ouranter noba to meet; συνάπτειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes; συνάπτειν στόμα to join lips, to kies; συνάπτειν μηγανήν to frame, concert a plan; Euránteir tirl naná to fasten evil upon him. II, to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action; συνάπτειν μάχην to join 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person; συνάπτειν ξαυτόν ξε λόγους τινί to enter into conversation with a person; so συνάπτειν μύθον, etc.; also συνάπτειν λόγοισι οι els λόγους τινί (sub. δαυτόν); συνάπτειν γάμους to form an alliance by marriage. III. intrans., of lands, to border on, "e next to: to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at band. IV. Med. to reach, attain to t to take part with, contribute towards.

συνάρου, acr. 1 inf. of συναίρω.

συν-ἄρᾶρίσκω, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρηρα Att. συνάρᾶρα, to be well fitted, suit well together.

συν-δράσσε Att. -ττω, f. fω, to dash together: to dash in pieces, crush, destroy: - Pass. to be dashed in pieces; but, συναράσσεσθαι πεφαλάε to get their heads broken.

our-defense, f. -defens:—to please or satisfy together. II. impers., like Lat. placet, ouraplenses not I am content also, c. inf.

συνάρηρε, 3 sing. pf. 2 of συναραρίσκα.

er's appros, or, (e's, άρθρον) linked together: in accordance with.

συναριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count along with.

συν-άριθμος [d], οτ, (σύτ, ἀριθμός) included in a number: II. of like or equal number.

συν-αριστάω, f. ήσω, (σύν, άριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.

συν-Δριστούω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together.
συν-Δριστού, ον, (σύν, άριστον) breakfasting with.
[Δ]

aux-apμόζω Att. --τω: f. όσω Dot. όξω: Pass., aot. I συν-apμόσθην: pf. -hpμοσμα: --- to fit together, close, join exactly; συναμμόσει βλέφαρα to close the eyelids; εθχερεία συναμμόσει βροτούε to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct.

II. intr. so agree together, fit, suit.

συν-αρμολογέω, f. ήσω, to frame accurately together.
συναρμοστήκ, οῦ, δ. (συναρμόζω) οπε urbo joins together; συναρμοστήκ πολιτείας a remodeller of a state.
συν-αρμόττω, Att. for συναρμόζω.

our-apraise, fut. dow or dooμa: 201. I our homise i—to earry off or away with one:—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to bold fast together:—Med. acr. I furapracooθa, of a wrestler, to seize and hold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, eatch at. συν-αρτάω, f. ήσω: 201. I συν ήρτησα:—to bang wy with: to fasten on along with, hait together:—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.

συν-άρχω, f. fω, to rule jointly with: to be a colleague in office; δ συνάρχων a colleague.

συν-αρωγός, όν, a joint-belper.

συν-άσεβίω, f. ήσω, to join in impiety.

ove-acrises, f. from, to practice together, join in practising.

συν-ἄστοφέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, ἄστοφοι) to be unwise or foolish along with.

συν-ασ-πίδοω, f. ώσω, (σύν, ἀσπίε) to keep the elicida.
locked close together.

συν-ασπίζω: fut. low Att. εθ: (σέν, åσπές):—to bold the shields together: generally, to fight together, be comrades; συνασπίζειν τινί to be his messmate. συν-ασπιστής, οθ, δ, a fellow-coldier, comrade.

συν-ασχάλάω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.

our-articles, f. how, to be unlucky with or together, so share a person's ill luck:

ov-avalve, f. drw, to dry quite up: Pass to wither away. ov-avide, f. how, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow

eur-aulie, f. how, to accompany on the flute. Hence orwankla, h, a playing on the flute together, a concert; ξυναυλίαν κλάειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert. 2. any concert, agreemen!, fellowibip.

συν-αυλίζομαι, f. med. ίσομαι: aor. I pass, συνηνλίσθην: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, barmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in barmony with,

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αθλή) dwelling together or with; o. parly associated with madness, i. e. mad. συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. - αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together :- Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away together: -- Med.

to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 - form into a revolt. pf. -tarnea, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθήναι, sor. I inf. of συνάγω. συν-άχθομαι: fut. med. -αχθέσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: 201. I pass. -ηχθέσθην: Dep.:-- to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

our-batto, f. fo, to kill together with another. συν-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσω, to feast along with or together; συνδαίσαι γάμους τινί to share a marriage feast

with one. Hence συνδεύτωρ, opos, δ, a companion at table, messmate. συν-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite of champ together, bold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ύσω [v], to weep with or together. our banries, f. how, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δευπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

σύν-δενπνος, ον, (σύν, δείπνον) dining together: 25 Subst., σύνδειπνος, δ, a companion at table, Lat.

our-bendle, f. dow, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δεήσομαι: nor. I pass. -εδεή-One: Dep.:-to beg along with, to join in begging. σ ν-δεσμος, ό, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τά:-tbat wbich binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. gery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction: a particle.

συν-δεσμώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-prisoner.

συν-δετόε, όν, (συνδέω) bound together, bound hand and foot, Lat. constrictus. II. as Subst., σύνδε-TOV, To. a band, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together; συνδήσαι τινα to bind him band and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through at cross over together. συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans. to cross over together, Lat. trajicio. along with or together: Pass. to be so accused. συν-διαγιγνώστας, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along with, join in decreeing.

συν-διαιτάομαι, f. -διατήσομαι: Dep.: (σίν, διαιraw):—to live with or together.

συν-διαντητής, οῦ, ὁ, α joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδύνεύω, f. σω to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ήσω, to set in order together. GUV-BLAKTOPOS, b. a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω [v], to belp to reconcile:-Med. to belp to pay.

our-diamere, f. - perû, to continue with throughout. συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance along with.

our-biamoloules, f. how, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. ∸διασκέψομαι, to examine along

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to belp in preserving,

our-diatahaimopho, f. how, to endure bardibip with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθημι, f. -διαθήσω, to belp in arranging. συν-διωτρίβω [l], f. ψω, to pass one's time with or together; esp. with a master, of the Laurpates ourdiaτρίβοντεs the disciples of Socrates. to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διοίσω, to earry through or over II. to bear throughout along with or tegether, to bely in fustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερώ, to destroy with or together: -Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφυλάσσω, f. fe, to guard along with or togetber.

our-biaxenple, f. low, to take in band together, assist in managing.

our-biffeun, inf. -bififeau (elu ibo) to go through in detail along witb.

our-binuspeum, f. om, to spend the day with.

συνδιήνεικα, Ion. for - ήνεγκα, 20τ. I of συνδιαφίρω. συν-δικάζω, f. άσω, to belp to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

our-discouring, ou, o, a fellow-discost or juryman. ovvolkie, f. how, (ovvolkoe) to defend one accused, to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for or in support of anything.

σύν-δίκος, ον, (σύν, δίκη) belging one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., obrôixoe, o, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to overlyopos the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter,

2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, our-

backer.

Jume were the syndies or judges appointed to determine | sembled in council, a council-board, council :-iu N T. on conflications. II. belongin to befitting in common : Adv. gwolmen, jointly.

cor-biouche, f. how, to administer o. arrange together. .

ove-Brooms. f. - dibbount, to see through or examine

logather.

our-biometes, to play at quoits with. ove-blam, f. -bilife or -lefopal, to chase away along II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution. with. our-donder, f. -dofer and -donfore, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: ovrdonei, impers. like Lat. placet, swoonel huir we are all agreed : the neut, part, is also used absol., συνδοκούν απασιν built since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree; storbofar marpl since it seemed good to the

father also. our-Bontpale, f. aou, to test or examine along with. gw-Bofálu, £ águ, to agree in opinion.

glarify or ental jointly.

ovedofar, sor. I part. neut. of ovedonia.

www.Boulos, b, t, serving with: as Subst., our coulos,

è, a fellow-elave.

our-span, f. don [6], to do along with or together, bely or concur in doing; alua curboar to assist in shedding blood.

erv-boonds, ados, fem. at europo pos; vi europo pa-

δεο πέτραι, - συμπληγάδεο.

συν-δρομή, ή, (σύν, δούμου) a running together: a

concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ον, (σύν, δραμείν) running together, meeting; σύνδρομοι πέτραι - συμπληγάδεε. running along with, following close. Hence

guvopouss, Adv. close upon the track.

gw-866km, f. ágm, (gór, búo) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock. συν-διδάς, άδος, ή, (σύνδυο) two together, paired,

medded.

σύν-δύο, οἰ, αἰ, τά, (σύν, δύω) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. bini.

συν-δυστόχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

our-babere, of, al, ta, every tweeve, by twelves or

συνέβάλον, 20τ. 2 οξ συμβάλλα.

συν βαν, Dor. for συν ίβην, 201. 2 of συμβαίνω. συνέβην, κοι. 2 οί συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγός, Adv. quite near, close to, bard upon. συν-εγείρα, f. -εγερω, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another :- Pass. to rise together.

συνέδράμον, αστ. 2 οί συντρέχω.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδροε) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: of ourespectorres the members of a

ovvedpla, \$, (ovvedpos) a sitting together, of gregarious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

Tuvesprov, 76, (ourespoo) a number of persons as war.

the Sanbedrim. 2. a council-chamber, senate-boxes. Let. curia.

σύν-εδρος, ον, (σύν, έδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council. II. as Subst., σύνεδρος, δ. one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.

our-selecon, Ep. for our elecon

συν-είργαθον, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνείργω. συν-είργω, Ερ. for συνείργω.

συνέζευξα, 201. I of συζεύγνυμι.

συνέηκα, Ion. for συνήμα, nor. I of συνίημι. grun-ed Olim poet. grun-d Olim, to wish with or together to concur in a wisb.

συνίθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι. συναθηκάμην, sor. I med. of συντίθημι.

ove-elle, f. low, to accustom, inure, make babitual: -Pass. to become used or inured to.

guvaldivat, inf. of stroids; v. \*surelds. Hence guvelbyous, h, a joint knowledge, consciousness.

conscience. tour-elde, in acc. 2 our-elder, inf. -ldedr:--to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is our-opies, fut. our-opopus, pf. ovr-ebodica. II. pf. σύνοιδα in pres. sense. inf. owerderer: pigpt. with impf, sense overfour Att. συνήδη, Ion. 2 plur. συνηδέάτε : also fut. συνείσομαι : -to share in the knowledge, he cognisant of a thing, privy to it: part. ovreious an accomplice: To oureción = ovreionos. 2. c. dat. pers. to know the same as another; overleter lavry odd briour copds for I am conscious to myself of not being in the least wise; or in the dat., σύνοιδα ξμαύτφ ούδλν έπισταμένφ I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to bis plans or opinions.

our-dison Ep. ouredison, toenty together, by twendies, Lat. viceni.

συναλεγμένος, pf. part. of συλλέγοι

συν-αλίω, f. how, to crowd or throng together : -of persons, to bind firmly together :- Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνείληφα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω. συνείληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνα. συναθλικύστα, not. I of συνέλετα. συνείλοχα, pf. of συλλέγαι

σύν-αιμι, f. –έσομαι, (σύν, elpl sum) to be soits, be joined or united with be conversant with: overlines νόσφ-νοστώ; συνείναι μερίμναι» to be acquainted with cares: owered an apply page to be engaged in beasi-2. of persons, to baye intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with bave to do with, take part with, follow; ol ovrbree partisam, disciple

orbe-equ. (over, eigh ibo) to go or some to ether. hence to assemble, meet 2. in hostile sense, so meet in battle, engage weth: of states, to engage in 3. in peaceable sense, to come together, most to deliberate. 4..of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-είπον, ini. -ειπείν, 201. 2 οί συναγορευω οτ συμφημι, there being no pres. in use :-- to speak with any one, agree-with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to belp, further. 2. to tell along with one, belp one to tell.

συν-είργνθμι, - συνείργω.

συν-είργω Ep. -εέργω old form -έργω: Ep. impf. συνέεργον: Ep. 201. 2 συνεέργάθον: i. συνείρξω:to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι. συν-είρω, to string together, join one after another, II. intr. to string words add on without stopping. together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνείς, είσα, έν, part. 2 or. 2 of συνίημι. συν-εισάγω, f. fw, to bring in with or together. συν ασβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with. συν-εισβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εισέρχομαι, 201. 2 act. -εισήλθον, pf. -εισελήλυθα: Dep.:-to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut. without any pres. in use: v. \*συν-€ĺðω 11.

συν-ασπίπτω, £ -πεσούμαι: 20ε. 2 -έπεσον:---to fall or be thrown into along with along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together. our-atompatogue Att. - True, f. fw, to belp in exacting money from others.

συν-εισφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (eloφορά).

συν-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together. συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to cast out along with: to assist in casting out.

συν-εκβιβάζε, f. -εκβιβάσω Att. -εκβιβώ, Causal of owekfalve, to belp in bringing out.

συν-έκδημος, ον, travelling with: as Subst. a fellowtraveller.

συν-εκδίδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to belp a poor man in portioning out his daughter. συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [0], to strip off together:-Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθάνουμαι, to die along with or sogether: metaph, to fail or be exhausted together. our-exections, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to belp to steal away; συνεκκλέπτων γάμους to belp in frustrating a marriage. our-eccoulto, f. ou, to help in carrying out. to bely in bearing or supporting.

OUV-EKKORTO, L. was, to belp to cut out or away. συνέκλεισα, 201. Ι οί συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ή, όν, chosen along with or together. συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [v], to dissolve with or togetber.

συν-εκμάχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, έκ, μάχομαι) to march Out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever. συν-εκπόμπω, f. ψω, to send out together. συν-εκπεράω, f. άσω [ā], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [l], f. -πίομαι, to drink off together. συν-εκπίπτω, f. –πεσούμαι, to rusb out along II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead beat with. III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail togetber.

συν-εκπλέω lon. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. how, to bely in working out or achieving: to cooperate with.

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to belp in supplying or broviding.

GUY-EKHOTEOV OF -ed, verb. Adj. of Geveration, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. - ττω Ιοπ. - πρήσσω, £. ξω, to exact money with or together:—Med. to belp a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώζω, f. σω, to belp in preserving or delivering. συν-εκτάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange in line oc

battle order along with others. συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with

one or together.

συν-εκτίνω [t], f. -τίσω [t], to pay along with, to belp in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear un along with:-Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: aot. 2 -εξέδράμον: to run out along with, to sally out together. συνεκύρησα and συνέκυρσα, acr I of συγκυρέα.

συνέκυψα, 20τ. Ι οί συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. - εξοίσω, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνέλάβον, 201. 2 οί συλλαμβάνω. συνελάλουν, impf. of συλλάλέω.

συν-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ά]: 201. I -ήλασα Ερ. -έλασσα: pf. -ελήλακα:—to drive, force or bring together; συνελαύνειν οδόνται to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat; set to 2. intr., spide furehauver to meet in quarrel. συνελείν, σύνελεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναιρέω.

συν-ελευθερόω, r. ωσω, to join in freeing from: 2030l.

to join in freeing or delivering. συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι. συνελήφθην, 20τ. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of συνέρχομαι. συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj. of 201. I of συνελκω, οπο

must draw togetber. συν-έλκω, f. ξω: aor. I συνείλεϋσα (as if from συνελκύω):-to draw together or to a point.

draw up, contract. II. to beld to draw out. συνελών, 201. 2 part. of συναιρέα.
συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to put in along with, belp in putting in.

II. Intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint inroad. Hence συνεμβολή, ή, γι throwing in together; συνεμβολή μύτης the regular dip of all the oars together.

enripe the regular dry of all this outs logisted.

Euriper, post. for our liver, 201. 2 inf. of ourings.

Euripers.

Euripers.

συνέμιχθεν, Ερ. 3 pl. sor. I pass. of συμμίγνυμι. συνεμιπίπρημι, fut. -- μπρήσω: sor. I -- στέπρησα:

-to burn along with or together.

συν-έμπορος, σε, travelling with: as Subst., συνέμπορος, δ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορείας a partner in dancing.

συνεμπρήσαι, εστ. I inf. of συνεμπίπρημι. συνενίγκαντες, εστ. I part. pl. of συμφέρω. συν-ενείκομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.

our-evolution, to be inspired together with.
our-efayen, f. fen, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.

ove-spapes, f. how, to take out together, to help in removing: to help in taking or capturing:—Med. to take away foreibly from one.

our-stancies, f. -anobropas, to bear of a thing all together.

συν-εξάμαρτανω, .. - ωμαρτησομαι to err along with,

to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.
συν-ξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up together. 11. Pass., with 201. 2 act. -εξανίστην, pf.
-εξανίστηκα: -- to rise and come forth together.

συν-εξάπατάω, f. ήσω, to cheat along with or to-

getber.

συν-ξέωμι, (elμ ibo) to go out along with or together. συν-ξελάνω, Σ. -εξελάσω, to drive out along with or together. II. (sub. στράτον, ξυπον) to march or ride out together.

συν-ξερύω, f. σω, to draw out with or together.
συν-ξερχομαι, Dep., with 201. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf.
-εξελλινδα: (cf. ξρχομαι):—to go or come out with.
συν-ξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out or examine along with or together:—Pass. to be reckoned with or among.
συν-ξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out together.
συν-ξορμάω, f. ησω, to belp to urge on. II. intr.
to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.
συν-εοχμός, δ, poët, for συνοχμός.

συν-επάγω, f. fω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.

συν-επάδω poöt. - aelõu, to join in celebrating.
συν-επαινέω, f. έσω Ep. ήσω, to approve or advise
together: to join in advising or recommending: to
approve, agree to.

11. to join in praising.

our trauvos, or, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.

our-enalou, f. -enapo, to raise or lift at the same time II. to urge on together or also:—Pass. to its together with.

guvinauga, sor, I of guprale.

GIV-ewavidopai, f. -doopai [d], Dep. to accuse to gether, involve in a common charge with.

συν-επάκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow together, follow close.

συν-επάμύνω, f. - αμύνῶ, to join in repelling.
συν-επανίστημι, f. - στήσω, to make to rise or rebel
along with or together. Il. Pass., with nor. 2 act.
- ίστην, pf. - ίστηκα: -- to join in a revolt or rebellion.
συν-επανορθόω, f. ώσω, to join in re-establishing.
συνέπαξα, Dor. nor. I of συμπήγνυμι.

συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεφάπτομαι. συνεπέδησα, sor. I of συμπεδάω.

ove-trape, (ove, tal, dpe ibo) to go a against, join in attacking.

συν-σπεισφέρομαι, Med. to join in bringing in. συν-σπειπένω [1], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly. συν-σπελαφρένω [9], to belp to make light, to help to bear or sustain.

συν-επερίζω, f. low, to contend with.
συνίπεσον, 201. 2 of συμπίπτω.

συνεπεσπόμην, 201. 2 οί συνεφέπομαι.

overstorny, sor. 2 of overstorny.

συν-επεύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to join in a prayerto vow at the same time.
συν-επηχέω, f. ήσω, to join in a singing, your in a

chart or chorus.

συν-επιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to mount together upon. II. to enter upon along with.

συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against.
συν-επιγράφεύε, δ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk.
συν-επιθυμέω, f. ήσω, to desire along with.

our-enluques, f. - seioupas, Pass, to press upon together, to join in attacking.

συν-επικοσμέω, f. ήσω, to help to array or adors.
συν-επικουρέω, f. ήσω, to join as an ally, help to
support or relieve.

ovv-encouplin, f. low, to lighten at the same timeovv-encepholous, to move backwards and forwards together with.

συν-επλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήψομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him

our-enquaptiple, f. how, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.

συν-επιμελέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. - ήσοραι, 20τ. 1 pass. - επεμελήθην: -- to join in taking care of: to bave joint charge of: to join in providing.

συν-επιμελητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who joins in taking care
of, an associate, coadjutor.

συνέπιον, 201. 2 οί συμπίνω.

συν-επιπλέκω, f. ξω, to belp to twine or plait.

συν-επιπλίω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert. συν-επιφρώνουμι, f. -επιφρώνοι, to help to strengthem: συν-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι: pf. -επίσκεμμαι: --to examine along with or together.

συν-επισπάω, f. άσω [α], to draw on together .--

Mea. to draw along with or together: to draw to one- | use (συναγορεύω οτ σύμφημι being used instead); self, draw over to one's own views. συνεπισπέσθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, acr. s inf. and

part. of συνεφέπομαι.

συν-επισπεύδω, f. σω, to join in urging forward. συν-επίσταμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to. συν-επιστέλλω, f. -στελώ, to send with or together. συν-επιστράτεύω, f. σω, to make war together with. συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχυω, f. έσω [5], to belp to strengthen or

συν-επιτελέω, £ έσω, to join in performing or as-

complishing. συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together: -Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτρίβω [1], f. ψω, to mear away or destroy utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, δ, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλάσα, εστ. Ι οί συμπλάσσα, συνέπλεξα, 20τ. Ι οί συμπλέκω.

συν-έπομαι, εσε. 2 -εσπόμην, Dep. to follow close upon, to keep up with; not wate over to follow II. to follow with the mind, understand. συν-επόμνθμι, to swear to in addition or besides. συνέπνιξα, 20τ. Ι οί συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηξα, Ιοπ. 201. Ι οf συμπράσσα.

συν-εραστής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover. From συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert :- Med., συνepāσθαί τινι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, £ -άσομαι · pf. -είργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:-to work or labour together with another, to bely, assist or contribute 20 a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense. λίθοι ξυνειργασµèvos stones wrought for building.

συν-εργάτης [a], ov, o, a fellow-worker, partner.

colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργάτίνης [1], ου, δ, poët, for συνεργάτης. συν-εργάτιε [ά], ιδοι, ή, fem. of συνεργάτηε. συνεργέω, impl. συνήργουν, (συνεργόε) to work together with, to join or help in work: to cooperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ου, ό, port for συνεργάτης. συνεργία, ή, (συνεργόε) a joint-work, assistance, cooperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργόε, ω, (σύν, έργον) working together with another, joining or belying in work taking part in a thing, contributing towards it :- as Subst., our epyca, 5 or \$, an associate or partner in a work, a fellowworkman, a cooperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνείργαι ove-toda, f. fa, to fain in a work, cooperate with. cruv-epelbu, f. ou: sor. 1. ourhperou:-to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench: -Pass., act. I συνηρείσθην: pf. συνήρεισμαι or -ephproper to be fast bound or set firmly together.

-I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, support.

our-tothes, &, also f. a fellow-worker, belomate. συνερκτικός, ή, όν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, foreible,

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together. συνέρραξα, 201. Ι οί συρράσσα.

συνέρρηγμαι, pf. pass. of συρρήγευμι. συνέρρηξα, αοτ. Ι οί συρρήγνυμι

συνέρρωγα, pf. s latr. of συρρήγνυμι. συν-έρχομαι, £ --ελεύσομαι: 201. 2 act. --βλθον, pl. -ελήλυθα: Dep. --te go along with or together. to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle,

encounter, Lat. concurrers: of a battle, to be engaged 3. c. acc. cognato, orparelar ourelbeir to join in an expedition; συνελθείν λέχος σόν to abore thy bed. III. of things, to be joined in one, be

unitea IV. of events, to concur, coincide, bappen togetber.

συν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask questions with or at the II. to establish a point by questioning: same time. -Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνίημι, mind a mark l συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: acr. 2 -έφάγον :-- to eat togetber with

σύνεσις Att. ξύνεσις, εως, ή, (συνίημι) a joining, IL the faculty of apprehension, meeting together. judgment, understanding, intelligence. science, - συνείδησιε.

συνεσπάραξα, εστ. Ι οξ συσπάράσσα. συνεσπόμην, 201. 2 οξ συνέπομαι. συνέσταλμαι, pf. pais. of συστέλλαι συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. pl. of συνίστημι. συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συσταυρός. συνεστάλην [d], aor. 2 pass. of συστέλλα. συνεστείλα, 201. Ι οί συστέλλα. συνέστην, 20τ. 2 οί συνίστημι.

συν-εστίωω, f. άσω [ā], to entertain in one's bouse? -Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστίη, ή, (σύν, έστία) a common feast. συν-έστιος, αν, (σύν, έφτία) sharing one's bearth oc bome, living or dwelling together: as Subst., surέστιοε, δ, ή, an inmate, guest. guardian of the bearth.

συνεστώε, pf. part. of συνίστημε. συνέσχον, 201. 2 of συνέγα.

συν-έταιρος, δ, (σύν, έταίροι) a companion, pariner: comrade.

συνεταράχθην, 201. Ι ρ282. ο συνταράσσα. συνετάφην [d], aor. 2 pass. of συνθάπτου. συνετάχθην, 20τ. Ι pass. of συνταράσσα. συνετέθειντο, 3 pl. plapf. pass of συντίθημι. συνέτλαν, Dor, 201. 2 οξ συντλάσι σύνετο Ep. ξύνετο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. of ξυνίημι.

ouverbe, i, be, (ourly m) quick at apprehending, anouv-epic Att. ouv-epi, fut. without any pres. in | derstanding, intelligent, sagacious. II. pass. say

is be comprehended intelligible: neut. pl. ovrerá as | to constrain, oppress . Pass. to be constrained, dis-Adv. intelligibly.

συνετρίβην [t], aor. 2 pass. of συντρίβα.

συνετώς, Adv. of συνετός, intelligently.

cruv-sudausovia, f. how, to share in bappiness with. our-enforces, f. how, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep or lie with; δ ξυνεύdow xpóros the time which elesps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνάζω, f. σω, to make to eleep together, to marry to each other :- Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευνέτης, ου, δ, a bedfellow, busbana, consort:

fem. ovvervérus, idos, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ω, (σίν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst., σύνευνος δ, ή, a bedfellow, consort, busband or wife. our-eurage, f. -relooper, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to belp to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen, rei, to provide a part of, contribute

towards: -c. dat. pers. to assist, belp.

our-eutix is, to be fortunate along with or together. συν-εύχομαι, f. - toμαι, Dep. to prav with or together, to join in making a prayer.

our-every to feast with or together. συνέφαγον, used as aor, a of συνεσθίω.

συν-εφάπτομαι Ιου. -επάπτομαι: f. -εφάψομαι: Dep.:-to lay bold of, put band to along with or togetber, c. gen. rei. 2. C. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλκω, f. fw. 20r. I -εφείλεϋσα:--to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, ποτ. 2 - εφεσπομην Ιου. -επεσπόμην: Dep.:-to follow along with or together

συν-έφηβος, or, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. Tor vouv) to attend II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -eréotyp, pf. -epiornum:-to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2 to rise up against, attack jointly. συνέφραξα, 20r. Ι of συμφράσσω

συνεχάρην [d], sor s pess. or συγχαίρα.

συνέχεα, acr. I of συγχέω.

συνέχεια, ή, (συνεγή») a continuous series of things, continuity. 11. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχευα, Ep. aor. I of συγχέω. συνεχέως, Ion for συνεχώε.

συνεχής, έε, (συνέχω) keeping or bolding together: sontinuous, in an unbroken line: c dat. continuous with, next to, adjacent. II. of Time, continuous, continued, unceasing, unintermutting: the neut. over exes is used as Adv., - ouvexue.

our-expaire, to bate along with, for in bating

συν-έχθω, poët. for συνεχθαίρα.

συνεχύθην [8], acr. I pass. of συγχεαι

συν-έχω Att. ξυν-: L έξω: 20r. 2 συνέσχον: -- to bold or keep together: - our exertify elperlar to keep the rowers together. 2. to contain, comprise.

tressed, affected by, 4 in Pass., ouréxectas aipio to engage with spears.

ouvexas ion. -ies, Adv. of swexte, continually,

unceasingly.

συν-αφιάω, (σύν, εψιάσμαι) to play together. συνώνημαι, pf. of συνωνέσμαι.

συν-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to have their goods together: to be young together.

συν-ηβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ηβος, ον,  $(σύν, f_iβη)$  young at the same time: as Subst., σύνηβοε, δ, ή, a young friend or comrade. συνήγάγον, 2οτ. 2 οί συνάγω.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of συνάγω.

συνηγορέω, f. ήσω, (συνήγορου) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution. opp, to σύνδικος; συνηγορείν τῷ κατηγόρφ to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγορία, ή, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγορικός, ή, ών, of or for a συνηγορος or advocate; to συνηγορικόν, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public συνήγοροι while the court sat.

συν-ήγορος, αν, (σύν, άγορεύω) speaking with agree-2. supporting, on one's side, esp in a court of justice: as Subst., ourlyopos, &, an advocate. counsel for the prosecution, opp. to givoluos.

συνήδειν Att. Ευνηδη, plaps, of σώνοιδα. own86are, Ion. 2 pl. plapf. of sweller.

συν-ήδομαι : fut. -ησθήσομαι. 1 or. I - φσθην : Den.: -to rejoice together; ownbessai run to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with one's good fortune.

συνήθεια, ή, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. consuctudo. II. me, co-

tom, babit, usage. From

συν-ήθης, εε, gen. εου contr. ουυ: gen. pl. συνθέων contr συνηθών: (σύν, ήθου):— dwelling or living together, of like babits or customs, akin, well swited to; gurifing tirl well-acquainted or ingimate with him; χειρί συνήθης – χειροήθης, tame. babitual, customary: familiar.

συνηθροισμένος, pl. pass. part, of συναθροίζας. συνήθωε, Adv. of συνήθηε, customarily.

guvines, acr. I of gwings.

our-how, to have come together, to be assembled. συνήλάσα, 20τ. Ι οί συνελαύνα.

συνήλθον, εστ. 2 οί συνέρχομαι.

συν-ηλικιώτης, ου, δ, – συνήλιξ.

συν-ηλιξ, iros, δ, ή, (σύν, ήλιξ) of like or equal age. Lat. aequalis: as Subst., συνήλιξ, δ, ή, an ess ciate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνηλύσεη and συνήλυσιε, ή, (στο ρχομαι, στολεύσομαι) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ημερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, φμέρα) to pass the day with or together, to live with.

Townstooving, 4, union, connexion: in plur. cove- | put together, feigned, forged. nants, solemn promises. From

συνήμων, or, gen. oros, (συνίημι) joined together,

united: a companion.

our-hopes Dor. and Att. our-dopes, or, (our, alepla) banging together, linked with, wedded to: as Subst., evrhopoe, b, h, a consort, a busband or a wife. συν-ηπεροπεύω, f. σω, to join in cheating or tricking. συν-ηρετέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, έρετή») = συνηρετμέω.

our-normiles, f. how, to row with: generally, to

work or ply with, be friends with.

συνηριφίω, f. ήσω, to throw a shade over. From συν-προφής, έε, (σύν, ερέφω) thickly shaded, cover-

ed over.

συν-ήριθμος, σν, poët. for συνάριθμος.

συνήρπάκα, pf. of συναρπάζω. ourhomaca, sor. I of ouraprofa.

συνήρτημαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.

συνηυλίσθην, 201. Ι οί συναυλίζομαι.

συνήρων, impf. of συνεράω. συν-ησσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι, Pass. to be conquered or overcome together.

συν-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to sound or ring together.

συνήχθην, 201. I pass. of συνάγω.

συνήψα, sor. I of συνάπτω.

συνθωκέω, f. ήσω, to sit with or together, to sit in conneil with, take counsel with. From

σύν-θάκος, ov, sitting with or together. 2. sbaring in, partaking of.

συν-θαμβίω, to be astounded along with.

σεν-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm with or together: metaph. to soothe by flattery.

συν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury with or together :- Pass.

to be buried with or together.

συν-θεάομαι, f. -άσομαι [a], Dep. to view together, to see a speciacle together. 2. to examine together. examens serefully. Hence

συνθέξετης, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-spectator or looker on. συν-θεάτρια, ή, fem. of συνθεατής.

συνθείς, 201. 2 part. of συντίθημι.

συν-θίλω, poet, for συνεθίλω.

σύνθεμα, ατος, τό, poët. for σύνθημα.

συνθέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.

σύνθεο. Ep. for σύνθον, 2 or. 2 med, imperat. of συντίθημι.

συνθεσία, ή, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plur. injunctions, instructions.

σύνθεσιε, ή, (συντίθημι) a putting together, compounding, composition; σύνθεσιε γραμμάτων a combination of letters. II. metaph. an agreement, preaty, covenant; cf. guvbhan.

συνθετικός, ή, ω, (συντίθημι) skilled in putting togetber.

σύνθετο, Ep. for συνέθετο, 3 sing. nor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, or, also η, or, (συντίθημι) put together, compounded of parts, compound: complex.

III. metaph. agreed upon, covenanted; in swelton by agreement, Lat. en compacto.

our-blue, f. -belicopai, to run along with, to run together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet. our-desplue, f. how, to contemplate together: to go to a spectacle togetber.

συνθήκη, ή, (συντίθημι) a putting together. an agreement, arrangement; in plur. articles of

agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα ατος, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put together. II. anything agreed upon, a preconcerted signal: generally, a token, sign. word, Lat. tessera. 3. an agreement, covenant, engagement. Hence

συνθημάτιαλος, α, αν, agreed upon: bargained for. συνθηράτης, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-bunter. From

συν-θηράω, f. άσω [d], to bunt with or together:-Med. to eateh together :- Pass. to be eaught and bound together.

συνθηρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, = συνθηρατής. From συν-θηρεύω, = συνθηρέ · to bunt together :- Pass. to be found out to be.

σύν-θηρος, ον, (σύν, θήρα) bunting with or in company: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θιασώτης, ον, δ, a partner in the blacoe or sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f. άσω [d], to crush along with or together. συν-θλίβω [1], f. ψω, to press together, compress. συν-θνήσκω: f. -θάνοθμαι: aor. a -ίθάνον, inf. -Oaveir:—to die with ot together.

συν-θοινάτωρ [ā], ορος, δ, (σύν, θοινάω) a partaker of the same feast, a fellow-banqueter.

συν-θράνοω, f. ωσω, to break in pieces, shiver. συν-θραύω, f. σω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver. σύν-θρηνος, or, mourning with or together.

σύν-θρονος, or, sitting on the same seat or throne with: ruling jointly.

criv-Opoos, or, sounding with, in parmony with. to enervate, weaken.

συν-θύω, f. -θύσω [v], to offer sacrifice along with. συνίδειν, 201. 2 inf. of \*συνείδω.

συνία [1], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συνίημι. συντέμεν, Ep. for συνιέναι, inf. pres. of συνίημι. σύνζεν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συνίημι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, f. ήσω, to join in sacrifice with. ouv-Lava, to settle down, collapse, shrink. sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to bold a

our-linus Att. Eurinus [for the quantity, see linus]: impf. συνίην οι συνίειν: f. συνήσω οι συνήσομαι: aot. I συνήκα: pf. συνείκα:-also (as if from συνιέω) 3 pl. pres. συνιούσι, inf. συνιείν, imperat. furles, inf. συνιέμεν; 3 sing. impf. ourles, 3 pl. furleour Ep. furler; also (as if II. from ourle) impf. 3 pl. fúrior; 201. I furéque: 201. 2

imperat. fives; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. fivero, 3 pl. subj. συνώμεθα:—to send, bring or set together, Lat. II. metaph, to perceive, bear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know. Med to come to an understanding about a thing.

συνίμεν, Ep. for συνιέναι, inf. of σύνειμι (εξμι ibo). [7] συνιοθου, 3 pl. pres. of συνίημι, as if from συνιέω. guv-lathapyos, b, a joint commander of borse.

gue-versebs, leve, b, a fellow-rider or borseman, a

fellow-huight.

σύντσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of σύνειμι (είμι ibo), they II. Ep. 3 pl. plapf. of evenda, went together. they shared in the knowledge.

συνίσασι, 3 pl. of σύνοιδα.

σύνισθι, imperat. of σύνοιδα. σύνισμεν, I pl. of σύνοιδα.

συν-ίστημι, impl. συνίστην: f. συστήσω: 201. Ι owlerned:-to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, at-2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert to-3. to bring together as friends, introduce, recommend: to advise one to do. 4. to produce, exhibit, represent to one. 5. to make firm or solid, II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. our cornv: pl. συνέστηκα, part. συνεστηκών contr. συνεστώς, Dog, in, log, our corein, enou, ein:—to stand together, stand in close order: also to stand one's 2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., oureory notar των στρατηγών when the generals were in dispute. 3. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together; το ξυνιστάμενον οι το συνεστηκύε, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or al-4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing. 5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to bold together, endure, continue. & 6. to be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ίστωρ, opos, δ, ή, knowing also or along with, conscious of a thing; beal ovvictopes the gods are

soitnesses.

συν-ισχναίνα, to belp dry up: metaph. to join with

in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. ίσω Ait. ιω, to belp to strengthen. συνιών, Ion. for συνιείε, pres. part. of συνίημι. ouv-value, to dwell along with or together. our-vacou, f. fo, to pack tight together. συν-ναυβάτης, ου, δ, a shipmate. [a] συν-ναύκληρος, or, a joint owner of a vessel. συν-ναυμάχέω, to engage in a sea-fight along with. συν-ναυστολέω, f. ήσω, to be shipmate with another.

eur-vauting, ou, o, a shipmate. συν-νεάζω, f. σω, to spend one's youth or be young with.

συννενίσται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of συννέω.

συν-νεύω, f. σω, to bend together: also, 2. intr. to incline to the same point, converge. II. to seems to or approve by a nod, consent."

our-vicator, er, (our, receive) cloudy, overcast. συννεφέω, f. ήσω, to collect clouds. II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. ourredel, it is cloudy. III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From συν-νεφής, is, (σύν, νέφου) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νήσω: pf. pass. συννένημαι, Ion. 3 pl. συννενέάται:-to pile or beap together, beap up. συν-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -foμαι, Dep. to swim together with. our-vixae, f. how to bave part in a victory with.

transit. to belp in conquering. our-volu, f. how, to think upon together, to think over, meditate or reflect on : also in Med. Hence σύννοια Ion. -οίη, ἡ, meditation, thought: anxious tbought, trouble. 2. consciousness.

guv-vouobertes, f. how, to be a joint-langiver. σύν-νομος, αν, (σύν, νέμω) feeding or berding together, consorting:—metaph. consorting with. partaking or sbaring in a thing: hence, Subst., σύννομος, ό, ή, one who lives with, a consort; of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, companion, congener.

giv-voos, or Att. contr. -vovs, ove, thinking deeply. thoughtful, anxious.

our-vocion, i. how, to be ill together or along with. σύν-νους, ουν, contr. for σύννοος.

συν-νυμφοκόμος, αν, belping to deck a bride. συν-οδεύω, f. σω, to journey along with. Hence ovvobla, h, a journey in company, II. a sarty of travellers, a caravas.

συν-οδίτης, ου, δ, a fellow-traveller. guvoboumopées, f. how, to travel together. And συνοδουπορία, ή, a travelling together. From ouv-oboumbpos, b, a fellow-traveller.

 $\sigma \dot{\mathbf{u}} \mathbf{v}$ -odos,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $-\sigma \mathbf{v} \mathbf{v}$  odou $\mathbf{v} \dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{e}$ . σύν-οδος, ή, a coming together, assembly, meeting: also an association. 2. in hostile sense, a meeting of two armies, engagement, Lat. concursus. 3. of things, a coming together; xpn parar obrodoc a coming in of money, income, like uposocial. meeting, joining, junction.

ouv-order, pf., with pres. sense, of conveign, q. v. συν-οικαιόω, f. ώσω, to bind one to another by time

of friendsbip.

our-ouries, f. how: pf. - frame --- to desell or true together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country, to dwell together, form a community: of persons, so live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed: metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery. to make to dwell in together: in Pass., of a country. to be thickly peopled. Hence

ovolkypa, aros, to that with which one lives : 6. άχαριτώτατον a most unpleasant bouse-male. συνοίκησιε, ή, (συνοικίω) a dwelling or living to

gether: wedded life, marriage. συνοικήτωρ, opos, ό, ή. (συνοικέω) one that lives mich. owoucla Att. Euroucla, f. (ourourles) a living sogether. 2. a body of people living together, a community.

II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to olnia, as Lat. insula to domus (a house occupied by one family).

2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

orwolma (sub. lepá), rá, (owrousles) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, colo-

brated on the 17th of Boëdromion.

over-outies, f. low Att. is, to make to live with: to give in marriage.

2. to make to live together, to join in one city; furounious rip McBov de rip Mura-Myrry to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytlens.

II. to join in peopling or colonising a country.

ovvolutous, h, a making to live together, joining un-

der one city as a capital.

συνουκιότηρ, ηροέ, δ, (συνοικίζω) one subo joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build with or together:--

Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, olkiw) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., ξύνοικου άλλαγῆ βίου associated with change of life

συν-οικουρός, όν, keeping bouse together: metaph., συνοικουρόε κακῶν a partner in mischief.

ouv-ourrise, f. low Att. in, so pity along with or

together.
ovvolou, fut. of ovuplea, med. ovvolouu.

συν-ολισθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλομ: f. -ολέσω Att. -ολώ: to destroy along with on together:—Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with on together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. fω, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-ολος, or, also η, or, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλως. Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίμων, or, gen. oros, (σύν, δμαιμας) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., συνομαίμων, δ, ή, a brother, sister.

συν-ομάλιξ, Dor. for συν-ομήλιξ.

συν-ομαρτίω, i. ήσω tofollow along with, attend spon. συν-ομηλιξ Dor. -ομάλιξ, iros, δ, ή, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομίλέω, f. ήσω, to converse or associate with.

con-όμνθμι or -ύω: f. -ομόσω: aot. I -ώμοσα:-to swear along with or together, to join in a league
or confederacy, to form league or conspiracy.
It to swear to one, promise by oath; συνομόσαι θάνατον
των to join in swearing death against a man.

συν-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually.

II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, ε. ήσω, (σύν, δμοροε) to border or abut

συν-οπάδος, όν, following along with, attending on. σύν-οπλος, ον, (σέν, δπλον) armed together, allied. συν-ορόω, ε. συνόψομα (as if from συν-όπτομαι): act. 2 συνείδον, inf. συνέδειν (as if from συν-είδω):— to see together or at the same time.

II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. -loopai: sor. I pass. συνωργίσθην: Dep.:--to be angry along with or together.

σύν-ορθρος, ov, dawning together with.

grow-opives [1], to stir up together or wiclently:—Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, δρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάε, άδος, ή, (σύν, όρμή) clashing together. συνόρμενος, Ερ. 20τ. 2 pass. part. of συνόρνυμ.

συν-ορμίζω, f. low, to bring to anchor together.
συν-ορνόμι, - συνορίνω: Ep. 20c. 2 pass. part. συν-

όρμετοε, having started or set forth together.
σύν-ορος Ion. σύνουρος, ον, hardering on; πόνις
πηλοῦ κάσιε ξύνουρος dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, δροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ουρος, ων, Ion. for συνοροε.

over-over a lon. -ln, h, (from overhr, overloa, part. of overhi) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society.

II. a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who were with.

a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. bolding together.

συν-οχμόε, δ, Ερ. συνεοχμόε, = συνοχή, junction. σύνοχοε, ον, (συνέχω) beld together: metaph.

agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for συνόκωχα, cp. intr. pt. of συνέχω, to be beld together, come together; ώμω ἐπὶ στήθοε συνοχωκότε shoulders contracted over the chest:

συνόψομαι, fut. of συνοράσι

σύνταγμα, ατοε, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent. 2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκηναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of συντήκω.

συντακτίον, verb. Adj. of συντάσσω, one must are france.

ouv-ralaumuphu, t. hou, to endure bardships togother, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for συντέμου.

συν-τῶνύω, — συντείνω, to bring together into one.
σύνταξες, εως, ή, (συντάσσω) a putting together in
order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete
array: hence
2. order, arrangement: organisation, system.
3. a body of troops
4. in Gramme

the combination of words and sentences, syntax, a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. = overayua, a contingent of soldiers. rate of remuneration.

συν-τάράσσω Att. -ττω: L. fw: 20τ. Ι -ετάραξα: Pass., aor. I -εταράχθην: pl. -τετάραγμαι:-- to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare: to trouble, confound, perplen, disquiet: - Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion: to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. for: sor. I -trafa: Pass., BOK. I -eraxonr: pl. -rérayua: :- to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array: also to draw up or bring into line along with 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere: to regulate, ordain: to command. II. Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to. 3. metaph. to be collected or drawn up with. firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. Med, to put themselves in order of battle, form in 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree 4. to take leave of, bid farewell. together, bargain. συν-τάχύνω [Ū], to belp to urge on, burry. ints. to basten, basten to an end,

συντεθραμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρέφα.

συν-τείνω, pf. -τέτακα, pass. -τέταμαι:--to stretch together, strain, draw tight: metaph. to exert, strain: Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

overtaxiles, f. low Att. in, to belo to build a forti-

συν-ταιμαίρομαι, 20τ. Ι -ετεκμηράμην: Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

crov-recvonorse, f. how, to breed chilaren with another.

ovy-recebe, f. wow, to belp in breeding: also to breed.

συν-τελίθω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντίλαια, ή, (συντελήε) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. IL at Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συντέλεθι. III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. έσω: pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι:—to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complace, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute equally; surreled ele tor nolenor to payeall alike towards the war. 2. ourreless els role invest to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights; hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body: esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συντελής, έε, (σύν, τέλος) paying joint tanes, con-Wibering one's chare; overship would the city which Hence

2. belonging II. | bad to pay its share of the penalty. to the same συντέλεια or company. 3. tributary A. a settled to another's state.

> συν-τέμνω Ion. -ταμνω: fot. -τεμώ: 20τ. 2 -έτεμον: —to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down, cut short, Lat. concidere: metaph. to sut short, abridge, curtail. III. intr. (sub. 686r), to make a short cut: (sub, horor), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely: τοῦ χρόνου συντάμυοντος as the time became sbort.

our-reperies, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, ον gen. ονος, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on. συντεταγμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, ist an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντετάμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σωντείνω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμαι, pf. pass. οι συντάρασσω. συντετίλεσμαι, pf. pass. of συντελέα.

συντέτηκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκω. συν-τετραίνω: f. -τρήσω: 20τ. I -έτρησα: pt. pass. - rétphyau:-to bore through so as to meet, to perforate: - Pass. to be connected by openings or chan-II. metaph., συντετραίνειν μύθον δι' ώτουν

to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply. συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβο

συντετρίφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω. σύν-τεχνος, δ, ή, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art: as Subst., σύντεχνος, δ, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήκω, f. fw: 201. I -trnfa:--to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down. dissolve by melting, make to waste eway. συντήκομαι, 201. Ι συνετήχθην: 201. 2 συνετάκην [d]: with pf. act. intrans. swrerpm:-to melt away.

dissolve, disappear.

συν-τηρίω, f. ήσω, to watch closely; to preserve, heep safe: keep in mind. 2. to watch one's opportunity. συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:- to place or put together, to add together. 2. to put together so as so form a whole, frame, construct: to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put together in one, units, comprehend. II. Med. συντίθεμαι: 20τ. Ι συνεθημάμην: 20τ. 2 συνεθέμην: —to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take beed to; or de over do thou take beed, in order, organise. 3. to agree on, conclude: to covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to value together :- Med. to £2 an estimate: - Pass. to increase in value, rise in price. συν-τινάσσω, f. fa, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concestere: to com-

fuse, confound.

συν-τυτρώσκω, ξ. -τρωσω, to wound in many places. \*συν-τλάω, soc. 2 συνέτλην, to senture together. ourtours, er, (eurtquer) and off, and abort: metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, exercises bbbs a short cut; overopieraror or rd overopier rara, by the shortest est. 3. concise, brief, abort

συντόμως, Adv. concisely, shortly: Comp. - ώτερον and -wrepos: Sup. -wrata and -wrates.

σύντονος, ον, (συντείνω) on the stretch, strained 2. metaph. intense, excessive: of persons, earnest, serious, vebement: neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. earnestly, vebemently. ΙΙ. (σύν, τόνοε) in barmony or unison with.

συν-τράγφδέω, f. ήσω, to act tragedy together.

συν-τράπεζος, ον, (σύν, τράπεζα) eating at the same table: as Subst., συντράπεζος, δ, ή, a messmate.

σύν-τραε, ol, al, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρείε) three to-

gether, three and three. συν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed besides, belp to feed: -Pass. to grow up together, live together. of liquids, to congeal:-Pass. to be congealed, freeze. συν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι, or more commonly -δράμουμαι: 201.2 - έδραμον: to run together, gather together: to commingle. 2. of enemies, to rush tog ether, meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere. as friends, to come together, agree . generally, to concur, coincide. A. to meet with. 5. to run or

συντρήσαι, 20r. I inf. of συντετραίνω.

sbrivel up.

συν-τριαινόω, f. ωσω, (σύν, τρίαινα) to overthrow with a trident: generally, to overwhelm in ruin.

συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίβω [ί]: f. ψω: aor. 1 - έτριψα: Pass., aor. 2 -ετρίβην [l]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:-to rub together to crush, grind down, shiver to atoms, Lat. conterere; συντρίβειν τα ναθε to stave the ships in: Pass., συντριβηναι τη κεφαλή to bave one's head broken. metaph. in Pass. to run against, clash with.

συντριηραρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a συντριήραρχοι. From συν-τριήραρχος, δ, a partner in fitting out a trireme.

σύντριμια, ατοι, τό, (συντριρω) a fracture, destruc-II. a stumbling-block, offence.

σύντριψ, 1βοε, ό, ή, (συντρίβω) shattering, smash-

ing; of a lubber-fiend that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, ή, a being reared together; a brood.

σύντροφος, ον, (συντρέφω) brought up together with: of the same origin as. 2. generally, living with: familiar, ordinary, common: of animals, brought up together. 3. natural, usual, common. ast., σύντροφοε (whe belping to preserve lif

συν-τροχάζω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι: 201. 2 -έτθχον:-- to neet with, fall in with: to converse, speak with: 8 συντυχών, like ὁ τυχών, the first that meets one, any one: τὸ συντυχόν the first thing that comes to hand, anything common or mean. II. of accidents, to bappen to, befal: absol. to bappen, fall out, chance; « ξυντυχύντων if things should go well: impers., συνετόγχανε, συνέτυχε it bappened that ..

συν-τυμβωρύχω, f. ήσω, to belp in robbing graves. συν-τύραννοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to join in slaying tyrants. | of a worm or snake.

συν-τυρόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, τυρόε) io make into cheese together, hence to concoct, Lat. concoquer συντύχειν, 20τ. 2 inf. of συήτυγχάνω

συντύχία Ion. -ίη, ή, (συντυχείν) απ occurrence, incident: a conjuncture, bappy chance, bappy even · also a mischance, accident.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. to play a part along with: to belp in maintaining a character.

συν-υποτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to belp in putting under: Med. to belp in composing.

συν-υπουργέω, f. ήσω, to join in serving or assisting. συν-υφαίνω, aor. I -ύφηνα [υ]: aor. I pass. -υφάνby:-to weave together: metaph. to combine as in one web, frame cunningly.

συν-ωδίνω [l], to be in travail together: to share in

any agony.

συν-φδός, όν, (σύν, φίδή) singing or sounding in unison: echoing or responsive to: metaph. according with, in unison with.

συνώκησα, aor, I of συνοικέω.

συνώμεθα, I pl. sor. 2 med. subj. ot συνίημι.

συνωμοσία, ή, (συνόμνυμι) a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy: confederacy.

συνωμότης, ου, δ. (συνδμινιμι) one sobo is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate. συνώμοτος, ον. (συνόμουμι) leagued or banded by

oath: confederate.

συν-ωνέομαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. pass. -εάνημαι: Dep.: -to buy together: to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay. II. to buy up, Lat. coëmere: pf, also in pass. sense, δ συνεονημένος σίτος corn bought up. συν-ώνυμος, ον. (σύν, δυυμα Acol. for δυομα) of like name or meaning

συνωριαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συνωριε) one subo drives a

pair-borsed chariot

συνωρίζω, f. σω, (συνωρίε) to yoke together :---Med. to link with oneself.

συνωρίκεύομαι, Dep. to drive a συνωρίε. From συνωρίε, ίδοε, ή, (συνάοροε) a pair of borses or mules, a two-borse chariot. II. generally, a pair or couple of anything, Lat. biga. III. that which binds together, a pair of fetters.

συν-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to join in beloing: absol. to be of use, assist together: - Pass. to derive profit together.

συνωφρυωμένος, pf. part. of συνοφρυόο μαι.

συν-ωχάδον, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, perpetually, continually: continuously.

σύο-κτάσία, ή, (σῦε, κτείνω) a slaying of swine. σύο-φόντης, ου, δ, (σῦε, \*φένω) a slayer of swine.

συο-φόντιε, ιδοε, ή, fem. of συοφόντηε. Σύρα, ή, fem. of Σύροε, a Syrian woman,

Συράκουσαι [ā], al, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συρά-

Kogal, Syracuse. Hence Σύρακούσιος, α, ον, Ion. Σύρηκ-, Dor. and Att.

Σύρδκόσιος, Syracusan. σύρ-γαστρος, ὑ, (σόρομαι, γαστήρ) trailing the veny,

σέρδην, Adv. (σύρω) rusbing furiously.

Zopla, 1, (Zúpoe) the land of the Syrians, Syria. συρίγμα, ατοι, τό, (σύριττω) the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound.

supergubs, b, (suplition) the sounding of a pipe, a

piping, whiteling.

σθριγέ, εγγοε, ή, a shephera's pipe, Pan's-pipe. anything in shape like a pipe, as, I. a spearease. 2. the bose or bole in the nave of a subsel. metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

TYPIZΩ Att. συρίττω Dor. συρίσδω: fut. -κω Att. - Κομαι: aor. I ἐσύριξα later ἐσύρισα, inf. συρίsas:—to play on the Pan's pipe (σῦριγξ). to make a piping, mbistling sound: hence to biss an actor, Lat. emplodere.

Zepuq-yerly, és, (Zupla, yéros) Syrian-born.

στρικτές, ά, δ, Dor. for συριστής, οθ.

Zúpeos, a, or, (Zúpos) Syrian.

στρίσθα, σύρισθες, Dor. for συρίζα, συρίζαι.

σύρισμα, ατοι, τό, - σύριγμα. συριστήρ, ήροε,  $δ_1 = συριστήε$ .

συριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συρίζω) a player on the Pan's tipe (σύριγέ), a piper.

ριστί, Adv. (Σύροε) in the Syrian language.

συρίττω, f. ifω, = συρίζω, q. γ.

ppa, aroe, τό, (σύρω) anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train.

συρμαία Ion. -alη, ή, (συρμόε) an emetie or purgathe draught, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt water. whence the radish itself is called συρμαίη. Hence

συρμαίζω, f. σω, to take an emetie or purge.

συρμάς, άδος, ή, (σόρω) anything swept together,

refuse, rubbish.

crupuos, 6, (cropa) any sweeting or trailing motion, Lat. tractus, the track of meteors, etc. which is dragged along, a trail. III. a vomiting. purging.

σύρουσα, Dor. for σύρουσα, part. fem. of σύρω. Zupos, o, Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called

Ζύρα, ή, and in the Odyssey Συρίη.

Σύρος, δ, a Syrian. [δ]

Σύρο-φοίνιξ, Ικοε, ό, (Σόροε, Φοινικη) α Syrophoenician: fem. Σύροφοίνισσα, a Syrophoenician woman. συρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew or stitch together, sew up. συρ-ράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, = συρρήγουμι in intr. sense, to dash together, clash together, fight with, Lat. confligere.

oup-plie, f. fee, to sacrifice together.

συρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -spoint :-- to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together.

συρ-ρήγνυμι or - w: f. -ρήfw: aor. I συνέρρηfa: Pass. acr. 2 συνερράγην [a]: pf. συνέρρηγμα, but also pf. 2 intr. our epporya: - to break to pieces: oupplifa de le to break up and make into one: metaph. in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings. II. Pass. | together.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 ownfaperya): to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together; of tivers, to run into one another: of war, to break out. συρ-ριζόομαι, Pass. (σύν, βιζόω) to have the root, united: to take root together with.

Σύρτιε, ιδοε, ή, (σύρω) a sand-bank in the set: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor.

 $\sigma \circ \rho \circ \Delta \xi$ , āxos,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \circ \rho \circ \sigma) = \sigma \circ \rho \circ \rho \circ \tau \circ s$ . swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous.

συρφετός, δ, (σύρω) anything swett together, refuse, litter, rubbish, Lat. quisquiliae. II. metaph. a mixed crowd, mob, rabble.

ΣΥΡΩ [v]: f. σύρω: 201. 1 ἐσθρά: pf. σέσυρα: Pass., acr. a louppy [v]: pl. olouppa:-to draw, drag, trail along: to drag by force, force away. bale: generally, to sweep away.

ITZ, & and \$, gen. obie, acc. our: nom. pl. otes, acc. ovas contr. ove, dat. ovoi Ep. overou:-Lat. SUS, - be, a swine, pig, whether bog or boar, or som; σθε κάπριοε a wild boar.

συ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκηδάσω, to toes all about. ov-orcevalu, f. dow, to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, pri-II. Med. to pack up pare: to contrive, concert. one's own baggage, and generally to pack up: part. pf. pass. oureonevacuéros or ovonevacapameros all packed up, in marching order. 2. to prepare, make 3. to contrive, concert. ready, provide.

nexally, to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together. Hence ovorcevisola, h, a packing up, getting ready, for a

iourney or march.

συ-σκευοφορίω, f. how, to carry baggage together. συ-σκευωρέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to contrine, desix, concert.

ov-orchyle, f. how, to live in the same tent or house with another, to lodge together: to mess with any one. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ήροε, ό, one who lives in the same test, a messmate, Lat. contubernalis.

συσκηνήτρια, ή, fem. of συσκηνητήρ.

συσκηνία, ή, (σύσκηνοε) a dwelling in one tent: of soldiers, a messing together.

συσκήνιον, τό, a common meal, of the Lacedsemonians. From

σύ-σκηνος, αν, (σύν, σκηνή) living in one tent: 🖴 Subst., σύσκηνος, δ, a messmate, comrade, Lat. extubernalis. Hence

συ-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, = <math>συσκηνίω.

συ-σπάζω, f. άσω, to throw a shade quide oper, to cover entirely.

eri-onnos, or, (oir, omá) shaded over, shaded. συ-σκοπέω, to contemplate along with α together. ov-onorație, f. dou, to grow or become dark: impers., συσκοτάζει it grows dark.

ov-ourspanista, i. ou, to look ead or gioung

ov-outogood Att. - Tru, f. fo, to rend in pieces. συ-σπάω, f. άσω [α], to draw or squeeze together: of skins, to sew together.

συ-σπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπείρα, to be coilea up together: of soldiers, to be formed in close order: to march in close order.

ov-onelow, to som or sprinkle together.

συ-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to join in making a libation :- Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc. συ-σπεύδω, f. σω, to join in bastening or promoti--. to lend a belping band.

συ-σπλαγχνεύω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγχνα) to bup .o the flesh of the victim at a sacrific

σύσπονδος, ον, (σύν, στονδή) making a libation with: joining in the same treaty.

σν-σπουδάζω, f. άσω, to make baste along with or together, to be in earnest about a thing, to pursue or manage zealously together.

over-order, f. ou, to shake together: to make to quiver or tremble.

συσ-σημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαινώ) to join me

sealing and signing.

σύσ-σημος, or, (σύν, σημα) marked in common: as Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.

GUGGTTEM, f. how, (GUGGTTOS) to eat or mess with: to eat or mess together. Hence

συσσίτησιε, εωε, ή, = συσσιτία: ana

συσσιτία, ή, a messing together or in common. a club or mess.

συσσίπιον, τό, (συσσιτέω): I. in pl. a common meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together according to the institution of Lycurgus. II. a diningroom, ball.

σύσ-σττος, σν, (σύν, σττέω) sating together with or in common: as Sabet, σύσσιτος, ό, a messmate.

συσ-σώζω, f, σω, to belp to save or deliver

σύσ-σωμος, ον, (σύν, σώμα) united in one body. συσ-σωφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be a partner in tem-

συστάβον, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close together: of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. cominus.

συστάθειε, aor. I pass. part. of συνίστημι. συστάλείε, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.

συ-στάσιάζω, f. άσω, to join in sedition, be factious spith. Hence

συστάσιαστής, οῦ, ο, one woo takes part in a sedition, a fellow-rioter.

σύστασιε, ή, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together, meeting: in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, bat-He: σύστασιε γνώμης a conflict of mind. union, association, club. 3. metaph. ..ernness,

barsbuss, rigour. συ-στασιώτης, ου, δ, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of

the same party, a partisan.

συστάτικος, ή, ίν, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing together, introductory, commendatory; if overatury ἐπιστολή a letter of introduction.

συ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to crucify along with.

ov-overable, f. dow, to cover together or entirely. συ-στάλω, f. -στελώ: aor. I -έστειλα: pf. act. -έσταλκα, pess. –έσταλμαι:—to draw together, draw in: hence to shorten sail. 2. to draw in, contract, compress, condense: -Pass. to be contracted, get smaller; συστέλλεσθαι els εθτέλειαν to be drawn in towards economy, i. e. to retrench: so also in pf. pass. part. συνεσταλμένος, drawn in, brought into narrow compass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, bumble, abase:-Pass. to be lowered or cast down. wrap closely up, sbroud, veil:-Med., συστέλλεσθαι θολμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one; συστέλλεσθαι ἐαυτόν to gird up one's loins; so act. 2 pass. part. ovoralele ready for action. Gramm. to use a syllable short.

συ-στενάζω, f. ξω, to sigh or grown with.

συ-στεφανόω, f. ώσω, to crown along with or together. σύστημα, aros, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put together, a composite whole; a composition; a college, assembly

συ-στοιχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, στοίχοι) to stand in the same row or line with: to be coordinate or in conformity with, to correspond to.

συ-στολίζω, f. ίσω, - συστέλλω, to put together, fa-, II. to units.

συστράτεία, ή, a common campaign or expedition. From

συ-στράτευω, f. -εύσω; also as Dep. συστρατεύομαι, f. -εύσομαι:--to make a campaign, serve along with or together, to join or share in an empedition, συστράτηγέω, f. ήσω, to be the fellow-general of.

συ-στράτηγος, a fellow-general, joint commander.

συ-στράτιώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-soldier.

συ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, Dep. to encamp along with. συ-στρέφω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. 2 συνεστράφην [a]: pf. συνέστραμμαι:—to twist or coil up together, roll into a mass, Lat. conglobare; generally, to collect in one, combine: of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid body; συστρέφειν έαυτόν to rally or collect oneself: -Pass. to be united in one body, combine: to club togetber, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress. condense, make terse or concise; συνεστραμμένη λί-Eus a rounded, periodic style. IL to twist or whirl round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all together, to make wheel round. Hence

συστροφή, ή, a rolling up together, winding into II. any dense or compact mass: a body of men, a crowd, Let. globus: a coming together, .

gathering.

συ-σφάζω, f. fa: aor. 2 pass. συνεσφάγην [d], inf. συσφαγήναι:-to slay along with or together. συ-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to lace or bind close together.

συ-σχημάτίζω, f. σω to conform one thing to another: - Pass. to be conformed to another's ex-

συ-σχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leieure with or toge!ber.

σύτο [4], Ep. for έσσϋτο, 3 sing. plops. (with acr. sense) of σεύω.

συφειός, d, lengthd. form for συφείο.

συφεία, δ, (σῦε) α hog-sty; συφείνδε = els οτ πρὸε συφεία, to the sty. συφόρβιον, τό, (σῦε, φέρβω) α herd of swins.

ση φορβόε, δ, (σῦε, φέρβω) - ὑφορβώε, a swine-

σύφος, α, ον, Λeol. for σοφίε

TTXNO Z, ή, όν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together.

2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, summerous, frequent.

3. the dat. συχνώ is often for better.

4. neut. συχνω and συχνώ as Adv. often, much.

σφάγειον, τό, (σφαγήται) a bowl for catching the blood of the wictim in sacrifices.

II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself

σφάγείε, aor. 2 pass. part. of σφάζω.

σφάγούs, έως, δ., σφά(ω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: δ σφαγεύε ξστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σφάγή, ή, (σφα-ήναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαί τυρός the sacrificial fire. 2. a wound. II. the throat, Let. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγιάβομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice.

II. more rarely an Act. σφαγίαθε occurs in the same sense, whence act. I part. σφαγιασθείε as Pass., baving been sacrificed.

σφάγιασμός, δ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δούλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from eq. [8]

σφάγιος, or, also α, or, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing:

killing, deadly.

σφάγιε, ίδοε, ή, (σφάζω) a sacrificial knife: generally, a knife.

XAΛ XΩ, f. σω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence σφάδασμός, δ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάξω: aor. 1 έσφαξα: Pass., aor. 1 έσφαζθην: aor. 2 έσφάγην [ά]: fut. σφάγησομα: pl. έσφαγμα:—to slay by cutting the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΓΡΑ, as, ή, a ball, esp. a ball to play with; σφαίρη παίζειν to play at ball; σφαίραν ρίντειν to toss the ball about.

2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηθόν, Adv. (σφαίρα) like a globe or ball, σφαιριζω, f. (σω, (σφαίρα) to play as ball, σφαιρικός, ή, όν, (σφαίρα) like a ball, spherical: \*\* σφαιρικά she science of the spheres, astronomy, σφαιριον, τό, Dim. of σφαίρα, a small ball, σφαιριστής, οθ, θ, (σφαιρίζω) a ball-player,

oparpo-adhe, le, (opaïpa, eldos) ball-like, glebular, spberical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρόω, f. ώσω: pass. pf. έσφαίρωμα, plapf. έσφαιρώμη: (σφαίρα):—to make globular or spherical: —Pass., στήθεα δ' έσφαίρωτο his chest was routed and arched. II. to tip with a ball or button; δκόντια έσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ή, όν, (σφαιρίω) rounded, made globular. II. tipped with a ball or button.

σφαικλίζω, f. σω, to be gangrened, mortify; ἐσφακίλισέ τε τὸ ὀστέον καὶ ὁ μηρὸε ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφάκελος, δ, gangrene, mortification. 2. α spasm, comulsion: convulsion fury. [ἄ]

ΣΦΑΚΟΣ, δ, the plant sage, Lat. salvia. [d] σφακτόε, ή, όν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed. σφάλειε, 201. 2 part. pass. of σφάλλα.

σφάλερές, ά, όν, (σφάλλω) making to fall, totter or etagger: metaph. slippery, perilose, preceriose, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, staggering. Adv. -ρών.

σφαλήναι, aor. inf. pass. of σφάλλαι, σφαλλόντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλλαι.

ΣΦΑ'ΛΛΩ: f. σφάλω: 201. 1 έσφηλα, inf. σφήλαι. Pass., with fut. med. σφάλήσομαι, σφάλοθμαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ἄ] : pf. ἔσφαλμαι : 3 sing. plqpf. ἔσφαλ-To:-to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling: make to stumble, throw down, overthrow: to make to 2. metaph. to baffle, foil, balk, distotter of reel. II. Pass. to be tripped up, concert, disappoint. to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters. to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccenful; ου τι μή σφαλώ γ' έν σοί ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee:--c. gen. rei, so be balked or disappointed of a thinge 2. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατοι, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault, failing, trespass.

σφάξ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφάξαε, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφάραγέομαι, Dep. (σφάραγοι) to burnt with a noise, to crack, crackle, biss.
2. to groun with fulness, be full to burning.

σφάραγίζω, f. σω, to stir up with a loud noise. From ΣΦΑΤΑΓΟΣ, δ, a bursting with a noise, cracking, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφάρα] σφάε, enclit. soc. of σφείε.

σφάs [ā], acc. pl. fem. of σφέε.

σφάττω, Att. for σφάζα.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and ferm. of σφείs, them.

II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. blm, her.

σφέα, nom. and acc. pl. nent. of σφεία. σφέαε, Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφέε.

opening, op, and this are, protestion of opening, or selection of opening, earnest: Beut. opening so Adv. eagerig, sedemently.

ZEETZ, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, they, neut. opéa: gen. opar: dat. opio: acc. opas, neut. opia. The Ep. and Ion. forms are, -nom. opeis: genit. opéar Ep. also opeiar: dat. ook and ook, very rarely used also for dat. sing.: accus. σφέδε Ep. also σφείαε, also σφε (both sing. and pl.). There are also some Aeol. and Dor. forms, -nom. opés, dat. of and vir. acc. ve. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by αὐτός, as in σφῶν αὐτῶν, σφέας II. there is a rare usage of opens for and pers. pl., μετά σφίσω for μεθ' δμίν.

ΣΦΕ ΛΑΣ, ατοε, τό, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur.

σφέλα, for σφέλατα, σφέλαα.

σφενδάμνζνος, η, ον, of maple wood, Lat. acernus: metaph., dropes operdauriroi bearts of maple.' From **ΣΦΕΝΔΑΜΝΌΣ**, ή, the maple, Lat. acer.

σφενδονάω, f. ήσω, to sling, to use the sling. to throw as from a ding, burl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish.
a sling. Prom 3. to smite with

σφενδόνη, ή, a sling, Lat. funda, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each II. anything like a sling in shape; the boop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. funda or pala annuli. III. the act of slinging, a throw, cast. IV. that subich is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling.

σφενδονήτης, ου, δ, (σφενδονάω) a slinger.

σφές, Acol. and Dor. for σφείλ.

σφετερίζω, f. low Dor. ifω, (σφέτεροε) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. obereolloual,

whence Dor. 201. I part. σφετεριξάμενου.

σφέτερος, α, αν, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. opela, their own, their, belonging to them :also of the 3rd pers. sing., bis, bers. times also used of others than the 3rd pers., as: of the 2nd pers. pl., - bustepos, your own: and of the and pers. sing., - obe, thy, thing own. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., = \u00e4\u00e4\u00e4\u00e4ceos, our own; and of the 1st pers. sing., - è muis, my ours, mine.

σφέων, Ep. and Ion. for σφών, gen. of σφείε.

σφή, dat. fem. of σφύε.

σφηκιά, ή, (σφήξ) a waspe' nest.

σφηκίσκος, δ, (σφήξ) a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-κδής, έε, (σφήξ, είδοε) = σφηκώδηε.

σφηκόω, f. ώσω, (σφήξ) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the weist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly: ---Pasa., πλοχμοί χρυσφ τε και άργύρο εσφήκωντο (3 pl. plapf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκ-ώδης, es, contr. for σφηκοειδής, (σφήξ, είδος) swasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

σφηκωμα, ατος, τύ, (σφηκύω) the point of a belmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of σφάλλα.

σφήλα, Ep. for έσφηλα, 201. I of σφάλλα. ΣΦΗ'N, σφηνόε, δ, a wedge, Lat. cunsus.

σφηνο-πώγων, ανοε, δ, (σφήν, πώγαν) with a wedgeshaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage. σφηνόω, f. ώσα, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

X中H飞, ηκόε, ό, a wasp, Lat. vespa.

Σφηττός, δ, an Attic deme: Adv. Σφηττοί at Sphettus: Adj. Zohrrios, a, ov, a Sphettian.

σφζ, σφζν, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl. of σφείε: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφιγγίον, τό, (σφίγγω) a band, a bracelet or neck-

ZΦΙΤΓΩ, f. σφίγεω: aor. I έσφιγεα: Pass., aor. I έσφίγχθην: pf. έσφιγμαι:...to bind tight, bind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφιγκτήρ, ήροι, δ, a tight binder, a lace, band. σφιγετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σφίγγω, tight-bound:

θάνατος σφιγκτός death by strangling.

σφίγκτωρ, οροε, δ, poët. for σφιγκτήρ. Σφίγξ, ή, gen. Σφιγγόε, the Sphinn, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From σφίγγω, so the Sphinz properly means the Throttler.)

σφίν, τ. σφι.

σφίσι, σφίσιν, dat. of σφείε.

σφογγιά, σφόγγιον, σφόγγος, Att. for σπογγσφόδρα, Adv., properly neut. pl. of σφοδρόε, ναν, very much, exceedingly, with vehemence.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟΊ, ά, ω, also be, br, vehement, vidlent, II. of men, violent, impetuous: also excessive.

active, zealous.

σφοδρύνω, (σφοδρόε) to make vebement :-- Pass. σφοδρύνομαι, to be violent or overbearing: σφοδρύνεσθαί Tive to put overweening trust in a thing. [0] σφοδρώς, Adv. of σφοδρύε, violently; Sup. σφοδρό-

σφονδύλη, ή, Att. for σπονδύλη, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, δ, like σφόνδυλος, a vertebre. σφονδύλο-δίνητος, ον, (σφύνδυλος, δίνέω) twirled

on a spindle.

σφόνδιλος, δ, Att. for σπίνδυλος, a veriebre, Lat. II. any round body; the round weight vertebra. which twirls a spindle.

σφός, σφή, σφόν, (σφέ) sing. masc., bis, bis oun; II. (σφείε) plur. masc. and fem., ber, ber own.

fem., their, their own, like σφέτεροε.

σφραγίδιον, τό, Dim. of σφραγίε. σφράγιδ-ονύξ-αργο-κομήτης, ου, δ, (σφραγίε, δευξ. άργύε, κομέω) Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy longbaired fellow that wears an onyn signet-ring. σφράγιζω Ion. σφρηγ -: i. iou: pf. pass. iσφράγισμα: (σφραγίε):— to real: to real up, rbut up.

II. generally, to mark as with a real, stamp.

HI. metaph, to real or rtamp with approval, limit, define, determine.

APPATI'S ion. σφρηγίε, iδος, ή, a seal to mark anything with: a seal, signet-rino: generally, a ring: also the gem or stone for a ring. If. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal. III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit. σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφράγίζω) an impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίε, Ιοπ. for σφραγ-.

σφριγάω, f. ήσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere: esp. of horses, to be in full bealth and strength, Lat. vigere.

II. metaph. to swell with tride: σφριγών μύθος απ overspening speech.

σφυγμός, δ, (σφύζω) the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts: also she beating of the heart, the pulse.

σφόζω, L. Εω, to throb, beat violently: of the pulse, to beat; τὰ σφόζοντα, the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥΡΑ, ή, a bammer. II. an implement of bushandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth. σφύράs, άδος, ή, Att. for σπυράς, σπύραθος, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφθρ-ήλατος, ον, (σφθρα, ελαίνω) wrought or beaten out with the hamnur. II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid

ΣΦΥΡΟ΄Ν, τό, the ankle: metaph., δρθφ στήσαι ἐπὶ σφυρφ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright. ..., II. metaph. the lowest part or base. σφύσθω, Dor. for σφύζω.

σφώ, apocopate Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶι: gen. and dat. σφῶν for σφῶιν.

≥ΦΩE, dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person Pron. of 3rd pers.; gen. and dat. σφούν:—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΤ, nom. and acc. dual mase, and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶιν;— you two, both of you.

σφωίτερου, α, αν, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφῶι, of or belonging to you two as possess. Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφωί, of or belonging to them two or both of them II. also used as possers. Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine. 2. of 3rd pers. sing., bis, ber.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶιν, gen. and dat. of σφῶι. ΣΧΑ ΔΩ N. (νοι, η, the larva of the bee or wasp. II. the cell of a boneycomb, the boneycomb. Lat. favus. 3-

XXA'ZΩ, f. dow: 20τ. I εσχασα:—to ulit, cut open; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open 2 velu. II. to let fall, let drop, let down: metaph., σχάζεσθαι την issurfy to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf. 2. to check, 20p, master. 3. to let go; σχάζειν την φρωντίδα to let the mind go free.

XXA'X' (2)

XXA AIZ, loos, \$\pi\$, a forked stick, used as a ladder, \texture scala: -a forked stick, used as a prop for nets.

σχάω, impf. έσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.
σχέ, sor. 2 imperat. of έχω, for σχέε.
σχεδία lon. -ίη, ή, a light boat or eraft, raft, flow;
σχεδία λιφθερίνη a raft of hides: poot. a boat,
ship. 2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. άσω, (σχέδιου) to make or do a thing off-band: to speak or write eff-band. σχεδίην, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σνέδιου,

near, nigh, Lat. cominus. II. at once.

oxíbios, a, or, (oxebbr) near, at close quarters;

σχεδία μάχη a close fight, band to band.
σχεδόθεν, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at band: also nigh at band, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus: also used as Prep., c, dat. and c. gen. 2. of Motion, into the neighbourbood of, towards. 3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon all but; οχεδόν πάντεν marly εξ., οχεδόν ἐπάνταμων

I am pretty well assured.

σχέθον, Ερ. for έσχεθαν, poöt. acr. 2 of έχω.

σχεθείν Ερ. σχεθέων, poöt. acr. 2 inf. of έχω: see

έσχεθον. σχείν, 20τ. 2 inf. of έχω.

σχελίε, ibos, ή, Att for σπελίε, mostly in plur. σχελίδεε, ribe of beef.

σχέμεν, σχέμεναι, Ερ. for σχέρ, sor. 2 inf. of έχαι

σχένδιλα οι σχενδύλη, ή, (σχείν) a carpenta's tol, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχέο, Ερ. for σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of έχα. Σχερία, ἡ, Seberia, the island of the Phaeacians: later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Coreyra, now Corfu.

σχερός, δ, used only in the phrase & σχερώ, in a row or line, one after another, successively. Compare επισχερώ.

σχές, aor. 2 imperat. of έχω.

σχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of έχαι

σχέσιε, εωε, η, (σχείν) state, condition, babit of body: the nature or fashion of a thing; βίου σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.
σχετλιάζω, f. άσω, (σχέτλισε) so complain of bardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, δ, angry complaining, invective.
σχέτλιος, α, σν, also os, σν: (σχείν):—property,
able to bear ε I. of Persons, bardbearted, movilless, cruel, savage 2. much-suffering, un
flinching, bardy.
3. miserable, unbappy.

Things, cruel, shocking, borrid, abomimable
Hence

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably: Sup. σχετλών τατα.

σχίτο, Ep. for έσχετο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 mod. of έχει. σχήμα, ατοι, τό, (σχείν) form, shape, outward appearance, the figure, person.

2. the form, ourside, opp. to the reality: a mere show, pretence.

3. the bearing, look, mien: stateliness, dignity: in phus.

gestieres. - toe fashion, manner, way of a thing; | rope, cord; Theurit oxolivoe a wicker basket. σχήμα στολήε fashion of dress. 5. the state, nature, constitution of a thing, 6. a figure in dancing; in plur. steps. Hence

σχημάτίζα, f. low Att. ω, to form, fashion, shape, arrange: so in Med., σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην to dress ber hair, Lat. fingere. 2. intr. to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way. mean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend; σχηματίζονται άμαθείε elvai they pretend to be unlearned. 3. to gesticulate.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχήμα: in plur. the figures of a dance; σχημάτια Λακωνικά Laconian figures.

σχημάτο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) to form, shape or fashion a thing :-Pass. to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate.

σχήσω, fut. of έχω.  $\sigma_X(\delta \alpha \xi, \alpha \kappa o e, \delta, (\sigma_X(\zeta \omega) - \sigma_X(\zeta \alpha, \omega))$ 

σχίζα Ion. σχίζη, ή, (σχίζω) a cleft piece of wood, splinter, lath, splint, Lat. scindula: in plur. wood eleft small, firewood.

II. an arrow, spear. EXIZΩ, f. low: aor, I loyioa: Pass., aor. I έσχίσθην: pf. έσχισμαι: — to split, cleave, Lat. scindo: to rend asunder: generally, to part asunder, separate, divide :- so in Pass., Neilos oxiletas topasias odove the Nile branches into three channels; Εσχίζοντό σφεων αλ γνώμαι their opinions were diwided. Hence

σχινδάλαμος, Att. for σκινδάλαμος.

ZXINOZ, h the mastich tree, Lat. lentiscus.

σχτνο-τρωκτης, ου, δ, (σχῶνος, τρώγω) οπε ευδο chows mastich-wood.

σχισθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχίζω.

σχίσιε, εωε, ή, (σχίζω) a cleaving, parting, division. σχίσμα, ατοι, τό, (σχίζω) that which is cloven or parted: a rent, cleft, division. II. generally, division, schism,

σχισμός, δ, (σχίζω) a cleaving, splitting, rending. σχίσσα, poet, for έσχισα, sor, I of σχίζω.

σχιστός, ή, ω, (σχίζω) split, cloven, parted, divided; -or years) obice a road that branches off.

σχοίδτο, poët. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of έχω.

σχοίην, aor. 2 opt. of έγω.

σχοίντου, η, ον, (σχοίνου) of rushes, made of rushes. σχοινίον, τύ, (σχοίνοε) a rope twisted of rusbes: generally, a rope, cord, line.

σχοινίε, ibos, ή, (σχοίνος) = σχοινίον.

σχοινίτης [1], ου, δ (σχοινοι) made of rushes: fem. σχοινίτιε, ιδοι.

σχοινο-βάτηε [ά], ου, δ, (σχοῦνος, βαίνω) α τοροdancer, Lat. schoenobates.

EXOTNOX, o, also n, a rueb, Lat. juncus. a sharp, tough rush or reed, used as an arrow; also as a spit. 3. a place where rushes grow, a rush-IL anything twisted or plaited of rushes, a owfer in wokehov, to carry off safe, rescue from was; bed.

ΠL in Greece, the oxolvos was a land measure, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ές, (σχοινος, τείνω) stretebed out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight.

twisted or plaited of rusbes.

σχολάζω, f. άσω, (σχολή) to bave leisure or spare time, be at leisure: also to bave rest or respite from a thing: c. inf. to bave leisure or time to do a 2. to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter. σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. vacare rei, to bave leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything: also c. dat. pers. to devote oneself to one. σχολαίος, α, ον, (σχολή) at one's leisure or ease, leisurely, slow: -- Comp. σχολαίτερου. Hence

σχολαιότης, ητος, ή, slowness, laziness.

σχολαίως, Adv. of σχολαίος, leisurely: - Comp. σχολαίτερον οι -αίτερα: Sup. σχολαίτατα:—formed like παλαίτερος.

σχολαστικός, ή, όν, (σχολαίω) being at leisure, leisurely, at ease, Lat. otiosus. II, devoting all one's leisure to learning, learnea: hence pedantic.

XXOAH', f., leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. otium; σχολήν άγειν to be at leisure; σχολής έργον a work for leisure; end oxoxy at leisure; so, end or pera σχολήε, κατά σχολήν. II. dat. σχολή absol. as Adv., (1) leisurely, slowly: (2) at one's leisure, by leisure, bardly, scarcely, scarcely at all. III. c. IV. idlegen. leisure, rest from a thing. V. a work of leisure, esp. a learned dis-VI, the place cussion, disputation, Lat. schola. where such lectures were given, a school.

σχολή, dat. of σχολή, used as Adv.: in a leisurely way, slowly, late. 2, scarcely, bardly, not at all. σχόλιον, τό, (σχολή) a scholium, note, comment.

σχόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of έχω.

σχοθ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of έχω. σχώ, aor. 2 subj. of έχω: I plur. σχώμαν.

σχών, 20r. 2 part. of έχω. சடி, Att. nom. pl. contr. for சல்ல.

σώεσκον, Ion. impf. of σώω.

σώζω, lengthd, from ΣΑ΄Ω, ΧΑΟ΄Ω, ΣΩ΄Ω: f. σώσω: aor. Ι έσωσα: pf. σέσωκα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐσώθην: pf. σέσωσμαι Att. σέσωμαι. From the obsol. σαδω are formed fut, σἄώσω, 20r. I 2ct. ἐσάωσα [ἄ]: fut. med. σάώσομαι : 201. Ι Dass. ἐσἄώθην. 2. from contr. pres. σώω we have part. σώοντες, Ion. impf. σώε-3. from σόω, subj. σόη, σύης, σύωσι:—to save, keep: esp. to keep alive, preserve:-Pass. to be saved, preserved; σώζεο, Lat. salvus sis! vale! God 2. of things, to keep safe, prebe with you! 3. of the laws, to keep, observe. serve. keep in mind, remember, opp. to διολλύναι to forget; II. σώζω is often used with the mostly in Med. additional sense of motion to a place, to bring one safe to :- Pass. to get safe or escape to a place; le olkov authras to be brought or get safe home.

έχθρῶν σῶσαι χθένα to rescue a country from the enemy.

σωθήναι, aor. I inf. ot σώζαι

sunte, f. 400, like logie, to bave power or bodily strength: to be able to do, c. inf. From

ΣΩ"KOΣ, &, stout, strong.

Zempartes, f. how, to do like Socrates, to smitate bis dress, gait, speech, etc. From

Σωκράτης, gen. coe reontr. ove: acc. Σωκράτη οτ Σωκράτην: vocat, Σώκρατες:—Socrates, the philosopher. Hence

Σωκράτίδων, τό, Dim. dear little Socrates. [τί]
Σωκράτικόν, ή, ότ, Adj. of Σωκράτην, of or befitting
Socrates; Socratis; of Σωκρατικό the philosophers of

bis school, Socratics.
ΣΩΛΗ'N, ηνος, δ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σωμα, ατοε, τό, the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcase, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead body.

2. body, as opp. to soul (ψυχή); τὰ τοῦ σώματοε ἐργα bodily labours; al τοῦ σώματοε ἡδοναί pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures.

bodily existence, life. II. any material body. III. a person, human being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ήσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling. Hence

σωμασκία, ή, bodily exercise, training.

σωμάτικός, ή, όν, (σῶμα) of or for the body, bodil\*, Lat. corporeus. Hence

COLLETINGS, Adv. in bodily form.

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, a small body. [ἄ] σωμάτιο-ειδήε, ἐε, (σῶμα, elδοε) of the nature of a body, coporeal.

σωμάτο-φθορέω, f. ήσω, (σώμα, φθείρω) to corrupt

or enervate the body

σωμάτο-φυλάκιον, το, (σωμα, φυλακη) a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulebre. [Δ] σώου, α, ω, contr. σώο, acc. σών; ν. σώο.

σωπάω, Dor. for σιωπάω, to be silent.

σώρευμα, ατοε, τό, (σωρεύω) that subsch is heaped up: a heap, pile.

σωρεύω, f. σω, (σωρόε) to pile or beap one thing on another.

IL to beap with, cover over with.

ΣΩΡΟΊ, δ, a beap, Lat. cumulus: a beap of corn: generally, a beap, quantity, store: a beap or mound of earth.

ΣΩ Σ, δ, σῶν, τό, acc. sing. σῶν, acc. pl. masc. and fem. σῶν: defect. Adj. σῶνο=σόνο, qq. v.: (the radic. form MAON was found only in the Homeric comp. σαάτεροε):—safe and sound, in good case, bealthy, Lat. salvas: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer.

2. metaph. safe, sure, certain.

σωσί-πολιε, εωε, δ, ή, (σώζω, πόλιε) saving the city

QL state. [[]

σωστίον, verb. Adj. of σωζω, one must save.
σώστρου, τό, mostly in plut. σώστροι, τά, (σωζω)
like ζωάγρια, a reward for saving one's life, a thank-

offering for deliverance from a danger; everya red was do over decis to offer a sacrifice in thankgining for his son's deliverance.

II. the reward for

IL

bringing back a runaway slave.

σώτωρα, ή, fem. of σωτήρ, she toa. .aves.

epith. of protecting goddesses, as of Téxa.

σωτήρ, ήρος, ό, νος at. σώτερ, (σώζω) a saviour, deliverer, preserver; c. gen. subjecti, σωτής Ελλάδος a saviour of Greece; also c. gen. objecti, σωτής νόσου a preserver from disease. 2. as epith of protecting gods, cap. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Zeve Σεντήρ, the third sup of wine was dedicated; generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σώτειρα, as epith. of Τύχη.

11. poët. as Adj. saving, preserving; even with a fem. noun, σωτήρος νιμαί the office of saving. Hence

overnpla Ion. -ln, h, a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus.

2. a safe return home.

3. a heeping

safe; tel corropia for safeguard.

σωτήριος, ον, (σωτήρ) saving, delivering; nem. p., σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ή, deliverance, safety. 2. σωτήρια (sc. lepá), τά, an offering in return for \_afety. II. pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

curpov, τό, (σώζω) the wooden circumference of the wheel, the fellos: the iron hoop or tire being

èπίσωτρον.

σωφρονέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρόνων.

σωφρονέω, f. ήσω: poët. σαφφονέω: (σώφρων):—
to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to
practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate.
2: to learn moderation, to recover one's
senses. Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατοι, τό, an act of self-contro., an instance of temperance, act of moderation: and

σωφρονητέον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate. σωφρονητικός, ή, όν, (σωφρονέω) disposed to temperance, moderate, under self-control

ompovifu, f. low Att. in, (oupper, to moderate, control, chasten.

2. to chastise, correct.

σωφρονικόε, ή, έν, (σώφρον) disposed to temperament moderate, sober. Adv. -κών σωφρονισμός, δ. (σωφρονίζω) a making temperate

σωφρονισμός, δ, (σωφρονίζω) a making temperate chastening.

συφρονιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συφρονιζω) one that make temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.

συφρόνως, Adv. of σώφρων,-temperatory, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονίστορον: Sap. σωφρινίστατα.

συφροσύνη ε.p. σαοφροσύνη, ή, toe exercise & conduct of the σύφρον, moderation, discretion: Afficential, temperance, charity, sobriety, Lat. magazinita. From

σώ-φρον Ερ. στοφρον, eros, ê, ệ: nent. σθερέν (σῶς, φρήν):—of sound mind, discreat, gradul moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, charitsober. Comp. and Sup., συφρονέστορο, —forunce. σώχω, Ion. form for ψώχω, to rub to pieces. σώω, Ep. for σώζω.

## Т

Τ, τ, ταθ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral,  $\tau' = 300$ , but  $\tau = 300,000$ .

Changes of τ: in Aeol. and Dor., τ into σ, as τύ (Lat. tu), τοί τέ, τθεον, φατί, etc. for σύ, σοί, σέ, σθεον, 2. in new Att., ττ for σσ, as πράττω, τάττω, for πράσσω, τάσσω 3. in Ion., τ for θ, as avris for avers: in the substantive termin. - roor for - 9ρον, as in κόσμητρον, φόβητρον, for κόσμηθρον, φό-4. 7 is inserted in some words metri grat., αι πτόλιε, πτόλεμου, for πόλιε, πόλεμου and Ion., 7 is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut. nouns of 3rd decl., as népaos, répaos, for népā-703, 76pd708.

 $\tau$ , apostroph. for  $\tau \epsilon$ , and. 2. the particle rot is joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as tay, tapa, mertay, for to ay, to apa, μέντοι αν. 3. the Artic. 70, 70, is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as rdya-

θών ίοι τὸ άγαθόν.

τά, neut. pl. of δ, δ, and δε.

ταβέρνη, η, η, the Lat. taberna, a tavern, inn: τρείο ταβέρναι the Three Taverns, a place on the Appian Road.

τάγαθά, Att. contr. for τὰ ἀγαθά.

τūγεία, ή, (ταγεύω) the office or rank of Tagus: generally, command, rule.

τάγείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of τάσσω.

ταγεύω, f. σω, (ταγύε) to be Tague: generally, to command, rule:-Pass. to be united under one raybe. ταγέω, f, ήσω, (ταγόε) to be commander or ruler. τάγή, ή, - τάξιε, an ordering, arraying.

ταγή, ή, (ταγόε) authority: as Collective Noun, the

ommanders.

τάγηνον, τό, like τήγανον, a frying-pan.

τάγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔγκλημα.

τάγμα, ατοι, τό, (τάσσω) an ordinance, comnand. 2. a regular body of soldiers, a corps, division. -ταγός, δ, (τάσσω) an orderer, commander, ruler: sp. as title of the Chief of Thessaly.

ταγ-οθχος, δ, (ταγή, έχω) be that has the command

rule, a commander, ruler.

τάδελφού, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ TEBLEOV, Att. crasis for to dollow

zalbele, elou, ér, 201. I pass. part. of revos.

rάθην, Ep. 201. I pass. of τείνω. [d]

rail. Ep. and Ion. for al, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. o. Calvapos, δ, ή, also Talvapov, τό, Taenarus, a proontory and town at the southern extremity of La-

عند - τινία, η, (τεινω, a bana, riband, fillet, ...at. taema:

a riband or beadband worn in token of victory. τινιό-τωλις, ή, (ταινία, τωλέω) a dealer in ribands. | vagabond.

Tavion. f. wow, (raisia) to bind with a raisia or bead-band, esp. as conqueror: - Med. raurióo pai, to soear a bead-band or fillet.

raiture, crasis for to altior.

Takel, Takelvov, crasis for Ta Ekel. Ta Ekelvov. τάκερός, ά, ύν, (τακήναι) fluid, melting, soft, tender:

metaph. melting, languisbing. THERTON, AOT. 2 DASS, inf. of Them.

τακτικός, ή, όν, (τάσσω) fit for ordering οι arranging, of or fit for military tactice; to takethe miltary tactics.

τοκτόε, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τάσσω, ordered, arranged, fixed, stated; τακτόν δργύριον a state.l sum.

τάκω, Dor. for τήκω.

τάλά-εργός, όν, (τλάω, έργον) enduring labour, painful, drudging: generally, much-enduring.

τάλαινα, fem. of τάλα».

τάλαντωρέω, f. ήσω: pf. τεταλαιτώρηκα: also as Dep. ταλαιπωρέσμαι, with f. med. - ήσομαι, 201. pass. ἐταλαιπορήθην: (ταλαίπορος):—to endure bardship, do hard work; suffer hardship or distress. trans. to weary, wear out, annoy gricvously. Hence

τάλαιπωρία Ion. -in, ή, bard work, severe labour: in pl. bodily bardsbips or exertions 2 bodily pain, suffering: affliction, misery.

τάλαίπωρος, ον, (τάλας) enduring toil, laborious. FIL. suffering bardsbip, miserable. Adv. - post.

τάλαί-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, (\*τλάω, φρήν) patient of min.!,

wretched: also stout-bearted, daring. τάλά-κάρδιος, ον, (\*τλάω, καρδία) patient of bear.,

stout-bearted. 2. much-enduring, miscrable. τάλάντερος, α, αν. τάλάντατος, η, αν. Comp. and

Sup. of τάλα». τάλαντεύω, f. σω, (τάλαντον) to balance: Pass. to sway to and fro, oscillate. 2. to weigh out, measure out by weight.

τάλαντιαίος, α, αν. (τάλαντον) worth a taient. weighing a talent.

ταλαντίζω, - ταλαντεύω, q. γ.

TA'AANTON [ +ă-], +6, a balance: in plur. a pair of II. anything weighed: but mostly used of a fixed weight, a talent: in the post-Homeric times 1. the talent of weight: the it had a double sense: Euboïc or old Attic talent weighed about 57lb. avoiri., and the Aeginetan 95. 2. the talent of money, i.e. a talent's weight of silver, or a sum of money equivalent to this, which would make the Eubois or old Attic talent worth in our money 243L 15s. The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae. 3. that which is weighed out or apportioned

τάλαντ-οθχος, ον, (τάλαντον, έχω) bolding the scale or balance: metaph, turning the scale of battle,

τάλάδε, ή, ών, (\*τλάω) = τάλαε, patient, enduring: hence bard-fated, wretched.

τάλά-πείριος, αν, (\*τλάω, πείρα) one who has suffered much, epith. of Ulysses: hence later rambling,

τάλά-πενθής, έε, (\*τλάω, πένθοε) enduring woe, patient in woe. 2. of things, toilsome.

TAAAPOZ [74-], 8, a basket, Lat. qualue: a cheese-basket, through which the whey ran off.

ταλάρως, Dor. acc. pl. of ταλάρος.

τάλδε, τάλαινά (sometimes τάλαε), τόλάν: gen. άνος, αίνης, άνος: νος. τάλαν οι τάλας: (\*τλάω):suffering, wretched, Lat. miser: enduring, patient: also fool-bardy, beadstrong; τάλαν Ο wretch! Comp. ταλάντεροε, α, ον: Sup. ταλάντατοε, η, ον. [ταλάε: Dor. also τάλάs.]

τάλάσειος, α, αν, Ion. and Ep. τάλασήιος, η, αν, (Taxasia) of wool-spinning.

τάλασία, ή, (τλάω) wool-spinning.

τάλασιουργέω, f. ήσώ, (ταλασιουργόε) to spin wool: generally, to spin.

τάλάσιουργικός, ή, ών, of or for wool-spinning. From τάλἄσι-ουργός, όν, (ταλασία, \*έργω) spinning wool: as Subst., ταλασιουργόε, ό, ή, α wool-spinner.

τάλασί-φρων, ovos, δ, ή, (\*τλάω, φρήν) patient of mind, stout-bearted, of enduring spirit.

ταλάσσης, -ση, Εn. 2 and 3 sing. sor. I subj. of

₹τλάω.

τάλαύ-ρίνος, ον, (\*τλάω, βινύε) with shield of tough bull's-bide: neut. as Adv., ταλαύρινον πολεμίζειν to fight on toughly, stoutly.

τάλά-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, shortd. for ταλασίφρων.

τάληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθέε.

ταλιθά, Syrian word, a damsel, maiden.

TAAIZ, 1801, h, a marriageable maiden, bride.  $\tau \delta \lambda \lambda a$  or  $\tau \delta \lambda \lambda a$ , crasis for  $\tau a \delta \lambda \lambda a$ .

τάμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τάμε [d], Ion. 3 sing. 20τ. 2 of τεμνω.

Tauer Ep. Tauter, 20r. 2 inf. of Tipou.

τάμειον, τό, = ταμιείον, a chamber, closet. τάμέσθαι, 201. 2 med. inf. of τέμνω.

τάμεσί-χρως, cos, δ, ή, (τάμνω, χρώς) cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding.

τάμια, Ερ. -ίη, ή, fem. of ταμίας, a bousekeeper,

bousewife; also γυνή ταμίη.

τάμίας Ερ. ταμίης, ου, δ, (τάμνω) one who cuts up and distributes, a distributer, dispenser: a II. a steward, receiver, manager, overseer. treasurer; raulys too lood the comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens. quaestor.

τάμιεία, ή, (ταμιεύω) the office of steward, bousekeeping, management. II. - Lat. quaestura, the

quaestorsbip.

τάμιείον, τό, (ταμιεύω) a magazine, storebouse, treasury.

τάμίευμα, ατος, τό, (ταμιεύω) management, bouse-

ταμιευτικός, ή, όν, of or for bousekeeping. II. -Lat. quaestorius, of the quaestor or the quaestorsbip. From

τάμιεύω, f. σω, and Dep. τάμιεύομαι, f. σομαι: (raplas):-to be a bousekeeper, manager or steward;

obkéti tapieboeie poi thou shalt no longer be my 2. to be quaestor. ll, trans. to steward. serve out stores, dispense. III. to regulate, manage. 2. to busband save, store up : metaph. to turn to good account.

τάμίη, ή, Ep. and Ion. for ταμια. ταμίηε, ου, δ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.

τάμνω, Ιοα. for τέμνω.

τάμος, Dor: for τήμος.

τάμπαλιν. Att. crasis for τα έμπαλιν τάμών, Ion. 20r. 2 part. of τέμνα.

rav or rav, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase & τάν οι & τῶν, as a form of address, sir, my good friend. Tav. Att. crasis for Tot av.

rdy, Att. crasis for rd er.

Távaγρα, ή, Tanagra, a town of Bocotia. Hence Tavaypalos, a, ov, of or from Tanagra.

rava-nete, is, (ravaos, ant) with long point or edge, cutting far or deep.

Taval-utikos, or, (Tavale, puraopai) bellowing so as to be beard far off, loud-bellowing.

Tavertla, crasis for ta evartla. ~ā·ἄό δειρος, ον, (ταναός, δειρή) long-necked.

idiados, f., der, also de, der, (rarios, reless) stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long.

τάναύ-πουε, - ποδοε, ό, ή, Ep. for τανύπουε. τάνδον or τάνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔνδον.

τανδρί, τανδρός, Att. crasis for τῷ ἀνδρί, τοῦ ἀνδρίε. τάνη-λεγής, έε, (ταναύε, λέγω) stretching one et *length*, epith, of death.

τάνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

rāvika, Dor. for rnvika.

Tayrahetos or Tayraheos, a, or, of or for Taxlalus: and

Tavrahis, Boe, h, daughter of Tantalus. From Τάντάλος, ου, δ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντάλοω, f. ώσω, (τάλοντον) quasi ταλαντίω 🛎 swing:—aor. I pass. part. τανταλωθείε, swung, buried, dashed down.

τἄνύ-γλωσσος, ον, (τανύα, γλάσσα) long-tongued, chattering, noisy.

τάνυ-γλώχζε, Ινοε, δ, ή, (τανύα, γλαιχίε) soith long point or bead.

τάνύ-δρομος, ον, (τανύα, δρόμος) running at 🎏 stretch.

τάνὕ-ίθαρος, αν. (τανύω, ίθειρα) long-baired, 🖼 flowing bair: sem. also ταννέθειρα.

τανυ-ήκης, εε, like ταναήκηε, (τανύω, ἀκή) with a long point or long edge. II. far-stretching. TOVE-ALLE, Tros. o. A. (Tarios, ALE) of extended agr.

τάνύ-θριξ, -τρίχοι, δ, ή, (τανίω, θρίξ) long-baire. sbaggy.

τάνύ-κραιρος, ον, (τανύω, κραίρα) long-barned. raνόμαι, Pass. = τανύομαι, to be stretched, extend τάνυ-μήκης, εε, (τανύω, μήκοε) long-stretched, ies drawn out, tall and tapering.

TOVOV. Adv., - TO FUY, now at present.

rangement.

τάνύ-πεπλος, οτ, (τανύω, πέπλος) with flowing robe. τάνύ-πλακτος, αν, (τανύω, πλέκω) in long plaits. τάνύ-πλευρος, ον, (τανύω, πλευρά) long-sided, enor-MONE. τάνύ πουε Ερ. ταναύ-πουε, -ποδοε, δ, ή, (τανύω, rove) stretching the feet, long-striding, long-shanked. τανύ-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) shorter form for ανυσίπτερου.. TOVE-HTEPTYON, OF and TEVU-HTEPUE, TYON, O. A. τανύω, πτέρυξ) = τανύπτερος, τανυσίπτερος. τάνύρ-ριζος, ον, (τανύω, ρίζα) with speading roots. τάνύσειεν [ð], 3 sing. Acol. acr. I opt. of τανύω. τάνυσθείε, aor. I pass. part. of τανύω. τάνύσθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τανύω: Ep. 3 pl. ταυσθεν. τάνδοί-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερύν) with extended rings, long-winged. τάνυσσα, Ep. 201. 1 of τανύω. τάνυστύε, ύοε, ή, (τανύα) a stretching, straining: ανυστύε τόξου α stringing of the bow. τάνύ-σφυρος, ον, (τανύω, σφυρύν) with taper ankles. τ**ἄνύ-φλοιος, ον,** (τανύω, φλοιός) with extended ark: of trees, of tall or slender growth. τ**ἄνύ-φυλλος**, ον, (τανύω, φύλλον) with long-pointed raves, of the olive. II. with thick foliage, leafy. τανύω [v]: fut. ύσω, Ep. also -ύω: aor. Ι ἐτάνῦσα p. ἐτάνυσσα οι τάνυσσα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐτανύσθην: f. τετάνυσμαι:--Ep. form of τείνω, to stretch, strain, retch out; τανύειν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med., ύξον τανύσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i.e. to string ; luage rarver to pull or guide with the reins. stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full 3. metaph. to strain, make more inngtb II. Pass. to be on the stretch, to expand, rıse. filled out. 2. to lie stretched out, to extend; r. I pass, part. τανυσθεία, stretched on the ound. 3. metaph. to strain or exert oneself, rup at full stretch. -αξιαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a taxiarch or commander a division. From a  $\xi$   $\iota$  - $\alpha$   $\rho$   $\chi$   $\eta$  s, ov,  $\delta$ , =  $\tau$   $\alpha$   $\xi$  i  $\alpha$   $\rho$   $\chi$  o s. ειξί-αρχος, δ, (τάξιε, δρχω) a taxiarch, the comzoider of a brigade or division, a brigadier. Athens, the commander of the rafie or quota of antry furnished by each of the ten outal. - Ει-λόχος, αν, (τάξιε, λόχοι) commanding a divi-🕶 of an army. n ξιόω, f. ωσω, (τάξιε) to arrange, set in order. LEis, con Ion. 100, ή, (τάσσω) an arranging: of Liers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of army. 2. battle-array, order of battle, Lat. 3. a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. · **S** • 4. a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. 0. io; εκλείπειν την τάξιν to desert one's post. τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade: A thens, the quota of infantry furnished by each : also of smaller bodies, a company, cobort : exally, a band, company. II. an arranging, ar | Pass. to be in disorder,

order; botepov tij táfei latet in order. IV. the post, rank or position one holds; èr έχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy. 2. One's duty towards another; & ebrolas rafes the duty of good-will. V. an order, class of men. TA'ZOZ, d, the yes tree, Lat. tanus. TATIEINO'Z, \$, 60, low, Lat. bumilia: of Place, lying low: of stature, low. 2. of Condition, Rank, etc., brought down, humbled, lowly. 3. bumbled. bumiliated: in bad sense, mean, abject; in good sense, lowly, bumble. Hence τάπεινότης, ητος, ή, lowness of stature. 2. of condition, lowliness, loss estate, abasement. lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness. good sense, lowliness, bumility τάπανοφροσύνη, ή, lowliness of mind. From τάπεινό-φρων, ονοι, δ, ή, (ταπεινόι, φρήν) Ιουminded, base. 2. lowly in mind, bumble, τάπεινόω, f. ώσω, (ταπεινόε) to make low, lower, bumble, abase: also to make light of a thing. east down, discourage 3. to make lowly or bumble. rameivas, Adv. of rameivos, bumbly, poorly. τάπείνωσις, ή, (ταπεινόω) a lowering, bumbling. lowliness, bumility, TATHE, nros, b, Lat. TAPES, a arpet, rug. made of wool. [a] rant, Att. crasis for ra est. τάπισική, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπισική. Tamis, idos, n, later form of ranns. τάπό, Att. crasis for τὰ ἀπό. Ta-wp@ta, Adv. for ta wp@ra, at first. Tapa, Att. crasis for Tot apa. τάραγμα, ατος, τό, (ταράσσω) disquietude, trouble. τάραγμός, δ, (ταράσσω) - τάραξις. τάρακτρον, τό, (ταράσσω) a thing to stir with: a ladle. τάράκτωρ, οροε, δ,(ταράσσω) a disturber, disquieter, agitator. Τάραντινίδιον, τό, (Τάραι) a fine Tarentine garment. Ταράντινος, η, ον, (Τάρας) Tarentine. τάραξί-κάρδιος, ον, (ταράσσω, καρδία) beart-troubling, vexing the beart. тараў-чттб-стратов, ст, (тарассы, йтов, страτόε) troubling troops of borse. τάραξιε, ή, (ταράσσω) disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult. Tapas, arros, ô, also ô, Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia. TA PA ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω, Att. also contr. θράσσω: fut. ταράξω contr. θράξω: 201. Ι έτάραξα: Pass., fut. ταραχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ταράfομαι in pass. senso: aor. Ι εταράχθην: pf. τετάραγμαι ι—to stir,

stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet; rapásosew rów biva

to stir up the sand: metaph. to stir up, rouse, pro-2. to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm,

frighten : generally, to disturb, throw into disorder :-

2. of political matters, 40

voke.

2. an assessment of tribute.

agitate, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder II. to this Verb belongs the intrans. or anarchy. pf. tétpyya, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plaps. Ep. 3 sing. τετρήχει: part. τετρηχάι, wa, troublous, disturbed, confused. Hence

τάραχή, ή, trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion, tumult.

 $\tau$ áράχος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau$ αράσσω)  $= \tau$ άραχή.

τάραχ-ώδης, εε, (ταραχή, είδοε) troublous, fond of proubling or perplexing. II. troubled, disordered: confused :- Adv. -box. in confusion.

παρβάλίος, α, ον, (τάρβος) frighted, fearful.

παρβέω, f. ήσω, (τάρβοε) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: To Tappely the bring frightened, a state of fear: also to feel asee. 2. C. scc. to stand in aus of, fear, dread.

TA PBOΣ, eoe; τό, fright, alarm, terror: also awe, reverence. II. an object of alarm, a cause of dread.

ταρβοσύνη, ή, poët. for τάρβοι.

ταρβόσυνος, η, ον, (τάρβος) affrighted.

τάργα οι τάργα, Att. crasis for τὰ έργα.

τάργύριον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον.

rapixela Ion. - nin, h, (rapixeva) a preserving, pickling, salting: ταριχηίαι were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

The ly evove, f., (raptyebu) - rapeyela, an embalming. τάριχνντής, οῦ, δ, (ταριχεύω) a salter, pickler, em-

τζειχευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. salted, pickled. From T. Iptxeius, f. -evous, (rapexos) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies. IL to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling; τεμάχη τεταριχευμένα preserved, pickled meat. III, metaph, in Pass. to waste away, wither, pine.

τάρίχιον, τό, Dim. of τάριχου. [ρί]

τάριχοπωλείον, τό, the salt-fish market. From τάριχο-πωλέω, f. ήσω, (τάριχου, πωλέω) to sell dried or salt fish. II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

Tapixos, ou, o, or Tapixos, ece, To, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means; a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy. tally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fish.

Taomival Ep. -fueval, sor. 2 pass. inf. of repres. ταρρόε, δ, Att. for ταρσόε.

Taporevs, eas, d, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.

rapobs Att. rappbs, b, (répropai) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, Let. crates, for dering cheeses on: also a mat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like válapos. II. any broad, flat surface; rapode woods the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the beel. 2. ταρσόε κωπέωε the flat end, blade of an oar, Lat. palmula: generally, as oar. 3. Taprob artepuyos the flat of the soing, paunch or body of a bull; enormous.

when stretched out, then generally, a ming s-fro the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the ci of Tarsus was so called.

Taρτάροιος, a, or, of or like Tartarus, Tartares From

Τάρτάρος, δ. also ή : irreg. pl. Τάρταρα (2s in Le Tartarus, Tartara):-Tartarus, a dark abyu, deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prix of the Titans, etc. Tater, Tartarus was either t nether-world generally, or a place of torment and p nishment, as opp. to the Elysian fields.

Tapraphu, f. wow, to burl into Tartarus. ταρφέες, οί, ταρφέα, τά, pl. of ταρφύε. rappenos, a, a, = rappus, thick, close, frequent. τάρφθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τέρπω. τάρφθη, Ep. 3 sing. acr. I pass, of τέρπος. τάρφος, εοε, τό, a thicket. From

TAPT'Z, eia or be, b, thick, close, frequent, dem neut. pl. rappea as Adv., oftimes, often. The E fem. rappetal belongs to rappetos: if referred to re φύε, it must be written ταρφείαι

rapying, f. bow, shortened form of rapeyedes, to be solemnly, inter.

Thous, eas, \$, (relya) a stratching, straining, [4] TA ΣΣΩ Att. - ττω: fut. rafe: 201. I έταξα: 1 τέταχα: Pass., fut. ταχθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fo τετάfομαι: 201. Ι ἐτάχθην: 201. 2 ἐτάγην [ἄ]: j τέταγμαι:—to arrange or put in order, esp. in mi tary sense, to draw up in line, array; so in Med., t τεσσάρων ταξάμενοι τὰς ναθε baving drawn up the ships in four lines; and absol., Tafarbae to draw s form in order of battle:—Pass to be drawn w order of battle. 2. to Jost, station. 3. 10 4 point: to appoint one to do a thing:-Pass. to appointed to do, τουτο τετάγμεθα this we base be 4. to order, command, give i charged to do.

nanted to return the money: absol. in part. rafe peros, paying at intervals or by instalments. 8. generally, to fi assign or impose punishments. settle, & veraquivos xpovos the appointed time.

g. to assign to a class.

assess payments to be made: - Med, to agree to per

sum, χρήματα ἀποδοῦναι ταξάμενοι basing co

6. to fix (

ratáe, Dot. for tytáe. τάτιον, Att. crasis for το αίτιον.

τάττω, Att. for τάσσω.

structions.

rauperos, a, or, also os, or, (raupos) of bulls. and or cows, Lat. taurinus: in Homer, of bulls-bide. ταυρ-ελάτης, ου, δ, (ταῦρος, ελαώνω) a bull-chian a bull-fighter.

 $\tau \alpha \dot{\nu} \rho \epsilon \sigma s$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\sigma \sigma$ ,  $(\tau \alpha \dot{\nu} \rho \sigma s) = \tau \alpha \dot{\nu} \rho \epsilon \sigma s$ .

raupydóv, Adv. (raupos) like a bell: saraget. La torvo vultu.

ταυρο-βόλος, ον, (ταύρος, βαλεθ) striking or mines tering bulls.

raupo-βόροs, στ, (ταθροε, βορά) devouring temes. ταυρο-γάστωρ, οροε, δ, (τεύροε, γαστέρ) 🖦 🛎 MUDO-BETTAL 1808.

Taupo-Kepus, arros, o, f, (Taupos, Képas) with bull's OF SIL.

raupó-κράνος, αν, (ταθρος, κράνον) bull-beaded. τουροκτονέω, f. ήσω, so slaughter or sacrifice bulls; rith cognate acc., ταυροκτονείν βούε. From. 11.

raupo-króvos, or, (raúpos, er elra) bull-slaying. roparox. raupóntovos, elain by a bull. ταυρό-μορφος, ον, (ταῦρος, μορφή) bull-formed.

ταυρο-πάτωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (ταῦροε, πάτήρ) ερνωνες om a bull. ταυρο-πόλος οτ ταυρο-πόλη, ή, (ταῦρος, πολου)

unting bulls, epith. of Diana. raupò-πουε, -ποδοε, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, (ταῦροε, ποσε)

ıll-footed. FAT POZ, &, a bull: joined with another Subst., εύροε βούε, like σύε κάπρο

raupocopayku, f. how, to cut a bull's throat; ravσφαγείν ès σάκος to cut its throat (so that the ood runs) into a hollow shield. From

-αυρο-σφάγο**ς**, ω, (ταῦρος, σφάττω) bull-claugoring: sacrificial. [ă]

-aupo-φάγοε, ον, (ταθροε, φάγεθν) bull-eating: a ef-eater. αυρο-φόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, \*φένω) bull-slaugbtering:

erificial.

aυρόω, f. ώσω, (ταθροε) to change into a bedl:ss., ravpoopar, to be or become savage as a bull, to ik savagely at, eye savagely.

a.Ora, neut. pl. of obros.

α.ὐτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, the same.

μύτη, also ταυτηί, dat. fem. of οδτος, freq. as Adv. tbis way or manner.

2υτί [1], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ωύτό Ion. ταύτό, Att. also ταύτόν, Att. crasis for αὐτό, τὸ αὐτόν, the same.

εὐτόγε, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.

ιύτο-λόγος, αν, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) repeating the ze that has been said, tautologous.

μ**ι τόματον.** Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτόματον, subat falls by accident, a bat, chance; and rairrougrou, for τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself, by chance: cf. αὐτόματοε. . de, in Pindar for சேவ்டிச, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no L in 1000 : see τέθηπα.

Δεύε, έως, δ, (θάπτω) one who buries the dead, a er.

УФН, А, (ваяты) burial, Lat. sepultura: a mode zerial: in plur. a burial-place.

chipos, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for rapelos, (raph) of

rrial or a grave; pâpos raphior) a burial-cloth, ding-sheet, shroud.

фήναι, aor. 2 pass of θάπτα.

φιος [ά], α, αν, (τάφοι) of a grave; τάφιοι λίθοι aves.one.

3-68ca, Att. crash for to 1468ca.

'♣O∑ [a], o, (bantu) a burial, Let, fueus: also a | swift-footed.

raupo-bêrge, ου, δ, (raupoe, bêω) binding bulls: fem. | funeral-feast, make; τάφου τυχείν to obtain the rites of II. the grave, tomb: in plut, a burial-place.

TA' \$02 [a], 76, (rébywa) astonishment, amazement. Tádos, to old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Lencadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates

ταφρεύω, f. σω, (τάφρου) to make a ditco. τάφρη, ή, Ion. for τάφρου.

TA POZ, h, a ditch, trench: Thepor Examer 10 draw a trench.

τάφών, part. of sor. 2 έταφον: see τέθηπα.

τάχα, Adv. (τἄχύε) quickly, soon, Lat, statim. in prose and Att., raya is often joined with dr, when it means, probably, perbaps, like lows:—Sup. τάχιστο; see τάχοε, ταχύε.

τάχ έως, Adv. of ταχύς, quickly.

τἄχἴνός, ή, όν, poët. for ταχύε, swift, speedy. raylor, orce, neut. of raylor, Comp. of rayle,

often as comp. Adv. of  $aulpha\chi a$ . τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see τἄχύε.

τάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of τάχύς, quickest, swiftest. τάχίων, ανοε, neut. τάχιον, Comp. of ταχ's. [1]

TAXOZ, eos, τό, (ταχύε) swiftness, speed, quickness, fleetness; τάχου ψυχῆυ quickness of mind. τάχοε is often used as Adv. for ταχέωε, quickly, with speed; so also with a Prep., από τάχους, διά τάχους, er rayes, mara rayos, our rayes; also de or 8 to τάχος, like de or δ τι τάχιστα, with all speed; de elxor raxous as they were for speed, i.e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ον, (ταχύς, άλίσκομαι) conquered or eaptured quickly

τάχύ-βουλος, ον, (ταχύς, βουλή) quick or basty of

τάχύ-δακρυς, ν, gen, νος, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) soon moved to tears.

ταχυ-δρόμος, ον. (ταχύε, δραμείν) fast-running. τάχυ-εργία, ή, (ταχύε, έργον) σε chness in working. τάχυ-ήρης, es, (ταχύς, ερέσσω) fast-rowing.

τάχύ-μηνιε, exe, δ, ή, (ταχύε, μηνιε) quick to anger. τάχυ-μήτωρ, opos, ή, (ταχύς, μήτηρ) being quickly

a motber. τάχύ-μορος, ον, (ταχύς, μόρος) quick-dying, sbortlived.

τάχυ-ναυτεω, (ταχύε, ναύτηε) to sail fast.

τάχύνω [v], f. vww, (ταχύε):—to make quick, to bas-II. intr. to make paste, speed. len, to urge on.

τάχυ-πειθής, έε, (ταχύε, πείθω) soon persuaded, credulous.

τάχύ-πομπος, ον, (ταχύς, πέμπω) quickly-sending, quick-sailing.

τάχύ-πορος, αν, (ταχύε, πόρος\ mick-bassing, quick of motion.

τάχύ-ποτμος, αν, (ταχύς, πότμος) muick-fated. showlived. [b]

τάχύ-πουε, -ποδοε, δ, ή, (ταχύε, πούε) swift-footea. τάχύ-πτερνος, ον, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) with swift beels,

τάχθ-πτερος, ον, (ταχθε, πτερόν) swift-winged. τάχύ-πωλος, ον, (ταχύς, πώλος) with swift, fleet borses. [8]

τάχύρ-ροθος, ον, (ταχύς, ροθέω) rushing rapidly. τάχύρ-ρωστος, ον, (ταχύς, ρώομαι) borne quickly

along, quick-rusbing.

TAXYZ, eia, v, quick, swift, fast, fleet. 2. of II. Comparison: events, quick, speedy. ı. regul. Comp. τάχύτερος, α, ον only in Ion. 2. irreg. Comp. θάσσων Ait. -ττων, neut. θᾶσσον, gen. oros; neut. Oârror, also used as Adv. more 3. another Comp. is raxior [1], neut. 10v: Sup., τάχιστος, η, ον; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv., most quickly, most speedily; δττι τάχιστα as soon as may be, as soon as possible; also in Prose, την ταχίυτην (sub. όδύν), as Adv. by the quickest way, i. c. most quickly.

ταχύ-σκαρθμος, ον. (ταχύε, σκαίρω) quick-springing. τάχὕτής, ήτος, ή, (ταχύε) quickness, swiftness, speed. τάχυ-χαλής, έε, (ταχύε, χείλοε) over which the lips

run quickly, of a flute.

Tawv, Dor., and Acol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article. TAO  $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , gen.  $\tau a\hat{\omega}$ , acc.  $\tau a\hat{\omega}\nu$ : nom. pl.  $\tau a\hat{\varphi}$ : another form of the nom. is raw, gen. rawos; pl. ταῶνεε, dat. ταῶσι :- Lat. PAVO, a peacock : me-

taph. of coxcombs.

TE, enclitic Particle, and, answering to Lat. que, as gal answers to et. When it stands before another τε or before καί, it takes the sense of both; «lbbs τε μέγεθός τε, both in form and in size; αὐτοὶ τε καὶ Innot, both themselves and their horses. Ep. and Ion., Te is attached to Relatives, without altering their sense, as, oore, ooo re, etc., which is to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pronouns were originally Demonstratives, and required to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained as a mere affix, as in ωστε, οῖός τε, ἐφ' ῷτε. It is also joined in like manner with many relat. Advs. as ένθα τε, δτε τε, ώσεί τε, ίνα τε, άλλά τε, ctc.

τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σύ. τέ', apostroph, for τεά, nent. pl. of τεύε.

TETTΩ, fut. τέγξω: 201. I έτεγξα: 201. I pass. έτέγχθην:—to wet, moisten, esp. with tears: to bedew 2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα with tears. to shed tears: Pass., δμβρος ετέγγετο a shower was poured, fell. II. to soften, melt: metaph. to soften, move to compassion, make to relent. to dye, stain, Lat. tingere: metaph. to stain or mix with anything else.

Teyéa Ion. -έη, ή, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence Teγeáτης [ā] Ion. -ήτης, δ, a man of Tegea, a Tegeate: fem. Τεγεατις, ιδος, (sub. γη) the land of Tegea. Hence

Teyedrikos Ion. -ητικός, ή, όν, of or for a Tegeale. τέγεος, ον, (τέγος) with a roof, roofed, or near the

TETOZ, eos. 75, like ortyos, a roof, covering of a

bouse or room, Lat. tectum II. a room, ebamba garret: a brotbel.

τέθαλα, τεθαλώς, ότος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc. τεθάλυια, Ep. for τεθηλυία, pf. part. fem. of θάλλε τεθάλφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλπαι

τέθαμμαι, –ψαι, –πται, pf. pass. of θάπτοι. τεθάφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω. τεθάψομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθέαται, for τέθεινται, 3 pl. pl. pass. of τίθημι. τέθεικα, τέθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι. τεθεμελίωτο, 3 sing pass. plops. of θεμελιόω. τέθηγμαι, pf. pass. of θήγω.

τέθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plaps. Ep. τεθήλα. τεθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τίθημι.

τέθηπα, pf. with pres. sense, wi 'lout a pres. in us -intr. to be astonished, astounded or amazed, chief used in part. τεθηπών: also in Ep. plqpf. as im II. from same root comes 20r. 2 fr φον, with part. ταφών, astonished or amazed. τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι.

τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω. τεθλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλίβω.

τέθμιος, a, or, Dor. for θέσμιος, fixed, settled, state regular, Lat. solennis: generally, due, fitting. τεθμός, δ, (τίθημι) Dor. for θεσμός, that which

fixed, a law, custom, ordinance.

τίθναθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκω. τεθναίην, pf. opt. of θνήσκω.

redvakames, Dor. for redvheamer, I pl. pf. of briss τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ἄ], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσευ. τεθνάμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσει rebravat [a], rarely rebravat, pf. inf. of origina. reductor, for reductions, 3 pl. pf. of orforms. τεθνειώς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνείως.

reθνεώς, -ωτος, δ, Att. part. pf. of θνήσκα; fe τεθνεώσα; neut. τεθνεώε and τεθνεόε.

τέθνηκα, pf. of θνήσκω. TelvhEoual, Att. fut. of Orhome.

τεθνηώε, –ῶτοε, Ερ. for τεθνεώε, masc. and ∞ part. pf. of θνήσκω: Ep. gen. τεθνηότος, acc. -έτ but the fem, is τεθνηκυία formed from the σ τεθνηκώε,

τεθνώς, poët. for τεθνεώς.

τεθορείν, redupl. for θορείν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσε τέθραμμαι and τέθρεμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω τεθρ-ήμερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ήμέρα) a time of 📜

τεθριππο-βάμων [ā], ονος, δ, (τέθριππος, βο driving a four-borsed chariot: a driver of four τεθριππο-βάτης, ου, ό, (τέθριππος, βαίσω) 🛎 🚾 a four-borsed chariot. [βά]

τέθρ-ιππος, ον, (τέτταρα, έππος) with for 🔄 yoked abreast: as Subst., τέθρεππον (sob. 🏧 🚉 a four-borsed chariot; Tilpuszos issue s four abreast.

τεθριπποτροφέω, f. ήσω, to keep a feer ber ebarios. From

τεθριππο-τρόφος, αν, (τέθρεπτον, τρέφο) λας

four-borsed chariot; τεθριπποτρόφος olula a family bat could furnish such a chariot in the games. τεθθμένος, pf. pass. part. of θύω.

τεθθωμένος, pf. pass. part. of θυόω.

τεί, poët, for τέ, which is Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σύ. ret, Dor. for oot, dat. of ov. [1]

τείδε, Dor. for τῆδε, this way, here.

τεῖνα, Ep. for έτεινα, aor. I of τείνω.

TEINΩ: f. τενώ: aor. I έτεινα: pf. τέτἄκα: Pass., or. Ι ἐτάθην [ἄ]: pf. τέταμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. έτάτο, 3 dual τετάσθην, 3 pl. τέταντο:—to stretch,

rain, extend, to draw tight; theor telvely to stretch e bow to its full compass:—Pass, to be stretched to e full: lorla rétato the sails were stretched taught: ide πόδα τείνειν to keep the sheet taught; νύξ τέιται βροτοίσιν night is spread over mankind. lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay prosate; ratels int yain stretched upon the ground.

etaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense : Pass. to be strained to the utmost, to be intense: also, be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. zious. aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards .. : absol. stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach hing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer, ong to, Lat. speciare, pertinere ad ..; rebrei ès vé

as reference to you.

itos, Adv., Ep. for relus, réus.

είρσα, Ep. pl. of τέρα», the heavenly bodies, signs. **ΕΙΡΩ**, impf. ετειρον; only found in pres. and of.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away, er out:-Pass, to be worn away, worn out, dissed. II. intr. to suffer greatly.

ιχασι-πλήτη**ε**, ου, δ, (τεἶχοε, πελάζω) approacher, zil*er*, stormer of walls.

∟χ ἐω, f. ήσω, (τεῖχοι) to build walls: to build. vall, fortify, c. 200.

ιχ-ήρης, εε, (τείχοε, άραρείν) enclosed by walls, beruered, besieged.

XCLw, f. low Att. iw: 201. I frelxion: pf. rerel-: Pass., pf. τετείχισμαι: 3 sing. Ion. plapf. τειστο: (τείχοε):—to build a wall, generally, to તું; τείχου τειχίσασθαι to build oneself a wall: .1g. plapf. pass. rerelxioro, impers., there were II. to wall or fortify :- Pass. to be dings.

ed, fenced or fortified with walls.

χτό εις, εσσα, εν, (τείχος) walled.

Lov, 76, Dim. of reixor, a wall, mostly of the of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town σε, τέχη).

Cors, ή, (τειχίζω) the work of walling, building u.

τ**ισμα,** ατο**ε, τύ, (τειχίζω) a wall** or fort, a L fortification.

 $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v} \cdot  

-Soute, f. how, to build a wall or fort. From - Sopos, or, (τείχος, δέμω) building a wall.

ταχομάχέω, f. ήσω, to attack the walls, to essault or besiege a fortified place; τειχομαχείν δυνατοί skilled in conducting sieges. From

ταιχο-μάχης, ου, ο, (τείχος, μάχομαι) assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer. [d]

ταιχομάχία Ion. -ίη, ή, (ταιχομαχέω) an assault of walls, a siege: this was the name of Il. 12.

ταιχο-μελής, έε, (τεῖχοε, μέλοε) raising sualls by music, of Amphion's lyre.

TELXO-BOLOS, OF, (TELXOS, BOLEW) building walls or forts: ol recornoi, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls.

TEIXOX, eoe, tó, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; τειχέων κιθώνει coats of wall, i. e. walls one within the other; reixea pheasta to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from roixoe, reixion, as Lat. murus, moenia from paries, or city-walls from a bouse-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τειχο-φύλαξ, άκοε, ό, (τείχοε, φύλαξ) one that guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

τειχύδριον, τό, Dim. of τείχος, a small wall or fortified place.

reless, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for rees. Time, Ep. 3 sing. sor. 2 of There.

TEKELY, TEKETBUL, sor. 2 act, and med, inf. of Tierre. τοκμαίρομαι: fut. τεκμάρουμαι: 201. Ι έτεκμηράμην: Dep.: (τέκμαρ):—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint: to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ maird τοῦς πάλαι to judge of new by old events: to conjecture. III. the Act. τεκμαίρω is rare, to sbew by a sign or token.

ΤΕΚΜΑΡ Ερ. τέκμωρ, τό, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end; Ίλίου τέκμωρ the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, end, purpose. a solemn pledge.

τέκμαρσις, ή, (τεκμαίρομαι) a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing.

τεκμηράμην, Ερ. sor. I of τεκμαίρομαι.

τεκμήριον, τό, (τεκμαίρομαι) a sure sign or token, a positive proof; τεκμήριον δέ is sometimes put in an independent clause, bere is the proof. Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible on meior. Hence

τεκμηριόω, f. ώσω, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence: - Med, to conclude from a sure sign or token.

TERVIBION, TO, - TERVION.

τακνίον, τό, Dim. of τέκνον, a little child.

TEKVOYOVÉM, (TEKVOYÚVOS) to bear children. TERVOYOVIA, f. child-bearing.

τεκνο-γόνος, ον, (τέκνον, \*γένω) begetting or bearing children.

TEXEVO-KTÓVOS, OF, (TEXEVOF, ETEKPO) child-murdering.

ταινολετηρ, θροε, δ, (τέκνον, δλλυμι) losing or bauing lost one's ebildren: fem. rekvolérupa, of the

nightingale, baving lost ber young.

Textor, ov, to, (Texter) that which is borne or born, a bairn, child, whether son or daughter: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, Téxror έμον, my son: sometimes with masc. Adj., φίλε 2. of animals, the young.

TEKNOTIONE, f. 450, (TEKNOTIONOS) to bear children, of the mother; -Med. to beget children, of the father; but Med. also of both parents, to breed children. Hence

menvomonia, \$\dagger\$, a bearing or begetting of children. TEKYO-WOLVOS, OV, (TEKYOV, WOLVY) child-avenging. TEKVO-WOLDS, by, (TEKVOY, WOLEW) bearing or begetting children.

TECVO-GROPIA, \$, (TERFOR, GREEPER) a begetting of

TEKVO-TPO-60, f. how, (TEKVOV, TPE-00) to bring up er rear children.

TEKYOUS, OUGGE, OUF, (TEKYOF) CONT. from TEKYÓEIS, oecoa, oer, baving children.

τεκνο-φάγος, ον, (τέκνον, φάγεθ) eating children. Texvopoven, to murder children. From

τεκνο-φόνος, αν, (τέκναν, \*φένω) child-murdering, raceba, f. bow (reavor), to furnish with children. II. to beget children, of the father:-Med. of the mother, to bear children; metaph., χθών έτεκνώσανς TERVA the earth gave birth to her children: also of wealth, etc. :- Pass. to be born.

τέκνωσις, eas. ή, (τεκνόω) a begetting or bearing of ebildren.

Theorev, 3 p. aor. 2 opt. of Tieres.

Theov, Ep. sor. 2 of Tieres.

τέκος, εοε, τό, Ep. dat. pl. τεκεσσι, τεκέεσσι: (τεmeiv):-poët. for rémor, a child.

Terraivous, Dep. (Tirrer) to mare, buila, frame: -metaph. to devise, plan, contrive. II. later also

in Act.: whence in Pass. to be built, contrived. τεκτήναιτο, 3 sing. sor. I opt. of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτήνατο, Ep. 3 sing. acr. 1 of τεκταίνομαι.

TEKTOVETOV, TO, (TEKTOW) a carpenter's shop. τεκτονικός, ή, όν, (τέκτον) of or for a carpenter

or builder, skilled in building : as Subst., τεκτονικόε, δ, a good carpenter; ή τεκτονική (sub. τέχνη) car-· pentry.

TEKTOGUND, f., the art of a carpenter or milder: earpentry, building. From

τίκτων, ονοε, δ, a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder; vyav tertav a ship-carpenter, ship-2. any crafteman or workman, a master of any art; hence of the art of poetry, τέκτονεε υμrow makers of songs. IL a planner, contriver, plotter: generally, an author.

Textor, acr. 2 part. of Tiere. TEΛΑ ΜΩ N, ôros. ô, a broad band or strap for fulfilment, accomplished. belt for carrying either the shield or sword.

broad linen bandage of rouer for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

relieus, eagu, er, shortened form of relieus.

TEΛΕ'ΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. τελέθεσαι:-- to come forth, come into being, arise: hence to be, become, τέλειον, τό, a complete feast, a royal feast. From

TEXELOS OF TEXEOS, a, or, in Att. also or, or: (76λοε):-complete, perfect, entire; of victims, without spot or blemish: but, lepd rédesa are perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites. 2. of animals, fullgrown; rédecce dute a full-grown man, Lat. adultus: hence perfect in bis or its kind. 3. of numbers, etc., full, complete. 4. of actions, ended, finished: of vows, etc., fulfilled, accomplished: also fixed, resolved upon. II. act. bringing to pass, accomplishing; apd renela a curse working its own fulfilment 2. able to do or bring about; Tixeson derip a man sobo bas full rule or authority.

τελειότης, ητος, ή, (τέλειος) completeness, perfection.

rehendes or rehedes, f. doos, (rehend):-- to make perfect: to inaugurate, consecrate. IL to complete, bring to accomplishment: to make successful, generally, to fulfil, accomplish, effect.

τελείται, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of τελέκ.  $\tau$ ele, Ep. for  $\tau$ ele.

redeles, doubtful form for redeles.

τελείωσιε, ή, (τελειόω) a becoming perfect, comple tion, accomplishment, consummation.

τελουτής, οῦ, ὁ, (τελειόω) a perfecter, finisher. τελεό-μηνος, ον, (τέλεος, μήν) revolving with ful completion of months; άροτος τελεόμηνος, i.e. a ful twelvemontb.

τέλεον, Ep. impf. of τελέω.

Telicovres, oi, one of the four original Attic tribes (τελέω 11) Payers, Farmers; οι (τελέω 111), Priests 

τελέσσα, Acol. aor. I opt. of τελέω. reheadels, nor. I pass. part. of rehice.

τέλεσμα, ατοι, τό, (τελέω) a payment, outlay.

τέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω, reherou-bormon, of, poet, for reherib... (rehoe, &

δωμι) she that gives completeness or accomplishment. τελεσσί-φρων, ονοε, δ, ή, Ep. for τελεσέφρων, (τ λέω, φρήν) working its complete will.

τελεστήριον, τό, (τελέω) a place of initiation. plus. τελευτήρια, τά, a thank-offering for success. TENEGTED, opos, o, poet. for TENEGTES, (TENES)

magistrate. relemboples, f. how, to bring fruit to perfects. generally, to bring to perfection. II. to per 🔑 or custom. From

τελεσ-φόρος, αν, (τέλος, φέρω) brought to σε 🛋 coming to an end; rexemploor els bricards for 🤄 2. brought to an end space of a complete year. IL act. bringing bearing or supporting anything, a leathern strap or | an end, accomplishing; wegelf is to pe) telestor 2. a to fall with fruitless result, i. c. powerless, idle.

ering fruit in due season. 3, bearing rule, bav g the control or management of.

eλeτή, ή, (τελίω) a making perfect: initiation in emysteries, the celebration of mysteries. II. in ar. mystic rites, any religious rites, a festival. ελεύμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass, sense) of

Aéos.

ελεθντι, Dor. for τελούσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

eλευταΐου, α, ον, (τελευτή) at the end, last, Lat. imus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. at. το τελευταΐου, as Adv. the last time, last of

2. last, in the last place.

cheurdo, f. how: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. mod. τε
τετελεύτημα:: (τελευτή):—to bring to an end, 

πρεειές accomplish. Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify: 

Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, bappen. II. 

Leurar τον βίον, τον αίωνα to bring one's life to 

end, i.e. to die: abol. τελευτάν, to die, be de
sed; τελευτάν βίον to make an end of life. 2. 

rans. to come to an end, finish; al εὐτυχίαι ἐε 

το ἐτελεύτησων his good fortune came to this 

3. the part. pres. τελευτών, ωσα, ων, was 

d with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at

re been blows at the last.

iλευτέω, Ion. for τελευτάω: part. τελευτέοντες.

iλευτή, ή, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, filment, accomplishment.

II. a finish, end:

; as, κάν εγίγνετο πληγή τελευτώσα there would

v rehevrh the end, finish of life: absol. the end of , death; so, darárow rehevrh the end that death nggs, Lat. mortis exitus: le rehevrhy at the end, at r: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, esp. of

mtries: metaph. the issues or events of things. Acurhosa, Acol. 201. I opt. of Televiae.

λέω, Ep. also τελείω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσσω, . τελέω contr. τελώ: 201. Ι έτέλεσα Ερ. έτέrσα: pf. τετέλεκα:—Pass, τελέομαι Ep. -είομαι: med. in pass, sense τελέσομαι Ερ. τελέομαι contr. ουμαι: 201. Ι έτελέσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέ-):—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to form, execute, Lat. perficere; to fulfil or keep one's d: with dat, pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the complishment of anything: generally, to work out, presplish one's end:—Pass, to be completed, fulfilaccomplished: to come to pass, bappen: part. pf., σειλ τετελεσμένον έσται which shall also be acplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to matu-3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. 4. sometimes irtr. like 74come to one's end.

race, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also,

els rosor to finish (one's course) to a place, i. c.

cas san, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend:

was, of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be

distributed into classes and rated according to

ere or it.

le so pay tan.

II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to

2. since at Athens the citizens

3. bearing rule, bauof.
furfect: initiation in
mysteries. II. in
rites, a festival.
cd. (in pass. sense) of
pl. of τελέω.
at the end, last, Lat.
worst, extreme.
II.
tibe last time, last of
the irreporty, τελείν te meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among as,
refeir les twées to be rated among the knights; so
of states, τελείν le Teλληνα, les Bouvroús to belong
to, be rated among the Greeks, the Bocotians; els
dotobs τελείν to be rated among the citizens.
II.
to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to
bave oneself initiated in the mysteries of Bacchus;
cacc., τελεσθήναι Βακχεῖα to be initiated in the rites
of Bacchus.
2. τελείν lepá to perform sacred
rites.

τελέως, Adv. of τέλεος οτ τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup. -άττατα.

τελήσιε, εσσα, στ, (τελίω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number; pi(ειν τεληέσσαε ἐκατόμβαε to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemis; τελή-εντες οιανοί birds of sure augury; ἐπεα τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέειε). Τι τελήειε ποταμός, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕ'ΛΛΩ: f. τελῶ: aor. I έτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plapf. ἐτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. I ἐτειλάμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise.

2. intr. to arise; ħλίου τέλλοντος at sup-rise.

τίλμα, ατοι, τό, (τίλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond.

II. the mud of a pool; mud or clay to build with, mortar,

TE'AOE, cos, to, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλου Exem to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to bave full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλοε γάμοιο; τέλοε ήβηε manbood: -generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλου βίου the end of life, then like τελεύτη, without βίου, The end of life, death: but also, τέλοε θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself: so, νόστοιο τέ-Nos the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe return. 3. τέλοε is often used adverbially; τέλοε for κατά τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, is τ) τέλος, els τέλος:-in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omnino: -διά τέλους, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II. the end proposed, chief matter. III. a body of soldiers, natà télea in regular bodies, in divisions os troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεών squadrons of ships; δρνίθων τέλεα flocks of birds. IV. the bigbest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; of er τέλει men in authority; so, of τά τέλη έχοντει; in Att., τὸ τέλοι the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates. V. that which is paid to the state (cf. Telem II), a tan, duty, toll, due; Télos tolaσθαι to farm a tax: λύειν τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be profitable, advante yeous, like Auditeles. 2. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was asconsummation by being admitted to mysteries, initiation, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, the mysteries themselves. 2. generally, any religious ceremony, a solemnity, esp. of marriage.

Thoobe, as Adv. sowards the end or term.

τέλσον, τό, collat. form of τέλος, a boundary, limit, τέλσον άρούρης a piece of corn land marked off.

Teλχίν, ανοε, δ, (θέλγω) one of the Telebines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:—as Adj., τελχίνει σήτει mischievous moths.

release, f. how, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tangatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελ-ώνης, ου, δ, (τέλος, ἀνέομαι) one who farms toe tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

Televia, \$\dagger\$, (\tau \text{ten} \text{to}) the office of a farmer of the customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάε, άδοε, ή, (τελώνηε) of tax-gatherers.
τελωνικόε, ή, ών, (τελώνηε) of or for tax-gathering.
τελώνιον, τό, (τελωνίω) a toll-bouse, custom-bouse.
τέμάχος, cos, τό, (τέμνω) a slice cut off, a slice of sall-fish.

TELLETY, AOT. 2 int. of TEMPO.

τιμένιος, a, or, (τέμενοι) of or in the sacred precincts; φυλλάε τεμενία the grove in the sacred precincts.

"τεμενίτης [1], ov, δ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo at Syracese, whence a quarter of the city was called Teμενίτης: fem., ή άκρα ή Teμενίτις the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμεω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of corn-land.

II. a piece of land sacred to a god: the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called τέμενος Νείλοιο.

ΤΕΜΝΩ Ion. τάμνω: fut. τεμώ: 201. 2 έτεμον Ερ. and Ion. έταμον, Ep. inf. ταμέειν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμούμαι: 201. 2 έταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass... aor. I έτμήθην: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or bew in battle, to wound, maim. 2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, boria tauren came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferire, foedus ictum. III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, bew. lop: in Med. c. acc., δούρα τάμνεσθαι to fell oneself timber; λίθους τάμνεσθαι to bave stone wrought or 2. Φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., wopow tepwer to contrive a means. 3. TELEVELY YAV, TEBLOY, to lay waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, IV. to cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide. V. to cut or draw a line, represe apoupar to plough corn land; theurer bxtrove to cut

trenches: also, τεμνειν δδουε to cut or make road τέμνειν όδόν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, a wance (cf. προκόπτω); μέσον τέμνειν to bold a midd course.

2. of ships, to cut through or cleave th waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plous or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go.

VI.

Tέμπες contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempé, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which triver Peneius flows into the sea.

τεμώ, fut. of τέμνω.

cut sbort, bring to a crisis.

τεμω, τατ. οι τεμοω. τενάγίτης [ι], ου, δ, fem. -îτις, ιδοε, used as Ac sballow. From

TENATOΣ, εοε, τό, a sboal, sballow, Lat. vadz TENAΩ Att. τένθω, to gnaw, nibble at. Heac τενθεία, ή, a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony. τένων, ωτοε, δ, (τείνω) a sineu, tendos: usually.

tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.
τέξω, τέξομαι, fut. act. and med. of τίπτω.

τέο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of intercris. II. τεο, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, g of enclit. τὶς.

f enclit. 71s. 76o, Dor. for σου, gen. of συ. 74οῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τέοισι, Ion. for τισί, dat. pl. of τίε. τεόε, ή, όν, Ep. and Ion. for σόε, Lat. terms. τεοθε, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

repalo, f. dow, (repas) to interpret portents or progies, to bode.

τέραμνον οι τέρεμνον, τό, anything closely shat room, chamber; only used in plur.

TEPAZ, gen, aros Ep. aos Ion. εοε, τό: ph nom. τέρὰτὰ Ep. τέρὰα contr. τέρὰ; Ep. gen. : ράων; dat. τέρὰσι Ep. τεράισσι:—a sign, word marvel, portent.

II. anything that sen as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. mo strum.

2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the beams a constellation, meteor; cf. reipea.

τερα-σκόπος, ον, poet. for τερατο-σκόπος (τέρ σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

περάστιος, α, ον, (τέρα») of portents, portentous. περάπεία, ή, (τερατεύομαι) a dealing in the mere lous, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατοι, τό, a juggling trick, quacke From

τεράτεύομαι, Dep. (τέραε) to talk marvels, Lat pr tenta loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an imposτερατολογέω, f. ήσω, (τερατολόγου) to tell marvels.

τεράτολογία, ή, (τερατολογέω) a telling of 🖘 vels.

περάπο-λόγος, ον, (τέρας, λέγω) telling of marrilous sights or portents. II. pass. of societies vellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ον, (τέρας, σκοπέω) abserving fo tents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, δ, a southsayer. τεράτουργία, ή, a working of wonders. From τεράτ-ουργός, όν, (τέρας, έργω) wonder-working. vellous, wondrous.

περάπ-ωπός, όν, (τέρας, δψ) with a marvellous face; reparands iδέσθαι marvellous to behold.

repeβlvelivos, η, or, made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From

TEPEBINGOE, h, the terebinth or turpentine-tree: also the resim that flows from it, turpentine.

τερεβινθ-ώδης, εε, (τερέβινθος, eldos) like turpenine: full of turpentine-trees.

TE PEINA, fem. of τέρην. τέρεμνον, τό, - τέραμνον.

τέρενος, η, ον, collat. form of τέρην.

reperiζω, f. σω, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.) Ience

repérvoya, aros, ró, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, τό, a borer, gimlet, Lat. terebra. From τερέω, f. ήσω and έσω, (τείρω) to bore, pierce, perorate. Hence

τερηδών, όνος, ή, the wood-worm, Lat. terēdo.

τέρην, ενά, er, gen. τέρενοε, είνηε, ενοε, etc.: (τείρω): -worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. tener: comp. τερενώτερος.

τερθρεύομαι, Dep. - τερατευομαι, to practise jugling tricks, use rbetorical artifices.

τέρθριος, δ, (τέρθρον) the rope from the end of a uil-yard (τέρθρον), the brace.

TEPOPON, to, an end, entremity: properly, the

ed of a sail-yard. τέρμα, ατοε, τό, an end, boundary, Lat. terminus: e goal round which borses and chariots had to turn races, Lat. meta. 2. a mark for throwing or pooting at. II. an end, limit: in plur. the boun-

pries. 2. metaph. the finishing point: the acmé, ight, summit.

reρμίνθίνος, η, ον, - τερεβίνθινος.

rέρμινθο**ς**, ή,—τερέβινθος.

repulses, erra, er, (répua) reaching to the end: rule repuberra a shield that covers one from top to ε; χιτών τερμόειε a tunic reaching to the ground. rέρμιοs, a, or, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, eal: of Time, repuia quepa the day of death.

-coμόνιοs, α, αν, (τέρμων) at the far-end. έρμαν, ονοι, δ. – τέρμα, a boundary.

epart-népauvos, or, (répau, nepaurés) delighting in

ender. ερπνόε, ή, δν, (τέρπω) delightful, pleasant, agree-Le. cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased. mp. and Sup. repriorepos, -oraros. Hence

σρανώς, Adv. agreeably, pleasantly.

ΈΡΠΩ, f. ψω: 201. Ι έτερψα:-- Pass., 201. Ι ξρφθην οτ ετάρφθην: 201.-2 ετάρπην, inf. ταρπήναι \_ ταρπήμεναι, Ep. I sing. and pl. subj. τράπείω, τράομεν: - Med. 201. Ι ετερψάμην: 201. 2 εταρπόμην, . redupl. τεταρπόμην, τετάρπετο, 1 pl. subj. τεταρπώ--θα, part. τεταρπόμενοι:—to delight, please. Pass, and Med. to be cheered, enjoy oneself, make

repăr-6875, es, (répas, elbos) like a prodigy, mar- | merry : - absol., wire sed réprou drink and be merry. 2. c. gen. rei, to bave enough of, bave one's full enjoyment of, be content with. 3. rarely c. acc., τέρπεσθαι δνησιν, to enjoy profit.

τερπωλή, ή, poët. for τέρψιε, delight.

τερσαίνω: 201. Ι ετέρσηνα Ερ. τέρσηνα: (τέρσομαι):—to dry, dry up, wips up; αξμα μέλαν τένσηνε be dried up the black blood. Cp. τέρσομαι. τερσιά, ή, like ταρσιά, τρασιά, a frame for drying

anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕΡΣΟΜΑΙ: aor. 2 inf. τερσήναι Ερ. τερσήμεναι (but no indic. exergine occurs):—to be or become dry, to dry, dry up, be staunched: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., δσσε δακρυόφιν τέρσοντο his eyes became dry from tears. II. the Act. répow occurs in Alexandr. poets, = repraires.

τερφθείη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. opt. of τέρπομαι. τερψίμ-βροτος, ον, (τέρπω, βροτός) gladdening the beart of man.

τερψί-voos, or, (τέρπω, roos) gladdening the beart. τέρψις, εωε, ή, (τέρπω) enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χόρα, η, (τέρπα, χορόε) she that delights in the dance, Terpsichoré, one of the nine Muses.

repul-xopos, or, (repres, xopos) deligiting in the dance.

τέσσάρα, neut. οι τέσσαρες.

τεσσαρά-βοιος, ον, (τέσσαρα, βούε) worth four steers. тео обранки века, та, вес тео опрес-на века. тестаракалбека-выров, от, (тестеракавбека, даpov) fourteen bandbreadths long, broad or high.

тестаракалбек-éттв, ov, б, (тестеракайска, éтов) fourteen years old : fem. -trus.

τεσσαράκοντα Att. τετταράκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (τέσσαρεε) forty, Lat. quadraginta. [ρά]

τεσσάρακοντά-έτης, ου, ό, and -ετής, εε, (τεσσαράκοντα, έτοε) forty years old.

τεσσάρἄκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (τεσσαρακοντα, όργυια) forty fathoms bigb, deep, etc.

τεσσάράκοντ-ούτης, ου, δ, contr. for τεσσαρακον-TaÉTHS.

τεσσάρακοστός, ή, όν, (τεσσεράκοντα) fortieth. Lat. quadragesimus. Π. ή τεσσαραποστή (sub. μοίρα): I. a tax of one fortieth, i. e. 2½ per cent. a fortieth, a coin of Chios.

ΤΕ ΣΣΑ ΡΕΣ, οί, αἰ, τέσσαρα, τά; gen. τεσσάρων; dat. τέσσαρσι poöt. τέτρασι:—Att. τέττάρει, τέττάρα: in Ion. prose τέσσερεε, τέσσερα, dat. pl. τέσσερσι: Dor. τέττουεε οι τέτορεε: Acol. πίσυρεε:—four, Lat. quatuor.

τεσσάρεσ-καί-δεκα Ion. τεσσερεσ-, ol, al, τά, indecl. = \( \tilde{\epsilon} \) or \( \tilde{ τεσσαρα-καί-δεκα is very rare. Hence τεσσάρεσκαιδέκάτος, η, ον, Ion. τεσσερεσκ-, the

fourteenth. τεσσεράκοντα, Ion. for τεσσαράκοντα.

τέσσερες, τίσσερα, Ion. for τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα.

```
TETHYROA, P. OF TEHTE.
 rerequives, pl. pass. part. of rágow: hence Adv.
                                                       τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω.
rerayutrose, in set order, regularly.
                                                       Tétuoquev, I pl. opt. of Tétuor.
 rerayav, orros, o, Ep. redupl. sor. 2 part. with no
pres, in use; but woods reruyar he threw him taking
                                                      use, to overtake, come upon. 2. c. gen. to partake of.
him by the foot.
 Titalica, pf. of Telpas.
 TETALHAL, pf. pass. of TEXLER
 τέταλτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τέλλω
 Terdinal, pf. pass. of Telve.
 Terdivon, or, (Telra) stretched, strained, smooth.
 Terevos, o, (relyw) a stretching, straining: tension.
 тега́учето, Ep. 3 sing. plaps. pass. of та́уче.
 rerafouse, paullo-p. fut. of racow.
 τεταραγμένος, pf. pass. part. of ταράσσω:--hence
Adv. rerapayuiron, confusedly.
 τετάρπετο, -πώμεσθα, -πόμενος, Ep. redupl. 201. 2
2 sing., I pl. subj., and part. med. of répres.
 rerapratos, a, or, (rerapros) of or for four daw:
on the fourth day.
 τεταρτη-μόριον, τό, (τεταρτοε, μόριον) the fourth
part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans.
 τέταρτος Ερ. τέτρατος, η, ον, (τέσσαρει) the fourto,
Lat. quartus: - neut, To Térapror as Adv., the fourth
time.
             ΙΙ. ή τετάρτη (sub. ήμέρα), the fourth
day.
        2. (sub. poipa), a liquid measure, a quart.
 τετάσθην, Ep. 3 dual plqpf. pass. of τείνω.
 τέτἄτο, Ep. 3 sing. plopf. pass. of τείναι
 τετάχἄται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω.
 τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω.
 τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τελέα.
 reredfouch, paullo-p. fut. of review.
 τέτευχα, pf. of τυγχάνω.
 τετεύχἄται, τετεύχἄτο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plapf.
pass. of Tevyw.
 τετεύχετον, 3 dual pt. ot τευχω.
 τετεύχημαι, inf. τετευχήσθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with
pres. sense, formed from the Subst. 7evxen, without
any pres. revxée in use :-- to be armed.
 TETHER, intr. pf. of These.
 Terliques, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. 7160 in use,
to be sorrouful, be grieved, to sorrow, mourn:—used in
2 dual τετίησθον; but more commonly in part. τετι-
ημένοι, τετιημένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in
phrase τετιημένου ήτορ grieved at heart.
 τετιπώς, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pret. τιέω in
use, - reriquévos, grieved, sorrowing.
 Tertual, pf. pass. of ties.
 τετίμησθαι, pf. inf. pass. of τιμάσι.
 Through, pf. pass. of the.
 τέτλα, shortd. for τέτλαθι.
 τέτλάθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of *τλάα.
 τρετλαίην, Ep. pf. opt. of *τλάω.
 τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [d], Ep. pt. inf. of *τλάω;
but τέτλομεν, I pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν.
 τετλάτω [d], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of τλάω.
 τέτληκα, ρέ. οί τλημ.
 τετληώε, νία, gen. ότοε, Ep. pf. part. of *τλάω.
```

```
Terocos, Terocula, pl. part. of Theres.
  réropes, ol, al, réropa, rá, Dor. for résoapes
  τοτορήσω, irreg. fut. of τορέω.
  respons, should for \tau \ell \tau o \rho a = \tau \ell \sigma \sigma a \rho a, only found in
 compd. words.
  τετρά-βάμων, ον, gen. ανοε, (τέτρα-, βαίνω) four-
 footed, guadruped. [ßā]
  reτρα-γλώχιε, troe, δ, ή, (retpa-, γλωχία) with four
 points or angles, square.
  τετρά-γύος, ον, (τέτρα-, γύα) αι targe αι four acres
 (γύαι) of land.
                 II. τετράγυον, τό, as Subst., a mea-
 sure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day.
  τετράγωνέω, (τετράγωνοι) an astrological term, ε
 stand in square with, c. acc.
  Tetpayero-mpooremos, or, (Tetpayeros, mpooremo)
 square-faced, like otters and beavers.
  тетра-ушиов, ок, (тетра-, yunia) with four equal
 angles, square:—as Subst., rerpayoror, to, a square,
 a body of me- drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quad-
                II. perfect as a square, complete, per-
 ratum
 fect.
             .Π. τετράγωνου δριθμόυ α square mumber,
 i. e. a number multiplied into itself.
  respassion, 76, (verpas) the number of four, four
 persons or things, a quaternion. [d]
  Terpa-lluctos, or, (Terpa-, Ellow) four times sound
 or coiled.
  retpd-lune, es, (retpa-, luos) = retpaerie. [4]
  responentes, és, (respa-, êros) four years old.
 of four years.
  тетра-ζύγοε, av, (тетра-, ζυγόν) four-yoked, mil
 four borses: as Subst., σδ τετράζυγου (sc. δρμα) ε
four-borsed ebariot.
  Tetpa-behumos, or, (Tetpa-, behvmor) of four les-
 ers; τετραθέλυμυσε σάκοε a shield of four ox-bides.
  ΤΕΤΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. τετράνω: 201. Ι ετέτρηνα Ερ.
 τέτρηνα: 201. I pass. ἐτετράνθην: also (from the
 root TPA'Ω), fut. τρήσω: nor. έτρησα: pf. pass. ri-
 τρημαι:—to bore through, pierce, perforate.
  Terpa-kal-Bek-étigs, fem. –etis, idee, (Terpa-, mi
 bina, itos) fourteen years old.
  Terpa-kepus, av, (Terpa-, répas) four borned. [2]
  τετρά-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-beside
  тетраки, Adv. (тетра-) four times. [d]
  τετράκισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τετράκι», μύριοι) four time
 ten thousand, forty thousand. [9]
  Terpatrio-xilion, or, a, (Terpatris, xilion) four them
 sand. [xt]
  rerpa-kalvos, or, (rerpa-, ealing) suith from be
 couches to recline on at table.
 τετρά-ενθμος, ον, Dor. for τετράκυημος, (τετρα-
ενήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spokel
```

τετμηώε, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω.

remov, Ep. for everyor, an aor. 2 without pres. is

τετρά-κόρυμβος, οτ, (τετρα-, κύρυμβο») with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering. respä-koperos, or, (respa-, kopéra) four times a crow's age. тетраковны, ац, и, (тетра-) four-bundred. Hence теграковновтов, ф, ov, the four-bundredth. Terpaurus, vos, h, (Terpas) the number four. τετρά-κυκλος, ον, (τετρα-, κύκλοι) four-wheeled. τετρά-λογία, ή, (τετρα-, λόγου) a tetralogy, i. c. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus: -without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a trilogy, τριλογία, such as the Agamemnon, Choephoroe, and Eumenides of Acschylus. тетра-ретров, or, (тетра-, pitrpor) consisting of four metres, i. e. in iambic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus octonarius; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet :- as Subst., Tetpapetpos (sub. ortixes), o, a tetrameter or verse of four feet. -rerpa-μηνιαίος, a, ov, and τετράμηνος, ov, (τετοα-, μήν) of four months, lasting four months. τέτραμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέ τετράμοιρία, ή, a fourfold portion. Γιοπι Terpá-uospos, or, (Terpă-, poipa) consisting of four parts, fourfold. Terpavoels, acr. I pais. part. of Terpaires. TETPAH, dryos, and dros, o, prob. the pheasant, Lat. avis Phasianus. respuepta, h. a four-borned chariot. From Terpá-opos contr. Terpupos, or, (Terpa-, delpu) yoked four together; retpaopov oppus a four-borsed II. four-legged. [a] Terpd-walas, Adv. four times long ago, long long ago. πετρά-πάλαιστος, αν, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) of four spans, four spans long or broad. (i. e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet bigb. σετράπλάσιος, α, ον, (τετρα-) fourfold, four times

as much, Lat. quadruplus. [ #A&] Terpá-nheupos, or, (тетра-, nheupá) four-sidea.

Terpanki, Adv. (Terpa-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold.  $\tau$ erpärkos,  $\eta$ , or contr.  $-\pi$ koûs,  $\hat{\eta}$ , oûr,  $(\tau \epsilon \tau \rho a -)$ 

fourfold, Lat. quadruplus: as Subst., το τετραπλούν = тетранокріа, a fourfold portion. TEIPE-HOOndov, Adv. (Teipe-, mous) on four feet.

TETPE-ROBIOTI, Adv. (Tetpa-, nove) on all fours. πετρά-πολιε poet. τετράπτολιε, εω, ή, (τετρά-, rá入18) of, with four cities

TESpá-mohos, or, (Tespã-, mohem) turned up ot Loughed four times.

-- pá-wous, ô, ô, -wow, 76, (rerpă-, woie) fourcoced:—es Subst., rerpánoba, rá, quadrupeds. f four feet in length.

TES phostepos, ov, (Terpa, stephe) four-winged. Iene

Terpa-wrepublie, ibos, i, (Terpa-, wrepor) a fourwinged creature, grassbopper, locust.

Terpa-wrikes, or, (Terpa-, mriker) four-winged. τέτρα στο, Εp. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

τετρά-πτολιε, ή, poet. for τετράπολιε.

τετράρ-ρύμος οι τετρά-ρυμος, ον, (τετρα-, βυμός) with four poles, i. c. drawn by eight borses.

τετραρχέω, to be a tetrarch. From

τετρ-άρχης, ου, δ, (τετρα-, άρχω) a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country. Hence Terpapyla, h, a tetrareby, the power or dominions of a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans. τετράς, άδος, ή, (τέτταρες) the number four.

the fourth da. Terpa-onehip, is, (Terpa-, onihos) four-legged, four-

τετρα-στάτηρος, ον, (τέτρα-, στάτήρ) worth four

staters, i. e. about 13 shillings. σετρα-σύλλαβος, ον, .(τετρα-, συλλαβή) of four

syllables.

τετρά-σώματος, αν, (τετρα-, σῶμα) with four bodies. τέτράτος, η, ον, poët. for τέταρτος, fourth:--neut. τὸ τέτρατον as Adv., for the fourth time.

τετρά-τρύφος, ον, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) broken or that may be broken into four pieces.

τέτραφα, ρί. οί τρέπω.

τετρά-φάληρος, σν, of a helmet, - τετράφαλος. [φά] τετρά-φάλος, ον, (τετρα-, φάλος) of a helmet, with four φάλοι; see φάλοs.

тетрафатац, -фато, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plapf. Dass.

of tpérw.

τετράφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass, imperat. of τρέσω. τετρά-φύλος, ον, (τετρα-, φυλή) divided into four tribės.

τέτραχα, Adv. (τέτταρες) fourfold, in four parts. τετράχή, Adv. = τέτραχα.

τετραχθά, Adv. poët. for τέτραχα.

τετρά-χοος, ον contr. -χους, ουν, (τετρα-, χοεύς) bolding four xoes

τετρά-χορδος, ον, (τετρα-, χορδή)four-stringed :as Subst., To Tetpaxopoor, the tetrachord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.

τετρά-χυτρος, ον, (τετρα∽, χύτροε) made of four pois. τετρεμαίνω, redupl. form of τρέμω, to tremble.

τέτρημαι, pf. pass. of τετραίνω.

τέτρηνα, Ερ. for ετέτρηναι, 201. Ι οί τετραίναι τέτρηχα, intr. pf. with pres. signf. of ταράσσω; part.

fem. τετρηχυία; 3 sing. plapf. τετρήχει. τετρίγει, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. of τρίζω. [1]

τετρίγως, τετριγυία, pf. part. of τρίζω. τετριγώτος, Ep. for τετριγότας, acc. pl. pl. part. of

τρίζω. Térpupal, pl. pass. of Tpifa. τετρ-άργικος, αν, (τετρα-, δργικα) four fathoms long

ox broad. τέτροφα, pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφα.

τετρύσθει, pf. pass. inf. of τρύω.

τετρ-ώβολος, ον, (τετρα-, δβολόε) weigbing or wortb | four obols: -- as Subst., τετρώβολον, τό, a four-obol

τετρώκοστος, η, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστύς, fortieth. TETPOHOL, pl. pass, of Tetpoormi

Terp-spos, or, contr. for Terpaopo.

τετρ-ώροφος, ον, (τετρα-, δροφή) of four stories. τετρ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of τετρόργυιος. Tirra, an address of youths to their elders, Father, like árra, sássa.

τετταράκοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-. τεττίγο-φόρος, ον, (τέττιξ, φέρω) wearing a τέττιξ or cicada: epith. of the Athenians, because in early times they were golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being autoxove

τεττίγ-ώδης, εε, (τέττιξ, είδοε) like a τέττιξ οι cicada.

TE'TTIE, tyoe, &, a kind of grassbopper, the cicata, Lat. cicada, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise: -- see

τεττιγοφόρου. τέτυγμαι, pf. pass. of τεύχω. τετύγμην, Ep. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω. TETUKELV, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 inf. of revyes. τετύκέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of τεέχει. τετυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of τύπτω. Teruyuan, fai, krai, pf. pass. of revixes. τέτυγμην, ξο, κτο, plopf, pass. of τεύχω. τετθφωμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of τυφύω, stupidly. τετύχηκα [ŭ], pl. of τυγχάνω. τετύχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of τεύχω. τετύχθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τεύχω.

τεθ, Dor. for σου, gen. of τύ, σύ. Te0, Ion. and Dor. for thros, gen. of the (interrog.) II. Tell enclit. gen. for Turbs, from Te (enclit.)

τεθγμα, ατου, τό, (τευχω) that which is made, a work. Tevols, idos, n, a cuttle-fish, Lat. sepia, loligo. τευκτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of τεύχω, made, preparea,

wrought. τεύξα, Ep. sor. I opt. of τεύχω: opt. τεύξεια. 2. fut, med. of revyo. τεύξομαι, fut. of τυγχάνω. τεύτλιον, - τεῦτλον, beet.

TEΥΤΛΟΝ, τό, Att. for σεῦτλον, a kitchen-herb, beet, Lat. beta.

τεύχεα, τά, see τεῦχοι.

τευχεσ-φόρος, ον, (τεύχεα, φέρω) bearing arms, wearing armour.

τευχηστήρ, ήροε, δ, οι τευχηστής, οῦ, δ, (τεύχεα) an armed man, warrior.

τεύχοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχοι.

τεύχος, εος, τό, (τεύχω) like δπλον, a tool, implement, utensil: mostly in plur. Tevixea implements of war, armour, arms, barness. 2. in plur, also the tackle or rigging of a ship. 3. a vessel of any kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or fungreal urn. a book, whence the term Pentateuch or Five-books.

TETXO: f. for: 201. I freefa: Ep. 201. 2 rett. but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

nov: pf. réreuxa: Med., fut. rebfopai: Ep. 201. 2 τετοκόμην: Pass., fut. 3 τετεύξομαι: 20τ. Ι έτύχθην: pf. τέτυγμαι: Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plopf. τετεύχαται, τετεύχατο:--to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge: to weave: also metaph. to work, bring about, cause: to form, create:-Pass., c. gen. rei, τεύχεσθαι χρυσοίο to be wrongbt of II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and gold. so: and pf. pass. réruyuau is often used = elui or yiyropai, to bave been made, i. c. to be, so and so; yuraunde dert réruée, thou badet been made, i. e. thou wert, like a woman. 2. the pf. pass. part. Teruyulvos commonly means well or filly made, wellwrought, compact, lasting; metaph. of a field, welltilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous. τέφρα Ion. τέφρη, ή, (τύφω) asbes, sprinkled over

the head and clothes in token of grief: the ashes of tbe funeral pile. τεφρόω, f. ώσω, (τέφρα) to reduce to ashes, consume.

τεχθείε, 201. I pass. part. of τίετω. τεχνάζω, f. άσω, (τέχνη) to use art or cunning, deal

subtly, contrive cunningly. TEXVAUS, EGGA, EV, Dor. for TEXVHEIS.

τέχνασμα, ατοι, τό, (τεχνάζω) anything made by Il. an artifice, trick. art, a piece of bandiwork. τεχνάομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. Ι έτεχνησάμην: Dep.:

(τέχνη):—to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully; also followed by a relat., to contribe that ... L τεχνάομαι also occurs as a Pass.,

with pf. rerexvy pai, to be made by art.

τέχνη, ή, (τεκείν) art, skill, regular method of making a thing; réxry by rules of art. eraft, cunning, sleight: in plut. cunning desices, arts, 3. generally, a way, manner, means wherely a thing is gained; μηδεμιή τέχνη in no wise; wich τέχνη by all means; παντοίη τέχνη by all manner el means. II. an art, craft, trade. III. a work of art. τεχνήειε, εσσα, εν, (τέχνη) cunningly worought, ingenious. Adv. Texynerros, artfully, with art.

τέχνημα, ατοι, τό, (τεχνάω) that subich is surcegist by art, a work of art, a bandiwork. II. on ergi! device, trick, artifice: of a man, all trick and curning.

τεχνήμων, ον, gen, ανοε, = τεχνήειε.

τεχνήσσα, contr. for τεχνήεσσα, fem. ot τεχνήω. τεχνικός, ή, όν, (τέχνη) artistic, skilful. Adv.-κές artistically.

τεχνίτη**ε** [ῖ], ου, δ.(τέχνη) an artificer, artist, craβ÷ man, workman: one who works by rules of art.

TEXVITUS, 1808, fem. of TEXPITYS.

τεχνοσύνη, ή, poët. for τέχνη, ατί, skilymass.

τέφ, Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίε (interrog.). Ion. for rivi, dat. from ris (enclit.)

τέων, Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίε (unterrog.)

for τινών, gen. pl. of τis (enclit.).

Time, so long, measured, the while; also before, ere this:—antecedent to the II. absol. a while, for a time. [run: relat. low.

19, Ep, 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use, like λάβε, έχε, φέρε, there! take! always followed by a second imperat., as मन्ने, oweidor Asi .. take and pour a libation to Jove ..: 77, wie olvov .. take and drink

τŷ, dat. fem. of the Art. δ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat, Se. II. as Adv., like ταύτη, bere, this way.

Tibe, dat. fem. of bbe, used as Adv., in this direction, in this way.

τηδί, dat. fem. of δδί, used as Adv. = τήδε.

THOH or Tyon, h, a grandmother.

τηθίε, ίδοε, ή, (τήθη) a father's or mother's sister, aunt.

TH^OOZ, eoe, To, an oyster.

Τηθύε, ύοε, ή, (τήθη) Tethys, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia a Sea Deity. II. later. put for the sea itself.

τηκεδών, όνοε, ή, (τηκω) a melting away, wasting

away: hence consumption, decline, phthisis. τηκτός, ... by, verb, Adj. of τήκω, melted, melted

down so as to be poured in : soluble.

TH'KΩ Dor. τάκω: fut. τήξω; aor. I έτηξα: transit. to melt, melt down, make to melt away; to smelt metals: metaph. to make pine or melt away. II. Med, and Pass., f. med. Theopau, pass. Takhoopau: aor. 2 pass. traky [d]:-to melt, melt away: to piece, waste away: to ooze away, vanish, fall away. pf. act. rérque is used intr. - pres. pass.; and plapf. &τετήκειν = impl. pass., to pine, melt away; κρέα τετηкота sodden flesh.

τηλ-αυγής, έε; (τήλε, αθγή) far-sbining, glittering from afar: hence far-seen, conspicuous. Comp. and Sup. τηλαυγεστέροε, -έστατοε. Adv. τηλαυγώε,

clearly, distinctly.

THAE, Adv., like τηλοῦ, far off, far away, far: | far country: also c. gen. far from.

abroad: c. gen. far from.

πηλε-βόαs, ου, ο, (τήλε, βοάω) shouting afar or loud. τηλε-βόλος, ον, (τηλε, βαλείν) striking from afar. τηλέ-γονος, αν. (τηλε, γενέσθαι) born far from one's father or one's fatherland.

τηλεδάπος, ή, ον, (τηλε) from a far country, foreign: also afar off, distant.

τηλοθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf. τέθηλα), used only in Ep. part. pres. The baar, Ep. - ow, owa, lumuriant, blooming, flourishing, of trees and plants, as, υλη, ελαίαι, δένδρεα, etc.: metaph., παίδεε τηλεθάσετει blooming children; χαίτη τηλεθόωσα luxuriant hair.

TINA-κλαιτός, όν, (τηλε, κλέοι) far-famed.

THAE-KANTOS, OV, (That, kantoe from maken) salled from afar, summoned from afar.

ELECTÓS.

τηλε-μάχος, ον, (τήλε, μάχομαι) fighting from afar: 25 pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, δ, a son of Ulysses.

τηλί-πλάνος, ον, (τῆλε, πλανάομαι) far-wandering, devious.

τηλέ-πομπος, ον, (τήλε, πέμπω) sent from afar, far-journeying.

τηλέ-πορος, ον, (τήλε, πόροε) far-reaching.

τηλί-πύλος, ον, (τήλε, πύλη) with gates far apart. τηλε-σκόπος, ον, (τήλε, σκοπέω) far-seeing. proparox. Thethoros, ov, pass., far-seen, conspicuous, τηλε-φάνης, έε, (τήλε, φανήναι) appearing afar, seen from far: of sound, beard from afar.

τηλί-φίλον, τό, (τήλε, φίλοι) far-love, love-in-absence, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned: if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

THAI'A, h, any flat board with a raised rim, as, a sieve, the boop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. 4. a chimney-top, i. e. a lid which gambling-table. covered the aperture in the roof.

THAIKOΣ, η, ον, Dor. ταλίκος, α, ον [Υ]:—of such an age, so old or so young. generally, so great, Lat. tantus: anteced. to the Relative hairos, Interrog. πηλίκου. Hence

τηλικόσθε, -ήδε, -όνδε, and τηλικούτος, -αύτη οι -ουτοε, -ουτο, Att. for πηλίκοε, so very, so much. τηλόθεν οι -θε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) from afar, from a

foreign land: c. geo. far from. τηλόθι, Adv. (τηλοῦ) = τῆλε, τηλοῦ, far, afar, at adistance: also c. gen., τηλόθι πάτρη» far from father-

τηλο-πέτης, εε, (τηλε, πέτομαι) far-flying. τηλ-ορός, όν, collat. form of τηλουρόε.

τηλόσε, Adv. (τηλού) to a distance, far away. τηλοτάτω, Adv., Sup. of τηλού, furthest away.

τηλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τηλού, further away. τηλοθ, Adv., like τηλε, afar, far off or away, in a

τηλ-ουρόε, όν, (τηλε, δροε) with distant boundaries or confines: generally, far, distant, remote.

τηλύγετος, η, ον, also ον, αν, an epith. of sons, subo bave no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling; hence in bad sense, τηλύγετος ων like a spoilt child or pet. II, born afor off. (The latter sense points to the deriv. τῆλε, \*γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τηλ-ωπός, ω, (τήλε, ωψ) looking afar, seeing to a II. pass. perceived or beard from afar.

τημελέω, f. ήσω, to take care of, c. gen. beed, look after, see to, c. acc. From

τη-μελής, έε, careful, beedful. (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix 77- added.)

τήμερα, τήμερον, Att. for σήμερον.

τὴμῆ, Att. erasis for τῆ ἐμῆ.

τημος, Adv. then, thereupon; ἐε τήμοε till then. τημόσδε Dor. ταμόσδε, Adv. = τῆμοε.

τημούτος, Αdv. = τῆμος.

rquel, Adv., Dor. for exel, there: also for able here. τήνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, τήνελλα & καλλίνικε, χαῷε; hence τήνελλα καλλίνικε became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence

τήνελλος δ, Comic word, a conqueror who is received with a cry of τήνελλα, a victor in the games.
τηνίκα. Adv. (τήνος) at this or that time of day,

τηνίκα, Adv. (τῆνοε) at this or that time of day, then. [?]

τηνικάδε, Adv. (τηνικα) at this time of day, so early; αύριον τηνικάδε to-morrow at this time of day. [α] τηνικαθτα, commoner form for τηνικα, at this particular time: c. gen., τηνικαθτα τοῦ θέρους at this time of the summer.

II. in this case, then.

τηνόθι, Adv. (τῆνος) Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there.
τῆνος, τήνα, τῆνο, Dor. for κῆνος, = κεῖνος, ἐκεῖνος,
that. Hence

τηνώ, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there.

τηνώθε and -θεν, Adv., Dor. for επείθεν, thence.
τηξι-μελής, έε, (τήκω, μέλοε) melting or wasting
away of the limbs.

τηπερ, Ep. and Ion. for ηπερ, dat. fem. of δοπερ, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ήσω, (τηρόε) to give beed to, watch narrowly: to take care of, keep, guard; τηρεῖν εἰρήμην to keep, observe peace.

2. metaph. to observe, watch for a person or thing; τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέληνον baving watched for a moonless night.

Med f house, like the hardesseen to be one one of the control of t

Med., f. ησομαι, like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, take care or beed: fut. med. τηρήσομαι is also used in pass. sense. Hence

Thongres, ease, h, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II. a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison.

lance. II. a means of keeping secure, a ward, j THPOZ, or, a watch, guard.

τῆs, τῆσι, Ερ. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of δ and δs. τητάω, f. ήσω, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing. τῆτες, Αdν., Att. for Ion. σῆτες, this year, of or in this year. (From έτος, as τήμερον from ήμέρα.) τῆττνος, η, ον, (τῆτες) of this year, Lat. bornus. τηθοιος, α, ον, empty, idle, vain. Adv. -ίως, in vain. τί and τὶ, neut. of τίε (interrog.) and τὶs (enclit). τιάρα [ā], ἡ, ον τιάρας Ion. τιάρης, ον, ὁ, a tiāra, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιμρο-ειδής, ές, (τιάρα, είδος) sbaped like a tiara,

like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, τιέμεναι, Ep. inf. for τίειν.

rieorkev, rieorkero, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of τίω.

τίη, strengthd. for τί; wby? wherefore? τιήρης, ου, δ, Ion. for τιάρας.

τίθαιβώσσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make boneycombs. (Akin to τιθήνη, τιθασίε.)

τίθάς, άδος, ή. (τιθασύς) a barn-door fowl.

τίθασευτής, οῦ, δ, one who tames, domesticates. From

τίθασεύω, to tame, break in, domesticate. From down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence τίθεσθα τίθασδο, (ν, (τίτθη, 1ιθήνη) tamed, domesticated, of τήν γνώμην to determine, decide: τίθεσθαί τυν (κ.

animals, tame: of plants, cultivated: of men, moderate, mild: metaph., τιθασθε "Appe clomestic strife. τιθέδιμεν, for τίθεμεν, like διδόδιμεν for δίδομεν, I

pl. pres. of τίθημι: so τιθέασι, 3 pl. for τιθείσι

τιθείs, είσα, έν, pres. part. of τίθημι.

τίθεις, τίθει, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. impf. of τιθέω = τίθημ. τιθεῖς, τιθεῖ, 3 and 3 sing. of τιθέω = τίθημι. τιθέμεν, Ep. for τιθέναι, inf. of τίθημι: but τίθε-

μεν, 1 pl. τίθεν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἐτίθεσαν Ερ. τίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of τίθημι.

τίθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of τίθημι.

τίθεσο Ερ. τίθεσσο, pres. med. imperat. of τίθημε. τίθέω, poöt. form of τίθημι, whence 2 and 3 sing. τιθείε, τιθεί, and impf. ἐτίθειε, ἐτίθει Ερ. τίθει.

τιθήμεναι, Ερ. for τιθέμεναι, τιθέναι, inf. of τίθημε. τιθήμενος, Ερ. for τιθέμενος, pres. med. part. of

τίθημί.

τίθημι, τίθης, τίθησι, also Ep. 2 sing. τίθησθα; 3 pl. τιθείσι Ion. τιθέασι; inf. τιθέναι Ep. τιθήμεναι, τιθέμεν; Impf. ετίθην, Ep. 3 pl. τέθεσαν; Ion. Tibeakov: (there are also some forms from the pres. τιθέω, q. v.): Fut. θήσω, Ep. inf. θησέμεναι οτ θησέμεν: Aor. I έθηκα Ερ. θηκα: Pf. τέθεικα, plapf. έτεθείκειν: Aor. 2 έθην only used in pl. έθεμιν, έθετε, έθεσαν Ερ. θέσαν; imperat. θέν; subj. θώ Ion. θέω, I pl. θέωμεν; lengthd. Ep. θείω, 2 sing. θήμε, pl. θείομεν for θείωμεν, θώμεν; opt. θείην, pl. θείημεν or θείμεν, θείτε, θείσαν; inf. θείναι Ep. θέμεναι. έθμεν; part. θεί**s.**---Μερ, τίθεμαι, τίθεσαι, **τίθ**εται: imperat. τίθεσο, τιθοῦ, Ep. part. τιθήμενος: impf. έτιθέμην: Fut. θήσομαι: Aor. Ι έθηκάμην, Ep. 3 sing. θήκατο: part. θηκάμενος: Aor. 2 med. εθέμην: imperat. θέο contr. θοῦ; opt. θείμην, 3 sing. θείτο.... Pass. τίθεμαι: fut. τεθήσομαι: 201. 1 ἐτέθην: p£ τέθειμαι: plapf. ἐτεθείμην. To place, put, set, Lat. ponere; θείναι τινί τι έν χερσί to place a thing in a person's hands: metaph., θείναί τινι έπος έν φρεσί οι βουλήν έν στήθεσσι, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, Titleper rlop to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.-Med., Ofotal Copie èν στήθεσσε to lay up or treasure anger in one's heart. II. to fix, settle, determine; rebiral ủγῶνα to appoint, bold games: of the prizes, θείναι is placer to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, but le mesor άρχην τιθείε throwing it open to you publicly. to assign, award; beiva vopov to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator; θέσθαι νύμον to give oneself a law, of the people. 3. to ordain, esteb-4. in Med. to fix in common lisb, order, institute. with others, agree upon, settle. III. to set ut. in a temple, to devote, dedicate. 2. of Artists, # represent, portray, depict. IV. to assign to a place or class, to bold, reckon, esteem: to believe, V. in Med., τίθεσθαι ψήφον to pet down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence rifereda

την ψηφον) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι Ti yrupy to agree or subscribe to an opinion. to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ δπλα has three I. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a posi-2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw tion. 3. to lay down one's them up in order of battle. VIII. τίθημι is often used of arms, surrender. persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; valv kâar loque he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, appoint. 2. with an Adj., beiral riva delarator sal dyhoace to make him undying and undecaying. raida riverbal rura to make him one's child, adopt him, like θετόν παίδα ποιείσθαι. IX, of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:-Med. to make or prepare for odeself; béabai dûpa to build oneself s house; béobai néhenbor to make oneself a road. εδ or καλώε θέσθαι τί to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. θημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασιν θείναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσαι; θείναι κρύφον, θείναι αίνον, for κρύπτειν, αίνείν, etc. Tibyvies, f. how, to take care of, tend, nurse; and so renerally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med. From

τιθήνη, ή, (†ιθηνόε) α πιστε.

τίθηνητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροε,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau ιθην έω) = \tau ιθην όε. Hence$ Tibnynthous, a, ov, nursing, tending.

τίθηνός, δν., (τίτθη) nursing: as Subst., τιθηνός, δ,

a foster-father.

τίθησθα [ί], Ep. for τίθης, 2 sing, of τίθημι,

τίθητι [1], Dor. for τίθησι, 3 sing. of τίθημι. τιθύμαλος, δ, irreg. pl. τὰ τιθύμαλα:—spurge, Lat.

euphorbia. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Tiberos, d. Tithonus, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: metaph. of a decrepit old man, because he had immortal life without the continuance of youth.

Tiere, for TVTiese, which is formed by redupl. from Root \*TE'KO: fut. refer or reform, post. renoupai, inf. τεκείσθαι: 20τ. 2 έτεκον Ερ. τέκον: ρί. τέτοκα, part. reroxús, vía, de :-- Med. riero pas occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world, . I. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. parere. the father, to beget, Lat. gigners: hence, υί τεκόντες the parents; ὁ τεκών the father; ή τεκούσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., & Relyou Tepowr his father. II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to batch; did rivered to lay eggs. of trees, to bear, produce. IV. menaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

TUXOUTH, Dor. for TUXOUTH, fem. part. of TIXM. ΤΙΆΛΩ, f. τιλώ: 20τ. Ι έτιλα: pf. pass. τέτιλμα: --- to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of Immentation :- Med., xairas τίλλεσθαι to pluck out | valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, ripages

one's hair. 2. from tearing the bain in token of sorrow, it came to mean aback to mourn bitterly for any one. 3. to pluck at, nen, annoy.

τίλων, δ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake

Pracies.

τιλμόε, δ, (τίλλω) α plucking, tearing.

τίλφη, ή, = σίλφη. τιμαλφάν, f. ήσω, so do bonour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφής, ές (τιμή, άλφεδ) fatching a price: hence, coatly, precious.

TUREN, DOE. FOR TIMEN.

TURVE, DOE. for TIMPTE, acc. of TIMES.

The dopos, or, Dor. for Thurse.

τιμά-οχος, αν, poët. for τιμούχος, held in bosour, bonoured, esteemed.

τιμάσοθντι, Dor. 3 pl. fat. of τιμάσι

τιμάω, f. ήσω: aot. I δτίμησα: pf. τετίμησα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but alway, in pass, sense): aor. Ι έτιμησάμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paulio-p. fut. τετιμήσομαι: 205. Ι ξτιμήθην: ρέ, τετίμημαι: (τιμή): -so deem or bold worthy, to bonour, respect, revere, bold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. rei, τετιμήσθαι riphs to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen. to estimate or value at a vertain price; wholk reriphμένα χρημάτου vessels valued at a certain sum: Med., πολλού τιμάσθαι, like πολλού ποιείσθαί τι, to bold II, c. dat. rei, to bonour with in much account. a thing, repair rive rape, or eparous, etc., to bosour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. as Att. law-term: I. Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. litem aestimare; T. The distre to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακράν τινι to award the long line, i.e. sentence of death; hence, ripar ture farator (sc. diamy) to give sentence of death against a man. Med., of the accuser, ripharbal rivi [disny] despuby, φυγήε, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc.: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called αντιτιμάσθαι οτ ὑποτιμάσθαι.

τιμή, ή, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. metaph, the bonour in subich one is held, sucrebip, esteem, respect. 2. a place or post of bosour, rank, 3. generally, distinction, privilege hence dignity. a dignity, office, magistracy. 4. an offering to the gods, Lat. bonor: a reward, present. III. a prizing, 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong,

and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμήσιε, εσσα, σε; contr. τιμής, acc. τιμέντα; Dor. Turbers :- valued, bonoured, extremed, of men. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. repnforepos: Sup. -toraros.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or

II. an estimate, τόμβου the bonour of a tomb. valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment: a fine. 2. the value at which an Athenian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census; ή ἀπὸ τιμημάτων πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [1]

τιμήντα, poet. for τιμήντα, contr. acc. of τιμήνω. τιμή-ορος, ον, Ion. for τιμάορος, τιμωρός

Tluffe, poet, contr. for Tuffees.

τίμησιε, εων, ή, (τιμάω) an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages. [7] τιμήσσα, contr. poet. for τιμήσσα, fem. of τιμήσιε. τίμητεία or τιμητία, ή, (τιμητή») the consorabip at Rome, Lat. consura.

τιμητίοs, a, or, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, to be Lo-II. τιμητέον, one must bonour. noured. 11.

τιμητής, οθ, δ, (τιμάω) a valuer, assessor.

at Rome, a consor.

τιμητικός, ή, όν, (τιμητής) estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment. II. Rome, of consorial rank.

τίμητός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, estimated, valued, assessed 7 as Att. law-term, bing : until a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to blan driuntos, where the penalty is fixed by hw.

τίμιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (τιμή) valued: of persons, esteemed, beld in bonour: of things, prized, precious, bonourable. 2. of bigb price, dear, Lat. carus. Hence

τιμότης, ητος, ή, worth, value, preciousness.

Times, 6. poet, form for right.

Theopie, f. 400, (Tipopos) to belp, aid, succeen: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—in full. Timepely Tive Too waldes Tor porta to avenge a man on the murderer for (the murder of) his son :-Pass., Tetipophobal tivi to bave vengeance taken for II. Med., f. -ησομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τετιμώρημαι:—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers. : also c. gen. rei, τιμωρείσθαί τινά Tivos to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek venreance. Hence

τιμώρημα, ατοι, το, belp, aid, succour.

act of vengeance. Tipupytion, verb. Adj. of reperfer, one must assist:

one must avenge, punish. τίμωρητήρ, ήρος, δ, (τιμωρέω) a belper, aider.

an avenger.

τίμωρία Ion. -ίη, ή, (τιμωρέω) belp, aid, succour. II. vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.

τιμ-ωρόε, όν, (τιμή, αίρω) contr. from τιμάοροε: belping, aiding, succouring: as Subst., remopés, é, a belper, aider,

The like Tell IL Dor. or ool, dat. of ob. for σέ.

τίναγμα, ατοι, τό, (τίνάσσω) a sbake, quaking. Tivaktho, spoo, and Tivaktup, opes, o, (Turassu) one who shakes, a shaker: fem. tiraktespa.

τιναξάσθην, Ep. 3 dual zor. I of τινάσσω.

rivarou, f. fu, (relea) to swing, shake, brandeso: disturb, upost: of a harp, to make the strings quiver: -Pass, to be shaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.

Tivay beig, acr. I pass. part. of Tipagow.

τίνάχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. I past of τυάσσω.

rivium, Med., poët, for rivopu, to take vengeance upon, punish, chasties, c. acc. pers.: absol. to abongs oneself. 2. to guenge, take vengeance for.

Tive [I Ep., I Att]: f. riou [I]: aor. I Eriou: pf. act, tétima, dass. tétiqual : I. Act. to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: Them Yapur Turk to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one paye is put in gen., τίνειν άμοιβήν βοών to pay compensation for the oxen: but, the price being omitted, in acc., to pay or atome for a thing, τίσαι υβρισ to atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol. to make return or recompence, repay, II. Med. in bave a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:-mostly c. acc., pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι 'Αλέξανδρον κακότητου to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, rigagoal rivi diany to exact retribution from a person: but also with the means of punishment in the dat., riverbal reve puris to requite, punish with exile; absol. to repay oneself, take seageance.

τιό, τιό, imitation of a bird's note.

Trov, Ep. for Error, impl. of The.

Ti-more; contr. Time; Adv. (Tl, more) what or mby then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. onid tandem? TDE, neut. 71; gen. rivée Ep. rev Att. 700; dat. τινί Ερ. το οτ του; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινός, τινά; gen. τινών : dat. τισί ; acc. τινάς, τινά :--indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., one, any one, some one, freq. answering to our indef. Article, a, as: of places and things, whole The an island, etc.; neut. anything, something: d ris, d ri, Lat. ei quis, ei quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever. 718 is often used indef. of a number of persons, 23 able de res elverner but thus some one said, i. e. thus 2. like fragres or was, each, each out, every one; εδ μέν τιι δόρυ θηξάσθω let each man lock to sharpening his spear; dand res abros from let and come of himself. 3. so in Att., poserrai res some one fears, fear is among them; relocated Tes some one III. 718, 71, of a person or thing, will suffer. II. avenging, punishing for wrong. some great person, some great thing, abxec the even

you soasted that you were somebody: opp. to obbels, μηδείε; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. to oudly higew. 2. emphatically a man, opp. to a brute; τιε ή κύων a man or a dog t but also in sign of contempt, somebody or other, Gepoltine tie hy there was one Thersites: hence res is used for a IV. joined with Adjs., Tis makes them less precise : μαινόμ**ενοι α m**adman, μαινόμενόι τιι α erazy sort of fellow; so with an Adj. of number or size, olde tie euch a kind of person as ..; was tie every one; els rus some one; oblyou rurés some few; Tress twee some three or so. 2. joined with Adjectives, somewhat, in a certain way; httor ti somesobat less. ·V. in long sentences 718 is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when bores follows in the relative clause, res must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

TIZ, neut. ti; gen. three, Hom. the contr. tev, Att. Tou; dat, Tirl Att. To; acc. Tira, neut. Ti; Plur. rives, riva; gen. river Hom. réar; dat. rio; acc. Thus, Thus; -interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. subo ? subich ? neut. subat ? subich ? Lat. quis, quae, quid? strengthd. The yap; Ti yap; like Lat. quienam? quidnam? is ti; until when? bow long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; rls & ούτος έρχεαι; who art thou that comest? question is modified by de or new and a change of mood; vis dr or ner with the opt. expresses strong doubt, who could, who would do so? when there is no doubt the do or see is omitted, τίε ἐργάσαιτο ωδο could do it? 1. e. no one. III. Tis is also used in indirect questions; ήρωτα δή έπειτα, τίν είη καὶ πόθεν ZAOos he asked thereupon who he was, and whence he IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; in those the exercity who is he, and from ubons descended? V. vis is also used for wolos; of what sort? as Lat, quis for qualis? so also VI. 7i; alone. for morepos; as Lat. quis for uter? what?-it takes the Article, 70 71; when the question refers to something going before. VII. ti: often stands absol. as Adv., bow? for wby? where-3. નાં છેલું; નાં છેલું 2. Ti bi ; but bow? zoτε; why ever! τι δήτα; how pray! expressing surprise. 4. τί μήν; suby not? bow else? i. c. yes surely! Lat. quidni? Tri was never elided, and sometimes stands before

a vowel even in Trag., as the obv; the lines; TETRICATO, Ion. 3 pl. sor. I med. opt. of the

Those [1], ewe, h, (thrw) payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; rlaw down to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare. II. a requital in good sense, reward. III. in plur. retributive justice, retribution.

Tiorov, acr. I imperat. of tive: inf. Tiou. Thorw [1], fut. of thw: also sor. I subj.

τίταίνω, 20r. Ι Ιτίτηνα, Ερ. for τείνω, τανύω, to erretch: Med., rofa rerairectas to stretch one's bow.

tend :- Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend. 3. to draw along:-in Med. to strain or spread. exert oneself; τιταινόμενου πεδίοιο stretching on over the plain; ἀψ ώσασκε τιταινόμενος he thrust it back exerting bimself, with all his strength.

τιταίνων, part. from Τιτάν, only in passage, φάσκε δλ τιταίνοντας άτασθαλίη μέγα ρέξαι έργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

Tirav [1], avos, o, mostly in plur. Tiraves, Ep. and Ion. Tithres, oi, the Titans, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

Titavis Ion. Turnvis, idos, fem. of Titav, a Titaness. TITANOΣ, ή, a white earth, chalk or gypsum. Tirav-6898, es, (Tirav, eldos) like Titans; Tirav-

ώδεε βλέπευ to look Titanie. τίτας, ου, δ, (τίω) Dor, for τίτης, - τιμαρός, απ

avenger. [1] Tirfives, oi, Ep. and Ion. for Teraves

างางิเล, กุ, a suckling by a nurse, fostering. From rurbelm, f. om, to suckle, nurse, foster. From

TI'TOH, \$\dagger\$, the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse. τντθίον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, a nipple, teat.

TITOO'Z, d, the teat or nipple of a woman's breast. τίτλος, ou, δ, formed from Lat. titulus, a title, superscription.

τιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω: 201. Ι έτρωσα: Pass., fut. τροθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. Ι ἐτρώθην: pf. τέτρωμαι: (formed from Root \*TPΩ'Ω):—to wound, burt; τετρώσθαι τὸν unpor to have been wounded in the thigh :-- of ships, to damage, eripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower.

τιττύβίζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrus (Formed from the sound.)

Turuo-errovos, d, (Turuos, errelva) slayer of Tityos. Tirbos, &, Tityos, son of Gaia, a giant.

τἴτύσκομαι, only used in pres. and impf., akin both I. like τεύχοι, to make, to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: II. like τυγχάνω, to aim; make ready, prepare. άντα τιτύσκεσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. to aim at an object. 2. metaph., φρεσί τιτύσκεσθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i.e. to our pose or design to do, c. inf.

TI'ΦH, a kind of beetle or water-stider, that runs on the top of smooth water. [1] τίφθ', for τίπτε, before an aspirate.

τιφος, εοε, τό, a pool.

TI'Ω [7], Ep. inf. τιέμεν: impf. έτιον: Pass., pres. τίομαι: pf. τέττμαι, part. τεττμένου:--Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τιεσκόμην, 3 sing. τιέσκετο:---to pay bonour to a person, to esteem, bonour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοί δίκην τίουσαν the gods 2. to value or rate at a certain bonour right. II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτῖσα, and worth. 2. to spread out or along, spread, en- fut. and sor. I med. τίσομαι, ἐτισάμεν, are only used

in the sense of rive, rivopus:—in Act. to pay a prior, | interrog. wider, (properly an old form of the gen. rol) make return: in Med, to have a price paid, or return made one: see rire.

τλά-θυμος, ον, Doc. for τλήθυμος,

Thainy, acr. 2 opt. of \*Tham. τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

This, Thiou, Thay, sor. 2 part. of \$70 dec.

\*TAA'Ω, a radic. form never found in pres.: fut. τλήσομαι: acr. 3 έτλην (formed as if from τλημί), imperat. τλήθι, opt. τλαίην, Ep. 3 pl. τλαίεν (for τλαίησαν), inf. τλήναι, part, τλάε, τλάσα, τλάν: pf. vérlague, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is formed imperat. rethato, rethato [a]; opt. rethain; inf. τετλάναι [d] Ερ. τετλάμαν, τετλάμαναι, Ερ. part. τετληώε, τετληυία, gen. τετληότοε:-there is also a post. sor. I ετάλασα (as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep. trálassa, subj. ralássa, pe, y:-to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship : sometimes absol., esp. in imperat. τλήθι, bear up, endure: so in pf. part., rethnoti bund with enduring, patient IL to bear steadfastly, bold out: c. inf. to dare to do something, whether good or bad; also c. acc. to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it,

τλή, Ep. 3 sing. sor. 2 of \*τλάω.

τλή-θομος Dor. τλά-, ον (\*τλάω, θυμός) of enduring soul, stout-bearted.

τλήμεναι, Ep. 20τ. 2 inf. or \*τλάω.

Thinkows, Adv. of Think, patiently.

Thyportry, h, that which is to be endured, misery, Il. endurance, patience. From

τλήμων, ονος, φ, ή, νοςat. τλήμον, (\*τλάω) suffering, enduring: hence, L. patient, steadfast, stoutbearted: also bold, daring: in bad sense, reckless, rash, Lat. audan. II. full of suffering, wretched, miserable.

τλήναι, sor. 2 int of τλάω.

τλησί-κάρδιος, ον, (\*τλάω, καρδία) of patient beart. much-enduring, miserable. IL bard-bearted.

τλήσομαι, fut. of \*τλάω.

τλήτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of \*τλάω.

**τλητός, ή, όν, verb.** Adj. of \*τλάω: I. act. suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour. pass. suffered, endured: to be suffered, endurable.

τμάγεν, Ep. 3 pl. sor. 2 pass. of τμήγω. [α] τμάγον, Ep. for έτμάγον, aor. 2 of τμήγου.

τμήγω, f. τμήξω: 20ε. Ι έτμηξα: 20ε. 2 έτμάγον: 201. I med. ἐτμηξάμην: 201. 2 pass. ἐτμάγην [α] and έτμηγην: - Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, to cut, cleave: -Pass to be divided, be parted asunder. Hence

τμήθην, Adv. by cutting, scratching, grazing. THINGING, AOT. I pass. inf. of Tipou.

τμήξαε, aor. I part. of τμήγω.

THATOS, h, ov, (Te pro) cut, beun, cut into shape. cut lengthwise, furrowed.

τμητο-σίδηροε, αν, (τμητόε, σίδηροε) cut down with iron.

TOBL neut. of bbl.

wifer, demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. Seer and | for rolode, dat. pl. of 58e,

bence, thence, II. bence, therefore, thereupon.

TOOK, demonstr. Adv. there, in that place. also for relat. 50t, sobere.

TOL. enclit. Particle of inference, therefore, accordingly; also strengthening an assertion, in truth, is sooth, verily: it is often joined with other Particles: with dog it coalesces by crasis into rdog, with do into τάν, with μέντοι άν into μεντάν.

ros, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for ool, dat. sing. of of: always enclitic.

rol, ral, Ep. and Ion. nom. plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. & and the Relat. Se.

τοι γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle τοι, so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly.

TOI-Yap-olv Ion. TOI-Yap-Bv, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, therefore indeed, therefore assuredly. τοι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, used at the

beginning of a speech or narrative.

Tolly, Ep. for Toly, gen. and dat. dual of &.

rol-viv, (rol, rur) strengthd. form of the Particle TOL, so then, therefore. 2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, further, moreover.

τοῖο, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. δ. roles, rola Ion. roly, roler: (from role, old gen. of b, h, tb):—of such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like, Lat. talis, demonstr. Pron., to which the relat. clos, interrog. wolle, and indefin. wolds correspond: roios in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, the following. 2. Toios c. inf., such as to do, i. e. fit or able to do; roios discretives able to II. with an Adj. it makes the assist : cf. olos. sense of the Adj. more prominent, so very, just; emeurie roids just of moderate size; Reportées roise m very crafty. III. Homer uses neut, reier as Adv., so, thus, so very, so much.

τοιόσδε, τοιάδε Ion. τοιήδε, τοιόσδε: Att. also τοιorol, etc., like roios, with stronger demonstr. sense, of such kind, nature or quality; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοιούτου properly refers; έτερου τοιόσδε just such another.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιούτο, Att. also τοιούτον: sal in strengthd. form Att. recovrers, like roles and Tologoe, of such kind, nature or quality: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, such as the foregoing: absol., in the tolery, in the TOLOUTOLS in such a state of things: strengthd., Tous ros Erepos: also in neut, Erepor rosourer, Eres τοιαῦτα.

TOLOUTÓ-TPOTOS, OF, (TOLOUTOS, TPÓTOS) of see 2. Sasbion or kind, such like. Adv. - rpowers, after such a fashion.

TOLOUT-WONG, es, (TOLOUTOS, Albas) of such hind & rolobers and roloberrs, roloberrs, Ep. for

Toly-apyon, b. (Tolyon, apyw) cattain of the rowers

on each side of the ship.

τοίχος, δ, (τείχοι) the wall of a bouse or court, opp. to recyce, as Lat. paries to moenia: proverb., & ev "parray rolyos, - 'the right side of the hedge." in plur, the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρύχέω, f. ήσω, (τοιχωρύχου) to be a bousebreaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence τοιχωρύχία, ή, bousebreaking, burglary.

τοιχ-ωρύχος [8], δ, (τοίχος, δρύσσω) one subo breaks through the wall, a housebreaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

TOLUS, TOLDOBE, Advs. of Tolos, Tologos.

Tout. Dor. for Tore.

roude, doos, t, (reneir) one who has just brought forth, Lat. fosta: as Adj., τοκάε λέαινα a lioness with cubs; la rocador from one's birth.

TOKETÓS, Ó, = TÓKOS.

TOKEÚS, éas, ô, (TEKEÎT) one who begets, a father: plur. roseis Ion. rossies, parents.

TOKILO, (TÓKOS) to lend on interest: TOKILOF TÓKOF to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, δ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, δ, (τεκείν) a bringing forth, birth, the time 2. offspring, young child, son. metaph, the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. usura: also in pl., roscos roscor interest of interest, i. e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τόκοι, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟ ΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμα, ή, courage to wenture on a thing, boldness, during. sense, over-boldness, recklessness Lat. andacia: a bold or during deed.

τολμάσεια. Dor. 2 fut, of τολμάω.

τολμάω lon. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμήτε μοτ. for τολμάτε: Ĺ ήσω: (τόλμα):—to undertake, take beart to do or bear anything, to endure, w go. take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμάν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμάν to dare all things.

τολμήσιε, εσσα, εν. Dor. - dels, Ep. contr. τολμής. ησσα, ήν (whence Sup. τολμήστατος) enduring, steadfast, stout-bearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, ατος, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ά, όν, (τολμαω) daring, told:—Comp. τολμηρότεροε. Adv. -ρωε, boldly; Comp. -ρότερον; Sup. -porara.

τολμής, ήσσα, ήν, Ep. contr. tor τολμήσιο, q. v. τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must venture.

τολμητής, οθ, δ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturous man. τολμητός, ή, ω, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or bazarded.

τολμίστατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμήεις.

TO-LOUNDY OF divisim TO LOUNDY, (LOUNDS) as Adv., benceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολύπεύω, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph, to contribe. devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a bard task.

TOATHH, h, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. glomus. [8] roualos, a, or, also os, or, (roun) cut, cut off; axos To pailor a remedy out ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πήμα τομών a

disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ή, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομῆ ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; radous rai rout cautery and the inife.

τόμιος, ον. (τομή) cut up: in pl., τὰ τόμια (sc. lepá). parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf.

τέμονω.

τομός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, eutting, sharp: Comp. το μώτερος, cutting sharper: Sup. το μώτατος. Topos, o, (Tépra) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορύζω or -ίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of inarticulate cries of animals. (Formed from

the sound.)

τόνος, δ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens 2 thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; of toros two kreview the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. nervi. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; róros éfáperpos hexameter meu-3. in Music, ropos were measures or modes, Lat. modi: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phry-III. exertion of force, force, intensity : gian. also direction, tenour.

TO-VÛV, = τὸ νῶν, for the present.

τοξάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (τόξον) to shoot with a

bow: c. gen. to shoot at, take aim at.

τοξ-αλκέτης, ου, δ, (τύξον, άλκή) a strong archer. τόξ-αρχος, δ, (τόξον, άρχω) master of the bow, a II, the captain of the rotorcu at bowman, archer. Athens.

τόξευμα, ατοε, τό, (τοξεύω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; boor rofevua eficréerai es far es an arrow reaches, i. e. a bowsbot. II. collective in

plur. for oi rofórai, the archers.

τοξευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (τοξεύω) a bowman, archer. τοξευτός, ή, όν verb Adj. of τοξεύω, struck by an

arrow, shot,

TOETOW, f. OW, (TOETOW) to shoot with the bown use the bow: c. gen., rofedely rivée to shoot at a mark. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. to shoo! as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

rot-hous, es, (rotor, Apapeir) furnished with the bow.
2. of or for the bow.

τοξικος, ή, όν, (τόξαν) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. ή τοξική (sub. τέχτη), bow-manship, archary.

τοξο-δάμας, αυτος, ο, and τοξό-δαμνος, ου, (τόξου, δάμαω) subduing with the bow; τοξόδαμνος "Αρης the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξου.

TO EON,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , a bow, its arrows being  $\delta \tau \tau \tau \delta$  or  $\delta \delta$ , the string reupé or  $\nu \epsilon \bar{\nu} \rho \sigma \nu$ : often in pl.  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon}$ , because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the  $\tau \dot{\tau} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon}$  with e  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon}$  with middle;  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon}$  reruleur to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon}$  i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon}$ . II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or even the arrows only.

τοξοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make like a bow, to arch. From τοξο-ποιόε, όν, (τόξον, ποιέω) making bows.

τοςο-ποιος, ον, (τοςον, ποιεω) maning court.
τοςοσύνη, ἡ, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-τευχής, ès, (τύξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow. τοξότης, ου, δ, (τόξον) a bowman, archer. II. at Athens, ol τοξόται were the police, also called Σκύθαι, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξοτις, ιδοε, sem. of τοξότηε, an archeress; as

Adj., rofores xeip an archer hand.

τοξ-ουλκός, ω, (τόξαν, Έλκω) drawing the bow; τοξουλκόν λημα the spirit of archers, i.e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

τοξο-φόρος, ον, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος, δ. - τοξότης, απ archer, bowman.

τουάζιον, τύ, = τόπαζος.

TOTIAZOE, o, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάζω, f. άσω, (τόποι) to guess, divine.

το πάν, Adv., - τὸ τῶν, allogether, quite, wholly: le τοπάν in general, for the mass.

ro-napaurika, Adr., - adrika, in... sciately, on the instant.

то-парогве, -веч, Adv., - парогве.

το-πάρος, Adv., - πάρος. [ἄ]

τόπ-αρχος, δ, also ή, (τόποι, άρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, δ, ή, α master or mistress. ΤΟΠΟΣ, δ, α place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονδε πῶε τόποι the whole space of earth. 2. place, position. 3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus.

III. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

TO-mply, Adv., - To mply.

το-πρόσθεν, Adv., - τὸ πρόσθεν.

TO TOWNOV, Adv., - TO TOWNOV, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρουμα, τό, emoossed work, work in relief. II.

- τόρνουμα, a circling or wheeling round.

τορεύε, έωε, δ, (τορεύω) the graver of a sculp-

tor II. a borer, auger.

ropewros, 4, 6r, verb. Adj. of ropews, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

to sing in a piercing tone. II. to work in religi.

2. to chase, Lat. castare.

"TOPE'Ω, obsol. pres., whence nor. 2 tropor, also nor. 1 tropyga, part. rephysas, and redupl. fut. rerephysic—to bore, pierce.

II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tons. Hence

τόρμος, ό, a bole, socket: the naw of a wheel, τορνευτο-λύρ-ασπίδο-πηγός, ό, (τορνεύω, λύρα,

dowle, whyrupu) lyre-turner and thield-maker.
Topywo, f. ou, to turn, work with a lathe and chieel,

Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round. From they to draw a circle with semigrance Lat. turner II a turner's chief.

with companies, Lat. torms. II. a turns's chief, a lath-chief. Hence roprobopan, f. -bropan, Dep. to make round, mark off with companies; roprobranto chipa they rounded

off the barrow; Edupos ryde repriseres drip be will round bim off the ship's bottom.

ropes, d, br, (respo) piercing; of the voice, piercing,

tbrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. IL of persons, sbarp, quick, smart.

τοροτίγξ οι τοροτίξ, imitation of a bird's note. τορύνη, ή, (τείρω) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [Ū]

τορύνω, (τορύνη) to stir, stir up or about. [δ] τοσάκις Ερ. τοσσάκις [d], Adv. (τόσοο) so many

times, so often.

Tooos Ep. Tooosoa, n, or, Lat. tantas, of Size, so
great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much,
so very: answered by the Relat. Soos; but Tooso
often stands alone in Homer, as Tole Tooso thrice as
many. In Homer Tooov and Toosov are often Adv.
so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantas; May Tooov so
much too much.

2. Lat. Tooov, so long since.

τοσόσ-δε Ερ. τοσσόσ-δε, -ήδε, -όνδε, = τόσες, with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, mide, etc.:—c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. IL τοσύνδε Ερ. τοσσόνδε, as Adv., so very, so much, to such a degree.

TOTOUT Apilluos, or, (rotoutos, apilluos) of so large

a number. [&]

τοσούτοι Ep. τοσσούτοι, -αύτη, -ούτο Att. -ούτον, -τόσοι, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσούτον, only so much, so much and no more; is τοσούτο, Lat. eatenus, so far; ξτερω τοσούτο as great, as much or many again. IL τοσούτο or -ον, Ep. τοσσούτο or -ον, as Adv., so much, so far.

τοσουτοσί, τοσαυτηι, τοσουτου, Att. 101 τοσουτοι. τοσσάκε and τοσσάκε, Adv. Ep. for τοσάκε. [έ] τόσσας in Dor. form τόσσας, -- τυχάν, αστ. I perc. of an obsol. pres. -- τυχάνει, το bit, bit προπ. τοσσήνος, Dor. for τοσούτος.

Toores, q, or, Ep. for Toros.

TOUT OF -1-de, -60-de, Ep. for Toutobe. rocrovites, -corn. -coro and -coror, Ep. for τοσούτοι. TÓTWE, Adv. OI TÓTOS, SO MUED, OR MUED. Tore, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att, aforetime, formerly: sometimes emphatic, at that famous time. 1. joined with other Particles, Tôre δή, τότ ξπειτα, δή τότε γε 3. with the Article. of tore people then living; er to tore in the then time. It answers to the Relat. ore and interrog, wore. TOTE, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses, τοτε μέν ..., τοτε δέ .. at one time ... at another; Tor' & Tor', at one time or other. το-τέταρτον, Adv. - τὸ τέταρτον for the fourth time,

like totpertor, etc.

TO-THIVET, or divisim to the total, Adv., - the total

TO-THIVET, imitation of a bird's note.

TO-THIVET, Adv., - TO theor, for the third time; cf.

TO-THIVETOR. [7]

400, gen. of Art. u, and interrog. Pron. 712. TOU, enclit, gen. of enclit, Pron. T.S. τούβολου, Att. crasis for του δβολου. TOUR, Att. crasis for Tou ex. τοθλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ έλασσον. το ελάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον. το άλεύθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλεύθερον. τούμον, Att. crasis for το έμον. τούμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ έμπαλεν. τούμπόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων. τούμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for το ξμπροσθεν. τούμφανές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφανές. τούμφθλον, Att. crasis for τὸ έμφυλον. TOUVENTION, Att. crasis for To Evertion. Tobvera, Att. crasis for too bresa, for that reason, Cherefore.

τούνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθένδε.
τούνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεῦθεν, benceforth.
τούντεθθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεῦθεν, benceforth.
τούντεθθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα.
τοῦπος οτ τούπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔρου.
τοῦργον οτ τούργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον.
τοῦργον οτ τούργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον.
τοῦρανοθ, Att. crasis for τοθ οὐρανοῦ
τουτάκε or τουτάκι, Adv. poēt. for τότε, then.
II.
so many times, so often. [α]
τουτεί, Adv., Dox. for ταύτη, in that direction, there,

rourel, Adv., Doc. for rawry, in that direction, there, yandar.

Τούτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἔτερον.
Τουτόθε Adv. (οδτοε) bence, thence.
Τουτόθεν, Dor. Adv. (οδτοε) thence.
Τόφρα, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; answering to the Relat. δφρα. II. τόφρα sometimes stands absol., meantime, meanwhile.
Τράγαλίζω, – τράγω

Τράγασαίοε, a, os, of or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, is τραγασαία φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγείν, to eat: and again τραγασαίου σταγούς, with 2 into of reference, a goal,

\*payeiv, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω,

τράγειος, α, ου, ροζί. for τραγου: τραγοίη (sub bopá), ή, α goal: ελίπ. [ŭ]
τράγ-ίλιδφος, δ, (τράγος, έλαφος) the goal-stag. 2

fabulous creature mantioned in Aristophanes.

τράγεος, α, αν, (τράγος) of or from a be-goal; τραγή (sub. δορά), ή, a goal's shin. [d]

τράγημα, ατοε, τό, (τράγειν) mostly in plur, seestmeats, dessert, Lat. bellaria.

τράγηματίζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in Med. τραγηματίζομαι.

τράγικο, ή, όν, (τράγου) of or for a goat. II. of or for a tragedy, tragie (cf. τραγούλα): τραγικόυ λήρου the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence generally, stately, majestie; in bad sense, pompous: Adv. - κόυ, in tragie style.

τράγ(νος, η, ω, (τράγος) like τράγειος, of a be-goat. τράγισκος, δ, Dim. of τράγος, α young be-goat. τράγο-κουρικός, ή, ω, (τράγος, κουρά) of or for shearing be-goats.

τράγο-ετονος, αν, (τράγος, ετείνω) of slaughtered

goats.

τράγο-μάσχάλοε, ον, (τράγοε, μασχάλη) with armples smelling like a be-goat. τράγό-πουε, ποδοε, δ, ή, (τράγοε, πούε) goat-footed.

τράγό-πουε, ποδοε, ό, ή, (τράγοε, πούε) goal-fooled.
τράγοε, ό, (τράγεῖν) a be-goat, Lat. bircus, caper. II.
the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. bircus alarum.

τράγο-σκελήε, έε, (τράγοε, σκέλοε) goat-ebanked, of Pan.

τράγω, Dor. for τράγω, like πράτοε for πρώτοε. [ā] τράγωδέω, f. ήσω, (τραγωδύε) to act a tragedy: generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass. to be made the subject of a tragedy.

II. metaph. to tell in tragie phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically. Hence

τράγφδία, ή, a tragedy or berole play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyris character (τραγικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγφδόε.

τράγφδικός, ή, όν, (τραγφδόε) befixing a tragic poet or tragedy.

τράγφδο-διδάσκάλεε, δ. (τραγφδόε, διδάσκω) a tragie poet, who himself trained the chorus and actors τράγφδο-ποιόε, όν, (τραγφδόε, ποιέω) making tragedies: as Subst., τραγφδοποίος, δ, a tragie poet.

τράγ-φδός, δ, (τράγος, do:dos contr. φόδο) a tragic post and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγφόδο was confined to the tragio actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the actors were clothed in goat-skins.

TPA NH'Z, is, piercing: metaph, clear, plain,

distinct.

τράνόε, ή, όν, collat. form of τρατήε. τράνόω, (τρατόε) to make clear, plain, distinct. τράνου, Adv. of τρατήε, clearly, distinctly.

τράπε, for έτραπε, Ep. 2 sing. 20τ. 2 of τρέπει. [d] τρά-πεζα [τρά], ηε, ή, a table, esp. a dining-table; ferin τράπεζα the bospitable board; τραπέζη και κοίτη Sixessu to entertain at bed and board. 2 a table, dinner, meal. II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentaria. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from rerpa-,  $\pi i(a;$  acc. to others from  $\pi \mu$ -,  $\pi i(a;$  Horace speaks of mensa tripes.) Hence

TPETELEUS, eas. b, at or of a table; wires Transfifes

dogs that were fed at mealtime.

τράπεζιτεύω, to be a money-changer or banker. From τράπεζίτης [1], ov, δ. (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentarius. Hence

τράπεζιτικός, ή, όν, concerning a banker or banking. τράπείομεν, Ερ. for τραπέωμεν, τραπώμεν, I pl.

nor. 2 pass., both of τέρνω and τρένω. τράπεσδα, ή, Dor. for τράνεζα.

Tudiniofas, 20r. 2 med. inf. of Tolans.

τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράτω – τρέπω. [ἄ] ΤΡΑ ΠΕ΄Ω, to tread grapes: hence Lat. trapētes, trapētem, an oil-press.

TPERTIVOL, aor. 2 pass. inf. of Tperes.

τράπητέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one must turn.

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [Δ]

τροισιά, ή, (from ταρσός, as if ταρσιά) a crate to dry figs on.

Tpaulila, t. low, to list, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire; so of children. From

TPATAO'Z, 1, or, lisping, Lat. balbus: of the

swallow, twittering.

τραθμα Ion. τρώμα, ατος, τό, (τιτρώσκω) a wound, but; ἀπὸ τοῦ τρώματος ἀποθτήσκεν to die of the wound. II. a burt, damage, as of ships. III. metaph. a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence

τραυμάτίας, ου, δ, Ιου. τρωμ-, α wounded man. τραμμάτίζω Ιου. τρωμ-, f. ίσω, (τραθμα) to wound. τράφειν, Ιου. for τραφείν, 2 inf. of τρέφω: 200 Τρέφω II. 4.

τράφεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ετράφησαν 3 pl. 201. 2 pass. of τρέφω. [α]

τράφερος, ά, όν, (τρέφει) like τρόφις, wellfed, fat, solid, substantial: τραφερή (sub. γή), as opp. to trph, dry land, έπτ τραφερήν τε και τrph over dry land and sea: as Subst. of τραφεροί or τὰ τραφερά, the fishes.

τράφη [ἄ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. τράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.

τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [ά]

τράχέως Ion. τρηχέως, Adv. roughly, barshly; τρηχέως περιεφθήνωι to be roughly handled.

τράχήλια, τά, (τράχηλοε) scraps of meat from about the neck thrown away, gristle, offal.

† τράχηλιάω, (τράχηλοε) to arch the neck, as a pampered horse: metaph, to be haughty, headstrong.

τράχηλίζω, f. low, (τράχηλου) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τράχηλο-δεσμότης, ου, δ, (τράχηλος, δεσμός) as maso. Adj., chaining the neck,

TPA'XHAOZ, &, the throat, neck. [8]

Τράχίε Ion. Τρηχίε, îros, ή, Trāchis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τραχύε). Hence

Tpaxivos, a, or Ion. Tpyxivos, y, or, of or from Trachis, Trachinian; al Tpaxivau the Trachinian women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τράχύνω Ion. τρηχύνω [v]: f. öνω: pf. τετράχυκα: Pass., aor. I ἐτραχύνθην: pf. τετράχυσμαι and τετράχυμαι: (τραχύs):—to make rough, rugged: in Assch. Theb. 1045, τράχυνε refers to τραχὸς δ δημοι just before, call them, make them rough.

TPAXY Ion. Tonxis, eta, s, rough, rugged

metaph. rough, barsh, savage.

τραχύτης, ητος, ή, (τραχύς) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit:—metaph. roughness, barshness. τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω. [ἄ]

rpaxéw, siros, ô, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Tpaxewiris, 1000, Trachanitis, i.e. the

rugged country.

Lat. tredecim.

TPETE, oi, al, tpla, tá; gen. tpiêr; det. tpisi; acc. tpeîs, tpla:—THREE, Lat. TRES, tria. tpear-nal-bena, oi, al, tpia-nal-bena, tá, thirten,

Tpeles, poët, for Tpeles.

τρέμω, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέω) Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver.

II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at fear.

τρεπτέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn. TPE'ΠΩ Ion. τράπω: f. τρέψω: sor. I έτρεψα: 201. 2 έτράπον: pf. τέτροφα οι τέτραφα: Med., 201. 2 έτραπόμην: Pass., aor. 1 έτρέφθην Ion. έτραφθην: 201. 2 erpanny, whence Ep. 1 plur. reasologier (for τραπέωμεν, τραπώμεν): pf. τέτραμμαι, 3 phar. τετράφαται; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plapf. έτετράμμην, Ep. 3 sing. τέτραπτο; 3 plut. τετράφατο: -to turn, Lat. vertere; therew tird ele ti to turn. lead, guide to a thing:-Pass, and Med. to turn, betake oneself, Lat. converti; हेड्डो हैन्यूय न्नर्टक्टवर्टिय हा turn or go to work; also of place, drr' textore reτραμμένου turned towards the sun; τρέπεσθαι άδών to turn oneself to (i.e. take) a course; wol tpassepe ; which way must I turn me? II. to turn, i.e. turn round, put about; also, waker tpewer to turn back: to turn away, divert: apéaece the door is riva to divert anger on any one: Pass, and Med. # turn round. 2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Med. to be changed, change : absol. The roμαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, ανα Treweras the wine is turned, become sour. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat: later, refered els ourshy, Lat. converters in fugam, to put to flight: -Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee: -Med. to "V. to turn energy of turn oneself to flight, flue off, keep off: to binder, prevent. V. to operture. VI. to turn, apply to a purpose.

rploras, Ep. for rplous, acr. 1 inf. of rplas.

τροφθήναι, sor. I pass. inf. of τρέπαι.

aor. 1 έθρεψα: Ep. aor. 2 έτράφον: pf. τέτροφα: Pass., aor. Ι έθρέφθην: aor. 2 έτράφην [d]: pf. τέθραμμαι and τέθρεμμαι, inf. τεθράφθαι:--to make firm or solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα θρέψαι to curdle milk; rupdy referent to make cheese:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. réreopa, to become firm, curdle, con-II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med. to rear for oneself:-Pass. to grow, grow up, wan, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, 2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: τρέφειν κόμην to cherish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. comam alere: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. nutrire, alerc: hence III. Homer uses aor. 2 poët, to contain, bave. act. Erpadov in intrans. or pass. sense, as, Erpade for ἐτράφη, ἐτραφέτην for ἐτραφήτην, inf. τραφέμεν (Att. τραφείν) - τραφήναι.

TPE XΩ Dor. τράχω [d]: fut. θρέξομαι: aor. I εθρεξα: but more commonly (from Root \*ΔΡΕ'ΜΩ), fut. δράμοῦμαι Ion. δραμέομαι poët. δράμομα: aor. 2 εδράμον: pf. δεδράμρικα [d] poët. δέδρομα:—to run, Lat. eurrers: of thiugs, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over. 3. c. acc. cognato, τρέχειν δρόμον tό run a course; metaph., άγῶναι δραμεῖν πέρι δεαινοῦ to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or άγῶναι, to run a rick or chance, as τρέχειν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς to run a race for one's life; also, πος ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικῶν he was within one bout of carrying off the victory

τρέψειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of τρέπω.

TPEO post. rpeles, inf. rpeir: f. rpew: 201. 1

Erpesa Ep. rpessa:—to tremble, quale, esp. for fear:
hence to run away, flee, fly: b rpessa the coward. II.
trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. 200.

τρημα, ατος, τό, (τιτράω) that which is pierced or

bored through: a bole, aperture.

τρημάτους, εσσα, εν, (τρημα) unib many boles, porous.

"πρήρων, αποε, δ, ή, (τρέω) fearful, timorous, aby:
epith. of doves (πέλειαι οτ πελειάδεε): hence later as
Subst., τρήρων, ή, = πέλεια, a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of τιτράω.

πρητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τιτράω, bored or pierced through; τρήτα λέχεα bedsteads perforated for inlaid in ork.

τρηχάλέος, η, αν, poët. for τρηχύε, τραχύε.

τρηχύε, εία, έ, lon. for τραχύε: Adv. τρηχίω, Sup. σρηχύτατα.

TPI-, in compds. three times, thrice, Lat. ter.

Told, neut. from Toels.

Tradio, f. dow, (τρία) to conquer, vanquish; metaph. From a wrestler, who did not win until be had thrice chrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: 1 ence, διά τριών ἀπόλλυσθαι to be satterly undone.

rpiawa, \$, (role) Lat. tridens, a trident, the attri- pleasant life in the spending.

TPE 40 Acol. and Dor. τράφω [d]: fut. θράφω: bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged apear. or. 1 έθραψα: Ερ. 201. 2 έτραφον: pf. τέτροφα: Pass., Hence

τριαινόω, f. ώσω, to move or beave with the trident: hence to beave or prise up, overthrow; τριαινοῦν τὴν γῆν δικίλλη to break up the ground with a mattock.

touleds Ep. and Ion. τρισμεία, άδος, ή, (τρεῖς, τρία), the number thirty. II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. τρισμέδες.

III. also any division of thirty.

Tridicovo-άμματος, or, (τριακοντα, αμμα) with or of thirty knots.

τριδιουθ-ήμερος Ion. τριηκοντήμερος Dor. τριακοντάμερος, οτ, (τριδιουτα, ήμέρα) of thirty days. τριδιουτα Ερ. and Ion. τριήκοντα, εἰ, αἰ, τά, indecl.: (τριδι, τρία), Lat. TRIGINTA, thirty. Π. as Subet, οἱ τριδιουτα: I. at Sparts, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2. at Athens, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C. 404).

τριδιοντά-στής Ion. τριηκ., ές, (τριδιοντα, έτος):
—thirty years old.
II. of or leating thirty years σ
also fem. -έτις, ιδος:
—Att. contr. τριακοντούτης, ε
fem. τριακοντουτιέ, ιδος, whence τριακοντοντίδις

owordal a thirty years' trace.

Triducorta-Luyos, or, (Triducorta, Luyde) with or of thirty benches of ours.

τριδικοντ-αρχία, ή, (τριδικοντα, δρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. τριδικοντα n. 2.

τριδικοντ-δργικου, ον, (τριδικοντα, δργικα) of thirty fathoms.

τριδικόντορος lon. τριηκόντορος, or, with thirty oars:—as Subst. τρεακόντοροε (sub. ναθε), ή, a vessel of thirty oars.

трійкочт-обтір, ез, эсе тріакочтаетір.

τριακοντ-άρθησε, αν, more correct form of τριακοντόργυισε.

rpiākbotot 10n. rpiņkootot, at, a, (rpeis, rpla) ibree bundred. Let. triceni.

τριδικόσιο-μέδιμνος, αν. (τριακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: of τριακόσιομέδιμνοι those whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian Turveis.

τριδκοστός Ion. τριηκ-, ή, όν, (τριόκοντα) the thirtieth: ή τριακοστή (sub. μοίρα), a duty of one thirtieth.
Τριακτήρ, ήρος, ό, (τριάζω) a conqueror: sco τριάζω.
τρι-άρμενος, ων, (τρία, όρμενον) with three sails.
τριάς όδος, ή, (τρείε) the number three, a triad.

τριάσσω, άξω, - τριάζω

τριβάκδε, ή, όχ, (τρίβω) rubbed, worn, Lat. tritus: ή τριβακή a threadbare coat: cf. τρίβων.

Tριβαλλοί, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τρι-βελήε, is, (τρι-, βέλος) three-pointed.

τριβή, ή, (τριβήρται) a rubbing II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; βίου οἰκ άχαριε ἐε τὴν τριβήν a pleasant life in the spending.

2. a busying unswift

A 2 5

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine.
3. that about which one is busied, the object of one's care.
4. delay, putting off, evasion; les τριβάε ἐλᾶν to seek delays; and without a Verb, μὴ τριβάε ἔνι no mote delays.

TPUBAVEL, SOT. 2 pass. inf. of TplBes.

τριβολ-εκτράπελοε, ον. (τρίβολοε, ἐκτραπελόε) neut.
plur. as Subst., τριβολεκτράπελα unmannerly, coarse
jests. [α]
† τρί-βολοε, εν. (τρί-, βαλεῦν) three-pointed, threepronged. II. as Subst., τριβολοε, δ. I. a
† prichly plant, burr. 2. in plur. smart sayings,
gibes. 2. in plur. also, a threshing-machine.
τριβοε, ή, also δ. (τριβήροι) a worn or beaten track,
a road, path: the high road, highway. 2. metaph.
a path of life, course, career. II. a rubbing, like

τραψιε. III. metaph. practice. TPIBO [1]: f. rph/w: 201. I trpewa, inf. rpil/a:: pf. τέτριφα: Pass., fut. 1 τριφθήσομαι, fut. 2 τριβήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. τετρίψομαι, also fut. med. τρίψομαι in pass. sense: aor. 1 ἐτρίφθην: aor. 2 ἐτρίβην [1]: pf. τέτριμμαι:—to rub: esp. to rub com, thresh it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μόχλον τράβαι εν δφθαλμώ to grind the stake in his eye; xpvode Basdre rplBeir to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth. 2. of Time, to wear away, spend; to flow to pass away life, Lat. terere vitam: absol. to waste time, tarry. metaph. of persons, to swear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander. to wear or use :- Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τρ(βωνιε» [1], Dor. for τρίβωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of τρίβω. τρ(βων [1]), ωνοι, δ, (τριβήναι) α worn garment, threadbare cloak. II. as Adj. δ, ή, practized, well wrised or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc. 2. absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knove.

To the substitute of a topic and the fashion of

Box, cloak-wise.

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim. of τρίβου, a small cloak, a cape. τρί-γέρων, αυτοε, ό, ἡ, (τρι-, γερου) triply old, very |very old.

TPITAA, h, a mullet, Lat. triglia.

τρί-γληνος, ω, (τρι., γλήνος) epith. of ear-rings of drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόρος, σν. (τρίγλα, φέρω) catching mullets. τρί-γλύφος, σν. (τρί-, γλύφω) thrice-closes: as Subst., τρίγλυφος, φ, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-ground tables placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρί-γλωχίε, iros, δ, ή, (τρι-, γλωχίε) three-barbed, three-forked.

τριγμός, δ, - τρισμός.

τρίγονία, ή, the third generation. From

rpl-yovos, or, (rpl-, yrvloda) produced at thre births, of children; rplyoros nopas three daughters.

τρί-γωνος, αν, (τρί-, γωνία) three-cornered, triangular. Hence

rplywov, ró, a triangle. II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [?]

τρί-δουλος, ον, (τρί-, δεύλος) a slave through three generations, thrice or trebly a slav τρί-δραχμος, ον (τρι-, δραχμί\ worth or weighing

three drachms.

τρί-δύστηνος, or, thrice wretched.

Tpt-fluctor, or, (τρι-, thisaw) torice wound or could: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.

Tpt-fuβohor, or, (τρι-, tμβohor) with or like three abige bedse.

TPI-lamepos, or, (TPI-, lamepa) in three successive

τρι-ετηρίs, ίδοε, (τρι-, έτοε) fem. Adj. triennial: as Subst. (sub. ξορτή) a triennial festival.

Tpt-true, ou, ô, (Tpt-, Eros) of three years, three years long.

τριετία, ή, (τριέτηε) a space of three years, Lat.

triennium.

τρι-ζύγής, έε, and τρί-ζύγος, ον, and τρί-ζυξ, ύγος, δ, ή, (τρι-, ζυγήναι) three-yoked: three-fold, triple: also simply three.

TPFZΩ, f. τρίξω; pt. τετρίγα with pres. sense; part. τετριγάε, Ep. pl. τετριγώτε for τετριγότες; plapf. ετετρίγειν Ep. τετρίγειν, with sense of impf.: —of animals and birds, to make a shrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, νῶτα τετρίγει their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. striders. (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, άδος, ή, Ερ. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριήκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Ep. and Ion. for τριακ-, τρι-ημι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ήμι-, πούε) three balf feet, i.e. a foot and balf.

τριηραρχίω, f. ήσω, to be a τριήραρχου, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριήραρχου γιόν τη δε to be captain of a ship.

II. at Athens, to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχια, ἡ, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trirems. II. at Athens, the fitting out of a tri-rems for the public service: the office of tri-rarch. Hence τριηραρχικός, ἡ, ὁν, fitted for a tri-rarch or his office. τριήρ-αρχος, δ, (τριήρης, άρχω) the captain of a trirems. II. at Athens, a tri-rarch, one subo had to fit out a tri-rems for the public service.

τριηρ-αύλης, ου, δ, (τριήρης, αὐλέω) the mute-flayer who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. eos Ion. evs; acc. ea, η: plur., nom. ees, eus; gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρών: (τρία, ἀρδι-ρεῖν οι ἐρέσσω): properly an Adj. thrice-fitted thrice-roused:—but only used as Subtr. τριάρομε (sub. ναῦν), ή. Lat. triremis, a galley with three banks of ours, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowen

being called balamon, the middle (vyiran, and the topmost opariras; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times quadriremes (τετρήρειε), quinqueremes (τεττήρειε), etc., came into use.

TOU-MOITHS [I], ou, b, (Toutions) one who serves on board a trireme.

τριηρο-ποιός, όν, (τρίήρης, ποιίω) building triremes. τρί-κάρηνος, ον, (τρί-, κάρηνον) three-headed. [κά] τρί-κέφαλος, ον, (τρί-, κεφαλή) three-beaded.

τρί-κλίνος, ον, (τρι-, κλίνη) with three beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—as Subst., τρίκλινοε (sc. olnos), ό, like the Roman triclinium, a diningroom with three couches; also Tplakivov, To.

τρί-κλωστοι, ον. (τρι-, κλώθω) thrice spun. τρί-κόρύθος, or, and τρί-κορυς, ύθος, δ, (τρι-, κόρυς)

with triple plume.

TPI-KOPENOS, OF, (TPI-, KOPENY) thrice a cross's age. Tpl-kpavos, av. (Tpl-, kpavov) three headed, with triple crest.

τρί-κύάθος, αν, (τρί-, κύαθος) bolding three κύαθοι. τρί-κυμία, ή, (τρί-, κύμα) the third wave, a huge, overwhelming wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. denanupla) was supposed to be larger than the rest; metaph., Tourvula makur a flood of

 $\tau p(\lambda-\lambda \iota \sigma \tau \sigma s, \sigma v, post, for <math>\tau p(\lambda \iota \sigma \tau \sigma s, (\tau \rho \iota - \lambda \iota \sigma \sigma \rho \iota \sigma \iota))$ thrice prayed for, i. e. often or earnestly prayed for.

τρύλογία, ή, (τρί-, λόγοι) a trilogy; see τετραλογία. τριλοφία, ή, a triple crest. From

τρί-λοφος, ον, (τρί-, λόφος) with three crests.

τρί-μάκαρ, -μακαίρα, (τρί-, μάκαρ) thrice-blessed. TPI-perpos, av, (TPI-, perpov) of verses, consisting of three metres; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; róvos τρίμετροε trimeter ismbic verse.

τρί-μηνος, ον, (τρί-, μήν) of three months, three months old: h Tpiunvos a period of three months.

τρίμμα, ατοι, τό, (τρίβω) that which is rubbed : metaph., like relear, a practised, backneyed knave.

τριμμός, δ, (τρίβω) a beaten road, like τρίβος. τρίμοιρία, ή, triple pay. From

τρί-μοιρος, αν, (τρί-, μοίρα) threefold, triple.

τρί-μορφος, ον, (τρί-, μορφή) three-formed, triple: Moipen tpipoppon the three fates.

Totv-aκρία, ή, (τρι-, άκρα) epith. of Sicily, from its three promontories (dupai): also written Tpivania Ion. -in (from towas).

Totrakpios, a, or, of Trinaeria or Sicily, Sicilian. τρίν-αξ, άκοι, ή, (τρίε, ἀκή) a trident.

τριξός, ή, όν, Ion. for τρισσός, threefold, triple; so Bifós for diggés.

τρί-οδος, ή, (τρι-, δδύε) a meeting of three roacs, three cross-roads, Lat. trivium.

τρι-όδους, -όδοντος, ό, ή, (τρι-, όδούς) with three seetb: as Subst., Tpiobous, o, a trident.

TPV-bpywos, or, (Tpi-, bpyvia) three fathoms long.  $\tau p v - \delta p o \phi o s$ , o v,  $= \tau p ( \omega p o \phi o s$ .

τρι-όρχης, συ, σ, and τρί-ορχος, σν, (τρι-, δρχιι) a kind of falcon or kits.

TOLOTO, a sound imitative of a bird's voice.

τρί-πάλαι, Adv. (τρί-, πάλαι) thrice long since, i.e. very long ago. τρί-πάλαιστος, ον, (τρι-, παλαιστή) ibree bands

broad, long, etc. τρί-παλτος, ον, (τρί-, πάλλω) thrice-brandished;

metaph. furious, fierce.

τρι-πάνουργος, ον, (τρι-, πάνουργος) trebly a rogue. τριπάχυιος, ον, Dor. for τριπήχυε, q. v.

τρί-πέτηλος, ον, (τρι-, πέτηλον) three-leafea. τρί-πηχυς, v, gen. εοε, (τρι-, πηχυς) three cubits long.

τρί-πίθηκίνος, η, ον, (τρι-, πίθηκος) thrice apish. τρίπλαξ, acoe, δ, ή, (τρίε) triple, threefold, Lat. triplex. [1]

τρίπλάσιος, a, ον, (τρι–) thrice as many, thrice as much, thrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον as Adv., τριπλάσιον σου thrice as much as you

τρί-πλεθρος, ον, (τρι-, πλίθρον) three plethra long. τρίπλη, ν. τριπλόου.

τριπλοιστός, όν, (τριπλός) made threefold, tripled, trebled. τρίπλόος, η, ον contr. τριπλοθε, η, οθν, (τρείλ)

triple, threefold. Adv. -πλώε, but dat. fem. τριπλή is also used as Adv., triply, trebly.

τρίπόδεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of τρίπουε. τρί-πόδης, ου, δ, (τρί-, πούε) three feet long.

τρί-πόθητος, ον, (τρί-, ποθέω) thrice longed for, much or earnestly desired.

τρί-πολιε, εωε Ion. ιοε, δ, ή, (τρί-, πολιε) with tores cities ; cf. δεκάπολιε.

τρί-πόλιστος, ον, (τρι-, πολίζω) thrice-built, triply ot firmly founded.

TPI-TONOS, OV. (TPY-, TONEW) thrice turned up or ploughed, bearing three crops in a year, of corn land.

TOI-MOVETOS, OF. (TOI-, MOVEW) thrice-worked; Epis τριπόνητος a dispute between three labourers.

τρί-πορθος, ον, (τρί..., πορθέω) thrice suasted... τρί-πος, ου, δ, poët. for τρίπουε. [/]

τρί-πουε, \_ποδοε, δ, ή, \_πουν, τό, (τρί-, πούε) three footed, three-legged or with three feet: measuring three feet. II, going on three feet; proverb, of an

old man who leans on a staff, rpinodas odoùs orei-2. as Subst., τρίπουε, δ, a tripod, a threeχει. footed brass kettle or caldron: tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and de-3. the stool or throne of the dicated in temples.

Delphic priestess,

TPI-TPATOS, OF, (TPI-, TITPATED) thrice sold. τριπτήρ, ήροε, δ, (τρίβω) a rubber or tool for rubbing with, a pestle.

 $\tau \rho i \pi \tau \eta s$ , ov,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau \rho i \beta \omega)$  a rubber, shampooer.

Τρι-πτόλεμος, δ, Triptolemus, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.

τρί-πτύχος, ον, (τρι-, πτύσσω) consisting of three layers or plates, threefold, triple; also simply three. τρί-πωλος, ον, (τρί-, πῶλος) of or with three borses. τρίρ-ρύμος, ον, (τρι-, βυμίς) with three poles, i. c. with four borses abreast.

τρία, Adv. of τρεῖε, thrice, three times, Lat. ter; τρὶε τόσου thrice as much; ἐε τρίε up to three times: often used indefinitely in compds., to strengthen the force of the simple word, like Lat. ter, and our thrice. Proverb., τρὶε ἐξ βάλλειν to throw thrice six, i. e. the highest throw (there being three dice), hence to have the best luck. [τ]

τρίσ-άθλιος, a, ov, thrice-unhappy.
τρίσ-άλαστος, ov, thrice-termented.
τρίσ-άριθμος, ov, thrice-numbered.

TPla-doperos, q, or, thrice-pleased, i.e. well-contented.

TPTO-deepos, or, very untimely.

τρισ-δείλαιος, ον, - τρισάθλιος.

TPLO-BUOTAVOS, Or, trebly, i. e. very, miserable.

τρίο-ervás, ábos, ή, (τρίs, δινεάε) sub. ήμέρα, the third ninth day in a month; i. e. the ninth day of the third decad, the 20th.

τρι-σεληνοε, αν, (τρι-, σελήνη) of three moons or nights.

τρίσ-έπαρχος, δ, (τρίς, έπαρχος) thrice an overseer. τρισ-θάνης, ές, (τρίς, θανεῖν) thrice worthy of death. τρισ-καί-δεκα, ol, al, τά, -- τρεισκαίδεκα. τρισκαιδεκά-πηχυς, v, gen. eoe, thirteen cubits, bigh,

τρισκαιδέκάτος, η, ον, (τρισκαίδεκα) the thirteenth. τρισκαιδεκ-έτης, ου, δ, fem. τρισκαιδεκέτις, ιδος, (τρισκαίδεκα, έτος) of thirteen years, thirteen years ald. τρισ-κάκοδαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated.

τρί-σκαλμος, ον, (τρί-, σκαλμός) with three benches of rowers; νήες τρίσκαλμοι - τριήρεις.

τρισ-κάτάρüτος, ον, (τρίς, καταράομαι) Ibrice accursed.

τρισ-κοπάνιστος, ον, (τρίς, κοπανίζω) thrice struck; άρτος τρισκοπάνιστος thrice-kneaded bread.

τρίσ-μάκαρ, fem. -μακαρα, gen. -μάκαροε, δ, ή, (τρίε, μάκαρ) tbrice blest; τρισμάκαρεε καλ τετράκιε, Virgil's terque quaterque beati.

τριο-μάκαριος, α, ον, = τρίσμακαρ.

τρισμός, ο, (τρίζω) a squeaking: a squeak.

τρισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τρίε, μύριοι) thrice ten thousand, 30,000: also in sing, with a collective Subst., as, τρισμυρία επτοε thirty thousand horse. [v]

τρισμύριο-πάλαι, (τρισμύριοι, πάλαι) Adv. thirty bousand times long ago, immensely long ago.

τρίσ-ολυμπιο-νίκης, ου, δ, (τρίε, 'Ολυμπιονίκηε) thrice victorious at Olympia, [vi]

τρι-σπίθεμος, ον, (τρι-, σπιθαμή) three spans long.
τρι-σπονδος, ον, (τρι-, σπονδή) thrice-poured, forming a triple libation or drink-offering.

τρισσάκιε, Adv. (τρίε) thrice, three times. [d] τρισσάτιος, η, ον, poët. for τρισσόε. [d] τρισσόθον, Adv. (τρισσόε) from three sides.

τριστός Att. τριττός Ιοπ. τριξός, ή, όν, like δισσός, διξός, (τρίς) ibregold, Lat. sriples: in plut. = τρεῖι. Adv. -σῶn, ibres times.

τρισσο-φαής, έε, and τρισσο-φατος, εν, (τρίε, φάος, φῶε) in a threefold light.

τρί-στεγοε, ον, (τρι-, στέγη) of or with three stories: τὸ τρίστεγον (sub. οίκημα), the third story.
τρι-στοιχεί οι -χί [i], Adv. οί τρίστοιχοε, in three

rows.
τρί-στοιχος, ον, (τρι-, στοίχος) in three rows.
τρί-στομος, ον, (τρι-, στόμα) three-mouthed.

three-edged or three-pointed.

TPLG-X(NLOL, at, a, (Tple, X(NLOL) three thousand: also

in sing with a collective Subst., τρισχιλία έπτος 3000 horse. [χί]
τρί-σώμιτος, ω, (τρι-, σώμα) with three bodies.

Lat. tricorpor.

Toltilyuvicatio, f. how, to be a tritayuvicathe, to

play third-rate characters. From The player split dywnorths, oû, ô, (Thiros, dywnorths) the player subo takes the third part, a third-rate performer.

total cases the third part, a intra-rate performer.

Thiralos, α, ον, (τρίτοι) of time, in three days, on the third day; τριταίοι ἐγένοντο they arrived on the third day.

2. three days old; τριταίοι γενόμενοι after being three days dead.

3. three days ago.

4. generally for τρίτοι, third.

τρι-τάλαντος, ον, (τρι-, τάλαντον) of three talents weight or worth. [τά]

τρί-τάλδα, τάλαινα, τάλάν, (τρι-, τάλαι) thricewretched. [τά] τρί-τάνυστος, ω, (τρι-, τανύω) triply stretched or

drawn out, i. e. very long.

Tplrdros,  $\eta$ , or, post. lengthd. for tpiros, like wis-

σατος for μέσος. [l]
τρίτη-μόριος, α, ον, (τρίτος, μόρος) equal to a third

part, forming a third part: as Subst., τριτη μόριον (sub. μόριον), τό, a third part.
τρίτη-μορία, ίδος, ή, like τριτημόριον, a third part.

τρίτο-βάμων [ā], or, gen. oros, (τρίτος, βαίνω) going as third, forming a third foot.

Τρῖτο-γένεια, ἡ, the Trito-born, epith. of Minerva; derived from the lake Τρῖτανίε in Libya, near which the goddess was born.

Τρίτο-γενής, έος, ή, - Τριτογένεια.

τρίτοκέω, to bring forth thrice, have three at a birth.
From

τρι-τόκοs, or. (τρι-, τεκών) bearing thrice on three at a birth.

τρίτος, η, ον, (τρίε, τρείε) the third, Lat. tertius; τρίτοε ἐλθεῖν to come as third, i.e. with two others; τρίτοε γενέσθαι to be third in a race; ἐε τρίτος ημέραν on the third day, i.e. the day after tomorrow. II. τρίτον as Adv. thirdly, also τὸ τρίτον: also ἐπ τρίτου or ἐπ τρίτον, in the third place. III. τὰ τρίτα λέγεν τινί to play the third part to any one, like τρίταγονιστεῖν τινι. [1] τρίτο-σπουδος, ον, (τρίτος, σπουδή) — τρίπονδες, ενουπαδ with triple libating; τριτόσπουδος αίδον α-λίδε

in which one pours the third libation (to Zebe North). i. e. a life without drawback.

TPLTO-GROPOS, OF, (TPLTOS, GRELPES) SOWN for the third time; τριτόσποροε yorh the third generation.

τρυττός, ή, όν, Att. for τρισσός.

τριττύε, ύοε, ή, also τριτύε, (τρείε) the number three, Lat. ternio. II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman su-ove-tourilia). at Athens, a third of the outh or tribe.

Tolver, area, b, Triton, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitrité. 2. the god of the Libyan lake II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis. Tritonis with the sea. [7] Hence

Totraviae, ados, f. like Totravis, epith, of Minerya;

λίμνη Τριτανιάς the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Tolravis, idee, the lake Tritonis in Libra famous for the birth of Athena. 2. epith. of Minerva. τρίφάσιος, α, ον, (τρείε) threefold, Lat. triplen: also simply three. [&]

τρι-φίλητος Dor. - āros, er, (τρι-, φιλίω) thricebelowed.

τρί-φυλλον, τό, (τρι-, φάλλον) a plant, trefoil, clouer. τρί-φύλος, ον, (τρι-, φυλή) of three tribes; τριφύhove worser to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα οι τριχή, Adv. (τρίε) threefold, in three parts, Lat. trifariam: c. gen., rplya runtos in the third watch of the night; rpixa oxiser to divide in three. [

TPV-Xauces [1], ol, the threefold people, i.e. the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. un-

certain.)

τρί-χάλεπτος, ον, (τρι-, χαλέπτω) very angry. τρί-χάλος, ον, Dor. for τρί-χηλος, (τρί-, χηλή) elowen in three.

TPLYES, al, nom. pl. of Oplf. [7]

τρίχη, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poët. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts. [4] Hence

τριχθάδιος, a, ov, threefold. [d]

τρίχτνος, η, ev, (θρίξ) of or from bair. [τρί] τρίχίε, ibos, ή, (θρίξ) a kind of auchovy full of small bones like bair, whence its name.

τριχό-βρως, ωτος, (θρίξ, βιβρώσκω)) sating bair: 25 Subst., τριγόβρωτες, bair-eaters, i. c. moths.

TPT-Xolvicos, ov, (Tpl-, Xolvif) holding three Xolviwes: TPLYOFTHON ENOS a most capacious word.

τρί-χόλωτος, ον, (τρι-, χολόω) thrice-detested. τριχό-μαλλος, ον, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with flooco-like

Tolyoppuese, f. how, to shed or lose the bair. From τρίχορ-ρύήε, έε, (θρίξ, ρέω) shedding or losing the bair.

TPLX 6s, gen. of opif.

TPYXOU, Adv. (TPIXa) in three places.

TPL-Xpeuos, or, (TPL-, Xpo µa) three-coloured.

pixeus, aree, to, (tolyow) a growth of bair, shock of bair

rplyde, Adv. (tplya) in threefold manner. τρίψαι, ser. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ημερέω, f. ήσω, (τρίβω, ήμέρα) to idle ατυαγ the day, waste time in delays, Lat. terere tempus. 11. τρίψιε, εωε, ή, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction.

firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. IIL robject al, potted meat.

τρι-ώβολον, τό, (τρι-, δβολόε) a three-obox piece. i.e. a balf-drachma, about 41d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's sitting in court.

τρι-ώροφος, ον, (τρι-, δροφή) of three etories oc floore :- as Subst., τριώροφον, τό, the third story.

τριώρυγος, ον, more correct Att. form of τριόργυιος. Tpolater Ion. -neer or -te, (Tpola) Adv. from Troy. Tpolaves Ion. - nves, (Tpoia) Adv. to Troy.

Tools Ion. Tooln, #, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Tpola as trisyll.

τρομεσίατο, Ion, for τρομέσιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. of

троµею. τρομέοντι, Dor. and Ep. for τρομέουσι, 3 pl. of τρο-2. dat. pres. part. of Tpoples. μέω.

τρομερός, ά, όν, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, qui-

vering.

τρομεύμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομ..... τρομέω, f. ήσω, (τρόμου) to tremble, quake, quiver: IL, c. acc. " tremble before hence to be afraid.

or at, to fear, dread, shudder at: τρόμος, δ, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering,

esp. from fear.

προπαία (sub πνοη), ή, (τροπαιοε) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's 2. a change from, release from. spirit.

τρόπαιον lon. τροπαίον, τό, properly neut. .f τροwalos; a tropby, Lat. tropacum, in token of the enemy's rout ( room): consisting of shields, helmets, etc. taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts:-στήσαι οι στήσασθαι τρόπαια to set up trophies.

τροπαίοs, a, or, (τρέπω) of a turning or changen of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοί τροπαίοι the gods who caused the defeat; "Εκτοροε δμμασι τροπαίοι terrible to the eyes of Hector. III. turning away, averting, Lat. averruncus.

τροποιο-φόρος, ον, (τρόπαιον, φέοω\ bearing tropbies. TPOTENTED OF TPETO.

τροπαλίε, ίδοε, ή, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poët, form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, ή, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; Transal hexioto the solstices or tropics, i. a. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called roomal depival and xeipepival, Lat. solstitium and bruma. II. the turning about of the enemy, putting him to flight; Thought Tivos moteir or moteisbat to put one to flight; er though Sopoe in the rout of the spear. 2. (from Pass. Tpewound a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. conversio in fugam. 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίαε, ου, δ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour. τροπικόε, ή, όν, (τρόποε) of or like a turn or turning: δ τροπικόε (εc. κύκλοε) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή.

II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

τρόπιε, ή, Ep. gen. τρόπιοε οτ -ιδοε; acc. τρόπιν: (τρέπω):—a sbip's keel: metaph., ή τρόπιε τοῦ πράγματοε the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

TPOROS, O, (TPÉRE) & turn, direction, way, П. metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρόπφ τοιώδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρόπφ in no wise; παντί τρύπφ by all means; εκουσίφ τρόπφ willingly; τρόπφ φρενόε according to one's way or bumour; er roomois Llovoe after the fashion 2. absol. in acc., warta trown in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρόπον in barbarous fash-3. Ex warrde rpowou by all means. of persons, a way of life, babit, eustom: a man's babits, character, temper; οὐ τούμοῦ τρόπου not after my taste; προε του Κύρου τρόπον suitably to his temper or laste. IV. in Music, a particular mode. TPOWOS, O, (TPEW) a twisted leathern thong; with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead

of a rowlock.

Trown-dopies, f. haw, (trowns, dipu) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπόω, f. bow, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπόω): Med., τροπούτο κάπην fastened his own out by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

τροπωτήρ, fipos, δ, - τροπόε, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφαλίε, ίδοε, ή, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

τροφεία, τά, (τροφείω) pay or recompence for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother.

It. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύε, έων, δ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, δ τροφής έμοι ye who have fed me.

τροφέω, = τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, ή, (τρέφω) nourisbment, food, victuals, maintenance; βlov τροφή a livelibood, living: one's means, of living.

II. a rearing or nursing, bringing wp: a tending or keeping of animals.

III. that which is reared, a nursling, brood.

τρόψίμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (τροφή) nourisbing, nutritious, fruiful: c. gen., γη τρόφιμος τέκνων earth prolific in children.

II. pass. nourisbed, reared up: as Subst. a nursling, foster-child.

τρόφιε, δ, ή, τρόφι, τό, gen. ιοε, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big; τρόφι κύμα a buge, swollen wave. τροφόσιε, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, buge.

τροφός, δ and ή, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse. τροφο φορέω, f. ήσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourishment to, maintain, support.

Tpoécoues, 8, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along. [δ]

προχάζω, f. dow, (τρόχου) to run along, run quackly, trip along.

τροχαίος, α, ον, (τρόχος) running, tripping: in proceedy, δ τροχαίος (εc. πούς) a troches, foot consisting of a long and abort syllable, used csp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχάλδε, ή, όν, (τρόχω) running: swift: round.

τροχηλάτδω, f. ήσω, to drive a chariot. II. metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (τροχός, ἰλαύνω) α ἀτίνα of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ήλάτος, ον, (τροχόε, έλαίνω) moved an arbeels, wheel-drawn.
2. dragged by or at the wheels.
3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel.
4. Inctaph. driven round and round, driven about.
τροχίδ, ή, (τροχόε) the track of wheels.
2. the

round of a wheel.

Tooylu, f. low, (Tooyle) to turn upon the wheel,

τροχίζω, i. low, (τροχύε) to nam upon the model torture.
τροχίλία, ή, (τροχύε) a pulley, Lat. trochlea.

rpoχ(λos, δ, (τρέχω) a small bird of the soughth hind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick βθέλλομο out of the crocodie's throat,

2. a small land-bird, the swren. [7]

τροχιόε, ά, όν, (τροχόε) running round or quickly.
τρόχιε, ιοε and ean, δ, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.
τροχο-δινέω, f. ήσω, (τροχόε, δανέω) so turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-αδής, έε, (τροχύε, αδοε) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχόειε, εσσα, εν, (τροχόε) round, eirculær. τροχοποιέω, ε. ήσω, to make wheels. From

τροχο-ποιός, όε, (τροχόε, ποιέω) making subsels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, ό, a wheeluright.

rpoxée, οῦ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round hall or cahe; the sun's disc: csp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. Graecus trochus. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχίζω; ἐπὶ τροχοῦ στρεβλαῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, δ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution.

2. a place for running.

ΤΡΥΒΛΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρυγάω, f. ήσω, (τρύγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gutter in the vintage or barvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph. τρυγάντινα to reap advantage from some one. 2. proverb., ἐρήμαε τρυγάν (κ.. ἀμπέλουε) το πότιρ πουαλείδελ νίπες, ο of one that is bold where there is

nothing to fear.

τρύγη [ἔ], ἡ, (τρύγω) rips fruit gathered του, α απορ

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc. II. a gathering of such fruits; αμπέλου τρύγη the vintage τρύγητήρ, ήροε, δ, (τρυγάω) one subo gathers ripe

fruits, esp. grapes. τρύγητος, δ, (τρύγω) a gathering of fruits, barvest. 2. the time of gathering in the

esp. the vintage.

crops or vintage. τρύγητρια, ή, fem. of τρυγητήρ, a woman that σα-

there in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρύγη-φόρος, ον, (τρύγη, φέρω) wine-bearing. τρύγικός, ή, όν, (τρύξ) made of lees. II. = 700yeduces, of or for comedy.

τρύγο-δαίμων, ονοε, δ, (τρύξ, δαίμων) for τρυγφιδόε, with allusion to manobalum, a luckless wight of a poet. τρύγ-οιπος, δ, (τρύξ, έπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [8]

τρυγόφεν, Ερ. for τρυγφεν, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγάω.

TPΥΥΩ, to dry. [v]

τρύγ-φδία, ή, (τρυγφδόε) = κωμφδία, comedy. Hence τρύγ-φοικός, ή, όν, = κωμφοικός, of or for comedy or the comie art.

τρύγ-φδός, δ, (τρόξ, φίδή) a must-singer or lesssinger; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise: afterwards called xwyordos when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρυγών, όνοε, ή, (τρύζω) the turtle-dove, named from

its cooing.

TPΥZΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to make a meurmuring sound; of doves, to coo: of men, to mut-(Formed from the sound.) ter, murmi

**τρῦμάλία**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (τρύω) = τρύμη: the eye of a needle. τρύμη, ή, (τρύω) a bole. II. metaph. a sbarp

fellow, a sly knave. [0]

τρύξ, ή, gen. τρόγος, (τρόγω, new wine not yet jermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine, dregs, Lat. faex : generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat. scoria: metaph. of an old man or woman.

πρύπανον, τό, (τρυπάω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet. [3]

τρυπάω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. τετρυπημαι: (τρύπη):so bore, pierce through, perforate; ώτα τετρυπημένα cars pierced for earrings; ψήφου τετρυπημένη the pebble of condemnation (which had a hole through it). τρύπη, ή, (τρύω) a bole.

τρύπημα, ατος, τό, (τρῦκάω) that which is borea, a

szole: in a ship, a port-bole.

τρθεφ, contr. for τρυπάοι, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάω. τροσ-άνωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (τρύω, ανήρ) boring, i.e. wearing out, men, barassing. [a]

τροσί-βιος, ον. (τρύω, βίος) wearing out life. | σί] TPYTANH, h, the tongue of a balance: generally,

a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trufina. [a]

του-φάλαα, ή, a belmet. (Prob. from τρύω and strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the φάλοι.)

τρυφάω, f. ήσω, (τρυφή) to live softly or delicatety,

delicate, effeminate; neut. To Touchar as Subst., effe-2. to be licentious, to revel. oneself bigb, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρύφεραίνομαι, Pass. (τρυφερόε) to be fastidious or delicate: 201. I part. τρυφεσανθείε, with a fastidious

τρύφερός, ά, όν, (τρυφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. το τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -pws, voluptuously.

τρύφερότης, ητος, ή, (τρυφερός) delicacy, luxury. τρυφή, ή, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur, luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρύφηλόε, ή, όν, poët. for τρυφερόε.

τρύφημα, aros, τό, (τρϋφάω) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρύφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω. τρύφος, εοε, τό, (τρυφήναι) that which is broken off. a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [v]

τρθχηρός, ά, όν, (τρῦχος) ragged, tatterea in rags and tatters.

τρύχνος, δ, = στρύχνος, rough, rugged.

τρθχος, εος, τό, (τρύχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, sbred: in plur. rags tatters. Hence τρύχοω, rare form of τρύχω.

τρύχω, f. ξω, (τρύω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph, to eat one out of bouse and bome. nerally, to distress, afflict, barass, ven :- Pass. to be worn out; hime truncedan to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen., τρύχεσθαί τινος to waste or pine away for some one. [0]

TPΥΩ, chiefly in pf. pass. τετρυμαι, pa... τετρυμένος, inf. τετρῦσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, barass, afflict, vex; τετρύσθαι έν τὸ έσχαταν κακοί to bave been ground down to the extreme of misery. [v] Τρωάs, άδοε, ή, fem. of Τρώε, a Trojan woman. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωγάλια, τά, (τράγω) fruits eaten at desser, jigs. almonds, sweetmeats, etc. [γα]

τρώγλη, ή, (τρώγω) a bole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ου, δ, (τρώγλη, δύω) one ευδο creeps into boles; of Τρογγλοδύται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwelt in holes or caves. [v] τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into boles. τρωγοίσας, Dor. for τρωγούσας, fem. part. acc. pl.

of τράγω.

τρώγοντι, Dor. for τρωγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω. ΤΡΩΤΩ, f. τρώξομαι: 20τ. Ι έτρωξα: 20τ. 2 έτραγον: Pass., aor. 2 ετράγην [d]: pf. τέτρωγμαι:-to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp., of dessert, to eat

fruits, cp. τρογάλια Τρωικός, ή, όν, (Τρώς) of Troy, Trojan.

Τρώιος, η, ον, Ερ. for Τρφός, Trojan: fem. Τρακάς, áðos, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτός.

τρώκτης, ου, δ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφῶν, ῶσα, | dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called referrat, greedy knaves; so as Adj., referratively greedy, grasping hands.

τρωκτός, ή, όν, verb. Add. of τρώγω, gnamed, nibbled at; of vegetables, fruit, etc., eaten raw, eatable: neut. τρωκτά, τά, as Subst., — τρωγάλια.

τρώμα, τρωματίζω, τρωματίης, Ion. for τραυμ... τρώμη Dor. τρώμα, ή, = τρώμα, Ion. for τραϋμα. τρώξιε, εω, ή, (τρώγω) a gnawing.

Tρφόε, ά, όν, contr. for Τρόποε, (Τρόπ) Trojan.
Τρωο-φθόροε, ον, (Τρόπ, φθείρω) destructive to the
Trojane or to Troy.

Themden, Ep. for thems, to turn, to change, alter;— Med. to turn oneself, turn about or back; 3 sing. Ep. and Ion. impl. Themdaketo perfect be turned bimself to flight.

Τρώε, δ, gen. Τρωόε, Tros, the founder of Troy: plur. Τρώτε, ol, gen. Τρώτων, dat. Τρωσί, Trojans. τρώτεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of τιτρώτων.

τρώσω, fut. of τιτρώσκω.

τρωτός, ή, ω, verb. Adj. of τρώω, τιτρώσκω, wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable.

τρωθμα, false reading for τρώμα, Ion. for τραθμα. τρωχάω, Ερ. for τρέχω, to run.

 $TP\tilde{\Omega}'\Omega$ , radie, form of  $\tau_1\tau p\omega\sigma\kappa\omega$ , to wound: to burt, barm, damage, do one a mischief.

τύ, Dor. for σύ: also acc. for σέ. [0] τύβι, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. τεύξομαι: 201. 2 έτθχον, Ep. subj. τύχωμι: Ερ. 201. Ι ετύχησα [δ]: ρέ. τετύχηκα [δ], Ion. also réreuxa: plapf. èrereuxeu :- to bit, esp. to bit with an arrow, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen. when it is life-II. generally, to bit, bit upon, light upon: so of persons, to meet by chance, fall in with, c. 2. of things, to meet with, bit, reach, gain, get, obtain a thing, also c. gen. 3. in 201. 2 part., 6 tuxán one subo meets one by chance, the first one meets, any one whatever, Lat. quivis; of TUXOVTES every-day men, the ordinary run of men; to tuxle any chance thing. 4. in bad sense, plas Tuxeir to III. absol. to bit the meet with, suffer violence. mark, gain one's end or purpose; kalous tuxely to fare well, succeed, in speaking, to bit the mark, i. e. to 2. generally, to bave the lot or fate.

Intr. to bappen, to be at a place 2. of things, come to pass, fall out, occur by chance; often impers., όπων ἐτύγχανεν, ώσπερ ἔτυχεν, etc., as it chanced, by mere accident. 3. of events or undertakings, to bappen to, befal one, come to one's lot or share, c. dat. pers.: esp. to fall out well, come to a good end, succeed. II. in Att. TUYX dres was used almost as an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the participles of other Verbs, ruyxara Exar I bappen to have, i. e. I have in possession; παράν ἐτύγχανον Ι chanced to be by; έτυχε κατά τοῦτο καιροῦ έλθών he bappened to come at that nick of time; but, ruyχώνω ών = elμί, I am; so also without any part., el σοι χαρτά τυγχάνει τάδε if these things are pleasant

to thee. 2. in such phrases as δτι δε τύχωσι, τοῦτο λέγουσι, we must supply a part. from the other Verb, δτι δε τύχωσι λέγουτει, τοῦτο λέγουσιε, etc.

Tobeve, twe, Ep. toe, o, Tydera.

ruide, Adv. Dor. for ride, bere.

Tink, e. low, (rives) to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress stones. Hence

ΤΥΚΗ, ή, (τέτυγμαι) mason's work. [τδ]

τύκισμα, ατοε, τό, a working or dressing of stones: in plur., κανόνων τυκίσματα walls of stone worked square by rule. [8]

τύκου, δ, (τέτνγμαι) a tool to dress stones with, a mason's hammer or piek. II. a battle-ane, pole-ane. [τὸ] τυκτά, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by τέλειον δείννον βασιλήιον.

τυκτός, ά, όν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω (τέτνημαι), made, made ready: cap. made by art, artificial, as opp. to natural: τυκτή κρήνη a fountain made by man's band: cap. well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully.

TTAH, \$\( \), like \( \text{rulos}, \) any swelling or lump:
esp., I. a place worn bard by rubbing, Lat. callus: the aboulder. II. a pad for carrying bardens on, a porter's knot. III. a cushion. [8 in
Att., 8 later.]

τύλος, δ, = τύλη, a knot or callus; esp. on the hands, as from rowing, etc. II. anything rising like a lump, a knob, knot; esp. a wooden nail or bolt used in ship-building. [δ]

τύλοω, freq. used in pf. part. τετυλωμένος: (τύλου):—to make bard or callous:—Pass. to grow bard or callous from rubbing, as the hand from rowing or digging; βόπαλα σιδήρφ τετυλωμένα clubs knobbed or knotted with iron: cf. τυλωνίος.

τύλωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τυλόω; ρόπαλα τυλονά clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλομένα.

τύμβευμα, ατοε, τό, (τυμβεύω) a burial, grave.

the corpse to be burnt or buried.

τυμβείω, f. σω, (τύμβοε) to bury, burn or entomb a corpse.

2. χολε τυμβείσαι τωι to pour libations as an offering on one's grave.

II. intr. to be entombed.

τυμβ-ήρης, ee, (τύμβοε, dediriv) buried, entembed, interred, sepulchred. II. like a grave or tomb. τυμβίτης [i], ου, δ, fem. τυμβίτις, ιδος, (τύμβοε) is

ot at the grave.
τυμβο-γέρων, υντοε, δ, (τύμβοε, γέρων) an old man
on the verge of the grave.

τυμβ-ολέτης, ου, δ, (τύμβος, διλυμι) a destroyer c tombs : fem. τυμβόλετις, ιδος.

TTMBOZ, δ, the place where a dead body is burnt. Lat. bustum: commonly, a mound of earth bespectover the ashes, a cairn, barrow, Lat. tumulus: generally, a tomb, grave.

II. metaph., γέρων τύρ βοε, - τυμβογέρων, a decrepit old man: so also τύρ βοε, absol.

τυμβ-ούχοι, ω, (τύμβοι, έχω) dwelling in a tomb, sepulchral.

τυμβο-φόνος, αν, (τύμβος, \*φένω) tomb-destroy-κ.

τυμβοχούε, f. ήσει, (τυμβοχόου) to throw up a cairn or harrow: to raise a mound over a grave. Hence τυμβοχού, a throwing up a cairn or harrow.

τυμβο-χέος, οτ, (τύμβος, χέω) throwing up a eairn or barrow. II. pass. thrown or poured upon the tomb. τυμβό-χωστος, οτ, (τύμβος, χώννυμ) beaped up into a cairn ot barrow.

τυμβωρυχέω, f. ήσω, to break open graves. From τυμβωρύχος, οτ, (τύμβος, δρύσσω) digging up, breaking open graves: as Sabst., τυμβώρυχος, δ, α

grave-robber. [ρύ] τύμμα, ατος, τό, (τέπτω) a blow, stroke, wound.

τομμα, ατου, το, (τουτω) a ctow, arrow, wounds.
τυμπάνιζω, f. ίσω, (τύμπανον) to beat a drum. Il.
generally, to beat with a stick, bastinado.

Tunedingués, 8, (Tuneaulia) a beating of drums, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybels.

τιμπάνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) one who beats the τύμπανον, a drammer: sem. τυμπανίστρια, of a priestess of Cybelé.

τίματάνου, τό, (properly for τύπενου, from τυπείν)
a kettle-drum, such as was used in the worship of
Cybeló.

II. a drum-stick: generally, a staff,
cudgel.

III. in Lat., tympana were wagon-

subsels made of a solid piece of .aood, rollers.

Τυνδάροιος, α, ον, οτ ου, ον, of Tyndarus. From
Τυνδάροιος Αττ. Τυνδάροιος, ου, δ, Tyndaröus, Τyn-

darus, husband of Leds.
Turbapiline [1], ov. o. (formed as if from Turbapos)

son of Tyndarus: Turbapiba, ol, Castor and Pollun: fem. Turbapis, ibos, daughter of Tyndarus.

- tivn, Ep. and Dor. for vi, oi, as eyinn for eyis.

Turvés, f, ér, akin to Turbés, so small, so little. Hence Turvedres, cr. Att. Turveurock, -ori, so small, so

little, Lat. tantillus.
Twenhales, to dabble in the mud or mire: esp, to grub

round the roots of a vine. From

TΥΝΤΑΟΣ, δ, mud, mire, dirt.
- τύπονον, τό, (τύπτω) orig. form of τόμπωνον, pre-

served also in Latin typanum.
Threigo, 40, 4, aor. 2 pass. opt. of Túrres.

TURELY, 201. 2 inf. of TURTO.

Torrels, elou, ev, aor. 2 part. pass. ot the

τύπή, ή, (τύπτω) a blow, wound. τύπηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τύπτα.

TTTIOZ, d, a blow.

11. the mark of a blow, the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind; times eriflow the prints or tracks of footstep 2. figures or impressions wrough in metal or stone: simply, a figure, image, statue of a man.

3. an outline, sketch, draught; time hiper to describe in outline

4. the original pattern, model, mould, type: metaph. a type, figure.

5. a system, form of doctrine.

111. the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of houses' feet. Hence

τύπόω, f. ώσω, to impreu, stamp. II. to form,

model, model.

τυπτήσω, Att. fut. of τόστω. τύπτοντι, Dor. for τύπτουσι.

TΥΠΤΩ, fut. τύψω οι τυπτήσω: 201. I έτυλα: aor. 2 Ετύπον: Pass., fut. τύπησομαι: aor. Ι ἐτύφθην: 201. 2 ετύπην [v]: pl. τέτυμμαι:--to beat, strike. smite, knock: metaph. to strike or smite at beart; axos of a ward poeva rule sharp grief smots him to the heart; ή άληθηίη έτυψε Καμβύσεα the truth of it struck Cambyses: later of bees, etc., to sting. Homer TUTTO is chiefly used of a blow struck band to band, as opp. to βάλλω, which implies a blow from a 2. Ala Túrteir Epetholis to beat the sea with oars, i. e. to row: absol., Ζέφυρος λαίλαπι τύπrow the west wind beating, lashing with fury. Med. to beat or strike oneself; esp. like nourousi. Lat. planger, to beat one's breast for grief:-c. acc. pers., τύπτεσθαί τινα to mourn for a person. Pass, to be beaten, struck or wounded; c. acc. cognato, τύπτομαι πολλάε (sc. πληγάε) I get many blows. τύπωμα, ατος, τό, (τύποω) that which is formed,

τύπωμα, aros, τό, (τύποω) that which is formed, fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought; τύπωμα χαλακόλευρον a brasen wrn: a figure, outline.

τύραννείω, f. είσω and τυραννέω, f. ήσω: fut. med. τυραντήσομαι in pass. sense: (τύραννοι):—to be a τύραννοι or absolute sovereign: to rule absolutely: c, gen. to be ruler of a people or place; τυραννεύειν Αθηνών to be tyrant of Athens:—the aot. I τυραννεύσαι means to bave acquired a tyranny, to bave made oneself tyrant.

II. Pass. τυραννεύομαι or -λομαι, to be ruled by τύραννοι, to be governed with absolute power.

ribparrube, h, br. (ribparroe) of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial: befitting a tyrant, lordly, imperious. Sup. ruparrudraroe.

rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway,

sovereignty, royalty.

TUPAVVOS [V], & also f, properly Dor. for colpavos (from κύροε, κύριοε) a lord and master; hence an absolute sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was applied to anyone who had made himself king by force; not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia; and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct: later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot; and in poets it was taken loosely for a king. 2. in a wider sense, the whole family of a τύραννοε:...hence also, ή τύραννοε was the queen, princess; as à túparvos was the king's son, prince. τύραννος, ον, as Adj., like τυραννικός, princely, lordly: imperious, despotic; róparror δώμα the king's palace. τύραννο-φόνος, ον, (τύραννος, \*φένω) slaying tyrants. τυρβάζω f. άσω, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat. turbare:—Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled ot crowded together. From

TTPBH, ή, disorder, throng, bustle, Lat. turba.
τύρευμα, ατοε, τό, (τυρεύω) that which is curdled,

cheese. [9]

Thorutho, fipos, o, and Thoruthe oil, o, (Tupein) are who makes cheese; said of Hermes as god of goatherds and goats-milk cheese.

τῦρεύω, f. εύσω, and τῦρέω, f. ήσω: (τυρόε):—to make cheese. IL metaph. to stir up, jumble, confound. 2. to concoct, brew a thing sunningly. Túpice, a, or, of ot from Tyre: a Tyrian. [v]

τυρίσδω, Dor. for συρίζω.

Tupóns, essa, er contr. Tupous, oussa, our, (rupós) like cheese: as Subst., rupous Dor. rupue, o, cheesebread, a cheese-cake or cheese. τθρό-κνηστιε, ή, (τυρόε, κνάω) a cheese-grater.

TOPO-veros, or, (Tupos, rectos) with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese.

τθροπωλίω, f. ήσω, to sell cheese, sell like cheese. From

τυρο-πάλης, ου, δ, (τυρός, πελέω) a cheesemonger. TY PO'Z, oû, ô, chesse. IL. the cheese-market. Tύροs, δ, Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [v]

TUPOUS, CORT. for TUPÓELS. τυρο-φόρος, er, (τυρός, φέρω) bearing cheese, spread

with cheese.

Τυρρην-ολέτης, ου, ο, (Τυρρηνός, δλλυμι) destroyer of Tyrrbenians.

Tuppyvos Ion. and old Att. Superyvos, h, ov, Tyrrbenian, Etruscan: Tuponyol or Tuppnyol the Etruscans: -Adj. Tupomyukos, h, br, Etruscan.

TYPΣΙΣ, ή, gen. ιοε: acc. τύρσιν: nom. pl. τύρess, gen. ear, dat. eos, Lat. TURRIS:-a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion.

Tupus, artos, Dor. for Tupous.

TITOO'Z, or, also h, or, little, small, young, of II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., a little, a wee bit: hence scarcely, bardly: of the voice, low, softly, 2. also in pl., τυτθά διατμήξαι to cut into small pieces.

Τυφάων, ανος, δ, pošt. Ep. lengthd. form for Τυφών: hence, Tupadrice, a, or, poet, for Tuparice. τυφεδανός, ό, (τύφω) one with clouded wits. a stupid

fellow, a dullard.

τυφ-hons, es, (τῦφος, ἀρἄρεῖν) set on fire, burning. τυφλό-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, (τυφλός, πούε) with blind

foot, stepping in blindness.

τυφλός, ή, όν, blind, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός Tivos blind to a thing. 2. metaph., τυφλόε τά τ' άτα τόν τε γούν τά τ' δμματα blind in cars and mind and eyes. 3. of things, dark, unseen, dim, obscure; τυφλαί σπιλάδει blind, i. e. sunken, rocks. τυφλόω, (τυφλύε) to blind, make blind:-Pass. to be blinded or blind. II. metaph. to blind, dull, baffle, dim. Hence

τυφλώς, Adv. of τυφλός, blindly.

rύφλωσι, ή, a making blind, blinding.

τυφλώττω, (τυφλύε) to be blind.

τυφο-γέρων, οντοε, δ. (τύφω, γέρων) a silly old man, a dotard; cf. τυμβογέρου.

τύφος, δ, (τύφω) smoke, mist, cloud. taph. conceit, vanity, Lat. fucus.

τθφόω, ε. ώσω, (τύφου) to surap in smoke or mist: metaph. to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure: pl. pass. verópopai, to bé sbrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stripid, abourd.

TΥ ΦΩ [0], f. θύψω: 20τ. I έθυψα: Pass., 20τ. 2 ἐτόφην [ð]: pf. τέθυμμα:—to raise a smoke; c. scc. cognato, named rupeur to make a cloud of smoke. IL to smoke; navrê ropeir pehlacae to emoke bees, and metaph., surry respect wolls to fill the town with III. to consume in smoke, burn with smoke. fire and smoke:—Pass to smoke, smoulder,

Tudeseus, éau, Ep. éau, à : contr. Tudés, & :-- Tphoeus, Typhos, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf. TVÁÁIS.

Tupar, aree, Ep. Tupar, cores, 8, Typhon, Ty phaon, the same giant who is more freq. called Tupics, II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean a furious storm, burricane, typboon. Hence

Topewakos, h, br, of or from Typbok. II. aformy, tempestuous.

Tupas, o, contr. for Tupaseus. II. as appellat. τυφών, gen. τυφώ, dat. τυφώ, acc. τυφώ :—like τν φών 11, a furious storm, burricane.

τύχε, Ep. for έτθχε, 3 sing. sor. 2 of τυγχάνω,

τύχειν, 201. 2 inf. of τυγχάνω.

TYXH [V], h, what man obtains (reyxteres) from the gods, good fortune, luck, Lat. fortuna; now de vixy luck is a thing common to all; Toxy Dear, our Dear τύχα by luck from the gods; esp. in phrase, Θεία τύχη by divine providence; later, Tuxy was deified, like Lat. Fortuna, by the name of Tuxy Serreips or Se-<del>τή</del>ρ. 2. generally, chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck; often with an Adj. to shew which; e.g. τύχη άγαθή was often used in public acts, by crasis τύχλησθῦ, also ἐπ' ἀγαθῦ τύχψ and μετ' dyabije τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumps 3. Adverbial usages, ruxy by chance, Lat. sit. forts, forts, fortuna:—so also duó or èn τύχης, marè II. a chance, hap, lot, accident : in plus, τύχαι υμέτεραι your fortunes. Hence τύχηρός, ά, όν, fortunate, lucky. 2. by chann,

accidental. Hence

II. me-

τύχηρως, Adv. luckily.

τύχήσας, aor. I part. of τυγχάναι τυχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχει.

τύχοιμι [ʊ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνα.

TUX by, Adv., by chance, perhaps; properly acc. new of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνα.

τύχών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of τυγχάνα.

Túrcorov, Ion. sor. I of restu.

τῷ, dat. sing. of neut. τό, used absol., therefore, sa, in this wise. II. for rive, dat. sing. of ris; goal? Top, enclit. for Tark, dat. sing. of The, aliquis.

τώγαλμα, atos, Ion. crasis for το άγαλμα. rabe, dat. of bbe, used as Adv., - ofree is di

manner, thus,

TΩΘΑ ΖΩ Dor. τυθάσθε: fist. -άσωσε: acr. 1

brubasu, subj. resbasus:—to most or scoff at, per,

τωθάσθοισται, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τωθάζαι. τώληθές, Ion. crasis for το άληθές remobalion, Ion. crasis for rd desobalion.

rapyulov, Ion. crasis for ro degralor.

rus, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. was; and to the Relat. de, - de, outree. so, in this II. Dot. = 00, where. rarpents, crasis for ro drpents.

rubro, gen. rubrod, dat. rubro, Ion. for rd abro, **૧૦૭ લો૧૦૭, ૧૭ લક્ષ્મ**િ

Y, v, & phoov, ro, indeed, twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral v-400, but v-400,000. The written character T is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a sossed it was distinguished by the name of T sulor.

The use of v was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for o, as in δυυμα δμοιου μύγιε for bropa spoice poyis. They often inserted a after a and e, as, below yelves for bles yelos. The Acol. sometimes changed the diphthong ov into or, as

Μοΐσα for Μούσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

Tabes, av, al, (bw) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. Planiae, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [v in Hom., V in Eur.]

υσινά, ή, (ie) a Libyan wild beast, the byena, an mimal of the dog kind, with a bristly bog's mane

whence the name).
Takuvila (sub. lepa), 76, the Hyacinthia, a Lacelaemonian festival in honour of *Hyacinthus*.

δάκινθίνο-βάφής, ές, (bashrθiros, βαφήναι) dyed bya-

inth colour. [8] value vers, q, or, (value vos) by a cinthine, by a cinthaloured.

Tamvées, ô, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beoved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the

iscus. Hence

Saxveos, & or \$, the byacinth, a flower said to have prung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to there from that of Telamonian Ajax:, some preanded to decipher on the petals the initial letters of nese names, TA or AI, or the interjection of al; ence it is called γραστά δάκινθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. he older poets describe it as very dark, later authors take it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have een included under the name. II. bánvoc, h. jacinth or perhaps the sapphire, a precious stone blue colour.

υτιλέος, α, αν, contr. δαλοθς, α, οθν, (δαλοε) of ass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

baditoes later bedievos, " or Gadoe) of or made of glass, glass.

bakons, eσσα, er, (bakos) of glass: like glass, glassy. valor or velor, h, a elear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, 2. a convex lens of crystal, used as a burninggiass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθου διαφανής ἀφ' ής το τύρ άπτουσι a transparent stone from which they light fire. II. glass, Lat. vitrum: class itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called value till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

balous, a, our, contr. for balice.

δάλο-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (δαλος, χρία) glass-coloured.

θάλο-χρώθηε, et, — bαλόχροοε. ύβ-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ὑποβάλλω,

TBOZ, h, ov. bent outwards, bump-backed.

**θβρίζω:** f. θβρίσω Att. -ιῶ: aor. I θβρισα: pf. δβρικα: plqpf. δβρίκειν. Med., fut. δβριούμαι: Pass., fut. ὑβρισθήσομαι : 20τ. Ι ὑβρίσθην : pf. ὕβρισμαι : to wan wanton, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to owbpower to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigo, enort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank. II. with regard to others, to treat despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, υβρίζειν είν τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; υβρίζειν έπί τινα to exult over one: c. acc. cognato, υβρίζειν υβρειε to commit outrages; so, υβρίζειν άδιπήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat ana insult, assault. [v naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.] "TBPIX [v], ease Ep. 100, 1, wanton violence, arising

from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness. 2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, despiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings,  $\delta \beta \rho is$  meant as aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being alkla [?]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by ypaph or prosecution; in the latter by blen or private suit 3. barm, detriment, damage, II. as mascul. Adj., υβριε ἀνήρ, - υβριστήε.

**ύβρίσθω,** Dor. for *ὑβρίζω*, 3 sing. ὑβρίσδει for ὑβρίζει. ύβρισμα, ατος, τό, (ὑβρίζω) a wanton act, outrage, II. the object of insult. insult, Lat. contumelia.

ύβριστήρ, ήροε, δ, poët. for υβριστήε.

δβριστής, οῦ, δ, (δβρίζω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man. II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence

δβριστικός, ή, ών, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ὑβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. - www. insolently. ύβριστος, η, ον, (ύβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp.

and Sup., ispictotepos, -tatos.

byside, f. ow: nor. I bylass (bysie) to make sound or healthy, to heal.

Systalous, f. divi: 201. I byldva: (byshs):—10 be sound, bealthy, Lat. bene valere: 20 be in a certain state of health, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind: 2100 to be staunch, true, trustworthy; 70 bysalow rife Balados the sound part of Greece. 3. bylaure, like xaipe, a common form of taking leave, farevell, Lat. vale. [5, but 5 in augmented tenses.]

byles ion. -είη, ή, and sometimes in Att. byles: (δημήε):—bealth, soundness of body, Lat. salus; byles boerfor coundness of mind. [θ]

bealthful: of food, wholesome, sound, healthful: of food, wholesome.

II. of persons, sound, healthful, stout, Lat. sanus. [6]

byterθe, Adv. bealth ly:—Comp. byterror έρως and -ρον; Sup. -ότατα.

ύγιεις, εσσα, εν, Boeot, for byths: acc. masc. byterra. [9]

δγικρός, ά, όν, (byths) good for the bealth, wholesome, hearty, strong, Lat. sanus:—Sup. bythpóraros.

δγικς, ές, gen. έσε: acc. byth or -tŷ Ion. -έα:
plur. nom. neut. byth or -tŷ:—sound, healthy, hearty,
stout, Lat. sanus: σῶς καὶ bythssafe and sound.

sound in mind, sound-minded: metaph. of advice,
sound, wholesome, wise; οὐδὲν byths προφέρειν to

make no one sound proposal:—Comp. and Sup. δηνδηνείνε, - δοτατοι. [δ]

δηγείνε, ε. δωῶ, (ὑγρόε) to wet, moisten: of a river, to water a country.

ύγρο-βόλος, αν, (ύγρὸς, βαλείν) wetting, maisten-

ing.

δγρο-μελής, ές, (δγρός, μέλος) with pliant limbs.

δγροπορέω, f. ήσω, to traverse water. From

ύγρο-πόρος, ον, (ύγρός, πόρος) traversing water. typos, a, ar, (va, voap) wet, moist, liquid, Lat. liquidus, opp. to inpose (siecus); bypor thator liquid oil, as opp. to fat; άνεμοι ύγρον δέντει winds blowing moist or rainy: h bypa Ion, byph, the moist, the sea, opp. to χέρσου the dry land; so, ύγρα κέλευθα, or trypa alone, the watery ways: To trypor and Ta bypd, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor: offices. II. soft, pliant, supple, typol water animals. lithe, waving, Lat. mollis; wipas bypor a pliant bow: metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. languid, faint. III, of the eyes, swimming, melting, languishing; bypòs woos languishing desire; neut. pl. as Adv., bypd dedograde with languisbing glances. Hence

δηρότης, ητος, ή, (ύγρός) weiness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness: metaph. pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper. 2. feebleness.

type-φθογγοε, or, (υγρόε, φθόγγοε) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gargling sound.

δγρώε, Adv. of δγρόε, in liquid fashion: softly, pliably.

bypasse, post. for bypaire, to be seet or moist.

ibapha, le, gen. los, (ibap) watery, wasby: metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

wet, moist.

II. ike bypos, pliant, supple, flexible.

öðársov, τό, Dim. of öðep, a small stream, rivulet. öðärsbæs, eσσα, εν, (öðep) watery, like water. iðäτοπασία, ή, watðr-drinking. And

ύδδιτοποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink water. From ύδδιτο-πότης, ου, δ, (ύδωρ, πένω) a water-drinker.

ύδάτος, gen. of έδωρ.

Lat. aquae potor.

bbaro-rpeφήs, is, (bbap, rpiφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

bbar is he, is, (bbap, elbos) like water: watery, wet,

eloppy. Theore, &, (Vdap) the dropsy.

ίδνης, ου, ό, ή, (δω) watered, nourished. ύδρα, ή, (ίδωρ) like ύδρος, a water-cerpent, Lst.

bydra.

blynkyo, (blup) to water, to sprinkle or beden with
water:—Med. to wash oneself, to bathe; Louryal isofwagfly, and to tour water own one's hole.

ράνασθαι χροί to pour water over one's body.
bβpola, \$, (bβpolu) a drawing water, fatching water.
II. a watering place.

δδροίον Ion. - huse, τό, (ύδρεδα) a mater-bucks. well-bucket.

well-bucket. VSpevu, f. ou, (VSep) to draw, fetch at carry water:— Med. to draw water for onsolf, get water.

έδρημον, τό, Ion. for έδρεῖαν. έδρηλόε, ή, όν, (έδαρ) watery, moist, wet, damp. έδρηναμένη, aor. I mod. part. fem. of έδραίνει.

blola, ή, (θδω) a water-pot, bucket, pitcher. II. a vessel of any kind, a balloting sern, a funereal sern. blocks, dδοs, ή, (δθω) of or from the water.

bopias, acos, q, (vous) of or from the water. bopia-hopos, or, (vosia, hipu) carrying a mater vessel.

ύδρο-ειδής, έε, (ύδαρ, είδοε) libs water, watery. ὑδρόσις, εσσα, εν, (ύδαρ) watery.

υδροποσία, ή, water-drinking; and

δδροποτίω, f. ήσω, to drink water. From δδρο-πότης, ου, δ. (Εθωρ, πίνω) & water-drinker, ε drinker of thin potations; hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aguse poger.

ύδρορ-ρόα or –ρόη, ή, (ύδωρ, ἐοή) a water-course, a conduit, canal, elvies, gutter. ύδρος, δ, (ύδωρ) like έδρα, a water-cerpent.

Subst., ὑδροφόρος, ὁ οκ ἡ, a water-carrier. ὑδρο-χόος, ὁ, (ὕδωρ, χέω) the water-powerer, the commellation Aquarius: Ep. dat. ὑδροχοῆι, as if from δδροχοσίς.

δδρό-χύτος, αν. (ύδαρ, χέω) grabing with water. ύδρωπικός, ή, όν, (ύδραφ) dropsical.

υδρωψ, αποε, also οποε, ό, (νδαρ) dropey.

a dropsical person.

n

Cephisus: 53cs worses fresh water; 53cs πλατό salt water:—Proverb., γράφειν τι els 53cs to write in water.

- rain-water, and then rain, also called 53cs βς οδρανου.

3. in Attic law-phrase, τό 53cs was the water of the water-clock (κλαμόδρα), and also the time it took in running out; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ 53cs to stop the water (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [b]

beards, 4, by, and veros, a, or, (be) of or belonging

to a swine. [V

believes, believes, Ion. forms of bal-

velos, v. sub valos.

become, dat. pl. of be.

bérios, a, or, and berbeis, evou, er, (berbs) rainy,

bringing or causing rain.

verbs, δ, (6ω) rain, Lat. pluvia: a beavy shower, a storm of rain, Lat. simbus; whereas δμβροε, Lat. imber, is a lasting rain, and ψεκάε οτ ψακάε, a drizzling rain.

II. as Ad]. in Sup., άνεμοι δετάντατοι the rainiest winds.

envia, h, swinishness, boggishness. From

byvos, h, ov, (vs) swinish, boggish.

ύθλου, f. ήσω, (ύθλου) to talk nonzense, drivel, trifle, Lat. nugari.

TOAOE, &, Pale talk, nonsense, Lat. nugae.

with, with Ep. acc. sing and pl. of viće, as if from vie. without, post. dat. pl. of viće. [a]

vibers, ios, ô, (vibs) a son's son, grandson: fem. vibe, a son's daughter, granddaughter.

vibrov, 76, Dim. of vibe, a little son. II. Dim.

of ve, a little pig.

vidous, où, o, (vios) a son's son, grandson.

wil, Ep. dat. of vice.

Tube, 4, 6r. (5s) of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, boggish.

vio-beσia, φ, (vios, τίθημι) adoption as a son.

vios, Ep. gen. of vios, as if from vis

TTOE, d, declined regul. vlov, vlov, vlov, etc.: but it is also declined as if from nom. vulove,—gen. vlov, dat. vld, vlev, acc. vlda; Dual. vlde, vlevv; Plur. vldes or vlev, gen. vldov, vlov, dat. vldove, acc. vldas, vldi:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from nom. vls,—gen. vlov, dat. vll, acc. vla; Dual. vle; Plur. vlee, dat. vldov, acc. vlas:—Lat. FILIUS, a som; vldv roceiobal or riveobal rivi to adopt as som. 2. later, the plur. was often periphr., larpow vlev sons of physicians, som of orators, Le. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, vles Axandor for 'Axanol.

vios, Ep. gen. of vios, as if from \*vis.

ulsevos, οῦ, ὁ, (viós) a child's child, a grandson. Ελαγμα, ατος, τό, (ὑλάω) the bark of a dog, a bark,

Bosel, yelp: metaph. in plut. snarling words. [v]

•λαγμός, δ, (ελάω) a barking, baying. [v]

•λαγμγόω [v], ε. ήσω, to carry wood. From

th- σημγόε, όν, (δλη, άγω) carrying spood. [8]

thing, Dor. for thines.

thates, a, or, (tha) woody, beconging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest. [D]

thanh, ή, (than) a barking, bouling. [8]

δλάκό-μερος, ον. (δλακή) over barking, howling or yelling. Ep. word, formed like έγχεσίμερος, ίδμερος. δλακτέω, f. ήσω, (δλάω) to bark, bay, howl, Ler. latrare; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to ery out, yelp, bark: also, άμουσα δλακτεί he howls his uncouth songs.

II. transit, to bark or yelp at, Lat. alatrare. Hence

Waternife, ou, d, a barker, bawler. [V]

δλακτικός, ή, όν, (δλακτίω) yelping.

that, gen. arros, contr. for blaces, -hees.

ύλάστω, - ύλακτίω.

"TAA'Ω [b], radic. form of δλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf., to bark, bay:—3 pl. impf. med. δλάωντο in same sense.

II. transit. lo bark or bay at.

"TAH [0], \$\phi\$, Lat. SYLVA, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to divdpa (fruit-trees): also of copse, brushwood, underwood, as opp. to timbertrees.

Il. wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel, logs of wood.

III. generally, like Lat. materia, the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. sylva.

2. matter, as opp. to mind, Lat. sylva.

ύλήσιε, εσσα or -eis, εν, (ύλη) woody, wooded.

whη-κοίτης, ου, δ, (ύλη, κοίτη) one subo lodges or makes his lair in the wood. [D]

ύλη-τόμος Dor. ύλατ-, ον, - ύλοτόμος.

ύλη-φόρος, ον, = ύλοφόρος.

ὑλη-ωρόε, όν, (ὕλη, οδροε) watching the wood, forest-ranging. [8]

ύλο-δρόμος, αν. (ύλη, δραμείν) wood-ranging. ύλό-κομος, τν. (ύλη, κόμη) overgrown with wood.

ύλο-νόμος, ον, (ύλη, νέμομα) baunting the woods. ύλοτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut or fell wood. From

blo-ropes, or, (bln, repeir) cutting or felling wood:—as Babst., υλοτόμος, δ, a woodcutter, wood-

man. II. proparox. δλότομος, ον, pass, cut in the wood:—as Subst., δλότομον, τό, a plant cut in the wood, used as a charm. [0]

bλ-ουργόε, όν, (5λη, \*έργω) working wood:—as Subs., bλουργόε, ό, a carpenter or woodman. [8]

ύλο-φάγος, ον, (ύλη, φάγειν) feeding in the woods.

ύλο-φορβός, όν, (ύλη, φέρβω) feeding in the words. ύλο-φόρος, αν, (ύλη, φέρω) carrying wood.

δλ-άδης, ές, (ὕλη, εἶδος) woody, wooded, busby.
δμεῖς [θ], old Acol., Dor., and Ep. δμμες Ion. δμέσς
Dor. δμές: gen. δμῶν Ion. δμέσς, Ep. also δμείον:
dat. δμῶν, old Acol. δμμι, δμμῖν: but δμῶν [-ω] or
δμῖν, only in Trag.: also δμῶς Ion. δμέσς: Acol.
δμμε Dor. δμέ, in Trag. also δμῶς [-ω] or δμῶς.
--Pron. of 2nd pers, plur. of σύ, yε, you.

Surfaces [8], δ, ("Γμήν) bymenaeus, a wedding song, sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the bridegroom's house.

II, later, = "Γμήν, Hymen,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs 25 Tuhr & Tuevaie Dor. Tudr & Tueraie, Lat. Hymen o Hymenaee. Hence

inevation, f. wow, to sing the wedding-song. II.

to take to wife. [8]

inerines, δ, (Tμήν) epith, of Bacchus as god of joy. ύμενό-πτερος, ον. (δμήν, πτέρον) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [0]

ύμω-όστράκος, ον, (υμήν, δστρακον) made of earthenware as thin as a membrane, [0]

, tués, Dor. for tueis.

imbrepos, a, or, (bueis) your, yours, Lat. vester; also with gen, of the personal prou. added, as butτεροε αὐτῶν θυμόε your own mind; δμέτερόνδε to your bouse: to bust spor (sc. uspor) subat in you lies, for your part. [8]

MHN [v], évos, d, a skin, membrane.

TMHN [9], évos, b, Hymen, the god of marriages, cf. Tuéraice. like δμέναιος, a wedding-cong.

τόμμε, Acol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of δμείε. ύμμες, Acol., Dor. and Ep. for υμείε.

υμμι, υμμιν, Acol., Dor. and Ep. dat. of bμείδ.

ύμμος, α, αν, Acol. for υμός, υμέτερος. υμν-αγόρας, ου, δ, (υμνος, άγορεύω) a singer of bymns. ύμνέαται [ἄ], Ion. for υμνηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of bμνέω. upvelo, Ep. for upvelo.

ύμνέομες, Dor, for *ύμνέομεν*, I pl. of *ὑμνέω*.

ύμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. υμνεύσι, part. fem. υμνεύσα: fut. ήσω: aor. I υμνησα: pf. υμνηκα: (υμνοε):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descant upon, Lat. canere, c. acc.: part. pass. υμνούμενος, renowned, famous. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. incre-3. to tell over and over again, to be always pare. telling of, keep barping upon, Lat. decantare: to recite, as, Tor voucer bureir to recite the form of the II. intr. to sing, chant.

ύμνητήρ, ήροε, ό, and ύμνητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὑμνέω) α singer of bymns, a minstrel, bard.

ύμνητός, ή, ω, verb. Adj. of δμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

ύμνίω, Dor. for *υμ*νέω.

ύμνο-θέτης, ου, δ, (ύμνος, τίθημι) a composer of bymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj., υμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ύμνο-ποιός, όν, (ύμνος, ποιέω) making bymns: as

Subst. Uprovoice, 8, a minstrel.

ύμνο-πόλος, ον, (ύμνος, πολέω) busied with bymns: as Subst., υμουπόλου, δ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

"IMNOX, a song: a bymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

υμνφδέω, f. ήσω, (υμνφδύε) to sing a bymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognato, to sing, chant. give a prophetic response. Hence

υμνφδία, ή, the singing or chanting of a hymn. П. a prophetic strain.

υμν-φδός, όν, (υμνος, φιδή) singing bymns or odes; ψμνουδοί κύραι the minstrel maids.

υμός, á and ή, όν, Dor. and Ep, for υμέτερος, your.

uv, acc. of be.

bo-movola, f. (be, Movoa) emine's music, eminish taste in music.

bos, gen. of be.

δοσ-κύδμος, δ, (δε, κύσμος) bog-δεσκ, answering to our ben-bane, which causes giddiness and madness.

bu-dyyelos, or, (but, dyyelos) summoned by a messenger.

ύπ-αγκάλίζω, f. ιω, (ύπο, άγκαλίζομαι) to take is the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass, γένοε ὑπηγκαλισμένη basing clasped the children in ber arms. Hence

θπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the

arms, a wife, mistress.

ύπ-άγορεύω, f. σω, to dictate, Lat. praeire verbis.

ὑπ-άγω [ἄ]: impf. ὑπῆγον; f. ὑπάξω; 201, 2 ὑπήγἄγον. -to lead or bring under; bπάγειν έππους ζέγαν κ bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply ύπάγειν ίππου». 2. to bring under one's power:-Med. to brirg under one's own power, re-3. to draw from under, Lat. aubducers :-Pass., δπαγομένου τοῦ χώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; brayer tive but to bemart pior to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ύπαγειν τινά θανάτου ύπο τον δήμον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so δπάγεσ τινά alone. III. to lead slowly on, Lat. inducere: to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing) :- Med. to suggest, thross out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, draws on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. trans. to take oneself away secretly, suitbdrass, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slouly. after, go slowly on: braye, like dye, come! cheer us!

inaywyeis, eas, i, (inayw) a trouvel or tool for sbaping bricks.

ύπαγωγή, ή, (ὑπάγω) a leading on gradually α secretly. II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat.

ύπ-φθω, f. -φσομαι, (ὑπό, φθω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude.

bral, poët. for bro.

imarbelborka, Ep. for imodédorka, pf. of imodeidu. burandiouan, f. -isopan, Dep. to about some respect to another, c. acc.

υπαιθά, Adv. (ὑπαί poēt. for ὑπό) out mader, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. as Prep. with gen., under, near, at one's side.

bu-allpios, or, also a, or, (but, allto) under the sky, in the open air.

υπ-αιθρος, ον, - υπαιθρίος, mostly in phrase & iralθρφ, Lat. sub Dio, in the open air.

bu-albu, - buonalu, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

on-arrigogopal Att. -tropal: f. -fopal: Dep. :-

II. to

ailuston to.

ύπ-aiphe, Ion. for bφαιρέω.

и́п-alore, f. fe, to dart beneath, c. acc.

dart from under, c. gen.

ύπ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. (but. alσχύνω) to or somewhat gabamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

in-almos, or (bud, (alvia) under accusation, called to account for a thing; braition ture responsible or

accountable to one.

backot, ή, (branode) bearkening to, obedience.

imakous v Dor. for brdkouser, acr. 1 imperat. of

bπ-ἄκούω, f. -ακουσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:--to listen, hearken, give ear to . to listen to and answer. to bearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat.: often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. to obey submit to, c. gen. pers.: to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers. : absol. to submit, comply.

in-Alelon, f. the. to spread thinly on, spread like II. to anoint :- Med. to proint oneself; ıalve. s παλείφεσθαι τοθε δφθαλμούε to anoint one's eyes.

ύπ-αλεύομαι, imperat. -αλεύεο: Dep.: (ὑπό, ἀλεύω): -to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c acc.;

nostly used in aor. I part. brakevaueros

ὑπαλλάνή, ή, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, es-II. bypallage, a figure of speech, by bange. which the parts of a proposition seem to be interhanged.

ύπ-αλλάσσω Att. ττω, f. fu, to interchange, ex-

bange, barter

ύπαλύξας, sor. I part, of δπαλυσκω

brakulus, ear, f., an quoiding, abunning memping,

luding. From

ύπ-ἄλύσκω, f. for. sor. I part. ἐναλύξας ·—like παλεύομαι, to avoid, sbun, flee from, escape. evade, . soc.; xpeios irakifas baving got quit of a debt. ύπ-αναγιγνώσκω, later -γτνώσκω: £ -γνώσομαι: -to read by way of preface.

bu-avaktvém, f. how, intr. to rim up and go away.

δπ-ανάλίσκω, f. −ανάλώσω: 201. I −ανάλωσα:---to end, waste, consume gradually.

bm-avaxwelm, f. how, to retire slowly.

ravaστ**άτέον, v**erb. Adj. of *braviσταμα*ι, **one must** se up, to make room for another.

ra-arboos, or, (bab, drhp) under or subject to a an, married.

πανηλώθην, 201. Ι pass. οι υπαναλίσκω.

m-artain, f. ása Ion. hsa:—to trouble or ven a le:-Pass, to be somewhat distressed.

π-aviστημι, f. -avaστήσω: aor. I -aviστησα:—to the to rise up, raise up gradually. th aor. 2 act. -artorny; pf. -artornua:-to rise, nd up: of game, to start up, to be sprung or esed; bravaorijvae rije lõpas to rise up from one's t to shew respect to another, Lat. assurgers alicui;

εναστήναι τοίε πρεσβυτέρουε το rise up so as to the rooms for one's elders,

to intimate darkly give a slight hint of, make a covert | ba-avolym, f. f.w, to open underhand or furtively; bravolyer ypappara to intercept and open letters.

ύπ-αντάω Îon. -ίω: f. ήσω:-to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. IL to meet, reply to. Hence

ύπάντησιε, eos., ή, a coming to meet.

in-artialo, f. dow, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat.; also c. acc.

u-danke. f. ήσω, to threaten underband.

va-aπαιμι, (ὑπὐ, ἀπό, εἶμι ibo) to depart underband or elosely, to retreat, retire.

bπ-amontvéw, f. ήσω. intr. to move off secretly, slind away, c. gen. :-verb. Adj. υπαποκίνητόον, one must make off, slink away.

υπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμουμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

υπ-άπτω, lon. for υφάπτω.

"YIIA"P, to, indect. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to brap a mere dream: ούκ όναρ, άλλ' ύναρ, i.e. no illusion but a reality. II. the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake: hence really, actually. [6]

ύπαργμαι, Ion. for ύπηργμαι, pf. pass. of υπάρχαι υπ-άργυρος, ον, (υπό, άργυρος) baving silver underneath: of rocks, containing silver, weined with silver: of metallic substances, containing a proportion of sil-II. turned into silver, sold for silver. ver. of silver-gilt. IV, bired for silver, venal,

un-appos, or, (but, dorde gen. of durde) with a lamb under, suchling a lamb: metaph, suchling an infant, υπαρξιε, καν, ή, (ύπάρχα) subsistence: one's substance, possessions, goods.

υπ-αρπάζω, Ion. for υφαρπάζω.

I bave.

ύπ-αρχή, ή, (ὑπό, ἀρχή) the beginning; ἐξ ὑπαρχῆο from the beginning, over again, afresh.

υπ-apxos, δ, (υτό, dexω) commanding under another: a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ύπ-άρχω, f. fa: 20τ. Ι υπήρξα: Pass., pf. υπηργμαι: 3 sing. plaps. υπηρατο: (υπό, άρχω):—to begin: c. ren.: 1. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing; υπάρχει εδ ποιών τινα be begins doing 3. c. acc., brapxeur evepyealas eis good to one. τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one: Pass., τὰ ἔκ τινοε υπαργμένα (Ion. for υπηργμένα) the beginnings made by one; τα παρά των θεών υπηργμένα what bas been given by the gods. 4. absol to br-II. to come into being, arise, spring gin 2. to be at band, be ready. ĸÞ. υπάρχει impers., the case is ..; ή υπάρχουσα τιμή the price being what it may. III. to lie under, hence like ὑποκειμαι, to be taken for granted; τούτου υπάρχοντος, Lat. bis positis, this being granted, this IV. to belong to, fall to: of perbeing the case. sons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., rd brapxorra one's property, or present circumstances of advantages; LE TOV brap xbrraw according to one's means. 3. impers., brapyet uot it belongs to me

IV. to be sufficient: budones impera.

is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in vart. neut. Επαρχον, one's seat for another, make room for him; επείπευ since it is possible.

2. c. acc.

บัส-ลอสเซ็เอง, อะ, (bab, donis) under cover of the shield; บัสลอสเซีเอง หอ้อมอะ the body-armour. [t]

on a shield-bearer. Hence

bane morthe, ηροε, δ, and bane morths, οῦ, ο, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

vn-астров, or, (vno, aстрог) under the stars: guided by the stars.

υπάτικός, ή, ον, (υπατος 11) of consular rank, Lat.

υπάτος [v], η, ον, contr. for bπέρτατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the bighest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; ol υπατοι, Lat. superi, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθύνιοι, ἐνεροί, Lat. inferi).

2. of Place, bighest, topmost; ἐν πυρῆ ὑπάτη on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen. (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπατοι λεχέων bigh above their nest.

3. of Quality, bighest, best.

4. of Time, last, Lat. supremus.

II. ὑπατοε, ð, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

υπ-αυγάζω. s. άσω, to begin to sbine, down, of day-

break.

ύπ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to play the flute in accompaniment. ὑπ-αυλος, ον, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκηνής ὑπαυλος under cover of the tent.

ύπ-αυχένιος, α, ον, (ύπό, αύχήν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, τό, α cushion or pillow for the neck. ὑπ-αφίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἐαπέστην, pf. -αφέστηκα:—to step back slowly, retire.

νπ-αφροπ, ον, (υπό, dφρόε) somewhat frothy, moist. υπ-άφρων, ονος, δ, ή, (ύπό, άφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ἀφρονέστεροε.

ὑπέασι, Ion. for ὑπεισι, 3 pl. of ὑπειμι (εἰμί ειιm).

ὑπίβάλον, 201. 2 οἱ ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπ-ἐγγύος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: ot persons, baving given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλὴν θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπεδάμνα, 3 sing. impf. of ὑποδάμνημι.

ບ່າກຄົວຄະເວັດພາ, Ep. for ບ້າກຄົວຄະເວັດພາ, 3 pl. aor. I of ບ້າກວ-ວິຄຳວິດພ.

im-edelbioav, 3 pl. plapf. of imodelba

υπέδειξα, aor. I of υποδείκνυμι.

υπέδεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of υποδέχομαι. υπέδραμον, 20r. 2 of υποτρέχαι

ψπέδυν, 20r. 2 of ὑποδύω.

δπεδύσετο [v], Ep. 3 sing. 20:. 1 med. of ὑποδύω. ὑπεθερμάνθην, 20:. 1 pass. of ὑποθερμαίνω.

υπ-αβόμην, (ὑπό, \*είδω), 201. 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

υπ-εκάθον, inf. υπεικαθείν, poët. 201. 2 of υπεικω. υπ-εκτόνν, verb. Adj. one must give way. From υπ-εκτώ Ερ. υποεκτώ: fut. -εξω or -εξομαι: 201. ὑπεξα Ερ. ὑπόειξα: poët. 201. 2 ὑπείκαθον: -- to retire, withdraw; υπείκευ τωὶ ἔδρης to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; business rus' horyow to give him the first word. 2. c. acc. to escape, shun, elude; xeipas èuds imbeste be scaped my hands. II. so yield, give way; generally, to submit to, to obey.

w-mμ. (ὑπό, elμl sum, το ve under, 1.21. subesse; φλιτατοι ἀνδρεε ἐμῷ ὑπέασι μελάθρο my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke, to be yoked in the chariot. II. to be or lie underneath: to be at the bottom. 2. to be laid down, granted, assumed. 3. of things, to be laft remaining: to remain behind, after everything else generally, to be at or near, be at band, at command. IV. to be subjected or subject.

บลาะนุน. (บัสด์, นี้ ju ibo) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire; ข้อเด็จณ รองด์ to insimulte oneself into a person's favour. Il. to depart gradually or secretly.

unelfount, fut, med. of bueless: Ep. 2 sing. unelfeat.
business, (but, elwor) nor. 2 with no press in use, to
say or repeat before another, Lat. practice werba: also
to premise, say by way of introduction: to suggest. 2. to explain, interpret.

• ψπείρ, poët. for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll, is needed before a vowel, e. g. ὑπείρ ἄλα. [τ]

θπαιράβάλον, Ep. 201. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

υπείρ-εχον, Ερ. for υπέρειχον, impl. ο υπερέχω. υπείρηκα, υπείρημαι, see υπερέω.

oπelp-oxos, oν, poët. and lon. for bπεροχοε.

busions, Ion. for boslous, nor. I part. of besien baving set on, suborned.

ύπ-εισδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εισέδυ, pf. -εισδέδυκα:--to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

υπ-είσειμι, (είμι ibo) to go in covertly.

on-in, before a vowel onit, (but, it) Prep. with gen., out from under, from beneath: also written division but in.

δτίεκ-βάλλω, to east out secretly.

ὑπεκδράμειν, 20r. 2 inf. of ὑπεκτρέχου.

ύπ-εκδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξέδυ, pf. -εκδίδυκα:—to get secretly out of, slip out of, sbun, escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

υπ-εκεχύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of υποχέω.

bu-accale, f. - accord, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ύπ-εκκάλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover from below or a little.

bπέκκαυμα, ατος, τό, (bressain) free put under to light a fire, combustible matter.

2. metaph. a provocative, incentive.

im-iκκαμαι, Pass. to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place. im-εκκλίνω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

bu-εκκομίζω, f. iow Att. ώ, to carry out or away secretly:—Med., ὑνεκκομίσασθαι πάντα to get all out's goods carried secretly out.

ύπ-εκλαμβάνω, f. -λήγομαι, to carry of smderband. ύπεκλίνθην, 201. I pass. of ύποκλίνω. III.

bu-environ f. Ver, to send away underband; buenweunter xtorbs to send secretly out of the land. in-exπροθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run forth from unaer,

start out before: c. acc. to outrum, outstrip. υπ-ακπρολύω, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses,

to unloose from under the yoke.

im-empoples, f.-ρύησομαι, to flow forth from under. υπ-ακπροφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from,

υπεκπροφυγείν, aor. 2 inf. of υπεκπροφεύγω. ὑπακρύφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑποκρύπτα.

งิส-เฉตน์ได, to save from under, rescue of deliver from. บพ-เหาซังบัน, to stretch out under.

υπ-εκτίθημι, f, -θήσω, to put out secretly:-Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:-Pass. to be carried safe away.

υπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing :- Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.

**ўж-сктрёхю, f. −0рё**£оµал and **−**драµойµал: 20г. 2 efélpapor (cf. tplxw);—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c. acc.

Underwho, act. I of Unoxunter.

va-endion, to lift up a little. II. to earry out rom under, esp. from danger: to carry away.

ntr.. υπεκφέρειν ημέρης όδφ to get on before, to get be start of another by a day's journey.

υπ-ακφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to fly out or escape se-Fetly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.

ὑπέκφυγε, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

Owen-χαλάω, f. άσω [d], to slacken from below or igbtly.

υπ-εκχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire secretly: withdraw uietly from a place: c. dat. pera to retire and give lace to one.

υπελάβον, 201. 2 of υπολαμβάνω.

Bπ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ἄ] Att. -ελῶ:--to drive nder: intr. (sub. lunor) to ride up to.

intereloppy, not. I pass. of interelope.

επέλθοι, 3 sing. 201. 2 opt. of υπέρχομαι. buthovro, Ep. for impelhovro, 3 pl. acr. 2 med. of bay péw.

rπέλυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω. rreλύσαο [v], Ep. 2 sing. sor. I med. of iroλύω,

rotepetva, sor. I of broucen πεμνάασθε, Ep. 2 pl. impl. of δπομνάομαι.

rπεμνήμιθικε, Ep. for ὑπήμυκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπtives, to bang down the bead. This is the only form the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an phan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε be stands with zd utterly bung down: see ημύω.

m-evarticous, Dep. to oppose covertly.

m-evartion, a, or, (bro, evartion) set over against, II. set against, bostile: as Subst., of bosite. evartion the enemy :- neut. as Adv., to interartion

Frow in opposition thereto. erevarrieure, een, h, (brevarribopai) a being op-

ed to: contrariety.

z-cy8(80011, to give way a little, give in a little.

υπ-ένδυμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment. on-évepde and -θev, Adv. (ὑπό, ἔνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.

vw-eg, form assumed by vw-ex before a vowel. υπεξάγάγοι [γά], 3 sing. 2or. 2 opt. of υπεξάγω.

υπ-Εάγω, f. ξω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or witbdraw gradually.

on-efaipen, f. ηιω: pf. pass. -ef/ρημαι Ion. -efaραίρημαι: 201. 2 –efeiλor:—to take αιναγ privily. destroy, remove secretly of gradually; τουπίκλημ' bref ελάν baving done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τουτέων ὑπεξαραιρημένων these things baving been put out of the question:-Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.

vu-efalow, to raise, lift up from below.

THE CECKPILE, to go up to the mountain-top.

υπεξάλδασθαι, nor. 1 inf. of υπεξάλδομαι (a Dep. pres. not in use, see alevopen), to flee out away and escabe. C. scc.

ύπ-«ξάλύσκω, f. ύξω, to flee away or escape from seeretly, c. acc.

bπ-skavaβalve, f. -βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually.

θω-εξανάγομαι, Pass. with acr. 2 med. - εξηγαγόμην, to sail out and away secretly. [a]

υπεξαναδύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέδυν, pf. - efavadéduka :—to come up from under gradually, esp. to rise from out the sea.

ύπεξαναδύε, ῦσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of foreg.

in-efaviorapas, Pass. to rise up and give place to. υπ-εξαντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out from below, exbaust. inetapaipymus, Ion. for inetypn mus, pf. pass. of brefaipé**a.** 

ὑπ-εξευμι, (ὑπό, ἐξ, εἶμι ibo) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually; brefieras rivi to make way for one. II. to go out to meet of against one.

θπ-εξειρύω, Ion. for ὑπεξερύω. <del>υπ-εξελαύνω</del>: fut. –εξελάσω [ά] Att. –εξελώ:—to drive out from under, drive off secretly.

to march away secretly or slowly. ύπεξελείν, -ών, 201. 2 inf. and part, of ὑπεξαιρέω. ύπ-εξερύω Io... –εξειρύω, to draw out from under, draw away underband.

ύπ-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξηλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire: also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate. II. to go out to meet.

υπεξεσάωσεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of an Ep. pres. υπεκσαόω, 🛥 ὑπεκσώζω.

brekéφυγε, 3 sing. anr. 2 of breκφεύγω:

υπ-εξέχω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place. υπ-εξίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξέστην, pf. -€ξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out sud-Il. to go out of the way of, shun, avoid: denly, •

c. dat. ro give place to, rise up and make way for. III. | over a thing :- of ships, c. gen. loci, to lie off a e. gen. rei, to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.

butakevou, aor. I ot buonkea.

υπέπτατο, 3 sing. sor. 2 of υποπέταμαι.

THE'P Ep. busio, in phrases busio doos and busio āka: Prep. governing gen. and acc., Lat. SUPER. Hence are formed the Comp. and Suo, buttorepos, ~татоз. [ŏ]

Wire Gener., expressing that over which some-1. of Place, over: of rest, over, above; thing is: έπλο κεφαλής στήναι to stand over a person's 2. of motion, over, across; or over, behead: yond. II. (from the notion of standing over to protect) for, in defence of, in behalf of; but or the wa-Tplos auviver to fight in defence of one's coun-2. for, because of, by reason of: for the purpose of, for the sake of; υπέρ του μη αποθανείν for 3. for, instead of, in the the sake of not dying. name of, acting for; busp laurou in his stead. like wepl, on, of, concerning, respecting, Lat. de.

With Accus., expressing that over and beyond I. of Place, over, beyond, which a thing goes: II. of Measure, over, above, exceeding, beyond; but the the hautar above his years. 2. beyond what is right, against, contrary to; but alour contrary to right; but of the contrary to the will of the III. of Number, above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over; into to himou above half.

Position: but may follow its Subst. in all cases,

when it is written byeo.

In Compos., into signifies over, above, of Place, as in υπερ-βαίνω. 2. in defence of, in behalf of, as in ὑπερ-αλγέω, mostly c. gen. 3. of excess, as in **δπερ-ήφανου.** 

υπέρα, ή, (υπέρ) the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (lwinpea), by

means of which the sails are shifted. [8] ύπερ-άβέλτερος, ον., also a, ον above measure

simple or silly.

υπερ-άγαμαι, Dep. to admire acove measure. [άγ] ύπερ-άγανακτέω, f. ήσω, to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing.

ύπερ-άγαπάω, f. how, to tove exceedingly,

ύπερ-άγωνιάω, to be in great distress of mind.

ύπερ-αής, έε, gen. έοε, (ὑπέρ, ἄημι) blowing down from above or blowing very bard.

ὑπερ-αιμόω, (ὑπέρ, αίμα) to bave overmuch blood. Unep-alpse, to lift up over: Med. and Pass. to rise above, be lifted up. II. to rise up over, to climb over, scale, Lat. transcendere, c. acc. 2. to transcend, excel, outdo: to conquer. 3. to oversboot. go beyond, exceed c. acc. 4. absol. of a river, to overflow.

υπέρ-αισχος, ov, exceeding base or ugly.

διτερ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. to feel much ashamed.

three-amples, f. how, to bang up over or above. II. Pass. to be suspended over, project

place.

to the bloom of the bloom of youth.

ύπερ-δικοντίζω, f. ίσω, to oversboot, hence to outdo. surpass: c. part., brepakovileur turd khirton to ceddo one in stealing.

burep-dispiffig, is, exceedingly accurate or careful. brop-Explin, f. ou, to mount and climb over.

to project or beetle over, c. gen.

three-displace, or, (three, dispa) over or upon the beights: Ta insepantion the beights above the plain; of υπεράκριοι, at Athens, the inhabitants of the Affic uplands.

υπέρ-ακρος, ον, (υπερ, ακροι) over toe top: metaph. going to extremes; Adv. verpáncos, to excess.

burep-adytes, f. how, to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing; to grieve exceedingly at a thing; absol, to feel great pain of mind.

brep-alyhe, is, gen. ios, (brip, alyos) exceeding

grievous or painful.

υπορ-άλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: 201. I -ηλάμη»: Ερ. aor. 2 ὑπεράλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.:—to spring or leap over, c. gen.; also c. acc.

υπέρ-αλλος, or, over or above others.

ύπεράλμενος, Εp. 20τ. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι. υπεράλτο, 3 sing. sor. of υπεράλλομαι.

υπερ-αναιδεύομαι, Pass. to be surpassed in impudence.

busp-avaloryveros, or, exceeding impudent.

tree-avareties, f. -avarera, to stretch excessively. burep-avioraguas, Pass, with sor. 2 act. -aviorage, pf. -arearnea, to stand up or project above.

ύπερ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὁπέρ, ἀντλέω) to be pary leaky, to be waterlogged.

υπέρ-avthos, ov, quite full of water, watertogged: metaph. overwhelmed, borne down. flowing, overwhelming.

brep-ave, Adv. over, above: brepaves yeywester to

get the upper hand of. [ă]

burep-averp, opos, o, Dor. for unrephresp.

υπερ-άπατάω, f. ήσω, to deceive or cheat excessively. ύπερ-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνοθμαι, to die for.

υπερ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer for any one, vindicate. [Y]

ύπερ-απολογέσμαι, fat. med. ήσομαι: Dep. to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend.

imep-appublic, f. how, Ion. for imepoppublic, to be exceedingly afraid, vij EAAabt for Hellas.

into-artuos. or, (butp, artua) gaspine or panting

exceedingly. inter-actual open, f. dooper Dep. to be exceeding fond of, greet very kindly.

burp-aronos, or, beyond measure absurd,

υπερ-αττίκος, ή, όν, excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess. Adv. - mus.

imep-aurie, is, (into, airie) exceedingly bright. irrep-aufave, L -aufhou, to increase or enlarge above measure. sure

imep-aufau, rater form of imepaufava.

ineparties, f. how, to be over-provid. From

unio-auxos, or, (buiρ, abxh) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ύπερ-άφανος, ev, Dor. for υπερήφανος.

ύπερ-αχθής, έν, gen. έος, (ύπερ, άχθος) overbur-

ύπερ-άχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -αχθέσομαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat. <del>ύπερ-βαίνω,</del> fut. -βήσομαι: 201. 2 ὑπερέβην Ερ. υπέρβην: pf. -βέβηκα: - to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their 2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. 3. to pass over, to transgress, trespass, offend. pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence 4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed. Il. Causal, in aor. I brepegnoa, to put over, lift or raise over.

υπέρβάλον, Ερ. 201. 2 οf υπερβάλλω.

ψπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. οι ὑπερβάλλω,

above measure, exceedingly.

 $\mathbf{\hat{v}}$ περ-βάλλω, f. -βάλ $\hat{\omega}$ : Ep. 201. 2  $\mathbf{\hat{v}}$ πειρ-έβάλον:  $pf. -\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \kappa \alpha$ , pass.  $-\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha i :-to throw over or$ beyond a mark, to oversboot: to beat at throwing, to II. to tbrow further. 2. to outstrip in racing. oversboot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed; ὑπερβάλλειν τον χρόνον to exceed the time; ὑπερβάλλειν τον καιpor to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all bounds, to go too far. 2. to go on further and further, bid more and more; προέβαινε τοῦ χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλων he went on bidding more and more. to be at its beight, at the zenith, of the sun. 5. part. ὑπερβάλλον, ουσα, ον, be over and above. exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure; tà buepβάλλοντα an exceeding bigb estate. III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trajicere; of ships, to double a headland. rivers, to overflow; of a kettle, to boil over. Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc

20 exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part., υπερβεβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman. off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing : absol. to delay, linger.

υπερ-βάρης, έε, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, βάρος) overloaded,

overweighed, exceedingly beavy.

υπέρβάσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of υπερβαίνω.

υπερβάσία, ή, (υπερβαίνω) an overstepping of transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

υπερβάτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of υπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be ecaled. Il. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

υπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of υπερβαίνω.

υπερβήη, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 2 subj. of υπερβαίνω. υπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ήτουτι: Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βιάζω):-

to prese with great violence, of the plague.

II. intr. to abound beyond meg- | ὑπερ-βιβάζω, ڍ -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ, Causal of ὑπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

υπέρ-βίος, ον, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwhelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. ύπέρβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

δπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, ex-

cessively. [a]

ὑπερβολή, ή, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyona: an overshooting, superiority, excess in anything; our έχει ὑπερβολήν it can go no further; είε or καθ' υπερβολήν as Adv., excessively. 2. excessive praise, byperbolé. II. a passing over or crossing moun-2. a place of passage, a mountains, rivers, etc. III. (from Med.) delay, putting off. tain-pass. υπερ-βόρεος, ον, (ὑπέρ, Βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e.

in the extreme north: of Υπερβόρεοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness; τύχη ὑπερβόρεοε more than mortal fortune.

ύπερ-βράζω, f. σω, to boil or faam over.

υπερ-βρίθης, έε, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, βρίθος) overloaded, exceedingly beavy.

brep-βρύω, to be overfull, overflow.

ύπ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι : pf. pass. ὑπείργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense); Dep.:—to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigere. due, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, υπείργασμαι ψυχήν έρωτι I bave been subdued in my soul by love. 

ΙΙ. = υπηρετέω, to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πόλλ' ὑπείργασται φίλα many kind services bave been done.

ύπερ-γέλοιος, ον, (ύπέρ, γέλοιος) above measure ridiculous or laugbable.

ύπερ-γεμίζω, f. ίσω, to overfill, overload.

υπέρ-γηρως, ων, (υπέρ, γήρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρον extreme old age. υπέρ-δάσυς, υ, gen. έως, very bairy.

ύπερ-δεής, ές, gen. έος, Ερ. αcc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερδεέα, -a: (ὑπέρ, δέυε): above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ύπερ-δείδω, f. -δείσω, to fear for or on account of one : absol. to be in exceeding fear.

υπερ-δειμαίνω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

υπέρ-δεινος, or, exceeding dangerous or formidable. υπερ-δέξιος, ov, placed bigh above one on the right band. 2. placed above or over; ὑπερδίζιον χωρίον bigber ground; ef υπερδεξίου from vantageground. II. superior.

ύπερ-δέω, f. –δήσω, to bind upon.

υπερ-διατείνομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ύπερ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of. υπερδικέω, f. ήσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπέρ-δίκος, ον, (ὑπέρ, δίκη) exceeding righteous oc just. II. pleading for.

υπ-ερεθίζω, to stimulate a little.

П.

versp-etBov, inf. bresidely, sor. 2 without any pres. | xelpds rares to bold one's arms over one to shield In use, brepopas being used instead :-- to overlook, megleet, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. Palber.

bu-epeldu, f. ow, to put under as a prop.

prop or support from beneath.

bu spelum, f. yo, to undermine, subpert. intr. in sor. 2 bufpluor, to tumble, fall down.

brep-icewa, Adv. (brip, excises) on you side, on the further part, beyond.

brep-extendencies, f. ou, to seek to win over by enensive attention.

δπερ-ακραμάννυμι, f. -πρεμάσω [d], to bang out busp-ex-reproved, Adv. for butp in reproved, more

than superabundantly: also breparaperous. втер-ектвить, f. -ектегойна, to fall out over or

beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds. υπορ-ακτιλήστοια, f. fw: pf. pass. υπερεκπέτληγμαι:
—to frighten or autoniab beyond measure:—Pass. to be automished excessively: c. acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

varep-extelve, f. -reve, to stretch beyond measure: brepenteives eastly to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

brep-actives [l], f. low [l], to pay for any one. υπερ-ακχέω, f. -χεω, also υπερ-ακχύνω [0], to pour out over :- Pass. to run over, overflow.

brep-Dappos, or, exceedingly light or active.

θπερ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of a thing :- Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.

brep-eudopéouas, Pass. to be filled quite full of. υπερ-αντυγχάνα, L τεύξυμαι, to intercede for an-

ύπορ-εξηκοντα-ότης, ες, gen. εος, (δεέρ, εξήκοντα, Eros) above sixty years old.

thep-encirely, f. fow and how, to praise above mea-

burep-embulée, f. how, to desire exceedingly.

ψπερέπτα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερπέτομαι. от-еренты, f. фw, (buó, èpentu) to cut away from below, undermine.

υπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελευσομαι: Dep. with acr. 2 act -fix θor, pf. -ελήλυθα:--to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.; absol. to exceed, excel.

ύπερ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: nor. 2 -έφαγον:--to eat immoderately.

ύπερόσσυμαι, pf. pass. of δπερσεύοι

<del>υπιρέσχεθον</del>, poët. acr. 2 of υπιρέχαι

burep-toryou, acr. 2 of burept a. brep-eu. Adv. exceeding well.

\*πέρ-συγε, Adv., strengthd. for εβγε, bravo, capital. υπερ-ευτύχία, ή, exceeding good luck.

Owep-suppaironal, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

burep-expaipes, to bate exceedingly, c. acc

δπερ-έχω Ερ. δπειρέχω: Ερ. impl. brelpexor: f. brepifa: sor. 2 brepionov poet. - longebor :- to bold over, esp. to bold over so as to protect; prepayer beyond, i. e. worse than,

II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as bim. out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up goer a thing, c. gen., e. g. value: of a star, to rise above s. metaph. to be above, be superior, the horison. to excel, surpass, be the better; of brept corres b: more powerful; tar ή θάλαττα θπερσχή if the sea le too powerful:-Pass. to be outdone. g. c. gen. rci, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear. 3. to get over, eross. to outflank, overlap. by-spin Att. -spin, fut, of breivor, in same senses:

from same root come pf. act. by-sipper, pass. byείρημαι. brep-fie, f. -fire, to boil over.

brepholes, Adv. of bripadue, very bleasantly: Sup. ύπερήδιστα. burp-fiboual, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part.,

υπερήδετο δικούου be rejoiced much at hearing. butp-ybus, v. enceeding sweet or pleasant: Sup-*–ήδισ*τοε.

ύπερηκόντισα, sor. I of *ύπερακοντίζα*ι

ύπερ-ηλιξ, ἴνοε, ό, ή, above a certain age. υπέρ-ημαι, properly pl. of υπερέζομαι, to sit above. brep-nuepla, h, (brep, hulpa) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagement at the proper day. 2. forfeiture of recognisances,

a distraining of goods, execution. brep-huspon, or, (brep, hulpa) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, baving an execution levied: metaph., c. gen., υπερήμερου γάμου over-due for marriage.

trep-tuiσus, ν, (ύπέρ, ήμισυς) above baif more tban balf.

in-ippuos, or, somewhat desolate. ύπερ-ηνορόων, αντος, ό, (ύπέρ, ήνορέη) exceeding manly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

excelling men, thinking oneself more than man. ύπερ-ήνωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (ύπέρ, ἀνήρ) overbearing.

**ὑπερήσω,** fut. of ἐπερίημι.

brepnφάνίω, f. how, (brephpares) to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like throughvopéow, overweening, arrogant. treat disdainfully.

ύπερηφάνια, ή, (ὑπερηφανέω) αντοχαποε, σαιχαπness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

υπερή-φάνος, αν, - υπερ-φανής with y inserted, comspicuous above others; in good sense, magnificent, splendid, nobl 2. in bad sense, extravagunt, seaweening, arrogant. Hence

brepnoavos, Adv. magnificently: arrogandy.

υπερ-θάλασσίδιος, ον, (υπέρ, θάλασσα) some ser above the sea. [of]

ύπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. υπερθωμ., f. άσομαι, to monder exceedingly. 2. C. acc. to admire above measure ύπερ-θαύμαστος, ον, exceedingly admirable.

υπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (δεέρ) from above : above : c. gen. above, over ; νπερθεν είναι ή .. to be eicus α to outstrip, to surpass, excel.

ύπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνοῦμαι, to die for or insteas of. υπερθορούμαι Ιοα. -έομαι, fut. of υπερθρώσκω. υπερθορείν Ιοα. -έειν, 201. 2 inf. of υπερθρώσκω. υπερθρώσκω: fut. -θοροῦμαι Ερ. -θορέομαι: 201. 2

\*\*\*περθορου Ερ. δπέρθορου, inf. -θορέεν contr. -εῖν:
--to overleap, leap, spring, waste or bound over, c. acc.
--to flower overleap, begin spring, waste or bound over, c. acc.
--to flower overleap, leap, spring, waste or bound over, c. acc.
--to flower overleap, leap, sprinted, daring.

II. in bad

sense, over-spirited, overweening: of a horse, too bigb-couraged, restive. Henc

υπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.

δπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὁπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door. [δ] δπέρ-θύρος, ον, (ὁπέρ, θύρα) above the door: as Sabst., ὁπέρθυρον, τό, = ὁπερθύριον

έπερ-ιάχω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c.

gen. [ă]

burepidely, inf. of acr. 2 burepeld

bree-ingu., f. -how, to send on throw further burl beyond the mark.

the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.

Tweplovidne, ov, 8, patronym. from Tweplow [1], son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.

υπορίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηνα: (υπέρ, Ιστημι):--to stand over, c. gen.: to stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.

ψπερ-ίστωρ, οροε, δ, ή, knowing but too well, c. gen.
 ψπερ-ίσχθροε, ων, (ὑπέρ, Ισχυρόε) exceeding strong.
 ψπερ-ίσχω, = ὑπερέχω, to buld above.
 II. intr.
 to be above: to prevail over, c. gen.
 2. to protect,

Trep-lew [1], orce, d, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with "Halos in Homer, as Treplan Histor, or Hélico Treplan. (Said to be derived from rép, lán, be that walks on bigh.)

ineo-kadqua, properly pf. pass, of inequalifout, o sit over, above or upon. II. metavh, to sit over and svatch, keep an eye upon.

υπερ-καλλήε, is, gen, ios, (bπίρ, máλλοs) exceeding rautiful or fine.

inep-κάμνω, f. –κάμοθμαι, to suffer or labour for 1y one, c. gen

irmep-waraβaivu, f. -maraβήσομαι, to get down over. irmep-waraγθλαστος, on, enceedingly absurd. irmep-warάβησαν, 3 pl. aot. 2 of irmepearaβairu irmep-waxλάζω, f. on, to laugh outright. irmep-wayna, Pau. to be situated over or above.

rusp-κηλέω, f. ήσω, to charm beyond measure.
rusp-κηλέω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.
rusp-κολάμενω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.
rusp-κολμπου, or, (υπέρ, κόμπου) over-confident, overrusning, boastful, arrogant: generally, encessive; c.
t., νήσε θπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in

iftness. <del>- to-wo wos</del>, or, (brip, kónru) like bripkounos, overening, compharing, housful. Hence

energ, overbearing, boastful. Hence

<del>z epstó zwe</del>, Adv. *monding*ly.

trep-repte, f. how, to overfill or glut.

θπέρ-κοτοε, ον, exceedingly angry ot furious: exmedingly savage. Adv. -τωε, overmuch, exceedingly. ύπερ-κρεμάννθμι: f. -κρεμάσω [d] Att. -κρεμώ:---to

bang up over-or out of the way.

• The way.

ύπερκύδαντας, aco. pl. of

brep-κύδος, αντος, δ, (ὑπέρ, κῦδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.

brep-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend. stretch over, peeover. 2. c. acc. to overstep.

bulp-haumpos, or, exceeding bright or glistening. II. of sound, exceeding clear or loud.

ύπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendia abow: also to abou great eagerness. [8]

υπερ-λίαν, Adv. (υπέρ, λίαν) beyond all measure or

doubt, undeniably. [1] brup-λοπόω, f. ήσω, to pain enceedingly, cause one great distress:—Pass, to be distressed beyond measure.

omep-μαίνομαι, Pass., with f. mod. -μάνοθμαι: acr 2 pass. υπερεμώνην [d]:--to be struck mad.

υπερ-μάκης, es, Dor. for υπερμήκης.

bree-μάχ έω, f. ήσω, (bree, μάχη) to fight for or in defence of one: also to fight with one for another. bree-μάχητικός, ή, όν, inclined to fight for another.

ύπερ-μάχομαι [μά], fut. -μαχούμαι, Dep., like όπερμαχέω, to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχούμαι τάδε πατούε I will fight out this for my father.

υπέρ-μάχος, ον, (υπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for: as Subst., υπέρμαχος, δ, a champion.

όπερ-μεγάθης, Ion. for υπερμεγέθης. [ἄ] όπερ-μέγας, μεγάλη, μεγα, εποτιποπών great.

ύπερ-μεγάθης Ion. ὑπερμεγάθης [ά], εε, gen. eos, (ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous. II. exceedingly difficult.

trep-μεθύσκομαι, 201. I -μεθύσθην: Pass. :-- to be excessively drunk.

ύπερ-μενέτης, ου, δ, poët. for δπερμενης. ὑπερμενέων, οντος, δ, επιειείνελη mighty. From

trep perie, is, (intep, peros) exceeding strong: also in bad sense, overweening, insolent.

υπίρ-μετροι, ον, (ύπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure, excessive. Adv. -τρω

busp-μήκης, es, gen. cos, (bulp, μήκος) excessing long, bigb, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.

brep-plotes, f. how, to bate exceedingly.

buέρ-μορον, Adv. = buλρ μόρον, beyond fate or destiny.

ύπερ-νέφελος, στ, (ύπέρ, τεφέλη) above the clouds. ὑπερ-νίκάω, f. ήσω, to be more than conqueros ὑπερ-νόω, f. ήσω, to think or reflect upon, c. acc. ὑπερ-νότιος, στ, (ύπέρ, τότος) beyond the south mind, at the extreme south, opp, to ὑπερβόρεοε.

υπέρ-ογκος, ον, (υπέρ, όγκος) of enessive size or bulk, overgroum, immensely great.

brep-ordaires or -aves, to swell, be much sweller.
brep-ordaire Ion. -in, f. hou, to swell encessively.

Surp-ouries, f. how, to dwell above or beyond.

Surip-ourse, or, (butp, olates) dwelling above, beyond.

Surpountia, h. (butpounce) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: high courage. [I Ep.]

ύπερ-οπλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. (ύπερ, όπλίζω) to

vanquish by force of arms.

υπέρ-οπλος, ον, (υπέρ, δυλον) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., υπέρσυλον εἶντεῖν to speak baughtily, arrogantly.

II. generally, excessive, immense.

ύπερόπτης, ου, δ. (ὑπερόψομαι) a contemner, dis-

dainer: absol. disdainful, bargbiy.

bespourtube, h, br, contemptuous, disdainful, scorn-

ful. Adv. - wie, disdainfully. From wrip-ourse, or, (brepopopau) overlooking: hence

disdainful, baughty: neut. pl. as Adv. baughtily.

ὑπερ-οράω, fut. -ὑψομαι: αυτ. 2 -είδον inf. -ἰδείν:

αυτ. 1 pass. -ὑψθην: (cf. ἀράω):—to look συντ, sur
ων. U. to συντίουλ, μομ να best to, distance and

και λίκιλι distance disdain both with aug. and gen

to slight, despise, diedain, both with acc. and gen. www.fopcos poët. - owpos, or, (brip, spos) over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. 2. th brepopla (sc. 7fi) the country beyond one's own fron-

tiers, a foreign land or country.
δπερ-δρυθμαι, Pass. (δπέρ, δρυυμι) to rise up over

a thing.

brep-oppublic Ion. -appublic: f. how: to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.

THEPOE, i, or verpor, to, a peule to bray and

pound with.

ύπερ-ουράνος, ον, (ἐπέρ, οὐρανός) above the beavens. ὑπερ-ουράνος, φ, (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preëminence, superiority, supermacy: excellence. a. excess, superabundance. ὑπέροχος Ερ. ὑπείροχος, ον, (ὑπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπείροχον ἔμμεναι ἀλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup.—άντατος.

ύπεροψία, ή, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From ύπερ-έψομαι, used as fut. of ύπεροράω, from obsol.

**ὑτω**όττομαι.

ύπερ-πάγής, έε, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: 28 Subst., τὸ ὑπερπαγέε extremely bard frost.

intep-mallin, f. how, (late, malleir) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.

beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.

ύπερ-παλύνω, to strew or scatter over. [v]

ύπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. -εύομαι: - to abound overmuch, to superabound.

vmep-πέρισσος, η, ον, excessive:—Adv. -σω, beyond measure.

υπερ-πέταμαι, Dep., - υπερπέτομαι.

υπερ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [d], to stretch over.

υπερ-πέτομαι or -πέταμαι: fut, -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 - επτάμην [α], whence Ep. 3 sing. υπέρετατο: we also find Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. υπερέπτα, from υπερέπτην: Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

brep-retru, Att. for brepréssus

burep-undaw, f. -haopau, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.

Uπέρ-πίκροs, ov, exceeding sharp or biller.

υπερ-πιμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to overfill:-Pass. to be overfull of a thing.

ύπερ-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink overmuch. [1] ύπερ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to fall over or beyond.

ύπερ-πίπτω, f. - πεσούμαι, to fall over or beyond.
of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.

ύπερ-πλουάζω, f. άσω, to abound exceedingly. ὑπερ-πλήθης, es, (ὑπέρ, πληθού) superabundant. ὑπερ-πληρόω, to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull. ὑπερπλουτέω, f. ήσω, to be exceeding ricb. From

ύπερπλουτέω, f. ήσω, to be exceeding rich. From ὑπέρ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλούτου) exceeding rich. ὑπέρ-πολυς, πόλλη, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πυλύω) overmuch, very much of many.

UNEQ-MOVES, f. how, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure for another:—Med., ineprovelabal rivos to take trouble on oneself for another.

ύπερ-πόντιος, ov, also a, ov, (ὑπέρ, πώντοε) over or beyond the sea, far away II. over or across the sea. ὑπέρπτἄτο, Ep. 3 sing. sor. 2 of ὑπερπέτομαι.

υπερ-πυππάζω, (υπέρ, πύππαξ) to make very much of one, to caress fondly.

ύπερ-πυρριώω, f. άσω [ā] (ὑπέρ, πυρρύε) to reddes or blush for another.

ύπερ-πωτάομαι, Ep. for υπερπέτομαι.

υπερράγην, 201. 2 pass. of υπορρήγνυμι. [d] υπερ-σεμνύνομαι, Pass. (υπέρ, σεμνύνω) to be exceeding solemn or pompous.

υπέρ-σοφος, or, extremely wise or cleve.

υπερ-σπουδάζω, f. σω, to take excessive pains, be very anxious.

inter-στατέω, — interiorapa, to stand over and protect, c. gen.

υπέρσχη, θπέρσχοι, 3 sing. sor. 2 subj. and opt. of bπερέγω.

υπέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. of υπέρ, υρρετικος, bigbest: eldest: more used in shortened form υπατος: there is also a form υπερώτατος. [υ]

ύπερτείλας, 20τ. Ι part. of ὑπερτέλλα.

υπερ-τείνω, f. -τενώ: pf. -τέτδεα: --to stretch over or above: to bold out over; υπερτείνειν σκιὰν σειρίου κυνόε to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house; υπερτείνειν πόδα dκτῆε to stretch one's for over the beach, i.e. pass over it. II. int. r. stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., υπερτείνειν τὸ κέραs to outflank the enemy's wing.

3. metaph. to surpass, excel.

υπερτελίω, to pass quite over, overleap. From υπερ-τελής, έε, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, τέλου) going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overlesping: c. gen., άθλων ὑπερτελής one who has reached the end of his labours. II. — ὑπερτέλλων, rising over or above.

ύπερ-τύλλω, f. -τελώ: adt. 1 -έτσιλα:>-- Δο τίσο σε

eppear over or above; brepreliae & fixed the sun basing risen above the borizon; brepreliaes & grades to start from the ground; c. gen. to bang or project over.

brepteple Ion. -in, \$, the upper part, cap. the upper

frame of a carriage. From

υπέρτερου, α, ον, Comp. Adj of buéρ, over or above; apper, bigber: heuce better, more excellent: γενεή iniprepoe bigber by birth, nobler; twistepa vigrepa θείναι to turn topsy-turyy.

II. utronger, mightier; victorious over, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., μαντίων brέρ-ίτερον better than soothwayers.

III. further, more. wwep-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aoτ. 1 -ίθηκα: aoτ. 2 -ίθην:

-to put or set over :- Med., brepridered rivi ri to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.

wrep-thaw, f. how, to prize or bonour above measure.

ύπέρ-τολμος, αν. (belp. τόλμα) overbold.

υπέρτονος, ον, (interralnes) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.

υπερτοξεύσιμος, or, to be overabot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ύπερ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to oversboot.

ύπερ-τράχω: f. -δράμοῦμαι: 20π. 2 ἐπερέδράμου:-to run over ox beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. to
excel, surpass. 3. to overstep, transgress a law.
ὑπερ-τρῦφάω, i. ήσω, to revel extravagantly.

บพ-เคนชองเล่น, f. ล์สม [a], to grow rather red, to blush

ot colour a little.

υπ-έρυθρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red.

ὑπερ-ὑψηλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός) exceedingly high.

ύπερ-υψόω, f. ώσω, to exalt or extol exceedingly. ύπερ-φαίνομαι, 20π. 2 ύπερεφάνην [ἄ]: Pass to appear over or above.

Trep-palaryte, f. how, (brip, palars) so extend one's phalans so as to outstant

υπερφανήνου, 201. 2 pass, inf. of breppalro μαι. Hence υπερφανής, έε, gen. έου, appearing over or above. υπέρ-φάτος, or, beyond expression, ineffable

twee-φέρω, f. -οίσω: act. I act. - ηνεγκα, pass. - ηνέχθην: -- to earry over or across. II. intr. to bave the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

i y z έρ-φευ, Adv. like breρφυών, excessively, overmuch:

er bigbly.

υπερ-φθίνομαι, poet. 3 sing. sor. 2 - έφθιτο: Pass. to

perish for or in behalf of o

imephilikos, or, properly exceeding in power, exceeding puissant: but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; buths buthphakos an overbearing spirit. Adv. buthphakos, exceedingly, excessively: also baughtly, arrogantly. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of buthphaso.)

tree-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love beyond measure.

• τορ-φοβίομου, Pau. with fut. med. - ήσομαι, to be

excessively afraid.

Φπέρ-φοβος, or. exceeding timid, very fearful.

Unrep-dopess, to carry over

trep-place Att -- te fer-to shedder at one

beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of

υπερφρονέω, f. ήσω, to base high thoughts, to be overproud.
2. to look down upon, disdam From υπόρ-φρων, ovos, δ, ή, ιυπερ, φρήν) highminded, highspirited haughty, disdamful, arrogant la τοθ υπέρφρονου trom a confidence in one's superiorism. υπορ-φυής, έε, (υπέρ, φυή) heyond natural use, over

grown, enormous, immense. IL of things, subject ordinary, singular beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat, besponds bose, like Lat. mirem quantum wonderful how great, i.e. excessively great

bresp-φύομαι, Pasa., with nor. 2 act εφθν pf. σε φθικα:—10 spring or shoot up over on show: hence to

outsboot, surpass, encel

bπερφυθε, Adv. of bπερφυήε, encessedy, marvellously · bπερφυθε δε wonderfully bow, L e. most workderfully,

υπερφύε, υσα, ψ, sor s part. of υπερφυομαι

irep-xalpes, f. - χάρησω .— to rejuce enceedingly at a thing, c. dat

11. ... part. to delight in doing.

υπερ-χάλδω, f. ασω [ä, to let down orer υπερ-χθόνιος, αν, (υπερ, χθών) above the earth.

υπερ-χλίδαω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for χλιδαω, like υπεργοφάω, to be over wanton or arrogant

in-έρχομαι, £ ελευσομαι. 2 art. - ήλθον or - ήλθον pf. - ελήλθοα: (ct. έρχομαι): Dep.:— to go or come under, got under, enter, Lat. subirs, c. acc. II. to go into verselly, to steal or creep into: metaph. to come upon or our one; intérpretau με φρίση a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep into another's good graces, to favon on: hence to uner the come to use the creep into another's good graces, to favon on: hence to uner the come to use 
dermine, deceive 1V. to advance elous; butle-χρεωε, ωπ, (butle, χρέου) executively in debt bu-spaku, f. ήσω, (butl. έρωλω) to abrink back, recoil. buspajn Att. buspaja, ή, the upper part of the mouth,

the palate: properly fem. of brepeos.

ψπεροκόθεν, Adv. from the upper story. From ψπερώσυ, Ep. and Ion. ψπερώνου, τό, the upper part of the house, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut of ύπερώσε sub, of κημα).

ύπερφος, α, ον, Ion. and Fp. δπερωιος (from inter, as τατρφος from πατήρ), being above or over, overbead ύπερώτατος, η, ον, poet. Sup. for interaces.

butcoreitza, Dor. 3 sing fut of buenu clus sum\butcorev, Ep. 3 pl. sor. 2 of leplornus, also

Dor. for *bπέστη*ν, 1 sing. of same.

υπέστειλα, 20τ. Ι οf *bποστέ*ιλα.

υπέστρεψα, 20τ. Ι οf *bποστρέ*φα.

υπέσχεθον, post. sor. 2 of britzes υπέσχετο, 3 sing. sor. 2 of briσχείομαι υπίσχημαι, pt. of briσχείομαι

buttperas, 2 sing. sot. I of brorplas

buttuha, act I of brotista

ύπ-εύθυνος, αν, (ὑπό, εἰθύνη) liable to give account,

accountable, responsible; bueitures dong an office at | the empiration of which the magistrate has to give an 2. c. genit. liable to, ameaccount of his conduct. nable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing. . 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to.

bu-euraquas, Pass. (buó, elváss) to lie under. buildana, sor. I of buodaires.

οπόφράθες 3 sing. sor. 2 of δποφράζαι.

butyeve, dor. I of broxies. butypiou, acr. I of buoxples.

bu-tye, f. botten act. 2 butoyer post. butoyesor: (cf. (yw):-to bold under or underneath. 3. to bold out the hand put under or place under. as a pledge: bréxeir ofas, Lat. prasbers aurem, to lend an ear; hence to bold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of. 4. to supply, afford, place II. to bold from underneath, at one's disposal. upbold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer, 2. in law-phrase, ὑπέχειν Slaws rurbe to have to give an account of a thing; bute year horor to base to give account.

υπηγμαι, pf. pass. of έπαγαι.

ອະຖາດ, ອະຖາດາດ, impf. and sor. 2 of δεάγω.

butucoe, or, (brancow) giving ear, bearkening, isteming to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gcn.: listening to. as Subst., behavou, ol, subjects.

**δυήλθον**, ποτ. 2 οδ δυέρχομαι.

Trapion, to bang down: see the μνήμθες.

<del>δε ήνακαν</del>, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of *διοφέρω*.

burnelmos, or, (but, drepos) full of wind; burnemov dow a wind-egg which produces no chicken.

bu hvenos, or, (buό, dreμos) under the wind, under shelter from it; in too bunyequou on the les side.

ข้าเท็บทุ, ทุ, (ข้าเอ้) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

υπηνήτης, ου, δ, a bearded man; πρώτον υπηνήτης a youth with his first beard.

bu-polos, y, or, (buó, hás) about dawn, towards morning, early.

υπηργμαι, pf. pass. of δπαρχω.

braperia, ή, (ὑπηρετέω) the service or duty of row-2. Collective for of burgoiras, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. II. generally, bard service, bard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

υπηρίσιον, τό, (υπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

θεπροτέω, f. ησω: pf. act. υπηρέτηκα, pass. υπηρέτημαι: (ὑπηρέτης):—to rose, serve on board ship. generally, to do bard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; buppereir to do a service :- Pass. to be done as service; tà an' fular els busas bunperseras the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, bu-WOMP. 3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

πηρέτημα, ατου, τό, service rendered, service, bup, officium,

on-apéras, ou, à, (bué, èpéras) a romar: generally, s soaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant. servant, inferior officer, Let. apparteor; imperie to you a belper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each beavy-armed soldier.

imperials, h, or, (burpling) of or fit for row-II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an bupplyne or inferior officer or soldier: bula burgerise the arms of the common men; κέλης θεηρετικός a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

bu-aptive, idoe, fem. of braptive, a belomate, assistant.

butplus, 3 sing, sor, 2 of bupplus.

buton, lon. for bothow, fut. of bolings.

bu-ny la, f. how, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

bu-lyu, Ion for bolym.

oπ-Uλω: 201. Ι οπίλα: (δπό, Dλω = «Dω):—to force or draw in underneath: metaph, to keep under. check, restrain; builder ordue to check one's tongue.

various, part. fem. of various (eigh ibo).

θπ-ίστημι, Ion. for δφίστημι.

bu-logyvious, contr. -object Ion. bulogopes: fix. ύποσχήσομαι: 20τ. 2 ύπεσχόμην, imperat. ὑπόσχου: pf. ὑπέσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἴσχω=ἔχω):—to bold oneself under, i. c. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her troth: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to comerce assert, profess.

bu-loxous, Ion. for busyreopes.

buvählos, a, av, (buvos) elsep-bringing, drowsy. bur-duarus, or, d, (buros, duardo) edeating of

varibios, a, or, (baros) eleopy, drowey. [rt]

UNVO-BOTHO, HOOR, &, and UNVO-BOTHS, OW, &, (Sures, δίδωμι) giver of eleep; νόμοε θανοδότηε a bulling strain: sem. <del>bavodótelpe</del>.

ύπνο-μάχδω, f. ήσω, (ύπνος, μάχομας) to resist or

strive against sleep.

"TIINOX, &, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death. υπνο-φάβης, ου, δ, (υπνος, φοβίω) frightening is

υπνόω, f. ωσω: pf. act. υπνωκα, pass. υπνωμαι: (δηros):—to lull to sleep:—Pass, to fall asleep, go to

II. intr. in Act. to fall enless sleep, sleep, slumber. buve, Dor. gen. of buvos.

υπν-ώδης, es, (υπνοε, eldos) of a electy mature, drowsy.

bavar, Lacon. for survive, inf. of buries.

υπνώσσω Att. -ττω, = υπνόω, to be elsepy or drown; ούκ υπνώσσει κέσρ my heart slumbers not.

υπνώω, Ep. for υπνόω, to sleep, fall asleep. "THO', Prep., governing gen., dat., et acc.: under:

poët. vwal, metri grat.

WITH GENT! I. of Place, from under; Mu

mohrn δπό σπείους a fountain flows from under a subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-δμάω. cavem; Ιππουε υπό ζυγοῦ λύειν to unharness horses from under the yoke; ψπ' άρνειοῦ λυόμην I loosed myself from under the ram. a. of that under which a thing is, under, beneath; but orteproto rexhous having hit him under the chest. the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, by, through, Lat. a or ab; κτείνεσθαι ὑπό τινος to be slain by a man; θανείν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; δφ' ἐαυτοῦ by one's own free action; deover but rivos to hear, i.e. be told by, 2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ὑπό τινοε to flee by reason of one; υπό πήρυκου προηγόρευε he proclaimed by voice of 3. but is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; by defour, xapas, etc., by or from fear, joy, etc.: hence with active Verbs also, as mparrer To but doerfis to do somewhat by reason of courage; υπό δέουν by reason of fear, etc.; δρύσσειν υπό μαorlyes to dig by constraint of the lash express subjection, doerwow by abrou they are virtuous under his sway. 5. vwo is often used of attendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο ἰωῆε at the blast of Zephyr; of music, μωμά(ειν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; when but σάλπιγγοι to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, in ευφήμου βοής over the offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT. of the object, under which a thing L of Place; ind mossi under one's feet; ύπο τη απροπόλει under the acropolis; ύφ' αρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; υπό χερσί δαμήναι to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβείσθαι but to fear under, i. e. by reason of, one; υπό πομπή τινος βήναι to proceed under one's guidance. IL expressing subjection or dependence; hence two ture under one's power; elvas two ture to be subordinate, subject to a person; έχειν υφ' έαυτφ to have under one, at one's command.

I, of Place, to express motion WITH ACCUS. sowards and under an object, as, υπό σπέου ήλασε μήλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; bud Tpolyr leras to go under the walls of Troy; so, υπό δικαστήριον άγειν to bring under the judgment-2. under an object, without signf. of motion, อ้า ก็ผิ 7 ก็ยังเด้า Te under morning and the su of Time, like Lat. sub, about, near upon, bπο νύκτα towards night; but the to about morning; but the σεισμόν about the time of the earthquake; also c.

part., but the ends warawaire about the time of the burning of the temple. Postrion: but sometimes follows its Subst., when

it is written bro. Tró stands absol. As ADV., under, celow, be-2. bebind. IL secretly, unnoticed.

IN COMPOS.: 1. under, either of rest, as in Ex-sept to be under; or of motion, as in into-Baire to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with an-Other, as in bu-apyupos, but-xpucos, 3. to express

II. dénoting what is gradual, secret, etc., somewbat, a little. by degrees, like Lat. sub, as in ὑπο-θωπεύω.

ύπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

θπο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: 20τ. 2 -ϵβην: pf. -βϵβηκα:--to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base II. metaph. to be below, be less in beight; τεσσαρακοντα πόδαs bποβάε τῆs έτέρηs [πυραμίδος] τωύτο μέγαθος going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i. e. building it forty feet lower.

ύπο-βάλλω Ερ. ὑββάλλω: f. -βάλῶ; pf. act. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:--to throw, put or lay under, Lat. substernere. II, Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon 2. metaph, to palm or pass off false cbarges. III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one.

υπόβάσιε, εωε, ή, (υποβαίνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden.

ύπο-βένθιος, ον, (ύπό, βένθου) in the depths below. ύπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω: £ -βήξω:--το cough a little, bave a slight cough.

ύπο-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ, Causal of ύπο-Balvo, to draw or bring down: - Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down

ύπο-βλέπω, f. -βλάφομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrily.

ὑποβλήδην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in unaerband or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. sidelong.

ύποβλητίος, α, αν, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλα, to 🗪 laid or put under.

υπόβλητος, ον, (υποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ή, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying un-2. a suggesting, reminding. that which is put under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph. the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιμαίος, α, αν, (ὑποβάλλομαι) substitutea υγ etealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit: Ta vino-Βολιμαία (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ύπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ύπο-βρέχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. -βέβρεγμαι:-to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:---pf pass. part. ὑποβεβρεγμένος, somewbat drunk.

ύπο-βρύχιος, or, also a, or, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ð]

ύπόβριχος, ον. = ὑποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ύπό-γαιος οι ύπόγειος, αν, (ύπό, γαθα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous.

ύπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the panna. II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

υπό-γαιος, ev, - υπόγαιος.

owo-yeldes, f. -dooper [a]:—to laugh at. to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. subridere.

δπο-γενειάζω, f. σα, (δπό, γένεισν) to intreat by

touching he chin.

ύπο-γίγγομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι: aor. 2 -σγενόμην: Dep. :---to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. subnasci.

υπό-γλαυκος, ον, somewhat gray.

ύπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance on suspiciously.

ύπο-γλύκαίνω, (ύπό, γλυκύε) to sweeten a little:

metaph. to coan and smooth dow ..

όπο-γνάμπω, f. ψω, to bend under or gradually. όπογνώσης, 2 sing. soc. I subj. of όπογιγνώσκω. ύπόγραμμα, ατος, τό, (όπογράφω) that which is

written under: a signature. 2. an inscription. ύπο-γραμμάτεψε, έωε, δ, an under clerk, under se-

eretary. Hence 
πογραμμάτεύω, f. σω, to be a υπογραμματεύε, act

as under clerk.
δπογραμμός, δ, (δπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern,

model.

broγphheis, ées, δ, (broγphes) one who surites under another's orders, a secretary, amanusmis: at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (λεκλησία). δπογραφή, ή, a subscription, signature: an indictment.

2. an impression, mark, print.

11. a

sketch, design, outline, Lat. adumbratio, III. a

painting under of the eyelids. From

υπο-γράφω [a], f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, pass. γέγραμμα:

-to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to
write the name or title upon a thing. II. Med. to
wet one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringtng a sharge against any ong, Lat. subscribere accusationem in aliquem.

2. in drawing, to sketch,
tirzue in outline or make a rough draught, Lat.
aaumbrare: metaph. to sketch out, delineate.

III.
to paint under the cyclids.

ύπό-γυλος or -γυος, ον, (όπό, γυλον) under the band, close at band: fresh, new; hence late, resent. II. sudden, unexpected; if broyύου off band, on the spur of the moment. Hence

ύπογυίως or -γύως, Adv. newly, lately: Comp. broγυιότερον more recently; Sup. broγυιότατα very lately.

**ὑπό-γυος**, ων. = ὑπόγυιος.

όπο-δακρύω, f. όσω [0], to weep a little or in secret. ὁπο-δαμάω, f. άσω [α]: pf. δέδμηκα: Pass., aor. 1 ὁποδμήθην: pf. -δέδμημα: — to subdue under one, to ονετρούετ, overcome: aor. I pass. part. fem. ὑποδμηθείσα, baving yielded to.

οπο-δάμνημι, - υποδαμάω; so also in Med.:—Pass. υποδάμναμαι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome. υποδείσας, Ep. aor. τ part. of υποδείδω.

υποδέγμενος, Ep. 201. 2 part. of υποδέχομαι.

**υποδέδηγμαι**, pf. of υποδέχομαι.

imodeleptivos, pf. pass. of brodies. imodelius, pf. part. of imodelius.

unosession, d, (but, deside) literally, erostebing for I. fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes.

**υποδίδρομα**, poet, pf. of υποτρέχω.

ύπο-Βεής, έs, gen. έος, (ὁπό, δέοε) somewhat deficient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him; esp. in Comp., υποδεέστερου inferior; έπ πολλώ υποδεεστέρου with means much inferior.— Comp. Adv. υποδεεστέρου, in inferior numbers.

υπόδειγμα, ατοι, τό, (υποδείκνυμι) a sign, token,

mark. II. a pattern, copy, example.

• ψτο-δείδω, f. σω: sor. I ὑτέδεισα Ερ. ὑτέδεισα: Ερ. pf. ὑτοδείδια: 3 pl. Ερ. plqpf. ὑτοδείδιατα: poēt. pf. ὑταιδείδιακα, for ὑτοδέδοικα:—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. soc. 2. to sbrink in fear from, cower before. II. sbsol, to be somewhat afraid.

ύπο-δείκνθμι and -όω: fut. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω: aor. I brέξειξα Ion. -άδεξα: -to abry underband or sebretly: to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate, give to understand.

II. to mark out: to shew, teach by example.

III. to shew forth, make a display of, fretend to: also simply, to abree.

ono-Berλιάω, f. άσω [ā], to be somewhat sowardly.

bro-despalves, to stand in secret awe of.

υπο-δαπνέω, s. how, to dine instead of another.

brodelous, aor. I part. of brodeide.

ύπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for υποδέχομαι.

ύποδέμω, to build under, lay as a foundation.

ὑποδεξίη, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest,

means of entertainment. [I in Ep., metri grat.]

ὑποδέξιος, α, ον, (ὁποδέχομαι) able to receive, capo

cious, ample. úno-Bepis, idos, ή, (bró, dipη) a neck-ornament.

necklaes. - ὑπόδεστε, κωε, ἡ, (ὑποδέω) — ὑποδήματα, οπε's zboss.

ύποδέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ύπο-θέχομαι Ιου. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. I -εδεξάμην : pf. -3έδεγμαι : also aor. I pass. -εδέχθην (in pass. sense): Dep :-to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, welcome, entertain ; i brodefápevos one's entertainer oc 3. to give ear to, bearken to. dertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere: also so undertake a work or task. 2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing; with a negat., obx # modexeσθαι to refuse to admit, deny. III. to endure. IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. excipere. 2. to follow in rank or order: to come next to, border upon. V. of a woman, so comceive, become pregnant.

ύπο-δέω, f. -δήσω: pf. pass. bvoδέδεμαι .-- to bind or tie under:-- Med. to bind under one's feet, put or shoes, etc., κοθίρνουν ὑποδέεσθαι to put on επέ: shoes; pi buskins: absol., ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's shoes epi pass. part., ὑποδέδεμένοι, ψίβο one's shoes on; ἀποδεδεμένοι τὸν ἀριστιοδο πόδα' with the left Γοοξπόδο.

buo-balou, f. 6000, to shew secretly, indicate. υπόδημα, ατος, τό, (υποδέω) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. calceus.

υπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of probles. υποδήσαι, sor. I act. inf. of υποδέω.

ὑπο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus. ύπό-δίκος, ον, (ὑπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., υπόδικου γενέσθαι χερών to be

brought to trial on a charge of violence. ύπο-δίφθερας, αν. (ύπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins. ὑποδμηθείε, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδαμάω. ύπο-δμώς, -ωος, δ. an under-servant, assistant.

ύποδοχή, ή, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a hospitable reception, entertainment: also a barbouring, as of I. acceptance, approval: hence sup-III. a supposition, assumpport, aid, succour. IV. a receptable: a place of refuge, tion.

quarters.

ὑπόδρα, (ὑποδρακεῶν) poët. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase bridge, looking askance, i.e. fiercely, sternly.

υποδράκειν, acr. a inf. of υποδέρκομαι. υποδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of υποτρέχω.

ύπο-δράω počt. ὑποδρώω: f. -δράσω:--to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ύποδρηστήρ, ήροε, δ. (ύποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

υποδρομή, ή, (υποδραμείν) a running urder or into the way of a thing.

ύπόδρομος, ον. (ὑποδραμεῖν) running under; πέτρος υπόδρομου ίχνουν a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

υπό-δροσος, ov, somewhat dewy or damp.

ύποδρώωσι, poët. for ύποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδράαι. ົ<del>ບສວ-ຣີບ່າໝຸ - ບໍ່ສ</del>ວວີບ່ວນ. [D]

ύποδύε, θσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύα.

υπόδυσις, εως, ή, a diving or plunging under. refuge, escape from a thing. From

ύπο-δύω or -δύνω [v]: f. -δύσω [v]: aor. I ὑπέδυσα: ---to put on under. 2. intr. to slip in under, to slip GT slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip II. mostly in Mcd. ὑποδύfrom under, c. acc. εμαι, 201. 1 ὑπεδθσάμην: also with 201. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, rf. vwodeduna:-to dive under, slip into, steal or slink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. 2. C. gen. to ercep or come forth, emerge from. 3. to

; o under, take on one's shoulders: then, to undergo, 4. of feelings, to steal into ...e on oneself, c. acc. β. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποδεcrover, come on gradually. LINGTES sunken eyes.

ύπο-είκω, f. bro-είξομαι, Ep. for breizu, breifομαι.

Čπο-εργόε, όν, contr. ὑπουργύε, q. v.

υπο-ζάκορος, δ, also ή, an under-priest or priestess. υπο-ζεύγνθμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω: 201. 1. bπέζευξα: Pass., acr. 2 bre (byp [8]: pf. bre (evypas:-to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under :- Pass. to be soked under, be subjected to.

ύπο-ζύγιον, τό, (ὑπό, ζύγόν) a beast under the yole, a beast of draught or burden.

ύπο-ζύγόω, £ ώσω, - ύποζεύγνυμι.

ύπόζωμα, ατος, τό, (ύποζώννυμι) a flat rope or stras for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ύπο-ζώννθμι and -ύω: f. -ζώσω: pf. act. bricona. pass. but (wo hat:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a thip, i. e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ύπο-θάλπω, f to, o beat underneath or inwardly: -Pass. to glow beneath.

υποθείς, είσα, έν, 201. 2 part, of υποτίθημι,

ino-beomalies, to beat gently:-Pass, to grow somewbat bot, to glow.

ύπό-θερμος, or, somewhat hot or passionate:-Comp. - 67 epos, too basty or passionate.

υποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ψπονίθημι.

υπόθεσιε, εως, ή, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundo. II. that which is laid down or assumed, a bypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumtto. tion for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. argumentum. III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle. 2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

**θπο-θέω. f.** -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip II. to run in before, slip in before in running up.

III. to run in too bastily. a race.

υποθήκη, ή, (υποτίθημι) a suggestion, bint, piece of II. a pledging, mortgage.

υποθημοσύνη, ή, (υποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

φποθήσομαι, fut, med. of υποτίθημι.

ύπο-θλίβω [l], f. ψω, to press under or gently.

θπο-θορτβέω, f. ήσω, to make a li'tle noise: to begin to make a noise.

•πο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from ίποταράσσ∞.

ύπο-θρύπτομαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: 201. Ι ὑπεθρύφθην: Dep.: \_ to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ύπο-θομιάω, f άσω [ā]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ύπο-θυμίε, ίδοε, ή, (ύπό, θυμόε) a garland worm on II. a kind of bird. tbe neck.

<del>θπο-θωπεύω, t</del>o flatter a little, win by flattery.

**υπο-θωρήσσω**, f. ξω, to arm underband:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

υπο-ιάχω [ă], to sound forth a little or below. in-olyvius and in-olym, f. broifm, to open a little

OF secretly.

in-oution, f. how, to dwell or lie under.

ύπ-οικίζομαι, Pass. (bπό, οἰκίζω) — ὑποικία in-ourosopies, f. how, to build under or beneath.

in-outoupies, f. how, to keep bouse, stay at II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at bome, to contrive underband. 2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with. ύπ-οιμώζω, fut. - ωξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

buro-mabilionan, fut. -εδούμαι, Dep. to sit down | buro-wellon, f. low, to irritate on excite secretly:-

\*\*\* δινο-κάθημαι Ιοπ. -καντημαι, (properly perf. or υνομαθέζομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. μ II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush Δ. c. acc. pers., to lie in wait for. 'σνο-καθίω, τυτ. Att. ιδ, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidēre.

bno-cale, f. -καύσα, to set on fire from below.
bno-κάμιπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend
sbort back.

2. intr. to turn sbort back, double, as

a hare. II. metaph. to fall abort of, c. acc. ὑπο-κάρδιος, αν, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the heart. ὑπο-κανταβαίνα, fut. -βησομαι: aor. 2 -ἰθην: pt. Δείδουσταβαίνα, fut. -βησομαι: aor. 2 -ἰθην: pt. Δείδουσταβαίνα

-βέβηκα:—to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

• πο-κατακλίνες, f. -κλίνθ, to lay down under:—
Pass, to lie down below: metaph, to give way, sub-

mit, yield.

υπο-κάτημαι. Ιου. for υποκάθημαι.

ύπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, under-

meath. [Δ]

Φπό-καιμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of bποτίθημι, to lie under or below; πεδίον lepφ υπόκειται
the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under. II. metaph. to be put under the eys, to be
set or proposed before one; δυοῦν υποκειμένων των
things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: υπόκειται absol. a rule is
laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at
bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject
to, submut: also to form the subject or matter of an

inquiry; ύλη υποκειμένη subject matter.

time in rowing.

ύπο-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. fee, to proclaim by voice of berald:—Med. to beue a thing proclaimed or cried. 
ὑπο-κινέω, t. ήσω: aot. t. -κείνησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on. It. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία πόλιε ἐν ὑπ-κλόξω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ino-khalo, to week in secret.

υπο-κλάω, f. άσω [ä], to break underneath or by degrees.

ύπο-κλίπτω, f. ψω, to steal underband:—Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

υπο-κλίνω, to lay under: -- Pass., act. I bπεκλίνθην, to be laid or lie under.

bro-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one bro-κλοπέω, f. ήσω, like broκλέπτω, to conceal un-

der:—Pass. to be bidden under.

ονο-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash or cleanse from below:
—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

Pass. to be provoked.

• wo-wokmon, or, (two, woknes) lying on the basom:

as Subst. a darling. 2. worn under the girdle.

δπό-κοπος, ον, (ὑπό, κύπος) somewhat tired.

bro-κορίζομαι, f. -iσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, I. to call by endearing names. 2: to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate. 3. also to call something good by a had name, to disparage. Hence

bwoκόρισμο, ατος τό, a coaxing or endearing word: a fair name for something base,

ὑποκορισμός, ό, - ὑποκύρισμα.

two-wouplouse, Ion. for two conforms to console soils songs.

ὑπο-κρόκω, f. fa, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's band: to sound in barmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompanium ὑπο-κρηγτηρίδιου, τό, a small stand or saucer to put

under the bosel (upyrip). [t]

broxplvatro, 3 sing. sor. I opt. of broxplvoματ. [1] broxplvatrous, sor. I inf. of broxplvoματ. [1]

buo-κρίνομαι [f], f.-κρίνοῦμαι: aor. I med. buespardμην, pass. buespiθην [f]: Med.:—torsply, make anssour,
anssour, of an oracle, to make a response: to expossed,
interpret II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue;
play a part on the stage, the part played being put in
acc.; buospineσθαι Προμηθέα to play Prometheus. 2.
of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph.
to play a part, dissemble, play the bypocrite.

ὑποκρίσία, ή, – ὑπόκρισιε.

businglars, ease, \$\(\phi\), (brospiropai) a reply, easure. II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declaration: also an orator's delivery, elocution.

2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrity.

unouplying, oi, d, (broughto pat) one subo answers. an interpreter of expounder II. one subo plays a part on the stage, a player, actor.

2. a dissembler,

pretender, hypocrite. Hence

broup trucks, ή, br, befitting an actor: shilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ἐντοκρατική (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ύπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harper striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

ONO-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I pass. δπεκρόφθης:—es bide under or beneath:—Med., c. acc. pera. to heep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρώζω, í. ξω, to croak against.

ψπό-κυκλος, or, running upon wheels.

two-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I britanja:—to bend at stoop under, esp. under a yoke; of Mijdot britanjar Πέρσησι the Medes submitted to the Persiaus: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place.

IL c. accubrostreer τθν τύλαν to stoop the shoulder so as us let a load be put on.

bro-kvougs, med. (bro, rvie) of the woman, to conesive, to become pregnant; act. I part. broxbodulery. two-walter to (but, multor) the hip-bone, or the

but-kumphin, f. how, to ridicule a little or underband. bub-kubos, or, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

· ὑπολάβεῖν, 201. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

θπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: 20r. 2 θπέλδβον: pf. ὑπείληφα, pass. ὑπείλημμαι: (cf. λαμβάνω):—to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. to eatch up, come suddenly upon, overtake: of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word and asswer, to reply, rejoin, retort; often in acr. 2 part., Epp brokafor he said in answer. up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. imodéxopai, to take or receive under one's protec--2. to accept or entertain a proposal. to take up a notion, assume, understand:-Pass. to be supposed; ή busingulary χάριε the supposed 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underband: to draw away, entice. V. δπολαμβάνειν irror to bold up or check a horse.

υπολαμπής, 60, gen. 600, shining with inferior light, gleaming. From

υτο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam II. to shine a little, begin to shine or beneath. dawn.

ino-λαβω, f. ψω, to pour a libation therewith or to. bro-helmo, f. www, to leave remaining, leave bebind. a. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. brokehopas, to be left behind, stay behind or at bome; brokelreσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay bebind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race: of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. to fail, come to an end: also to fall abort of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve; imodelnesses altian to leave cause for reproach against onnelf,

Φπό-λεπτος, or, somewhat fine or delieate.

**υπο-λεπτύνω**, to make rather fine or delicate.

ono-housalva, to make white underneath: - Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.

υπο-λήγω, f. fw, to desist gradually. - Ono-Ahviov, to, (but, Aproe) the vessel under a press

to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat, lacus, υπο-ληπτίον, verb. Adi of δπολαμβάνω, one must

suppose or understand.

δπόληψιε, ewe, ή, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word; if browhyeon, in turn, alternately. a rejoinder, reply II. a taking in a certain cense. an understanding, opinion.

**On-chiles**, or, gen. orce. (bπό, δλίζαν) somewhat

less, slighter ot smaller.

Sub-Albos, or, somewhat stony.

Swo-Auswaves, collateral form of brokelses.

bub-luonos Att. -luodos, or, somewhat smooth, worn smooth.

δπό-λιχνος, ev, somewhat dainty.

ύπο-λογίζομαι, f. −ίσομαι Att. −ιοθαα: Dep.:—to take into account or consideration.

bub-hoyos, b, a taking into account, a rechoning, account; ὑπόλογον ποιείσθαί τινος, to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem babere rei.

two-leves, or Adi, taken into account, beld accountable, responsible. υπό-λουπος, or, left behind, staying behind: sur-

viving, Lat. superstes.

ύπο-λόχαγος, δ, α lientenant.

ύπο-λύριος, or, (ὑπό, λύρα) under the lyre; δίναξ υπολύρισε a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [V] θπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [Ū] : αοτ. Ι -έλθσα: pt. -λέλδωα: Pass., pf. –λέλθμαι: plqpf. –ελελθμην: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ὑπέλῦτο, 3 pl. ὑπέλυντο:—to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; ύπέλυσε γυία he loosened his limbs under him, i.e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυθα ἐπέλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him. from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by 2. to until a person's sandals from under his feet, take off his shoes, unabor him -Med., to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp. to brobelabar.

ψπό-μακρος, or, rather long, longish.

ύπο-μαλακίζομαι, Pass. (υπό, μαλακίζω) to grow soft or cowardly by degrees.

ύπο-μάλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. fa, to soften a little ex by degrees: -Pass, to be softened gradually.

υπό-μαργος, or, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. -6теро**е**.

ύπο-μάσσω Att. -ττω, f. fw, to knead underneath: to smear ot rub underneath.

bro-pasida, f. dou [a], to smile a little or gently. brougives, sor. I inf. of brouden.

vino-pelar, or, gen. oros, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., imoneloves, ol, among the Spartans, sulordinate citizens, opp. to spotos (peers).

υπο-μενετίον οι - mrior, verb. Adj. one must abide, endure. From

ύπο-μένω, fut. -μενώ: aor. I -έμεινα:--to stay bebind: to stay at bome. 2. to survive, remain alive. II. trans. to abide or await another, to bide his attack. 2. c. acc. rei, to be patient under. to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol. to stand one's ground, at and firm: c. inf. to undertake to do a thing. 2. to wait for an event: to abide the issue of a thing. 3. to upbold, support, maintain.

θπο-μίγνομι, f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμιγμαι :-- to min among or up with. II, intr. to come near secretly, c. dat.; brouifat tỷ vý to run close under lend.

θπο-μιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω; 20τ. Ι θπέμνησα:---Ι. c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a thing. 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, mention, suggest. II. Pass. and Med., f. - pre-

be bungry.

σομαι: sor. 1 - εμνησάμην: pl. -μέμνη μαι:-- to call to mind, remember: to make mention of.

\$26-μαθος, or, serving for pay, bired, retained. vao-avaouas contr. - uvauas: Dep.:- to court a

woman underband or behind ber busband's back. ύπο-μνάομαι, Ion. pass. of υπομιμνήσεω; Ep. 2 pl.

impf. breuvánove. Hence i rouvous, atos, a remembrance, memorial, memo-

2. in plur. notes, randum, reminder: mention.

memoranda, Lat. commentarii.

brouvilous, act. I inf. of brompotores. υπόμνησιε, εωε, ή, (υπομιμνήσκω) a reminding, II. remembrance. calling to mind.

θωο-μνηστεύομαι, Med. to betroth underband. om-ouvum, to interpose by oath. II. Med. buoμνθμαι, f. δπομοθμαι: 201. Ι δπομοσάμην:—to swear in

bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

θπομονή, ή, (δπομένω) a remaining behind. a bolding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ύπό-μωρος, ον, (ύπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly. buo-vale, to dwell under.

<del>δπο-νείφω</del>, incorrect form of *bπονίφω*.

υπο-νέμομαι, aor. I -ενειμάμην: Med.:-to eat away from beneath: metaph. to consume secretly, undermine. ύπο-νέφελος, ον, (ύπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds. υπο-νήμος, ον, (υπό, Νήιον) under the promontory

Netum, lying at its base. υπο-νήχομαι, f. -ήξομαι, wep. to moim under, dive. υπο-νίφω [l], to snow a little:—impers. ὑπένιφε, there was a little snow: - Pass., rdf brovipoutry a snowy night.

υπο-νοίω, f. ήσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; brovoeld to ele twa to enter-

tain a suspicion of one. Hence

υπόνοια, ή, a bidden meaning or sense: I. a suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing. υπονομηδόν, Adv. underground, by pipes. From υπόνομος, or, (υπονέμω) going underground, under-II. as Subst. ὑπόνομος, ὁ, an underground passage, mine, Lat. cuniculus: a water-pipe. υπο-νοσέω, f. ήσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ύπο-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. subsidere: of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ύπο-νύσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath: to sting. vno-fevilu, f. low, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ἔτλος, ον. (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plated over.

ύπο-ξύραω οτ έω, f. ήσω, (ύπό, ξυραω) to soave οτ cut off some of the hair: integupquepos, balf-shaven. υπο-ξύριος, α, ον, (ὑπύ, ξυρόν) under the rasor.

ύπο-ξύω, f. ύσω, [v], to scrape a little: to graze slightly, Lat. stringo.

Two-wapubic, [ -whice and -wow, to thrust aside by degrees or underknad.

ino-macro, f. -maco [a], to stress under. ύπο-παινάω, f. ήσω, to be rather hungry, begin to

υποπεμπτόε, ον, despatched underband, sent covert-

ly, Lat. submissus. From ото-перию, f. фы, to send under of into, с. acc. to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat sub-

mittere. υποποπημοτος, Ep. pf. part. nom. pl. of μποπτήσσος.

Unonintena, pf. of beoriers.

buonénuka, pl of brosira.

ύπο-πέρδομαι, acr. 2 act. bπέπαρδον: Dep.:--- to break wind a little, Lat. suppedere. bro-republe, f. dow, to become dark-coloured by

degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

UNO WESTER, BOT. 2 inf. of UNO HITTO.

ύπο-πετάννϋμι, f. –πετάσω [ā]: pf. nass. –πέπταμαι: —to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετροε, ον, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewbat rocky. υπο-πίθηκίζω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

θπο-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I δπέπλησα, pasa. -επλήσθην:-to fill a little, fill by degrees:--Pass. τέκνων υποπλησθήναι to abound with children.

ύπο-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

bπο-πίνω [l]: f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα:--to abinh gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tippling: vnovenous rather tipsy.

вио-жінтю, f. -жеσουμαι: pf. -жентока: aor. 2 bπέπεσον:—to fall under or down, sink. down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to, faun on. 3. to fall bebind, fall in the rear. to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, bappen to, befall.

ύπο-πισσόω Att. -ττόω, ε. ώσα, εο smear with pitch or tar.

ύπο-πλάκιοε, α, ον, (δπό, Πλάκοε) under mount Places near Troy: cf. brownes. [d]

υπό-πλάτυε, v, somewbat flat or extended. II. somewbat salt: cf. πλατίε.

υπό-πλεος, or Att. -πλεως, αν, (ὑπό, πλέως) prety full of, c. gen.

ύπο-πλέω, f. -πλεθσομαι, to sail close under.

ύπό-πλεως, αν, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπύπλεος. ύπο-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike benea:b.

ύπο-πλώω, Ion. for ύποπλέω.

ύπο-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow

ύπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, πούε) a frotstool.

buto-works, f. how, to bring under :- Med to make subject to oneself, bring into onds power, win by secret art II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ύπο-πόλιος, ον, (ύπό, πολιύε) somewbat gray. υπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

υπό-πορτικ, ιου, ή, with a calf under it: of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ито-правиш Ep. and Ion. -прииш, во аррени а little or by degrees. [9]

buc-uplanas, Dep. to buy under the price.

bue-uple, so grash (the teeth) secretly. [1]

tub-uvepos, or, (tub, uvepor) feathered, winged: swift-winged, fleet: also soaring, flighty.

two reductions, f. out, to be suspicious, have suspicion of, suspect that, c. inf.: also so suspect, surmits:—Pass. so be suspected, mistrusted. From

δπ-όπτης, ου, δ, (ὑπόψομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) as masc.

Adj., suspicious, jealous: of a horse, sby.

\*\* \*\*πο-ετήσσω, f. ξω: pf. -πέπτηχα, Ep. part. -πεπγημε, pl. -πεπτηώτε: --το crouch or couser down
from fear; πετάλοιε όποπεπτηώτεε crouching under
the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or couser befere another: absol. to be modest, absoluted.

υποπτος, ου, (δυθφομαι, f. of δφοράω) looked at from under; looked askanes at, viewed with suspicion or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fearing, Lat. suspican: as Subst., τὸ ῦνοντον, suspicion, jealousy.

buburus, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.

δπ-όρθριος, ον, also, α, ον, (υπό, δρθρος) towards

morning, about dawn, at break of day.
bro-ptrige, £ ou, (bro, ptrie) to fan from below

Or gently.

bu-bovous, f. -boow: 201. 1 -boou: --to stir up from under, rouse gently or gradually: --Pass. buboropau, Ep. 3 sing. 201. 2 buboro: pf. 2 -apopa: --to arise from under or gradually.

οπόροφου, ον, - οπώροφου. II. sounding softly from a reed; οπόροφου βοά the soft note of the pipe. 
υπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up:

metaph. to devise, make up.

trop-pie: f. pass. -perferonse and act. 2 bresponse (in act. sense): pf. -eppinses: -to flow every under: to glide into unperceived, Lat. subrepere; to flow or fall in gradually.

2. to slip away: of the hair, to fall off? of Time, to run on

υπορ-ρήγνιμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω, to make to break senderneath:—Pass. to be rent from beneath, break

gradually open.

υπόρ-ρηνος, ω, (ὁπό, βήν) poët. fet uπαρνος, with a lamb under it.

υπορ-ριπίζω, f. low Att. ia, = υποριπίζα.

om-opérau Att. -- rru, f. fu, ts dig under, undermine.

in-opxional, f. -hoopal, Dep. to dense with or to

<del>δπό-σαθρος, ον, somewhat rotten, tainted.</del>

υπο-σημαίνω, f. &rŵ, to give a bint of, intimate, indicate quietly: c. dat., σάλπιγη υποσημαίνευ to make signal by sound of trumpet.

ύπο-στγάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during. δπο-σιωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to pass over in silence. δπο-σιάζω, f. άσω, to balt a little.

bar-ondlatio, f. see, to stir from underneath, of fire.

Φπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.

buo-onealle, f. ou, (bub, onelos) to trip up one's beels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.

web-owner, or, (but omid) under the shade, overshadowed: of supplients, shaded by their olivebranches.

buo-σμόχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire:— Pass. to smoulder away. [v]

bro-σπάνθομαι, pf. δινεσπάνισμαι: Pass.:—to suffir want a little, c. gen. rei, βοράs δινεσπανισμένοs stinted or in want of food.

bno-σπάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to draw away from under, to withdraw secretly:—Med., bποσπάσωσθαι τον Inwor to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.

but-ownvelos, (but, ownvel) under a truce or treaty, secured by treaty: subject to the conditions of a truce or treaty: robe venpois buoonfolose dwolldown or drangelobus, to grant or ask for a truce to take up the bodies of the slain.

υποσπάθμη, ή, (υφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment.

θποσταίην, 20r. 2 opt. of δφίστημι.

διοστάε, ασα, άν, 201. 2 part. of δφίστημ.

bubortious, ease, η, (befora μαι) that which estiles at the bottom, sediment. It. anything set under, a support: metaph, the groundwork or subject-matter of a thing. 2. metaph, the foundation or ground of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. It. subsistence, reality: substance, nature, essence.

bποστάτδε, ότ, verb. Adj. of bφίσταμαι, set under. II. borne, endured, to be borne or endered. bπο-στάχύομαι, Pasa. (bπό, στάχυε) to grose up gradually like ears of corn

υπό-στεγου, ον, (ὑπό, στίγη) unaer the roof, under cover of a house.

2. eovered over.

\$π0-στέγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, bide under.

ύπο-στέλλω, f. -στελώ: 201. Ι ύπέστειλα: pf. ὑπέσταλκα, p216. -έσταλμα: --το let down, lower, take in: to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to draw or shrink back from, shrink from the presence of. 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear: absol. to dissemble; οὐδὶν ὑποστειλάμενοε with no dissimulation.

υπο-στενάζω, f. f.ω, — υποστένω, to sigh or mean in an under tone.

II. c. acc., objection πόλου νέντοιε υποστενάζει be greans under the weight of heaven on his back.

ύπο-στενάχιζω, f. ίσω - ύποστενάζω.

but or live, to sigh or groun in a loss tons, begin to sigh or groun.

ύποστήναι, αοτ. 2 inf. of ύφίστημι. ύπο-στηρίζω, ί. έω, το underprop.

υποστήτω, 3 sing. sor. 2 imperat. of belστημι. υποστήτω, 6 stor. to abine a little, shire softly.

δινο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shire softly. δινοστολή, ή, (δινοστέλλω) a letting down or lowering of sails: a shrinking back. II. submission.

ύπο-στονάχίζω, – ύποστεναχίζω.

pus-atobianghr spo -atobahr sug -athmann:

accountable, responsible; busidence do ci an office at the empiration of subteh the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct.

2. c. genit. liable to, amerable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing. a 3 also c. dat. subject, liable, emposed to. businessed pass. Pass. (bub, cirám) to lie under.

buildant, not. I of buodalve.

οπόφράδε, 3 sing. sor. 2 of υποφράζα.

butgers, sor. I of broxin.

butiplies, 201. I of broxples.

butique, f. bottom 201. 2 butique post. butiquesor:
(cf. t(χω):—to bold under or underneath.

2. to

(cf. 1/w):—to bold under or underseath.

2. to put under or place under.

3. to bold out the hand as a pledge: twixer odes. Let practices current, to lend an ear: hence to bold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of.

4. to supply, afford, place at one's disposal.

II. to bold from underseath, undergo, submit to, suffer.

2. in law-phrase, bwixer disposat to give an account of a thing; bwixer hopes to bave to give account.

ENTYPHEN, pf. pass, of brayes.

Φπήγον, ὑπήγἄγον, impf. and sor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

buticos, or, (buarow) giving ear, bearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen.: as Subst., buticos, ol, subjects.

**όπηλθον, 2** οι δπέρχομαι.

δω ημέω, to bang down: see δπεμνήμθες.

burgueux, 3 pl. Ion. sor. I of bropeps.

be queues, or, (but, dreues) full of wind; buyetpuor of a wind-egg which produces no chicken.

υπ-ένομος, ον, (υπό, ένεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it; εκ τοῦ υπηνέμου ου the les side.

butyn, h, (but) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

buyling, ou, 8, a bearded man; uportor buyling

υπηργμαι, pf. pass. of δπαρχω.

varapeola, \$\hat{\eta}\$, (bupperla) the service of duty of rowers 2. Collective for of bupperas, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. If generally, hard service, hard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

bump love, τό, (bumper la) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

busperies, f. how: pf. act. verpernea, pass. innerneus: (busperne):—to row, serve on board ship. II. generally, to do hard service, to work for, aid and abst: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; buspered to to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; the day hydew els buses busper ferta the services which are rendered to you from us.

2. to suit oneself to, gratify, buspecies.

3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

bumpérmua, aros, 76, service rendered, service, bup, Lat. officient. on-upérue, ou, d, (bub, épérue) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. appartier; busperue épove a belper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each beauy-armed soldier.

bungerunds, ii, be, (bunging) of or fit for reasing. II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an bunging or inferior officer or soldier; but bungerund the arms of the common men; which superunds a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

bu-aptive, ilos, fem. of braptine, a belpesate, es-

owiptime, 3 sing. sor. 2 of impelme.

behow, lon. for bohow, fut. of bolym.

in-nχ in, f. ήσω, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

bπ-lημι, Ion. for δφίημι.

• bπ-Oλλω: acr. I briλa: (bró, ħλλω = elλω):—to force or draw in underseath: metaph. so keep under, check, restrain; briλλευ στόμα to check one's tongue. brix00σα, part. fem. of bree μ. (elμ. ibo).

on-fornus, Ion. for bofornus.

υπ-ισχνόομαι, contr. -οθμαι Ion. υπίσχομαι: fit. υποσχήσομαι: aot. 2 υποσχόμην, imperat. υπόσχου: pf. υπίσχημαι: (υπό, ίσχω = έχω): -- so bold aneselj under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her trach: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to ensure, assert, profess.

bu-ίσχομαι, Ion. for buσχνέομαι.

burdhios, a, or, (buros) ilesp-bringing, drawny.
bur-dutarys, ου, δ, (buros, dutariu) edeating of elect.

varibios, a, or, (baros) elsepy, drossey. [rt]

ύπνο-δοτήρ, ήροε, δ, and ύπνο-δότης, ου, δ, (έπνος, δίδουμ) giver of sleep; νόμος ύπνοδότης a builing strain: fem. ύπνοδότηκοα.

υπνο-μάχδω, f. ήσω, (ύπνοε, μάχομαι) so resist or

strive against sleep.

"TINOΣ, δ, sleep, slumber: metaph, the sleep of death.

II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death. bave-φόβης, ου, δ, (δανου, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

buvous, f. wow: pf. act. buvous, pass. buvous: (fuvos):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep

usep, usep, uumosr. 11. mtr. m Act. so jail asisep vava, Dor. gen. of varoe. vav-ωθης, es, (varos, eldos) of a alsepy mature,

drowsy. bacon. for surviy, inf. of survies.

υπνώσσει Att. -ττω, - υπνόω, to be sleepy or drossey; obs υπνώσσει κίαρ my heart slumbers not.

buvies, Ep. for buvies, to sleep, fall asleep.
"THO", Prep., governing gen., dat., et acc.: under:

poët. bual, metri grat.
With Green, I. of Place, from under: He.

motor bud ovelove a fountain flows from under a cavesn; Ιππουε όπο ζυγοῦ λύκω to unharness horses from under the yoke; bu' doresoù λυόμην I loosed myself from under the ram. 2. of that under which a thing is, under, beneath; but στέρνοιο τυwhous having hit him under the chest. the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, by, through, Lat. a or ab; κτείνεσθαι ύπό τινος to be slain by a man; θανείν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; bo' dawrow by one's own free action; anover into two to hear, i.e. be told by, 2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν έπό τινοι to flee by reason of one; υπό πήρυκου προηγόρουν he proclaimed by voice of 3. but is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; byd blove, xapas, etc., by or from fear, joy, etc.: hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν TE UT doerne to do somewhat by reason of courage; turd decree by reason of fear, etc.; δρύσσειν turd μαστίγων to dig by constraint of the lash express subjection, doerwow by abrou they are virtuous under his sway. 5. inio is often used of attendant circumstances; ind Zepoposo lesije at the blast of Zephyr; of music, mund(our by ablow to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγοι to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ψπ' εὐφήμον βοῆs buous to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT. of the object, under which a thing I. of Place: bud wood under one's feet; ύπο τη deportage under the acropolis; υφ' άρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ύπο χερσί δαμήναι to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβείσθαι υπό τινι to fear under, i. c. by reason of, one; bud wound tires bijvat to proceed under one's guidance. II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence two ture under one's power; elvae two tere to be subordinate, subject to a person; έχειν υφ' εαυτώ to have under one, at one's command.

WITH ACCUS... I. of Place, to express motion sowards and under an object, as, ύπο σπέου ήλασε μήλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; bud Tpoint leval to go under the walls of Troy; so, and discorriptor dyear to bring under the judgment-2. under an object, without signf. of motion, ψω το πέλιον το under morning and the su of Time, like Lat. sub, about, near upon, bud vurta cowards night; but the tes about morning; but tor Test poor about the time of the earthquake; also c. part., bud the ynde natanalyta about the time of the burning of the temple.

Postrion: but sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written bro.

Two stands absol. As ADV., under, velow, be-2. bebind. II. secretly, unnoticed,

IN COMPOS.: a. under, either of rest, as in To supe to be under; or of motion, as in irro-faires to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with an-Other, as in υπ-άργυρος, υπό-χρυσος, 3. to express

subjection, as in δπο-δαμάω, δπο-δμώε. II. dénoting what is gradual, secret, etc., somewbat, a little, by degrees, like Lat. sub, as in ὑπο-θωπεύω. υπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay,

base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

<del>ύπο βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι : aor. 2 -ίβην :</del> pf. -βί-Byra:-to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base II. metaph. to be below, be less in beight; τεσσαρακοντα πόδαε θποβάε της έτέρης [πυραμίδοε] τωυτό μέγαθοε going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i. e. building it forty feet lower.

ύπο-βάλλω Ερ. ύββάλλω: f. –βάλῶ: pf. act. –βίβλημα, pass. –βέβλημαι:—to tbrow, put or lay under, Lat. substernere II. Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon 2. metaph, to palm or pass off false

cbarges. III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one. υπόβάσιε, εωε, ή, (υποβαίνω) a stooping or crouch-

ing down, as of a camel to take up a burden. ψπο-βένθιος, ον, (ψπό, βένθος) in the depths below. ύπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω: f. -βήξω:--to cough a

little, bave a slight cough. ύπο-βιβάζω, f. - βιβάσω Att. - βιβώ, Causal of ύπο-Balru, to draw or bring down: - Med. to let oneself

down, stoop or crouch down υπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέψομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully,

suspiciously or angrily. ὑποβλήδην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in unaerband or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. sidelone.

ύποβλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ύποβάλλω, to 👀 laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ον, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ή, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying un-2. a suggesting, reminding. that which is put under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph. the subject, subject-matter.

υποβολιμαίος, α, ον, (υποβάλλομαι) substitutea υγ stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; tà broβολιμαία (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ύπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ύπο-βρέχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. -βέβρεγμαι:--to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:--pf pass. part. ὑποβεβρεγμένος, somewbat drunk.

ύπο-βρύχιος, or, also a, or, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.)「め

υπόβρτιχος, ον, = υποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπό-Bouya to be covered with water.

ύπό-γαιος οι ύπόγειος, ον, (ύπό, γαία) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous. ύπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the passec.. II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

υπό γσιος, er, - υπόγαιος.

buo-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [a]:-to laugh at. to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. subridere.

θπο-γεναιάζω, ε. σω, (δπό, γένειον) to intreat by

touching .be chin.

υπο-γίγνομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι: acr. 2 -σγενόμην: Dep.:--to grow up by degrees on in succession, Lat. subnasci.

δπό-γλαυκος, or, somewhat gray.

ύπο-γλαύσσω, (όπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance on suspiciously.

ύπο-γλύκαίνω (ύπό, γλυκύε) to sweeten a little:

metaph, to coan and smooth dou ..

δπο-γνάμπω, f. ψω, to bend under or gradually. δπογνώστης, 2 sing. soc. I subj. of bπογιγνώσκω. πόγραμμα, ατος, τό, (δπογράφω) that which is spritten under: a signature. 2. an inscription.

ύπο-γραμμάτεύε, έωε, δ, an under clerk, under se-

eretary. Hence

υπογραμμάτεύω, f. αω, to be a υπογραμματεύε, act as under clerk.

ύπογραμμός, δ, (δπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern, model.

υπογράφου, είπ, δ, (υπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis: at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (λεκλησία). υπογραφή, ή, a subscription, signature: an indictment.

2. an impression, mark, print,

II. a

sketch, design, outline, Lat. adumbratio. III. a

painting under of the eyelids. From

ino-γράφω [α'\ f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, pass. γέγραμμα:

—to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to
write the name or sitle upon a thing. II. Med. to
set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringting a ebarge against any ong, Lat. subscribere accusationem in aliquem.

2. in drawing, to sketch
draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat.
adambrar: metaph. to sketch out, delineate.

III.
to paint under the cyclids.

ύπό-γυιος or -γυος, ον, (όπό, γυίον) under the band, close at band: fresh new; hence late, resent.

II. sudden, unexpected; if ύπογύου off

band, on the spur of the moment. Hence

υπογυίως οι -γύως, Adv. newly, lately: Comp. υπογυιότερον more recently; Sup. υπογυιύτατα very lately.

 $\delta\pi\delta$ -yuos,  $\omega$ , =  $\delta\pi\delta$ yuos.

όπο-δακρύω, f. όσω [v], to weep a little or in secret. όπο-δαμάω, f. όσω [d]: pf. δίδμηκα: Pass., aor. I ἐπεδμήθην: pf. -δίδμημα: --to subdue under one, to συντρούστ, overcome: aor. I Dass. Dart. fem. υποδμηθείσα, baving yielded to.

οπο-δάμνημι, — οποδαμάω; so also in Med.:—Pass. οποδάμναμαι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome.

θποδδείσας, Ερ. αοτ. 1 part. οf δποδείδω. δποδέγμενος, Ερ. αοτ. 2 part. οf δποδέχομαι.

υποδέδηγμαι, pf. of υποδέχομαι.

virodedeprivos, pl. pass, of brodies. virodedries, pl. part. of brodeldes.

unosestes, d, (but, section) literally, eroseching for I., fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes,

θποδίδρομα, poet. pf. of υποτρέχα.

οπο-δεής, έε, gen. έος, (όνο, δέος) somewhat deficient, elighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him; esp. in Comp., ύνοδεέστερος inferior; ἐκ πολλῷ ὑνοδεεστέρον with means much inferior.— Comp. Adv. ὑνοδεεστέρου, in inferior numbers.

υπόδειγμα, ατος, τό, (υποδείενυμι) a sign, token,

tark. II. a pattern, copy, example.

hwo-leibu, f. ou: 201. I brêdeiou Ép. brêdeiou: Ep. pf. brodeidiou: 3 pl. Ep. plapf. brodeidious: poêt. pf. bradeidious, for brodeidious:—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. 200. 2. to sbrink in fear from, cower before. II. absolt to be somewhat afraid.

υπο-δείκνυμι and -όω: fut. -δείξω lon. -δέξω: 20τ. I δείξειξα lon. -έδεξα: -το abou underband or sebretly: to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate, give to understand.

II. to mark out: to abou, teach by example.

III. to abou forth, make a display of, tretend to: also simply, to abou.

όπο-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ā], to be somewhat convardly. όπο-δειμαίνω, to stand in secret awe of.

ύπο-δειπνέω, f. how, to dine instead of another.

Umobelous, aor. I part. of brobeides.

ύπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for *ὑποδέχομαι*.

ύπο-δέμω, to build under, lay as a foundation.

ὑποδέξιη, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest,

means of entertainment. [I in Ep., metri grat.]

ὑποδέξιος, a, or, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, cape
cious, ample.

ύπο-δερίε, iδοε, ή, (όπό, δίρη) a neck-ornamen, necklace.

ύπόδεσις, εως, ή, (δποδέω) – δποδήματα, οπε's shoes. ύποδέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of δποδέχομαι.

ύπο-δέχομαι Ion. **-δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: ac**r. I -εδεξάμην: pf. - 3έδεγμαι: also zor. I pass. -εδέχθην (in pass. sense): Dep :—to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, welcome, entertain : i brodefápevos one's entertainer ot 3. to give ear to, bearken to. II. to indertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere: also 🗈 undertake a work or task. 2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing; with a negat., obx 4 modern σθαι to refuse to admit, deny. III. so endere, IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, La-2. to follow in rank or order: to come excipere. next to, border upon. V. of a work and to some ceive, become pregnant.

uno-bles, f. -bhow; pf. pass. broblbe par :-- to bird or the under:--Med. to bind under one's feet, put as shoes, etc., roolprove brobleodu to put an créi buskins: absol., brobleodu to put on one's shoes: ple pass. part., brobleodu to put on one's shoes: ple pass. part., brobleodukyos, with one's aboes as: \$ woodshout of dpiortady sidd with the left footshod.

buo-balou. f. 6000, to show secretly, indicate. υπόδημα, ατοι, τό, (υποδίω) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. calceus.

ύπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of brobles.

ύποδήσαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδέω.

ύπο-διδάσκαλος, δ, the under-teacher of a chorus. υπό-δίκος, ον, (ψπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., υπόδικου γενέσθαι χερών to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ύπο-δίφθερος, or, (ύπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.

ύποδμηθείς, acr. I pass. part. of ὑποδαμάω. υπο-δμώς, -ωος, δ, an under-servant, assistant.

υποδοχή, ή, (υποδέχομαι) a reception, a bospitable reception, entertainment: also a barbouring, as of II. acceptance, approval: hence sup-III. a supposition, assumpport, aid, succour.

IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, tion. quarters.

ύπόδρα, (ὑποδρακεῶν) poĕt. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase oxidea, looking askance, i.e. fiercely, sternly.

υποδράκειν, 20τ. 2 inf. of υποδέρκομαι.

ὑποδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποτρέχω.

θπο-δράω poēt. ὑποδρώω: f. -δράσω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ὑποδρηστήρ, ήροε, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

υποδρομή, ή, (υποδραμείν) a running urder or into the way of a thing.

ύπόδρομος, ον. (ὑποδραμείν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομοε ίχνουε a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

υπό-δροσος, or, somewhat dewy or damp.

ὑποδρώωσι, poët. for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδράω. **ບໍ່ສາດ-ອິບ່ນໝຸ -- ບໍ່ສ**າວອີບ່ວນ. [ປົ]

ύποδύς, ῦσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύω.

υπόδυσις, εως, ή, a diving or plunging under.

refuge, escape from a thing. From

ύπο-δύω or -δύνω [υ]: f. -δύσω [υ]: aor. I δπέδυσα: -to put on under. 2. intr. to slip in under, to slip or slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip from under, c. acc. II. mostly in Mcd. ὑποδύςμαι, aor. 1 ὑπεδῦσάμην: also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, τ f. υποδέδυκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or slink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. gen. to ercep or some forth, emerge from. 3. *to* fo under, take on one's shoulders: then, to undergo, 4. of feelings, to steal into The on oneself, c. acc. c. r over, come on gradually. 5. δφθαλμοὶ ὑποδε-Lucotes sunken eves.

ύπο-είκα, f. ύπο-είξομαι, Ep. for δπείκα, δπείξομαι.

ύπο-κργός, όν, contr. ύπουργός, q. v.

υπο-ζάκορος, δ, also ή, an under-priest or priestess. ύπο-ζεύγνθμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω: aor. 1. bulζευξα: Pass., not. 2 bre (úynr [ŭ]: pl. bre (euynar:-to yoke sender, put under the yoke: to bring under :- Pass. to De yoked under, be subjected to.

ύπο-ζύγιον, τό, (ὑπό, ζύγόν) a beast under the role. a beast of draught or burden.

ύπο-ζύγόω, ε. ώσω, - ύποζεύγνυμι.

ύπόζωμα, ατοε, τό, (ύποζώννυμι) a flat rope σε strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι,

ύπο-ζώννϋμι and -ύω: f. -ζώσω: pf. act. δνέζακα, pass. but (wo hat:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a thip, i. e. to fasten topes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ύπο-θάλπω, f φω, ο beat underneath or inwardly:

-Pass. to glow beneath.

ύποθείε, είσα, έν, 201. 2 part. of υποτίθημι,

uno-θερμαίνω, to beat gently:—Pass. to grow somewbat bot, to glow.

ύπό-θερμος, or, somewbat bot or passionate:-Comp. - or epos, too basty or passionate.

ύποθέσθαι, 201. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.

υπόθεσιε, εως, ή, (υποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, founda. II. that which is laid down or assumed, a tion. bypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumtio. tion for discussion, the subject under discussion. Lat. argumentum. III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle. 2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

**ὑπο-θέω, f.** -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip II. to run in before, slip in before in running

III. to run in too bastily. a race.

ὑποθήκη, ή, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, bint, piece of II. a pledging, mortgage.

υποθημοσύνη, ή, (υποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

**ὑποθήσομαι,** fut. med. of *ὑποτίθημ*ι.

ύπο-θλίβω [t], f. ψω, to press under or gently.

θπο-θορύβέω, f. ήσω, to make a little naise: to begin to make a noise.

**Φπο-θράσσω** Att. **-ττω**, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from **ὑπο**ταράσσα.

ύπο-θρύπτομαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: 201. Ι ὑπεθρύφθην: Dep. :- to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ino-θυμιάω, f άσω [ā]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ύπο-θυμία, ίδος, ή, (ύπό, θυμός) a garland worm on II. a kind of bird. the neck.

ύπο-θωπεύω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.

υπο-θωρήσσω, f. ξω, to arm underband: -- Med. te arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ύπο-ιάχω [d], to sound forth a little or below.

in-olyvoju and in-olyw, i broifw, to open a little or secretly.

va-ouces, f. how, to dwell or lie under.

 $\dot{v}$ π-οικίζομαι, Pass. ( $\dot{v}$ πό, οἰκίζ $\omega$ ) =  $\dot{v}$ ποικέα ύπ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build under or beneath.

ύπ-οικουρέω, f. ήσω, to keep bouse, stay at II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at bome, to contrive underband. 2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with. ύπ-οιμώζω, fut. - ωξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

buo-mabiliouan, fut. -e800µm, Dep. to sit down under.

ono radiquas Ion. - narraises, (properly perf. or ononational):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. p. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush 1. c. acc. pers., to lie in wait for.

in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsiders.

ono-raise, f. -καύσε, to set on fire from below.

ono-κάμιντα, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend short back.

2. intr. to turn short back, double, as

a hare. II. metaph, to fall abort of, c. acc. wwo-maphon, or, (bro, maphin) under or in the beart. wwo-maraβalves, fut. -βήσομα: acr. 2 -έβην : pf. -βίβηκα:—to go doese or desaend by degrees : to go

down by stealth.

• we-waranklyse, f. -nkirs, to lay down under:Pass to lie down below: metaph to give way, sub-

mit, yield.

υπο-κάτημαι, Ιου. for υποκάθημαι.

bno-кать, Adv. below, under: beneath, under-

neath. [ă]

bub-kana, f. - seloupai, used as Pass. of buoriθημι, to lie under or below; πεδίον lepop υπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under. II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; duoir brokes pievan two things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: buoneirai absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit: also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ύλη θποκειμένη subject matter. subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; rd brokelpeva the articles pledged.

οπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κελευστήε: to give the

time in rowing.

ύπο-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. fω, to proclaim by voice of berald:—Med. to bewe a thing proclaimed or cried. όπο-κινέω, t. ήσω: aor. t -ακίνησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to wrge gently on. Il. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία τόλιε δε δτεκίνησε no city would ever bave moved so gently. ὑπ-οκλόξω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ino-nlaim, to weep in secret. δπο-nlam, i. dam [d], to break underneath on by

degrees.

ύπο-κλίπτω, f. ψω, to steal underband:—Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

ύπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., act. I breκλίνθην, to be laid or lie under.

two-khovies, £ how, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one

bro-khorden, f. how, like bronkerren, to conceal under:—Pass. to be bidden under.

ono-κλύξω, s. ύσω, to wash or cleanse from below:
—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

buo-uviζω, f. low, to irritate or excite secretly:—

two-κόλπιος, or, (two, κόλπος) lying on the bosom: as Subst. a darling.

2. worn under the girdle.

bπb-κοπος, or, (brb, κόπος) somewhat tired.

δπο-κορίζομας, f. -ίσομας, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endeaning names. 2: to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate.

3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

υποκόρισμα, ατοε, τό, a coaning or endearing

word: a fair name for something base.

υποκορισμός, δ, — υποκόρισμα.

υπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for υποκοριζομαι: to console with songs.

υπο-κρίκω, f. fes, cf stringed instruments, to sound under one's band: to sound in barmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompanimen

υπο-κρητηρίδιον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [t]

brouplvatoda, 3 sing. 201. I opt. of brouplvoyat. [1]

υπο-πρίνομαι [1], f. -πρίνουμαι: acr. I med. υπεπρινόμην, pasa. υπεπρίθην [1]: Med.: -to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue; play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; υποπρίνεσθαι Προμηθέα to play Prometheus. 2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.

ύποκρίσια, ή, - ὑπόκρισιε.

busicolors, ease, \$\( \psi\$, (buonphropa) a reply, answer. II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elecution.

2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

inouplyths, oi, d, (inoupiropai) one who answers an interpreter of expounder II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor.

2. a dissembler,

pretender, hypocrite. Hence

broup trucks, ή, br, befitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ἐντοιρττική (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ὑντο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harper striking the strings: to beat time. U. metaph. to seake up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

bide under or beneath:—Med., c. acc. pers. so here something secret from one.

ino-κρώζω, s. ξω, to croak against.

υπό-κυκλος, or, running upon wheels.

two-κύντα, f. ψω: 201. I δνέκτημα:—to bend or atoop under, esp. under a yoke; ol Mijiou δνέκτημα Πέργγοι the Medes submitted to the Persiaus: to δουν down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place.

II. c. acc. δνοκάντευ τὰν τύλαν το stoop the shoulder so as το let a load be put on.

όπο κυσμαι, mod. (όπό, κυδω) of the woman, to conside, to become pregnant: act. I part. ὑποκθσάμένη. όπο κάλων τό (ὑπό, κάλων) the hip-home, or the state.

ino-κυμφδίω, f. ήσω, to ridicule a little or underband.

δπείληφα, pass. δπείλημμαι: (cf. λαμβάνω):-- to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake: of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoin, retort; often in sor. 2 part., ion brokasow he said in answer. up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat, excipere. -brookxopai, to take or receive under one's protec--2. to accept or entertain a proposal. to take up a notion, assume, understand:-Pass. to be supposed; ή breiλημμένη χάριε the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underband: to draw away, entice. V. δπολαμβάνειν irror to bold up or check a horse.

brodaunie, is, gen. ios, shining with inferior

light, gleaming. From

beneath. Il. to abine a little, begin to abine or dawn.

two-lesses, f. ψes, to pour a libation therewith or to.

two-lesses, f. ψes, to leave remaining, leave bebind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with
fut. med. brolesseopat, to be left behind, stay behind
or at home; brolesseopat τοῦ στόλου to stay behind
or at home; brolesseopat τοῦ στόλου to stay behind
the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left
over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced
by any one, properly in a race: of stragglers, to lag
behind: metaph, to be inferior to one. 3. absoltofail, come to an end: also to fall short of what
one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind
one, c. arc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve;
brolesseopat alriar to leave cause for reproach
against oneself.

Owo-heuros, or, somewhat fine or delicate.

υπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.

buo-hamalva, to make white underneath: -Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.

δπο-λήγω, f. for, to desist gradually.

- θπο-λήνιον, τό, (δπό, ληνόε) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Let. lacus.

υπο-ληπτίον, verb. Ad of bπολαμβάνω, one must

suppose or understand.

έπόληψι, εως, ή, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching esp. a word; if ὑπολήψεως, in turn, alternately. 2. a rejoinder, reply II. a taking in a certain cense,

am understanding, opinion.
&m-oNicuv, or, gen. ovos. (bub, blicuv) somewhat

less, slighter ot smaller.

\$ 50 - Albos, or, somewhat stony.

<del>δωο-λιμικώνω</del>, collateral form of brokelson.

one-lives Att. -lives, or, somewhat smooth, soon smooth.

υπό-λιχνος, or, somewhat dainty.

biro-λογίζομαι, f. -loo μαι Att. -ιοθ και: Dep.:-- to take into account σε consideration.

δπό-λογος, δ, a taking into account, a rechoning, account; δπόλογον νοιείσθαί τυνος, to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem babers rai.

buo-λόγος, or Adj. taken into account, held accountable, responsible.

bub-λουπος, or, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat, superstes.

ύπο-λόχδησε, δ, α lieutenant.

bro-λύριοs, or, (όπό, λύρα) under the lyre; δόσαξ bro-λύριοε a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [8] bro-λύσε, f. -λύσω [0]: aor. 1 - άλθσα: pt. -λέλθσα: Pass., pf. -λέλθσα: plopf. -ελελόμον: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. bπάλθτο, 3 pl. bπάλοντο:—so loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; bπάλυσε γυθα he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυθα δπάλοντο his limbs were relaxed under him. II. to loose from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by stealth. 2. to untie a person's sandals from under this feet, take off his shoes, unabos him:—Med., to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp. to brobeloba.

ύπό-μακρος, ον, rather long, longish. ὅπο-μάλἀκίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, μαλακίζω) to grow

soft or cowardly by degrees.

υπο-μάλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. fee, to soften a little ex by degrees: --Pass. to be softened gradually. υπό-μαργος, ον, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp.

-ότερος.

งพอ-นุด์ฮฮซ Att. --ราน, f. fu, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath.

oπo-μαθιάω, f. άσω [ā], to smile a little or gently. oπομείναι, 20r. 1 inf. of οπομένω.

bro-uslaw, or, gen. oros, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., brousloves, ol, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to buotos (peers).

υπο-μενετέον οτ --πτέον, verb. Adj. one must ahide, endure. Prom

bero-users, fut. -users: 200. I -susers: -50 stay behind: to stay at home. 2. to survive, remains alive. II. trans. to abide or await another, to bide his attack. 2. c. acc. rei, to be patient under, to abide patiently, submit to, endure: 2 absol. to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. inf. to undertake to do a thing. 2. to wait for an event: to abide the issue of a thing. 3. to uphold, support, maintain.

δπο-μίγνομι, f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμιγμαι :- to min among or wh with.

II. intr. to come near secretly, c. dat.; δπομίζαι τἢ γἢ to run closs under land.

thing. 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, mention, suggest.

11. Pass. and Med., f. - μτ

σομαι: scr. 1 -eμοτησάμην: pf. -μέμνη μαι:--to call | to mind, remember: to make mention of.

ψωό-μισθος, or, serving for pay, bired, retained.

вто-руборая contr. - propar: Dep. :- to court a woman underband or behind ber busband's back.

ύπο-μνάομαι, Ion. pass. of ὑπομιμνήσκω; Ep. 2 pl. impl. vreprázove. Hence

θεόμνημα, ατοι, α remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder: mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. commentarii.

**δπομνήσαι, 201.** I inf. of **δπομιρνήσκα**.

trouverse, ewe, η, (υτομμνήσκω) a reminding, calling to mind.

II. remembrance. calling to mind.

δπο-μνηστεύομαι, Med. to betroth underband. II. Med. broour ourum, to interpose by oath. μνθμαι, f. δπομοθμαι: 201. Ι δπωμοσάμην:--- to swear in

2. to stay proceedings bar of further proceedings. by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

θπομονή, ή, (δπομένω) a remaining behind. a bolding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

υπό-μωρος, ον, (υτό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly. buo-vales, to dwell under.

ύπο-νείφω, incorrect form of ὑπονίφω.

υπο-νέμομαι, 201. Ι –ενειμάμην: Med.:—to eat away from beneath: metaph. to consume secretly, undermine. ύπο-νέφελος, ον, (ύπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds. υπο-νήμος, ον, (byo, Nήιον) under the promontory Notum, lying at its base.

ύπο-νήχομαι, f. -hξομαι, νep. to noim under, dive. υπο-νίφω [l], to snow a little:—impers. υπένιφε, there was a little snow:—Pass., νόξ ὑπονιφομένη α snowy night.

υπο-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; brovoeir to els tiva to enter-

tain a suspicion of one. Hence

υπόνομα, ή, a bidden meaning or sense: suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing. υπονομηδόν, Adv. under ground, by pipes. From υπόνομος, ον, (υπονέμω) going underground, under-II. as Subst. veropos, o, an underground passage, mine, Lat. cuniculus: a water-pipe. ύπο-νοσέω, f. ήσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ύπο-νοστέω, f. how, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. subsidere: of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ύπο-νύσσω, f. fw, to prick underneath: to sting. υπο-ξενίζω, f. ίσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, ον, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plated over.

υπο-ξύρωω οτ έω, f. ήσω, (υπό, ξυραω) to soave or cut off some of the hair: vnefupquepos, balf-shaven.

υπο-ξύριος, α, αν, (ὑπό, ξυρόν) under the rasor. ύπο-ξύω, f. ύσω, [v], to scrape a little: to graze

slightly, Lat. stringo.

υπο-παρωθίω, [ -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underlead.

ino-nacow, f. -nacow [a], to strew under. ino-newaw, f. how, to be rather hungry, begin to be bungry.

υποπεμπτόε, όν, despatched underband, sent covertly, Lat. submissus. From

bπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send under or into, c. acc.

to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat. submittere.

<del>блопентротев</del>, Ep. pf. part. norn. pl. of \$20 27 hoos. Unonintuca, pl. of brosistes.

broweroka, pl. of browless.

ύπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 act. ύπέπαρδον: Dep.:--- to break wind a little, Lat. suppedere.

buto-weokalus, f. acus, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

Unonecety, acr. 2 inf. of browings.

Фио-иета́vvūµи, f. —иета́σω [ā]: pf. паза. —ие́ита́манto spread out under, lay under.

υπό-πετρος, ον, (υπό, πέτρα) somewhat rocky. υπο-πίθηκίζω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

υπο-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I υπέπλησα, pass. -επλήσθην:-to fill a little, fill by degrees:--Pass. τέκνων έποπλησθήναι to abound with children.

ύπο-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ino-nive [i]: f. -niopai: pl. -ninea:-to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tifpling: υποπεπωκών rather tipsy.

ύπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: pf. -πέπτοκα: 20ε. 2 bukusov:—to fall under or down, sink, down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to, 3. to fall bebind, fall in the rear. faun on. to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, bappen to, befall.

but-moros Att. - riou, f. does, to amour with pitch of tar.

ύπο-πλάκιοε, α, ον, (ὑπό, Πλάκοε) under mount Placos near Troy: cf. brownios. [d]

υπό-πλάτυς, v, somewbat flat or extended. somewbat salt: cf. πλατίε.

υπό-πλεος, or Att. -πλεως, or, (ύπό, πλέως) pracy full of, c. gen.

υπο-πλέω, f. -πλεθσομαι, to sail close under.

ύπό-πλεωε, ων, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπύπλεοε. ύπο-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike benea:b.

ύπο-πλώω, Ion. for υποπλέω.

ύπο-πνέω, f. –πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

ύπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, πούε) a fnotstool.

υπο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to bring under :- Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into onds power, win by secret art II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ύπο-πόλιος, ον, (ύπό, πολιύς) somewhat gray. вто-пореворал, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

υπό-πορτιε, ιοε, ή, with a calf under it; of a mother. with a child at the breast.

ито-правию Ер. and Ion. -привию, зо аррение в little or by degrees. [9]

inc-uplanas, Dep. to buy under the price.

one-uple, to grash (the teeth) secretly. [7]

two-wrepos, or, (two, wrepor) feathered, winged: swift-winged, fleet: also souring, flighty.

Suspect that, c. inf.: also to suspect, surmise:—Pass.

to be suspected, mistrusted. From δπ-όπτης, ou, δ, (δπόψομαι, f. of δφοράω) as masc. Adj., suspicious, jealous: of a horse, sby.

\*\*bro-πτήσσω, f. ξω: pf. -πέπτηχα, Ep. part. -πεπτηώα, pl. -πεπτηώτε: ...το erouch or cover down
from fear; πετάλοιε broneπτηώτεε crouching under
the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cover befere another: absol. to be modest, absolved.

υποπτος, ον. (δυόφομαι, f. of δφοράω) looked at from under: looked askanes at, viewed with suspicion or jealousy, suspected.

II. act. suspecting, fearing, Lat. suspican: as Subst., τὸ δποπτον, suspicion, jealousy.

buburus, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.

οπ-ορθρίος, σν, είκο, α, σν, (ὑπό, δρθρος) towards morning, about dawn, at break of day.

ino-pinizo, f. ou, (but, penis) to fan from below

or gently.

ba-bρυθμι, f. -bροw: act. 1 -bροw:--to stir up from under, rouse gently or gradually:--Paus. bubpνθμαι, Ep. 3 sing. act. 2 bubpro: pf. 2 -bρορα:---to arise from under or gradually.

ύπ-όροφος, ον, - ύπώροφος. II. sounding softly from a reed; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe. ὑπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch ut:

metaph. to devise, make up.

trop-pin: f. pass. -ρυήσομαι and not. 2 δυτερρόην (in act. sense): pf. -ερρόηκα: --to flow away under: to glide into unperceived, Lat. subrepere; to flow or fall in gradually. 2. to slip away: of the hair, to fall off: of Time, to run on

υπορ-ρήγνομι and - ύω, ε. -ρήξω, to make to break underneath: - Pass. to be rent from beneath, break

gradually open.

υπόρ-ρηνος, ον, (ὁπό, βήν) post. for seapros, with a lamb under it.

imop-pinile, f. low Att. in, = inopinile.

en opiere Att. - ere, f. fu, to dig under, under-

tw-opylopus, f. -hoopus, Dep. to dance with or to music.

bub-outloos, or, somewhat rotten, tainted.

· bno-oalulfu, f. lyfu, to sound the trumpet alightly.

bno-oalu Ep. bnoodalu: f. -aslou: -- to shake from
below or gently, set in motion a little

indicate quietly: c. dat., oddstryn beognpalrer to make signal by sound of trumpet.

uno-στγάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during. uno-στωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to pass over in silence. uno-σπάζω, f. άσω, to balt a little.

ber-σπάλεύω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire.

вио-онанти, f. фи, to dig under, treneb.

οπο-σκελίζει, f. σει, (ὑπό, σπέλου) to trip up one's beels, to upeet, throw down, Lat. supplantare.

##6-σπιος, or, (##6 σπιά) under the shade, overshadowed: of suppliants, shaded by their olivebranches.

bup-σμόχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire:—
Pass. to smoulder away. [8]

bro-σπάνίζομαι, pf. breσπάνισμαι: Pase.:—to suffir want a little, c. gen. rci, βορᾶε breσπανισμένοε stinted or in want of food.

bno-ornine, f. isou [ii], to draw away from under, to withdraw secretly:—Med., bnoornisassa ron (grow to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.

but-curvees, (but, suoveth) under a truce on treaty, secured by treaty: subject to the conditions of a truce on treaty: rode verpois bucombodes duodificul or draupelveu, to grant or ask for a truce to take up the bodies of the slain.

οποσπάθμη, ή, (οφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment.

brownelny, sor, 2 opt, of bolornes.

broomes, asa, av, sor. 2 part. of bolomme.

υπόστασιε, eas, ή, (υφίσταμαι) that which estiles at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under, a support: metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter of a thing. 2. metaph. the foundation or ground of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. III. subsistence, reality: substance, nature, essence.

bποστάτδε, δε, verb. Adj. of belσταμαι, set under.

II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured.

δπο-στάχυομαι, Pass. (δπό, στάχυε) to gross up gradually like ears of corn.

οπό-στεγος, ον. (οπί, στίγη) unaar the roof, under cover of a house. 2. sovered over.

ύπο-στέγω, f. fa, to cover, stow, bide under.

δπο-στέλλω, f. -στελώ: 20π. I δυέστειλα: pf. δυέσταλκα, pass. -έσταλκα: --to let down, lower, take in: to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to draw ot shrink back from, which from the presence of. 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear: absol. to dissemble; obdèr δποστειλάμενος with no dissimulation.

ύπο-στενάζω, f. fω, — ὑποστένω, to sigh or moan in an under tone. II. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόλου νάτοιε ὑποστενάζει be groans under the weight of heaven on his back.

ύπο-στενάχίζω, f. ίσω = ὑποστενάζω.

but-ortive, to sigh or groan in a loss tone, begin to sigh or groan,

υποστήναι, aor. 2 inf. of bφίστημι.

ὑπο-στηρίζω, i. fee, to underprop.

θποστήτω, 3 sing. acr. 2 imperat. of δφίστημι.

buo-στίλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.

brootoλή, ή, (brootέλλω) a letting down or lowering of sails: a strinking back. II. submission.

ύπο-στονάχίζω, - ύποστεναχίζει.

\$ mo-orophyopu also -oropyopu and -orphyopu:

fut. -στορέσω and -στρώσω: acr. I δυτοτόρεσα and -έστρωσα: pf. δυτέστρωσα, pass. δυτέστρωμα:--το spread, lay or stress under:--Med., to stress or lay under for oneself.: 3 sing. pf. pass., δ χαλεύε δυτέστρωται which has copper laid under it.

θποστορέσαι, sor. I inf. of θποστορέννυμι.

<del>δυοστρώτηγίω</del>, f. ήσω, to serve under as lieutenant. From

trom

the στράτηγος, 6, a lieutenant-general.

the στράτηγος, 6, φω: Pass., acr. I pass. part. from

the στράφω, f. ψω: Pass., acr. I -εστράφθην: pf.

-έστραμμα:--το turn round about, guide back. II.

intr. to turn abort round, wheel round, turn and flee:

to return: so in fut. med. δνοστράφομαι and acr. I

pass. 3. to turn away, elude a person. Hence

the στράφω. Ep. acr. I opt. of δνοστράφω.

δισστροφή, ή, (όποστρέφω) a turning round: a turning about, either to flee or to rally; if bποστροφής, Lat. denue, again, anew: also on the contrary. διπόστρωμα, ατος, τό, (ύποστράντυμι) that subiab is

spread or strewed under, a bed, litter.

ύπο-στρώνν**υμ**ι, — ύποστορέννυμι.

υπο-συρίζω ot -littu, f. fm, to whistle gently, rustle. υπο-σύρω, to drag down: to trip up. [0]

υπο-σφίγγα, f. γέω, to bind tight below. 
υπόσχεο, 2 sing..aor. 2 imperat. of υποχνεομαι.

θποσχές, έτω, 20τ. 2 imperat. of υπέχω. θποσχέσθαι, 20τ. 2 med. inf. of θπισχνέομαι. θποσχέσθαι & Ep. for υπόσχεσμι, α promising.

υποσχεσίη, ή, Ερ. for υπόσχεσιε, a promising. υποσχέσιον, τό, - υπόσχεσιε.

δικόσχεσιε, εωε, ή, (διπσχνέομαι) a promising, promise, engagement; δικόσχεσιν δεπληρώσαι to fulfil a promise; δικόσχεσιν δικολαβείν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

υποσχόμενος, εστ. 2 pert. of υπισχνέομαι. υπόσχωμαι, εστ. 2 subj. of υπισχνέομαι.

θποσχών, aor. 2 part. ο θπέχω.

οποταγή, ἡ, (συστάσσω) subardination, subjection.

σπο-ταμνόν, τό, a slant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

bro-rauve. Ion. for brove unu.

ชิพอ-าธีคลังขอ Att. - าราย, contr. - ชิคลังขอ : f. fe: pf. pass. า e r apay pas: - to stir wp. trouble from below or a little: - Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

buo-rapβin, f. ison, to be somewhat afraid: c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

υπο-ταρτάριος, ον. (υπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarus, dwelling below Tartarus.

υπότιζους, eas. 4, (broreira) a stretching or spreading out from under; πεδίων brorássis the plains that stretch below,

but-racto Att. -- ru: f. fet pf. pass. rérayeu:-- to place ot arrange under, subject.

buto-relives, f. -revid: acr. 1 - treura: -to stretch under, put under as a prop or utay.

to hold out before or towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer: - Med. to propose by way of question, sub4. 2, to strain to the utmost, make intense.

two-raxifus, f. iou Att. sil, to build a sorre under or across: to build a cross-wall. Hence

varetxtore, em, ή, the building of a cross-wall; and var-retxtorus, ατοε, τό, a cross-wall.

two-relies, f. low, to pay off, discharge, siquidate: about to pay tribute, be tributary.

όπο-τελής, έε, gen. έσε, (όπό, τέλοο) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. vectigalis, tributarius. Ⅱ. act. receiving payment, c. gen.

όνο-τόμνε Ιου. -τόμνε: f. -τομῶ and -τόμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὑπότόμε: Pasa, aor. I -στμῶν: pf. -τότιμε: μημαι:—to eut αναφ ot under: to eut unfairly. II. to eut off, Lat. intercipers; ὑποτόμειν τὴν ἰλπῶι so eut off all ground for hope; so also in Med., ὑποτόμεισθαι τὸν πλοῦν to eut off one's passage:—Pasa, ὑνοτόμεισθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be eut off from the ships.

ύπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: acr. I δπέθηκα; acr. 2 έπέ-Onv:-to place under: to put under, make sub-2. place under as a foundation, to lay down: esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to oneself for discussion or argument: to propose to II. to suggest, mostly in Med.: c. dat. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish: c. inf. to advise III. to put down as a deposit or one to do a thing. stake, pason, pledge, mortgage: hence, 2. do atalie. bazard, venture. 3. to lay in store, store up, beep. οπο-τιμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med.: as Att. hw-term. to propose a less penalty for oneself to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ino-titpaes, to bore through necon.

\*6 πο-τλάω, obsol. pres., whence are tormed fut, bποτλήσομαι, acr. 2 bπέτλην, pf. bποτέτληκα: — de bear, endure, submit to.

buo-rovbopilo or -vla, to marmer or bem softly.

<del>ὑποτοπεύω</del>, — ὑποτοπέω.

Φποτοπέω, f. ήσω: aor. I διετούηψει: also as Dep. ὑποτοπέομαι: aor. I διετοπήθην: (διεουτου) :—do suspect or surmise that also c. acc., to suspect a person or thing.

buto-thankila, f. ou, to list a little.

buo-rpeles, Ep. for buorples.

two-spides, f. -Opines, to bring up secretly or in succession: Med. to foster or observe becauty.

buto-τρέχει, fut. -θρέξομαι and -δρέμοθμαι: act. 2 butθράμου: pf. butθράμου:—to run in sunder; δ κόων butθραμε but τοὺε υόδας τοῦ lunou the dog run under the horse's legs.

II. to run under or δείου. III. to run under or δείου.

III. to run in between, intercept.

is insinuate openell into anyone's good grapes. There

to insinuate oneself into anyone's rood graces. Cetter, deceive.

one-τρόω, f. -τρίσω, to tremble a little: to abrind back, give ground. II. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be effected of him.

buo-τρίβω, i tes, to rui beneath, rub or mean energy gradually. II. to grade or sound ingredients for a dish; cf. buότριμμα. [i] veu-toile, to chirp or whistle softly.

νεότριμμα, ατος, τό, (νεοτρίβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together υπότριμμα βλένειν to look sharp and sour.

υπο-τρομέω, f. ήσω, to tremble under or a little. II.

c. acc. to tremble before anyone.

bubrpoμος, ου, (έποτρέμω) tremoting a little, someubat fearful.

buorpout, f., (buorphus) a turning back, repulse. II. a return, recurrence.

' unbroace, or, (brorpera) turning wack, returning or returned bome.

ύπο-τροχάω, poët. for υποτρέχω, to run under.

ύπο-τρύζω, to bum in an undertone. ύπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 201. 2 -έτρἄγον:---to eat

underband or secretly.

ono-runóu, f. wau, (uno runos) to sketch out, Lat.
adumbrare.

ύπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to strike or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύψαε κηλωνηίω drλέω he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπτουσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ ἐδερέντο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.

υποτύπωσυς, ...., η, (υποτύποω) a generas representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy. pattern.

vn-ουθόπιος, α, ον, (νπό, οδθαρ) under the udder, hence sucking. [α]

υπ-ουλος, or, (iπό, ουλή) of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, bollow, unreal; κάλλος κακών Επουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.

ви-оправнов, or, (but, obparts) under beaven or the

beavens: reaching up to beaven.

ύπουργέω, f. ήσω: pf. act. υπούργηκα; pass. υπούργηpat: (ύπουργύ»):—to render service, to serve, succour: to be of service: c. neut. acc., χρηστά Αθηγαίου υπουργεῶν to do the Athenians good service; τὰ υπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence

υπούργημα, ατοι, τό, a service rendered.

broupyntion, verb. Adi. of broupyles, one must serve or be kind to.

υπουργία, ή, (υπουργεω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, complaisance.

ψπ-συργόε, όν, contr. for ὑποεργόε, (ὑπό, εξργω)

rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.

tro-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: 20τ. I -ίφηνα: -- to shew or bring to light from under; θρῆνω buίφηνε τραπίζης be drew the stool from under the table. 2. to shew oneself or to be seen under; bud τὰς πύλας πόδες broopairoura feet are seen under the gates. III. intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn,

intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, preak, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of pring; cf. broldpre.

Oπο-φάτιε, 10ε, η, Dor. for υποφήτιε, fem. of υποσήτης, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφαντις, ή, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From

υπο-φαύσκω, (υπό, φάσε) to begin to shine.

ὑπό-φαντιε, τος, ή, Acol. for ὑπόφαστε, (ὑπό, φάστε) a secret whispering.

ύπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear. ύπο-φέρω, f. ύποίσω: aor. 1 ὑπίνεγκα Ion. ὑπίνεικα:

ROT. 2 υπήνεγκον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or earry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue.

II. to bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer.

III.

burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer. III.
to bold out under or before: to bold out, suggest,
proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.

δπο-φείγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee from under, evade:

to retire a little, sbrink back.

υποφητείει, to bold the office of υποφήτης. From υπο-φήτης, ου, δ, (υπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.

ύπο-φθάνω [d]: f. ὑποφθήσομαι later also -φθάσω [d]: aor. 1 ὑπέφθἄσα: aor. 2 ὑπέφθην, inf. ὑποφθήναι, part. ὑποφθά: pf. ὑπέφθᾶκα: --to baste before, be or get beforeband; ὑποφθά: δουρὶ μέσον περόνησεν getting beforeband he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part., ὑποφθάμενος κτεῦνεν he killed him beforeband.

ύπο-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to feel secret envy at.

bπ6-φθονος, ον, a little envious or jealous: Adv. -νωs, somewhat jealously.

ύπο-φλέγω, f. fω, to set on fire or beat from below. ύπο-φόνιος, ον, (όπό, φόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.

ύπο-φραδμοσύνη, ή, suggestion: in plur. counsels.

LOUD

ύπο-φράζομαι, Med to conjecture.

υπο-φρίσσω Att. --ττφ: f. fw: pf. --φίφρίκα:---το sbudder a little.

υποφύγων, οῦσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of ὑποφεύγω.

ύπο-φωλεύω, to lie bidden under.

buo-duvie, f. how, to call gently to.

υπο-χάζομαι, 201. 2 -κεκάδόμην: Dep.:--to give way gradually of a little, retire slightly.

bro-χάλινίδιος [νί], α, ον, (bró, χαλινόε) under the bridle; bro-αλινιδία (sc. ηνία), η, α kind of snaffle-bridle.

ino-xaponies, in (ini, xaponie) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.

ύπο-χάσκω, to gape or yawn open a little.

on-xelpios, or, also a, or, (beb, xelp) under one's bands, in the band: under anyone's power or control, subject to; broxenfour noteinful to make subject. one-xéw, f. -xéw: not. I bréxes Ep. bréxeu: phos-xéw, f. -xéw: not. I bréxes Ep. bréxeu: pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to strew or spread under; φύλλα broxexyupers trè τοθε mod the leaves strewn under their feet: metaph. in Pass.,

to be spread or steal over one gradually; descrip beenixure abrij distrest stele over him.

Bbs

\*\*\*ο-χθόνιος, ον, (ὁπό, χθών) under ibe earth, sub-

 $\delta\pi\delta-\chi\theta\omega\nu$ , orde,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\delta\pi\sigma\chi\theta\delta\nu$ cos.

broxos, or, (brexo) subject, under control, turi to one: also c. gen., broxol tiros a king's subjects.

διτό-χρουε, αν, gen. ω, (bτό, χρίοε) subject to debt, in debt: of property, involved, embarrassed, Lat. observatus.

buo-χρίω, i.-χρίσω [1]: act. I act. δπέχρισα, pass. δυεχρίσθην:—to smear under or on: to besmear or anoint a little, Lat. sublinere: to paint or colour the face under the eyes.

bub-xovors, or, containing a minture of gold.

buo-χωρόω, f. ήσομαι, to go back, recoil; ὑποχωρεῦν τοῦ εκδίου to retire from the plain; ὑποχωρεῦν τυν τοῦ θρόνου to withdraw from one's seat in honour one, give it up to him. 2. c. acc. pers. to retire before, avoid meeting.

II. to go on in succession.

οπό-ψαμμος, or, baving sand under or in it, mined with sand, sandy: Comp. - 6repos, somewhat sandy.

δυτοψία Ion. - ίη, ἡ, (δυίφομαι) suspicion, jealousy;
 δυτομίαν λαμβάνειν κατά τινου to enterthin suspicion of a person; of things, έχειν δυτομίαν το admit of suspicion
 II. a jealous watchfulness, consortous ness.

δικόψιος, ον. (δικόψομαι) viewed from below, Lat. suspectus; hence viewed with suspicion.

υπόψομαι, serving as fut. of Φφοράαι.

on-operies, f. how, (but, deputes) to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.

burnides, f. dow, (υπτιοε) to bend oneself back: to carry one's bead bigb. II. transit. to bend or throw back: Pass., tπτιάζεται κόρα his head is stretched back.

οπτίασμα, ατοε, τό, (υπτιάζω) that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost; υπτιάσματα χερῶν hands stretched up in supplication, cp. Lat. supinis manibus. II. a backward fall.

burnagriov, verb. Adi. of burniafe, one must throw

υπτιος, a, or, (bπδ) with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back, Lat. supinus; resupinus; of one falling, πίσεν βπτιου he fell on bis back; bπτίοιε σέλμασιν ναυτίλλεται he sails with planks turned bottom upvards; γαστήρ βπτία belly uppermost.

2. generally, anything turned up, inverted; πρῶνου βπτίαν a helmet with the bollow uppermost; so, doπλε bπτία; but, πίλιξ βπτία a cup with the bottom uppermost; diffs bπτία a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost.

3. of Place, eloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence

υπτίδω, f. ώσω, to turn over, upset.

vw-wθέω, (δυό, ἀθέω) to push or thrust away.

bu-whever, or, also a, or, (bub, diklery) under the arm or elbow.

δπωμοσάμην, acr. I med. of δπόμουμι.

bumicola, ή, (buθμουμ) an oath taken to bar proseedings at law, an application for delay upon affidout: it was resisted by an deθυπομοφία. brownoile, f. dow, (brownor) to strike one under the eye: generally, to best black and blue: metaph, to mortify, afflict, ven or annoy greatly. Hence

browncarubs, δ, a striking under the eye: affliction.
bri-brown, τδ, (bró, by) the part under the eyes, the
face.
II. generally, like browncarμία, a blow
under the eye, a black eye.

υπ espeta or υπ espeta, ή, (υπό, δρου) the foot of a mountainous trach: plus. υπ espeta, the roots of a mountain, Lat. radices montis.

υπώρορε, 3 sing. pf. intrans. of δετύρνυμι.

on-upoques, or, also a, or, (υπό, δροφου) under the roof, under cover of a bouse, in a bouse: generally, under abelts.

ύπ-ώροφος, αν, - ὑπωρόφιος.

"TPXA, \$\dagger\$, an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a picklejar, Lat. orea. (Aeol. word.)

TE, d and h, gen. bie [v]: acc. or:—like ove, a sevine, pig, boar or sow, a tame pig; but be appear, a wild boar.

TXIH, \$, a shrub from which comes the dye borywor.

δογίνο-βάφης, έε, (δογίνου, βαφήναι) dipped α dyed in voyerov, scarlet.

υσγίνον, τό, (ύσγη) a vegetable dye of scarlet colour. υσθος, for όσδος, Aeol. for όζος.

τοθην, acr. I pass. of νω.

TEMI'NH [i], \$\operatorname{\eta}\$, irreg. dat. bouler, a fight, buttle, combat; aparts boulers the front of the fight: boulers to the fight. Ep. word.

www. ayle, iδοε, ή, Dor. for bonληγίε, = δοπληγέ.

υσπλαγέ, αγγοε, ή, Dor. for υσπληγέ.

workhyle, gryos, ot -nkyle, gros, h, a rape which was drawn across a race-course and was let down when the racers were to start.

II. the sware of the fowler. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ботоштов, ∯, the aromatic plant byssop. (Oriental word.)

ύστάτιος, α, ον, = δοτατος, (cp. μεσσάτιος = μέσσος, τοσσάτιος = τόσσος,) last, bindmost: neut. Βστάτιος 25 Adv., last, at last. [8]

υστάτος, η, ων, (Comp. δστερος, q. ν.) lest, street, bindmost, of space: also of time, ή δυτάτη (sc. ήμέρα) the last day:—neut. δστατον and δστατα, as Adv., last, at last.

bortea Ion. - έρη, ή, (borteas) the sound, mostly is plur. borteau, al, Ion. gen. - έων.

sorepaise, a, or, (burepos) properly on the day after; h burepaid (sub. huka) the day after, following day; ry burepaid Ion.—aly, on the following day, ment day, Lat. postridie; generally,—burepos, later, next.

υστερέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 δυτέρησα: pf. δυτέρησα:
Pass., aor. τ δυτερήθην: (δυτεροε):—to be behind come later: of Place, to come after or afterwards.

Il. of Time, c. gen. rei, to come later than, come too late for; δυτερεῖν τῆς μάχης κάντε ἡμέρας they were five days too late for the battle: c. dat. pers. to be too late for him; abool. to come late

or too late. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to: also to be robbed of a thing. a. to be in want of :- in Pass. to be in want. IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

δοτέρημα, ατος, τό, a coming short, deficiency.

θστέρησια, εωε, ή, (ὑστερέω) a coming short: want,

υστερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: 201. 1 υστέρισά: (υστεpoe) :- to come after, come later or too late. c. gen. rei, to come later than; hulpy mig the our neimerns borepiceur to be one day bebind the day appointed. III. metaph. to come abort of, be inferior to, c. gen. IV. to be in want of, to lack

υστιρό-ποινος, αν, (υστιρος, ποινή) late-avenging. υστερό-πους, -ποδος, δ, ή, with late foot, late-coming.

йотеров, a, or, (Sup. вотатов, q. v.):—the latter, coming after, following, opp. to wporepos. Time, after, later, too late; c. gen., vorepos tivos later than a person. c. gen. rei, too late for a thing; with Preps., de υστερον afterwards; so, de bστέρφ, έξ υστέρου and έξ δοτέρης. III. standing after, inferior, weaker; ywainde borepos under a woman's IV. the neut. vorepor is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, bereafter, in future, for the future; also botepa; c. gen., botepor toutear

υστερο-φθόρος, ον, (υστερος, φθείρω destroying

later than these events. after, late-destroying.

barrepo-φωνος, ον, (υστιρος, φωνή) sounding after, ecboing.

TETPIE, type, & and \$, a bedgebog, porcupine.

vortotale, lose, h, a whip for punishing slaves.

ύφαγου, Dor. for έφηγου, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of υφηγέομαι.

υφ-arpos, or, (bro, alpa) suffused with blood, blood-II. bot-blooded. sbot.

υφαίνεσκον, Ion, impf. of υφαίνω.

ΤΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑφἄνῶ: aor. I ὑφηνα later ὑφᾶνα: Pass., aor. I ὑφάνθην : pf. ὕφασμαι :--to weave ; iσ-Tor boairer to weave a web. II. absol, to weave, ply the loom. III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, as, μήτιν οτ δύλον υφαί-2. to make, construct, fabricate. reit.

υφαίρεσις, εως, ή, (υφαιρέω) a taking away under

or underband, a purloining, pilfering.

υφ-αιρέω lon. υπ-αιρέω: f. -αιρήσω: zor. 2 υφεί-Ασν: pf. υφήρηκα: Pass., aor. Ι υφηρέθην: pf. υφήρημαι, part. υφηρημένου lon. υπαραιοημένου :-- to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly. draw from under. 2. to take away something of,

III. Med. 3. to draw away, seduce. c. gen. to take away from underband, filch away, purloin: Εφαιρείσθαί τινά τι οι τινοι to deprive one secretly of a thing. . to make away with underband, keep

peet of the way.

τφ-āλos, ov, (ὑπό, άλο) under the sea; ὑφαλον Ερε-**Bos** the darkness of the deep,

δφάντης, ου, δ, (δφαίνω) a weaver. Hence boarrikos, η, ω, of or for weaving: skilled is. weaving.

bearto-borntos, or, (beartle, borto) soung in the weaving, woven.

ύφαντός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ύφαίνω, woven: τὰ bφαντά clotb insvoven with figures.

ύφ-άπτω Ion. ύπ-άπτω : f. ψω : aor. Ι *ύψηψα* Ion. υπήψα : pl. pass. υφημμαι:—to set on fire from underneath : metaph. to inflame secretly, excite. to light underneath: to light a fire under or in a place.

ύφ-αρπάζω Ιοη. ύπ-αρπάζω: f. -άσομαι later -άσω: 201. I Ophpraca:—to enatch away from under, take uway underband, filch-away, Lat. surripere: to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt.

δφαρπάμενος, poët, for υφαρπασάμενος, sor, I med. part. of boapsa(es.

ύφασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑφαίνω) a thing woven, web, woven garment. [v]

δφάω, poët. for δφαίνω: Ep. 3 pl. δφόωσι.

Φφαμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὑφίημι: Adv. ὑφειμένως, elackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. submissé.

ύφ-είσα, (ὑπό, είσα) Causal aor. I of ὑφίζω, I placed under or secretly; Ion. part., buelous avoque baving set men in ambush.

υφ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of δwέχω, one must support. θφ-ελκτέον, verb. Adj. of ψφέλκω, one must draw away under or underband.

υφ-έλκω, f. -έλξω οτ -ελεύσω [υ]: 201. Ι υφείλκύσα: (cf. ελκω):—to draw away under, underband or gently; δφέλκειν τινά ποδοίιν to draw one away by the two legs:—to draw away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under:-Med. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers.

ύφελοίατο, Ion. 3 pl. sor. 2 med. opt. of υφαιρέω. υφέντας, acc. pl. of bφείε, aor. 2 part. of bφίημι.

θφ-έρπω, f. –έρψω or –ερπύσω [v]: 201. I ὑφείρwioa: (cf. Epww):-to creep under or secretly; boεῖρπε πολύ it crept fax on secretly, spread abroad. c. acc. to steal upon, come over.

υφ-έσπερος, ον, (υπό, έσπέρα) towards evening: neut. pl. voéowepa as Adv., about evening.

υφή, ή, (υφαίνω) a weaving, web; πέπλων υφαί woven parments.

ύφ-ηγαμών, όνοι, ο, 🗕 ήγεμών.

υφ-ηγίομαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. υφήγημαι: Dep. :- to go just before, to guide, lead the way. 2. to show . the way to do, instruct in a thing. 3. hence also to lead to, prove a thing. Hence

ύφήγησιε, εωε, ή, a leading, guiding; and

υφηγητήρ, έρου, ό, and υφ-ηγητής, ου, ό, one subo leads the way, a conductor: metaph. a leader, adviser. udnva, sor, I of idaire.

be de charioteer:-Pass. to drive after or behind. From

υφ-ηνίαχος, δ, (υπό, ήνιόχος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot,

\$4-hoose, or, gen. eros, (\$16, fores) somewhat | less or younger.

in itare, f. Show, - spice.

οφ-ίζω, f. ζήσω, (buό, ίζω) to sit or erouch down:

to sink or fall in.

\$6-(mu lon. பார்குய: f. ந்தர்கல: act. I ந்த்தகை: pf. ] δφαικα, pass. υφειμαι: (see ίημι) :- to send down, let down, to lower; bockrou latter to lower the mast; booleras larla to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, inferoval pastois to put a child to ber own breasts, to suckle it. 3. to engage seeretly, Lat. submittere : hence pf. pass. part. beat-II. intr. to slacken, relan perce, secretly lurking. or abate from a thing; c. gen. rei, bother the opyfie so come from anger; so in Med., soleobas derile; to blesp baleras too puxpool the water abases its cold-2. absol, to submit, give in, slacken, ness. III. in Pass. absol., to submit, surrender: c. inf., to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., where bequire to sail with lowered

**δφίησι**, Dor. for δφίησι, 3 sing. of δφίημι.

impf., in f. broothow and acr. I briothon :-- to place 3. to submit, or set under. 2. to post secretly. propose, suggest: so also in fut. and aor. I med. to lay down, suggest; el ph to motor broothes unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence. Pass., with nor. 2 act. buterny, pf. botornan:--to stand under, be under or beneath; to bourtanevor that which is underneath, of milk, as opp. to to beeστάμενον that which comes to the top, the 2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do : c. acc. cognato, broothess υποσχεσιν to make a promise: absol, to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also c. inf. to submit to do. 4. C. acc. rei, to submit to. g. baoorijeau

Φ-ίστημι: (cf. Ιστημι): I. Causal in pres. and

6. to put oneself doxiv to undertake an office. under, bide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. subsisters.

δφ-οράω, or as Dep. δφοράομαι: fut. δπόψομαι: (bub, δράω):—to look at from below, to look askanee

at, to view with suspicion, Lat. suspicere, suspi-II. to keep in view. cari.

-φορβόε, δ, (δε, φέρβω) a swineberd.

to-opulle, f. low Att. in, to bring into barbour seeretly:-Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence

υφόρμίσιε, ή, a place for ships to run into, barbour.

600s, coe, 76, - 00h.

όωσι, Ep. for δφώσι, 3 pl. of δφάσι

υφ-υδρος, αν, (ύπό, ύδωρ) under water. οψ-άγόρου, ου, δ. Ιοα. -αγόρης, (όψι, άγορούω) a placed.
big talker, a boaster, braggart.

beauxerles, f. fow, and beauxerles, f. low, to earry the neek high, atrut proudly. From

by-auxar, eros, b, s, (by, abyte) correing the neck bigb: hence stately, towering: baughty.

by-epechts, is, (by, ipipe) bigb-roofed, bigb-soulted.

θψ-ηγόραε, Ion. for iψαγ-.

bu-hyopos, or, (υμ., άγορείω) talking loftily, seemt-

ing.

whiles, erra, w, post. for siphle.

for himles fem. gen. rnλas, Dor. for δέγηλήε, fem. gen. of δέγηλόε.

υψηλ-ανχενία, ή, (ψηλόε, αυχήν) a carrying the nock bigb.

θψηλό-κρημνος, αν, (θψηλός, κρημαός) with bigh

ύψηλός, ή, &, (εφι, εφος) bigh, lafty, comering; χώρα έψηλή a bigbland country:-metaph. bigh, lofty, stately, proud.

ψηλοφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be bighminded, bearing

oneself baughtily. From

υψηλό-φρων, ονοε, ό, φ, (ύψηλοε, φρήν) highminded, bigb-spirited, baughty.

ύψ-ηροφής, έε, gen. έος, — δφερεφής. δψ-ηχής, έε, gen. έος, (ύψε, ήχος) sounding on bigh. TYI, Adv. bigb, aloft, on bigb: on the bigb sea: hence are formed Comp. below, Sup. 561070s.

byl-βäros, or, (byl, βalru) set on high, standing

bigb, bigb-placed.

Ψί-βραμέτης, ου, δ. (υψι, βρέρω) bigb-thundering. K-yevvytog, ev, (lyk, yerréw) bigb-grown, sopmost. the years, or, (byt, year) with high limbs or branches, bigh-etemmed. [Y]

bψί-ζύγος, ον, (ΰψί, ζυγών) of the benches in ships, sitting bigb or aloft on the bench: metaph, of Jove,

bigb-entbroned.

htl-Opovos, or, (lift, Opóros) bigb-tbroned.

ὑψἴ-κάρηνος, ον, (ύψι, κάρηνον) soith bigh bead bigb-topped. [d]

byt-kilandos, or, (up., silandos) with a past or bigh, moving on bigh or aloft.

ификерата, irreg. acc. of ифинерать.

infrireque, ar, gen. a, (lift, ripas) with high a losty borns; there is also an irreg, acc. in phrase, iferépara rérpar a bigb-peaked rock.

byl-nouse, or, (byt, nous) with lofty foliage, of the

ύψι-κόμπως, Adv. (ύψι, πόμποι) with high boasts. arrogantly.

byl-kpyuvos, or, (byl, apyarós) with bigh steets a cliffs, bigb-beetling, built on a cliff.

whi-hopes, or, (syx, hopes) bigb-crested. [?] vill-uction, orror, o, (vip., plan) bigh-ruling, ruling on bigb: lofty.

υψι-μελαθρος, or, (εψι, μέλαθρον) bigb-built

ύψι-νοφής, ές, (ύψι, νόφος) dwelling bigb in the clouds. but mayin, is, (but, mayipan) built on high. byl-medos, or, (byl, midor) with high ground, high

bipli-merrians, easte, or, post. for biperstrue. bit-rimhos, or, (bys, rimhor) with high losses or foliage.

bifistrys, ou, &, (Sife, stropae) Hying on digb,

soaring.

byl. nolus, d, d, (byl., nolus) bighest in one's city.

byl. nout, d, d, nout. -now, gen. -nodos, (byl., node)

bigh-footed: on bigh, sublime.

ύψι-πύλος, αν, (ύψι, πόλη) with high gates.

ψί-πυργος, αν, (ύψι, πόργος) high-towaring.

whorver, w, or, Sup. from Adv. Sp., highest, loftiest; rd bistra the highest beavens.

2. of persons, most

Mgb, dwelling on bigb.

thirepos, a, ar, Comp. from Adv. the, higher, leftier. thireparts, és. (the, φάοε) beaming on high.

bit-φάνης, ές, (είν, φανήναι) seem on high. bit-φόρητος, αν, (είν, φορέα) high-borne, soaring

on bigb.

Still-pow [?], ares, 8, 4, (lift, popu) bigb-minded,

θήν-χαίτης, ου, δ, (δήν, χαίτη) long-baired.

tipler, or, gen. eros, post. Comp. from by, bigber, laftier.

ψόθω, Adv. (θ/οε) from on high, from aloft, from above, Let. desuper.
 II. high, aloft, on high, above, over.

byob., Adv. (byoe) high, aloft, on high.

by-δροφος, av, (in/a, δροφή) bigb-roofed, bigb-

whos, ecc, v6, (64:) beight: the top, summit, crown: absol. in acc. 640s, in beight.

those, Adv. (thos) on high, upwards, aloft, up. those, Adv. (thos) high, aloft, on high, up.

toleta, f. drow: aor. I blowra: Pass., fut. blowbyro-pas: aor. I blowbyr: (blow):—to beighten, raise, elepass, exalt. Hence

ύψωμα, aros, τό, beight, elevation.

"IΩ, f. bow [v]: sor. I bow: Pass., fut. med. booms in pass. sense: sor. I bodys: pf. boms:—to sust, suster: to rain, Lebe vs Jove senserain; so, b beds vse the god sends raie; but the nom. was soon omitted, and bet used import, like Lat. pluit, it rains; el ve if it rainsd; part. neut. used absol., borros πολλφ as it swas raining beauty: c. acc. loci, έπτα έτέων ολό δε την θήρην for seven years it did not rais on Thera: c. acc. cognato, boe χρυσίν it rained gold.

II. Pass., of places, to be rained on, to be swetted; λέων δόμωνος a llon drenebed with rain; vσθησων al θήβαι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γη verus the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.

## Ф

 $\mathbf{\Phi}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\phi}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\phi}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\tau}$ , indeed, twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\phi'=500$ , but  $\phi=500,000$ .

The Consonant  $\Phi$  arose from the labial  $\Pi$  followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written  $\Pi H$ , and was expressed in Lat. by  $\phi b$ , though  $\phi$  was used to express the Lat. f.

Changes of Φ. L. in Acol., Dor. and Iou. the aspirate was often dropped, and φ became π, as λίστοε σπίγγοε σπανδύλη for λίσφοε σφίγγρα σφονδόλη: the Att. sometimes used it for π, as φανόε φάτρα for πανόε πάτρα.

Π. in Acol., Dor. and Iou., φ is put for θ, as φήφ φλάω for θήρ θλάω.

• was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by position, as in odes, quasi broke.

φth, Dor. and post, for έφα, έφα, 3 sing. ser. 2 of φημί.

paarder, lengtha for parter, Ep. for spartnow,

3 pl. sor. I pass. of palves.

- padvraros, 7, or, Ep. Bun. of pacerds, most brilliant, brightest.

hadvrepos, a, ev, Ep. Comp. of haserds, more brilliant, brighter.

PAPEIN ion. payter Ep. payture, inf. of totayor, with no pres. in use, used as acr. 2 of toties, to eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up. devour, consume, scarte.

φάγες, Ερ. for έφάγες, 2 sing. 201, 2: 200 φαγείν. φάγησι, Ερ. for φάγη, 3 sing. 201, 2 subj.: 200 φαγείν. φάγος, δ. (φαγείν) α glusson. [δ]

φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωνι, 3 pl. sor. 2 subj.: see φαγών. [ά]

das, 3 sing. impl. of das.

pastouris, the post for pastourn, fem of pastour, shining.

φαίθω, (φάοε) so sbine; only found in part. φαίθων, beaming, radians: hence φαίθων as Subst., the beaming one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχα καὶ φαίθοντα whole nights and days.

Φαίθων, δ, (properly part. of φαίθω) Shining, one of the steeds of Morning.

2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun.

φαεινός, ή, όν poêt. φαεινός, (φάθε) abining, beaming, radiant:—Comp. φαεινότερος.
λαμπρός, of the voice, elear, distinct.
splendid, brilliant.
3. generally,

paelve, post form of paire, to shine, give light.

φαεσίμ-βροτος, σ, (φάοε, βροτύε) bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.

φαεσ-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, σν, (φάος, φέρω) lightbringing.

φάη, contr. for φάσα, pl. of φάσε.

φαθί, imperat. pres. and sor. 2 of φημί.

Salus, dros, Ep. and Ion. Salus, nros, 8, a Phaeacian: the Phaeacians are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sallors.

φαιδιμόσιs, εσσα, er, poët. torm οι φαίδιμο

chalkinos, or, also 7, or, (paire) shining, brillians: metaph. famous, glorious, Let. clarus

φαιδρό-νους, ουν, (φαιδρύε, νοῦς) of cheerjus, jayous mind.

paidobs, a, ar, (pau, pairu) beaming radiunt:

П.

metaph. beaming or rudiant with joy, jouund, gay. Adv. -8pile, joyously, ebestilt: alto neut. pl. oathod also like Lat. fuscus, of the voice, deep, bollow. as Adv. Hence

L meφαιδρότης, ητος, η, brightness, lustre.

taph. joyousness.

φαιδρόω, f. ώσω, (φαιδρόε) to make bright. metaph. in Pass. to be abserful or joyous.

φαιδρύντρια, ή, a washer, cleanser. From

φαιδρύνω [0]: f. tivα: nor. I έφαίδρανα: (φαιδρόν): —to make bright, clean, cleanse. II. metaph. to cheer, please :- Pess, to brighten up with joy.

daulo-water, dr. (pailage, dy) with a bright, joy-

ous look.

dainy, pres. or sor. 2 opt. of dypl.

φαικάς, άδος, ή, (φάος) a kind of subite shoe.

course, for φαίη μεν, I pl. pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί. awher, Ep. for pairer, inf. of paire.

cavionero, 3 sing. Ion: impf. med. of cabre.

ewohys, ov. o, formed from the Lat. passula, a thick upper garment or cloak.

φαινολίε, ίδοε, ψ, (φαίνω) light-bringing.

φαινομένηφι, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομακ. balvo, f. φάνω: Att. also φάνω: aor. Ι έφηνα, inf. φήναι Dor. έφανα: 3 sing. Ion. 20τ. 2 φάνεσκε: pf. πέφαγκα: pf.. 2 (intr.) πέφηνα: Pass. and Med. φαίνομαι: fut. φάνοθμαι Ιοα. φανέσμαι; also φάνησομαι: also poët, paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι: aor, I έφάνθην, Ep. 3 sing. φαάνθη, 3 pl. φάανθεν: 201. 2 έφάνην, Ep.

inf. φάνημεναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται, inf. wedarda, part. wedas utros: (das). I. to bring to light, make to appear: to shew, to make clear or known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence almost to grant, as, you've Extry palver to grant

Helen a child :- at Sparta, opoupdy dalver to proclaims a levy, call out the array. 2. of sound, to make distinct, make ring clear. 3. to bring to

light, display, exhibit: also to emplain, expound. in Att. to inform against, indict, impeach: to inform

of a thing as contraband: The parter a articles informed against as contraband. 5. aor. 1 med. 46vactus to show or display as one's own. II. intr.

to give light, shine forth. 2. to appear, like the Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2. pareone, pf. 2 wepnya. III.

Pass. to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or manifest. 2. of the rising of heavenly bodies, to

appear: αμα ήοι φαινομένηφιν at break of day. generally, to appear to be, o. part. or c. inf., which are used in different senses, palveras c. inf. denoting

what appears or is likely; paireral c. part. what is apparent or manifest; as, palveras elvas be appears

or seems to be (like bone), palveral law be manifestly 4. often in dialogue, palveral au raura; does this appear so? is not this so? Answ., palverae it

loes appear so, yes. 5. the phrase φανήναι όδόν, to appear on the road, is shortd, for live body were parifrai: so also, néheudor parele. 6. in Att., esp.

in nor. 1 εφάνθην, to be denounced, informed against; see paire L 4.

AIOZ, & &, dwky, dun, gray, Let. funcus.

φαιο-χίτων, ωνοε, δ, ή, (φαιόε, χιτών) dark-robed. ΦΑΚΕΛΟΣ, δ. a bundle, Lat. fasciculus.

φάκη, η, η, (φάκου) a dish of lentils or pulse, peaseporridge.

AROZ, & the plant lentil; also its fruit, which was eaten at funerals.

φάλαγγηθόν, Adv. (φάλαγξ) in phalannes.

άλλογγιον, τό, (φάλαγξ) a venomous kind of spider. φάλαγγομάχου, f. ήσω, to fight with or in a phalann: to fight in the ranks. From

φάλαγγο-μάχης, ου, δ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομακ) one that lights in the shalann: fighting in the ranks.

AAAIE, ayyos, \$, in Homer, a line or order of battle, battle-array: mostly in plus. the ranks of an army in battle. 2. later, the Greek mode of drawing up infantry, the phalann, a compact mass of mfantry usu. of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep: the phalanz was brought to great excellence under Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under Philip of Macedon; in palayyon dyew to lead is phalann, Lat. quadrato agmine. 3. generally, the main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (septira). also *a camp*. II. a round piece of wood, a trust or log; φάλαγγεε έβένου logs of ebony. III. q spider: see φαλάγγιον.

άλαγξι, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.

AAAINA, h, a whale, Lat. balaena: hence of a devouring monster, [�ā]

φάλάκρα, ή, (φαλακρόε) baldness, a bald bead.

άλακρός, ά, όν, (φάλος) bald-beaded, bald-pated. φάλακροω, f. ώσω, (φαλακρόε) to make bald: Pass. to become bald.

φάλανθίας, ου, δ, a bald man. From

άλανθος, ον, (φάλος) — φαλακράς. [φά]

φάλθρα, τά, (φάλοε) the cheek-pieces of the bel-II, the about-pieces of bornes: generally, met. trappings. [øð]

φάλαρίε ion. φαληρίε, ίδοε, ή, (φαλαρόε) ε εσος Lat. fullca, so called from its bald subite bead.

φάλαρός, ά, όν, Der. for Ion. φαλαμός, (φάλοι) baving a patch of white, white-crested.

Φάληρεύς, έως, δ, a man of Phalarum, e Phalarism. φάληριάω, (φαληρόε) to be or become milite: Ep. part., κύματα φαληριόεντα waves created with white foam.

Φάληρον, τό, Phalerson, the western harbour of Athens: Φαληρόθεν from Phalerum; Φαληρόνδε κ

Phalerum, [&]

φάληρός, ά, όγ, 100. έσε φαλαρός. άλής or φάλης, ητος, ό, -φάλλος.

φάλλαινα, ή, — φάλαινα.

ΦΛΛΛΟΊ, δ, membrum virile, a figure thereof, which was borne in solemn procession in the Becchie orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in nature,

ΦΑ'ΑΟΣ, b, a part of the believe worn by the

a metal ridge on the crown in which the plume (λόφου) was fixed. [d]

φάμα, ή, Dor. for φήμη.

φάμεν, Ep. for έφαμεν, I pl. 201. 2 of φημί. poët. for para, inf. of  $\phi\eta\mu$ i. [a]

φαμέν (enclit.), I pl. pres. of φημί.

φάμένα, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενος, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [d]

φαμί, Dor. for φημί. φάν, poët. for ἔφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [ἄ] φάναι, pres. or 20r. 2 inf. of φημί. [ἄ]

φαναι, sor. I inf. of φαίνω.

φάνείης, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω. φανείμεν, Att. for φανείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. cí paire.

φάνείς, είσα, έν, 20r. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.

φάνεν, Acol. and poet. for εφάνησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 1256. of paire: but pavév, 201. 2 part. neut. [d]

φάνερός, ά, όν, also όε, όν, (φαίνω) open to sight, visible: manifest, evident: freq. joined with part., ἐπισπεύδων φανερὸε ήν he was conspicuous urging the matter forward: ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ = Adv., φανερῶε, flainly, clearly: so, έν φανερφ, έν τῷ φανερῷ, κατά το φανερόν. 2. of persons, known, famous, conspicuous. 3. of property, tangible, real, opp. to money.

φάνεροω, f. ωσω, (φανερύε) to make visible or ma-II. to make known or famous: -Pass. with aor. I -άθην:—to become known or famous. Hence φάνερωs, Adv. of φανερός, openly, manifestly: Comp. φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φανέρωσις, ή, a making visible: a manifestation. φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. [ἄ] φάνη, ή, (φαίνω) a torch: in plur. φαναί, torch-

processions.

e.

φάνήη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of φαίνω. φάνηθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω. [ἄ] φανήμεναι, for φανήναι, sor. 2 pass, inf. of φαίναι. φάνήσομαι, fut. pass. of φαίνω.

φανίον, τό, Dim. of φανόε, (Subst.), a small torch,

φανοίτην, for φανοίμι, 20r. 2 opt. of φαίνω. φāνόs, ή, όν, (φαίνω) light, bright; τὸ φανόν bright-

ess: —of garments, washed clean. 2. bright, joyis, like φαιδρόε. Comp. and Sup. φανότεροε, -όταs. [ā]

bāvós, also māvos, ō, (φαίνω) a lamp, lantern, torch. Aνοθμαι, fut. med. of φαίνω.

αντάζω, f. άσω, (φαίνω) to make visible, clear or II. Pass., fut. φαντασθήσομαι: 201. Ι ınifest. αντάσθην:—to become visible, appear, shew one-

2. to make a show or parade, Lat. se osten-3. φαντάζεσθαί τινι to be like, assume a likes to some one. 4. used for paireobal or ownrείσθαι, to be informed against. Hence

zvraola, n. a kicking visible, displaying.

Nay, parair, Lat. ostentatio.

Homeric heroes: either the peak or fore-piece, or perh. 1 of philosophy, the power of the mind, by which it places objects before itself, presentative power.

φάντασμα, ατοε, τό, (φαντάζω) απ αργεστακες. image, phantom, like φάσμα: also a vision, dream. 2. an image presented to the mind by an object, Lat. visum : a mere image, unreal appearance.

φάντες, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of φημί. φαντί, Dor. for φασί, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάο, Ep. pres. or sor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φως, φω·· τός: Ep. also φόως: (φάω):—light, daylight; έν φάει by daylight; έτι φάους όντος while there was still daylight; often in phrases δράν φάσε ήελίσιο, ετ φάος βλέπειν, to see the light of the sun, i. e. to h: alive; so also, φάος λείπειν ήελίοιο, i. e. to be dead; els pus lévas to come into the light, i. e. into pub-2. the light of a fire or torch, fire-light or torcb-light. II. metaph. light, i. e. joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like; ω μέγιστον Έλλησιν coaos O greatest light of safety to the Greeks. plur. oása, the eyes, Lat. lumina: so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑ'PAΓΞ [φά], αγγος, ή, a mountain cleft, a deep

chasm, ravine, gully. (Akin to φάρυγξ.) φάράω, to plough.

φάρέτρα Ion. -τρη, ή, (φέρω) a quiver for carrying arrows, Lat. pharetra. Hence

 $\phi$ aperpeáv,  $\hat{\omega}$ vos,  $\delta$ ,  $= \phi$ apérpa.

φαρέτριον, τό, Dim. of φαρέτρα, a small quiver.

άρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φαρέτρα, φέρω) quiver-bearing. Φαρισαίος, ου, δ, a Pharises: pl. of Φαρισαίοι, the Pharisees or Separatists, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακάω, (φάρμακον) to suffer from poison, be mad from the effects of poison. II. to require medicine, as τομάω to require cutting.

φαρμάκεία, ή, (φαρμακεύω) the use of any kind of drugs, potions or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery. φαρμάκία, ή, poët. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμάκεύς, έως, δ, (φάρμακου) one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner: fem. φαρμά-

KEÚTPLE.

φαρμάκεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) to administer a drug: to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύειν τω ès τον ποταμόν to use a thing as a charm to calm 2. c. acc. pers. to drug, purge.

φαρμάκίς, ίδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, a sorceress.witch. φαρμάκόσιε, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) drugged, poisonous.

ΦΑΡΜΑΚΟΝ, τό, a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσου a medicine for disease; metaph... φάρμακον λύπης, a remedy against grief. The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments ot salves, and maora, entraora or karandagra plas-II. as a term | ters; those taken immerally were Bowouna, such as. pille, and sorius, word, stored, draughts or politics. II. a poisonous drug, drug, poison. III. succeptarne, an informer: cf. Sastanule. an enchanted potion, philtre: also a charm, spell, enchantment: any secret means of effecting a thing. IV. also a means of producing something, as, pappareor currence an expedient to procure salety. means for colouring, a dye, colour.

φαρμάκο-ποσία, ή, (φάρμακον, IIO- Root of πίνω)

a drinking of medicine or poison.

φαρμάκο-πώλης, ου, ό, (φάρμακου, πωλέω) οπο ευδο sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary.

φαρμάκός, δ, ή, (φάρμακον) - φαρμακεύε. one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, an arrant raseal, polluted wretch, Lat. bomo piacularis.

φαρμάκο-τρίβης [Υ], δ, (φάρμακον, τριβήναι) οπο

subo grinds and prepares drugs or colours. φαρμάκοω, f. ωσω, (φόρμακον) to endue with beal-

ing power.

φαρμάσσω Att. -ττω: f. fo: pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμαι: (φάρμακον):—to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres; φαρμάσσειν χαλκόν to temper metal by plunging it in cold water. II. to enchant or bewitch by the use of potions, to poison. III. to alloy, adulterate: season, spice.

ΦΑΡΟΣ [d] or φάρος [d], eoe, τό, a cloth, sheet, I. a wide, loose cloak or mantle, web: sail-clotb. worm as an outer garment, also used as a shroud; πύματον φάρος my last rag.

Φάρος, ή, Pharos, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. appellat. φάρος, δ, a lighthouse.

φάρόωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of φαράω.

φάρσος, εοε, τό, (φάρω) a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division, Lat. pare; φάρσσα πόλιος the quarters of a city.

φάρυγξ, ή or ό, gen. ĕγος, (φάρω) the throat. a gulf, eleft, chasm in the earth: cf. φάραγξ. [ἄ]

ΦΑΡΩ, f. φάρσω: pf. τέφαρκα:—to cleave, part. φάε, φάσα, φάν, part. pres. and aor. 3 of φημί.

φασγάνιε, ίδοε, ή, Dim of φάσγανον, a knife. φάσγανον, τό, (σφάζω, for σφάγανον) a thing to

cut with, a sword. φασγάν-ουργόε, όν, (φάσγανον, •ξργω) forging | swords.

φασε, Dor. and poet. for έφησε, 3 sing. aor. I of φημί. φάσηλος [ἄ], δ, a sort of beam, Lat. phaselus. a light boat, canoe, skiff, from its likeness to the pod of the φάσηλος. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, Ep. med. inf. of φημί.

φάσθε, φάσθω, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of թղμί.

همر, β pl. of *φημί*.

\$aouavisiós, \$\dagger\$, or, from the river Phasis, but with a play on ouro-dartirúe, informing-like.

Pasis : hence judgment.

have, ese, h, for parous, (palru) an accusation, information. [d]

φάσια, em, ή, (φημί) a saying, speech, sentence. IL.

affirmation, assertion. [d]

Thous, see, b, the river Phasis in Colchis or Pontos. φάσκω, impf. έφασκον Ep. φάσκον, (which is used as impf. of  $\phi\eta\mu$ ): -  $\phi\eta\mu$ l, so say, but often with a collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend, Lat. proc se ferre: also to think, suppose: to promise to do.

φάσμα, ατοι, τό, (φαίνω) an apparition, phantom; φάσμα dedpos the phantom of a man. 2. 6 sign rom beaven, a portent, omen. 3. a montuler, prodigy, partent; pasus raipor a monster of a ball.

ΦΑ'ΣΣΑ Att. φάντα, ἡ, the wood-pigeon, ring-dose

or cusbat, Lat. palumbes.

φασσο-φόνος, ον, (φάσσα, <sup>e</sup>φίνω) dow-killing, of the hawk; as Subst., фаσσοφόνος, é, name of a kind of hawk.

φάσω, φάσειε, Dor. for σήσω, φήσειε, fat. of φημί. φάτέ, 2 plur. of φημί.

φάτοιδε, ά, όν, (φημί) poët. for φατίε, to be spoken of, pronounced.

φάτέον, verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say. ματί, Dor. for φησί, 3 sing, pres. of φημί.

φάτίζω, f. low Dor. lew: sor. I έφάτισα: Pass., aor. Ι έφατίσθην: pl. πεφάτισμαι: (φάτια):— so say, speak, report; to parisour used about, as the sayince is. II. to promise, plight, betroth. II. as call, name.

> φάτιε, eue Ion. ιου, ή, (φημί) α saying, speech, report; κατά φάτιν as the report goes; ή φάτιε έχει μω the report goes of him. II. one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report, Lat. fama. the saying, answer of an oracle. [a]

φάτνη, ή, (πατέομαι) a manger, crib.

φάτο, Ep. for έφάτο, 3 sing. 20τ. 2 of φημί. φάτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken; that

may be spoken, uttered or pronounced: with a negat. οδ φατόε, unspeakable, unutterable. II. famous. φάττα, ή, Att. for φάσσα.

bath-eπί-φαυλος, (φαύλος, ἐπί, φαύλος) δαιέ προκ bad, bad as bad can be.

φαυλίζω, f. low Att. ιω, (φαύλου) to bold cheap, to depreciate, disparage.

ΦΑΥ ΛΟΣ, η, or, also or, or, like φλαύρου, light, easy, slight, trifling. 2. trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, IL of persons, low in rank, mean, common: bad. worthless, poor, common, of no account; of person the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or smadecated, as opp. to of copol. s. of outward appearance, ugly, mean-looking. 3. caroless, thougheless. φαυλότης, ητος, ή, meanness, politriness. 2, man of accomplishments; if the paulotres my lock of

δ φασίανος (sub. δρνιε) the Phasian bird, pheasant, | φαύλως, Adv. of φαύλος, easily, lightly; φαιώλια

plots to bear a thing lightly, take it easily. at a rough guess; φαύλων λογίσασθαι to estimate roughly; paidase elseir to speak loosely.

φαυσίμ-βροτος, αν, = φαισίμβροτοι.

ΦA'Ω, Root of paire, to give light, shine, beam, esp. of the heavenly bodies.

PEBOMAI, poët. Dep., used only in pres. and impl., = φοβέσμαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted: c. acc. to fire from.

ΦΕΤΤΌΣ, eco, τό, light, splendour, lustre : sunlight, daylight; denato pérque érove, periphr. for in II. poet. light, gladness, joy. Hence the tenth year.

φέγγω, to make bright -Pass. to shine, gleam, be bright.

φαδέσμαι, Ion. του φείδομαι.

φείδεο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.

φαδίπον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, rá, spare thrifty meals, being the Spartan name for the public tables (συσσίτια), at which all citizens ate together the same frugal meal. 2. also the common ball, in which these meals were taken.

ΦΕΤΔΟΜΑΙ: fut. φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p. fut. seφίδησομαι: 201. 1 έφεισάμην Ερ. φεισάμην: Ερ. 10dupl. sor. 2 πεφίδόμην, opt. πεφιδοίμην, πεφίδοιτο, inf. πεφιδέσθαι: Dep.:-to spare, to be sparing or chary of a thing, Lat. pareers, c. gen.: of provisions, to use sparingly of thriftily: also to draw back of from turn away from: c. inf. to spare or forbear to do. Hence

personatives, Adv. pres. part. of pellopen, sparingly, tbriftily, ebarily.

φειδώ, δου contr. οθε, ή, (φείδομαι) a sparing, re-II. thrift, stinginess.

raining.

φειδωλή and φειδωλία, ή, - φειδώ. From φειδωλός, ή, όν, (φειδώ) sparing, thrifty, chary of a thing: c. gen., φειδωλύε χρημάτων sparing of noney. Adv. -\alpha\text{\text{a}}, \text{sparingly, thriftly,

φείσασθαι, nor. I inf. of φείδομαι.

φείσατα, Ep. 3 sing, nor. I of φείδομαι.

φειστέον, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, one must spare. φελλεύε, έωε, δ, stony ground or soil: hence as the ame of a rocky district of Attica.

φέλλϊνος, η, αν, (φελλύε) made of eark.

φέλλιον, τό, mostly in plur. stony ground: cf. ελλεύε.

φελλό-πους, -ποδος, δ, φ, nent. -πουν, (φελλύς, ούs) cork-footed.

ΦΕΔΛΟΣ, δ, the eorh-tree, Lat. quereus suber. e bark of the eark-tree, a cork, Lat. eartes.

bevāxizes, f. low, (pleat) to play the impostor, eat, lie. 2. trans. to cheat, trick :- Pass. to be eated. Hence

vevanuos, ė, quaekery, imposture, trickery, ENAS, axos, b, a obeat, quach, impostor.

ΦΕΝΩ, to elay, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep. r. 2 weepvor, shortd, from the redupl, form weepvor, o with augm. Exequor, infin. xequeper, part. proor (not reprér) as if it were part. pres.: m., pf. wipāpai, 3 sing. wipārai, 3 pl. wiparrai, mightier, more powerful. See gipraros,

2. | inf. repásseu: paullo-p. fut. rephysopen Ep. 2 sing. πεφήσεαι.

φορ-ανθής, έε, (φέρα, άνθοε) bringing flowers.

φέρ-ασπις, ιδος, δ, ή, (φέρω, donis) shield-bearing. o-avyhs, έs, (φέρω, αὐγή) bringing light, shining. ΦE'PBO, plaps. ενεφίρβειν:—to feed, nourisb: to II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing: preserve. hence to eat, consume, Lat. depasei: metaph. to feed III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing;

chesecular voor to feed one's mind. ep-lyytos, or, (φέρω, λγγύη) giving surety or bail, able to give security, trusty, responsible: generally, oapable, competent: c. inf., λιμήν φερέγγυσε διασώσαι rds reas a harbour capable of preserving the ships: c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty. -cf. lxtyyvos.

φερέμαν, Ep. inf. of φέρα.

φερεμ-μελίης, poët, for φερεμελίης, ου, δ. (φέρα, μελία) a warrior bearing an asben spear, generally, a spear-bearer.

pept-vices, or, (ptpm, vien) carrying off victory, victorious.

φερέ-οικος, ον, (φέρω, οἶκοε) earrying one's bouse with one, of the nomad Scythians:—as Subst., performs, &, the bouse-carrier, i.e. snail; cf. mouldrove, debateos.

φερέ-πονος, ον, (φέρω, πίνος) bringing trouble of SOFTOW.

φερέσ-βιος, ον, (φέρω, βίος) bearing life or food, life-giving, food-giving.

φέρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impl. of φέρω.

φερεσ-σάκης, έε, gen. έσε, (φέρω, σάκοε) εbieldbearing, beavy-armed.

φερε-στάφυλος, αν, (φέρω, σταφυλή) bearing bunches of grapes.

φέρετρον contr. φέρτρον, τό, (φέρω) a bier, litter, Lat. feretrum.

ψέρην, Acol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.

φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη, 3 sing. subj. of φέραι

φέριστος, η, ω, like φέρτατος, stoutest, bravest. best; mostly in addresses, & φέριστε.

φέρμα, ατος, τό, (φέρω) that which is borne, a load, burden: the burden or fruit of the womb.

φερνή, ή, (φέρω) that which is brought by the wife. a dowry, portion, Lat. doe; pepual noke pour the dowry of war, i. e. a wife won in battle.

φέρουσα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.

spovre, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω: but also part. 2xt.

Φερσεφάττιον Att. Φερρεφάττιον, τό, α temple of sanctuary of Persepbone. From

Феровфаота Att. -rra, and Феррвфатта, 1, = Первефавва, -тта. Первефору, Proserpine.

Φερσεφόνη, ή, - Περσεφόνη.

φέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. - φέριστος, stoutest, bravest, best, mightiest, most powerful. (From pipes, as Lat. fortis from fero.)

φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω. person, a, or, Comp. Adj. stouter, braver, better. durable.

φέρτρον, coatr. for φέρετρον.

ΦΕΡΩ, a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. pepre for pepere; 3 sing. subj. φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη; Ion. impf. φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root \*OΓΩ comes the fut. olow, med. οίσομαι; Ep. imperat. οίσε, inf. οίσέμεν, οίσέμεναι; also fut, pass, olothoopas. From the Root \*EN-ETKΩ come zer. I freyra, lon. freira Ep. éreira, subj. evelow, inf. evelou: acr. 2 freywor Ion. freezor. Ep. inf. everee μεν: Ion. aor. I pass. ipelχθην: 3 pl. aor. I med. ipelicarro. From the same Root come pf. act. erhroxa, pam. erhrequat, fut. pass. erexoh-I. like Lat. FERO, σομαι, 20r. 1 pass. ήνέχθην. II. to bear along, with to bear or earry a load. an idea of motion added, as of horses, appe peper, III. to bear, endure, suffer, esp. with an Adv., Bapéan, xahenan pépeir ti, Lat. aegré, graviter ferre, to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it; opp. to κεύφων φέρειν Tt, Lat. leviter ferre, to bean a thing cheerfully, take IV. to fetch; to bring, present, give; supa peper to bring presents; and Med. bring with one of for one's own hise :- Xápiv tivì pépeir to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness; but later, to shew gratitude to one. 2. to occasion, cause, work; as, kakor of Thua Dépeir. 3. to tring in, pay, discharge; pipor or das udr peper to pay tribute; τιμήν φέρειν to pay a fine. ψήφον φέρειν to give one's vote, Lat. ferre suffragium. V. to bear, bring forth, produce: absol. of the earth or of trees, to bear fruit, be fruitful: metaph, to bring in, yield, produce; αγών ὁ τὸ πῶν φέρου the contest that bestows everything. to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder, mostly in phrase peper sal dyear, Lat. agere et ferre, where pépeu refeis to the moveables which are carried off, and ayen to the cattle which are driven away: also simply perer to 2. to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain: also to receive one's due, e. g. to receive pay :- Med., esp. in phrases άεθλον φέρεσθαι to carry off a prize; τα πρώτα, τα δεύτερα φέρεσθαι to win and bold the first, the second rank: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and beboof, so as to take and carry away to one's bame. VII. absol. of roads, to lead to a place; i obos pépes, like Lat. via fert or 2. of a tract of country, to stretch, extend, verge to or towards: metaph. to lead or tend to an end or object; τὰ πρόε τὸ ἰγιαίνειν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, to contribute or conduce to or towards. 3. to aim at. bint or point at, refer to a thing; ès applious dyuvas φέρον το μαντήιον the oracle referring to martial contests; τῶν ἡ γνώμη ἔφερε συμβάλλειν their opinion inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers...

φορτός, ή, όν, vero. adj. of φέρω, to be borne, en- | πλέον έφερέ of ή γνώμη, c. inf., his opin on inclined rather to do so and so :- deper is also used like ourφέρει, it tends [to one's interest], is expedient. to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of; εδ οτ πονηρών φέρεσθαι to be well or ill spoken of. 2. to be carried about, to be in circu-IX. pépe is used in Homer as imperat., lation. bear, earry, bring: but, like dye, it was afterwards used as an Adv., come, now, well, before the I sing. or plur. subj., φέρε ἀκούσω, come let me hear; φέρε στήσωμεν come let us set.

Pass. to be borne or carried from a place, esp. involuntarily; to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be burried, swept away, rush, fly along, Lat. ferri : lθύε φέρεσθαι to rush tight upon; φερώμενοι έσέπιπτον ès τους Alyurhras bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans: so also part. act. used intrans., φέρουσα ένέβαλε νηλ φιλίη bearing down she ran into a friendly ship. 2. also of bodies moved by their own power, to basten, run, fly, speed. metaph., εδ or κακών φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., to turn out, prosper well or ill; τὰ πράγματα κακών φίperai our affairs are in a bad state.

**DET**, Exclamation of grief or anger, ab! alas! woel like Lat. vab, vae, our fyel: c. gen., φεῦ τῆs Έλλάδου woe for Hellas ! II. of astonishment or admiration, ab! ob!

φευγέμεν, -έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγει. φεύγεσκεν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω.

φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέτωσαν, 3 pl. imperat., let

them flee: also part, gen. pl. of φεύγω. ΦΕΥΤΩ: Ion. impf. φεύγεσκον: f. φεύξομαι Dor. φευξούμαι: 201. 2 έφυγον: pf. act. πέφενγα, pass. (in act. sense) πέφυγμαι: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυζύτες, as if from φύζω:—to flee, take flight: c. acc. cognato, φείγειν φυγήν to flee in flight; also, φείγει: The mapa bakassar [sc. The obir] to flee [the way by the sea. 2. the pres. part. φεύγουν often eapresses only the purpose or endeavour to flee, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being addici to denote the escape; as, βέλτερον, ώε φεύγων τρ:φύγη κακον ής άλωη it is better that running of one should escape than be caught; so, deriver exφεύγειν, φεύγων αποφεύγειν. 3. φεύγειν isi Tives to flee before any one. 4. C. inf. to shun or sbrink from doing: absol. to fear, flinch. c. acc. to flee, shun, avoid: as, φεύγειν θάναταν, nλεμον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, † κ oxor φύγον ήνία the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer. 2. pf. pass. part retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένου μοίραν, δλεθρον basing ecaped, being quit of fate, destruction: but also c. ge-. πεφυγμένου déθλων escaped from toils, flee one's country for a crime; φεύγειν δικό τφοι ...

be banished by one: hence to go into exile, live in

Att. law-term, to be accused or prosecuted at law.

opp. to bidies: hence, o perfor the accused, defent

IV. D

banishment, be banished, Lat. exulare.

ant, Lat. rous, δ διώπων the accuser, prosecutor; c. | me; in familiar language φημί is often put before its acc., φεύγειν γραφήν οι δίκην, to be put on one's trial on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as φεύγειν φόνου (sc. δίκην) to be defendant on a charge of murder, i.e. to be charged with murder.'

φεύζω, f. for: not. I έφευξα:—to cryφεῦ, crysuos, suail. (From φεῦ, as οἰμώζω from οἰμοι, αἰάζω from al αί.) φευκτέον, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, one must flee.

Φευκτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided.

φεθξείω, Desiderat. of φεύγω, to wish or desire to flee.  $\phi \in \hat{U}_{\epsilon}^{\dagger}(s)$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta s$ ,  $(\phi \in \hat{U}_{\gamma} \omega) = \phi \hat{U}_{\epsilon}^{\dagger}(s)$ .

φεύξομαι Dor. φευξούμαι, fut. of φεύγαι

φεύξω, fut. of φεύζω (not of φεύγω).

ΦΕΨΑΛΟΣ, ov, δ, and φεψάλυξ, έγος, δ, a spark, orand, piece of the embers or bot ashes. Hence φεψάλόω, f. ώσω, to reduce to asbes, to burn up.

φεψάλυξ, υγοι, δ, -φέψαλοι. [α]

φη, Ion. for έφη, 3 sing. zor. 2 of φημί.

φη, 3 sing. sor. 2 subj. of φημί.

φηγίνεος, α, ον, and. φήγίτος, η, αν, (φηγύε) vaken, of oak, Lat. faginus.

φηγίνους, ή, οῦν, contr. for φηγινέος.

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ή, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent corn, not the Lat. fagus (beech). II. the escu-

ent fruit of the same tree. ψήη, Ep. for φŷ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of φημί Φήληξ, ηκου, δ, (φηλύε) deceiver, name of a wildg, which seems ripe when it is not really so.

φηλητεύω f. σω, to cheat, deceive, trick. From Φηλήτης, ου, οι φηλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (φηλόε) a deceiver, Beat, knave, thief.

◆HAO'A, f, ov, deceitful, knavish. Hence -ηλόω, f. ώσω, to deceive, cheat, trick. Hence Φήλωμα, ατοι, τό, a deceit, deception, cheat. - ήμη Dor. φάμα, ή, Lat. fama, (φημί) a voice

om beaven, a tropbetic voice: an oracle, an au-II. any voice or words, a speech, saying: יציעע. 2. a common saying, an old tradi-SO a song. re, legend, adage. 3. like Lat. fama, a rumour,

port: hence a man's good on bad report, his fame, exetation, character. 4. a message. FIMI, φήε, φησί: 20r. 2 έφην (the impf. being

σοκον, see φάσκω), έφησθα Ερ. φήσθα, έφη; im--12. φάθι; inf. φάναι; part. φάε, φᾶσα, φάν: fut. σο: aor. Ι έφησα. Med., aor. 2 εφάμην [d], inf. σθαι, part. φάμενος: impf. or aor. 2 έφάμην: also pass. πέφασμαι; 3 sing. imperat. πεφάσθα. Ep. I pl. pres. opt. painer for painuer; 3 sing.

, j φήη for φη ; 201. 2 φην, φη , φη, for έψην, τος έφη, and 3 pl. έφαν, φάν for έφασαν; med. exat. φάο for φάσο:—'Ημί is a shortd. form of

= φάσκω is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. is enclitic, except in 2 pers. φήs. A. tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts:

to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine, esp. Med.; loor tuol passar to fancy himself equal ta tempted.

pronoun, as, έφην έγω said I; έφη ὁ Σωκράτης said Socrates:  $\phi \eta \mu i$  is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, έφη λέγων, έλεγε φάε, etc. often means, to say yes, affirm, assert: opp. to of φημι οτ φημὶ οὐχί, to say no, deny, refute.

φημίζω: f. ίσω Att. ιῶ Dor. ίξω: sor. I ἐφήμισα: (φήμη):—to speak, utter, name:—Med. to express in words.

φημιε, ισε, ή, poët. for φήμη, speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; dipose φημιε the voice or judgment of the people.

φην, Ep. for έφην, 201. 2 of φημί.

pfival, sor. I int. of paires.

vete, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of **¢abe**s

ΦΗ'NH, ή, a kind of vulture.

φήρ, δ, gen. φηρόε, Acol. for θήρ, esp. in plur. **T**npes, the Centaurs.

φηρο-μάνής, έε, gen, έος, (φήρ, μανήναι) madly fond of wild animals or bunting.

2. offe, Ep. for long,  $\phi_{1}$  ing. of  $\phi_{1}$  is but 2 sing. **sor.** 2 of φημί.

φησθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

rpη, ή, Ion. for φάτρα.

φθαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φθάνω.

θαίρω, Dor. for φθείρω.

Maueros, sor. 2 med. part. of openion. [d] θάν, Ερ. for Ιφθασαν, 3 pl. nor. 2 of φθάνω.

**ΦΘΛ'ΝΩ:** fut. φθήσομαι, later also φθάσω [ἄ]: aor. Ι έφθάσα: aor. 2 έφθην, 3 pl. φθάν for έφθασαν, subj. φθώ, Ep. 3 sing. φθήη and φθήσιν, Ep. 1 pl. φθέωμεν, 3 pl. φθέωσιν, opt. φθαίην, inf. φθήναι, part. φθάε: pf. έφθάκα: Ep. 20r. 2 med. part. φθάμενοε [a]: Dor. fut. φθαξώ, zor. I έφθαξα. To come before, do, reach before; ò poaras the first comer; poareir els την πύλιν to come first into the city:—c. acc. pers. to be beforeband with, overtake, outstrip, anticipate, Lat. praevenire; and sometimes simply to arrive; έφθησαν τὸν χειμώνα they anticipated the storm; it is often joined with a part, act, agreeing with the agent, έφθη βαλών αὐτόν be was beforeband in striking him; ή κα πολύ φθαίη πόλιε άλουσα the city would be beforeband in being taken, i.e. it would IL in these constructions, obarear be taken first. is best rendered in English by an Adv. before, sooner, first; έφθην αφικύμενος I came sooner or first: we also find the part. of φθάνω joined with another Verb, ούκ άλλος φθάς έμευ κατήγορος έσται no other shall be an accuser before me; φθάσαι προσπεσούμαι I will first fall upon you; so part. φθάσαs with imperat., λέγε φθάσαι speak quickly. III. *poarer* with où and part., followed by kal, etc., like Lat. simul ac, denotes two actions following close on each other, of φθάνει έξαγόμενος καὶ εύθὺς δμοιός έστι πο sooner is he brought out than he is like; οὐκ ἐφθη μοι συμβάσα ή άτυχία και εύθυε έπεχείρησαν scarcely or no

sooner had misfortune befallen me than they at-

IV. in questions with ob, poarse de-

noves impatience to have the thing done; description! our dr offerous; will you not be quick and run off? V. in answers with i. e. make haste and run off. où and opt. c. dr. où e dr obdroues I could not be soo quick, i. e. I will begin directly.

φθαρήναι, sor. 2 pass. inf. of φθείρα.

φθαρτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φθείρω, corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.

φθάς, φθάσα, φθάν, sor. 2 part. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΤΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγξομαι: 201. Ι έφθεγξάμην: pl. έφθεγμαι: Dep.:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; το φθεγγόμενον, that which uttered the sound, the voice. mals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a favia, to cry; of a door, to creak. IL c. acc. cognato, \$66774σθαι έπου to utter or say a wot? III, to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγομαι) a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγξομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.

φθείομεν, Ερ. for φθέωμεν, φθῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. οί φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΙΡ, δ, gen. φθειρος, a louse, Lat. pedicu-II. the small fruit or cone of a kind of pine. lus. φθαιριάω, f. άσω, (φθείρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis.

φθειρο-τράγεω, f. ησω, (φθείρ, τραγεῖν) to eat μεε,or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. obelp

φθείρω: fut. φθερώ Ep. φθέρσω: aor. I έφθειρα: pt. έφθαρκα, pf. 2 έφθορα: Pass., pf. έφθαρμαι, 3 pl. έφθάραται: aor. 2 έφθάρην [ἄ]: (φθίω):—10 corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, pessumdare: - Pass. to go to ruin, perish; in Att., φθείρου was a common imprecation, go and be banged! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, el μη φθερεί unless thou depart; but, poeipeavai eie or upóe ti to 2. in Pass., of shiprun beadlong into a thing wrecked persons, to be cast away. II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of wom to seduce :-Pass. to perish, pine away.

φθερσί-γενής, έε, (φθείρω, γενος) destroying the

race or family

φθέωμεν, φθέωσιν, Ep. 10r φθωμεν, φθώσιν, I and 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθη, Ep. for έφθη, 3 sing 201. 2 of φθάνω.

φθήη, Ep. for φθή, 3 sing. nor. 2 subj. of φθάνω. φθηναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω,

φθήστε, Ep. for φθή, 3 sing agr. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

hooper fut of deam.

🏜 (a, as, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ης, ή, Phibia, a disarict in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [1]

Tota, abos, 4, sem. of Polos, a Phibian woman.

φθίσται, Ερ. for φθίηται, 201. 2 pass. subj. of φθία. Φθηνδε, Adv. 10 Phthia. [1]

Φίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of Φίη, at Phthia. [. foliavos, part. Eh. sor. 2 pass. of police. [1]

Φενάε, άδοε, ή, (φθίσω) intr. perisbing, washing,

waning. II. act. causing to decline, wasting: νόσοι φθινάδης wasting diseases.

φθίνασμα, α: ε, τό, (φθένω) a declining, wassing, pining, waning. [Y]

deliver and deliver, (deliver) to waste or pine.

φθίνο-καρπος, ον. (φθίνω, καρπός) with blighted frait! φθίνοπωρίνός, ή, όν, (φθινόπωρον) autumnal.

bolivommple, idos, fem. of pourommeuro

φθίν-όπωρον, τό, (φθίνω, όπωρα) the last part of brúpa or the time after brúpa, late autuma, the fall of the year

φθινύθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φθυνύθω. [V] φθίν**ύθω, poët, for φθίνω, used only in pres, a**ns L intr. to waste away, decay.

trans. to consume, waste. [v] ΦΘΊΝΩ, common form of φθία. [Y] φθίομαι, Ep. for φθιώμαι, 201. 2 pass. subj

Φθίος, a, ar, (Φθία) Phibian; oi Φθίοι, the Phibian. φθίσεσθαι [ĭ], fut. med. inf. of φθίναι

φθισ-ήνωρ, opes, ė, ή, (φθίνω, ἀνήρ) snan-acetroping, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσθαι, Ep. sor. 3 pess. of φθιοι φθιναι.

φθίσίμ-βροτος, ον, (φθίνω, βρότοι) man-destroying φθίσιε, εωε, ή, (φθίνω) of persons, consumption, de

2. generally, a dwindling cline, decay, Lat. tabes. or wasting away, decay, waning. [7]

φθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. acr. 2 pass. opt. of φθιω: Dut. φθίτο [t], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. indic.

φθίτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φθίω, wasted, decayed dead ; oi φθιτοί the dead.

ΦΘΓΩ, impl. έφθεον, more common in fors ΦΘΓΝΩ [I Hom., I Att.]: fut. φθίσομαι [I]: pf. pass (in same sense as act.) έφθίμαι: plapf. έφθίμην [1] -but ἐφθίμην je more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., pl. ἐφθίατο; subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίομαι, 3 sing. φθί εται (for φθίηται), I pl. φθιόμεσθαι (for φθιώμεθα): opt. φθίμην, φθίο, φθίτο; inf. φθίσθαι; part. 🙌 uevos [1]:-to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste ever perish, die; ol obiueros the dead: of Time, who see rif poiro first would the night come to an end φθίνουσεν νόκτει the nights wane; μηνών φθενίντα in the moon's wans, i. c. towards the month's end in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μὴν Ιστάμενος and μὴν φθίνων, as m phrase τοῦ μλν φθίνοντοε μηνόε τοῦ δ' ίσταμένοιο both s the waning of the month, and at its beginning; a Athens the month was divided into 3 decads, loτάμενοι, μήν μεσών, μήν φθίνων; in the two in of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, with die. II. Causal in fut. 4010w [7], 200. I 20. έφθισα (like βήσω, έβησα):—to make to decline, is cay or pine away, to consume: also of money, ex-

Φθίωτης, ου, δ. (Φθία) ε man of Philis:-- fea Φθιώτιε, ιδοε (sub. γή), the land of Phebia. φθογγή, ή, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγος, εδο voice (

men; also the cry of animals.

to waste, squander.

φθογγόε, δ, (φθέγγομαι) the voice of men: also the cry of animals: generally, α sound.

ΦΘΟΤΞ, Ios, δ, nom. pl. φθοῦς, s kind of eaks. φθονερέε, ά, όν, (φθόνου) susions, jealous; τὸ θεῖον πὰν ἐστι φθανερόν the gods are altogether jealous. Adv. φθονερῶν ἔχειν το be susionally disposed.

φθονίω, i. ήσω: aoc. I ἐφθόνησα, in late Poets ἐφθόνεσα: Pass., aoc. I ἐφθονήσην: (φθόνεσ):—to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or ill-mill; c. dat pers., φθονεῦ τυν εἔ πρήσσοντι to envy a man in a state of prosperity: absol., μὴ φθονήσγε bear no malice, Lat. ne graveris: also c. gen. rei, οῦ τοι ἡμόνων φθονέω I bear thee no grudge for the mules.

2. c. acc. rei, to grudge, refuse or with bold through envy or jealousy.

3. c. inf., οὸκ ἀν φθονέωμι ἀγορεύσαι I will not grudge to tell; ἐφθόνησων ἀνδρα ενα τῆε το 'Ασίγε καὶ τῆε Βθράνηνε βασιλεύσαι they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe.

4. Pass. φθονούμαι, to be cruised or begrudged, Lat. invideor (in Horace). Hence

grudging: envy.

480 NO2, 6, ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of anothet: also an envying, a grudge, malies, Lat. invidia; obbals phonos there is no grudging, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, envy for or because of a thing—phonos jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase row phonos or intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy. phono is no phonos of the phrase row phonos in the same also amortality, perdition, death. 2. sectuation, rain: also amortality, perdition, death. 2. sectuation of a woman.

II. moral corruption,

φθόνησις, eas, ή, an envying, a being jealous or

lepravity, wiekedness.

Φθορου, δ. – φθορά, destruction, ruin, perdition:
sence, οὐκ ἐκ φθόρον [sc. ἀπει]; as a curse, like Lat.
thi in malam rem, wift thou not go to ruin ? i.e. go
sang.

IL like δλεθρου, a pestilent fellow.

-de, -dev, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and f genit., both in sing, and plur.: hence as an adver-

ial termin, mostly of place.

ΦΙΑ΄ ΑΗ [2], η, a flat shallow sup or bowl, esp. a rinking-bowl or bowl for libations, Lat. patera: a function of functions that patera: the bowl of Mars, was a comic exaph. for dowls a shield.

**[ωάλλω,** f. φιἄλω, to take in band, undertake, set

out a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

pedipos, á, ir lon duspos, ή, br (vîup) sleek, plump. pβάλου. Att. φιβαλόφ, al, with or without loxás, a kind of sarly figs, so called from Φίβαλιε, a strict of Attica or Megaris.

κ**δίτιον, see** φειδίτιον.

ich-áβouhos, or, (φίλος, άβουλος) wilfully thought-

s, wayward.

Χλ-άγ**άθος,** or, (φίλος, ἐγαθός) ιονing goodness. Χλ-άγλ**άος**, or, (φίλος, ἐγλαος) loving splendour. Χλ-άγρα**υλος**, or, (φίλος, ἀγραυλος) fond of a méry life. [ἄγρ] φίλ-άγρέτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, άγρα) a lawer of the chase: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ιδος, a huntress.

φίλ-άγρος, σε, (φίλος, άγρίς) fond of the country or of a country life,

.φάλ-άγρυπνος, ον, (φίλος, άγρυπνος) foud of making or watching, wakeful. [ἄγρ]

φίλ-άγων, awos, δ, ή, (φίλος, άγων) fond of contests:

used in contests. [d]

φιλάβελφία, ή, brotherly or sisterly loss. From φιλ-άβελφος, ον, (φίλος, άδελφος) fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly. [4]

φίλ-άεθλος, ον, (φίλος, deθλον) fond of the games. φίλ-άθηναιος, ον (φίλος, 'Δθηναίος) fond of the

Athenians.

φίλαι, Ep. 2 sing. 201. I med. imperat, ot φιλέω. φίλ-αίακτος, ον, (φίλος, aláξω) fond of wailing: lamentable.

\$\dagger\$\tau\text{bfuse}, or, gen. eros, (\$\dagger\$\tau\text{bfuse}, albin) loving modests.

φίλ-alμάτος, ον, (φίλος, alμa) fond of blood, bloodthirsty.

φίλαθτερος, α, αν and φίλαθτατος, η, αν, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of φίλοε, dearer, dearest.

φΩ-alrics, or, (φίλοε, alria) fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censoricus.

II. liable to blame.

φίλ-ἄκόλουθος, ον, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) readily following.

φίλ-άκρατος Ion -ακρητος, ον, (φίλος, άκρατος) fond of abser wine: given to wine. [ἄκρ]

φίλαμα, Dor. for φίλημα.

φίλάμενος, poët. sor. 1 med. part. ot φιλέω, in pass. sense.

φίλ-άμπελος, or, (φίλος, άμπελος) friend of the vine.
φίλανθρία, ή, love for a bushand: love for men. From
φίλ-ανθρος, or, (φίλος, ἀνήρ) loving one's bushand,
conjugal. Il. loving men. [t]

φίλ-ανθής, έε, (φίλοε, άνθοε) fond of flowers.

φίλ-ανθράκεύς, έως, δ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύε) friend of colliers.
φίλανθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπου) to be a friend to

mankind: in Med. φιλανθροιπεύουαι, to act bumanely or kindly.

φίλανθρωπία, ή, (φιλάνθρωποε) love for mantine, bumanity, benevolence, kindliness, elemency: in plus. acts of bumanity or kindness.

φίλ-άνθρωπος, οτ, (φίλος, άνθρωπος) towng mankind, bumans, benevolent, kind. Hence

mna, tumane, tenevolent, mna. Hence φιλανθρώπως, Ady. bumanely, kindly: Sup. --ότατε,

most bumanely.

φίλ-άνωρ [ā], opos, δ, ή, Dor. for. φιλ ήνωρ, (φίλοs, drhp) loving one's busband, affectionate.

φίλ-aoιδός, όν, (φίλος, ἀοιδός) fond if singing or singers.

φιλαοιδώ, Dor. gen. of φιλαοιδύε.

φίλ-dusχθημοσύνη, η fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels: in pl. quarrelsome attempts. From

φίλ-επεχθήμων, ον, gen. ονοι, (φίλος, ἀπεχθώνο- | pail fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling. Adv. - poros

φίλ-απλοϊκός, ή, όν, (φίλος, ἀπλόος: fond of um-

plicity or frankness

φίλ-ἄπόδημος, οτ, (φίλος, ἀπ/δημος) fond of going abroad or travelling

φίλαργύρια, ή, love of money, covetousness. From φιλ-άργυρος, αν, (φίλος, δργυρος) fond of money, covetous, avaricious.

· φιλ-αριστείδης, ου, δ, (φίλου, 'Δριστείδης) a friend of Aristides.

φίλ-άρμάτος, ον, (φίλος, άρμα) fond of ebariots or the chariot-race.

φίλαρχία, ή, love of rule, lust of power. From φίλ-apχos, or, (φίλοε, apχή) fond of rule, ambitious.  $[\phi^{\gamma}]$ 

φίλασε, -άσαε, Dor. for εφίλησε, φιλήσαε.

φιλάσει, Dor. for φιλήσει, 3 sing. fut. of φιλέω. φίλ-αστράγαλος, ον. (φίλος, άστράγαλος) fond of playing at dice. [TpX]

φιλ-άσωτος, σ, (φίλος, dσωτος) fond of profileo~. φίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. sor. I med. of φιλέω. [1]

φίλ-αυλος, στ. (φίλος, αύλός) fond of the flute. [[ φίλ-αυτος, ον, (φίλοι, αυτού) fond of oneself. selflouing, selfish. Adv. -Two. [7]

φίλέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φιλέω

Φίλ-έθειρος, or. (φίλος έθειρα) loving the barr, i.e. worn in the bair.

φίλ-θληνι ηνος, δ, η, (φίλος, "Ελλην) fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.

φιλ-Ιννύχος, ον, (φίλος, έννυχος) louing night. φιλέοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. pl. of φιλέω.

φιλέοντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of φιλέω: but also pres. part, dat, sing.

φίλ-έορτος, ον, (φίλος, έορτή) fond of feasts or bolidays.

φτλ-επττιμητής, οθ, δ, (φίλος, ἐπιτιμάω) fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.

φίλ-epaστήs, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ἐραστήs) dear to lovers. φίλεργία, ή, love of labour, industry. From

φίλ-εργόε, όν, (φίλοε, έργον) loving work, working willingly, industrious.

φίλ-έρτθος or, (φίλος, έριθος) fond of wool-spinning. φίλ-epus, erros, δ, ή, (φίλοε, έρωπ) prone to love, full of love. [7]

φίλ-έσπερος, σν, (φίλος, έσπέρα) fond of evening. φίλεταιρία, ή, love of comrades, friendsbip. From Φίλ-έταιρος, ον. (φίλος, έταιρος) fond of one's com-"ades or friends, true to them. Adv. -pore.

φτλ-εύτος, ον. (φίλοε, εὐοί) loving the cry of εὐοί,

epith. of Bacchus.

φιλ-εύ-λαιχος, ον, (φιλύς, εθ, λείχω) fond of dainties. φίλ-euros, or, (φίλοε, είνή) fond of the bed, csp. the marriage-bed. [Y]

φιλεύντα, φιλεύντι, φιλεύσα, Dor. for φιλουντα, φιλούντι, φιλούσα, forms of the pres. part. of φιλέω. φιλ-εύτακτος, ον, (φίλοε, εύτακτοε) fond of order. in alliance with one: ή φιλία (ε. χώρα) a friends

Φίλ-έφηβος, στ. (φίλος, έφηβος) fond of routh. φίλ-εχθής, έε, gen. έοε, (φίλοε, έχθοε) fond of making enemies, quarrelsome. Φίλέω, f. how: aor. I ἐφίλησα: rf. τεφίληκα:

Med , Ep. 201. 1 ἐφιλάμην in 3 sing. ἐφίλατο, φίλατο; imperat. φίλαι; 3 plur. subj. φίλενται. part. φιλάμενου in pass. sense, beloved; also fut. φιλήσομαι in pass. sense : Pass., paullo.-p. fut. πεφιλήσομαι. 201. Ι έφιλήθην: pf. πεφίλημοι: (φίλου):---to low. Pass. to be beloved by one. From the general sense of loving came various special meanings, as, to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to befriend; wap άμμι φιλήσοαι they shall be welcome with us. to show signs of love, esp. to hiss; public To ordpart to kiss on the mouth: - Med. to kiss one another. to like, be fond of, practise. II. c. inf., like Lat. amo, to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do: impers, φιλεί γίγνεσθαι it is wont to happen, usually, happens; absol., ola bij piles as is wont, Lat. ut solet 17, except in Ep. 201. ἐφῖλάμην.]

φίλη, ή, fem. of φίλου, a mistress [?] φίληδέω, to love pleasure, find delight in a thing, c

dat. From

φίλ-ηδήs, és, (φίλοs, ήδοε) loving pleasure. Hence φίληδία, ή, (φιληδέω) fondness for pleasure, delight. φίλ-ήδονος, σ, (φίλος, ήδονή) fond of pleasure. causing pleasu

φίληκοΐα, ή, fondness for listening, attentiveness.

φίλ-heoos, or, (φίλου, åκοή) fond of listening: fond of bearing discussions.

φίλ-ηλάκατος, or, (φίλος, ηλακάτη) fond of the spindle. [a] φιλ-ηλιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ήλιαστής) one mbo de-

lights in trials, esp. as a juryman in the court Heliaca. φίλημα, ατοε, τό, (φιλέω) a kiss. [Υ]

γίλημάτιον, τό, Dim. of φίλημα, a little kie

φίλημεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of φιλέω. φίλημι, Acol. for φιλέω. [۲]

φίλημοσύνη, ή, (φιλέω) friendliness.

φίλ-ηνιος, ον, (φίλος, ήνία) obeying the rein, tractable φίλ-ήρετμος, ον, (φίλος, έρετμός) loving the our.

fond of the sea. φίλησα, Ερ. for έφίλησα, 20r. I of φιλέω. [1]

φτλησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of φιλέω.

φίλησί-μολπος, ον, (φίλος, μολεή) — φιλόμολευς.

φίλητέον, verb. Adj. of φιλέω, one must love. φίλητωρ, οροε, ό, – φιλητήε, α lover.

φίλία Ica. φιλίη, ή, (φιλέω) love, affection, friend sbip, Lat. amicitia; φιλία ή έμή, ή σή, friendskis for me, for thee.

φίλικου, ή, ω, (φίλου) of or for a friend, friendy. affectionate; φιλικά proofs or marks of friendskip Adv. - wwo, in a kind, friendly way: Comp. princett ρον ; Sup. - ώτατα,

phoses, a, or, also on or, (phose) of or from a friend, friendly, kindly: opp. to modernoe friends country, vpp. to \$ πολεμία.

2. Zele φίλιοε, Jove as god of friendship.

II. beloved, dear. Adv. φιλία, is a friendly way.

Φίλιππιος, α, ον, of Philip.

Φίλιππησιος, ον. (Φίλιππος) of or from Philippi: as Subst. a Philippian.

Thussile, f. low Att. in, (Thisse) to be on Philip's side or party, to Philippize.

Φίλιπποι, al, a town in Thrace.

φίλ-ιππος, αν, (φίλος, έππος) fond of borses: Sup. φιλιπεύτατος. IL as masc. pr. n., Philip. [φί] φιλίπον, τό, (φίλος) = φειδίτιαν.

φίλίων, ων, gen. evos, poët. Comp. of φίλοε, dearer. φίλιως, Adv. of φίλιοε, in a friendly manner.

φιλό-βαικο, ον, (φίλοε, Βάικοε) leaving Bacchus
or wine.

φίλο-γαθής, έε, Dor. for φιλογηθής.

φίλό-γαιος, or, (φίλος, γαία) loving the earth.

φίλο γάμος, σε, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage. φιλο γαστορίδας, ου, δ. (φίλος, γαστήρ) fund of one's belly.

φίλο-γίλοιος, or, (φίλος, γέλοιος) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.

φιλό-γελως, εποε, δ, .ψ, (φίλος, γέλως) laughter-

country life. From

φίλο-γεωργόε, όν, (φίλοε, γεωργόε) food of farming fruit abundantly.

or of a country life.

Φίλοκέρδεια, ή,

φίλο-γηθήε Dor. -γαθήε, έε, gen. έοε, (φίλοε, γή-

φίλό-δαφνος, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel. φίλό-δενδρος, ον, (φίλος, δένδρον) fond of trees. φίλο-δεσποτος, ον, (φίλος, δεσπότης) loving one's

rd or Reaster: of slaves, attached, submissive. φιλό-δημιος, ον. (φίλος, δήμος) befriending the com-

ions or people, the commons' friend. \$10.05(kés, f. how, to be fond of law, litigious. From \$10.6-5(kos, sv, (phos, blay) fond of lawsuits: liti-

ous.
\$\times \text{NA-08(1748)} ov. \dots, \dots, \dots \dots \text{VA-08(1748)} or \text{friend of tra-

Uers. [I] hth6-Bofos, ar, (pilos, bofa) loving bonour or glary. hth6-Bovwos, (pilos, bovwos) loving noise.

χλ-δδυρτος, (ψιλος, ουσίου) tooing name.

χλ-δδυρτος, ον, (φίλος, δδύρομαι) fond of lament
γ, indulging sorrow, melancholy.

176-Supos, or, (olhos, bupor) fond of giving, bounul. Adv. -poss.

iλο-εργόε, όν, (φίλοε, έργον) fond of work, indusous.

the-fections, or, (other, Zéquees) loving the west-

tλό-**ξεου,** or, (φίλοε, [srf]) fond of one's life, καταίν.
Π. (φίλοε, (φίνο) fond of animals.
λο-θεάμεων [α], or, (φίλοε, θεάομαι) fond of seeing, d of speciacles or shows.

A6 Geos, w, (ollos, oles) loung God, pious, devout.

Acompla, h, love of bunting, love of the chase. From gambling.

Φίλο-θηροε, σε, (φίλοε, θήρα) fond of bunting.
 Φίλο-θουκυδίδηε, ου, δ, (φίλοε, Θουκυδίδηε) fond of Thuoydides.

φίλο-θρηνής, ές, (φίλος, θρήνος) fond of wailing ox lamentation.

φίλο-θύτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper. [8]

φιλό-θύτος, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλύθυτα έργια sacrifices offered with zeal.

φιλ-οικόδομος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκοδομέω) fond of

φιλι-οικόδομος, ον, (φίλος, οίκοδομέω) fond of building.

φίλ-οιατίρμων, or, gen. evos, (φίλοε, olereipu) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μένων.

φίλ-οικτιστος, ον, (φίλος, οικτίζω) = φίλοικτος. φίλ-οικτος, ον, (φίλος, οίκτος) fond of compassionating, fond of lamentation: piteous. [1]

φίλοινία, ή, love, fondness of wine. From φίλ-οινος, ον, (φίλοε, οίχοι) fond of wine.

φίλ-οίφης, ου, δ, (φίλος, οίφαω) a level fellow, φίλοκαλέω, f. ήσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to

indulge a taste for refinement. From

φίλδ-κάλος, or, (φίλος, καλός) loving the beautiful, loving beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. II. also fond of bonour, seeking bonour.

φίλο-καμπής, έε, gen. έοε, (φίλοε, καμπή) easily bent, pliant, lithe.

φίλο-καρποφόρου, ον, (φίλου, παρποφόρου) bearing fruit abundantly.

φίλοκέρδεια, ή, (φιλοκερίής) love of gain.

φίλοκερδέω, f. ήσω, to be greedy of gain. From φίλο-κερδήε, έε, gen. έοε, (φίλοε, κέρδοε) loving gain, greedy of gain.

Φίλο-κέρτομοε, or, (φίλοε, κέρτομοε) fond of jeering or mocking.

φίλο-κηδεμών, όνος, ο, ή, (φίλος, κηδεμών) fond of one's relatives or connections.

φίλο-κίνδονος, ον, (φίλος, κίνδονος) fond of danger, venturous, enterprising, bold. Adv.-νου, venturously, in an enterprising way.

φίλο-κισσοφόρος, όν, (φίλος, μισσοφόρος) fond of wearing ivy.

φίλό-κνίσος, ον, (φίλος, κνίζω) fond of pinching.
φίλό-κοινος, ον, (φίλος, κοινύς) fond of what is common

φίλό-κρημνος, ον, (φιλος, κρημνός) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.

φίλο-κρινέω, f. ήσω, (φίλοε, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.

φίλο-κρόταλος, ον, (φίλος, κρόταλον) loving a rattle or din.

φίλο-κροτος, ον, (φίλος, κρότος) loung noise or din. φίλο-κτέδνος, ον, (φίλος, κτέανον) = φιλοκτήμων, louing possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτεανάτατος, most covetous, most grasping.

φίλο-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, κτήμα) = φιλοκτέανος.

φιλό-κτβος, ω, (φίλος, κόβος) fond of dies or gambling.

φίλο-κυθήε, is, gen. εσε, (φίλοε, κύδοε) loving splendour, joyous, brilliant.

φίλο-κύνηγέτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, κυνηγέτης) a lover

of bunting or the chase.

φίλο-κωμος, ον, (φίλος, κῶμος) fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.

φίλο-λόκων, erros, δ, (φίλου, Λάκων) fond of the Lacedaemonians. [4]

φίλο-λήμος, ον, poët. for φιλόλειος, (φίλος, ληίη, λεία) loving booty.

φιλό-λιχνος, σε, (φιλος, λίχνος) lowing dainties.

φιλολογία, ή, love of discussion, love of learning and
literature: the study of language and history. From

otho-holdopos, or, (othos, holdopos) fond of re-

viling, abusive.

φιλομάθεια, ή, love of knowledge. [μά] From φιλο-μάθεις, έε, gen. έος, (φίλος, μαθείν) fond of learning, loving knowledge. Adv. -θω.

φίλο-μαντιε, εωε, δ, (φίλοε, μάντιε) louing south-

sayers or soothsaying.

φίλο-μαστος, ον. (φίλος, μαστός) loving the breast. φίλομαχέω, f. ήσω, to be fond of fighting, eager to fight. From

. φτλό-ισχος, ον, (φίλος, μάχη\ loving fighting, warlike.

φίλ-όμβριος and φίλ-ομβρος, ον, (φίλος, δμβρος)

rain-loving.

φίλομήλα Ion. -λη, ή, the nightingale, so called,

because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence 

thoughtens, a, or, of belonging to the nightngale.

φίλο-μήτωρ, opos, δ, ή, (φίλοε, μήτηρ) loving one's mother.

Allow-unities is poet for an ouridies (φίλοε, μει-

. φίλομ-μειδής, έε, poët. for φ. ε. ομειδής, (φίλος, μειδώ) laughter-loving, epith. of Venus.

•  $\phi$ ( $\lambda$ 6- $\mu$ 0 $\lambda$  $\pi$ 0 $\pi$ 9,  $\phi$ 7,  $(\phi$ 1 $\lambda$ 0 $\pi$ 9,  $\mu$ 0 $\lambda$  $\pi$ 9) loving the dance and song.

φίλομουσίω, f. ήσω, (φιλόμουσοε) to love the Muses. φίλομουσία, ή, (φιλομουσίω) love of the Muses.

φίλο-μουσος, ον, (φίλος, Μοῦσα) loving the Muses. ''oving music and the arts: refined, learned.

φιλό-μύθος, ev. (φίλος, μύθος) fond of fables.

φίλο-μωμος, ον, (φίλος, μῶμος) given to find fault, conscrious.

' φιλό-μωσος, Dor. for φιλόμουσος.

φίλο-ναίτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, ναύτης) loving sailors. φίλονακός, f. ήσω, (φιλόνεικοι) to be fond of disputs, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χείρω φιλονεικεῖν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy. Hence

, \$\text{\$\text{Acovancia}, \$\tilde{\eta}\$, love of strive, contentioneness, rivalry, \text{\*\text{\*arty-spirit}, pertinacity, obstituacy.}

\$\times \times \

φίλονταίω, f. ήσω, (φιλόνικου) to strive for victory. Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. one must strive for victory. φίλο-νίκος, or, (φίλος, νίκη) striving for victory. φίλο-νύμφισε, or, (φίλος, νόμφισε) lowing the bride-

groom or bride.

φίλό-ξεινος, or, poët. for φιλέξενος.
φίλό-ξενος poët. -ξεινος, or, (φίλος, ξένος) losing
strangers, bospitable. Adv. -νως, bospitably.

φίλο-οινος, αν, poët. for φίλοανος.

φίλο-παίγμων, or, gen. oros, (φίλοε, παίγμα) fond
of play or sport, playful, sportive.

φίλό-παιε, -παιδοε, ό, ή, (φίλοε, παιε) coving one's children, loving boys.

φίλο-πάτρία, (φίλοε, πάτριε) love of one's coun-

try. 2. (φίλος, πατήρ) love of one's father.
φιλό-πάτριε, ιδος, ή, acc. -πάτριε, (φίλος, πατρίε)

loving one's country.

φίλο-πάτωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (φίλοε, πάτήρ) loving one's

fatber.

φιλό-πλεκτος, σε, (φίλος, πλέκω) constantly braided. φιλό-πλοος, σε contr. -πλους, σεν, (φίλος, πλόος) fond of sailing.

φίλοπλου, or, (φίλου, δπλον) loving arms or mar. φίλοπλουτία, ή, love of riches. From

φίλό-πλουτος, ον, (φίλος, πλούτος) loving or seeking riches; φιλόπλουτος άμιλλα the race for wealth.

φίλο-ποίμνιος, ον, (φίλος, ποίμνη) loving the flock φίλο-πόλεμος poët. φίλοπτόλεμος, ον, (φίλος, πύλεμος) fond of war, warlike. Adv. - μως.

φίλό-πολις, eas and idos, Ion. ios, δ, ή: acc. -er: poät. also φιλόπτολις: (φίλος, πόλιε):—Iowing one's city, state or country: as Subst., φιλόπολις, δ, a patriot: φιλόπολιε dperή or τὸ φιλόπολι patriotism:—at Athens, φιλόπατριε was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολιε of one who was devoted to his own state.

φίλοπονίω, f. ήσω, (φιλόπονοι) to love labor, work bard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονείν, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.

φιλοπονηρία, ή, love of bad men From

φιλο-πόνηρος, ον, (φίλος, πονηρός) fand of bed men.

φίλοπονία, ή, (φιλοπονίω) love of labour, patient industry.

φίλό-πονος, ον. (φίλος, νίνος) loving lebour, disgent, industrious. II. of things, toilsome, leborious. Adv. -νως, leboriously: Comp. -νώτερον; Sup. -νώτατα.

φίλοποσία, ή, love of drinking, drunkenness, Lat. vinolentia. From

φίλο-πότης, ου, δ, (φίλος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of τίνω) a lover of trinking, a toper, Lat. windents. φίλοπραγμοσύνη, ή, a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness. From

φίλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. eres, (φίλος, πράγμα) fond

γμων, δ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv. - μόνω. φίλοπροσηγορία, ή, easiness of address, affability, courtesy. From

φίλο-προσήγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσήγορος) εσεν οί address, affable.

φίλο-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to be first or in the front rank.

φίλο-πτόλεμος, αν, poët. for φιλοπόλεμος.

φίλό-πτολιε, δ, ή, poët. for φιλόπολιε.

φιλό-πύρος, ον. (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φίλ-απωριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὀπώρα) a lover of autums fruits.

φιλ-όργιος, ον, (φίλος, δργια) fond of orgies.

Υλ-όρθιος, αν, (φίλος, δρθιος) loving what is right. φίλ-ορμίσταρα, ή, (φίλοε, όρμίζα) she subo loves tbe barbour.

φίλ-ορνίδια, 4, Jopaness of birds. From

φίλορνιε, ῖθοε, ὄ, ἡ, (φίλοε, ὄρνιε) fond of birds: beltering, barbouring birds.

Φίλορ-ρώξ, έγγος, δ, ή, (φίλος, βώξ) loving or bearing rapes.

Φίλ-όρτιξ, γγοε, δ, ή, (φίλοε, δρτυξ) fond of quails. ΦΙΛΟΣ, η, or; vocat. ψίλε, sometimes even with eut. nouns, as olde reuver:-loved, beloved, dear, .at. amicus, carus. 2. 28 Subst., φίλοε, δ, φίλη, ή, .at. amicus, amica, a friend; δ Διδε φίλοε the friend f Jove: in addressing others, & φίλοε, & φίλε, & Exos, O friend, O friends: of place friends, kinssens, one's kith and hin; κοινά τὰ τῶν φίλων friends 3. of things, dear, pleasing; ave all in common. ίλον ἐστί μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat. 4. Homer and other Poets use pilos for ordi est. possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart, mbs, etc., as, φίλον ήτορ, φίλα γνία, γούνατα, φίλος pubs, aloxos, riera etc.; even when no affection is aplied in it, as, μητρί φίλη Αλθαίη χωόμενος κήρ raged in heart with bis mother Althaea: also to mote possession or custom, φίλα είματα their own rments; pilos sóros their wonted labour.

Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιοε, loving, ierselly, fond: kindly, kind; place pover to feel edly; φίλα τοιείσθαί τινα to do one a kindness.

pinoe has several forms of Comparison: στετρ. φιλίων, ον: Sup. φίλιστοι, η, ον. 2. Comp. Ατερος: Sup. φίλτατος. 2. Comp. φιλαίτερος, ρ. φελαίτατος.

Ab-otros, or, (pilos, ofros) fond of corn, agri-II. generally, fond of food or eating. 26-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκήπτρον) sceptered. λοσκήπων, ανοε, δ, ή, (φίλοε, σκήπων) loving or rying a staff.

Λοσκόπελος, αν, (φίλος, υκύπελος) loving or

enting the rocks.

Αοσοφίω, f. ήσω: pf. πεφιλοσοφηκα: (φιλοσο-

Co-σεκόμμων, ον, gen. eros, (φίλος, σκώμμα) losing

of business, meddlesome, officious: 22 Subst., φιλοπρά- | wise, 20 seek after knowledge, 21 ndy bard, Lat. pbilo-II. c. aec. rei, to discuss or examine a sopbari. subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically, Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφίαν φιλοσοφείν to seek out a philosophic system. 2. generally, to study, work at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφητέον, verb. Adj. ene must pursue wisdom. φίλοσοφία, ή, (φιλοσοφέω) love of knowledge and wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investigation, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy, Lat. philosophia or sapimtia.

φίλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom or knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called himself φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφίε a sage: hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgar (ol volloi) .2. as Subst., φιλόσοφου, δ, one subo professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one who discusses subjects scientifically. sophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφως, Adv. philosophically.

φίλο-σπηλυγέ, υγγου, δ, ή, (φίλου σπηλυγέ), fond of dwelling in grottoes.

φίλο-υπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drinkofferings or libations, employed in libations.

φίλο-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal, zealous.

φίλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns, wreathed, garlanded.

φίλο-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στίνος) louing sighs or groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv. -- we.

φίλοστοργία, ή, tender love, warm affection. From φίλό-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly, affectionate, esp. of natural affection. Adv. -you. φίλο-στράτιώτης, ου, δ. (φίλος, στρατιώτης) ·the soldier's friend.

φίλο-σώμάτος, ον, (φιλος, σώμα) loving, indulging the body; sensual.

φίλοτάσιος  $[\bar{a}]$ , a, oν, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φίλό-τεκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children or offspring.

φύλοτεχνέω, f. ήσω, to love art, practise an art. From φίλο-τεχνος, αν, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, ingenious: of things, curious.

φίλότης, ητος, ή, (φίλος) friendsbip, love, affection: also of friendship between nations.

φίλοτήσιος, α, αν, also ος, αν, (φιλότης) of friendsbi or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια ΙΙ. ή φιλοτησία κύλιξ, οτ έργα works of love. absol. ή φιλοτησία (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτησίαν λαβείν to have one's bealth drunk; φιλοτησίαν προπίνειν to drink a health.

φίλοτιμίομαι : fut. med. ήσομαι : zor. I med. έφιλοτιμησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθην: .pf. πεφιλοτίμημαι: Dep.: (φιλότιμος):—to love bonour or distinction; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's == so be a lover of knowledge, seek to become fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.; φιλοτιμεϊσθαί τι οι πρόε τι ito be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμετοθοι πρόε τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him. 3. c. inf. to strive enulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; of πάνυ διν φιλοτιμηθείεν φίλφ σοι χρήσθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

φίλοτιμία Ion. -(η, η, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of bosour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry: hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy.

2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality.

L. a coveted object, bosour, distinction.

φιλό-τιμος, οτ, (φίλος, τιμή) loving bonour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass. much-bonoured.

φίλοττάριον, τδ, poët. for φιλοτάριον. Dim. of φιλότης, a little pet, darling.

φιλό-φθογγος, ον, (φίλος, φθογγή) noise-lowing.

φιλό-φιλος, or, loving one's friends.

φίλο-φόρμιγξ, ιγγοε, δ, ή, (φίλοε, φόρμιγξ) loving

the lyre, accompanying it.

φίλο-φρονέομαι: f. med. ήσομαι: aor. I med. έφιλοφρονησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φιλόφρων):—to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονηθήναι, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, — φιλοφρονησασίαι άλλήλουε.

II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

φιλοφρονέατερος, α, ον, Comp. of φελόφραν.

φίλοφροσύνη, ή, (φιλόφρον) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindliness: friendly greeting, welcome.

II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

φιλοφρόστητος, η, ον, = φιλόφρουν.

φίλο φρων, ανοε, δ, ή, (φίλοε, φρήν) kindly minded or affectioned friendly, kindly, Adv. -φρόνοε, kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.

φίλο-χορευτής, οῦ, δ. (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of .oe

cboral dance.

φίλο-χοροε, ον, (φιλοε, χοροε) toving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

φίλοχρημάττω, f. ήσω, (φιλοχρήματοι) to sove money, be covetous. Hence

φίλοχρημάτία, ή, love of money, covetousness.

φίλο-χρήματος, ον, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, coverous. Adv. -τω.

φίλο-χρηστος, ον, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness,

fairness or bonesty.

φίλο-χριστος, οτ. (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ.
φίλο-χριστος, οτ. (φίλος, χρυσός) greedy of gold.
φίλοχωρόω, f. ήσω, (φιλόχωρος) to be fond of a place or country, to baunt a particular spot. Hence

φίλοχωρία, ή, fondness for a place, attachment to a

particular spot or baunt.

ψιλό-χωρος, σν. (φίλος, χώρα) fund of a place.

ψίλο-ψευδής, ές, gga. έος, (φίλος, ψεύδος) fund of lies or lying.

φιλό-ψογος, εν, (φίλος, ψόγος) fond of blassing, consorious.

φίλοψυχέω, (φιλόψυχου) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fainthearted. Pience 
φίλοψυνία Ion. - (n. h. excessive love of life, commit-

φίλοψυχία Ion. -ίη, ή, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness

φίλό-ψύχος, σr, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving and s life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -γως.

φίλτατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

φίλτερος, a, or, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

φίλτρον, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespere's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλτρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον.

Il. in plur. charms, lovelisess.

φίλ-υβριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

φίλ-ύβρηλος, ον, (φίλος, ὑδρηλός) abounding ex

φίλ-υπνος, ον, (φίλος, υπνος) loving sleep. [τ]
ΦΓΛΥΡΑ Ion. φιλύρη, ή, the lime or linden tree,
Lat. tilia. II. the bass undernoath its bark, Lat.

philyra, used to tie up flowers, etc. [v]
φ(λύρ(vos, η, or, (φιλύρα) of the lime or linden tree,
light as linden wood. [v]

φίλ-φδός, ω, (φίλος, φιδή) fond of singing or song.

φίλ-ωρείτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, δρος) a lover of mountains. φίλως, Adv. of φίλος, in friendly manner, in a

pleasing way, kindly. [7]

TMO Σ, δ, with irreg. neut. pl. φιμά, τά, any instrument for heeping the mouth closed, a muzzie for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. capitrum, fiscella II. the mose-band of chorse's bridle, to which pipes and belis

were sometimes attached. III. a kind of exp. used as a dice-box, Lat. fritillus. Hence

φτμόω, f. ώσω: 201. I pass. ἐφιμώθην: pf. πεφιμαμαι:—to muzzle, gag, sbut up as with a muzzle:
φιμούν τῷ ξύλψ τὸν αὐχένα to make fast bis neck in
the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silence:
Pass., φιμώθητι be thou silent; πεφίμωσο be will.

Tiss., φιμιοτήτι σο tissus stiem; weekplands de Bill.

ΦΙΤΡΟΣ, δ, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log;

generally, a piece of wood.

φίτυ, τό, poët. contr. for φίτυμα, as δώ for δώμα. φίτυμα, ατος, τό, (φιτόω) a shoot, scient: metaph. a son, scion.

φιτύ-ποιμήν, ένοε, δ, (φίτυ, ποιμέρ) c tender ε, plants, gardener.

of person, Ep. 2 sing. fut. med. of person.

φίτύω, f. ύσω [1]: aor. I έφίτυσα: (φίτυ):= φατεύω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

φλάζω, 2 εφλαδον, (φλάω) to be broken or remeasured with a noise.

φλασώ, Dor. for φλάσω, fat. of φλάσω,

II. a

plaupile, f. low, Att. for paulife. From

φλαθρος, a, av, collat. form of φαθλος, preferred by lop. writers.

φλαυρότης, ητος, η, φαυλότης.

φλαυρ-οθργος, ον, (φλαύρος, έργον) working badly:

φλαυρούργοε, δ, a sorry workman.

φλαύρως, Adv. of φλαύρος, badly, meanly: φλαύρως έχων την τέχνην to know an art indifferently well; φλαύρω devisur, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of. ΦΛΑ΄Ω, 3 sing. impf. έφλα: f. φλάσω [α] Dor.

ΨΛΑ, 3 sing. impr. εφλα: r. φλασω [a] Dor. φλδοω: aor. r έφλασα: Pass., aor. r έφλασμν: pr. séφλασμα:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to burt, wound. II. in Att. Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλεγίθω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres.:
 —transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:—Pass. to be burnt
 II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, ατοε, τό, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, beat. II.

2. pblegm,

Lat. pituiti

φλέγμαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: 20τ. Ι ἐφλέγμᾶνα and ἐφλέγμηνα: (φλέγμα):—to be beated, inflamed, to fester.

#λέγρα, as, ή, Pblsgra; Φλέγραs redior a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγρα, as name of any place exposed to volcanic

agency.
Φλεγραίος, α, ον, (Φλέγρα) of Phlegra, Phlegraean.
φλεγισός, ά, όν, (φλέγω) like φλογερός, burning,

scorching: metaph. bot, ardent.

φλεγύαs, ου, δ, (φλέγω) a kind of vulture or eagle,

so called from being flame-eoloured.

ΦΛΕΤΩ, fut. φλέξω: aor. I έφλεξα:—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become bot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere: Pass., like Lat. uri, to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. et, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash; φλέγεω βέλου to burl a flaming soit:—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. user to be or become renowned or amous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth,

rcome famous. φλέδων, ovos, and φλεδών, δνος, δ, (φλέω) an idle

lker, babbler.

AE ELZ, ewe, \$, name of an unknown bird.

pλέψ, ή, gen. φλεβόε, (φλέω) a vein: motaph. any in or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water. PAE Ω, to gush, teem, overflow.

Acoes, ω, δ, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦς, a kind of rush

Ayredoas, f. how, to chatter, babble, drivel. From Ayredoos, b. (φλίω) idle talk, babble, chatter.

ATA', h, in plut. φλιαί, the doorposts, jambs.

λίβω, f. ψω, Acol. and Ion. for δλίβω. [1]

φλόγεος, a, or, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, flashing. φλογυρός, ά, όν, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming. φλογίζω, f. ίσω, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, hindle,

scoreb: metaph. to inflame:—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγίνος, η, bν. (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, burning.

φλογιστός, η, όν, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, burnt, set

on fire.

φλογμός, δ, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze: inflammation.
φλογόεις, εσσα, εν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing.

φλογ-ώδης, εε, (φλόξ, είδοε) like flame, fiery bot. φλογ-ωπός, όν, (φλόξ, διψ) fiery-looking, flaming. φλόγωσις, εως, ἡ, (φλογόω) burning beat.

φλογ-ώψ, ῶποε, δ, ή, = φλογωπόε.

φλόινος, η, ον, (φλούε, φλέωε) of or from the waterplant φλούε or φλέωε; ἐσθήτεε φλόιναι garmenis made of φλούε, mat-garmen...

φλοιός, δ, (φλέω) the inner, bark of trees, smooth

bark, bass.

φλοισβοε, δ, any roaring noise, lbe bum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, ή, gen. φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze; φλίγα έγείρειν to raise a flame: metaph., φλός οίνου be fiery beat-of wine: pl. φλόγες, flames, fire.

φλουs, δ, Ion. for φλέων.

φλυαρέω Ion. φλυηρ: f. hσω: (φλυάρου):—so .alk folly or nonsense, speak idly: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence

φλυάρια, η, silly talk, nonsense, foolery.

φλύūροs, δ, (φλίω) silly talk, foolery. silly talker, prater.

φλύκταινα, ή, (φλίω) a rising on toe sum: a blister: a pustule.

φλύος, τό, = φλυαρία, idle talk, foolery.

φλύω, f. φλύσω [v]: aor. I έφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up.

II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble; γράμματ' ἐπ' dorilos φλύσητα devices idly threatening on his shield.

evel, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

φοβάθης, Dor. for φοβηθη̂ε, 2 sing. 201. I page. subj. of φοβέω.

φοβίσσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φοβίω.

φοβεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερόε, ά, όν, (φοβέω) fearful: either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, auful, formidable; πλήθει φοβερόε formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear; οὐδὲ δρασε φοβεροε not was an oath a matter of dread; φοβερόν [ἐστι] μή there is reason to dread that . . . II. pass. feeling fear, frightend, affrighted, afraia. 2. caused by fear, panie: anxious: φοβερώε, Adv. of φοβερόε, fearfully, both in act. and pass. sense.

φοβεσι-στράτη, ή, (φοβεω, στρατίε) warer of bosts,

epith. of Minerva.

φοβί-στράτος, ή, (φοβίω, στρατύε) striking fear <<p>
γε panic into armies.

φοβεύμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβουμενος, pres. Dass. part. of φαβέω.

φοβόω, f. ήσω: nor. τ δφόβησα: (φόβοι):—to atrike | with fear, to frighten, terrify, dismay: to put to II. Pass. φοβέσμαι: fut. med. φοβήσομαι, and pass. φοβηθήσο και: aor. I med. ἐφοβησάμην, and pass. ἐφοβήθην: pl. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; but two φοβέεσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβείσθαί τινα to flee from, fear, dread appone; popeiatas els oc sple τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβείσθαι dupl ran, meel rives or run, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβαν φοβείσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

ΦOBH, η, a lock, earl or tight of bair, bair; the mane of a horse: δρακόντων φόβαι, the Gorgon's maky locks. II. metaph. like soun, Lat. coma, the leaves foliage of trees; low popar tights of violets.

ιοβηθείε, aor. I pass. part. of φοβέω.

φάθηθεν, Ep. and Dor. for εφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. acr. I pass. of coffee.

όβημα, ατοε, το, (φοβίω) an object of fear, a terror.

ροβητικόε, ή, όν, (φοβέω) liable to féar, timid. ροβητρον, το, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror. όβος, δ, (φέβαμαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in Homer flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to blos the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φύβοε dropûr the flight of men; but also c. gen. objecti, fear or dread

of another: φόβονδε ίπτουε έχειν, τρωπασθαι, άτσσείν to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύrade; coborde dropeveur to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear. he φόβους λέγη. 2. an object of terror, a terror. II. Φόβος, personified, son

of Mars, coupled with his brother Actinos. φοιβάζω, f. άσω, (φοίβοε) to cleanse, purify.

(Coises) to utter prophetic words.

φοιβάε, άδοε, ή, (Φοίβοε) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess.

φοιβάω, f. ήσω, (φοίβου) post. for φοιβάζω, to

cleanse, wasb.

Φοίβαιος, α, αν, also os, αν, Ion. ωσιβήμος, η, αν: (ToiBos): of Phoshus, belonging or sacred to Phoshus; bence prophetic, inspired.

Φοίβη, η, Phoibé, Lat. Phoebé, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβηίε, idee, poët. fem. of Φοιβείοε.

Φοιβό-λαμπτος, ον, Ion. for Φοιβόληπτος, (Φοιβος, λαμβάνω) rapt or inspired by Phosbus.

φοϊβοε, η, ον, (φάοε) pure, bright, radiant, beam-II. as prop. n., PoiBos, d, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith. of Apollo: often joined DeiBoe 'Arroxxar. continue, easa, er, (pourée) blood-red, desp-red; donner poorheis a blood-red dragon.

φοινία-άνθημος, ον, (φοινιέ, ανθεμον) with purple flowers; powiedroepor lap, Lat. purpureum ver.

. powiesos, a, a, contr. -ous, f, our, (point) of a purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus. [1] Bowing [vi], \$, (boint) Phoenicia.

continues, q, or, Ion. for porrience, - pourumes.

of the date or palm-tree; Lovie courning a gament of palm-leaves; pourushees elecs ~los-wine. - Corumbe, Phoenician.

Φοινθιακός, ή, όν, (Φοίνιξ) Phoenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian: - Adv. - xûe, in Phoenician fashion. II. popularios, red.

powletvos, q, or, (politif) - powletice, of, from the palm-tree; pour lawor paiper palm-unguents [ri] фолчилова, Я, обт, − фолчилов, рыгрЫ Affinion.

courtide, ibos, t. (coirif) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis : esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. curtain. 3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the admiral as the signal for action: generally, a rad standard or banner.

φοιντικοτής, οῦ, ὁ, (φοθεξ) among the Persians, α soearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat pur puratus.

φονικό-βαστος, er, (φοίνε, βαστω) purple-dyel crimson.

φοιντικο-βάτδω, í. ήσω, (φοίνιξ, βαίνω) so climb palm φοινίκο-γενής, έε, (Φοῖνις, \*γένω) Phoenician-born powiko-baktuhos, or, (pobif, baktuhor) erimion fingered.

fourkone, com, er, poet for fourkees, dark-rei

purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

convinting exposes, or, (point, sports) of purple word οινίκο-λόφος, αν, (φοίνιξ, λόφος) <del>perple-cres</del>ted. outko-mápaios Ion. -máppos, or, (poürf, maprá purple-checked, red-checked, of ships having red bows. powikó-metos, er, (politi, méter) with a red batter or ground, of the Red Sea.

φουτκό-refa, ή, (φοθης, πίζα) the ruddy-foots goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

φοινικό-πτερος, ον, (φοίνιξ, πτερόν) mith purple o crimson wings: as Subst.. pourisburepos, 6, a to water-bird, the flamingo.

φοινίκο-ροδος, αν, (φοῦνέ, ρόδαν) red guith roses. powteo-outhing, is, (poorif, outhor) red-legged, res sbanked.

φοινίκο-στερόπης, ου, Doc. -ας, α, δ, (φοΰνέ, στ powh) burling red lightnings.

Powiko-orolos, or, (Polit, or like) sent by Pho micians.

φουτικοθε, ή, οθε, contr. for φοιείπεσε.

ourteo-dishs, is, (point, pale) red-edining. Poling, Imag, o, a Phoenician, first mentioned Homer; Φοῦνες άθης απατήλια είδως α Phoenicis skilled in trickery, so mentioned as being the fr commercial nation: fem. toluoon, t. a Phoenici 2. a Carthaginian, Lat. Posses. sooman,

point, two, i, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple erimson, because the discovery of this colour w ascribed to the Phoenicians. IL the palm, de palm: the male palm is called by Herodotes & 🚧 έρσην, to distinguish it from † φοῦνες βαλαντήν the female or fruit-bearing palm. 2. the free the pains, date. ), a musical instrument, the

II. mad-

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians. III. the fabulous Egyptian bird pl. senix, described by Hero-

dotus 2. 73.

φοῦνες, ἶκοε, ὁ, ἡ, also fem. φοῖνισσα, Adj. purplered, purple or erimson, red; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. fulvus, of the colour of fire. The words φοῦνες, φουνέκοε, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter abades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεοs, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής.

φοίνισα, α, ον, also os, ον, (φοινόε) blood-red: hence blood-stained, bloody, Lat. eruentus: also warlike. Φοίνισσα, fem. of Φοῖνιζ (Subst.), a Phoenician

woman, rain. or worth (Subst.), a recention woman.

II. politiona, fem. of politic (Adj.) powdores, f. for 2 nor. 1 pass. kport/ybpr: (powds):

—to redden, to make red: to tinge, dye red:—Pass.

to become red, to colour, blush.

φωνόε, φ, όν, (φόνοε) blood-red; blood-stained,

Hoody.

φουτάλίος, a, or, also os, or, (φοιτάω) straying, ranging, roaming about: metaph. distraught, raving, frentied. It set, driving madiy about, maddening, φουτάλιώντης, ου, δ, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοντάς, άδος, ή, (φοιτάω) poët. fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantés. II. as Adj. mad or maddening; φοιταs νόσος madness, frenzy. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι πτεροίε on roaming, wandering wings. φοντάω Ion. έω: f. ήσω: (φοίτοι):—to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; bid vyds poirav to range up and down the ship; έφοίτων άλλοθεν άλλου. they roamed one one way, one another. wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιταλέοι, 3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times. II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to some in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρεα τὰ 's Ελληνας φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σῖτόε σφισι πολλόε έφοίτα com was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. redire: τάλαντον άρχυρίου 'Αλεξάνδρω ήμέρης ἐκάστης ἐφοίτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day. 2. φοιτάν παρά τινα to go to visit a person; φοιτών επί τὰε θύρας τινός to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again. 3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; portur els διδασκάλου [οίκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: whence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with another. Hence

φοίτησιε, εω, ή, a constant going or coming, a

visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτήτην, Ep. for έφοιτάτην, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω, φοιτητήρ, ήρος, δ, and φοιτητής, οῦ, δ, (φοιτάω) one subo goes or comes regularly: one subo goes to sebool, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτίζω, poët. for φοιτάω. ΦΟΙ ΤΟΣ, δ, a going to and fro. ness, frenzy.

φολκός, δ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάεα έλκειν) squint-syed; or more probably (akin to έλεω, όλεός) bandy-legged, Lat. valgus.

φολλιε, εωε, ή, also δ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat, follis.

φονόω, f. ήσω, (φόνοε) to be athirst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνευμα, ατοε, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, έωι Ion. ήοι, δ; acc. φονέα οτ φονέα: nom. pl. φονέε, φονείε, acc. φονέα: (φονεύω):—a murderer, slayer, bomicide.

φονεύω, (φόνοε) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ή, (\*φένω) murder, bomicide, slaughter; έν φοναϊε, in the midst of slaughter; σπῶν φοναϊε to rend in murder, i. e. murderously.

φονικόε, ή, όν, (φόνοε) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody. II. of, relating to blood on murder; φονικοί δίκαι trials for bomicide.

φόνιο», a, or, also os, or, (φόνου) of blood, bloody. IL bloody, blood-stained: murderous. φονο-λίβής, έε, (φόνου, λείβω) blood-dripping. φονόρ-ρύτου, οr, (φόνου, βέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, δ, (\*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter,
Lat. caedes; φόνος 'Βλληνικόε a slaughter of Greeks:
in plut. murders.
blood, Lat. cruor.

3. a murdered body, corpse.
φοξί-χαλος, δ, (φοξίε χείλος) narrowing towards
the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξόε, ή, όν, (δεύε) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξόε έην κεφαλήν he

was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ή, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορά the giving one's vote.

2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment.

3. a bearing, producting.

II. (from Pass. φέρομα) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ή φορά άκοντίου the javelin's range.

2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. impetus.

(also) from Pass. that which is borne or carried, a load, freight, burden.

2. that which is paid as rest or tribute, Lat. vectigal.

3. that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. troventus: metaph, a large crop, barvest.

φοράδην [I], Adv. (φέρομαι) with a rushing or violent motion. II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάς, άδος, δ, ἡ, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, feeding.

II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβεία, η, (φέρβω) the batter by which a borse is tied to the manger, Lat. capistrum. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of fifers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ή, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

depleries, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of deples. opings, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of docion.

dopelor, to, (popa, plea) a bandbarrow, litter, eedan-chair, Lat. sella, lectica.

dopéoura, Dor. part. fem. of doptes.

opedyros, Dor. pert. gen. of popes.

pris, les Ion. ĝos, ô, (pipu) a bearer, carrier.

φορίω, f. ήσω: 201. Ι έφόρησα Ερ. φόρησα:---Frequentat. of pepe, to bear or earry constantly: hence so mean: and so, so bave, possess: as differing from φέρειν, άγγελίην φέρειν meant to convey a message; but, dyyexlas poplety to be in the babit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:-Pass. to be borne violently along, be burried along: to be tossed about at sea :- Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.

φορηθόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.

φορημα, ατοε, το, (φορέω) that which is carried: & wal, freight: a burden.

Copyperus, Ep. for popely, inf. of poples.

Copilvas, Ep. for papeir, inf. of poplar.

φορητός, ή, όν, also όε, όν, verb. Adj. of φορέω, borne; carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.

φίμος, ον, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.

Localdes [1], loon, al, the daughters of Phoreys, i. e. the three Gorgons, Stheino, Euryalé, Medusa.

 $\Phi$ 60000,  $\phi$ , =  $\Phi$ 60000.

Topicus, two and vos, o, Phoreys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.

φορμηδόν, Adv. (φορμόε) like mat-work or watling:

crosswise, albwart.

φάρμιγέ, 17γος, ή, the phormina, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels, esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From  $\phi i \rho \omega$ , because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.) Hence

φορμίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, to play the φόρμιηξ or

lyre. Hence

φορμικτής, οῦ, ὁ, Dot. -τάς, a lyte-player, parper. φορμίε, ίδοε, ή, Dim. of φορμόε, a small basket.

φορμο-ράφέω οτ φορμορ-ραφέω, f. ήσω, (φορμος, paures) to stitch mats :- Pass. to be stitched up like a

mat, straitened, bampered. φορμός, δ, (φόρω) anything made of sucker-I. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, work 2. a mat. Lat. storea: also a seàman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff. II. a measure of corn.

δόρον, ου, τό, the Lat. forum; Φύρον 'Αππίου Αρρά Forum, a small town on the Appian Way.

φόρος, δ, (φέρω) that which is brought in tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states; popor broteled to pay tribute; φόρον τάξασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φόpor τάξαι to impose tribute; φόρου ύποτελήε subject to pay tribute.

φορτάγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry loads or burdens: of a merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From

φορτ-ἄγωγός, ω, (φόρτος, άγω) carrying freights; rave copraywyos a ship of burden, merchantman.

φορτηγέω, ε. ήσω, (φυρτηγύε) - φορταγωγέω. φορτηγικός, ή, όν, belonging to the freight of a ship; nheior poprayuser a. ship of burden, merchantman.

φορτ-πγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) like φορταγαιγός, carrying bundens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst.. cop-

τηγόε, δ, a carrier, porter: a trafficher, mercucut. φορτίζω, f. ίσω, (φόρτου) to load; φορτία φω τίζευ rivás to load men with loads:—Med., rd peic: a dosτίζοσθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth :--Pass., pf. part. necopy to plevos beavy laden.

φορτίκος, ή, όν, (φύρτος) of persons, burdiresome, tiresome, common, vulgar:-so of things, correct mupoda a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence

φορτικώς, Adv., vulgarly.

φορτίον, τό, (φόρτοι) a buruen, loa. a ship's freight or lading: in plur. wares, merchandise. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.

φορτίε, ίδοε, ή, (φόρτοε) α sbip of becase, mercbantman.

φόρτος, δ. (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff.

φορύνω, = φύρω, of dough, to knoad: generally, to min up, spoil, defile. [8]

φορύσσω, i. ξω, = φορύνω, to stain, defile.

ορύτος, δ, (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. quisquiliae: also chaff, sawdust, etc., used for packing earthenware

φόως, τό, Ep. lengthd. from φῶς, light. Hence φόωσδε, Adv. to the light, to the light of day. φραγίλλιον, τό, the Lat. flagellum, a scourge. Hence φραγελλόω, f. ώσω, the Lat. flagello, to scourge, φράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσαι

φράγησομαι, fut. pass. of φράσσαι.

ράγμα, ατος, τό, (φράσσω) α fence, **protection**, palisade, defence. φραγμός, δ, (φράσσω) a shutting up, blocking up:

fencing, partition. II. like φράγμα, α bedge, fence, paling.

Φράγνθμι, -- Φράσσαι.

φράδάζω: f. άσω: aor. I έφράδασα poët. φράδασσα: (φραδή):—to tell of, make known. φράδή, ή, (φράζω) understanding, knowledg...

advice, a bint, warning, intimation. Hence

φράδης, έε, gen. έος, understanding, sbrowd, cunning. φραδμοσύνη, ή, understanding, sbrewdness, tuening. From

φράδρων, ον, gen. ονος, (φράζω) = φραδής. From ΦΡΑΖΩ, f. φράσω: 201. Ι έφράσα Ερ. φράσα 201 φράσσα: pf. πέφρακα: Ep. 201. 2 πέφραδον οτ έπίppädor, inf. respadéeir or respadéner:—to sell, deelare, pronounce, stronger than Aéyer:-c. dat. pers. et inf., to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol to advise, counsel:—c. 200. Ivi, ohuara véppade de gent indications by signs: - ppaser xupl to make ugas, signal with the hand. Med and Pass designa:

2 sing. Ion. impf. φραζέσκετο: fut. φράσομαι: 20r. 1 med. εφράσάμην, pass. εφράσθην: pf. pass. πέopadua stil riopasua: to speak with eneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by el with indicat. fut., to consider whether; άμφλο φράζεσθαι to think differently. 2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for 3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, 4. to remark, perceive, notice: to imagine that. 5. to mind. come to know, see, understand: also beed, take care or beed of, c. acc. φράν, ή, gen. φράνόε, Dor. for φρήν. φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of φράσσω. φράξας, ασα, αν, 20r. I part. of φράσσω. φράσδω, Dor. for φράζω. φράσσαντο, Εp. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράζω. pagbols, cioa, ly, sor. I pass, part. of φράζω. ΦΡΑ ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. fw: aor. I έφραξα: Pass., fut. φράγησομαι: 20τ. Ι έφράχθην: 20τ. 2 έφράγην [d]: pf. veppayua: -in Att. the letters are sometimes transposed, as φάρξασθαι for φράξασθαι, πέφαργμαι for πέφραγμαι, φαρκτύε for φρακτύε:—to fence in, bedge round, for defence; to fence, defend, fortify; ppafat de mas on hous to fence in one's body with arms, to arm oneself: -so in Med., eppafavro To Telyos they strengthened the wall: in Med. also, to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications.—Pass. to be fenced in, fortified; φραχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced with shields: absol. respayueros, fenced, secur-II. to put up as a fence; φράξαντει δύρυ Saupi, odnos odnet locking spear fast to spear, shield to shield (so as to make a fence); ppdfarres rd yeppa

block up: make close, fill quite full.

pacortip, spos, & (ppd(w) a teller, informer, of ot
about a thing; ppacrip down a man who tells one
the way, a guide:—ppacripps door es the teeth that

basing put up the shields as a fence.

cell the age.

φράστωρ, οροε, δ. (φράζω) — φραστήρ. φράττωρ, εροε, οτ φράτωρ, οροε, δ. (φράτωρ αποπελετο σ απο φράτρα: pl. φράτρες οτ φράτρεε those of the same φράτρα or ward. Lat. curiales; eloáyeur aw wide els rods φράτεραs to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of ago; οδε έφυσε φράτεραs he has not yet got his φράτερες, i. e. he has been entered in no φρατρία, is no ruse citizen, with allusion to φραστήρεε δδύντεε (see

Φρατορικός, ή, όν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan

эрсготпр). [ā] фриторию́г, « clansmen.

- a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan: κρίν'

- a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan: κρίν'

- a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan: κρίν'

- a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan: κρίν'

- a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan: κρίν'

- a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan: κρίν το κατά με το κατά μ

consisted of three pparpas or pparplas, whose

members were called pparepes or pparopes, as those of a puhi were called puhirau, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. frater, and properly meant a brotherbood.)

φρūτρία, ή, - φράτρα.
φρῶτριάζω, f. άσω, to be in the same φρατρια.
φρῶτρι-άρχης, ου, δ and φρῶτρί-αρχος, δ, (φρατρία, άρχω) president of a φρατρία, Lat. magister curiae.
ψρῶτριος, α, ου, (φράτρα) of or concerning a φράτρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minesva, as tutelary deities of the phratriae. [ā]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω. φράτωρ, οροε, δ, see φράτηρ.

ΦΡΕ'Α', τό, gen. φρέατος: Son. φρείαρ, gen. φρείατος:— a well: or more commonly a water-tank, eistern, reservoir, Lat. puteus: an oil-jar. Hence φρεάτια, ή, a tank or reservoir.

φρεάτίας, ω, δ, (φρέαρ) of a tank or reservoir. φρείαρ, άτος, τό, Ion. and poët. for φρέαρ. φρεν-άπατάω, f. ήσω, (φρήν, άπατάω) έδ decsivs

the mind, deceive. Hence

• pewänárne, ov, ô, one who deceives the mind, a
seducer.

opev-home, es, gen. eos, (ophr, apapeir) master of bis mind, sound of mind, Lat. compos mentis.

- φρενοβλάβεια, ή, damage of the understanding. . From

φρενο-βλάβής, έε, (φρήν, βλαβήναι) damaged in understanding, crazy.

φρενο-γηθής, ές, (φρήν, γήθος) of glad beart, delighting the heart.
φρενο-δαλής, ές, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the

mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (φρήν) – ξε φρενύε, from the beart, beartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, αν, (φρήν, κλέστω) stealing away the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστήε, οῦ, δ, (φρήν, ληστήε) a robber of the understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μάνής, ές, (φρήν, μανήναι) frenzied in mind. φρενο-μόρως, Adv. (φρήν, μύρος) only found in phrase φρενομύρων νοσεῖν to be diseased in mind.

φρενο-πληγής, έε, (φρήν, πληγήνει) giving à stroke to the mind, maddening.

φρενό-πληκτος, ον, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind, smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, ηγοε, δ, ή, - φρενδέληκτοε.

φρενο-τέκτων, ον, gen. ονος, (φρήν, τέκτων) making with the mind, ingentous.

φρενόω, f. ώσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make understanding, instruct, inform, teach; φρενούν οὐκέτ' ἐξ alτιγμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαίων φρενώσεις thou shalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ώλης, εε, (φρήν, δλλυμι) destroyed in mind, frenzied.

ΦΡΕ'Ω, f. φρήσω, a root, which is found only in the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, εἰσ-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

ope-upbyen, f. fon, (oplap, oposon) to dig tanks: | begin : c. acc., spointe costs besis with inmetaph, of a gnat, to make a bold in one's skin.

PHN, f., gen. pperde, plur. pperes, gen. pperûr, etc.: Dor. poav, gen. poarde, dat. plur. ppaal, ppaole :- in plur, the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα. 2. in Homer Both in sing. and plut, the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with bupie, as, kard polva and ward buμόν, as in Lat. mens quimusque; φρενών έκστηναι to be out of one's wits; φρενών ἐπήβολος possessed of sense, in one's right mind; in operos from one's very beart; if appar operos from the surface of one's mind, i. c. superficially, carelessly. 3. of beasts, 4. poéres is also used in Homer in cense, instinct. the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp. to fuxth (the departed soul).

φρήτρη, ή, Ion. for φράτρα, a elan. φρήτρηφιν, Ep. dat. of φρήτρη.

φρήτριος, η, ον, Ion. for φράτριος.

φρίκη [ī], ή, - φρίξ, the ruffling or ripple on a II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. sbivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. borror: then any fear.

φρία-ώδης, es, (φρίξ, elbos) that causes shuddering or borror, auful, borrible: neut. φρικώδεε as Adv.,

borribly.

ΦΡΙ MA ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. - ττομαι: f. - ξομαι: Dep.: -to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle : to

move briskly or wantonly.

φρίξ, ή, gen. φρίκός, (φρίσσω) the ruffling of a smooth surface, the ruffling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat borror; μέλαινα φρίξ the dark ripple. IL a bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίξαι, aor. 1 inf. of φρίσσω.

φριξο-κόμης, ου, δ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling bair.

poleos, b, a shivering, shuddering. From

ΦΡΙΊΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρίζω: 201. I έφριζα: pf. πέφρικα: poot. part. πεφρίκοντει formed as if from a redupl. pres. necessary :--- to be rough or ruffled, to bristle, Lat. borrere, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίασειν λοφιήν to bristle with the mane; πτεροίσι vara reppinorres bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; '2 bave a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver wit i cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to sb dder before anyone, to dread him. also to thri or quiver with delight; Exper Eparts I thrilled with love.

· φροιμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (φροίμιον) contr. for προσιμάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to | φροντίζω: f. ίσω Att. οθ; 20τ. 1 δορότησα: (φοσ-

voking the god.

φριίμιον, τό, contr. for · προοίμιον (cp. φρούδοι) α prelude.

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρόνέη, 3 amg. subj. of φρονέω. think, to have understanding; άριστοι μάχεσθαί τε oporteur re best both in battle and counsel; of oporourtes the wise; to openeur, like opernais, under-2. to be in one's sound senser; Efw standing. to drive one out of his understanding or senses; ἐξίστασθαι τοῦ φρόνεῖν to los... one's wits. 3. c. acc. rei, to bave in mind, purpose. II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; opovôv Expassor I did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; love sporeir to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; rouro oporei à dγωγή ήμων this is what your bringing us means. 2. often with a neut. Adj., dyard or pila proveir tire to be well or kindly minded towards him; mand opporeir tivi to be evil minded towards him; rd ductre operies to be of the better mind, bold the better opinion: and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; wourd operair to bave wise thoughts; µέγα φρονείν, to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be bigb-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be bigbspirited; amapor operain to be low-minded, poorspirited; où nat arbouror oporeir to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, rá reros poveer to bold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; to αὐτὸ φρονεῖν to be like-minded; άλλη φρονεῖν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, beed, hence to take beed of, guard against a thing. bave one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence

φρόνημα, aros, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus : in plur, thoughts, purposes. II. bigb j ziing, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence

φρονημάτίαs, ου, ό, one who is high-spirited, or in

bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.

φρόνησυς, εως, ή, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. bigb-mindednes: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. IL thought fulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονητίον, verb. Adj. of φρονέα, one must prais

oneself.

φρόντμος, αν, (φρανέω) understanding, in coe's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudent; τὸ φρύνιμον praetical wisdom, good sense: Except in apprepa without resource in matters of thought. poorques, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently shiffelly

φρόνιε, και, ή, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, misdom. povouvrus, Adv. pres. act. part. of powin, missly.

prudently.

rls):-to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give beed; operation brose to yerhoetan to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. gen. to take thought for, give beed to a thing, care about, reck of, regard it; μηδέν φροντίζειν των θεών to take no thought of the gods; opertifeir mepl rives to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μη φρον-IV. absol. to be thoughful or anxrious beed not. ious; πεφροντικόε βλέπειν to have a careworn look.

φροντίε, ίδοε, ή, (φρονίω) thought, care, heed to a II. absol, thought, reflection, medithing, c. gen. tation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, 3. power of thought, mind.

φρόντισμα, ατοι, τό, (φροντίζω) that which is Cought out, a contrivance, invention.

φροντιστέον, verb. Adj. of φροντίζα, one must take

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίζω) a place for bard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes.

Φροντιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φροντίζω) a deep, bar i thinker; φροντιστής των μετεώρων οι φροντιστής το μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence

φροντιστικός, ή, όν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv. - www, thoughtfully, carefully

φρούδος, η, ον, also os, ον: (contr. from πρό όδου, as opolmor from spoolmor):-gone away: nf persons, gone, departed; c. part., opoubol [eloi] διώκοντέε σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, opositos el barán thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. of things, gone, vanished.

φρουρά lon. φρουρή, ή, (φρούροι) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; ppoupar dxeir to keep watch; povpae aber (sub. Erena) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imprisonment. II. of men, a wateb or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for opouply dalvery, see dalva.

φρουραρχία, ή, the post of commandant. From φρούρ-αρχος, δ, (φρουρά, άρχω) a commander of a evaleb, an officer or guard: the commandant of a gar-

rison or fortress.

φρουρίω, f. ήσω: 20τ. Ι ἐφρούρησα: Pass., f. med. -ήσομαι in pass. sense: 201. Ι έφρουρήθην: (φρουρόε). -so keep watch or gward; ol ppopourres those on guard, the watch or guard. Il. trans. to watch, gward, heep: to garrison a place. 2. to watch for, 3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's fires. guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

Φρούρημα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λείαι βουκόλων φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single III. watch, ward, guard; pooppy a Exer man. so keep wakb.

φρουρητός, ή, όχ, rerb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded.

φρουρήτωρ, ορδε, δ. (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικός, ή, ίν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρούριον, τό, (φρουρόε) a spatch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. guard or garrison of a place.

φρουρίε, ίδοε, ή, (φρουρύε) α gward-sbip.

φρουρο-δόμος, ον, (φρουρές, δόμος) watching or guarding the bouse.

φρουρός, δ, (contr. for προορός from προοράς, as φρούδου from πρό δδού): a watcher, guard; of φρουpoi the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουρώμες, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρωρέω.

φρύαγμα, ατοε, τό, (φρυάσσομαι) a violent snorting. the neighing of a spirited horse. insolence, arrogance,

φρυαγμο-σέμνάκος, ον, (φρίαγμα, σεμνία) wanton

and baughty.

douderouse Att. - rropes, f. fopes, Dep. to mort and neigh, of a spirited horse. Il. metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φουγάνιζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. Υούμαι, Dep. (φρύγα-

you) to gather sticks for fuel.

φρθγάνισμός, δ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

φρ ψγάνον[θ], τό, (φρύγω) a dry wick: mostly in plur.dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta.

ρύγηναι, 201. 2 pass. itif, of φρύγω.

PTTTAOZ, &, a finch, Lat. fringilla. [1]

Φρύγιος, α, ον, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, i. e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [8] Hence.

Φρύγιστί, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΤΩ [0], also ΦΡΥΣΣΩ Att. -- rru : f. φρόξω Dor. έω: aor. Ι έφρυξα: Pass., aor. Ι έφρυχθην: 20t. 2 έφρύγην [θ]: pf. πέφρυγμαι:—to roart, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrers. Hence

φρυκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. roasted, toasted, parch-II. as Subst., φρυκτίε, δ, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοί πολέμιοι αίρονται ès τόπον fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

φρυκτωρέω, f. ήσω, (φρυκτωρός) to give signals by fire: - Pass., έφρυκτωρήθησαν νήει προσπλέουσαι the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ή, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-II. a night-watch to make fire-signals.

φρυκτ-ωρός, δ, (φρυκτός, ούρος) one who watches to give signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

ΦΡΥΝΗ, ή, a toad. [v]

ΦΡΥΕ, δ, gen. Φρύγδε, a Pbrygian.

φρύξω Dor. -ξω, fut, of φρύγω. φρύσσω Att. -ττω, - φρύγαι

φρυχθηναι, acr. I pass inf of φρύγου. \$6, faugh / an exclamation of disgust

40, Ep. for Equ. 3 sing. sor. 2 of pole.

d. Doc. for out thy) like φόβανδε, to flight; φυγαδ' φύγ**αθ**α, Adv. ( Fromer Invove Stirned his horse to flight.

ψυγεβούω, f. σω, (φυγάε) to make one an enile, drive from a country, banish. II, intr. to be an exile, live in banishment.

φυγεθικός, ή, όν, (φυγάς) fit for an exile or refugee; duradust spotuple the seel of an enils.

oby-alxuns, ou, b, (ourely, alxun) flooing from the spear, unwarlike, sowardly.

ψυγάς, άδος, δ, ή, (φυγείν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, mile, refugee, Lat. enul, profugue; naráyeir devident to recal the entles; narifyal or narelibely was said of their returning themselves. 2. a de-

jouryave, collet. form of serve.

reys, Ep. for έφυγε, 3 sing. sor. 2 of φεύγω,

φύγολ, Adv., contr. for φύγολο, to fligh.
φύγο, Ep. for έφθγο, 3 sing. sor. 2 of φούφθγολν Ion. φυγέαν, sor. 2 inf. of φούγο.

φυγή, ή, (φυγείν) flight in battle, Lat. fuga: cat. φυγή, in basty flight, bastily. 2. flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.; roser dunydran duyde fuuπέφρασται he has devised means of escape from incur-II. banishment, Lat. exilium; ovyh able diseases. deriver to live in banishment. 2. as a collective Noon ourse, = ourabes, a body of sailes or refugees.

φύγησι, Ep. for φύγη, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of φεύγω. φυγο-δέμνιος, αν, (φυνείν, δέμνιαν) shunning the marriage-bed.

φύγο-δίκέω, f. ήσω, (φυγείν, σικη) to sbun a lasonus: to dislike litigation.

φυγό-ξενος, ον, (φυγείν, ξένος) shunning strangers

or guests, hence inbospital ιθγο-πτόλεμος, ον, poët. for φυγοπόλεμος, (φυγείν, πόλεμοι, πτόλεμοι) shunning war, cowardly.

φύγών, ούσα, όν, aos. 2 part. of φυγείν.

duels, eiσα, er, sor. 2 pass. part. of φύω.

φύζα, (φεύγω) poët. for φυγή, flight, rout. Hence

φυζάκινός, ή, ω, flying, sby, scared.

υζάλίος, α, ον, 🗕 φυζακινός.

φυή Dor. φυά, ή, (φύω) growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius : nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

φύη, for φυίη, 3 sing. 2or. 2 opt. 0. φύω

buffvat, acr. 2 pass. inf. of our.

φνίην, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φθκιόσιε, εσσα, εν, (φῦκοι) full of sea-wood, weeds. φθικίον οτ φίκιον, τό, (φθκου) sea-weed.

φθκο-γείτων, ονοε, δ, ή, (φῦκοε, γείτων) near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea

TKOZ, eos, 76, Lat. FUCUS, sea-weed, seawrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from power, Lat. jueus.

be shunned or escaped, that can be escaped. shunned, avoided.

φυλάκη, ή, (φυλάσσω) a watching or guarding. keeping wateb or guard, wateb or guard: in plut. a night-wateb. Let. excubias; outande free to mount the night-guard; outlands outlarted to keep guard or wateb; the ourands waranthouseu to set the watches. 2. a watch or guard, Lat. custodia: also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a wateb, esp. a watch of the night. 5. a ward, prison, place of

φυλάκοσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward: Execu riva er outant to keep in sustady:also φυλακήν έχειν, = φυλάττεσθαι to take beed cr care, be cautious; δεινώε έχειν έν φυλακήσι to be straitly on one's guard.

φυλάκιζω, f. iou Att. ιδ. (φυλακή) to throw into prison.

φύλθεσε, δ, pošt. for φύλαξ.

φυλακτέος, α, αν, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, to be watched or kept. II. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against

φύλακτήρ, ήροι, δ. = φύλαξ, a guard. Hence φύλακτήριον, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lst. statio. 1. a safeguard. preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, outagriesa were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against

evil epirits. φυλακτικός, ή, ίν, (φυλάσσω) fit for preserving. preservative, c. gen. II. cautious :-- Adv. -- mis. φύλαξ, čiros, ό, also ή, (φυλάσσω) a watcher, gward: a sentinel, Lat. excubitor; ol φύλακτε the garrison; II. a zuardian, keeper, proalso *body-guards*. tector, governor; polaf raible a protector of the lad φυλαξείε, Dor. for φυλάξειε, 2 sing. fut. of φολάσσω:

φύλαξιε, eue, φ. (φύλασσω) a watching, guara-II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding ing. against, caution

φύλαρχέω, f. ήσω, to command the contingent of s tribe (φυλή). II. to command the cavalry. From ψύλ-αρχος, ο, (φυλή, έρχω) the chief of a tribe (φυλή). II. a commander of cavalry.

φύλασσέμεναι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω.

TAAZER Att. - Tw: fut. polafe: not. I lesλαξα Ερ. φύλαξα: pf. σεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαγθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάξομαι: aor. I δφαλάχθην: pf. **ποφύλαγμαι** : I. absol. to watch, be election: csp. to keep watch and ward, be on guard; viere φυλάσσειν to watch the night through. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep, secure; onlarrece red de rivos to guard one from a person or thing. watch for, lie in wait or ambush for; to watch, wait for or observe the right time. 3. metaph, as preserve, keep, maintain; puhasseur spena to heep, m φυκτός, ή, όν, - φευκτος, ν.... Aaj. οι φευγω, to spect ouths; φυλάσκειν έπου to observe a com-II. mand. III. Med. to beed, take beed or core, be on one's guard; used by Homer only in pf pass.

redukaryueros elvas to be cautious, prudent. to heep a thing, bear it in mind or memory : c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μή ποιείν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take beed, beware of, be on one's guard against, shun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τούν πολεμίουν to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φυλέτης, ov, δ, (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribes-

man, Lat. tribulis.

φυλή, ή, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or easte. 2. later, a union according to local babitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood. II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΛΙΑ, ή, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλάε, άδος, ή, (φύλλον) a beap of leaves, a bed ot litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ήδη κατακαρpoperns when his leaf now becoming sere and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself; a branch or bough.

φυλλείον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, berbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; βαφανίδον φυλλεία, radish-tops.

Φύλλινος, η, ον, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves. φυλλοβολέω, f. how, to shed the leaves. From

φυλλο-βόλος, ον, (φύλλον, βαλείν) shedding leaves. Φυλλό-κομος, ον, (φύλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves,

tbick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΛΛΟΝ, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; σεηπερ φύλλον γενεή, τοιήδε και ανδρών as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; whent'd φύλλα wreathed leaves. 2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόρ-poos, or, (φύλλον, ρέω) leaf-shedding.

Hence

φυλλορροώ, f. ήσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Cosnic phrase, φυλλορροείν dowlda to shed on let drop one's shield.

**Φυλλό-στρωτος, ον, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ώτος,** 🕹 🤼 (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewed on covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, αν, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; σελλοφόρου άγών a contest in which the prize is a rown of leaves.

**Φυλλο-χοίω, f.** ήσω, (φύλλον, χίω) to shed like eaves.

Δυλο-κρίνέω, f. ήσω, (φύλον, κρίνω) to distinguish

caces, choose by races. 4-Oλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φῦλον θεῶν, arrancis. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one isad, a troop, bost, crowd, 28, φῦλα θεών, φῦλα γυcreative, etc.: a mourm of gnats: φῦλτον δρυίθου the ace of birds. 3. sex, to your kelor pular the fe-

ale sen. II. a race, people, nation. more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατά φύλα

y races or class.

φύλ-οπις, ίδος, ή: ευς. φύλοπεν οι φυλόπιδα:-(φῦλον, ὑψ) the vattle-cry, din of battle, battle.

φθμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φθναμ, zor. 2 inf. of φω.

φυξ-άνωρ, opos, ό, ή, (φεύγω, άνήρ) fleeing κιεπ. [ā] φύξηλιε, toe and tôce, ô, ή, (φείγω) fugitive, sby, cowardly.

φύξιμος, or, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, wbere one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, σ place of refuge. II. c. acc., púfillús tira able to flee from or escape one.

 $\phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} = \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} + \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} = \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} + \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} + \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} = \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} + \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} + \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} = \phi \dot{\psi}_{\nu}^{\dagger} + \phi \dot{$ 

φύραμα, ατος, τό, (φυράω) that which is mixed or

kneaded, paste, dougb.

φυράω: f. άσω [ā]: 201. Ι ἐφύρᾶσα Ιου. -ησα: Pass., aor. Ι έφυράθην [ā] Ion. -ήθην: pf. πεφύρημαι:—lengthd. form of φύρω, to min up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., madauffr party upde - 100 έρασται φυράσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

φυρήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φέρω.

ΦΥΡΩ, £ φύρσω: 201. Ι έφυρσα: Past., paullo-p. fut. πεφάρωσμαι: aor. Ι ἐφύρθην: aor. 2 ἐφύρην [ῦ]: pf. włowpyta :--to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. to mix and knead dough; b pupow one who kneads Il. metaph. to mingle or jumble bread, a baker. together, confound, confuse:-Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [v]

φύε [v], aor. 2 part. of φύω: δ φύε α son.

φθσα, η, ή, (φύω) a pair of bellows; bellows. n. a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φυσαθείε, είσα, έν, Dor. for φυσηθείε, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσαλίς and φυσαλλίς, ίδος, ή, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. puscula. II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φύσαλος, δ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself

wp. [v]

φύσας, aor. I part. of φύω; ὁ φύσας one's father. [V]

φυσατήριον, τό, Dor. for φυσητήριον. φθσάω Ion. - έω: f. ήσω: (φθσα):--το blow, puff,

either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; deval qualr to snort furiously. to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φυσάν κύστιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plqpf. ἐπεφύσητο ή γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. requentation, blown out, swoln. 2. metaph. to cheat; quou to

puff one up, make him vain:-Pass. to be puffed up, 3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge. to blow out a lamp. 5. to blow a wind-instrument.

φυσίω. Ion. for φυσάω: φυσιώμενος, Ion. for φυ-

σώμενος, pres. pass. part. φύση, ή, Ion. for φῦσα.

φύσημα, ατοι, τό, (φυσάω) that subjeb is blown oc blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing or enerting: a rearing, raging: of a horse, a enerting, energing: alwares open a blooming forth blood.

φθοτητόον, verb. Ad). of φυσάω, one must blow up. φθοτητήρ, ήρος, δ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube.

a. a pair of bellows, a

fan for blowing fire.

φθοητήριον Dor. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair
of bellows.

II. a wind-instrument.

φθσίδιμα, ατοδ, τό, a blowing, snorting. From φθστόκο, Βρ. part. φθστόκο, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe hard, pant.

II. transit to blow or puff up:—metaph, to elate, make vais.

φθουγγόομαι, Pass. (φθοιγέ) to be excited by eating garlie, properly of fighting cocks: of the Megarine, δόδουα σεφυσιγγωμένοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allision to the garlic grown in Megara: ef. φθοιγέ.

φθσι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, - φυσιογνώμων.

ψθσιγξ, εγγοε, ή, (φυσάω) the hollow stalk or close of garlie: garlie itself.

φθοί-foos, σε, (φύω, ζωή) producing or sustaining

life, life-giving.

φθσικόε, ή, όν, (φόσιε) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opo. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φύστογγωμονίω, f. ήσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks. φύστογγωμονία, ή, the art of judging a man by his features, physiognomy

φύσιο-γνώμων, αν. gen. ονος, (φύσις, γνώμη) judging of a man's character by his outward look.

ing of a man's character by his outward look.

Φύσιδω, f. ώσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.

φυσιόων, Ep. pres. part. of φυσιάω.

ψύσιε [v], ewe, ή, (φύω) the nature, inhorn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing; quote doct μών the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. vis; φύσεων ἀποστήναι χαλεπόν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature: natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. the cutward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like 4. natural order, nature; quote or narà φόσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμω or κατά νόμον (by custom, conventionally); άπαι δ άνθράπων Blos pour ral vousies district the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws; è narà quou bavaros a natural death, opp. to mapa φύσιν, contrary to nature; so, προδότης έκ ρύσεων a traitor by nature. II. natural origin, birth; whom by birth. III. a creature; bryti φόσιε mankind; πόντου είναλία φύσιε the creatures of the sea; θηλεία φύσιε woman-kind.

φοσίωστε, εωε, ή, (φυσιόω) a being puffed up, vanity.
φύστη, ή, (φυσίω) the large intestine: a sausage
or black pudding.

φυστή οτ φύστη, ή, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly.

φύστιε, εωε, ή, (φύω) a progeny, race.

obviolid, f. (ovrlo) a planted place, an orebard of vineyard, as opp. to com-land (decupa).

Il a plant, esp. of the vine.

φύτάλμιοε, οτ. (φυτόε) producing, nourishing, foctering; fatherly II. by nation, from one's birth: άρα καὶ ησθα φυτάλμιοε δυσαίων; wast thou thus miserable from thy birth?

φύτεία, ή, (φυτεύω) a planting.

II. a planting; or simply a plant,
φύτευθεν, Acol. and Ep. for ἐφῦτεθησω, 3 pl. acc.

I pass. of φυτεύω: but φυτευθέν, acr. 1 pass. part

neut. of oversion.

opireupa, aros, ró, (obreso) that which is planted,
a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucher, a sudling, Lat. planta, stolo. From φύτεψω, f. σω: 20τ. 1 ἐφύτευσα: Pasa., 20τ. 1 ἐφῦτεύθην: pf. πεφύτευμαι: (φυτόν):—to plant trees α

plants: mostly as opp. to dobe (to sow).

2. metaph. to beget; & ouredous warfs or & ourcious alone, the father; of ouredouverse the parents.

Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents.

generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. is plant ground with trees; overever ymplor to plant s spot with trees:—Pass., Aff meopurevery land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ή, (φόω) poët. for φόσιε, a stock, genera-

φύτο-εργός, όν, poët. for φυτουργός.

φύτον, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree II. a creature: of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut. of φυτόε.

φύτος, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φύω, groum, grossing. 2. metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native. φύτο-σπάφος, ον, (φυτόν, σπάπτω) digging or debing round plants; φυτοσπάφος δυήρ a gardener.

φύτο-σπόρος, ον, (φυτόν, σπέφω) planting transmetaph. begetting, φυτοσπόρος, δ, a father.

φύτ-ουργόε poët. φυτο-εργόε, όν, (φυτία, εξεγω) cultivating plants or trees: as Subst., φυτοεργόε, δ, gardener, sine-dresser.

II. metaph. begetting as Subst., φυτουργόε, δ, a father.

ΦΥΩ, fut. φύσω [v]: 201. I έφθσα: in these tense Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow; vpixes φύειν to make hair grow; φύειν πτερά to per forth grow wings; of a country, over sapele Te toops στον και ανδραε αγαθούε to produce excellent fruit and brave men:-also to beget, generate: 3 déser. tbe begetter, fatber 2. metaph., opérez dést s get understanding; dofas over to get or gain repe-II. Pass. and Med. φύσμαι: f. φύσυμα: the sense of Pass, and Med, also belongs to istr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 epor, inf. poras, part. poe, pore, φύν; later in pass. form έφύην, φυήναι, φωεί»: perf. πέφυκα, plaps. επεφύκειν:-Ερ. 3 pl. ps. πεφύδαι for мефонали, part. мефоба, мефона, мефоналов, for меф nove, -nvia, -noros: there is also an Ep. redupt. impἐπέφθεον, as if from a pres. πεφύων; Ep. 3 plus. aux. 8 έφυν for έφθυσι: acr. 2 opt. φόην for φυίην:—to of consonants. grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκότα trees growing there.

2. hind of language form, to be begotten or born, μη φύναι νιας not to bave been born were best:—φύναι οτ πεφυκέναι τινόε to be born or descended from any one; δ φύε the son, speech: of wise opp. to δ φύσαι the father.

3. to be so and so by παture, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφθυα being often used as a pres. I bave See φωνή.

been born, I am; plaps. ἐπεφύκειν as imps., I bad been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἔφῦν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῦν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they

ture, be one's natural lot; despossos necoucies man

naturally prevail.

according to bis nature, as be is. φωίς, ίδος, ή, contr. φώς, φφδύε: pl. φωίδες, φώδες: (φῶς):—a blister or socal, caused by a burn a burn,

4. c. dat. to fall to one by na-

blister. Disease Ion. -aly, h, a city in Ionia. Hence

Poscasan: fem. Poscasis, idos, a Phocasan woman.

Tenevs, έωε, δ, (Φωκίε) a Phocian.
ΦΩ΄ΚΗ, ἡ, a seal, sea-calf, Lat, phoca.

Testini, η, α seat, sea-car, Lat. pooca.

Testicos, ή, όν, (Φωκίε) of Phocis, Phocian.

Testis (sub. γη), lbos, η, Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Bocotia.

φωλάε, άδος, ή, fem. Adj. (φωλεος) lurking in a bole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear.

φαλαίο, δ, Ep. for φαλεόε. ΦΩΛΕΟ Σ, δ, with irreg. plur. φαλεά, τά, α den,

lair, bole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φαλεύω, f. εύσω, or φωλέω, f. ήσω, (φωλεύε) to lie

n a bole or den: to lie torpid in a bole.

configure Dor for touriers our infe

φωνάσα, Dor. for φωνήσαι, nor. I inf. of φωνίω. φωνασκίω, f. ήσω, (φωνασκό») to practise or culticate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence φωνασκία, ή, practice of the voice.

φαν-ασκόε, όν, (φανή, ἀσκίω) practising the voice.
φανεθντες, φανεθντα, Dor. for φανοθντες, φανοθντα,

res. part. from

φουνίω, f. ήσω, (φωτή) to produce an articulate out of tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to all out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα out έεν to have the loudest voice.

3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to rery.

4. τὰ φωνούντα the voicel; like τὰ li. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost,

Adress: to eall by name, call to, cry to, call upon:
acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do.

III.

acc. rei, to speak of.

EANH, h, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, at work: a loud clear voice, a cry; perly payrival exter a clear, articulate sound.

2. the voice or y of animals.

3. sound: the sound of musical examents.

4. any articulate sound, as opp. to that (blook): a sound sound as opp. to that

of consonants.

1. the faculty of speech, dinourse,
Lat. sermo.
2. language, Lat. lingua.
3. a
kind of language, dialect. Hence

φωνήσε Dor. φωνάσε, εσσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνώντα:— sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνώντα συνετοίοι that have speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech:

—τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to δφωνα (consonants). Sec φωνή. φώνημα, ατοε, τό, (φωνίω) a sound made or utterea, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for ἐφάνησα, aor. 1 of φωνέω. ΦΩΡ, ὁ, gen. φωρόε, dat. pl. φωροί, Lat. FUR, α tbief; φωρών λιμήν, a harbour at Athens. used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά, âs, Ion. φωρή, η̂s, ή, (φώρ) a theft. II.

detection.

φωράω, f. άσω [ā]: Pass., aor. I ἐφωράθην [ā]: pf. πεφάρημα: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a theft: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωράσθαι κλέπτης ών to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργύριον ἐφωράθη ἔξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation. φώρη, lon. for φώρα.

φωριάμος, δ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esn. for clothes

and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for φωριος, stoien.

φάριος, or, (φάρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit. φάς, δ, gen. φωτόε; dual φῶτε, φωτῶτ; pl. φῶτες, φωτῶν: ("φάω, the Root of φημί):—poēt. for ἀνήρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φωε, τό, contr. for φάοε.

φωστήρ, ήρος, δ, (φῶς) a light-giver, luminary. II. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσ-φόρου, ον, (φῶε, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόροε, δ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. 2. φωσφόροι κόραι, the eveball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye. II. torch-bearing.

φωτάγωγόε, όν, φῶε, άγω) guiding with a light:
—φωταγωγόε (sub. θύρα), ή an orening for light a

window.

φωτεινόε, ή, όν, (φῶν) sbining bright, giving light.
φωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (φῶν) intr. to sbine, give
light, beam.
II. transit. to bring to light, make
knows.
2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:

-Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, δ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening.
that which enlightens, illumination, light.

## X

5.5 cound. as oppn to that Greek alphabet: as numeral  $\chi = 600$ , but  $\chi =$ 

600,000: also in Inser. x stands as first letter of | delighted or pleased; valpew view to rejoice in one's χίλια, 1000.

Changes of  $\chi$ , esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. II. Ion, very freq. for  $\theta$ , as operion for operator. into **κ, as δέκομαι κιθών κύθρα for δέχομαι χιτών** χύτρα. III. put before \(\lambda\), as \(\chi\)aira for \(\lambda\)ira, χλιαρόε for λιαρόε,

Like  $\phi$ ,  $\chi$  was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it

long by position, as in  $\phi a i \bar{o} \chi i \tau a \sigma$ .

xáde, Ep. for exade, 3 sing. sor. 2 of xardara. (αιδείν Ερ. χαιδέσιν, aor. 2 inf. of χανδάνω.

XA ZΩ, Fp. fut. κεκάδήσω: Ep. 201. 2 κέκάδον, for kixador:-to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, II. Med. χάζομαι : f. χάσομαι Ερ. χάσσομαι: 20τ. Ι έχασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. χάσσατο, Ep. part, χασσάμενος: there is also Ep. 3 pl. κεκάδοντο ior κεγάδοντο, from a redupl, aor. 2 κεκαδόμην:---to give way, give ground, draw or sbrink back, recoil, retire: absol, δείσω χάζεσθαι to retire or retreat 2. c. gen, to draw back or retire from; πυλάων χάζεσθαι to retire from the gates; χάζεσθαι erapas els estres to retire into the troop of his companions. 3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, besitate, fear to do.

XAI'NΩ, seldom used in pres. and impf., XA'XKΩ, έχασκον being used instead: fut. χάνουμαι: 201. 2 έχἄνον: pf. κέχηνα, with pres. sense:--to yawn, gape, open wide; τότε μοι χάνοι εὐρεῖα χθάν then may earth your wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, yours. II. in Comic Poets, to gape or your from weariness or in eager expectation; άπου κεχηνέναι to look gaping up; οί κεχηνότει gapers, starers: χάσκειν πρώε τι to gape or look greedily after a thing; xáoneir upós rira to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about. III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. biscere, c. acc.; beird βήματα κατά τινος χανείν to speak foul words against any one.

XATOX, a, ov, genuine, true, good, staunch. xalpeone, 3 sing. Ion. impl. of xalpo. χαιρετίζω, f. σω, (χαίρε) to greet. Hence Yaiperiouos, oû, o, a greeting. χαιρηδών, όνος, ή, (χαίρω) joy, delight, formed like

 $a\lambda\gamma\eta\delta av.$ 

xalpy, Dor. for xalper, inf. of xalpo.

xalpoiou, Dor. for xalpoura, pres. part, fem. of xalpo. χαιρόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of χαίρω.

ΧΑΙ'ΡΩ: ε, χαιρήσω Ερ. κεχάρησω: pf. κεχάρηκα, Ep. part. κεχάρηώε:—Med., fut. χάροῦμαι: Ep. aor. I έχηράμην, 3 sing. χήρατο: and from a redupl. aor, 2 κεχάρομην the 3 pl. ind. κεχάροντο, 3 sing. and pl. opt, κεχάροιτο, κεχαροίατο: Pass., in same sense as Act., fut. χάρησομιι; Ep. paullo-p. fut. κεχάρησομαι: 20r. 2 axapyv [a], Ep. 3 sing. xapy, opt. xapelyv, inf. χαρήναι, part. χαρείε: pl. κεχάρημαι, later κέχαρμαι:

Ep. 3 pl. plapí. κεχάρηντο:—to rejoice, be glad, be

mind. 2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, xalpear yelests to espress one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, xalpos de o' ebruxobera I rejoice at your prosperity. 3. c. part., xalpes anosoras I rejoice at having heard, am glad to hear; xalpers ôpôr pôr 4. with the pres. thou rejoicest at seeing the light. part., xalow is used also in sense of outles, to delight in doing, to be swort to do. IL often with a negat,, où xaiphoeis thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. χαίρον with impunity; οδ χαίροντει ἀπαλλάξετε ye shall not get off with impunity. III. the imperat. χαίρε is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, bail, welcome, Lat. salve; or at parting, farewell, Lat. vale; so in part., xalper in fare-thee-welf. inf. xalpeir, in phrase xalpeir heyer ooi, is used as a greeting like χαίρε; προσειπών τινα χαίρειν having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, Kûpos Kuafápp χαίρειν [sc. λέγει], Lat. salvere jubet, salutem dicit. 2. in bad sense, xalpeur ear or redeveur to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at πaught; πολλά χαίρειν είπεῦν τινι to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. xupéru, like ἐρρέτω, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

XAITH, \$\eta\_i\$, long flowing bair, both in sing. and plur.: also a borse's mane; later also a lion's mane, II. of trees, like Lat. coma, leaves, Lat. juba.

foliage. Hence xaithers Dor. - dans, coon, ev, with long flowing bair: also with a long mane.

χαίτωμα, = χαίτη, bair, the phome of a helmet.

χαλά, ή, Dor. for χηλή.

XA'AAZA', no, n, bail: a pail-shower, bail-storm: metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle. Hence

xălalau, to bail. II. to have pimples or tybercles. χαλαζ-επής, έε, (χάλαζα, έπος) burking tibuse es tbick as bail.

χαλάζήσιε Dor. -άσιε, εσσα, εν, (χάλαζα) like bail,

thick as bail, pelting, pitiless. χάλαζο-βολέω, ε. ήσω, (χάλαζα, βαλεθ), το strike with bail.

χαλαίνω, poët. for χαλάω.

χάλαρός, ά, όν, (χαλάω) slackened, locemed, slack; χαλαρά κοτυληδών α loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

χαλαρότης, ητος, ή, slackness, looseness.

ΧΑ ΛΑ Ω: f. άσω [d]: sor. Ι έχάλασα Ερ. χώ λασσα, Dor. part. χαλάξαι»; pf. κεχάλάκα: Pass. 20:. Ι έχαλάσθην : pf. κεχάλασμαι : to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; xalar rift to unstring the bow; fiviar xahar to slack the reiss: yalar moda to slack the sheet of the sail. let down, let fall or droop; heroway yakar to smooth the brow.

3. to let loose, loose, release; khippa or khipas xuhûr to loose the bar or bolts.

4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up.

II. intr. to become slock or loose: to gape, stand wide open.

2. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, to cease from.

3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him.

4. absol., like elkeur, to give in, yield:—Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

Xahbalos, d. a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much

given to such pursuits. Hence
Χαλδαΐστι. Adv. in the Chaldee tongue.

χαλ-ειμάς, άδος, ή, (χαλάς, είμα) Lat. laxivestis,

lorse-robed, ungirt.

χάλεπαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐχαλέπηνα, pass. ἐχαλεπάνθην: (χαλεπά»):—to be bard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storus, Lat. ingravescere: metaph, of men, to deal severely or barsbly, to be barsh, illtempered; χαλεπαίνειν τινί to be embittered or shew barsbness towards one; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπί τινι to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸν ἀλλήλουν to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπήναι, aor. I inf. of χαλεπαίνω. χαλεπηρής, έε, poët. for χαλεπύε.

grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματος the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπά bardsbips, sufferings.
2. bard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesoms.
3. difficult, dangerous.
4. of approaches, difficult, rough, rugged, steep.
II. of persons, bard to deal with, bitter, bostile, angry; ολ χαλεπώτερο bitterer enemies:

XAΛΕΠΟΣ [a], ή, ών, bard to bear, sore, severe,

mischievous, dangerous, troubleome.
2. barsh,
cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict.
3. ill-tem-

pered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χάλεπότης, ητος, ή, difficulty, roughness, ruggedpress. II. of persons, harshness, severity, rigour. χάλέπτω, f. ψω: Pars., 201. Ι έχαλέφθην:—poüt. For χαλεπαίνω, to deal harshly with, oppress, distress, harass: also to bring low, humble. 2. to provoke, enrage, irritate. II. intr. to be angry, irritated.

χαλεπώ, Dor. for χαλεπού, gen. of χαλεπόε. χαλεπώε, Adv. of χαλεπόε, bardly, with difficulty;

χαλεπῶε ἡν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. 2.
scarcely, Lat. aegré. II. of persons, severely,
ruelly, barsbly. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπῶε φέσειν τι, Lat. aegré, graviter ferre, to behr a thing ill.
χαλεπῶτερον. - ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπῶε.
χαλί-κρῶτος Ιοπ. χαλί-κρητος, ον, (χάλις, κεράννυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merus.

χ ἄλλιν-ἄγωγέω, f. ήσω, (χαλινύε, ἄγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

Alvos, δ. irreg. pl. χαλινά, τά, (χαλαία) a bridle, χαλινόs, δ. irreg. pl. χαλινόι τά, (χαλαία) a bridle; χαλινον ενδακεῦν to champ the sit; χαλινον ελοδικού το champ the cateph. of anything which curbs or compele; Διόε αλλικόε the curb imposed by Jove.

χάλινοω, f. ωσω, to bridle or bit a hotse:—Pass. to be bridled or surbed. Hence

χαλίνωσις, εως, ή, a bridling. [t]

χάλινωτήρια, τά, (χαλινόω) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

XA'AIE, Vicos, & and \$\frac{1}{2}\$, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [4]

χάλιε, ιοε, δ, (χαλάω) sheer wine, Lat. merum.

χαλιφρονίω, f. ήσω, (χαλίφρον) to be light-minded, flighty, silly. Hence

χάλιφροσύνη, ή, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness. χάλι-φρων, ονοε, ό, ή, (χαλάω, φρήν) light-minded,

flighty, thoughtless. χαλκ-άρματος, ον, (χαλκός, άρμα) soith brasen

chariot, epith, of Mars.

χάλκ-ασπις, ιδος, ό, ή, (χαλκός, dσπίς) with brasen shield.

χαλκ-έγχης, es, gen. eos, (χαλκύs, έγχος) with brasen lance.

χαλκείον Ion. - ήμον, τό, (χαλκεύω) a smith's shop; forge, smithy, Lat. officina. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. 2. a concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκειος, α, ον Ιοα. χαλκήμος, η, ον, poët. for χάλκειος, (χαλκύε) of brass, brasen.

χαλκ-έλάτος, ον, (χαλκός, έλαύνω) poët. for χαλκήλατος.

χαλκ-εμβολάs, poët. fem. of χαλκέμβολοε.

χαλκ-έμβολος, ον, (χαλκύς, έμβολον) with brasen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντήε, έε, (χαλκόε, έντεα) armed with brassχαλκεό-γομφος, ον, (χάλκεοε, γόμφοε) fastened with brasen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ, ἄκοε, Ερ. –θώρηξ, ηκοε, δ, ή: (χάλκεοε, θώραξ) with brasen breastplate.

χαλκεο-κάρδιος, ον, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with beart of brass.

χαλκεό-πεζος, ον, (χάλκεος, πέζα) brass-fooled. χαλκέ-οπλες, ον, (χάλκεος, υπλον) with arms or armour of brass.

χάλκεος, έα Ion. έη, εον, also εος, εον: contr. χαλκούς, η, οῦν: poët. χάλκειος Ion. -ήμος, η, ον: (χαλκόυ):—of copper or bronze, brasen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Zeύs a brasen statue of Jove; χάλκεον Ιστάναι τινά to raise a brasen statue to one.

2. metaph.. like brass, bard, stont; χάλκεον ήτορ, a heart of brass; χάλκεος ύπνος a brasen sleep, i. e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχήε, έε, (χάλκεοε, τεῦχοε) in arms of brass.

Xalkeb-powos, ov, (xalkeos, powh) with voice of brass, i. e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατοι, τό, (χαλκεύω) anything made of brass, a brasen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brasen bonds.

χαλκεύε, έωε, δ, (χαλκεύω) a worker in copper, a

voppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in sucial, smith, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith. χαλκευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) — χαλκεύε: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικός, ή, όν, of or for the brusier or his art:

chilled in metal-working: ή χαλκευτική (sub. τέχτη),

the smith's art or trade.

χαλκευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκόε) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer or forge; τὸ χαλκεύειν the smith's art.

χαλκεών, ῶνοε, ὁ, = χαλκεῖον, a forge, smithy. χαλκηδών, όνοε, ὁ, (χαλκόε) chalcedony, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλιτείον.

xalichos, 7, ov, Ion. for xalicese.

xalu-hadros also xalu-tharos, ov, (xalute, thatwe) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

Xaluthous, es, gen. eos, (xalutes, dodosir) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass.
Xaluthouses, or, (xalutes, olute) dwelling in a brasse bouse or shrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκόε) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

xaluls, loos, h, a bird of prey.

Xaksis, ibos, th, Chalcis, a city in Euboca, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλεκόρης, es, gen. eos, poët, lengthd, form for γαλεκόρης. [ά]

χαλκο-βάρτης, έε, gen. έοε, (χαλκόε, βάροε) beauy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρσια, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρήε.

χαλκο-βάτης, έε, gen. έος, (χαλκός, βαίνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brasen base.

χαλκο-βόαε, ου, δ, (χαλκόε, βοή) with voice of brass. χαλκο-γένειοε, ον, (χαλκόε, γένειον), and χαλκόγενιε, υ, gen. voe, (χαλκόε, γένιε) with teeth of brass. χαλκο-γλώχεν, Ivoe, δ, ἡ, (χαλκόε, γλωχίε) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαίδάλος, οτ, (χαλκός, δαιδάλλω) inlaid with brass.

II. act, working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμδε, αντοε, ό, ἡ, (χαλκόε, δαμάω) subduing, L.e. sbarpening brass.

χαλκό-δετος, ον, (χαλκός, δέω) brass-bound.

χελκο-θώραξ, ακοε, δ, ή, (χαλκόε, θώραξ) - χαλκεοθώραξ, with brasen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμιε, ιδοε, δ, ή, (χαλκόε, κνημίε) with greaves of brass.

<sup>F</sup>χαλκο-κορυστής, οῦμδ, (χαλκός, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in brasen armour.

χαλκό-κροτος, ω, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling soith brass: of horses, brasen-boofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβάνον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv.

χαλκο-μίτραs, ου, δ, (χαλκόs, μίτρα) with girdle of brass.

χαλκό-νειτος, ον, (χαλκόε, νώτοε) brass-backed χαλκο-πάγήε, έε, (χαλκόε, παγήναι) compacted of brass.

χαλκο-πάρησε Dor. -πάρδος, ον, (χαλκος, παρειά) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκό-πεδος, ον, (χαλκός, πέδον) with floor of brass. χαλκό-πλευρός, ον, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an um.

χαλκο-πληθής, ές, gen. έος, (χαλκός, πλήθος) filled with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. -πλακτος, ων, (χαλκός, πλήσσω) forged or welded of brass.
χαλκό-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό; gen. -ποδος (χαλκός

wole):—brasen-footed, with brasen tramp.

With steps of brase, brasen.

χαλκό-πύλος, ον, (χαλκός, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

KAAKO<sup>\*</sup>Z, οθ, δ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. acs, called from its colour έριθρόε and alθού. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hency καλκόε was used as a name for metal in general and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word χαλκόε was used for σίδηροε. Later, χαλκόε was applied to bronze, a minture of copper with the which was the chief metal used by the ancients in tarts. II. in the Poets, anything made of brass or metal, esp. of brasen arms: also a brasen wessel, arm

χαλικο-σπελής, έε, (χαλεύε, σπέλοε) with legs of brass. χαλικο-στέφάνος, ον, (χαλεύε, στέφανοε) crossnes

or compassed with brass.
χαλκό-στομος, ον, (χαλκόε, στόμα) with brase

χαλκό-στομος, ον, (χαλκός, στόμα) with bran mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκό-τουκτος, ον, (χαλκός, τούχω) made of brass χαλκο-τουχής, ές,(χαλκός, τούχω) in brasen armour χαλκό-τοξος, ον, (χαλκός, τόξω) soich brasen bour χαλκοτορόω, f. ήσω, to form or mould of brass From

χαλκό-τορος, or, (χαλκός, τείρω) wrought of brass χαλκο-τύπος, or, (χαλκός, τύπτω) beating or working copper:—as Subst., χαλκοτύπος, δ, a works in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith. 2striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the

priests of Cybelé. II. χαλκότὖσος, ου, pass. struck with brass, inflicted with brasen arms. χαλκ-οθργος, δ, (χαλκός, εξργω) α σορρατικώ.

χαλκούς, η, οῦν, Att. contr. from χάλκους.

II. as Subst., χαλκούς, δ, α copper coin, somewhat less than a farthing.

χαλκο-φάλδοος, ον, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned a ornamented with brass or copper. [φά]

χαλκόφι, Ερ. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκόκ. χαλκο-χάρμηκ, ου, ό, (γαλκόκ, χάρμη) βερλίκε in

brasen armour. χαλκο-χίτων, esroe, δ, φ, ιχαλεόε, χιτώ») brasscoated, brass-clad.

Yelnbybros, or, (xalule, xew) cast in copper or | Xavavalos, a, or, Canaanitish, of Canaan :--brass.

xaluba, f. wow, (xalube) to cover with brass:sor. I pass, part, xaxxorele, clad in brass.

to make in brass or bronze

χάλκυμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκύω) anything made of bronze or copper, a brasen vessel or instrument. χαλυβδικός, ή, ών, (χάλυψ) of steel, το χαλυβδιnow steel.

χάλυβος, δ, poöt. for χάλυψ, steel.

Xάλυψ, υβοε, o, one of the nation of the Chalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel.

appellat., χάλυψ, ϋβος, ὁ, bardened iron, steel. χαμάδις [μα], Adv. (χαμαί) poët, for χαμάζε, on the ground, to the ground.

χαμάζε, Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.

χἄμᾶθεν, Adv. (χαμαι) from the ground.

XA MAI, Adv. on the earth, on the ground. like Yaµâ(e, Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.

χάμαι-γενήs, έs, gen. έοs, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) earth- joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing. born, sprung from the soil.

xăuai-euvas, abos, pout, fem. of sq. [al metri grat.] χάμοι-εύνης, ου, δ, (χαμαί, εὐνή) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [al metri grat.]

χάμαίζηλος, or, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground: generally, low: δ χαμαίζηλος (sub. δίφρος), II. metaph. fond of mean things,

bumble; τὸ χαμαίζηλον bumility. χάμαικοιτέω, f. ήσω, to lie, make one's bed on the ground. From

χάμαι-κοίτης, ου, δ, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.

χάμαιλεχής, ές, gcn. έος, (χαμαι, λέχος) = χαμαικοίτηε.

χάμαι-λέων, συτος, δ, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon, a kind of lizard known for changing its colour,

χάμαι πετέω, f. ήσω, to fall to the ground; γνωμα Ya pai metoloa a thought that falls to the ground. From χάμαι-πετής, ές, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ-Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; xapaimerne winter to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleep-3. on the ground. ing or the ground. taph. falling to the ground, coming to naught, fruitless. χαμαιπετοίσα, Dor. for χαμαιπετούσα, part. fem. ρε γαμαιπετίω.

χάμαι-τύπειον, τό, (χαμαί, τυπειν) a brothel. xau-epwhs, es, (xaual, epww) creeping on the

ground, grovelling.

χάμ-εύνη, ή, for χαμαιεύνη, (χαμαί, εύνή) a bed on be ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed. II. a bedstead. χάμ-euvis, ίδος, ή, (χαμαί, εὐνή) a low bed, a pallet-bed. χαμηλός, ή, ω, (χαμαί) on the ground.

iminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χαμόθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμάθεν, from e ground.

g வுடிய, oi, the Egyptian name for crocodiles. (dv. 4, Dor. for the, a goose.

Subst., Xararaios, ó, a Canaanite; Xararaia, 🐛 💰 Canaanitish woman. See Kararitys.

χανδάνω, fut. χείσομαι: sor. 2 έχάδον Ερ. χάδον: pf. with pres. sense nexaroa: Ep. 3 sing. plapf. with impl. sense κεχάνδει:—to bold, take in, comprise, contain, εξ μέτρα χάνδανε κρητήρ the bowl beld six measures : οὐκ έδυνήσατο πάσαε αλγιαλδε νῆαε χαδέear the beach could not bold all the ships.

xavôôv, Adv., (xalve) gaping, with mouth wide open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.

XXVELV, ROT. 2 inf. of Xaires.

χάνοι [ἄ], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of χαίναι

XA'OZ [4], eos, vó, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass. space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, cbasm.

xābs, úv, like xáios, genuine, true, good.

χάρά, ή, (χαρήναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρά with

χάραγμα, ατος, τύ, (χαράσσω) any mark imprinted: χ. ἐχίδνης the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark

ot line, character, inscription.

χαράδρα Ion. χαράδρη, ή, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρpos, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. sor-II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rift, ravine. Hence

xapaspaios, a, or, of or from a mountain-torrent. χαραδριός, ό, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts

(χαράδραι) whence its name, the curlew.

χαραδρόω, f. ώσω: Pass., aor. I έχαραδρώθην: pf. κεχαράδρωμαι: (χαράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:— Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies; χώρη κεχαραδρωμένη a country intersected with ravines.

χάρακόω, f. ωσω, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade.

fortify. II. to prop with a pole or stake.

χάρακτήρ, ήροε, δ, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, scals, etc.; χαρακτήρα ἐπεμβάλλειν τινί to set a stamp upon a 2. metaph, the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ανδρών ούδελε χαρακτήρ ξμπέφυκε σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness, image, exact representation.

χάρακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut fit. notched, like a saw.

χάράνωμα, ατοι, τύ, (χαράκύω) a place paled round or palisaded, a fortified camp. II. a paling, palisade, Lat. vallum.

xăpakwous, eas, h. (xapăria) a fencing with pales. a palisading, fortifying.

χάραξ, ἄκοε, δ, also ή, (χάράσσω) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole:` II. a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, Lat, vallue: hence

molectively, a place paled in, a fortified samp, Lat. | a store of gratitude with a person, i.e. earn his

TAPAZZO Att. -rrw: f. fw: 201. I exapafa: Pam., acc. Ι έχαράχθην: pf. κεχόραγμαι:—to make educe or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasparate, arritate, provoke :- Pass. to be irritated, exasperated. II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. III. to engrave, inscribe.

xaphvas, sor. I inf. pass. of xaless.

xappooner, later fut of xalper.

χαρί-δώτης, ου, δ, (χάριε, δίδωμι) be that gives joy

χάριας, χαρίεσσα, χαρίας, gen. αντο: (χάριε):-graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, ele-II. in Att., xaplets was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; ol yaplerres men of taste and refinement, men of III. the neut, was used in Att. as education. Adv., when it was written xapeer. Hence

xaperriloua, f. -loopae Att. -eoupae: Dep.:--to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest; σπουδή χαριεντίζεσθαι to jest in earnest.

xapilers, Adv. of xaplers, gracefully, elegantly: 2. kindly, courteously. meatly, cleverly.

xapv-apyles, br, (xalpa, spyor) delighting in the erts, epith. of Minerva.

Ydollouas: fut. med. -loopes Att. -soopes, also f. pass. -ισθήσομαι: hor. I έχαρισάμην and έχαρίσθην: pf. κεχάρισμαι both in act. and pass, sense: Dep.: (xápis):-to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour. 2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. indulgere; χαρίζεσθαι τῷ σώματι to indulge one's body. zei, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; χαρίζεσθαι άλλο-Tplen to give freely of what does not belong to one; ταμίη χαριζομένη παρεόντων the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand. III. in pass. sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour; τοίσι Ευβοέεσσι έκεχάριστο it was done to please the Eu-2. pf. part. κεχαρισμένος, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; έμφ κεχαρισμένε θυμώ most welcome to my heart; κεχαρισμένος ήλθεν he came wished for, was welcome.

· χαριξή, Dor. for χαρίσει, 2 sing. fut. of χαρίζομαι. χάριε [4], ή, gen. χάριτο: 200. χάριτ οτ χάριτα: plur. χάριτεs, dat. pl. χάρισι Ερ. χαρίτεσσι poët. also χάρισσι: (χαίρω):-favour, grace, Lat. gratia: outward grace, grace, loveliness; χάριν καταχεθαί Tire to shed grace over one. 2. of things, a grace, a cbarm. IL grace or favour felt, either, ı. by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratisude; esp. in phrases xápir előérai to feel gratitude; aper opeliter to owe a debt of gratitude, be beholden; χάριν οι χάριτα καταθίσθαι τινί to lay upo

thanks; xápir λαμβάνειν to receive thanks. influence, as opp. to force, Lat. gratia; xápere wheter η φόβφ more by favour than fear. III. a favour done, a grace, kinduces, boon; xaper pipeer tool to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, xhour θέσθαι, νέμειν, δράσαι to confer a grace, favour, IV. a gratification, delight; popμιγγοε from the harp. 2. δαιμόνου χάριο bomage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; eleraia yapu a gift in consequence of a yow. special usages: acc. sing. absol. xépur, c. gen., ia anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, raper Extopos for the sake of Hector: also with the Artic. την 'Αθηναίων χάρω for the sake of the Athenians: it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., - &resu, Lat. gratia, causa, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of: so too, luip xáper, oife xáper for my, thy pleasure or sake, Lat. mea, tua gratia. 2. els yásor Turbs to do one a pleasure; upde adour herew turk to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, mpde xaper e pas saprée for the sake of my flesh, i.e. of devouring it. 3. Ly Xápiti represe tred to decide from partiality to one. 4. bid xaptres eines or gigrestal twa to be on terms of friendship or mutual favour with one. VI. in Mythology, at Xaperes the Charités or Graces, were the goddenses tobo confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, Aglaia, Euphrosyne, Thalia.

χάρισμα, ατοε, τό, (χάρίζομαι) a grace, favour : a

free gift, grace.

χαρίσσασθαι, Ep. 201. I med. inf. of χαρίζομαι. xapicationes, or, (xapisopai) in token of thanks II. as Subst., xage orthogor, ro, a grace, 2. Td xapistfpia (sub. lepa), thank-offerings.

χάριτία, ή, (χάριε) a jest, joke. χάριτο-βλέφαρος, ον, (Χάριε, βλέφαρον) μέτ συ-

lids like tbe Graces.

χάριτο-γλωσσέω Att. -ττέω, f. ήσω, (χάριε, γλώσou) to speak to please, gloze with the tongue.

YAPITOW, f. wow, (xapus) to show favour or grace to anyone:—Pass. to be bigbly favoured.

χάριτ-ώπης, εε, (χάριε, άψ) graceful of aspect: feet.

χαριτώπιε, iδοs. χάρμα, ατος, τό (χαίρω) a source of joy, a joy : joy,

deligbt. χάρμη, ή, (χαίρω) = χάρμα, joy: the joy of bettle, battle.

χαρμονή, ή, (χάρμα) joy, delight: in pl. joys, deligha. χαρμόσυνος, η, αν, (χόρμη) joyful, glad; χαρμόσυνα ποιείν to make rejoicings.

χαρμό-φρων, ανοι, ό, ή, (χάρμα, φρήν) gladdening

the beart or of joyous beart.

χάρο-ποιός, όν, (χαρά, ποιέω) causing joy, gladdowng. χαρ-οπός, ή, ίν, also ός, όν, (χαρά, ώψ) glad-spel. bright-syed: properly it only implied brighten and fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or great ``such like γλανιώς.

χερτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτης.

χάρτης, ου, δ, (χαράσσω) Lat. charta, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus. xapros, h, ov, verb. Adj. of xalow, delightful, glad-

dening, cheerful.

Χάρυβοις, εωτ Ion. 100, ή, Charybdis, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla: then generally a wbirlpool, gulf: metaph of a greedy rapacious person, like Lat. barathrum.

Xάρων [ά], ωνοε, δ, Charon, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his bright fierce eyes. Cp. χάροπο χασκάζω, f. άσω, Frequentat. of χάσκω, c. acc., to keep yourning or gaping at or for a thing.

xáores, exaoros, to gape, yaun, used as pres. and

impl. of xaire: see xaire.

χάσμα, ατοι, τό, (χαίνω) α γαωπιης σοιιου, α ebasm, gulf. II. the open mouth, like Lat. III. any wide space or expanse.

χασμάσμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. (χαίνω) to yatun, gape

suids, of the mouth.

χασμέσμαι, Ion. for χασμάσμαι.

χασμεύμενος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

χάσμημα, ατοε, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. riches.

χασσάμενος, Ερ. 201. I med. part. of χάζομαι. χάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. sor. I med. of χάζομαι.

XA TE'Ω, f. how, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol. to wish. desire.

gen. to crave, want, bave need of a thing.

χάτίζω, f. low, like χατέω, to long for, desire, crave: to want, have need of; xatisew Epyono to want or be swithout work: absol. in part., one who is in want, a meedy, poor person.

xaris, h, and xaros, eos, to, want, need, = xnris,

χήτου.

χαυλι-δδους, -όδοντος, δ, ή, (χαύλιος, δδούε) with ΙΙ. χαυλιύδονoutstanding or projecting teeth. TER ODOFTER of the crocodile's teeth, outstanding,

tusky: absol., χαυλιόδοντει sbarp, jagged teeth. xauvo-moditys, ou, o, (xauvos, moditys) an open-

mouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [1]

χαυνό-πρωκτος, ον, (χαῦνος, προκτος) wide-breeched. xaûvos, η, or, and or, or, (xaiτω) gaping: flaceid, loose, porous. II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαννότης, ητος, ή, looseness, porousness.

m-.aph. folly, varity.

xaivware, ear, h, (xavvbw) a making loose or IL metaph. making a thing light, waakening its force.

×6e, χέεν, Εp. 3 sing. impf. or sor. 1 of χέω.

xelyrides, like xerein, Desiderat. of xeles, to wish o ease oneself.

XE'ZΩ: f. χεσούμαι: pf. κέχοδα: 201. 1 έχεσα: LOT. 2 Execut: pl. pass. kéxechai:—to ease oneself: -Pass., σπέλεθοε άρτίων κεχεσμένου dung just dropt.

XEIA' Ion. xeth, h, a bole, esp. of serpents.

xeldeus, Dor. for xeldeos, gen. of xeldos.

χαλο-ποτίω, f. ήσω, (χείλοε, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

XΕΓΛΟΣ, eos, τό: plur., gen. χειλέων contr. ω; dat. χείλεσι Ep. -εσσι :- α lip: proverb., χείδρσι yelâr to laugh with the lips (only); yellea pur re έδίην', υπερώην δ' ουκ έδίηνεν it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not 2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak. II. metaph, of things. the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χείμα, ατοι, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lag. biems: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to befor: Yeiua absol, in acc., in winter. IL a storm: metaph, a storm of passion.

χειμάδιον [a], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters; χειμαδίφ χρήσθαι Λήμνω to fix upon Lemnos

as winter duarters. From **χαμάζω, f.** άσω: (χαιμα): I. transit. to expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the win-II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter, Lat. biemare. III. to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict. absol. χειμάζει (sc. ὁ θεόs), there is a storm, like beι, νίφει, etc.; έχείμαζε ήμέρας τρείς the storm lasted 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer three days. from it: metaph. to be tempert-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering. xequalvo, f. dvo, (xeipa) distress by a storm or tempest: -Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-II. intr. to be stormy.

χείμάρος, δ, (χείμα) a plug in a sosp s oottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the

bilge-water.

χειμάρ-poos, or, Att. contr. -pous, our: (χείμα, pla):-winter-flowing, swoln in winter; xetuappoor votable a mountain-stream or torrent swoin by rain and melted snow. 2. as Subst., χειμάρρους, δ, α water-drain, conduit. II. wintry, stormy.

χείμαρρος οι χειμάρρος, ον, poët. for χειμάρρος. xemaola Ion. -in, h. (xema(w) a passing the winter.

wintering: winter-quarters.

χαιμερίζω, f. low Att. ιω, (χείμα) to pass the winter, winter.

xeepeplvbs, h, br, (xeipa) of or in winter, in wintertime, wintry, stormy; zecpepcydy zwolov a wintry,

bleak place. See xecuépios.

xemépios, a, ov. Att. also os, ov: (xeiµa):-in, of. belonging to winter, wintry; ωρη χειμερίη the winterseason; μήνεε γειμεριώτατοι the most wintry, i.e. most stormy, months; άκτα χειμερία κυματοπλήξ a shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., yetμερία λύπη raging vain.—Generally, χειμέριος and χειμέρινος are distinguished thus:—χειμέριος wintry, like winter, stormy; χειμερινόε wintry, in winter-time χαιμο-θνής, ήτος, ό, ή, (χείμα, θνήσκω) frozen α

χαιμών, ωνος, δ, (χείμα) winter, the season of winter; tov xecutiva during winter; xecutivos in winter-

respect vorepée a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

XCHEWO-TUROS, OF, (XCHEW, TURTO) beating tempes-

twously.

XEIP, \$, gen. xeipos: peur. xeipes, xeipor, xepot: Ion. decl., xelp, xepós, xepi, xepa, xepes, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are xepoir (rarely xeepoir) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. xelpere and xelpere:-the band, or rather the hand and arm, the arm; dupa yelp the band; xelp sibnea an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, 2. Xeip is often joined with begins and grapuel. becreefe, to mark the side on which a thing is; see αριστερός, δεξιός. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; freeze and xepoir doffeer to assist with word and deed; wpospeper xeipas to apply force; of deeds of violence, xerpoir apxeir to begin 4. like Lat. 1.. snus, & number or body of men, a band: the band, shill of an artist or workman: also his bandywork. II. special usages: xespès exer rirá to have, hold one by the band; xeipus dragxeir besis to raise one's bands to the gods in prayer; xeipas opifat to stretch or spread the arms

2. Ir yepi, ir yepoi, in one's band or bands, and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, & xepol in the fray, in close fight. Lat. cominus. els xeipas expeir to fall into anyone's bands or power, but also to come to blows. 3. en xeipos, out of

take a thing in band; by xepoi, perd or did xeipas

Exer to have a thing in band, be engaged in

2. dyestal 7: ès xeipas to

band, off band; drd χειρθε λογίσασθαι to reckon off 6. Tpò xeipôr at band, in readiband, roughly. 7. bud yeipos or yeipor, under the bands, 20055.

under for power; cp. broxeipios.

χαρ-άγρα, ή, (χείρ, άγρα) gout in the band; as wod-άγρα in the feet.

in token of entreaty.

xapaywyia, f. how, to lead by the hand. From xap-dywybs, br, (xelp, by leading by the band: as Subst., xeipayoryós, ó, one that leads by the band

xap-antile, f. dow, (xelp. dura) to touch with the band, take in band, bandle.

gelpeon, xelpeoron, Ep. dat. pl. of xelp.

xapiburos, or, (xeip) baving sleeves, sleeved, of the xirar or tunic : the xirar without sleeves was called dforpie.

 $\chi$ elpios, a, av, ( $\chi$ elp) in the bands, in the power of, subject, captive.

xeeple, idoe, \$1, (xelp) a covering for the band, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

xelptoros, n, or, irreg. Sup. of xelpow, worst, Lat. pessimus: of xelpiorou men of lowest degree.

χετρο-βολέω, f. ήσω, (χείρ, βαλείτ) to throw with the band.

χαφό-γράφος, ον, (χειρ, γράφω) written with the band, in bandwriting:—as Subst., χειρόγραφον, τό, plandwriting, written decree.

Mass Saluros, or, (xelp, dalsw) slain by the bana.

II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; [ xasp6-Benevos, or, (Believen) pointed out by the hand, Lat. digito monstratus: manifest, confessed.

> xerpo-blums, ov, o, (xelp, blum) one who asserts his right by force of bands, who uses the right of might. [1] xerpo-bpanus, orros, o, (xelp, opanus) with serpentbands or arms. [d]

> xerpo-fithe, es, (xelp, fittee) accustomed to the band. manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. mansuetus: used or babituated to a thing : submissive, obedient.

χαιρό-μακτρον, τό, (χείρ, μάσσω) a cloth for wiping the bands, a towel, napkin, Lat. mantile: the Scythians used scalps as χειρόμακτρα.

xenoutixée, f. how, to fight with the hands. From χαιρο-μάχος, ον, (χείρ, μάχομαι) fighting with the

χαρο-μύλη, ή, (χείρ, μύλη) a band-mill. [V]

χαρονομέω, f. ήσω, (χειρονόμου) to move the bands to a certain time or order; oxides xesporoped to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms.

xapovopla, if, measured motion of the bands, getticulation.

Yeapo-vouce, or, (veus) moving the bands regularly, gesticulating: as Subst., xeiporopos, o, Lat. pantomimus, a pantomimic performer.

xanovus, Adv. of xeipur, worse.

χαρο-πληθής, έε, (χείρ, πίμπλημι) filling the band, as large as can be beld in the band.

xapo-novlopus, f. hoopai, Dep. to make or do by band. Hence

xerpowolytos, or, made by sand, artificial: made on purpose.

xapb-ropos, or, (xelp, ropos) skilled with the hands. hence = xerpor 6 μος.

xerpo-revov, orror, d, h, (xelp, relvo) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

xespórepos, a, ov, poët. for xelpow, worse.

χαρο-τέχνης, ου, δ, (χείρ, τέχνη) a bandicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; χειροτέχνης latoplas a chirurgeon, surgeon. Hence

χειροτεχνία, ή, bandicraft, art.

χειροπεχνικός, ή, όν, (χειροπέχνης) of or for bandicraft or a bandicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. -100°e.

xerporovies, f. how, (xerportives) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian descha-II. c. acc. to vote for, elect :- Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to hay xaven an how to be chosen

by lot : c. acc. rel. to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

χειροτονητέον, verb. Adj. one must vote.

χαιροτονητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χειροτονέα, elected by show of bands; dpxη χειροτονητή an elective wagistracy.

χαιροτονία, ή, (χειροτονέω) a stretching out of bands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of bands; x= porovia rou dippov election by the people, vote, I at, suffragium : also collectively, the work.

of prayers, offered with outstretched bands. χειρο-τύπης, ές, (χείρ, τυπείν) strikino with the

bands.

xeroupyen, 1. now, (xerpoupyos) to do with the bands, execute; to commit acts of violence. Hence

xeepovpyla, h, a working by band, practice of a II. a trade, business. bandicrast or art.

xap-oupyos, or, (xelp, \*epyw) working or doing by band, practising a bandicraft or art. 2. as Subst.,

χειρουργόε, δ, a chirurgeon, surgeon. χειρόω, f. ώσω: Med., f. χειρώσομαι: aor. I έχειρωσάμην: Pass., fut. χειρωθήσομαι: 20τ. Ι έχειρώθην: pf. keyelpoupas: (yelp):-to take in band, bandle: to get into one's bands, to master, subdue, take possession of: to take prisoner:-Pass. Yespou uas, to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner. Hence χείρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done by band; τυμβοχύα γειρώματα offerings to the dead poured by Il. that which is brought into one's own band. one's bands or under one's power, a conquest. deed of violence.

χείρων, ό, ή, neut. or; gen. oros: plur., nom. and acc., xelpores, xelporas contr. xelpore, neut. xelpora contr. χείρω; dat. χείροσι poēt. χειρόνεσσι: Ep. χερείων, or: Dot. χερήων: poët. also χειρότερος, χερειότερος: irreg. Comp. of manoe (formed from \*xépne):-- soorse, meaner, inferior: the comparative force sometimes almost disappears, esp. with a negat., as, of 71 xépetor år αρη δείπνον ελέσθαι, 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, ob xeipor [tori] it is well: of persons, & yelpow one of lower degree; of yelpoves men of lower degree :- Int to xeipor tpeneadau to fall off. II. χείρον, as Adv., worse.—See χείριστου.

Xelpur, error, o, Cheiron, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. xeipoup-

γó0).

xesp-wag, autos, d, (xelp, dvaf) one who is master rf bis band, a bandicraftsman, artisan, mechanic, like carne araf: also as Adj., was & xeiparaf hear all the mechanie sort. Hence

xerp-wrafia Ion. -in, h, sau in workmanship, bandi-

craft, trade.

Xespevis, idos, fem. Adj. of Cheiron: as Subst. (sub. BiBhos) a book on surgery.

χειρωτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of χειρίω, subdued: to be subdued.

xeloropa, fut. of xardára.

xeles. Ep. for xee, to pour.

χελίδοι, irreg. voc. of χελιδών, as if from χελιδώ. xeλtBovija, £ low Att. ιω, (χελιδών) to twitter like a swallow: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign

language.

x Lobviov, 76, (xelidar) swallow-wort, celandine, of which there were two kinds, χελιδόνιον κυάνεον (or yhaukov) and xhapov. Properly neut. of

**xeλιδόνιος**, a, αν, (χελιδάν) of the swallow, like the

Yapo-rovos, or, (xelp, relva) stretching out the hands; | swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, russet brown.

> xeliboration, aros, to, (xeliborica) the smallowsong, an old popular song at the return of the swallows. χελιδών, όνου, ή: irreg. vocat. χελιδοί (as if from γελιδώ):-the swallow, Lat. birundo. The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for foreign or barbarous speech; for xelidorer povσεία, see μουσείον: proverb., μία χελιδάν έαρ οδ ποιεί one swallow does not make a summer. frog in the bollow of a borse's foos.

χελύνη [v], ή, (χείλοε) the lip; χελύνην δοθίειν οπ' δργήε to bite the lip from passion.

χελώνη.

XE'AT'Z, voe, fi, a tortoise, Lat. testudo: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. the shell or lyre itself, Lat, testudo.

the arched breast, the chest. χελώνη, ή, (χέλυε) a tortoise: proverb., là χελώναι μακάριαι του δέρματος oh tortoises, happy in your thick hides! 2. the shell of the tortoise. the lyre: see χέλυο. III. as a military term, a pent-bouse formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back, the Roman testudo, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence a shed or moveable roof for protecting besiegers.

xévas, poët. for xijvas, acc. pl. of xijv. xévviov, 76, a kind of quail.

χερ-άγρα, ή. – χειράγρα.

XE PA ΔΟΣ, τό, the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, sbingle.

XEPA'Z, ádos, f., doubtful form of yépasos.

χέρεια, see χέρηs.

repetorepos, a, or, Ep. Comp. for repetor.

xepelow, b, h, neut. xépelow, poët, for xelpow, sooree, κέρεσσι, poět. for χερσί, dat. pl. of χείρ.

XEPHZ, an obsol. Adj. from which the irreg. Comparatives xelpow and xepelow are formed, used in dat. yéphe; acc. xépha; nom. pl. xéphee; acc. neut. xépha or χέρεια:—χέρηε itself has a comparative sense, weaker, worse, inférior.

χερ few, or, gen. eros, Dor. for χερείων.

yept-apns, ov, &, (xeip, apapeir) fitting with the band. χερί-φυρής, έε gen. έος, (χείρ, φύρω) mixed or kneaded by band.

χερμάδιον, τδ, = χερμάε, properly neut. of χερμαδιοε. xepualios, or, of the size of a large stone, fit for throwing. [a] From

χερμάς, άδος, ή, a stone or large pebble, for throw- ing or slinging, a sling-stone. (Deriv. doubtful: either from xépagoe; or from xeip, a stone that can be grasped in the band.)

χερμαστήρ, ήροε, δ, (χερμαε) a slinger: as masc Adj., xecpaorifo peros the leather of a sling.

xépuns, ntos, d, (xelp) one who lives by the work of bis bands, a day-labourer: a poor, needy man. as Adj., poor, needy

χερνήτηε, ου, δ, - χέρνηε,

xepititus, edds, fent. of xepititus, a workwoman, a noman that works for her daily bread. xen-villator and xen-villor, to, (xelp, vila) a vessel

for water to wash the bands, a band-basin.

Reprierropes, L. Popes, Med. to wash one's bands with boly water: to sprinkle or purify with boly spater, Lat. lustrare. From

χέρ-νυψ, iβoe, ή, (χείρ, νίζω) boly water to wash or sprinkle the bands before a sacrifice. χέρνιβες, purifications with boly water; είργεσθαι xepvises to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνίβου κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

xepviwavro, Ep. 3 pl. sor. I of xepvirropal. χερο-μυσής, έε, (χείρ, μύσοε) band-defiling. χερό-πληκτος, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by οτ with the band.

χερόs, lon. and poët. gen. of χείρ.

χερρό-νησος, ή, Att. for χερσύνησος. For all words formed from it, see under xeps-

Xéppos, Att, for xéposs. xeposios, a, ov, also os, ov, (xepose) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; opvides xepoulou land-fowl, opp. to Aspraios sea-fowl: also of landsmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαίον κύμα στρατού the land wave of an army

xeporeves, f. see, (xepose) to lie waste or barren. χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσου) from dry land: from the

earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσοι) on dry lana.

xéporovbe, Adv. (xépose) to or on dry land. χερσονησίτης Att. χερρον-, ου, δ, (Χερσόνησος) ε

dweller in the Chersonese. χερσονησο-ειδής Att. χερρον-, έε, (χερσόνησοε,

elbos) like a peninsula, peninsular. Χέρσό-νησος Att. χερρόν-, ή, (χέρσος, νήσος) α land-island, i.e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersoness or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσονησ-ώδης Att. χερρον-, εs, contr. for χερτο-Phooeibis.

XEPΣΟΣ Att. χέρρος, ή, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον laiσθαι to reach the land, II. as Adj., χέρσου, ον, dry, firm, of land; xipooe Bipiera the mainland of En-2. dry, barren, waste, bardened: xepoa waste places.

3. c. gen. barren or destitute of. **Χερύδριον**, τό, Dim. of χείρ, a little band or arm. xereles, Desiderat. of xeres, to want to ease oneself. xelas, xelas, xele, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of year.

χεθμα, ατοε, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a ttream. II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

xevoper, Ep. for xewper, I pl. aor. I subj. of xew. Xeve, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of gios.

XE'Ω, fut. χοῦ Ep. χεύω: aor. I έχεα Ep. έχευα er xeva; imperat. xéor Ep. xevor; subj. xéor Ep. xeve, Ep. I pl. xevoner; inf. xéa: Ep. xevai, part. xéas Ep. χεύαι: Ep. aor. I med. έχευάμην: Pasa, f. χύθήσομαι: aor. I έχύθην [v]: pf. κεχύμαι [v]: 3 sing. Ep. plopf, rexuro; also Ep. aor. 2 exumu [v], used in 3 sing. έχυτο, χύτο, 3 pl. έχυντο, χύντο, part. χύμενος:--to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill:-Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush fortb. 2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed :- Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χοήν χείσθαι νεκύεσσι to pour forto a libation to the dead. II. of solids, to pour of shoot out, shed, scatter: also, like xów, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χίων to raise 2. Xlear Boupa to pour or shower a mound. 3. to let fall or drop :- Pass. to be thrown spears. or beaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, a dense mass. let stream or flow. 2. άχλὺν κατ' όφθ αλ μῶν χέαι to shed darkness over the eyes; so, xeer heat to shed a mist abroad:—Pass, to be spread or flung around; άμφὶ δέ οι θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο άήρ the mist dissolved or 3. dup' dith xunkry throwing berself vanisbed. around him; in pf. pass. part., rexupéros els 71 given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χαλ-, ον, (χηλή, άργύς) with fied boofs; χηλαργοί άμιλλαι the racing of fleet borses.

χηλευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, plait.

XHAH', h, a borse's boof: also a claven boof, as of an ox: pl. xnhal also of bird's talons, of a wolf's II. a sea-bank, sea-wall claws, of a crab's claws. or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its strenching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of reals forming a natural mole.

χηλϊνός, ή, όν, 🗕 χηλευτόει

XHAO'Z, oû, b, a large chest, coffer or strong bax. XH'N, & and \$, gen. \(\chi\)profe: irreg. acc. plur. \(\chi\)eas: Dor. χάν: (χαίνω, κέχηνα):—a gander, goose, namoi from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-άλωπηξ, εκος, ό, (χήν, άλωπηξ) the fox-500ες, 23 Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake, xivenos, a, or, (xhr) of or belonging to a goon,

like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

xtiveos, n, or, Ion. for xtireses. χηνίσκος, δ, (χήν) the end of a ship's stern wit: turned up like a goose's neck.

χήρα Ion. χήρη, ή, see χήροε. ΧΗΡΑ ΜΒΗ, ή, a kind of muscle.

χηράμο-δύτης, ου, ό, (χηραμός, δύω) οπε κόδο στεκές into boles. [0 metri grat. XHPAMO'Z, &, a bole, eleft, gap, bollow.

хирато, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of yaina. χηρεία, ή, (χηρεύω) widowbood, widowed extens xhoesos, a, or, (xhose) spidowed,

**γηρούω**, f. σω, (χήροε) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., vijoos avopan xnpever the island is destitute of men : to be bereaved of a busband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in II. transit. to keep in widowbood, keep salitude. aloof or apart.

χηρήιος, η, αν, Ιοπ. for χήρειος.

χήροs, a, ov, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. beeft of a busband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst., χήρα Ion. χήρη, ή, a widow, Lat. vidua. Hence

χηρόω, f. ώσω: 201. Ι έχήρωσα Ερ. χήρωσα, pass. 2χηρώθην: - to bereave, make desolate or desert-2. c. gcn. to bereave of . .; "Αργος ἀνδρῶν ď. exposity was lest destitute of men: to bereave of a II. intr., husband or wife, to make widowed.

like ynperior, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence Υπρωστής, οῦ, ὁ, a collateral relation, beir-at-law.

χήσειτε, Dor. crasis for και ήσετε, fut. of ίημι.

Yñris, 108 Att.  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \chi \hat{\eta} \tau o s$ .

YATOS, cos, Tú, (xaréw) want, need, destitution; Prostly in dat., χήτει τοιού δ' ανδρώε from want or loss of such a man; χήτι (Ion. dat. of χήτια) συμμάχον from need of allies. Hence

χητοσύνη, ή, want, need, destitution.

χήφθα, Dor. for και ήφθη, 3 sing. 201, I pass. of antw. χθάμαλός, ή, ών, (χαμαί) near the ground, on the

ground, low, sunken, flat.

ΧΘΕ'Σ, Adv., lengthd. έχθές, yesterday; πρώην τε mal χθέε or χθέε και πρώην ye-terday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

χθεσϊνός, ή, όν, - χθιζύς, of yesterday; τὸ σκύροδον τὸ χθεσινόν yesterday's onion.

χθιζά, Adv.: sec χθιζύε.

 $\chi\theta$ uζινός, ή, ών,  $=\chi\theta$ εσινός.

 $\chi\theta\iota\zeta\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $(\chi\theta\dot{\epsilon}s) = \chi\theta\epsilon\sigma\iota\nu\dot{\omega}s$ , of yesterday.  $\delta$ χθιζός πόνος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, χθιζος έβη he went yesterday: the neut. χθιζόν and χθιζά are used as Adv., - χθέε, of yesterday; χθιζά τε καὶ πρώιζα yesterday and the day before, lately, like χθίε καὶ πρώην.

χθόνιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεοί χθύνιοι the gods of the retber world, Lat. Inferi; χθόνιος Έρμης Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στίβής, έε, (χθών, στιβείν) treading the earth,

on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρεφής, έε, gen. έος, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished

by or growing on earth.

XOΩN, ή, gen. χθονόε, the earth, ground; χθόνα Buras to go beneath the earth, i.e. to die; ὑπὸ γθονὸς meneudéras to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be buried. 2. of bud you've those beneath the earth. i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi.

Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular

Zand or country.

ΧΙ ΔΡΟΝ, τό, pl. χίδρα, τά, a dish of unripe wbeaten greats teasted:—as άλφιτα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλιάκιε, Adv., (χίλιοι) a thousand times. [α] χιλί-ανδροε, ον, (χίλιοι, ανήρ) containing a thousand men.

χιλι-άρχης οτ χιλί-αρχος, ου, δ, (χίλιοι, άρχω) έδο commander of a thousand men. translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune. Hence

χίλιαρχία, ή, the office or post of χιλίαρχος, com-

mand of 1000 men. χιλιάς, άδος, ή, (χίλιοι) the number one thousand,

a tbousand. χιλι-έτης, ου, δ, οι χιλι-ετής, έσε, δ, ή, (χίλιοι,

tros) lasting a thousand years.

XI'AIOI, at, a, a thousand, Lat. mills: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, xilia irros a thousand horse, like *μυρία ίππο*ς, etc.

χιλιό-ναυς, εως, δ, ή, (χίλιοι, ναθε) of or consisting

of a thousand ships.

χίλιο-ναθτης, ου, δ. Dor. -τάς, (χίλιοι, ναύτηε) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., xilioraiτης άρωγή the help of a thousand ships.

χίλιο-πάλαι, Adv. (χίλιοι, πάλαι) long ago a thou-

sand times over, very long ago.

χίλιοστός, ή, όν, (χίλιοι) the thousandth.

χίλιοστύε, ύοε, ή, (χίλιοι) the body of a thousand. XΓΛΟ Σ, οῦ, δ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; mpolpxesoat ent χιλών to go on to forage; χιλώς ξηρώς bay. Hence χιλόω, f. ώσω, to turn out to graze.

χίμαιρα [t], ή, a she-goat, Lat. capra, sem. of χίμα-II. as prop. n., Χίμαιρα, ή, Chimaera, 2 monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χίμαιρο-βάτης [α], ου,  $\delta$ , (χίμαιρα, βαίνω) epith. of Pan, he who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χίμαιρο-θύτης, ου, δ, (χίμαιρα, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

χίμαιρο-φόνος, ον, (χίμαιρα, \*φένω) slaying goats. χιμάρ-αρχος, δ, (χίμαρος, άρχω) leading goats: τράγοε χιμάραρχοε the he-goat that leads the

XΙ'ΜΑ ΡΟΣ [Υ], δ, a be-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγοε. χιμάρο-σφάκτης, ου, δ, (χίμαρος, σφάζω) α goatslayer.

χιμάρωs, Dor. for χιμάρουs, acc. pl. of χίμαροs. χίμετλον [t], τύ, (χείμα) a chilhlain, kibe.

Xto-yevis, és, (Xios, yeréovai) of Chian birth oc growth, of wine.

χιον, τό, (χιο) a wine-vessel, bolding about 11 χοῦε, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνεος, a, ov, (χιών) of snow, snowy.

χιονίζω, f. ίσω, (χιών) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εί εχιύνιζε την χώρην if snow fell upon the country; absol., ἐχιύνιζε it was snowing.

χιονο-βλέφαρος, ον, (χιών, βλέφαρον) soith eye of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ον, (χιών, βάλλω) beaten or covered with snow.

xiovo-florube, or, (xiar, florus) foctoring enou,

χιονο θρέμμων, στ, gen. eros, (χιών, θρέμμα) feeding snow, snow-clad.

XLOVO-KTÜNOS, OF, (XILEF, KTURLE) encu-beaten.

XLOVE-TPOGOS, OF, (XIAN, TPAGE) BUTLING SHOW, MOVE-clad.

χιονό-χροιε, error and coe, δ, ξ, (χιάν, χρόιε) with anou-white skin: generally, anou-white.

χιον-άδης, εε, (χιάν, είδου) like snow, snow-sobite.

Χίος, ή, Chios, an island in the Aegean sea, now Scio. Hence

Xios, a, ov, Chian, of or from Chios: ol Xios the Chians. II. δ χios (sub. βόλοs), an unlucky throw with the dice: the side with the acc-dot was χios doτράγαλοs, the opp. side with the size-dot was called Kâos, Lat. smio; cp. Kâos. The proverb ob Xλios dλλά Keios referred to the contrast between the dishonest Ch ans and the honest Ceians.

XTTΩ'N, ῶνος, δ, in Ion. Proce κιθών, an undergarment, frock, kirtle, Lat. tunica, both of men and women: it was a woollen shirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called ράρος, χλαίνα, or lμάτιον: the χιτάν sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called χιτάν νοθήρης: with sleeves it was called χιτάν χεριδωσός.

II. of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; χιτώνει λενίδου σιδηρέης coats of iron scales.

III. In plut. the pieces of a zhoe.

III. metaph. any coat, case or covering; λάινου χιτάν a coat or covering of stones, i. e. a tomb; τειχέρν κιθώνει coats,

lines of walls: also in plur. the coats of an onion. Xirwivov, 76, Dim. of Xirw, a little tunic, short coat.

χίτωνίσκος, δ, - χιτάνιου.

ΧΓΩ'N, troe, ή, snow; properly fallen snow, opp. to νιφάε or νιφετόε, falling snow; χιὰν τηκομένη melting snow.

II. snow-water.

ΧΛΑ ΖΩ, only found in pf. κέχλαδα part. κεχλαδών, and plur. κεχλαδώντει (for κεχλαδότει):— εο sound, ring, about: hence redupl. καχλάζω.

XAAΓÑA Ion. χλαίνη, ηε, η. Lat. laena, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the χετών: it was made of wool, was thrown over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the φάρου and μάτιον.

xhairlov, 76, Dim. of xhaira, a small cloak.

xhauvbes, f. wows, (xhaira) to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe. Hence

xhaivuna, aros, ró, a clothing, covering.

χλάμεὐδη-φόροε, ον, (χλαμύε, φέρω) wearing α χλαμύε or borseman's cloak: as Subst., γλαμυδηφόροε, ό, a borseman, cavalier.

χλάμτδ-ουργία, ή. (χλαμύε, εξργω) the making of sloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker.

χλάμύε, ύδος [δ], ή, a short cloak or mantle, worn by horsemen: generally, a military cloak, the general's cloak, Lat. paludamentum. It was fastened by

a brooch on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (Akin to χλαθα.)

χλάνιδιον, τό, Dim. of χλανίς, a small cloud or

coverlet. [rt]

x\divide-worle, \$, (~\arts, worles) the art or trade

of cloak-making.

χλάνίε, ίδοε, ή, (χλαίνα) as upper garment of wool, like the χλαίνα, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence χλανίδα φορείν, to wear the χλανίε, was a mark of effeminacy.

xhavioribiov [at], or xhavioriov, to, and whavi-

σκος, δ, Dim. of χλανίς, a small cloak.

χλευάζω, f. άσω, (χλεύη) to johe, jest, scoff: II trans. to mock, scoff at, jest, treat scornfully. Hence χλεύασία, ή, and χλευασιμός, ό, mockery, scoffing. ΧΛΕΥΗ, ή, a johe, jest; χλεύην ποιείν ος ποιείσσαι τινα to make one a jest.

XAH' AOZ, &, elime, mud: the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood; also rubbish swept out of a

bouse, Lat. quisquiliae.

ghaive, f. divi: 201, 1 exhipe: (xhin):—to make warm:—Pass. to warm oneself: to grow warms. II. to soften by warmth, mell.

χλιάρδε, ά, όν Ιοπ. χλιερόε, έ, όν, (χλίω) warm, lukewarm, Lat. tepidus.

χλιβαίνω, (χλιδή) to make soft or delicate:—Park to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury.

χλίδανός, ή, όν, (χλιδάω) delicate, voluptuous, luxurious.

χλίδοω, f. ήσω, (χλιδή) to be soft or delicate: in bad sense, to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel, luxuriate; χλιδών έπε των to pride oneself upon a thing: hence to be insolent or arrogant.

XXIBh, h, (XXIa) delicacy, luxury, voluptuousness. 2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance. any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. fine rainsent.

costly ornaments, Lat. deliciae: also charms, beauty. χλίδημα, ατος, τό, (χλιδάω) – χλιδή. [Υ]

χλιερός, ή, έν, Ιοα. for χλιαρός.

χλιόω, Ερ. for χλιάω.

XΛΙ'Ω, only used in pres. and impf., to become warm or soft, melt: metaph. to be lumurious, to resel, lumuriate. [1]

χλόα, see χλόη.

χλο-αυγήε, έε (χλόη, αδγή) with a greenish lumre. χλοερόε, ά, όν, post. lengthd. for χλωρόε.

χλοερο-τρόφοι, αν, (χλοερόι, τρέφαι) producing green berbs, grass-growing.

χλοερ-ωπιε, ιδοε, ή. (χλοερόε, δεβ) greenish loaking. ΧΛΟΉ, ηε, and χλόε, αε, also lon. χλοία, ή, εἰνε tender shoot of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass: polt. the young verdure of trees, foliage, leaves.

XXon-soutes, f. now, (XX/s, zopu) to be green en a young leaf.

χλο-ήρηε, εε, (χλόη, ἀρᾶρεῖν) - χλοερόε, χλωρία. χλοη-τόκος, ον, (χλόη, τεκεῖν) producing journey. cboots. shoots, bearing grass or leaves.

χλοιάω, (χλοίη) Ion. for χλοάω.

χλοίη, ή, Ιοπ. for χλόη.

xhours, ov, \$\delta\$, Epic epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean feeding or living alone: later as Subst. saspos, the wild boar itself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

xhours, i, a doubtful word in Aesch. Eum. 189, commonly derived from  $\chi\lambda\delta\eta$ , and taken to mean green age, i. c. youth, freshness.

χλωρ-αύχην, ενοε, ό, ή, (χλωρύε, αὐχήν) with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale: see xhappis. χλωρηίε, ίδοε, poët. fem. of χλωρόε, for χλωρά, pale green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.

χλωρό-κομος, ον, (χλωρός, κύμη) green-leafed.

χλωρός poët. χλοερός, ά, όν, (χλόη) pale green, light-green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass: also of the colour of honey and sand, wellow. II. generally, pale, pallid. without regard to colour, green, fresh, as opp. to dry;

τυρόε χλωρόε fresb cheese: metaph. fresb, blooming, youthful: tender, delicate.

χναύω, - κνάω, to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble. xvoale, f. aou, (xvoos) properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάζον άρτι λευκανθέε κάρα baving his nead just sprinkled with white.

χνοάω, – χνοάζω.

XNOH Ion. xvoln, h, the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle it-2. metaph., xróat woddr the joints on which the feet are set.

χνόιος, α, ον, (χνόος) downy.

XNO'OZ Att. contr. xvous, gen. xvou, o, any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like ἀχνή.

xoa, acc. of xoos, xous.

χοδινεύω contr. χωνεύω, to east metal. χοάνη contr. χώνη, ή, a funnel. II.  $-\chi \delta \alpha$ 

νοε. [ἄ xódvos, ô, (xéw) the bollow in which metas was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.

xóes, oi, nom. pl. of xóos, xoûs.

χοή, ή, (χέω) a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and Water.

χο-ήρης, εε, gen. εοε, (χοή, ἀράρεῶν) furnished with drink-offerings to the dead; ayyos xonpes a vessel filled with them.

χοη-φόρος, ον, (χοή, φέρω) bearing drink-offerings.

xolicos, η, ον, (xoûs) of rubbish, of earth or clay.

**XOLVIKIS**, Bos, h, (XODIE) an iron ring.

xervie, troe, th, a choenix, a dry measure, containing three ποτύλαι (about 1 pint Engl.) or four ποτύλαι (about a quart): the choesis of corn was a slave's dade xoropou lumps of salt.

γλοη-φόρου, αν, (χλόη, φέρω) putting out young | daily allowance; δε κεν έμβε γε χοίνικου ξανηται whoever tastes of my rations. II. from the shape, the box or nave of a wheel. 2. a kind of abachle or stocks for fastening the legs in.

χοιράε, άδοε, ή, (χοίροε) a low rock rising above the sea, like a bog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo; χοιράε άμυδρά α sunken rock; χοιράε Δηλία the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Deloa. χοιράδεε, αἰ, glandular swellings.

xolpeas, a, or, (xolpos) of a stoine or bog. xolpeos, a, or, post. for xolpeos: xolpeo (sub. apf-

ara), rá, bog s-flesh.

χοιρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χοιρος, a little pig. [ρί] XOIPINH, h, a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting. [7]

χοιρίον, τό, Dim. of γοίροε, a little pig, porker.

χοιρίσκος, δ, Dim. of χοίρος, = χοιρίον.

χοιρο-κομείον, τό, (χοίροε, κομέω) a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.

XOLPO-KTEVOS, OV, (XOIPOS, KTELVW) slaying swine. χοιρόκτονου, pass. of or belonging to a clain swine; αίμα χοιρόκτονον blood of a slain swine.

χοιρο-πώλης, ου, δ, Dor. -πώλας: (χοίρος, πω-

λέω):—a dealer in moine.

XÓI POE, ô, a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus: generally, a pig.

χολάε, άδοε, ή, (χολή) in plur. χολάδεε, the bowels intestines.

χολάω, (χολή) like μελαγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad.  $\Pi = \chi \circ \lambda \circ \rho$  to be angry, rage.

XOΔH', η, = χόλοε, gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis; χολή μέλαινα black, i. e. diseased bile: pl. χολαί, the gallbladder. Il. metaph. like Lat. bilis, anger. wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust of aversion.

XO'ΛΙΕ, teos, ή, mostly in plur. χόλικές, like χο-

λάδεs, the entrails or bowels of oxen, trips,

χόλιος, a, ον, also os, ον, (χόλος) enraged, angry. XO'ΛΟΣ, δ, like χολή, in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to your. bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis; χόλον σβέσαι, παθσαι, to smother, get rid of sorath: c. gen., χύλου τινός either rage towards another or another's rage towards onesclf. Hence

χολόω, f. ώσω, to stir one's gall or bile: hence to make angry, embitter. II. Med. and Pass., f. χολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. κεχολώσομαι: aor. I med. έχολωσάμην, pass. έχολώθην: pf. pass. κεχόλωμαι:—to bave one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered; κεχολωμένοε τωί angry at or with a person. χολωθείς, είσα, έν, 20τ. I pass. part. of χολόω.

χολώθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of χολόω.

χολωσέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χολόω.

χολωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χολόω, angry, wrathful, passionate.

χόνδροs, δ, a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granuss, nuca; 2. wbeat-groats.

a drink made from greats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, xivopov heixeu to sip gruel.

χουδρόε, ά, όν, (χώνδροε) like groats; χουδροί άλεε coarse-grained salt, opp. to λεπτοί άλεε fine salt.

X60s, see Xous.

χορ-άγιον, χορ-άγόε, Dor. and Att. for χορηγ-. χόρθευμα, ατοε, τό, α sausage or black-pudding. From

χορδεύω, f. σω, (χορδή) to make into sausages: metaph., χορδεύειν τὰ πράγματα to make mincement of state affairs.

χορδή, ή, a string of gut: the string or ebord of a vrc.

II. a sausage.

χορεία, ἡ, (χορεύω) a dancing: the choral dance. χόρευμα, ατοε, τό, (χορεύω) a choral dance.

xopeuriov, verb. Adj. of xopeios, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (χορεύω) a choral dancer; θεοῦ

xopeurhe the votary of a god.

xopeum; fut. -evou: sor. I exopeum: Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I έχορευσάμην: Pass., aor. I έχορεύθην: pf. κεχόρευμαι: (χορόε):--to join in the dance, to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus; hence to practise a thing, he versed in it: c. acc. cognato, xopeias xopeveir to ply the dance; φροίμιον χορεύσομαι I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., κεχόρευται ήμων our dance bas been II. trans. to celebrate with choral danced. III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or dances. call to the dance.

χορηγέω Dor. χορηγέω: f. how: (χορηγόε):—to lead a chorus. II. in Att. of the χορηγόε, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; χορηγείν ταῖε αίτοῦ ηδοναῖε to find moncy for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; χορηγοῦσιν μὰν ol πλούσιοι, χορηγεῖται δὶ δ δῆμοε the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them. III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing.

xoppyla, h, the office of xoppyle: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian Aetroopyla. II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

χορηγικόε, ή, όν, (χορηγόε) of or for a χορηγόε; χορηγικοί δηθνεε rivalry in bringing out choruses.

χορήγιον Dot. and Att. χοράγιον, τό, a place of rebearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

xop-ηγόε Dor. and Att. χορδιγόε, δ, (χορόε, ἡγίομαι) one who leads the chorus,—κορυφαίου: geneταlly, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens,
one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus. IL generally, one who supplies the costs for
any purpose.

χορ-lauβos, ό, (χόριοε, ιαμβοε) in metre, α choriambus, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a chorius (or trochee) and iambus, as Γενομέδου.

χορικός, ή, όν, (χορός) of or for a charal dence;

TO XOPIKOT the choral song.

KOPION, τό, skin, leather, Lat. corium: Doric proverb., χαλεπόν χορίω κίνα γεῦσαι 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's eanis a corio munquam absterrebitur uncto.

χόριος, δ, (χορόε) a metrical foot, = τροχαίοε οτ troches, e. g. Ιππόε.

χορο-διδάσκάλου, δ, (χορόε, διδάσκαλοε) one subo teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = χοραγώε οι κορυφαίοε, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-ήθηε, es, gen. eos, (χορόε, ήθοε) accustomed to

the dance.

χοροι-θάλής, έε, gen. έσε, (χορόε, θαλείν) rejoicing in the dance.

χοροι-μάνία, ή, (χορός, paría) a rage for dencing. χοροιτύπία, ή, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plut. From

xopor-rivnos, cr., (xopós, rivneb) beating the ground in the dance: dar.eing. II. xopolrunos, av., pass. played to the choral dance.

χορο-μάνης, έε, gen. έοε, (χορόε, μανήνει) mad after dancing.

xopove, Adv. (xopos) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγμων, ω, gen. oros, and χορο-παίκτης, ου, δ, (χορόs, παίζω) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιός, όν, (χορός, ποιέω) forming or arrang-

ing a chorus: leading the dance.

XOPO'Z, oil, b, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a hand of dancers and singers, who performed such dances.

3. generally, a troop, hand, company of persons; also of things, as, xopo's darpow the company of the stars; xopo's malanew a row of reeds.

II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the xôpôs susclusés performed at the Athenian Dionysia. This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the xôpos recrusée of twenty-four, and the sarupanis. When a Post wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (xopôr tôme) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called xoporés: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called xoposidós sulos.

xepréles, f. ésou, (χόρτοε) to feed or fatten in a stall: swill troclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence

χορτασία, ή, a feeding at the stall: generally, a χρησθέν the divine response.

3. Med, of the

feeding, fattening.

χόρτασμα, ατοε, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle: rarely, food or provisions for men.

KOPTOΣ, δ, a feeding-place; αδλη̂ε èr χόρτω in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feeding-grounds; χύρτοι λέοντοε the haunt of the lion. II. fodder, frovender, esp. for cattle, grass, hay, opp. to give (food for man); but in Poets used for food senerally.

χορ-ωφελήτης, ου, δ, (χορία, διφελέω) belging or

cheering the chorus.

χούν, inf. of χύω: see χώννυμι.

χοθσι, 3 pl. οί χόω; see χώννυμι.

χοθε, δ and ἡ, gen. χοδε; dat. χοξ; acc. χόδι: plur. χόεε, χοῶν, χουσί, χόσι: but also, gen. χοών, acc. χόα [δ] (χέω):—a liquid measure, Lat. congius. = 12 corύλαι or δ estrarii, about 3 quarts. 2. ol Xόεε the feast of Pitchers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion.

χοθε, δ, gea. χοθ, εcc. χοθν, (χίω) a bank, mound, beap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound. χόω, see χώννυμ.

χραίνω, ε. χράνω: 201. Ι έχρανα: - χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint, 2.

metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράομαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμήσως inf. χραισμήσως inf. χραισμήσως inf. χραισμός : aor. 2 χραϊσμος as sing. subj. χραισμέν and -ησι, inf. χραισμέν :—like εμνίνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo; ελλεθρόν τυν χραισμέν or χραισμήσαι to ward off chestruction from one.

2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, belp, aid, succourt with a neut. Adj., με μμών τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

χραισμήτον, τό, a means of belp, remedy. χροισμησίμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω. χροίσμησι, Ep. 3 sing. sor. 2 of χραισμέω. χρόσμαι, see χρόω C.

χραομαι, εεε χραω c. ΣΡΑ'Ω (A), Acol. χραύω, f. σω, to touch lightly, σοκπα elightly, Lat. raders, stringers.

**ΣΡΑ΄**Ω (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, seriou; στυγερόε of έχραε δαίμων 2 hateful god vexed II. to be sager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρŷε, μρόσα – χρήζειε.

ΤΑ΄Ω (C), ion. χρέω Ερ. χρείω: fut. χρησω:

Τ. Ι έχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. I έχρησά:

Τ. Ι έχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. I έχρησά:

Τ. Ι έχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι, aor. I έχρησά:

Τ. Ι έχρησα: Med., κεχρήσομαι, aor. I έχρησά:

Τ. Ι έχρησα: Αράν το κεχρής χρῦ, κρῦν, etc., but

Τ. Ι έχρησα: Κρίων το κεχρίς, χρῦν, ετ.: there are

π. Ι έχρισο κερίων το κεκτικό κεικε, το give what

Τ. Ατ., of the gods and their

Τ. Ατ., οτ the gods and their

Τ. Ατ., οτ the gods and their

Τ. Ατ., οτ the gods and their

Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered: 70 χρησθέν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part .. κεχρημένοε one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρησθαι περί τινος to consult an oracle about a thing; more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχή χρησόμενος Θηβαίου Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias: hence, χρησθαι μαντηίω, χρηστηρίφ, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of xpáoµai to use; see below. aor. Ι έχρησα, pf. κέχρηκα, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχραμαι, 201. 2 έχρησάμην, to bave furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, δμματα χρησάμενοε having lent feet and borrowed cycs. III. the Med. χράομαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. Rexpn mai in same sense, (see above xpáw 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. metaph, in various relations, to be possessed of, shew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσί γαρ κέχρητ' άγαθησιν for be was endowed with a kind disposition; δργή οτ θυμφ χρήσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εὐτυχία χρήσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; δμολογία χρησθαι to come to an agreement: ἀνης και πράσει χρησθαι to buy and sell: often periphr. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μόρος χρήσθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρησθαι τέχνη to follow a trade; χρησθαι ανομία to practise lawlessness. χρησθαί τινι είε τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τουτφ; what use sball I make of him? χρήσθαί τινι δτι βούλεται τις to make what use one likes of him; άπορέων δ τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of 4. of persons, to have intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρησθαί τινι έε φίλο, δε πολεμίο to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρησθαί Tiri, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν έαυτύν τινι χρησθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol, οι χρώμενοι friends. 5. absol., or with an Adv., σύτω χρώνται of Hépoal such is the practice of the Persians. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' άγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or sount of 2 thing, c. gen.; του κεχρημένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but πεχρημένοε occurs in the regular sense of χράομαι, as συμφορή κεχρημένοε baving experienced a misfortune. aor. I pass. ἐχρήσθην has a pass. sense, αἰ νῆσε οὐκ exphoθησαν the ships were not used. χρέα, Ep. shortened for χρέεα, acc. pl. of χρέος.

χρέεσθαι, lon. for χρήσθαι, inf. of χράομαι,

χρεία, ή, (χράομαι) we, Lat. wews: advantage, service: Td obder els xpelar things of no use or service; in plur. services. 2. using, usance, use; ktfi one and applicate having and saving. 3. of persons, II. like Lat. opus, need, acquaintance, intimacy necessity; by apela edval or yequestal times to be in need, want of a thing. 2. want, poverty, lack: c. gen. want, lack of a thing. 3. need of a person's bely, hence a request on the score of necessity: gene-4. a needful matter, business; & cally, a request. racate rais roll objectos vociate in all functions of the body.

χρείη, 3 sing, pres. opt. of χρή.

χρείος, τό, Ερ. for χρέος.

xpelos, or, (xph) useful: needful, fitting. act. needing, being in want of, c. gen.: absol. needy. xpela, Ep. for xpla, xplas, to deliver an oracle. χραιώ, όσο contr. σθε, ή, Ερ. for χρεώ.

xpeneriles, f. low, to neigh, enort, Lat. binnire, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

xpentrious, ro, and xpeneriouss, o, a neighing. χράμισαν, shortd. poët, for έχρεμέτισαν, 2 Dl. 201. Ι of ypenerico.

XPE'MITTOMAI, f. - Voyau, Dep. to basek and spit, expectorate.

· χρέομαι, Ion. for χράομαι: part. χρεομένου. xpeor, Ion. for xpeor.

χρέος, τό, gen. χρέου contr. χρέου: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. xpéd Att. xpéd: Ep. nom. sing. xpeios Att. χρέου: (χράομαι, χρή): L like xpeia, want, II. a needful matter, business, affair; kard xpéoe τινδε έλθεθ to come for need of a person or thing; eo' b re xpéos euonere; for what need came ye?—also, like χρημα, a thing. III. a debt; peios opeixeral por a debt is due to me; ppios anoδιδόναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν to pay and recover debts; των οὐσίαν άπασαν χρέα κατέλιπε he left all property in outstanding debts 2. metaph. a debt, trespass, 3. a debt, due, duty; ward xpéos according to what is due: hence a promise due, doas tively xplos to pay the debt, i. e. do the work, of a curse. χρέω, Ion. for χράω, to deliver an oracle.

χρεώ Ερ. χρεώ, gen. bos contr. οῦς, ἡ: (χρέος, χρεία):—want, need, hence desire, longing, urgent wish, c. gen., xpeid epelo want, need of me; w ou χρεα πείσματό» έστιν where there is no neri of a cable. 2. in phrase, xpeià ladverai want or necesaity arises, c. acc. pers.; The xpend theor inen; to whom doth secessity come so much? so also with γίγνομαι and elμί, έμε δε χρεώ γίγνεται νηός need of a ship comes upon me; σύδε τι μιν χρεώ έσται τυμ-Boxons nor will need of a grave come upon him. hence your is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., riste 86 os xped [sc. ledrei] wherefore does need [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., ούτε με ταύτης χρεώ τιμής no need of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, obbé Ti pur xped wear emparence ur does need at all 'to have no suce auturned:' a dealing, business,

[reach] him to ambark on board this ship. [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] Homer is used as a monosyllable, xpen.

xpeomeros, lon for xpomeros, part of xpaoma. χρέων, τό, Ion. χρεόν, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc. : properly a part. neut. from χρέω (Ion. for χράω), – το χρεόν γίγνεσθαι, εδα: which an gracle declares, that which must be, fat:, necessity; xpean or xpeln tore it is fated or necessary, it must be:—absol. xpear, it being necessary, since it was necessary. 2. that which is expedien! or right: absol. as Adv., of xpedir apxere ye rul: not rightfully. [u -, but sometimes poet. xpeer 23 one long syllable.]

χρέωνται, Ion. for χρώνται, 3 p. of χράομαι χρέωε, τύ, Att. for χρέοε, a debt.

χρούστης, ου, ό, (χρέων) a debtor.

χρε-ωφαλέτης, ου, δ. (χρέως, δφείλω) α debtor, χρή οτ χρή, ή, – χρεία II, need, necessity.

χρή, impers.: subjunct. χρή: optat. χρώη: inf. χρήvai, poet, also xpm : impf. expm and xpm : fut. xphoei: (for part., see xplow):—it is fated, necessary: c. inf. it must, must needs be, it is good, fit, 2. 'ike bei, Lat. oportet, decet, c. acc. pers. et inf.; one must needs do a thing, it behoves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do.— Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίπτε μάχης dironaveau; οδδέ τί σε χρή why restest thou from

the battle? it behoves thee not (sc. drowaversa pai-3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, obbé vé se xpe) appositrys thou bast no need of impudence, i. e. it does not befit thee; of we apply it allows thou bast no longer need of shame. II. in a less strong

sense, one may, one can; with xpr route wepassen; how is one to get through this? III. To XP fate. destiny.

χρή, shortened for χρήζει.

χρηζω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion. need, want, lack, bave need of: absol. in part. X-9-(sor, needy, poor. 2. to desire, long for: to esk, crave, desire, Lat. solicitare:-c. gen. rei, so est or demand a thing. 3. μη έχρηζει θανείν, like μη sopeles, thou oughtest not to have died, oh that thou 4. the part. xpy (as is used abscl. hadst not ..! for el ypp(ei, if one will, if one abooses: bence wing well, well-inclined.

χρήζω, like χράω 1, to deliver an oracle, foretel. V.

χρηία, ή, Ion. for χρεία, κας, κεεά. χρηίζω, Ep. and Ion. for χρήζω.

χρηίσκομαι, Ion. collat. form of χράσμα, so 🖛. make use of.

χρήμα, ατος, τό, (χράομαι) a thing that one som «τ needs: mostly used in plur. goods, money: proverb. repeloson appulator superior to money, i.e. inaccessible Il. a thing, matter, business, affect, event; nevels nex posper to set everything in motion. transaction, like Lat. res.

2. χρήμα is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, τί χρήμα; for τί; sabet?

3. χρήμα is also used to express something strange or unusual, μέγα συδε χρήμα a huge monster of a boar; τοῦ χειμώνου χρήμα ἀφόρητον the into-lerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass. χρήμα πολλῶν ἀρδίων, νεῶν, etc., a usut amount of javelins, ships, etc.; δσον τὸ χρήμα παρνόσων what a lot of locusts; μέγα χρήμα Λακαινών a great bost of Laconian women.

χρημάτίζα, f. ίσω Att. ιω: pf. κεχρημάτικα: (χρήµa):-to do or earry on business, bave dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, 3. to give an answer after advise about a matter. due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned. ΙΙ. Med. χρηματίζομαι, f. –ιοῦμαι, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another. III. in late Greek, the Act. χρηματίζω means to bear a title or name; χρηματίζει βασιλεύε be takes the title of king; of μαθήται Χριστιανοί έχρημάτισαν πρώτον έν τη Αντιοχεία the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

χρημάτικός, ή, όν, (χρημα) of or for money.

χρημάτισιε, εωε, ή, and χρημάτισμόε, δ, (χρηματίζω) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χρημάτιστέον, verb. Adj. of χρηματίζω, one must

make money.

χρημάτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (χρηματίζω) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χρημάτιστικός, ή, όν, fitted for money-making; χρηματιστικός ολονός an omen portending gain.

χρημάτο-δαίτης, ου, ό, (χρήμα, δατέομαι) a divider of money οτ of possessions. χρημάτο-ποιός, όν, (χρήματα, ποιέω) money-mak-

ing, money-getting. χρημοσύνη, ή, (χράομαι) = χρεία, need, want, sack.

χρήναι, inf. of χρή. χρήσδω, Dor. for χρήζω.

χρής, χρήσθα, shortd. for χρήζεις, see χράω (Β) Π. χρήστμος, η, ον, also as, ον: (χράομαι):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: το χρήσιμον useful antage.
2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceble to the state.
3. used, made use of. Hence

χρησίμως, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χρησίμως, Dor. for χρησίμους, acc. pl. of χρήσιμος. χρήσις, εως, ή, (χράομαι) a using, employment, use unde of a thing: in plue. uses. 2. power or means fusing. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. usus. II. χράω C) an oracle.

χρησμολογέω, f. ήσω, to utter oracles, divine. From Κρησμο-λόγος, αν. (χρησμός, λέγω) uttering oracles, winsing; χρησμολόγος drhp a soothsayer, diviner. II.

expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χρησμο-ποιόε, όν, (χρησμόε, ποιέα) making oracies in verse.

χρησμόε, δ, (χράω c) the answer of an oracle, an oracle response, oracle.

χρησμοσύνη, ή, (χράομαι) like χρημοσύνη, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χρησμο-φύλαξ, ακοι, δ, (χρησμόι, φύλαξ) a keeper of oracular responses.

χρησιωθέω, f. ήσω, (χρησμωθόε) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophesy. Hence

χρησμοβία, ή, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

χρησμοδικόε, ή, ότ, of or fit for a sootbeayer or diviner, oracular. Adv. -κων. From

χρησμ-φδός, ότ, (χρησμός, φδή) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., χρησμφδός, δ, α soothsayer, prophet.

χρήσον, 2 sing aor. I imperat. of μίχρημι, to lend. χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of χράομαι, one must us κουστερίσειση. Den. (χρηστέο) to habous him the

χρηστεύομαι, Dep. (χρηστό») to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χρηστηριάζω, f. άσω, like χράω, to give oracles, prophesy:—in Med., like χράομαι, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; χρηστηριάζεσθαι θεῦ to consult a god; ἰροῖσι χρηστηριάζεσθαι to consult victims. From

χρηστήριον, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi.

2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response.

II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of χρηστήριου.

χρηστήριου, α, σν, also ου, σν, (χράω) of or belonging to an oracle oracular forabodium answer.

χρηστήριος, a, or, also os, or, (χράω) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χρήστης, ου, δ: gen. pl. χρήστων (to distinguish it from χρηστών, gen. pl. of χρηστώς): (χράω):— one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, εοοιbsayer.

II. a creditor, usurer.

2. (χράομαι) a debtor.

χρηστολογίω, f. ήσω, (χρηστολόγοι) to use fair words. Hence

χρηστολογία, ή, fair-steaking: a kind address. χρηστο-λόγος, ον. (χρησνόε, λέγω) speaking fairly. χρηστόε, ή, ίν, νετό. Adj. of χράομαι, like χρήσιμος, useful, serviceable: χρηστά, τά, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. , 2. good, favourable; τελευτή χρηστή a bappy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, χρηστόε et you are a nice fellow. 2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χρηστότης, ητος, ή, of persons, goodzess, bonesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like εὐήθεια. χρίμα, ατος, τό, = χρίσμα.

χρίμπτω, f. ψω: also as Dep. χρίμπτομαι, f. χρίμφοραι; aor. I med. έχριμφάμην, pass. έχρίμφθην, part. χριμφθείs:—poöt. for value as aciach the surface

of a body, to graze, scratch, wound, Lat. radere, stringers; xpeposele méhas grazing close:-more generally, to some nigh, draw near, approach, c. dat.; δόμοιε χρίμετεσθαι to draw near the house. also intr. in Act., to some or keep near: also with wood

added, πόδας χρίμετουσα βαχίαισι keeping her feet sloss to the shore; so, bπ' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἔχριμετ' del σύριγγα he kept the axie close upon the post.

xplouv, Ep. for explour, 3 pl. aor. 1 of xplos. xpiora, aros, to, (xplu) anything smeared on, a ecented unguent, of thicker consistency than suppor.

Χριστιανός, δ, (Χριστός) a Christian.

χριστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χρίω, to be rubbed on. used as cintment or salue; φάρμακα χριστά talves. anointed; το χριστόν anointing oil. 2. Χριστός, δ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST, as a transl. of the Hebrew Messiab.

XPI'Ω, f. χρίσω [1]: 20r. 1 έχρισα Εp. χρίσα: Pass., ace. I explosing: pf. κέχριμαι:-- to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing:—Med. χρίσμαι, 201. Ι έχρισάμην, to anoint oneself; xpleobat love to anoint, i.e. poison, one's arrows. 2. to rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain; χρίεσθαι τὰ σώματα μίλτφ to dye their 3. to puncture the skin bodies with vermilion. slightly, prick, sting.

xpoa, xpot, irreg. acc. and dat. of xpdu.

χροιά, ή, Ep. and Ion. χροιή, Att. also χρόα: (xpins):—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the II. the colour of the skin, the combody itself. plenion; χροιάν άλλάσσειν to change colour: also the colour of a thing.

χροίζω, f. tow: contr. χρώζω, f. σω: (χρόα):-to touch ot graze the surface, also generally, to touch :- Med. xpot(opai, to torch another person, to lie with.

xponados, o, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnash w, crusbing. (Formed from the sound.)

xpovize, f. law Att. ed, (xporos) intr. to spend time, tarry: to continue or last long, bold out: c. part. to persevere in doing; c. inf. to delay to do: absol. to linger, delay, be slow. II. to prolong, put off: -Pass. to be prolonged or protracted: absol. to grow up.

χρόνιος, α, ov, and Att. oe, ov: (χρόνοε):-after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time; χρίνιός elm duò βορας I have been for a long time 3. long, lasting long; xportor apart from food. Whenor lasting wars: linguring, delaying:-neut. pl.

xpória as Adv., after a long time.

XPONOZ, o, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. xp wow for a while; wohive xpovor for a long time; Tor del xporor for ever; dalyou xporou in a short time: wowov xpowov; for how long? xpowe in time, 2. with Prepositions: -drd xporar in course of time: Bid xpierou after an interval; ex rolloù xpirov long ago; er xpire in time, at langth; erroe xperou within a certain time; end

xporor for a time: de xporor till aftertime. time of life; xplry boadie slow from his time of life. χρονο-τρίβέω, (χρύνοι, τρίβω) to waste time, leiter. xpoos, gen. of xpore.

χρυσ-αλάκατος, or, Dor. for χρυσηλ-

χροσ-αμοιβός, δ, (χρυσός, αμείβω) changing gold or gold money: metaph., Арпе вынатые хриваноβόε Mars who buys men's bodies with gold. xplo-duruf, bros, o, h, (xpusos, duruf) with filler or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses. xplo-avote, is, gen. ios, (xpurie artes) suite flower

of gold.

xpuo-avios, Dor. for xpuotivios. χρυσ-ανταυγήε, έε, (χρυσόε, άνταυγήε) reflecting a golden light.

xpvo-dopos, or, (xpvoos, asp) with sword of gold, epith, of the gods.

χρύσ-άρμάτος, ον, (χρυσός, άρμα) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

χρύσ-ασπιε, ιδοε, δ, ή, (χρυσύε, άσπίε) with shield of gold. [8] χρύσ-αυγής, ές, gen. έσς, (χρυσύς, αθγή) gold-

glcaming. χρύσ-άωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (χρυσύε, άορ) – χρυσάοροε.

χρυσείον, τύ, (χρυσύε) mostly in plur., χρυσεία, τά, gold mines, in full χρύσεια μέταλλα. χρύσοιος, η, ον, počt. for χρύσεος.

χρίσ-ελεφαντ-ήλεκτρος, ον, (χρυσύε, ἐλέφαε, ήλεκ-TPOV) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum, χρυσεο-βόστρυχος, ον, (χρύσεος, βύστρυχος) εκέδ locks or ringlets of gold.

χρύσεό-δμητος, ον, (χρύσεος, δέμω) built or formed of gold.

χρθσεό-κμητος, ον,(χρύσεος, κάμνω) sorong be of gold. χρυσεό-κυκλος, ον, (χρύσεος, κύκλος) with disk of gold.

χρῦσεό-μαλλος, ου, - χρυσόμαλλος. χρύσεο-μίτρης, ου, δ, - χρυσομίτρης.

 $\chi \rho \nu \sigma \epsilon \delta - \nu \omega \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\omega r$ ,  $\omega \chi \rho \nu \sigma \dot{\nu} \nu \omega \tau \sigma s$ . χρύσεο-πήληξ, ηκοι, δ, ή, (χρύσεοι, πήλης) κώδ belm or casque of gold.

χρύσεο-πήνητος, ον. (χρυσεοε, πήνη) with more of gold, inwrought with gold.

χρύστος, η, ον, and οε, ον; Att. contr. χρωσοθε, ξ. ουν; Ερ. χρύσειος, η, αν, (χρυσός):—goldes, ο gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; xpussis τινα Ιστάναι to raise a statue of gold to one. χρύσεια μέταλλα gold mines; see χρυσείω. gold-coloured, of golden bue. III. metaph golden, bappy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the golden. In Homer, xpusin, xpusing, xpσέου, χρύσέω, etc. must be pronounced as sponders. χρυσεο-σάνδαλος, ον, (χρύσεος, σάνδαλον) κών sandals of gold; Tyros ypursorardahor the step of golden sandals.

χρθσεο-στέφανος, ον, = χρυσοστέφανος. χρθσεό-στολμοε, ον, οι χρθσεό-σταλου, αν, (χρή-

TEOR, TTEXAM) decked or dight with gold.

YPEGEO-TEURTOS, OF, - XPUGOTEURTOS.

Υρύσεο-φάλαρος, ον, (χρύσεος, φάλαρα) with trappings of gold.

Xρθσηιs, idos, ή, patronym. of Χρόσηε, ου, δ, daughter

of Chryses.

χρθσ-ηλάκ**άτος, ον**. (χρυσός, ήλακάτη) with spindle pr arrow of gold.

χρθσ-ήλάτος, ον, (χρυσός, έλαύνω) beaten out of gold, of beaten gold. xpvo-hvios, or, (xpvobs, hvla) with reins of gold.

χρύσ-ήρης, εε, gen. εοε, (χρυσίε δράρει) furnished E decked with gold, golden.

χρθσίδιον, τό, Dim. of χρύσιον, a small piece of gold. Ypurior, to, Dim. of ypurise, a piece of gold, gold in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money; αργύριον και χρυσίον silver and gold money: but the generic term for money was appriptor, as in Lat. ar-II. as a term of endearment, my little rowwn.

masure! YOBO'LE, 1800, \$, (Xpusole) a vessel of gold.

golden drew. χρθσίτης [Ι], ου, ό, fem. χρυσίτις, ιδος, χρυσύε) like

guld, containing a proportion of gold. χρύσο-βάφής, ές, (χρυσός, βαφήναι) gilded, gold-

ambroidered. χρυσό-βωλος, σε, χρυσός, βώλος) with soil con-

taining gold.

χρυσό-γονος, αν, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danaé.

χρύσο-δαίδαλτος, ον, (χρυσός, δαιδάλλω) richly wrought with gold.

χρύσο-δακτύλιος, ον, (χρυσός, δακτυλιον) with a

gold ring. [ETV] xpvor6-beros, ar, also n, or, (xpvor6s, bea) bound

with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold. χρύσο-έθαιρ, ειροε, δ, ή, (χρυσόε, έθειρα) with golden bair.

χρώσο-αιδής, ές, (χρυσός, είδος) like gold.

χρῦσό-ζύγος, ον, (χρυσύς, ζυγίν) with yoke of gold. χρυσό-θριξ, -τρίχοι, δ, ή, (χρυσίι, θρίξ) goldenbaired.

χρισό-θρονος, ον, (χρυσός, θρύνος) on throne of gold, guld-entbroned.

χρύσο-κάρηνος Dor. - ανος, αν, (χρυσός, κάρηνον)

with bead of gold. [kd] χρυσό-κερως, ωτος, ό, ή, and χρυσό-κερως, ων, gen. w: (xpvois, klpas):—with borns of gold.

gilded borns, like a victim for the sacrifice. χρύσο-κόλλητος, ον, (χρυσύε, κολλάω) welded οτ

wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden. χρυσό-κολλος, ον, (χρυσός, κολλάω) welded or in-

laid with gold. χρύσο-κόμης, δ, Dor. -μας, α, δ, (χρυσός, κόμη) be f the golden bair: 6 Aporonoung the golden-baired, or Apollo.

χρυσό-κομος, ον, (χρυσός, κόμη) golden-baired: with golden plumage.

χρθσο-κρότάλος, ον, (χρυσός, κρύπ.): ~ ratting or ringing with gold. χρυσό-Αίθος, ή, (χρυσός, λίθος) the chrysolith or

gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz. χρυσολογέω, f. ήσω, to talk of gold.

lect gold, i. e. money. From

χρυσο-λόγοε, ον, (χρυσύε, λέγω) speaking of gold. χρυσό-λογχος, αν. (χρυσός, λόγχη) with golden

χρυσό-λοφος, α, αν, (χρυσύς, λύφος) with golden crest.

χρύσο-λύρης, ου, δ, Doc. -λύρας, (χρυσός, λόρα) with golden lyre. [Ab]

χρυσό-μαλλος, αν. (χρυσός, μαλλός) with golden

χρύσο-μανής, έε, (χρυσόε, μανήναι) mad after gold. χρύσο-μηλολόνθη, ή, (χρυσόε, μηλολόνθη) the goldbeetle or cockchafer. Hence

χρύσο-μηλολόνθιον or -όντιον, τό, Dim, of χρυσομηλολόνθη, a little cockchafer: used as a term of endearment.

χρύσο-μίτρης, ου, δ, (χρυσύς, μίτρα) with girdle or bead-band of gold. [µY

χρυσό-μορφος, ον, (χρυσός, μορφή) in the thape or likeness of gold.

χρθσό-νωτος, ον, (χρυσός, νῶτος) with golden back: covered with gold; xpustrares fula a rein studded with gold.

χρύσό-παστος, ev, (χρυσύς, πάσσω) sprinkled of shot with gold; χρυσύπαστος τιήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσύπαστα gilded splendours.

χρύσο-πέδιλος, ον, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) with sandals of gold.

χροσό-πεπλος, οκ (χρυσός, πέπλον) withrobe of gold. χρύσο-πήληξ, ηκοε, ό, ή, (χρυσύε, πήληξ) with belse or casque of gold.

χρύσο-πλοκάμος, ον, (χρυσός, πλόκα μος) with tresses of gold.

χρύσο-ποιόε, έν, (χρυσόε, ποιέω) working in gold: as Subst., χρυσοποιός, δ, a goldsmith.

χρύσο-πράσος, δ, (χρυσός, πράσον) the chrysoprase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour.

χρύσό-πτερος, αν, (χρυσός, πτερύν) with wings of gold.

χρθσό-ράπιε, δ, pošt. fgr χρυσόρραπιε.

χροσό-ροος, ον, (χρυσύε, ρίω) streaming with gold. χρύσ-δροφος, αν, (χρυσύε, δροφή) with golden rouf or ceiling.

χρυσόρ-ράπιε, ιδος, δ, φ, (χρυσύε, βαπίε) with wand of gold.

χρυσόρ-ρύτος, ον, (χρυσίε, ρεω) ποινίης with gold. in a stream of gold.

XPY ZO'Z, oû, ô, gold, Lat. aurum; xpvoc. koiλοε gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσὸε άπεφθος refined gold; λευκύς χρυσύς white gold, i.e. alloyed with silver.

xposo-stepavos, or (vousis stepavos) gold crowned.

```
χρισό-στομος, ον, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, | χρφ. irreg. dat. of χρώς.
dropping words of gold.
 χρύσο-στροφοί, ον, (χρυσόε, στρέφω) twisted with | έχρώσθην : pt. κέχρωσμαι : (χρών):—like χροίζω, ι
gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.
```

xover-rierus, eres, b, a worker in gold, goldsmith. | elasp. χρυσότερος, α, αν, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυcoe, more golden.

χροσό-τευετος, ον, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold. χρύσο-τεύχής, ές, (χρυαός, τεύχος) with golden armour.

χρύσ6-τοξος, αν. (χρυσός, τόξον) with how of gold. xpooro-rplanes, or, (xpoods, rplane) with trident of gold. [M]

χρυσ-ούμτος, αν. (χρυσός, οδας) with ears or bandles of rold

χρθσοθε, ή, οῦν, Att. contr. for χρυσεοε.

 $\chi \rho \sigma \sigma - \phi \Delta e v v \sigma s$ , or,  $(\chi \rho v \sigma \delta e, \phi \alpha \dot{v} \sigma \rho \mu \alpha \iota) = \chi \rho v \sigma \sigma \phi \alpha \dot{\eta} e$ . χρυσο-φαήε, έε, (χρισόε, φάοε) with golden light. χρυσο-φεγγήε, έε, (χρυσόε, φέγγοε) with golden beam.

χρυσό-φίλος, ον, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-lowing. χρυσοφοοίω, f. ήσω, to wear gold or golden apparel.

χρυσό-φόροε, ον, (χρυσόε, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρῦσο-φύλαξ, ἄεοε, ο, η, (χρυσοε, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φδ]

χρθσο-χαίτης, ου, ό, (χρυσός, γαίτη) with golden bair: fem. xpuer6xaurus, 1800.

χρυσο-χάλινος, ον, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with goldstudded bridle. [8]

χρυσό-χαρ, -χειροε, δ, \$, (χρυσόε, χείρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρύσο-χίτων ανοε, δ, ή, (χρυσόε, χιτων) with coat

of gold. [XY] χροσοχοείον, τό, the shop of a goldsmith. From χρύσοχοίω, f. ήσω, (χρυσοχόοι) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

xpvooxolebs, h, ov, belonging to a goldsmith ot gold-refiner; χρυσοχοϊκήν τέχνην έργάζεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

xpvo-xbos, or, (xpvobs, xlee) melting or casting gold:-as Subst., χρυσοχόσε, ό, one who gilds the borns of a victim; a goldsmith.

χρθσό-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (χρυσόε, χρόα) gold-coloured.

χρυσόω, f. ώσω, (χρυσόε) to make golden, gild. xpuera, Dor. for xpuerou, gen. of xpueros.

χρύσωμα, ατος, τό, (χρυσόω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [9]

xplo-wee, (xpvobs, entopal) to bey or change gold. χροσ- σπης, ου, δ, fem. - ωνιε, ιδοε, - χρυσωπόε.

χροσ-wards, όν, (χρυσός, ώψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

xpusous, ene, d, (xpuson) a gilding. [8] χροσ-ωψ, ωποε, δ, ή, (χρυσόε, ωψ) gold-coloured, abining like gold.

XPA, contr. from xpaov, pres. imperat. of xpaopas.

ala, i. xpara: aot. I expara: Pass., aot. touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch

2. to tinge, stain : generally, to taint, defile χρώμα, ατος, τό, (χράννυμι) the surface of the body II. the colour of the skin, the complexion μεθιστάναι του χρώματος to change colour. metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments.

as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonie musie. Hence xpenaruos, 4, or, suited for colour. II. 🛊 yps parist) (sc. povoist) the chromatic music of the st

cients, differing from the diatonic in having th tetrachord divided into less simple intervals. χρωμάτιον, τό, (χρώμα) a colour, paint, dye. [š]

χράννθμι, - χράζα. χρώς, ό, χρωτός, χρωτί, χρώτα: Ιου. χρούς, χρ χρόα: Att. dat. χρψ:—like χροιά and χρώμα, ε surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: t flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's boo

frame. 2. ly xpol, Att. ly xpq, close to the ski èν χροὶ καίρειν to shave elose: metaph., ξυρεί ἐν χι it shaves close, i.e. it touches one nearly, com bome; er app rapardeur to sail past so as to sha or graze, Virgil's radere littus. IL. the colo of the skin, complexion; xpòx tperetus bis colo changes.

χρωστήρ, ήροε, δ, (χρώζω) one who colours or \_s γρωστήρ μόλυβος a lead-pencil.

χρωτίζω, f. ίσω, (χρών) like χρώζω, so colour, έ tint:—Med., χρωτίζεσθαι την φύσιν τινί εο είν one's nature with something.

χύδην [v], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, with order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i. III. abundantly, sater in prose, opp. to poetry.

χύθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of χέσι. XUNDS, of, b, (xia) juice, moisture: a decoction. juice drawn out by digestion, chyle. II. the flower

taste of a thing. χύμενος, Ep. sor. 2 pass. of χέω. [V] Xulle, f. low Att. in, (xupide) to make soco season: metaph, so tone down, temper,

χυμόε, οῦ, ὁ, (χέω) juice. II. taste, flevour XUVTO, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of year

χύσιε, eus, ή, (χέω) a pouring, shedding. a flood, stream, gusb. 2. of dry things, a beet quantity. [४]

χυτλάζω, f. aow, to pour out: metaph. to the

carelessly down. From χύτλον, τό, (χέω) anything that can be powered.

liquid, fluid: esp., 1. in plur. χότλα, τά, τος for washing or bathing. 3. a minture of wat and oil rubbed in after bathing. [8] Hence χύτλόω, f. ώσω, to wash, bathe, amoint: - Mee.

anoint oneself after bathing. χυτλώσοιτο, 3 sing. 20τ. I med. of χυτλέω.

χύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέσι. [8]

χυτός, ή, ότ, verb. Adj. of χέω, powred, shed.
2. of dry things, heaped up; χυτή γαθι α mound of earth.
2. as Subst., χυτοί, οί, mounds, dykes, dans.
11. made liquid, cast, melted; dprήματα λίθυτα χυτό pendants of melted stone, i. e. of glass.
111. liquid, fluid, flowing.

χύτρα, ή, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, al, 'be pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ratirpy χύτραιε liberties this must be erected with pote of pulse. [8]

χύτρασε, α, ον, - χυτρεοθε, of earthenware: τὰ χύ-

rpeia earthenware, pottery. [V]

χθτροούε, ή, οῦν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

xurpeus, deve, d, (xurpa) a potter.

χύτριδιον, τό, Dim. of χυτρίε, a small pot. [?] χύτριζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χύτρζινος, η, ον, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [8]

χύτριε, έδοε, ή, Dim. of χύτρα οι χύτροε, α ροι. χύτρό-πουε, -ποδοε, ό, (χύτροε, πούε) α ροι οι caldron

with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτρος, δ, (χέω) as earthen pot, esp. for boiling: of χύτροι was the name given to the bot-baths at Thermopylae. IL of χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [8]

xé, contr. for mai é.

χώνο, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χώνομαι.

xwhalve, f. ave, (xwh/s) to be or go lame.

χωλεόω, (χωλόε) to be or become lame, to balt, limp. χωλ-ίαμβου, δ, (χωλόε, ίαμβου) a lame or balting iambie, i.e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hipponax; also called σπάζων.

xwho-works, or, (xwhos, works) making lame men, of Euripides, who was found of introducing lame men

mpon the stage.

XΩΛΟ'Z, ή, ότ, lame, balting, limplng: also of the hand, maimed. II. metaph. maimed, im-

perfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

χώμα, ατος, τό, (χώντυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound) mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Let. moles: also like Let. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χων, part. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

Nove, h, cont. from xoden, (xie) a melting-pit, a resould to east in. 2. a funnel.

χώννθμι: f. χώνω: aor. 1 έχωνα: Pass., fut. χωσθήσομα: aor. 1 έχωνθην: pf. εέχωνμα: there is also the regul. pres. χόω, inf. χούν, part. χών: (χέω):
—so three or beap up; χώματα χούν to beap up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound.

2. to block up by throwing is earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from givers.

3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury; xwoul rwa lifous to cover any one over with stones:

—Pass, to be beaped up with earth, bave a sepulchral mound raised over one.

XΩ'OMAI, £ χάσομαι: aor. I ἐχωσάμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χωόμενος κήρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χώσσθαι φρέσιν ήσων:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing: and c. neut. acc., μή μοι τύδε χώνεο be not angry with me for this.

χώρα Ion. χώρη, ή, - χώρου, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; ward whoar clear to be in one's place; ward xwpar pirer to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; law sard χώραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χώpar habely to take a position, find one's place; los αν χώραν λάβη τὰ τράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph, the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; & dropanobor ywood elvau to be ranked in the place of slaves; & οὐδεμις χώρα είναι to be of no account, Let. nullo in numero baberi. II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ή χώρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm, Lat. ager. 3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρέω, f. ήσω Att. ήσομαι: act. I έχωρησα: pf. κεχώρηκα: (χώρου) —to make room for another give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; venpow χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; απο νηῶν ἐχώρησαν προτί Ίλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him. II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; xwpciv πρώε έργον to come to action; χωρείν πρόε ήπαρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way, proceed; of yoper rolpyor the work advances not. come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; ward outered xweels to come 4. to spead abroad, become current, of to little. IIL transit. to bave space or room for reports. a thing, to bold, contain, like χανδάνω; δ κρητήρ χωρεί αμφορέας έξακοσίους the bowl bolds 600 am phorae; ή πύλιο αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεί the city cannot

contain him.
χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ρτ]
χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ρτ]
χωρίδιον, εί έσω Att. εω: pf. pass. κεχώρισμαι, lou.
3 pl. κεχωρίδαται: (χωρίε):—to separate, part, sever,
divide:—ol χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to
those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and
Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated,
severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance;
νόμοι κεχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χώροε and χώρα, a particular place, a place, spat, country; le του αντού χωρίου from the same spot.

a book, Lat. locus.

II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort.

landed property, an estate.

xuple, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; seiras xapis à vespés the corpse lies apart. 2. 80-3. xwpis mir .. , xwpis 84 .. , parately, one by one. on one side ... on the other, by themselves ..., by them-4. γωρίε ή ὁκύσοι except so many as . . ; eelves . . Yaple of except; xaple of our except that. different or distinct kind; xuple to t' elevir would seal rd scarple it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

xuple, Prep. with gen., without: without the belp or will of; xwpls beou, Lat. sine dils, without the favour of the gods. 2. separate from, apart from; yaple oundres they far from my eyes.

pendent of, without reckoning, besides.

xuploubs, b, (xupl(u) a separating, separation. χωρίτης [1], ου, δ, fem. χωρίτις, ιδος, (χώρα, χώpos) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. xwpires, edos, a country girl. Hence

xupltukos, f. or, becoming a countryman, rustic,

rural. Adv. - wwe, in rustic fashion.

xupos, è, space to bold a thing, room, a place, spot. IL a place, a land, country, Lat. regio: c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χώρου της 'Αραβίης the tract of Arabia. landed property, an estate. (Akin to xardára, xá-(open.)

Xôpes, ov, ô, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind:

the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φιλέω, f. ήσω, (χώρος, φιλέω) to sove a place or spot, baunt, frequent it.

xès, contr. for sal és.

yeoral, sor. I inf. of yerrum.

Yeorapevos, sor, I part of Yeopau.

χωσθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χώσις, εως, ή, (χώσαι) a beaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city; a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ή χῶσιε τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours. χώσονε, crasis for και δσουε.

χωστός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of χώννυμ, beaped up

made of earth thrown up.

Ψ. ψ. ψι, τό, indeci., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\psi' = 700$ , but  $\psi =$ 700,000.—The letter # is a double Consonaut, compounded of  $\sigma$  and a labial,  $=\pi\sigma$ ,  $\beta\sigma$ , or  $\phi\sigma$ . The character \( \psi \) was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$  and  $\xi$ : see H,  $\eta$ .

Changes of \( \psi\_1 \), esp. in the dialects: I, in Aeol. the older we was retained, esp. in prop. names, as Πέλοπε for Πέλοψ. II. \( \psi \) was resolved into  $\sigma \pi$ , as domination for adjuditor, the Dor. for opin, the for III. # was sometimes put for o or oo, as, | wandle work, es, (yanalos, elos) sandy.

III. | \$177ande for ourrande, note you for noosupee. was omitted or added as in dunce duades, service ψάμαθος.

ψάθυρός, όν, (ψάω) Friable, crumbling, falling to

pieces, loose

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίραν strepole oluor albepos to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil raders iter liquidum. trans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστίον, τό, Dim. of ψαιστόν, a small eaks. waterros, h, or, verb. Adj. of pain, ground; th ψαιστά (sub. πέμματα) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, opos, d, masc. Adj. that which wipes off. ψαίω, f. σω, (ψάω) to rub away, grind doson, pound. Vărálo leter Verálo, f. áso, (Varás) to rais is emall drope, drizzle, drip : impere., like bee, etc., fo-

ráču it drizzles.

ψάκάs later ψεκάs, άδος, ή, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; deyuplou unde bands not even a farthing of money: as a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to δμβρου; υσθησιον αι Θήβαι wandle Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., poirtoon perds a shower of blood.

ψάλιβό-στομος, ον, (ψαλίε, στόμα) basing a mouth

or bead like a pair of shears, epith, of a crab.

walle: fut, low and it Att. in: (Valle) :- to clip with shears or scissors.

TA'AION, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. Hales, va. the eurb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψάλίε, ίδος, ή, (ψάω) a pair of shears on scissors,

Lat. forfen. ΨΑ'ΛΛΩ, strengthd, from vaw: f. ψάλω: aoc. I έψηλα: pf. έψαλκα:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go cgaix, to pull, twang with the fingers; τύξου reupar sάλher to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a bear ... Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence ψάλμα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, δ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers, 2, a strain or turst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χάρης, έν, (ψαλμός, χορήναι) deligibeing in barp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ήρος, also της, του, δ, (ψάλλω) α δατρα.

ψάλτρια, ή, fem. of ψαλτήρ.

ψάμαβος, ή, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy share, the sands: proverb. of a countless multisude, sou papebos to klous to as many as the sand and dead. See ψάμμος. [ψά]

pits, Lat. sabuletum.

ψαμμεκοσιο-γάργαροι, αι, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάρyapa) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as

beats of sand : cf. sq.

ψομμ-ακόσιοι, αι, α, sand-bundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from \$44400 Exaror. as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακύσιοι from Bis imarir, rels imarir, to denote a countless multi-

Váppa Dor. Váppa, A. - Váppos, sand.

ψάμμινος, η, ον, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy.

ψάμ**μιος, α, ον, — ψ**άμμινος, οπ the sand.

ψαμμίτης [1], ου, δ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ιδος, (ψάμμος)

of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ή, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb, επ ψάμμου σχοινίον wherear to weave a rope of sand, of labour in II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poët, form ψάμαθος sometimes drop the \$, and become au uoe au aboe.

ψαμμ-ώδης, es, (ψάμμος, είδος) sandy.

ψūνός, Dor. for ψηνός.

ψάρ, ψάρόε, Ion. ψήρ, ψηρόε, δ, a starling, Lat.

Papos, a, br. (Vap) like a starling, asben-gray or speckled; wapde lawos a dapple-gray horse.

ψαύω, f. ψαύσω: aor. I έψαυσα: pf. act. έψανκα, pass. Iψαυσμαι: (ψάω):--to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumenti, ψαθον κόρυθες φάλοισω the helmets touched swith their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) έψανσας άλγεινοτάτας έμολ μερίμνας, πατρός τρισόλιστον οίτον thou hast touched supon themes of grief most painful to me, the thricetold fate of my father; (2) κείνου ἐπέγνω ψαύων τὸν θεδν εν κερτομίοιε γλώσσαιε he knew too late that he bad attacked the god with abusive speech. touch as an enemy, lay bands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

**φάφαρίτης, ου, ό, fem. -θτις, ιδος, - ψαφαρός.** ψάφαρός, ά, ών Ion. ψαφερός, ή, ών, (ψάω) friable,

loose, erumbling, without consistency. dusty, sandy:—as Subst., & Japapa the shore, opp. to .محة

ψάφαρό-τρίχου, ον, (ψαφορός, θρίξ) with rough

shaggy bair or coat,

ψάφαρό-χρους, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (ψαφαρός, xpóa) rough on the surface.

**ναφιγέ, ψαφος**, Dor. for ψήφιγέ, ψήφος.

ΨA'Ω [ā], ψŷs, ψŷ, inf. ψŷs (for the regular forms மூர்க, மூர், மூன் are incorrect): f. மூர்ம்: Pass., aor. I the figure : pl. ben par :- to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, iisappear.

we. Dor. for ople, as this for ople: always enclit. ΨΕΤΩ, f. vife: 20r. 1 lyefa:-to blame, discarage, find fault with, c. acc.; perser rive mepl woe to blame one for a thing : also, with a neut. | lying berald.

ψάμεδών, ώνος, δ. (ψάμαθος) a sandy place, sand- | Adj., δ με ψέγεις the things wherein thou blamest

ψεθνόε, ή, όν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair; of a person, bald-beaded.

ψεδύρός οι ψεθυρός, ά, όν, – ψιθυρός.

belo, Ep. for year which is Ion. for year. ψεκάζω, ψεκάε. sco ψακάζω, ψακάε.

ψέκτης, ου, δ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager. ψεκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. –τῶε.

ΨΕ'AION, τδ, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. armilla: in pl. ψέλια, τά, bracelets, armlets, a favourite ornament of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόρος, ον, (ψέλιον, φέροι) wearing bracelets. ψελιόω, f. ώσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟΊ, ή, όν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. II. of words. indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελής, έε, gen. έος, - ψευδάγγελος. Honce ψευδαγγελία, ή, a faise message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, αν. (ψευδής, άγγέλλα) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελοε, ό,

a false ot lying messenger. ψευδ-άδελφος, δ, (ψευδή», άδελφό») α false brother:

a pretended Cbristian. [&] ψευδ-αμάμαξύε, υοε, δ, (ψευδήε, αμάμαξυε) a false,

barren vine. [μἄμ] ψευδ-άπόστολος, δ. (ψευβής, ἀπόστολος) α false

apostle.

Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευζής, άρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-measure : see άρτάβη.

ψευδ-ατράφαξυς, νος, ή, (ψενδής, ατράφαξυς) false orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-αττικός, ή, ω, (ψευδής, 'Arricús) false Attic sbam Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, δ, ή, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) α εδακέ deserter.

ψευδ-ενίδρα, ή, (ψευδήs, ένίδρα) a sbam ambuscads. ψεύδεο, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδηγορέω, f. ήσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ον, (ψευδής, άγορεύω) false-speaking. ψευδη-λογέω, ε. ήσω, - ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, έε, gen. έος (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. mendam, falsus, opp. to άληθής; ψευδής φαίνεσθαι to be detected in falsebood:—as Subat. ψευδής, δ, a liar: ψενδή, τά, falseboods:--ψευδείε λύγοι fal-II. pass. belied, deceived. III. Att.

irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, η, ον, most lying: as Subst., ψευδίστατος, δ, an arch-liar.

ψεθδιε, ισε, δ, ή, poēt. for ψευδήε.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, η, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended beip. ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ϋκοε, δ, (ψευδήε, κήρυξ) a false of

beudo-κλητεία or -κλητία, ή, (ψευδής, κλητείω) | false, play false. a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a less, to be perjured or forsworn. summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service falsify; bonna personal so falsify or break the of it; γραφή φευδοκλητείαs a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδό-λυτρος, ον. (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδύvirpos, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδολογέω, f. ήσω, (ψευδολόγου) to speak falsely,

spread false reports. Hence ψευδολογία, ή, a false speech falsebood false report. ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely. ψευδό-μαντικ, εων, δ, φ, (ψευδή», μάντικ) a false, lying propbet.

ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. how, to be a false witness, bear false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτυρία, ή, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριών άλ-Eval to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδήε, μαρτύριον) απ αςtion for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, ύρος δ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false

witness.

ψευδό-νιτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) μες ψευδάλιτρος. ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφέδω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτοι γάμοι a pretended marriage. ψευδο-πάρθενος, ή, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, όν, (ψεύδος, ποιέω) framing lies. ψευδο-προφήτης, ου, ό, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκόω, f. ήσω, (ψεύδορκου) to expear falsely, be

fortworn.

or divination.

weve-opines, or, (weverly, Spinor) perjured, for- for, grope after. SWOFM.

ψεύδ-ορκος, ον, (ψευδής, δρκος) = ψευδύρκιος.ψεύδος, εοε, τό, Ep. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) α lie, falsebood, untruth: a fraud, deceit.

pimple on the nose. ψευδοστομέω, f. ήσω, to speak falsely, lie. From ψευδό-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely. ψευδό-φημος, όν, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury

Ψουδό-χριστος, δ. (ψευδής, Χριστύν) a false Christ. ΨΕΥ'ΔΩ, f. ψεύσω: aor. I έψευσα: Pass., aor. I έψεύσθην: pl. έψευσμαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; έψευσάς με έλπίδος thou bast defrauded me of my hope:-Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευσθήναι δείπνου to be cheated of a supper; έψευσμένοι της των 'Αθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; h Tpith tur obur pa-MOTA EVENOTA: the third mode of explanation is most II. c. soc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ή ψευσθείσα Φπόσχεσιε the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: 201. I εψευσάμην: pf. pass. Spenopau in act. sense :- absol. to lie, spen

2. generally, to be false or faith-IL so belie oaths; our exercarro rds dreides they did not belie, i. e. they made good, their threats; 7d xpfματα εψευσμένοι four they had broken their word about the money. III. to belie or deceive by lies, cheat, impose upon.

ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, δυυμα Acol. for δυομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. - perc.

wevbas, Adv. of wevohs, falsely, untruly. wever-orug, byon, i, i, (bever, orugin) bating falsebood and fraud.

ψεθσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud. ψευστέω, f. ήσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play

false. From ψεύστης, ου, δ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also 25

Adj., like veubhe, lying, false. ψεφηνόε, ή, όν, (ψέφοε) dark, obscure: metaple. obscure, base, mean.

ΨΕ'ΦΟΣ, εοε, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

the lon form for take.

ψη, 3 sing. pres. of ψάω; but ψη, Ep. for t/q, 3 sing. impf.

ψήγμα, αποε, τό, (ψήχω) that subich is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; 447 pm xposoo gold-dust; and so absol. Viryua, gold-dus &

ψηκτήρ, ήρος, δ, and ψήκτρα, ή, (ψήχω) are instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλάφάω, f. ήσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσί ψηλαφόσε (Ep. for -ace) feeling one's soay with one's hands: c. acc. so feel III to feel, stroke, Lat. palpare, mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατος, τό, α touch: α caress. [λά]

ηλάφουν, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάοι.

TH'N, unvie, o, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (δλυνθος) and male palm. Heac: ψηνίζω, f. low, to bang wild figs (δλωσου) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (#4011) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of the latter. II. to write a play called the Tipe: as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor. ψανός, ό, like ψενδύε or ψελός, = φελε-

κρό», a bald-bead.

ψήξιε, cos, ή, (ψήχω) a rubbing or scraping: 🟥 currying of a horse.

who, gen. whoos, o, Ion. for wap (q. v.), a starting. ψήσσα Att. ψήττα, ή, a kind of flat-fee, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίε, φέρα) giving out's νοίτ.

entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to count or reciben. Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοθμαι: sor. ! έψηφισάμην: pf. pass. έψηφισμαι: (ψήφος):-- to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-um; if policeobal is bibliar to throw one's inilot into the um: generally, to some, Lat. suffragera

stoollestal run to note for any one. vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, inplicatal tire The Thour to vote him the voyage: also, to decide by vote, to vote: Elipor Tire typol (cotal to adjudge the s. c. inf. to vote or resolve to inheritance to one. do something: the aor. I ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pl. lyhper par, are used in pass. sense, to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote; role στρατηγοίε el του προσδίοιντο ψηφισθήναι that anything which they wanted should be woted to the generals.

ψηφίε, εδοε, ή, (ψήφοε) a small stone: a bebble for

counting, Lat. calculus.

ψήφισμα, ατος, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) a proposition carried by vote: at Athens, a measure passed in the popular assembly (ξεκλησία), a vote, decree; ψήφισμα γράφευ to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία, propose a vote; ψήφισμα καθαιρείν to rescind a vote. ψηφισμάτο-πώλης, ου, δ, (ψήφισμα, πωλέω) οπε

who drives a traffie in acts or statutes. 

ing with votet. Ψήφος Dor. ψάφος, ή, (μάω, μέω) a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble. a pebble used jor reckoning, a counter, Lat, calculus: —in plur. aecounts, καθαραί ψήφοι an exact ba-2. in Att. a peoble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (vopia), the vote itself: Vigor peper to give one's vote Lat. suffragium ferre: they spireer, deaspireur to determine by vote: also that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly; ψήφου καταγνώσεων α σοιε of condemnation; hence any resolution or decree. ψήφος 'Abyras, calculus Minervas, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even : because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by theos, ballot, was different from that by wuapos, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The \$1000 of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (reτρυπημέναι), the latter whole (πλήρειε).

place of voting (as resuch is used for the place of ψήχω, f. fw, from ψάω, (as νήχω irom νέω), to rub II. to rub down, wear down, every a horse.

ΨÍA ZΩ Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. áσω, to play, sport,

Jahce, be merry.

Widles Ion. Wieles 4, a sovering of rushes or reeds, z rusb mai.

drábus, Dor. sec. pi. of ylabos.

tras, abos, 1, (pies) like pasas or peras, a drop: n plus. a shower of drops, small rain.

TIZΩ f. piso: pf. pass. épispai:—to feed on σp,

Trougles Dor. prouplate: fut. law Att. in: (41upodo) i—so whisper, speak in a low tone: also to | hdxlov, to, Dim. of hif, a crumb of break.

2. c. acc. to | mutter, mumble. 2. Of any whistering noise as of trees, to rustle.

> ψτθύρισμα, ατος, τό, (ψεθθρίζω) a whispering, rustling.

> ψτθύρισμός, δ, (ψιθυρίζω) α ευδιερατικχ. wbispering of slander, slander,

> ψιθύριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a mbisperer. tale-bearer, slanderer.

Ψτθυρός, ir, whispering. 2. wbispering, samderous. (Formed from the sound.)

ψίλο-μετρία, ή, (ψιλύε, μέτρον) beroze peetre as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.

ΨΓΛΟΣ, ή, by, bare, naked: c. gen. stript bate of a thing: of land, without trees, ψιλή άροσιε a bare corn-field (without trees); ε εθίον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλόν a champaign country of large extent and soitbout trees; full, Aff third diviples land bare of II. of animals, stript of bair, feathers, trees. etc., bald, Lat. ealous; ific ψιλή κεφαλήν the ibis without feathers on the head. 2. generally, waelad, uncovered, bars: c. gen., ψιλή σώματος οδσα ή why the soul being divested of the body; which Toowie the bare keel with the planks torn from it; \$124 θρίδαξ a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off. in Att. Prose, as a military term, of pholi (sc. raw δπλων) soldiers without beavy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to δπλίται; ψιλό» innos a horse without bousings; generally, unarmed, IV. Itade horse language without defenceless. accompaniments or accessories, prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, unsupported by evidence. 2. ψιλή ποίησιε mage poetry without singing or music, Epie poetry, as opp. to Lyrie; cf. ψιλομετρία.

ψίλοω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. εγίλωμαι: (ψιλόο):--/ο strip bare, to make bald :- Pass. to become bald. c. gen. to strip bare of a thing; pedow tire to πλείστα της δυνάμιος to strip one of the chief part of his power: generally, to leave naked or defence-2. to strip one thing off another: pf. pass. part., spia lipidousira tur dotion the flesh stript

from the bones.

ψτλωs, Adv. of ψιλόε, simply, merely, only.

ψιμίθιον, ψίμτθος, etc., later forms for ψιμύθιον, etc. ψιμύθιον or ψιμμύθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψίμυθοε):-white lead, Lat. cerwssa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face. Hence

ψιμυθιόω, f. ώσω, to paint with white lead: Med., θιμυθιούσθαι το πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of

white lead to one's face.

TI'MY OOE, &, radic. form of \$1 pi\u00e9tor, white read. wiv. Dor. for opiv, as ye fire ope.

TI'E, & and f, gen. \$1x60: nom. pl. \$6xeo: a eramb,

morsel, bit. फेरिन्स, = वरिन्स, a drover's or shepherd's cry. '#.'

iferrance, b, or furrance h, a sarrot. (Foreign word.)

þim, sor. I bjira,≔ψiζw.

poyaple, a, lr, (φόγοε) fond of blaming, censorious. physics, a, or, blaming, fond of blaming. From

ιόγος, ό, (ψέγω) blame, censure.

bolders, even, ev. (bolds) sooty, smoly: of the thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ή, (ψολόε, κομπίω) talk that ends in smoke: empty noise and fury.

TO'AOZ, &, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ήσω: pf. εψόφηκα: (ψόφοε):—to make a noise or din, Lat. strepers, of the creaking or sound made in opening a door; el al bupas runtap vopoler if the doors were beard to open at night, Lat. si creprissent fores.

ψοφο-δεής, έε, gen. έοε, (ψόφος, δέοε) frightened at

every noise. Adv. -eis, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, ee, gen. eoe, (ψόφος, μήδος) caring for noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨΟ'ΦΟΣ, δ, any interticulate sound, as-opp. to part: a noise, sound, Lat. etrepitus: the sound of a 2. a mere sound, empty sound or door opening. noise; του σου ψόφου ουκ de στραφείην I would not heed your noise; wood mere sounds without

ψοφ-ώδης, es, (ψόφος, elbos) noisy, ranting.

τύγηναι, nor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

στιγήσομαι, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ru**ôvés, 4, ér, —** ψυδρόε.

pubpos, a, a, (\$1600s, peribopae) with collet. form ψυδυύε. lying untrus.

ψύθης, έε, (ψόθοε) = ψευδήε, lying, false.

vidos, ece, vo, collat. form for perioce, a lie. ψυκτήρ, ήροε, δ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler.

plur. of wwwfipes cool shady places.

ψύλτηριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place. υκτήριος, α, ον, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥΛΛΑ, ηε, ή, a flea, Lat. pulen. ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-wort.

ψυλλο-τοξότης, ου, δ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a fleaarcher, flea-knight, formed like laworoforms, Comic word in Lucian.

ψύξασα, aor. 1 part. fem. of ψύχω.

θένε, eue, ή, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold. <del>virră</del>, = pirra, oltra.

ψύχ-αγωγέω, f. ήσω, (ψυχαγωγόε) to be a conductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the nather world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or conjure up the dead by sactifice. 2. metaph. to win or attract the souls of the living, to win over, persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce,

ψθχάγωγία, ή, an evoking of souls from the nether world. 2. metaph, a spinning of men's souls, per-

suggion.

delude. Hence

ψυχ-ἄγωγός, όν, (ψυχή, άγω) leading departed souls to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like wwyo-TOMETOR. II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the dead: as Sabet., poxeryoryle, d, a necromaneer.

ψθχ-ἄπάτης, ου, δ, (ψυχή, ἀπάτάω) deluding the soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, gladdening.

ψυχανός, ή, όν, (ψύχος) cooling, cool, fresh.

ψοχή, ή, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the sign of life, life, spirit; wuxh Te ulevos Te life and strength; woxy re sai alow spirit and life, etc.; ποινήν της Αίσωπου ψυχής ανελέσθαι to take revenge for the life of Acsop; ψυχήν παρθέμενου staking or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θέειν περί ψυχής το fight, run for one's life. II. the soul of man, as opp. to the body: I. in Homer, only a departed soul, spirit, gbost, which still retained the shape of its living owner. 2. generally, the soul or spirit of man, Lat. animus; ανθρώπου ψυχή δθάνατός έστι the soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχή τινοε is used for the man himself, e. g. \(\psi\rangle\gamma\) Operrou = Operrou: ψυχαί absol. = άνθρωποι, ψυχαί πολλαί έθανον many souls perished: so in addressing persons, & ushes ψυχή Ο wretched being. 3. also as the seat of the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart: ex rise Puxis from the inmost soul, with all the beart: desire, appetite. III. the soul, mind, reason, understanding. Hence

ψθχήνος, η, ον, baving breath, alive, living.

τοχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [χί] ψυχικός, ή, όν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. *mental*, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψυχο-δαίκτης, ου, δ, (ψυχή, δαίζω) destroying or

killing the soul.

ψθχο-δοτήρ, ήροε, δ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the soul or life.

ψοχο-λίπης, ές, (ψυχή, λιπεῦν) left by the soul, lifeless.

ψοχό-μαντικ, ετος, δ, (ψυχή, μάντικ) απε κυδο comjures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a mecromancer.

ψθχο-μάχδω, f. ήσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψθχο-πλάνής, ές, (ψυχή, πλανάω) perplexing or misleading the soul.

ψθχο-πομπόε, ών, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγόε.

ψύχορράγίω, f. ήσω, to let the soul break loose, to lie at the last gasp, be at the point of death, Lat. emmam agere. From

ψύχορ-ράγής, έε, gen. έος, (ψυχή, βαγήναι) lesting the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

ψθχος, cos, τό, (ψύχω) coolness, cold, chill: cold, frost, in pl. ψύχεα, extreme volds i also mines sime, dr poxet in winter.

ψυχοσ-σόσε, ον, (ψυχή, σώζα) serving abs soul. ψθχο-τάκής, έε, (ψυχή, τομήναι) meliting she soul. ψθχόω, f. ωσω, (ψυχή) to filit soul or life, so animate. ψυχρο-βάφής, le, (μυχρός, Maphrax) diet in cald

sagter, like red-hot iron.

ψθχρο-δόχος, ον, (φυχρός, δέχομαι) receiving sobat | gen. plux. of first decl. or becomes ar, as Mourair for is cold; olsos ψυχροδύχος the cold-bath room.

ψύχρο-λογία, ή, (ψυχρόε, λέγω) the use of frigid pbrases, exaggeration.

ψύχρο-πότης, ου, δ, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ- Root of some

tenses of wive) a cold-water drinker.

ψυχρός, ά, όν, (ψύχω) cold, chill, Let. frigidus: τδ ψυχρόν (sc. υδωρ) cold water, Lat. gelida (sc. aqua); ψυχρώ λούνται they bathe in cold water: — το ψυχρύν II. metaph. cold, vain, fruitalso = ##Yos, cold. less, unreal; puxpd viun a delusive victory: also chilling, borrible. 2. of persons, cold-bearted, l beartless, spiritless, indifferent. 3. of exaggerated phrases, cold, frigid. Hence

ψύχρότης, ητος, ή, coldness, ebill. (i. metaph. of persons, coldness of beart, indifference. 2. of

phrases, frigidity.

ψθχρόω, f. ώσω, (ψυχρόε) to make cold:--Pass, to grow sold or sool.

ψυχρώε, Adv. of ψυχρύε, coldly, frigidly.

ΨΓΧΩ [v], f. ψύρω: 201. 1 έψυρα: Pass., 201. 1 ἐψύχθην: aot. 2 ἐψύχην and ἐψύγην [v]:—to breathe, blow; ήρα μάλα ψύξασα breathing very faintly. to make cool or sold: hence to refresh, recruit.

Pass. to grow cool or cold. ψωλόε, (ψάω) ό, one circumcised. 2. a lewd

fellow.

ψωμίζω, f. low Att. ιω: (ψωμύε):--to feed by putting little bits into the mouth, as nurses do children: hence to pamper, feed, fatten.

ψωμίον, τό, Dim. of ψωμάς, a morsel, crumb. ψωμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ψώω) a bit, morsel, scrap, esp. of meat or bread; would dropouse gobbets of man's flesh.

ψώρα Ion. ψώρη, ή, (ψώω) a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange, Lat. scabies.

ψωράλέος, α, ον, (ψώρα) scabby, mangy.

ψώχω Ion. σώχω, (ψώω) to rub in pieces, rub. ·ψώω, collat. form of ψώω, to rub, rub in pieces.

12. e., & paye, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral  $\omega' = 800$ , but  $\omega = 800,000$ . The name of & µiya, great or long o, was given to distinguish it from the 8 purpor little or short o. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H, n.

Changes of w in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for a as andpares apertos for andpares δοιστος. II. Ion. also for αν, as θώμα τρώμα for III. Acol. and Dor., & is often θαθμα τραθμα. put for ού, as άρανδε Μώσα κώροε λιπώσα for οὐρανύε Μουσα κουροε λιτούσα; also in genit, sing, and acc. pl. of and decl., as, βροτώ βροτών for βροτού βρο-706s. IV. Dor. es into d, as mportos mportoros Occupós into spáros spároros beapós; and so the

Mousir.

and 6, an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our O! ob! 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. O! As an exclamation it is written &, as an address &.

φα or & h, (‰) a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it. 2. the edge or skirt of a

garment.

Adoles M. eros, J. poët, for 'Apler. Hence Adolloveros, a, or, of Orion.

eas, aree, ré, Dor. for obas, obe, the ear. ώγαθέ, with apostr. διγάθ', contr. for δι αγαθέ.

**ἀγμός, ο**ῦ, ὁ, (ώζω) a crying ob!

'Ωγυγία, ή, Ogygia, a fabulous islattle in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

'Dyuyios, a. or, Att. also os, or, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times:

hence primeval, primal. [ชั]

ဆိုဝီဒီနေ, Dor. for လုံဝဲဂိုနေ, gen. of လုံဝဲဂုံ.

తి8€ Att. ఉరికి, from రర్హ్, demonstr. Adv., Manner, in this wise, so, thus, also so very, so exceedingly: as opp. to ourse it refers to what follows, in the following way, as follows; and husiwato he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen., ὧδε γίyour thus off for family. II. of Place, bither, bere.

\$600, 3 sing. impf. of olders.

Belov, τό, (φοή) the Odeum, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

φίδη, ή, contr. for doιδή, (deiδω, άδω) a song, lay, ode, strain: in plur. lyrie poetry.

abheaver, Dor. for abhease, 3 pl. pf. of oldies.

abl, Att. strengthd. form of abe. [1]

φδικός, ή, όν, (φόή) fond of singing, musical. Adv. -κῶε, musically, in good time et barmony.

édivas, acc. pl. of édis.

άδίτω [ί], f. brû: 201. Ι άδίνα: (ἀδίε):—to bave the pains or thross of childhirth, to be in travail or labour: c. acc. to be in travail of a child: metaph. of a bee, explor didireir to be in labour with honey. 2. of any great pain, to be in travail, be in pangs ot pains. 3. to work painfully or bard, to travail, labour with, c. acc. 4. metaph. of the mind, to be in the throes or agonies of thought.

'AAI'Z, îvos, ħ, the pain of childhirth, travail-pain; mostly in plur. the pange or throse of labour. in sing, also the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, cbild. II. generally, travail, pain, distress, (Akin

to δδύνη.)

φδο-ποιός, ω, (φόή, ποιέω) making songs or odes. Bos, b, contr. for doebles a singer, minutel.

ώδώδα, poet. for δδώδει, 3 sing. plopf. of εζε. ώσον, τό, — ἀόν, απ egg.

ώζησα, aor. I of δίω.

ώξω, to cry ob! hence άγμός. (From & or &, as οίζω from οί, οἰμώζω from οίμοι.)

def, a call to another, bo ! bolla! Lat. obs! bess :

Secret, 3 sing. Ion: impf. of &fee.

decore, Dor. for &θούντο, 3 pl. impf. mecl. of 'MSE'Ω, impf. &dθούντο, 3 pl. impf. acc. 1 fewa Ion. and Ep. &ora: pf. &ora: Pass., acr. 1 &oration of the property of the pro

able, f. low, - below, to thrust or push on:—Pass. and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph, to be in bot dispute, Lat. altereari. Hence

άθισμός, δ, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling, wrestling: metaph., άθισμός λόγων a struggle of

words, a hot debate.

δίγνυστο, Ep. for φίγνυστο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of οίγνυμ. δίετο, Ep. for φέτο, 3 sing. impf. of οίομαι. [1] δεξαι, Ep. for οίξαι, inf. of οίγνυμ.

dife, difav, Ep. for offe, offar, 3 sing. and 3 pl. sor, I act. of offrum.

Stotav, Ep. aor. I of olopas.

ana, post. Adv. of unis, quielly, swiftly, fast. undless, q, ov. later Ep. form for unis. unia, Ep. and Ion. for unia, fem. from unis.

'Anedviry, \$, ('Anearbe) daughter of Ocean, an

Ocean-nympb. [1]

'Πκεϊνίς, ίδος, ή, ('Πκεισνός) daughter of Ocean
'Πκεϊνόνδε, Αdv. to the ocean or ma. From
'Πκεϊνόνς, οῦ, ὁ, Οσεαπος, acc. to Hesiod, son of
Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters:
according to Homer, Ocean was a river which en-

compassed the whole earth, hence often called δικεανδο ποταμός. In later times, Ocean remained as the name of the great Outward Sea, opp. to the Inward or Mediterranean, which was called θάλασσα.

(From derie and raw.)

enterday, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of enter.

dictor, Adv. of dicts, quickly, swiftly. dictor, ever, ev, post, for dicto, swift.

dictora, neut. plur. of dirio used as Adv., most wiftly, very swiftly.

ώκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of dave. dklaw, ον, gen. ovos, irreg. Comp. of dave.

device, impl. of barea.

φκτειρα, 20τ. I of olerelps. ἀκύ-άλος, ον. (ἀκύε, άλε) sea-swift, speeding over

the sea, epith. of a ship. [b]
ἀκυ-βόλοε, ω, (ἀκύε, βαλεῦν) quick-bitting or quicking the bouse.
ἀλοτο, 3 sin

ent-Statup, door, å, (entr, dieru) biling eberply.
ent-Sidentor, or, (entr, dicoru) quithly laugh:
ent-Sirutor Dot. -Sirutor, or, (entr, diriu) quich
whirling. [1]

ဆီးပ-စီစုစ်မှုဝန, ၀ဗ, စီ, — ဆီးပစ်စုစ်မှာစ.

decu-θρόμου, σε, (άπές, δραμεῖν) swift-running.
ἀκυ-απής, ές, gen. έος, (ἀκύς, έπος) quick-speaking.
ἀκύ-θοου, σε, αίου σ, σε, (ἀκύς, θέω) swift-running.
ἀκύ-μάχου [ἄ], σε, (ἀκύς, μάχομαι) quick to fight.
ἀκύ-μάρου, σε, (ἀκύς, μόρου) short-lived, dying
early: Sup., ἀκυμορώτατου.

Il. act. bringing
a quick or early death.

dut-norms, ou, d, (dute, HET- Root of where) quich-flying.

ἀκύ-πλάνος, ον, (ἀκύε, πλάνη) quick-wandering. ἀκύ-πλοος, ον, (ἀκύε, πλάνη) fast-eailing. ἀκύ-πόθης, ου, ὁ, poöt. for ἐκύνους, swift-joated. ἀκύ-ποινος, ον, (ἀκύε, ποιτή) quickly-avenged. ἀκύ-πορος, ον, (ἀκύε, πέμπω) swift-conveying ἀκύ-πορος, ον, (ἀκύε, πόροε) swift-passing. ἀκύ-πος, ον, collat. form of ἀκύνου. [8]

&mi-mous, 6, 4, -mour, 76, gen. -modes (&mis, moss), swift-footed, fleet of foot.

Surverspos, or, (surse, erspor) swift-winged, swiftflying s the Surverspa the long quill-feathers in a wing.

ώκυ-ρόης, ου, δ Dor. -ρόας, - ἐκύροος. ἐκύ-ροος, ον, (ἐκύε, βέω) swift-flowing.

ώκινε [v], ωκεία, ωκύ, gen. ωκέος, elas, έος, Ep. fem. ωκέα:—quich, swift, fleet, speedy. Adv. ωκέως, but more commonly ωκα, swiftly, fleetly.—Comp. and Sup. ωκύτερος, ωκύτατος: irreg. ωκίων..ων, gen. ωνος (like Lat. οεγον, οεγιε), ωκιστος. (Akin to δένε.)

ἀκύ-σκοποί, ον, (ἀκύε, σκοπίω) quick-aiming. ἀκύτης, ητοε, ή, (ἀκύε) quickness, swiftness, fleetness,

speed. [v]

ώκυτόκαιος or -τόκιος, ov, belonging to or promoting a quick and easy birth: τὸ ἐκυτόκιον (εc. φάρ μακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From

easy birth; of a river, fertilising: To enving quick and easy birth; of a river, fertilising: To environme a quick and easy birth.

ώλαξ, ακοι, ή, Dor. for αδλαξ. ώλάφιον, contr. for & ελάφιον.

άλί-κρανον, τό, properly άλενδ-κρανον, — ἄλένψε κράνον, the point of the elbow: also δλέκρανον.

"ΩΛΕ-ΝΗ, ή, the elbow, or rather the arm from twe elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. ulma: generally, as arm; τερί ελέπας δέρα βάλλεω to throw one's arms round a person's neck.

άλεσα, aor. I οί δλλυμι.

ώλεσι-βωλος, ον, (δλλυμι, βώλος) crushing clods of earth.

ώλεσί-καρπος, ον, (δλλυμι, καρπόε) of a tree, loung its fruit, i. c. shedding its fruit before it is rips.

ώλεσι-οικοε, ον, (δλλυμι, οίκοε) destroying or raining the house.

äheтo, 3 sing. sor. 2 med. of былуць

ώλισθον, 20τ. 2 οδ δλισθάνα. ἀλίσθηκα, pf. οδ δλισθάνα.

allos, allos, Ion. for & dilos, of dilos.

λλξ, ή, poèt. contr. for δλαξ, αδλαξ, α farrow:
mostly used in acc. δλαα.

άλόμην, 201. 2 med, of δλλυμι.

äμ-αχθής, έε, (ἄμοε, ἄχθοε) beavy to the aboulders. äμες, Dor. for äμεν, I pl. pres. subj. of elul sum.

cup ηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁμός, ἐσθίω) 2s masc. Adj. eating raw field: also with a fem. Subst., "Εχιδικά διμηστής.

11. generally, savage, brutal.

ώμμα, pf. pass. of δράω, formed from \*ουτομαι.

ώμο-βοίσε οτ -βόσισε, α, ον, (ἐμός, βοῦε) of raw, unianned on-bide:—as Subst., ἐμοβοίη (ac. δορά), ἡ, a raw on-bide, like λεοντίη, etc.: but, ἀμοβόειον (ac. κρίαε), τό, raw on-fleeb.

ώμο-βοεύε, έωε, δ, (ώμόε, βούε) as masc. Aaj. of raw

ox-bide: acc. pl. διμοβοείε.

ώμο-βόϊνος, η, ον', like ωμοβοίος, of raw on-bide. ώμο-βρώς, ώτος, δ, ή, (ωμός, βιβρώσκω) sating raw field.

ώμό-βρωτος, ον, 'ώμός Βιβρώσκω) eaten raw. ώμο-γέρων, ωτος, δ, ή, (ώμος, γέρων) a fresh, active old man, a man in a green old age; cp. Vixgil's cruda viridiones senetus.

who banha, is, (whie, banely) fiercely stung or fiercely

winging.

ώμό-δροπος, ον, (ωμός, δρέπω) plucked unripe; νόμιμα ωμόδροπα the rights of the marriage-bed.

έμο-θετέω, f. ήσω, (όμο), τίθημι):—in sacrificing, to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (θημόε): also in Med.

ώμό-θτιος, στ. (ώμός, θυμός) ravage bearted. ώμος, not έμος, – έ μος, ab me, woe's me, Lat. bei

wim.

ωμο-κράτης, is, gen. ios, (ώμος, κράτος) strongsbouldered, or (ώμός, κράτος) of savage strength.

δμολογημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of δμολογίω, confessedly, without contradiction.

ώμο-πλάτη, ή. (ώμος, πλάτη) the shoulder-blade, mostly in plut, ώμοπλάται, al, Lat. scapulae. [ἄ

"MOZ. 6, the rhoulder with the upper part of the arm, the aboulder, Lat. humerus: oferer buois to bear on one's aboulders; buois took apoint by the arrength of mine arms: also of animals, as of a lion: of a horse, lake Lat. armse.

\*ΩMOZ, ή, όν, ταω, undressed, Lat. crudus, esp. of flesh; ἐνρὸν καταφαγεῖν τινα to eat one raw: of food, undigested.

2. unripe, unueasonable, properly of fruits: also of a man, ἀνρὸν γῆραs an untimely old age.

II. metaph. savage. rude. rud.

2. rough, bardy.

**ωμοσα, 201.** Ι οί δμνυμι.

**Δμό-σττος. ον.** (λμός, σιτέομαι) sating men raw: hence εσναge, ferocious.

<del>Δμο-σπάρακτος,</del> ον, (δμόε, σπάράσσω) torn in pieces

άμότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀμός) rawness, unripeness. metaph. savageness, erusley.

ώμο-φάγοs, ον, (ώμόε, φάγεῦν) eating raw fleso. Il ώμόφαγοε, ον, pass., eaten raw, raw.

- ἀμό-φρων, ovos δ h. (ἀμόε, φρήν) savage-minded. Adv. -φρόνωε.

φμωξα, aor. I of οἰμώζω

ώμως, Adv. of ώμός, savagely.

av, Ion. for our, now. therefore.—Herodotus often places this particle between a verb and its preposition. as, dr' du élouro for duélouro du.

ava, avaf, poët. contr. for à dra, à draf.

ἀνάθην, Dor. for ἀνήθην, aor. 1 pass. of δυίνημι. ἀνάμην, άνατο, 1 and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of δυίνημι. ἄνασα, Dor. aor. 1 of δυίνημι.

Evenos, Dor, contr. for & dreuce.

everyour contr. evolune: fut everyours: impl. leνούμην Ισα, άνεόμην: 20τ. Ι έωνησάμην, ρf. έώνημαι; (but pf. part. town pievos, and 3 sing. plapf. are also used in a pass. sense):— expedunv [d] is used as acr. 2. Ep. 3 sing. πρίατο; imperat. πρίασο, πρίω; subj. πρίωμαι; opt. πριαίμην; tnf. πρίασθαι; part. πριάμενος: (ares): Dep.:-to buy, purchase, opp. to runkin, reπράσκω, as Lat, emere to vendere: ἀνείσθαι τι παρά rivos to buy a thing from a person: c. gen. preti, for so much, ἀνείσθαι δραχμής to buy for a drachma. 3. in pres. and impf. to farm public taxes or tolls. to wish or offer to buy, hence to bargain, bid for a thing, Lat. liceri: hence to buy off, effect a compromise by money: hence to bribe. be bought. Hence

with, the large is a buying, Lat. emptio, and and read read buying and selling.

2. purchase, a bargain: esp. a contract for the farming of taxes.

ώνήμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of δνίνημι.

whom, sor. I of brirght.
whithe, où, b, (drelopae) a buyer.

ώνητος, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀνέομα, bought. Π. to be bought, that may be bought.

ώνθρωπε, crasis for & άνθρωπε.

ώνθρωποι, Ion. crasis for ol άνθρωποι.

divice, a, or, (divice) to be bought, for sale, Lat. venalis; των δ σίτου δίνιου; how is corn selling? what is the market price? τὰ δίνια goods for sale, market-wares. δίνομα, ατος, τό, Acol. for δίνομα.

evopadara, Ion for evopasperos elser, 3 pl. pi.

pass, of broud (w.

'ΩΝΟΣ, δ, a price, value, payment for a thing. a buying, like doch. (Hence Lat. venum, as visam

from olvos, vicus from olvos.) - ὧνοσάμην, aor. I med. of δνομαι.

φνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. of obroχοίω.

φνωμαι, pf. pass. of olvow.

ωξ, Dor. contr. for δ έξ.

eβe, 3 sing. aor. I of οίγνυμι. "ΩΟ'Μ, τό. an egg, Lat. OVUM.

won, a cry of the generate to make the rowers stop pulling, asset?

a c

aution, nor. z of bridge.

διένη, Dor. for οδιένη, Adv. subore.

διένηλον, polit. crasis for δ "Απόλλον.

διέλλον, by crasis for δ 'Απόλλον.

διένηλοι, Dor. crasis for ο olarόλοι.

διένηση, β sing. pf. pass. of δράω.

διένηση, διέντων, nor. z and impl. of διένδοι.

διένηση, μέντων, nor. z and impl. of διένδοι.

"APA Ion. Spy, 4, Lat. CURA, eare, concern, beed, regard for a person or thing; Spar rube \$xer or sociles as to pay beed or regard to a thing.

"APA Ion. Son, 4, Lat. HORA, any limited temeor period fixed by natural laws, a season: in plur. the seasons: hence also in plur, the climate of a country as dependent on its seasons. 2. the blooming season of the year, the spring-time, in full slapes up or upq elacion: but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, orwing or autumn, was not distinraished in Homer's time. 3. later, the subole year, de τη πέρυσιο ώρα last year, (as we say) last sec-II. the time of day: also, were runtoe night-80ff. III. generally, the right, fitting time or time. hour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; by bon in good time, early: e. gen. rei, hen bryou the time for sleep, bed-time. plur, also as connected with the seasons, the four quarters of the beavens. V. in Att. the spring ot prime of life, youth: also manbood. Att. also sometimes for rd apaia, the fruits or pro-VII, as pr. n., "Noas, al, the duce of the year. Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; often joined with the Xaperes or Graces acalos, a, or, (upa) produced or ripened at the fit season: hence in due season, ripe, mature; espaioi

season: nence in an evocun, ripe, matter; espain maprol or rd depain, the fruits of the season. S. as Subst., depain, h, the season of corn or fruit ripening: generally, the good season, season fit for military operations.

II. bappening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable.

III. of persons, seasonable.

III. of persons, seasonable ripe for a thing; raphiros rainos depain a maid ripe for marriage: of old persons, ripe or ready for death.

IV. of the age of man, at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming: hence of things, beautiful. Hence

apanorna, ητος η, the bloom of youth, beauty.
apamaes, f. dow [d], to faint, swoon away. (Deriv.
uncertain.)

dodvos, 6, Dor. for objectos.

**Locar, Locary,** Adv. (http:) in season, in good time. **Δρεί-τροφος,** or post. for δρείτροφος, (δρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

άρθετο, 3 sing. sor. I med. of ορεγα.

speci-bouros, or, (Spos, Bourles) making a din on the mountains.

apert-burge, ou, d, (upa, dlowu) one who gives the fruits in their due season.

apero. Ep. for baperour, dat. of bap. apero, 3 sing. not. 2 med. from bprum.

deriva, (dea) to take care of, attend to, a. 202.
deps, ή, Ion. for dea.
deps, ή, Ion. for dea.
deps, ή ion. for dea.
deps, ή ion. for dea.
deps, ή ion. for dea.
deps, je, pass. inf. of design accom.
depleaseor, Ion. impf. of design.
depleaseor, Ion. impf. of design.
depleaseor, ion. impf. of design.

detube, f. év. (lipa) ripe, in one's prime or bloom. Il in season, seasonable: Adv. —ube, double murbles you ask seasonably.

aptuos, or, (apa) ripe, timely, in season.

άρινθην, 201. 1 pam. of δρίνω. δρυος, ον, (δρα) bappening or returning in du season; δημα πάντα all the fruits of the seasons. IL timely, seasonable, rips. III. at the right time,

in season, seasonable.

Apropriesos, pf. pass, part. of belfa.

Aprovos, Ion. crasis for b decovos.

"Apless, eros, d, Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis.

II. a bright constellation named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [7 Ep. Y Att.]

δρμάθη [6], Dor. for δρμήθη, 3 sing. sor. I pass. of δρμάω.

' έρματο, έρμήθη, 3 sing. impf. and acr. I pass δρμάσι.

άρμέσται, - στο, 10n. for αρμησται, αρμηστο, 3 pl pf. and piqpf. pass. of δρμάσι

άρμηναν, 3 pl. sor. I of δρμαίνω. άρνυτο, 3 sing. impl. med. of δρνυμι.

apo-vertee, f. how, (spa, ribnju) to take male of a thing in easting a nativity or observing the natei bour. II, to be in the ascendant at that hour, of one's ruling planet.

Spope, 3 sing. redupl. sor. 2 of Sprupe.

ώρος, εσε, τό, Dor. for δροε Ισα. ούσσε, α mecentain. ώρσα, αστ. 1 οf δρουμι.

apro, 3 sing. Ep. sor. 2 med. of savem.
apropules, 6, a bouling, bellowing, rearing.

aprica, ant. I of opiosa.

&ρύομαι, fut. ύσομαι [6]: aor. I άρθυσμην: Dep.:
—to boul, bellow, roar, Lat. rugire: mostly of mimals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, to roar.

It transit. to boul over, bewail.

άρχαίος, Ion. crasis for δ άρχαίος. άρχεισθην, 3 dual impf. of δρχέομαι.

ώρχεθντο, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of δρχέσμαι. ώρωρα, 3 sing. plopf. of δρευμι.

άρωρέχἄται, lon. for δρωρεγμένοι εἰσίν, 3 nl. pi pass. of δρέγω.

ώρώρνετο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of δρυσσα.

"ME, I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, I. Demonstr. Adv. so, thus, when it takes an access, is. S. Relat. Adj. ss, when it is without access, it. as Conj. thet, when it is also without

accent, de.

I. de, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, so, thus, Lat. | nic. 2. sal do, even so, nevertheless: with a negat., old be, und be, not even so, in no way soever. in Comparisons, we is answered by de, so as, Lat. sie ut: also, wore .. we, as .. thue. II. de, Relat. Adv. of Manner, as, Lat. wt, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—'As in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as, sede as for as sede. Elliptical Phrases, de é μοί or de γ' è μοί (sc. δουεί); de da' δμμάτων (sc. electron) to judge by eyesight; de Aasedaupórios (sc. elvai) for a Lacedaemonian; συμπέμψας αὐτὸν το φύλακα (sc. είναι) having sent him with them as a guard. 3. so with Participles, to give the reason of the principal Verb; dyarantoùσιν ων άδικούμενοι they are indignant as being injured, i. e. by reason of being injured; so with questions, as to b) below; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; elegator αὐτὸν ὡν ἀδικοῦντα they restrain him αν acting wrongfully, i. e. by reason of: so also with Participles used absol., de obtes exorten, Lat. res cum ita sint, since things are so, i. e. by reason of their being so. so also with Prepositions; de del vauuaylar as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; do eπὶ φρυγανισule as though to collect fuel: usu, with the Preps. dul, els, spose but also with others; de de mande έχάρη he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i. e. considering his evil plight: hence g. sometimes the Prep. is omitted, and are itself is used like a Prep., - els, c. acc., as Lat. usque for usque ad, only with the names of persons, as the row Bilds and Philip: first in Homer, The alel τον δμοιον άγει θεδε de τον δμοιον how God does ever bring like to like. 6. with Adverbs: with the Positive, de danows, de érépos boss truly! how differently! Lat. quam veré, quam aliter: so too de follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, θαυμαστώε ώε, διτεφρυώε ώε, etc. 7. 🕹 strengthens the Superlative, like δτι and δπως, Lat. quam, ως μάλιστα, Lat. quam maxime, as much as possible; de βάστα, Let. quam facillime, as easily as possible; de τάχιστα, Let. quam celerrime, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases do to wolv, do en to wolv, ರ್ಷ ಕಿಪ ಗರ ಪನಿಣಿಕಗಳ for the most part, commonly, Lat. plerumque, ut plurimum. 8, so also with Superative Adjectives, de δριστος, de βέλτιστος the best possible, etc.

III. Se as Conjunction

1. expressing a fact,

Lat, like 5r., Lat. quod.

2. = sore, so that, Lat.

3. = sore, so that, Lat.

3. = sore, so that, lat.

4. so, marking an end,

3. = sore, that, in order that, Lat.

3. Inferences, like sore, c. inf., so that, Lat. adeo ut,

2. = sore so so to repheses xheer duod in breadth

2. = sore so so to repheses xheer duod .

3. sore, Lat. quippe,

3. sore, Lat. quippe,

3. sore, Lat. quippe,

quandoquidem: also for bre, when, Lat. ut: sometimes also = brue, Lat. quomodo, quemadmodum.

IV. de is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase de alei τον δμοιον άγει θεδε de τον δμοιον bow God ever brings like to like : also with Adjs. and Advs., de filibios el bow silly thou art; de sembe d καταρατόε bow pompous the rescal is; de δέξα κλάζει bow shrilly it screams. s. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, ών ίδεν, ων μιν Έρων τυπινάν φρέναν άμφεπάλυψεν bow he saw, bow did Love encompass his soul; so, ών ίδον, ών εμάνην, ών μεν περί θυμόν ιάφθη, as in Virgil, ut vidi, ut perii, ut mo malus abetulit er-3. de to express a wish, ob that ! like ele. Lat. utinam, with the optat., do dredouro sai dados ob that another also might perish: also negatively, de μή θάνοι ob that he might not die!

V. de with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, about, nearly; dπέθανον de πενταπόσιοι about 500 fell

VI. &e in some Elliptical Phrases: I. &e τί (sc. γένηται); in order that what may happen? for what end? wherefore?

2. &e ξκαστοι ήσαν οι ξτυχον δντες, each separately, Lat. pro cs quicque.

(the is an old pl. acc. of 8s, as rive pl. acc. of 8:

ovrese from ovros, etc.: so are is used Adv.)

õe, τό, gen. ἀτόε, Dor. for οδε, the ear. åσα, lon. and Ep. for έωσα, aor. I of ἀθέω. άσαιμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of ἀθέω.

de dv, Ep. de re or de reν, = de with a conditional force added.

&o-av-sl or &e &v el, like as if, as if.
&o-av-vd, Hebr. word meaning save note! save we

bray ! Gonome, 3 sing. Ion. 201. I of &0lw.

&σ-αύτων, Adv. of δ αὐτόν (the same), strengthd. for ών, in like manner, just so; ἀσαύτων καί. in like manner as..

&σδε, Dor. for &ζε, 3 sing. impf. of &ζω. &σ-εί or &ε el, Adv. as if, as though: in Comparisons, as if, like, just as: so also &σ-εί-τε. II. with Numerals, about.

ώσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of &θέω.

ώσίν, dat. plur. of οδ.

copies, pf. pass. of able : part. dopleros.

bo-mep, Adv. (δε, περ) even as, just as; in Homer there is often a word interposed between δε and περ, as, δε τοπάροε περ, δε ξοσταί περ, etc. 2. of Time, as soon as, Lat. simul ac. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, as if, as it were: and so with Participles used absolutely, δισπερ έξον as if it were in our power.

&σ-περ-εί οι &σ-περεί, just as if, even as, Lat. tanquam. &σ-περ-οῦν, Adv. even as, just as: as really, εί δ' ἐστιν ἀσπεροῦν ἔστι θεδε but if he is, as he really is a god.

бо-те, as Adv. (de, те) being to de, as соте to ue,

D d a

2. to mark the power by which one does a thing, as, as being, like are, Lat. uspote; row of ephpτας Αφροδίτη ρεία μάλ', ώστε θεόε but Aphrodité bore him very easily away, as being a goddess.

IL as Conjunction, to express a result or effect; el de σοι θυμός επέσσυται, ώστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly beut, so as to return.—This Construct. is very freq. in Att. 2. wore is sometimes used like be with a Part.; bore outlassouther the body as or 3. Sore is used since the ways were guarded. after Comparatives with \$; \(\mu\chi\)(a said \$ 6000 e drawhales greater woes than that one could weep for: but wore is sometimes lest out, as, meilor of peper too great to bear '-the Posit, is sometimes used, #vχρον ώστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in. III. Gove is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt, and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. wore sappes so that, or therefore, be of good cheer.

&στίζω, f. ίσω, Frequentat. of &θέω, to push to and fro, Lat. trudo. II. in Med., Att. fut. 207100par, c. dat. joule with another: so absol., dorticertar

els The aposoplar to justle for the first seat. **δστοργος**, crasis for δ δστοργος.

ώσφρόμην Ion. όσφράμην, 201. 2 med. of δσφραίroual.

600, fut. of &ties.

ப்-கோலமா வே, £ ந்ரவ, (லி. கோல்வ) to bear ken or listen covertly or anxiously.

å tåv or å táv, see târ.

erapior, τό, Dim. of obe, a little ear. [d]

STE, Dor. for Sore.

ώταλή, ή, (οὐτάω) a wound: later also a wa , Lat. cicatrin.

Arlov, 76, Dim. of obe, a little ear.

eris, ibos, 4, (ous) a bustard with long ear feathers. \*Aros, d. Otos, son of Alocus, brother of Ephialtes, **Δτρύνα, 2**01, 1 οί ότρύνα,

erwes, coon, er, (ods) with ears or kandles. wirós, Ion. and Dor. for à airós: also euros or MŮTÓR.

ώφαλα, 20r. Ι of δφέλλω.

άφελεια Ion, άφελίη also in Att. άφελία, ή, (άφε-New) belp, aid, assistance, succour, esp. in war. profit, advantage, gain: in plut, gains, profits.

delaw, acr. 2 of opelaw.

ώφελόω, f. ήσω: (δφελοι):—to belp, aid, assist, like the goddesses.

used to introduce a comparison, se, like as, just | succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: absol to be of use or service; obber especial it does no good: also with a neuter Adj., obbér riva éspekeir to do one no service: sometimes c. dat. pers., like Lat. prodesse:—in phrase oùbele éporte roud' épabet άφελών, the part, is taken as a Subst. a belper. Pass. ἀφελούμαι, with fut. med. ἀφελήσομαι, pass. ἀφεληθήσομαι:--to be belped, to receive belp, aid α succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage; spie rivos from a person or thing: so, in or deso rivos; and c. dat., superecordal run to be profited by a thing: c. part., δφελείσθαι ίδών to be benefited by the sight of a thing. Hence

apilique, ares, to, that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing. II. generally - inperior, use,

advantage, benefit.

adelto ( serviceable, eschil, serviceable, άφελησις, κως, ή, (ἀφελέω) a balping, aiding: go-

nerally, service, advantage.

ώφελητέος. α, or, verb. Adj. of ώφελέω, ποσουση or proper to be assisted. II. EDENTEOF, one must assist.

ώφελία, Att. for ώφέλεια.

ἀφέλζμος, αν, sometimes also η, αν, (ἀφελέω) belping, aiding: useful, serviceable, profitable, edvantegeous. Adv. -μως: Sup. δφελιμάντατα.

δφελλον, Ep. for δφελον.

**σφελον**, acr. 2 of δφείλω.

ώφθην, acr. I of δράω, in pass, sense,

ώφληκα, pf. of δφλισμάνω: ἄφλον, 201, 2. ΦΦρόντιστος, crasis for δ άφρόντιστος.

φχα, pf. of σίγνυμι.

έχατο, Ion. for φημένοι ήσαν, 3 phur. plaps, pass. οί οίγνυμι.

Фхето, Фхочто, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of olyopse. ρχηκα, Ep. for φχωκα, pl. of οίχομαι.

**ώχθησαν,** 3 pl. 20r. 1 of δχθέω.

ώχράω, ί. ήσω, (ώχρόε) to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc. ώχριάω, f. dow [ā], (άχρόο) to be or turn pale.

OXPOZ, a, or, pale, wan, sallow. Hence

ώχρος, ου, ό, οτ τος, τό, like άχρότης, paleness, u unness, esp. the paleness of fear.

έχωκα, Ion. pf. of σίχομαι.

ώψ, ή, gen. ώπόν acc. ώπα, (δψομαι, fut. of δράω) the eye, face, countenance; els éva libéqua ruri to look one full in the face: so absol, ele dra literen: but. begs ele dra lourer as to the face, i. e. in face the is

# APPENDIX

OF

# PROPER AND GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES

PREPARED BY

### GEORGE RICKER BERRY, Ph.D.

PROFESSOR OF SEMITIC LANGUAGES IN COLGATE UNIVERSITY

EDITOR OF

THE NEW GREEK-ENGLISH LEXICON TO THE NEW TESTAMENT

COPYRIGHT, 1901, BY HINDS & NOBLE

HINDS & NOBLE, Publishers, 31-33-35 West Fifteenth Street, New York City

used to introduce a comparison, as, like as, just succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: s. to mark the power by which one does a thing, as, as being, like are, Lat. utpote; rdv & ethoπαξ' Αφροδίτη βεία μάλ', ώστε θεόε but Aphrodité bore him very easily away, as being a goddess.

IL as Conjunction, to express a result or effect; el δέ σοι θυμός ἐπέσσυται, ώστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, so as to return.—This Construct. is 2. wore is sometimes used like very freq. in Att. be with a Part.; ωστε φυλασσομένων των δδών as or 3. Sore is used since the ways were guarded. after Comparatives with \$; \( \mu \is \cong \alpha \text{ mand } \frac{\delta}{\text{ fore dra-}} \) skales greater woes than that one could weep for: but wore is sometimes left out, as, meifor & pépeir too great to bear '-the Posit, is sometimes used, #vχρον ώστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in. III. Gore is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. wore dapper so that, or therefore, be of good cheer.

ADTILO, f. iow, Prequentat. of able, to push to and fro, Lat. trudo. II, in Med., Att. fut. 207100μαι, c. dat. jostle with another: so absol., &στίζεσθαι els the speedplar to justle for the first seat.

COTOPYOS, Crasis for & dotopyos,

ώσφρόμην Ion. όσφράμην, 20r. 2 med. of δσφραίrouge.

Sow, fut, of delice,

&τ-ἄκουστίω, f. ήσω, (οὖε, ἀκούω) to bearken or listen covertly or anxiously.

& Tây Of & Táy, see Tây.

erapiov, 76, Dim. of obe, a little ear. [d]

ere. Dor. for bore.

ώτολή, ή, (οὐτάω) α wound: later also α wα , Lat. [ eicatrin.

Arlov, 76, Dim. of ove, a little ear.

eris, idos, 4, (ous) a bustard with long ear-feathers. \*Oros, d. Otos, son of Alocus, brother of Ephialtes. **άτρϋνα, 2**οτ. Ι οί *δτρύνω*.

erweis, coor, er, (ove) with ears or tandles.

wirds, Ion. and Dor. for a airos: also euros or wůtás.

ώφαλα, aor. I of δφέλλα.

ἀφέλεια Ιου, ἀφελίη also in Att. ἀφελία, ή, (ἀφεhew) belp, aid, assistance, succour, esp. in war. profit, advantage, gain: in plur. gains, profits. Socker, sor. 3 of openies.

ώφελόν, f. ήσω: (δφελου):-to belp, aid, assist, like the goddesses.

about to be of use or service; obbar about it does no good: also with a neuter Adj., obber riva espeasir to do one no service : sometimes c. dat. pera. like Lat. prodesse:—in phrase obsels kouros roud icaber ώφελων, the part, is taken as a Subst. a belper. Pass. διφελούμαι, with fut. med. διφελήσομαι, pass. έφεληθήσομαι:-to be belped, to receive belp, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage; woils TWOS from a person or thing: so, in or duto Twos; and c. dat., sopererodal run to be profited by a thing: c. part., dependention likes to be benefited by the sight of a thing. Hence

άφίλημα, ατος, τό, that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing. IL generally - dipenda, see,

advantage, benefit.

άφελήστμος, or, (ώφελίω) useful, serviceable. ώφίλησις, eas, ή, (έφελέω) a belping, aiding: gonerally, service, advantage.

άφελητέος. α, or, verb. Adj. of άφελέω, πεσεκατή or proper to be assisted. ΙΙ. διφελητέον, one must

assist.

ώφελία, Att. for ἐφέλεια.

ἀφάλζμος, or, sometimes also η, or, (ἀφαλέω) belfing, aiding: useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous. Adv. - por: Sup. & perindrate.

δφελλον, Ep. for δφελον.

άφελον, 20τ. 2 of δφείλα.

**δφθην**, 201. I of δράω, in pass. sense. δφληκα, pf. of δφλισμάνω: δφλον, 200, 2.

έφρόντιστος, crasis for δ άφρόντιστος.

φχα, pl. of οίγνυμι.

ψχάτο, Ion. for ψημένοι ήσαν, 3 plur. plant. pess. of olyvum.

Фхето, Фхочто, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of обходии. xyea, Ep. for of xueez, pl. of of xourse.

ώχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of δχθέω.

ώχράω, ί. ήσω, (άγχρόε) to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc. ώχριάω, f. άσω [ā], (ώχρόε) to be or turn pale.

'AXPO'E, a, ov, pale, wan, sallow. Hence ώχρος, ου, δ, or eoe, τό, like έχρότης, paleness,

u mness, esp. the paleness of fear.

exame, lon. pf. of olyopen.

ώψ, ή, gen. ἀπόο acc. ἀπα, (δψομαι, fut. of ձράω) the eye, face, countenance; els drea lolgon revi to look one full in the face: so absol, els dra lbéreu: but, befis ele dera lourer as to the face, i. e. in face the is

# APPENDIX

OF

# PROPER AND GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES

PREPARED BY

### GEORGE RICKER BERRY, Ph.D.

PROFESSOR OF SEMITIC LANGUAGES IN COLGATE UNIVERSITY

EDITOR OF

THE NEW GREEK-ENGLISH LEXICON TO THE NEW TESTAMENT

COPYRIGHT, 1901, BY HINDS & NOBLE

HINDS & NOBLE, Publishers, 31-33-35 West Fifteenth Street, New York City

### INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

This Appendix is designed especially for use in the study of the Greek language in preparation for college. It aims, therefore, to contain all the proper and geographical names found in those Greek works usually read in such preparatory study, which are Xenophon's Anabasis, the first two Books of Xenophon's Hellenica, the first six Books of the Iliad, and the first two Books of the Odyssey. A brief treatment has been necessary, in order to keep within reasonable limits; it has been the intention, however, to omit no really necessary item of information, but to give the most important facts in a condensed form. No attempt has been made to give a complete account of the various views on points where there is difference of opinion. The purpose has been, rather, to present the view which seemed to be preferable, and, where there exists reasonable doubt concerning any statement made, to indicate the fact.

JANUARY, 1901.

## APPENDIX.

### \*Αβαντες - 'Αζείδης

### A

"Αβαντες, ων, ol, the Abantes, the ancient inhabitants of Eubosa, probably of Thracian origin. 'Αβαρβαρέη, τε, τ, Abarbarea, a Naiad.

Aβαρνίς, lδος, ή, Abarnis, a town, district, and promontory near Lampsacus in Mysia.

"Aβas, aντος, δ, Abas, a Trojan.

\*Aβδηρίτης, ου, ὁ, an Abderite, an inhabitant of Abdera, a city of Thrace, at the mouth of the Nestus; used proverbially, meaning a simpleton. \*Αβληρος, ου, ὁ, Ablerus, a Trojan.

'Αβροζίλμης, ου, δ, Abrozelmes, a Thracian. 'Αβροκόμας, α, δ, Abrocomas, a Persian satrap,

opposed to Cyrus the younger.

Aβροκόμης, ου, Ion. εω, δ, (another form of the preceding word), Abrocomes, a son of Darius I. and half-brother of Xerxes I., slain at Thermopylse.

'Aβράνιχος and 'Aβράνυχος, ov, ô, Abronichus or Abronychus, an Athenian, ambassador to

Sparta.

Aβυδηνός, ή, ω, belonging to Abydus; of Aβυδηνοί, the inhabitants of Abydus.

Aβυδόθεν, from Abydus.

"Abusos, ov, n, Abydus, a city of Troas, on the Hellespont, at the narrowest part.

'Aγαμεμνονίδης, ου, ὁ, son of Agamemnon, i. e. Orestes.

'Ayanényar, oros, & Agamemnon, king of Mycenæ, and commander-in-chief of the Greek forces before Troy.

'Aγαπήνωρ, ορος, δ, Agapenor, son of Ancæus,

leader of the Arcadians before Troy.

'Aγασθένης, εσε contr. out, δ, Agasthenes, son of Augeas king of Elis.

Ayarlas, ov, o, Agasias, of Arcadia, a cap-

tain in the army of the ten thousand.

'Ayverthas, or and a, b, Angenidas, a Spartan ephor.

'Αγήνωρ, ορος, δ, Agenor, a Trojan leader.
'Αγησίλασε, ου, Ion. forms 'Ηγησίλασε, ου, and 'Ηγησίλασε, ω, δ, Agesilaus, the name of several kings of Sparta, especially: (1) the son

of Doryssus; (2) the son of Archidamus, a celebrated general.

'Αγησίστρατος, ου, ό, Agesistratus, a Spartan

Aylas, ov, o, Agias, an Arcadian commander

in the army of Cyrus the younger.

\*Aps, Ion. \*Hyes, 1805, 5, Agis, the name of several kings of Sparta, the first of whom was son of Eurysthenes and founder of the line of the Agidæ.

'Aykalos, ov, o, Ancorus, an Arcadian, son of

Lycurgus.

'Aγλατη, ης, ή, Aglaïa, wife of Charopus and mother of Nireus.

"Αγλαυρος, ου, ἡ, Aglaucus, a daughter of Cecrops, worshipped on the Acropolis at Athens. "Αγνων, οr "Αγ-, ωνος, ὁ, Hagnon or Agnon,

an Athenian, father of Theramenes.

'Aγχίαλος, ου, ο, Anchialus: (1) father of Mentes, king of the Taphians; (2) a Greek warrior at Troy.

'Aγχίσης, ου, δ, Anchises, a Trojan prince,

father of Æneas.

'Abelµavros, ov, o, Adimantus: (1) a commander of the Corinthian fleet; (2) an Athenian commander.

"Aδμητος, ου, ὁ, Admetus, son of Pheres, king of Phere in Thessaly, one of the Argonauts.

'Asphorma (Ion. for -spá-), as, \(\delta\), Adrastea, a city of Asia Minor on the Propontis, in a district of the same name.

'Aspnorting (Ion. for -spa-), ns, \(\delta\), daughter of Adrastus.

"Aδρηστος (Ion. for -δρα-), ov, δ, Adrastus:
(1) a king of Argos and of Sicyon; (2) a son of Merops, who fought on the side of the Trojans.

Azeldns, ov, d, son of Azeus, i. e. Actor.

'Adnva, as, i, Athena, the Roman Minerva, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

'Adnvading (Ion. for -das), ou, d, Athenades,

an inhabitant of Trachis.

Alhvan, we, al, Athens, the famous city. 'Abyraios, ov, i, an inhabitant of Athens, an Athenian.

Ala, 115, 11, Ma, (lit. land), an ancient name for the country of Colchis, or some part of it.

Alaxiens, ov, o, son of Eacus, a patronymic of the descendants of Racus, including Peleus the son, Achilles the grandson, etc.

Alaxés, oû, d, Eucus, son of Zeus and Egina. and king of Ægina, said to have been one of the

three judges in the lower world.

Alas, arros, o, Ajax, the name of two Grecian leaders in the Trojan war: (1) the greater, son of Telamon king of Salamis, a hero next in bravery to Achilles; (2) the less, son of Oïleus king of the Locrians.

Alyaluv, wros, o, Agazon, one of the three hundred-armed giants, so called by men, but

Briarcus by the gods.

Alyáleus, w, o, Ægaleos, a mountain in At-

tica, opposite Salamis.

Alyecting, ou, o, son of Ageus, i. e. Theseus. Alyiahaa (poetic for -hn), as, h, Ægialea, daughter of Adrastus and wife of Diomedes.

Alyuakos, oû, ô, Ægialus: (1) an ancient name of Achaia; (2) a city in Paphlagonia.

Alyikea, as, h, Ægilea, a small island west of Euboea.

Alγιλιψ, ιπος, ή, Ægilips, probably an island near Epirus.

Alγίνα, η, ἡ, Ægina, a rocky island in the Saronic gulf, near Argolis.

Alytvator, a, ov, belonging to Agina.

Alγίνητης, ου, δ, an inhabitant of Ægina.

Alysov, ov,  $\tau \delta$ , Ægium, a city of Achaia, the capital after the destruction of Helice.

Alyertes, ou, d, Ægisthus, son of Thyestes, murderer of Agamemnon.

Alyos worapol, and worapos, (lit. goat's river), Ægos-potami, a small river, and a city at its mouth, in the Thracian Chersonese.

Alyderics, a, or, Ægyptian.

Alyérnos, ov, à, Ægyptius, an inhabitant of Ithuca.

Alipros, ou, o, Addes, the name of several kings of Colchis; the first was brother of Circe and father of Medea.

Attices, we, ol, the Athices, an ancient Thessalian tribe, dwelling on and near Mount Pindus.

Allen, η, ή, Æthra, mother of Theseus. Aiperisns, ou, o, son of Hæmon, i. e. Mæon.

Alman, oros, d, Harmon, son of Creon, of Thebes.

Alvyolas, ov. 6, Anesias, a Spartan ephor. Alviares, or Airifres, Ion. Evifres, or, of

the Anianes, an ancient Grecian tribe, in the Homeric poriod inhabiting northern Thessaly around Mt. Ossa, subsequently dwelling in southern Thessaly.

Alvóbev, from Ænus.

Alvos, ov, h. Anus, an ancient city of Thrace. at the mouth of the Hebrus.

Altweets, ews, d, a resident of Axone, an Attic deme; they were notorious as slanderers.

Alodons, ou, d, a son or descendant of Bolus, applied to Sisyphus, Cretheus, etc.; of Alohi-**Sa**s, the descendants of **L**olus, the **L**olidae.

Alohis, idos, adj., peculiar fem. of Alohuros, Bolian; yhy thy Alodos, the Bolian land, an early name of Thessaly. As subst. (xúpa understood), Alohis, loos, h, Eolis, a district of Mysia on the west coast of Asia Minor.

Alwe, cos, 76, Æpy, a city in Elis, situated on

a height.

Alwirros, n. or, of Epytus, an ancient Arcadian chief; commonly used with  $\tau \delta \mu \beta os$ .

Alonnos, ov, d, Esepus: (1) a river of northern Mysia, flowing into the Propontis near Cyzicus; (2) a son of Bucolion.

Alountys, ou, d, Æsyetes, a Trojan princa. Aloxivas, ov, d, Eschines: (1) a commander of Greek light-armed troops; (2) a pupil and

friend of Socrates. Aloxpaias, also Aloxpias, ou, à, Bechrons,

an Athenian.

Alouros, ov, o, Esopus (Esop), the celebrated writer of fables.

Alrudós, oû, ô, and Alrúdios, ou, ô, an Ætolian, an inhabitant of Atolia; also as adj., Ætolian.

Akashuna, as, h, The Academy, a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens (so named from the hero Academus), where Plato taught.

Arapas, arros, d, Acamas: (1) a son of Antenor; (2) a Thracian leader in the Trojan

'Androis, a, or, Acanthian, belonging to Acanthus; in pl., of 'Androis, the Acanthians. Araveos, ov, h, Acanthus, a city near Mt. Athos, on the Strymonian Gulf.

Aκαρνάν, aros, (in Herodotus -νήν, iros), à, an Acarnanian, an inhabitant of Acarnania.

Akapvaria, as, h. Acarnania, the most westerly province of Greece, west of Ætolia.

Antiparos, ov, d, Accratus, a priest at Delphi. Ακράγας, αντος, δ, Agrigentum, the name of a city, and also of a river, in Sicily.

"Actopian, wros, o, son of Actor, i. e. Eurytus. "Arresp, opos, o, Actor, son of Azeus, of Orchomenus.

Alal, we, al, Hala: (1) a deme of the tribe Ageis on the east coast of Attica; (2) a deme

of the tribe Cecropis on the west coast.

'Αλαλκομενητε, ίδος, fem. adj., Alalcomenean, epithet of Athene, from Alalcomense, a city in Bœotia, where was a temple to her.

'Αλάστωρ, ορος, ο, Alastor: (1) a Greek warrior, son of Neleus; (2) a Lycian, slain by

Ulysses.

Adelouov, ov, 76, Alisium, a city in Elis.

'Alexias, an Athenian archon. Addinations, a, d, Alexippidas, a Spartan

ephor.

'Aλήιον πεδίον, τό, the Aleian plain, land of wandering (an, wandering), located by Homer in Lycia, by Herodotus in Cilicia.

'Aλίαρτος, ov, ò and η, Haliartus, an ancient

city of Bosotia, on the lake Copaïs.

Aligeres and Alleros, we, ol, the Halizones or Halizoni, a tribe of Bithynia.

'Aλιθέρσης, ου, δ, Halitherses, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

'Aλιος, ου, ὁ, Halius, a Lycian.

\*Altredov, ov, 76, (lit. a plain near the sea), Halipedon, the name of the plain lying between Athens and Piræus and bordering on the coast.

**Αλίσαρνα, ης, η, Halisarna**, a city of Mysia. Alcamenes, son of Tele-

clus, ninth king of Sparta.

"Αλκανδρος, ου, δ, Alcander, a Lycian. 'Αλκή, ήs, ή, Alce, Might personified.

"Alcestis, toos and tos, h. Alcestis, daughter of Pelias, and wife of Admetus, in whose stead she died.

'Aλκιβιάδης, ου, ό, Alcibiades: (1) a celebrated Athenian leader; (2) a cousin of the former.

'Aλκμαιωνίδαι, ων, ol, the descendants of Alemacon, the Alemaconidae, a noble family at Athens.

'Αλκμήνη, ης, ή, Alcouene, daughter of Electryon king of Mycenæ, mother of Hercules.

'Αλόπη, ης, ή, Alope, a town in Phthiotis, in southern Thessaly, near the Malian Gulf.

"Aλος (also "Aλ-), ου, ò and ἡ, Alus, a town of Phthiotis, in southern Thessaly, at the extremity of Mt. Othrys.

'Aλπηνός, οῦ, ἡ, (and 'Aλπηνοί), Alpenus (or Alpeni), a city at the entrance of the pass of Thermopylæ.

Advarras, ov. o. Alyattes, one of the most important kings of Lydia, father of Crœsus.

'Αλύβη, ης, ή, Alybe, a city in Bithynia on the coast of the Euxine.

'Aλυς, vos, δ. Halys, the chief river of Asia Minor, flowing north into the Euxine.

'Αλφαός, οῦ, ὁ, Alpheus, the chief river of the Peloponnesus.

'Aλφεός, οῦ, ὁ, (Doric for 'Αλφειός), Alpheus, a brave Lacedæmonian warrior at Thermopylæ.

**Αλωεύs**, έωs, δ, Alocus, son of Poseidon. Augovykeldys, ov. d. son of Amarynceus, i. e.

Diores. Αμβρακιώτης, ου, δ, an Ambraciot, inhabi-

tant of Ambracia, the capital of Epirus.

Aparlas, or and a, o, Aminias, an Athenian naval captain.

Αμανοκλής, έους, δ, Aminocles, an inhabitant

of Magnesia in Thessaly.

'Aμυδών, ωνος, ή, Amydon, a city of the Pæonians, on the Axius, in Macedonia.

Αμθκλαι, ων, al, Amyclæ, an ancient city of

Laconia, on the Eurotas, famous for the worship of Apollo.

'Aμφιγένεια, as, ή, Amphigenia, a city of Triphylia, in southern Elis.

Αμφίδημος, ου, ο, Amphidemus, father of Amphicrates.

Αμφικράτης, ous, d. Amphicrates, an Athenian captain.

Αμφίμαχος, ου, δ, Amphimachus: (1) son of Cteatus, one of the leaders of the Epei before Troy; (2) son of Nomion, a leader of the Carians in assisting the Trojans.

"Aμφίος, ου, δ, Amphius: (1) son of Merops;

(2) son of Selagus.

Αμφιπολίτης, ou, d, an Amphipolite, an inhabitant of Amphipolis in southern Macedonia, on the Strymon.

"Aμφισσα, ης, ή, Amphissa, one of the chief cities of the Locri Ozolæ, on the borders of

Αμφιτρύων, ωνος, δ, Amphitryon, son of Alcæus, king of Tiryns, and subsequently of Thebes; husband of Alcmene the mother of Hercules.

Avayupácios, ov, d, a resident of Anagyrus,

an Attic deme.

Avaltice, ou, o, Anadius, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Avafavopions, ov, o, Anaxandrides, a king of Sparta, father of the famous Leonidas.

Aváfavőpos, ov, d, Anaxander, a king of Sparta.

Avaξίβιος, ου, δ. Anaxibius, a Spartan admiral.

'Aναξικράτης, ους, δ, Anaxicrates, a Byzantine.

'Avafolace, ou, o, Anaxilaus, a Byzantine.

'Av8patuer, oros, o, Andræmon, king of Calydon in Ætolia, father of Thoas.

"Avopios, a, ov, belonging to Andrus; as noun, Avopios, ov, o, an inhabitant of Andrus.

'Aνδρόβουλοs, ου, ὁ, Androbulus, a Delphian, the father of Timon.

'Avsposaus, arros, o, Androdamas, a Samian, father of Theomestor.

'Ανδρομάχη, ης, η, Andromache, daughter of Ection, wife of Hector.

"Average", ov, \(\delta\), Andrus, the most northerly and one of the most important of the Cyclades islands, with a city of the same name.

'Aνεμάρεια, ας, η, later called 'Ανεμάλεια,
Anemoria, a town in Phocis, located on a hill.

'Aveulons (for 'Aveulovidons), ou, o, son of Anthonion, i. e. Simoisius.

'Averlar, wros, o, Anthemion, a Trojan.

'Aνθηδών, όνος, ή, Anthedon, a city with a harbor on the east coast of Bœotia.

'Ανθήλη, ης, ἡ, Anthele, a town in Phocis, in the immediate vicinity of Thermopylæ, one of the two places where the Amphictyonic council met.

'Aννίβας, a, ò, Hannibal, the famous Cartha-

ginian general.

'Avoncua, as, \(\delta\), Anopæa, a mountain, part of the chain of Eta; the name is also given to a pass in the mountain.

'Arraropios, ov, o, an inhabitant of Antan-

"Avravêços, ov, \(\hat{\eta}\), Antandrus, a city of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida, an Æolian colony. "Avraa, as, \(\hat{\eta}\), Antea, daughter of the Lycian

king lobates, wife of Proetus king of Tiryns.

'Armyoplons, ou, o, son or descendant of Antenor.

Arthrop, opes, & Antenor, a Trojan prince related to Priam.

'Arrivirys, ous, o, Antigenes, an Athenian

'Avrísupos, ov, ò, Antidorus, a Lemnian shipcaptain.

Αντίκυρα, αs, ή, (earlier -κιρρα), Anticyra, a town of Thessaly near the mouth of the Sperchens

'Αντικυρεύς, έως, ὁ, an inhabitant of Anticyra. 'Αντιλέων, οντος, ὁ, Antileon, of Thurii in southern Italy.

'Αντίλοχος, ου, ὁ, Antilochus, son of Nestor, a warrior against Troy.

'Avrivoos, contr. 'Avrivous, ou, ô, Antinous, a native of Ithaca, a suitor of Penelope.

'Avrioxos, ou, o, Antiochus, an Athenian pilot.

'Avriwarpos, ou, o, Antipater, a Thasian, son of Orges.

'Arrus Givns, ovs, o, Antisthenes, an Athenian philosopher, a pupil and friend of Socrates, founder of the school of Cynics.

"Avrides, ov. 6, Antiphus: (1) a son of Egyptius of Ithaca; (2) a leader of the Greeks from Nisyrus; (3) a leader of the Mæonians allied with the Trojans; (4) a son of Priam and Hecuba.

'Aντιφών, ώντος, ὁ, Antiphon, an Athenian. 'Αντρών, ώνος, ὁ and ἡ, Antron, a city of Phthiotis in Thessaly, at the entrance of the Malian Gulf.

"Avutos, ov. o, Anytus, an Athenian, son of Anthemion, the leading accuser of Socrates.

'Afros, ov, o, (also 'Afros), Axius, the largest river in Macedonia, flowing into the Thermaic Gulf.

"Atvice, ou, ô, Axylus, a Thracian prince.
'Arauro's, oû, ô, (same as Hauro's), Apasus, a city in Mysia, at the entrance of the Propontis.

'Awaroupea, wr, rá, the Apaturia, a family festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion,

lasting three days.

'Antsavés, Ion. Hat-, ov, è, Apidanus, a river

of Thessaly, flowing into the Peneus.

ArolloSupos, ov. o. Apollodorus, a common Grecian name; especially, an intimate friend of Socrates.

'Aπολλωνία, as, ή, Apollonia, a city of Mysia, near Lydia; also the name of several other cities.

'Απολλωνίδης, ου, ό, Apollonides, a Lydian.
'Αραβία, as, ἡ, Arabia; often used as including a part of Mesopotamia.

Apartypia, as, h, Arathyrea, an ancient city in the Peloponnesus, near the site of the later Phlius.

"Apakos, ov, ô, Aracus, a Lacedemonian.
'Apáfas, ov, ô, Araces, a tributary of the Euphrates on the east; more commonly called

Euphrates on the east; more commonly called Chaboras.

'Αρβάκης, ου, δ, Arbaces, a satrap of Media.

'Apyrios, a, or, of or belonging to Argos, Argive; 'Apyrios, or, ol, Argives, often used by Homer for all the Greeks, as is also 'Axacol.

'Aργινούσαι, ων, al, Arginusce, three small

islands between Lesbos and Æolis.

"Approva, 7s, \(\hat{n}\), Argissa, the Homeric name for Argura, a town of Thessaly on the Peneus near Larissa.

"Αργοςδε, to Argos.

'Aperica, ou, o, Aresias, one of the thirty tyrants at Athena,

'Aperduy, oros, ò, Aretaon, a Trojan warrior. 'Aρήνη, ης, ή, Arene, a city in southern Elis,

the residence of Alphareus. Appelor, oros, o, Arexion, an Arcadian sooth-

sayer.

Aριαβίγνης, ου, δ, Ariabignes, a Persian naval commander, son of Darius I. and halfbrother of Xerxes I., slain in the battle of Salamis.

Apraios, ov, ò, Ariœus, a Persian general in the service of Cyrus the younger, commander of the Asiatics.

Αριαράμνης, ου, ο, Ariaramnes, a Persian. "Αριμα, ων, τά, Arima, a mythical mountain district in Asia Minor, under which the giant

Typhon lay. Aριοβαρζάνης, ous, δ, Ariobarzanes, a Persian

satrap. 'Aρίσβη, ης, η, Arisbe, a city of Troas, southeast of Abydus.

Aρίσβηθεν, from Arisbe.

'Aρίσταρχος, ου, ο, Aristarchus: (1) a Lacedæmonian, governor of Byzantium; (2) an Athenian commander.

Apiortas, ov. d. Aristeas, a Chian, a leader

in the army of Cyrus the younger.

'Aριστείδης, ου, ο, Aristides, son of Lysimachus, a distinguished Athenian leader, archon, and general.

Aplotimuos, ov, b, Aristippus: (1) a Thessalian, of Larissa; (2) a native of Cyrene, disciple of Socrates, and founder of the Cyrenaic school of philosophy.

Aportoyeltur, oros, b, Aristogiton, an Athenian, who, with Harmodius, murdered Hippar-

chus.

Apistogenes: (1) an Athenian commander; (2) a Syracusan, father of Heraclides.

Apistódnus, ov. d. Aristodemus, a Spartan

warrior.

Αριστοκράτης, ous, δ, Aristocrates, a general of the Athenians.

'Aριστόμαχος, ου, ο, Aristomachus, a king of Sparta.

Aριστονίκη, ης, ή, Aristonice, priestess at

Delphi.

Aptototians, ous, o, Aristotle, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens, who was not the famous philosopher of Stagira.

Aploruv, wros, o, Ariston: (1) an Athenian in the service of Cyrus the younger; (2) a king of Sparta, one of the Proclids; (3) a Byzantine.

**Αριστόνυμος,** ου, δ, *Aristonymus*, an Arcadian. Aorabia, as, i, Arcadia, the central country of the Peloponnesus, and next to the largest.

'Αρκαδικός, ή, ω, Arcadian.

Aoras, ados, o, an Arcadian.

Apres idaos, ov, d. Arcesilaus, son of Lycus, a leader of the Bœotians at Troy.

Αρμα, ατος, τό, Harma, a small town in east-

ern Bœotia.

'Aρματίδης, ου, δ. Harmatides, a Thespian.

father of Dithyrambus.

**Αρμενία, as, ή, Armenia**, a country of Asia, lying between Asia Minor and the Caspian sea, divided into Armenia Major and Armenia Minor, the latter being the portion east of the Euphrates.

Appévios, a, or, Armenian; of 'Appévioi,

the Armenians.

Αρμήνη (also 'Αρμένη), η, ή, Harmene, a town on the coast of Paphlagonia, near Sinope.

Αρμόδιος, ου, ο, Harmodius, an Athenian, who, with Aristogiton, murdered Hipparchus. Apporting, ou, d, (prop. son of Harmon),

Harmonides, a Trojan artificer.

Αρνάπης, ου, ό, Arnapes, a Persian. "Aρνη, ης, ή, Arne, an ancient town in Boso-

tia, mentioned by Homer.

Apracos, ov, o, Harpasus, a river of Armenia Major, flowing south into the Araxes.

Aρσάμης, ου, δ, Arsames, grandfather of

Darius I.

Αρτάβανος, ou, o, Artabanus, brother of Darius I. and uncle to Xerxes I.

Aprayéporne, ous, o, Artagerses, a cavalry officer of Artaxerxes II.

Αρτακάμας, α, δ, Artacamas, a Persian satrap.

Apravns, ov, o, Artanes, a brother of Darius l

Aprafiping, ov, o, Artaxerxes, the name of three Persian kings. The second, surnamed Mnemon, was brother of Cyrus the younger.

Aprácios, ov, d, Artaczus, a friend of Cyrus

the younger.

Aprandras, a, or 'Aprandrys, ov, o, Artapatas, a friend of Cyrus the younger.

Aρταφέρνης, ου, δ, Artaphernes: (1) brother of Darius I.; (2) son of the foregoing, commander in the Persian army.

**Αρτεμις**, ιδος, η, Artemis, the Roman Diana,

goddess of the chase.

Apremola, as, i, Artemisia, queen of a few

Carian cities, and ally of Xerxes I. 'Αρτεμίσιον, ου, τδ, Artemisium, the name of

a region on the northern coast of Eubœa.

Aprinas, a, d, Artimas, a Persian satrap of Lydia.

Αρτούχης, ου, or 'Αρτούχας, a, δ, Artuchas, a Persian satrap,

'Approvas, a, ò, Arystas, an Arcadian.

'Apxayopas, a, o, Archagoras, an Argive. 'Aρχίδημος, ου, ο, Archedemus, an Athenian.

'Aρχιλάος, ου, Ion. 'Αρχιλέως, εω, δ, Archelaus, son of Agesilaus, a king of Sparta, one of the Agidæ.

Apxéhoxos, ov, o, Archelochus, a Trojan, son

of Antenor.

Αρχέστρατος, ου, ο, Archestratus, an Athenian commander.

Αρχίδαμος, Ion. -δημος, ου, δ, Archidamus,

the name of five kings of Sparta.

Apxéres, a and ou, é, Archytas, a Spartan ophor.

Aoia, as, h. Asia, at first used by the Greeks as the name of a district in Lydia, near the river Cayster, and later used sometimes to designate what is known now as Asia Minor, and sometimes as a general name for the country east of Greece.

'Asidates, a Persian. 'Astralos, a, or, of Asine, Asincan.

'Action, 75, \$, Asine: (1) a city on the south coast of Argolis, west of Hermione; (2) a city on the south coast of Messenia.

Acros, a, or, Asian, belonging to Asia, in the phrase Acros Lemán, the Asian meadow.

Acros, ov, o, Asius, from Arisbe, an ally of

the Trojans

Askahados, ov, d, Ascalaphus, son of Ares and Astyoche, leader of the Minyæ against Troy. Arkavia, as, h, Ascania, a district in the

west of Bithynia. 'Acreavior, ou, o, Ascanius, a Phrygian ally

of the Trojans. Asrkdyniabys, ov, d, son of Æsculapius.

'Acrevous, ov, o, an Aspendian, an inhabi-

tant of Aspendus, a city of Pamphylia. 'Aσπληδών, όνος, ή, Aspledon, an ancient

city in Bœotia, near Orchomenus.

Acroruples, as, h, Assyria, as used by the Greeks in the narrowest sense, designated the country bounded on the north by Mt. Niphates, on the east by Mt. Zagros, on the south by Susiana, and on the west by the Tigris. often used loosely in a wider sense, and frequently of the whole Assyrian empire.

'Ασσύριος, α, ον, Assyrian; οι 'Ασσύριοι,

the Assyrians.

'Aστέριον, ου, τό, Asterium, a town of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Actialos, ov, o, Astyalus, a Trojan.

'Aστυάναξ, ακτος, δ, (lord of the city), Astyanax, son of Hector, so named by the Trojans as a compliment to his father, his name being originally Scamandrius.

Acrivoce, ou à Astynous, a Trojan.

'Δστυόχη, also -χαια, η, η, Astyoche: (1) daughter of Actor; (2) daughter of Phylas. Αστύοχος, ev, δ, Astyochus, a Spartan naval

commander.

Acurós, oû, d, Asomus: (1) a river flowing through the southern part of Bootia, and emptying into the Eubœan sea in the north of Attica; (2) a river of Thessaly flowing into the Malian Gulf near Thermopyles.

Arapveds, éws, d, Atarneus, a city of Mysia,

opposite Lesbos.

Atpanértion, or -aon, more commonly Aboautrrior or -eior, ou, to, Atramyttium, a coast city in Mysia, on the Caicus.

Arpelling, ov, b, son or descendant of Atreus; ol 'Arpeibau, or to 'Arpeiba, the Atrida, Agamemnon and Menelaus, grandsons of Atreus.

Ατρείων, ωνοι, δ, same as 'Ατρείδης.

Arpeve, éws, à, Atreus, son of Pelops, king of Mycense.

Aττική, θs, ή, Attica, a country of Greece.

'Aττικός, ή, δυ, Attic, Athenian.

'Aruuviadys, ou, o, son of Atymnius, i. e. Mydon.

Airyaul, we, al, Augea: (1) a Locrian city. near the southern coast of the Malian Gulf; (2) a city in southern Laconia.

Αύγηιάδης, ου, ό, son of Augcas king of Elis,

i. e. Agasthenes.

Ashle, 180s, h. Aulis, a city and harbor in Bœotia where the Greek fleet assembled before sailing for Troy.

Αύτοβοισάκης, ου, δ, Autobæsices, a Persian. Atróvoos, ov. o, Autonous, a Delphian hero. **Αὐτόφονος**, ου, ο, *Autophonus*, a Theban.

'Aberal, w, al, (and 'Aberal), Aphela, a city and promontory of Thessaly, not far from Artemisium, with a port from which the Argonauts sailed.

Adibratos, ov, d, a resident of Aphidna an

Attic deme.

Axauol, w, ol, the Achaians, inhabitants of Achaia.

'Aχφουσιάε, άδος, ή, fem. adj., Acherusian : Axenousids Xeppovnsos, the Acherusian peninsula, near Heraclea in Bithynia, where Hercules was said to have descended through a cavern to the lower world.

# В

Baβuλάν, ῶνος, ἡ, Babylon, on the Euphrates, the capital of the Babylonian empire, and later a prominent city in the Persian empire.

Baβuλωνίa, as, ή, Babylonia, a country extending northwest from the Persian Gulf considerably beyond Babylon.

Banes, coos, o, Bacis, a soothsayer of Bœotia.

Bártpios, a, ov, Bactrian; of Bártpioi, the Bactrians, inhabitants of the Persian province of Bactria or Bactriana, now southeastern Turkestan and northeastern Afghanistan.

Baorias, ov, ò, Basias: (1) an Arcadian; (2) a

soothsayer of Elis.

Baτίna, as, ή, Batica, a hill near Troy.

Beλβινίτης, ov, o, a Belbinite, an inhabitant of Belbina, a small island in the Ægæan sea. Belesys, a satrap of Syria.

Beλλεροφόντης, ov, δ, (lit., slayer of Bellerus), Bellerophontes (Bellerophon), son of Glaucus, so called from having killed Bellerus, his original name being Hipponous.

Bev868aov, ov, To, Bendideum, the temple of

Bendis the Thracian Diana.

Bήσσα, or Bήσα, ης, ή, Bessa, a Locrian city

near Augeæ.

Blas, arros, o, Bias, a warrior from Pylus. Bibuvol, ar, ol, the Bithynians, inhabitants of Bithynia, a country of Asia Minor on the

Propontis and Euxine. Bισάνθη, ης, ή, Bisanthe, a city in Thrace, on

the Propontis.

Blev, wros, &, Bion, a Spartan officer.

Boáypios, ov, o, Boagrius, a river in Locris, flowing into the Malian Gulf, also called Manes. Bolβη, ης, ή, Bæbe, a city in Thessaly near

the Bœbean Lake.

Boiβηts, ίδος, ή, fem. adj., Babean; ή Boi-Byts liury the Babean Lake.

Botores, ov, d, Boiscus, a Thessalian.

Boiérios, ov, o, Bactius, a Lacedamonian.

Borários, a, or, Bacotian, belonging to Bacotia. Bοιωτός, οῦ, ὁ, a Bœotian.

Boundley, wros, o, Bucolion, son of Laomedon

Βουπράσιον, ου, τό, Buprasium, an ancient city in Elis, one of the chief cities of the Lpeï.

Boarloas, a and ov, d, Brasidas, a Spartan

general in the Peloponnesian war.

Bρίσηts, ίδος, ή, daughter of Briseus, i. e. Hippodamia, the captive belonging to Achilles, seized by Agamemnon.

Boureal, ar, al, Brysea, an ancient town of

Laconia, near Sparta.

**Βυζάντιον**, ου, τό, Byzantium, a city of Thrace, on the Bosporus, the modern Constantinople.

Bulartios, a, or, of Byzantium; of Bulartion, the Byzantians.

Bêpos, ov. & Borus, a Mæonian,

# Г

Γαία, ης, ή, 800 Γή.

Γάνος, ου, ή, Ganus, a fortress in Thrace. on the Propontia

Γαυλίτης, ου, ο, Gaulites, a Samian.

Γαύριον, ου, τό, Gaurium, a haven and fortress in the island of Andros.

Γίλα, ης, ή, Gela, a city on the southern coast of Sicily.

Thur, wros, o, Gelon, a tyrant of Gela and afterward of Syracuse.

Γεραιστός, οῦ, ὁ and ἡ, Geræstus, a promontory and harbor at the southwestern extremity of Euboea.

Tephylos, ou, d, Gerenian, applied to Nestor, from his birthplace, Gerenia in Messenia.

Γή, ήs, ή, poetic Γαία, Ge, or Gæa, Earth personified as a godders, wife of Uranus, mother of the Titans, Cyclops, and other monsters.

Γλαθκος, ου, δ, Glaucus: (1) son of Sisyphus, father of Bellerophon; (2) son of Hippolochus, grandson of Bellerophon, and leader of the Lycians in aid of Troy.

Γλαύκων, ωνος, ο, Glaucon, an Athenian,

grandfather of Plato.

Tamos.

Thadupal, we, al, Glaphyrae, a city in southeastern Thessaly.

Γλίσας, αντος, ή, Glisas, an ancient city of Bœotia, on Mt. Hypaton.

Thous, ou, d. Glus, an Egyptian, son of

Γνήσιππος, ου, δ, Gnesippus, an Athenian.

Trustas, ov. d., Gnosias, a Syracusan. Γογγύλος, ου, ὁ, Gongylus, an Eretrian.

Γονόεσσα, ης, η, Gonoëssa, a promontory on the Corinthian Gulf, near Pallene, in

Achaia. **Γόργειος, a, or,** belonging to the Gorgon

 $(\Gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ ώ). **Γοργίας**, ου, δ, Gorgias, a statesman and orator

of Leontini in Sicily.

Γοργίων, ωνος, δ, Gorgion, son of Hellas. Γόργος, ov, o, Gorgus, king of Salamis in Cyprus.

**Γόρδιον**, ου, τό, Gordium, a city of Greater

Phrygia, on the Sangarius.

Γόρτυν, υνος, also Γόρτυνα, ης, ή, Gortyn or Gortyna, the second city of Crete, on the Le-

**Γουνεύs**, έωs, δ, Guneus, leader of the Ænianes before Troy.

Γραία, as, ή, Græa, a city in Bœotia.

Γυγαίη, ης, ή: (1) with λίμνη, the Gygaean Lake, near Sardis, in Lydia; (2) Gygaza, the nymph of this lake.

'Aptoras, a, ô, *Arystas*, an Arcadian.

'Apxayópas, a, o, Archagoras, an Argive.

'Aρχέδημος, ou, o, Archedemus, an Athenian. 'Aρχίλαος, ου, Ion. 'Αρχίλεως, εω, ο, Archelaus, son of Agesilaus, a king of Sparta, one of the Agidse.

Aρχέλοχος, ου, δ, Archelochus, a Trojan, son

of Autenor.

Αρχέστρατος, ου, ο, Archestratus, an Athenian commander.

'Αρχίδαμος, Ion. -δημος, ου, δ, Archidamus,

the name of five kings of Sparta.

Apxéres, a and ov, o, Archytas, a Spartan

ephor.

Aola, as, h, Asia, at first used by the Greeks as the name of a district in Lydia, near the river Cayster, and later used sometimes to designate what is known now as Asia Minor, and sometimes as a general name for the country east of Greece.

Acu**Sátras**, ou, d, Asidates, a Persian. 'Acreatos, a, or, of Asine, Asincean.

Action, 115, \$\hat{\eta}\$, Asine: (1) a city on the south coast of Argolis, west of Hermione; (2) a city on the south coast of Messenia.

"Acros, a, or, Asian, belonging to Asia, in the phrase "Acros Leylov, the Asian meadow.

Acros, ov, o, Asius, from Arisbe, an ally of

the Trojana

**Ασκάλαφος,** ου, δ, Ascalaphus, son of Ares and Astyoche, leader of the Minyæ against Troy. 'Agravia, as, h. Ascania, a district in the

west of Bithynia.

Acreárics, ov, o, Ascanius, a Phrygian ally

of the Trojans. Ασκληπιάδης, ου, ό, son of Æsculapius.

'Acrivolos, ov, o, an Aspendian, an inhabitant of Aspendus, a city of Pamphylia.

'Aσπληδών, όνος, η, Aspledon, an ancient

city in Bœotia, near Orchomenus.

Accupia, as, i, Assyria, as used by the Greeks in the narrowest sense, designated the country bounded on the north by Mt. Niphates, on the east by Mt. Zagros, on the south by Susiana, and on the west by the Tigris. often used loosely in a wider sense, and frequently of the whole Assyrian empire.

A σσύριος, a, ov, Assyrian; ol Aσσύριοι,

the Assyrians.

'Aστέριον, ου, τό, Asterium, a town of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Actialos, ov, o, Astyalus, a Trojan.

'Aστυάναξ, ακτος, δ, (lord of the city), Astyanax, son of Hector, so named by the Trojans as a compliment to his father, his name being originally Scamandrius.

'Aστύνοος, ου, ο, Astynoüs, a Trojan.

'Αστυόχη, also -χαα, ης, η, Astyoche: (1) daughter of Actor; (2) daughter of Phylas.

Αστύοχος, ου, ο, Astyochus, a Spartan naval commander.

'Acuros, où, à Asomus: (1) a river flowing through the southern part of Bœotia, and emptying into the Eubcean sea in the north of Attica; (2) a river of Thessaly flowing into the Malian Gulf near Thermopyles.

Arapveds, ews, d, Atarneus, a city of Mysia,

opposite Lesbos.

ATPORTION, or -acv, more commonly 'Aδραμύττιον or -eιον, ου, τό, Atramyttium, a coast city in Mysia, on the Caicus.

Arpelbys, ov, o, son or descendant of Atreus; of 'Arpelbas, or To 'Arpelbas, the Atridas, Agamemnon and Menelaus, grandsons of Atreus.

Атреіши, шиот, о́, same as 'Атреібіра.

'Arpevs, ews, & Atreus, son of Pelops, king of Mycense.

Αττική, η̂s, η, Attica, a country of Greece.

ATTIKOS, th, by, Allic, Athenian.

'Ατυμνιάδης, ου, ό, son of Atymnius, i.e. Mydon.

Airmal, w, al, Augent: (1) a Locrian city, near the southern coast of the Malian Gulf; (2) a city in southern Laconia.

Aύγηιάδης, ov, o, son of Augeas king of Elis,

i. e. Agasthenes.

Athle, toos, h, Aulis, a city and harbor in Bootia where the Greek fleet assembled before sailing for Troy.

Αύτοβοισάκης, ου, ο, Autobæsaces, a Persian. **Αὐτόνοος**, ου, ο, Autonoüs, a Delphian hero. **Αὐτόφονος, ου, ό, Autophonus, a Theban.** 

Aperal, w, al, (and Aperal), Apheta, a city and promontory of Thessaly, not far from Artemisium, with a port from which the Argonauts sailed.

Apidvatos, ou, d, a resident of Aphidua an

Attic deme.

Ayouol, www. ol, the Achaians, inhabitants of Achaia.

Aχερουσιάς, άδος, ή, fem. adj., Acherusian : Axenousids Xeppovisos, the Acherusian peninsula, near Heracles in Bithynia, where Hercules was said to have descended through a cavern to the lower world.

# В

Baβυλάν, ῶνος, ἡ, Babylon, on the Euphrates, the capital of the Babylonian empire, and later a prominent city in the Persian empire.

Baβωλωνίa, as, η, Babylonia, a country extending northwest from the Persian Gulf considerably beyond Babylon.

Bans, idos, d, Bacis, a soothsayer of Boeotia.

Bárrpios, a, os, Bactrian; of Bárrpios, the Bactrians, inhabitants of the Persian province of Bactria or Bactriana, now southeastern Turkestan and northeastern Afghanistan.

Barias, ov, o, Basias: (1) an Arcadian; (2) a

soothsayer of Elis.

Bartesa, as, \(\delta\), Batica, a hill near Troy.

Beλβινίτης, ου, ό, a Belbinite, an inhabitant of Belbina, a small island in the Ægrean sea.

Bέλεσυς, νος, δ, Belesys, a satrap of Syria. Βελλαροφόντης, ου, δ, (lit., stayer of Bellerus), Bellerophontes (Bellerophon), son of Glaucus, so called from having killed Bellerus, his original name being Hipponoüs.

Bevoldaov, ou, to, Bendideum, the temple of

Bendis the Thracian Diana.

**Βήσσα**, or **Βήσα**, ης, ἡ, Bessa, a Locrian city near Augest.

Blas, arros, o, Bias, a warrior from Pylus. Bibuvol, w, ol, the Bithynians, inhabitants

of Bithynia, a country of Asia Minor on the Propontis and Euxine.

Bισάνθη, ης, ή, Bisanthe, a city in Thrace, on

the Propontis.

Blov, wros, d, Bion, a Spartan officer.

Bοάγριος, ου, ὁ, Boagrius, a river in Locris, flowing into the Malian Gulf, also called Manes. Boβη, ης, ἡ, Βαθε, a city in Thessaly near

the Bœbean Lake.

Boιβηts, ίδος, ή, fem. adj., Bæbean; ή Borβηts λίμνη, the Bæbean Lake.

Botokos, ov, d, Boiscus, a Thessalian.

Boiérios, ov, o, Bæotius, a Lacedæmonian.

Boiárroz, a, or, Bæotian, belonging to Bæotia. Boiarós, ol, b, a Bæotian.

Bouncalist, wros, o, Bucolion, son of Laome-

don. **Bowpáσιον**, ου, τό, Buprasium, an ancient city in Elis, one of the chief cities of the Epel.

Boarton, a and ou, o, Brasidas, a Spartan

general in the Peloponnesian war.

Bρίσηts, ιδος, ή, daughter of Briseus, i. e. Hippodamia, the captive belonging to Achilles, seized by Agamemnon.

Boureal, w. al, Brysece, an ancient town of

Laconia, near Sparta.

Buζάντιον, ου, τό, Byzantium, a city of Thrace, on the Bosporus, the modern Constantinople.

Buldwrios, a, or, of Byzantium; ol Buldwrios, the Byzantians.

Bûpos, ou, à, Borus, a Mæonian,

# Г

Γαία, ης, ή, see Γη.

Γάνος, ου, ή, Ganus, a fortress in Thrace, on the Propontis.

Γαυλίτης, ου, δ, Gaulites, a Samian.

Γαύριον, ου, τό, Gaurium, a haven and fortress in the island of Andros.

Γέλα, ης, ή, Gela, a city on the southern coast

of Sicily.

Γλων, ωνος, δ, Gelon, a tyrant of Gela and

afterward of Syracuse.

Tepaus 762, 00, 6 and 4, Geræstus, a promontory and harbor at the southwestern extramity.

tory and harbor at the southwestern extremity of Eubosa.
Γερήνιος, ου, δ, Gerenian, applied to Nestor,

from his birthplace, Gerenia in Messenia.

Fig. 7s, 7, poetic Tata, Ge, or Gaza, Earth personified as a goddess, wife of Uranus, mother of

the Titans, Cyclops, and other monsters.

Thateo, ov. & Glaucus: (1) son of Sisyphus, father of Bellerophon; (2) son of Hippolochus, grandson of Bellerophon, and leader of the Lycians in aid of Troy.

Γλαύκων, ωνος, ό, Glaucon, an Athenian,

grandfather of Plato.

Γλαφυραί, ω, ai, Glaphyræ, a city in southeastern Thessaly.

Thtoras, arros,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Glisas, an ancient city of Beetia, on Mt. Hypaton.

Γλοθε, οθ, ο, Glus, an Egyptian, son of Tames.

Γνήσιππος, ου, ὁ, Gnesippus, an Athenian. Γνωσίας, ου, ὁ, Gnosias, a Syracusan.

Γογγίλος, ου, δ, Googylus, an Eretrian.

Tovocerou, 78, 7, Gonogesa, a promontory on the Corinthian Gulf, near Pallene, in Achaia.

Γόργειος, a, or, belonging to the Gorgon

(Γοργώ).

Γοργίαs, ου, δ, Gorgias, a statesman and orator of Leontini in Sicily.

Γοργίων, ωνος, ό, Gorgion, son of Hellas. Γόργος, ου, ό, Gorgus, king of Salamis in Cyprus.

Topolov, ov, 76, Gordium, a city of Greater

Phrygia, on the Sangarius.

Topriv, vvos, also Topriva, 78, 7, Gortyn or Gortyna, the second city of Crete, on the Letheus.

Γουνεύε, έωε, ὁ, Guneus, leader of the Enianes before Troy.

Γραία, as, ή, Græa, a city in Bœotia.

Γυγαίη, ης, ἡ: (1) with Μμνη, the Gygozan Lake, near Sardis, in Lydia; (2) Gygoza, the nymph of this lake.

Tionov, ov. 76, Gythium, a city near the head of the Laconian bay, which served as the harbor for Sparta.

Γυμνίας, ου, ἡ, Gymnias, a city in northeastern Armenia.

Γυρτώνη, ης, also Γυρτών, ῶνος, η, Gyrtone or Gyrton, a town in the central part of Thessaly, on the Peneus.

Γωβρύας, ov, ò, Gobryas, a Persian general.

## Δ

Δαμασίθυμος, ου, δ, Damasithymus, son of Candaules, king of Calynds.

Δάνα, η, ἡ, Dana, a large and wealthy city

of Cappadocia.

Δαράδαξ, aκοs, ό, Daradax, a river of upper

Syria, flowing into the Euphrates.

Δαρδανείε, έως, ό, a Dardanian, an inhabitant of Dardanus, a city of Troas on the Hellespont.

 $\Delta$ apetos, ov,  $\delta$ , also spelled occasionally  $\Delta$ apetatos, Darius, the name of three kings of Persia. The second, called  $^{\circ}$ O $\chi$ os and N $\delta\theta$ os, was an illegitimate son of Artaxerxes I.

Δάρης, ητος, ό, Dares, a Trojan, priest of

Hephæstus.

Δάτις, ιδος, ὁ, Datis, a Mede, associate commander of the Persian army at the battle of Marathon.

Δαύλιοι, ωr, ol, the Daulians, inhabitants of

Daulis

Δαυλίε, ίδοτ, ἡ, Daulis, a city of Phocis, near Delphi.

Δαφναγόρας, α, δ, Daphnagoras, a Mysian.

Δετμος, ου, ο, Dimos, Fear personified.

Δανομένης, ous, o, Dinomenes, father of Hiero

and Gelon.

Accelera, as, h, Decelea, an Attic deme, seized and fortified by the Spartans in the Peloponnesian war.

Δέλτα, τό, the Delta, a region of Thrace, near

Byzantium.

**Delphinium**, a city in the island of Chios.

Δέξιππος, ου, δ, Dexippus, a Laconian.

Δερκυλίδας, also -κυλλί-, a and ov, δ, Dercylidas, a Spartan general.

**Δέρνης**, ου, δ, Dernes, a Persian satrap of Arabia.

Δηϊκόων, ωντος, δ, Deicoon, a Trojan.

Δητπυλος, ου, δ, Deipylus, a Greek, comrade of Sthenelus.

Δημάρατος, Dor. Δαμάρατος, Ion. Δημάρητος, ου, ο, Demaratus, an exiled king of Sparta,

who accompanied Xerxes in his invasion of Greece.

Δήμαρχος, ου, d, Demarchus, a Syracusan commander.

Δημοκόων, ωντος, ό, Democoon, a son of Priam. Δημοκράτης, ους, ό, Democrates, of Temenium

in Argolis.

Anucocliving, out, o, Demosthenes, a cele-

brated Athenian general in the Peloponnesian war.

Δημόφιλος, ου, ὁ, Demophilus, a leader of the

Thespians at Thermopylæ.

Διαγόραs, ov and a, ò, Diagoras, an inhabitant

of Rhodes, father of Dorieus.

Διαδρόμης, ου, δ, Diadromes, a Thespian, father of Demophilus.

Διηνέκης, ous, δ, Dieneces, a courageous Spartan.

Διθόραμβοs, ov. d, Dithyrambus, a Thespian who distinguished himself at Thermopylæ.

Alkanos, ov, d, Dicceus, an Athenian.

Διοκλής, έους, ὁ, Diocles: (1) king of Pherse in Messenia; (2) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Διομέδων, οντος, δ, Diomedon, an Athenian

commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Διομήδης, εσς, δ, Diomedes, son of Tydeus, king of Argos, one of the bravest of the Greeks before Troy.

Δίον, ου, τό, Dium, a town in northwestern

Eubœa, near Histisea.

Acordonos, ou, d, Dionysius, a tyrant of Syracuse, son of Hermocrates.

Διότιμος, ου, ὁ, Diotimus, an Athenian commander.

Auspus, ous, ô, Diores, son of Amarynceus, a chief of the Epeï before Troy.

Δόλοπες, ων, ol, the Dolopes, a Thessalian tribe, dwelling about Mt. Pindus in Epirus.

Δολοπίων, over, ὁ, Dolopion, a Trojan, priest of the river-god Scamander.

**Δορίσκος**, ου, ό, *Doriscus*, a plain in Thrace at the mouth of the Hebrus, containing a city of the same name,  $\dot{\eta}$  Δορίσκος.

Δόρυστος, ου, ό, Doryssus, son of Leobotes. Δουλίχιον, ου, τό, Dulichsum, the largest

island in the group of the Echinades, near the coast of Acarnania.

Δουλίχιόνδε, to Dulichium.

Δρακοντίδης, ου, ο, Dracontides, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Δρακόντιος, ου, ο, Dracontius, a Spartan.

Δρήσος, ου, δ, Dresus, a Trojan.

Δρίλαι, ŵ, ol, the Drilæ, a brave people in Pontus, on the borders of Colchis, near Trapezus,

Δρέας, αντος, δ, Dryas: (1) one of the Thessalian Lapithæ; (2) a Thracian prince, father of Lycurgus.

Δρυοπίε, ίδος, ή, Dryopis, the territory of the Dryopes, which was, originally, Mt. Eta and

the surrounding region.

Δόρας, ου, δ, Dyras, a river in Thessaly flow-

ing into the Malian Gulf.

Δωριεύε, έως, δ, Dorieus: (1) son of Anaxandrides king of Sparta; (2) son of Diagoras, a Rhodian naval commander, who aided the Spartans.

Δωρόθεος, ου, δ, Dorotheus, an Athenian.

# $\mathbf{E}$

"Εβρος, ου, ο, Hebrus, the chief river in Thrace, flowing into the Ægean sea.

Eldouv, ov, 76, Ilesium, a city in Bosotia.

Еіретріа, вес Еретріа.

Εκάβη, ης, η, Hecuba, wife of Priam.

Εκατώνυμος, ου, δ, Hecatonymus, an inhabitant of Sinope.

Εκβάτανα, ων, τά, Echatana, the capital of the Median empire, and afterward the favorite summer residence of the Persian kings.

EKTOPIONS, OU, d, son of Hector, i. e. Astyanax.

"Εκτωρ, opos, δ, Hector, eldest son of Priam and Hecuba, chief hero of the Trojans, slain by Achilles.

Έλαιοθε, οθετος, δ, Elæus, a town at the southeastern point of the Thracian Cherso-

"Ελατος, ου, δ, Elatus, an ally of the Trojans, from Pedasus.

Έλάνη, ης, ή, Helene (Helen), daughter of Zeus and Leda, and wife of Menelaus, the cause of the Trojan war.

"Exercs, ov, d, Helenus, son of Priam, a war-

rior and prophet.

Executiv or Execute, iros, h, Eleusis, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Demeter (Ceres) and Cora (Proserpina), containing a famous temple of Ceres; in it were celebrated the Eleusinian mysteries.

Exerctinos, or, d, an Eleusinian, an inhabi-

tant of Eleusis.

Έλεφήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, Elephenor, leader of the

Eubean Abantes against Troy.

Eleon, a town in Bostia, near Tanagra.

Exector, over, d. Helicaon, a Trojan noble, son of Antenor.

Eλίκη, ης, η, Helice, the ancient capital of Achaia, on the Corinthian Gulf, destroyed by an earthquake in B. C. 373.

"Ελιξος, ου, ὁ, Helixus, an inhabitant of Megara.

'Ελλησποντιακός, ή, όν, equivalent to the following.

'Ελλησπόντιος, a, or, on or of the Hellespont, Hellesnontic.

Έλλήσποντος, ου, δ, Hellespont, the strait connecting the Propontis with the Agean

"Eλes, ous, τό, Helos: (1) a town in Laconia near the mouth of the Eurotas; (2) a town or district of Elis, on the Alpheus.

"Evôlos, less correctly Evôlos, ov,ò, Endius or Eudius, a Spartan ephor.

Everol, www, ol, the Eneti, a people of Paphlagonia.

Evifives, see Alviâves.

Evioun, ης, ή, Enispe, an Arcadian town. "Eγνομος, ου, ο, Ennomus, an ally of the Tro-

jans, from Mysia.

'Eνθάλιος, ου, δ, (the Warlike), Enyalius, an epithet of Ares (Mars).

**Εξάδιος**, ου, δ. Exadius, one of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

**Έξαρχος, ου, δ, Exarchus, a Spartan ephor.** 

'Eπαμεινώνδας, ου, δ, Epaminondas, the leading general and statesman of Thebes. Exact, ŵr, ot, the Epci, one of the tribes

inhabiting Elis from ancient times.

Επήρατος, ου, δ, Eperatus, a Spartan ephor. Έπιάλτης, 800 Έφιάλτης.

Eurysvys, ous, o, Epigenes, son of Antiphon, a friend of Socrates.

Embaipios, a, or, of Epidaurus; of Embaipiot, the Epidaurians.

Eπίδαυρος, ου, η, Epidaurus, an important town in Argolis, on the Saronic Gulf.

Eπίζηλος, ου, ό, Epizelus, an Athenian.

Exections, our, o, Epicydes, a Syracusan, father of Demarchus.

Emotions, our, o, Episthenes: (1) of Amphipolis, commander of the light-armed Greek troops, peltastæ, in the expedition of Cyrus the younger; (2) an Olynthian, serving in the same expedition.

Existrophes, ov. o. Epistrophus: (1) son of Iphitus, a leader of the Phocians before Troy; (2) an ally of the Trojans from Alybe; (3) sop

of Euenus, king of Lyrnessus.

Emitádas, a and ou, d, Epitadas, a Spartan commander at Sphacteria.

'Eπύαξα, ης, ή, Epyaxa, wife of Syennesis a king of Cilicia.

Ecastribus, ov. d. Erasinides, one of the Athenian commanders in the naval battle at Arginuse.

Epasis reares, ov, o, Erasistratus, one of the

thirty tyrants at Athens.

Eρατοσθένης, ous, o, Eratosthenes, one of the

thirty tyrants at Athena. Eρέτρια, poetic Elp-, as, ή, Eretria, an ancient and important city on the west coast of Euboes.

Eperpués, έως, ὁ, an Eretrian; οἱ Eperpués, or Ion. Eperpués, the Eretrians.

Eprobalism, wos, d, Ereuthalion, a leader of the Arcadians against Pylos.

'Eρεχθεύς, έως, ὁ, Erechtheus, an ancient hero and king of Athens.

Ερμόνη, ης, ή, Hermione, a city on the southern coast of Argolis, opposite the island Hydres.

Equoyérns, ous, à, Hermogenes, an Athenian,

a friend of Socrates.

Έρμοκράτης, ous, à, Hermocrates, a leader of the Syracusans in the Peloponnesian war, father of Dionysius.

Epper, wros, d, Hermon, an inhabitant of

Megara. Eρυθίνοι, ων, ol, Erythini, a city and range

of cliffs on the coast of Paphlagonia.

Epulpal, ŵr, al, Erythræ, an ancient city in southern Bœotia, on the Asopus, at the foot of Mt. Cithæron.

Errepiral, we, ol, the Hesperitz, a tribe in

western Armenia.

Ετεοκλήσιος (poet. for Ετεόκλειος), a, ov, of or belonging to Eteocles a king of Thebes.

Eredvikos, ov, d, Eteonicus, a Spartan.

'Eτεωνός, οῦ, ὁ, Eteonus, a town in southern Bœotia, on the Asopus, later called Scarphe.

Esayopas, ov, o, Euagoras: (1) a king of Salamis in Cyprus, a contemporary of Conon; (2) an inhabitant of Elis.

Edulus, cros, d, Eucomon, a Thessalian

prince.

Education in e. Eurypylus.

**Εδάρχνππος**, ου, δ, *Euarchippus*, a Spartan

ephor.

Είβοια, as, ή, Eubæa, a large and celebrated tsland, lying along the coast of Locris, Bœotia, and Attica, now Negropont.

Eiboreis, éws, d, a Eubaan; oi Eiboreis, or

Ion. Espories, the Euberans.

**Εὐβοϊκός**, ή, όν, of Eubæa, Eubæan.

Eέβάταs, and -βό-, ov, & Eubotas, a Cyrenean.

Ethios, see Evhios.

Eunvoplins, ou, d, son of Euenor, i. e. Liocritus.

Eύηνός, οῦ, δ, Euenus: (1) the name of two Elegiac poets of Paros, one of whom is said to have instructed Socrates in poetry; (2) son of Selapius, a king of Lyrnessus.

Eύκλείδης, ου, ό, Euclides (Euclid): (1) a soothsayer of Phlius; (2) an officer of the Spartan general Thibron; (3) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens; (4) of Megara, a pupil of; Socrates, founder of the Megarian school of philosophy.

Eukhas, four, o, Eucles, son of Hippon, a

Syracusan commander.

Εύκτήμων, ονος, ὁ, Euctemon, an Athenian archon.

Einabns, ous, d. Eumathes, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Eiuaxos, ov, d, Eumachus, an Athenian gen-

eral. Einivys, ous, o, Eumenes, a brave Athenian

at Salamis. Εύμηλος, ου, ό, Eumelus, son of Admetus, a

Thessalian leader against Troy.

Evolers, ews, o, another reading is 'Evolias. ov, o, a designation in Xen. Anab. 7, 4, 18 of Hieronymus of Elis. Probably a geographical term of uncertain reference.

Edwaldns, ovs. d. Eupithes, an Ithacan noble.

Eφναλος, ου, δ, Euryalus, a commander of the Myceneans before Troy.

Εύρυβάτης, ου, δ, Eurybates: (1) a herald of

Agamemnon; (2) a herald of Ulysses.

Είρυβιάδης, ου, ο, Eurybiades, a Spartan, commander of the Grecian fleet at Artemisium and Salamis.

Εύρυδάμας, αντος, δ, Eurydamas, a Trojan prince, skilful in interpreting dreams.

Espisyus, ov, d, Eurydemus, father of the traitor Ephialtes.

Eύρύκλεια, as, ή, Euryclia, daughter of Ops, nurse of Ulvsses.

Espundsibns, ou, d, Euryclides, a Spartan.

Eupurparns, ous, d, Eurycrates, a king of

Eurycratides, a king of Sparta.

Εύρύλοχος, ου, ό, Eurylochus, an Arcadian from Lusi.

Espopazos, ov, s, Eurymachus: (1) son of Polybus, a suitor of Penelope; (2) a Dardanian; (3) a Theban, father of Leontiades; (4) a grandson of the preceding.

Eupopellar, ortos, o, Eurymedon, charioteer

of Agamemnon.

Ecotropos, ov, d, Eurynomus, son of Agyptius of Ithaca, a suitor of Penelope.

Esportolemus, ov, o, Euryptolemus, an Athe-

nian, son of Pisianax.

Εύρύπυλος, ου, δ, Eurypylus: (1) a Thessa-

lian chief before Troy; (2) a king of Cos.

Evour Gives, ous, o, Eurysthenes, son of Aristodemus, king of Sparta. From him and his twin brother Procles were descended the two royal families of Sparta, the Eurysthenidæ (called also Agidæ), and the Proclidæ.

Eŭpuros, ou, o, Eurytus: (1) a leader of the Epei; (2) a brave Spartan at Thermopylæ.

Eformagos (poet. for Eformagos), ov, à, Eusorus, a Thracian.

Etronous, cos, h, Eutresis, a Bosotian village,

near Thespiæ. Εύφημος, ov, δ, Euphemus, leader of the Ci-

cones, an ally of the Trojans.

Euphorion, an Athenian, father of the poet Æschylus.

Εύφράτης, ου, ο, Euphrates, a celebrated river of western Asia, rising in Armenia, and flowing into the Persian Gulf.

'Epicros, a, or, Ephesian; of 'Epicros, the

Ephesians.

Experses, ou, in, Ephesus, the chief city of Ionia, on the coast, at the mouth of the Cayster, containing a celebrated temple of Diana.

Έφιάλτης, ου, Ion. Έπιάλτης, εω, δ, Ephialtes: (1) a giant, the son of Poseidon, one of the Aloidæ; (2) a Trachinian, who betrayed the Greeks at Thermopylæ.

'Εφύρα, as, η, Ephyra: (1) a Pelasgian city of Elis; (2) a town of Thesprotia in Epirus;

(3) the ancient name of Corinth.

Έχεκράτης, ους, à, Echecrates, of Phlius, a friend of Socrates.

Έχέμων, poet. Έχέμμων, ovos, δ, Echemon or Echemmon, a son of Priam.

Εχέπωλος, ου, ο, Echepolus, a Trojan, son of

Thalysius.

Έχεστρατος, ου, δ, Echestratus, son of Agis I., king of Sparta.

Zákuveos, ou, n, Zacynthus, an island in the Ionian sea, off the coast of Elis, containing a city of the same name.

Zαπάτας, α, more commonly Ζάβατος, ου, ὁ, Zapatas or Zabatus, a river of Assyria, flowing

into the Tigris.

Zena, as, h, Zelia, an ancient city of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida.

Zeikunnos, ov, d, Zeuxippus, a Spartan ephor.

Zήλαρχος, ου, δ, Zelarchus, a market official. Zωστήρ, ήροι, δ, Zoster, a promontory, consisting of several slender points, on the west coast of Attica, between Phalerum and Sunium.

## Н

'Ηγήσανδρος, ου, à, Hegesander, an officer in the army of the ten thousand Greeks.

'Hyno laos and 'Hyno laus, see 'Ayno laos.

Ήγιε, εσε Αγιε.

'Heolβoia, as, ή, poetic for Eo-, Eribæa, the second wife of Aloeus.

'Herlwo, woos, d, Eëtion, king of Thebe in

Mysia, and father of Andromache.

Hioves, w, al, Etones, a town in Argolis, near the promontory Scyllæum.

'Hιών, όνος, ή, Είση, a city in Macedonia, at the mouth of the Strymon, the port of Amphipolis.

Haios, a, or, of Elis, Elean; of 'Haios, the Eleans.

'Hλιε, ιδος, - ή, Elis, a country on the west coast of the Peloponnesus.

Ήλωνη, ης, ή, Elone, an ancient town in Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Olympus.

'Hnibarós, see 'Anibarós.

'Ηράκλεια, as, ή, Heraclea : (1) 'Ηράκλεια ή Ποντική, the Pontic Heraclea, a city of Bithynia, on the coast of the Euxine; (2) Hoakhaa 1 Tpaxivla, the Trachinian Heraclea, a city of Thessaly in the territory of Trachis, built by the Lacedemonians and Trachinians together.

'Hρακλείδης, ου, δ, son or descendant of Hercules; as a proper name, Heraclides: (1) of Maronea in Thrace; (2) a Syracusan comman-

der, son of Aristogenes.

'Hoánλειον, ου, τό, the Heracleum, temple of Hercules.

Ήρακλεώτης, ου, δ, a Heraclean.

'Hoaklewtis, ιδος, ή, fem. adj., (χώρα understood), the Heraclean (territory).

'Horlo803, ov. o. Hesiodus (Hesiod), a celebrated Grecian poet, born at Ascra in Bœotia.

Θάλπιος, ου, ο, Thalpius, a leader of the Epeï before Troy.

Θαλυσιάδης, ου, à, son of Thalysius, i.e.

Echepolus. Θαμνήρια, ων, τά, Thamneria, a town of Media, near the Cadusii.

**52** 

Θάμυρις, ιδος and ιος, δ, Thamyris, an ancient Thracian bard.

Θαρύπας, ου, ο, Tharypas, a favorite of the

Thessalian commander Menon.

Odorios, a, ov, Thasian, belonging to Thasus.

Gáros, ov, n, Thusus, an island of the Agean off the coast of Thrace, having a city of the same namé.

Oavpakla, as, i, Thaumacia, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Θαψακηνοί, ω, ol, the Thapsacenes, inhabi-

tants of Thapsacus.

**Θάψακος**, ου, ή, Thapsacus, a city of Syria on the west bank of the Euphrates, where was an important ford.

Geará, ovs. n. Theano, sister of Hecuba, priestess of Athena, and wife of Antenor.

Θεμιστοκλής, έους, ὁ, Themistocles, the great statesman and leader of the Athenians, conqueror of the Persians at Salamis.

Geogenes: (1) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens; (2) a Locrian captain.

Georges, cos and coos, o, Theognis, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

George, ous, o, Theocydes, an Athenian.

Θεομήστωρ, opos, δ, Theomestor, a tyrant of Samos.

Θεόπομπος, ov, δ, Theopompus: (1) an Athenian in the army of the ten thousand Greeks; (2) a Milesian pirate.

Θερμαίος, ου, δ, with κόλπος, the Thermaic Gulf, the northwestern arm of the Ægean sea,

between Pieria and Chalcidice. Θέρμη, ης, ή, Therme, a city in Macedonia. at the head of the Thermaic Gulf, later called

Thessalonica.

Θερμάδων, οντος, δ, Thermodon, a river of Pontus, flowing into the Euxine.

Gepotrns, ov, o, Thersites, the most ugly and

abusive of the Greeks before Troy.

Ofornia, and -πεια, as, ή, usually in pl. Geomial, we, al, Thespice, an ancient city in Bœotia, at the foot of Mt. Helicon.

Geomet's, éws, d, a Thespian; ol Geomiels, or

Ion. Georgies, the Thespians.

Geomparol, www, ol, the Thesproti, the most ancient inhabitants of Epirus, of Pelasgic origin, dwelling on the coast.

Θεσσαλία, as, ή, Thessaly, the largest country

of Greece, in the north, mostly a plain.

Θεσσαλός, ή, όι, Thessalian.

Θεσσαλός, οῦ, ὁ, Thessalus, a son of Hercules. Θεστορίδης, ου, ò, son of Thestor, i.e. Calchas.

Gerralia, Gerralds, Att. for Geograpia, &c., which see.

Θηβαι, ων, al, Thebes, the chief city of Bœotia.

Oηβαίος, ov, δ, an inhabitant of Thebes.

Onpaperns, ous, o, Theramenes, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens, a distinguished general, noted for his frequent changes in politics.

Θήχης, à, Theches, a mountain in Pontus, from which the ten thousand Greeks caught sight of the sea (the Euxine).

Θίβραχος, ου, ο, Thibrachus, an Athenian

rolemarch.

Θίβρων, ωνος, ό, Thibron, a Spartan general. Θίσβη, ης, η, Thisbe, a city of Breotia, near Mt. Helicon.

Coas, arros, o, Thoas, a leader of the Ætolians before Troy.

Oopunds, ou, d, Thoricus, one of the twelve ancient cities of Attica. Colpies, a, or, Thurian, of Thurii, a city on

the southern coast of Italy, an Athenian colony. Θόων, ωνος, δ, Thoön, a Trojan.

Θόωσα, ης, ή, Thoösa, a nymph, mother of Polyphemus.

Θράκη, ης, η, Thrace, a district extending from Macedonia to the Euxine along the Ægean and Propontis.

Θράκιον, ου, τό, the Thracian square, a place

in Byzantium near the Thracian gate.

Θράξ, ακός, δ, a Thracian, used chiefly of the residents in Thrace, but also of those who had migrated from Thrace into Bithynia.

Θρασύβουλος, ου, δ, Thrasybulus, an Athenian, son of Lycus, the leader in the overthrow of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Θρασύλεως, ω, (Ion. for Θρασύλαος, ου), ά, Thrasylaus, an Athenian.

Θράσυλλος, ov. o. Thrasyllus, one of the ten victorious Athenian generals at Arginusæ.

Θρασυμηλίδας, a, b, Thrasymelidas, a Spar-

tan naval commander.

Opiaorios, a, ov, of Thria an Attic deme; τό Θριάσιον πεδίον, the Thriasian plain, a fertile plain between Thria and Eleusis.

Opdviov, ou, 76, Thronium, the chief town of the Locri Epicnemidii, near the Boagrius, a

short distance from the Malian Gulf.

Θρύον, ου, τό, Thryum, a city of Elia, on the Alpheus, in the territory of Nestor.

Overτης, ov, δ, Thyestes, son of Pelons, brother of Atreus, and father of Ægisthus.

Θύμβριον, ου, τό, Thymbrium, a city in eastern Phrygia, containing the fountain of Midas. Ounoline, ov, o, Thymastes, one of the elders

of Trov.

Θυμοχάρης, ous, o, Thymochares, a leader of the Athenians in the Peloponnesian war.

Gurol, ar, ol, the Thyni, a branch of the Thracians, dwelling at first near Salmydessus, who afterwards crossed into Asia and settled on the coast of Bithynia.

Oápat akos, d, Thorax, a Spartan comman-

der.

# I

'Iáhuevos, ov, o, Ialmenus, son of Ares and

Astyoche, a chief of the Minyæ.

Tarbrios, a, or, belonging to Jason; † Taroνία άκτή, the Jasonian promontory, on the coast of Pontus, between Cotyore and the Iris, where Jason is said to have landed with the Argonauts.

'Iamλκός (poetic for 'Imλ-), οῦ, ἡ, Iolcus, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly, the birthplace of Jason and gathering-place of the Argonauts.

"Isa, 115, 11, Ida, a mountain in Mysia near

'Isaîos, ov, o, Idaus: (1) a Trojan herald; (2) a Trojan, son of Dares.

**Ιδηθεν**, from Ida.

'Ιδομενεύς, έως, ὁ, Idomeneus, son of Deucalion, and grandson of Minos, king of Crete and leader of the Cretans before Troy.

Ispantens, ous, d, Hieramenes, a Persian.

'Isper, wros, o, Hieron, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

'Ispánulos, ou, d, Hieronymus, a captain, from

'Iηλυσός (Ion. for 'Ιαλ-), οῦ, ἡ, Ialysus, an ancient Dorian city in the island of Rhodes.

'Ihow (Ion. for 'Idow), ovos, d, Jason, son of Æson, leader of the expedition of the Argonauts to obtain the golden fleece.

'Ιθώμη, ης, η, Ithome, a fortress in Thessaly,

near Metropolis.

'Ixápios, ov, o, Icarius, father of Penel-

Inerder, oros, o, Hicetaon, a Trojan, son of Laomedon.

'Ικόνιον, ου, τό, Iconium, an ancient city of Asia Minor, during the Persian dominion the easternmost city of Phrygia, but later the capital of Lycaonia.

Tλαρχος, ου, ὁ, *Flarchus*, a Spartan ephor.

'Iλιάς, άδος, ή, fem. adj., Trojan; used of the goddess Athene. "Ilium, ov, the famous city.

Liver 63, oû, ô, Ilissus, a small river flowing through the southeastern part of Athens.

\*Ixos, ou, o, Ilus, son of Mermerus, dwelling

in Ephyra.

'Iμβρασίδης, ου, ό, son of Imbrasus, i. e. Pirous.

'Iμβριος, a, or, of Imbrus; of "Iμβριοι, the Imbrians.

"Ιμβρος, ου, ή, Imbrus, an island in the northern Ægean, near the Thracian Chersonese, with a city of the same name.

'Inépa, as, h, Himera, a city of Sicily on the

Himeras, a colony of the Zancleans.

'Ivool, ŵr, ol, the Indians, inhabitants of India. "Invo., wr, ol, (lit. ovens), Ipni, a rugged place in Magnesia in Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Pelium.

'Immaypéras, a and ou, d, Hippagretas, a

Spartan commander at Sphacteria.

Innebs, éws, d, Hippeus, a commander of the Samians. 'Iππίας, ου, Ion. 'Ιππίης, εω, δ, Hippias, a

tyrant of Athens, who finally joined the Persians.

'Ιπποδάμεια, as, η, Hippodamia, daughter of

Adrastus, wife of Pirithous:

ImmoSaucios, or, of Hippodamus; in the phrase ή 'Ιπποδάμειος άγορά, the Hippodamian marketplace, the great square of Pirmus, so named from the architect Hippodamus of Miletus.

'Innócos, ov, o, Hippothous, son of Lethus, of Larissa in Troas.

Ίπποκράτης, ους, δ. Hippocrates, an Athenian,

father of Pisistratus. 'Iππόλοχος, ου, δ, Hippolochus: (1) a son of Bellerophon, and father of Glaucus; (2) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Innouages, ou, o, Hippomachus, one of the

thirty tyrants at Athena.

"Inwwv, wros, o, Hippon, a Syracusan, father of Eucles.

\*Ipes, cos and coos, o, Iris, a river of Pontus,

flowing into the Euxine near Amisus. "Isravôpos, ov, o, Isandrus, a son of Bellerophon.

'Icaves, opos, o, Isanor, a Spartan ephor.

"Iorias, ov, o, Isias, a Spartan ephor.

'Icrol, w, ol, also written 'Icros, ou, h, Issi or Issus, a city in the southeastern extremity of Cilicia.

Ιστίαια, as, ή, (this and its derivatives are Ion. for Eoriaa, etc.), Histiaa, an ancient and important city at the northeastern extremity of Eubœa, later called Oreus.

Torravebs, éws, ò, a Histicean.

'Ιστιαιήτις, ιδος, ή, fem. adj., Histicean; γή ή Ιστιαιήτις, the Histicean territory.

Ioriatos, ov. d. Histiaus, a Samian.

'Icxivoos, ov, o, Ischenous, an inhabitant of Ægina.

'Iταβίλιος, ου, δ, Rabelius, a Persian commander in Comania.

"Irwv, wros, h, Iton, a city of Phthiotis in

Thessaly.

"Iouxlos, ou, o, Iphiclus, of Thessaly, son of Phylacus, an Argonaut.

"Iditos, ov. d. Iphitus, of Phocis, son of Nau-

bolus, an Argonaut.

'Louch, fis, h, Ioce, the Battle-Din personified.

'Iwvia, as, h, Ionia, a strip of the western coast of Asia Minor extending from Phocesa in the north to Miletus in the south, containing twelve important cities; so named because inhabited chiefly by Ionian Greeks.

# K

Kabovoros, w, ol, the Cadusii, a Scythian tribe dwelling on the southwest of the Caspian, between the Araxes and the Amardus.

Kálkos, ou, o, Caicus, a river of Mysia, flowing

into the Cumean Gulf.

Karval, Dr. al, Cana, a city of Mesopotamia,

on the west bank of the Tigris.

Karvelong, ov, d, son of Caneus, i. e. Coronus. Kaiveis, éws, d, Caneus, son of Elatus, king of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

Kaliforos, ov, o, Calesius, charioteer of Axy-

lus. Καλλιάδης, ου, ό, Calliades, an Athenian archon.

Kaλλίαρος, ου, η Calliarus, a city in Locris. Kallias, ov, o, Callias, an Athenian archon. Kaλλίβιος, ov, o, Callibius, the Spartan harmost of Athens under the thirty tyrants.

Καλλικρατίδας, ου, δ, Callicratidas, a Spartan

naval commander.

Καλλίμαχος, ου, δ, Callimachus: (1) an Athenian polemarch at Marathon; (2) an Arcadian captain in the army of the ten thousand.

Kallizmus, an Athenian

demagogue.

Kallistratus, an Athe-

nian of the tribe Leontis.

Κάλπη, ης, ή, Calpe, a promontory and town on the northern coast of Bithynia.

Kάλυδναι (νήσοι), al, the Calydnæ (Islands), a group of islands off the coast of Caria, near Cos, belonging to the Sporades.

Kalveer, wros, h, Calydon, an ancient city in

southern Ætolia, on the Evenus.

Kadurbeit, ews, b, an inhabitant of Calynda, a city in southeastern Caria; of Kahuyseis, the Calyndians.

Kahuybikos, 1, br, Calyndian.

Kaλχηδών, όνος, ή, Calchedon, a Greek city on the coast of Bithynia, nearly opposite Byzantium.

Καλχηδονία, as, ή, (χώρα understood), the territory of Calchedon.

Kadynborios, ov, d, an inhabitant of Calchedon, a Calchedonian.

Kapápiva, as, h. Camarina, a city on the southern coast of Sicily, a colony of Syracuse.

Kaμβόσης, ov, à, Cambyses, the name of two Persian kings; the second was the son and successor of Cyrus the Great.

Kápapos, ou, à, Camirus, a city on the west

coast of the island of Rhodes.

Kávvevos, ov, o, Cannonus, an Athenian statesman.

Kanaveés, éws, d. Capaneus, son of Hipponoüs, and father of Sthenelus.

Kawavyiábys, ov, d, son of Capaneus, i. e. Sthenelus.

Kanavhios, a, ov, of or belonging to Capaneus. Kawwasonia, as, h. Cappadocia, a country of eastern Asia Minor, between Pontus and Cilicia. In early times its boundaries were more extended.

Kaobla, as, h. Cardia, a city in the Thracian

Chersonese.

Kapbovxaos, a, or, of the Carduchi, Carduchian.

Kap800xou, we, oi, the Carduchi, a warlike nation dwelling between the upper waters of the Tigris and Lake Arissa.

Kapla, as, n, Caria, a country on the southwest coast of Asia Minor, south of Lydia.

Káporos, ou, d, Carsus, a river of Cilicia. Kapvorios, a, or, of Carystus, Carystian.

Kápvortos, ov, \(\delta\), Carystus, a town at the southern extremity of Eubœa, at the foot of Mt. Oche.

Kapyybóvioi, wr. ol. the Carthaginians, in-

habitants of Carthage.

Kaσθavala (and Kaστ-), as, ή, Casthanca, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly, near Mt. Pelium. Káros, ov, n, Casus, an island, one of the Cyclades.

Kaσταλία, as, ή, Castalia, a fountain on Mt. Parnassus, sacred to Apollo and the Muses.

Kaorudos, oû, d, Castolus, a city of Lydia. Karavy, 75, h, Catane, a city on the east

coast of Sicily, at the foot of Mt. Ætna.

Kavorpios (and Kavorpos), ov, o, the Cavetrius or Cayster, a river of Lydia and Ionia, flowing into the Ægean sea near Ephesus.

Καύστρου πεδίον, τό, (lit. plain of Cayster), Cajistrupedium, a city of Asia Minor, probably

in Pamphylia.

Kannetes, eas, o, Caphereus, the southeast promontory of Eubeaa, where the Greek fleet was wrecked on its return from Troy.

- .. ---

Keάδηs, ov, o, son of Ceas, i. e. Træzenus.

Kέβης, ητος, δ, Cebes, a Theban, a friend of Socrates.

Keopetau, &, al, Cedrea, a city of Caria on the Ceramic Gulf.

Ketos, wr, oi, the Ceans, inhabiting the island

Kelawal, &, al, Celænæ, a city in southern Phrygia, on the Mæander.

Kerrptrus, ov. ô, Centriles, a small tributary of the Tigris, the boundary between the Cardu-

chi and Armenia.

Kepanessés, oû, ô, Ceramicus, a place outside of the walls of Athens, probably northwest, where those who fell in battle were often buried. The name is also applied to an adjoining part of the city within the walls.

Керацию, а, от, вате ав Керациков.

Κεραμικός, ή, όν, belonging to Ceramus, a city in Caria; δ κόλωσε Κεραμικός, the Ceramic gulf.

Kepapêr ἀγορά, ή, (lit. market-place of the Ceramians), Ceramon-agora, a town in western

Phrygia.

Kepasoderios, we, ol, the Cerasuntians, in-

habitants of Cerasus.

Kepacros, obrros, b, Cerasus, a Greek city on the coast of Pontus, a colony of Sinope.

Kipkowes, or, oi, the Cercopes, a fabled race of dwarfs, located at the pass of Thermopylæ, and in other places.

Kepτόνιον, ου, τό, Certonium, a city on the

coast of Mysia. Kéos, ov),  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ceos, an island, one of the Cyclades, opposite the promontory Sunium in Attica.

Kήρινθος, ου, ή, Cerinthus, a small coast town in northeastern Eubœa, on the Budorus.

Kηφισόδοτος, ου, δ, Csphisodotus, an Athenian commander.

Kηφισόδωρος, ov, o, Cephisodorus, an Athe-

nian captain.

Kηφισός, οῦ, ὁ, Cephisus, a small stream which crosses the roads between Athens and Pirseus, and empties into the bay of Phalerum.

Κηφισοφών, ώντος, δ, Cephisophon, a common Athenian name. Especially the name of an envoy to Sparta.

Κίθαιράν, ῶνος, ὁ, Cithæron, a lofty range of mountains separating Bœotia from Megaris and Attica

Kinoves, ar, ol, the Cicones, inhabiting the western part of the coast of Thrace,

Kilinia, as, h, Cilicia, a country on the southeast coast of Asia Minor, next to Syria.

ΚΩλα, ης, ή, Cilla, a city of Troas, on the Cilleus, containing a celebrated temple of Apollo.

K(μων, ωνος, d, Cimon, a common Athenian name: (1) the father of Miltiades; (2) the son of Miltiades, a distinguished general and statesman.

Klos, ov, ή, Cius, a city of Bithynia on the Propontis.

Kissents, 180s, h, daughter of Cisseus or Cisses king of Thrace.

Klownos, w, ol, the Cissians, inhabitants of Cissia, the district in which the city of Susa was located, a part of Susiana.

Khajoueval, &, al, Clazomenæ, a city in

Ionia, on the Gulf of Smyrna.

Khenyopas, ev, o, Cleagoras, a painter, of Phlius.

Khealveros, ov, o, Cleanetus, a captain in the army of the ten thousand.

Khéavôpos, ov, ô, Cleandrus, a Spartan harmost at Byzantium.

Kackwap, opos, o, Cleanor, an inhabitant of Orchomenus in Arcadia, a general in the army of the ten thousand.

Kheaperos, ov, o, Clearetus, a captain in the army of the ten thousand.

Κλίαρχος, ου, ὁ, Clearchus, a Lacedæmonian.

a commander in the army of the ten thousand, especially esteemed by Cyrus.

Kλανόμαχος, ου, δ, Clinomachus, a Spartan phor.

Kheósaios, ov. ô, Cleodæus, son of Hyllus, grandson of Hercules.

Kheékpuros, ov. ô, Cleocritus, a herald at the Eleusinian mysteries.

Κλεόμβροτος, ου, ό, Cleombrotus: (1) a Spartan, brother of Leonidas; (2) a pupil of Socrates.

Khaopiens, ous, o, Cleomenes, a Spartan king, half-brother of Leonidas.

Kλεομήδης, ous, o, Cleomedes, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Kλεοσθίνης, ους, ό, Cleosthenes, a Spartan. Κλεόστρατος, ου, ό, Cleostratus, an Argive

ambassador.

Kheopav, wros, o, Cleophon, a commander of

Kheoper, arros, d, Cleophon, a commander of the Athenians.

KNéw, wros, ô, Cleon, an Athenian demagogue and commander in the Peloponnesian

KNewral, &, al, Cleonæ: (1) an ancient town in Argolis, near Corinth, in whose territory the Nemean games were celebrated; (2) a town of Macedonia, on the peninsula of Athos.

Kledrupos, eu, ô, Cleonymus, a brave Spartan.

Khovios, ov. o. Clonius, son of Alector, a leader of the Bootians before Troy.

Khuplen, 115, 14, Clymene, an attendant of Helen.

Khuraupuhorpa, as, h, Clylamnestra, the wife of Agamemuon.

Khurios, ov, & Clytius, a Trojan, elder son of Laomedon.

Kveerés, οῦ, ἡ, Cnosus, an ancient capital of Crete, near the north coast.

Ketλa, ων, τά, (lit. the Hollows), Cæla, a name given to a very dangerous part of the coast of Euboea, between the promontories Caphareus and Chersonesus.

Kolparos, ov, o, Caranus, a Lycian.

Kolparásns, and -sas, ou, o, Caratades or

Coratadas, a Theban.

Korres, ww, ol, the Casta, a people of Pontus whom the ten thousand Greeks passed on their retreat.

Kologowal, &v, al, Colossæ, an important city

in southwestern Phrygia, on the Lycus. Κολοφάν, ῶνος, ἡ, Colophon, one of the twelve

Ionian cities on the coast of Asia Minor. Kolodários, ov. d, a Colophonian, an inhabi-

tant of Colophon.

Kouayta, as, h. Comania, a fortress near

Pergamus in Mysia.

Kóver, eros, o, Conon, an Athenian general, son of Timotheus.

Koρησσός, οῦ, ὁ, Coressus, a mountain near Ephesus.

Koρίνθιοι, ων, ol, the Corinthians.

Keplythes, a, or, Corinthian, belonging to Corinth, the well known city on the Isthmus of Corinth.

Kopowrń, ἢs, ἡ, Corsots, a city on the Euphrates, near the Mascas, found deserted in the time of Xenophon.

Koptoahlos, and -alos, ov, o, Corydallus, of Anticyra.

Κορύλας, α and ου, δ, Corylas, a satrap of

Paphlagonia.

Κορυφάστον, ου, τό, Coryphasium, a pro-

montory on the west coast of Messenia, near Pylus. Kopáraa, as, ħ, Coronea, an important city

in western Beeotia, near lake Copaïa.

Kópavos, ov. ô, Coronus, son of Cæneus, an Argonaut.

Koτίωρα, ων, τά, Cotyora, a Greek city on the coast of Pontus, a colony of Sinope.

Korvepîrau, û, ol, the Cotyorites, inhabitants of Cotyora.

Kουφαγόρας, ου, ό, Cuphagoras, an Athenian.

Kρανάη, ης, ἡ, Cranaē, a small island, probably in the Laconian gulf, near Gythium.

Kράπαθος, ου, η, (poetic for Κάρπαθος), Carpathus, an island between Crete and Rhodes.

Κρατησικλής, έους, ό, Cratesicles, a Spartan. Κρατησιππίδας, α, ό, Cratesippidas, a Spartan naval commander.

Kρήθων, ωνος, ό, Crethon, son of Diocles, of Pherse in Messenia.

Kpyrivys, ov, d, Cretines, father of Aminocles the Thessalian.

Kotos, ov. &, Crius, son of Polycritus, one of the chief men of Ægins.

Κρίταλλα, ων, τἆ, Critalla, a city of Cappadocia, on the Halys.

Kpirles, ov. o, Crities, an uncle of Plato, and one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Κριτόβουλος, ου, δ, Critobulus, an Athenian, a pupil of Socrates. Κρίτων, ωνος, δ, Criton (Crito), an Athenian,

an intimate friend of Socrates.

Kpotoos, ov, o, Crossus, the last king of Lydia,

son of Alyattes.

Κροκίνας, ου, ό, Crocinas, a Thessalian, a victor in the Olympic games.

Kponthua, w, rd, Crocylea, a place in Ithaca.

Κρόμνα, ης, ή, Cromna, a fortress of Paphlagonia, near Amastris.

Kréaros, ov. o, Cteatus, a son of Poseidon and Molione, a chief of the Epeï.

Kτησίαs, ου, ὁ, Ctesias, of Cnidus, a distinguished physician and historian.

Kτήσιππος, ου, ό, Clesippus, an Athenian, a friend of Socrates.

K48vos, ov, & Cydnus, a river of Cilicia, flowing through Tarsus.

Kuboupos, oû, ô, Cydæmus, Uproar personified. Kúbur, wros, ô, Cydon, a Byzantine.

Kuluknyos, h, br, of Cyzicus.

Κυζικηνός, οῦ, ὁ, an inhabitant of Cyzicus; (στατήρ understood) a Cyzicene, a gold coin of Cyzicus, worth about \$4.93.

Kincos, ov. h. Cyzicus, an important city on an island of the same name in the Propontis, close to Mysia.

Κόμη, ης, η, Cyme, the principal city of Æolis in Asia Minor, on the coast, near Phocaca.

Kuvalyespos, or Kuvéyespos, ou, à, Cynazgirus, a brave Athenian warrior, brother of the poet Eschylus.

Kuvickos, ou, d, Cyniscus, a Spartan.

Kovos, ou, n, Cynus, a port of Locris, on the Malian Gulf.

Kurderoupa, as, h, (lit. dog's tail), Cynosura: (1) a promontory on the east coast of Attica, sheltering the bay of Marathon; (2) a promontory on or near the island of Salamis.

Κυπαρισσήκιε, εντος, ή, Cyparisseis, a city on the west coast of Messenia, near the river Cyparissus, later called Cyparissia (Κυπαρισσία).

Kυπάρισσος, ου, ή, Cyparissus, a small city in Phocis, on Mt. Parnassus, near Delphi.

Kupetos, a, or, of Cyrus, Cyreian.

Képos, ou, à, Cyrus, the name of two Persian kings. The second, called "the Great," or "the Elder," was son and successor of Cambyses I. and conqueror of Media. It was also the name of a son of Darius II., called "the Younger," who perished in an expedition to dethrone his brother Artaxerxes II.

Κύτωρος, ου, ή, Cytorus, a coast city of

Paphlagonia, near Amastris.

Kύφος, ου, ή, Cyphus, a city in northern

Thessaly.

Kana, ar, al, Copa, an old town of Bactia

on the northern shore of the lake Copaïs.

Kepóκιος, α, ον, of Corycia the name of a nymph; especially in the phrase τὸ Κερόκιον αντρον, the Corycian cave, in Mt. Parnassus, above Delphi, sacred to Pan and the Corycian nymphs.

Kôs, ô, †, Cos, an island in the Egean sea, opposite Caria, with a city of the same name.

# Λ

Assa (poet. for Ass), Asos, \(\delta\), Las, an ancient city of Laconia, on the west side of the Laconian gulf, near the coast.

Λαβάτας, a, ò, Labotas, a Spartan governor. Λαίρτης, ου, ò, Laërtes, king of Ithaca and

father of Ulysses.

Λάερτιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of Laërtes, i. e. Ulysses. Λακεδαιμόνιος, α, ον, Lacedæmonian: οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι, the Lacedæmonians; often used as equivalent to Laconians.

Λακεδαίμων, ονος, ή, Lacedæmon, the capital

of Laconia; also called Σπάρτη.

Λάκράτης, ous, ὁ, Lacrates, a Spartan, an Olympic victor.

Adner, wros, & a Laconian, an inhabitant of Laconia; often used as equivalent to Lacedæmonian.

Δακενική, ή, ή, Laconia, the southeastern country of the Peloponnesus.

Λάμπος, ου, ὁ, Lampus, a son of Laomedon. Λαμψακηνός, ή, όν, of Lampsacus, Lampsacus.

Λάμψακος, ου, ή, Lampeacus, a flourishing city of Mysia, on the Hellespont, earlier Pityusa.

Λαοδάμεια, as, η, Laodamia, daughter of

Bellerophon and mother of Sarpedon.

Αᾶοδίκη, ης, ἡ, Laodice, a daughter of Priam. Λαόδοκος, ου, ὁ, Laodocus, a Trojan, son of Antenor.

Λαομεδοντιάδης, ου, ὁ, son of Laomedon, i. e. Priam.

Acoutew, orros, b, Laomedon, king of Troy, son of Ilus, and father of Priam.

Appratos, ov. ô, a Larissæan, an inhabitant of Larissa a city of Thessaly.

Λαύραον, ου, τό, Laurium, a range of hills in southern Attica, near the promontory Sunium, celebrated for silver mines.

**Λειώκριτος**, ου, ὁ, *Liocritus*, son of Euenor, a suitor of Penelope.

Δεοντεύς, έως, δ, Leonieus, son of Coronus. Δεοντιάδης, ου, δ, Leonicades, son of Eurymachus, leader of the Thebans at Thermopylæ.

Δεοντίνος, η, ον, of Leontini in eastern Sicily; of Δεοντίνοι, the inhabitants of Leontini.

Acorts, loos, h, Leontis, an Attic tribe, named from the old hero Leos.

Air fos, ou, h, Lesbos, an island of the Egean sea, off the coast of Mysia.

Asuκάδιοι, ων, ol, the Leucadians, inhabitants of Leucas, an island off the coast of Acarnania, originally a peninsula, having a city of the same name.

Acuralophiles, ov, ô, Leucolophiles, an Athenian, father of Adimantus.

Λεθκος, ου, δ, Leucus, a comrade of Ulysses before Trov.

Λευβώτης, εω, (Ion. for Λαβώτας, α), δ, La-

botas, a ruler of Sparta.

Alex, orros, ô, Leon: (1) a king of Sparta, grandfather of Leonidas; (2) an Athenian, native of Salamis; (3) a Spartan ephor.

AcceptSas, a and ov, Ion. -8ηs, δ, Leonidas, king of Sparta, the leader in the celebrated defence of Thermopylæ.

Acceptant, ovs. d, Leoprepes, father of Simonides the poet of Ceos.

Ληθος, ου, ὁ, Lethus, a prince of the Pelasgi

in Larissa, allied with Troy.

Afiros, ov, ô, Lettus, a leader of the Bootians

before Troy.

**Λίβυs**, υσς, δ, *Libys*, a Spartan naval commander.

**Δικόμνιος**, ου, δ, *Licymnius*, son of Electryon and Midea, half-brother of Alcmene.

AΩaιa, as, ή, Lilæa, an ancient town in Phocis, near the sources of the Cephisus.

Alvees, ov, \(\delta\), Lindus, a city on the east coast

of Rhodes, the ancient capital.

Acoustatus, ou, is, and Acousteles, tws. is, a Lusian, an inhabitant of Lusi in northern Arcadia.

Avila, as, i, Lydia, a country of Asia Minor,

on the Ægean sea.

Aucaoria, as, i, Lycaonia, a country of Asia Minor, west of Cappadocia and north of Cilicia.

Aucápios, ou, d, Lycarius, a Spartan ephor. Λέκαστος, ου, η, Lycastus, an ancient city in Crete.

Auxden, cros, o, Lycuon: (1) father of Panda-

rus, of Zelea; (2) a son of Priam.

Awaov, ou, 70, Lyceum, a gymnasium in the southeastern part of Athens, outside of the walls, where Aristotle taught.

Aύκιοι, ων, ol, the Lycians, inhabiting Lycia,

a country of southwestern Asia Minor.

Aticos, ou, o, Lycius: (1) a Syracusan; (2) an

Athenian cavalry commander.

Aukloreos, ou, ò, Lyciscus, an Athenian archon. **Δυκομήδης**, ous, δ, Lycomedes, an Athenian ship-captain.

Acres, ou, & Lycus, a river of Bithynia, flow-

ing into the Euxine near Heraclea.

Aukoupyos (poet. -kóop-), ou, ò, Lycurgus: (1) a king of the Edones, in Thrace, punished by the gods for insulting Bacchus; (2) a By-

**Λυκόφρων**, oros, δ, Lycophron, a tyrant of

Pherse in Thessaly.

**Λύκτος**, ου, η, Lyctus, an ancient city of Crete, near Cnosus.

Aukuv, wpos, o, Lycon, an Achaian.

Δυρνησσός, οῦ, ὁ, Lyrnessus, a city of Troas. Atomyspos, ov, o, Lysander, the celebrated Spartan commander, conqueror of Athens.

Augias, ov. d. Lysias, an Athenian com-

mander.

**Δυσικλής, έους, ό, Lysicles, an Athenian,** 

father of Abronichus.

Δυσίμαχος, ου, δ, Lysimachus: (1) an Athenian, father of the celebrated Aristides; (2) a commander of cavalry under the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Austratus, an Athe-

nian soothsayer.

# M

Mayvnola, as, h. Magnesia, a long and narrow strip on the eastern coast of Thessalv.

Máδυτος, ου, ἡ, Madytus, a port-town in the

Thracian Chersonese.

Malavopos, ov, o, Maander, a river of Caria, flowing into the Icarian sea near Miletus, noted for its windings.

Maioria, as, h, poet. Myorin, Maonia, an early name of Lydia, afterwards used of the

eastern portion.

Maiovis, idos, i, poet. Myovis, fem. adj.. Mæonian.

Marcasns, ov, d, Masades, father of the Thracian prince Seuthes.

Maler, oros, o, poet. Miler, a Maconian; oi Myoves, the Maconians.

Maler, cros, d, Macon, son of Hamon of

Thebes.

Maκεδονία, as, ή, Macedonia, a country extending along the coast of the Ægean sea from Thessaly to Thrace.

Makierros and Makierros, a, or, of Macestus

or Macistus, a city in southern Elis.

Maxpuves, w, ol, the Macrones, a people dwelling on the southeast shore of the Euxine.

Maλίa, as, ή, Malea: (1) a promontory on the southeast of Laconia; (2) a promontory at the south of the island of Lesbos.

Marriscos, ov, d, Mantitheus, an Athenian.

Martivera, as, Ion. Martiven, i, Mantinea, an ancient and celebrated city in eastern Arcadia. **Marriveús**, éws, d, a Mantinean.

Mάρδοι, ων, ol, the Mardi, a powerful and warlike tribe dwelling on the south shore of the Caspian sea.

Map86vios, ou, o, Mardonius, son of Gobryss and son-in-law of Darius I., a commander under Darius I. and Xerxes I.

Mapiavõõvol, ŵr, ol, the Mariandyni, an ancient people on the coast of Bithynia, east of the Sangarius.

Maporias, ov, o, Marsyas: (1) a mythological flute-player in Phrygia; (2) a Phrygian river, a tributary of the Mæander.

Máρων, ωνος, δ, Maron, a Spartan who fought

at Thermopylæ.

Mapuvelrys, ov, o, a Maronile, belonging to Maronea, an important town on the south coast of Thrace, west of the Hebrus.

Máσης, ητος, ό, Mases, an ancient city on the south coast of Argolis, the port of Hermione.

Maokâs, â, (and Máokas), ò, Mascas, an eastern tributary of the Euphrates in Mesopotamia.

Magroplens, ov. o. son of Master, i. e. Halitherses.

Meyáβūζos, ov, o, Megabyzus, a common Persian name, also the name of a high priest of Diana at Ephesus.

Meyakpiw, ortos, d, Megacreon, an inhabitant

of Abdera

Miyapa, w, rd, Megara, the chief city of Megaris.

Meyapeus, éws, d, a Megarian, an inhabitant of Megara.

Meyachepuns, ov, o, Megaphernes, a Persian

noble.

Méyns, nros, d, Meges, son of Phyleus, a leader of the Dulichians before Troy.

Meyiorias, ov, d, Megistias, a soothsayer of Acarnania.

MeSeáv, ŵros, ô, Medeon, an ancient city of

Bœotia, near Lake Copais.

McBer, orros, o, Medon, son of Oileus, halfbrother of the lesser Ajax, and commander of the Phthians before Troy.

Metuspieus, ews, d, a Methydrian, an inhabitant of Methydrium, a city in central Arcadia.

Medéry, poet. My-, ys, h, Methone, a city of

Magnesia in Thessaly.

Meλάμπους, οδος, δ, Melampus, son of Amythaon, said to have been the first soothsayer and physician.

Μελάμπυγος, ου, δ, (with λίθος), Melampygus, a rock or cliff on Mt. Anopæa, near Thermopylæ.

Medarolta, w, ol, the Melandita, inhabitants of Melandia, a region of Thrace.

Medavotos, ov, o, Melanthius, an Athenian

commander.

Melas, aros, o, Melas, a river of Malis in Thessaly, flowing into the Malian Gulf near Thermopylæ.

Mediaypos, ov, o, Meleager, of Calydon, an Ætolian hero and hunter, an Argonaut.

Μέλητος, ov, δ, Meletus, an adherent of the

thirty tyrants at Athens.

Mελίβοια, as, ή, Melibæa, a city on the coast of Magnesia in Thessaly, near Mt. Ossa.

Mévavopos, ou, d, Menander, an Athenian

commander.

Mevendas, éous, à Menecles, an Athenian

Meverparys, ous. d. Menecrates, a Syracusan, father of Myscon.

Mereteros, ou, à, Menezenus, an Athenian, a pupil of Socrates.

Merégens, ous, d. Menesthes, a Greek, slain by Hector.

Mevortiádys, ov, d, son of Menætius, i. e. Patroclus.

Mévrns, ou, o, Mentes, king of the Taphians, a friend of Ulysses.

Mévrup, opos, ò, Mentor, son of Alcimus, a

faithful friend of Ulysses in Ithaca.

Méver, wros, o, Menon, a Thessalian of Pharsalus, a commander in the army of Cyrus the younger.

Mepheplone, ov, d, son of Mermerus, i. e. Ilus.

Mépor, oros, o, Merops, a prince of Percote on the Hellespont, and a celebrated soothsayer.

Miσθληs, ov, o, Mesthles, son of Pylæmenes, a leader of the Mæonians before Troy.

Miσπιλα, ης, η, Mespila, a city of Assyria on the Tigris, near Nineveh, in ruins in the time of Xenophon.

Mέσση, ης, ή, Messa, a city and harbor in Laconia, near the promontory of Tænarum.

Meronts, loos, h. Messeis, a fountain at Pherse in Thessaly.

Meronvia, as, in, Messenia, the southwest country of the Peloponnesus.

Merriviol, we, ol, the Messenians.

Mήδεια, as, ή, Medea, a queen of Media

(Xen. Anab. 3, 4, 11).

Mηδία, as, ή, Media, a large and important country of Asia, lying southwest of the Caspian Sea. To Myblas relyos, the wall of Media, extending from the Tigris to the Euphrates, built near the northern boundary of Babylonia as a defence against the Medes.

Mysoros, ov, o, Medocus, a king of the

Odrysæ in Thrace.

**Μήδος,** ου, δ, a Mede.

Μηδοσάδης, ου, ό, Medosades, an ambassador of Seuthes a Thracian prince.

Mήθυμνα, ης, ή, Methymna, a city in the north of Lesbos. Mηθυμναίος, ου, ό, an inhabitant of Methymna.

Μηθώνη, see Μεθώνη. Mykioteus, ews. o. Mecisteus, son of Talaus,

and father of Eurvalus. Mykiotiábys, ov. d. son of Mecisteus, i. e.

Eurvalus.

Mhlos, ov, d, an inhabitant of Melos, an island in the Ægean sea, one of the Cyclades.

Mηλόβιος, ου, δ, Melobius, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Myoviy, Myovis, &c., see Maiovia, &c.

Mypiorys, ov. d. Meriones, son of Molus, a Cretan hero, and friend of Idomeneus.

McSas, ov, o, Midas, an ancient king of Phrygia, noted for his wealth and covetonsness. Misea (poet. for Misea), as, \(\delta\), Midea, an ancient city of Bœotia, near Lake Conaïs.

Mispidarys (and -pa-), ov, o, Mithridates, a Persian satrap, friend of Cyrus the younger.

Milhoros, a, or, Milesian, of Miletus; Mih-Gios, ov, d, an inhabitant of Miletus.

Mtλητος, ov, ή, Miletus: (1) a great city, the southernmost in Ionia; (2) an ancient city in Crete.

Midridage, ov. d. Milliades, an Athenian, son of Cimon, the victorious commander at Marathon.

Miλτοκόθηs, ov, δ, Miltocythes, a Thracian.

Mirbapos, ov. d. Mindarus, a Spartan ad-

Microhatbas, a, d, Misgolaidas, a Spartan ephor.

Murpatos, ov, o, Mitræus, a Persian.

Μιτροβάτης, ου, ο, Mitrobates, a governor in Dascylium in Asia Minor.

Μιτυλήνη, ης, ή, more correctly Μυτιλήνη,

which see.

Mynorialians, ou, o, Mnesithides, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Myner Charges, ov, o, Mnesilochus, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Mynothilus, ov, & Mnesiphilus, an Athenian. Morovvoikoi, w, ol, the Mossyneci, a barbarian people on the coast of Pontus, east of the city of Cerasus, living in conical wooden houses (uboove, a wooden tower, and olkew, to dwell).

Mouvixla and -vv-, as, h, Munichia or Munychia, a hill and harbor in the peninsula of

Piræus.

Movoratos, ov, o, Musæus, a famous semi-

mythical Greek poet.

Muybov, ovos, d. Mygdon, a king of Phrygia. Mύδων, ωνος, δ, Mydon, a Trojan, charioteer of Pvlæmenes.

Mwκάλη, ης, ή, Mycale, a celebrated mountain and promontory on the Ionian coast, opposite Samos.

Μυκαλησσός, οῦ, ἡ, Mycalessus, a city in · northeastern Bœotia, opposite Chalcis.

Muκήνη, ης, ή, Mycene, daughter of Inachus

and wife of Arestor.

Mivns, 170s, d, Mynes, husband of Briseis.

Muplavδos, ov, ή, (later Muplavδρos), Myriandus, a coast city of Syria, on the east side of the gulf of Issus.

Muptun, ης, ή, (poet. for Muptus or Múpius), Myrina, daughter of Teucer, and wife of Dar-

danus.

Mύρσινος, ου, ή, Myrsinus, a city in northwestern Elis, later Myrtuntium.

Muota, as, h. Mysia, the northwestern district of Asia Minor.

Mústics, a, or, Mysian; of Mústics, the Mysians, inhabitants of Mysia.

Mύσκων, ωνος, δ, Myscon, son of Menecrates, a general of the Syracusans.

Murilyvalos, ov, d, an inhabitant of Mytilene.

Mυτιλήνη, ης, ή, Mytilene, the chief city of the island of Lesbos, on the eastern side.

## N

Nástrys, ov, o, Nastes, son of Nomion, leader of the Carians before Troy.

Naυβολίδης, ου, ο, son of Naubolus, i.e.

Iphitus.

Navelelas, a, ó, Nauclidas, a Spartan ephor. Nauwartos, ov, o, Naupactus, a city of the Locri Ozolæ, near the entrance of the Corinthian Gulf, with a celebrated harbor.

Neoκλήs, έους, δ. Neocles, an Athenian, father

of Themistocles.

Nέον τείχος, τό, (new wall), Neontichus, a fortress on the coast of Thrace, near the Chersonese.

Neuroplans, ov, d, son of Nestor, i. e. Antilochus.

Neutop, opos, d, Nestor, king of Pylus in Messenia, one of the leaders against Troy, distinguished for bravery, wisdom, and eloquence. News, wros, h, also rd Newsa, Neon, an an-

cient city in Phocis, on the slope of Mt. Parnas-

sus, later Tithorea.

Néwν, ωνος, ό, Neon, a Spartan commander in the return of the ten thousand.

Nήϊον, ου, τό, Netum, a mountain in the south of Ithaca.

Nylhios, or, of Neleus; & Nylhios vide, the son of Neleus, i. e. Nestor.

**Νήριτον**, ου, τό, Neritum, the highest mountain in Ithaca, in the north.

Nikavôpos, ov, o, Nicander, a Spartan.

Nixapyos, ov, d, Nicarchus, an Arcadian in the army of the ten thousand.

Nuchparos, ov, o, Niceratus, an Athenian.

son of the noted general Nicias.

Nuclas, ov, o, Nicias, an Athenian, son of Niceratus, distinguished as a general in the Peloponnesian war.

Nuchuaxos, ov, d, Nicomachus, an Œtæan. Νικόστρατος, ου, ο, Nicostratus, an Athenian

in the cavalry force of the thirty tyrants.

Nipevis, éws, d, Nireus, from the island of Syme, next to Achilles the handsomest of the Greeks at Troy.

Niora, 78, 7, Nisa, a city of Beetia mentioned

by Homer.

Nivara, as, ŋ, Nisæa, the port of Megara, 👊 the Saronic gulf.

Nuratos, or, Niscan; used especially of fire horses bred on the Nissean plain, a district :. the North of Media, near Rhage.

Nίσυρος, ου, ή, Nisyrus, a small island le tween Cos and Telos, one of the Sporades.

Noήμων, oros, δ, Noëmon: (1) a Lycian (2) an Ithacan.

Nouter, oros, δ, Nomion, a Carian chief. Νότιον, ου, τό, Notium, an Æolian city on

the coast of Ionia near Colophon.

Nuστίον (poet. for Nuσαίον), ου, τό, (δρος

understood), Nyscum, a mountain in Thrace, where Bacchus was worshipped.

囯

Earsukins, tous, δ, Xanthicles, an Achaian, a commander in the return of the ten thousand.

Εανείπτη, ης, η, Χαnthippe, the wife of Socrates.

Závôos, ov. ô, Xanthus: (1) a Trojan; (2) the chief river of Lycia; (3) a river of Troas, also

called Scamander.

Eevlas, ov, o, Xenias, an Arcadian comman-

der in the army of Cyrus the younger.

Esroφών, ωντος, δ, Xenophon, son of Gryllus, distinguished as an author, philosopher, and commander.

Ξέρξης, ου, ὁ, Χετχες, the name of two kings of Persia. The first was son and successor of Darius I.

## $\mathbf{C}$

\*Ογχηστός, οῦ, ὁ, Onchestus, an ancient city of Bœotia, near Lake Copaïs, on the southern side.

'Oslos, ov. o. Odius, a leader of the Halizones,

and ally of Priam.

'Ospions, ov. o., an Odrysian; ol 'Ospiou, the Odrysians, a people of Thrace, around the Hebrus.

'Others, éws, d, Otleus, a king of the Locrians,

father of Ajax the less, an Argonaut.

Olveton, ov, o, son of Eneus, i. e. Tydeus. Olveton, ews, o, Eneus, a king of Calydon in

Ætolia.

Olvón, 11s, 1, Œnos, an Athenian fortress on the borders of Bœotia.

the borders of Bœotia. **Οἰνόμαος, ου, ὸ, Œnomaus,** a Greek, slain at

Troy.
Olvowibns, ov. &, son of Enopion, i. e. Helenus.

Olvatos, a, or, Etwan; of Olvator, the Etwans, inhabiting Etwa, a district in the south of Thessaly containing the mountain range of Eta.

Otrukes, ov, o, Etylus, an ancient town of

Laconia, on the Messenian Gulf.
Olyakie's, éwi, à, an Echalian.

Olχαλίηθεν, from Œchalia, a city of Histissotis in Thessaly, on the Peneus.

'Ohigér, ŵros, ἡ, Olizon, a city in the southern part of Magnesia in Thessaly, on the coast.

'Oλοοσσών, bros, η, Oloösson, a city of the

Perrhæbi in Histiæotis in Thessaly.

'Oxívenes, a, or, of Olynthus, the most important Greek city on the coast of Macedonia, at the head of the Toronaic Gulf; of 'Oxívenos, the Olynthians.

"Ounpos, ov, o, Homer, the great epic poet of

Greece.

'Ονήτης, ου, δ, Onetes, a Carystian.

Oromanths, éous, ô, Onomacles: (1) one of the thirty tyrants at Athens; (2) a Spartan ephor.

'Ονομάντιος, ου, δ,' Onomantius, a Spartan

epnor.

'Ovóxwos, ov, o, Onochonus, a river of Thessaly.

Onders, erros, contr. Onous, ourros, h, Opus, the capital city of the Opuntian Locrians.

Onoversos, a, or, of Opus, Opuntian.

"Opyne, cos, o, Orges, a Thasian.

'Optorβιος, ου, δ, Oresbius, a Bœotian, of Hyle. 'Optorηs, ου, δ, Orestes: (1) son of Agamemnon, the slayer of his mother Clytæmnestra; (2) a Greek, slain at Troy.

"Oρθη, ης, ή, Orthe, a city of the Perrhæbi in

northern Thessaly.

'Ophéviov, ou,  $\tau \delta$ , Ormenium, an ancient city in southern Magnesia in Thessaly.

'Opveral, ŵ, al, (poet. for 'Opveal), Orneæ, an ancient city in the western part of Argolis.

'Oρόνταs, a and ov, and 'Ορόντηs, ov, δ, Orontas or Orontes: (1) a satrap of Armenia; (2) a Persian noble, executed by Cyrus the younger.

'Opor Oxoxox, ov, o, Orsilochus: (1) the father of Diocles king of Phere in Messenia; (2) grand-

son of preceding, son of Diocles.

'Opoloparros, ov, o, Orsiphantus, a Spartan.
'Opxopérios, a, or, of Orchomenus; ol 'Opxo-

person, the Orchomenians.

'Ορχομενός, οῦ, ἡ, sometimes ὁ, Orchomenus:
(1) an important city of the Minyæ in Beeotia, northwest of Lake Copaïs, near the Cephissus;
(2) a city in eastern Arcadia.

"Oσσα, ης, ή, Ossa, a celebrated mountain range in the north of Magnesia in Thessaly.

'Ordens, ou, o, Otanes, a Persian.

'Οτρεύε, έως, ό, Otreus, a Phrygian prince.

Οὐκαλέγων, οντος, ό, Ucalegon, one of the elders of Troy.

'Οφέλτιος, ου, ο, Opheltius, a Trojan.

Oppirior (and -velov), ou, to, Ophrynium, a small town in Troat, near Dardanus.

'Οχήσιος, ου, δ, Ochesius, an Ætolian.

# П

Hayaoral, ûr, al, Pagasæ, a port in Thessaly, at the head of the Pagassean Gulf, where Jason built the Argo.

Haraviers, éws, à, a Paranian, a resident of

the Attic deme Pæania.

Haloves, wr. ol, the Paronians, inhabitants of Pæonia.

Harovia, as, h, Paonia, the northern part of Macedonia, but in very early times including most of Macedonia and Thrace.

Παισός, see 'Απαισός.

Παλαμήδης, ous, o, Palamedes, of Eubrea. said to have made many inventions.

Παλληνεύς, έως, ό, a Pallenian, a resident of Pallene, an Attic deme.

Πάμμων, ονος, ο, Pammon, a Scyrian.

Havalrios, ov, o, Panatius, a Tenian shipcaptain.

Hávôapos, ov, ò, Pandarus, son of Lycaon. commander of the Zeleans in the Trojan army.

Haveos, ov, b, Panthous, one of the elders of Troy, a priest of Apollo.

Havoreis, éwr, ol, the Panopeans, inhabitants

of Panopeus.

II aνοπεύε, έως, δ, Panopeus, a city of Phocis near the border of Breotia.

Παντακλής, έους, δ, Pantacles, a Spartan ephor.

Harritys, ov, o, Pantites, a Spartan, the only

survivor at Thermopylæ.

Πάραλος, ου, ή, Paralus, the name of one of the two state triremes of Athens, the name of the other being Salamvia.

Παρθένιον, ου, τό, Parthenium: (1) a range of mountains between Arcadia and Argolis; (2) a city in Mysia, south of Pergamum.

Hapelvice, ov, o, Parthenius, the chief river

of Paphlagonia, in the west.

Παριανοί, ων, ol, the inhabitants of Parium. Πάριον, ου, τό, Parium, a city in the north

of Troas, on the coast of the Propontis.

Hápis, idos, lon. ios, o, Paris, son of Priam,

whose seduction of Helen led to the Trojan war. Πάρος, ου, ή, Paros, an island, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

Happaria, as, h, Parrhasia, a city and district in southwestern Arcadia.

Happários, a, ov, Parrhasian.

Παρύσατιε, ιδος, ή, Parysatis, daughter of Artaxerxes I., wife of Darius II., and mother of Artaxerxes II. and Cyrus the younger.

Hasinmidas, ov, o, Pasippidas, a Spartan

admiral.

Haσley, ωνος, δ. Pasion, a Megarean, a general in the expedition of Cyrus the younger.

Πατηγύας, ου, δ, Pategyas, a Persian, con-

nected with Cyrus the younger.

Harnouadas and -bys, ov, d, Patesiadas, a Spartan ephor.

Πατιράμφης, ου, δ, Patiramphes, a Persian.

charioteer of Xerxes.

**Havoravias, ov. à Pausanias, a king of** Sparta.

**Παφλαγονία, as, ή, Paphlagonia, a country** of Asia Minor, on the Euxine, between Pontus and Bithynia.

Παφλαγονικός, ή, όν, Paphlagonian.

Hapatons, ov. o, son of Piraus, i. e. Ptolemæus, and sometimes his son, Eurymedon.

Hapaiers, ews and ws, d, Pirceus, the most

important harbor of Athens.

Hapiboos, ov, à, Pirithous, of Larissa in Thessaly, a king of the Lapithæ.

Helpoos, ov, d, Pirous, a leader of the Thra-

cians in alliance with Troy.

Heighpeology, ou, a, son of Pischor, i.e. Ops.

Πασήνωρ, ορος, δ, Pisenor, a herald, of Ithaca. Πασιάναξ, ακτος, δ, Pisianax, an Athenian, father of Euryptolemus.

Πεισιστρατίδης, ου, à, son of Pisistratus; ol Hagustpartical, the Pisistratida, used of Hippias and Hipparchus, and also of Hippias and his party.

Пасістратоз, ov, ò, Pisistratus, son of Hip-

pocrates, a tyrant of Athens.

Helowy, wros, o, Pison, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Πελάγων, οντος, δ, Pelagon: (1) a Pylian, follower of Nestor; (2) a Lycian, friend of Sar-

Πελίαs, ov, o, Pelias, son of Poseidon, a half-

uncle of Jason.

Πελληνεύς, έως, ό, a Pellenian.

Πελλήνη, ης, ή, Pellene, a city in castern Achaia, near the Corinthian gulf.

Πελοποννήσιος, ου, δ, an inhabitant of the Peloponnesus, the southern part of Greece.

Πέλται, ων, al, Peltae, a city in Phrygia.

Περαιβοί, вее Περραιβοί.

Πέργαμον, ου, το, Pergamum: (1) the acropolis of Troy, on a hill to the southeast of the city, a branch of Mt. Ida; (2) (also called Hisγαμος, ου, ή), a city in southwestern Mysia.

Herrarishs, ou, o, son of Pergasus, i. e.

Deïcoon.

Περικλής, έους, ὁ, Pericles, an Athenian general, son of Pericles the famous statesman. Hep!vOw, wr, ol, the Perinthians.

Πέρινθος, ου, ή, Perinthus, a flourishing town of Thrace, on the Propontis, later called Heraclea.

Περίφας, αντος, δ. Periphas, an Ætolian.

Hepkisoros, a, or, of Percote, Percosian. Περκώτη, ης, η, Percote, an ancient city of

Mysia, near the Hellespont. Περραιβοί, poet. Περαι-, ων, oi, the Perrhæ-

bians, inhabitants of Perrhæbia, a region in Thessaly north of the Peneus.

Περσείδης, ου, δ, son of Perseus. Perses, son of Perseus, was said to have been the founder of the Persian nation, so the epithet Hepoeidas was applied to the Achæmenidean kings of Persia.

**Пе́роту, о**v, **о́,** a Persian.

Hereav, avos, o, Peteon, a small town in Bœotia.

Hereas, & and &o, d, Peteos, father of Menestheus.

Πηγαί, ων, al, (lit. the Springs), Peyæ, a town of Megaris on the Alcyonian sea.

Πηδαίος, ου, ο, Pedæus, son of Antenor.

Πήδασος, ου, ή, Pedasus, a city of the Leleges in Troas.

Hibaros, ov. d. Pedasus, son of Bucolion.

Πηναός, οῦ, ὁ, Peneus, the chief river of Thessaly, rising in Mt. Pindus and flowing into the Thermaic Gulf through the vale of Tempe.

Πηνέλεως, ω, δ, Peneleos, a leader of the Bœotians before Troy.

Πήρεια, as, ή, Perea, a region of Thessalv.

Πίγρης, ητος, ό, Pigres, an interpreter of Cyrus the younger, from Caria.

III80rns, ov, o, Pidutes, of Percote.

Πιερία, as, ή, Pieria: (1) a district in Macedonia, on the coast of the Thermaic Gulf, north of Mt. Olympus, celebrated as the first seat of the Muses; (2) a district in Macedonia east of the Strymon, near Mt. Pangæum, settled by the inhabitants driven out of the former region.

Historian, ov, d, a Pisidian, an inhabitant of

Pisidia in Asia Minor.

Hirthets, éws, &, Pittheus, king of Træzen in Argolis, grandfather of Theseus.

Hirtias, a, b, Pityas, a Spartan ephor.

Hirthan, as, h, Pityea, a city of Mysis on the Propontis.

Πλάκος, ου, ή, Placus, a mountain of Mysia,

above Thebe.

**Πλάτων**, ωνος, δ, Plato, son of Ariston, the celebrated Athenian philosopher, pupil of Socrates.

Πλαστόλας, α, δ, Plistolas, a Spartan ephor. **Πλευρών**, ῶνος, ἡ, Pleuron, an ancient city in southern Ætolia, on the south slope of Mt. Aracynthus.

Πλυντήρια, ων, τά, (lit. pertaining to washing), Plynteria, a festival at Athens in which the clothing of the statue of Athena Polias was washed.

Ποδαλείριος, ου, δ. Podalirius, a Thessalian chief, son of Æsculapius, and a physician of the Greeks before Troy.

Ποδάρκης, ous, δ, Podarces, a leader of the

Thessalians of Phylace before Troy.

Πολίτης, ου, ο, Polites, a son of Priam.

Πολυάρχης, ου, ο, Polyarches, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Πολύας, ου, δ, Polyas, a Greek scout at Artemisium.

Πόλυβος, ου, δ, Polybus, an Ithacan.

Πολύδωρος, ου, δ, Polydorus, a king of Sparta.

Πολύαδος, and Πολέιδος, ov, δ, Polyidus, a

Trojan.

Πολυκράτης, ους, ο, Polycrates, an Athenian captain in the army of the ten thousand.

Πολύκριτος, ου, δ, Polycritus, of Ægina, a brave ship-captain.

Hohuvelkys, ous, o, Polynices, a son of Edipus king of Thebes.

Πολύνικος, ου, ὁ, Polynicus, a Lacedæmonian.

Holigeros (Ion. for -fev-), ou, o, Polyxenus, leader of the Epeï before Troy.

Πολυποίτης, ου, δ, Polypætes, one of the

Thessalian leaders against Troy.

Πολύστρατος, ου, δ, Polystratus, an Athenian. Πολύφημος, ου, δ, Polyphemus: (1) one of the Lapithæ, of Larissa in Thessaly, an Argonaut; (2) a Cyclops, son of Neptune, dwelling in Sicily.

Πολυφόντης, ου, δ, Polyphontes, a Theban chief.

Πολυχάρης, ous, δ, Polychares, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Hoytikos, h, by, (lit. belonging to the sea), belonging to the Pontus Euxinus.

Πόντος, ου, δ, (lit. the sca), the Pontus Euxinus, or Black Sea.

Horaule, 180s, d. Potamis, a commander of the Syracusans.

**Πράκτιος**, ov, b, Practius, a small river of Troas flowing into the Hellespont, north of Abydus.

**Πριαμίδης, ου, δ, son of Priam**.

Προθοήνωρ, ορος, δ, Prothoenor, a leader of the Bœotians before Troy.

Πρόθοος, ov, o, Prothous, leader of the Magnesians before Troy.

Hootros, ov. d. Prætus, king of Tiryns in Argolis.

Προκλέης, cont. Προκλής, έους, δ, Procles, a Spartan, ruler of Teuthrania in Mysia.

Προκόννησος, ου, ή, Procunnesus, an island in the Propontis celebrated for its marble.

Προμηθεύς, έως, δ, Prometheus, a popular

leader in Thessaly.

Hoofevos, ov, o, Proxenus: (1) a Beeotian, one of the generals in the expedition of Cyrus the younger; (2) a Syracusan.

Πρύτανις, ιος and ιδος, δ, Prytanis, a Lycian.

Πρωτεσίλαος, ου, δ, Protesilaus, a Thessalian chief, the first of the Greeks slain at Troy.

Πρώτη, ης, ή, Prote, a small island near the coast of Messenia.

Πρωτόμαχος, ου, ο, Protomachus, an Athenian commander.

Πτελεόν, οῦ, τό, Pteleum: (1) a city on the coast of Phthiotis in Thessaly; (2) a place in Triphylia in Elis.

Πτολεμαίος, ου, ο, Ptolemæus, father of Eury-

medon the charioteer of Agamemnon.

Πύγελα, ων, τά, Pygela, a small town of Ionia.

Πυγελεύε, έωε, δ, an inhabitant of Pygela.

Πυθαγόρας, ου, δ. Pythagoras, a Lacedæmonian with a naval command under Cyrus the younger.

Hubbas, ov, b, Pytheas, of Agina, a brave

ship-captain.

Πυθόδωρος, ου, δ, Pythodorus, an Athenian archon.

Huxanutyng, our, o. Pylæmenes, a king of the

Paphlagonians, allied with Troy.

Hédaios, ov. d. Pylæus, from Larisan in Æolis, a leader of the Pelasgians in alliance with Troy.

Πυλήνη, ης, η, Pylene, a town of southwest-

ern Ætolia.

Πύλιοι, ων, ol, the Pylians, inhabitants of Pvlos.

Πυραίχμης, ου, ο, Pyræchmes, a leader of the

Peonians in alliance with Troy.

Πύραμος, ου, δ, Pyramus, one of the largest rivers of Asia Minor, flowing through Cilicia, and emptying into the Mediterranean.

Πύρασος, and Πύρρ-, ου, δ, Pyrasus, a city

on the coast of Phthiotis in Thessaly.

Huppias, ov, o, Pyrrhias, an Arcadian captain.

Πυρρόλοχος, ου, δ, Pyrrholochus, an Argive.

Πάγων, ωνος, δ, Pogon, the harbor of Træzen in Argolis.

Halos, ov, o, Polus, a Lacedæmonian naval commander.

# P

Pasamarers, vos, is, Rhadamanthys, son of Zeus, and brother of Minos king of Crete, said to have been, on account of his justice, one of the judges in the lower world.

Pattyns, ov, o, Rhathines, a Persian, general

under Pharnabazus.

'Papplas, ov, d, Rhamphias, a Lacedæmonian, father of Clearchus. 'Pettopov, ov, τό, Rhithrum, a harbor on the

east coast of Ithaca.

'Phyn, ns, h, Rhene, a nymph, wife of

'Pίπη, ης, ή, Rhipe, a city in Arcadia, near Stratia.

'Pólios, ov, b, an inhabitant of Rhodes.

'Posos, ov, h, Rhodes, an island off the south coast of Caria.

'Polresov, ou, 76, Rhæleum, a city and prom-

ontory of Mysia on the Hellespont.

'**Ρύτιον**, ου, τό, Rhytium, a city of Crete. 'Perrapas, ou, o, Rhoparas, a Persian satrap in Babylon.

Σαγγάριος, ov, d, Sangarius, one of the largest rivers of Asia Minor, flowing through Bithynia into the Euxine.

Σάκαι, ων, ol, the Sacæ, a Scythian nomadic race inhabiting the steppes of central Asia, east of Sogdiana; sometimes used as equivalent to Scythians.

Σαλαμίς, îros, ή, Salamis, an island and town of the same name, over against Athens.

Σαλμυδησσός, οῦ, ὁ, Salmydessus, a city of Thrace, on the Euxine.

Σάμιος, a, or, Samian, belonging to Samos; Σάμιος, ου, δ, an inhabitant of Samos.

Σαμόλας, ov. o. Samolas, an Achaian in the

army of the ten thousand. Σάμος, ου, ή, Samos, a large island over

against Ephesus. Σάνη, ης, ή, Sane, a city on the peninsula

Athos, a colony of Andros. Zápôns, éwr, al, Sardis, the capital of Lydis.

Σάρος, see Ψάρος,

Zarvións, erros, o, Satniois, a small river of southern Tross, flowing into the Ægean sea. north of the promontory Lectum.

**Zárvpos, ov, d, Satyrus, chief of the eleven** sheriffs at Athens.

Ecayos, ou, o, Selagus, of Pasus, father of Amphius.

Σεληπιάδης, ov, δ, son of Selepius, i. e. Euenus. Σελινούς, οθυτος, ο and η, Selinus: (1) a river of Triphylia in Elis; (2) a river flowing by Ephesus; (3) a coast city of Sicily, on a river of the same name, a colony of the Megarians.

Σελίνούσιος, a, or, of Selinus.

Σελλασία, as, ή, Sellasia, a city of Laconia.

north of Sparta. Σελλήας, εντος, ό, Sellets: (1) a river of Elis. south of the Peneus; (2) a river of Troas, near Arisbe.

Σεύθης, ου, ο, Seuthes, the name of several

kings of the Odrysee in Thrace.

Σηλυμβρία, also Σηλυβρία, as, η, Selymbria, a Thracian city on the Propontis, east of Perinthus.

Σηλυμβριανός, οῦ, ὸ, an inhabitant of Selym-

bria

Σηπιάς, άδος, ή, Sepias, a promontory at the southeastern point of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Σήσαμος, ου, δ, Sesamus: (1) a small river in the western part of Paphlagonia, flowing into the Euxine; (2) a coast city on this river.

Σηστός, οῦ, ἡ and ὁ, Sestus, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against

Abvdus.

Σθανίλαος, ου, δ, Sthenelaus, a Lacedæmo-

**Σθένελος**, ου, δ, Sthenelus, of Argos, a commander of the Argives under Diomedes before

Zucella, as, h, Sicily, the well known island.

Σικελιώτης, ου, δ, a Sicilian Greek.

Elavos, ov, d, Sicinnus, a slave of Themistocles.

Edavés, oû, & Silanus: (1) an Ambraciot soothsayer in the army of the ten thousand; (2) a soldier in the same army from Macistus in Èlis.

Σιμμίας, ov, o, Simmias, of Thebes, a disciple and friend of Socrates.

Σιμοείσιος, ου, δ, Simoisius, a Trojan.

Σιμωνίδης, ov, o, Simonides, a celebrated lyric

poet, of Ceos.

Σινωπεύς, έως, δ, a Sinopean, an inhabitant of Sinope, in eastern Paphlagonia, an important coast city, a Greek colony.

Σίρις, ιος, ή, Siris, a city of Pæonia in Thrace,

east of the Strymon.

Σντάλκας, ου, δ. Sitalcas, the name of several Thracian kings.

Σνττάκη, ης, ή, Sittace, a city of Babylonia, near the west bank of the Tigris, a little south of the Median wall.

Σκαμάνδριος, ου, δ. Scamandrius: (1) a Trojan; (2) the son of Hector.

Σκάρφη, ης, ή, Scarphe, a small town of the Epicnemidii Locri near Thermopylæ.

Σκίαθος, ου, ή, Sciathus, a small island near the coast of southern Magnesia in Thessaly.

Σκιλλοθε, ούντος, ή, Scillus, a town of Triphylia in Élis, where Xenophon lived during his banishment.

Σκιρωνίς, ίδος, fem. adj., Scironian, of Sciron a noted robber; in Ekipowis obos, the Scironian road, a narrow and dangerous pass on the coast of Megaris, near Megara.

Exercise, a, or, Scionean, of Scione the chief city on the peninsula Pallene in Macedonia; **Exercise**, ov. o. an inhabitant of Scione.

Exultival, as, oi, the Scythini, a people on the west border of Armenia.

Σκυλλίαs, ου, ο, Scyllias, a diver of Scione. Explose, a, or, Scyrian, of Scyros an island,

one of the Sporades.

Exchos, ov, o, Scolus, a town in Bosotia, near Thebes. Σμίκρης, ητος, δ, Smicres, an Arcadian com-

mander.

Σόλοι, ων, ol, Soli, an important city on the coast of Cilicia.

Σόλυμοι, ων, ol, the Solymi, ancient inhabitants of Lycia.

Σοφαίνετος, ου, δ, Sophænetus, an Arcadian, one of the Greek generals of Cyrus the younger.

Σοφοκλής, έους, δ, Sophocles, one of the thirty

tyrants at Athens.

Σπάρτη, ης, ή, Sparta, see Δακεδαίμων.

Σπιθριδάτης, ου, ο, Spithridates, a Persian, general under Pharnabazus.

Στάγης, δ, Stages, a Persian.

Στησαγόρας, ου, ο, Stesagoras, an Athenian, grandfather of Miltiades.

Στησίλαος, ου, δ. Ion. Στησίλως, Stesilaus, son of Thrasylus, a commander of the Athenians at Marathon.

Στρατίη (Ion. for Στρατία), ης, ή, Stratia,

an ancient city of Arcadia.

Στρατοκλής, έους, δ, Stratocles, commander of the corps of slingers in the army of the ten thousand.

Στρόφιος, ου, δ, Strophius, a Trojan.

Στυμφάλιος, a, or, of Stymphalus.

Στύμφαλος, Ion. -φηλος, ου, δ and η, Stymphalus, the name of a city, district, mountain, and river in the northeast of Arcadia.

Στύρα, ων, τά, Styra, a city on the southwest coast of Eubosa, northwest of Carystus.

Erropeus, éws, d, a Styrian, inhabiting Styra. Στύφων, ωνος, δ, Styphon, a Spartan commander.

Entreeris, cars and cos, & Syennesis, the name of several kings of Cilicia.

Σύμηθεν, from Syme, a small island between

Rhodes and the coast of Caria.

Συρακόσιος, ou, d, an inhabitant of Syracuse. **Eupánoveras**, ŵ, al, Syracuse, the chief city of Sicily.

Σφακτηρία, as, ή, Sphacteria, a long narrow island on the west coast of Messenia, near Pylus.

Exector, ov, o. Schedius, a chief of the Pho-

cians before Troy. Σχοίνος, ου, ή, Schænus, a city in Bœotia,

near Thebes. Σωκράτης, εσε contr. ous, δ, Socrates, son of Sophroniscus, the famous Athenian philosopher.

Zwolas, ov. 8, Sosias, of Syracuse, an officer in the Greek army of Cyrus the younger.

Σωσιμένης, ous, o, Sosimenes, a Tenian.

Σωστρατίδας, ov and a, o, Sostratidas, a Spartan ephor.

Σωτηρίδης (and -as), ou, o, Soteridas, of Sicyon, a soldier in the army of the ten thousand. Σωφρονίσκος, ου, à, Sophroniscus, an Athe-

nian, father of Socrates.

Taxauuivns, ous, o, Talæmenes, a Mæonian

Taxatovions, ov. d. an irregular patronymic for Talatons, son of Talaus, i. e. Mecisteus.

Taλθύβιος, ov, o, Talthybius, the herald of

Agamemnon.

Taμώς, ώ, ό, Tamos, of Memphis in Egypt, lieutenant-governor of Ionia, and subsequently commander of the fleet of Cyrus the younger.

Táoxoi, wr, ol, the Taochi, a people on the

borders of Pontus and Armenia.

Tάρνη, ης, ή, Tarne, a city of Lydia, on Mt.

Tmolus.

Taporos, ov, h, sometimes Taporol, www, al, Tarsus, the capital and chief city of Cilicia, on the Cydnus, a commercial and educational centre, the birthplace of the apostle Paul.

Τάρφη, ης, ή, Tarphe, an ancient city in the

west of Locris, near Thermopylæ.

Tάφιοι, ων, ol, the Taphians, a race of pirates inhabiting the Taphian islands, west of Acarnania.

Teλaμών, ωνος, δ, Telamon, son of Æacus,

father of Ajax, and king of Salamis. Τελαμώνιος, a, or, Telamonian.

Teμevtτης, in Xen. Anab. 4, 4, 15, probably or Thuestrys, which see.

Teμέση, 115, ή, Temese, a town in Cyprus, whither the Taphians went for copper.

Téveδos, ou, ή, Tenedus, an island near the

coast of Troas.

Tevθρηδών, όνος, ό, Tenthredon, leader of the Magnesians from Thessaly before Troy.

Tep-plan, wos, d, Terpsion, of Megara, a pupil of Socrates.

Tevepavia, as, n. Touthrania, a district of the south of Mysia, on the coast, with a city of the same name.

Teugoavidne, ou, d, son of Teuthras, i. e.

Axylus.

Tevopas, artos, o, Teuthras, a Greek from Magnesia in Thessaly, slain before Troy.

Tevrauldys, ov, d, son of Teutamus, i.e. Lethus.

Τηλεβόας, ου, δ, Teleboas, a river of Armenia, tributary to the Euphrates.

Thankos, ov, o, Teleclus, son of Archelaus,

a king of Sparta.

Typertrys, ov, o, a Temenite, an inhabitant of Temenium, in Argolis, at the upper end of the Argolic Gulf.

Thrios, a, or, of Tenus, an island, one of the Cyclades, near Andrus; of Thuo, the Tenians. Thoma, as, h, Terea, a high mountain in

Mysia near Zelea.

Thons, our and éw, d, Teres, king of the Odrysæ in Thrace, founder of the Odrysian monarchy.

Τιβαρηνοί, ων, oi, the Tibareni, a people on

the coast of Pontus, east of the Iris.

Tlypns, mos, and Tlypus, idos, d, Tigris, a famous river rising in Armenia, and, after uniting with the Euphrates, flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Τιθορέα, as, ή, Tithorea : (1) the northwestern summit of Mt. Parnassus; (2) a fortress on the

slope of this mountain.

Τιμάσιων, ωνος, δ, Timasion, a Dardanian. one of the generals who directed the retreat of the ten thousand.

Τιμησίθεος, ov, o, Timesitheus, an inhabitant

of Trapezus.

Τιμόδημος, ου, ὁ, Timodemus, of Athens, an opponent of Themistocles.

Τιμοκράτης, ous, o, Timocrates, an Athenian. T(µwv, wvos, d, Timon, an inhabitant of

Delphi. Tιρίβαζος, ου, δ, Tiribazus, a Persian satrap.

Ttours, υνθος, ή, Tiryns, a very ancient city in Argolis, near the head of the Argolic Gulf. now celebrated for its massive ruins.

Tissaphernes, a distin-

guished Persian, satrap of Lydia.

Tiraves, ov, o, Titanus, a mountain in central Thessaly.

Tiraphotos, ov. o. Titaresius, a river of north-

ern Thessaly, flowing into the Peneus.
Τληπόλεμος, ου, ο, Thepolemus, a son of Hercules, a leader of the Rhodians before Troy.

Τμώλος, ου, ό, Tmolus, a mountain range of Lydia, south of Sardis.

Τολμίδης, ου, ό, Tolmides, a herald of Cyrus the younger.

Topevalos, n, or, of Torone; Topevalos, ov, o,

an inhabitant of Torone.

Topérn, 75, h, Torone, a city in the peninsula of Sithonia, in Macedonia.

Τράλλας, εων, al, Tralles, a wealthy city in Caria, near Mt. Messogis.

Tpávihai, ar, ol, the Tranipsæ, a Thracian people near Byzantium.

Transfourtion, a, or, of Transcrus; of Transcrus;

**Lobytics**, the Trapezuntians.

Tpanelous, ourros, o and h, Trapezus, an important city on the eastern part of the coast of Pontus.

Tpaxtvios, a, ov, Trachinian, belonging to

Trachis, see Hoanders.

Τρήχος, ου, ὁ, Trechus, a Greek slain at Troy.

Τρίκκη, ης, ή, Tricca, an ancient city in

western Thessaly.

Troughy, fires, h, Trazen, an ancient city in the southeast of Argolis, near the Saronic Gulf. Τροιζήνιος, α, ον, Træzenian.

Tubelong, ou, o, son of Tydeus, i. e. Diomedes

Tuδεύς, έως, δ, Tydeus, an Athenian general. Tupicator, ou, 76, Tyriceum, a city of western Lycaonia, near Phrygia.

Τυρώ, οθε, ή, Τυτο, daughter of Salmoneus,

and wife of Cretheus.

'Yaμπαa, as, ή, Hyampea, a lofty cliff near Delphi.

'Υάμπολις, εως, ή, Hyampolis, a city in the

north of Phocis, near Cleonæ.

'Y8aovns, ous, o. Hydarnes, a Persian, the commander of the division of the army of Xerxes I. called "the immortals."

"Υλη, ης, ή, Hyle, a small town of Bœotia, on

lake Hylice.

"Yalos, ov, d, Hyllus, a son of Hercules, from whom the Spartan kings traced their descent.

'Ynelper, eves, è, Hypiron, a Trojan chief. Ymepartnes, ous, o, Hyperanthes, a son of Darius I.

'Υπέραα, as, ή, Hyperea, a fountain in Thes-

saly.

'Υπορησίη, ης, η, Hypercsia, a city in the east of Achaia, near the coast, the later Ægira. 'Υποθηβαι, ων, al, Hypothebæ, a city of Beetia, probably the later Potnize, south of

Thebes. Ypla, as, h, Hyria, a small city of Bootia,

near Aulis. Ypkávios, a, ov, of Hyrcania, a country bordering the Caspian Sea on the southeast; of 'Yokanoi, the Hyrcanians.

(ρμίνη, ης, ή, Hyrmine, a city off the coast

of Elia, near the promontory Hyrmina.

Yprakions, ov, o, son of Hyrtucus, i. e. Asius. 'Youal, we, al, Hysice, a town of Bosotia, near the northern base of Mt. Cithæron.

Yoraonne, cos and ov, d, Hystaspes, father of Darius I.

'Υψήνωρ, ορος, δ, Hypsenor, a Trojan.

# Φ

Paudplas, ou, d, Phædrias, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

**Pallow**, wvos, b, Phædon, of Elis, a disciple of Socrates, the founder of a school of philosophy.

Φαιδωνίδης and Φαιδώνδας, ov, δ, Phædonides or Phædondas, a pupil and friend of Socrates. Φαίνοψ, οπος, δ, Phænops, son of Asius of

Abydus, a friend of Hector. Φαίστος, ου, η, Phæstus, a city of Crete, near

Gortyna. Φαίστος, ov, o, Phæstus, of Tarne, an ally of

the Trojans. Φαλίνος, ου, δ, Phalinus, a Greek of Zacyn-

thus in the service of Tissaphernes. Φαναγόρας, ου, δ. Phanagoras, of Carystus.

Pavor Vivns, ous, o, Phanosthenes, a general of the Athenians from Andrus.

Φάραξ, aκος, δ, Pharax, a Spartan commander.

Φάρις, ιος, ή, Pharis, an old city in Laconia, south of Sparta.

Φαρνάβαζος, ου, δ, Pharnabazus, a Persian satrap of Lesser Phrygia and Bithynia.

Pariavol, we, ol, the Phasiani, a people of western Armenia, around the Phasis.

Φειδιππίδης, ov, o, Phidippides, an Athenian courier.

**Deliveros**, ev. è, *Phidippus*, a grandson of Hercules, a leader in the Trojan war of Greeks from the Sporades islands.

Φείδων, ωνος, o, Phidon, one of the thirty

tyrants at Athens.

Φένεος, ου, ό and ἡ, Pheneüs, a town in northern Arcadia, at the foot of Mt. Cyllene.

Φεραί, ων, αι, Pheræ, an important city of Pelasgiotis in Thessaly, near Pagasæ.

Φepalos, ov, δ, an inhabitant of Pheræ.
Φέρεκλοs, ov, δ, Phereclus, builder of the ship

in which Paris carried off Helen.

Φηγεύς, έως, ὁ, Phegeus, a Trojan warrior.
Φήμιος, ου, ὁ, Phemius, a famous minstrel in

Φηρή, ήτ, ή, also Φηραί, Φαραί, and Φεραί, Phere, a city of Messenia, near Laconia, on the Messenian Gulf.

Φηρητιάδης (for Φερητιάδης), ου, à, son or

descendant of Pheres.

Φθαρών "Opos, τό, Mountain of Pines, a moun-

tain in Caria, near Miletus.

Phiera, and in, or, of, the (Achaian) inhabitants of Phthiotis, a district in south Thessaly, bordering on the Pagasean Gulf; used with Axao, the Achaians of Phthiotis, so called in distinction from the Achaians of the Peloponnesus.

Φιλάων, ωνος, or Φιλέων, ωνος, δ, Philaon or Phileon, brother of king Gorgus of Salamis in

Cyprus.

Φιλήσιος, ου, δ, Philesius, an Achaian, a general in the army of the ten thousand.

Φιλοκλής, έους, δ. Philocles, an Athenian na-

val commander at Ægospotami.

Φιλοκτήτης, ου, δ, Philocetes, a Thessalian chief, a friend of Hercules, and a renowned archer.

Φιλοκόδης, cos, δ, Philocydes, an Athenian. Φιλόλαος, ου, δ, Philolaus, a native of Italy, a distinguished Pythagorean philosopher.

Φλίάσιος, α, ον, of Phlius, Phliasian.

Φλίοθε, οῦντος, δ, Phlius, an independent city, whose territory lay between Sicyonia and Argolis.

Φοίνιξ, ικος, ὁ, Phænix, a small river of Thessaly flowing into the Asopus near Ther-

monvie

**Pearlas**, ov, ò, *Phrasias*, an Athenian.

**Φραταγούνη**, ης, η, Phratagune, wife of Darius I.

Φρόνιος, ου, ὁ, Phronius, an Ithacan, father of Noemon.

Φρυγία, αs, ή, Phrygia, a country in Asia Minor of varying extent. In general Phrygia Major, usually called Phrygia, occupied the western part of the great central table-land of Asia Minor. Phrygia Minor included the region about Tross.

Φρῦνίσκος, ου, ὁ, Phryniscus, an Achaian with a command in the army of the ten thousand.

Φυλάκη, ης, η, Phylace, a city of Phthiotis in Thessaly, on the north slope of Mt. Othrys.

Φυλακίδης, ου, à, son of Phylacus, i. e. Iphiclus.

Φύλακος, ου, δ. Phylacus: (1) the supposed founder of Phylace in Thessaly; (2) a Trojan warrior; (3) a Delphian hero.

Φυλείδης, ου, ό, son of Phyleus, i. e. Meges. Φυλεύς, έως, ό, Phyleus, son of Augeas a king of Elis.

Φῶλή,  $\hat{\eta}s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Phyle, a strong fortress in Attica, near Bœotia, on the southwest alope of Mt. Parnes; also the name of the surrounding deme.

Φύσκος, ου, ο, Physicus, an eastern tributary

of the Tigris in lower Assyria.

Φάκαια, as, η, Phocæa, the most northern city of Ionia.

# X

**Xaipiliese**,  $\omega$ ,  $\delta$ , Chærelaus, one of the thirty tyrants at Athens.

Xαιρίλας, ου, δ, Chærilas, a Spartan ephor. Xαίρων, ωνος, δ, Chæron, an Athenian polemarch.

Xαλκιδεύς, έως, δ, a Chalcidian, an inhabi-

tant of Chalcis in Eubœa.

Kakkis, 180s, \$\hat{\eta}\$, Chalcis: (1) the chief city of Eubosa, separated from Recotia by the strait of Euripus; (2) a city on the coast of Etolia, near the mouth of the Evenus.

Χαλκωδοντιάδης, ou, ò, son of Chalcodon, i. e.

Elephenor.

**Χάλος**, ου, δ, Chalus, a river of northern Syria, near Chalcis.

Χαρικλής, έους, δ, Charicles, one of the thirty

tyrants at Athens.

Χαρμάνδη, ης, η, Charmands, a large city of Mesopotamia, on the Euphrates.

Χαρμίδης, ου, ὁ, Charmides, an Athenian, an uncle of Plato.

Χαρμίνος, ου, δ, Charminus, a Spartan officer under Thibron.

Χάροπος, ου, δ, Charopus, king of the island of Syme.

Xaplrodos, ov, d, Chirisophus, a Spartan, successor to Clearchus in command of the army of the ten thousand.

Xeppovnotrns, ov, d, a dweller in the Cherso-

Χερρόνησος, ου, ή, Chersonese. The word means land-island, i. e. peninsula, and has various applications. Without special limitation it commonly designated the long strip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont.

Xipous, 105, d, Chersis, of Salamis in Cy-

Xio., w. ol, the Chians, inhabitants of

Chios.

Xios, ov, n. Chios, an island in the Ægean on the coast of Asia Minor, now Scio. Also a city, the capital of the island.

Χρέμων, ωνος, δ, Chremon, one of the thirty

tyrants at Athens.

Xpoulos, ov, o, Chromius: (1) a son of Priam; (2) a son of Neleus; (3) a Lycian warrior.

Χρόμις, ιος, δ, Chromis, a leader of the Mysians in alliance with Troy.

**Χρύσα**, poet. -ση, ης, η, Chrysa, a city on the coast of Troas, near Hamaxitus.

Χρυσηίε, tòos, ή, daughter of Chryses, i. e.

Astynome. Χρύσης, ου, δ, Chryses, priest of Apollo at

Chrysa, father of Astynome. Χρυσοπολιε, εωε, ή, Chrysopolis, a city of Bithynia on the Bosporus, opposite Byzantium, modern Scutari.

Ψάρος, more commonly Σάρος, ου, δ, Psarus or Sarus, a large river of Cilicia, flowing not far from Tarsus.

Ψυττάλεια, as, ή, Psytialea, a small island between Salamis and the mainland of Attica.

'Austor, ov, 76, the Odeum, a public building at Athens built by Pericles, used as a law-court. 'Aralea, as, h. Ocalea, an ancient town of

Bœotia just south of lake Copaïs. "Ωκυτος, ου, ο, Ocytus, a Corinthian.

'Wherla, as, i, poet. -ly, with werpa, the Olenian rock, probably the summit of Mt. Scollis, between Elis and Achaia.

"Ωλενος, ου, ή and ό, Olenus, an ancient town in southern Ætolia at the foot of Mt. Aracynthus.

"Ωπις, ιδος, ή, Opis, an important commercial city of Assyria, at the junction of the Physcus and the Tigris.

'Πρείθνια, as, ή, Orithyia, a daughter of Erechtheus king of Athens, carried off by Boreas.

'Ωψ, Ώπός, ὸ, Ops, father of Euryclia the nurse of Ulysses.

College Men's 3-Minute Declamations. Up-to-date



selections from live men like Chauncey Depew, Hewitt, Gladstone, Cleveland, Presidents Eliot (Harvard), and Carter (Williams), and others. New material with vitality in it for prize speaking. Very popular. Eighth edition. \$1.00. College Maids 3-Minute Readings. Unstandard recitations from living men.

College Maids' 3-Minute Readings. Up-to-date recitations from living men and women. On the plan of the popular College Men's 3-minute Declamations, and on the same high plane. 4th edition. \$1.00.

Pieces for Prize Speaking Contests, Volume I. Over one hundred pieces that have actually taken prizes in prize speaking contests. Successful. \$1.25.

Pieces for Prize Speaking Contests. Volume II. \$1,25.

Pieces for Every Occasion. Including "special days." Something new, \$1.25.

Handy Pieces to Speak. Single pieces and dialogues. Primary, 20 cts.; Intermediate, 20 cts.; Advanced, 20 cts. All three for 50 cts. On separate cards. 108 selections in all.

Acme Declamation Book. Single pieces and dialogues. For boys and girls of all ages; all occasions. Paper, 30 cts.; cloth, 50 cts. Many editions sold.



Pros and Communications of the affirmative and negative of the stirring questions of the day. A decided hit. This is another book invaluable not only to high-school and college students, but also to every other person who aspires to converse engagingly on the topics of the day. Our foreign policy, the currency, the tariff, immigration, high license, woman suffrage, penny postage, transportation, trusts,

franchises, government control of telegraph.

Both sides of these and many other questions completely debated. Directions for organizing and conducting debating society, with by-laws and parliamentary rules. No other book like it. \$1.50.

department stores, municipal ownership of

How to Attract and Hold an Audience. Every clergy-man, every lawyer, every teacher, every man or woman occupying an official position, every citizen and every youth who is likely ever to have occasion in committee, or in public, to enlist the interest, to attract and hold the attention of one or more hearers, and convince them—every person who ever has to, or is likely to have to "speak" to one or more listeners will find in our new book a clear, concise, complete handbook which will enable him to succeed! \$1.00

Thorough, concise, methodical, replete with common sense, complete—these words describe fitly this new book; and in his logical method, in the crystal-like lucidity of his style, in his forceful, incisive, penetrating mastery of this subject, the author has at one bound placed himself on a plane with the very ablest teacher-authors of his day.

Commencement Parts. "Efforts" for all occasions Orations, addresses, valedictories, salutatories, class

poems, class mottoes, after-dinner speeches, flag days, national holidays, class-day exercises. Models for every possible occasion in high-school and college career, every one of the "efforts" being what some fellow has stood on his feet and actually delivered on a similar occasion—not what the compiler would say if he should happen to be called on for an ivy song or a response to a toast, or what



not; but what the fellow himself, when his turn came, did say / Invaluable, indispensable to those preparing any kind of "effort." Unique. \$1.50.

New Dialogues and Plays. Life-like episodes from popular authors like Stevenson, Crawford, Mark Twain, Dickens, Scott, in the form of simple plays, with every detail explained as to dress, make-up, utensils, furniture, etc. For schoolroom or parlor. \$1.50.

A Southern Speaker. Selections from the orations, addresses, and writings of the best known Southern orators, Southern statesmen and authors, together with extracts from the rarest gems of literature. \$1.00.

Reading. A Well-Planned Course. \$1.00 By Caroline B. Le Row, compiler of "Pieces for Every Occasion." There has long been wanted a book of new selections for classes in reading, with lessons on the art of reading. Miss Le Row has designed to satisfy that desire.

How to Use the Voice in Reading and Speaking. By Ed. Amherst Ott, head of the School of Oratory, Drake University. Suitable for class work. \$1.25.

How to Gesture. By Professor Ott. \$1.00.

Ten Weeks' Course in Elocution. With numerous selections for illustration and practice. Simple and practical. For classes, or self-teaching. \$1.25.

Fenno's Science and Art of Elocution. Standard. \$1.25. New Parliamentary Manual. By Edmond Palmer, A.B., instructor in Civics and Economics in the Englewood High School, Chicago. A manual designed to be used as a text book in high schools and colleges. The special feature of this book is the new and original table enabling one to decide at a glance any question arising on the subject of parliamentary procedure. 75 cents. Wholly new.

How to Organize and Conduct a Meeting. 75 cents. Likes and Opposites. Synonyms and Opposites. have at one's command a variety of equivalent words and their opposites is to possess an incalculable advantage both in writing and speaking. 50 cents.

Letter Writing. Rules for correct correspondence. 75 cts. Punctuation Mastered in Twelve Lessons. Paper. 25 cents.

Punctuation. Hinds & Noble's new Man-

ual. Paper, 25 cents. New Speller. Hinds & Noble's new

graded list of 5,000 words which the must know how to spell, Useful. 25c. Bad English. Humiliating "breaks" corrected. Paper. 30 cents.

Common Errors in Writing and Speaking. 50 cents.

Composition Writing Made Rasy. Very successful. Five grades, viz.: A, B, C, D, E, 20 cents each. All five for 75 cents. Arranged on separate cards.

1000 Composition Subjects. Paper. 25 cents. Orthography and Orthoepy. By Isaac W. Clinger.

Adapted for class use. Boards. 50 cents. Complete Class Record-Book. Hinds & Noble's new register, with several new and very useful features. Twenty weeks. Arranged by John J. Quinn. 50 cents.

Smith's New Class Register. Long the Standard. 50 cts. Smith's New Astronomy. Illus. Quarto. Boards, 90 cts. Coon's Civil Government. For N. Y. State. 75 cents.

Handy Literal Translations. Cloth, pocket. 50 cts. per vol.
"To one who is reading the Classics, a literal
translation is a convenient and legitimate help: every well informed person will read the Classics either in the original or in a translation.

Eighty-nine volumes, viz.: (Interlinears other page).

Cæsar's Gallic War. The Seven Books. (For Book I translated and completely parsed, see other page.) Casar's Civil War, Catulius. Cicero's Brutus. Cicero's Defense of Roscius. Cicero De Officiis. Cicero On Old Age and Friendship. Cicero On Oratory. Cicero On The Nature of The Gods. Cicero's Orations. Four vs. Catiline, and others. (For Orations I, II, translated and parsed, see other page.) Cicero's Select Letters. Cicero's Tusculan Disputations, Cornelius Nepos, complete. Eutropius. Horace, complete, Juvenal's Satires, complete, Livy, Books I and II. Livy, Books XXI and XXII. Lucretius, in preparation. Martial's Epigrams (paper). Ovid's Metamorphoses, complete in two volumes, Phædrus' Fables.
Plautus' Captivi, and Mostellaria. Plautus' Pseudolus, and Miles Gloriosus. Plautus Trinummus, and Menachmi.
Pliny's Select Letters, complete in two volumes.
Quintilian, Books X and XII.
Roman Life in Latin Prose and Verse. Sallust's Catiline, and the Jugurthine War. Seneca on Benefits. Tacitus' Annals, the First Six Books.
Tacitus' Germany and Agricola,
Tacitus' On Oratory.
Terence: Andria, Adelphi and Phormio, Terence: Heautontimorumenos. Virgil's Eneid, the First Six Books, (For Book I translated and completely scanned and parsed, see other page.) Virgil's Eclogues and Georgics. Viri Romæ. Rechines Against Ctesiphon.
Rechylus' Prometheus Bound; Seven vs. Thebes.
Reschylus' Agamemnon.
Aristophanes' Clouds.
Aristophanes' Clouds.
Aristophanes' On The Company. Demosthenes' On The Crown.
Demosthenes' Olynthiacs and Philippics. Buripides' Alcestis, and Electra.
Euripides' Bacchantes, and Hercules Furens.
Euripides' Hecuba and Andromaohe.
Euripides' Iphigenia In Aulis, In Tauris,
Euripides' Medea. Herodotus, Books VI and VII. Herodotus, Book VIII.

Homer's Iliad, the First Six Books.
Homer's Odymey, the First Twelve Books.
Lucian's Belect Dialogues, two volumes.
Lucian's Select Dialogues, two volumes.
Lucian's Gorgias.
Plato's Apology, Crito, and Phædo.
Plato's Gorgias.
Plato's Gorgias.
Plato's Protagoras, and Euthyphron.
Plato's Protagoras, and Euthyphron.
Plato's Republic.
Sophocles' (Edipus Tyrannus, Electra, and Antigone.
Sophocles' (Edipus Coloneus.
Thucydides, comflete in two volumes.
Xenophon's Anabasis, the First Four Books. (Book I, translated and completely parand, in prep. See other page.)
Xenophon's Hellenica, and Symposium (The Banquet),
Xenophon's Memorabilia, comflete.

Freytag's Die Journalisten (paper).
Goethe's Faust.
Goethe's Hermann and Dorothea.
Goethe's Iphigenia in Tauris.
Lessing's Minna von Baruhelm.
Lessing's Nathan The Wise.
Lessing's Nathan The Wise.
Lessing's Emilia Galotti.
Schiller's Ballads.
Schiller's Der Neffe als Onkel.
Schiller's Maria Stuart.
Schiller's Maria Stuart.
Schiller's William Tell.
Corneille's The Cid.
Feuillet's Ro: ance of a Poor Young Man,
Racine's Athalie.

Completely Parsed Caesar, Vergil, Cicero, etc., other page.
Shortest Road to Caesar. Successful elem'y method. 75c.
Caesar's Idioms. Complete, with Eng. equivalents. Pap. 25c.
Cicero's Idioms. As found in "Cicero's Orations." Pap. 25c.
Beginners' Latin Book. Hoch & Bert's. Many improvements over other books for beginners, one being the diagram to illustrate conditional sentences. \$1.00.

Beginners' Greek Book. I. P. Frisbee. Complete in itself. Applies the principles of correct teaching to the preparation (in one year) for reading Xenophon's Anabasis. Fully tested in many schools. \$1.25.

German Texts. With footnotes and Vocabulary: W. Tell, Jungfrauv. Orleans, Maria Stuart. Neffe als Onkel, Minna v. Barnhelm, Nathan der Weise, Emilia Galotti, Herm. und Dorothea. Eight vols. 50 cts. each.

Ideophonic Texts. Wilhelm Tell, Act I. \$1,00.

Interlinear Translations. Classic Series. Cloth. 20 volumes. \$1.50 per volume.

Cæsar's Gallic War. Five Books.

Same, Book I, Completely Parred. See below. ero's Orations. Enlarged Edition. Cicero's Orations. Enlarged Edition.
Same, Oration I, Completely Parsed. See below,
Same, Oration II, Completely Parsed. See below.

Cicero on Old Age and Friendship.

Cornelius Nepos.

Horace, complete. Livy. Books XXI and XXIL

Ovid's Metamorphoses, complete.

Sallust's Catiline, and Jugurthine War.

Virgil's Encid. First Six Books, Revised.

Virgil's Æncid. Complete, the Twelve Books. Æncid, Book I, Completely Parsed, Scanned. See below. Virgil's Eclogues, Georgics and Last 6 Books Æneid.

Xenophon's Anabasis.

Xenophon's Memorabilia.

Homer's Iliad, First Six Books, Revised.

Demosthenes On The Crown.

New Testament, Without Notes; complete ed. below. Completely Parsed Caesar. Book 1. Each page bears interlinear translation, literal translation, parsing, grammatical references. The long vowels are indicated throughout, both in the Latin text part, and in the parsing. All at a glance without turning a leaf. An ideal aid, compact, complete, unique. \$1.50.

Completely Scanned-Parsed Vergil's Aeneid Bk. 1. Identical in plan, scope, and arrangement with the Parsed Casar, while being scanned as well as parsed. \$1.50.

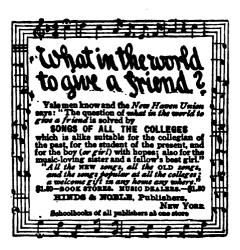
Completely Parsed Cicero. L. The First Oration against Catiline. Same plan and scope as Parsed Casar. \$1.50. Completely Parsed Cicero, IL. The Second Oration against

Catiline. Same plan as above. \$1.50. Completely Parsed Xenophon's Anab., L. \$1.50. In prep.

New Testament with Notes, and Lexicon. Interlinear Greek-Eng., with King James Version in the margins. New edition with finely discriminating presentation of the Synonyms of the Greek Testament. Cloth, \$4:

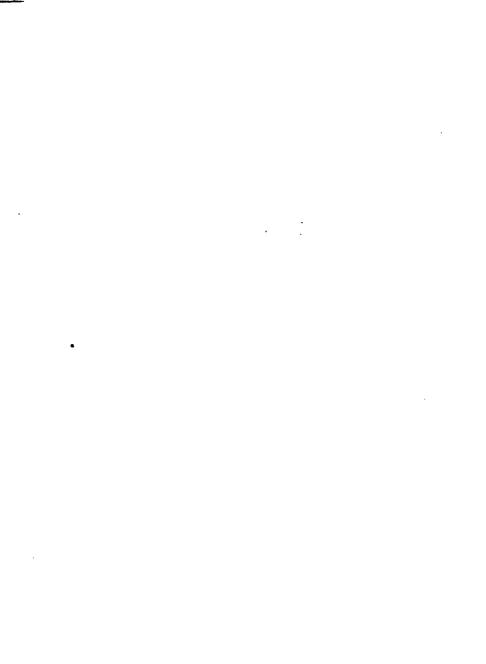
half leather, \$5; Divinity Circuit, \$6.
Old Testament, Vol. 1. Genesis and Exodus. Interlinear Hebrew-Eng., with Notes; King James Version and Revised Version in margins; and with Hebrew alphabet and Tables of the Hebrew verb. Cloth, \$4: half leather, \$5; Divinity Circuit, \$6.00.

Hinds & Noble's Hebrew Grammar. \$1.00.

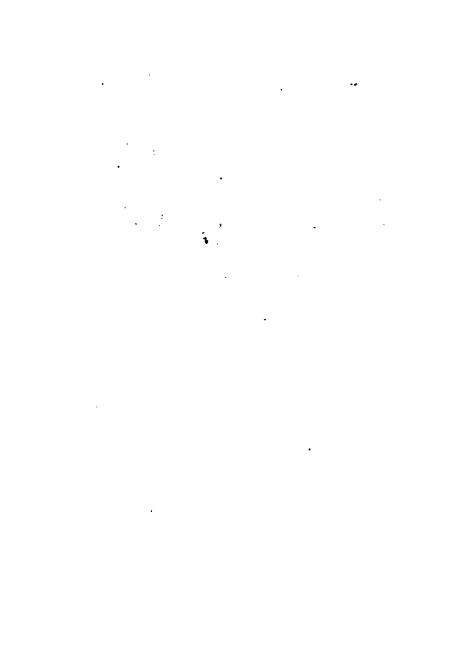




<del>40</del>		
	•	
•		
	• • •	
	•	
	•	
•		
	•	







A FINE IS INCURRED IF turned to NOT RETURNED TO TO TOR BEFORE THE LAS

# REFERENCE BOOK DOES Now CACULATE

